SAR TEST REPORT

For

Naviter d.o.o.

GPS Navigator

Test Model: N21

Additional Model No. : Please Refer to Page 6

Prepared for	:	Naviter d.o.o.
Address	:	PLANINA 3 KRANJ Slovenia

Prepared by	:	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Address	:	101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China
Tel	:	(86)755-82591330
Fax	:	(86)755-82591332
Web	:	www.LCS-cert.com
Mail	:	webmaster@LCS-cert.com

Date of receipt of test sample	:	November 05, 2021
Number of tested samples	:	2
Sample number	:	210721044A-1, 210721044A-2
Serial number	:	Prototype
Date of Test	:	November 05, 2021 ~ November 10, 2021
Date of Report	:	November 12, 2021

SAR TEST REPORT

Report Reference No. ..... :	**LCS211105001AE**
Date Of Issue ..... :	November 12, 2021
Testing Laboratory Name..... :	**Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.**
Address ..... :	101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China
Testing Location/ Procedure ..... :	Full application of Harmonised standards ■ Partial application of Harmonised standards □ Other standard testing method □
Applicant's Name ..... :	**Naviter d.o.o.**
Address ..... :	PLANINA 3 KRANJ Slovenia
Test Specification:	
Standard..... :	IEEE Std C95.1-2019& IEEE Std 1528™-2013 & FCC Part 2.1093
Test Report Form No. ..... :	LCSEMC-1.0
TRF Originator..... :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Master TRF ..... :	Dated 2011-03

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Test Item Description..... :	**GPS Navigator**
Trade Mark ..... :	Naviter
Model/Type Reference..... :	N21
Operation Frequency ..... :	GSM 850,1900;WCDMA II,V; LTE2,5,7;WLAN2.4G,WLAN5.2G,WLAN5.3G,WLAN5.5G, WLAN5.8G;BT5.0
Modulation Type..... :	Please Refer to Page 6
Ratings ..... :	DC 3.7V
Result ..... :	**Positive**

Compiled by:	**Supervised by:**	**Approved by:**
Jay Zhan/ File administrators	Jin Wang/ Technique principal	Gavin Liang/ Manager

SAR -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. :	**LCS211105001AE**	November 12, 2021 Date of issue

Type / Model.....	:	N21
EUT.....	:	GPS Navigator
Applicant.....	**:**	**Naviter d.o.o.**
Address.....	:	PLANINA 3 KRANJ Slovenia
Telephone.....	:	/
Fax.....	:	/
Manufacturer.....	**:**	**Naviter d.o.o.**
Address.....	:	PLANINA 3 KRANJ Slovenia
Telephone.....	:	/
Fax.....	:	/
Factory.....	**:**	**Naviter d.o.o.**
Address.....	:	PLANINA 3 KRANJ Slovenia
Telephone.....	:	/
Fax.....	:	/

Test Result	**Positive**

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Revison History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	November 12, 2021	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

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1. TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Test Standards

IEEE Std C95.1-2019: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields, 0 Hz to 300 GHz.It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.
IEEE Std 1528™-2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.
FCC Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices
KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 : Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
KDB447498 D02 SAR Procedures for Dongle Xmtr v02r01: SAR Measurement Procedures For USB Dongle Transmitters.
KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 : SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS
KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures: 3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices: SAR Evaluation Considerations For LTE Devices

1.2. Test Description

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power . And Test device is identical prototype.

1.3. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	November 05, 2021
Testing commenced on	:	November 05, 2021
Testing concluded on	:	November 10, 2021

1.4. Product Description

The Naviter d.o.o.'s Model: N21 or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

General Description	
EUT :	GPS Navigator
Model/Type reference:	N21
Additional Model No.	N22, N23, N24, N31, N32, M71, M72
Model Declaration:	/
Hardware Version	/
Firmware Version:	/
Power supply:	DC 3.7V
Hotspot:	Supported
Exposure category	General population/uncontrolled environment
EUT Type	Production Unit
Device Type	Portable Device
The EUT is GPS Navigator. the GPS Navigator is intended for WLAN transmission. It is equipped with WiFi2.4G; WiFi5.2G; WiFi5.3G; WiFi5.5G; WiFi5.8G; GSM 850,1900; WCDMA Band II,Band V; LTE 2,5,7. For more information see the following datasheet	

Technical Characteristics	
LTE	
Operation Band:	LTE FDD band 2, 5, 7
Modulation Type:	QPSK/16QAM
Power Class:	Class 3
Release Version:	R9
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna 1.0dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 2 0.5dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 5 1.0dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 7

WIFI 2.4G	
Supported Standards:	IEEE 802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20 and HT40)
Frequency Range:	2412MHz-2462MHz
Operation frequency:	2412-2462MHz for 11b/g/n(HT20) 2422-2452MHz for 11n(HT40)
Type of Modulation:	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK); IEEE 802.11g/n: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Channel number:	11 channels for 20MHz bandwidth (2412~2462MHz) 7 channels for 40MHz bandwidth (2422~2452MHz)
Channel separation:	5MHz
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna, 2.0dBi (max.)
WIFI 5G	
Frequency Range:	5180-5240MHz, 5260-5320MHz, 5500-5700MHz
Channel Number:	4 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5180MHz-5240MHz) 4 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5260MHz-5320MHz) 11 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5500MHz-5700MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5190MHz~5230MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5270MHz~5310MHz) 5 Channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5510MHz-5670MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5210MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5290MHz) 2 Channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5530MHz,5610MHz)
Modulation Type:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna, 2.0dBi (max.)
WIFI 5.8G	
Frequency Range:	5745MHz-5825MHz
Channel Number:	5 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5745-5825MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5755~5795MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5775MHz)
Modulation Type:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna, 2.0dBi (max.)

Bluetooth	
Frequency Range:	2402MHz ~ 2480MHz
Channel Number:	79 channels for Bluetooth V5.0(DSS) 40 channels for Bluetooth V5.0 (DTS)
Channel Spacing:	1MHz for Bluetooth V5.0 (DSS) 2MHz for Bluetooth V5.0 (DTS)
Modulation Type:	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V5.0(DSS) GFSK for Bluetooth V5.0 (DTS)
Bluetooth Version:	V5.0
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna, 2.0dBi (max.)
UMTS	
Operation Band:	UMTS FDD Band II/V
FrequencyRange:	WCDMA Band II: 1852.4~1907.6MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4~846.6MHz
Modulation Type:	QPSK for WCDMA/HSUPA/HSDPA

WCDMA Release Version:	R9
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna 1.0dBi (max.) For WCDMA Band II 0.5dBi (max.) For WCDMA Band V
GSM	
Support Band:	GSM850/PCS1900
Frequency:	GSM850:824.2~848.8MHz GSM1900:1850.2~1909.8MHz
Release Version:	R9
Power Class:	GSM850:Power Class12 PCS1900:Power Class12
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GSM/GPRS; 8PSK for EGPRS
DTM Mode:	Not Supported
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna 0.5dBi (max.) For GSM 850 1.0dBi (max.) For PCS 1900

1.5. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for N21 are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Classment Class	Frequency Band	Hotspot (Report SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	Body-worn (Report SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)
		(Separation Distance 10mm)	
PCB	GSM 850	**0.497**	**0.497**
	GSM1900	0.434	0.434
	WCDMA Band V	0.063	0.063
	WCDMA Band II	0.107	0.107
	LTE band 2	0.105	0.105
	LTE band 5	0.204	0.204
	LTE band 7	0.294	0.294
DTS	WIFI2.4G	**0.195**	**0.195**
NII	WIFI5.2G	0.030	0.030
	WIFI5.3G	0.040	0.040
	WIFI5.5G	0.040	0.040
	WIFI5.8G	0.024	0.024

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Classment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)
Body-worn (hotspot open)	PCB	**0.692**
	DTS	

2. TEST ENVIRONMENT

2.1. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description

EMC Lab. : NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.
FCC Designation Number is CN5024.
CAB identifier is CN0071.
CNAS Registration Number is L4595.

2.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

2.3. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average(averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak(averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak(hands/wrists/ feet/anklesaveraged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.
Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date
1	PC	Lenovo	G5005	MY42081102	N/A	N/A
2	SAR Measurement system	SATIMO	4014_01	SAR_4014_01	N/A	N/A
3	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072627	2021-06-11	2022-06-10
4	Multimeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	4059164	2020-11-15	2021-11-14
5	S-parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432944	2020-11-15	2021-11-14
6	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	103818-1	2020-11-22	2021-11-21
7	E-Field PROBE	MVG	SSE2	SN 31/17 EPGO324	2021-10-06	2022-10-05
8	DIPOLE 835	SATIMO	SID 835	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303	2021-09-29	2024-09-28
9	DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466	2021-09-22	2024-09-21
10	DIPOLE 2450	SATIMO	SID 2450	SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306	2021-09-29	2024-09-28
11	DIPOLE 2600	SATIMO	SID 2600	SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468	2021-09-22	2024-09-21
12	DIPOLE 5000-6000	MVG	SWG5500	SN 49/16 WGA 43	2021-09-22	2024-09-21
13	COMOSAR OPENCoaxial Probe	SATIMO	OCPG 68	SN 40/14 OCPG68	2020-11-15	2021-11-14
14	SAR Locator	SATIMO	VPS51	SN 40/14 VPS51	2020-11-15	2021-11-14
15	Communication Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA57	SN 39/14 ANTA57	2020-11-15	2021-11-14
16	FEATURE PHONEPOSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH98	SN 40/14 MSH98	N/A	N/A
17	DUMMY PROBE	SATIMO	DP60	SN 03/14 DP60	N/A	N/A
18	SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM117	SN 40/14 SAM117	N/A	N/A
19	Liquid measurement Kit	HP	85033D	3423A03482	2020-11-15	2021-11-14
20	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	2021-06-11	2022-06-10
21	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45100308	2020-11-22	2021-11-21
22	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495616	2020-11-22	2021-11-21
23	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	2021-06-11	2022-06-10
24	Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	03746	2021-06-11	2022-06-10

Note:

1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evalute with following criteria at least on annual interval.

a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;

b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;

c) The most recent return-loss results,measued at least annually,deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;

d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the provious measurement.

2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

3. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1. SARMeasurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System(VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch,It sends an “Emergency signal” to the robot controller that to stop robot’s moves

A computer operating Windows XP.

OPENSAR software

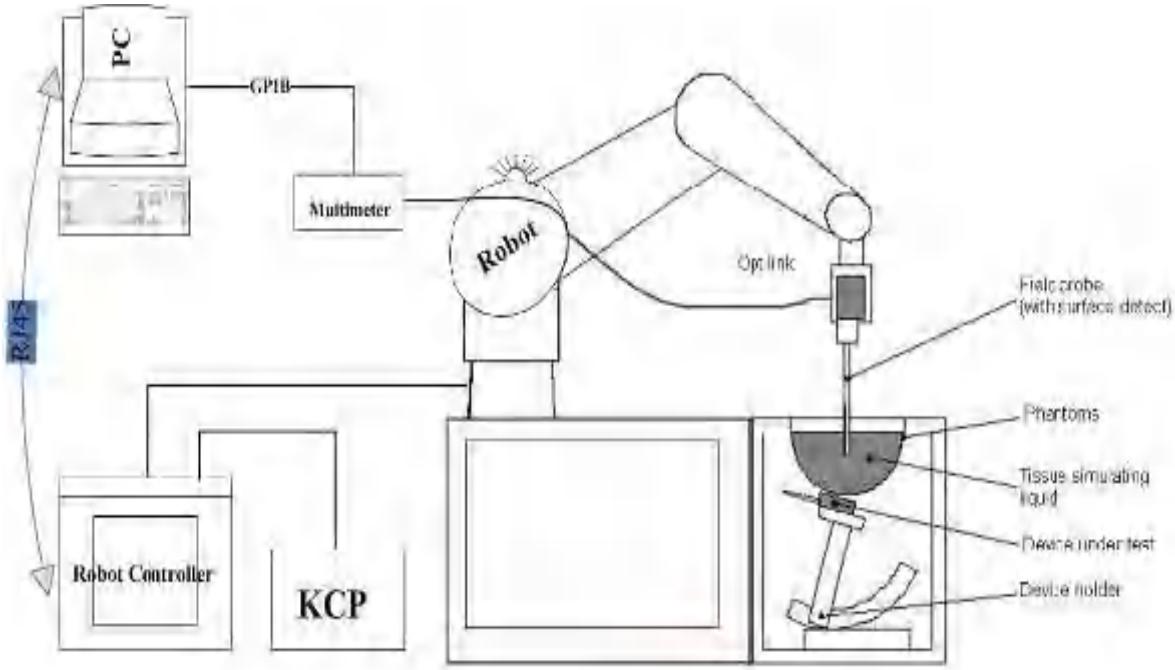
Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes .

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



3.2. OPENSAR E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EPGO324 (manufactured by MVG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core
Interleaved sensors
Built-in shielding against static charges
PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

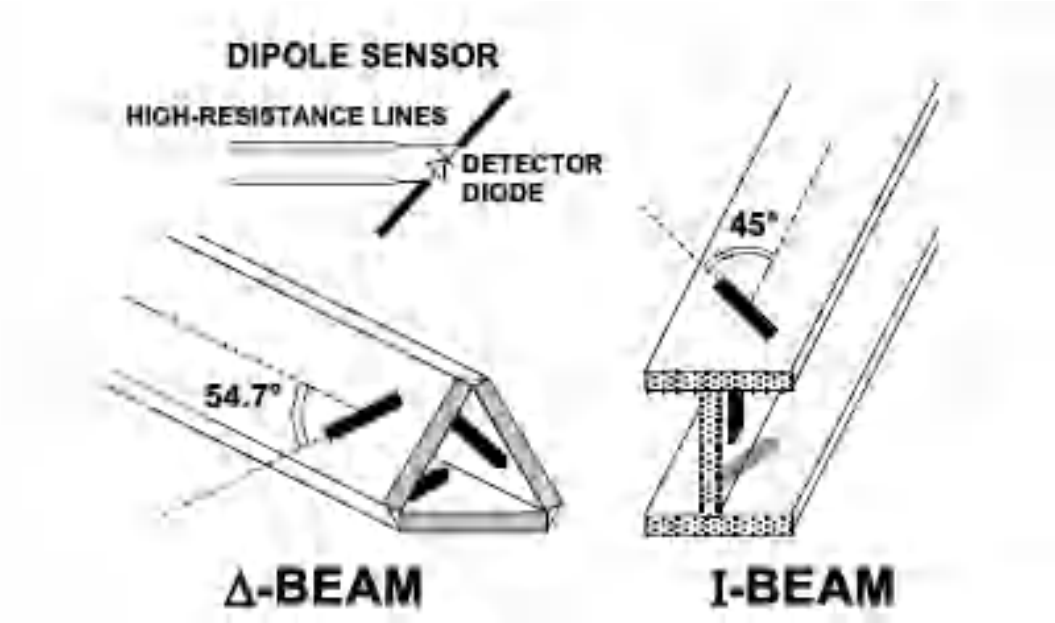
CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency	450 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity:0.25dB(450 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	0.01W/kg to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: 0.25 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm) Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm) Distance from probe tip to sensor centers: 2.5 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

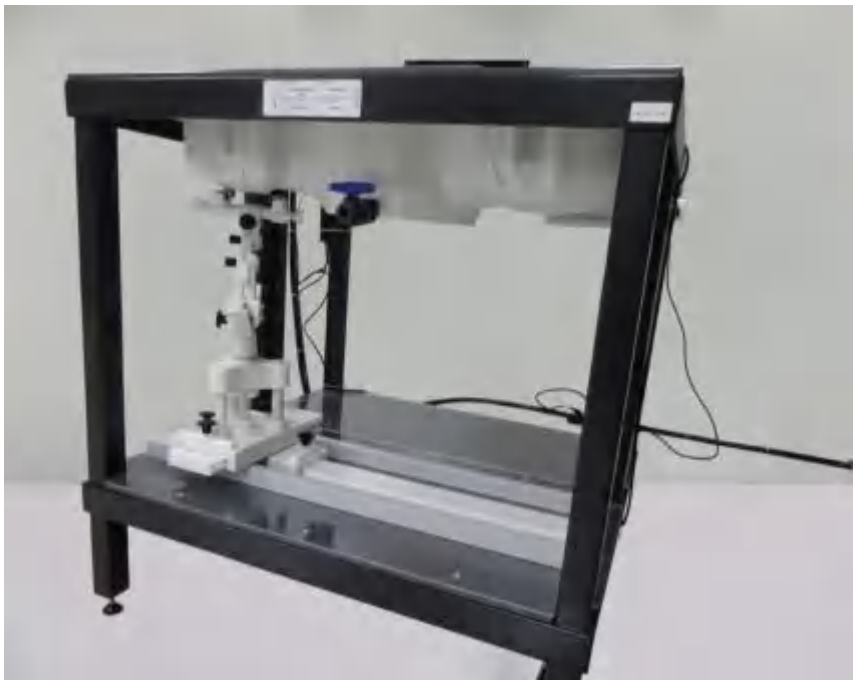
The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



3.3. Phantoms

The SAM Phantom SAM117 is constructed of a fiberglass shell ntegrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE 1528 and EN62209-1 , EN62209-2.The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of allpredefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robo

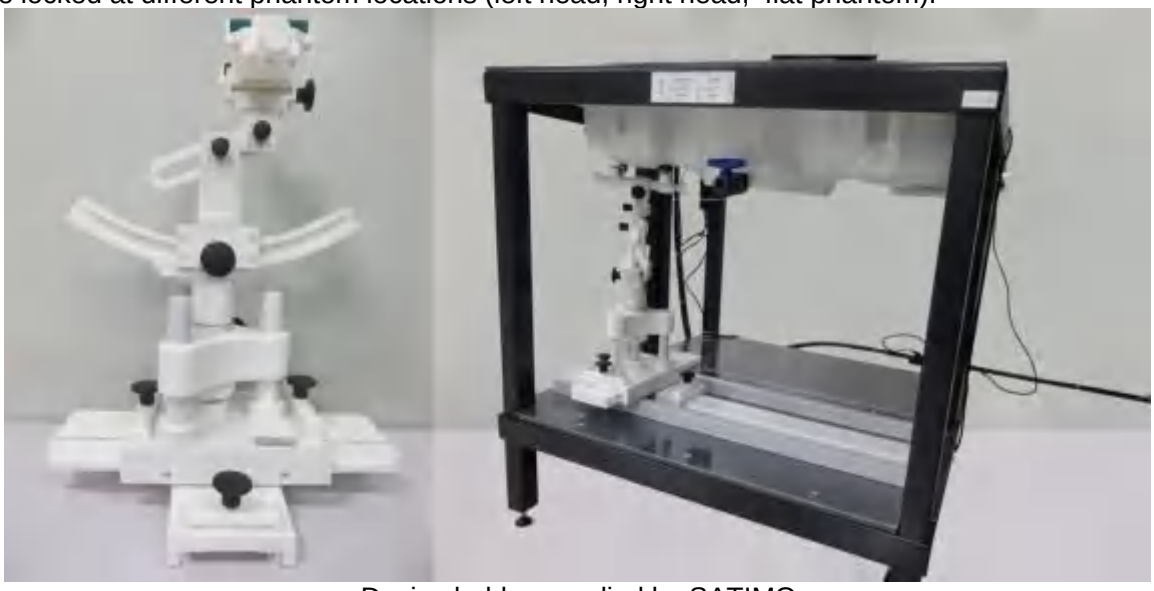
System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

3.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin PhantomSAM117, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Device holder supplied by SATIMO

3.5. Scanning Procedure

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2}\cdot\delta\cdot\ln(2)$ mm ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5 · $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

3.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files . The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
cf = crest factor of exciting field
dcpi = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – fieldprobes $$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – fieldprobes $$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2}{f}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes
ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f = carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
Etot = total field strength in V/m
σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

3.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	1,2-Propanediol	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	εr
750	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
835	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
900	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
1800	/	13.84	/	0.35	/	/	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
1900	/	13.84	/	0.35	/	/	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
2000	/	7.99	/	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.55	41.1
2450	/	7.99	/	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3
2600	/	7.99	/	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ε_r	σ(S/m)	ε_r	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
2600	39.0	1.96	52.5	2.16
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

3.8. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

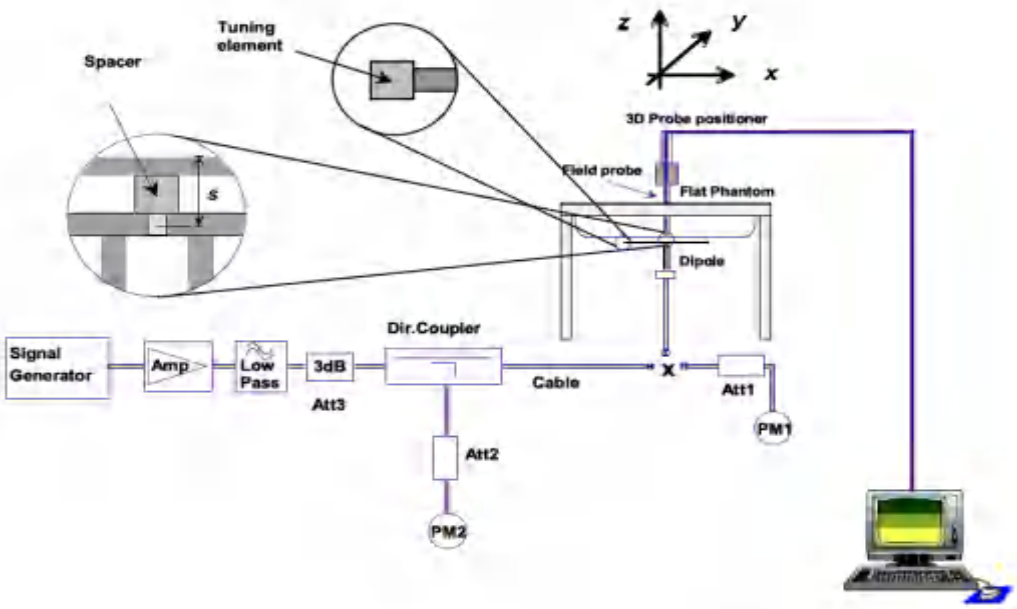
Dielectric Performance of Head and Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Test Engineer: Jay Zhan									
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue				Liquid Temp.	Test Data
		σ	ε_r	σ	Dev.	ε_r	Dev.		
835H	835	0.90	41.50	0.86	-4.44%	40.14	-3.28%	20.4	11/05/2021
1900H	1900	1.40	40.00	1.37	-2.14%	39.23	-1.93%	21.5	11/06/2021
2450H	2450	1.80	39.20	1.76	-2.22%	40.12	2.35%	22.3	11/07/2021
2600H	2600	4.66	36.00	4.59	-1.50%	35.81	-0.53%	22.2	11/08/2021
5200H	5200	5.30	49.00	5.25	-0.94%	48.80	-0.41%	23.3	11/09/2021
5300H	5280	4.76	35.90	4.80	0.82%	35.95	0.14%	22.2	11/09/2021
5500H	5280	4.76	35.90	4.80	0.82%	35.95	0.14%	22.2	11/10/2021
5800H	5800	6.00	48.20	6.05	0.83%	48.46	0.54%	22.1	11/10/2021

3.9. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency.The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

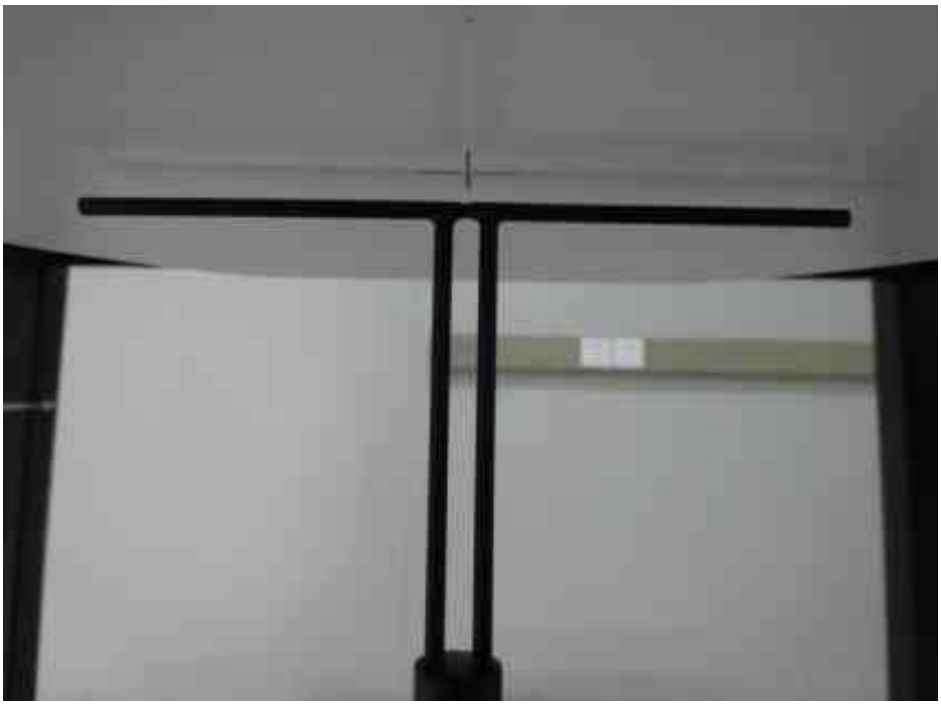


Photo of Dipole Setup

Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.While calibration intervals not exceed 3 years.

