TEST REPORT

No.B21N01724-HAC T-coil

For

MCMLXV

Vortex V20

Model Name: V20

With

Hardware Version: E88A_V3.0X

Software Version: VortexV20_V1_20210517

FCC ID: 2A2EB-V20

Results Summary: T Category = T3

Issued Date: 2021-06-22

Designation Number: CN1210

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of SAICT.

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
B21N01724-HAC T-coil	Rev.0	1st edition	2021-06-22

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1. Summary of Test Report

1.1. Test Items

Description:	Vortex V20
Model Name:	V20
Applicant's name:	MCMLXV
Manufacturer's Name:	MCMLXV

1.2. Test Standards

ANSI C63.19-2011

1.3. Test Result

Pass

1.4. Testing Location

Address: Building G, Shenzhen International Innovation Center, No.1006 Shennan Road, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China

1.5. Project Data

Testing Start Date: 2021-06-09 Testing End Date: 2021-06-16

1.6. Signature

Li Yongfu
(Prepared this test report)

Zhang Yunzhuan
(Reviewed this test report)

Cao Junfei
(Approved this test report)

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2. Client Information

2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name:	MCMLXV
Address:	1309 Coffeen Ave Suite 1200 Sheridan WY 82801 US
City:	/
Country:	/
Telephone:	/

2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	MCMLXV
Address:	1309 Coffeen Ave Suite 1200 Sheridan WY 82801 US
City:	/
Country:	/
Telephone:	/

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3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1. About EUT

Description:	Vortex V20
Mode Name:	V20
Condition of EUT as received:	No obvious damage in appearance
Operating mode(s) :	GSM 850/1900, WCDMA Band 2/4/5, LTE Band 2/4/5/12/17/25/26/41/66, Bluetooth, WLAN 2.4G

3.2. Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW Version	SW Version	Receipt Date
UT01aa	357665078635017	E88A_V3.0X	VortexV20_V1_20210517	2021-06-01

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test HAC with the UT01aa.

3.3. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	lithium ion battery	Chongqing Beiruite Electronics CO., LTD
AE2	Battery	lithium ion battery	Shenzhen Utility Energy Co., Ltd

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.4. Air Interfaces and Operating Modes

Air-interface	Band(MHz)	Type	C63.19 / tested	Simultaneous Transmissions	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
GSM	850 /1900	VO	Yes	BT,WLAN	CMRS Voice	No
EDGE	850 /1900	DT	No	BT,WLAN	NA	
WCDMA	B2 / B4 / B5	VO	Yes	BT,WLAN	CMRS Voice	No
	HSPA	DT	No	BT,WLAN	NA	
LTE (FDD)	2/4/5/12/17/25/26/66	VD	Yes	BT,WLAN	VoLTE	No
LTE (TDD)	41	VD	Yes	BT,WLAN		
WLAN	2.4G	DT	No	WWAN	NA	No
Bluetooth	2.4G	DT	No	WWAN	NA	No

VO: Voice Only

VD: CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

DT: Digital Transport only (no voice)

* HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes; Non-current mode was found to represent worst case rating for both M and T rating

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4. Reference Documents

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
ANSI C63.19-2011	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and Hearing Aids	2011
KDB 285076 D01	Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility	v05

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5. Operational Conditions during Test

5.1. HAC Measurement Set-up

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 1.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification; signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

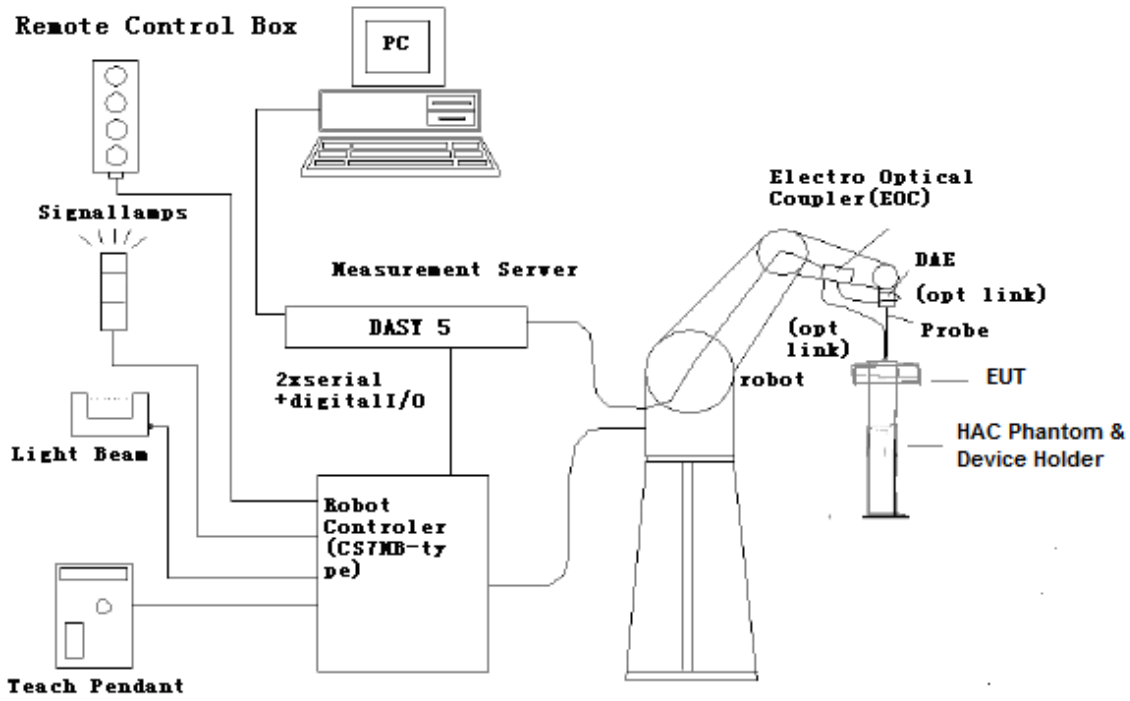

Figure 5.1 HAC Test Measurement Set-up

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The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

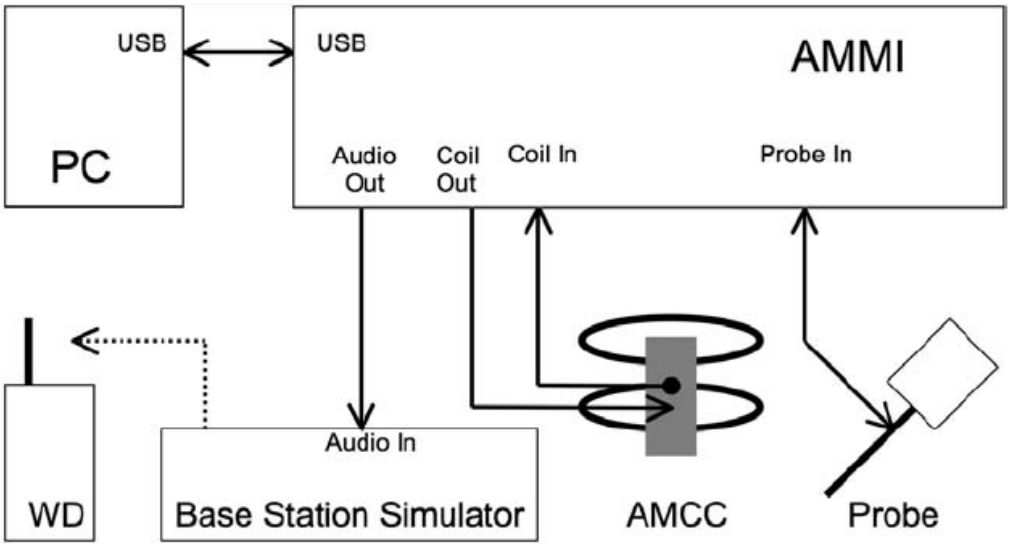

Figure 5.2 T-Coil setup with HAC Test Arch and AMCC

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5.2. AM1D probe

The AM1D probe is an active probe with a single sensor. It is fully RF-shielded and has a rounded tip 6mm in diameter incorporating a pickup coil with its center offset 3mm from the tip and the sides. The symmetric signal preamplifier in the probe is fed via the shielded symmetric output cable from the AMMI with a 48V ”phantom” voltage supply. The 7-pin connector on the back in the axis of the probe does not carry any signals. It is mounted to the DAE for the correct orientation of the sensor. If the probe axis is tilted 54.7 degree from the vertical, the sensor is approximately vertical when the signal connector is at the underside of the probe (cable hanging downwards).

Specification:

Frequency range	0.1~20kHz (RF sensitivity < -100dB, fully RF shielded)
Sensitivity	< -50dB A/m @ 1kHz
Pre-amplifier	40dB, symmetric
Dimensions	Tip diameter/length: 6/290mm, sensor according to ANSI-C63.19

5.3. AMCC

The Audio Magnetic Calibration coil is a Helmholtz Coil designed for calibration of the AM1D probe. The two horizontal coils generate a homogeneous magnetic field in the z direction. The DC input resistance is adjusted by a series resistor to approximately 50Ohm, and a shunt resistor of 10Ohm permits monitoring the current with a scale of 1:10

Port description:

Signal	**Connector**	**Resistance**
Coil In	BNC	Typically 50Ohm
Coil Monitor	BNO	10Ohm±1% (100mV corresponding to 1 A/m)

Specification:

Dimensions	370 x 370 x 196 mm, according to ANSI-C63.19

5.4. AMMI

Figure 5.3 AMMI front panel

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The Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument (AMMI) is a desktop 19-inch unit containing a sampling unit, a waveform generator for test and calibration signals, and a USB interface.
Specification:

Sampling rate	48 kHz / 24 bit
Dynamic range	85 dB
Test signal generation	User selectable and predefined (vis PC)
Calibration	Auto-calibration / full system calibration using AMCC with monitor output
Dimensions	482 x 65 x 270 mm

5.5. Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions: 370 x 370 x 370 mm).
The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field <±0.5 dB.

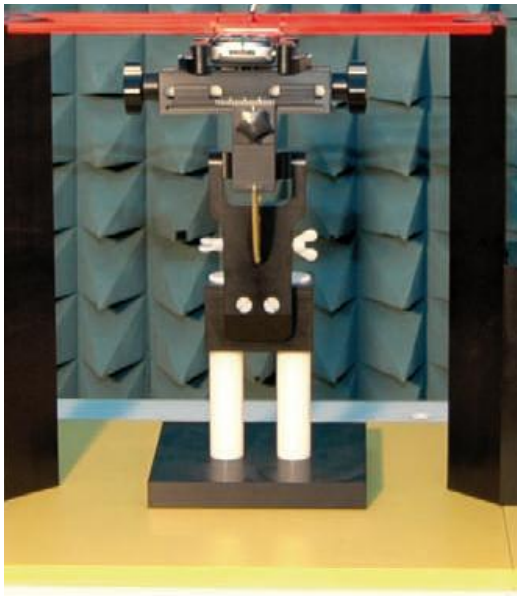

Figure 5.4 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

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5.6. Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160L
Repeatability: ±0.02 mm
No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller
Processor: Intel Core2
Clock Speed: 1.86 GHz
Operating System: Windows XP
Data Converter
Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
Software: DASY5 software
Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.
Optical uplink for commands and clock

5.7. T-Coil measurement points and reference plane

Figure 6.5 illustrates the standard probe orientations. Position 1 is the perpendicular orientation of the probe coil; orientation 2 is the transverse orientations. The space between the measurement positions is not fixed. It is recommended that a scan of the WD be done for each probe coil orientation and that the maximum level recorded be used as the reading for that orientation of the probe coil.

1) The reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.

2) The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

3) The reference axis is normal to the reference plane and passes through the center of the receiver speaker section (or the center of the hole array); or may be centered on a secondary inductive source. The actual location of the measurement point shall be noted in the test report as the measurement reference point.

4) The measurement points may be located where the axial and radial field intensity measurements are optimum with regard to the requirements. However, the measurement points should be near the acoustic output of the WD and shall be located in the same half of the phone as the WD receiver. In a WD handset with a centered receiver and a circularly symmetrical magnetic field, the measurement axis and the reference axis would coincide.

5) The relative spacing of each measurement orientation is not fixed. The axial and two radial orientations should be chosen to select the optimal position.

6) The measurement point for the axial position is located 10 mm from the reference plane on the measurement axis. The actual location of the measurement point shall be noted in test reports and designated as the measurement reference point.

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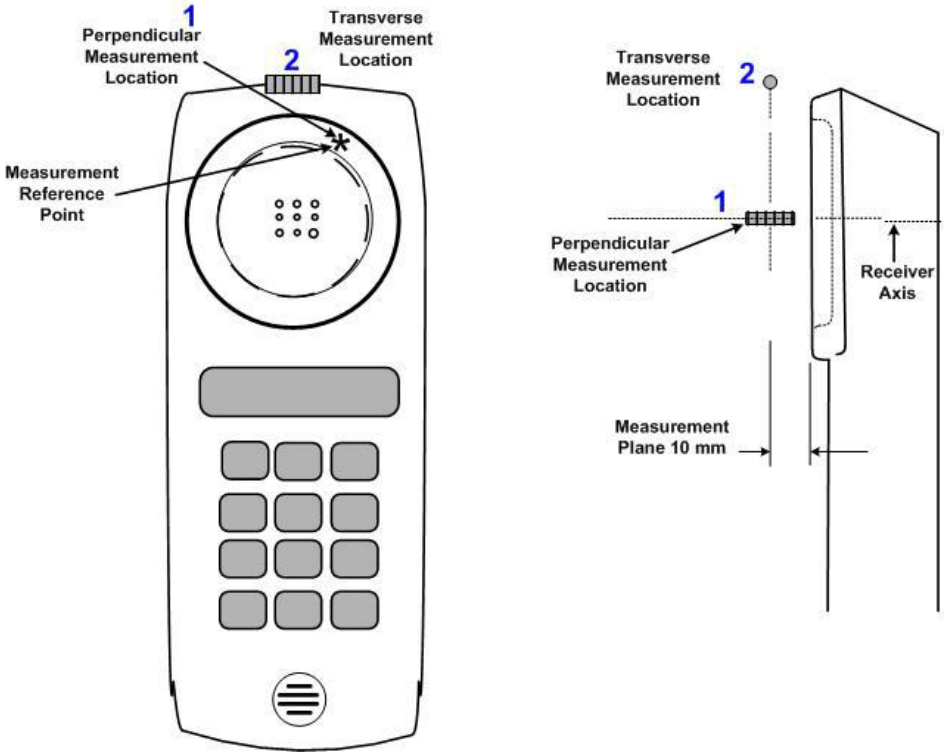

Figure 5.5 Axis and planes for WD audio frequency magnetic field measurements

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6. T-Coil Test Procedures

The following illustrate a typical test scan over a wireless communications device:

1) Geometry and signal check: system probe alignment, proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, other instrumentation, and the positioning system was confirmed. A surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper maintenance of the measurement plane using the test Arch.

2) Set the reference drive level of signal voice defined in C63.19 per 7.4.2.1.

3) The ambient and test system background noise (dB A/m) was measured as well as ABM2 over the full measurement. The maximum noise level must be at least 10dB below the limit.

4) The DUT was positioned in its intended test position, acoustic output point of the device perpendicular to the field probe.

5) The DUT operation for maximum rated RF output power was configured and connected by using of coaxial cable connection to the base station simulator at the test channel and other normal operating parameters as intended for the test. The battery was ensured to be fully charged before each test. The center sub-grid was centered over the center of the acoustic output (also audio band magnetic output, if applicable). The DUT audio output was positioned tangent (as physically possible) to the measurement plane.

6) The DUT's RF emission field was eliminated from T-coil results by using a well RF-shielding of the probe, AM1D, and by using of coaxial cable connection to a Base Station Simulator. One test channel was pre-measurement to avoid this possibility.

7) Determined the optimal measurement locations for the DUT by following the three steps, coarse resolution scan, fine resolution scans, and point measurement, as described in C63.19 per 7.4.4.2. At each measurement locations, samples in the measurement window duration were evaluated to get ABM1 and the signal spectrum. The noise measurement was performed after the scan with the signal, the same happened, just with the voice signal switched off. The ABM2 was calculated from this second scan.

8) All results resulting from a measurement point in a T-Coil job were calculated from the signal samples during this window interval. ABM values were averaged over the sequence of there samples.

9) At an optimal point measurement, the SNR (S+N/N) was calculated for perpendicular and transverse orientation, and the frequency response was measured for perpendicular.

10) Corrected for the frequency response after the DUT measurement since the DASY5 system had known the spectrum of the input signal by using a reference job.

11) In SEMCAD post processing, the spectral points are in addition scaled with the high-pass (half-band) and the A-weighting, bandwidth compensated factor (BWC) and those results are final as shown in this report.

12) A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil. Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.

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7. T-Coil Performance Requirements

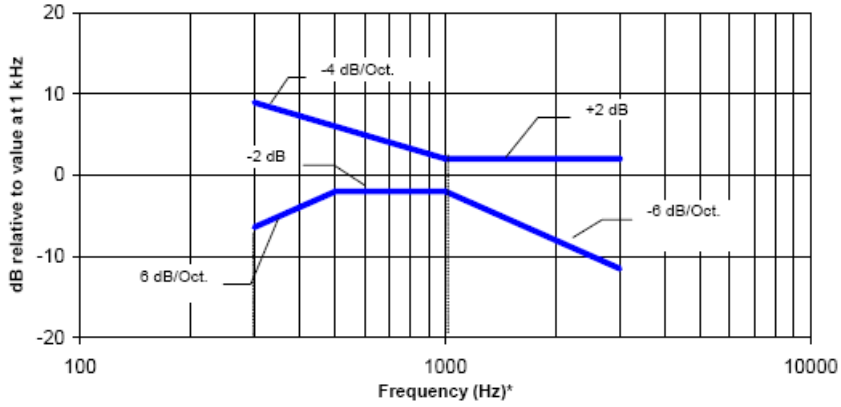
In order to be rated for T-Coil use, a WD shall meet the requirements for signal level and signal quality contained in this part.

7.1. T-Coil coupling field intensity

When measured as specified in ANSI C63.19, the T-Coil signal shall be ≥ –18 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz, in a 1/3 octave band filter for all orientations.

