TEST REPORT

Product Name:	Robint-Clean
FCC ID:	2A3PX-RCL1
Trademark:	ROBINT
Model Number:	RCL1
Prepared For:	Beijing Robint Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	Room 2006, Jinqiu International Building, No.6 Zhichun Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China
Manufacturer:	Beijing Robint Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	Room 2006, Jinqiu International Building, No.6 Zhichun Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China
Prepared By:	Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	1&2/F., Building A, No.26, Xinhe Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Sample Received Date:	Jan. 22, 2024
Sample tested Date:	Jan. 22, 2024 to Feb. 23, 2024
Issue Date:	Feb. 23, 2024
Report No.:	CTB240223017RFX
Test Standards	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E
Test Results	PASS
Remark:	This is WIFI-5GHz band radio test report.

Compiled by:	Reviewed by:	Approved by:
Zhou Kui	Arron Liu	Bin Mei
Zhou Kui	Arron Liu	Bin Mei / Director

Note: If there is any objection to the inspection results in this report, please submit a written report to the company within 15 days from the date of receiving the report. The test report is effective only with both signature and specialized stamp. This result(s) shown in this report refer only to the sample(s) tested. Without written approval of Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. this report can't be reproduced except in full. The tested sample(s) and the sample information are provided by the client. "*" indicates the testing items were fulfilled by subcontracted lab. "#" indicates the items are not in CNAS accreditation scope.

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(NOTE: N/A MEANS NOT APPLICABLE)

1. VERSION

Report No.	Issue Date	Description	Approved
CTB240223017RFX	Feb. 23, 2024	Original	Valid

2. TEST SUMMARY

The Product has been tested according to the following specifications:

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)(6)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
Radiated Spurious emissions	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.205/15.407(b)	KDB789033	PASS
Band edge	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.205/15.407(b)	KDB789033	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)	KDB789033	PASS
Emission Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(e)	KDB789033	PASS
Power Spectral Density	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)	KDB789033	PASS
Frequency stability	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (g)	KDB789033	PASS
Operation in the absence of information to the transmit	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E	PASS
Antenna Requirement	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.203	/	PASS

Remark:
Test according to ANSI C63.10-2013.

3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Item	Uncertainty
Occupancy bandwidth	U=±54.3Hz
Adjacent channel power	U=±1.3dB
Conducted Adjacent channel power	U=±1.38dB
Conducted output power Above 1G	U=±1.0dB
Conducted output power below 1G	U=±0.9dB
Power Spectral Density , Conduction	U=±1.0dB
Conduction spurious emissions	U=±2.8dB
Out of band emission	U=±54Hz
3m camber Radiated spurious emission(9KHz-30MHz)	U=±4.8dB
3m camber Radiated spurious emission(30MHz-1GHz)	U=±4.3dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(1GHz-18GHz)	U=±4.5dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(18GHz-40GHz)	U=±3.4dB
humidity uncertainty	U=±5.3%
Temperature uncertainty	U=±0.59℃
Supply voltages	U=±3%
Time	U=±5%
Conducted emission(150K-30MHz)	3.2dB

4. PRODUCT INFORMATION AND TEST SETUP

4.1 Product Information

Model(s):	RCL1
Model Description:	N/A
Wi-Fi Specification:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac
Hardware Version:	V1.5
Software Version:	Android 7.1.2
Operation Frequency:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac(20M): 5150MHz ~5250MHz/ 4 channel IEEE 802.11n/ac(40M): 5150MHz ~5250MHz/ 2 channel IEEE 802.11ac(80M): 5150MHz ~5250MHz/ 1 channel IEEE 802.11a/n/ac(20M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 5 channel IEEE 802.11n/ac(40M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 2 channel IEEE 802.11ac(80M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 1 channel
Max. RF output power:	WiFi (5G): 14.652dBm
Type of Modulation:	WiFi: OFDM
Antenna installation:	WiFi: Glue stick antenna
Antenna Gain:	WiFi (5.2G):Ant1: 2.46dBi Ant2: 2.46dBi WiFi (5.8G):Ant1: 1.51dBi Ant2: 1.51dBi
Ratings:	Charger adapter: Input: 100-240V 50/60Hz Output: DC 29.4V⎓12A DC 25.9V 40Ah by battery

4.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

4.3 Support Equipment

Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Series No.	Note
/	/	/	/	/	/

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

4.4 Channel List

For 802.11a/n/ac(20M) Operation in the 5180MHz ~5240 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
36	5180MHz	44	5220MHz
40	5200MHz	48	5240MHz
For 802.11a/n/ac(20M) Operation in the 5745MHz ~5825 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
149	5745MHz	161	5805MHz
153	5765MHz	165	5825MHz
157	5785MHz	NA	NA

For 802.11n/ac(40M) Operation in the 5190MHz ~5230 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
38	5190MHz	46	5230MHz
For 802.11n/ac(40M) Operation in the 5755MHz ~5795 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
151	5755MHz	159	5795MHz

For 802.11ac(80M) Operation in the 5210 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
42	5210MHz	NA	NA
For 802.11ac(80M) Operation in the 5775 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	NA	NA
155	5775MHz	NA	NA

NOTE: Dutycycle>98%.

Test mode	rate
802.11a	54M
802.11n	500M
802.11/ac	500M

4.5 Test Mode

All test mode(s) and condition(s) mentioned were considered and evaluated respectively by performing full tests, the worst data were recorded and reported.

Test Mode	Tx/Rx	RF Channel		
		Low(L)	Middle(M)	High(H)
802.11a/n/ac(20M)	5180MHz ~5240 MHz	Channel 36	Channel 40	Channel 48
		5180MHz	5200MHz	5240MHz
802.11n/ac(40M)		Channel 38	N/A	Channel 46
		5190MHz	N/A	5230MHz
802.11ac(80M)		N/A	Channel 42	N/A
		N/A	5210MHz	N/A
802.11a/n/ac(20M)	5745MHz ~5825MHz	Channel 149	Channel 157	Channel 165
		5745MHz	5785MHz	5825MHz
802.11n/ac(40M)		Channel 151	N/A	Channel 159
		5755MHz	N/A	5795MHz
802.11ac(80M)		N/A	Channel 155	N/A
		N/A	5775MHz	N/A

4.6 Test Environment

Humidity(%):	54
Atmospheric Pressure(kPa):	101
Normal Voltage(DC):	25.9V
Normal Temperature(℃):NT	23
Low Temperature(℃):LT	0
High Temperature(℃):HT	40

5. TEST FACILITY AND TEST INSTRUMENT USED

5.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1&2F., Building A, No. 26, Xinhe Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

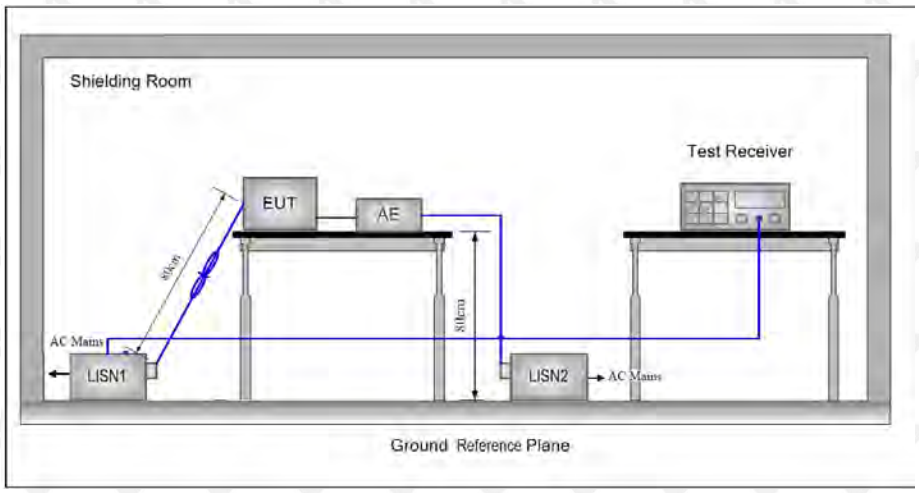
5.2 Test Instrument Used

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Calibrated until
1	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090073	2024.07.05
2	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120032	2024.07.05
3	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120034	2024.07.05
4	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	2024.07.05
5	Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51289897	2024.07.05
6	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50140365	2024.07.05
7	Vector signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47420195	2024.07.05
8	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	2024.07.06
9	2.4 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF2400-2483.5MS-1154	20181015001	2024.07.05
10	5 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF5150-5850 MS-1155	20181015001	2024.07.06
11	Filter	Xingbo	XBLBQ-DZA120	190821-1-1	2024.07.06
12	BT&WI-FI Automatic test software	Micowave	MTS8000	Ver. 2.0.0.0	/
13	Rohde & Schwarz SFU Broadcast Test System	R&S	SFU	101017	2024.10.30
14	Temperature humidity chamber	Hongjing	TH-80CH	DG-15174	2024.07.05
15	234G Automatic test software	Micowave	MTS8200	Ver. 2.0.0.0	/
16	966 chamber	C.R.T.	966	/	2024.08.11
17	Receiver	R&S	ESPI	100362	2024.07.05
18	Amplifier	HP	8447E	2945A02747	2024.07.05
19	Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	2024.07.05
20	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	00869	2024.07.08

21	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	01911	2024.07.08
22	EMI test software	Fala	EZ-EMC	FA-03A2 RE	/
23	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	1519B-224	2024.07.08
24	loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	GTS534	/
25	40G Horn antenna	A/H/System	SAS-574	588	2024.10.30
26	Amplifier	AEROFLEX	Aeroflex	097	2024.07.05

6. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

6.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



6.2 Limit

Table 4 – AC power-line conducted emissions limits

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBµV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56[Note 1]	56 to 46[Note 1]
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30	60	50

Note 1: The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

6.3 Test procedure

1) The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room.

2) The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a 50Ω/50µH + 5Ω linear impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded.

3) The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane,

4) The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0,4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0,8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane.

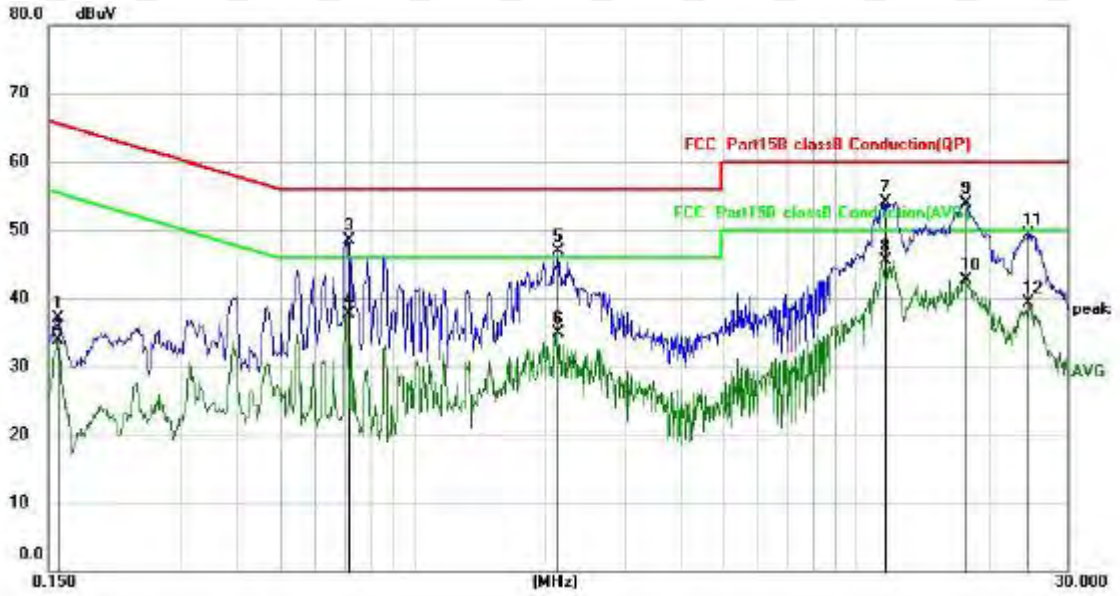
This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0,8 m from the LISN 2.

5) In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10 on conducted measurement.

6.4 Test Result

Modulation : 802.11a (the worst data)

L:

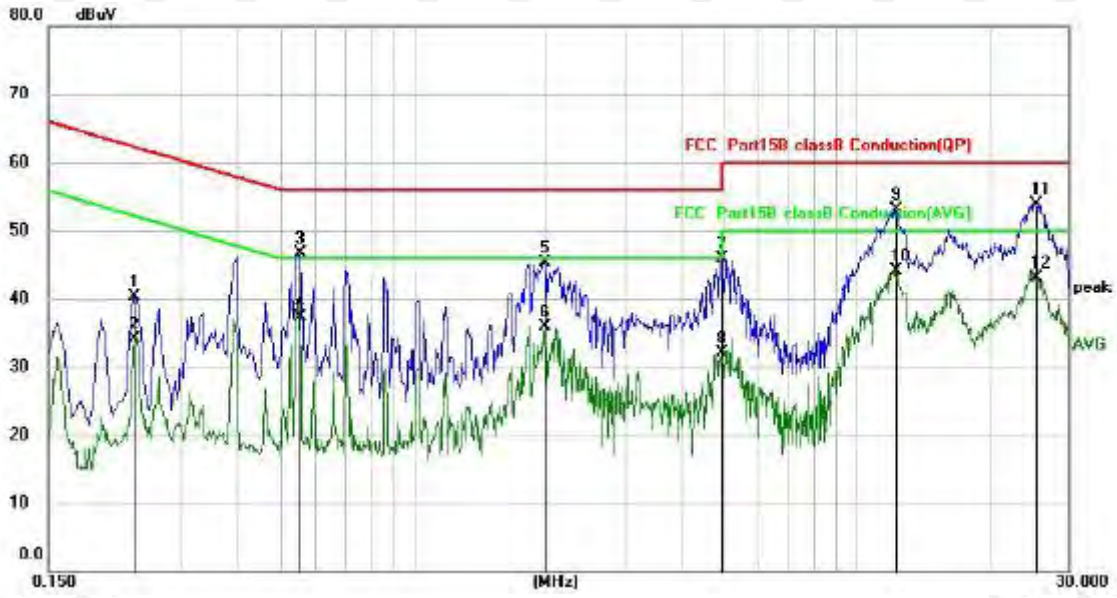


No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1		0.1580	27.15	9.95	37.10	65.57	-28.47	QP
2		0.1580	23.92	9.95	33.87	55.57	-21.70	AVG
3		0.7138	38.53	10.02	48.55	56.00	-7.45	QP
4		0.7138	27.70	10.02	37.72	46.00	-8.28	AVG
5		2.1300	36.76	10.10	46.86	56.00	-9.14	QP
6		2.1300	24.89	10.10	34.99	46.00	-11.01	AVG
7		11.6457	43.40	10.63	54.03	60.00	-5.97	QP
8	*	11.6457	34.94	10.63	45.57	50.00	-4.43	AVG
9		17.5819	43.20	10.78	53.98	60.00	-6.02	QP
10		17.5819	31.92	10.78	42.70	50.00	-7.30	AVG
11		24.4818	38.36	10.99	49.35	60.00	-10.65	QP
12		24.4818	28.35	10.99	39.34	50.00	-10.66	AVG

Remark:

Factor = Cable loss + LISN factor, Margin = Measurement – Limit

N:



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1		0.2340	30.32	9.95	40.27	62.31	-22.04	QP
2		0.2340	24.25	9.95	34.20	52.31	-18.11	AVG
3		0.5540	36.72	10.00	46.72	56.00	-9.28	QP
4		0.5540	27.24	10.00	37.24	46.00	-8.76	AVG
5		1.9778	35.14	10.09	45.23	56.00	-10.77	QP
6		1.9778	25.87	10.09	35.96	46.00	-10.04	AVG
7		4.9537	35.61	10.38	45.99	56.00	-10.01	QP
8		4.9537	21.74	10.38	32.12	46.00	-13.88	AVG
9		12.2416	42.48	10.65	53.13	60.00	-6.87	QP
10	*	12.2416	33.49	10.65	44.14	50.00	-5.86	AVG
11		25.2099	42.78	11.03	53.81	60.00	-6.19	QP
12		25.2099	32.03	11.03	43.06	50.00	-6.94	AVG

Remark:

Factor = Cable loss + LISN factor, Margin = Measurement – Limit

7. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup

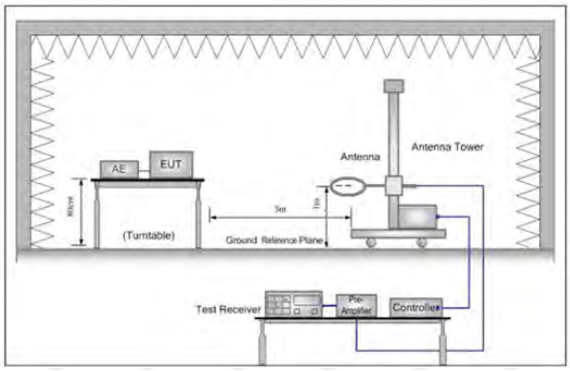


Figure 1. Below 30MHz

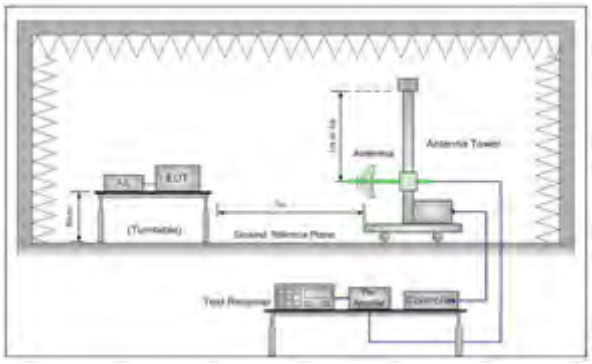


Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

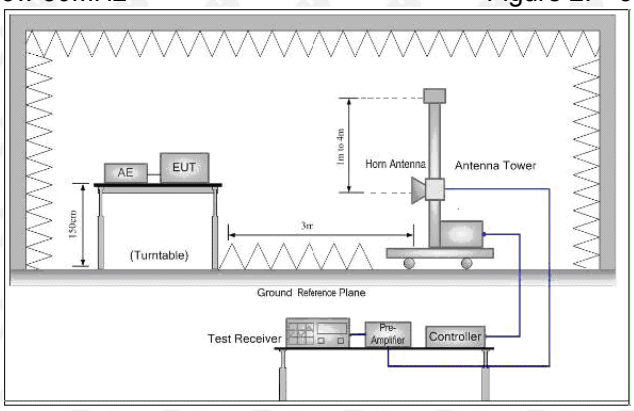


Figure 3. Above 1GHz

7.2 Limit

Spurious Emissions:

Frequency	Field strength (dBμV/m)	Remark	Measurement distance (m)
0.009MHz-0.490MHz	20log 2400/F (kHz) + 80	Quasi-peak	3
0.490MHz-1.705MHz	20log 24000/F (kHz) + 40	Quasi-peak	3
1.705MHz-30MHz	20log 30 + 40	Quasi-peak	3
30MHz-88MHz	40.0	Quasi-peak	3
88MHz-216MHz	43.5	Quasi-peak	3
216MHz-960MHz	46.0	Quasi-peak	3
960MHz-1GHz	54.0	Quasi-peak	3
Above 1GHz	54.0	Average	3

Note: 15.35(b), Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device.

