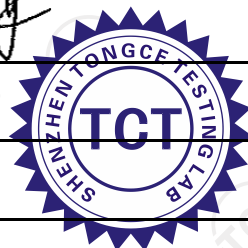


SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID.....:	2A5ZX-SSB8T323	
Test Report No.....:	TCT220915E031	
Date of issue.....:	Sept. 9, 2022	
Testing laboratory.....:	SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB	
Testing location/ address:	2101 & 2201, Zhenchang Factory Renshan Industrial Zone, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518103, People's Republic of China	
Applicant's name	Zhejiang Lianyong mobile terminal equipment manufacturing Co., Ltd.	
Address	No.1, First Street, Eastern New Area, Wenling, Taizhou, Zhejiang, China	
Manufacturer's name	Zhejiang Lianyong mobile terminal equipment manufacturing Co., Ltd.	
Address	No.1, First Street, Eastern New Area, Wenling, Taizhou, Zhejiang, China	
Product Name.....:	Tablet PC	
Trade Mark	Maze Speed, SOHO STYLE, LUSH MINT, TRUE SLIM	
Model/Type reference	SSB8T323, SS8T323, LM8T323, TS8T323	
SAR Max. Values.....:	0.989 W/Kg (1g) for Body-worn	
Date of receipt of test item ..:	Sept. 5, 2022	
Date (s) of performance of test	Sept. 5, 2022 - Sept. 8, 2022	
Tested by (+signature)	Karl WANG	<i>Karl Wang</i>
Check by (+signature)	Beryl Zhao	<i>Beryl Zhao</i>
Approved by (+signature) ..:	Tomsin	<i>Tomsin</i>



General disclaimer:

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1. General Product Information

1.1. EUT description

Product Name:	Tablet PC
Model :	SSB8T323, SS8T323, LM8T323, TS8T323
Trade Mark:	Maze Speed, SOHO STYLE, LUSH MINT, TRUE SLIM
Power Supply:	Rechargeable Li-ion Battery DC 3.7V
2G	
Operation Band:	GSM850, GSM1900
Supported type:	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS
Power Class:	GSM850:Power Class 5; GSM1900:Power Class 0
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GSM/GPRS; EGPRS for 8PSK
GSM Release Version:	R99
GPRS Multislot Class:	12
EGPRS Multislot Class:	12
3G	
Operation Band:	FDD Band II & FDD Band V
Power Class:	Power Class 3
Modulation Type:	QPSK for WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA
WCDMA Release Version:	R99
HSDPA Release Version:	Release 5
HSUPA Release Version:	Release 6
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported
LTE	
Operation Band:	LTE Band 2 & LTE Band 4 & LTE Band 5 & LTE Band 12 & LTE Band 17 & LTE Band 66
Power Class:	Power Class 3
Modulation Type:	QPSK & 16-QAM for LTE
Wi-Fi 2.4G	
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n
Modulation:	802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/802.11n: OFDM
Operation frequency:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20/HT40):2412MHz~2472MHz;
Channel number:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20/HT40):11
Channel separation:	5MHz

Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version:	Supported 5.0
Modulation:	GFSK(1Mbps) , $\pi/4$ -DQPSK(2Mbps) , 8-DPSK(3Mbps)
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79/40
Channel separation:	1MHz/2MHz
Wi-Fi 5G	
Operation Frequency:	Band 1: 5180 MHz -5240 MHz Band 2A: 5260 MHz -5320 MHz Band 2C: 5500 MHz -5720 MHz Band 3: 5745 MHz -5825 MHz
Channel Bandwidth:	802.11a: 20MHz 802.11n: 20MHz, 40MHz 802.11ac: 20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz
Modulation Technology:	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing(OFDM)
Modulation Type	256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, BPSK, QPSK

1.2. Model(s) list

No.	Model No.	Tested with
1	SSB8T323	☒
Other models	SS8T323, LM8T323, TS8T323	☐

Note: SSB8T323 is tested model, other models are derivative models. The models are identical in circuit and PCB layout, only different on the model names. So the test data of SSB8T323 can represent the remaining models.

2. Test standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093

IEEE1528-2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

KDB447498 D01: General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB447498 D04: Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

KDB865664 D01: SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04

KDB865664 D02: RF Exposure Reporting v01r02.

KDB941225 D01: 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

KDB248227 D01: 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

KDB941225 D05: SAR for LTE devices v02r05

KDB941225 D06: Hotspot Mode v02r01

KDB616217 D04: SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

KDB690783 D01: SAR Listings on Grant v01r03

3. Facilities and Accreditations

3.1. Facilities

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- FCC - Registration No.: 645098

Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber has been registered and fully described in a report with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

- IC - Registration No.: 10668A-1

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab.. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing

3.2. Location

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB.

Address: 2101 & 2201, Zhenchang Factory Renshan Industrial Zone, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518103, People's Republic of China

3.3. Environment Condition:

Temperature:	18°C ~25°C
Humidity:	35%~75% RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1011 mbar

4. Test Result Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)
Body-worn 1-g SAR (0 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.973	PCE	0.989
	GSM 1900	0.734		
	WCDMA Band II	0.982		
	WCDMA Band V	0.989		
	LTE Band 2	0.526		
	LTE Band 4	0.765		
	LTE Band 5	0.358		
	LTE Band 12	0.443		
	LTE Band 17	0.430		
	LTE Band 66	0.697		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.588	DTS	
	WLAN 5.2 GHz	0.173	NII	
	WLAN 5.3 GHz	0.062		
	WLAN 5.6 GHz	0.076		
	WLAN 5.8 GHz	0.085		

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)
Body 1-g SAR (0 mm Gap)	WCDMA B5 + 2.4G WIFI	1.577

Note:

1. The highest simultaneous transmission is scalar summation of Reported standalone SAR per FCC KDB 690783 D01 v01r03, and scalar SAR summation of all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios are < 1.6W/kg.
2. This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

5. RF Exposure Limit

Type Exposure	SAR (W/kg)
	Uncontrolled Exposure Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60
Spatial Peak SAR (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10g)	4.00
Spatial Peak SAR (averaged over the whole body)	0.08

Note:

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

6. SAR Measurement System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System (VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch; it sends an “Emergency signal” to the robot controller that to stop robot’s moves A computer operating Windows XP.

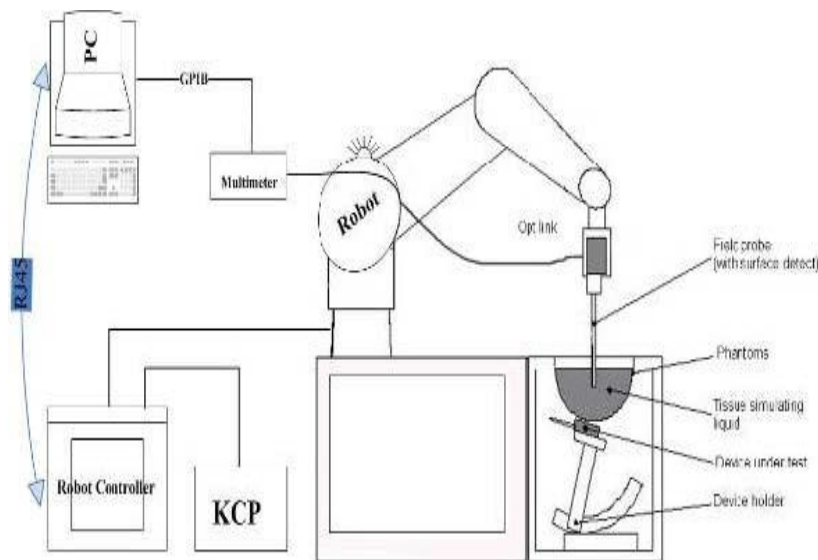
OPENSAR software Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



KUKA SAR Test System Configuration

6.2. E-field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by MVG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core
Interleaved sensors
Built-in shielding against static charges
PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 36/20 EPGO346
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1:R1=0.217M Ω Dipole 2:R3=0.245M Ω Dipole 3:R3=0.219M Ω

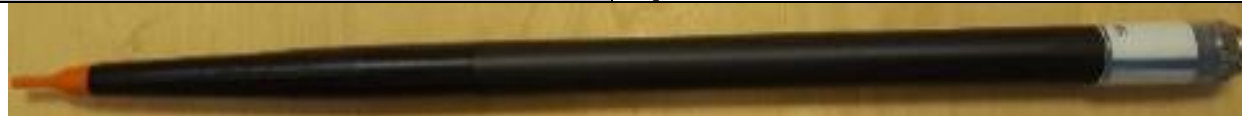


Photo of E-Field Probe

6.3. Phantom

The SAM Phantom SAM120 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2:2010.

The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region.

A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot

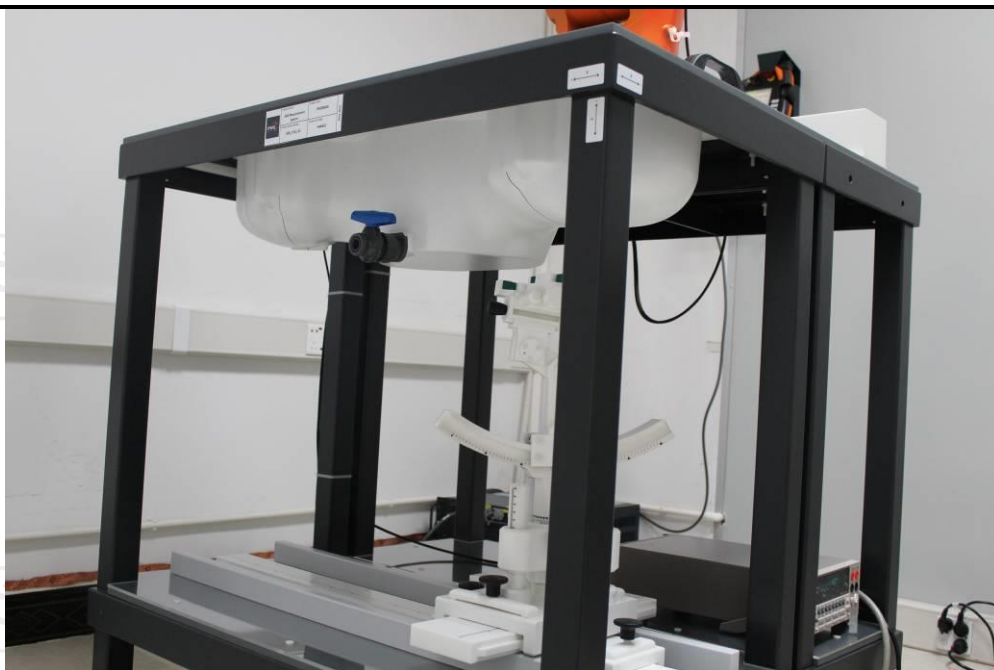
System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections.

Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

Name: COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM

S/N: SN 19/15 SAM 120

Manufacture: MVG

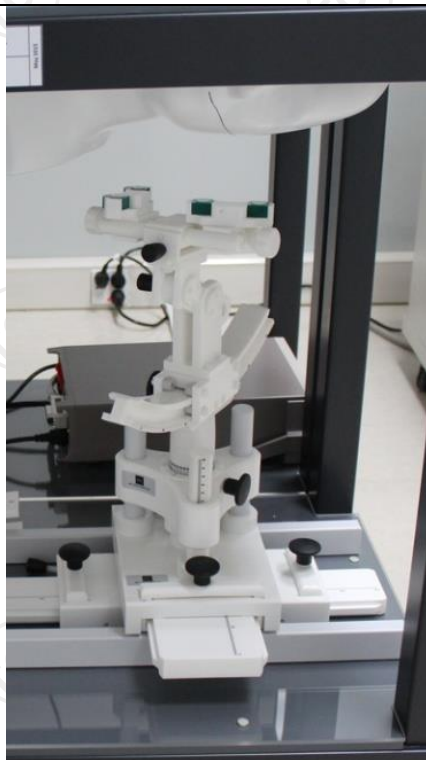


SAM Twin Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin Phantom SAM120, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications.

The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

COMOSAR Mobile
phone positioning
system

6.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the millimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_{i2} \cdot c f / d c p i$$

With	V_i	= compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	U_i	= input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	cf	= crest factor of exciting field	(MVG parameter)
	dcpi	= diode compression point	(MVG parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field probes: } E_i = (V_i / \text{Normi} \cdot \text{ConvF})^{1/2}$$

$$\text{H-field probes: } H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$$

With	V_i	= compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	Normi	= sensor sensitivity of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
		[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes	
	ConvF	= sensitivity enhancement in solution	
	a _{ij}	= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes	
	f	= carrier frequency [GHz]	
	E _i	= electric field strength of channel i in V/m	
	H _i	= magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m	

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{\text{tot}} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot})^2 \cdot \sigma / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

6.6. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

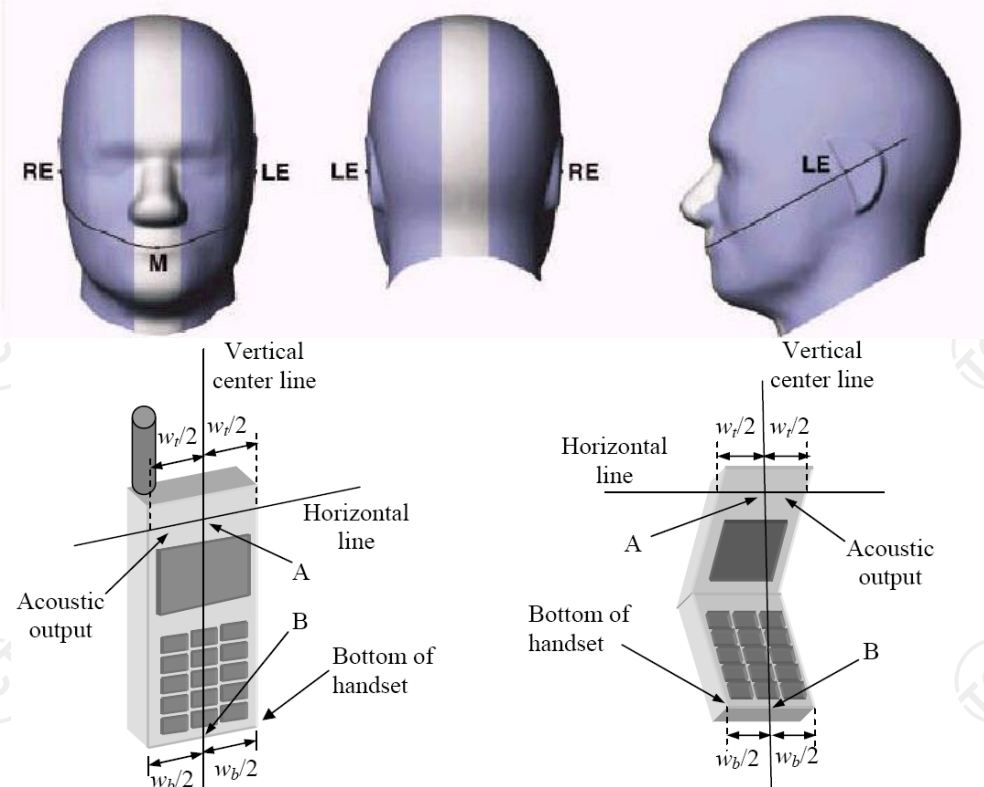
Handset Reference Points

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \text{ or } P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

With P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m



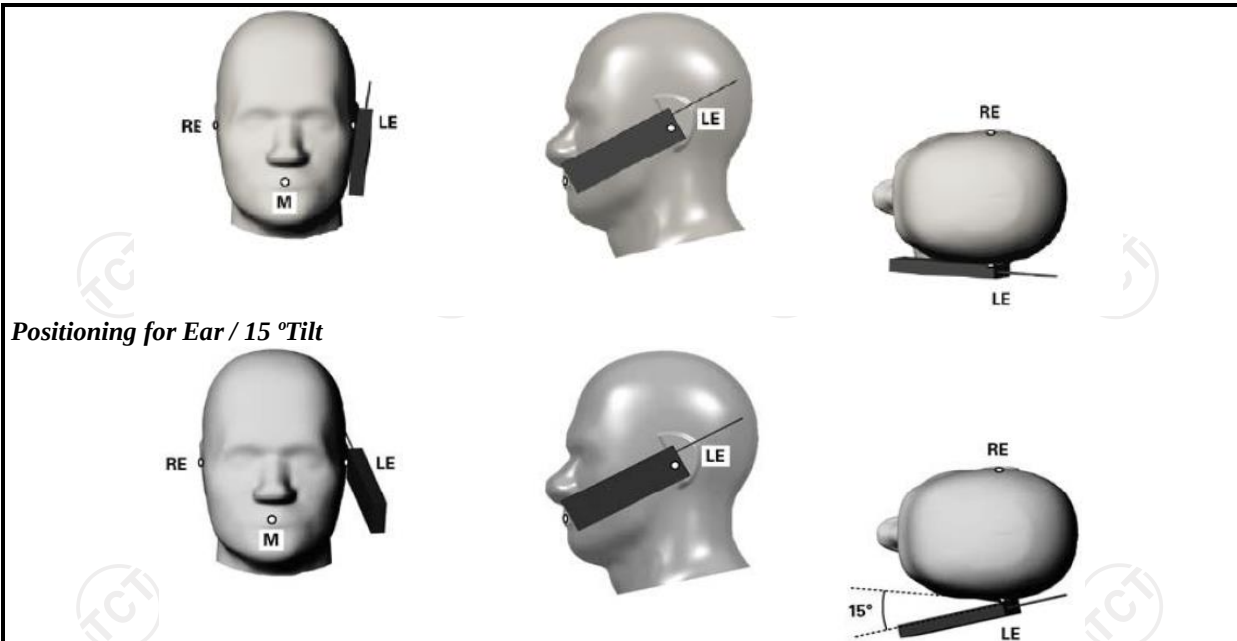
W_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

W_b Width of the bottom of the handset

A Midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

B Midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset

Positioning for Cheek / Touch



Positioning for Ear / 15°Tilt

Body Worn Accessory Configurations

To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.

To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.

To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 15mm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 mm.

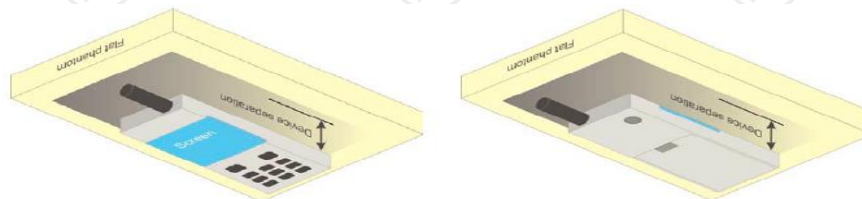


Illustration for Body Worn Position

Ireless Router (Hotspot) Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The “Portable Hotspot” feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

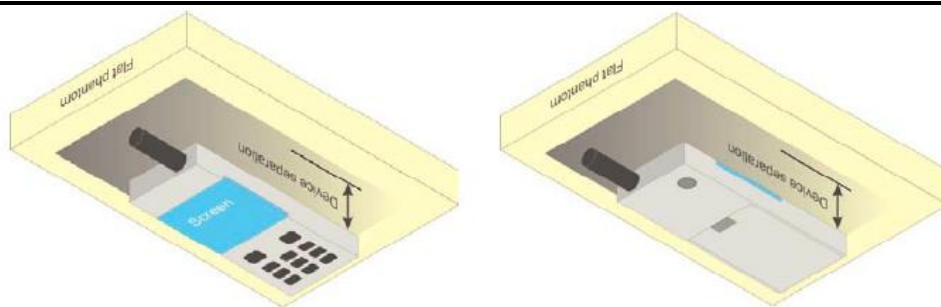
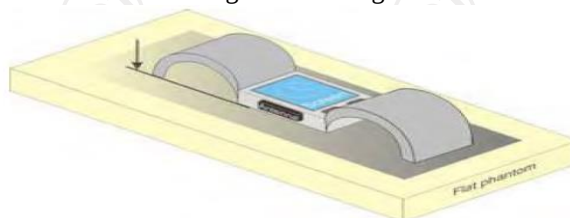


Illustration for Hotspot Position

Limb-worn device

A limb-worn device is a unit whose intended use includes being strapped to the arm or leg of the user while transmitting (except in idle mode). It is similar to a body-worn device. Therefore, the test positions of 6.1.4.4 also apply. The strap shall be opened so that it is divided into two parts as shown in Figure 9. The device shall be positioned directly against the phantom surface with the strap straightened as much as possible and the back of the device towards the phantom.

If the strap cannot normally be opened to allow placing in direct contact with the phantom surface, it may be necessary to break the strap of the device but ensuring to not damage the antenna.



Test position for limb-worn devices

6.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The liquid used for the frequency range of 100MHz-6G consisted of water, sugar, salt and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The following Table shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209. The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials

Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Type (σ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range	Permittivity (ϵ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range
300	Head	0.87	0.83~0.91	45.3	43.04~47.57
450	Head	0.87	0.83~0.91	43.5	41.33~45.68
750	Head	0.93	0.88~0.98	40.8	38.76~42.84
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.43~43.58
900	Head	0.97	0.92~1.02	41.5	39.43~43.58
1800-2000	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.00~42.00
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.24~41.16
2600	Head	1.96	1.86~2.06	39.0	37.05~40.95
3000	Head	2.40	2.28~2.52	38.5	36.58~40.43
5800	Head	5.27	5.01~5.53	35.3	33.54~37.07
300	Body	0.92	0.87~0.97	58.2	55.29~61.11
450	Body	0.94	0.89~0.99	56.7	53.87~59.54
750	Body	0.98	0.93~1.03	56.7	53.87~59.54
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.2	52.44~57.96
900	Body	1.05	1.00~1.10	55.0	52.25~57.75
1800-2000	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.64~55.97
2450	Body	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.7	50.07~55.34
2600	Body	2.16	2.05~2.27	52.5	49.88~55.13
3000	Body	2.73	2.60~2.87	52.0	49.40~54.60
5800	Body	6.00	5.70~6.30	48.2	45.79~50.61

(ϵ = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

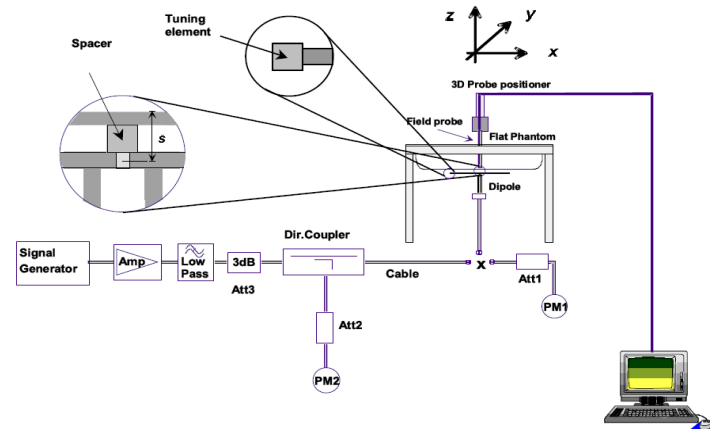
6.8. Tissue-equivalent Liquid Properties

Test Date dd/mm/yy	Temp °C	Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	Dev ϵ_r (%)	Dev σ (%)
08/29/2022	22°C	835B	825	55.26	0.93	0.11	-4.12
			835	55.24	0.94	0.07	-3.09
			850	55.21	0.97	0.02	0.00
08/29/2022	22°C	1800B	1710	53.34	1.49	0.08	-1.97
			1720	53.32	1.50	0.04	-1.32
			1750	53.31	1.51	0.02	-0.66
			1800	53.29	1.53	-0.02	0.66
08/30/2022	22°C	1900B	1850	53.34	1.49	0.08	-1.97
			1880	53.32	1.50	0.04	-1.32
			1900	53.31	1.51	0.02	-0.66
08/30/2022	22°C	2450B	1910	53.29	1.53	-0.02	0.66
			2410	54.65	1.97	3.70	1.03
			2435	54.63	1.98	3.66	1.54
			2450	54.62	2.01	3.64	3.08
08/31/2022	22°C	2600B	2460	54.59	2.03	3.59	4.10
			20850	51.96	2.10	-1.02	-2.78
			21100	52.01	2.11	-0.93	-2.31
			21350	52.13	2.13	-0.70	-1.39
08/31/2022	22°C	5200B	5200	49.01	1.92	-1.54	-1.56
09/01/2022	22°C	5300B	5300	49.52	5.40	-0.55	2.35
09/01/2022	22°C	5600B	5600	47.59	5.53	0.91	2.52
09/01/2022	22°C	5800B	5800	47.80	5.95	1.54	2.77

6.9. System Check

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probe and system component or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such component. Reference dipoles are used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation. System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ($\pm 10\%$).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the OPENSAR system.