SID835 SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-24.49		54.9		2.8	
2019-10-01	-24.17	-1.31	54.5	-0.4	2.6	-0.2
2020-10-01	-24.20	-1.18	54.3	-0.6	2.5	-0.3

SID1900 SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-01	-26.43		50.5		4.7	
2019-09-01	-26.33	-0.38	50.2	-0.3	4.5	-0.2
2020-09-01	-26.30	-0.49	50.1	-0.4	4.2	-0.5

SID2450 SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-25.59		44.7		-1.1	
2019-10-01	-25.68	0.35	44.8	0.1	-1.0	0.1
2020-10-01	-25.75	0.63	44.5	-0.2	-1.2	-0.1

SID2600 SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-29.14		49.2		3.4	
2019-09-24	-29.12	-0.07	49.1	-0.1	3.2	-0.2
2020-09-24	-29.10	-0.07	49.2	0.0	3.3	-0.1

SID5200 SN 49/16 DIP WGA43 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-8.59		19.38		13.50	
2019-09-24	-8.62	0.35	19.25	-0.13	13.47	-0.03
2020-09-24	-8.63	0.47	19.26	-0.12	13.45	-0.05

SID5300 SN 49/16 DIP WGA43 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-10.58		77.13		1.81	
2019-09-24	-10.55	0.28	77.15	0.02	1.74	-0.07
2020-09-24	-10.54	0.09	77.12	-0.03	1.08	-0.01

SID5500 SN 49/16 DIP WGA43 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-13.39		30.95		7.75	
2019-09-24	-13.35	0.30	30.91	-0.04	7.72	-0.03
2020-09-24	-13.34	0.07	30.92	-0.03	7.70	-0.05

SID5800 SN 49/16 DIP WGA43 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-11.37		54.79		25.47	
2019-09-24	-11.42	0.44	54.68	-0.11	25.26	-0.21
2020-09-24	-11.44	0.62	54.80	0.10	25.28	-0.19

Mixture Type	Frequency (MHz)	Power	SAR_{1g} (W/Kg)	SAR_{10g} (W/Kg)	Drift (%)	1W Target		Difference percentage		Liquid Temp	Date
						SAR_{1g} (W/Kg)	SAR_{10g} (W/Kg)	1g	10g		
Head	835	100 mW	0.975	0.632	-0.21	9.60	6.20	1.56%	1.94 %	20.4	11/05/2021
		Normalize to 1 Watt	9.75	6.32							
Head	1900	100 mW	3.921	2.068	-1.17	40.03	20.55	-2.05%	0.63 %	21.5	11/06/2021
		Normalize to 1 Watt	39.21	20.68							
Head	2450	100 mW	5.224	2.343	0.24	53.89	24.15	-3.06%	-2.98 %	22.3	11/07/2021
		Normalize to 1 Watt	52.24	23.43							
Head	2600	100 mW	5.511	2.458	3.25	54.14	24.13	1.79%	1.86 %	22.2	11/08/2021
		Normalize to 1 Watt	55.11	24.58							
Head	5200	100 mW	15.467	5.512	-3.02	159.00	56.90	-2.72%	-3.13 %	23.3	11/09/2021
		Normalize to 1 Watt	154.67	55.12							
Head	5280	100 mW	16.456	5.731	3.21	164.59	57.40	0.02%	0.16 %	22.2	11/09/2021
		Normalize to 1 Watt	164.56	57.31							
Head	5600	100 mW	17.225	5.972	1.00	172.89	59.78	0.43%	0.10 %	22.2	11/10/2021
		Normalize to 1 Watt	172.25	59.72							
Head	5800	100 mW	18.293	6.177	-1.01	181.20	61.50	0.95%	0.44 %	22.1	11/10/2021
		Normalize to 1 Watt	182.93	61.77							

3.10. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

3.10.1 Conducted power measurement

a. For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
b. Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
c. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
d. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

3.10.2 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to “5” for GSM 850, set to “0” for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5. the EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst. For EDGE, GMSK is used for MCS 1 – MCS 4 and 8-PSK is used for MCS 5 – MCS 9; where 8-PSK has an inherently higher peak-to-average power ratio. The GMSK and 8-PSK EDGE configurations are considered separately for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.

3.10.3 UMTS Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure
In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.3 This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as “otherwise” in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1’s” for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are requied in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

1) Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

2) Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device.The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH shouldbe configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain aconstant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(βc, βd), and HS-DPCCHpower offset parameters (ΔACK, ΔNACK, ΔCQI) should be set according to values indicated in theTable below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, numberof HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set

Table 2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI}= 8 ⇔ A_{hs} = β_{hs}/β_c=30/15 ⇔ β_{hs}=30/15*β_c
Note2: CM=1 forβ_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15.
Note3:For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c=11/15 and β_d=15/15.

HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document

Table 3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs}(1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG(4) Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15(3)	15/15(3)	64	11/15(3)	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1}:47/15 β_{ed2}:47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92

4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15(4)	15/15(4)	64	15/15(4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, ΔNACK and Δ_{CQI} = 8 ⇔ $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ = 30/15 ⇔β_{hs}= 30/15 *β_c.
Note 2: CM = 1 for βc/βd =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the βc/βd ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 10/15 and βd = 15/15.
Note 4: For subtest 5 the βc/βd ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 14/15 and βd = 15/15.
Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.
Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

3.10.4 WIFI Test Configuration

The SAR measurement and test reduction procedures are structured according to either the DSSS or OFDM transmission mode configurations used in each standalone frequency band and aggregated band. For devices that operate in exposure configurations that require multiple test positions, additional SAR test reduction may be applied. The maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, are used to determine initial SAR test requirements for the 802.11 transmission modes in a frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the initial test configuration. SAR measurement and test reduction for the remaining 802.11 modes and test channels are determined according to measured or specified maximum output power and reported SAR of the initial measurements. The general test reduction and SAR measurement approaches are summarized in the following:

1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.
2. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an “initial test configuration” is first determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band according to the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units.
a. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.
b. SAR is measured for OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures. Additional frequency band specific SAR test reduction may be considered for individual frequency bands
c. Depending on the reported SAR of the highest maximum output power channel tested in the initial test configuration, SAR test reduction may apply to subsequent highest output channels in the initial test configuration to reduce the number of SAR measurements.
3. The Initial test configuration does not apply to DSSS. The 2.4 GHz band SAR test requirements and 802.11b DSSS procedures are used to establish the transmission configurations required for SAR measurement.
4. An “initial test position”is applied to further reduce the number of SAR tests for devices operating in next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode exposure configurations that require multiple test positions .
a. SAR is measured for 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure using the exposure condition established by the initial test position.
b. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration. 802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel.
5. The Initial test position does not apply to devices that require a fixed exposure test position. SAR is measured in a fixed exposure test position for these devices in 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure or in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures .
6. The “subsequent test configuration”procedures are applied to determine if additional SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission modes that have not been tested in the initial test configuration. SAR test exclusion is determined according to reported SAR in the initial test configuration and maximum output power specified or measured for these other OFDM configurations.

2.4 GHz and 5GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in section 5.2.2.

1. 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

1. 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration
b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

2. SAR Test Requirements for OFDM Configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements.20 In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

3. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements

The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures (section 4). When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

a. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
b. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
c. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
d. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.

a. Channels with measured maximum output power within ¼ dB of each other are considered to have the same maximum output.
b. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.

c. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode.23 For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

4. Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, the procedures in section 5.3.2 are applied to determine the test configuration. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

a. When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
b. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
c. The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.

1). SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.

2). SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.

a) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.

d. SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:

1) replace “subsequent test configuration” with “next subsequent test configuration” (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
2) replace “initial test configuration” with “all tested higher output power configurations.

3.11. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

3.12. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

4.1. Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. According to October 2013TCB Workshop, for GSM / GPRS / EGPRS, the number of time slots to test for SAR should correspond to the highest frame-average maximum output power configuration, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slot) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to their highest frame-average power.
3. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (4 Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.

Conducted power measurement results for GSM850/PCS1900

GSM 850		Tune-up	Burst Conducted power (dBm)			Division Factors	Tune-up	Average power (dBm)		
			Channel/Frequency(MHz)					Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
		Max	128/ 824.2	190/ 836.6	251/ 848.8		Max	128/ 824.2	190/ 836.6	251/848.8
GSM		31.50	31.42	31.40	31.35	-9.03dB	22.47	22.39	22.37	22.32
GPRS (GMSK)	1TX slot	31.50	31.43	31.37	31.32	-9.03dB	22.47	22.40	22.34	22.29
	2TX slot	31.00	30.86	30.84	30.84	-6.02dB	24.98	24.84	24.82	24.82
	3TX slot	29.50	29.26	29.29	29.33	-4.26dB	25.24	25.00	25.03	25.07
	4TX slot	**28.50**	**28.19**	**28.22**	**28.27**	**-3.01dB**	**25.49**	**25.18**	**25.21**	**25.26**
EGPRS (8PSK)	1TX slot	28.00	25.97	27.74	25.93	-9.03dB	18.97	16.94	18.71	16.90
	2TX slot	27.00	24.80	24.82	26.91	-6.02dB	20.98	18.78	18.80	20.89
	3TX slot	23.00	22.62	22.44	22.56	-4.26dB	18.74	18.36	18.18	18.30
	4TX slot	21.50	21.27	21.35	21.40	-3.01dB	18.49	18.26	18.34	18.39
GSM 1900		Tune-up	Burst Conducted power (dBm)			Division Factors	Tune-up	Average power (dBm)		
			Channel/Frequency(MHz)					Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
		Max	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909.8		Max.	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909.8
GSM		28.50	26.71	27.70	28.12	-9.03dB	19.47	17.68	18.67	19.09
GPRS (GMSK)	1TX slot	28.50	26.73	27.67	28.09	-9.03dB	19.47	17.70	18.64	19.06
	2TX slot	27.50	26.04	27.00	27.43	-6.02dB	21.48	20.02	20.98	21.41
	3TX slot	26.00	24.25	25.16	25.69	-4.26dB	21.74	19.99	20.90	21.43
	4TX slot	**25.00**	**23.06**	**23.98**	**24.53**	**-3.01dB**	**21.99**	**20.05**	**20.97**	**21.52**
EGPRS (8PSK)	1TX slot	25.00	23.15	24.89	24.54	-9.03dB	15.97	14.12	15.86	15.51
	2TX slot	24.00	21.99	23.01	23.64	-6.02dB	17.98	15.97	16.99	17.62
	3TX slot	22.00	20.11	20.94	21.63	-4.26dB	17.74	15.85	16.68	17.37
	4TX slot	20.50	18.95	19.74	20.43	-3.01dB	17.49	15.94	16.73	17.42

Notes:

1. Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.00dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.00dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.00dB

2. According to the conducted power as above, the GPRS measurements are performed with 4Txslot for GPRS850 and 4Txslot GPRS1900.

<UMTS Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station E5515C referred to theSetup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
   ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
   vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note1 Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d = 12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base StationR&S CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
   i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
   ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
   v. Set UE Target Power
   vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
   vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
   viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed}1: 47/15 β_{ed}2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1 β_{DC}, β_{DCH} and β_{CD} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c

Note 2 CM = 1 for β_c/β_d=12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3 For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 4 For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 5 In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6 β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

General Note

1. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
2. By design, AMR and HSDPA/HSUPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.
3. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.

Conducted Power Measurement Results(WCDMA Band II/V)

Item	Band	FDD Band V result (dBm)			FDD Band II result (dBm)		
		Test Channel			Test Channel		
		4132/ 826.4	4182/ 836.4	4233/ 846.6	9262/ 1852.4	9400/ 1880	9538/ 1907.6
RMC	12.2kbps	20.14	20.21	20.26	20.15	20.95	21.18
HSDPA	Subtest 1	18.02	17.97	17.88	17.67	18.62	18.91
	Subtest 2	18.04	17.96	17.86	17.69	18.62	18.91
	Subtest 3	18.03	17.98	17.86	17.70	18.59	18.92
	Subtest 4	18.03	17.94	17.90	17.70	18.60	18.91
HSUPA	Subtest 1	15.61	15.87	15.90	15.84	16.41	16.92
	Subtest 2	15.86	15.87	15.92	15.86	16.65	16.90
	Subtest 3	15.62	15.91	15.93	15.85	16.10	16.87
	Subtest 4	15.82	15.71	15.72	15.65	16.63	16.73
	Subtest 5	15.37	15.34	15.73	15.33	16.46	16.70

Note:1.When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤1/2dB higher than the primary mode (RMC12.2kbps) or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

LTE Band2

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
1.4	1850.7	1	0	19.59	18.70
		1	3	19.68	18.81
		1	5	19.59	18.71
		3	0	19.63	18.50
		3	2	19.65	18.56
		3	3	19.58	18.54
		6	0	18.74	17.67
	1880.0	1	0	20.32	19.36
		1	3	20.39	19.44
		1	5	20.30	19.35
		3	0	20.43	19.57
		3	2	20.45	19.62
		3	3	20.38	19.56
		6	0	19.46	18.44
	1909.3	1	0	20.66	19.61
		1	3	20.78	19.73
		1	5	20.70	19.68
		3	0	20.74	19.75
		3	2	20.75	19.76
		3	3	20.72	19.75
		6	0	19.71	18.65
3	1851.5	1	0	19.74	18.69
		1	7	19.86	18.82
		1	14	19.74	18.70
		8	0	18.70	17.68
		8	4	18.75	17.74
		8	7	18.68	17.67
		15	0	18.64	17.62
	1880.0	1	0	20.40	19.60
		1	7	20.53	19.74
		1	14	20.41	19.60
		8	0	19.44	18.42
		8	4	19.49	18.46
		8	7	19.44	18.40
		15	0	19.43	18.39
	1908.5	1	0	20.70	20.13
		1	7	20.87	20.31
		1	14	20.75	20.15
		8	0	19.74	18.88
		8	4	19.80	18.91
		8	7	19.75	18.89
		15	0	19.76	18.84
5	1852.5	1	0	19.60	18.63
		1	12	19.74	18.78
		1	24	19.64	18.68
		12	0	18.67	17.57
		12	6	18.72	17.63
		12	13	18.68	17.61
		25	0	18.64	17.59
	1880.0	1	0	20.34	19.61
		1	12	20.46	19.76
		1	24	20.38	19.65
		12	0	19.44	18.46
		12	6	19.51	18.52
		12	13	19.44	18.47
		25	0	19.54	18.48
	1907.5	1	0	20.55	19.43
		1	12	20.76	19.60

		1	24	20.65	19.49
		12	0	19.70	18.72
		12	6	19.79	18.80
		12	13	19.73	18.69
		25	0	19.74	18.80
10	1855.0	1	0	19.68	18.60
		1	24	19.92	18.89
		1	49	19.81	18.80
		25	0	18.74	17.74
		25	12	18.77	17.82
		25	25	18.77	17.81
		50	0	18.75	17.71
	1880.0	1	0	20.33	19.58
		1	24	20.59	19.78
		1	49	20.42	19.62
		25	0	19.49	18.52
		25	12	19.55	18.54
		25	25	19.51	18.52
		50	0	19.53	18.51
	1905.0	1	0	20.58	20.07
		1	24	20.82	20.30
		1	49	20.72	20.16
		25	0	19.68	18.77
		25	12	19.72	18.81
		25	25	19.71	18.79
		50	0	19.71	18.77
15	1857.5	1	0	19.63	18.87
		1	37	19.82	19.15
		1	74	19.90	19.29
		37	0	18.84	17.71
		37	18	18.87	17.78
		37	38	18.91	17.85
		75	0	18.85	17.78
	1880.0	1	0	20.24	19.47
		1	37	20.44	19.61
		1	74	20.41	19.60
		37	0	19.48	18.43
		37	18	19.52	18.51
		37	38	19.50	18.41
		75	0	19.51	18.49
	1902.5	1	0	20.55	20.05
		1	37	20.64	20.14
		1	74	20.64	20.10
		37	0	19.76	18.71
		37	18	19.81	18.77
		37	38	19.79	18.74
		75	0	19.80	18.74
20	1860.0	1	0	19.51	18.99
		1	49	19.97	19.51
		1	99	20.00	19.61
		50	0	18.75	17.72
		50	25	18.89	17.85
		50	50	19.04	18.01
		100	0	18.94	17.91
	1880.0	1	0	20.14	19.39
		1	49	20.61	19.82
		1	99	20.43	19.63
		50	0	19.41	18.41
		50	25	19.51	18.50
		50	50	19.39	18.37
		100	0	19.42	18.43

	1900.0	1	0	20.45	19.69
		1	49	20.77	19.99
		1	99	20.60	19.84
		50	0	19.66	18.71
		50	25	19.72	18.73
		50	50	19.65	18.68
		100	0	19.68	18.75

LTE Band5

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
1.4	824.7	1	0	20.05	19.25
		1	3	20.17	19.38
		1	5	19.99	19.21
		3	0	20.20	19.24
		3	2	20.18	19.24
		3	3	20.17	19.23
		6	0	19.07	18.17
	836.5	1	0	19.90	19.10
		1	3	19.98	19.29
		1	5	19.86	19.11
		3	0	20.28	19.53
		3	2	20.16	19.52
		3	3	20.14	19.54
		6	0	18.98	18.16
	848.3	1	0	19.96	19.06
		1	3	20.06	19.16
		1	5	19.90	19.10
		3	0	20.09	19.20
		3	2	20.14	19.22
		3	3	20.13	19.28
		6	0	19.01	18.04
3	825.5	1	0	20.13	19.24
		1	7	20.19	19.34
		1	14	20.10	19.16
		8	0	19.09	18.23
		8	4	19.12	18.25
		8	7	19.11	18.21
		15	0	19.12	18.19
	836.5	1	0	19.97	19.35
		1	7	20.02	19.41
		1	14	19.96	19.31
		8	0	19.05	18.16
		8	4	19.06	18.19
		8	7	19.01	18.13
		15	0	19.09	18.20
	847.5	1	0	20.06	19.71
		1	7	20.14	19.87
		1	14	19.90	19.67
		8	0	19.09	18.29
		8	4	19.08	18.30
		8	7	18.95	18.24
		15	0	19.11	18.20
5	826.5	1	0	20.04	19.22
		1	12	20.21	19.33
		1	24	19.94	19.18
		12	0	19.03	17.99
		12	6	19.15	18.15
		12	13	19.19	18.15
		25	0	19.11	18.12
	836.5	1	0	19.93	19.38

		1	12	20.02	19.52
		1	24	19.87	19.40
		12	0	19.17	18.28
		12	6	19.18	18.35
		12	13	19.13	18.32
		25	0	19.22	18.32
	846.5	1	0	20.00	18.96
		1	12	20.12	19.05
		1	24	19.88	18.92
		12	0	19.10	18.08
		12	6	19.19	18.15
		12	13	18.90	17.95
		25	0	19.01	18.03
10	829.0	1	0	20.02	19.17
		1	24	20.20	19.30
		1	49	19.94	19.02
		25	0	18.87	17.99
		25	12	19.08	18.14
		25	25	18.85	17.90
		50	0	18.89	17.90
	836.5	1	0	19.97	19.19
		1	24	20.03	19.43
		1	49	19.90	19.27
		25	0	19.34	18.44
		25	12	19.17	18.32
		25	25	19.28	18.46
		50	0	19.34	18.41
	844.0	1	0	19.88	19.79
		1	24	20.08	19.84
		1	49	19.88	19.63
		25	0	18.94	18.01
		25	12	19.11	18.19
		25	25	18.93	18.00
		50	0	18.96	17.95

LTE Band 7

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
5	2502.5	1	0	20.20	19.05
		1	12	20.37	19.22
		1	24	20.17	19.07
		12	0	19.32	18.27
		12	6	19.34	18.34
		12	13	19.25	18.27
		25	0	19.28	18.31
	2535.0	1	0	20.41	19.51
		1	12	20.60	19.67
		1	24	20.46	19.53
		12	0	19.57	18.52
		12	6	19.59	18.57
		12	13	19.58	18.52
		25	0	19.55	18.59
	2567.5	1	0	20.38	19.72
		1	12	20.54	19.84
		1	24	20.36	19.67
		12	0	19.54	18.66
		12	6	19.60	18.68
		12	13	19.51	18.56
		25	0	19.57	18.60
10	2505.0	1	0	20.38	19.33
		1	24	20.59	19.52

		1	49	20.30	19.30
		25	0	19.40	18.45
		25	12	19.39	18.49
		25	25	19.33	18.43
		50	0	19.39	18.41
	2535.0	1	0	20.41	19.56
		1	24	20.70	19.90
		1	49	20.51	19.70
		25	0	19.57	18.61
		25	12	19.60	18.66
		25	25	19.58	18.63
		50	0	19.58	18.60
	2565.0	1	0	20.42	20.11
		1	24	20.64	20.23
		1	49	20.36	19.97
		25	0	19.60	18.77
		25	12	19.58	18.73
		25	25	19.55	18.67
		50	0	19.61	18.71
15	2507.5	1	0	20.25	19.53
		1	37	20.31	19.67
		1	74	20.08	19.48
		37	0	19.37	18.28
		37	18	19.37	18.32
		37	38	19.29	18.27
		75	0	19.35	18.36
	2535.0	1	0	20.31	19.47
		1	37	20.58	19.72
		1	74	20.45	19.67
		37	0	19.53	18.49
		37	18	19.61	18.60
		37	38	19.59	18.60
		75	0	19.56	18.56
	2562.5	1	0	20.41	20.09
		1	37	20.51	20.15
		1	74	20.33	19.92
		37	0	19.59	18.64
		37	18	19.57	18.64
		37	38	19.56	18.57
		75	0	19.60	18.59
20	2510.0	1	0	20.16	19.66
		1	49	20.44	19.95
		1	99	19.94	19.67
		50	0	19.35	18.39
		50	25	19.31	18.35
		50	50	19.28	18.39
		100	0	19.31	18.41
	2535.0	1	0	20.18	19.40
		1	49	20.66	19.90
		1	99	20.42	19.70
		50	0	19.45	18.49
		50	25	19.56	18.58
		50	50	19.50	18.52
		100	0	19.49	18.50
	2560	1	0	20.42	19.78
		1	49	20.68	20.01
		1	99	20.37	19.63
		50	0	19.70	18.80
		50	25	19.66	18.77
		50	50	19.51	18.62
		100	0	19.58	18.70

<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate (Mbps)	Average Output Power (dBm)(ANT0)
IEEE 802.11b	1	2412	1	13.01
			2	12.87
			5.5	12.65
			11	12.52
	6	2437	1	13.38
			2	13.24
			5.5	13.18
			11	13.10
	11	2462	1	12.88
			2	12.75
			5.5	12.76
			11	12.65
IEEE 802.11g	1	2412	6	11.58
			9	11.52
			12	11.46
			18	11.32
			24	11.25
			36	11.19
			48	11.10
			54	11.03
	6	2437	6	12.43
			9	12.32
			12	12.24
			18	12.16
			24	12.08
			36	12.01
			48	11.95
			54	11.87
	11	2462	6	11.66
			9	11.59
			12	11.52
			18	11.46
			24	11.38
			36	11.30
			48	11.25
			54	11.19
IEEE 802.11n HT20	1	2412	MCS0	11.33
			MCS1	11.25
			MCS2	11.19
			MCS3	11.11
			MCS4	11.06
			MCS5	11.00
			MCS6	10.95
			MCS7	10.87
	6	2437	MCS0	12.39
			MCS1	12.30
			MCS2	12.26
			MCS3	12.21
			MCS4	12.16
			MCS5	12.09
			MCS6	12.02
			MCS7	11.96
	11	2462	MCS0	11.29
			MCS1	11.21
			MCS2	11.18
			MCS3	11.10