If radiated measurements are performed, field strength is then converted to EIRP as follows:
(i) EIRP = ((E*d)^2) / 30
where:
• E is the field strength in V/m;
• d is the measurement distance in meters;
• EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in watts.
(ii) Working in dB units, the above equation is equivalent to:
EIRP[dBm] = E[dBμV/m] + 20 log(d[meters]) - 104.77
(iii) Or, if d is 3 meters:
EIRP[dBm] = E[dBμV/m] - 95.2

7.3 Test procedure

Below 1GHz test procedure as below:
a.The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
b.The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
c.The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
d.For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rota table table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
e.The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
f.If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
Above 1GHz test procedure as below:
g.Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber and change form table 0.8 meter to 1.5 meter(Above 18GHz the distance is 1 meter and table is 1.5 meter).
h.Test the EUT in the lowest channel ,the middle channel ,the Highest channel
j.Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

Receiver set:

Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.090MHz-0.110MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30KHz	Quasi-peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.490MHz -30MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	120 kHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak
Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
	Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average

7.4 Test Result

30MHz-1GHzTest Results:
Modulation : 802.11a (the worst data)
Test Channel : 5780MHz
Antenna polarity: H

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dB/m	dB	Detector
1	*	35.1276	42.70	-6.07	36.63	40.00	-3.37	QP
2	!	85.8983	43.77	-9.62	34.15	40.00	-5.85	QP
3	!	133.1510	43.29	-4.68	38.61	43.50	-4.89	QP
4		190.7390	44.97	-7.56	37.41	43.50	-6.09	QP
5		250.3009	46.26	-6.89	39.37	46.00	-6.63	QP
6		384.6055	38.85	-2.55	36.30	46.00	-9.70	QP

Antenna polarity: V

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dB/m	dB	Detector
1	!	36.3990	39.83	-5.73	34.10	40.00	-5.90	QP
2		72.8804	34.03	-8.35	25.68	40.00	-14.32	QP
3		138.4309	35.12	-4.46	30.66	40.00	-9.34	QP
4	*	207.3976	43.19	-7.39	35.80	40.00	-4.20	QP
5		390.4891	43.27	-2.40	40.87	47.00	-6.13	QP
6		655.8378	35.50	3.70	39.20	47.00	-7.80	QP

Remark: Factor = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Limit – Level

Radiated Spurious Emission (Above 1GHz):

Modulation : 802.11(a) (the worst data)

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
Channel:5180MHz									
10360	40.14	16.39	56.53	74	-17.47	PK	1.21	184	H
10360	27.32	16.39	43.71	54	-10.29	AV	1.53	277	H
10360	41.78	16.39	58.17	74	-15.83	PK	1.17	126	V
10360	25.70	16.39	42.09	54	-11.91	AV	1.55	202	V
Channel:5240MHz									
10480	40.14	16.11	56.25	74	-17.75	PK	1.22	29	H
10480	26.49	16.11	42.60	54	-11.40	AV	1.33	352	H
10480	41.47	16.11	57.58	74	-16.42	PK	1.62	228	V
10480	25.01	16.11	41.12	54	-12.88	AV	1.55	260	V
Channel:5745MHz									
11490	39.70	17.46	57.16	74	-16.84	PK	1.47	74	H
11490	27.62	17.46	45.08	54	-8.92	AV	1.76	257	H
11490	41.71	17.46	59.17	74	-14.83	PK	1.66	113	V
11490	26.83	17.46	44.29	54	-9.71	AV	1.12	285	V
Channel:5825MHz									
11650	40.38	17.57	57.95	74	-16.05	PK	1.85	284	H
11650	25.31	17.57	42.88	54	-11.12	AV	1.31	247	H
11650	41.58	17.57	59.15	74	-14.85	PK	1.04	20	V
11650	26.38	17.57	43.95	54	-10.05	AV	1.61	117	V

Modulation : 802.11(n40) (the worst data)

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
Channel:5190MHz									
10380	40.84	16.34	57.18	74	-16.82	PK	1.35	208	H
10380	27.46	16.34	43.80	54	-10.20	AV	1.32	134	H
10380	40.30	16.34	56.64	74	-17.36	PK	1.85	167	V
10380	25.75	16.34	42.09	54	-11.91	AV	1.20	221	V
Channel:5230MHz									
10460	40.83	16.15	56.98	74	-17.02	PK	1.07	37	H
10460	27.85	16.15	44.00	54	-10.00	AV	1.89	223	H
10460	40.75	16.15	56.90	74	-17.10	PK	1.64	349	V
10460	25.20	16.15	41.35	54	-12.65	AV	1.09	226	V
Channel:5755MHz									
11510	41.71	17.49	59.20	74	-14.80	PK	1.62	303	H
11510	27.93	17.49	45.42	54	-8.58	AV	1.74	71	H
11510	41.68	17.49	59.17	74	-14.83	PK	1.57	253	V
11510	25.00	17.49	42.49	54	-11.51	AV	1.58	156	V
Channel:5795MHz									
11590	39.45	17.52	56.97	74	-16.97	PK	1.16	342	H
11590	26.93	17.52	44.45	54	-17.03	AV	1.10	75	H
11590	39.18	17.52	56.70	74	-17.30	PK	1.68	152	V
11590	27.13	17.52	44.65	54	-9.35	AV	1.11	147	V

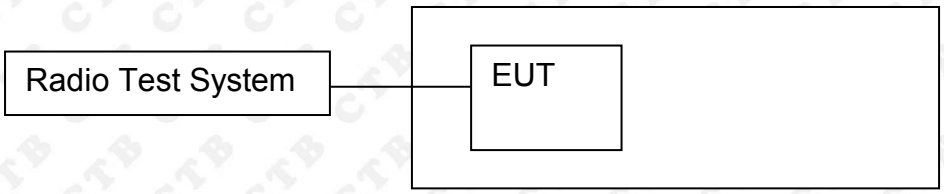
Modulation : 802.11(VH80) (the worst data)

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
Channel:5210MHz									
10420	40.78	16.25	57.03	74	-16.97	PK	1.90	321	H
10420	26.79	16.25	43.04	54	-10.96	AV	1.70	147	H
10420	40.35	16.25	56.60	74	-17.40	PK	1.53	168	V
10420	26.83	16.25	43.08	54	-10.92	AV	1.13	115	V
Channel:5775MHz									
11550	39.13	17.50	56.63	74	-17.37	PK	1.72	329	H
11550	25.95	17.50	43.45	54	-10.55	AV	1.60	189	H
11550	39.39	17.50	56.89	74	-17.11	PK	1.08	24	V
11550	27.40	17.50	44.90	54	-9.10	AV	1.33	229	V

Remark:
1.Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier. Emission level = Reading Result + Factor, Margin = Emission level - Limits
2.The EUT was tested in the low, high channel and the worst case position data was reported.
3.Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

8. BAND EDGE

8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



8.2 Limit

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
(2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
(3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
(4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
(5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
(6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.

8.3 Test procedure

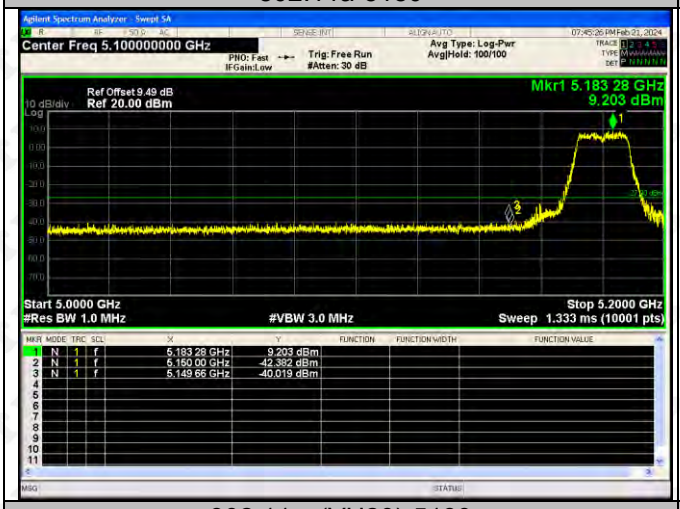
1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

8.4 Test Result

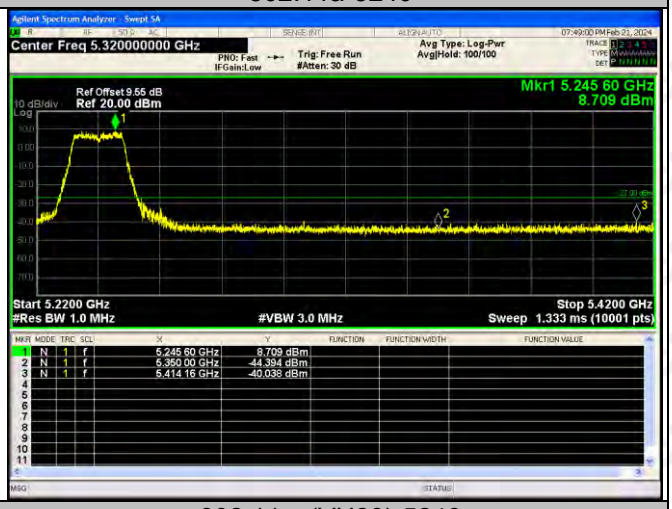
Test Graph

ANT 1

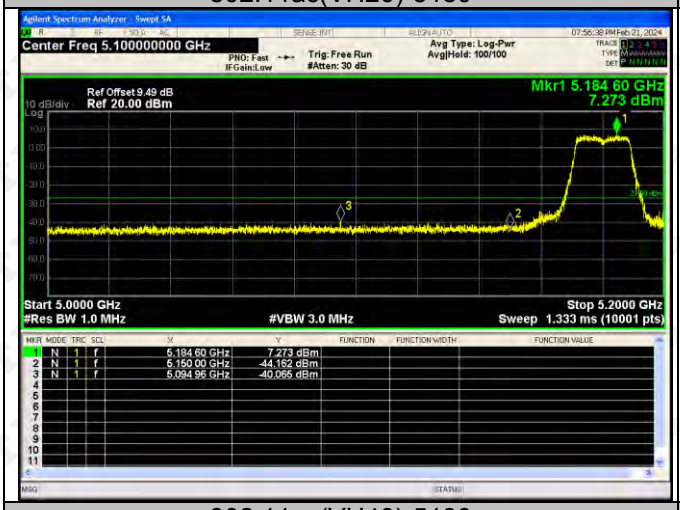
802.11a-5180



802.11a-5240



802.11ac(VH20)-5180



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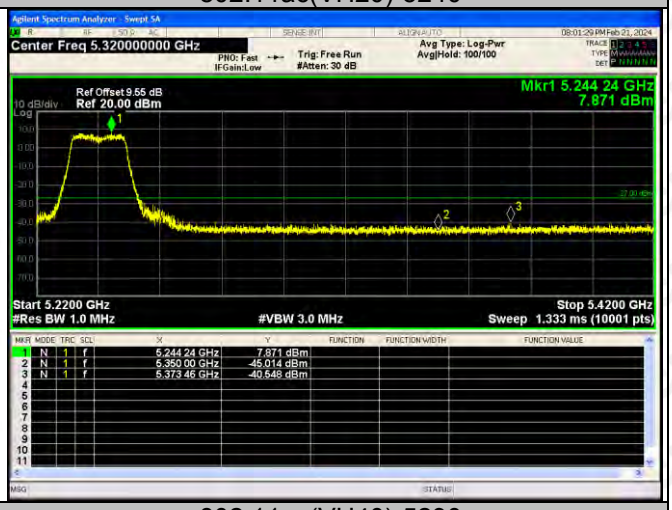

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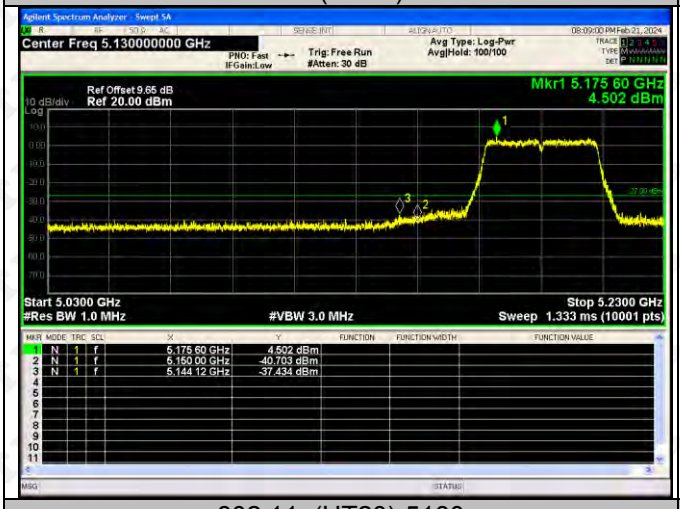

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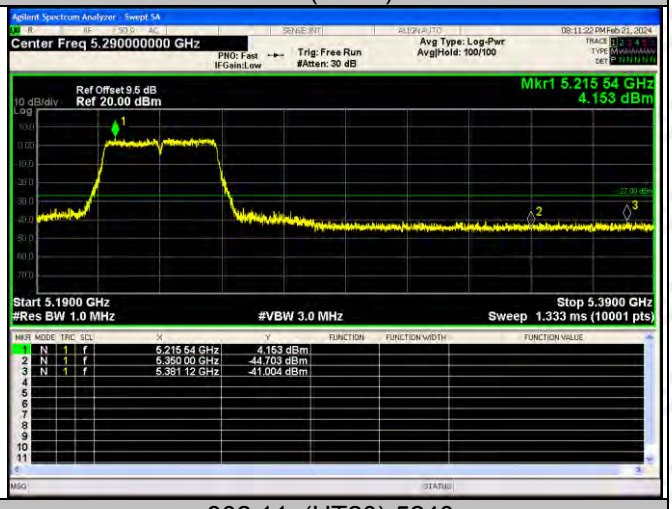
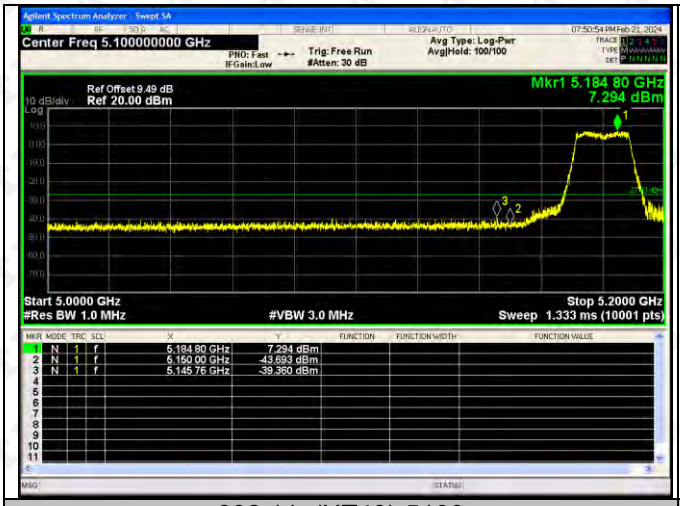