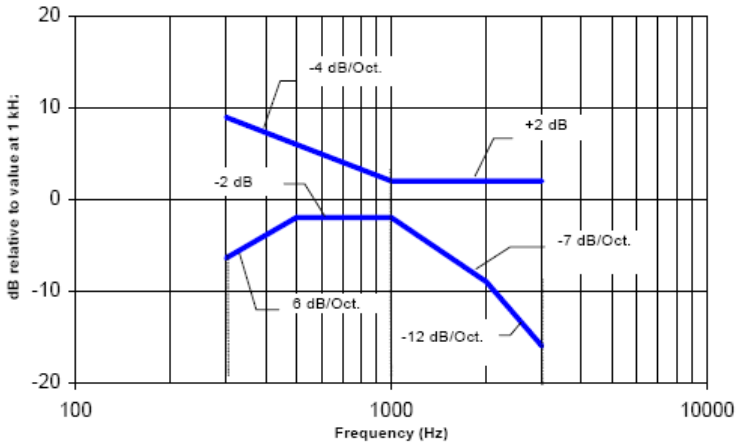
7.2. Frequency response

The frequency response of the axial component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz. Figure 7.1 and Figure 7.2 provide the boundaries for the specified frequency. These response curves are for true field strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 7.1—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field ≤ –15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz



NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 7.2—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds –15dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

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7.3. Signal quality

This part provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. So, the only criteria that can be measured is the RF immunity in T-Coil mode. This is measured using the same procedure as for the audio coupling mode and at the same levels.
The worst signal quality of the three T-Coil signal measurements shall be used to determine the T-Coil mode category per Table 1

Table 1: T-Coil signal quality categories

Category	**Telephone parameters** **WD signal quality** **[(signal + noise) – to – noise ratio in decibels]**
Category T1	0 dB to 10 dB
Category T2	10 dB to 20 dB
Category T3	20 dB to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

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8. T-Coil testing for CMRS Voice

General Note:

1. The middle channel of each frequency band is used for T-Coil testing according ANSI C63.19 2011.

2. Choose worst case from radio configuration investigation. After investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

8.1. GSM Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

codec	FR VR	HR V1	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-0.04	0.15	Axial	GSM850 / 190
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-9.82	-9.43		
SNR (dB)	**24.59**	25.56		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass		

<Summary Tests Results>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB(A/m)	ABM2 dB(A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
1	GSM850	CMRS Voice	190	Axial (Z)	-0.04	-9.82	24.59	T3	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	-7.66	-8.27	32.95	T4	
2	GSM1900	CMRS Voice	661	Axial (Z)	-0.10	-11.1	25.28	T3	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	-7.70	-9.62	32.76	T4	

8.2. WCDMA Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

codec	AMR 12.2Kbps	AMR 7.95Kbps	AMR 4.75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-0.86	0.24	0.66	Axial	Band 2 / 9400
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-11.93	-10.56	-9.49		
SNR (dB)	**43.39**	44.18	44.95		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

<Summary Tests Results>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB(A/m)	ABM2 dB(A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
3	WCDMA Band2	AMR 12.2Kbps	9400	Axial (Z)	-0.86	-11.93	43.39	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	-9.40	-19.84	38.84	T4	
4	WCDMA Band4	AMR 12.2Kbps	1413	Axial (Z)	-0.79	-12.21	44.08	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	-9.49	-19.55	37.43	T4	
5	WCDMA Band5	AMR 12.2Kbps	4182	Axial (Z)	-1.02	-11.97	43.75	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	-9.59	-19.93	38.20	T4	

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9. T-Coil testing for VoLTE

9.1. Test System Setup for VoLTE over IMS T-coil Testing

The general test setup used for VoLTE over IMS is shown below. The callbox used when performing VoLTE over IMS T-coil measurements is a CMW500. The Data Application Unit (DAU) of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server. According to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03, VoLTE input level is -20dBm0.

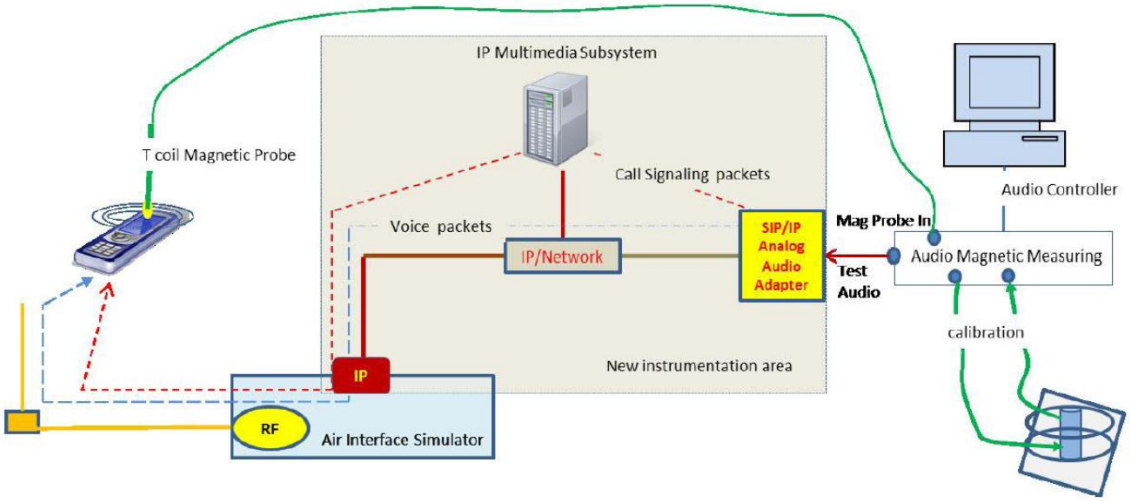

Figure 9.1 Test Setup for VoLTE over IMS T-coil Measurements

No correction gain factors were measured for VoLTE due to the Rohde & Schwarz CMW500, hosting a calibrated audio board. The gains used to measure VoLTE are set to 100.
The following software/firmware was used to simulate the VoLTE server for testing:

Firmware	License Keys	Software Name
V3.7.50 for LTE	KS500	LTE FDD R8 SIG BASIC
	KS550	LTE TDD R8 SIG BASIC
	KA100	IP APPL ENABLING IPv4
	KA150	IP APPL ENABLING IPv6
V3.7.20 for Audio	KAA20	IP APPL IMS BASIC
	KM050	DATA APPL MEAS
	KS104	EVS SPEECH CODEC

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9.2. Codec Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. WB AMR 6.60Kbps setting was used for the audio codec on the CMW500 for VoLTE over IMS T-coil testing. See below table for comparisons between different codecs and codec data rates:

<AMR Codec Investigation>

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-4.48	-3.72	-4.89	-3.96	Axial	B2 / 20M / 18900
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-13.78	-12.81	-14.45	-13.21		
SNR (dB)	41.79	43.68	**41.22**	43.19		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

<EVS Codec Investigation>

Codec	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 13.2Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 13.2Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 13.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-3.98	-4.19	-4.05	-3.62	-3.82	-4.11	Axial	B2 / 20M / 18900
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-12.96	-13.15	-12.68	-12.45	-12.56	-13.23		
SNR (dB)	42.55	42.44	42.67	42.86	42.72	42.48		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

9.3. Radio Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the modulation, the bandwidth configuration and RB configuration to be used for testing. For LTE-FDD bands, 10MHz BW，QPSK, 1RB, 0RB offset was used for the testing as the worst-case configuration for the handset. For LTE-TDD bands, 10MHz BW， QPSK, 1RB, 0RB offset was used for the testing as the worst-case configuration for the handset. See below table for comparisons between different radio configurations:

<Radio Configuration Investigation> - FDD

Air Interface	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	channel	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB(A/m)	SNR (dB)
LTE B2	20	QPSK	1	0	18900	-4.48	-13.78	41.79
LTE B2	20	QPSK	50	0	18900	-4.74	-13.08	42.11
LTE B2	20	QPSK	100	0	18900	-4.94	-12.69	42.32
LTE B2	20	16QAM	1	0	18900	-5.10	-12.45	42.74
LTE B2	20	64QAM	1	0	18900	-5.24	-12.19	42.88
LTE B2	15	QPSK	1	0	18900	-4.58	-13.59	41.95
LTE B2	10	QPSK	1	0	18900	-5.45	-14.13	**40.39**
LTE B2	5	QPSK	1	0	18900	-4.53	-13.66	41.81
LTE B2	3	QPSK	1	0	18900	-4.62	-13.87	42.05
LTE B2	1.4	QPSK	1	0	18900	-4.88	-13.44	42.27

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<Radio Configuration Investigation> -TDD

Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	channel	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	UL-DL Configuration	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB(A/m)	SNR (dB)
LTE B41	20	40740	QPSK	1	0	0	-4.69	-13.21	30.94
LTE B41	20	40740	QPSK	50	0	0	-4.91	-12.95	30.85
LTE B41	20	40740	QPSK	100	0	0	-4.79	-12.88	30.80
LTE B41	20	40740	16QAM	1	0	0	-4.60	-12.67	31.14
LTE B41	20	40740	64QAM	1	0	0	-4.83	-13.18	30.82
LTE B41	15	40740	QPSK	1	0	0	-4.75	-12.73	31.12
LTE B41	10	40740	QPSK	1	0	0	-5.78	-14.03	**30.47**
LTE B41	5	40740	QPSK	1	0	0	-4.65	-13.28	30.77
LTE B41	10	40740	QPSK	1	0	1	-4.55	-13.15	30.86
LTE B41	10	40740	QPSK	1	0	2	-4.89	-12.61	31.16
LTE B41	10	40740	QPSK	1	0	3	-4.63	-12.94	30.89
LTE B41	10	40740	QPSK	1	0	4	-4.82	-12.40	31.21
LTE B41	10	40740	QPSK	1	0	5	-4.83	-12.55	31.17
LTE B41	10	40740	QPSK	1	0	6	-5.03	-12.78	31.09

9.4. VoLTE Tests Results

<Summary Tests Results>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
6	LTE B2	10M_QPSK_1RB_0 WB AMR 6.60Kbps	18900	Axial (Z)	-5.45	-14.13	40.39	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-14.87	-19.88	32.99	T4	
7	LTE B4	10M_QPSK_1RB_0 WB AMR 6.60Kbps	20175	Axial (Z)	-5.26	-13.74	39.71	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-14.75	-20.46	32.87	T4	
8	LTE B5	10M_QPSK_1RB_0 WB AMR 6.60Kbps	20525	Axial (Z)	-5.30	-14.34	40.16	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-15.35	-20.31	33.50	T4	
9	LTE B12	10M_QPSK_1RB_0 WB AMR 6.60Kbps	23095	Axial (Z)	-6.66	-13.97	38.53	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-14.78	-20.32	34.02	T4	
10	LTE B17	10M_QPSK_1RB_0 WB AMR 6.60Kbps	23790	Axial (Z)	-5.71	-13.63	39.94	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-15.32	-20.14	32.87	T4	
11	LTE B25	10M_QPSK_1RB_0 WB AMR 6.60Kbps	26365	Axial (Z)	-5.56	-14.25	39.31	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-15.13	-19.92	33.81	T4	
12	LTE B26	10M_QPSK_1RB_0 WB AMR 6.60Kbps	26865	Axial (Z)	-5.42	-14.42	40.24	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-15.11	-20.67	33.95	T4	
13	LTE B66	10M_QPSK_1RB_0 WB AMR 6.60Kbps	132322	Axial (Z)	-5.29	-14.18	39.70	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-15.15	-20.50	33.05	T4	
14	LTE B41	10M_QPSK_1RB_0 WB AMR 6.60Kbps	40740	Axial (Z)	-5.78	-14.03	30.47	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-15.24	-17.66	33.33	T4	

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10. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Error source	Type	Uncertainty Value a_i（%）	Prob. Dist.	Div.	ABM1 ci	ABM2 ci	Std. Unc. ABM1 $u_i^{'}$ (%)	Std. Unc. ABM2 $u_i^{'}$ (%)
1	System Repeatability	A	0.016	N	1	1	1	0.016	0.016
Probe Sensitivity									
2	Reference Level	B	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.0	3.0
3	AMCC Geometry	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
4	AMCC Current	B	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.4	0.4
5	Probe Positioning during Calibration	B	0.1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.1	0.1
6	Noise Contribution	B	0.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.0143	1	0.0	0.4
7	Frequency Slope	B	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.1	1	0.3	3.5
Probe System									
8	Repeatability / Drift	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
9	Linearity / Dynamic Range	B	0.6	N	1	1	1	0.4	0.4
10	Acoustic Noise	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.1	1	0.1	0.6
11	Probe Angle	B	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.4	1.4
12	Spectral Processing	B	0.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
13	Integration Time	B	0.6	N	1	1	5	0.6	3.0
14	Field Distribution	B	0.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.1	0.1
Test Signal									
15	Ref. Signal Spectral Response	B	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	0.0	0.4
Positioning									
16	Probe Positioning	B	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.1	1.1
17	Phantom Thickness	B	0.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
18	DUT Positioning	B	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.1	1.1
External Contributions									
19	RF Interference	B	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.3	0.0	0.0
20	Test Signal Variation	B	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
Combined Std. Uncertainty (ABM Field)		$u_c^{'} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{20} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						4.1	6.1
Expanded Std. Uncertainty		$u_e = 2u_c$		N	$k = 2$			**8.2**	**12.2**

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11. Main Test Instruments

Table 11-1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3086	2021-02-22	Three year
02	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1105	/	/
03	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1121	/	/
04	HAC Test Arch	N/A	1150	/	/
05	DAE	DAE4	1527	2020-11-16	One year
06	BTS	CMW500	152499	2020-07-17	One year
07	Software	DASY5	52.8.8.1222	/	/

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ANNEX A: Test Plots

T-Coil GSM 850 Axial
Date: 2021-6-16
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: GSM Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -0.00 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, 1, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 24.59 dB
ABM1 comp = -0.04 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -1, 0.5, 3.7 mm

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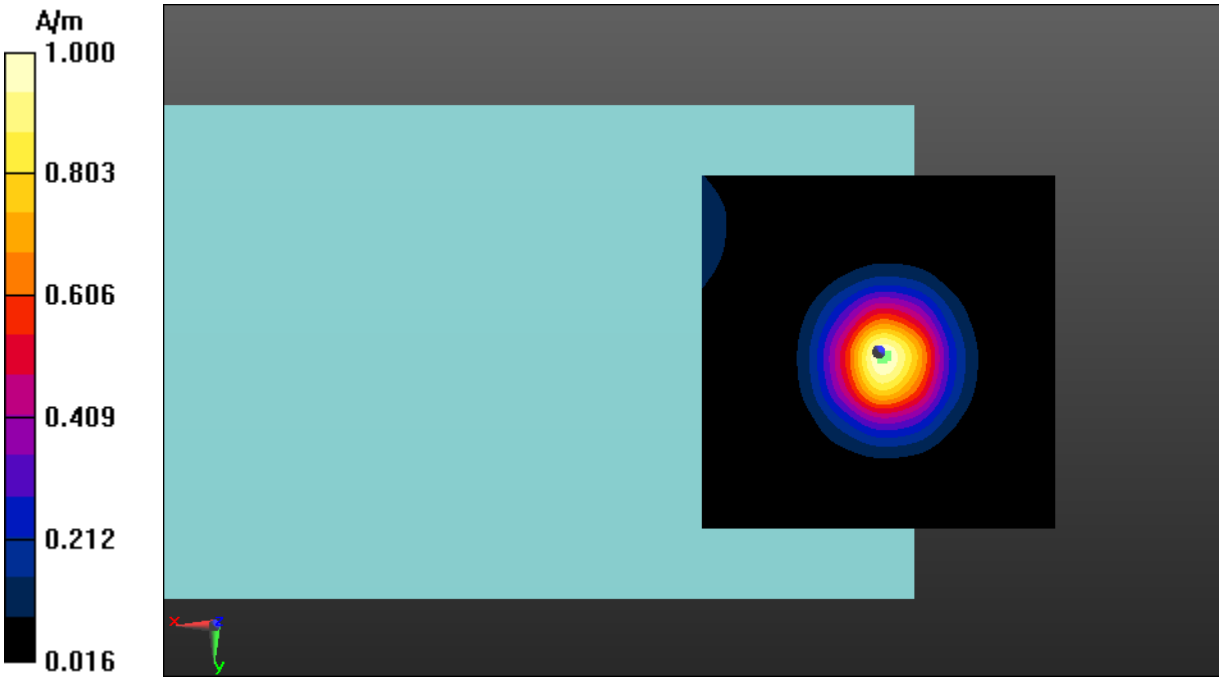

Fig A.1 T-Coil GSM 850-Z

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T-Coil GSM 850 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-16
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: GSM Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -6.71 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, -6, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 32.95 dB
ABM1 comp = -7.66 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -3, -5, 3.7 mm

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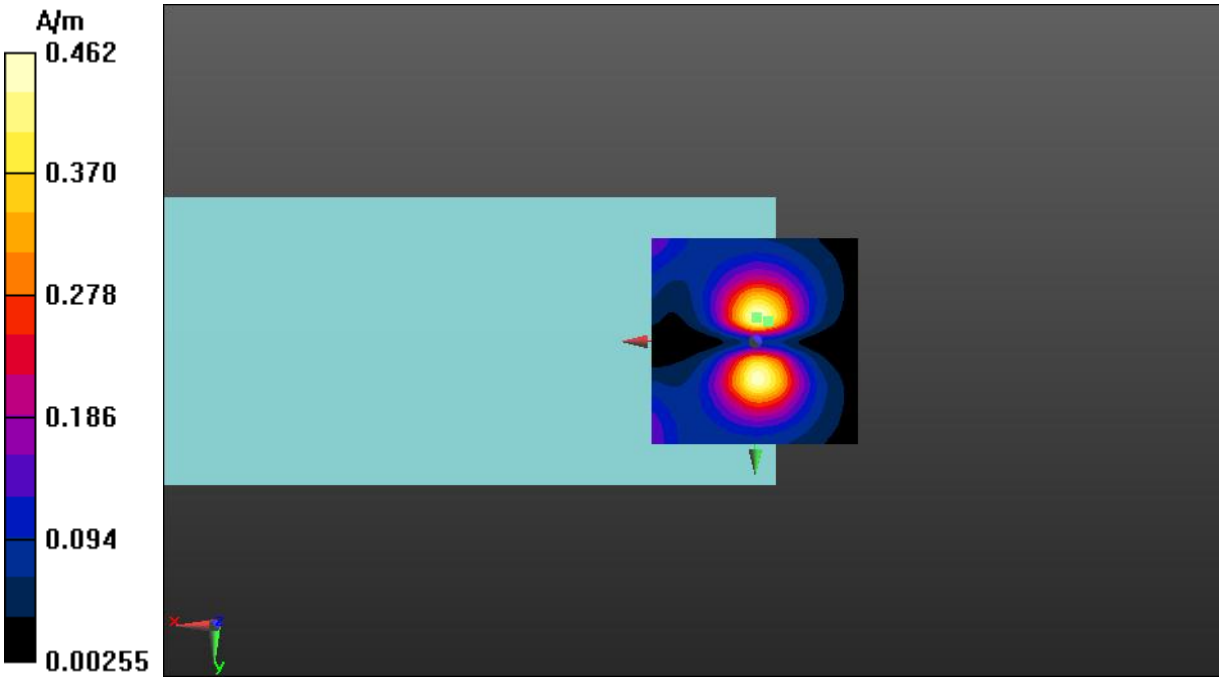