System Check Set-up

Verification Results

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Measured Value in 100mW (W/kg)		Normalized to 1W (W/kg)		Target Value (W/kg)		Deviation (%)	
		1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average
750	Body	0.87	0.60	8.70	6.00	8.46	5.81	2.84	3.27
835	Body	0.95	0.63	9.50	6.30	9.62	6.44	-1.25	-2.17
1800	Body	3.78	2.05	37.79	20.46	37.69	20.57	0.27	-0.54
1900	Body	3.77	1.99	37.70	19.90	38.71	20.53	-2.61	-3.07
2450	Body	5.07	2.42	50.70	24.16	50.63	23.40	0.14	3.25
2600	Body	5.37	2.38	53.65	23.81	53.26	23.89	0.73	-0.33
5200	Body	15.47	5.51	159.00	56.90	158.00	57.92	0.63	-1.76
5300	Body	15.81	5.81	166.40	58.43	167.42	59.46	-0.61	-1.73
5600	Body	17.63	6.02	173.80	59.97	172.00	60.96	1.05	-1.62
5800	Body	18.30	6.18	181.20	61.50	182.25	62.59	-0.58	-1.74

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table as below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Section 10 of this report.

7. Measurement Procedure

Conducted power measurement

For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transition in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.

For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter or spectrum analyser, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

Conducted power measurement

Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.

Place the EUT in positions as Appendix B demonstrates.

Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the MVG software.

Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.

Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.

Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the Reported SAR or highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

Power reference measurement

Area scan

Zoom scan

Power drift measurement

Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The MVG software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a “cube” measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.

Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).

Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.

Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid

Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface

Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties

Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r03 quoted below.

			$\leq 3\text{ GHz}$	$> 3\text{ GHz}$
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			$5\text{ mm} \pm 1\text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)\text{ mm} \pm 0.5\text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$			$\leq 2\text{ GHz}: \leq 15\text{ mm}$ $2 - 3\text{ GHz}: \leq 12\text{ mm}$	$3 - 4\text{ GHz}: \leq 12\text{ mm}$ $4 - 6\text{ GHz}: \leq 10\text{ mm}$
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			$\leq 2\text{ GHz}: \leq 8\text{ mm}$ $2 - 3\text{ GHz}: \leq 5\text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4\text{ GHz}: \leq 5\text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6\text{ GHz}: \leq 4\text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		$\leq 5\text{ mm}$	$3 - 4\text{ GHz}: \leq 4\text{ mm}$ $4 - 5\text{ GHz}: \leq 3\text{ mm}$ $5 - 6\text{ GHz}: \leq 2\text{ mm}$
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4\text{ mm}$	$3 - 4\text{ GHz}: \leq 3\text{ mm}$ $4 - 5\text{ GHz}: \leq 2.5\text{ mm}$ $5 - 6\text{ GHz}: \leq 2\text{ mm}$
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)\text{ mm}$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq 30\text{ mm}$	$3 - 4\text{ GHz}: \geq 28\text{ mm}$ $4 - 5\text{ GHz}: \geq 25\text{ mm}$ $5 - 6\text{ GHz}: \geq 22\text{ mm}$
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4\text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8\text{ mm}$, $\leq 7\text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5\text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD post-processor scan combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

SAR Averaged Methods

In MVG, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the

two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In MVG measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for

Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100KHz to 6GHz ,when the highest measurement 1-g SAR within a frequency band is <1.5W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR report submitted for equipment approval.

8. Conducted Output Power

Band: GSM 850	Measured Power (dBm)			Calculation (dB)	Averaged Power (dBm)		
Channel	128	190	251		128	190	251
Frequency	824.2	836.6	848.8		824.2	836.6	848.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	32.01	32.01	32.02	-9.03	22.98	22.98	22.99
GPRS (GMSK, 1-slot)	31.87	31.82	31.88	-9.03	22.84	22.79	22.85
GPRS (GMSK, 2-slot)	29.83	29.79	29.85	-6.02	23.81	23.77	23.83
GPRS (GMSK, 3-slot)	27.71	27.67	27.71	-4.26	23.45	23.41	23.45
GPRS (GMSK, 4-slot)	25.59	25.56	25.59	-3.01	22.58	22.55	22.58
EGPRS (1-slot)	25.01	24.66	24.39	-9.03	15.98	15.63	15.36
EGPRS (2-slot)	23.95	23.65	23.67	-6.02	17.93	17.63	17.65
EGPRS (3-slot)	21.96	23.08	21.52	-4.26	17.70	18.82	17.26
EGPRS (4-slot)	19.29	19.14	19.09	-3.01	16.28	16.13	16.08

Note:

- Division Factors
To average the power, the division factor is as follows:
1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB
2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB
3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB
4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB
- According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 2Tx slots for 850MHz for GPRS.
- The device do not support power reduction, so power of hotspot activated as the same as hotspot disabled

Band: GSM 1900	Measured Power (dBm)			Calculation (dB)	Averaged Power (dBm)		
Channel	512	661	810		512	661	810
Frequency	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	28.55	28.29	28.19	-9.03	19.52	19.26	19.16
GPRS (GMSK, 1-slot)	28.56	28.25	28.19	-9.03	19.53	19.22	19.16
GPRS (GMSK, 2-slot)	26.39	25.95	25.66	-6.02	20.37	19.93	19.64
GPRS (GMSK, 3-slot)	24.67	24.24	23.98	-4.26	20.41	19.98	19.72
GPRS (GMSK, 4-slot)	22.53	22.07	21.84	-3.01	19.52	19.06	18.83
EGPRS (1-slot)	26.58	26.04	24.78	-9.03	17.55	17.01	15.75
EGPRS (2-slot)	24.94	24.43	23.18	-6.02	18.92	18.41	17.16
EGPRS (3-slot)	22.79	22.48	21.05	-4.26	18.53	18.22	16.79
EGPRS (4-slot)	20.46	20.13	18.86	-3.01	17.45	17.12	15.85

Note:

1. Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

2. According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 3Tx slots for 1900MHz for GPRS.

3. The device do not support power reduction, so power of hotspot activated as the same as hotspot disabled

Band	WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band V		
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233
Frequency	1852.40	1880.00	1907.60	826.40	836.40	846.60
RMC 12.2Kbps	21.47	21.31	21.29	22.69	22.74	22.73
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.29	21.32	21.35	21.76	22.15	21.92
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.30	21.33	21.35	21.82	22.19	21.94
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.32	21.32	21.36	21.83	22.22	21.92
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.30	21.30	21.33	21.79	22.17	21.91
HSUPA Subtest-1	19.33	19.26	19.17	19.89	20.29	19.93
HSUPA Subtest-2	19.05	19.35	19.80	19.54	20.58	20.24
HSUPA Subtest-3	19.42	19.36	19.52	20.17	19.78	19.42
HSUPA Subtest-4	18.97	19.64	19.07	19.37	19.78	19.99
HSUPA Subtest-5	19.31	19.60	19.56	19.88	20.28	19.93

Note:

1. According to the power listed above, the HSDPA and HSUPA were not determined for SAR testing.
2. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC(reference measurement channel) configuration in test loop mode
3. The device do not support power reduction, so power of hotspot activated as the same as hotspot disabled

WLAN 2.4G						
Mode	802.11b			802.11g		
Channel	1	6	11	1	6	11
Frequency	2412	2437	2462	2412	2437	2462
Average Power (dBm)	9.11	15.65	12.92	12.66	19.69	17.21
Mode	802.11n(HT20)			802.11n(HT40)		
Channel	1	6	11	3	6	9
Frequency	2412	2437	2462	2422	2437	2452
Average Power (dBm)	19.95	19.32	17.15	22.02	22.05	21.56

Note

1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
2. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report

WLAN 5.2G

Mode	IEEE 802.11a			IEEE 802.11n HT20		
Channel	36	40	48	36	40	48
Frequency	5180	5200	5240	5180	5200	5240
Average Power (dBm)	11.99	11.76	11.25	11.97	11.78	11.44
Mode	IEEE 802.11n HT40			IEEE 802.11ac VHT20		
Channel	38	46		36	40	48
Frequency	5190	5230		5180	5200	5240
Average Power (dBm)	11.88	11.60		11.88	11.57	11.51
Mode	EEE 802.11ac VHT40			IEEE 802.11ac VHT80		
Channel	38	46		42		
Frequency	5190	5230		5210		
Average Power (dBm)	11.62	11.59		12.00		
WLAN 5.3G						
Mode	IEEE 802.11a			IEEE 802.11n HT20		
Channel	52	60	64	52	60	64
Frequency	5260	5300	5320	5260	5300	5320
Average Power (dBm)	7.08	10.80	11.30	11.19	11.75	11.96
Mode	IEEE 802.11n HT40			IEEE 802.11ac VHT20		
Channel	54	62		52	60	64
Frequency	5270	5310		5260	5300	5320
Average Power (dBm)	10.85	11.91		10.78	11.42	11.65
Mode	EEE 802.11ac VHT40			IEEE 802.11ac VHT80		
Channel	54	62		58		
Frequency	5270	5310		5290		
Average Power (dBm)	11.00	11.74		11.94		

WLAN 5.6G						
Mode	IEEE 802.11a			IEEE 802.11n HT20		
Channel	100	116	140	100	116	140
Frequency	5500	5580	5700	5500	5580	5700
Average Power (dBm)	10.65	9.06	10.24	11.14	10.28	11.93
Mode	IEEE 802.11n HT40			IEEE 802.11ac VHT20		
Channel	102	110	134	100	116	140
Frequency	5510	5550	5670	5500	5580	5700
Average Power (dBm)	10.93	10.21	12.39	11.68	10.75	11.80
Mode	IEEE 802.11ac VHT40			IEEE 802.11ac VHT80		
Channel	102	110	134	106		122
Frequency	5510	5550	5670	5530		5610
Average Power (dBm)	11.41	10.56	11.96	11.20		11.50
WLAN 5.8G						
Mode	IEEE 802.11a			IEEE 802.11n HT20		
Channel	149	157	165	149	157	165
Frequency	5745	5785	5825	5745	5785	5825
Average Power (dBm)	10.70	9.38	8.26	12.58	11.30	10.20
Mode	IEEE 802.11n HT40			IEEE 802.11ac VHT20		
Channel	151		159	149	157	165
Frequency	5755		5795	5745	5785	5825
Average Power (dBm)	12.36		10.76	12.23	11.12	10.17
Mode	IEEE 802.11ac VHT40			IEEE 802.11ac VHT80		
Channel	151		159	155		
Frequency	5755		5795	5775		
Average Power (dBm)	12.11		10.68	12.04		

Bluetooth						
Mode	GFSK			Pi/4DQPSK		
Channel	1	40	79	1	40	79
Frequency	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480
Average Power (dBm)	2.94	5.10	3.92	4.15	7.01	5.71
Mode	8DPSK			BLE (up: 1M rate/down: 2M rate)		
Channel	1	40	79	0	20	39
Frequency	2402	2441	2480	2402	2440	2480
Average Power (dBm)	4.95	7.52	6.20	1.65	4.53	3.02
				1.70	4.51	3.03

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	Exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR	Exclusion thresholds for 10-g SAR
40	2441	8.00	6.31	5	2.0	3.0	7.5

Note

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f}(\text{GHz})] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR, where
 ·f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 ·Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 ·The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of BT is not required.
- Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- The output power of all data rate were prescan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.

Conducted Power of LTE Band 2						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18607	18900	19193
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.29	22.02	21.91
			2	22.33	22.06	22.00
			5	22.27	22.05	22.02
		3	0	22.29	22.04	22.01
			2	22.33	22.02	22.02
			3	22.27	21.97	22.08
		6	0	21.29	21.01	21.01
	16QAM	1	0	20.83	21.10	21.21
			2	20.79	21.11	21.12
			5	20.81	21.03	21.23
		3	0	21.23	20.99	20.92
			2	21.17	21.01	21.19
			3	21.26	20.97	21.25
		6	0	20.36	20.08	20.23
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18615	18900	19185
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.24	22.01	22.02
			7	22.25	21.97	22.01
			14	22.17	22.05	21.96
		8	0	21.39	21.07	21.01
			4	21.40	21.13	20.99
			7	21.19	20.98	20.99
		15	0	21.37	21.10	21.05
	16QAM	1	0	21.80	21.59	20.54
			7	21.75	21.58	20.49
			14	21.67	21.55	20.45
		8	0	20.65	20.20	20.20
			4	20.68	20.26	20.28
			7	20.62	20.24	20.21
		15	0	20.49	20.09	20.13

Conducted Power of LTE Band 2						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel

			offset	18625	18900	19175
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.27	22.23	21.83
			13	22.16	22.17	21.81
			24	22.19	22.19	21.86
		12	0	21.47	21.10	21.04
			6	21.32	21.08	21.06
			13	21.38	21.01	20.92
		25	0	21.37	21.00	21.06
	16QAM	1	0	20.64	21.07	21.15
			13	20.53	21.03	21.11
			24	20.50	21.04	21.10
		12	0	20.49	20.10	20.07
			6	20.43	20.08	20.13
			13	20.41	20.04	20.12
		25	0	20.49	20.10	20.20
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 18650	Channel 18900	Channel 19150
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.30	22.04	22.05
			25	22.17	21.98	22.03
			49	22.14	21.92	22.01
		25	0	21.37	21.01	21.01
			13	21.22	21.00	21.08
			25	21.24	21.02	21.13
		50	0	21.36	21.04	21.04
	16QAM	1	0	21.59	21.79	20.57
			25	21.48	21.87	20.52
			49	21.44	21.80	20.51
		25	0	20.43	20.19	20.20
			13	20.40	20.17	20.23
			25	20.30	20.10	20.19
		50	0	20.40	20.20	20.06

Conducted Power of LTE Band 2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel
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			offset	18675	18900	19125
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.33	22.06	22.01
			38	22.26	21.96	21.82
			74	22.16	21.95	21.82
		36	0	21.25	21.02	21.12
			18	21.22	20.98	20.94
			39	21.17	20.95	21.07
			75	0	21.26	20.95
	16QAM	1	0	21.67	21.33	21.33
			38	21.44	21.31	21.30
			74	21.45	21.87	21.25
		36	0	20.43	20.14	20.10
			18	20.41	20.11	20.11
			39	20.41	20.09	20.06
			75	0	20.47	20.19
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.37	22.19	22.22
			50	22.23	22.05	22.16
			99	22.15	22.09	22.16
		50	0	21.20	21.08	20.99
			25	21.14	21.15	21.01
			50	21.33	21.02	21.09
		100	0	21.27	21.03	21.05
	16QAM	1	0	21.55	21.22	21.89
			50	21.39	21.06	21.77
			99	21.38	21.07	21.74
		50	0	20.47	20.23	20.08
			25	20.44	20.25	20.09
			50	20.37	20.19	20.00
		100	0	20.41	20.12	20.16

LTE Band 4

Conducted Power of LTE Band 4						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				19957	20176	20393
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.21	23.32	23.16
			2	23.25	23.37	23.15
			5	23.31	23.30	23.12
		3	0	23.29	23.36	23.14
			2	23.25	23.33	23.18
			3	23.19	23.28	23.14
		6	0	22.25	22.33	22.06
	16QAM	1	0	22.46	21.87	22.45
			2	22.45	21.78	22.42
			5	22.51	21.85	22.47
		3	0	22.49	22.20	21.89
			2	22.46	22.20	21.87
			3	22.48	22.17	21.86
		6	0	21.47	21.35	21.16
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				19965	20176	20385
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.16	23.25	23.33
			7	23.20	23.29	23.43
			14	23.20	23.19	23.47
		8	0	22.25	22.31	22.23
			4	22.22	22.30	22.04
			7	22.24	22.24	22.11
		15	0	22.18	22.27	22.11
	16QAM	1	0	22.57	22.48	21.88
			7	22.51	22.45	21.94
			14	22.54	22.45	21.88
		8	0	21.60	21.43	21.35
			4	21.51	21.40	21.42
			7	21.52	21.40	21.42
		15	0	21.37	21.32	21.26

Conducted Power of LTE Band 4						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel

			offset	19976	20176	20375
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.19	23.41	23.19
			13	23.12	23.45	23.03
			24	23.18	23.43	22.93
		12	0	22.30	22.38	22.15
			6	22.21	22.31	22.19
			13	22.17	22.36	22.24
		25	0	22.32	22.17	22.26
	16QAM	1	0	21.42	22.49	22.29
			13	21.50	22.42	22.26
			24	21.45	22.46	22.29
		12	0	21.29	21.43	21.23
			6	21.34	21.32	21.24
			13	21.30	21.42	21.23
		25	0	21.43	21.39	21.31
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 20000	Channel 20176	Channel 20350
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.24	23.23	23.33
			25	23.19	23.25	23.31
			49	23.25	23.24	23.23
		25	0	22.37	22.32	22.29
			13	22.23	22.22	22.17
			25	22.19	22.30	22.05
		50	0	22.20	22.21	22.28
	16QAM	1	0	22.77	22.49	22.11
			25	22.74	22.50	22.15
			49	22.75	22.49	22.03
		25	0	21.40	21.50	21.37
			13	21.39	21.44	21.43
			25	21.37	21.45	21.37
		50	0	21.32	21.46	21.32

Conducted Power of LTE Band 4

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 20025	Channel 20176	Channel 20325
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15MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.19	23.22	23.36
			38	23.17	23.21	23.28
			74	23.17	23.18	23.19
		36	0	22.19	22.39	22.24
			18	22.19	22.24	22.16
			39	22.23	22.22	22.19
		75	0	22.13	22.24	22.20
	16QAM	1	0	22.56	22.99	22.66
			38	22.46	23.06	22.61
			74	22.52	23.03	22.54
		36	0	21.35	21.35	21.28
			18	21.50	21.31	21.30
			39	21.47	21.30	21.23
		75	0	21.44	21.34	21.25
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20050	20175	20300
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.18	23.43	23.58
			50	23.10	23.46	23.56
			99	23.16	23.43	23.41
		50	0	22.17	22.23	22.14
			25	22.31	22.20	22.23
			50	22.35	22.21	22.13
		100	0	22.12	22.25	22.18
	16QAM	1	0	22.58	23.03	21.76
			50	22.52	22.99	21.62
			99	22.61	22.95	21.59
		50	0	21.40	21.35	21.35
			25	21.43	21.34	21.39
			50	21.35	21.24	21.40
		100	0	21.31	21.30	21.27

LTE Band 5

Conducted Power of LTE Band 5

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20407	20252	20643
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.33	22.44	22.61
			2	22.46	22.60	22.59
			5	22.51	22.52	22.60
		3	0	22.53	22.50	22.54
			2	22.46	22.67	22.57
			3	22.46	22.51	22.50
		6	0	21.55	21.51	21.56
	16QAM	1	0	21.71	21.10	21.65
			2	21.64	20.99	21.62
			5	21.65	20.94	21.58
		3	0	21.53	21.31	21.42
			2	21.57	21.23	21.31
			3	21.53	21.18	21.33
		6	0	20.63	20.97	20.61
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20415	20252	20635
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.46	22.65	22.67
			7	22.40	22.62	22.67
			14	22.49	22.67	22.54
		8	0	21.57	21.46	21.60
			4	21.55	21.51	21.58
			7	21.44	21.47	21.52
		15	0	21.64	21.47	21.65
	16QAM	1	0	21.96	21.52	21.14
			7	21.94	21.54	21.09
			14	21.82	21.51	20.96
		8	0	20.74	21.01	20.76
			4	20.72	21.06	20.73
			7	20.81	21.02	20.66
		15	0	20.63	20.99	20.64

Conducted Power of LTE Band 5

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20425	20252	20625

5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.43	22.55	22.51
			13	22.39	22.58	22.51
			24	22.51	22.51	22.50
		12	0	21.55	21.47	21.48
			6	21.58	21.65	21.62
			13	21.59	21.48	21.59
		25	0	21.58	21.50	21.70
	16QAM	1	0	20.70	21.59	21.51
			13	20.60	21.54	21.54
			24	20.63	21.53	21.58
		12	0	20.45	20.95	21.05
			6	20.50	21.08	20.61
			13	20.46	20.98	20.57
		25	0	20.58	20.94	20.71
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20450	20252	20600
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.46	22.39	22.53
			25	22.48	22.51	22.48
			49	22.52	22.63	22.56
		25	0	21.60	21.45	21.56
			13	21.60	21.65	21.61
			25	21.68	21.51	21.57
		50	0	21.49	21.45	21.46
	16QAM	1	0	22.05	21.75	20.99
			25	21.85	21.63	21.04
			49	22.36	21.75	21.01
		25	0	20.59	21.07	20.77
			13	20.58	21.07	21.08
			25	20.56	21.11	20.75
		50	0	20.48	21.09	20.91

LTE Band 12

Conducted Power of LTE Band 12						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel

			offset	23017	23095	23173
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.47	23.68	23.60
			2	23.60	23.69	23.59
			5	23.59	23.75	23.56
		3	0	23.57	23.72	23.70
			2	23.51	23.65	23.66
			3	23.61	23.62	23.58
		6	0	22.56	22.70	22.62
	16QAM	1	0	22.74	22.15	22.81
			2	22.71	22.29	22.73
			5	22.85	22.21	22.77
		3	0	22.53	22.49	22.55
			2	22.54	22.43	22.54
			3	22.61	22.48	22.56
		6	0	22.11	22.11	21.72
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 23025	Channel 23095	Channel 23165
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.44	23.56	23.76
			7	23.43	23.54	23.72
			14	23.49	23.60	23.69
		8	0	22.50	22.65	22.64
			4	22.57	22.75	22.71
			7	22.57	22.76	22.75
		15	0	22.53	22.72	22.66
	16QAM	1	0	22.55	22.84	22.49
			7	22.64	22.81	22.57
			14	22.61	22.74	22.37
		8	0	22.06	21.70	21.81
			4	22.14	22.10	21.85
			7	21.66	22.11	21.90
		15	0	22.02	22.11	21.67

Conducted Power of LTE Band 12

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 23035	Channel 23095	Channel 23155
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.43	23.72	23.71

			13	23.36	23.68	23.49
			24	23.49	23.81	23.57
		12	0	22.52	22.67	22.77
			6	22.46	22.74	22.63
			13	22.59	22.74	22.77
		25	0	22.49	22.66	22.71
	16QAM	1	0	21.57	22.44	22.73
			13	21.59	22.44	22.69
			24	21.75	22.41	22.66
		12	0	21.97	21.62	21.72
			6	21.47	21.94	21.72
			13	21.52	21.94	21.74
		25	0	21.51	21.97	21.84
	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel
					23060	23095
					23130	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.55	23.47	23.55
			25	23.61	23.61	23.52
			49	23.56	23.67	23.59
		25	0	22.54	22.70	22.66
			13	22.77	22.73	22.51
			25	22.73	22.54	22.75
		50	0	22.67	22.76	22.74
	16QAM	1	0	22.56	23.18	22.41
			25	22.75	23.41	22.33
			49	22.74	23.41	22.40
		25	0	21.58	21.66	22.19
			13	21.97	22.14	21.80
			25	21.71	21.65	21.96
		50	0	22.11	22.07	21.66