			MCS4	11.05
			MCS5	10.94
			MCS6	10.89
			MCS7	10.76

Note:SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions as the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

<WLAN 5.2G Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Worst Case Test Rate Data
IEEE 802.11a	36	5180	13.18	MCS0
	40	5200	13.65	MCS0
	48	5240	14.35	MCS0
IEEE 802.11n HT20	36	5180	13.50	MCS0
	40	5200	13.61	MCS0
	48	5240	14.12	MCS0
IEEE 802.11n HT40	38	5190	13.32	MCS0
	46	5230	13.76	MCS0
IEEE 802.11AC20	36	5180	12.38	MCS0
	40	5200	12.77	MCS0
	48	5240	12.87	MCS0
IEEE 802.11AC40	38	5190	12.39	MCS0
	46	5230	12.74	MCS0
IEEE 802.11AC80	42	5210	12.91	MCS0

<WLAN 5.3G Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Worst Case Test Rate Data
IEEE 802.11a	52	5260	14.19	MCS0
	56	5280	13.98	MCS0
	64	5320	14.19	MCS0
IEEE 802.11n HT20	52	5260	13.76	MCS0
	56	5280	13.83	MCS0
	64	5320	14.21	MCS0
IEEE 802.11n HT40	52	5260	13.99	MCS0
	56	5280	14.18	MCS0
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	64	5320	12.94	MCS0
	54	5270	13.20	MCS0
	62	5310	13.58	MCS0
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40	54	5270	12.91	MCS0
	62	5310	13.00	MCS0
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	13.17	MCS0

<WLAN 5.5G Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Worst Case Test Rate Data

IEEE 802.11a	100	5500	10.62	MCS0
	120	5600	10.64	MCS0
	140	5700	10.05	MCS0
IEEE 802.11n HT20	100	5500	11.73	MCS0
	120	5600	10.51	MCS0
	140	5700	10.13	MCS0
IEEE 802.11n HT40	100	5500	10.43	MCS0
	120	5600	9.34	MCS0
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	140	5700	10.86	MCS0
	149	5510	9.28	MCS0
	165	5670	9.19	MCS0
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40	149	5510	10.44	MCS0
	165	5670	9.65	MCS0
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	122	5610	8.60	MCS0

<WLAN 5.8GHz Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	11.36	Worst Case Test Rate Data
IEEE 802.11a	149	5745	12.63	MCS0
	157	5785	12.68	MCS0
	165	5825	11.36	MCS0
IEEE 802.11n HT20	149	5745	11.46	MCS0
	157	5785	11.88	MCS0
	165	5825	12.59	MCS0
IEEE 802.11n HT40	151	5755	10.52	MCS0
	159	5795	11.25	MCS0
IEEE 802.11AC20	149	5745	10.26	MCS0
	157	5785	11.04	MCS0
	165	5825	11.75	MCS0
IEEE 802.11AC40	151	5755	10.85	MCS0
	159	5795	11.39	MCS0
IEEE 802.11AC80	155	5775	10.08	MCS0

<BT Conducted Power>

Mode	channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted AVG output power (dBm)
BLE_1M	0	2402	-5.08
	19	2440	-6.16
	39	2480	-4.56
BLE_2M	0	2402	-5.24
	19	2440	-6.25
	39	2480	-4.68
GFSK	0	2402	7.40
	39	2441	5.85
	78	2480	5.96
π/4-DQPSK	0	2402	6.53
	39	2441	5.65
	78	2480	5.01
8DPSK	0	2402	6.59
	39	2441	5.68
	78	2480	4.94

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

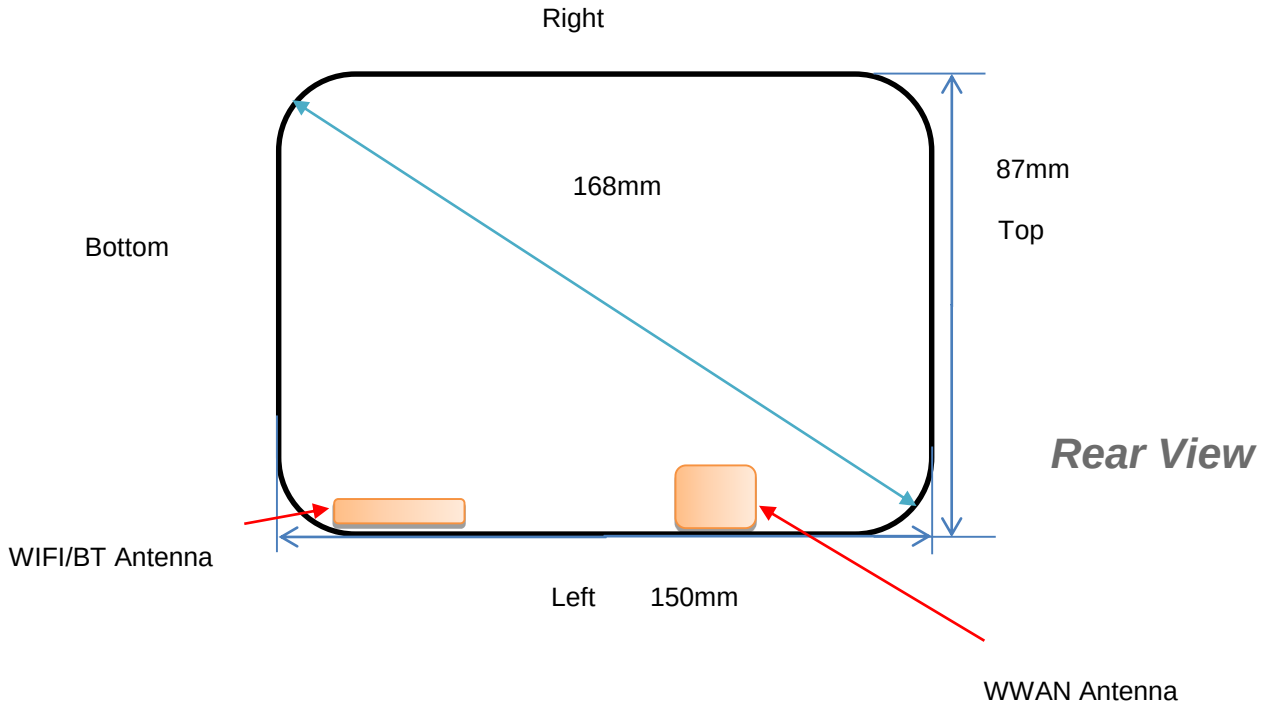
- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Turn up Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
7.5	5	2.45	1.8

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.6< 3.0, SAR testing is not required.

4.2. Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position



Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm)						
Antennas	**Front**	**Back**	**Top Side**	**Bottom Side**	**Left Side**	**Right Side**
WWAN	<5	<5	41	91	<5	65
WLAN/BT	<5	<5	101	<5	<5	47

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	**Front**	**Back**	**Top Side**	**Bottom Side**	**Left Side**	**Right Side**
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
WLAN/BT	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

1. SAR is required only for both back and edge with the most conservation exposure condition
2. For Body mode,SAR is not required when the main antenna to edge is >2.5cm (refer to EUT photographs)

4.3. SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR*$10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}$

Scaling factor=$10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}$

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where

P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

$P_{measured}$ is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
GSM	3:8
UMTS	1:1
LTE	1:1
WLAN2450	1:1
WLAN5200	1:1
WLAN5800	1:1

4.3.1 SAR Results

SAR Values [GSM 850]

Ch.	*Freq. (MHz)*	*Time slots*	*Test Position*	*Conducted Power (dBm)*	*Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)*	*Power Drift (%)*	*Scaling Factor*	*SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)*		*Graph Results*
								Measured	*Reported*	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
128	824.2	3Txslots	Front	29.35	29.50	0.21	1.035	0.272	0.282	
128	824.2	3Txslots	Rear	29.35	29.50	2.67	1.035	**0.480**	**0.497**	**Plot 1**
128	824.2	3Txslots	Left	29.35	29.50	1.04	1.035	0.232	0.240	

Remark:

1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. The frame average of GPRS (4Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function, tested at GPRS (4Tx slots) mode for head.

3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [GSM 1900]

Ch.	*Freq. (MHz)*	*time slots*	*Test Position*	*Conducted Power (dBm)*	*Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)*	*Power Drift (%)*	*Scaling Factor*	*SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)*		*Graph Results*
								Measured	*Reported*	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
661	1880.0	3Txslots	Front	26.33	26.50	0.58	1.040	0.306	0.318	
661	1880.0	3Txslots	Rear	26.33	26.50	-4.24	1.040	**0.417**	**0.434**	**Plot 2**
661	1880.0	3Txslots	Left	26.33	26.50	2.22	1.040	0.287	0.298	

Remark:

1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. The frame average of GPRS (4Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function, tested at GPRS (4Tx slots) mode for head.

3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [WCDMA Band V]

Ch.	*Freq. (MHz)*	*Channel Type*	*Test Position*	*Conducted Power (dBm)*	*Maximum Allowed Power*	*Power Drift (%)*	*Scaling Factor*	*SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)*		*Graph Results*
								Measured	*Reported*	

					(dBm)					
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
4182	836.4	RMC*	Front	23.22	23.50	-2.10	1.067	**0.059**	**0.063**	**Plot 3**
4182	836.4	RMC*	Back	23.22	23.50	0.32	1.067	0.041	0.044	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Left	23.22	23.50	4.21	1.067	0.035	0.037	

Remark:
1. The value with block color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
3. RMC - RMC 12.2kbps mode;*

SAR Values [WCDMA Band II]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
9358	1907.6	RMC	Front	23.33	23.50	-1.85	1.040	**0.103**	**0.107**	**Plot 4**
9358	1907.6	RMC	Back	23.33	23.50	0.35	1.040	0.087	0.090	
9358	1907.6	RMC	Left	23.33	23.50	3.94	1.040	0.075	0.078	

Remark:
1. The value with block color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
3. RMC - RMC 12.2kbps mode;*

SAR Values [LTE Band 2]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
18900	1880.0	1RB	Front	24.95	25.00	2.03	1.012	0.088	0.089	
18900	1880.0	1RB	Back	24.95	25.00	-1.25	1.012	**0.104**	**0.105**	**Plot 5**
18900	1880.0	1RB	Left	24.95	25.00	2.01	1.012	0.074	0.075	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Front	23.28	23.50	1.02	1.052	0.076	0.080	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Back	23.28	23.50	0.54	1.052	0.090	0.095	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Left	23.28	23.50	3.16	1.052	0.060	0.063	

SAR Values [LTE Band 5]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
20525	836.5	1RB	Front	25.56	26.00	0.22	1.107	0.102	0.113	
20525	836.5	1RB	Back	25.56	26.00	1.57	1.107	**0.184**	**0.204**	**Plot 6**
20525	836.5	1RB	Left	25.56	26.00	1.92	1.107	0.084	0.093	
20643	844.0	50%RB	Front	23.85	24.00	0.96	1.035	0.064	0.066	
20643	844.0	50%RB	Back	23.85	24.00	0.09	1.035	0.083	0.086	
20643	844.0	50%RB	Left	23.85	24.00	2.90	1.035	0.045	0.047	

SAR Values [LTE Band 7]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (10M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 0mm)										
21100	2535.0	1RB	Front	24.57	25.00	0.63	1.104	0.220	0.243	
21100	2535.0	1RB	Rear	24.57	25.00	-3.86	1.104	**0.266**	**0.294**	**Plot 7**
21100	2535.0	1RB	Left	24.57	25.00	0.03	1.104	0.184	0.203	
21100	2535.0	50%RB	Front	24.25	24.50	1.83	1.059	0.201	0.213	

21100	2535.0	50%RB	Rear	24.25	24.50	0.22	1.059	0.236	0.250	
21100	2535.0	50%RB	Left	24.25	24.50	-0.02	1.059	0.152	0.161	

SAR Values [WIFI2.4G]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
6	2437	802.11b	Front	13.38	13.50	2.51	1.028	0.154	0.158	
6	2437	802.11b	Back	13.38	13.50	-3.94	1.028	**0.190**	**0.195**	**Plot 9**
6	2437	802.11b	Left	13.38	13.50	3.21	1.028	0.113	0.116	
6	2437	802.11b	Bottom	13.38	13.50	1.45	1.028	0.085	0.087	

SAR Values [WIFI5.2G]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
48	5240	802.11a	Front	14.35	14.50	1.51	1.016	0.020	0.021	
48	5240	802.11a	Rear	14.35	14.50	2.59	1.016	**0.029**	**0.030**	**Plot 10**
48	5240	802.11a	Left	14.35	14.50	3.54	1.016	0.014	0.014	
48	5240	802.11a	Bottom	14.35	14.50	1.12	1.016	0.010	0.010	

SAR Values [5.3G]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)										
64	5320	802.11n HT20	Front	14.21	14.50	3.85	1.069	0.030	0.032	
64	5320	802.11n HT20	Rear	14.21	14.50	0.98	1.069	**0.037**	**0.040**	**Plot 11**
64	5320	802.11n HT20	Left	14.21	14.50	-3.54	1.069	0.029	0.031	
64	5320	802.11n HT20	Bottom	14.21	14.50	0.02	1.069	0.021	0.022	

SAR Values [5.5G]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)										
100	5500	802.11n HT20	Front	11.73	12.00	2.54	1.064	0.031	0.033	
100	5500	802.11n HT20	Rear	11.73	12.00	-4.71	1.064	**0.038**	**0.040**	**Plot 12**
100	5500	802.11n HT20	Left	11.73	12.00	3.54	1.064	0.026	0.028	
100	5500	802.11n HT20	Bottom	11.73	12.00	-0.12	1.064	0.018	0.019	

SAR Values [WIFI5.8G]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
157	5785	802.11a	Front	12.68	13.00	1.10	1.076	0.015	0.016	
157	5785	802.11a	Rear	12.68	13.00	3.95	1.076	**0.022**	**0.024**	**Plot 13**
157	5785	802.11a	Left	12.68	13.00	2.63	1.076	0.009	0.010	
157	5785	802.11a	Bottom	12.68	13.00	4.10	1.076	0.008	0.009	

Remark:

1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
3. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements.19 If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
4. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

4.3.2 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations and Estimated SAR

Per KDB447498 requires when the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion;

● (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [√ f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

● 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm

Per FCC KD B447498 D01,simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg.When the sum is greater than the SAR limit,SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

$$\text{Ratio}=\frac{(\text{SAR}_1+\text{SAR}_2)^{1.5}}{(\text{peak location separation,mm})}<0.04$$

Estimated stand alone SAR					
Communication system	Frequency (MHz)	Configuration	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)
Bluetooth*	2450	Hotspot	7.50	10	0.235
Bluetooth*	2450	Body-worn	7.50	10	0.235

Remark:

1. *Bluetooth*- Including Lower power Bluetooth*
2. *Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;*
3. *When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion*
4. *Body as body use distance is 10mm from manufacturer declaration of user manual*

4.4. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

4.4.1 Introduction

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmiting antenna.
The device has 4 antennas, WWAN main antenna, WWAN diversity antenna(RX only), and WiFi/BT antenna supports 2.4Wi-Fi and BT.The 2 TX antennas can always transmit simultaneously.The work mode combination is showed as below table.;

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Combination No.	Mode
1	WWAN+WIFI
2	WWAN+BT

4.4.2 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

Body Hotspot Exposure Conditions

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.2G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.3G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.5G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.8G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.282	**0.318**	**0.158**	0.021	0.032	0.033	0.016	0.472	1.6	no	no
Rear	**0.497**	0.434	**0.195**	0.030	0.040	0.040	0.024	**0.989**	1.6	no	no
Left	0.240	**0.298**	**0.116**	0.014	0.031	0.028	0.010	0.414	1.6	no	no
Right	/	/	**/**	/	/	/	/	**/**	1.6	no	no
Bottom	/	/	**0.087**	0.010	0.022	0.019	0.009	**0.087**	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	/	/	/	/		**/**	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.2G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.3G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.5G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.8G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.063	**0.107**	**0.158**	0.021	0.032	0.033	0.016	0.265	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.044	**0.090**	**0.195**	0.030	0.040	0.040	0.024	**0.285**	1.6	no	no
Left	0.037	**0.078**	**0.116**	0.014	0.031	0.028	0.010	0.194	1.6	no	no
Right	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	1.6	no	no
Bottom	/	/	**0.087**	0.010	0.022	0.019	0.009	0.087	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	/	/	/	/		/	1.6	no	no

SAR for WiFi and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position					
	Front	Rear	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
LTE Band2	0.089	0.105	0.075	/	/	/
LTE Band5	0.113	0.204	0.093	/	/	/
LTE Band7	**0.243**	**0.294**	**0.203**	/	/	/
WiFi2.4G	**0.158**	**0.195**	**0.116**	/	**0.087**	/
WiFi5.2G	0.21	0.030	0.014	/	0.010	0.010
WiFi5.3G	0.032	0.040	0.031		0.022	
WiFi5.5G	0.033	0.040	0.028		0.019	
WiFi5.8G	0.016	0.024	0.010	/	0.009	0.008
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	0.401	**0.489**	0.319	/	0.087	0.091
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.282	**0.318**	**0.235**	0.553	1.6	no	no
Rear	**0.497**	0.434	**0.235**	**0.732**	1.6	no	no
Left	0.240	**0.298**	**0.235**	0.533	1.6	no	no
Right	/	/	/	/	1.6	no	no
Bottom	/	/	**0.235**	**0.235**	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	/	/	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.063	**0.107**	**0.235**	**0.342**	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.044	**0.090**	**0.235**	0.325	1.6	no	no
Left	0.037	**0.078**	**0.235**	0.313	1.6	no	no
Right	/	/	/	/	1.6	no	no
Bottom	/	/	**0.235**	0.235	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	/	/	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position					
	Front	Rear	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
LTE Band2	0.089	0.105	0.075	/	/	/
LTE Band5	0.113	0.204	0.093	/	/	/
LTE Band7	**0.243**	**0.294**	**0.203**	/	/	/
BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	**0.235**	**0.235**	**0.235**	/	**0.235**	/
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	0.478	**0.529**	0.438	/	0.235	/
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	no

Note:
1. The WiFi and BT share same antenna, so cannot transmit at same time.
2. The value with **block** color is the maximum values of standalone

3. The value with blue color is the maximum values of $\sum SAR_{1-g}$

4.5. SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with ≤ 20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.19 The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783.Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

3) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
4) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
5) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
6) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20

Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Configuration	Test Position	Repeated SAR (yes/no)	Highest Measured SAR_{1-g} (W/Kg)	First Repeated	
						Measued SAR_{1-g} (W/Kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
850	GSM 850	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.480	n/a	n/a
	WCDMA Band V	Standalone	Body-Front	no	0.059	n/a	n/a
	LTE Band 5	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.184	n/a	n/a
1900	GSM 1900	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.417	n/a	n/a
	WCDMA Band II	Standalone	Body-Front	no	0.103	n/a	n/a
	LTE Band 2	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.104	n/a	n/a
2450	2.4GWLAN	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.190	n/a	n/a
2600	LTE Band 7	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.266	n/a	n/a
5200	5.2GWLAN	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.029	n/a	n/a
5280	5.3GWLAN	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.037	n/a	n/a
5600	5.5GWLAN	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.038	n/a	n/a
5800	5.8GWLAN	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.022	n/a	n/a

Remark:

1. *Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the orignal and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively)*

4.6. General description of test procedures

1. Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
2. Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
3. According to IEEE 1528 the SAR test shall be performed at middle channel. Testing of top and bottom channel is optional.
4. According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
   - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
   - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
   - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

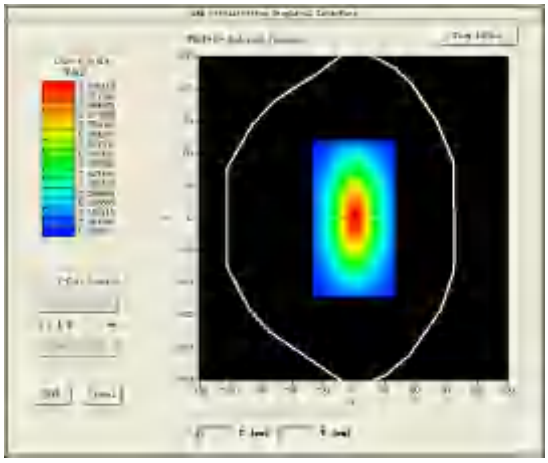
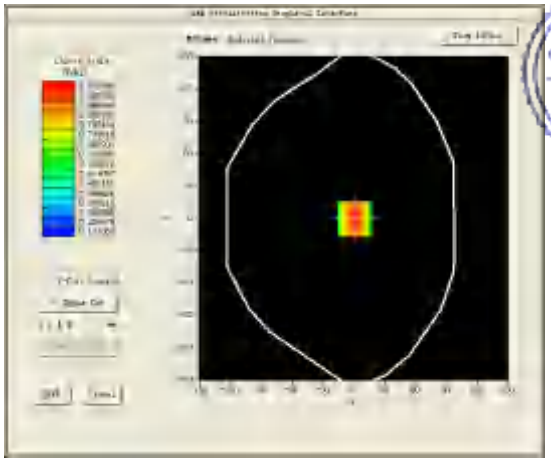
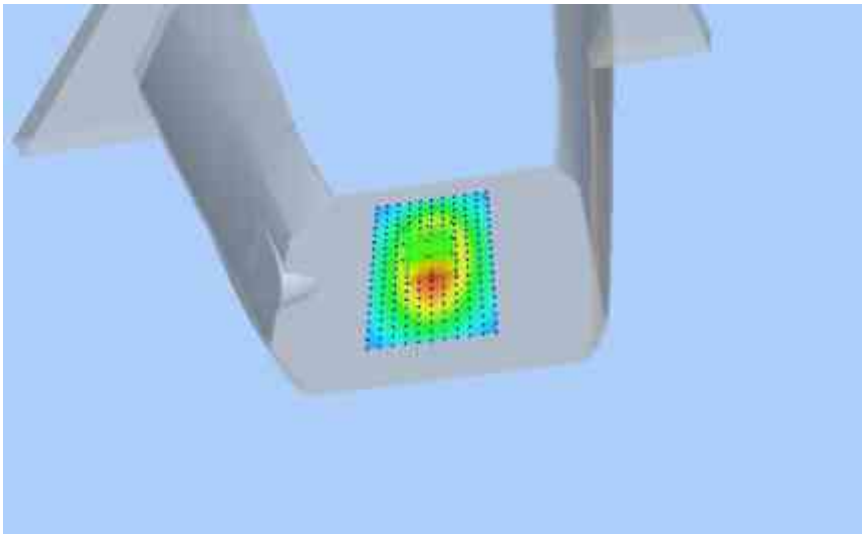
5. IEEE 1528-2003 require the middle channel to be tested first. This generally applies to wireless devices that are designed to operate in technologies with tight tolerances for maximum output power variations across channels in the band. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
6. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements.19 If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
7. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ⩽ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

4.7. Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-6GHz)

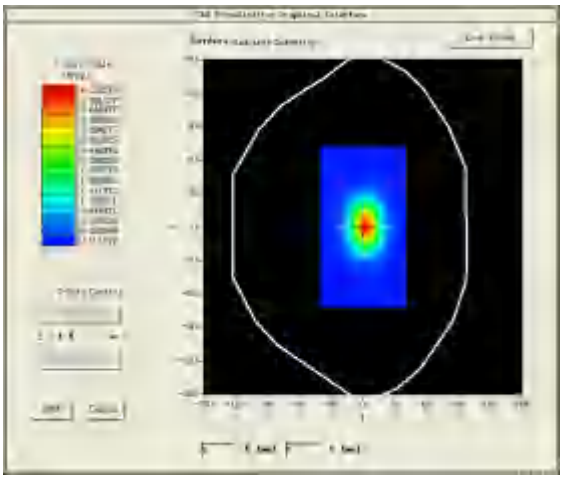
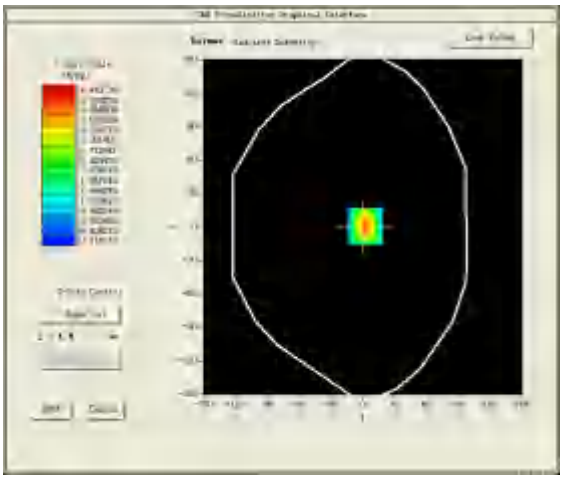
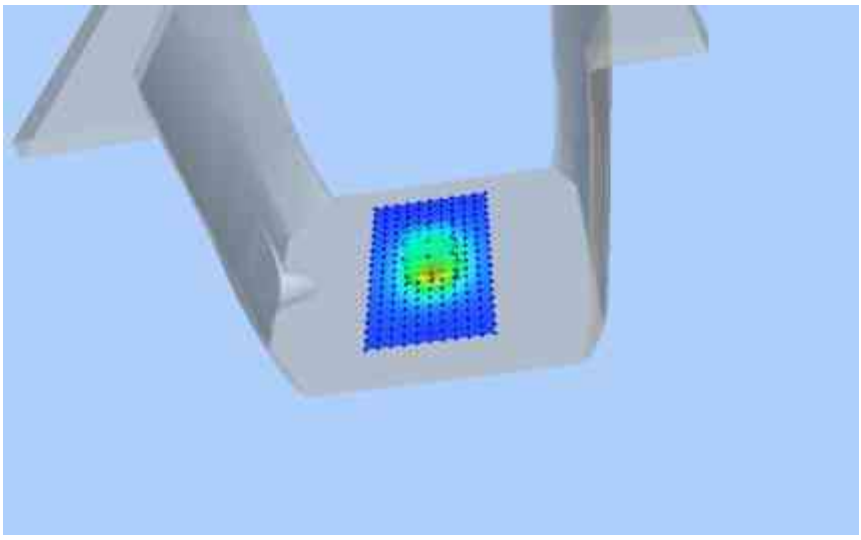
Not required as SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR accoridng to KDB865664D01.