Fig A.1 T-Coil GSM 850-Y

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T-Coil GSM 1900 Axial
Date: 2021-6-16
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: GSM Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -0.03 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, 1, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 25.28 dB
ABM1 comp = -0.10 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -1, 0.5, 3.7 mm

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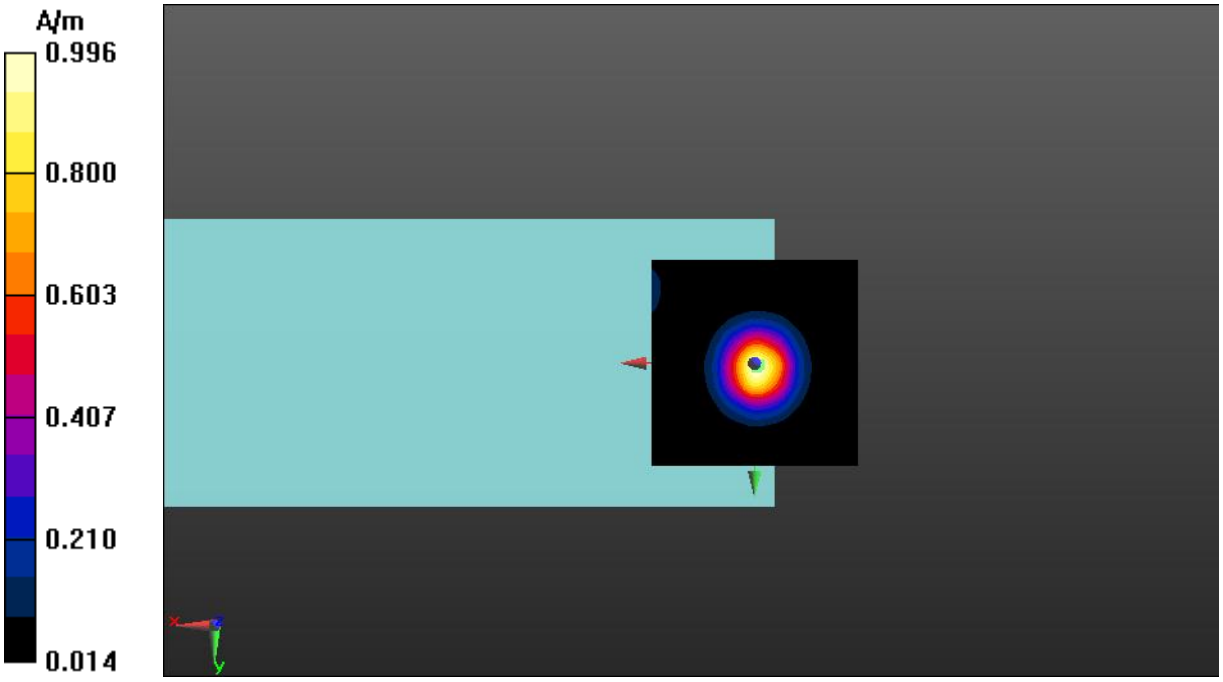

Fig A.2 T-Coil GSM 1900-Z

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T-Coil GSM 1900 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-16
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: GSM Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -6.66 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, -6, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 32.76 dB
ABM1 comp = -7.70 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -3, -5, 3.7 mm

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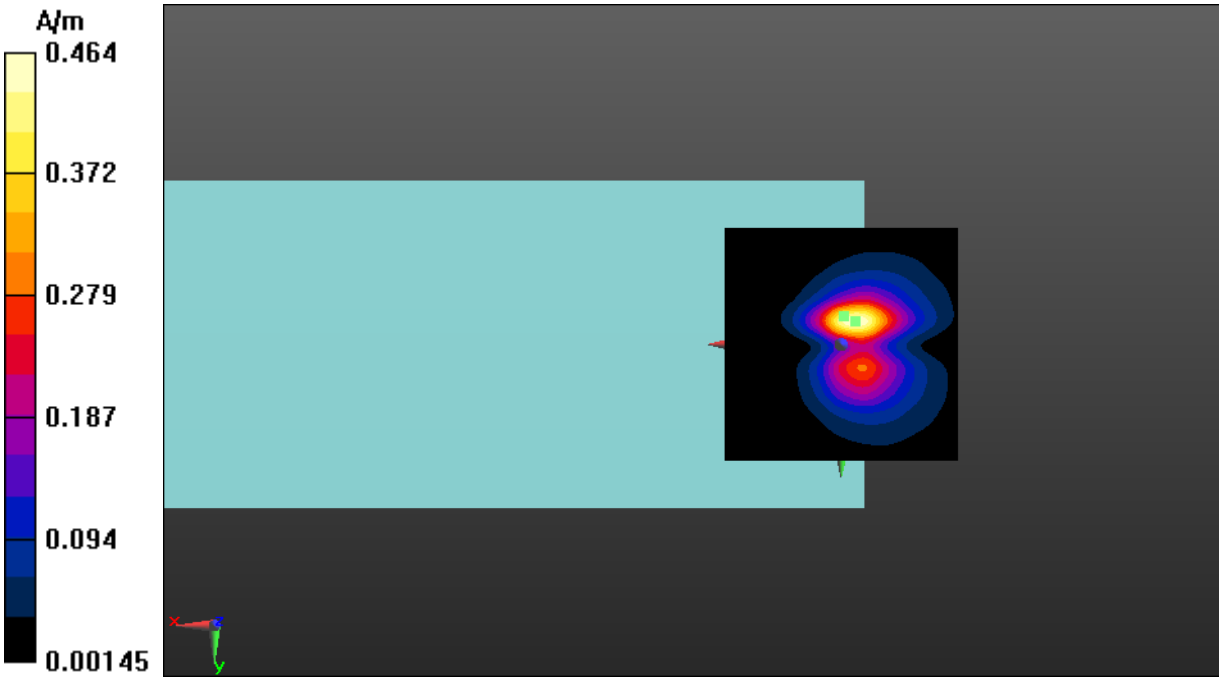

Fig A.2 T-Coil GSM 1900-Y

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T-Coil WCDMA Band 2 Axial
Date: 2021-6-16
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -0.72 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -1.5, 0.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 43.39 dB
ABM1 comp = -0.86 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, 1.5, 3.7 mm

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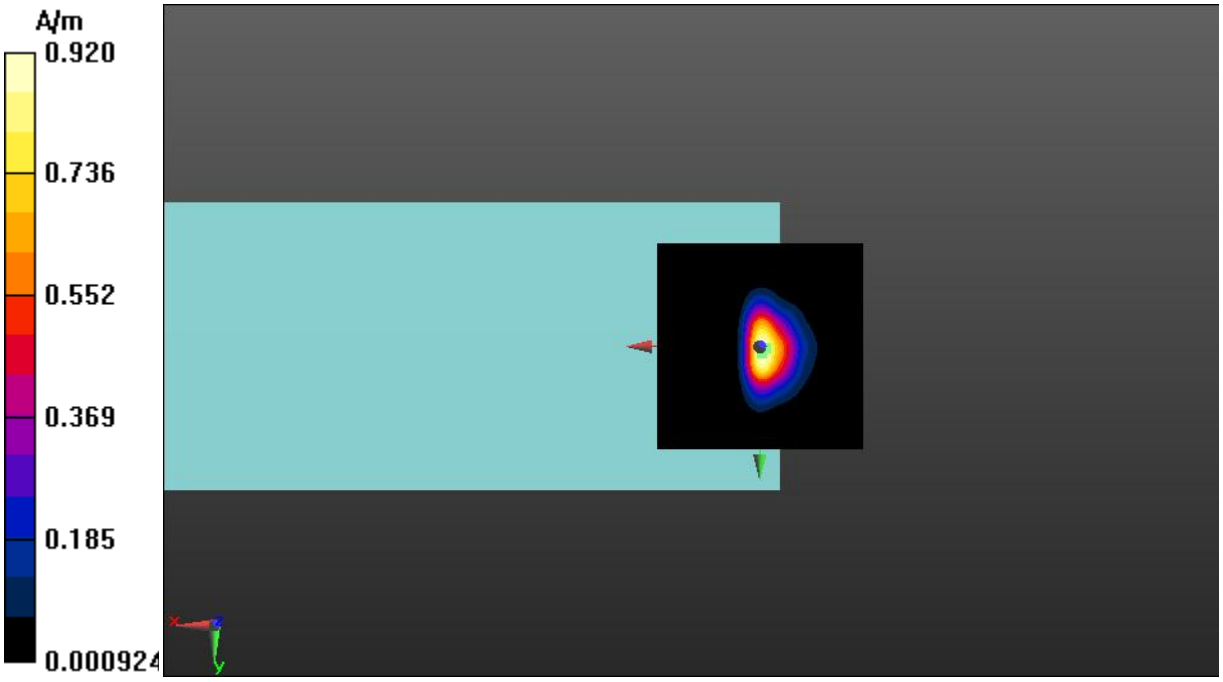

Fig A.3 T-Coil WCDMA Band 2-Z

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T-Coil WCDMA Band 2 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-16
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -7.39 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -1, -6.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 38.84 dB
ABM1 comp = -9.40 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.5, 5.5, 3.7 mm

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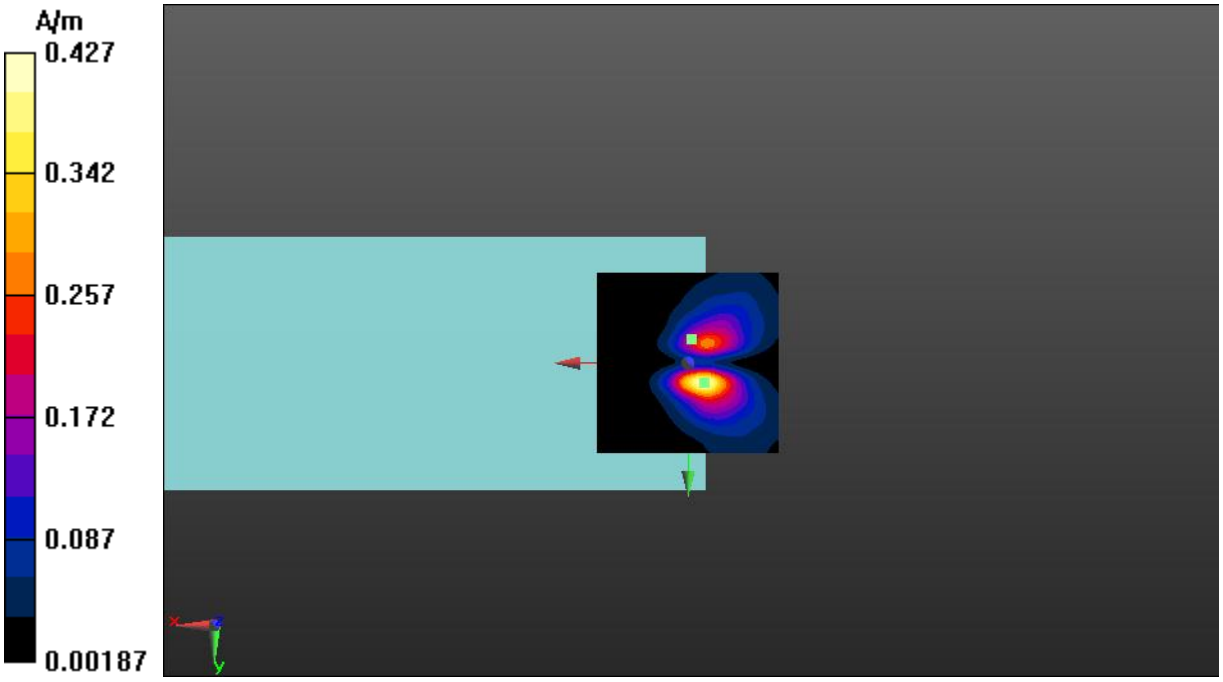

Fig A.3 T-Coil WCDMA Band 2-Y

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T-Coil WCDMA Band 4 Axial
Date: 2021-6-16
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 1732.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -0.79 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -1, 0.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 44.08 dB
ABM1 comp = -0.79 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -1, 0.5, 3.7 mm

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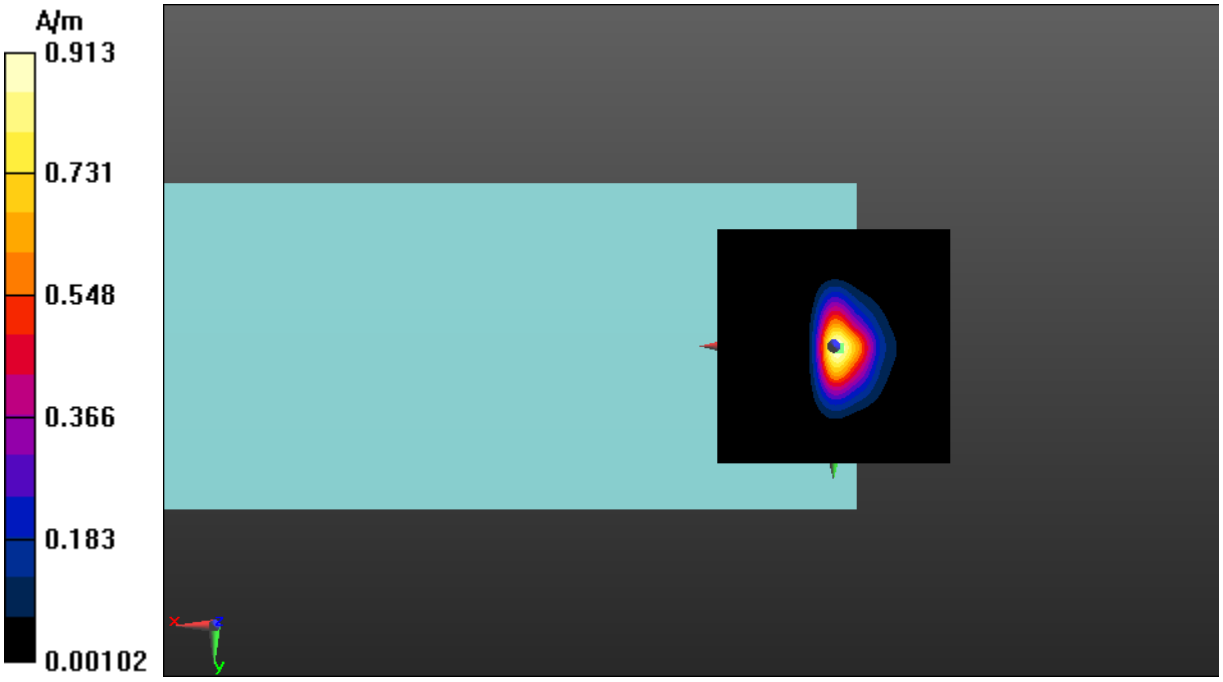

Fig A.4 T-Coil WCDMA Band 4-Z

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T-Coil WCDMA Band 4 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-16
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 1732.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -7.36 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, -6.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 37.43 dB
ABM1 comp = -9.49 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.5, 5.5, 3.7 mm

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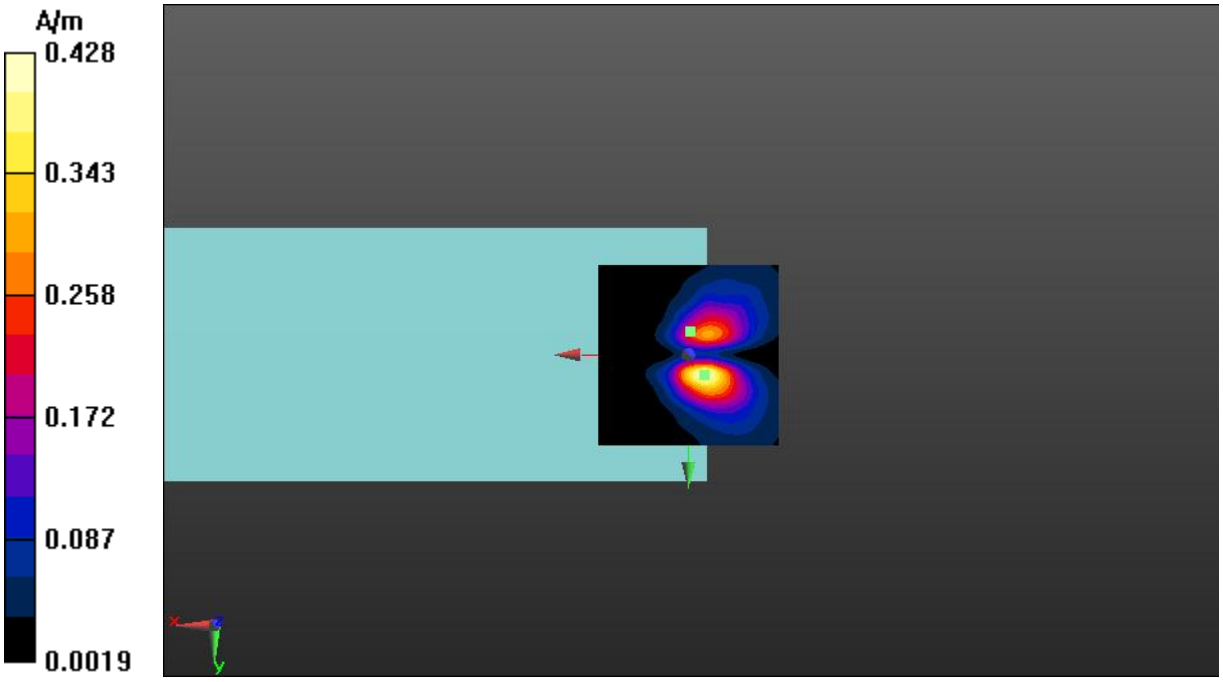

Fig A.4 T-Coil WCDMA Band 4-Y

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T-Coil WCDMA Band 5 Axial
Date: 2021-6-16
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 836.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -0.97 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -1, 0.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 43.75 dB
ABM1 comp = -1.02 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, 1, 3.7 mm