LTE Band 17

Conducted Power of LTE Band 17						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel

			offset	23755	23790	23825
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.59	23.63	23.72
			13	23.66	23.70	23.50
			24	23.67	23.72	23.56
		12	0	22.68	22.76	22.77
			6	22.72	22.59	22.76
			13	22.72	22.72	22.64
		25	0	22.72	22.70	22.63
	16QAM	1	0	21.78	22.39	22.70
			13	21.82	22.37	22.69
			24	21.88	22.43	22.70
		12	0	21.60	21.93	21.72
			6	21.60	21.52	21.72
			13	22.04	21.64	21.73
		25	0	21.69	21.58	21.81
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.54	23.65	23.52
			25	23.52	23.68	23.51
			49	23.63	23.61	23.57
		25	0	22.76	22.70	22.66
			13	22.71	22.54	22.50
			25	22.81	22.78	22.72
		50	0	22.76	22.69	22.74
	16QAM	1	0	23.04	23.41	22.39
			25	23.09	23.26	22.35
			49	23.08	23.40	22.40
		25	0	21.57	22.03	22.18
			13	22.05	21.62	21.79
			25	21.72	21.81	21.96
		50	0	22.05	21.71	21.66

LTE Band 66

Conducted Power of LTE Band 66						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel

			offset	131979	132322	132665
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.13	23.53	23.04
			2	23.28	23.37	23.10
			5	23.28	23.30	23.07
		3	0	23.19	23.27	23.17
			2	23.28	23.26	23.14
			3	23.22	23.27	23.17
		6	0	22.25	22.21	21.97
	16QAM	1	0	22.46	22.00	22.13
			2	22.44	21.97	22.09
			5	22.43	22.01	22.16
		3	0	22.45	22.01	22.07
			2	22.41	21.98	22.11
			3	22.46	21.95	22.06
		6	0	21.47	21.39	21.15
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				131987	132322	132657
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.15	23.10	23.11
			7	23.15	23.06	23.15
			14	23.08	23.07	23.12
		8	0	22.12	22.21	22.01
			4	22.24	22.26	22.02
			7	22.25	22.20	22.08
		15	0	22.20	22.23	22.15
	16QAM	1	0	22.54	22.93	22.10
			7	22.49	22.89	22.06
			14	22.51	22.87	22.02
		8	0	21.47	21.41	21.37
			4	21.49	21.30	21.38
			7	21.51	21.39	21.38
		15	0	21.36	21.39	21.26

Conducted Power of LTE Band 66

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				131997	132322	132647
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.22	23.37	23.12

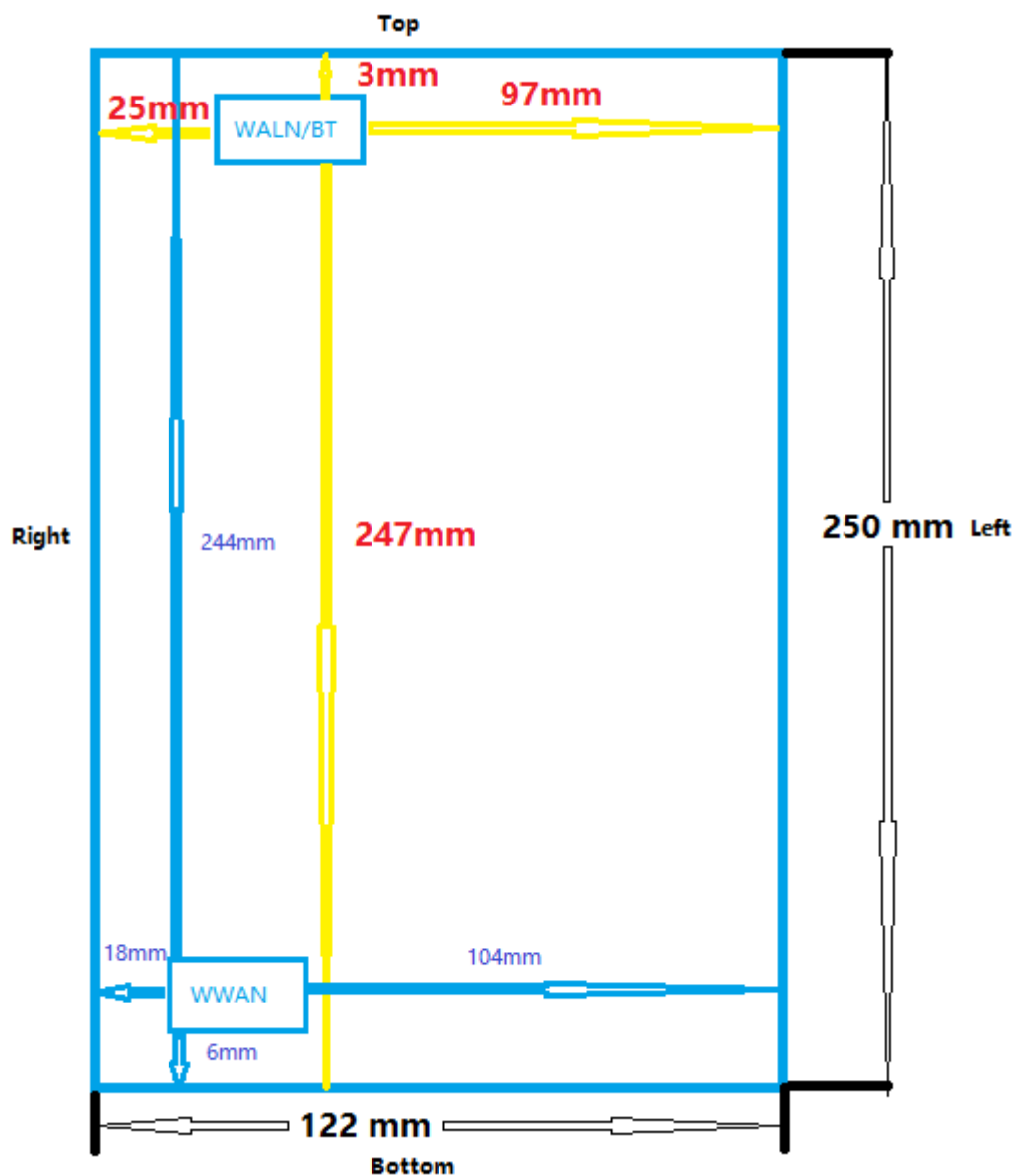
			13	23.11	23.39	22.92
			24	23.08	23.40	22.97
		12	0	22.20	22.34	22.09
			6	22.20	22.26	22.16
			13	22.18	22.30	22.17
		25	0	22.33	22.23	22.00
		16QAM	1	0	21.45	22.37
	13			21.51	22.22	22.23
	24			21.37	22.31	22.28
	12		0	21.31	21.24	21.23
			6	21.24	21.15	21.24
			13	21.32	21.19	21.21
	25		0	21.35	21.19	21.27
	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel
132022					132322	132622
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.26	23.19	23.07
			25	23.20	23.24	23.17
			49	23.15	23.15	23.12
		25	0	22.15	22.28	22.14
			13	22.11	22.17	22.02
			25	22.18	22.26	21.98
		50	0	22.29	22.16	22.09
	16QAM	1	0	22.70	23.13	22.08
			25	22.68	23.12	22.04
			49	22.69	23.09	22.01
		25	0	21.29	21.31	21.34
			13	21.28	21.27	21.32
			25	21.38	21.29	21.30
		50	0	21.32	21.30	21.25

Conducted Power of LTE Band 66						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel

			offset	132047	132322	132597
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.18	23.25	22.99
			38	23.17	23.22	23.03
			74	23.22	23.16	23.02
		36	0	22.21	22.18	22.17
			18	22.18	22.11	22.11
			39	22.15	22.12	21.98
			75	0	22.31	22.14
			22.01			
	16QAM	1	0	22.50	22.71	22.26
			38	22.48	22.71	22.29
			74	22.50	22.70	22.27
		36	0	21.48	21.36	21.22
			18	21.33	21.29	21.13
			39	21.47	21.31	21.24
			75	0	21.35	21.34
			21.12			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				132072	132322	132572
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.18	23.35	23.25
			50	23.10	23.28	23.17
			99	23.17	23.20	23.20
		50	0	22.31	22.14	22.12
			25	22.33	22.11	22.02
			50	22.15	22.24	22.10
		100	0	22.14	22.28	22.01
	16QAM	1	0	22.51	22.74	22.18
			50	22.58	22.75	22.09
			99	22.55	22.68	22.12
		50	0	21.41	21.21	21.24
			25	21.36	21.24	21.25
			50	21.48	21.17	21.15
		100	0	21.25	21.27	21.20

9. Exposure Position Consideration

9.1. EUT Antenna Location



9.2. Test Position Consideration

Test Positions						
Mode	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
GSM/WCDMA/CDMA /LTE	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No
WIFI/BT	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No

Note:

- KDB 447498 D01v06, particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for SAR if the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm.

10. SAR Test Results Summary

10.1. Body-Worn 1g SAR Data

Band	Mode	Test Position with 0mm	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Meas. SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/Kg)
GSM850	voice	Back	251	848.8	32.02	32.50	1.220	0.695	1.117	0.776	1.60
		Right	251	848.8	32.02	32.50	0.125	0.376	1.117	0.420	
		Bottom	251	848.8	32.02	32.50	-2.511	0.555	1.117	0.620	
	GPRS 2 slots	Back	128	824.2	29.83	30.00	0.240	0.862	1.040	0.896	
		Back	190	836.6	29.79	30.00	-0.510	0.905	1.050	0.950	
		Back	251	848.8	29.85	30.00	0.640	0.940	1.035	0.973	
		Back	251	848.8	29.85	30.00	-1.220	0.932	1.035	0.965	
		Right	251	848.8	29.85	30.00	0.221	0.512	1.035	0.530	
		Bottom	251	848.8	29.85	30.00	0.054	0.754	1.035	0.780	
GSM1900	voice	Back	512	1850.2	28.55	29.00	0.370	0.463	1.109	0.514	
		Right	512	1850.2	28.55	29.00	-0.832	0.135	1.109	0.150	
		Bottom	512	1850.2	28.55	29.00	-0.655	0.236	1.109	0.262	
	GPRS 3 slots	Back	512	1850.2	24.67	25.00	-2.370	0.680	1.079	0.734	
		Right	512	1850.2	24.67	25.00	0.322	0.195	1.079	0.210	
		Bottom	512	1850.2	24.67	25.00	0.155	0.423	1.079	0.456	
WCDMA Band II	RMC	Back	9262	1852.4	21.47	21.50	-3.450	0.975	1.007	0.982	
		Back	9262	1852.4	21.47	21.50	0.659	0.963	1.007	0.970	
		Back	9400	1880.0	21.31	21.50	-1.050	0.890	1.045	0.930	
		Back	9538	1907.6	21.29	21.50	0.450	0.811	1.050	0.851	
		Right	9262	1852.4	21.47	21.50	0.665	0.482	1.007	0.485	
		Bottom	9262	1852.4	21.47	21.50	-3.600	0.763	1.007	0.768	
WCDMA Band V	RMC	Back	4132	826.4	22.69	23.00	-1.023	0.769	1.074	0.826	
		Back	4182	836.4	22.74	23.00	2.240	0.931	1.062	0.989	
		Back	4182	836.4	22.74	23.00	1.009	0.923	1.062	0.980	
		Back	4233	846.6	22.73	23.00	-3.010	0.737	1.064	0.784	

		Right	4182	836.4	22.74	23.00	0.338	0.521	1.062	0.553	
		Bottom	4182	836.4	22.74	23.00	2.316	0.749	1.062	0.796	

2.4G	802.11b	Back	6	2437.0	22.05	22.50	1.080	0.530	1.109	0.588	1.60
		Right	6	2437.0	22.05	22.50	-1.011	0.211	1.109	0.234	
		Top	6	2437.0	22.05	22.50	3.001	0.454	1.109	0.504	
5.2G	802.11ac	Back	42	5210	12.00	12.00	3.620	0.173	1.000	0.173	
		Right	42	5210	12.00	12.00	-1.002	0.094	1.000	0.094	
		Top	42	5210	12.00	12.00	2.054	0.142	1.000	0.142	
5.3G	802.11a	Back	64	5320	11.96	12.00	-0.250	0.061	1.009	0.062	
		Right	64	5320	11.96	12.00	-1.702	0.022	1.009	0.022	
		Top	64	5320	11.96	12.00	2.051	0.042	1.009	0.042	
5.6G	802.11a	Back	134	5670	12.39	12.50	1.250	0.074	1.026	0.076	
		Right	134	5670	12.39	12.50	-1.502	0.028	1.026	0.029	
		Top	134	5670	12.39	12.50	-1.051	0.059	1.026	0.061	
5.8G	802.11a	Back	149	5745	12.58	13.00	0.250	0.077	1.102	0.085	
		Right	149	5745	12.58	13.00	-3.502	0.030	1.102	0.033	
		Top	149	5745	12.58	13.00	3.004	0.059	1.102	0.065	

Band	Mode	Test Position with 0mm	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	RB allocation	RB offset	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Meas. SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR1g (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	QPSK (20MHz)	Back	18700	1860.0	1	0	22.37	22.50	-0.950	0.511	1.030	0.526
					50	50	21.33	21.50	0.775	0.428	1.040	0.354
		Right	18700	1860.0	1	0	22.37	22.50	2.110	0.168	1.030	0.112
					50	50	21.33	21.50	0.653	0.108	1.040	0.173
		Bottom	18700	1860.0	1	0	22.37	22.50	-0.322	0.344	1.030	0.445
					50	50	21.33	21.50	2.315	0.298	1.040	0.310
LTE Band 4	QPSK (20MHz)	Back	20300	1745.0	1	0	23.58	24.00	-4.350	0.694	1.102	0.765
					50	50	22.23	22.50	2.078	0.328	1.064	0.349
		Right	20300	1745.0	1	0	23.58	24.00	1.355	0.207	1.102	0.228
					50	50	22.23	22.50	2.142	0.298	1.064	0.317
		Bottom	20300	1745.0	1	0	23.58	24.00	2.511	0.529	1.102	0.583
					50	50	22.23	22.50	0.802	0.266	1.064	0.283
LTE Band 5	QPSK (10MHz)	Back	20252	836.5	1	49	22.63	23.00	-2.240	0.329	1.089	0.358
					25	25	21.65	22.00	0.230	0.188	1.084	0.204
		Right	20252	836.5	1	49	22.63	23.00	-2.014	0.094	1.089	0.102
					25	25	21.65	22.00	0.230	0.127	1.084	0.138
		Bottom	20252	836.5	1	49	22.63	23.00	-1.205	0.281	1.089	0.306
					25	25	21.65	22.00	-2.011	0.133	1.084	0.144
LTE Band 12	QPSK (10MHz)	Back	23095	707.5	1	49	23.67	24.00	-3.970	0.411	1.079	0.443
					25	13	22.73	23.00	2.331	0.231	1.064	0.246
		Right	23095	707.5	1	49	23.67	24.00	-0.338	0.085	1.079	0.092
					25	13	22.77	23.00	2.610	0.109	1.064	0.116
		Bottom	23095	707.5	1	49	23.67	24.00	0.198	0.318	1.079	0.343
					25	13	22.77	23.00	0.315	0.119	1.064	0.127
LTE Band 17	QPSK (10MHz)	Back	23790	710.0	1	25	23.68	24.00	-4.350	0.400	1.076	0.430
					25	25	22.78	23.00	2.078	0.231	1.052	0.243
		Right	23790	710.0	1	25	23.68	24.00	1.355	0.094	1.076	0.101
					25	25	22.78	23.00	2.142	0.102	1.052	0.107
		Bottom	23790	710.0	1	25	23.68	24.00	2.511	0.356	1.076	0.383
					25	25	22.78	23.00	0.802	0.156	1.052	0.164
LTE Band 66	QPSK (20MHz)	Back	132322	1745.0	1	0	23.35	23.50	-1.370	0.673	1.035	0.697
					50	25	22.24	22.50	-1.003	0.461	1.062	0.490
		Right	132322	1745.0	1	0	23.35	23.50	2.006	0.260	1.035	0.269
					50	25	22.33	22.50	1.054	0.317	1.062	0.337
		Bottom	132322	1745.0	1	0	23.35	23.50	1.326	0.561	1.035	0.581
					50	25	22.33	22.50	-0.955	0.352	1.062	0.374

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR $\leq 0.8\text{W/kg}$, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, body-worn use is evaluated with the device positioned at 10 mm from a flat phantom filled with head tissue-equivalent medium.
- Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the report SAR is measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance. Scaling Factor = $10^{[(\text{tune-up limit power(dBm)} - \text{Ave.power power (dBm)})/10]}$, where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

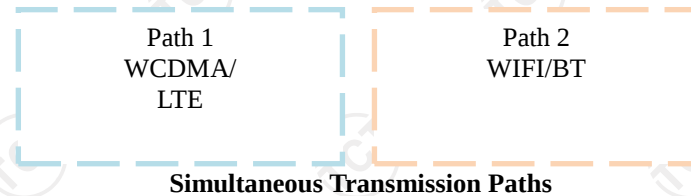
Reported SAR(W/kg)=Measured SAR (W/kg)*Scaling Factor.

4. Per KDB865664D01 v01r04 perform a second repeated measurement only the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is $\geq 1.45\text{W/kg}$.
5. Perform a second measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is $\geq 1.5\text{w/kg}$ and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurement is >1.20 .

10.2. Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown in below Figure and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 4.3.2.2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR and 10g extremity SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5(18.75)} \cdot \frac{\text{Max. power of channel, mW}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Mode	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Exposure Position	Head	Body -worn
		Test Distance (mm)	5	5
BT	8.00	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	/	0.263

Note:

- When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine estimated SAR.
- $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}/x]$ W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.
- Next to the mouth exposure requires 1-g SAR, and the wrist-worn condition requires 10-g extremity SAR.

Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

NO.	Configuration	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot
1	WWAN + WIFI	NO	YES	YES
2	WWAN + BT	NO	YES	YES

10.3. SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Band	Test Position	Scaled SAR				$\Sigma_{\max} \text{SAR}$ (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		Body-Worn	WIFI 2.4G	WIFI 5 G	BT			
GSM850 (voice)	Back	0.776	0.588	0.173	0.263	1.364	N/A	N/A
	Right	0.420	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.654	N/A	N/A
	Top	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	0.620	/	/	/	0.620	N/A	N/A
GSM850 (GPRS 4slot)	Back	0.973	0.588	0.173	0.263	1.561	N/A	N/A
	Right	0.530	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.764	N/A	N/A
	Top	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	0.780	/	/	/	0.780	N/A	N/A
GSM1900 (voice)	Back	0.514	0.588	0.173	0.263	1.102	N/A	N/A
	Right	0.150	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.384	N/A	N/A
	Top	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	0.262	/	/	/	0.262	N/A	N/A
GSM1900 (GPRS 4slot)	Back	0.734	0.588	0.173	0.263	1.322	N/A	N/A
	Right	0.210	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.444	N/A	N/A
	Top	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	0.456	/	/	/	0.456	N/A	N/A
WCDMA Band II	Back	0.982	0.588	0.173	0.263	1.570	N/A	N/A
	Right	0.485	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.719	N/A	N/A
	Top	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	0.768	/	/	/	0.768	N/A	N/A
WCDMA Band V	Back	0.989	0.588	0.173	0.263	1.577	N/A	N/A
	Right	0.553	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.787	N/A	N/A
	Top	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	0.796	/	/	/	0.796	N/A	N/A

Band	Test Position	RB allocation	Scaled				$\Sigma_{\max}$ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark
			Body-Worn	WIFI 2.4G	WIFI 5 G	Bluetooth			
LTE Band 2 QPSK (20MHz)	Back	1	0.526	0.588	0.173	0.263	1.114	N/A	N/A
		50	0.354	0.588	0.173	0.263	0.942	N/A	N/A
	Right	1	0.112	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.346	N/A	N/A
		50	0.173	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.407	N/A	N/A
	Top	1	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
		50	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	1	0.445	/	/	/	0.445	N/A	N/A
		50	0.310	/	/	/	0.310	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 4 QPSK (20MHz)	Back	1	0.765	0.588	0.173	0.263	1.353	N/A	N/A
		50	0.349	0.588	0.173	0.263	0.937	N/A	N/A
	Right	1	0.228	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.462	N/A	N/A
		50	0.317	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.551	N/A	N/A
	Top	1	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
		50	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	1	0.583	/	/	/	0.583	N/A	N/A
		50	0.283	/	/	/	0.283	N/A	N/A

LTE Band 5 QPSK (10MHz)	Back	1	0.358	0.588	0.173	0.263	0.946	N/A	N/A
		50	0.204	0.588	0.173	0.263	0.792	N/A	N/A
	Right	1	0.102	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.336	N/A	N/A
		50	0.138	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.372	N/A	N/A
	Top	1	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
		50	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	1	0.306	/	/	/	0.306	N/A	N/A
		50	0.144	/	/	/	0.144	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 12 QPSK (10MHz)	Back	1	0.443	0.588	0.173	0.263	1.031	N/A	N/A
		50	0.246	0.588	0.173	0.263	0.834	N/A	N/A
	Right	1	0.092	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.326	N/A	N/A
		50	0.116	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.350	N/A	N/A
	Top	1	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
		50	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	1	0.343	/	/	/	0.343	N/A	N/A
		50	0.127	/	/	/	0.127	N/A	N/A

LTE Band 17 QPSK (10MHz)	Back	1	0.430	0.588	0.173	0.263	1.018	N/A	N/A
		50	0.243	0.588	0.173	0.263	0.831	N/A	N/A
	Right	1	0.101	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.335	N/A	N/A
		50	0.107	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.341	N/A	N/A
	Top	1	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
		50	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	1	0.383	/	/	/	0.383	N/A	N/A
		50	0.164	/	/	/	0.164	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 66 QPSK (20MHz)	Back	1	0.697	0.588	0.173	0.263	1.285	N/A	N/A
		50	0.490	0.588	0.173	0.263	1.078	N/A	N/A
	Right	1	0.269	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.503	N/A	N/A
		50	0.337	0.234	0.094	0.263	0.571	N/A	N/A
	Top	1	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
		50	/	0.504	0.142	0.263	0.504	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	1	0.581	/	/	/	0.581	N/A	N/A
		50	0.374	/	/	/	0.374	N/A	N/A

Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is not required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02.