4.8. System Check Results

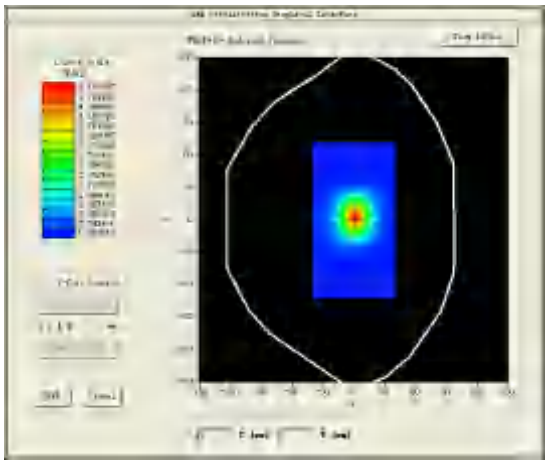
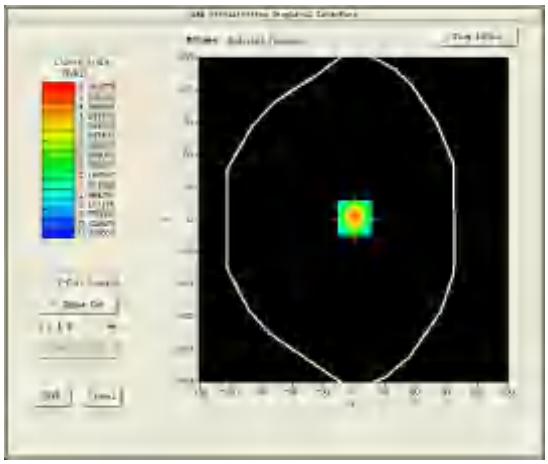
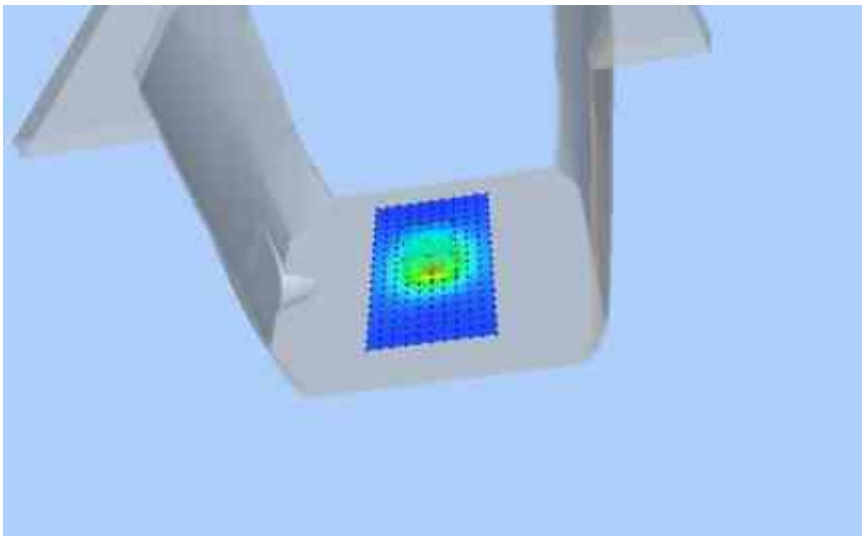
Test mode:835MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID835
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date:November 05, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	835.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.14
Conductivity (S/m)	0.86
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.04
Variation (%)	-0.210000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.632132
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.975488
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

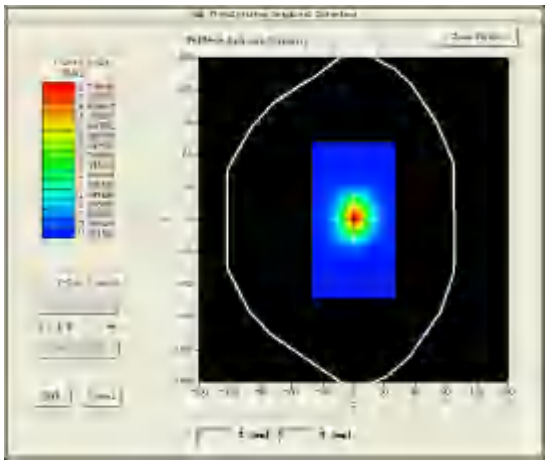
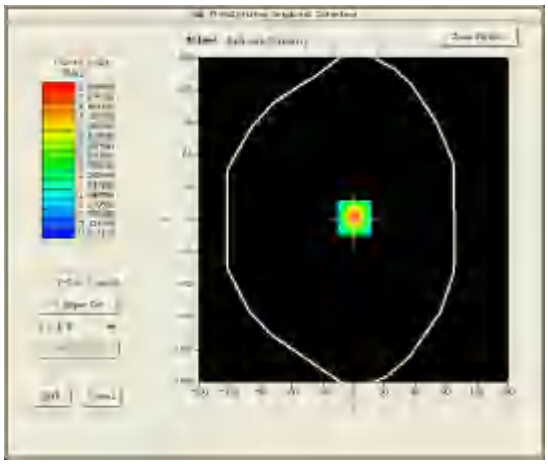
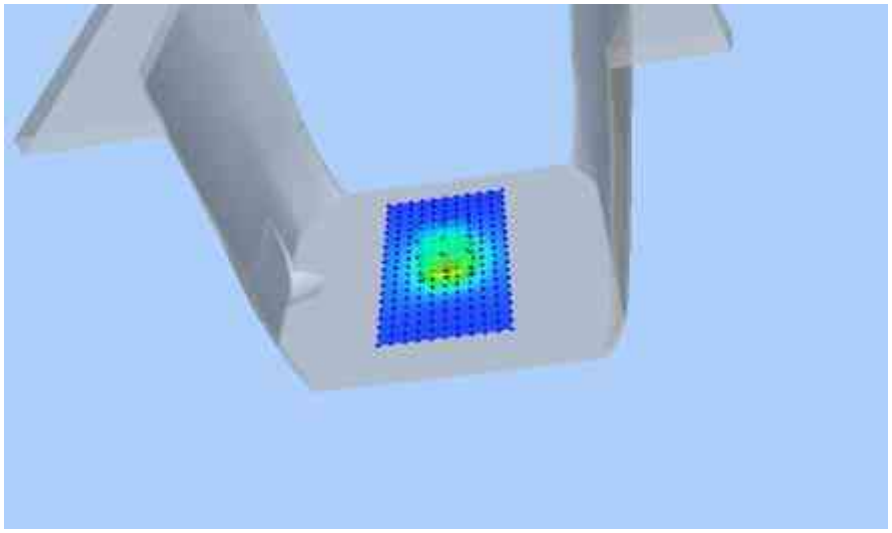
Test mode:1900MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model :Dipole SID1900
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: November 06, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.23
Conductivity (S/m)	1.37
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.10
Variation (%)	-1.170000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.068260
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.921162
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

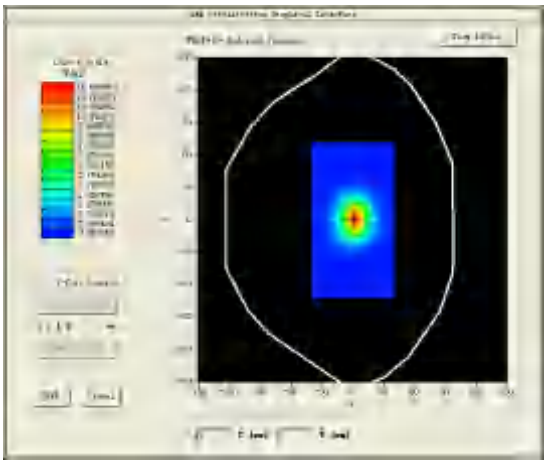
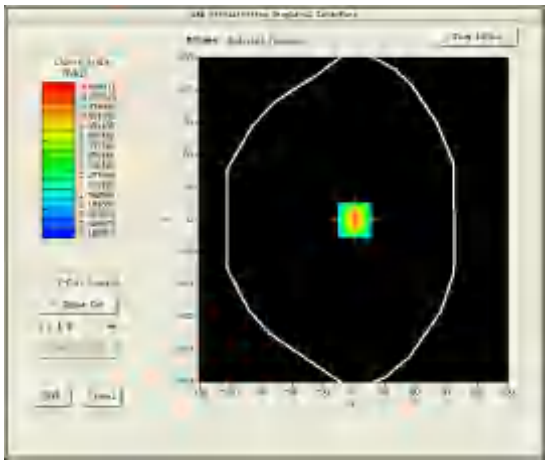
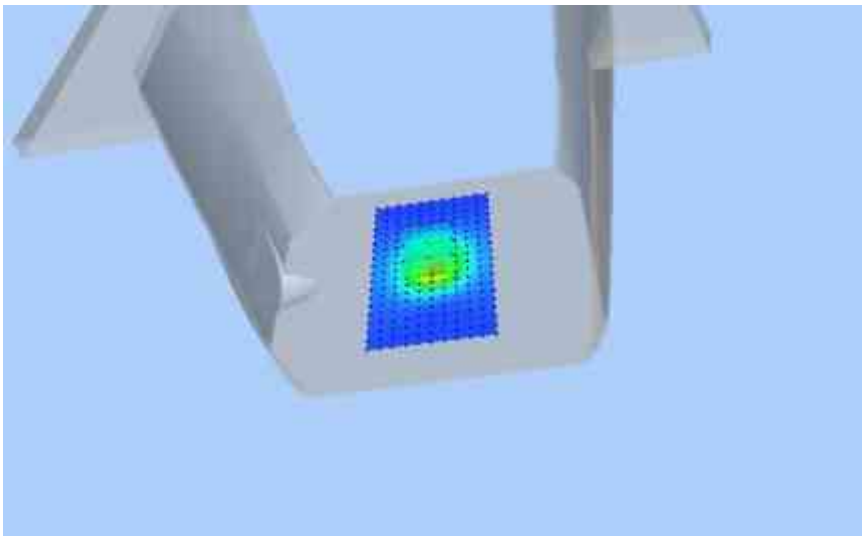
Test mode:2450MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID2450
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: November 07, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.12
Conductivity (S/m)	1.76
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.21
Variation (%)	0.240000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.343463
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.224016
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

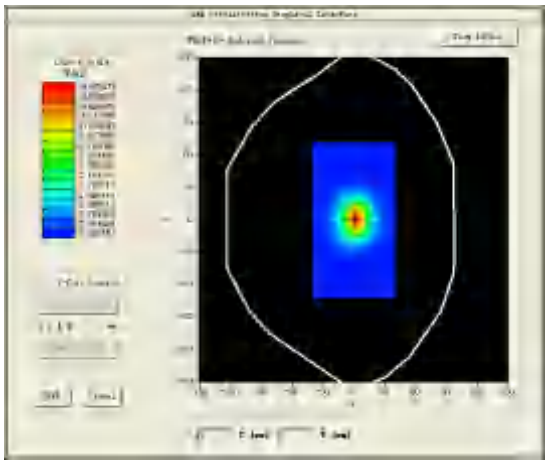
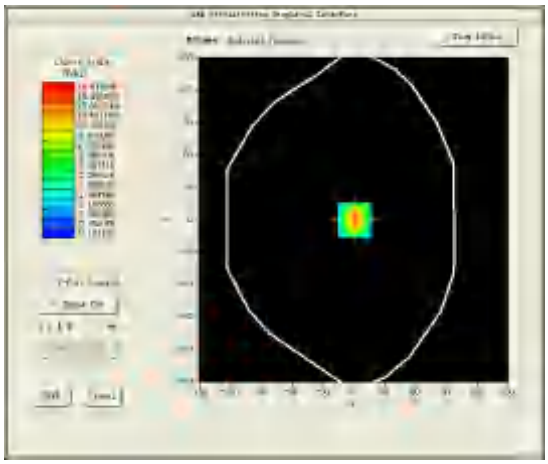
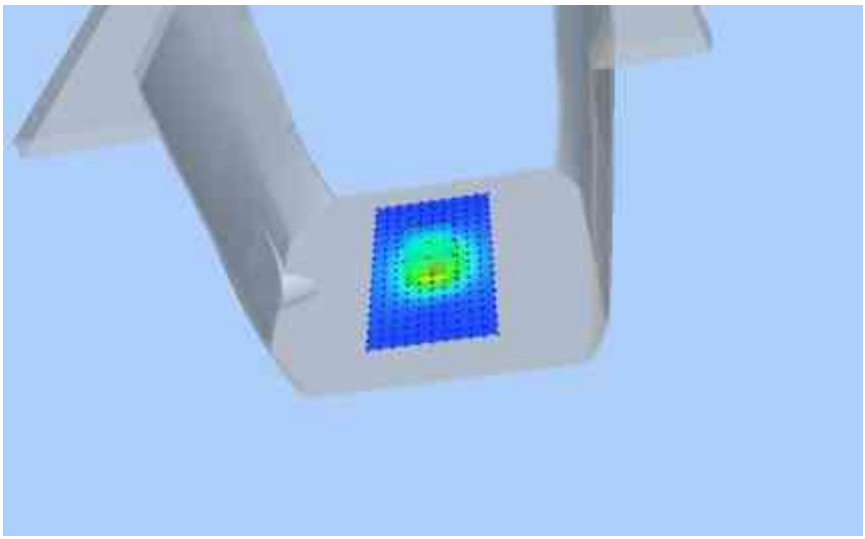
Test mode:2600MHz
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID2600
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: November 08, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2600.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.35
Conductivity (S/m)	1.90
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.89
Variation (%)	-1.200000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.453607
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.600611
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

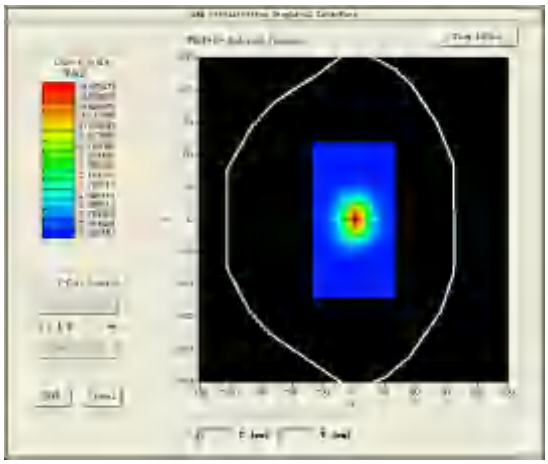
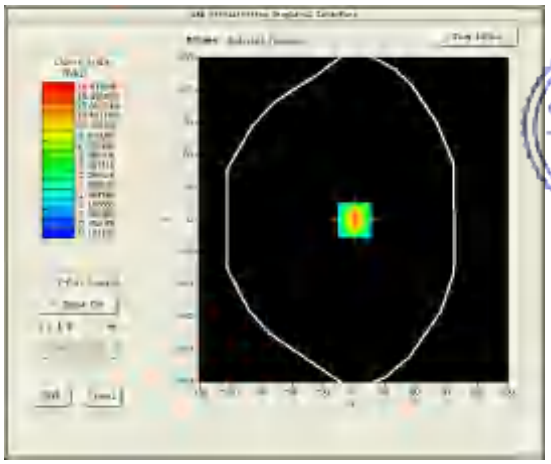
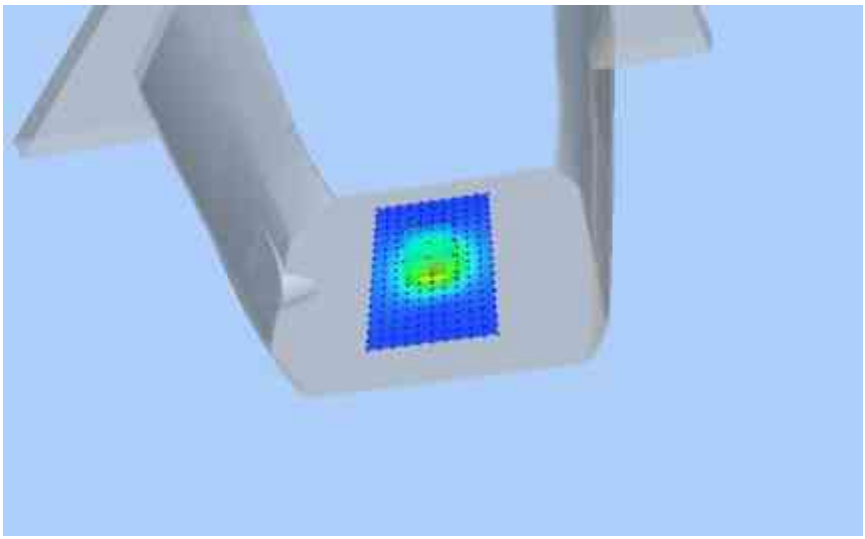
Test mode:5200MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID5000
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: November 09, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5000
Frequency (MHz)	5200.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.0
Conductivity (S/m)	4.66
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.56
Variation (%)	-3.020000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.512210
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	15.467034
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

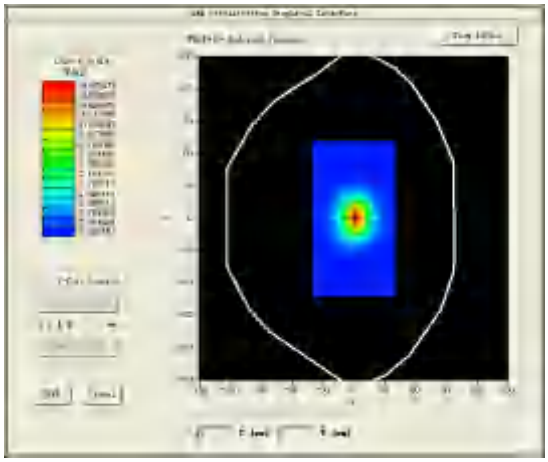
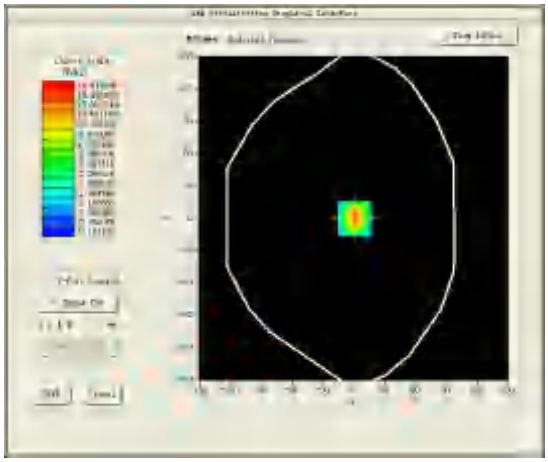
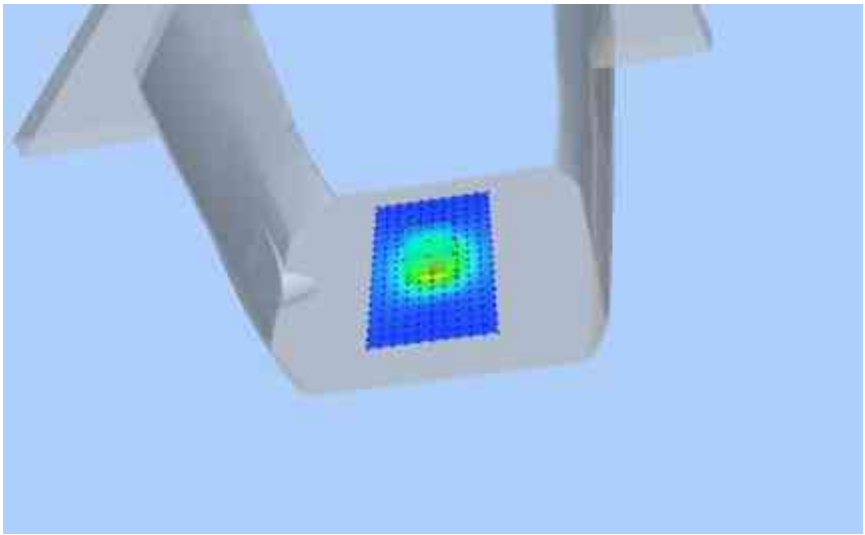
Test mode:5300MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID5000
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: November 09, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5000
Frequency (MHz)	5280.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.3
Conductivity (S/m)	5.27
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Variation (%)	3.210000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.742120
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	16.459222
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

Test mode:5500MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID5000
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: November 10, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5000
Frequency (MHz)	5600.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.3
Conductivity (S/m)	5.27
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Variation (%)	1.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.978036
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	17.289212
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

Test mode:5800MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID5000
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date:November 10, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5000
Frequency (MHz)	5800.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.3
Conductivity (S/m)	5.27
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Variation (%)	-1.010000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.177085
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	18.293250
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

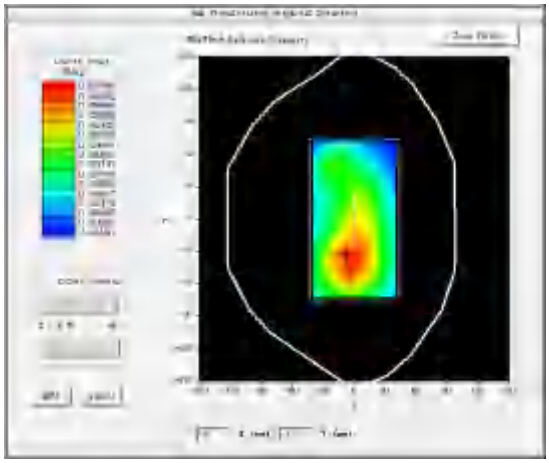
4.9. SAR Test Graph Results

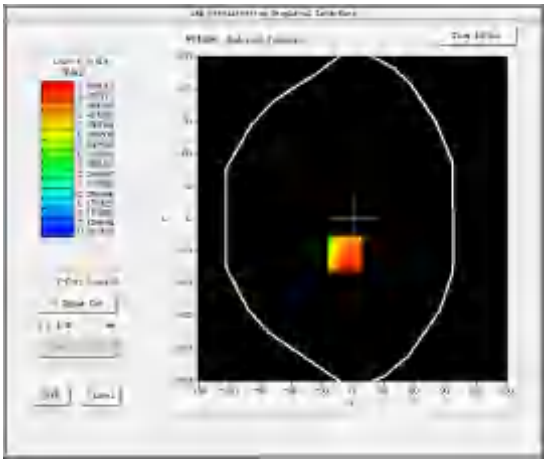
SAR plots for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination