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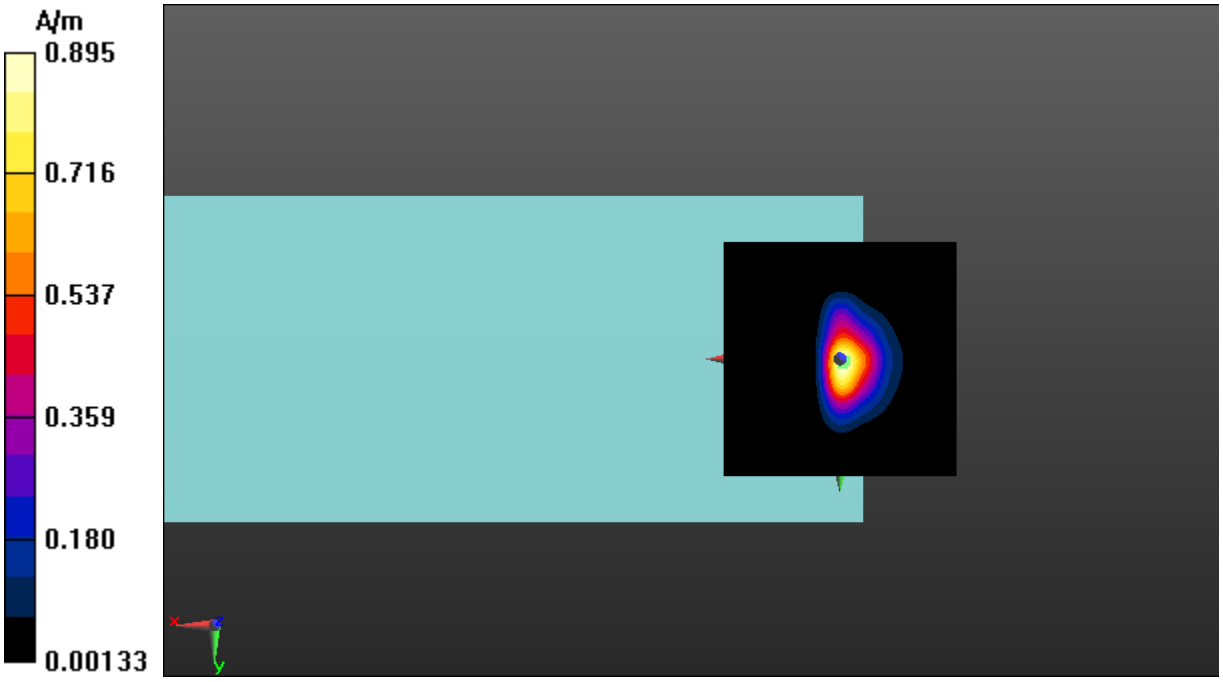

Fig A.5 T-Coil WCDMA Band 5-Z

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T-Coil WCDMA Band 5 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-16
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 836.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -7.42 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -1, -6.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 38.20 dB
ABM1 comp = -9.59 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -5, 5.5, 3.7 mm

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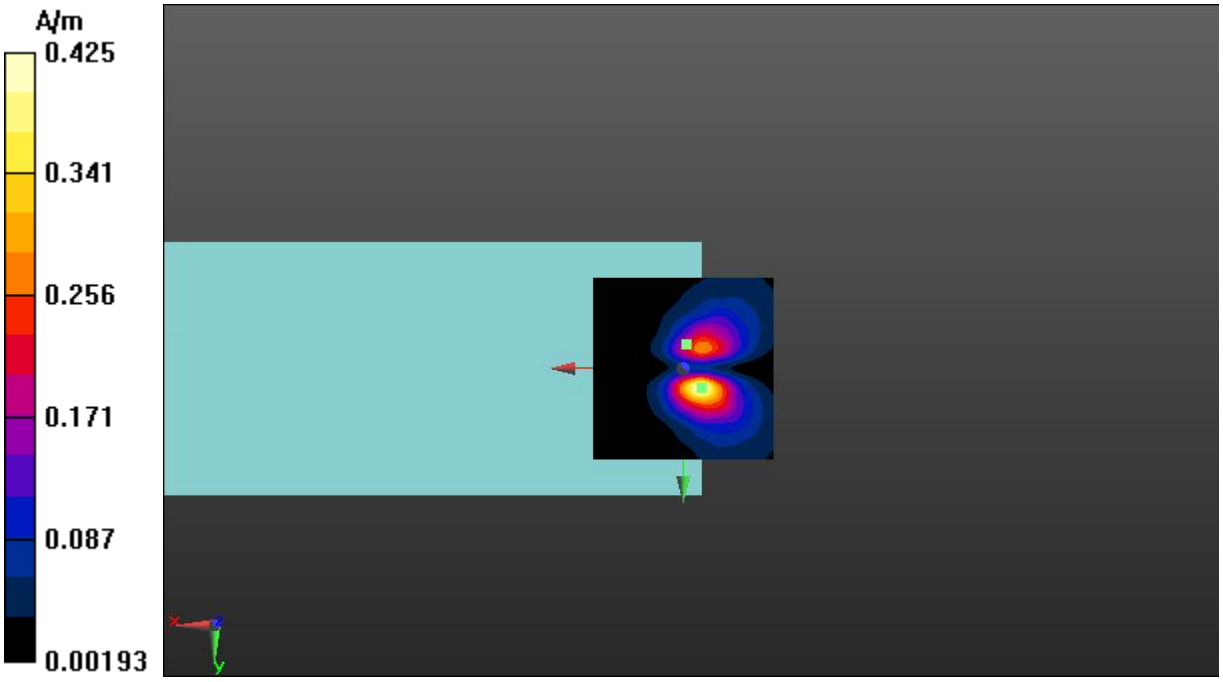

Fig A.5 T-Coil WCDMA Band 5-Y

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T-Coil LTE-Band 2 Axial
Date: 2021-6-9
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -5.43 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, 0.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 40.39 dB
ABM1 comp = -5.45 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, 0.5, 3.7 mm

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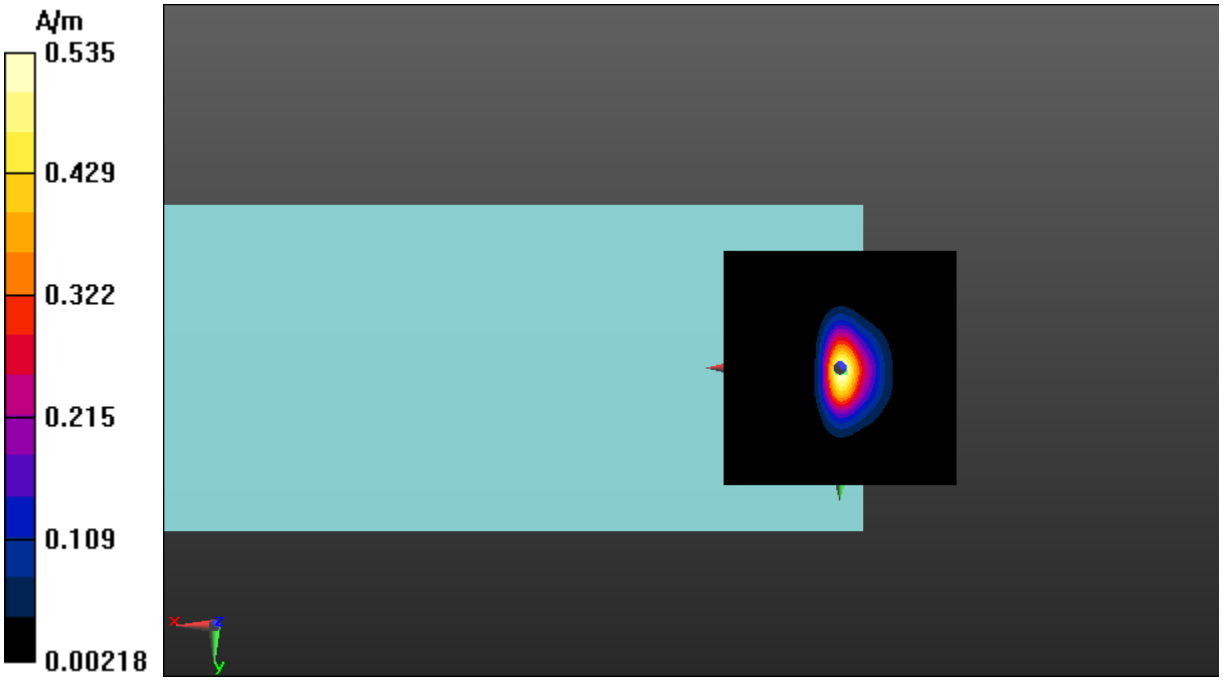

Fig A.6 T-Coil LTE-Band 2-Z

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T-Coil LTE-Band 2 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-9
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -12.68 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, -6, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 32.99 dB
ABM1 comp = -14.87 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4, 6, 3.7 mm

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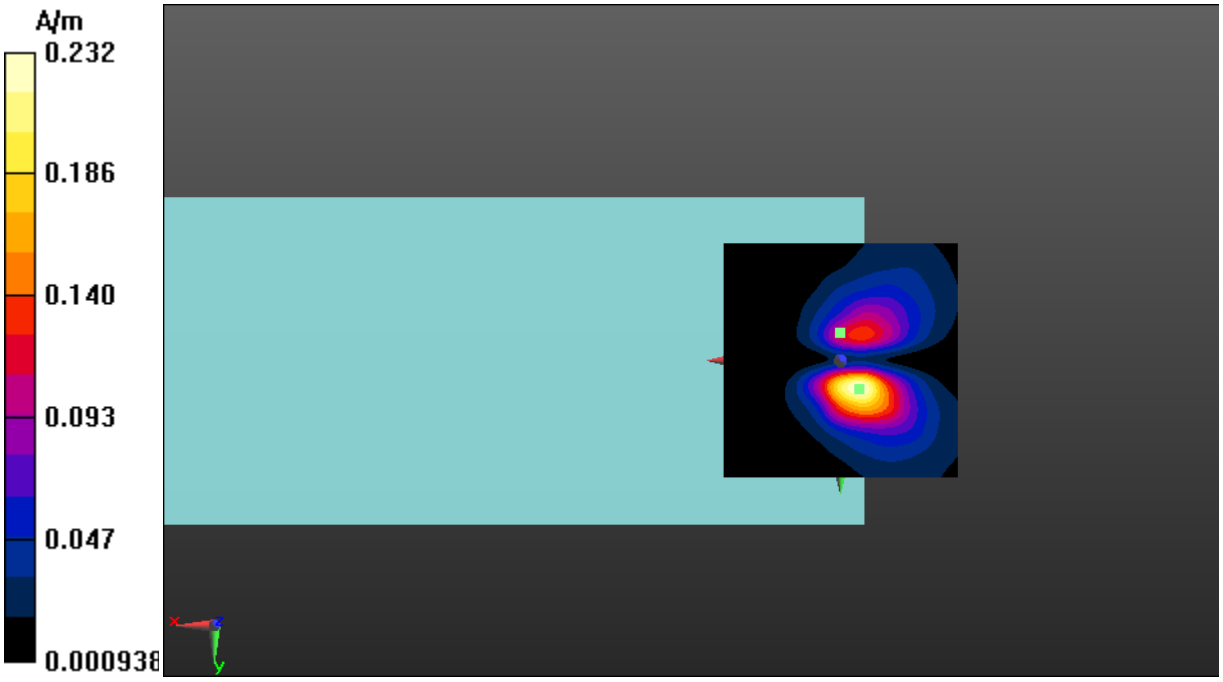

Fig A.6 T-Coil LTE-Band 2-Y

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T-Coil LTE-Band 4 Axial
Date: 2021-6-9
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1732.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -5.22 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, 0.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 39.71 dB
ABM1 comp = -5.26 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, 0.5, 3.7 mm

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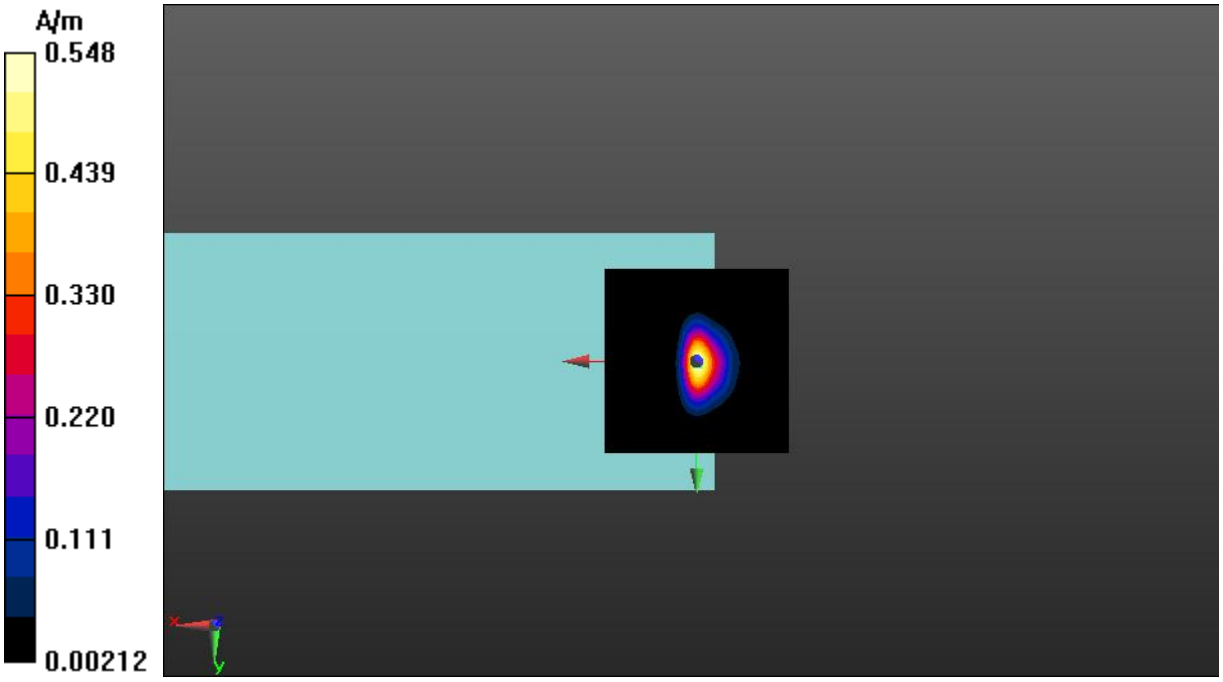

Fig A.7 T-Coil LTE-Band 4-Z

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T-Coil LTE-Band 4 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-9
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1732.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -12.81 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, -6, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 32.87 dB
ABM1 comp = -14.75 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4, 6, 3.7 mm

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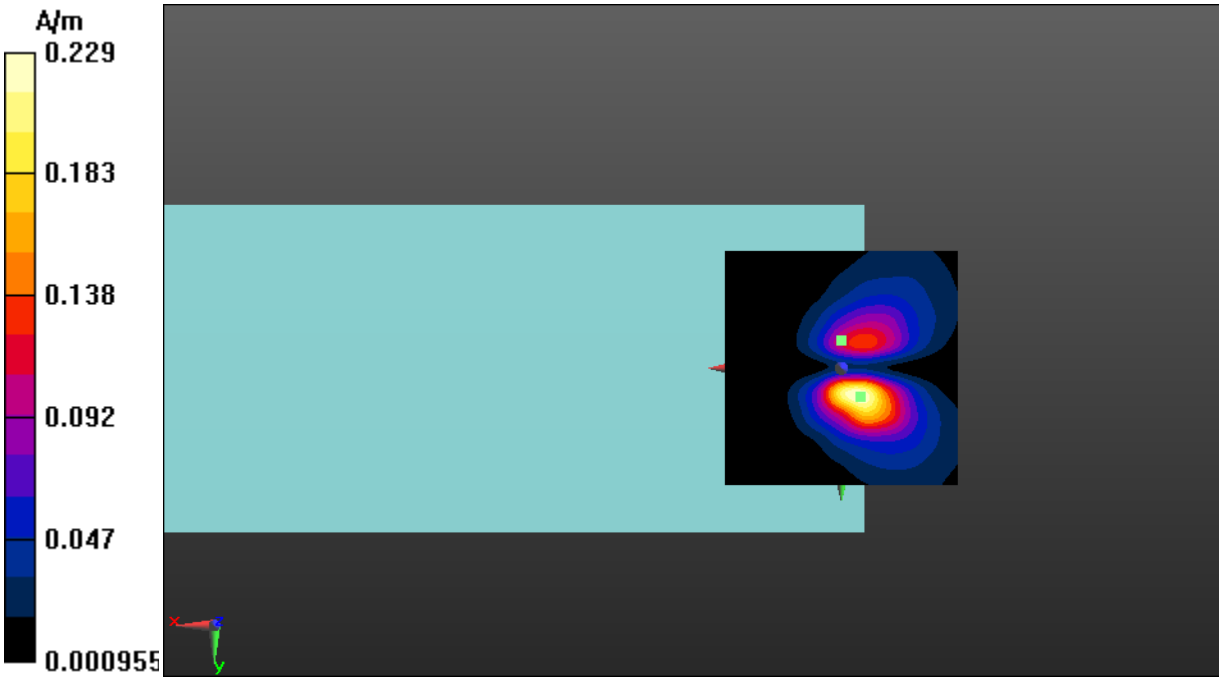

Fig A.7 T-Coil LTE-Band 4-Y

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T-Coil LTE-Band 5 Axial
Date: 2021-6-9
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 836.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -5.28 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, 0.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 40.16 dB
ABM1 comp = -5.30 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, 0.5, 3.7 mm

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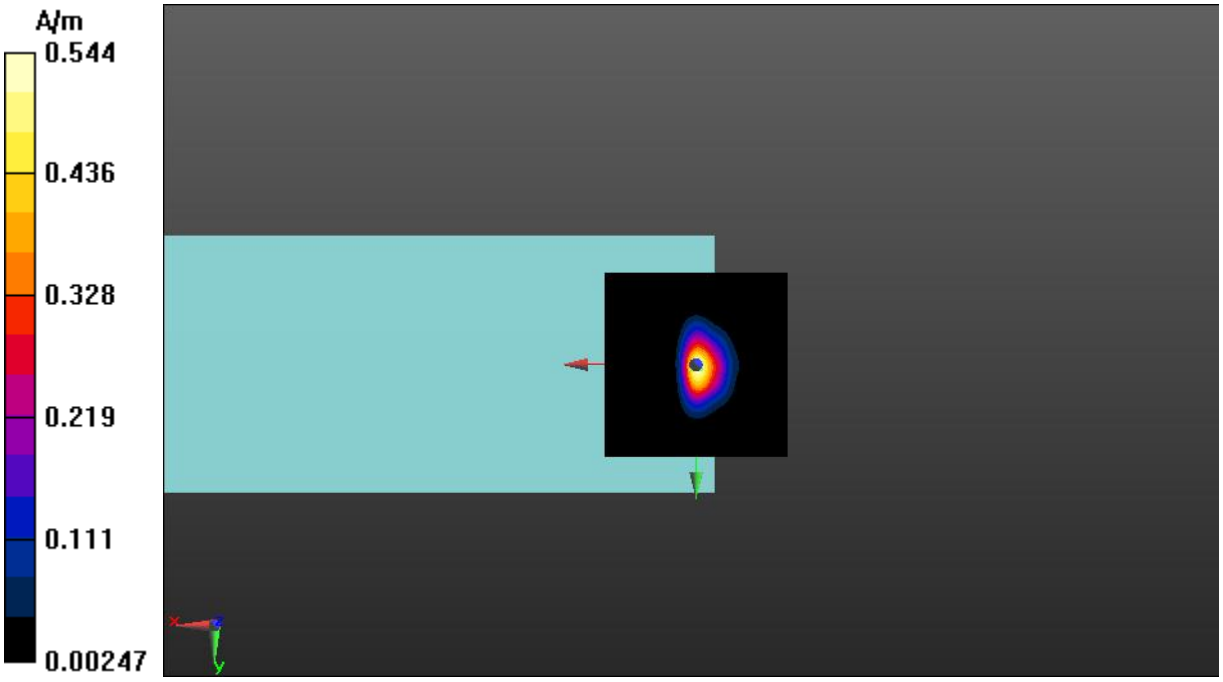