802.11n(HT20)-5180

802.11n(HT20)-5240



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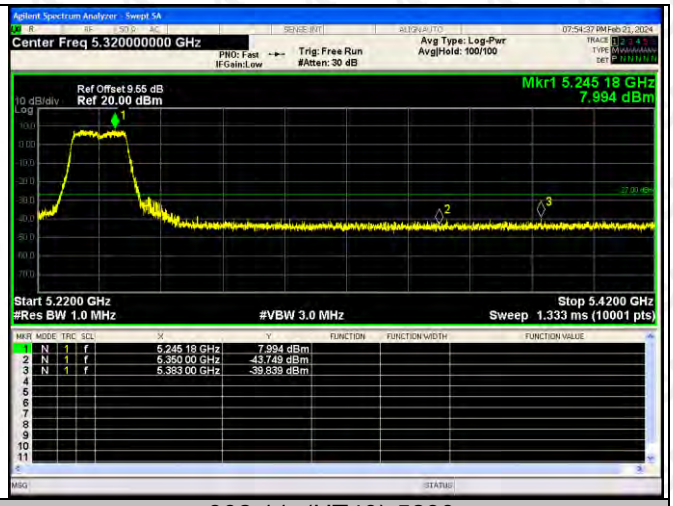

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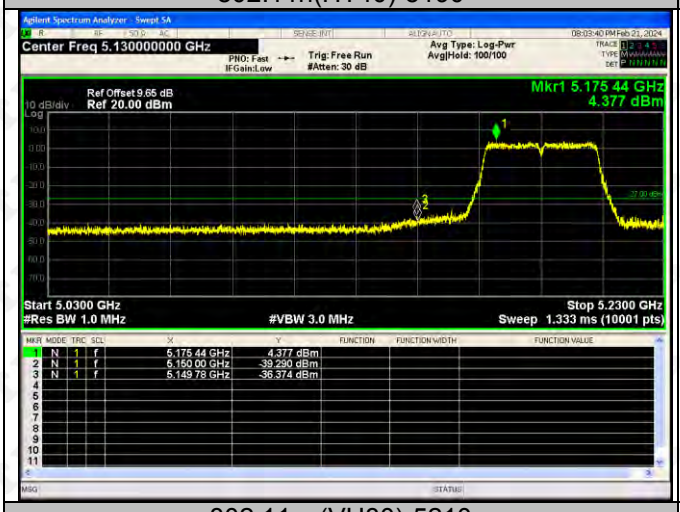

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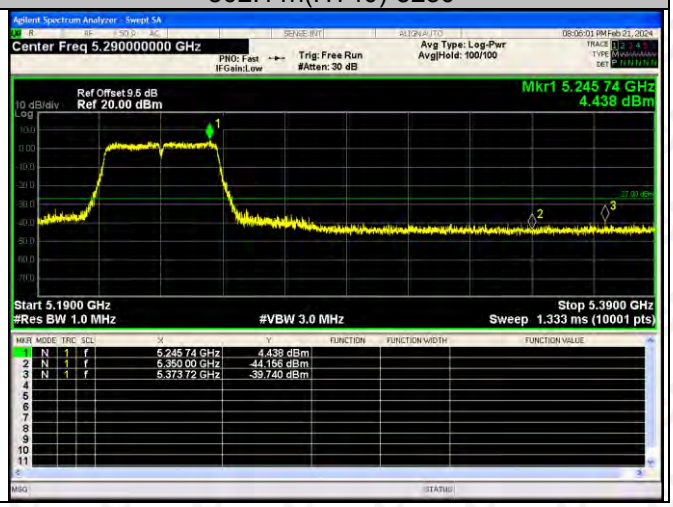
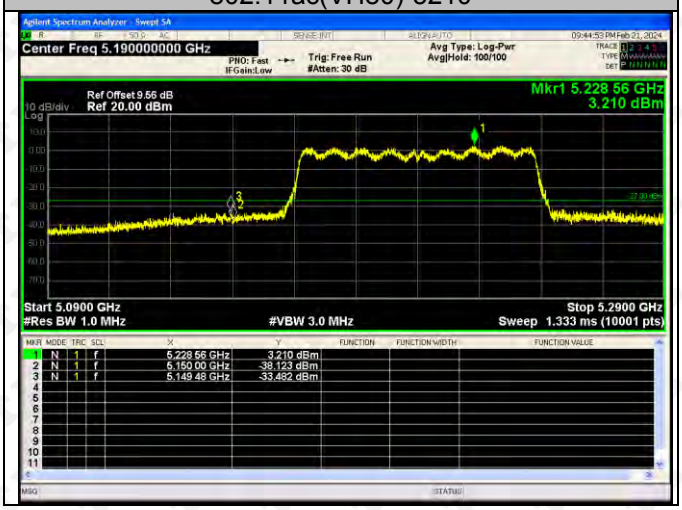
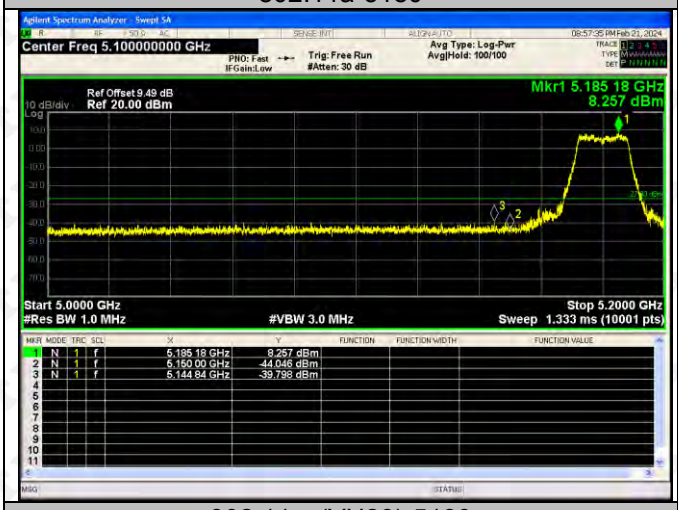
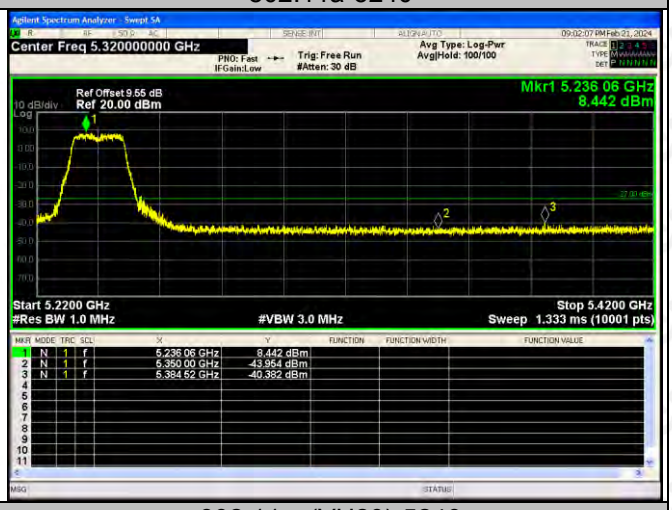




ANT2:

802.11a-5180	802.11a-5240
	
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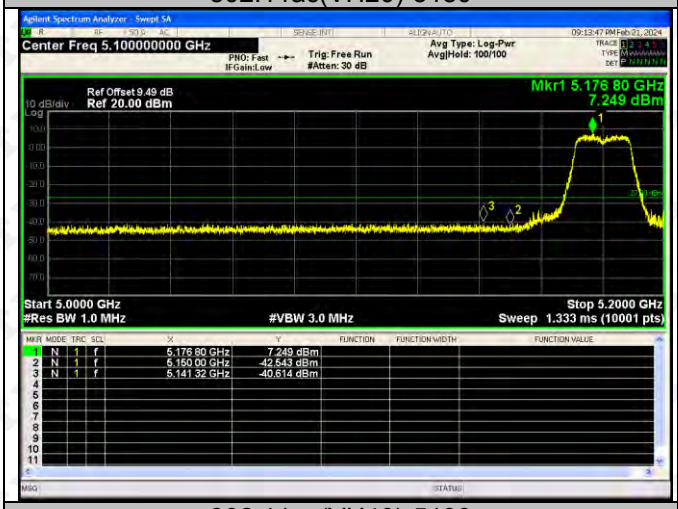	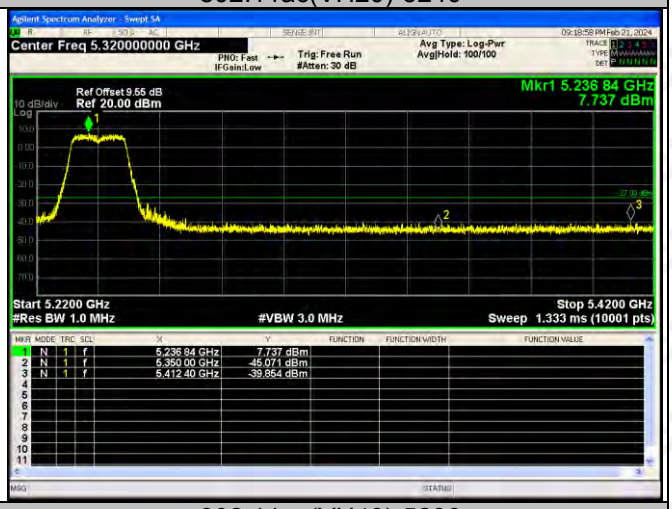
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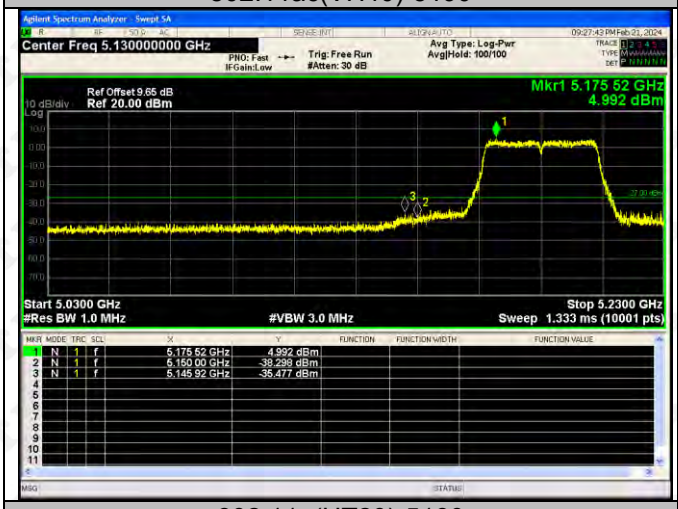	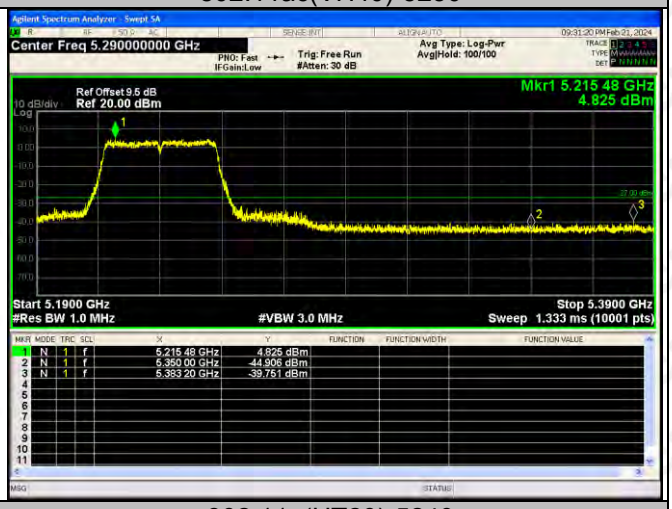
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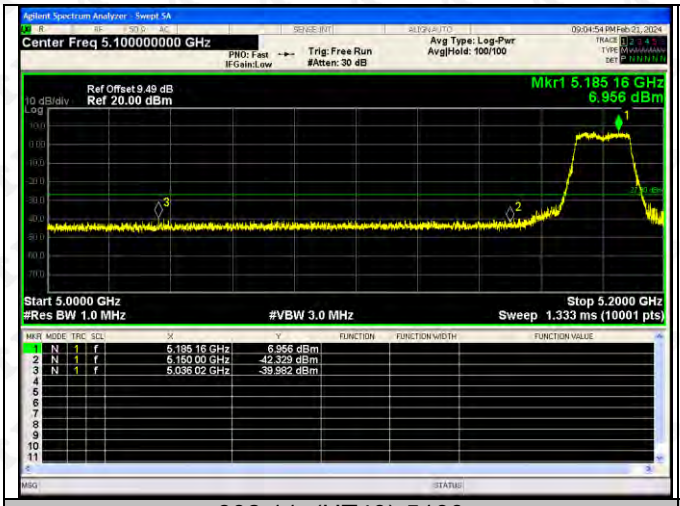

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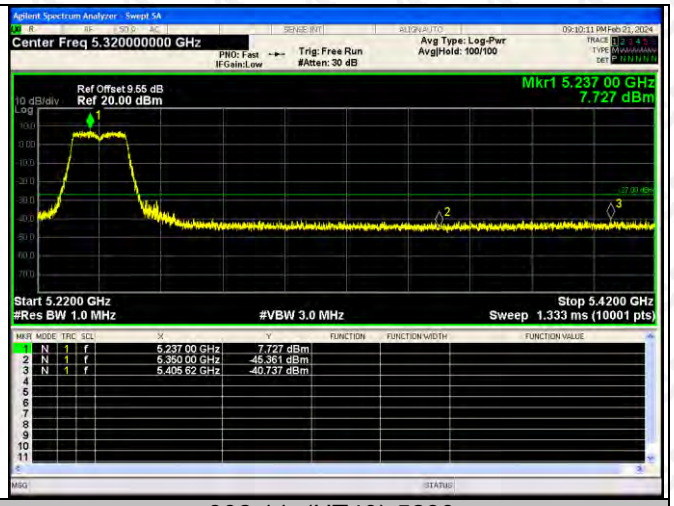

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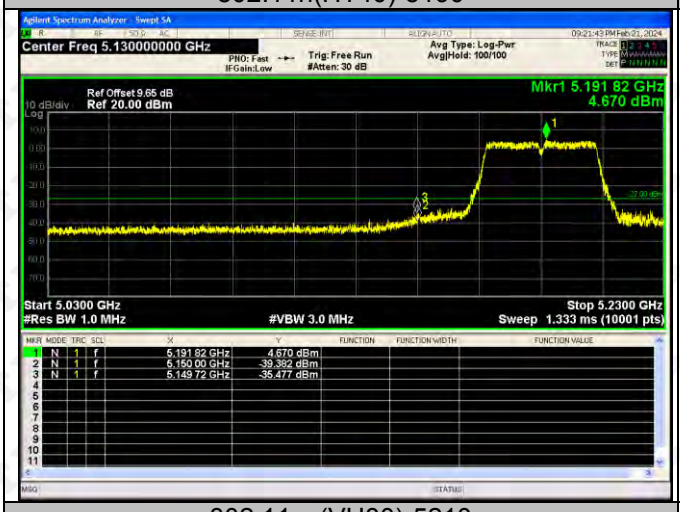