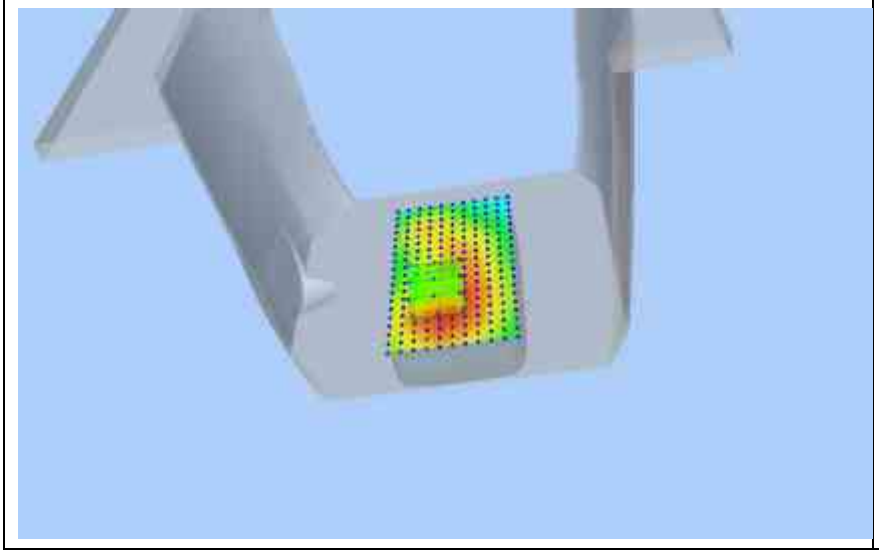
#1

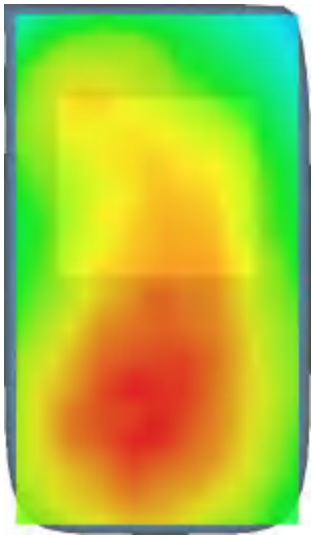
Test Mode: Hotspot GSM850MHz,Low channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description:GPS Navigator
Model:N21
Test Date: November 05, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	824.2000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.23
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	2.670000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.340208
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.479944
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



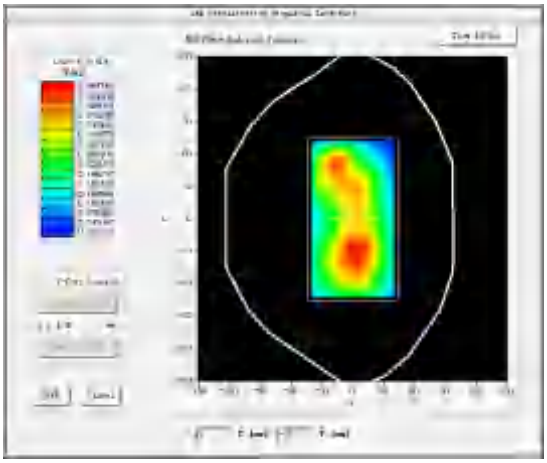
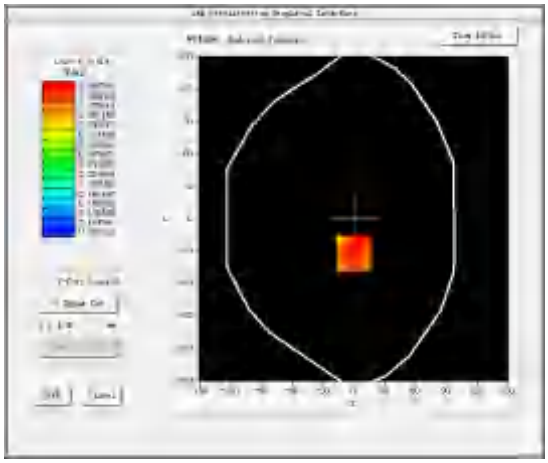
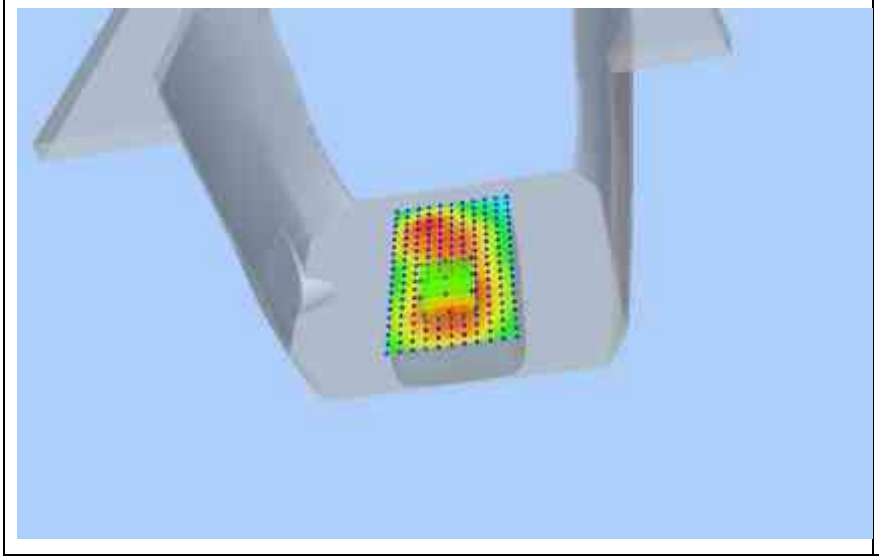
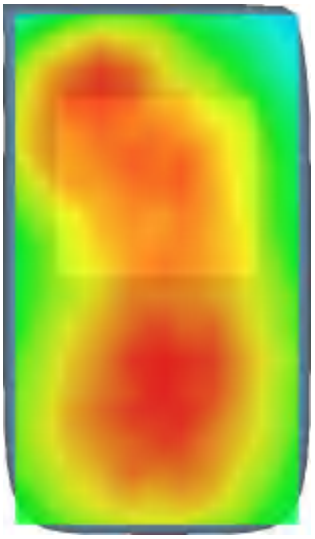






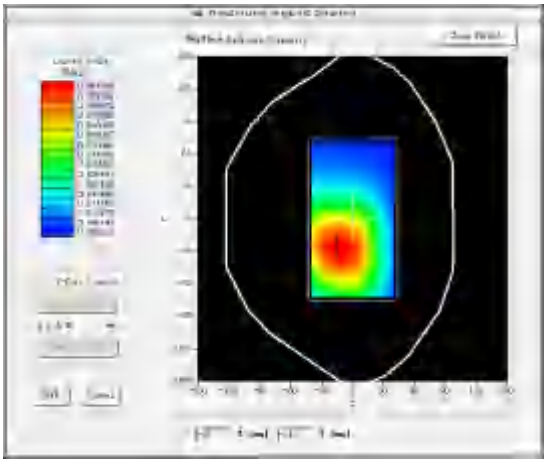
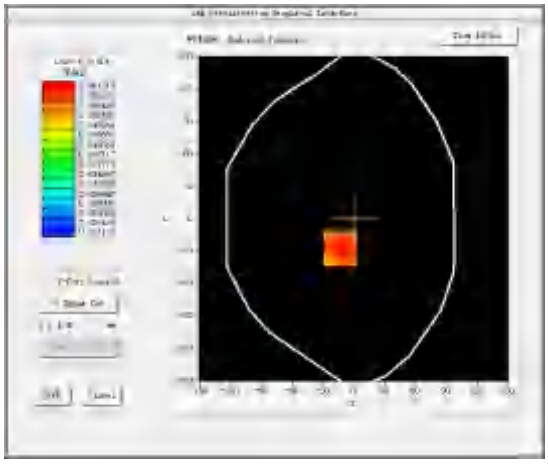
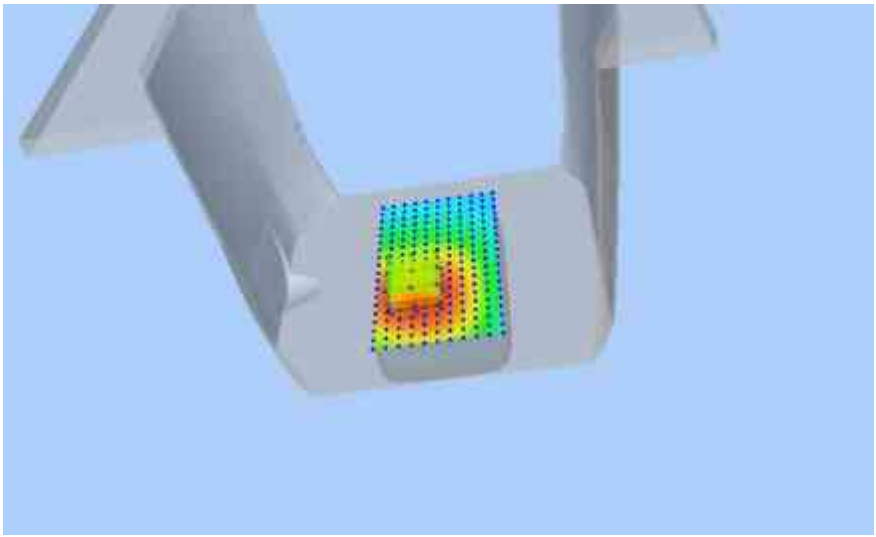
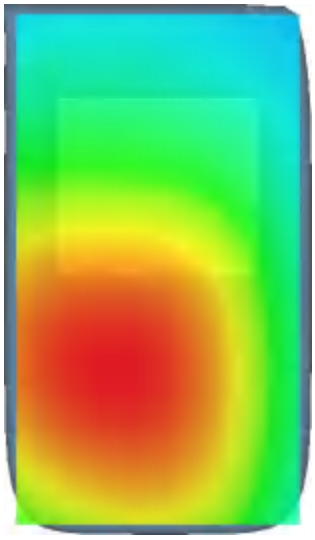
#2

Test Mode: Hotspot GPRS1900MHz,Middle channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description:GPS Navigator
Model:N21
Test Date: November 06, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.75
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-4.240000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.302944
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.417148
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

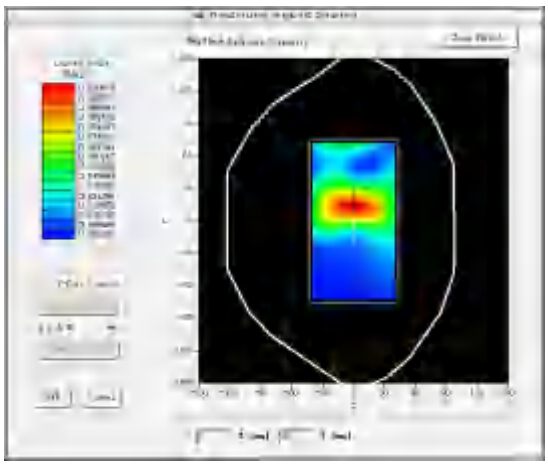
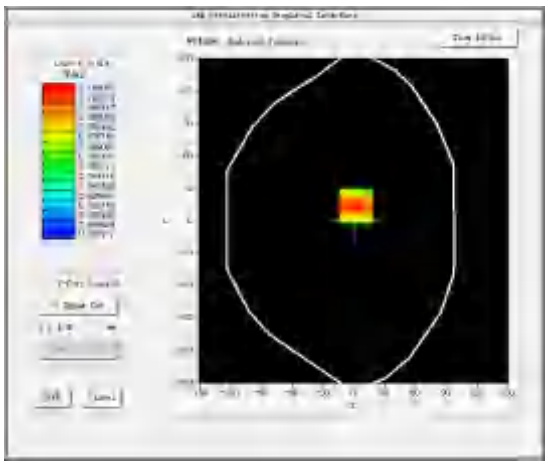
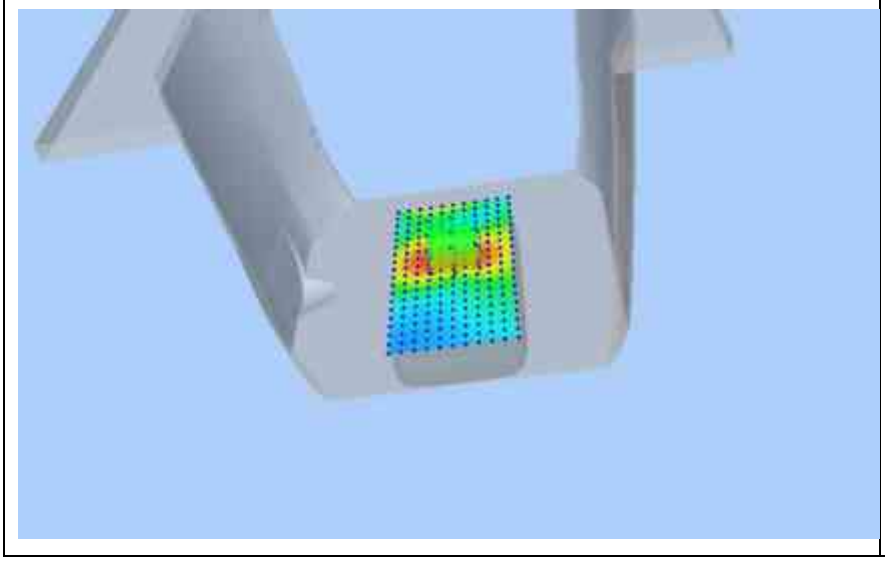
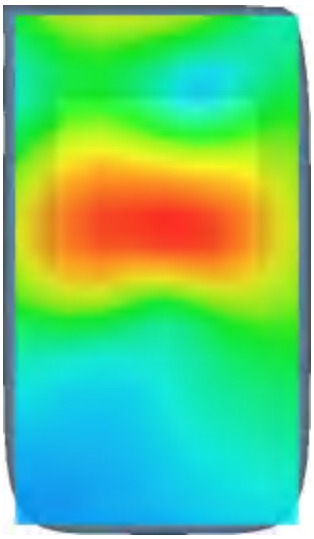
#3

Test Mode: Hotspot WCDMA Band V,Middle channel(Body Front Side)
Product Description:GPS Navigator
Model:N21
Test Date: November 05, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.4000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.23
Conductivity (S/m)	0.89
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.85
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-2.100000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.045421
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.059419
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

#4

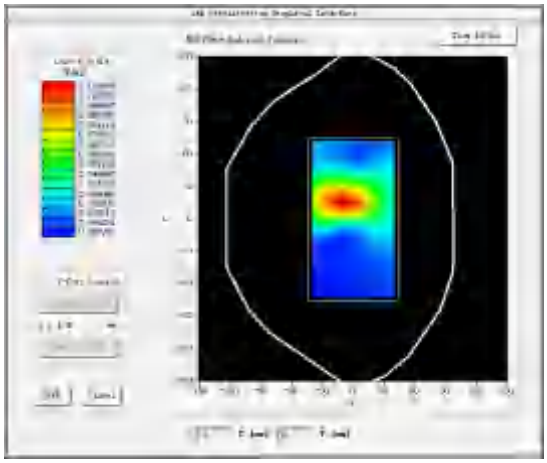
Test Mode: Hotspot WCDMA Band II,High channel(Body Front Side)
Product Description:GPS Navigator
Model:N21
Test Date: November 06, 2021

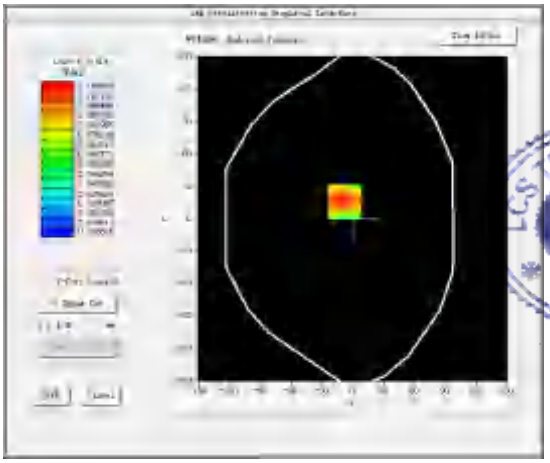
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.25
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.87
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.850000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.065150
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.103119
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

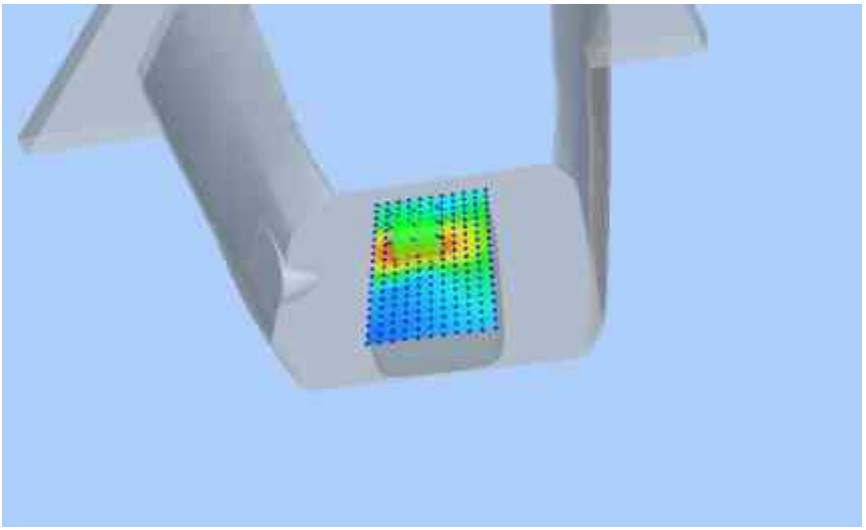
#5

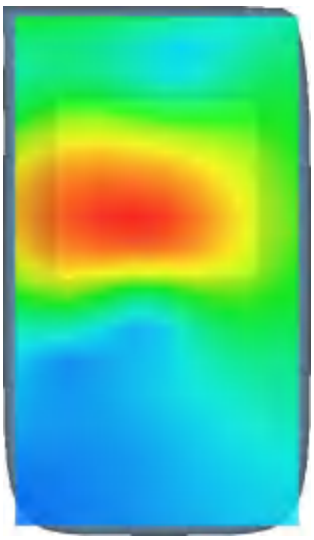
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 2, 1RB,Middle channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description:GPS Navigator
Model:N21
Test Date: November 06, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.22
Conductivity (S/m)	1.78
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.250000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.065767
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.104254
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**



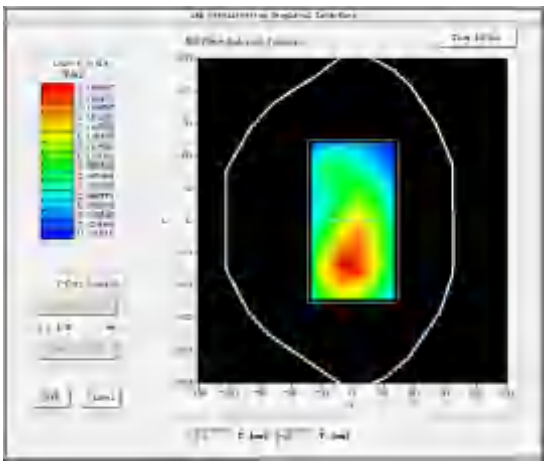
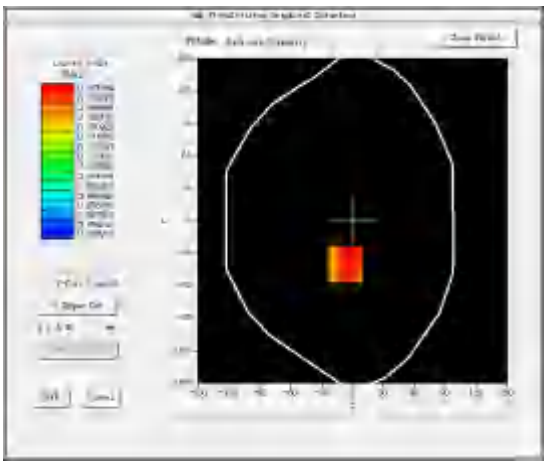
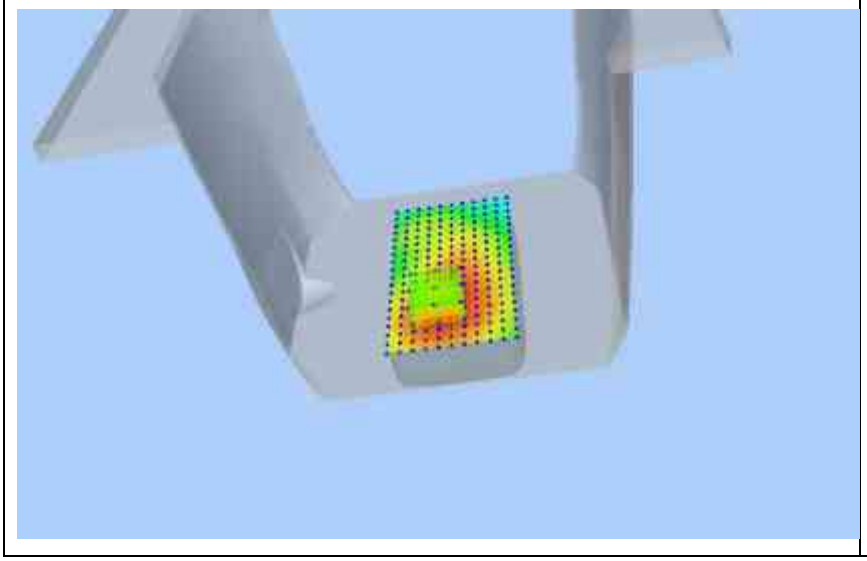
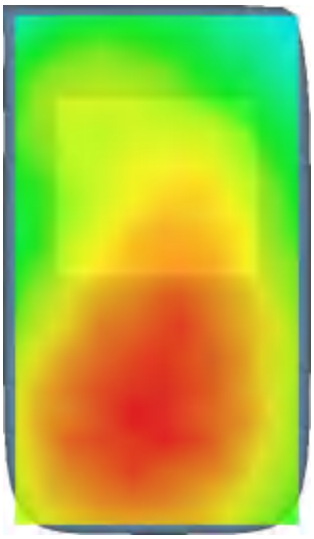