Fig A.8 T-Coil LTE-Band 5-Z

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T-Coil LTE-Band 5 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-9
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 836.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -12.99 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, -6.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 33.50 dB
ABM1 comp = -15.35 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.5, 5.5, 3.7 mm

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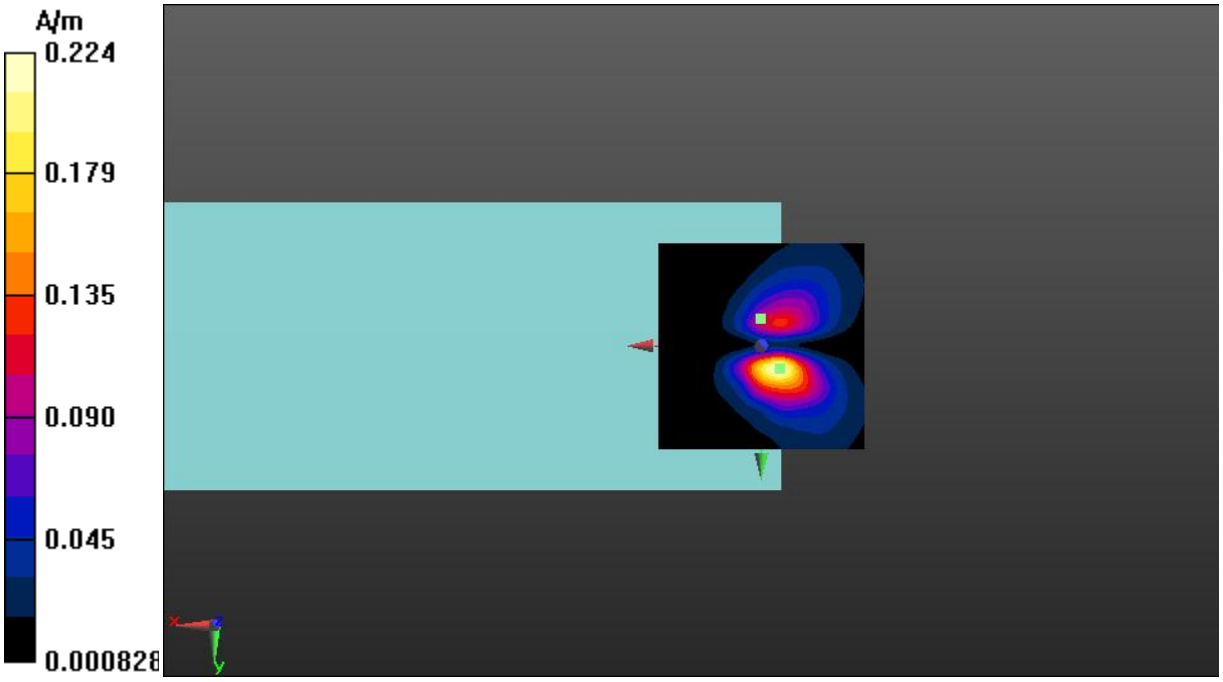

Fig A.8 T-Coil LTE-Band 5-Y

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T-Coil LTE-Band 12 Axial
Date: 2021-6-9
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -5.42 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, 0.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 38.53 dB
ABM1 comp = -6.66 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, 4, 3.7 mm

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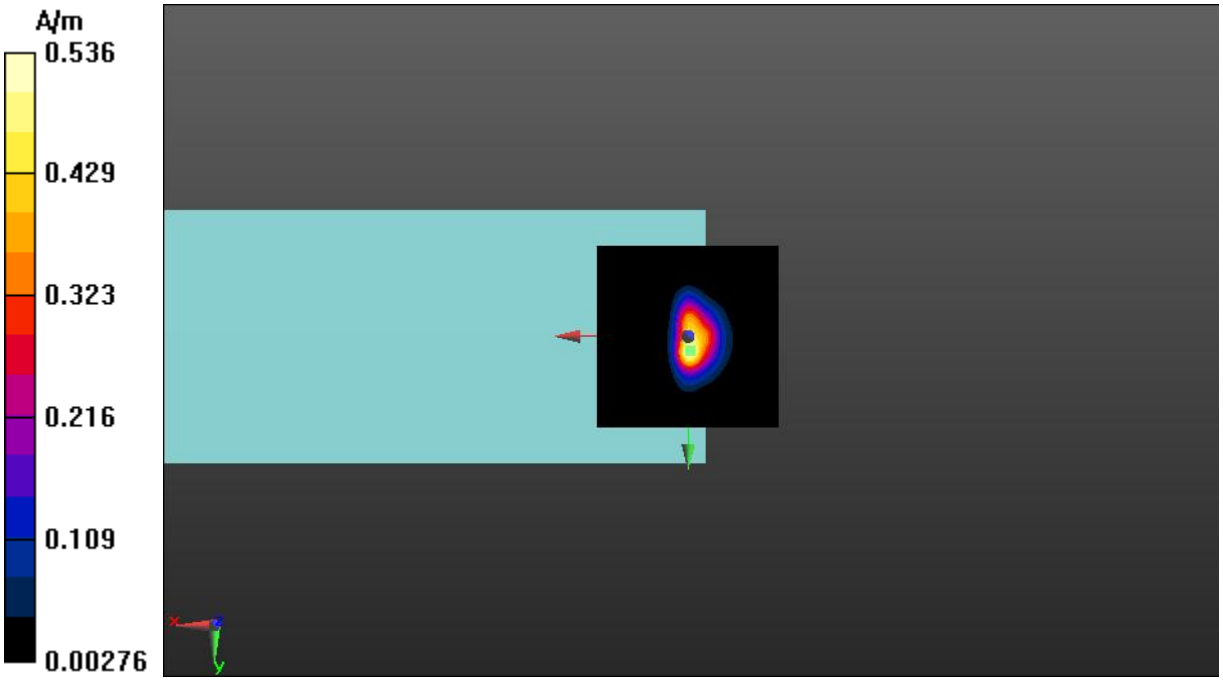

Fig A.9 T-Coil LTE-Band 12-Z

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T-Coil LTE-Band 12 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-9
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -12.95 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, -6, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 34.02 dB
ABM1 comp = -14.78 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -3.5, 5.5, 3.7 mm

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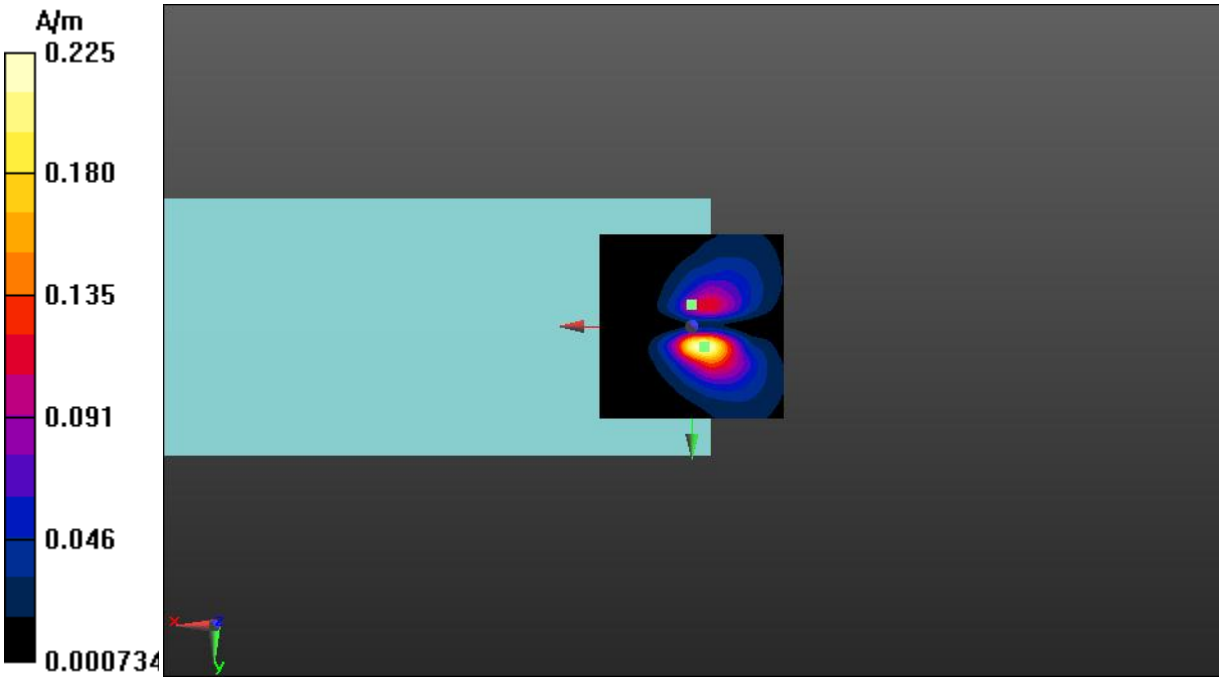

Fig A.9 T-Coil LTE-Band 12-Y

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T-Coil LTE-Band 17 Axial
Date: 2021-6-9
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 710 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -5.65 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, 0.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 39.94 dB
ABM1 comp = -5.71 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, 0, 3.7 mm

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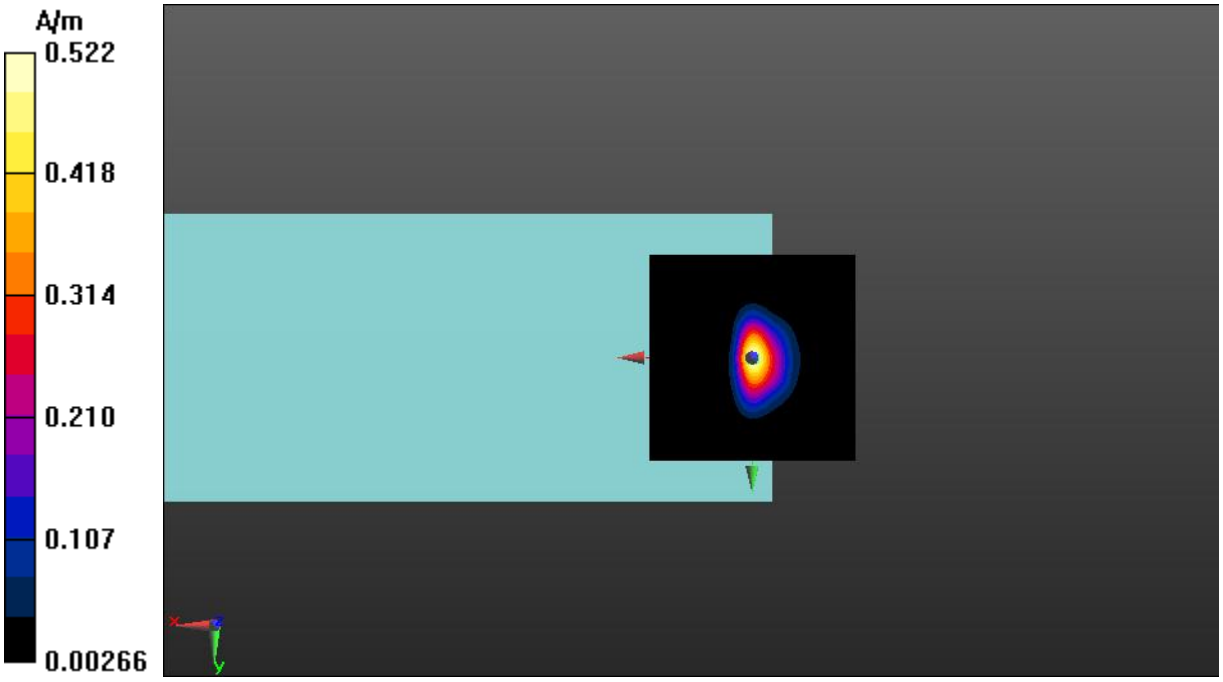

Fig A.10 T-Coil LTE-Band 17-Z

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T-Coil LTE-Band 17 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-9
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 710 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -13.02 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, -6.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 32.87 dB
ABM1 comp = -15.32 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.5, 6, 3.7 mm

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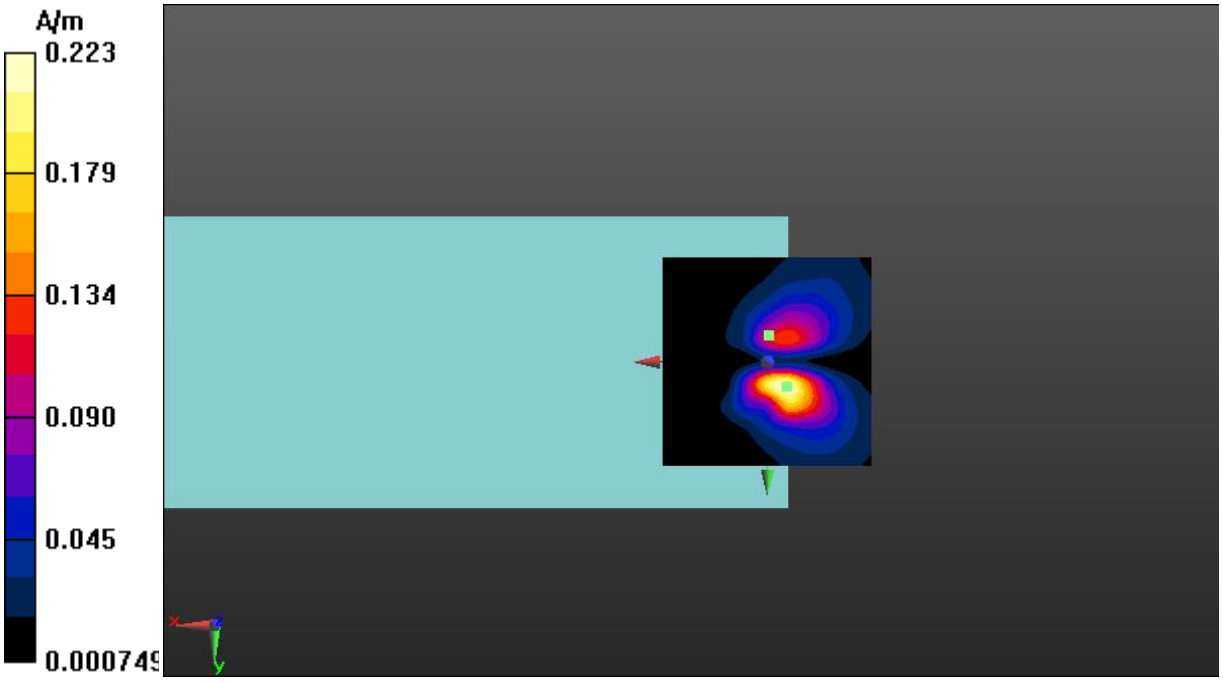

Fig A.10 T-Coil LTE-Band 17-Y

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T-Coil LTE-Band 25 Axial
Date: 2021-6-10
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1882.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -5.34 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, 0.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 39.31 dB
ABM1 comp = -5.56 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, 2, 3.7 mm

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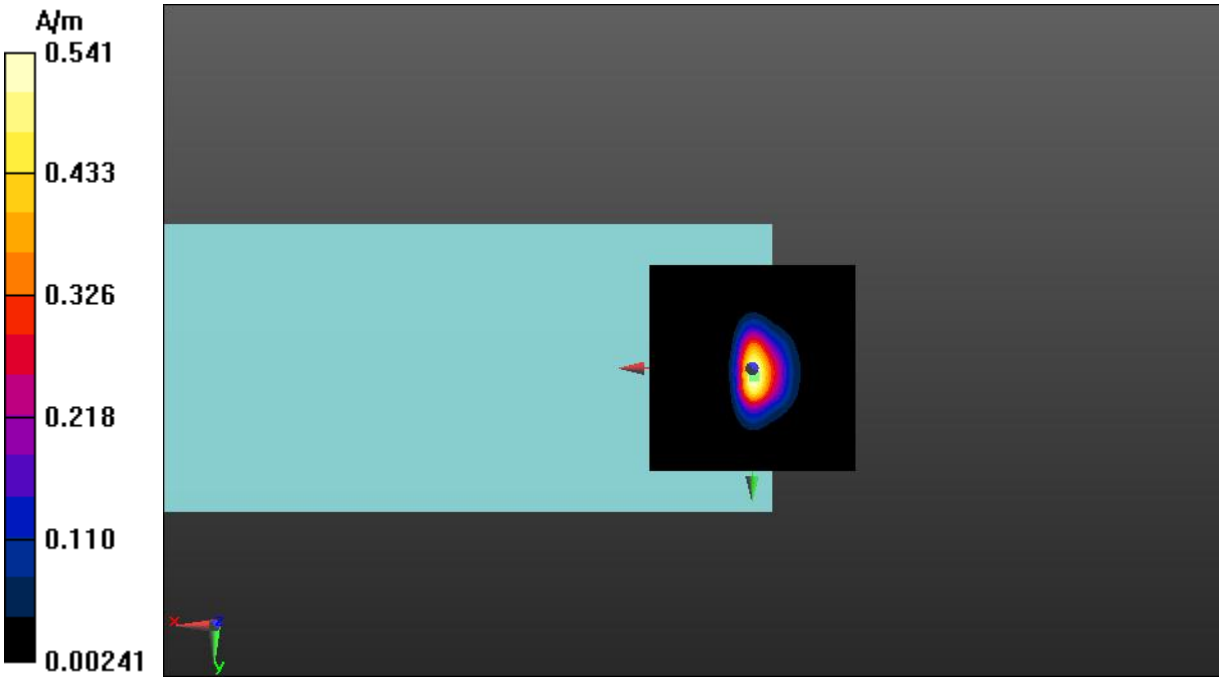