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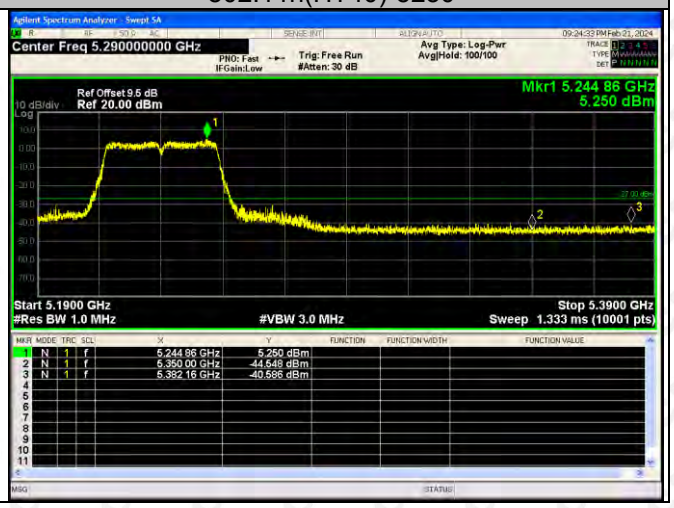
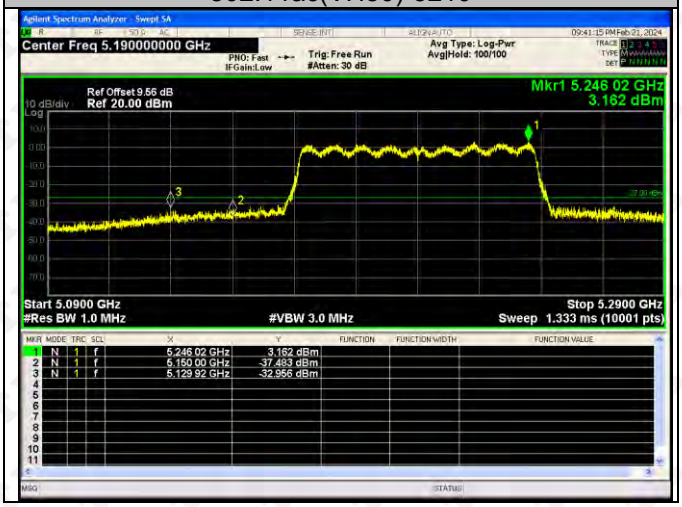
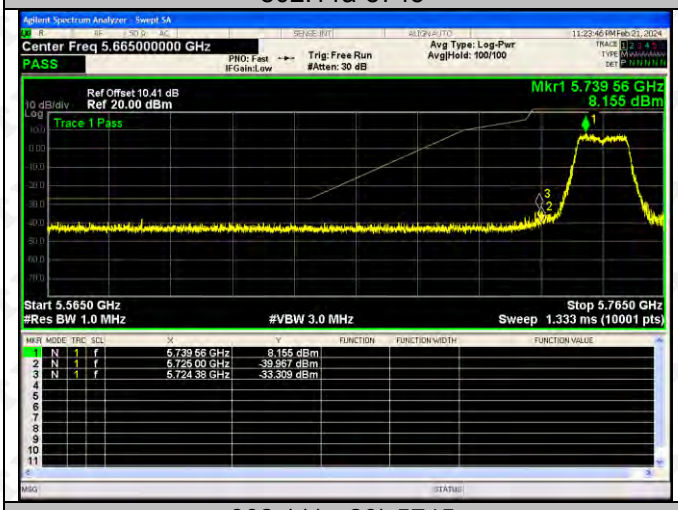




ANT1:

802.11a-5745



802.11a-5825

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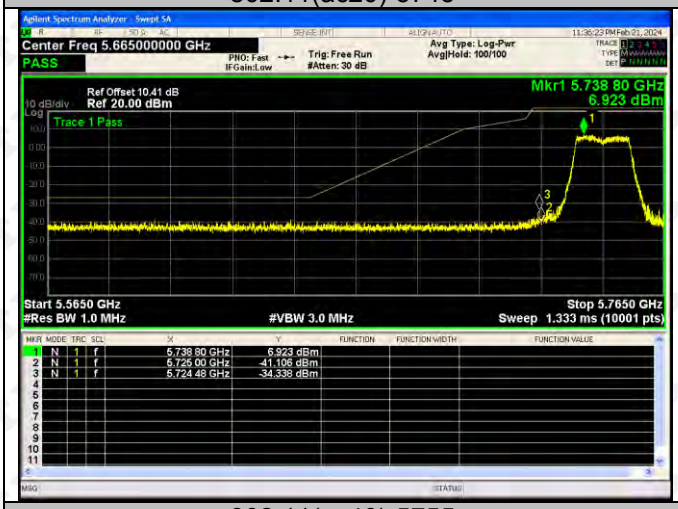

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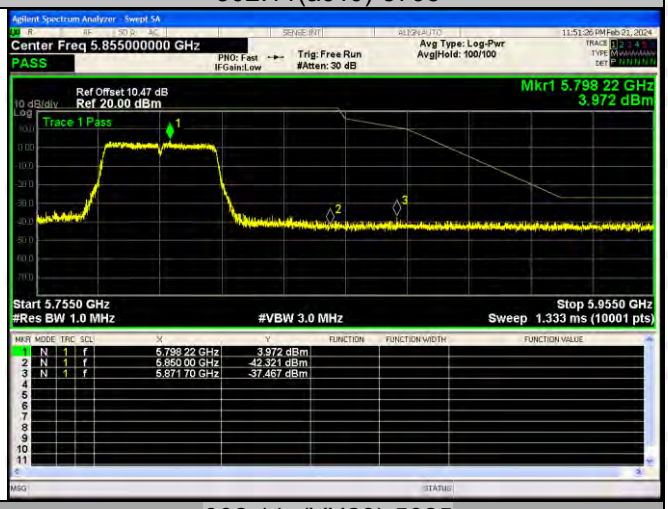
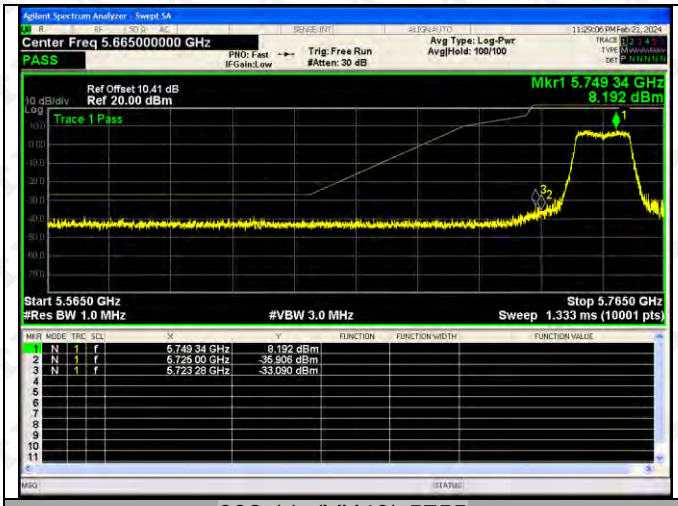
802.11(ac40)-5755

802.11(ac40)-5795

802.11n(VH20)-5745

802.11n(VH20)-5825





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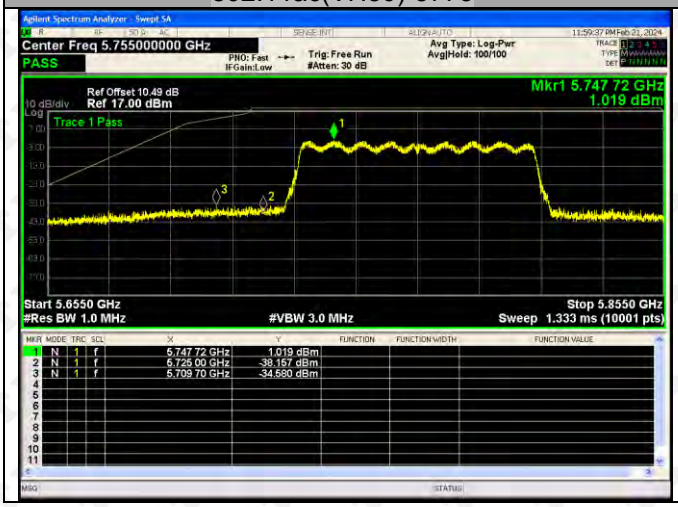
802.11n(VH40)-5795

802.11ac(VH80)-5775



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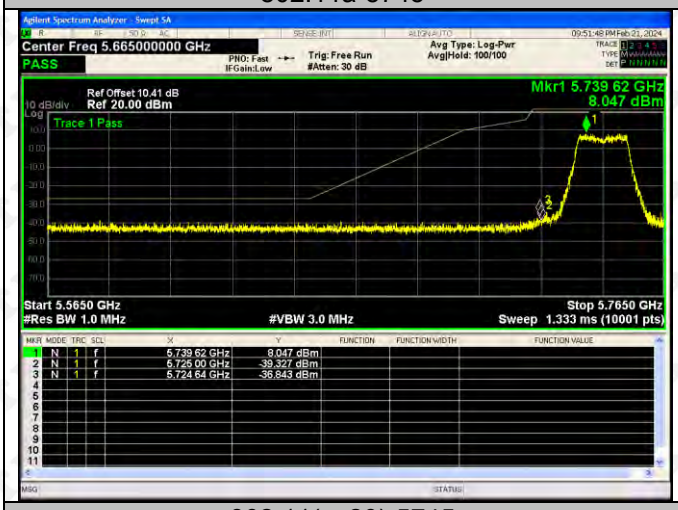	
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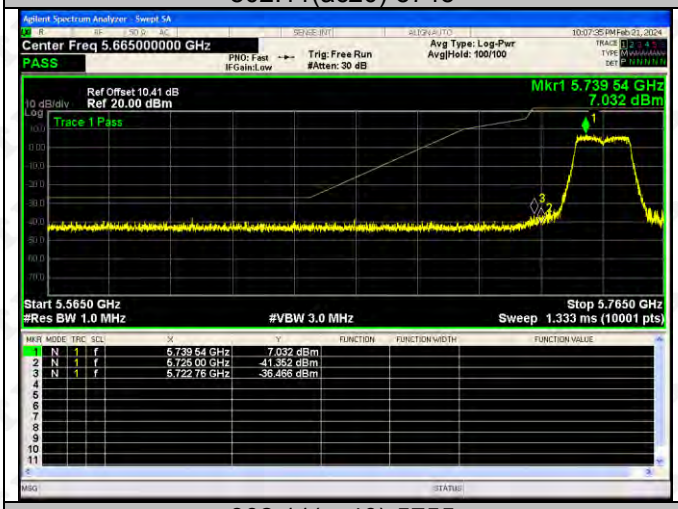	
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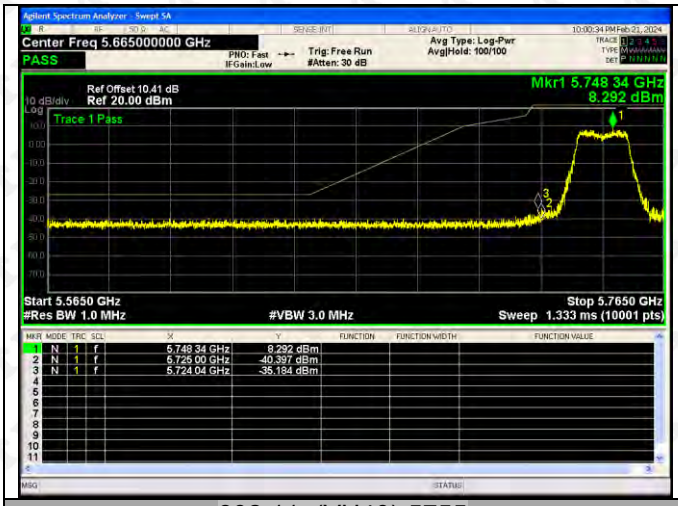
802.11n(VH20)-5745	802.11n(VH20)-5825



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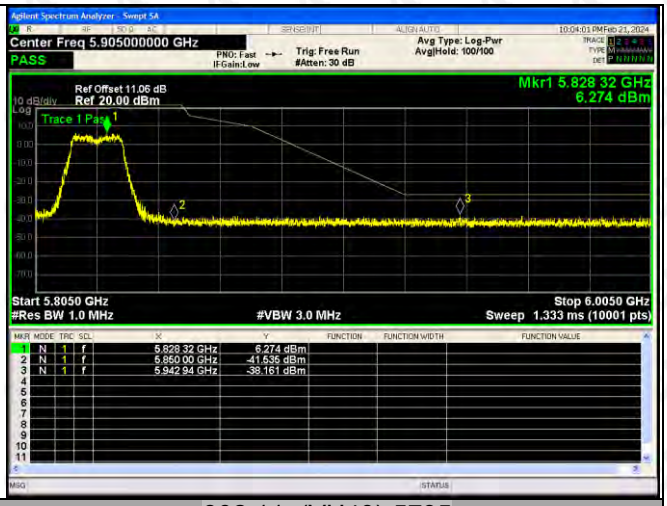

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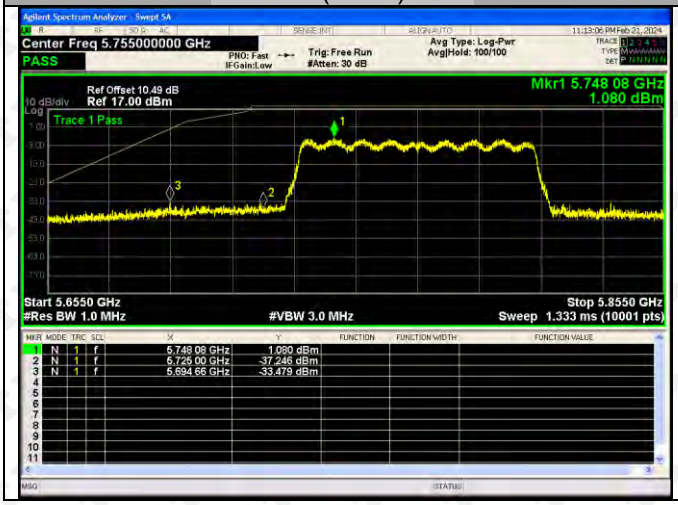
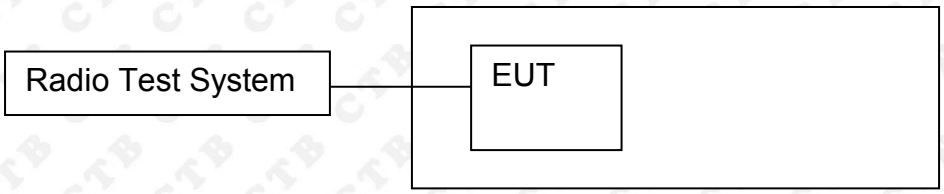
802.11ac(VH80)-5775



9. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



9.2 Limit

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p.
at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition,the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(4) The maximum conducted output power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.
(5) The maximum power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used. Measurements in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band are made over a reference bandwidth of 500 kHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. Measurements in the 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and the 5.47-5.725 GHz bands are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A narrower resolution

bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

(h) Transmit Power Control (TPC) and Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS).
(1) Transmit power control (TPC). U-NII devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band and the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall employ a TPC mechanism. The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm. A TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an e.i.r.p. of less than 500 mW.

9.3 Test procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

(i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.

(ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.

(iii) Set VBW ≥ 3 MHz.

(iv) Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is ≤ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

(v) Sweep time = auto.

(vi) Detector = power averaging (rms), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.

(vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98%, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98%, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to “free run.”

(viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.

(ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument’s band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the spectrum.

9.4 Test Result

ANT 1+ANT 2

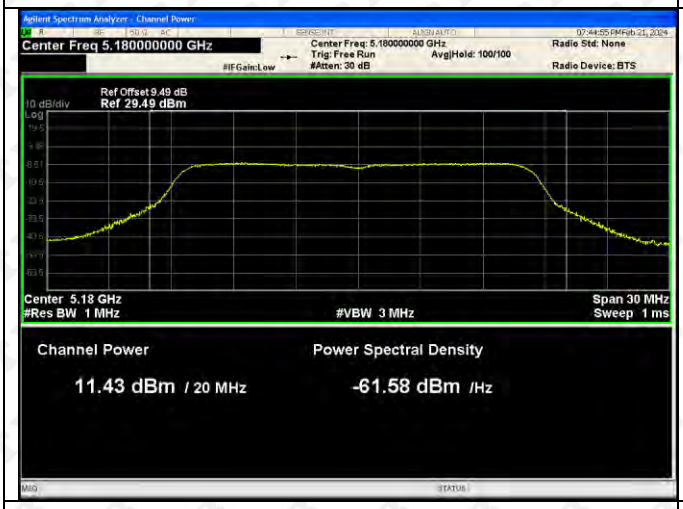
Test mode1	Test Channel (MHz)	Output Power dBm ANT1	Output Power dBm ANT2	Output Power dBm Total	Limit dBm
802.11a	5180	11.426	10.926	/	23.98
	5200	11.699	11.215	/	23.98
	5240	11.462	11.773	/	23.98
802.11ac20	5180	10.588	10.845	13.729	23.98
	5200	11.191	10.821	14.020	23.98
	5240	11.600	11.219	14.424	23.98
802.11ac40	5190	10.417	11.137	13.802	23.98
	5230	10.576	11.126	13.870	23.98
802.11ac80	5210	10.346	10.837	13.609	23.98
802.11n(HT20)	5180	11.229	10.519	13.899	23.98
	5200	10.806	10.752	13.789	23.98
	5240	11.628	11.257	14.457	23.98
802.11n(HT40)	5190	10.477	11.126	13.824	23.98
	5230	10.560	11.150	13.875	23.98