10.4. Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-3GHz)

UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HEADSET SAR

Uncertainty Component	Description	Uncertainty Value(%)	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. 1g(%)	Std. Unc. 10g(%)	v
Measurement system									
Probe calibration	7.2.1	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Axial isotropy	7.2.1.1	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	7.2.1.1	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	∞
Boundary Effects	7.2.1.4	1.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	7.2.1.2	4.70	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
System detection limits	7.2.1.2	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation Response	7.2.1.3	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	∞
Readout Electronics	7.2.1.5	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Response Time	7.2.1.6	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	7.2.1.7	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	7.2.3.7	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Conditions-Reflection	7.2.3.7	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioned mechanical Tolerance	7.2.2.1	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	7.2.2.3	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation interpolation and integration algorithms for Max.SAR evaluation	7.2.4	2.3	R	1	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Test sample related									
Test sample positioning	7.2.2.4.4	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	∞
Device holder uncertainty	7.2.2.4.2 7.2.2.4.3	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	∞
output power variation-SAR drift measurement	7.2.3.6	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
SAR scaling	7.2.5	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and tissue parameters									
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	7.2.2.2	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	7.2.6	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	7.2.3.5	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	∞
Liquid conductivity -measurement uncertainty	7.2.3.3	4	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	∞
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	7.2.3.5	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	∞
Liquid permittivity measurement uncertainty	7.2.3.4	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	∞
Combined standard uncertainty			RSS				10.83	10.54	
Expanded uncertainty (95%CONFIDENCEINTERVAL)			k				21.26	21.08	

UNCERTAINTY FOR PERFORMANCE CHECK

Uncertainty Component	Description	Uncertainty Value(%)	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. 1g(%)	Std. Unc. 10g(%)	v
Measurement system									
Probe calibration	7.2.1	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Axial isotropy	7.2.1.1	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	7.2.1.1	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	∞
Boundary Effects	7.2.1.4	1.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	7.2.1.2	4.70	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
System detection limits	7.2.1.2	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation Response	7.2.1.3	3	N	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	7.2.1.5	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Response Time	7.2.1.6	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	7.2.1.7	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	7.2.3.7	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Conditions-Reflection	7.2.3.7	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioned mechanical Tolerance	7.2.2.1	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	7.2.2.3	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation interpolation and integration algorithms for Max.SAR evaluation	7.2.4	2.3	R	1	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Dipole									
Deviation of experimental source from numerical source		4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	7.2.3.6	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole axis to liquid distance		2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1			∞
Phantom and tissue parameters									
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	7.2.2.2	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	7.2.6	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	7.2.3.5	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	∞
Liquid conductivity -measurement uncertainty	7.2.3.3	4	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	∞
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	7.2.3.5	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	∞
Liquid permittivity measurement uncertainty	7.2.3.4	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	∞
Combined standard uncertainty			RSS				10.15	10.05	
Expanded uncertainty (95%CONFIDENCEINTERVAL)			k				20.29	20.10	

10.5. Test Equipment List

Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Calibration Date (D.M.Y)	Calibration Due (D.M.Y)
PC	Lenovo	H3050	N/A	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47070282	Jun. 08, 2022	Jun. 07, 2023
Multimeter	Keithley	Multimeter 2000	4078275	Jun. 08, 2022	Jun. 07, 2023
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US38432457	Jun. 08, 2022	Jun. 07, 2023
Wireless Communication Test Set	R & S	CMU200	111382	Jun. 08, 2022	Jun. 07, 2023
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	114220	Jun. 08, 2022	Jun. 07, 2023
Power Meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB43312526	Jun. 08, 2022	Jun. 07, 2023
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	MY45101555	Jun. 08, 2022	Jun. 07, 2023
Power Meter	Agilent	N1912A	MY50001018	Jun. 08, 2022	Jun. 07, 2023
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9301A	MY41497725	Jun. 08, 2022	Jun. 07, 2023
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	MY44421198	Jun. 08, 2022	Jun. 07, 2023
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9323A	MY53070005	Jun. 08, 2022	Jun. 07, 2023
Power Amplifier	PE	PE15A4019	112342	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	722D	MY52180104	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	Chensheng	FF779	134251	N/A	N/A
E-Field PROBE	MVG	SSE2	SN 36/20 EPGO346	Oct. 08, 2021	Oct. 07, 2022
DIPOLE 835	MVG	SID835	SN 16/15 DIP 0G835-369	Jun. 05, 2021	Jun. 04, 2024
DIPOLE 1800	MVG	SID 1800	SN 16/15 DIP 1G800-371	Jun. 05, 2021	Jun. 04, 2024
DIPOLE 1900	MVG	SID1900	SN 16/15 DIP 1G900-372	Jun. 05, 2021	Jun. 04, 2024
DIPOLE 2450	MVG	SID 2450	SN 16/15 DIP 2G450-374	Jun. 05, 2021	Jun. 04, 2024
DIPOLE 2600	MVG	SID 2600	SN 16/15 DIP 2G600-375	Jun. 05, 2021	Jun. 04, 2024
DIPOLE 5200-5800	MVG	SID 5000	SN 16/15 DIP 5G000-376	May 15, 2021	May 14, 2024
Limesar Dielectric Probe	MVG	SCLMP	SN 19/15 OCPG71	Jun. 05, 2021	Jun. 04, 2024
Communication Antenna	MVG	ANTA59	SN 39/14 ANTA59	N/A	N/A
Mobile Phone Position Device	MVG	MSH101	SN 19/15 MSH101	N/A	N/A
Dummy Probe	MVG	DP66	SN 13/15 DP66	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM	MVG	SAM120	SN 19/15 SAM120	N/A	N/A
PHANTOM TABLE	MVG	TABP101	SN 19/15 TABP101	N/A	N/A
Robot TABLE	MVG	TABP61	SN 19/15 TABP61	N/A	N/A
6 AXIS ROBOT	KUKA	KR6-R900	501822	N/A	N/A

Note: 1.N/A means this equipment no need to calibrate

2.Each Time means this device need to calibrate every use time

3. The dipole was not damaged properly repaired.

4. The measured SAR deviates from the calibrated SAR value by less than 10%

5. The most recent return-loss result meets the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement

6. The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance deviates by less than 5 Ω from the previous measurement.

11. System Check Results

Date of measurement: 09/05/2022 Test mode: 835 (Body)

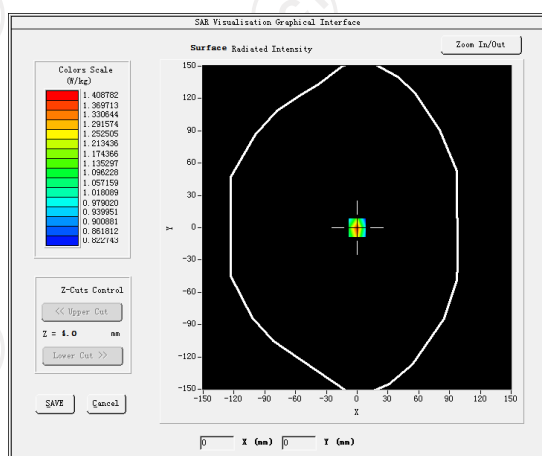
Product Description: Validation

Dipole Model: SID835

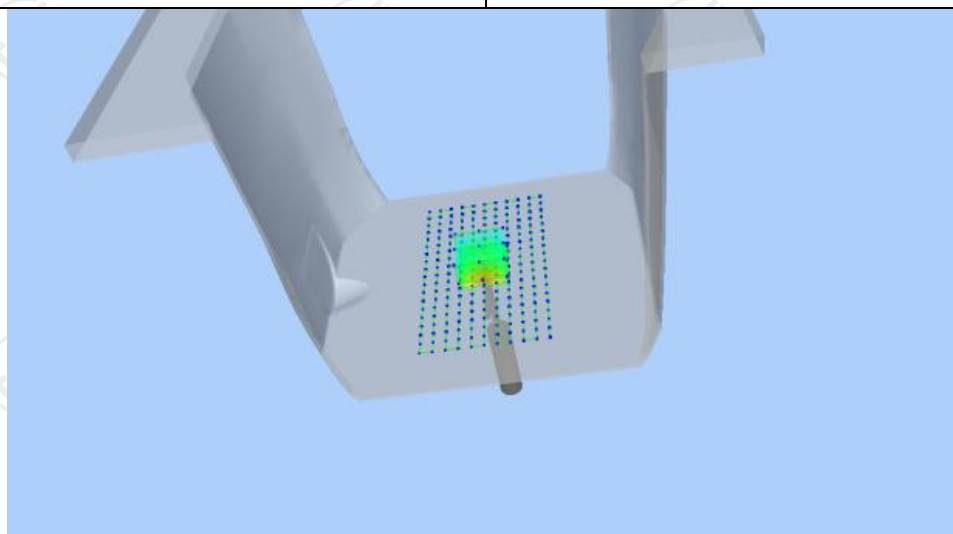
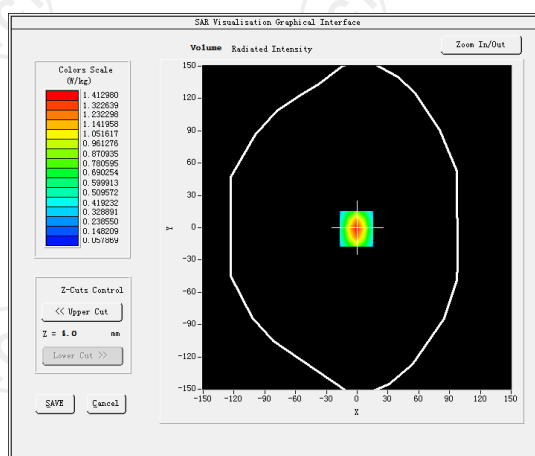
E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPGO346)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	8.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.86
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.242077
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.378187
Conductivity (S/m)	0.938883
Variation (%)	-0.150000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.633123
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.949446

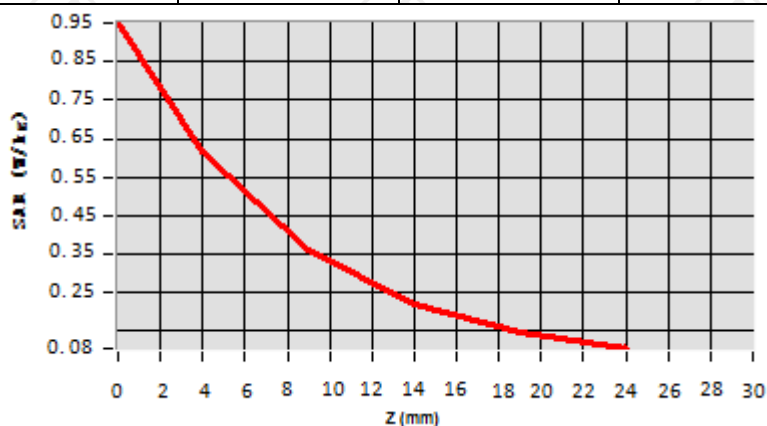
SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.9625	0.6022	0.3594	0.2202	0.0725



Hot spot position



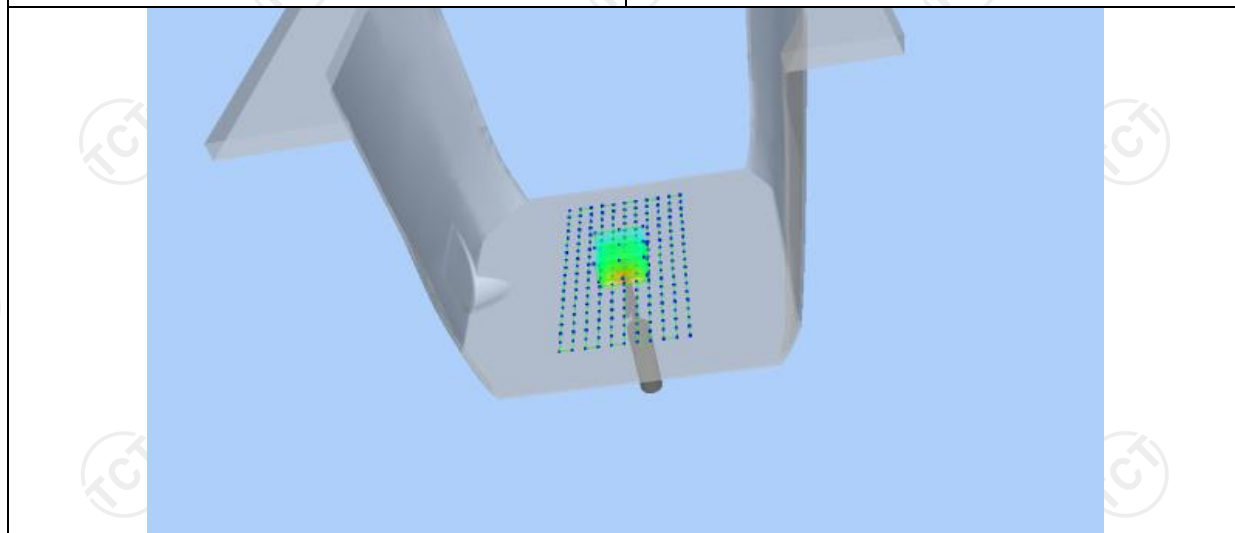
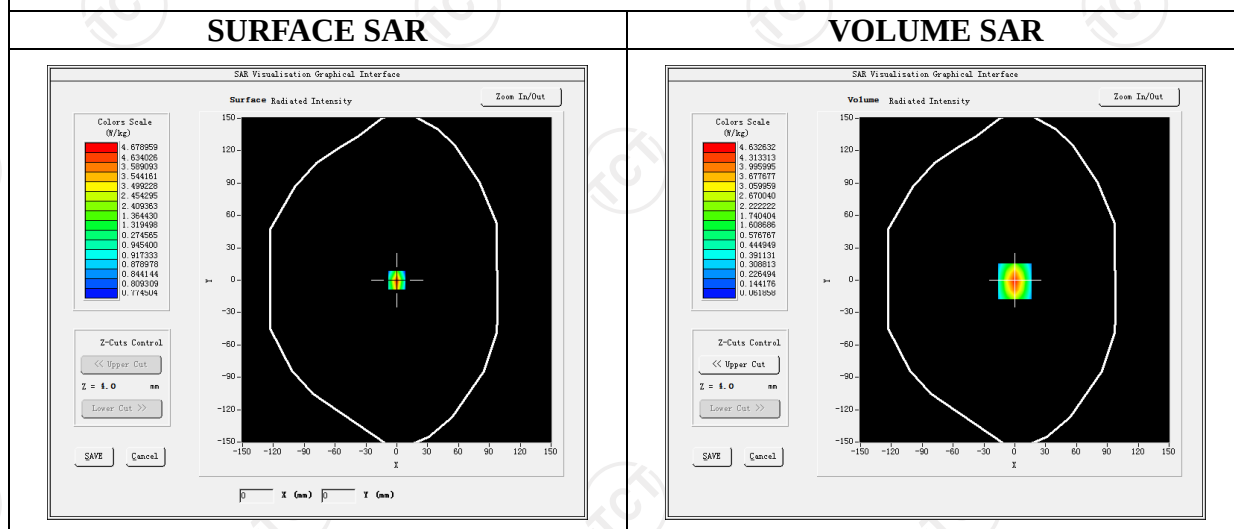
Date of measurement: 09/05/2022 Test mode: 1800MHz (Body)

Product Description: Validation

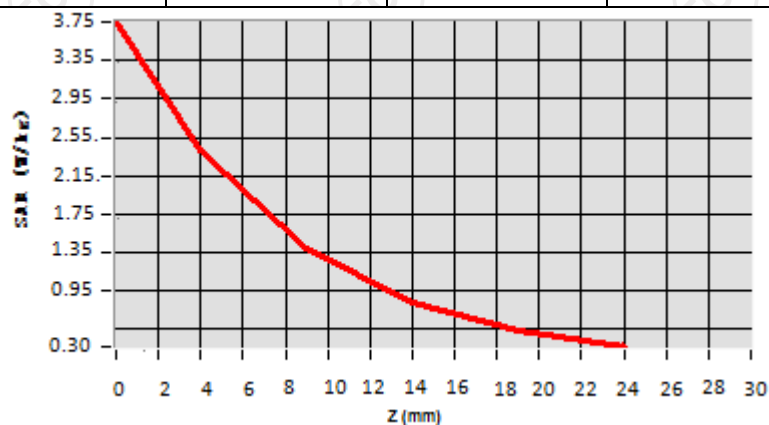
Dipole Model: SID1800

E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.16
Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.292699
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.200000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.530000
Variation (%)	3.050000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.053687
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.782547



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	3.7545	2.4524	1.3520	0.8214	0.5525



Hot spot position



Date of measurement: 09/05/2022 Test mode: 1900MHz (Body)

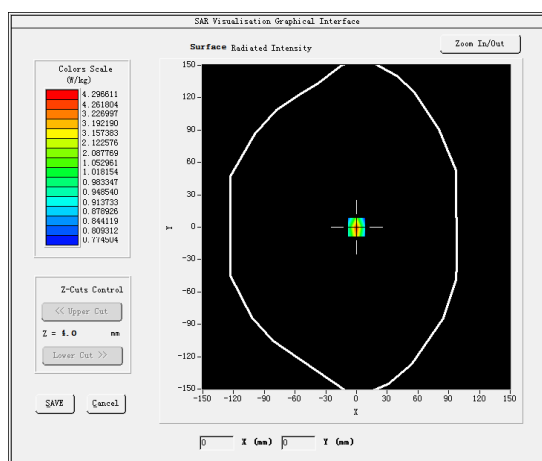
Product Description: Validation

Dipole Model: SID1900

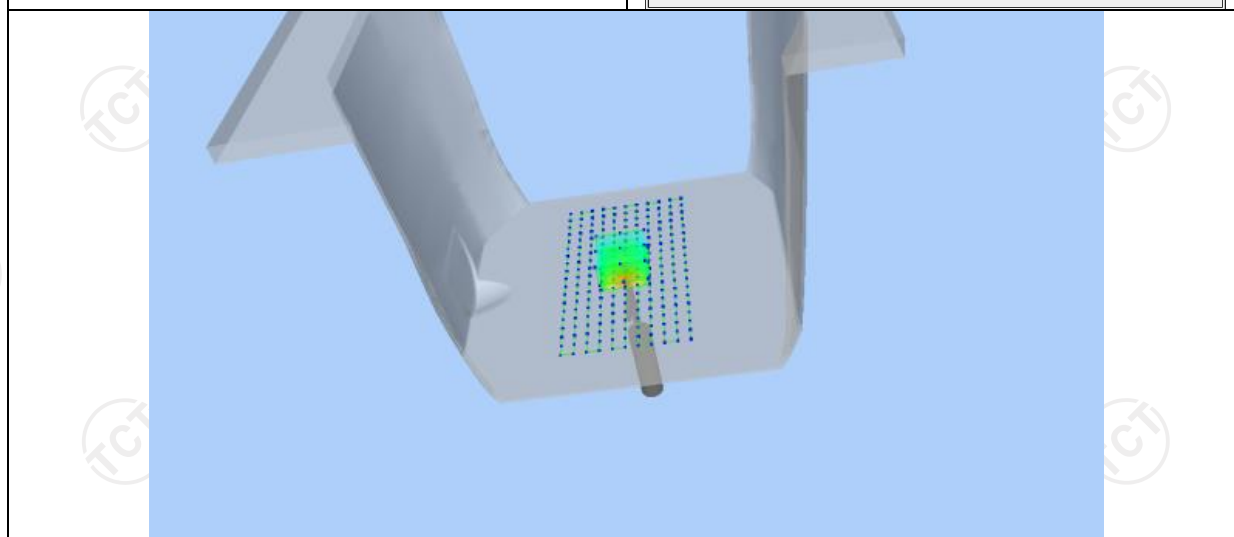
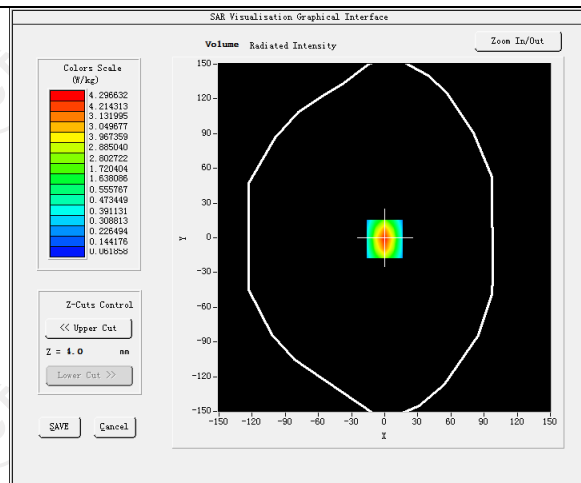
E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	8.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.32
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.309999
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.329440
Conductivity (S/m)	1.510354
Variation (%)	1.250000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.994255
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.766112

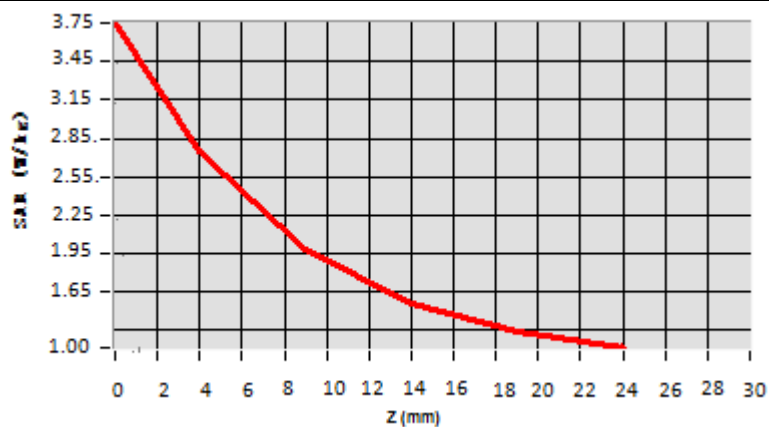
SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	3.7752	2.7154	1.9525	1.5694	0.9014



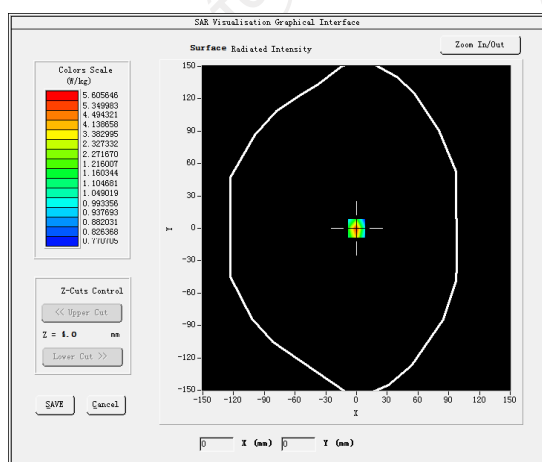
Hot spot position



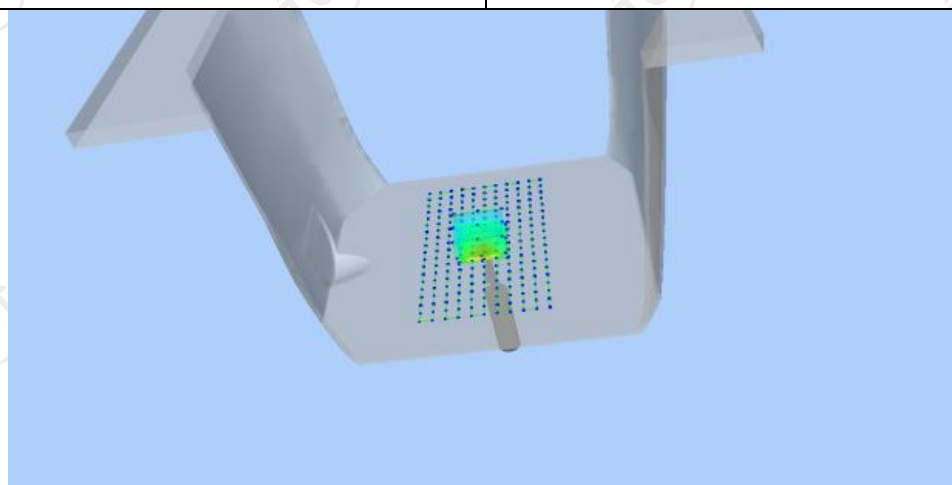
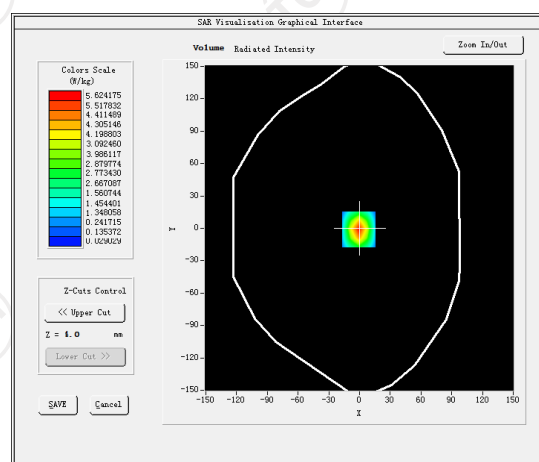
Date of measurement: 09/05/2022 Test mode: 2450MHz (Body)
 Product Description: Validation
 Dipole Model: SID2450
 E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPGO346)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.37
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.616199
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.930150
Conductivity (S/m)	2.012159
Variation (%)	-0.230000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.416669
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.066368