Fig A.11 T-Coil LTE-Band 25-Z

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T-Coil LTE-Band 25 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-10
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1882.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -12.82 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, -6.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 33.81 dB
ABM1 comp = -15.13 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.5, 5.5, 3.7 mm

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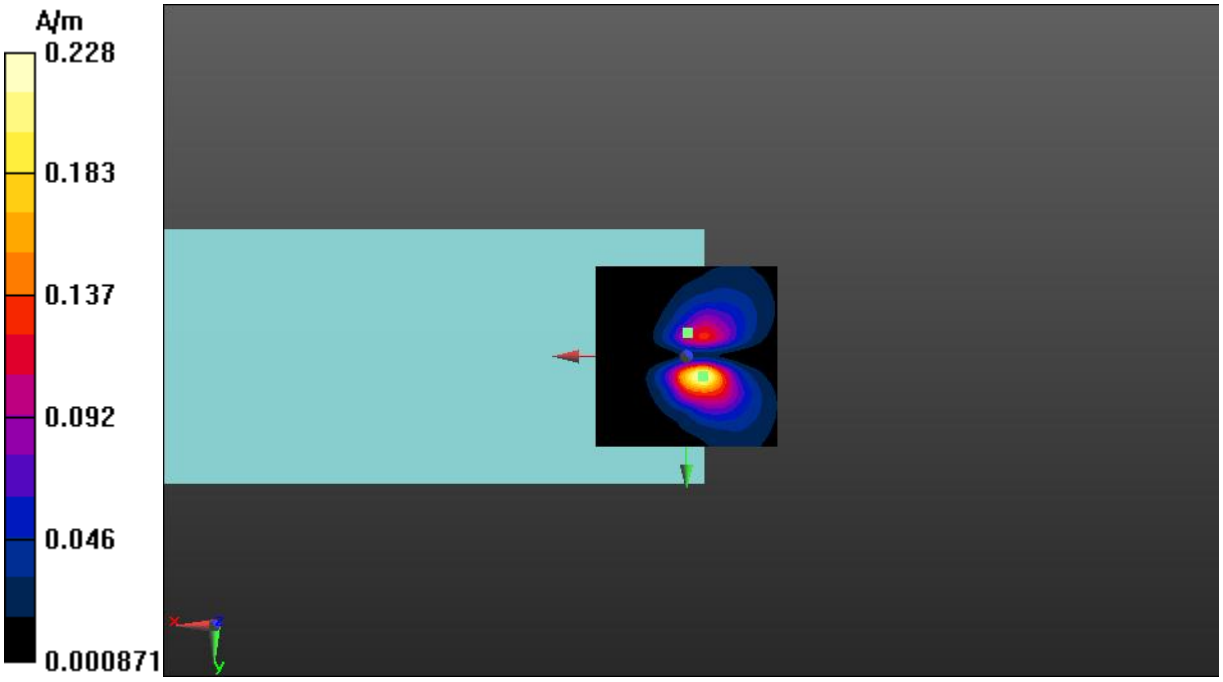

Fig A.11 T-Coil LTE-Band 25-Y

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T-Coil LTE-Band 26 Axial
Date: 2021-6-10
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 831.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -5.39 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, 0.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 40.24 dB
ABM1 comp = -5.42 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, 0.5, 3.7 mm

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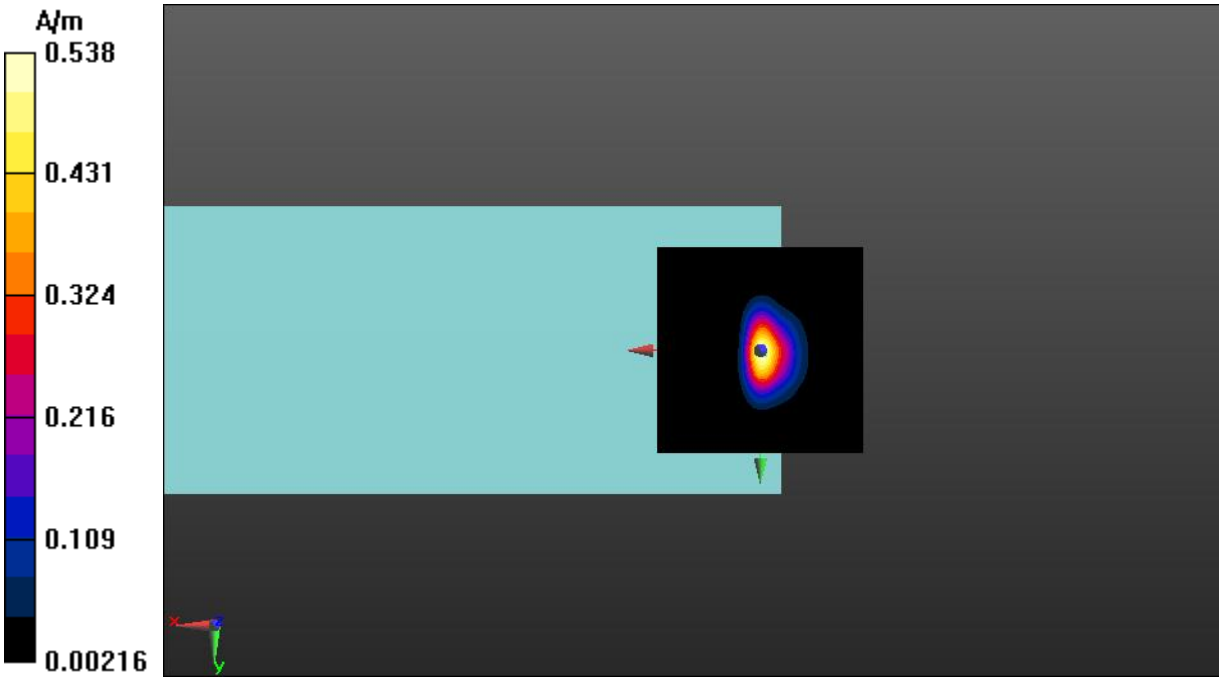

Fig A.12 T-Coil LTE-Band 26-Z

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T-Coil LTE-Band 26 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-10
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 831.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -12.84 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, -6, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 33.95 dB
ABM1 comp = -15.11 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4, 5.5, 3.7 mm

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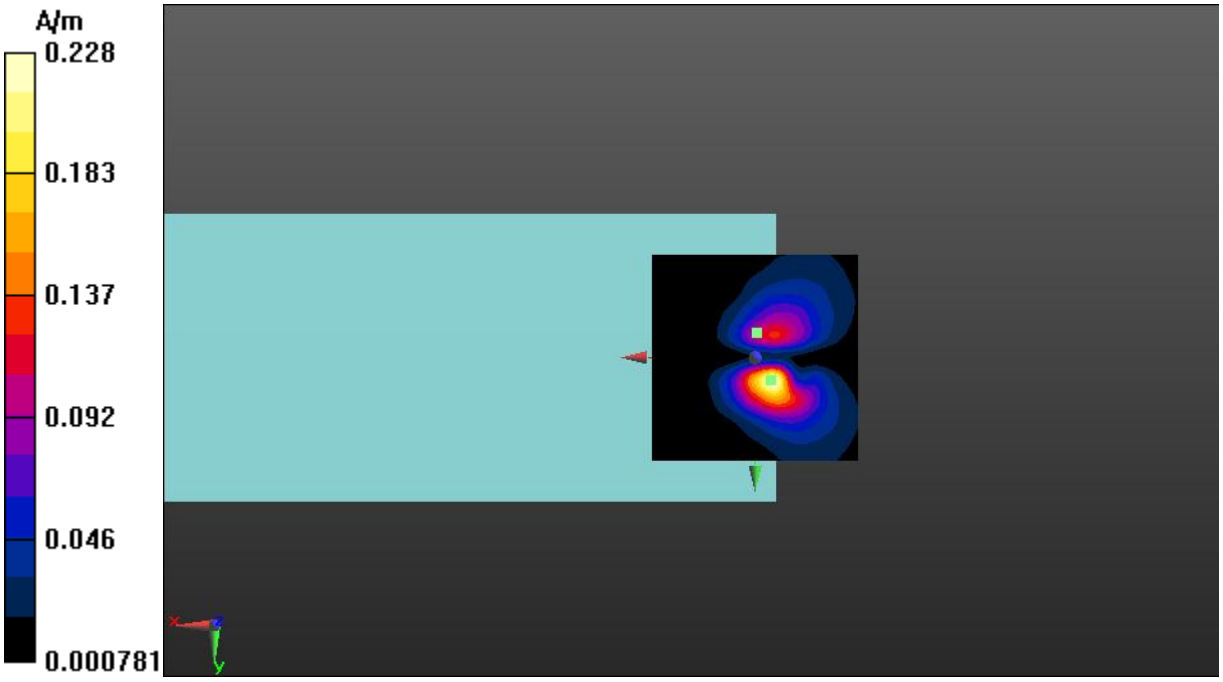

Fig A.12 T-Coil LTE-Band 26-Y

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T-Coil LTE-Band 66 Axial
Date: 2021-6-10
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -5.24 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, 0.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 39.70 dB
ABM1 comp = -5.29 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, 1, 3.7 mm

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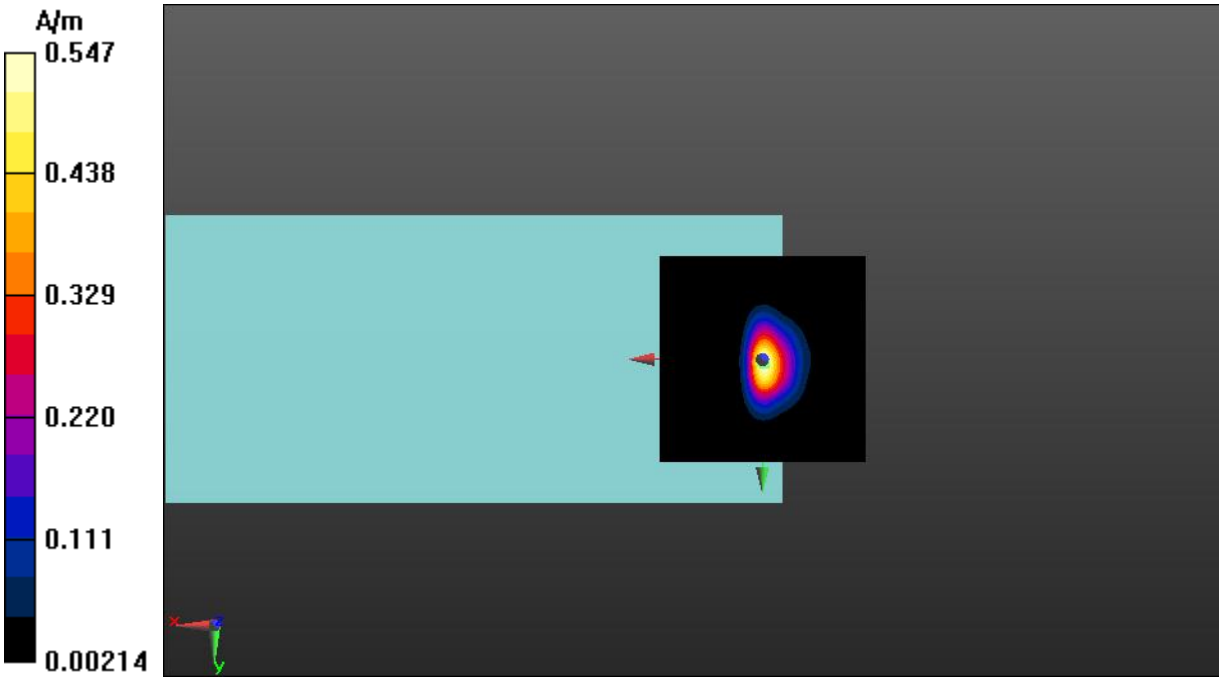

Fig A.13 T-Coil LTE-Band 66-Z

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T-Coil LTE-Band 66 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-10
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -12.82 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -0.5, -6.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 33.05 dB
ABM1 comp = -15.15 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.5, 6, 3.7 mm

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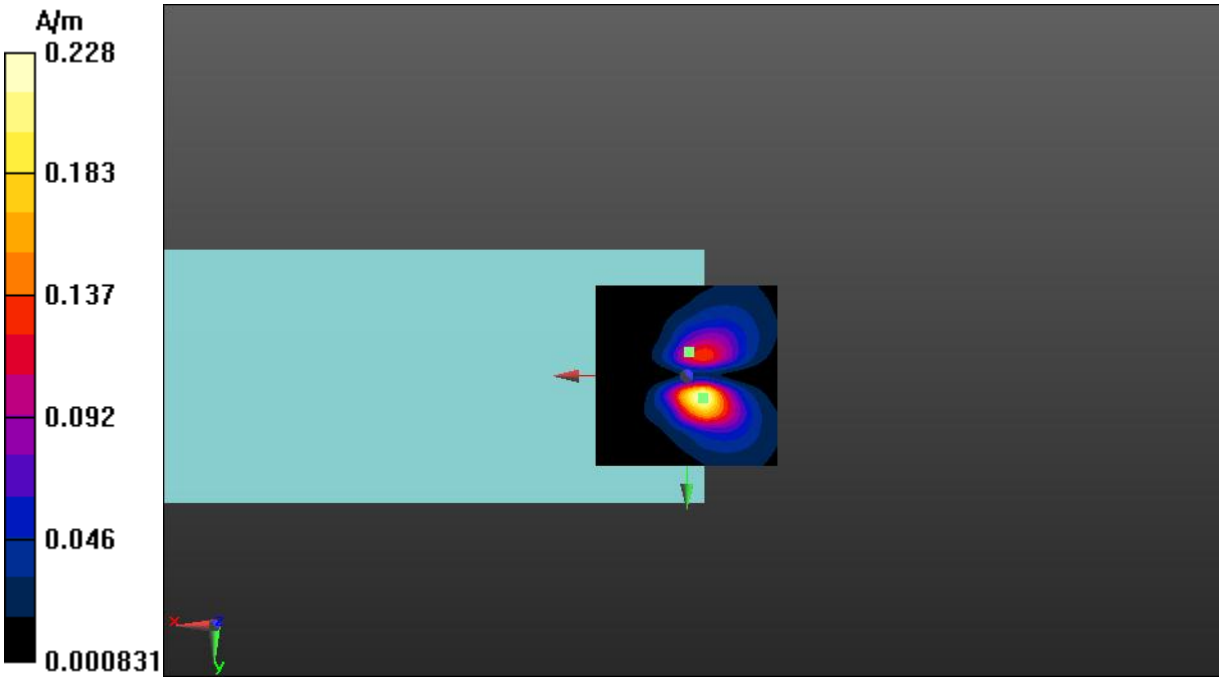

Fig A.13 T-Coil LTE-Band 66-Y

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T-Coil LTE-Band 41 Axial
Date: 2021-6-10
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_TDD (0) Frequency: 2605 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -5.44 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, 0.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 30.47 dB
ABM1 comp = -5.78 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -1.5, 0.5, 3.7 mm

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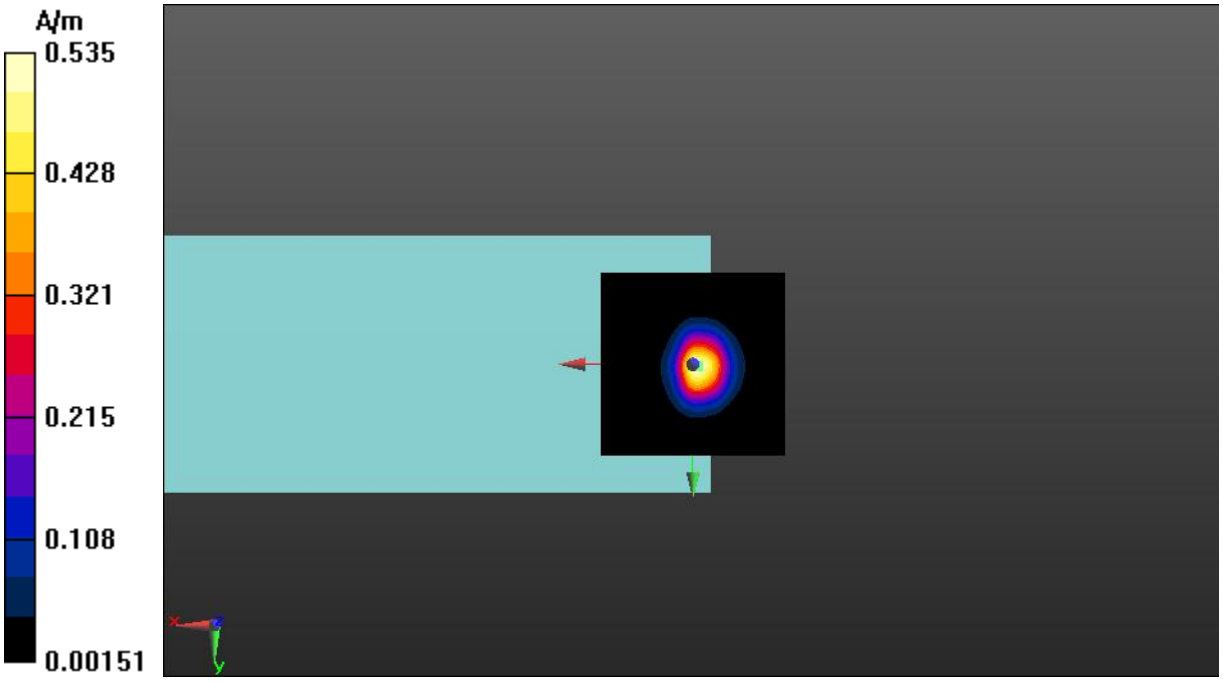

Fig A.14 T-Coil LTE-Band 41-Z

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T-Coil LTE-Band 41 Transverse
Date: 2021-6-10
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_TDD (0) Frequency: 2605 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -12.65 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, -6.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 33.33 dB
ABM1 comp = -15.24 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.5, 5.5, 3.7 mm