ANT 1+ANT 2

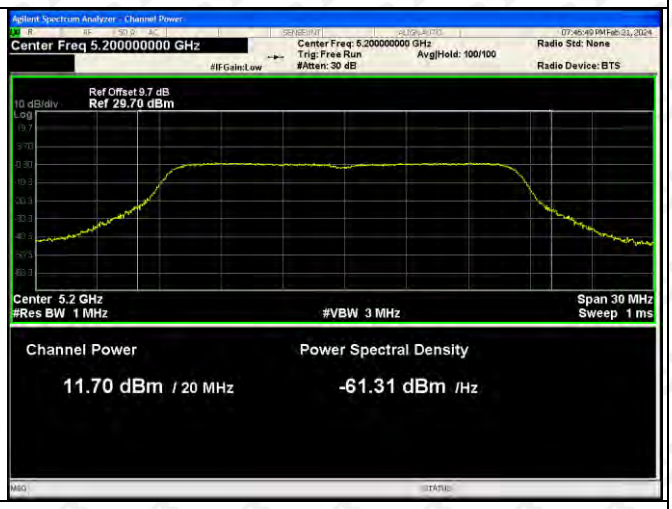
Test mode1	Test Channel (MHz)	Output Power dBm ANT1	Output Power dBm ANT2	Output Power dBm Total	Limit dBm
802.11a	5745	10.599	11.284	/	30
	5785	10.757	10.446	/	30
	5825	9.016	8.923	/	30
802.11ac20	5745	10.282	10.793	13.555	30
	5785	10.261	10.374	13.328	30
	5825	8.631	8.862	11.758	30
802.11ac40	5755	11.035	12.090	14.605	30
	5795	10.144	11.177	13.701	30
802.11ac80	5775	10.175	10.496	13.349	30
802.11n(HT20)	5745	11.697	10.527	14.162	30
	5785	10.583	10.440	13.522	30
	5825	8.879	8.894	11.897	30
802.11n(HT40)	5755	11.115	12.112	14.652	30
	5795	10.096	11.157	13.669	30

5180-5240MHz
ANT 1

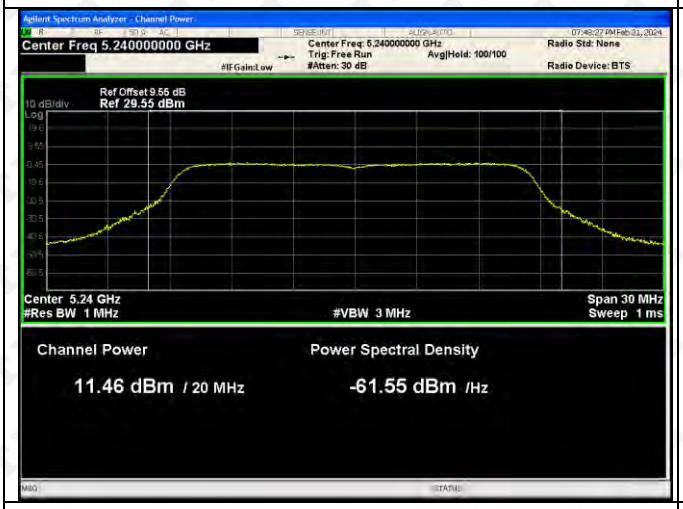
802.11a-5180



802.11a-5200



802.11a-5240



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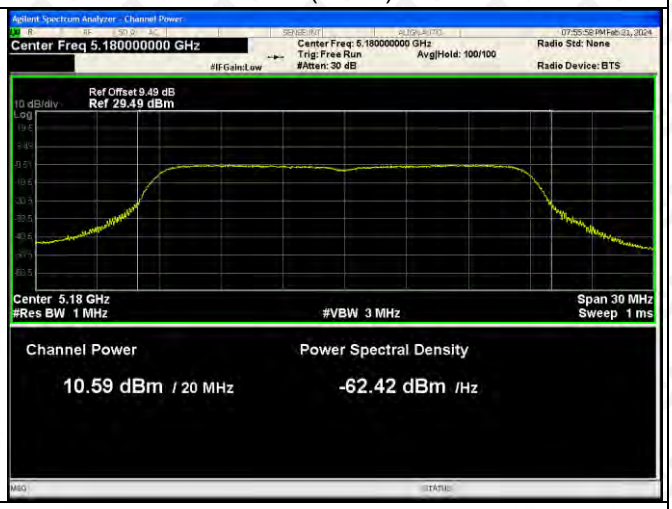

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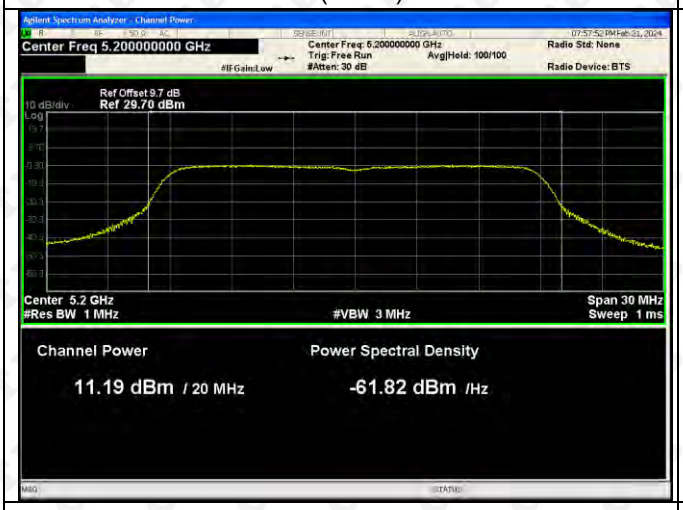

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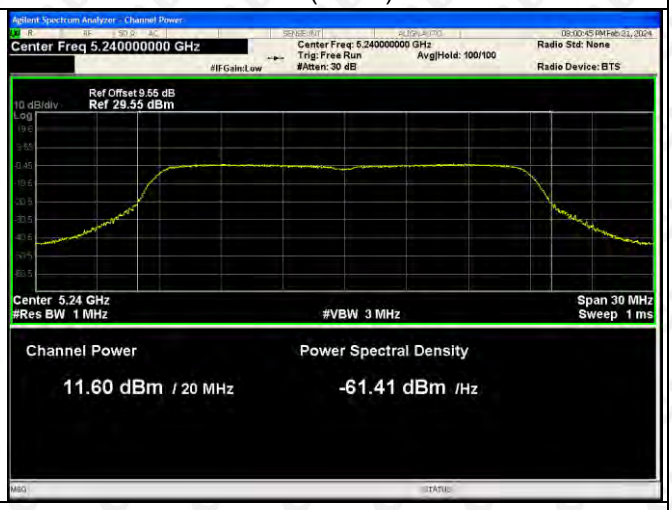
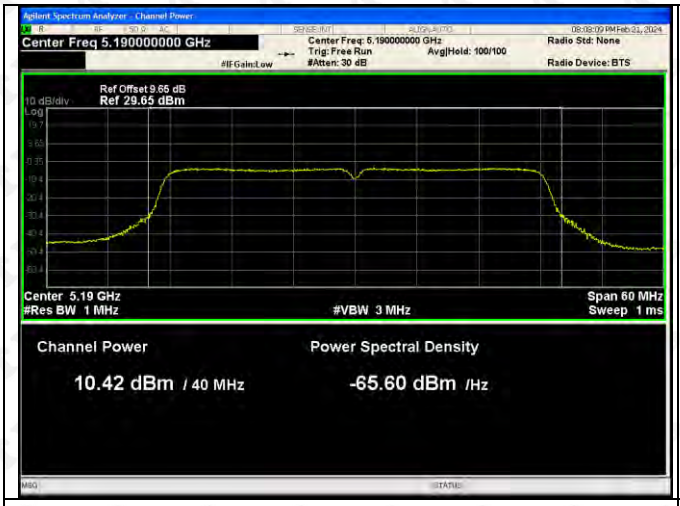


802.11ac(VH40)-5190

802.11ac(VH40)-5230



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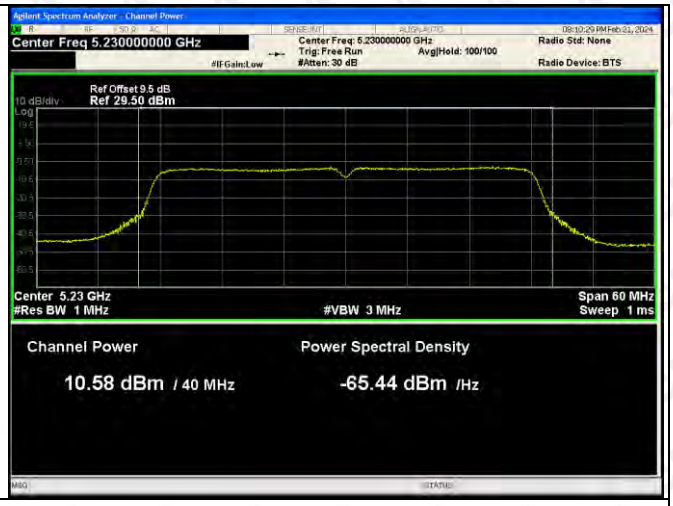

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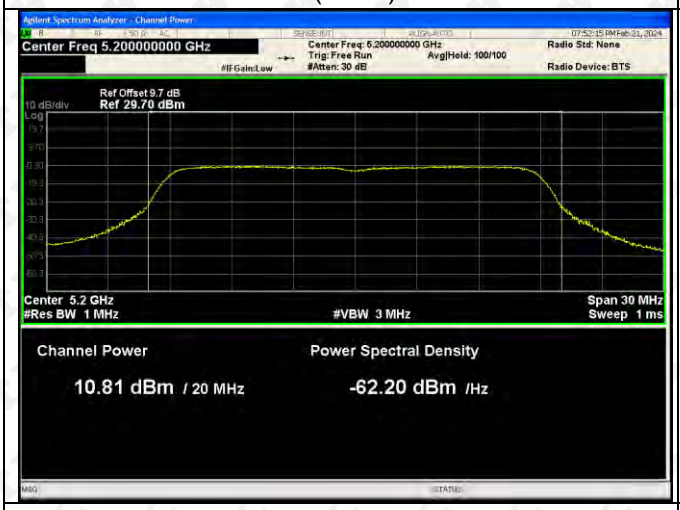
802.11n(HT20)-5200

802.11n(HT20)-5240



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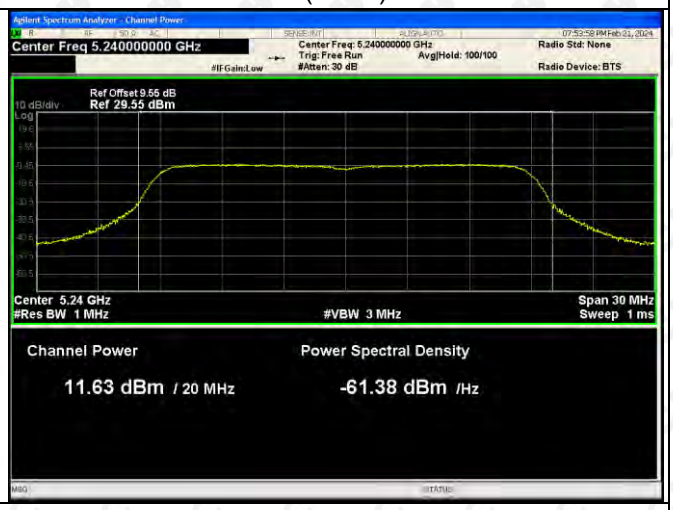

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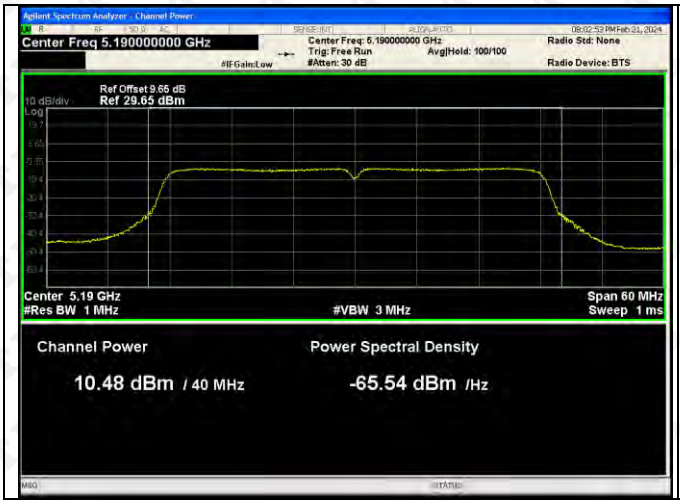
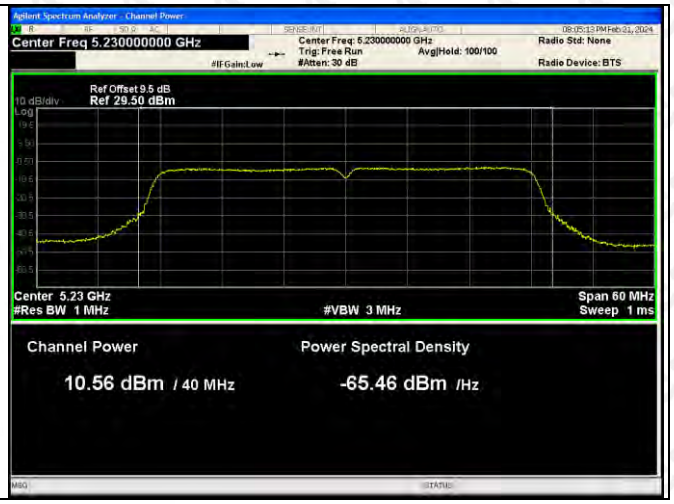
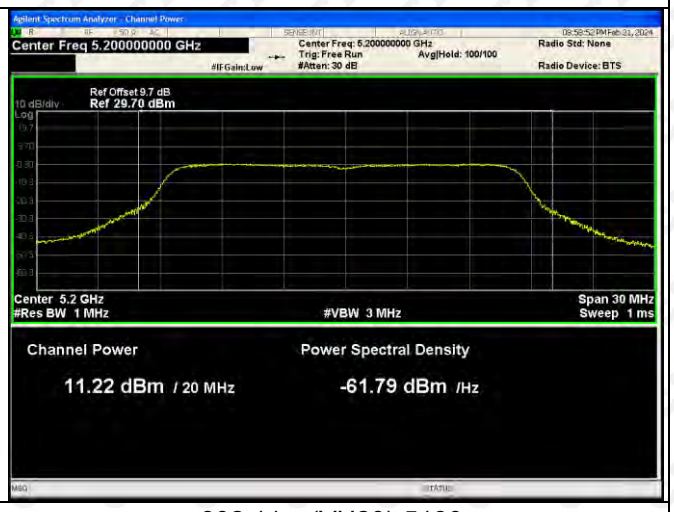




ANT2

802.11a-5180

802.11a-5200



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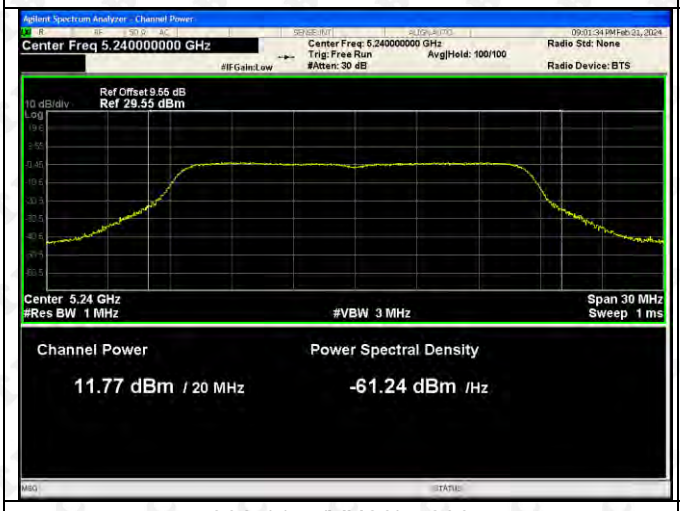
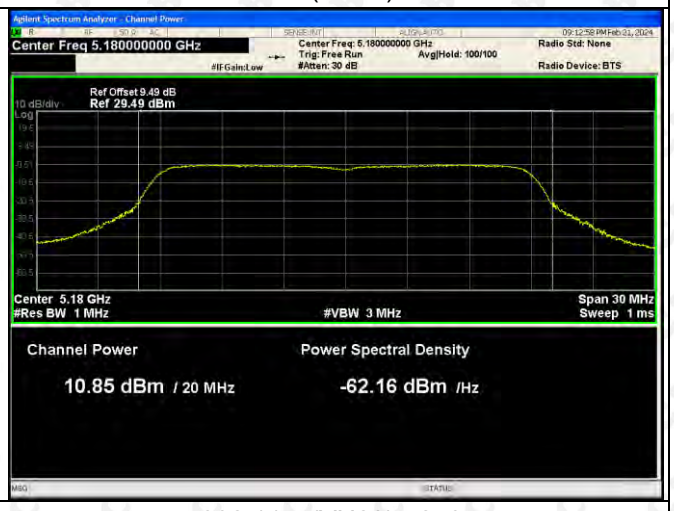