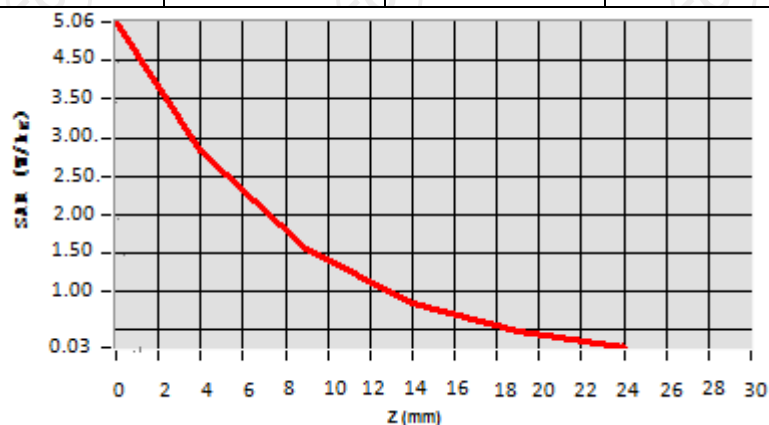
SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.0622	2.7984	1.5251	0.8352	0.4200



Hot spot position



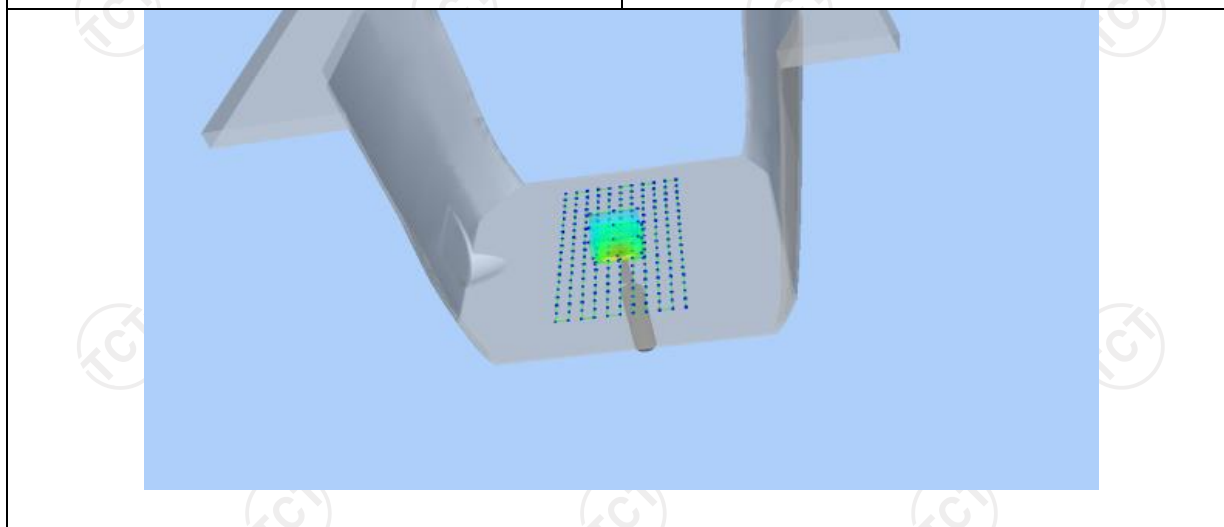
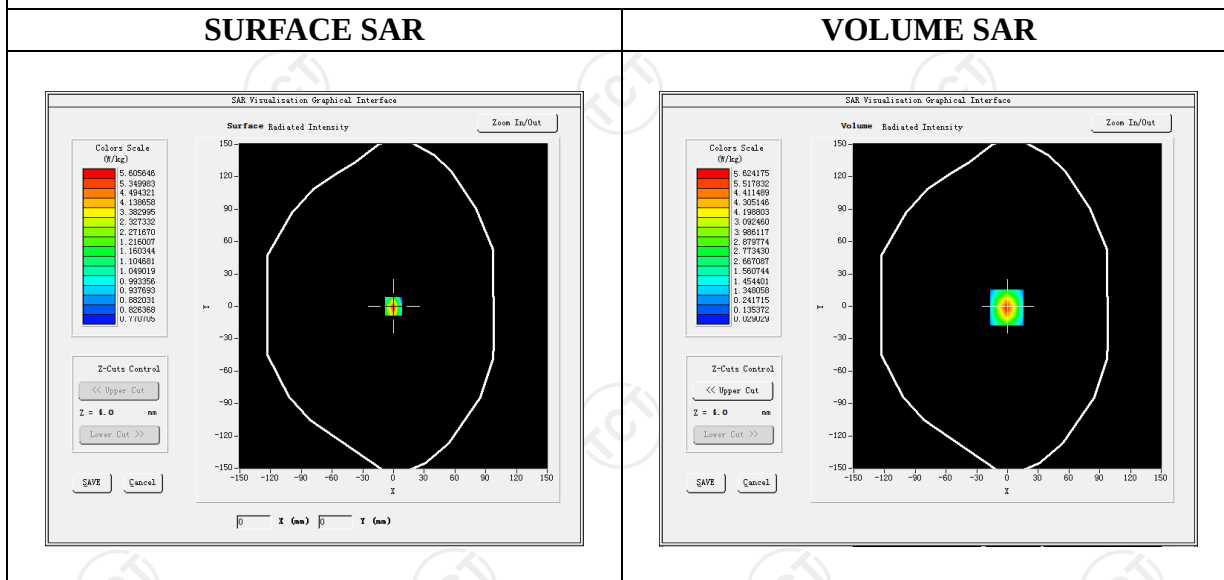
Date of measurement: 09/05/2022 Test mode: 2600MHz (Body)

Product Description: Validation

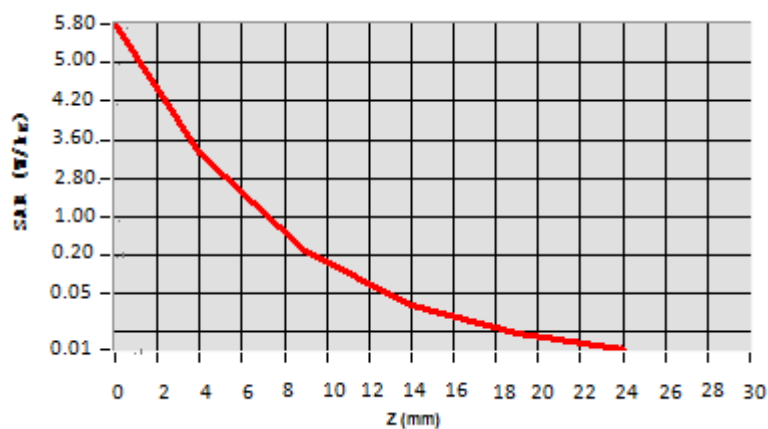
Dipole Model: SID2600

E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPGO346)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.23
Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.013887
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.935214
Conductivity (S/m)	2.114821
Variation (%)	-1.800000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.382177
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.365098



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.7721	3.2210	0.1937	0.0321	0.0203



Hot spot position



Date of measurement: 09/05/2022 Test mode: 5200 (Body)

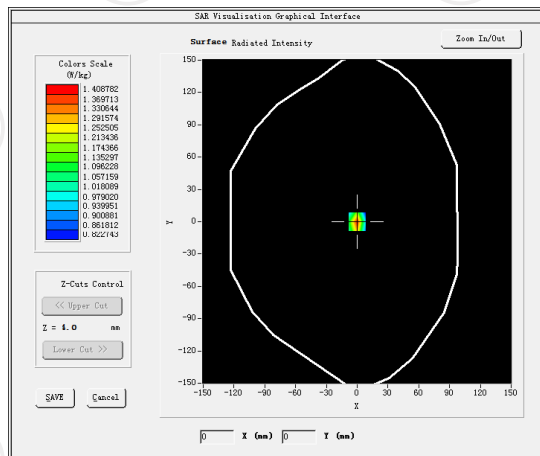
Product Description: Validation

Dipole Model: SID5000

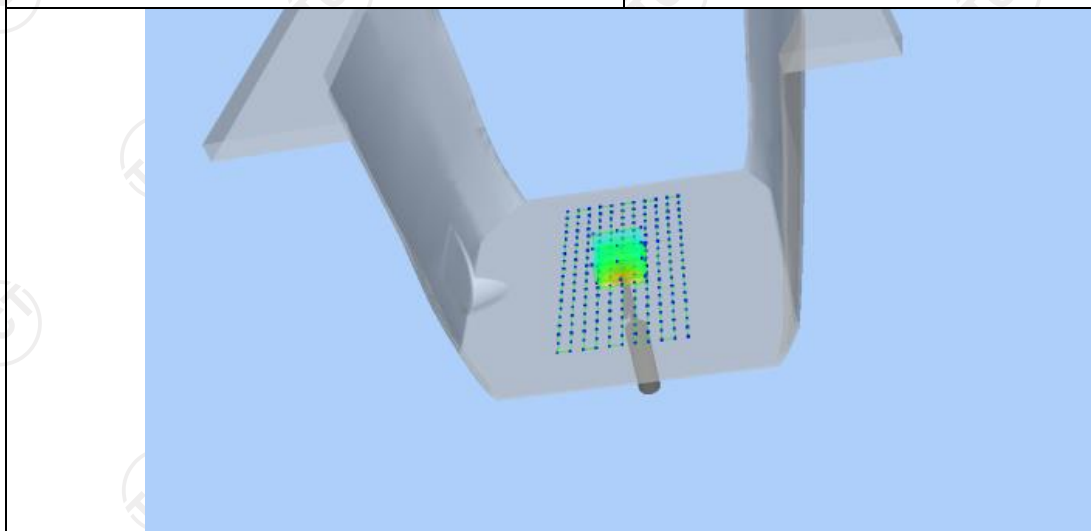
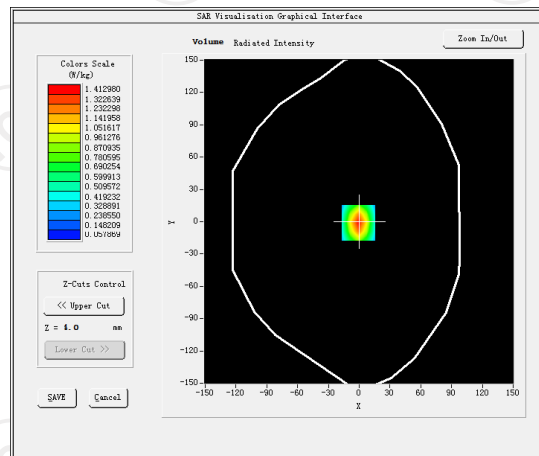
E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPGO346)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.08
Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	49.012077
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.378187
Conductivity (S/m)	5.458883
Variation (%)	-3.140000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.633123
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.949446

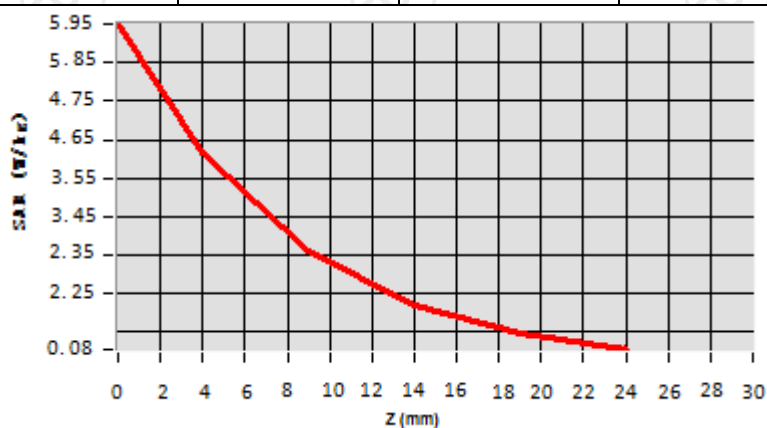
SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.9525	0.6022	0.3594	0.2202	0.0725



Hot spot position



Date of measurement: 09/05/2022 Test mode: 5300MHz (Body)

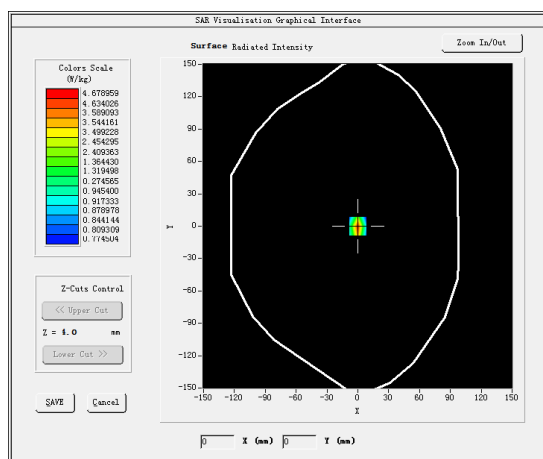
Product Description: Validation

Dipole Model: SID5000

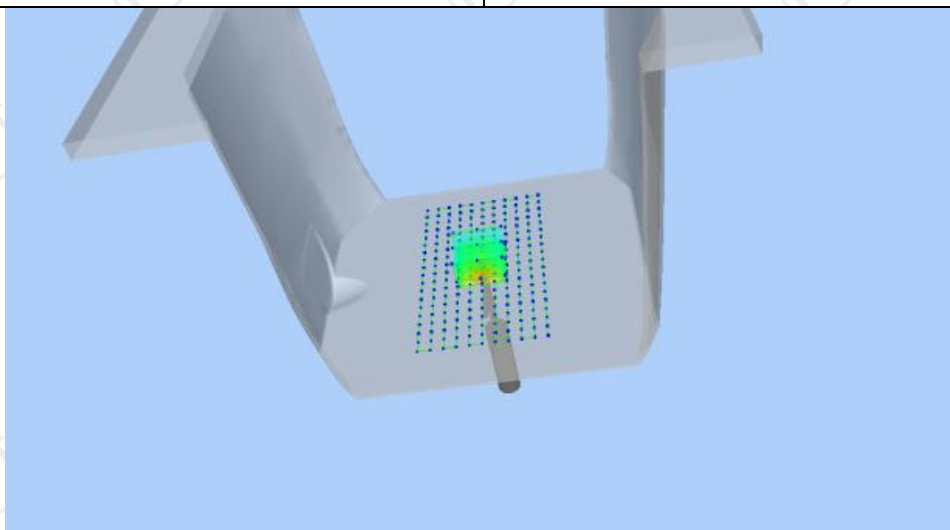
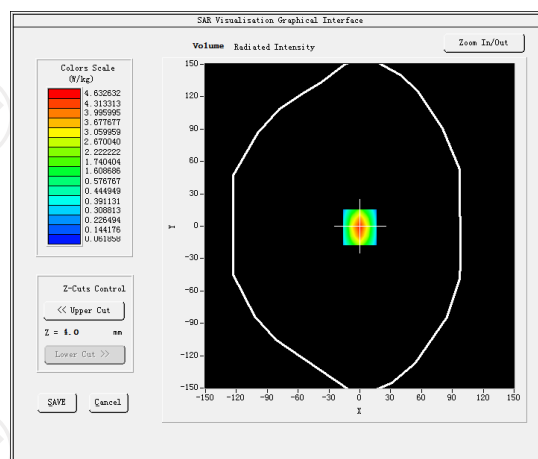
E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPGO346)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.99
Frequency (MHz)	5300.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	48.882699
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.200000
Conductivity (S/m)	5.530000
Variation (%)	0.450000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.053687
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.782547

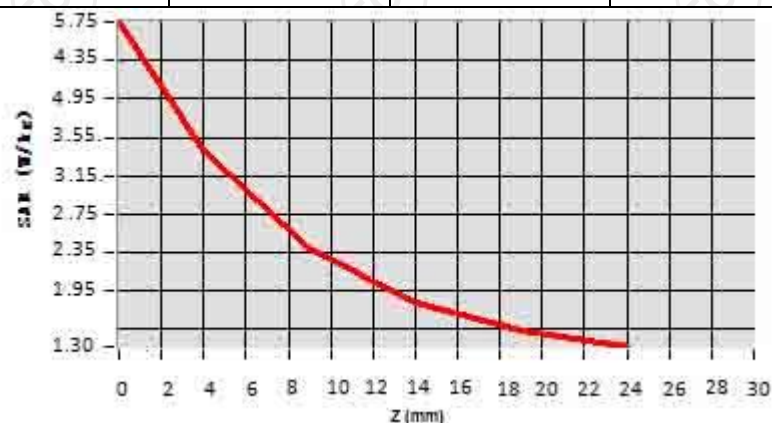
SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.7545	2.4524	1.3520	0.8214	0.5525



Hot spot position



Date of measurement: 09/05/2022 Test mode: 5600MHz (Body)

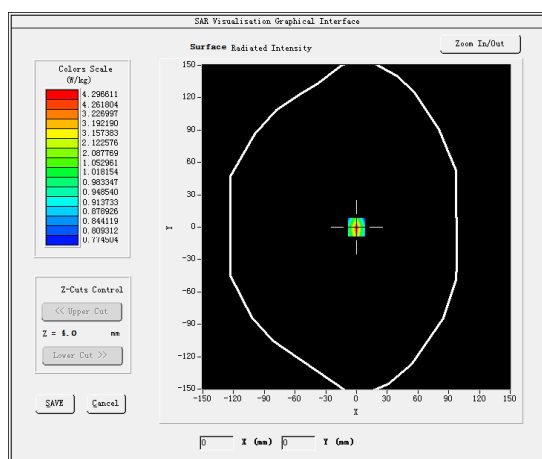
Product Description: Validation

Dipole Model: SID5000

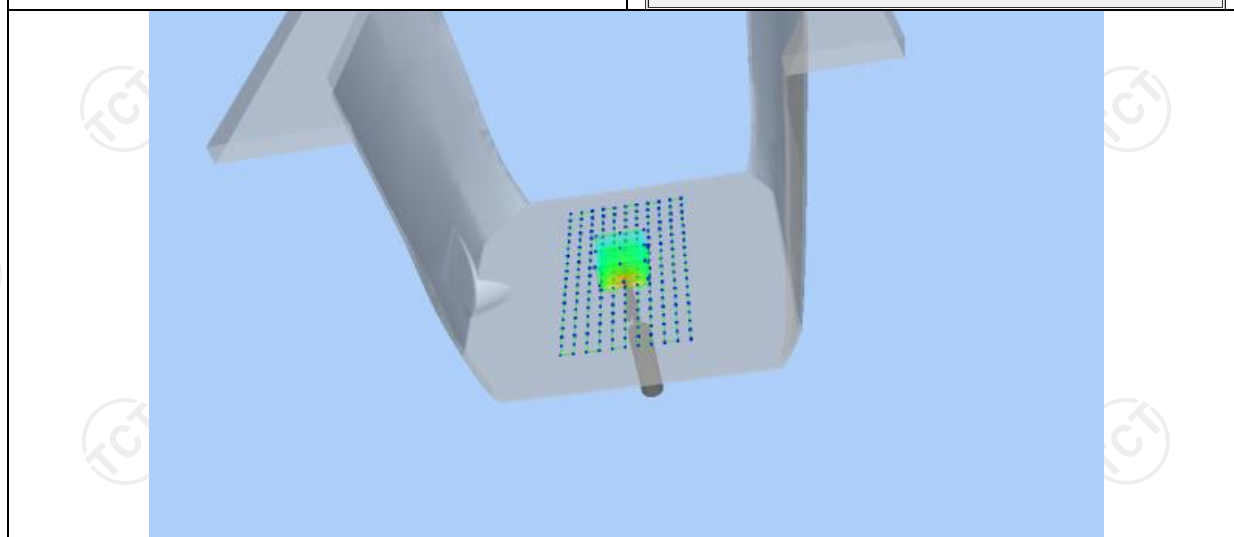
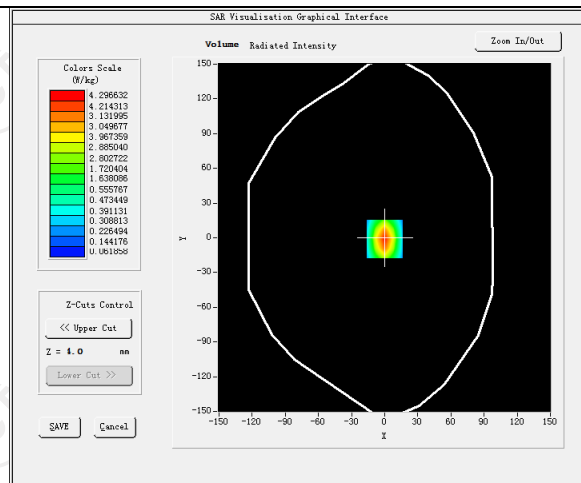
E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.12
Frequency (MHz)	5600.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	49.759999
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.329440
Conductivity (S/m)	5.970354
Variation (%)	1.410000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.994255
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.766112

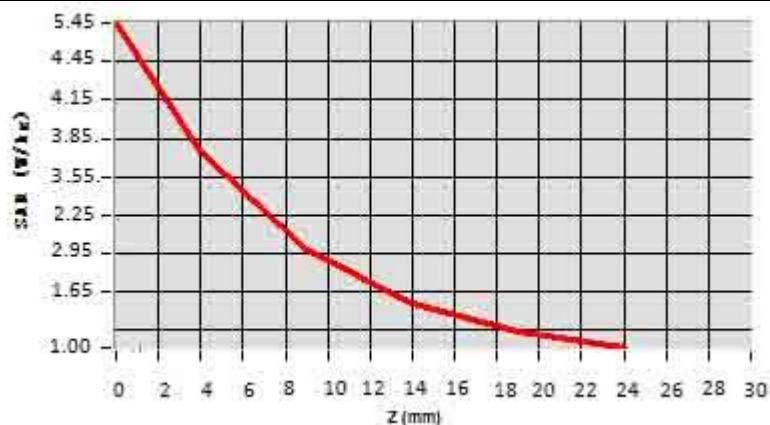
SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.4532	2.7154	1.9525	1.5694	0.9014