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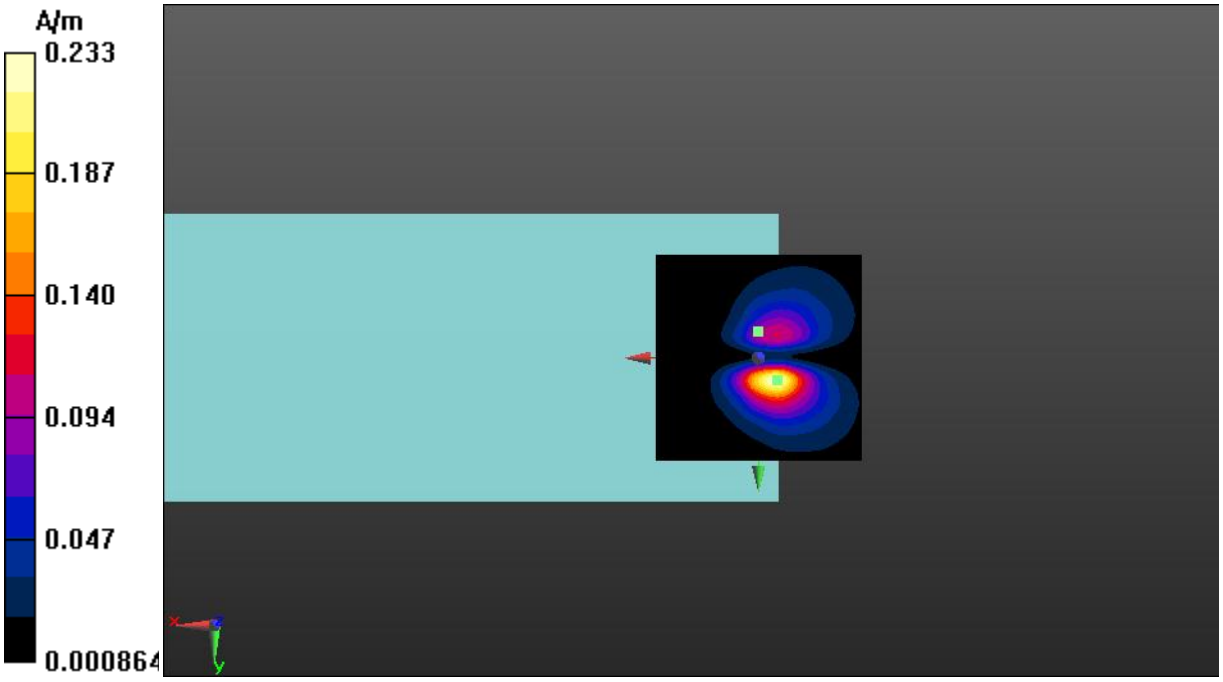

Fig A.14 T-Coil LTE-Band 41-Y

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ANNEX B: Frequency Response Curves

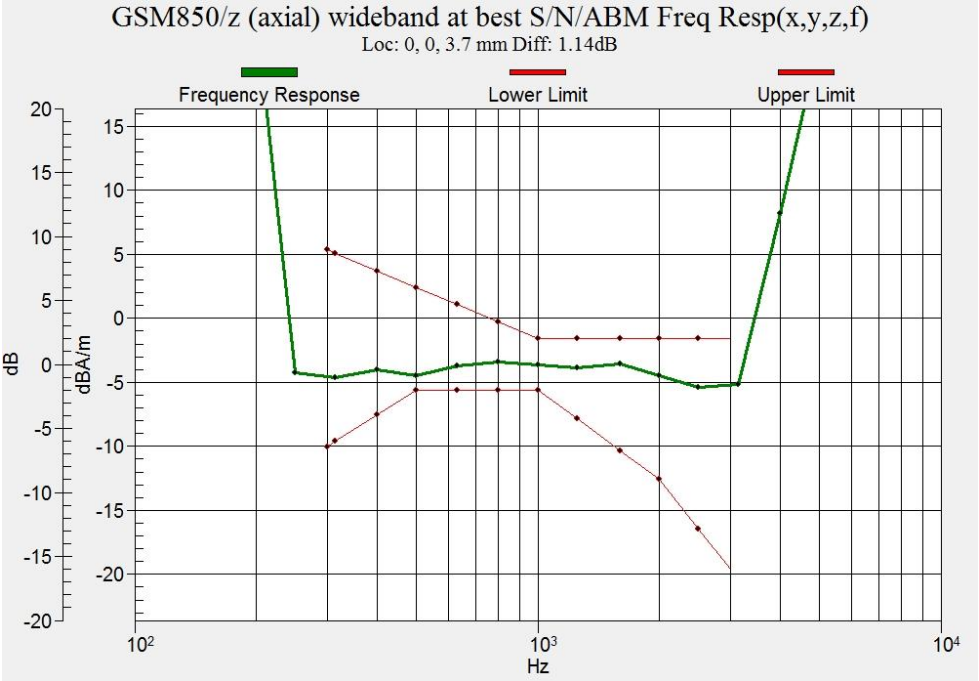

Figure B.1 Frequency Response of GSM 850

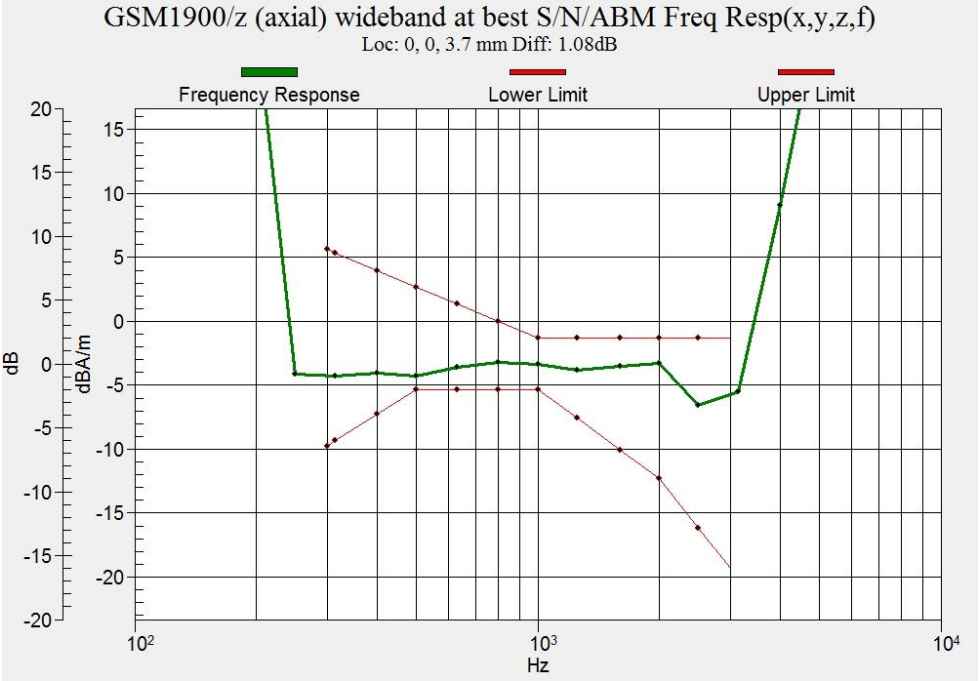

Figure B.2 Frequency Response of GSM 1900

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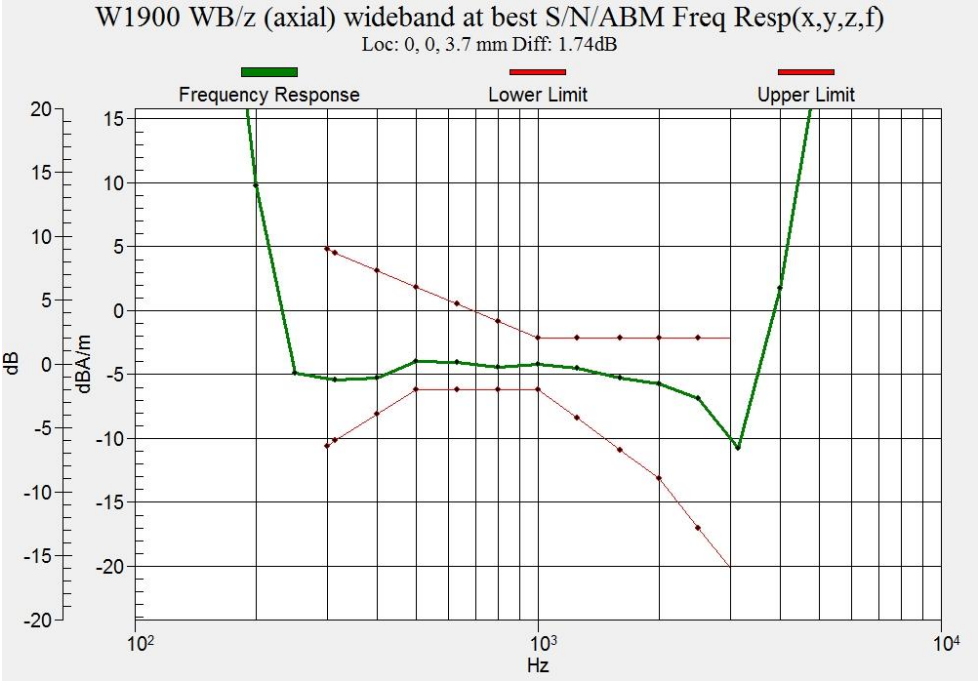

Figure B.3 Frequency Response of WCDMA Band 2

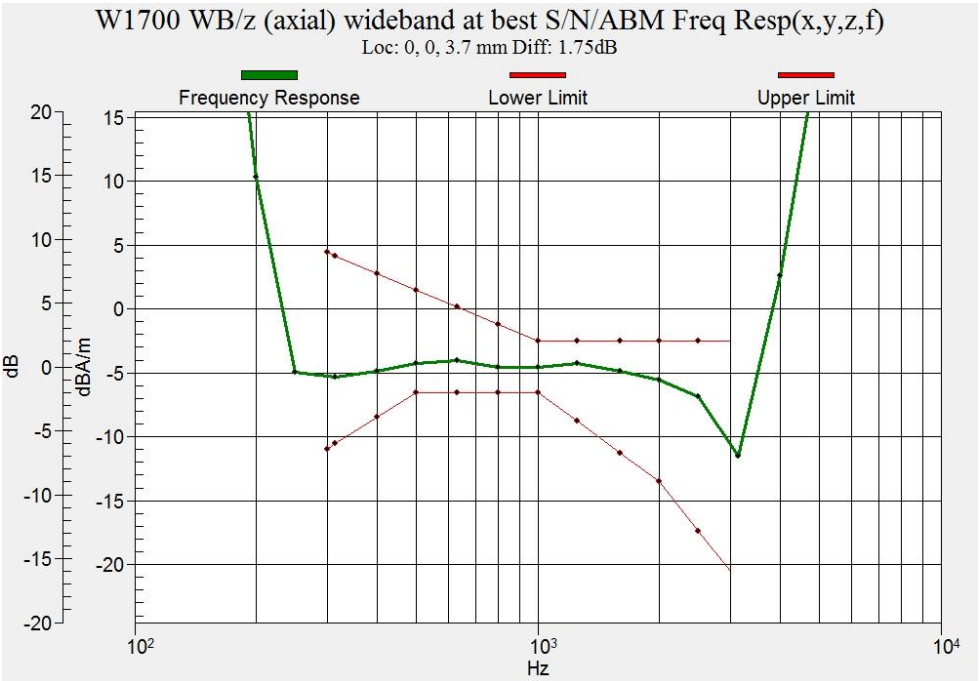

Figure B.4 Frequency Response of WCDMA Band 4

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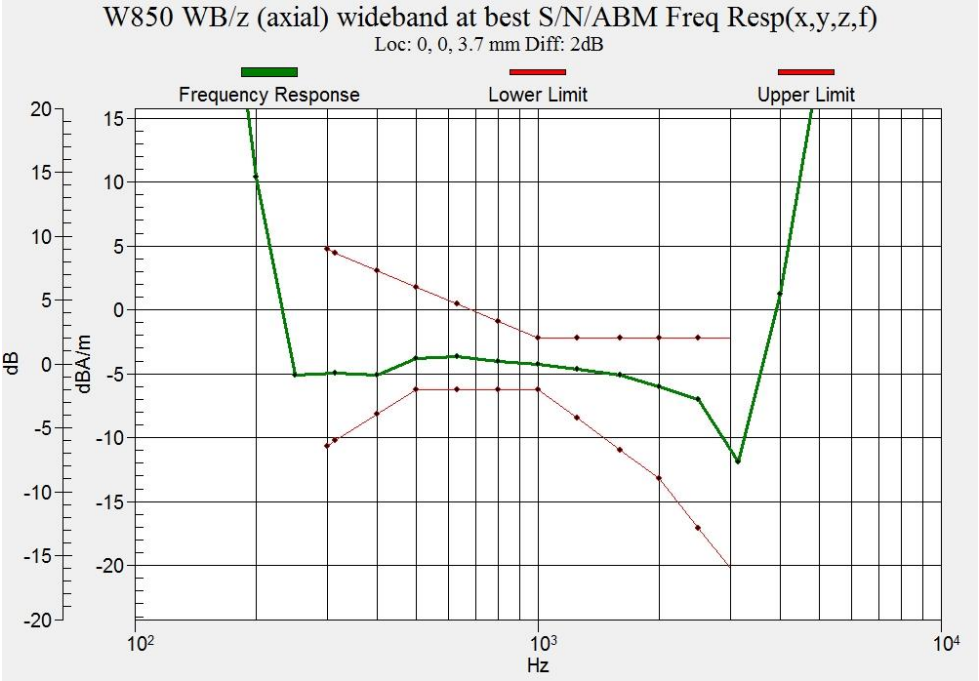

Figure B.5 Frequency Response of WCDMA Band 5

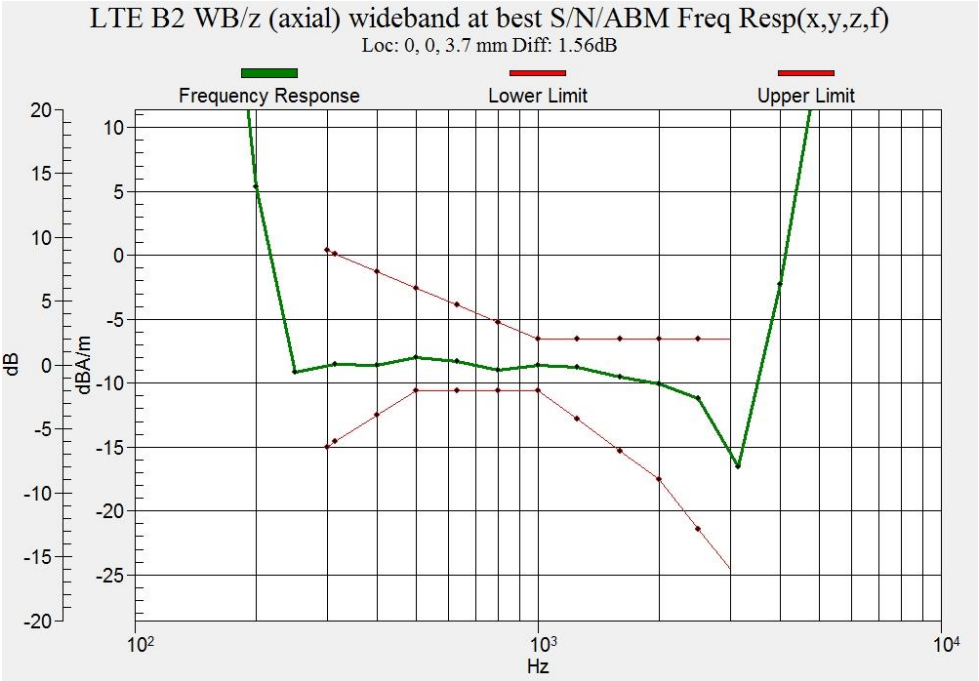

Figure B.6 Frequency Response of LTE Band 2

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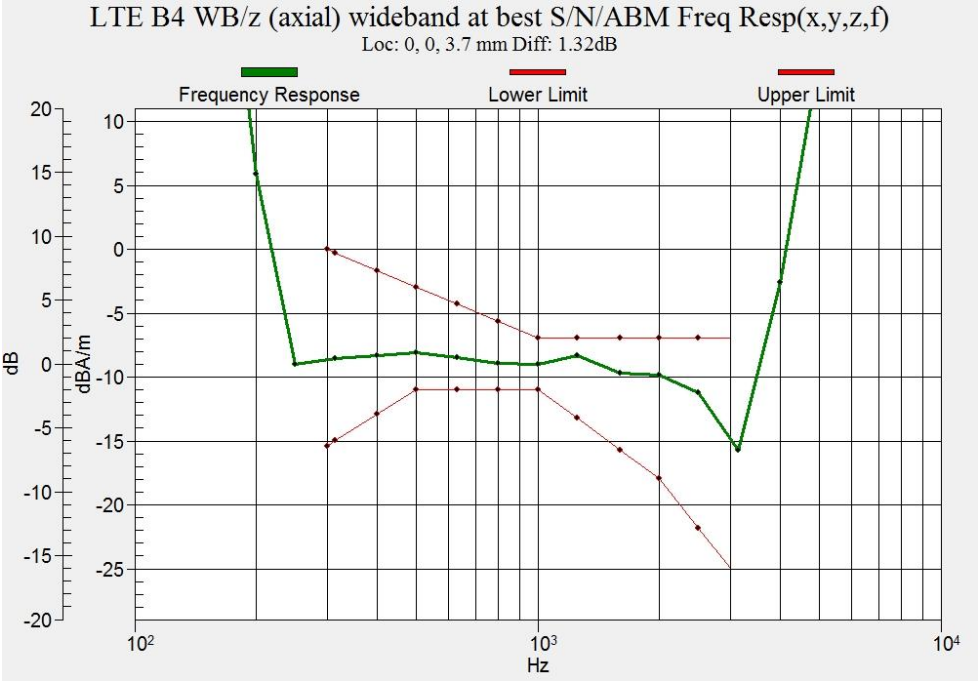