802.11ac(VH20)-5180



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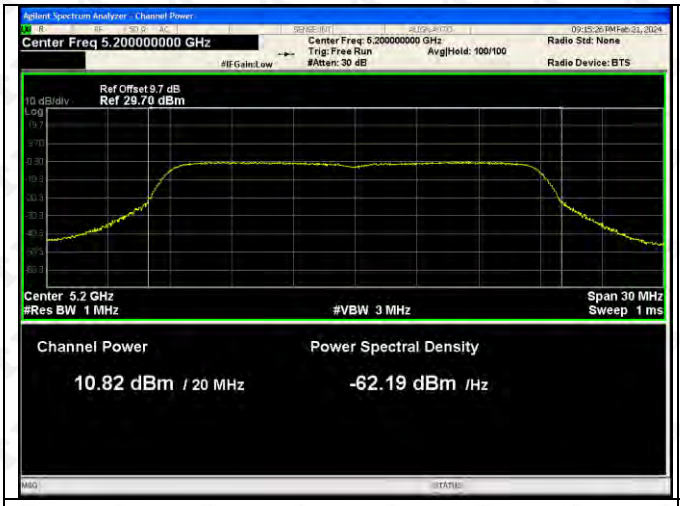
802.11ac(VH20)-5240



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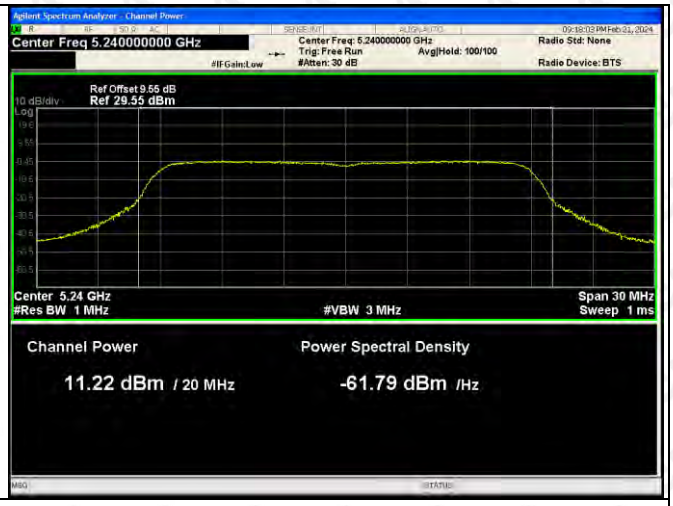

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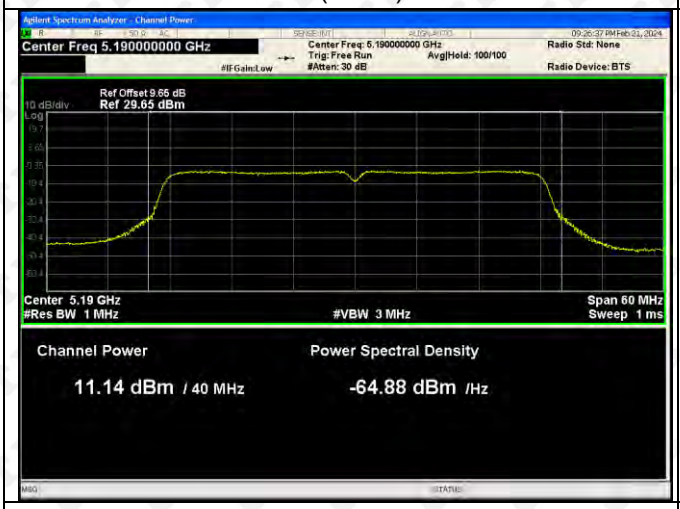

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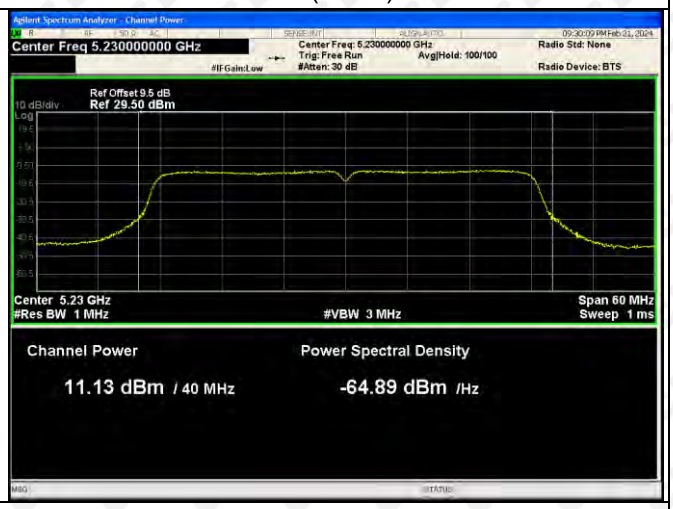

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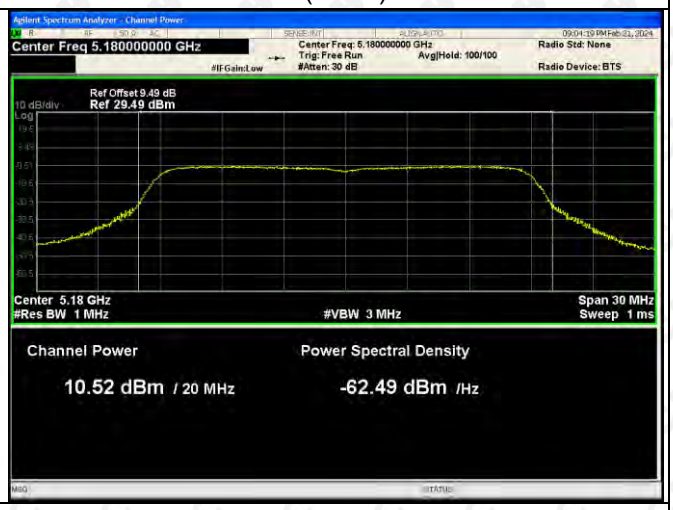
802.11n(HT20)-5200



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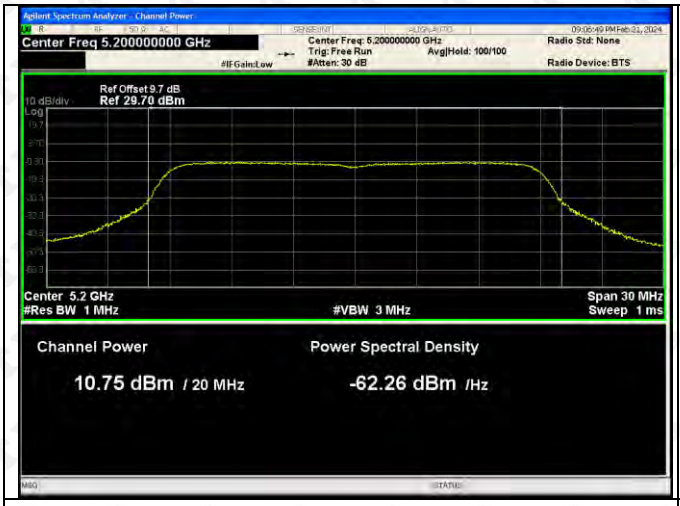

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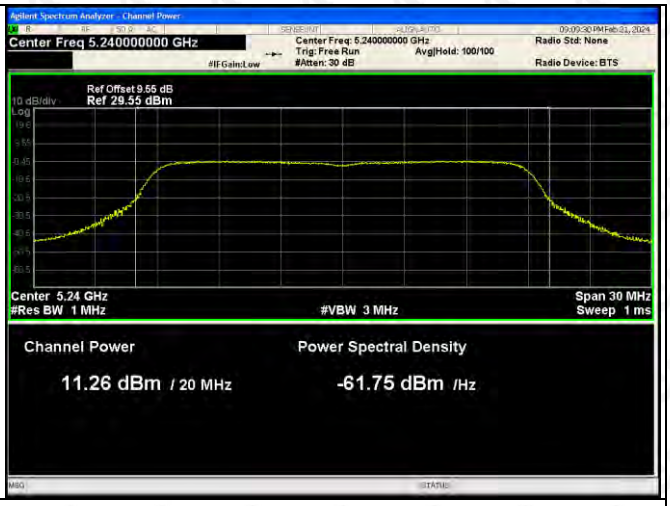

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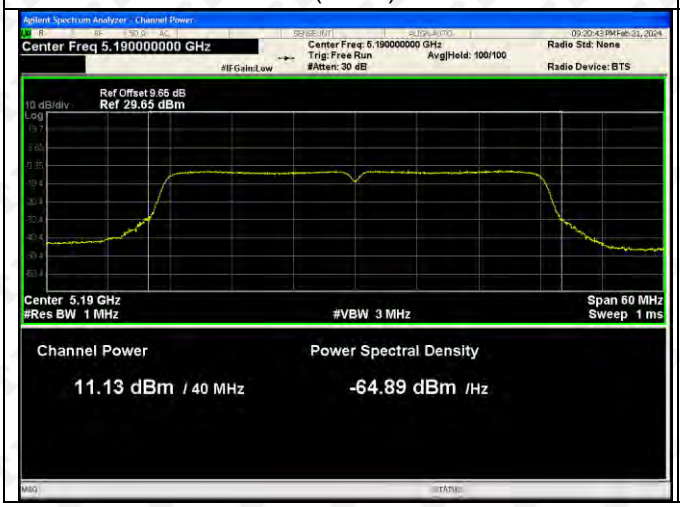
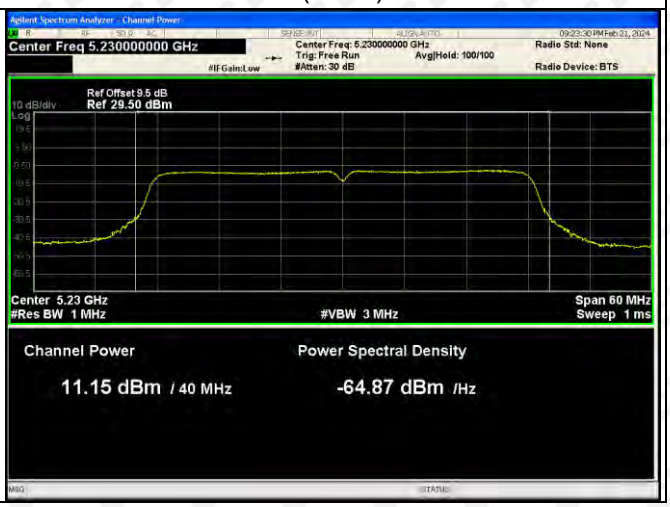
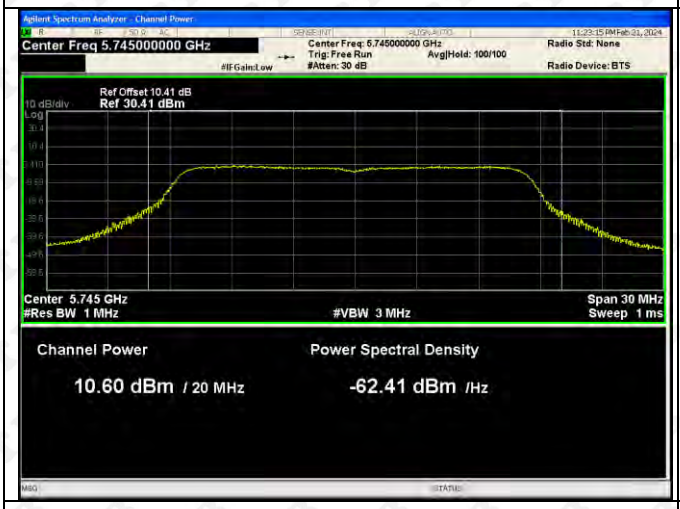


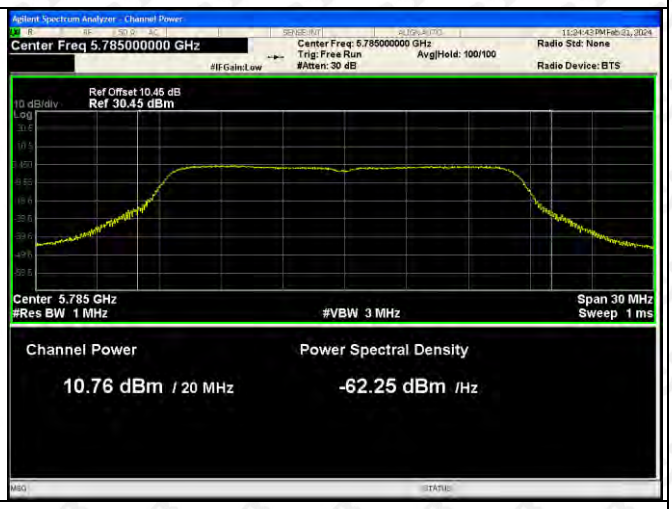


5745-5825MHz
ANT 1:

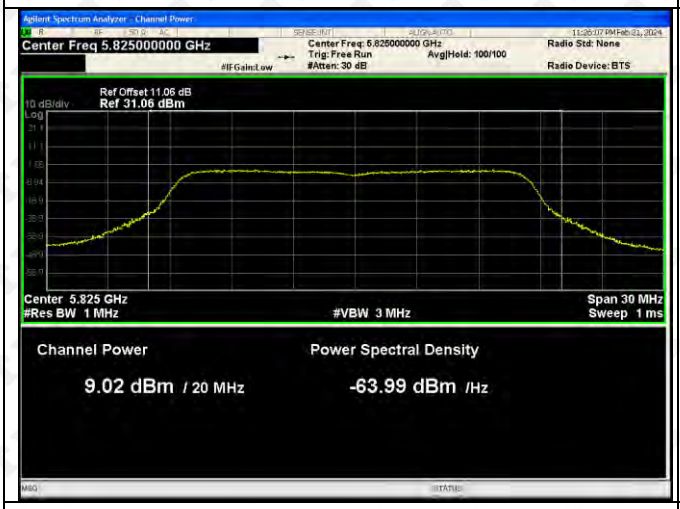
802.11a-5745



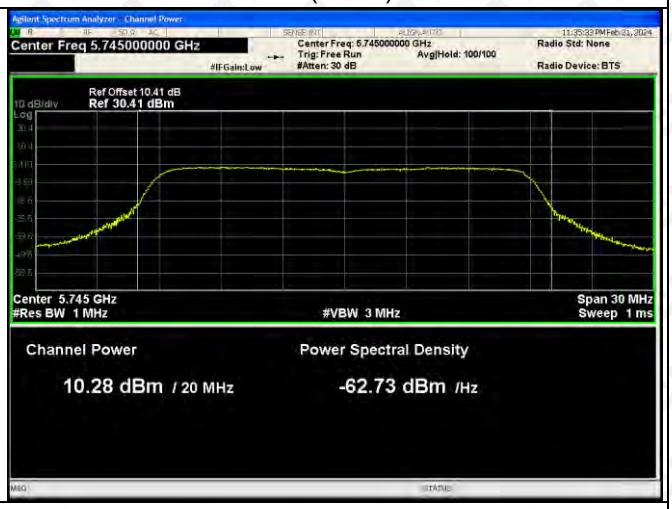
802.11a-5785



802.11a-5825



802.11ac(VH20)-5745



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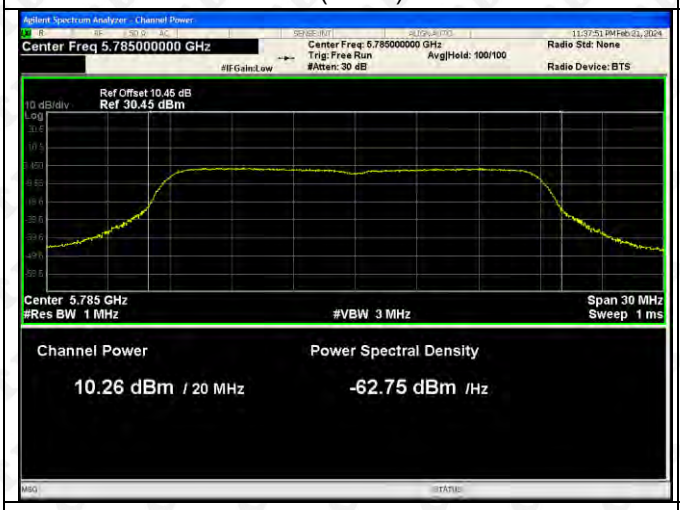

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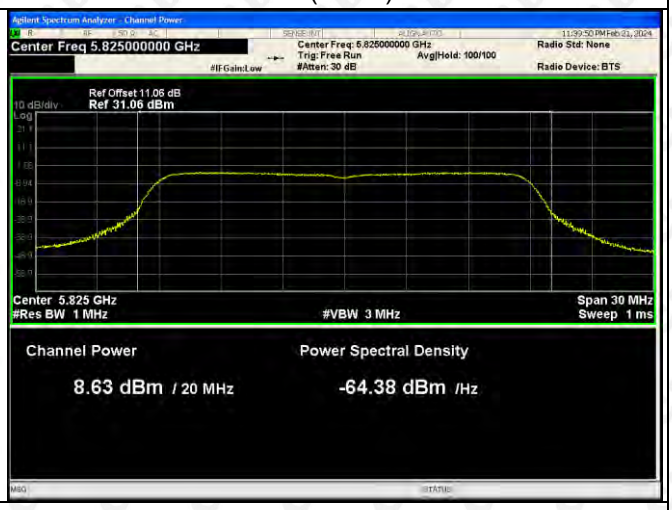