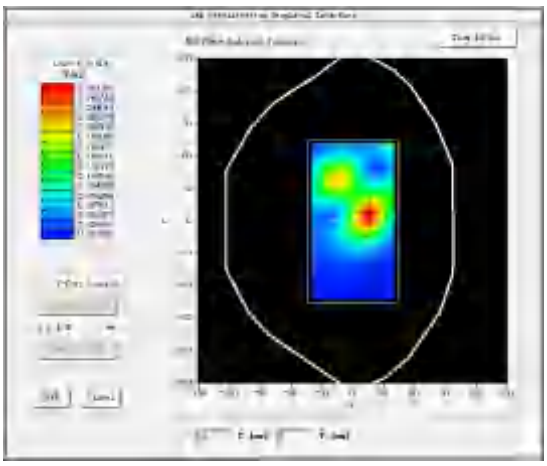
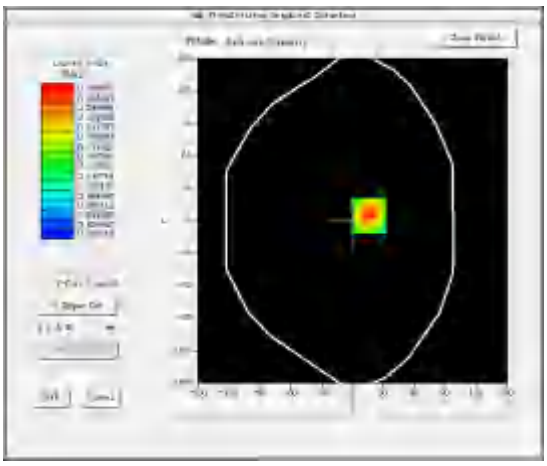
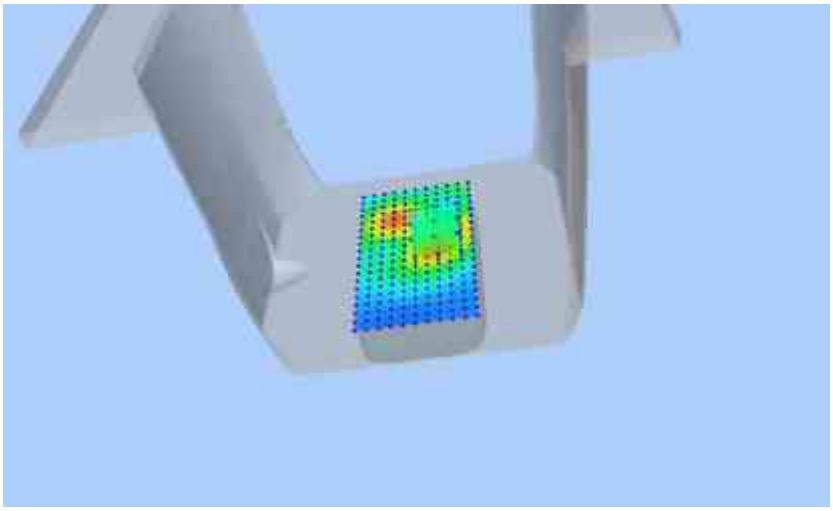
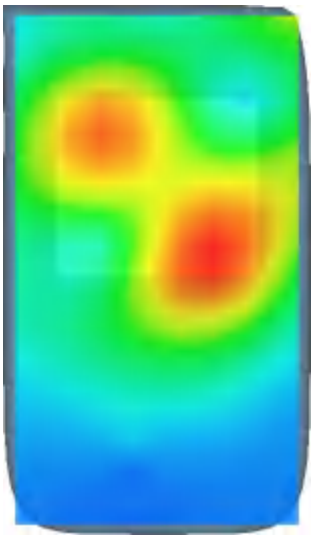
#6

Test Mode: LTE Band 5, 1RB,Middle channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description:GPS Navigator
Model:N21
Test Date: November 05, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	836.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.68
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.570000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.134894
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.183890
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

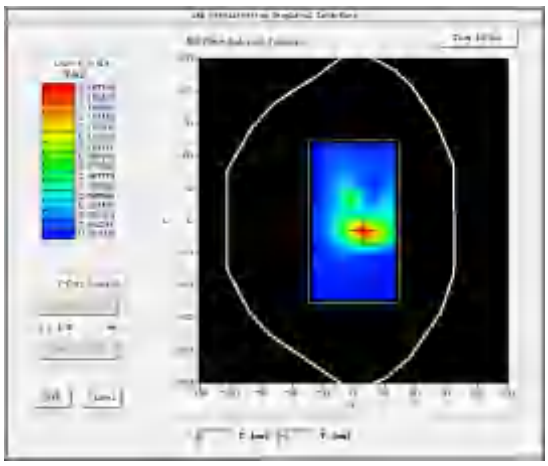
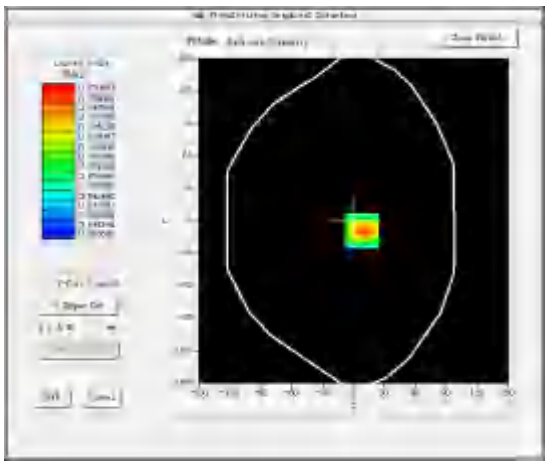
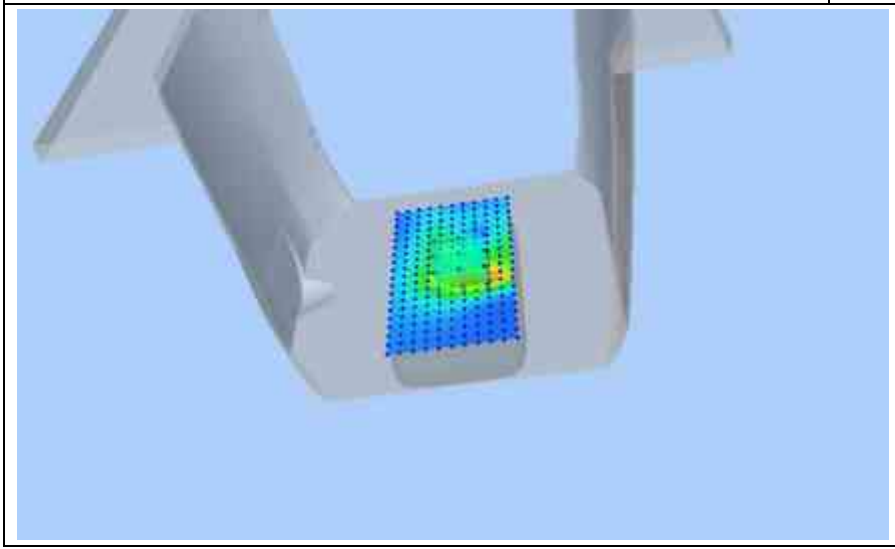
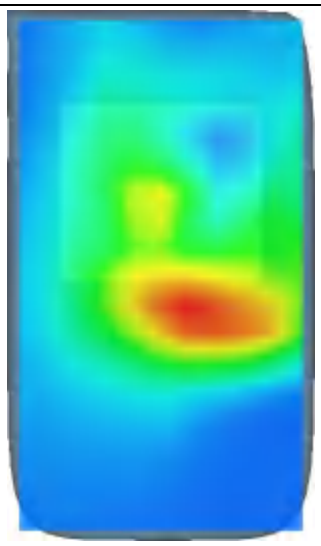
#7

Test Mode: LTE Band 7, 1RB,Middle channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description:GPS Navigator
Model:N21
Test Date: November 08, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2535.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.36
Conductivity (S/m)	2.15
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.94
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-3.860000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.144050
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.266242
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

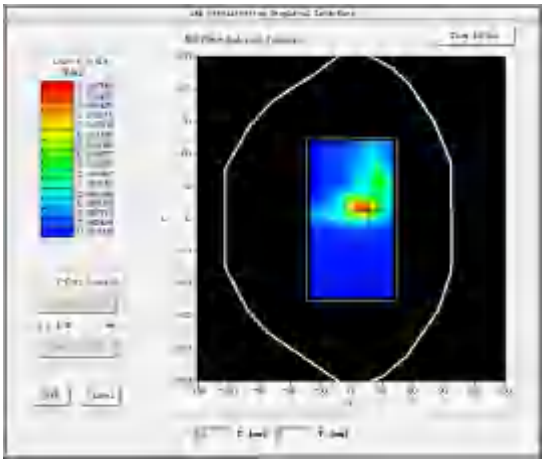
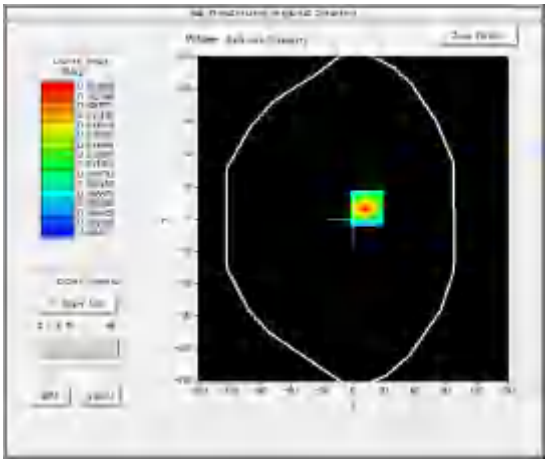
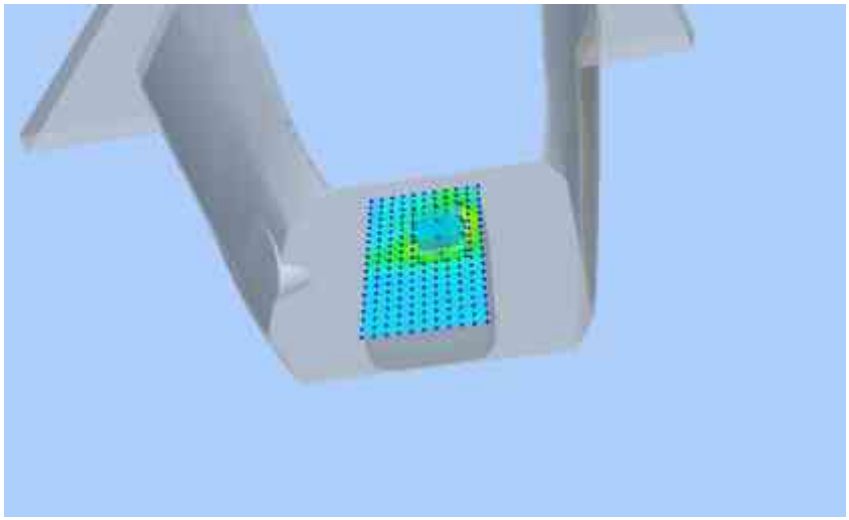
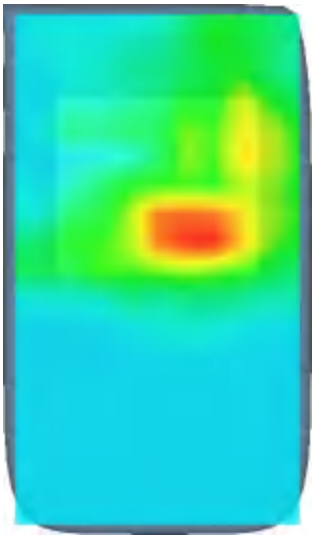
#8

Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11b (WiFi2.4G),Middle channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description:GPS Navigator
Model:N21
Test Date: November 07, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2437.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.03
Conductivity (S/m)	1.79
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.77
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-3.940000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.085396
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.189820
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

#9

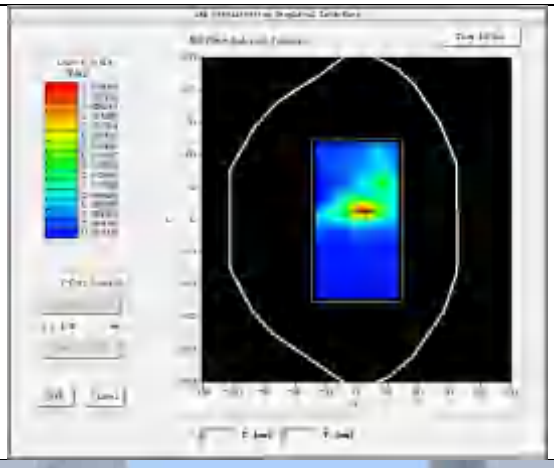
Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11a(WiFi5.2G), High channel (Body Rear Side)
Product Description:GPS Navigator
Model:N21
Test Date: November 09, 2021

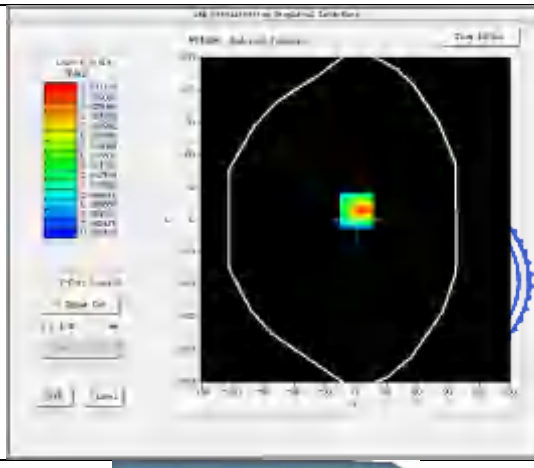
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5200
Frequency (MHz)	5240.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.92
Conductivity (S/m)	1.83
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.91
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	2.590000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.010058
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.029006
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

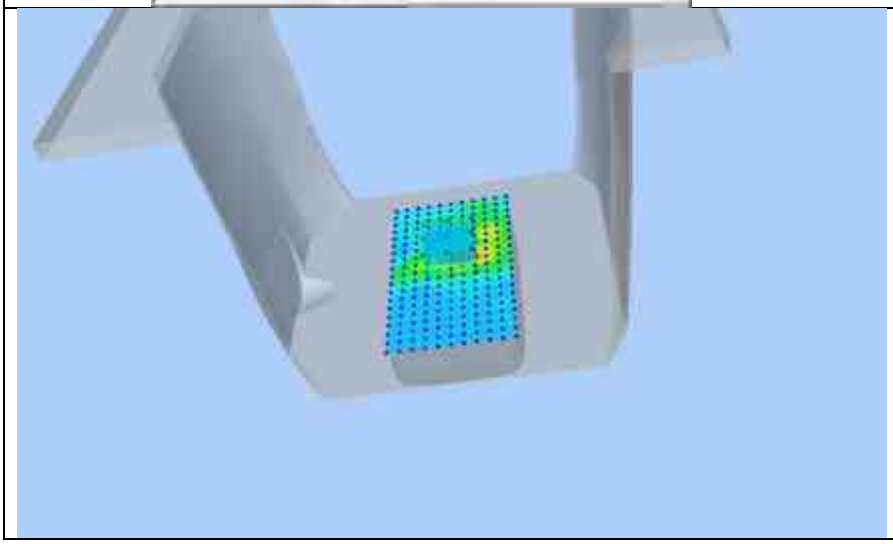
#10

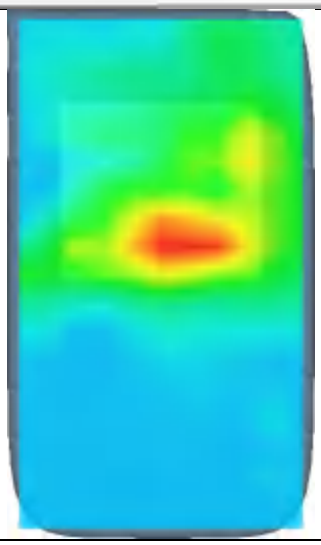
Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 (WiFi5.3G),High channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: GPS Navigator
Model: N21
Test Date: November 09, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_3.5-6G
Frequency (MHz)	5320.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	47.39
Conductivity (S/m)	6.27
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.56
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.980000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.013577
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.037274
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**



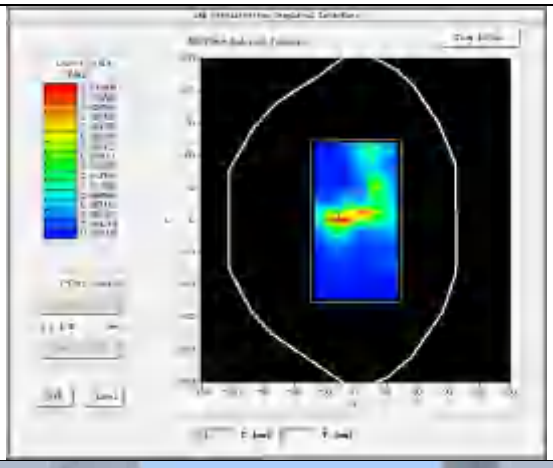
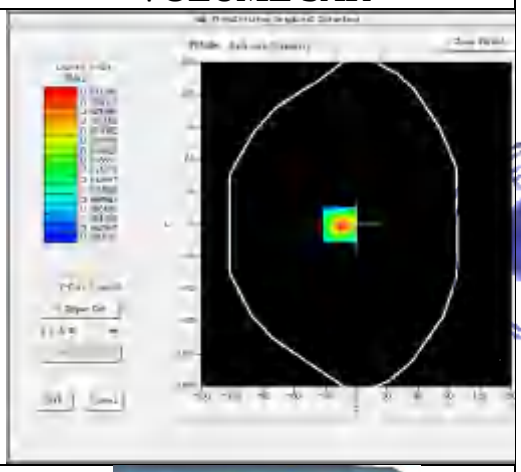
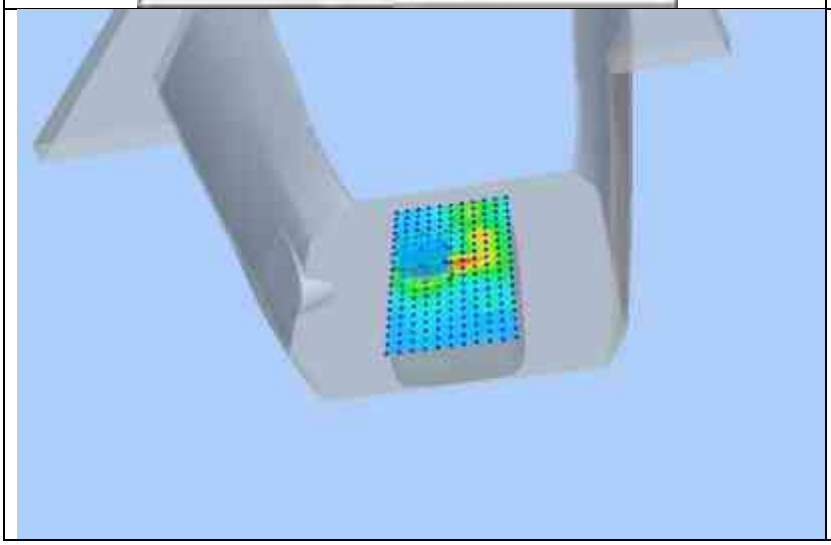
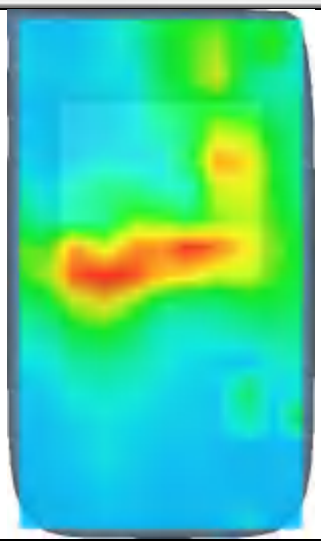






#11

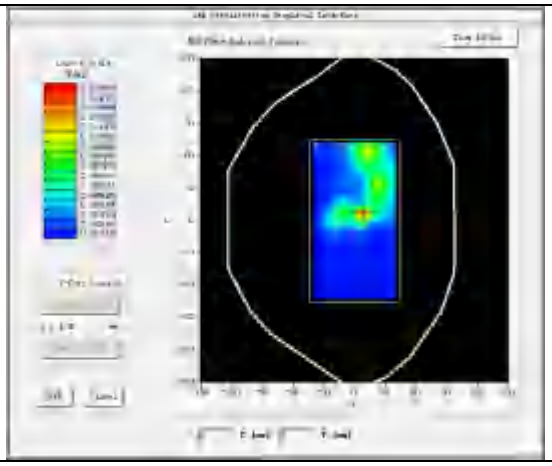
Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 (WiFi5.5G),Low channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: GPS Navigator
Model: N21
Test Date: November 10, 2021

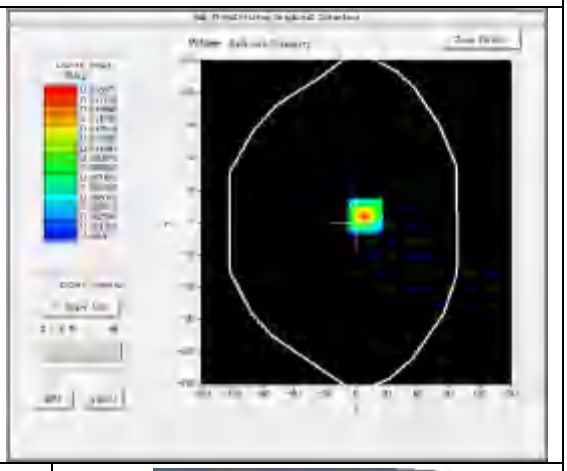
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_3.5-6G
Frequency (MHz)	5500.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	47.39
Conductivity (S/m)	6.27
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.56
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-4.710000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.013268
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.038342
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

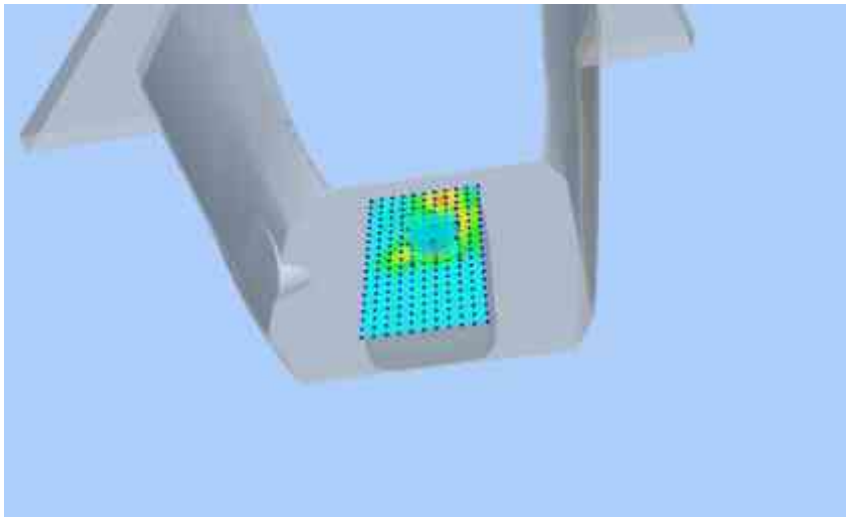
#12

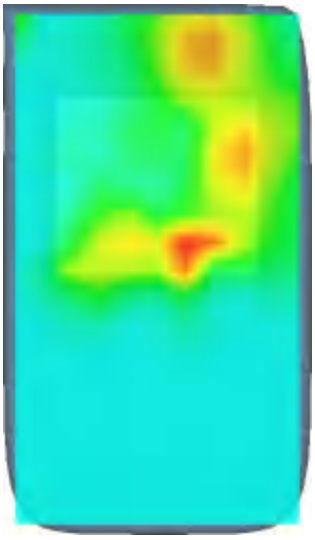
Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11a (WiFi5.8G), Middle channel (Body Rear Side)
Product Description:GPS Navigator
Model:N21
Test Date:November 10, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5800
Frequency (MHz)	5785.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.92
Conductivity (S/m)	1.83
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.91
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	3.950000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.007496
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.022317
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**









5. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

5.1 Probe-EPGO324 Calibration Certificate

COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.
1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 31/17 EPGO324

Calibrated at MVG US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

Calibration Date: 10/06/2021

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/6/2021	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/6/2021	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/6/2021	Kim Rutkowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	10/6/2021	Initial release

Page: 2/10

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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Product Condition (new / used)	New
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.189 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.203 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.218 MΩ

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

Figure 1 – *MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole*

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%

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Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

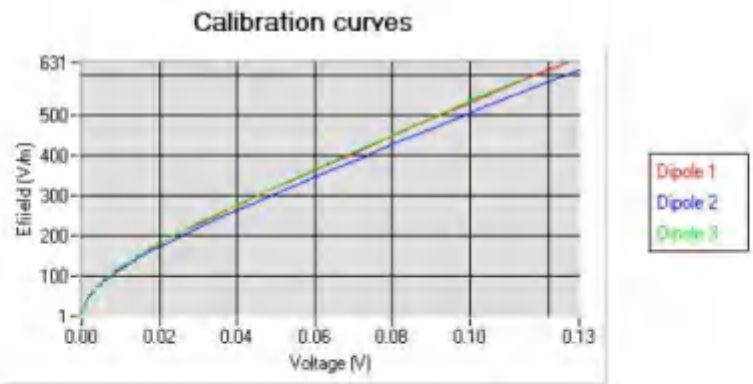
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 (μV/(V/m)²)	Normy dipole 2 (μV/(V/m)²)	Normz dipole 3 (μV/(V/m)²)
0.80	0.83	0.68