Figure B.7 Frequency Response of LTE Band 4

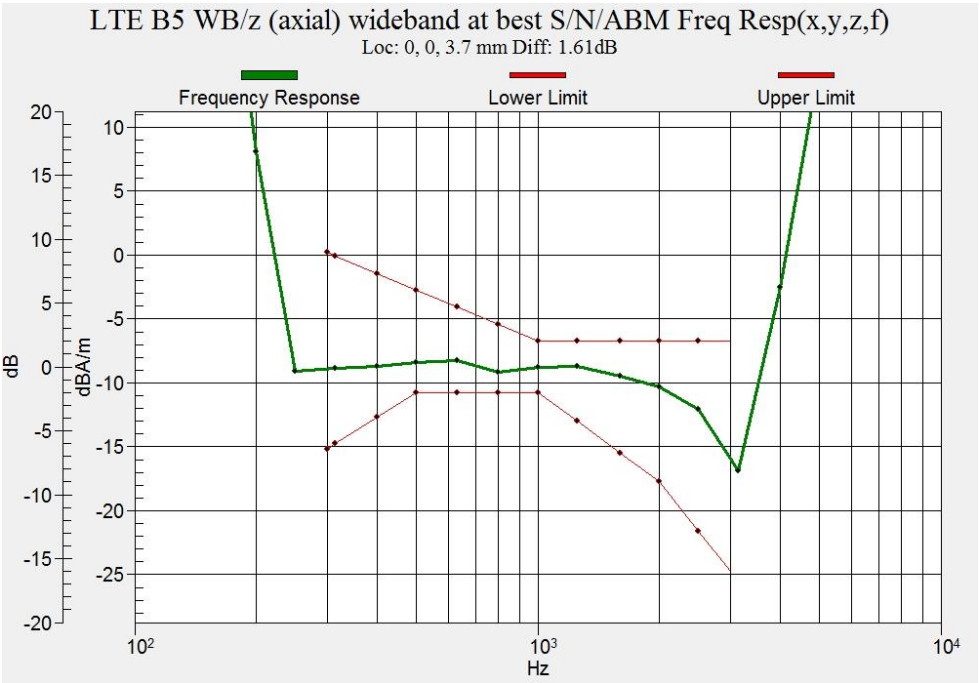

Figure B.8 Frequency Response of LTE Band 5

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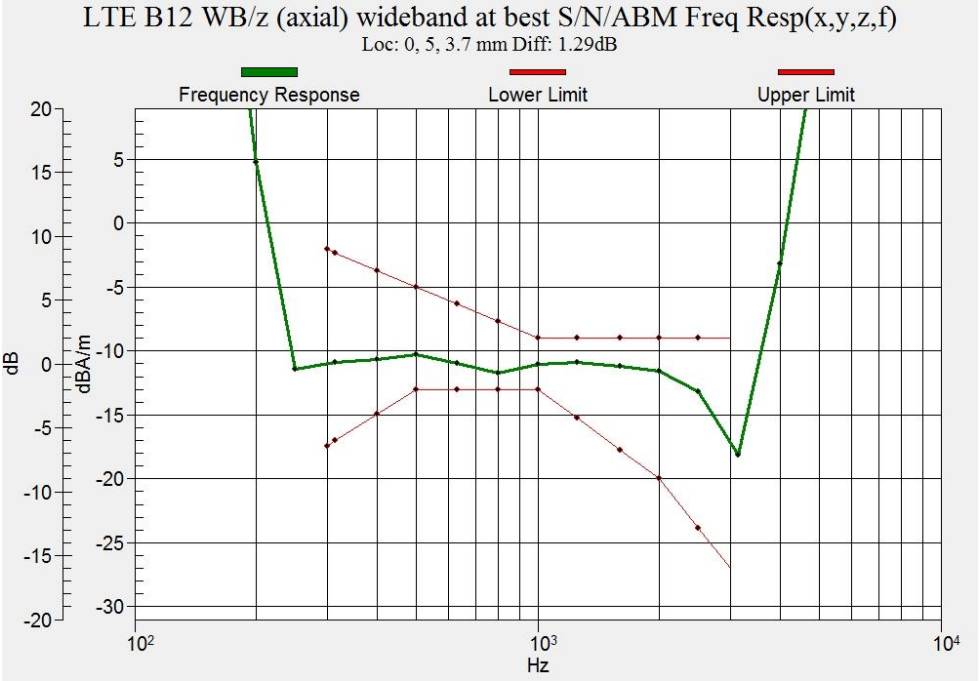

Figure B.9 Frequency Response of LTE Band 12

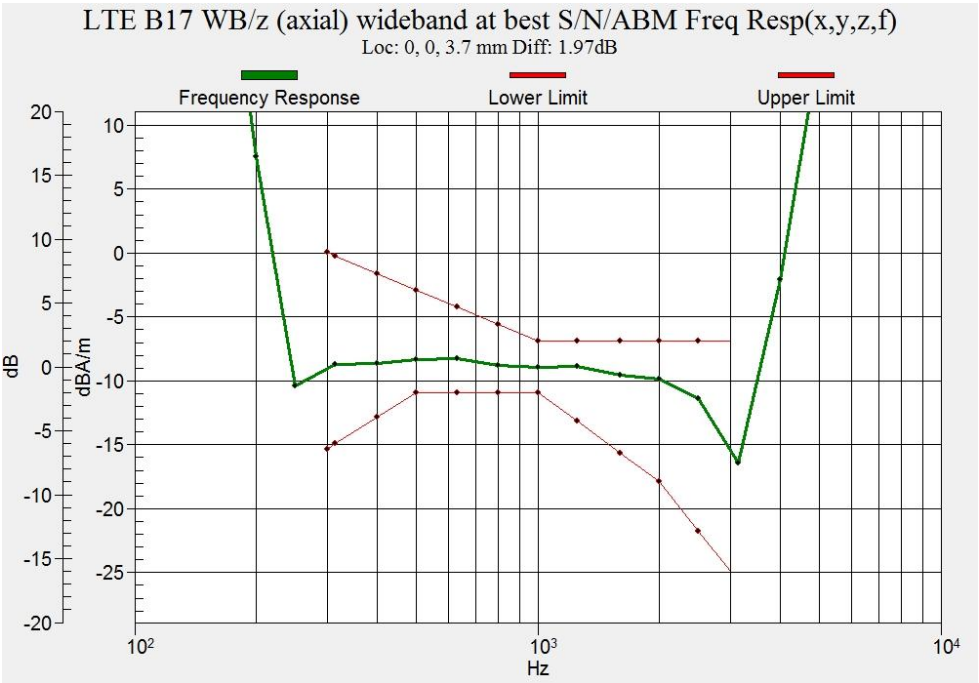

Figure B.10 Frequency Response of LTE Band 17

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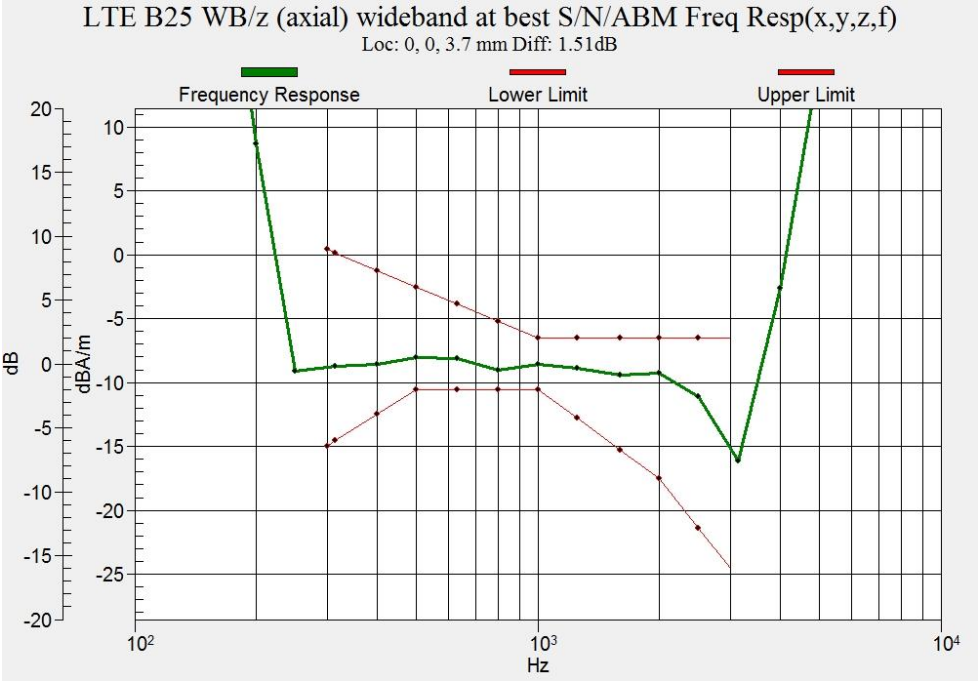

Figure B.11 Frequency Response of LTE Band 25

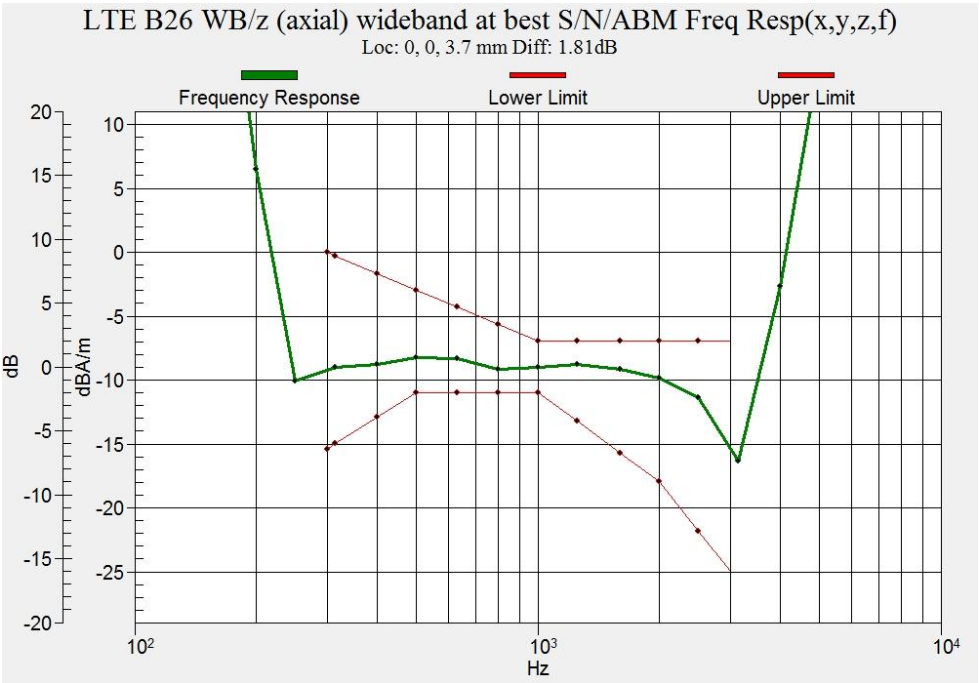

Figure B.12 Frequency Response of LTE Band 26

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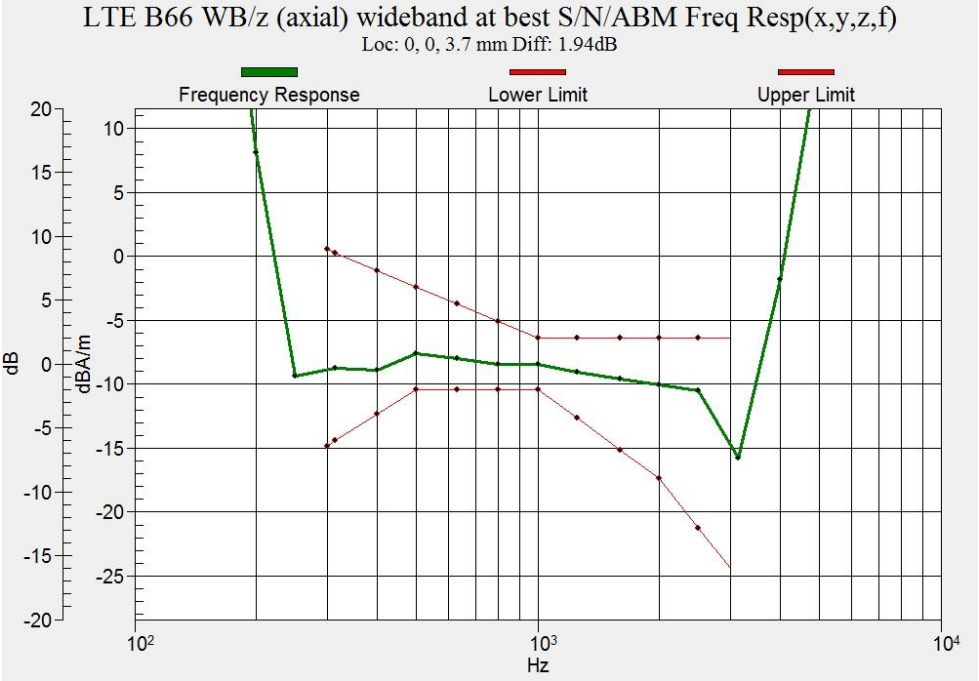

Figure B.13 Frequency Response of LTE Band 66

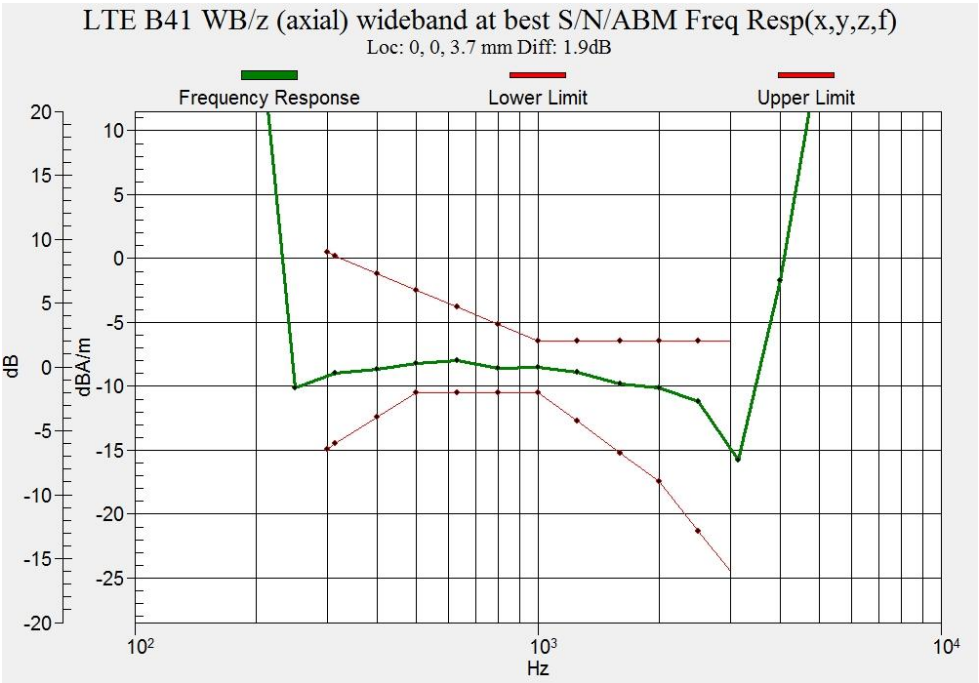

Figure B.14 Frequency Response of LTE Band 41

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ANNEX C: Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **TMC-SZ (Auden)**

Certificate No: AM1DV3-3086_Feb21

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	AM1DV3 - SN: 3086
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-24.v4 Calibration procedure for AM1D magnetic field probes and TMFS in the audio range
Calibration date:	February 22, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	07-Sep-20 (No. 28647)	Sep-21
Reference Probe AM1DV2	SN: 1008	15-Dec-20 (No. AM1DV2-1008_Dec20)	Dec-21
DAE4	SN: 781	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-781_Dec20)	Dec-21

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
AMCC	SN: 1050	01-Oct-13 (in house check Oct-20)	Oct-23
AMMI Audio Measuring Instrument	SN: 1062	26-Sep-12 (in house check Oct-20)	Oct-23

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 22, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: AM1DV3-3086_Feb21 Page 1 of 3

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References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[3] DASY5 manual, Chapter: Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Extension

Description of the AM1D probe

The AM1D Audio Magnetic Field Probe is a fully shielded magnetic field probe for the frequency range from 100 Hz to 20 kHz. The pickup coil is compliant with the dimensional requirements of [1+2]. The probe includes a symmetric low noise amplifier for the signal available at the shielded 3 pin connector at the side. Power is supplied via the same connector (phantom power supply) and monitored via the LED near the connector. The 7 pin connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals, but determines the angle of the sensor when mounted on the DAE. The probe supports mechanical detection of the surface.
The single sensor in the probe is arranged in a tilt angle allowing measurement of 3 orthogonal field components when rotating the probe by 120° around its axis. It is aligned with the perpendicular component of the field, if the probe axis is tilted nominally 35.3° above the measurement plane, using the connector rotation and sensor angle stated below.
The probe is fully RF shielded when operated with the matching signal cable (shielded) and allows measurement of audio magnetic fields in the close vicinity of RF emitting wireless devices according to [1+2] without additional shielding.

Handling of the item

The probe is manufactured from stainless steel. In order to maintain the performance and calibration of the probe, it must not be opened. The probe is designed for operation in air and shall not be exposed to humidity or liquids. For proper operation of the surface detection and emergency stop functions in a DASY system, the probe must be operated with the special probe cup provided (larger diameter).

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *Coordinate System:* The AM1D probe is mounted in the DASY system for operation with a HAC Test Arch phantom with AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil according to [3], with the tip pointing to "southwest" orientation.
- *Functional Test:* The functional test preceding calibration includes test of Noise level RF immunity (1kHz AM modulated signal). The shield of the probe cable must be well connected. Frequency response verification from 100 Hz to 10 kHz.
- *Connector Rotation:* The connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals and is used for fixation to the DAE only. The probe is operated in the center of the AMCC Helmholtz coil using a 1 kHz magnetic field signal. Its angle is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and –120° rotation, so the sensor in the tip of the probe is aligned to the vertical plane in z-direction, corresponding to the field maximum in the AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil.
- *Sensor Angle:* The sensor tilting in the vertical plane from the ideal vertical direction is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and –120°. DASY system uses this angle to align the sensor for radial measurements to the x and y axis in the horizontal plane.
- *Sensitivity:* With the probe sensor aligned to the z-field in the AMCC, the output of the probe is compared to the magnetic field in the AMCC at 1 kHz. The field in the AMCC Helmholtz coil is given by the geometry and the current through the coil, which is monitored on the precision shunt resistor of the coil.

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AM1D probe identification and configuration data

Item	**AM1DV3** Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe
Type No	SP AM1 001 BA
Serial No	**3086**

Overall length	296 mm
Tip diameter	6.0 mm (at the tip)
Sensor offset	3.0 mm (centre of sensor from tip)
Internal Amplifier	20 dB

Manufacturer / Origin	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zurich, Switzerland

Calibration data

Connector rotation angle	(in DASY system)	**204.9 °**	+/- 3.6 ° (k=2)
Sensor angle	(in DASY system)	**1.35 °**	+/- 0.5 ° (k=2)
Sensitivity at 1 kHz	(in DASY system)	**0.00743 V/(A/m)**	+/- 2.2 % (k=2)

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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ANNEX D: DAE Calibration Certificate

In Collaboration with
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CALIBRATION LABORATORY
Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

中国认可
国际互认
校准
CALIBRATION
CNAS L0570

Client : CTTL(South Branch) Certificate No: Z20-60433

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SN: 1527
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11-002-01 Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)
Calibration date:	November 06, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	16-Jun-20 (CTTL, No.J20X04342)	Jun-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: November 08, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z20-60433 Page 1 of 3

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Glossary:

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = -100...+300 mV
Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.863 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.582 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.801 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95875 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98892 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.96720 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	223.5° ± 1 °

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*****END OF REPORT*****

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