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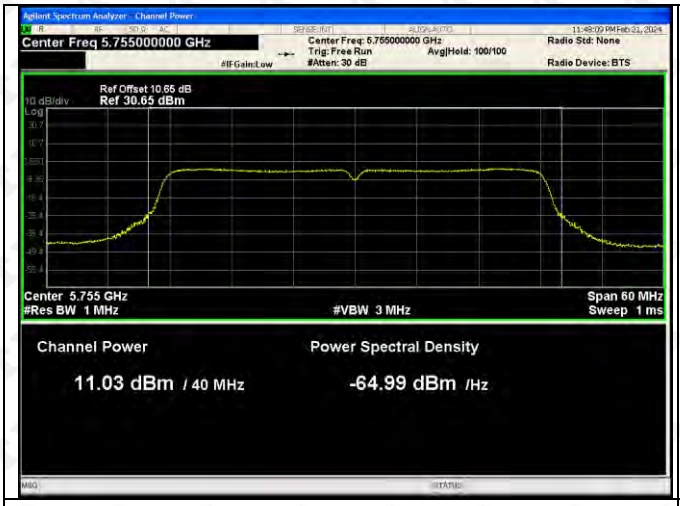
802.11ac(VH40)-5795



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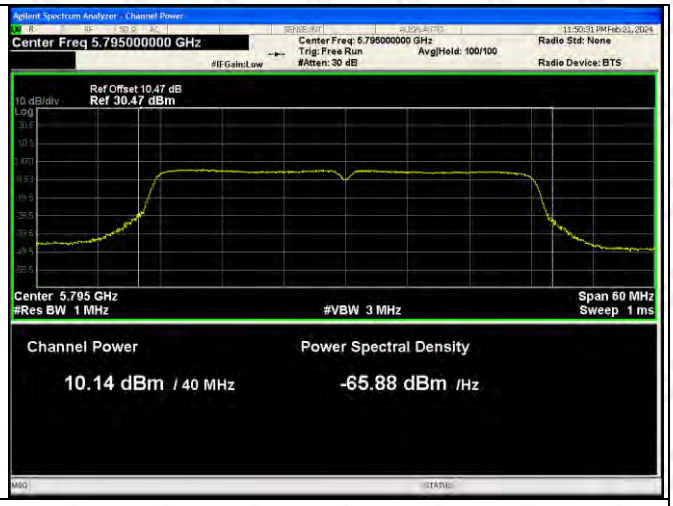
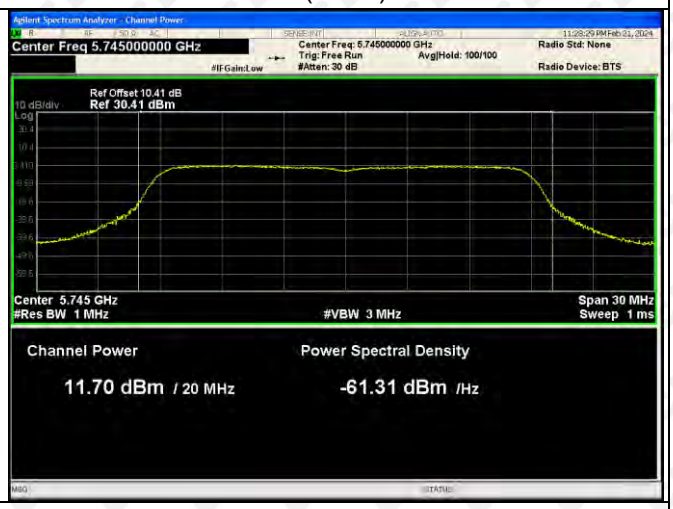


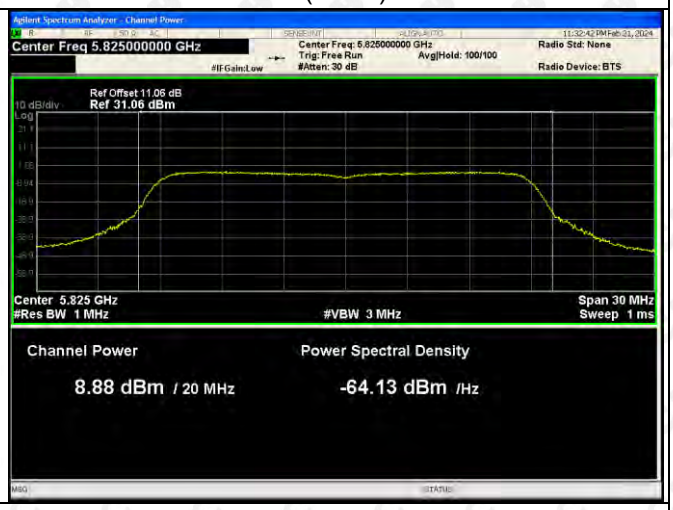
802.11n(HT20)-5745

802.11n(HT20)-5785



802.11n(HT20)-5825

5802.11n(HT40)-5755



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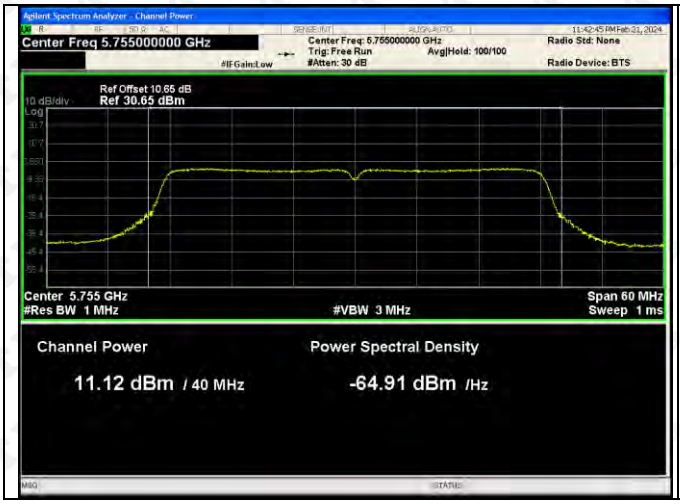

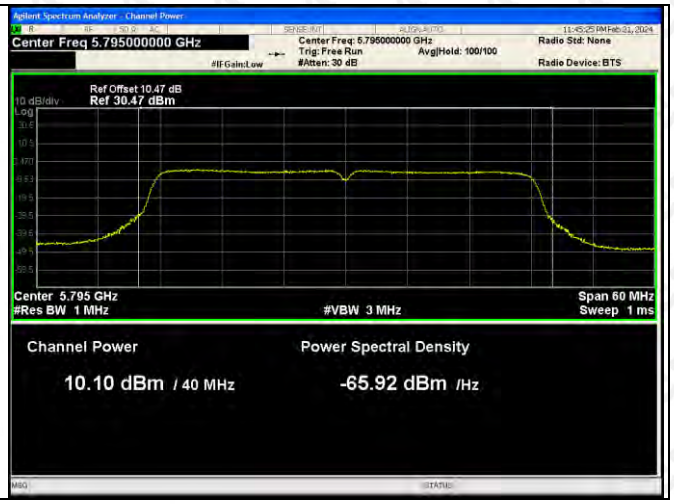

ANT2:

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	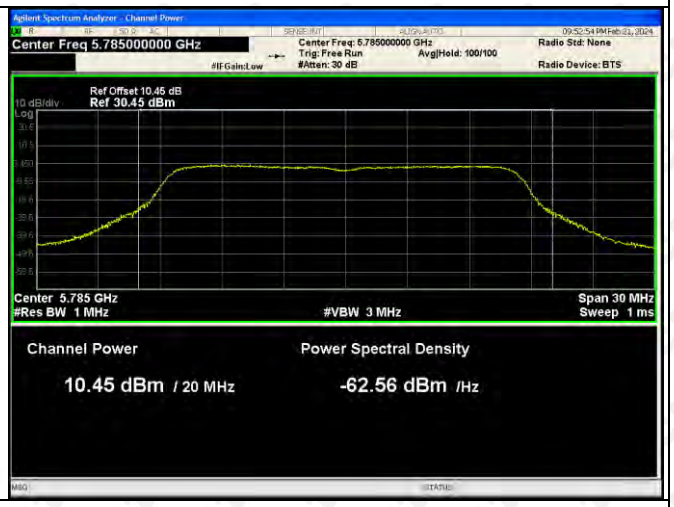
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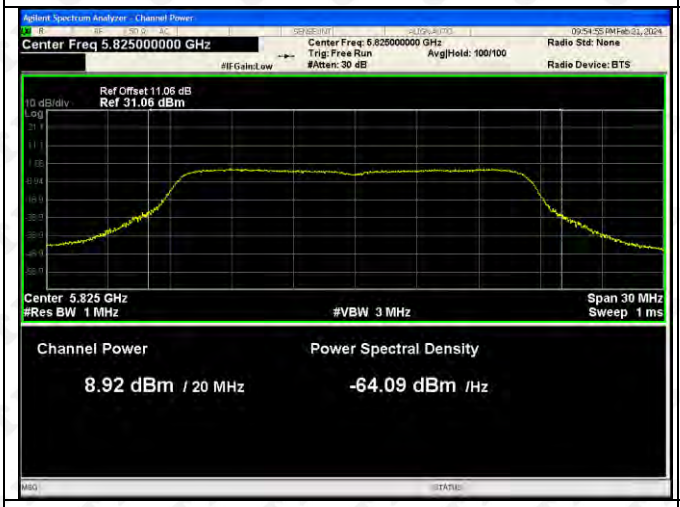	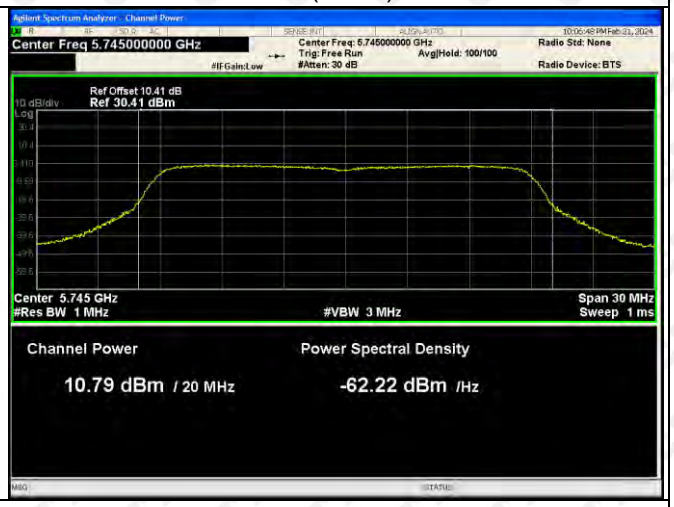
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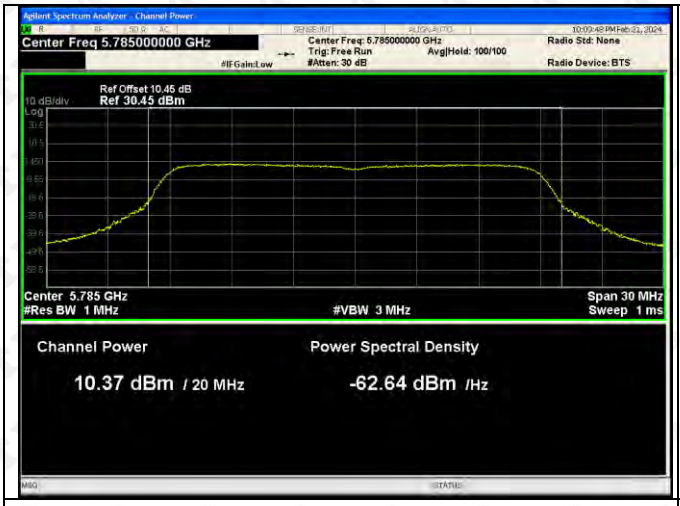

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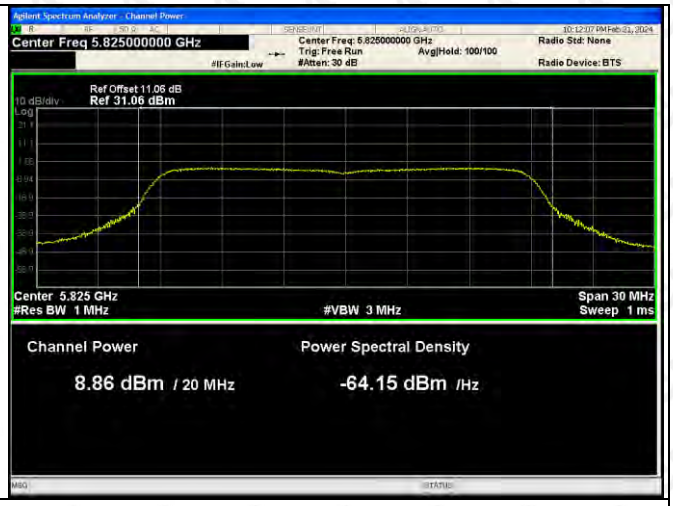

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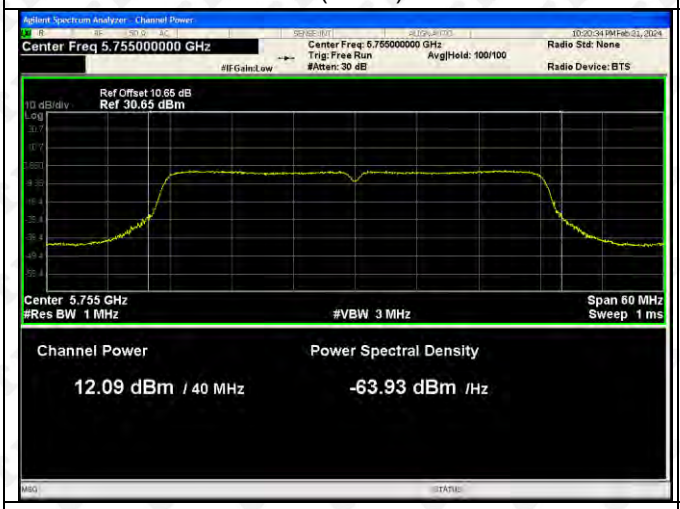

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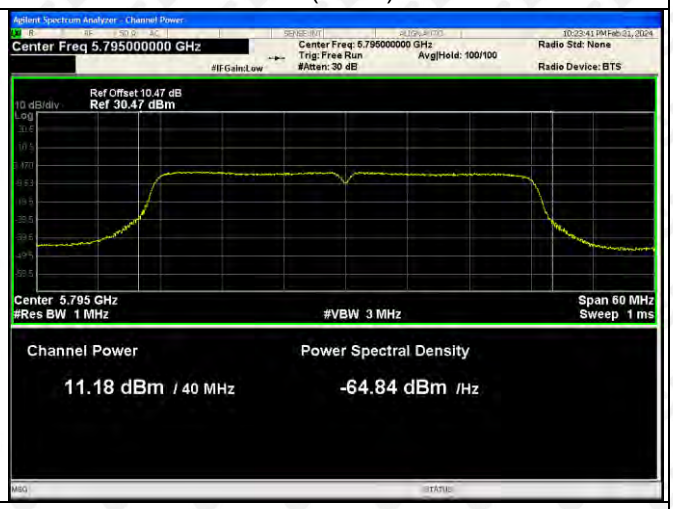

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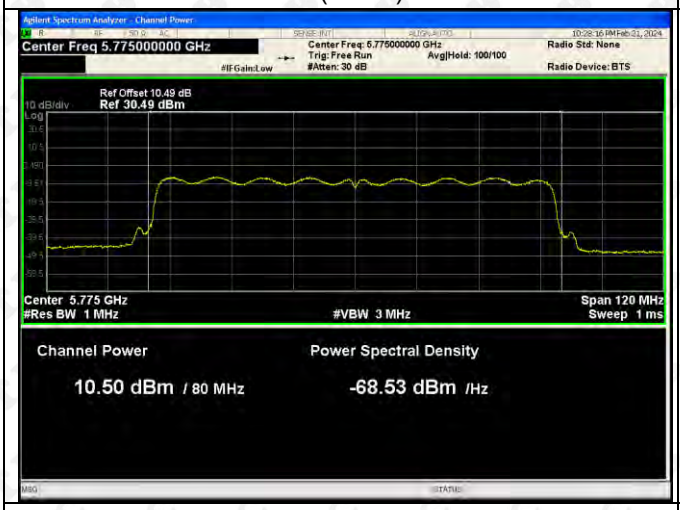

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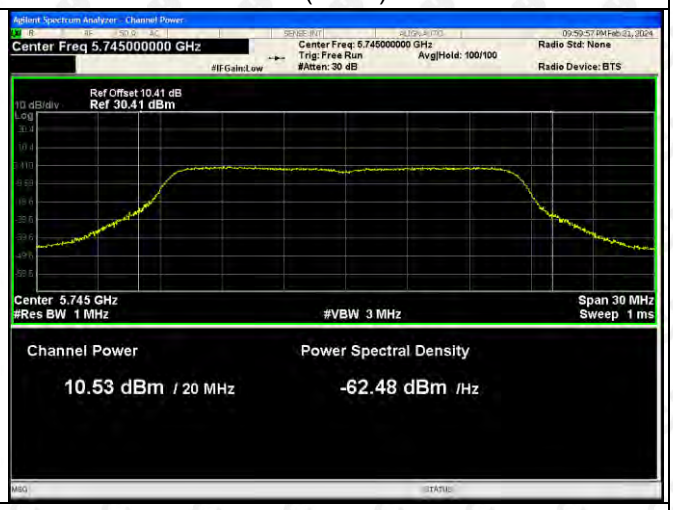