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
95	90	93

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



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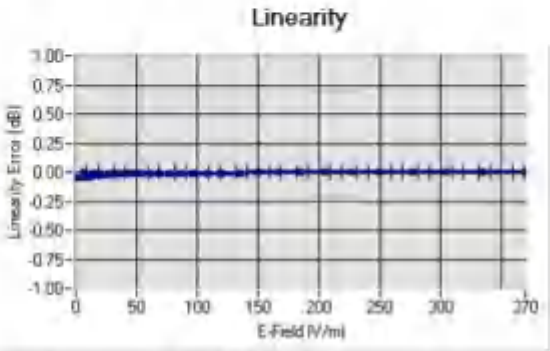
5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity:+/-1.13% (+/-0.05dB)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL450	450	42.17	0.86	1.56
BL450	450	57.65	0.95	1.60
HL750	750	40.03	0.93	1.45
BL750	750	56.83	1.00	1.50
HL850	835	42.19	0.90	1.55
BL850	835	54.67	1.01	1.59
HL900	900	42.08	1.01	1.54
BL900	900	55.25	1.08	1.60
HL1800	1800	41.68	1.46	1.65
BL1800	1800	53.86	1.46	1.68
HL1900	1900	38.45	1.45	1.86
BL1900	1900	53.32	1.56	1.93
HL2000	2000	38.26	1.38	1.83
BL2000	2000	52.70	1.51	1.89
HL2300	2300	39.44	1.62	1.95
BL2300	2300	54.52	1.77	2.01
HL2450	2450	37.50	1.80	1.91
BL2450	2450	53.22	1.89	1.95
HL2600	2600	39.80	1.99	1.89
BL2600	2600	52.52	2.23	1.94
HL5200	5200	35.64	4.67	1.50
BL5200	5200	48.64	5.51	1.56
HL5400	5400	36.44	4.87	1.44
BL5400	5400	46.52	5.77	1.47
HL5600	5600	36.66	5.17	1.48
BL5600	5600	46.79	5.77	1.53
HL5800	5800	35.31	5.31	1.50
BL5800	5800	47.04	6.10	1.55

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 9mW/kg

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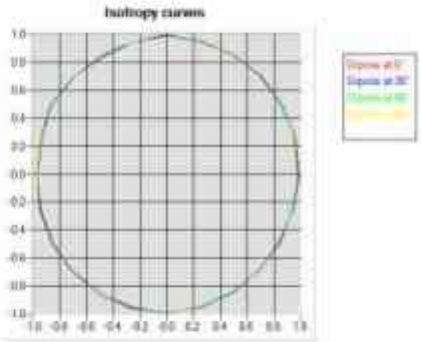
5.4 ISOTROPY

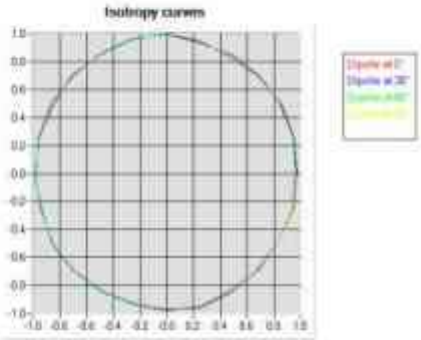
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



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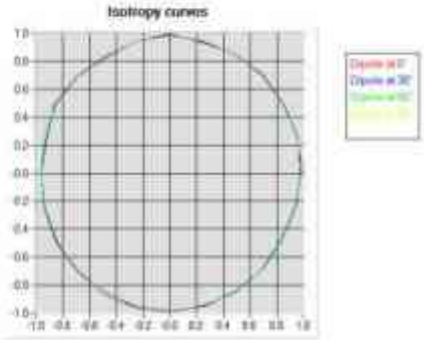
HL5600 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.10 dB



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6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2019	02/2022
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2019	10/2021
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2020	01/2023
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2020	01/2023
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2020	01/2023
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2020	01/2023
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2020	11/2023

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5.2 SID835Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

SATIMO

The microwave vision company

SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA

SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303

Calibrated at SATIMO US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

ilac-MRA ACCREDITED

09/29/2021

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SATIMO

SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/12/2021	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/12/2021	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/12/2021	Kim Rutkowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	10/12/2021	Initial release

Page: 2/11

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID835
Serial Number	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303
Product Condition (new / used)	New

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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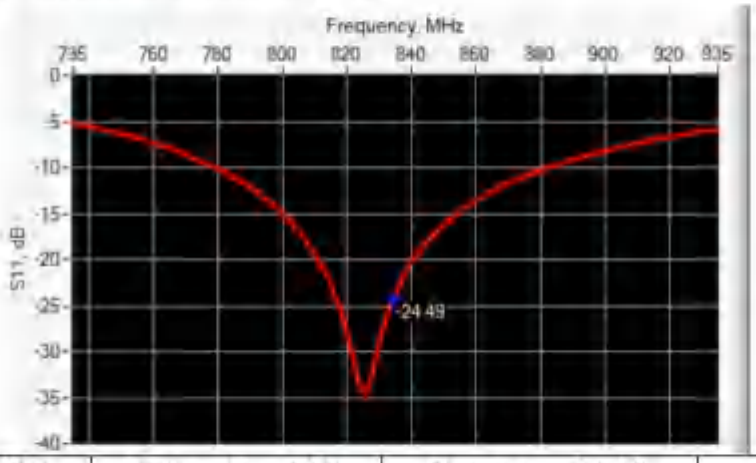
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-24.49	-20	54.9 Ω + 2.8 jΩ

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.	PASS	89.8 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 42.3 sigma : 0.92
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm

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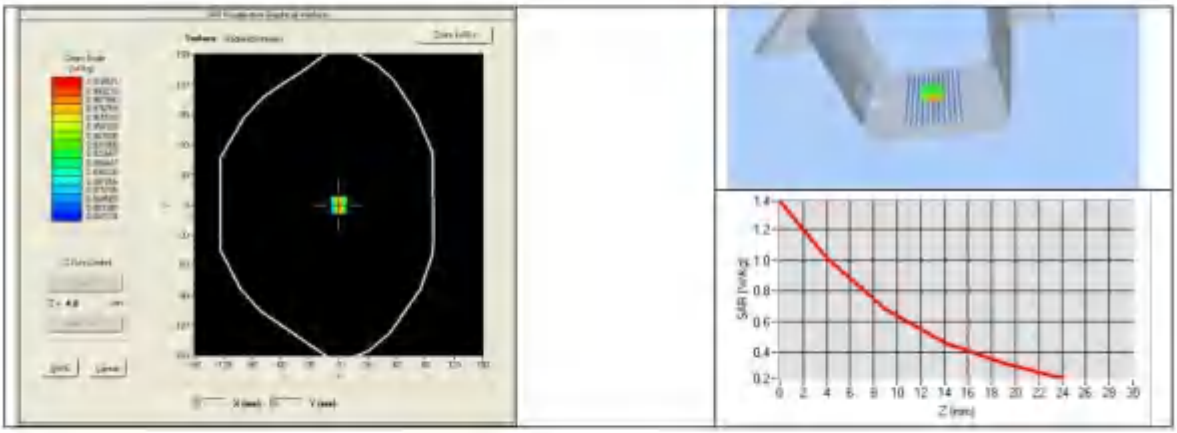
SATIMO

SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.60 (0.96)	6.22	6.20 (0.62)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



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7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %	PASS	0.97 ±5 %	PASS
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 54.1 sigma : 0.97
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

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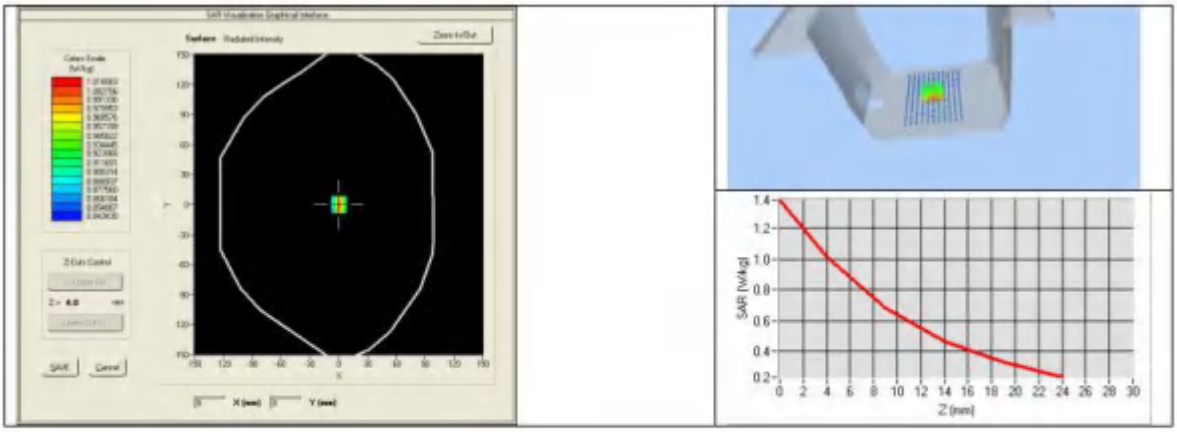
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	9.90 (0.99)	6.39 (0.64)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2021	02/2024
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2018	12/2021
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2021	10/2022
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2018	12/2021
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2018	12/2021
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2018	12/2021
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2018	12/2021
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2021	8/2024

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5.3 SID1900 Dipole Calibration Certificate

SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.273.2.18.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

Calibration Date: 09/22/2021

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.273.2.18.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	09/28/2021	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	09/28/2021	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	09/28/2021	Kim Rutkowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	09/28/2021	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID1900
Serial Number	SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

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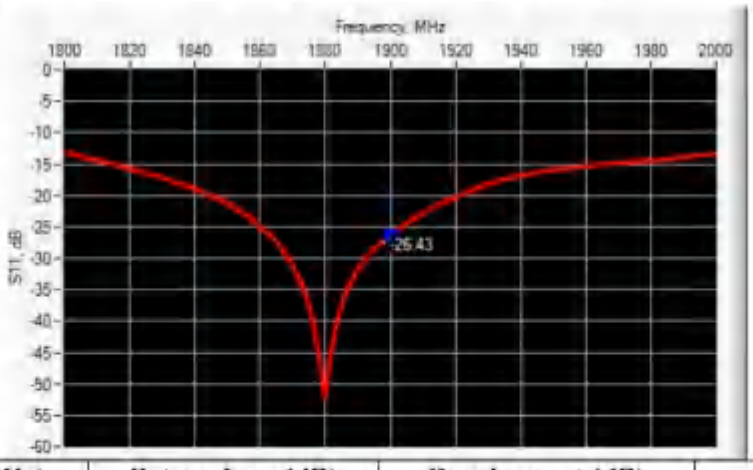
10 g	20.1 %

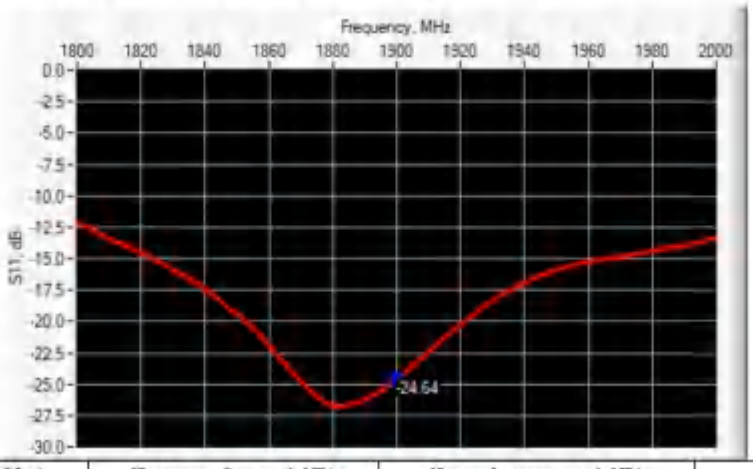
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-26.43	-20	50.5 Ω + 4.7 jΩ

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-24.64	-20	46.2 Ω + 4.4 jΩ

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	PASS	39.5 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 38.5 sigma : 1.45
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

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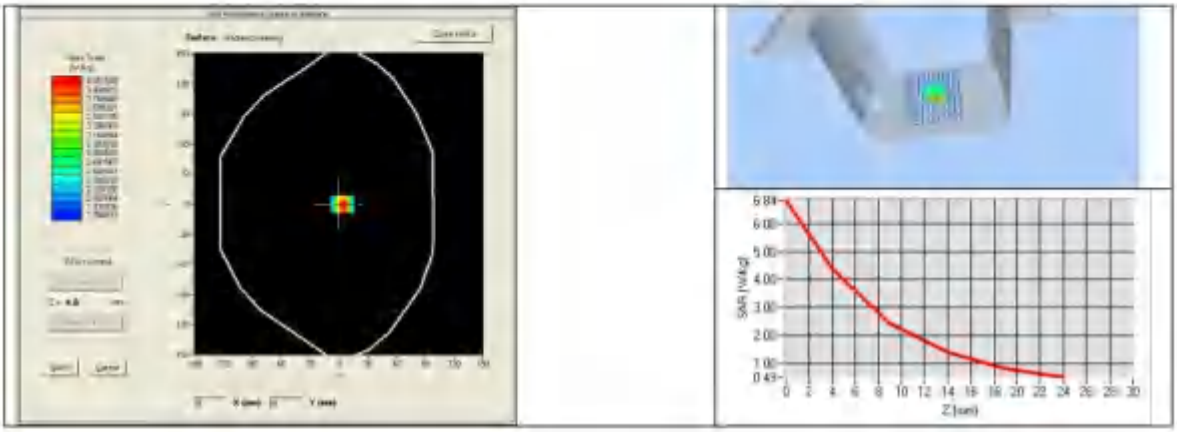
1900	39.7	40.03 (4.00)	20.5	20.55 (2.06)
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %	PASS	1.52 ±5 %	PASS
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	

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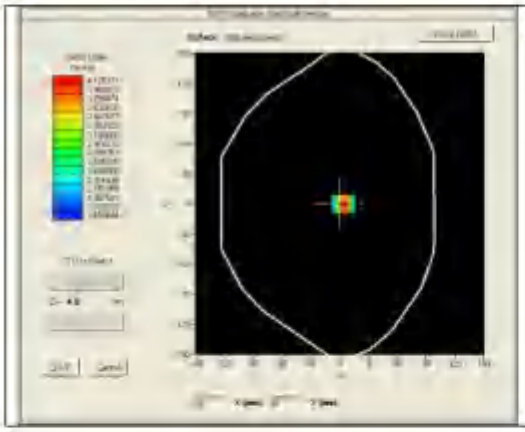
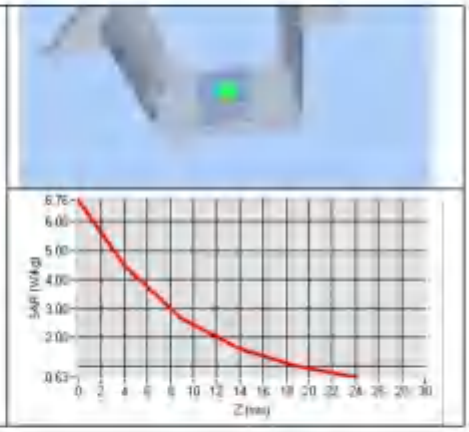
2300	52.9 ±5 %		1.81 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
3700	51.0 ±5 %		3.55 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 53.3 sigma : 1.56
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
1900	40.91 (4.09)	21.40 (2.14)





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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	06/2021	06/2024
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2020	01/2023
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	08/2021	08/2022
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2020	01/2023
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2020	01/2023
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	11/2020	11/2023
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2020	01/2023
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2020	11/2023

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5.4 SID2450 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

SATIMO

The microwave vision company

SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.287.8.14.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA

SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306

Calibrated at SATIMO US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

ilac-MRA ACCREDITED

09/29/2021

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.8.14.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/12/2021	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/12/2021	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/12/2021	Kim Rutkowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	10/12/2021	Initial release

Page: 2/11

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID2450
Serial Number	SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306
Product Condition (new / used)	New

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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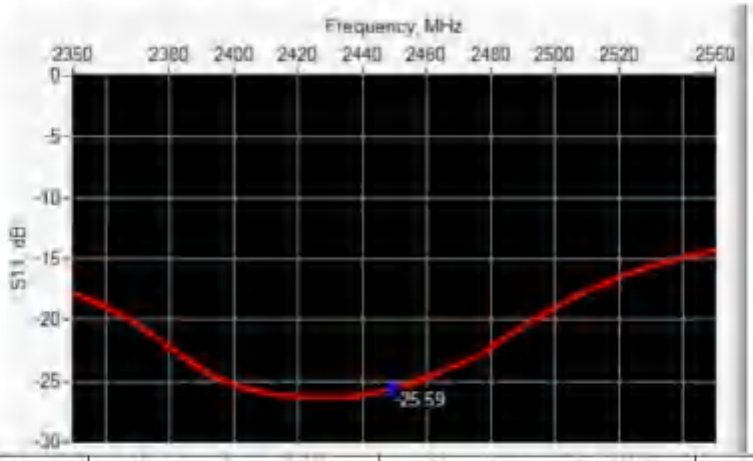
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-25.59	-20	44.7 Ω - 1.1 jΩ

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.	PASS	30.4 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %	PASS	1.80 ±5 %	PASS
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 39.0 sigma : 1.77
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm

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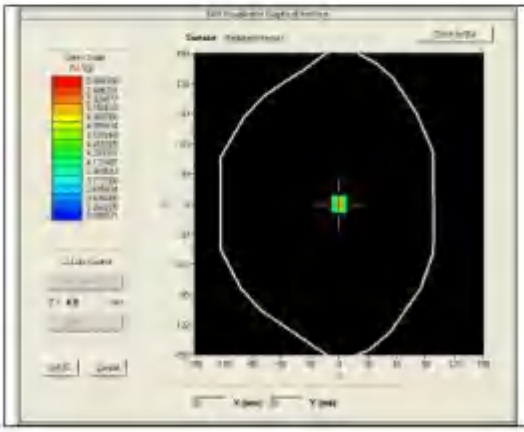
SATIMO

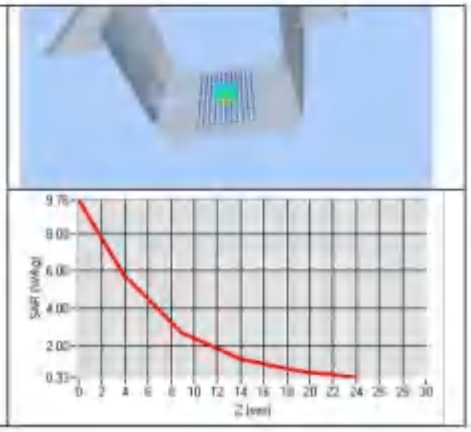
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.8.14.SATU.A

Zoom Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4	53.89 (5.39)	24	24.15 (2.42)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





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7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε,')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %	PASS	1.95 ±5 %	PASS
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 53.0 sigma : 1.93
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

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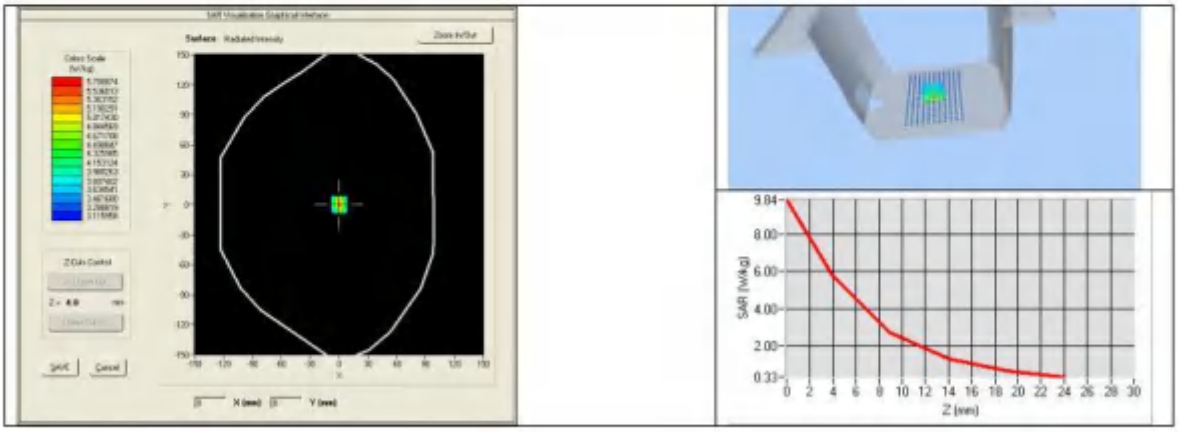
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.8.14.SATU.A

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
2450	54.65 (5.46)	24.58 (2.46)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2021	02/2024
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2018	12/2021
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2021	10/2022
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2018	12/2021
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2018	12/2021
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2018	12/2021
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2018	12/2021
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2021	8/2024

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5.5 SID2600 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.273.4.18.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2600 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

Calibration Date: 09/22/2021

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.273.4.18.SATC.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	09/28/2021	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	09/28/2021	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	09/28/2021	Kim Rutkowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	09/28/2021	Initial release

Page: 2/11

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 2600 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID2600
Serial Number	SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 – 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

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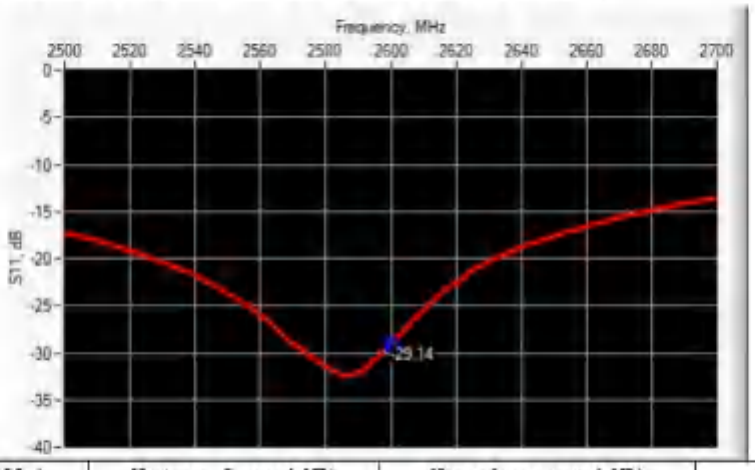
10 g	20.1 %

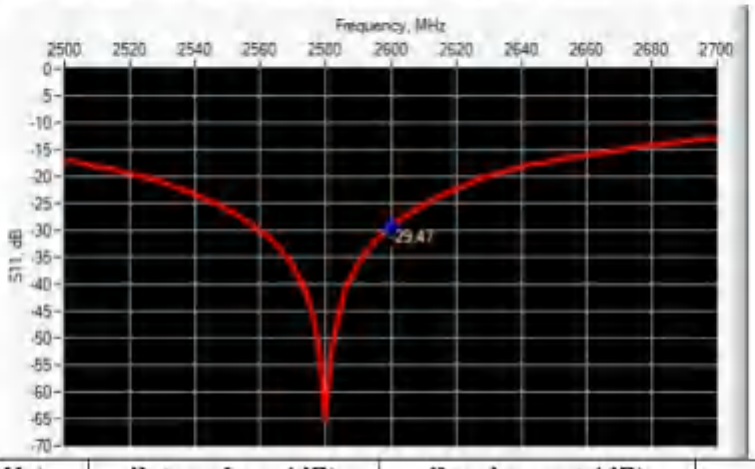
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2600	-29.14	-20	49.2 Ω + 3.4 jΩ

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2600	-29.47	-20	47.5 Ω + 2.2 jΩ

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		168.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.	PASS	28.8 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.96 ±5 %	PASS
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 39.8 sigma : 1.99
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2600 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

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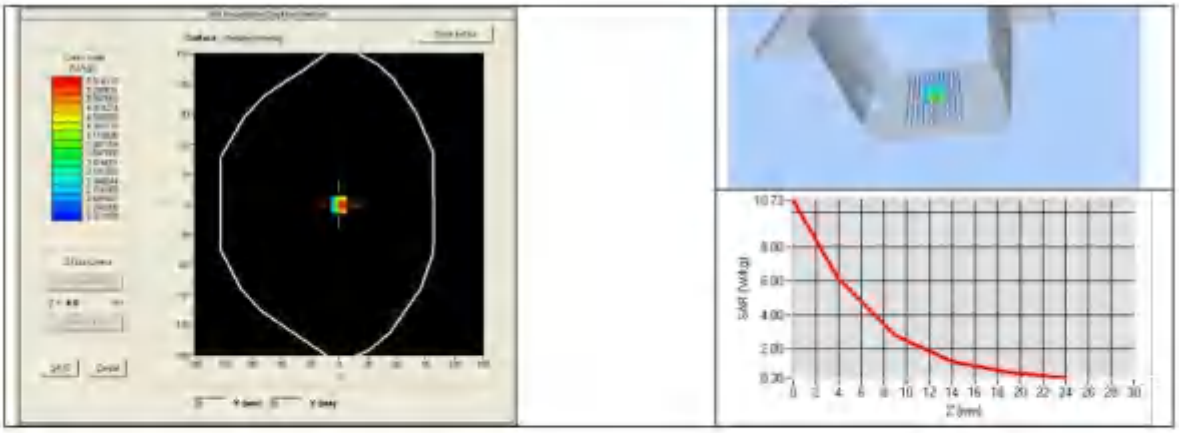
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3	56.91 (5.69)	24.6	24.69 (2.47)
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	

