



RF Exposure Evaluation

Limits

The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f ²)	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500			f/300	6
1500–100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500			f/1500	30
1500–100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

Friis transmission formula: $Pd = (Pout * G) / (4 * \pi * r^2)$

Where

Pd = power density in mW/cm², **Pout** = output power to antenna in mW;

G = gain of antenna in linear scale, **Pi** = 3.1416;

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

Test Procedure

Software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.



According to KDB447498 General RF Exposure Guidance V06 Section 7.2 to test details are as follows

transmission configurations, further equipment approval is not required to incorporate transmitter modules in host devices that operate in the *mixed mobile and portable host* platform exposure conditions. The grantee is responsible for documenting this according to Class I permissive change requirements. Antennas that qualify for standalone SAR test exclusion must apply the estimated standalone SAR to determine simultaneous transmission test exclusion.

- a) The $[\sum \text{ of (the highest measured or estimated SAR for each standalone antenna configuration, adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance) / 1.6 W/kg} + [\sum \text{ of MPE ratios}]] \leq 1.0$.
- b) The SAR to peak location separation ratios of all simultaneously transmitting antenna pairs operating in portable device exposure conditions are all ≤ 0.04 , and the $[\sum \text{ of MPE ratios}] \leq 1.0$.

When RF exposure test exclusion does not apply, simultaneous transmission evaluation is required for mixed mobile device and portable device exposure conditions. For each simultaneous transmission configuration, the sum of the MPE ratios for the simultaneously transmitting antennas operating in mobile device exposure conditions must be determined according to the calculated/estimated, numerically modeled or measured field strengths or power density. For each simultaneous transmission configuration, the enlarged zoom scan measurement and volume scan post-processing procedures in KDB Publication 865664 D01 must be applied to test the simultaneously transmitting antennas operating in portable device exposure conditions. The $[(\text{highest measured simultaneous transmission SAR, adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance}) / 1.6 \text{ W/kg}] + [\sum \text{ of MPE ratios}]$ must be ≤ 1.0 for each simultaneous transmission configuration; otherwise, a PAG is required for the FCC to determine compliance on a case-by-case basis, with respect to antenna-to-antenna and antenna-to-user separation, device form factor, operating requirements and exposure conditions, etc.

For *mobile exposure host* platform devices to qualify for simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion, all transmitters and antennas in the host must either be evaluated for MPE compliance, by measurement or computational modeling, or qualify for the standalone MPE test exclusion in 7.1. When modular transmitters are used, the minimum *test separation distance* required for each simultaneously transmitting antenna installed in the host device must satisfy MPE compliance for both standalone and simultaneous transmission operations. When simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies, transmitter modules may be incorporated in host devices according to Class I permissive change requirements to document the test exclusion conditions.⁶⁸

Simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneously transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device is ≤ 1.0 , according to calculated/estimated, numerically modeled, or measured field strengths or power density. The MPE ratio of each antenna is determined at the minimum *test separation distance* required by the operating configurations and exposure conditions of the host device, according to the ratio of field strengths or power density to the MPE limit at the test frequency.⁶⁹ Either the maximum peak or spatially averaged results from measurements or numerical simulations may be used to determine the MPE ratios. Spatial averaging should not be applied when MPE is estimated using simple calculations based on far-field plane-wave equivalent conditions. The antenna installation and operating requirements for the host device must meet the minimum *test separation distances* required for all antennas, in both standalone and simultaneous transmission operations, to satisfy compliance.

When one of the following test exclusion conditions is satisfied for all combinations of simultaneous



Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

Mode	Output power to antenna (dBm)	Antenna Gain(dBi)	Output power to antenna (mW)	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	Result
802.11b	18.65	3.5	73.28	0.032645	1.0	PASS
802.11g	23.25	3.5	211.35	0.094148	1.0	PASS
802.11n20	26.55	3.5	451.86	0.201285	1.0	PASS
802.11ax20	27.86	3.5	610.94	0.272152	1.0	PASS
BT	7.50	3.5	5.62	0.002505	1.0	PASS
BLE	5.70	3.5	3.72	0.001655	1.0	PASS
BLE(For BT-02)	5.70	1.74	3.72	0.001104	1.0	PASS
WCDMA Ban V	24	1	251.19	0.062923	0.55	PASS
LTE B5	24	1	251.19	0.062923	0.55	PASS
LTE B7	23.5	1	223.87	0.056081	1.0	PASS
LTE B41	24	1	251.19	0.062923	1.0	PASS

$$TER = \sum_{k=1}^{N_f} \left(\frac{SAR_k}{SAR_{lim}} \right) + \sum_{k=1}^{N_f} \left(\frac{MPE_{field,k}}{MPE_{field,lim}} \right)^2 + \sum_{k=1}^{N_{PD}} \left(\frac{MPE_{PD,k}}{MPE_{PD,lim}} \right)$$

$\Sigma \Sigma$ of MPE ratios ≤ 1.0

WIFI Antenna Max MPE ratios	BT Antenna Max MPE ratios	BLE(BT-02) Antenna Max MPE ratios	LET Antenna Max MPE ratios	Σ MPE ratios	Limit	Result
0.272152	0.002505	0.001104	0.114405	0.390166	1.0	PASS