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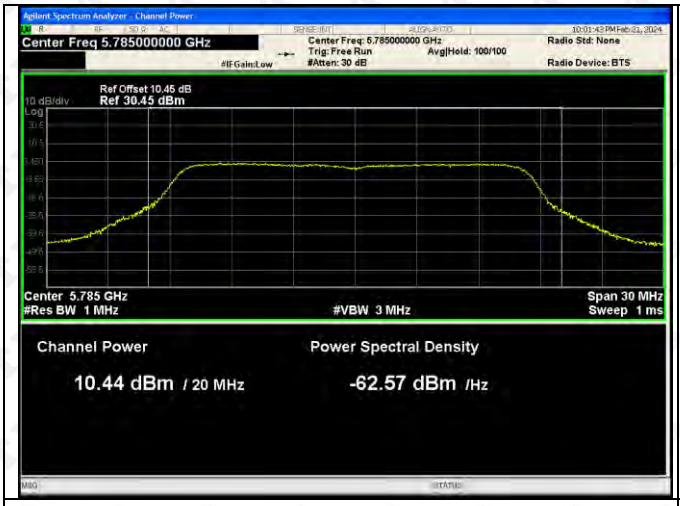

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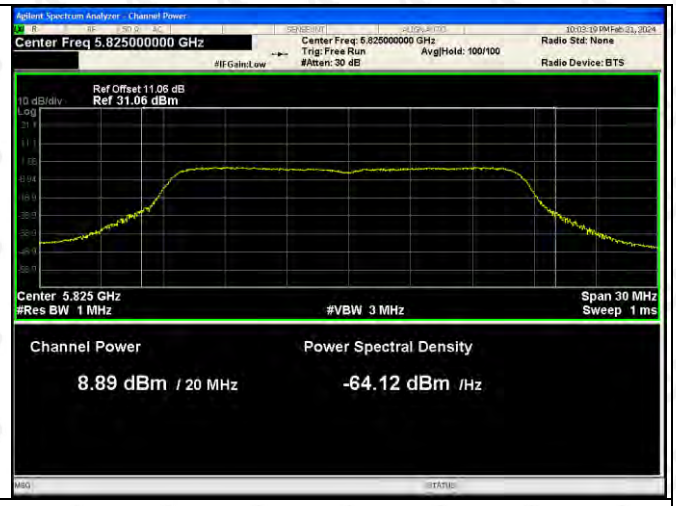

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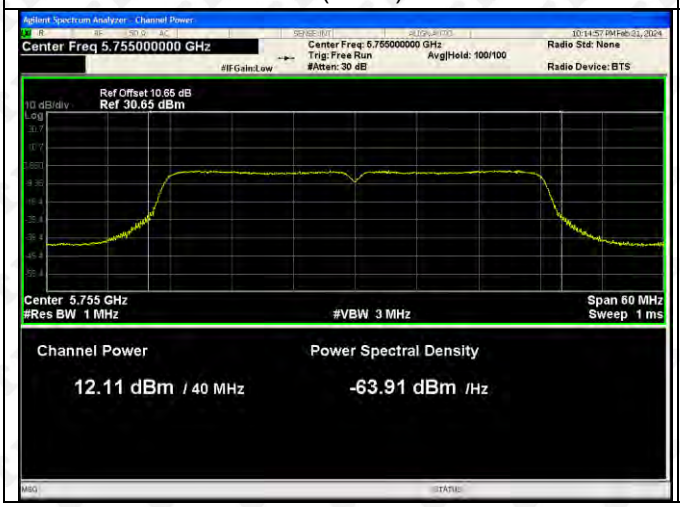
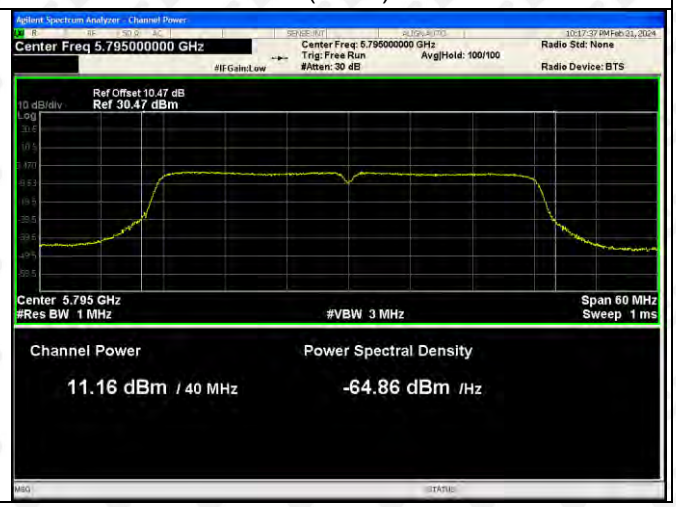
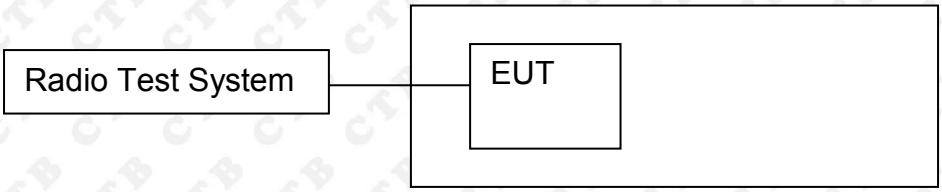




10. EMISSION BANDWIDTH& OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



10.2 Limits

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
(e) Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

10.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

1. Emission Bandwidth (EBW)
a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
b) Set the VBW > RBW.
c) Detector = Peak.
d) Trace mode = max hold.
e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.
2. Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725−5.85 GHz
Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 kHz for the band 5.725−5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:
a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 * RBW.
c) Detector = Peak.

d) Trace mode = max hold.
e) Sweep = auto couple.
f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.
Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described in this section. For devices that use channel aggregation refer to III.A and III.C for determining emission bandwidth.

D. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. Measurement of the 99% occupied bandwidth is *required* only as a condition for using the optional band-edge measurement techniques described in II.G.3.d). Measurements of 99% occupied bandwidth may also optionally be used in lieu of the EBW to define the minimum frequency range over which the 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 Page 4 spectrum is integrated when measuring maximum conducted output power as described in II.E. However, the EBW must be measured to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with Section 15.407(a).
The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99%) power bandwidth:
1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.

2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.

3. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW

4. Set VBW ≥ 3 * RBW

5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.

6. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).

7. If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

10.4 Test Results

Test mode ANT 1	Test Channel (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	5180	21.189
	5200	21.025
	5240	21.096
802.11ac20	5180	20.996
	5200	20.940
	5240	21.379
802.11ac40	5190	41.023
	5230	40.984
802.11ac80	5210	82.214
802.11n(HT20)	5180	21.179
	5200	20.983
	5240	21.204
802.11n(HT40)	5190	40.997
	5230	40.728

Test mode ANT 2	Test Channel (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	5180	21.061
	5200	21.206
	5240	21.230
802.11ac20	5180	21.354
	5200	21.263
	5240	21.171
802.11ac40	5190	40.595
	5230	40.911
802.11ac80	5210	80.208
802.11n(HT20)	5180	21.072
	5200	21.369
	5240	21.576
802.11n(HT40)	5190	40.859
	5230	40.845

5725-5850 MHz

Test mode Ant 1	Test Channel (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
802.11a	5745	16.532	Pass
	5785	16.548	Pass
	5825	16.488	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5745	17.763	Pass
	5785	17.815	Pass
	5825	17.741	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5755	36.484	Pass
	5795	36.482	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5775	76.454	Pass
802.11n(VH20)	5745	17.770	Pass
	5785	17.728	Pass
	5825	17.804	Pass
802.11n(VH40)	5755	36.477	Pass
	5795	36.456	Pass

Test mode Ant 2	Test Channel (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
802.11a	5745	16.520	Pass
	5785	16.547	Pass
	5825	16.489	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5745	17.752	Pass
	5785	17.766	Pass
	5825	17.758	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5755	36.568	Pass
	5795	36.526	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5775	76.407	Pass
802.11n(VH20)	5745	16.541	Pass
	5785	16.536	Pass
	5825	16.559	Pass
802.11n(VH40)	5755	36.563	Pass
	5795	36.514	Pass

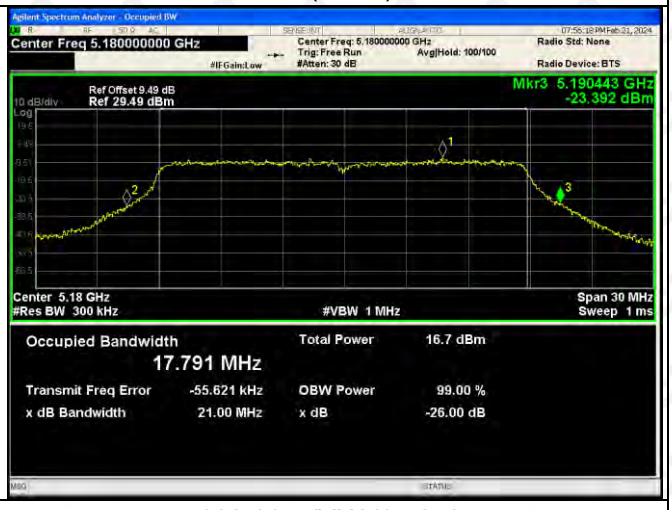
5180-5240MHz
ANT 1

802.11a-5180

802.11a-5200

802.11a-5240

802.11ac(VH20)-5180



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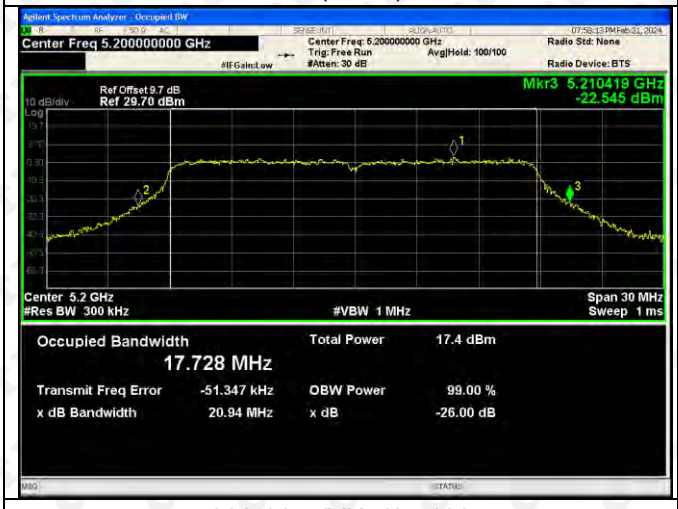

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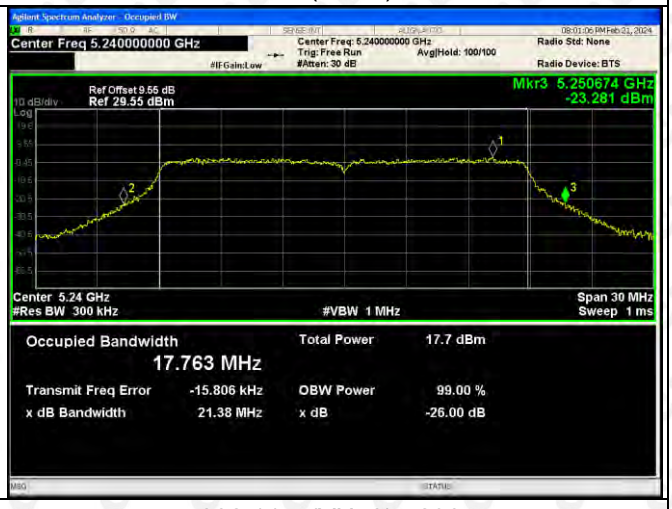

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802.11n(HT20)-5180

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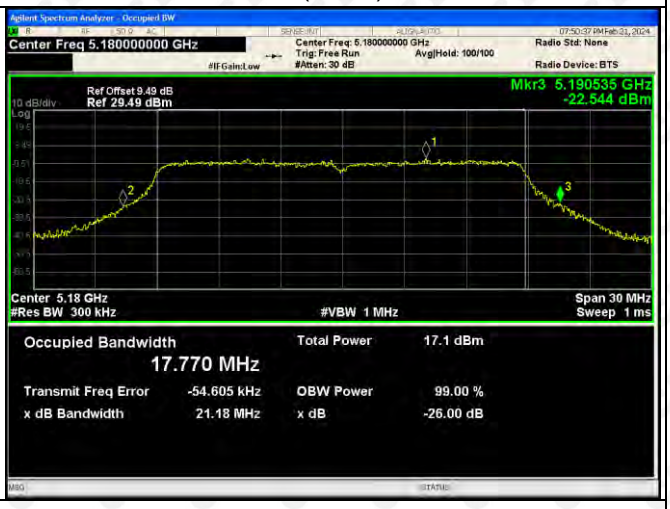

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802.11n(HT40)-5190

802.11n(HT40)-5230

ANT2

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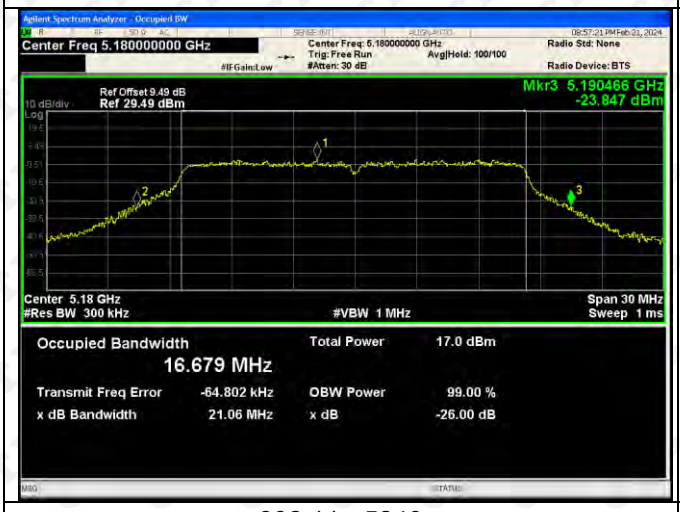	
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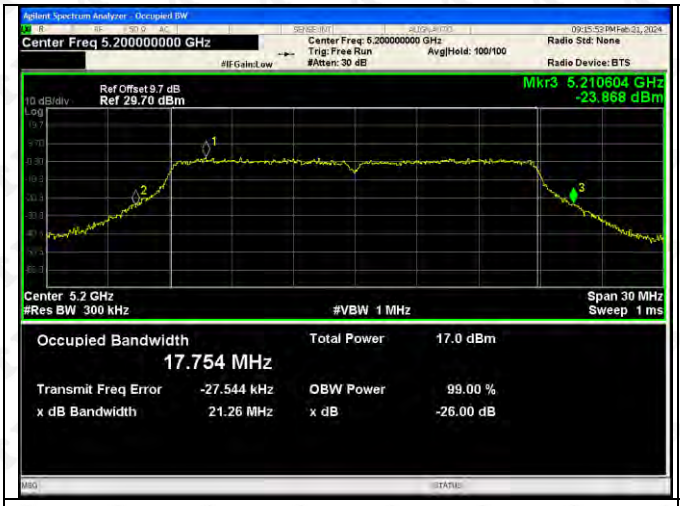
802.11ac(VH20)-5200	802.11ac(VH20)-5240



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802.11ac(VH80)-5210

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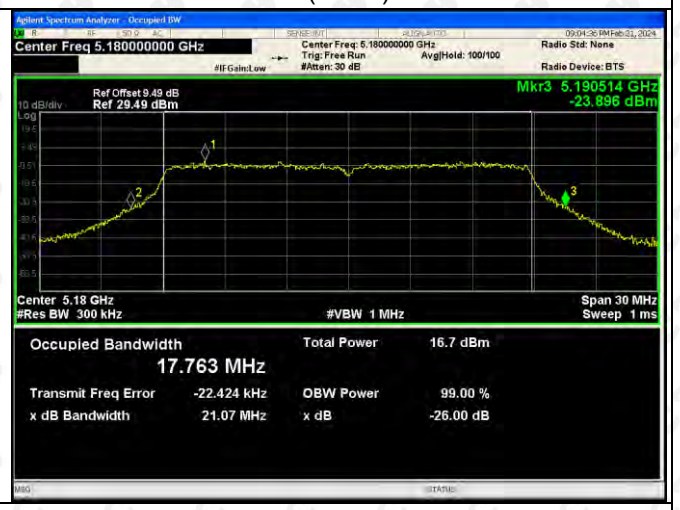
802.11n(HT20)-5200



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