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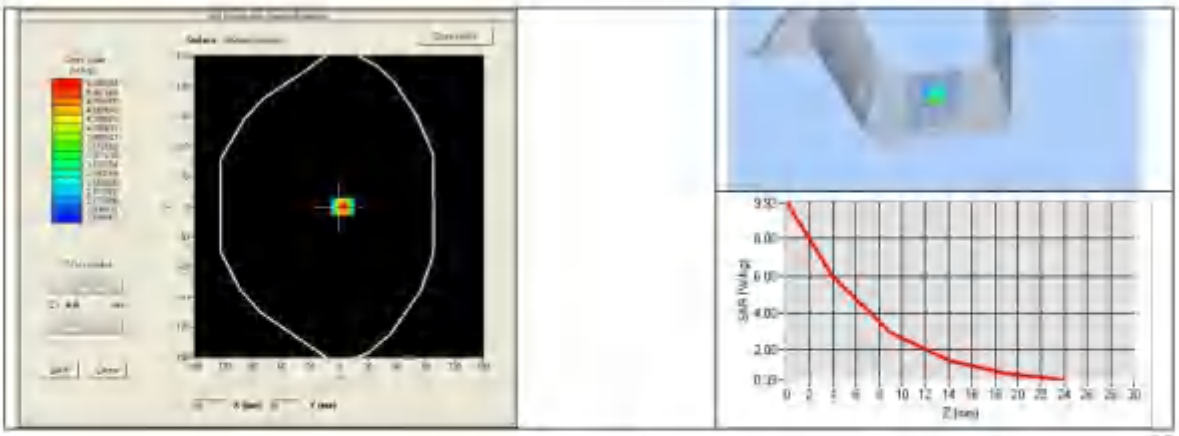
2300	52.9 ±5 %		1.81 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %	PASS	2.16 ±5 %	PASS
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
3700	51.0 ±5 %		3.55 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 52.5 sigma : 2.23
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2600 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
2600	54.14 (5.41)	24.13 (2.41)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	06/2021	06/2024
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2020	01/2023
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	08/2021	08/2022
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2020	01/2023
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2020	01/2023
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	11/2020	11/2023
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2020	01/2023
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2020	11/2023

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5.6 SID5G-6G Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

SAR Reference Waveguide Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.273.5.18.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVDBAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINAMVG COMOSAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE

FREQUENCY: 5000-6000 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 49/16 WGA 43

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

Calibration Date: 09/22/2021

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference waveguide calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.273.5.18.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	09/28/2021	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	09/28/2021	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	09/28/2021	Kim Rutkowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	09/28/2021	Initial release

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7.3 Body Measurement Result 10
8 List of Equipment 13

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference waveguides used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 5000-6000 MHz REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SWG5500
Serial Number	SN 49/16 WGA 43
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Waveguides are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference waveguides used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The waveguide used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -8 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed with matching layer placed in the open end of the waveguide, with the waveguide and matching layer in direct contact with the phantom shell as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical dimensions of the validation waveguide, the specified dimensions are as shown in Section 6.2. Figure 1 shows how the dimensions relate to the physical construction of the waveguide.

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5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

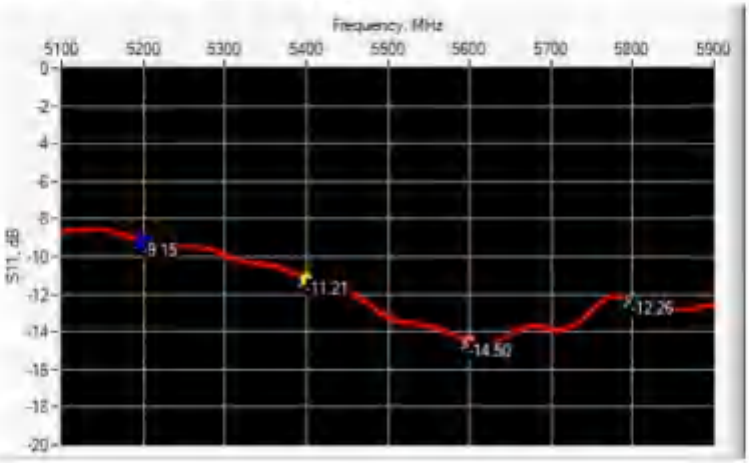
5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS IN HEAD LIQUID



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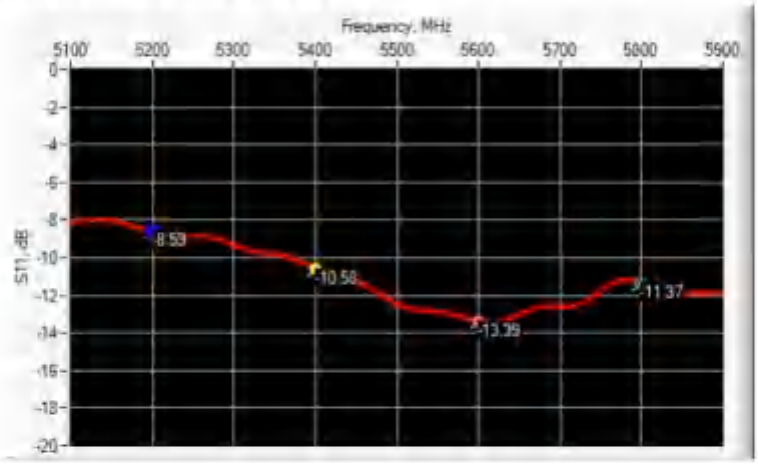
Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
5200	-9.15	-8	20.57 Ω + 11.55 jΩ
5400	-11.21	-8	75.27 Ω + 4.08 jΩ
5600	-14.50	-8	33.91 Ω - 8.72 jΩ
5800	-12.26	-8	53.07 Ω + 23.41 jΩ

6.2 RETURN LOSS IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
5200	-8.59	-8	19.38 Ω + 13.50 jΩ
5400	-10.58	-8	77.13 Ω + 1.81 jΩ
5600	-13.39	-8	30.95 Ω - 7.75 jΩ
5800	-11.37	-8	54.79 Ω + 25.47 jΩ

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency (MHz)	L (mm)		W (mm)		Lr (mm)		Wr (mm)		T (mm)	
	Required	Measured	Required	Measured	Required	Measured	Required	Measured	Required	Measured
5200	40.39 – 0.13	PASS	20.19 – 0.13	PASS	81.03 – 0.13	PASS	61.98 – 0.13	PASS	5.3*	PASS
5800	40.39 – 0.13	PASS	20.19 – 0.13	PASS	81.03 – 0.13	PASS	61.98 – 0.13	PASS	4.3*	PASS

* The tolerance for the matching layer is included in the return loss measurement.

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Figure 1: Validation Waveguide Dimensions

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference waveguide meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed with the matching layer placed in the open end of the waveguide, with the waveguide and matching layer in direct contact with the phantom shell.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
5000	36.2 ±10 %		4.45 ±10 %	
5100	36.1 ±10 %		4.56 ±10 %	
5200	36.0 ±10 %	PASS	4.66 ±10 %	PASS
5300	35.9 ±10 %		4.76 ±10 %	
5400	35.8 ±10 %	PASS	4.86 ±10 %	PASS
5500	35.6 ±10 %		4.97 ±10 %	
5600	35.5 ±10 %	PASS	5.07 ±10 %	PASS
5700	35.4 ±10 %		5.17 ±10 %	
5800	35.3 ±10 %	PASS	5.27 ±10 %	PASS
5900	35.2 ±10 %		5.38 ±10 %	
6000	35.1 ±10 %		5.48 ±10 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

At those frequencies, the target SAR value can not be generic. Hereunder is the target SAR value defined by MVG, within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W net power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

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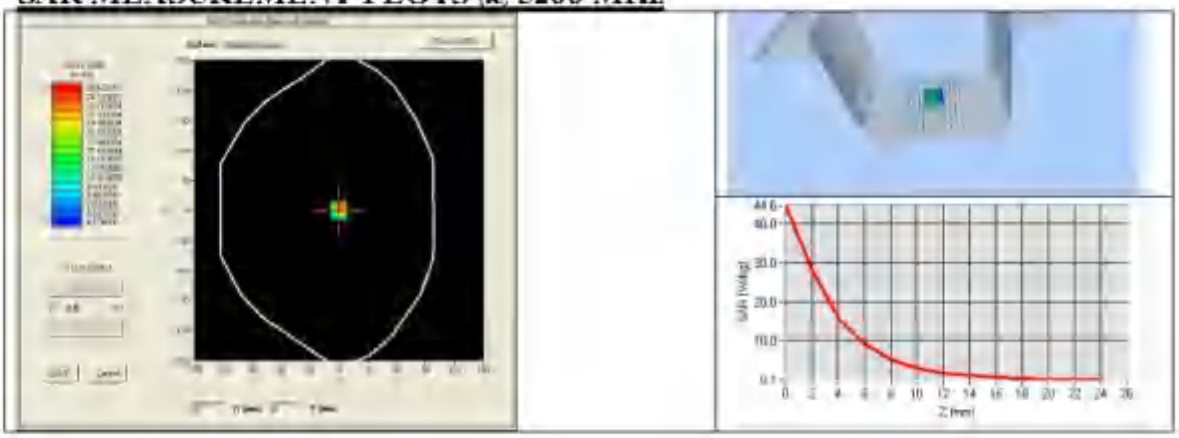
SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.273.5.18.SATU.A

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values 5200 MHz: eps' :35.64 sigma : 4.67 Head Liquid Values 5400 MHz: eps' :36.44 sigma : 4.87 Head Liquid Values 5600 MHz: eps' :36.66 sigma : 5.17 Head Liquid Values 5800 MHz: eps' :35.31 sigma : 5.31
Distance between dipole waveguide and liquid	0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx=4mm/dy=4m/dz=2mm
Frequency	5200 MHz 5400 MHz 5600 MHz 5800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/kg)		10 g SAR (W/kg)	
	required	measured	required	measured
5200	159.00	165.77 (16.58)	56.90	57.20 (5.72)
5400	166.40	173.20 (17.32)	58.43	59.22 (5.92)
5600	173.80	179.61 (17.96)	59.97	60.98 (6.10)
5800	181.20	186.77 (18.68)	61.50	62.84 (6.28)

SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5200 MHz



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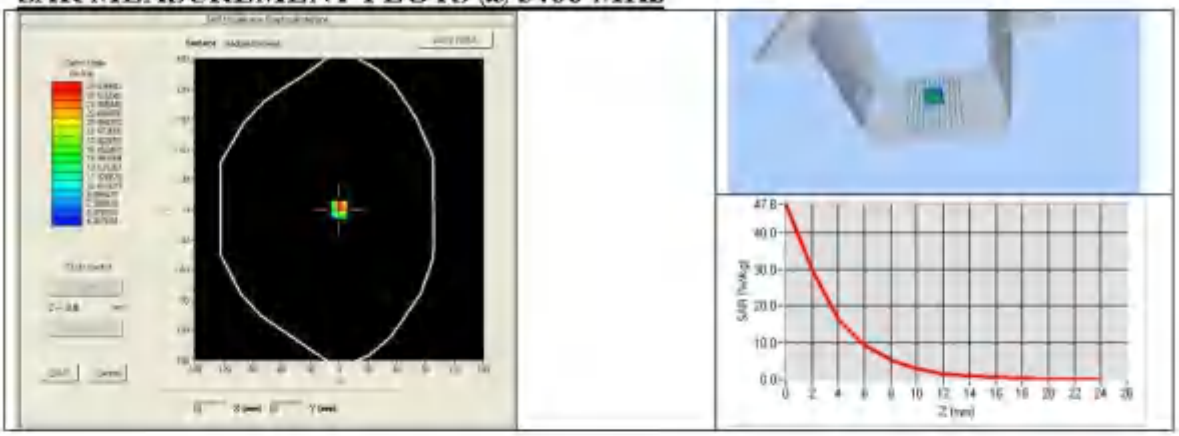
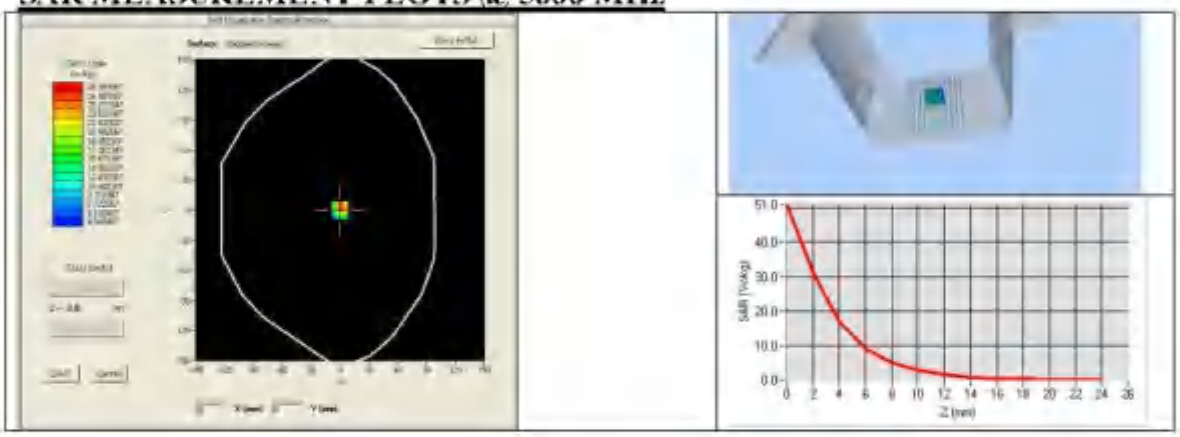
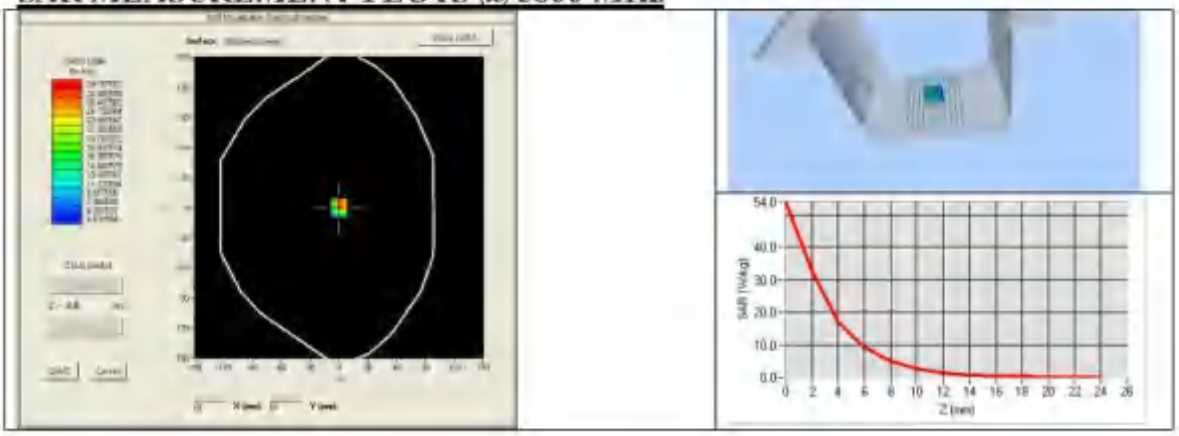
SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5400 MHz



SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5600 MHz



SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5800 MHz



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7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
5200	49.0 ±10 %	PASS	5.30 ±10 %	PASS
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %	PASS	5.53 ±10 %	PASS
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %	PASS	5.77 ±10 %	PASS
5800	48.2 ±10 %	PASS	6.00 ±10 %	PASS

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values 5200 MHz: eps' :48.64 sigma : 5.51 Body Liquid Values 5400 MHz: eps' :46.52 sigma : 5.77 Body Liquid Values 5600 MHz: eps' :46.79 sigma : 5.77 Body Liquid Values 5800 MHz: eps' :47.04 sigma : 6.10
Distance between dipole waveguide and liquid	0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=4mm/dy=4m/dz=2mm
Frequency	5200 MHz 5400 MHz 5600 MHz 5800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/kg)	10 g SAR (W/kg)
	measured	measured
5200	159.09 (15.91)	56.13 (5.61)
5400	164.56 (16.46)	57.31 (5.73)
5600	172.25 (17.23)	59.72 (5.97)
5800	177.77 (17.78)	61.06 (6.11)

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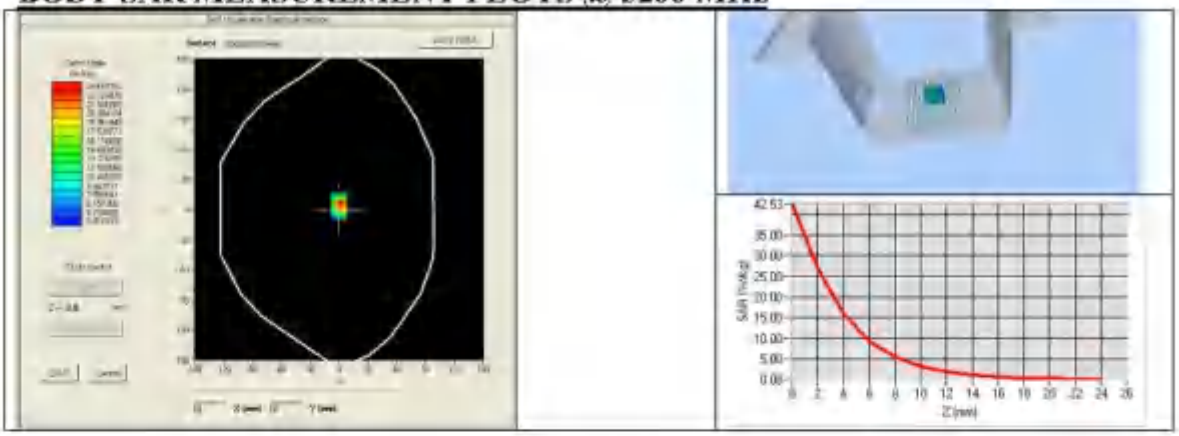
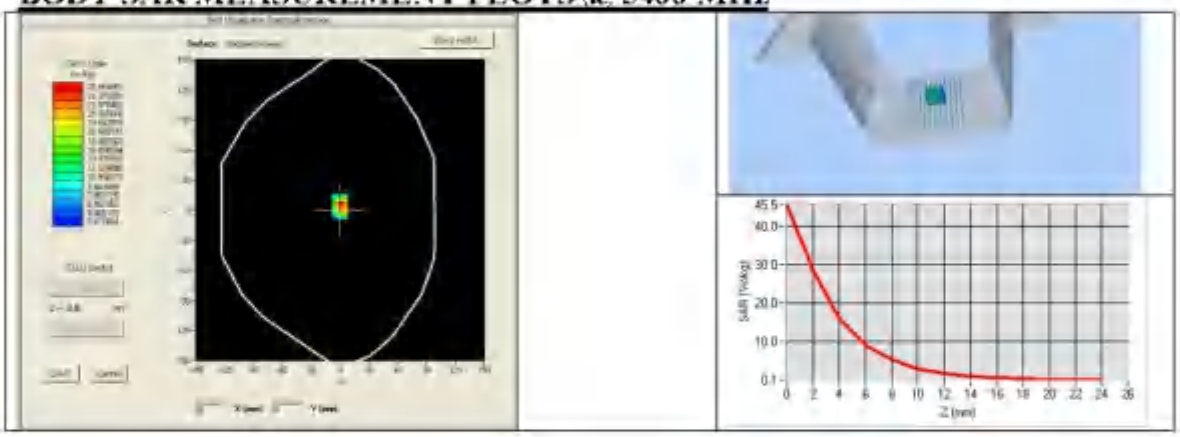
SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.273.5.18.SATU.A

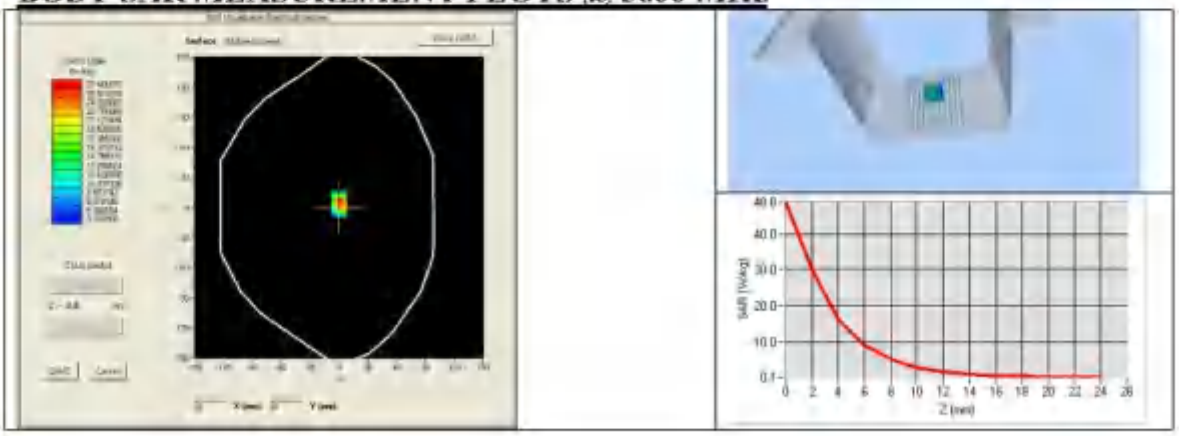
BODY SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5200 MHz



BODY SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5400 MHz



BODY SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5600 MHz



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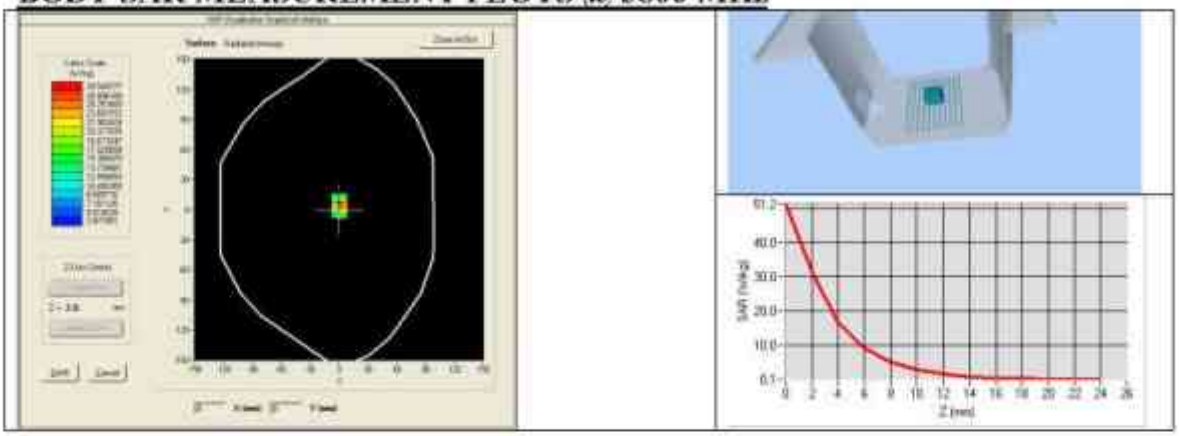
SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.273.5.18.SATL.A

BODY SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5800 MHz



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	06/2021	06/2024
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2020	01/2023
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	08/2021	08/2022
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2020	01/2023
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2020	01/2023
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	11/2020	11/2023
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2020	01/2023
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2020	11/2023

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6 . PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE LIQUID

Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (835MHz, 16.1cm depth)

Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (1900MHz, 16.0cm depth)

Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (2450MHz, 15.6cm depth)

Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (2600MHz, 15.5cm depth)

Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (5200MHz, 16.2cm depth)

Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (5800MHz, 16.1cm depth)

7 . PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE TEST

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of SAR.

8. EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of SAR.

.....The End of Test Report.....