Hot spot position



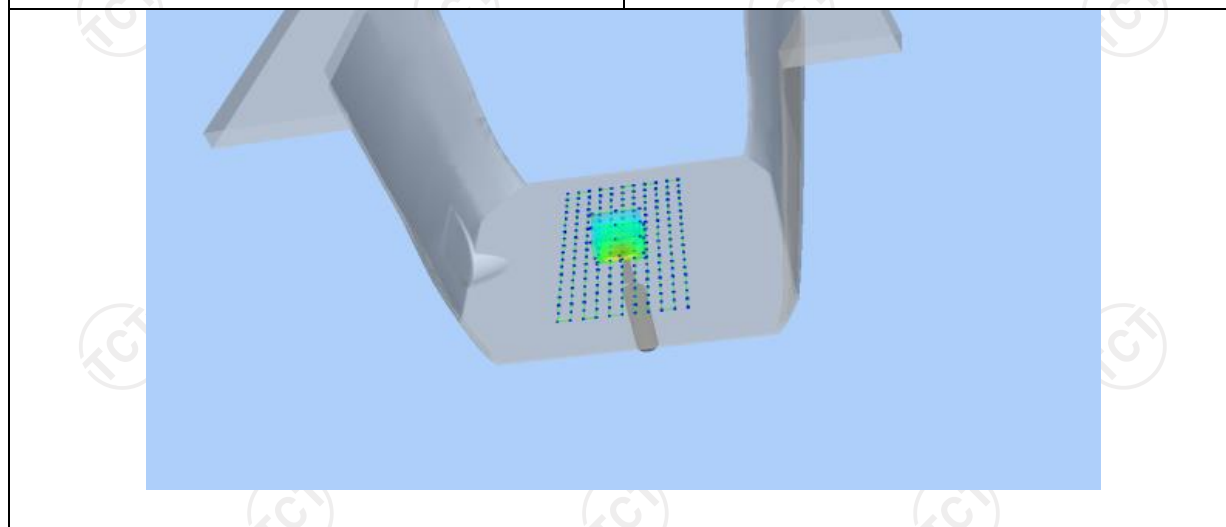
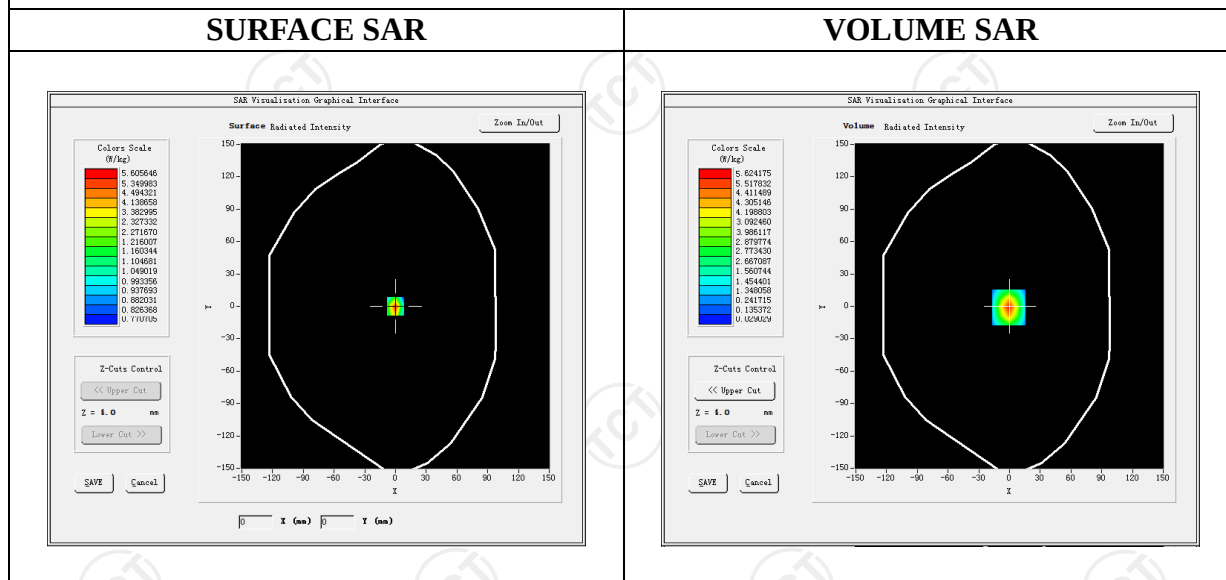
Date of measurement: 09/05/2022 Test mode: 5800MHz (Body)

Product Description: Validation

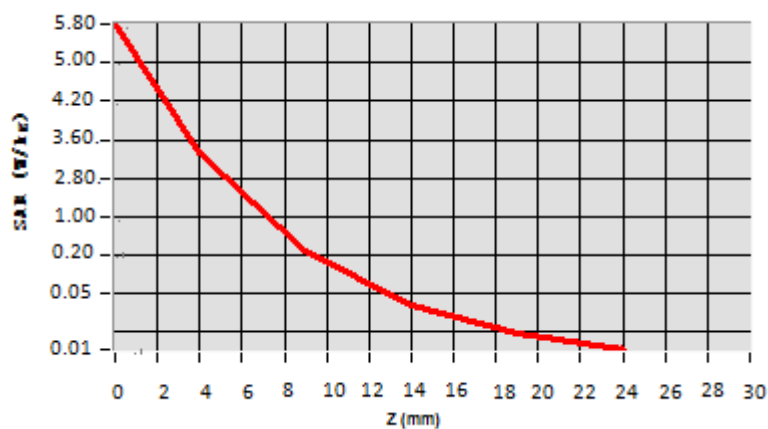
Dipole Model: SID5000

E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPGO346)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.13
Frequency (MHz)	5800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	47.393887
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.935214
Conductivity (S/m)	6.274821
Variation (%)	-1.420000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.382177
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.365098



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.7721	3.2210	0.1937	0.0321	0.0203



Hot spot position



12. SAR Test Data

GSM 850

SAR Measurement at GPRS850 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 5/9/2022

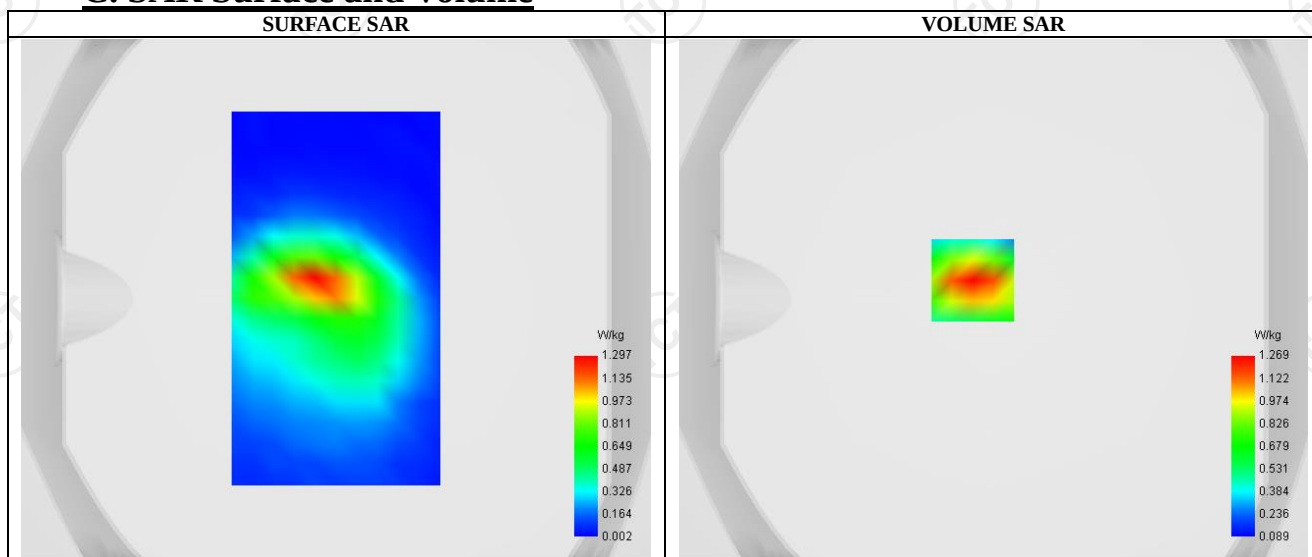
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)
ConvF	1.69
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GPRS850
Channels	Higher (251)
Signal	TDMA (GPRS)
Modulation	GMSK (CS-1)
TX-slots	2

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	848.800
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.158
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.929
Conductivity (S/m)	0.987

C. SAR Surface and Volume



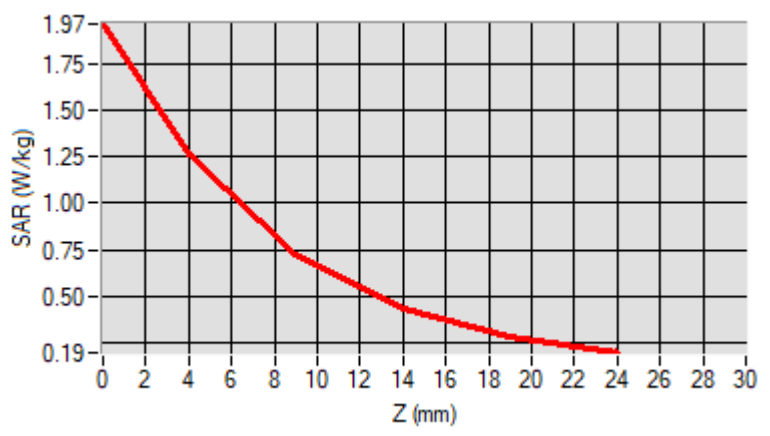
Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=7.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.97 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

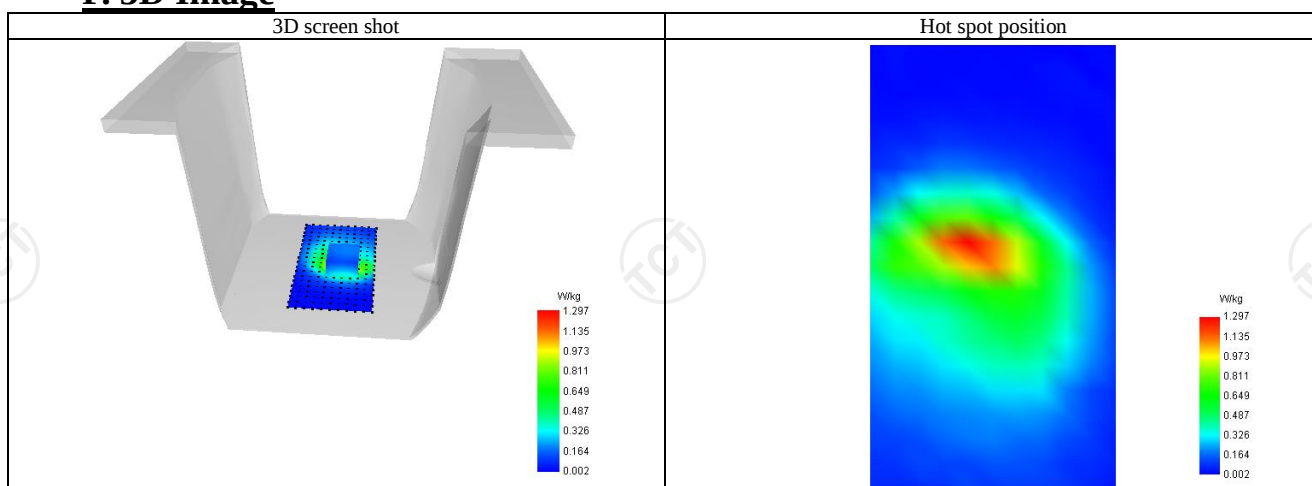
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.364
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.940
Variation (%)	0.640
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.968	1.269	0.726	0.433	0.283



E. 3D Image



GSM 1900

SAR Measurement at GPRS1900 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 5/9/2022

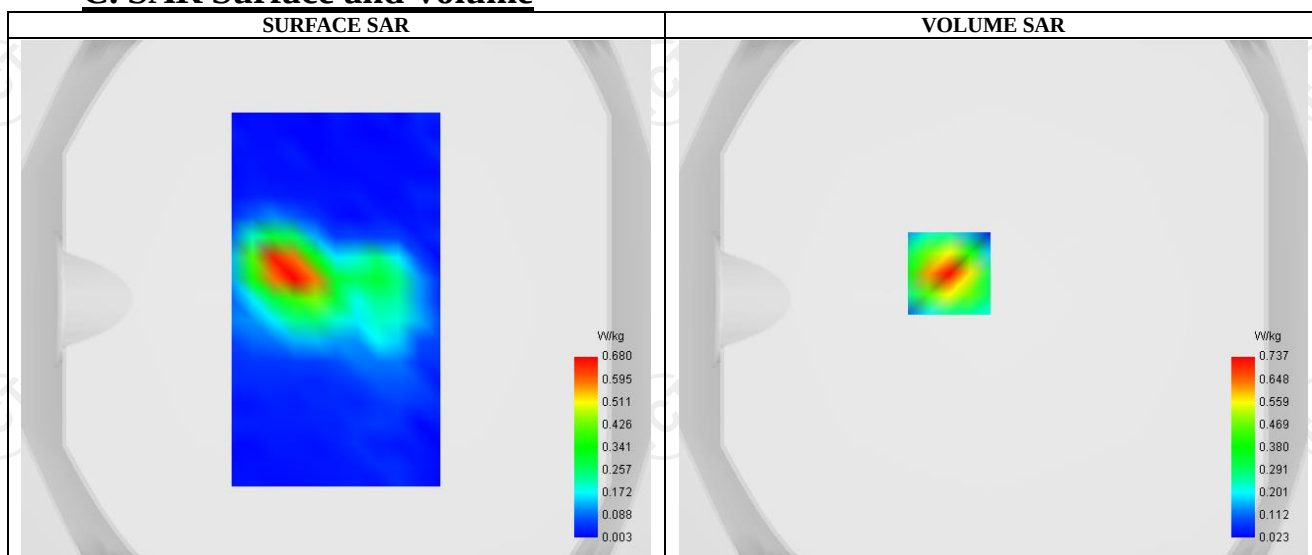
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)
ConvF	2.20
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GPRS1900
Channels	Lower (512)
Signal	TDMA (GPRS)
Modulation	GMSK (CS-1)
TX-slots	3

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.300
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.798
Conductivity (S/m)	1.521

C. SAR Surface and Volume

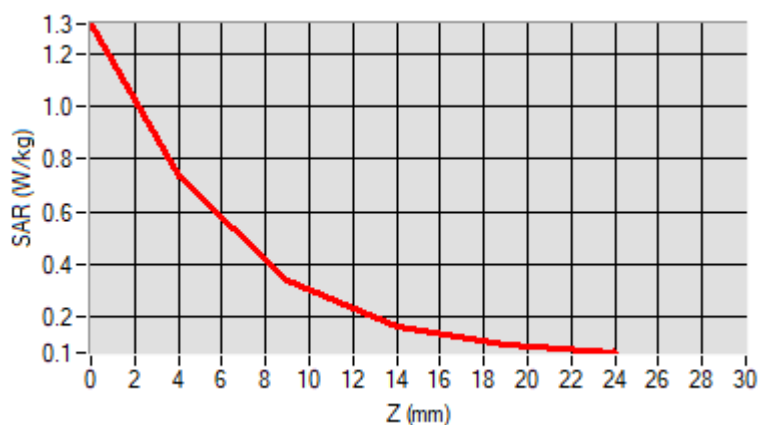


D. SAR 1g & 10g

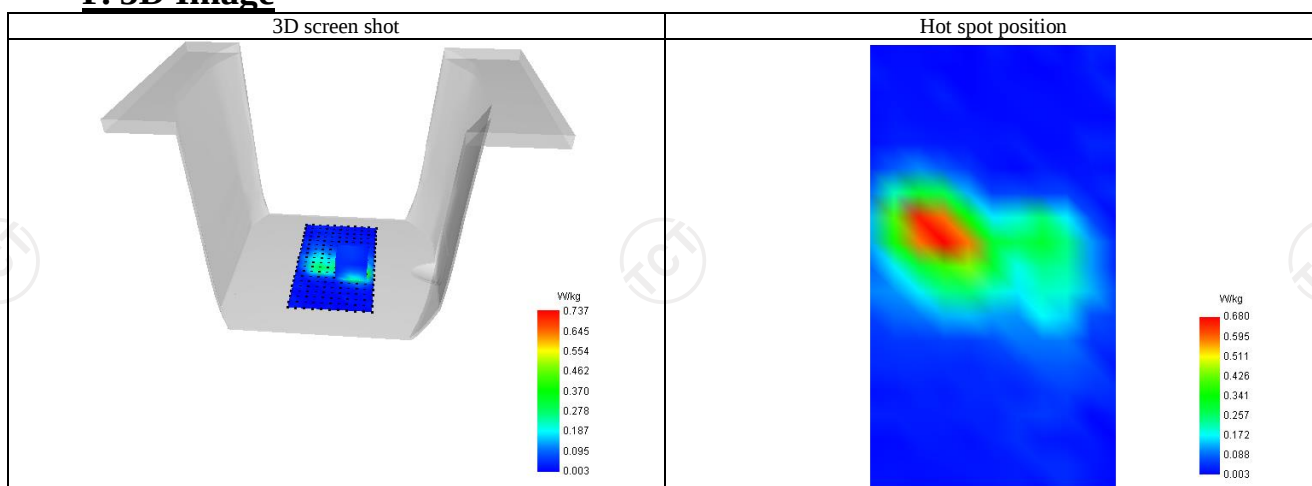
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.322
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.680
Variation (%)	-2.370
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.317	0.737	0.339	0.161	0.091



F. 3D Image



WCDMA Band II

SAR Measurement at Band 2 (1900) (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 6/9/2022

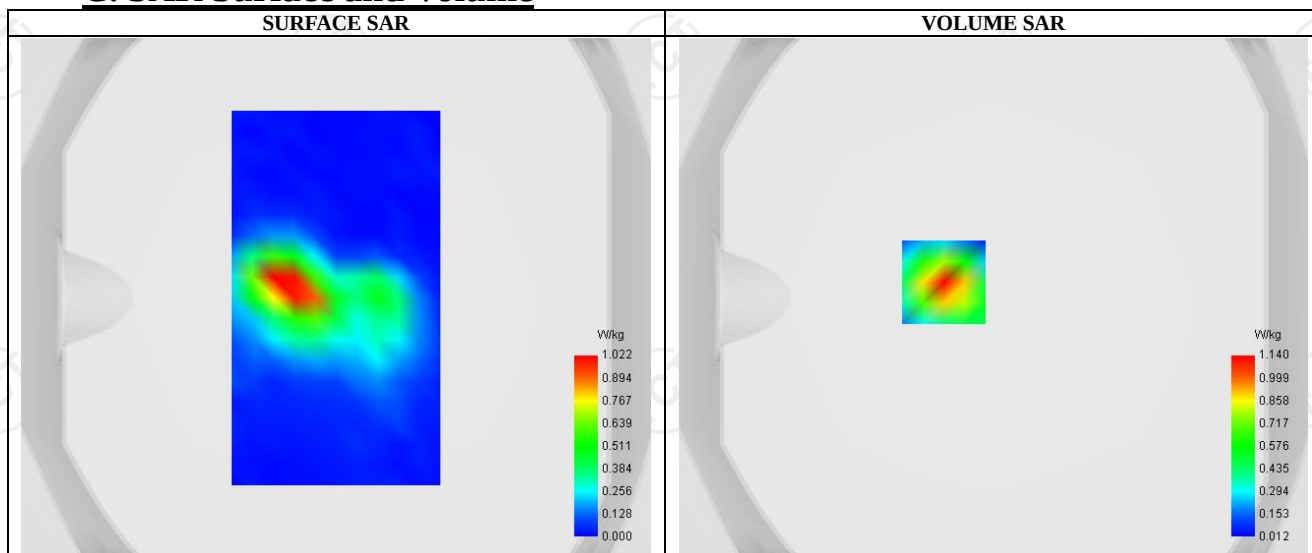
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)
ConvF	2.20
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band 2 (1900)
Channels	Lower (9262)
Signal	WCDMA
Mode	Release 99
Connection Type	RMC, 12.2 kbps

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1852.400
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.300
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.781
Conductivity (S/m)	1.521

C. SAR Surface and Volume



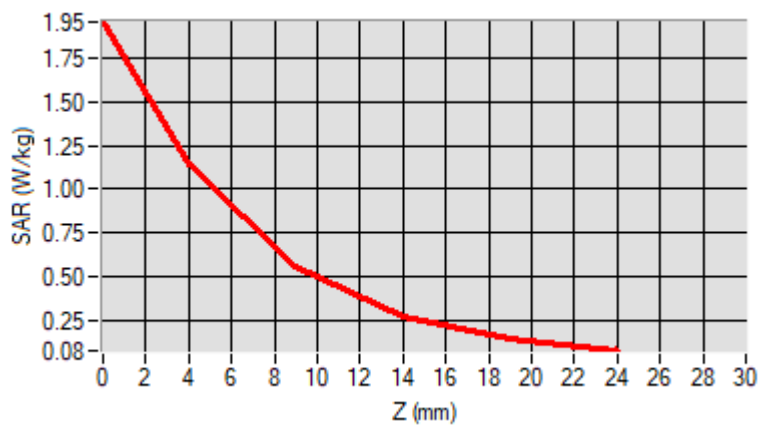
Maximum location: X=-19.00, Y=6.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.95 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

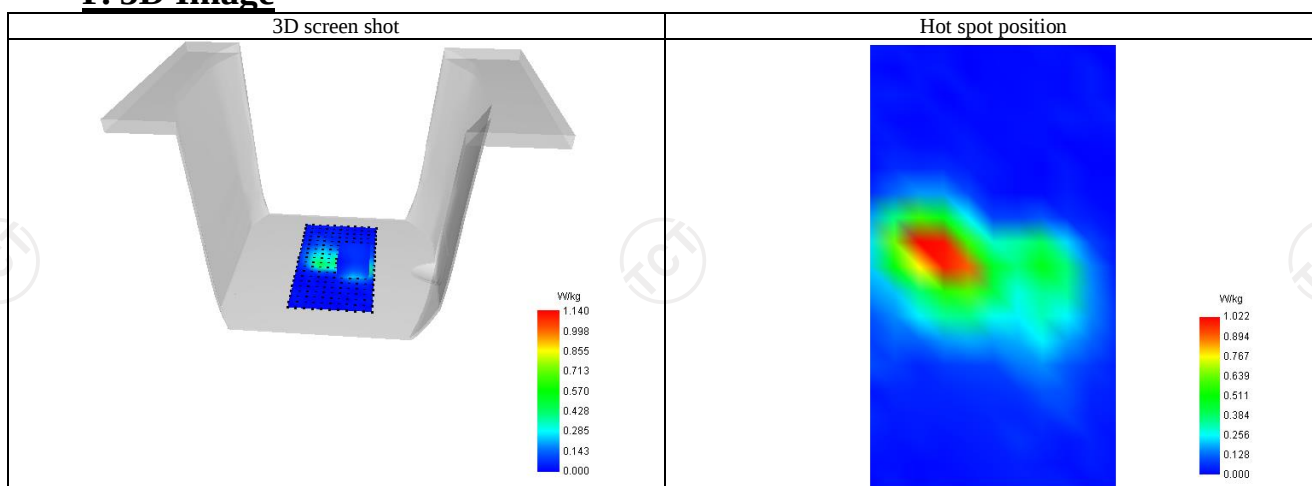
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.388
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.975
Variation (%)	-3.450
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.955	1.140	0.553	0.269	0.143



F. 3D Image



WCDMA Band V

SAR Measurement at Band 5 (850) (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 6/9/2022

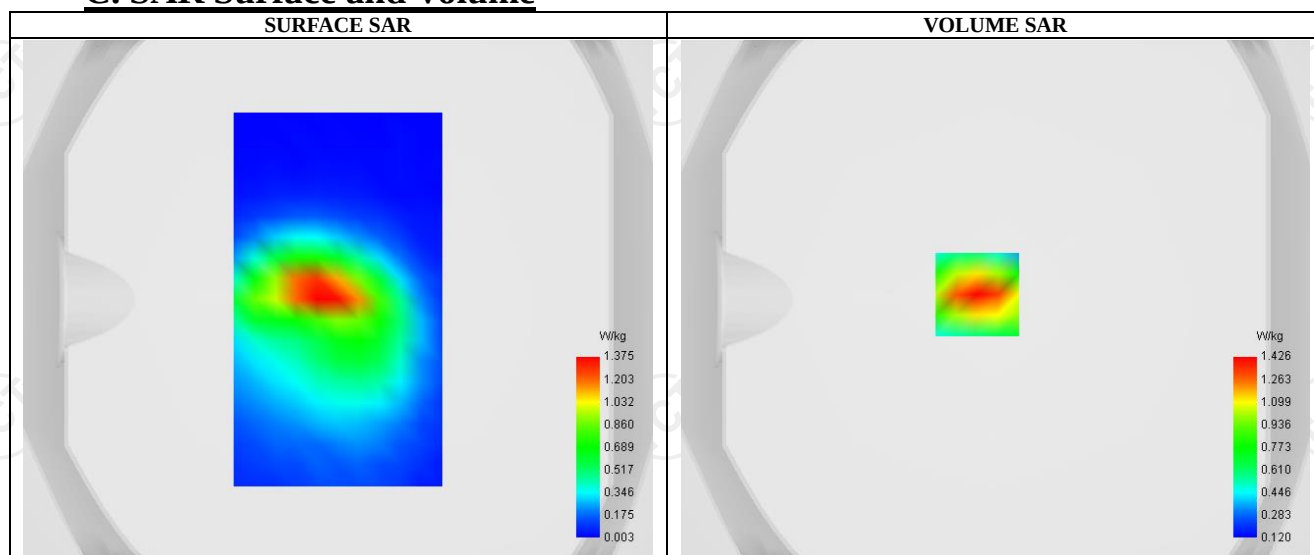
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)
ConvF	1.69
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band 5 (850)
Channels	Middle (4182)
Signal	WCDMA
Mode	Release 99
Connection Type	RMC, 12.2 kbps

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	836.400
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.196
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.912
Conductivity (S/m)	0.972

C. SAR Surface and Volume



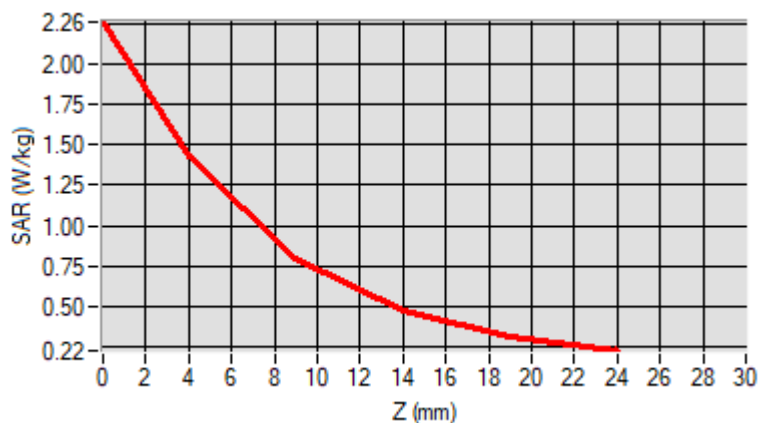
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=2.00 ; SAR Peak: 2.26 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

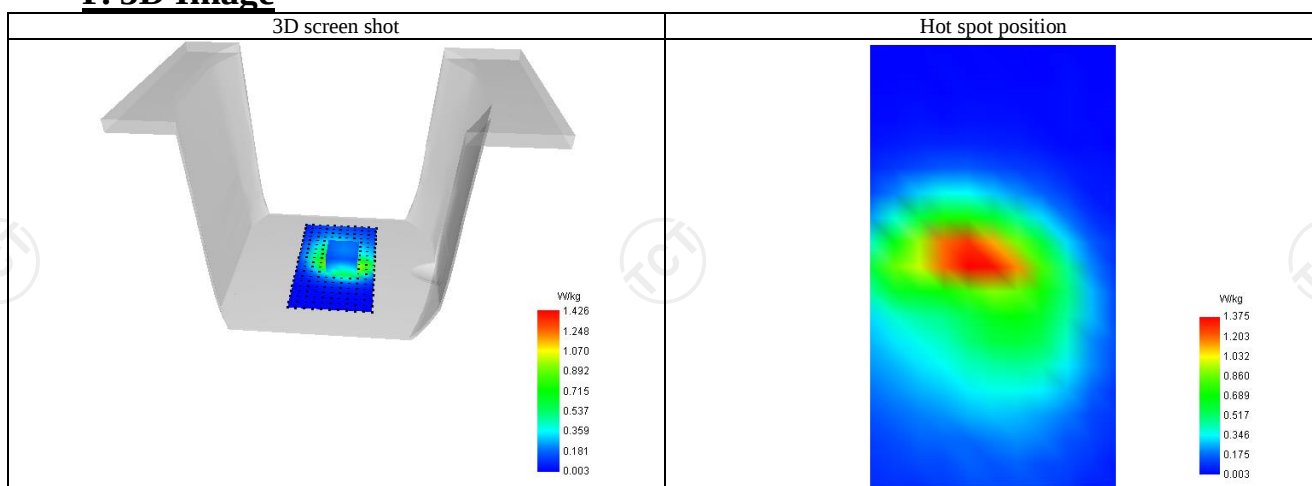
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.343
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.931
Variation (%)	2.240
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.265	1.426	0.793	0.466	0.310



F. 3D Image



LTE Band 2

SAR Measurement at LTE band 2 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 6/9/2022

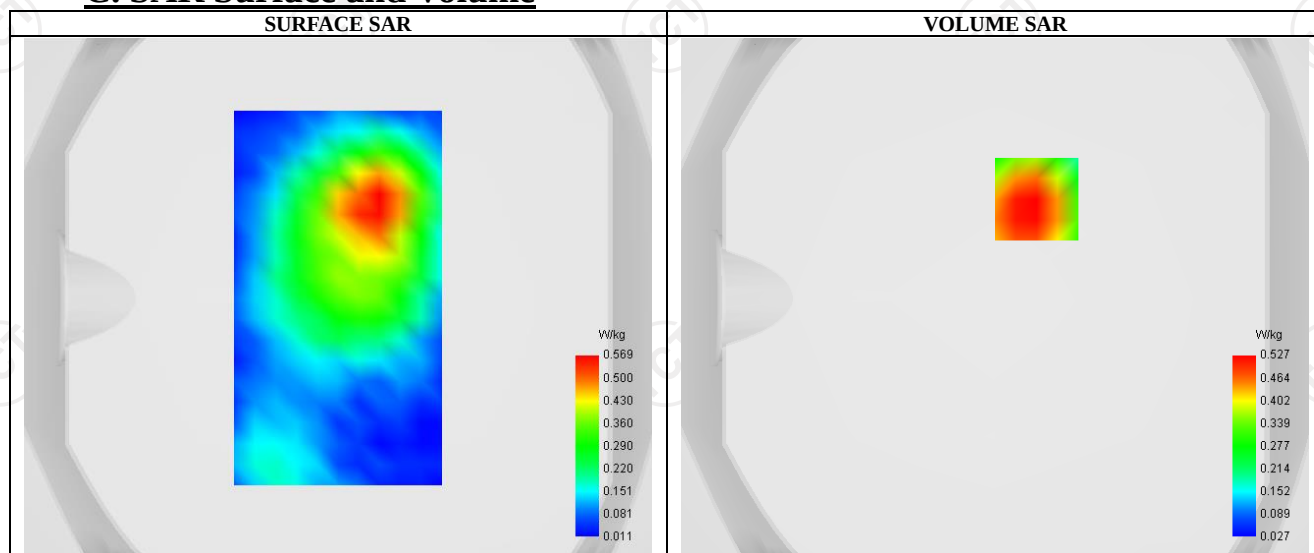
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)
ConvF	2.20
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 2
Channels	Lower (18700)
Signal	LTE FDD
Cell Bandwidth	20 Mhz
Modulation	SC-OFDM - QPSK
RB offset	0
RB size	1

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1851.090
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.300
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.791
Conductivity (S/m)	1.521

C. SAR Surface and Volume



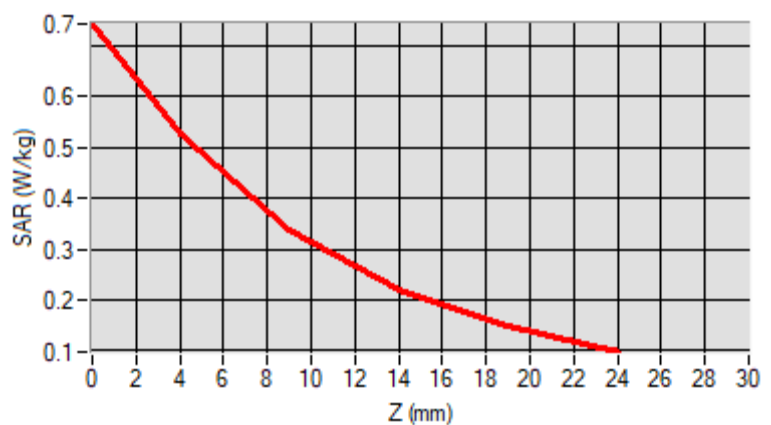
Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=38.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.76 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

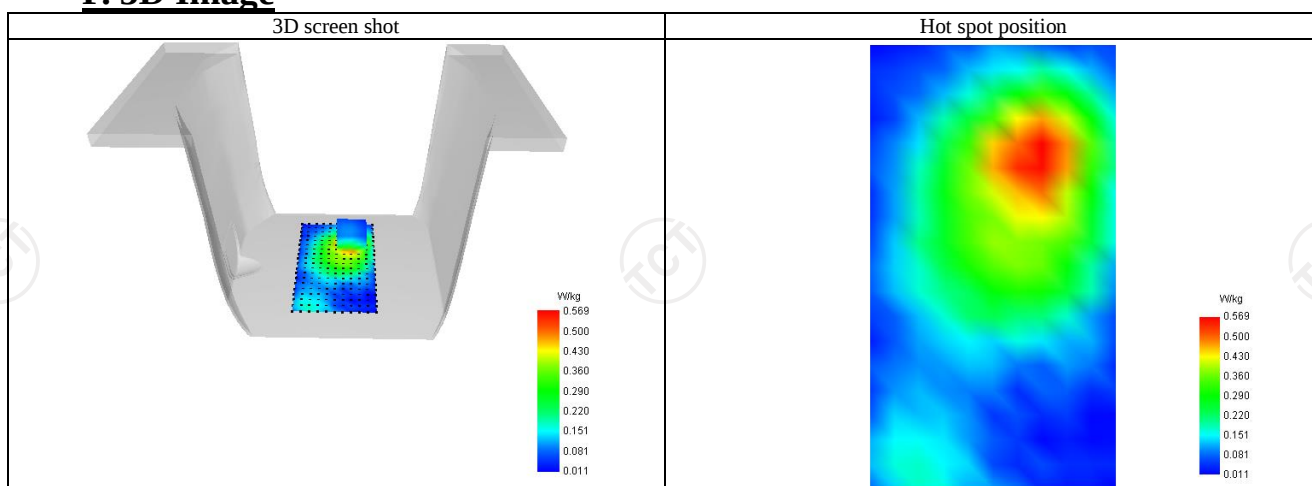
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.322
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.511
Variation (%)	-0.950
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.743	0.527	0.339	0.221	0.148



F. 3D Image



LTE Band 4

SAR Measurement at LTE band 4 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 7/9/2022

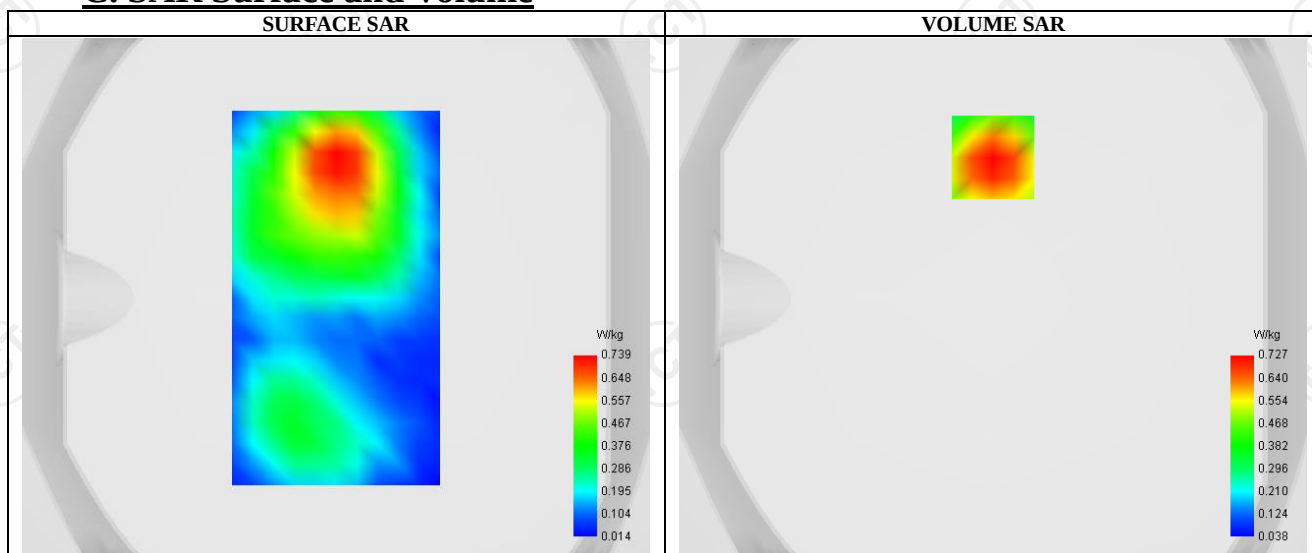
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)
ConvF	2.01
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 4
Channels	Higher (20300)
Signal	LTE FDD
Cell Bandwidth	20 Mhz
Modulation	SC-OFDM - QPSK
RB offset	0
RB size	1

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1744.990
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.534
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.411
Conductivity (S/m)	1.465

C. SAR Surface and Volume



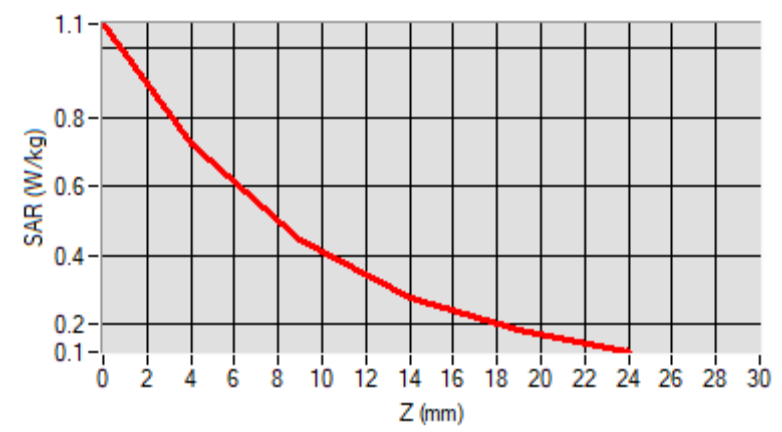
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=54.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.07 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

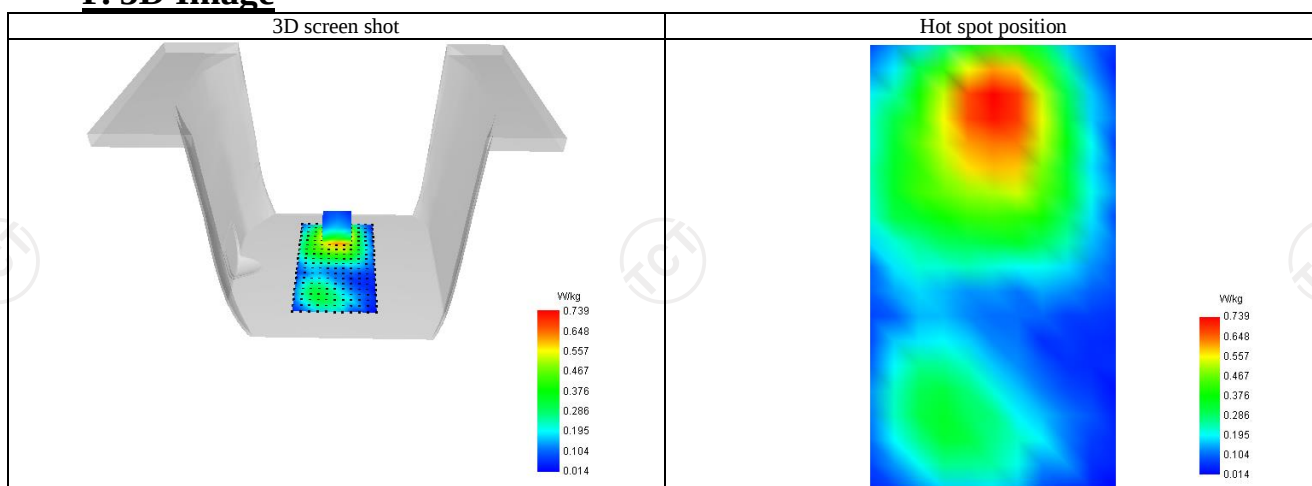
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.428
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.694
Variation (%)	-4.350
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.072	0.727	0.443	0.277	0.182



F. 3D Image



LTE Band 5

SAR Measurement at LTE band 5 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 7/9/2022

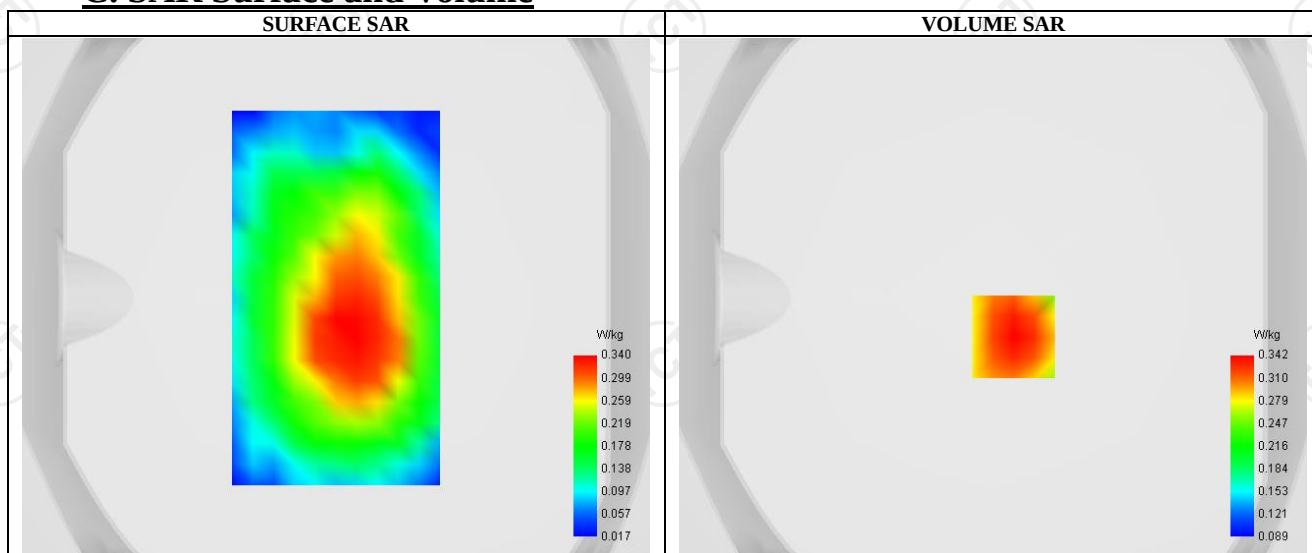
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)
ConvF	1.69
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 5
Channels	Middle (20252)
Signal	LTE FDD
Cell Bandwidth	10 Mhz
Modulation	SC-OFDM - QPSK
RB offset	49
RB size	1

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	836.500
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.159
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.929
Conductivity (S/m)	0.986

C. SAR Surface and Volume



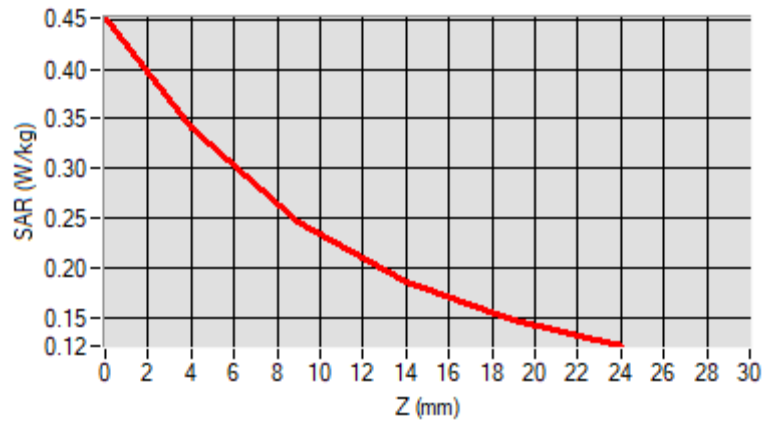
Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-15.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.45 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

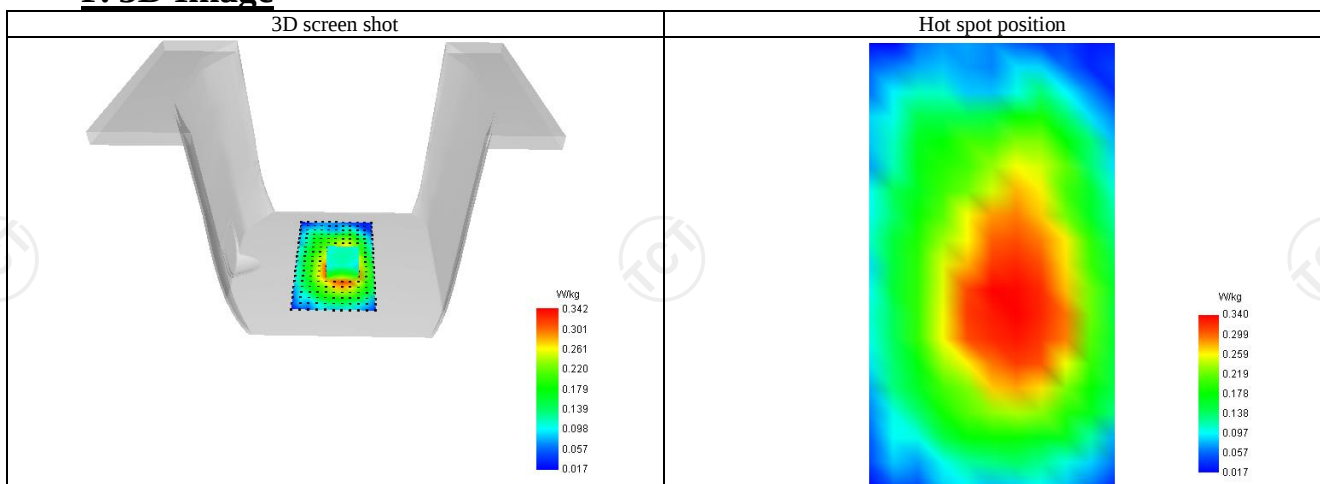
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.237
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.329
Variation (%)	-2.240
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.452	0.342	0.245	0.184	0.147



F. 3D Image



LTE Band 12

SAR Measurement at LTE band 12 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 7/9/2022

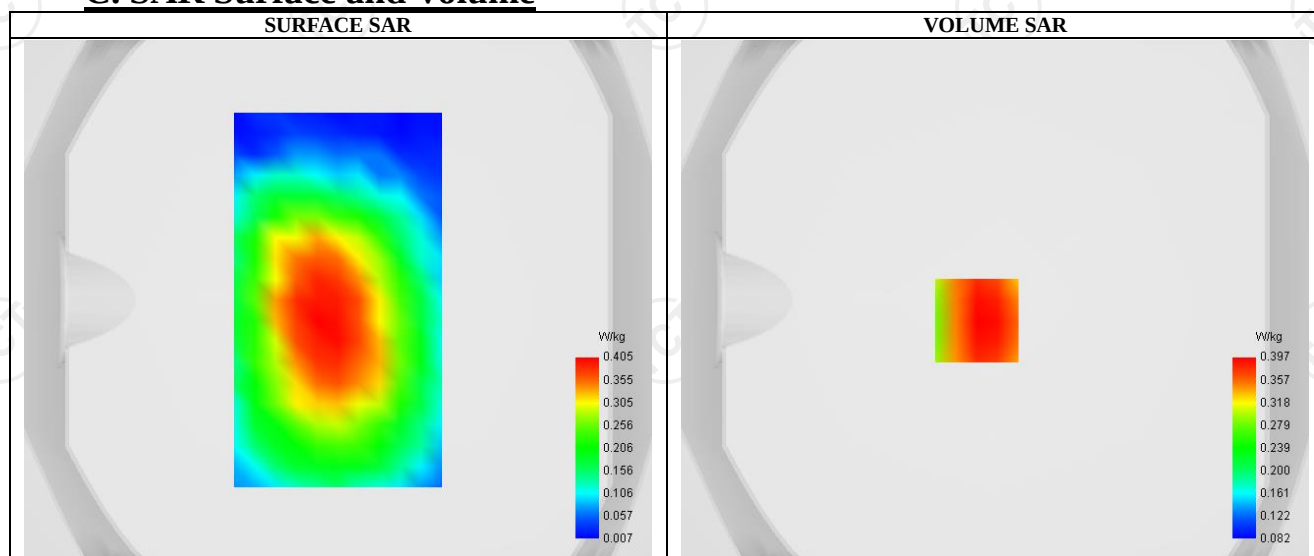
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 12
Channels	Middle (23095)
Signal	LTE FDD
Cell Bandwidth	10 Mhz
Modulation	SC-OFDM - QPSK
RB offset	49
RB size	1

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	707.500
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.666
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	26.094
Conductivity (S/m)	1.037

C. SAR Surface and Volume



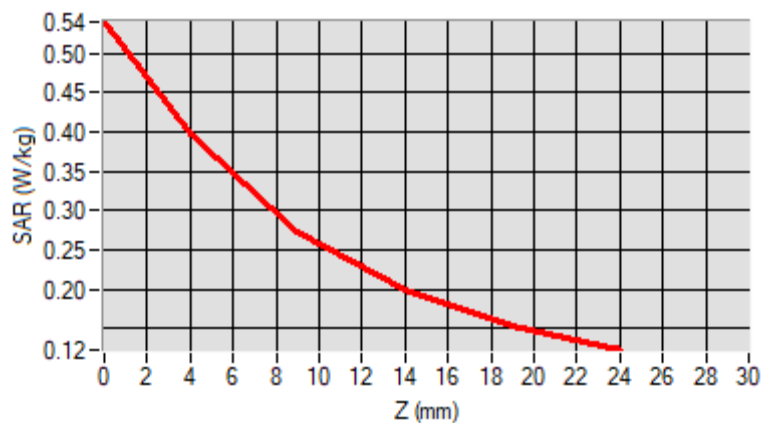
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-8.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.54 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

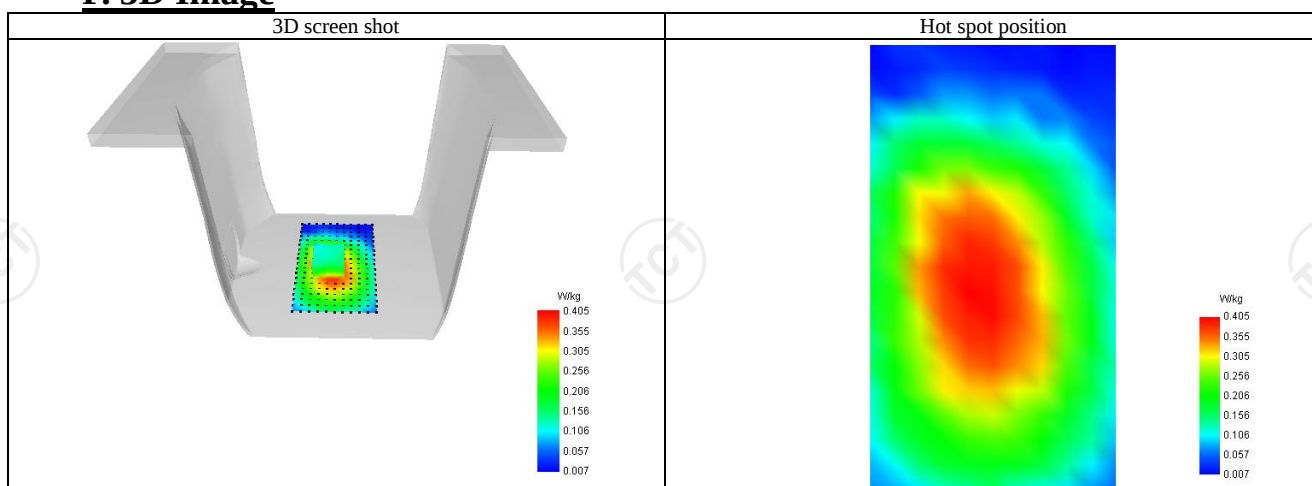
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.293
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.411
Variation (%)	-3.970
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.540	0.397	0.274	0.198	0.154



F. 3D Image



LTE Band 17

SAR Measurement at LTE band 17 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/9/2022

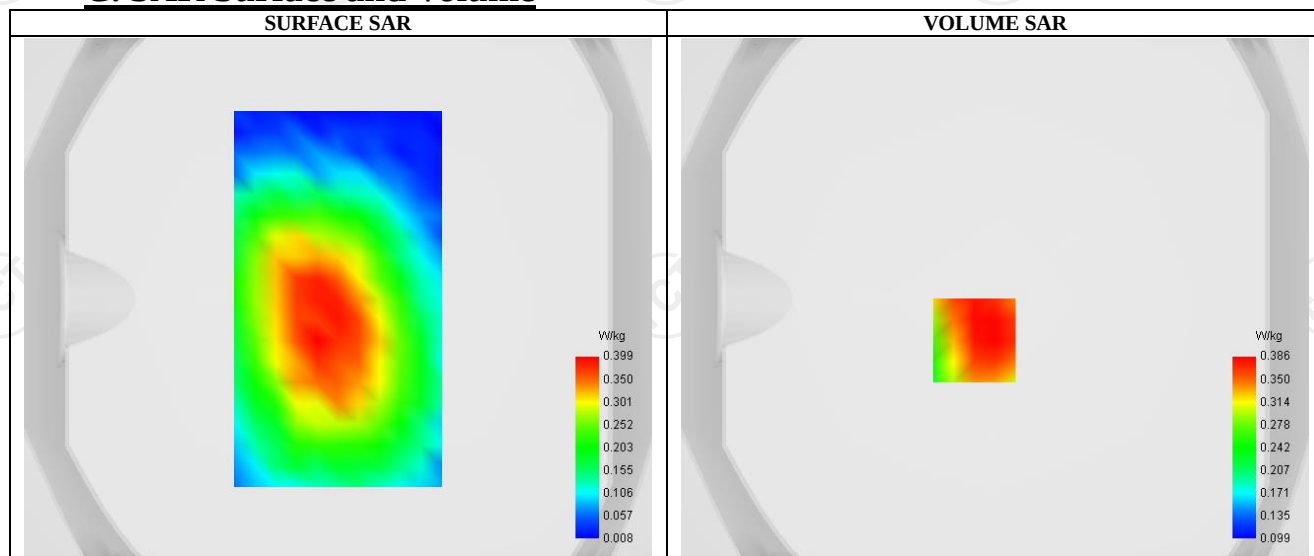
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPGO346)
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 17
Channels	Middle (23790)
Signal	LTE FDD
Cell Bandwidth	10 Mhz
Modulation	SC-OFDM - QPSK
RB offset	25
RB size	1

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	710.410
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.666
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	26.094
Conductivity (S/m)	1.037

C. SAR Surface and Volume



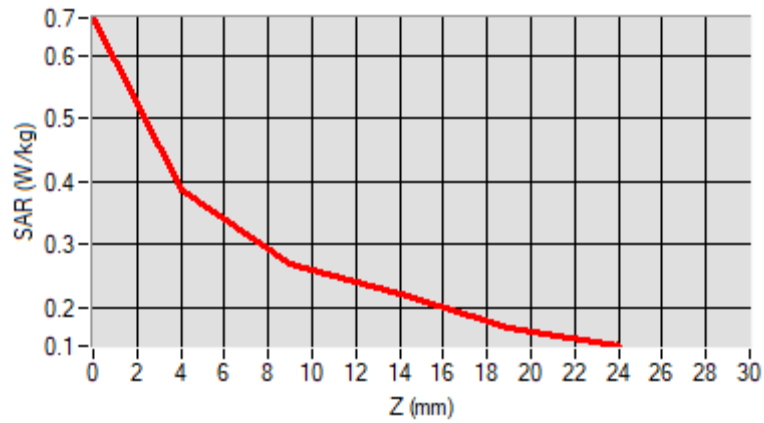
Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=-16.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.49 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

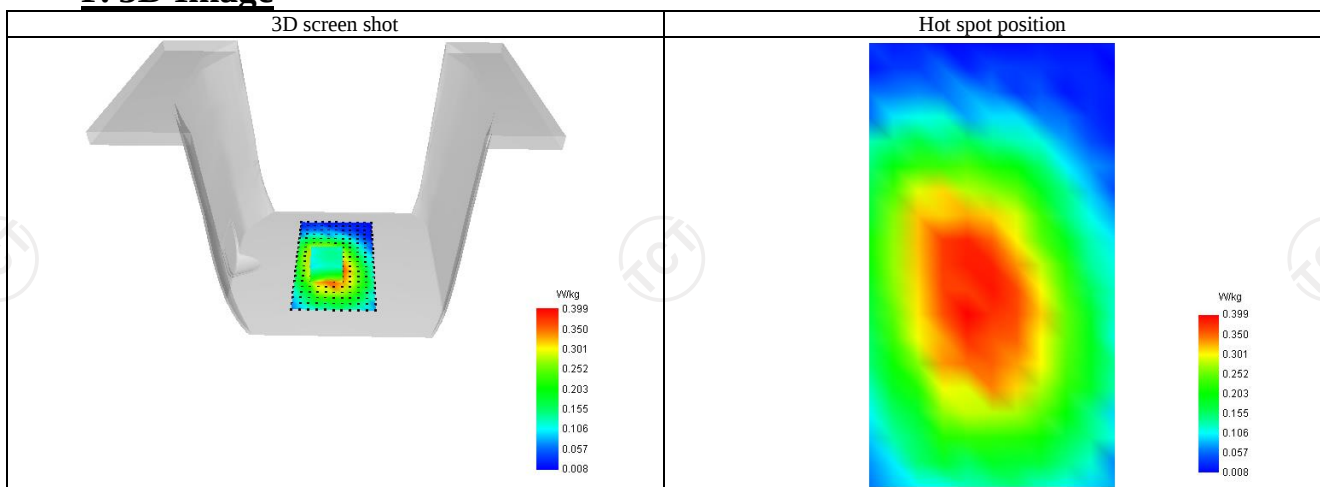
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.294
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.400
Variation (%)	-3.480
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.659	0.386	0.269	0.223	0.168



F. 3D Image



LTE Band 66

SAR Measurement at LTE band 66 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/9/2022

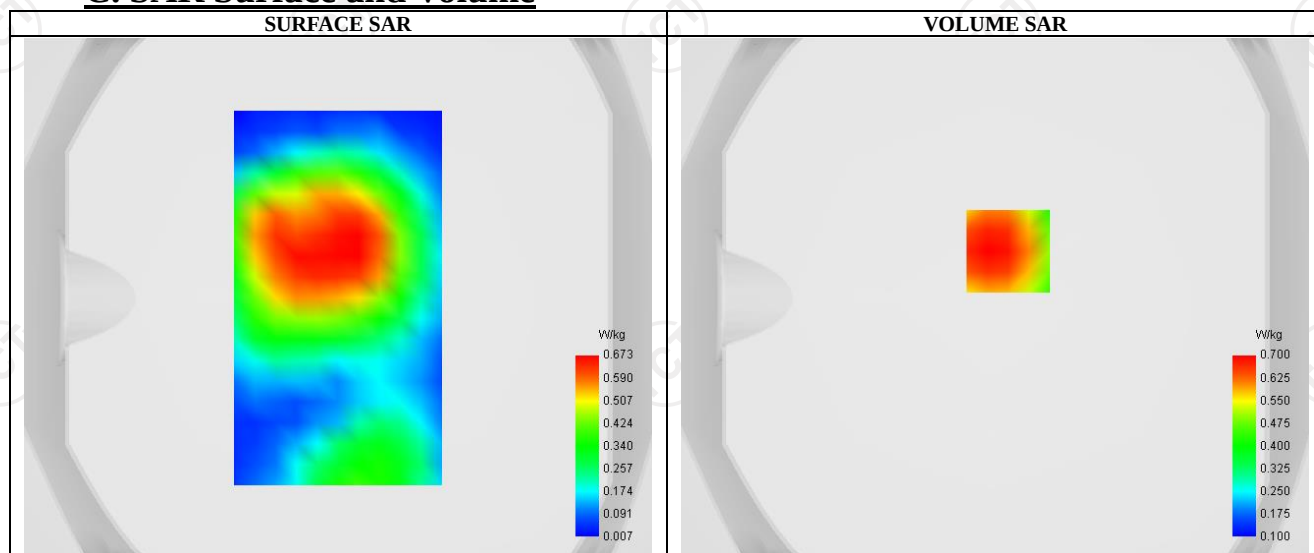
F. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPGO346)
ConvF	2.01
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 66
Channels	Middle (132322)
Signal	LTE FDD
Cell Bandwidth	20 Mhz
Modulation	SC-OFDM – QPSK
RB offset	0
RB size	1

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1745.010
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.534
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.411
Conductivity (S/m)	1.465

C. SAR Surface and Volume



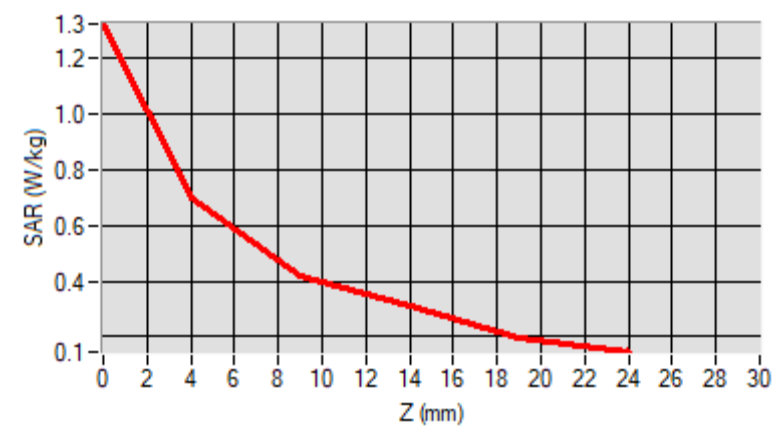
Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=18.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.97 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

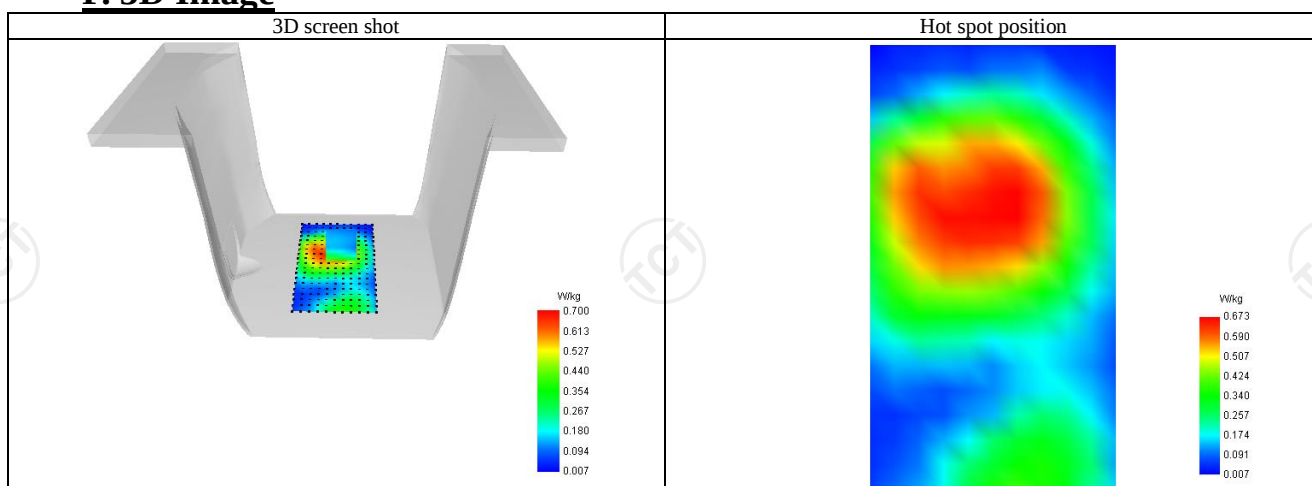
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.441
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.673
Variation (%)	-1.370
Horizontal validation criteria : minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.323	0.700	0.418	0.309	0.197



F. 3D Image



WIFI 2.4G

SAR Measurement at IEEE 802.11b ISM (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 9/9/2022

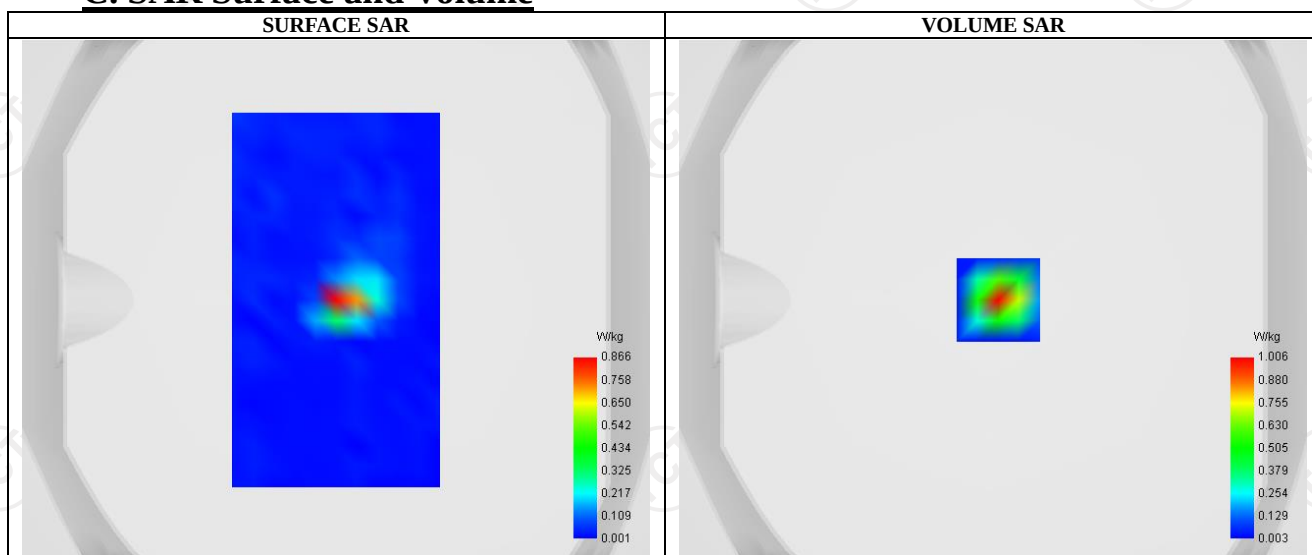
F. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)
ConvF	2.28
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11n ISM
Channels	Middle (6)
Signal	IEEE 802.11

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2437.030
Relative ermittivity (real part)	52.717
Relative ermittivity (imaginary part)	14.311
Conductivity (S/m)	1.938

C. SAR Surface and Volume



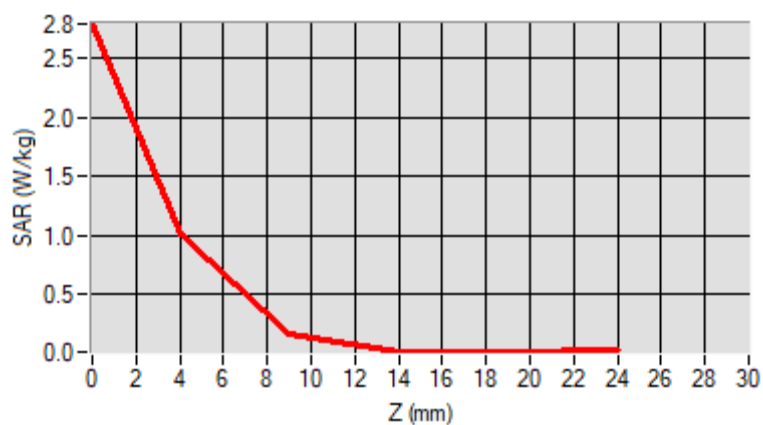
Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=0.00 ; SAR Peak: 2.79 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

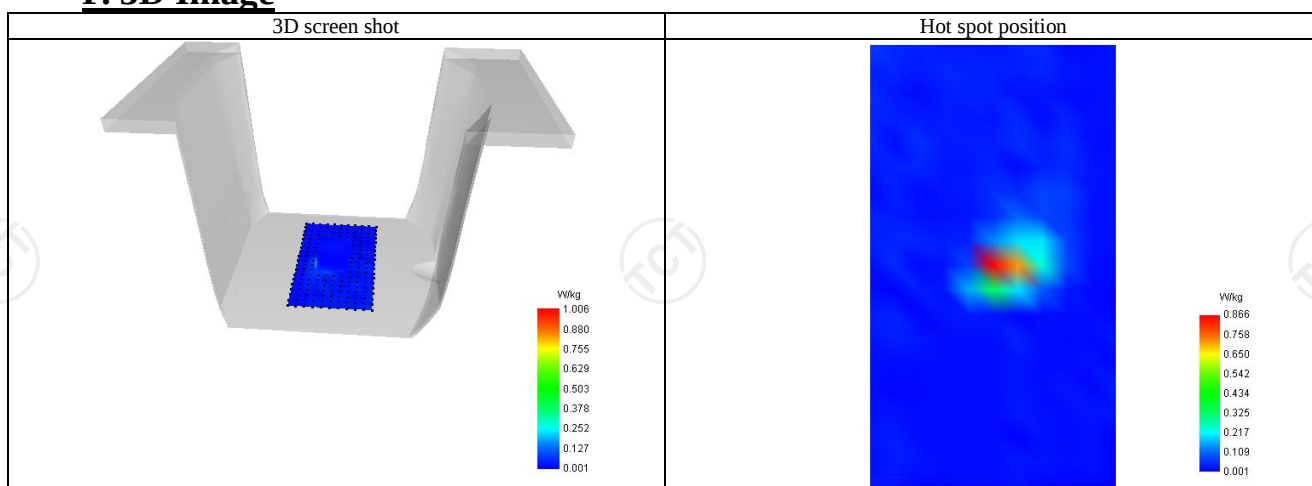
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.197
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.530
Variation (%)	2.080
Horizontal validation criteria : minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.797	1.006	0.168	0.013	0.006



F. 3D Image



WIFI 5.2G

SAR Measurement at IEEE 802.11ac U-NII (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 9/9/2022

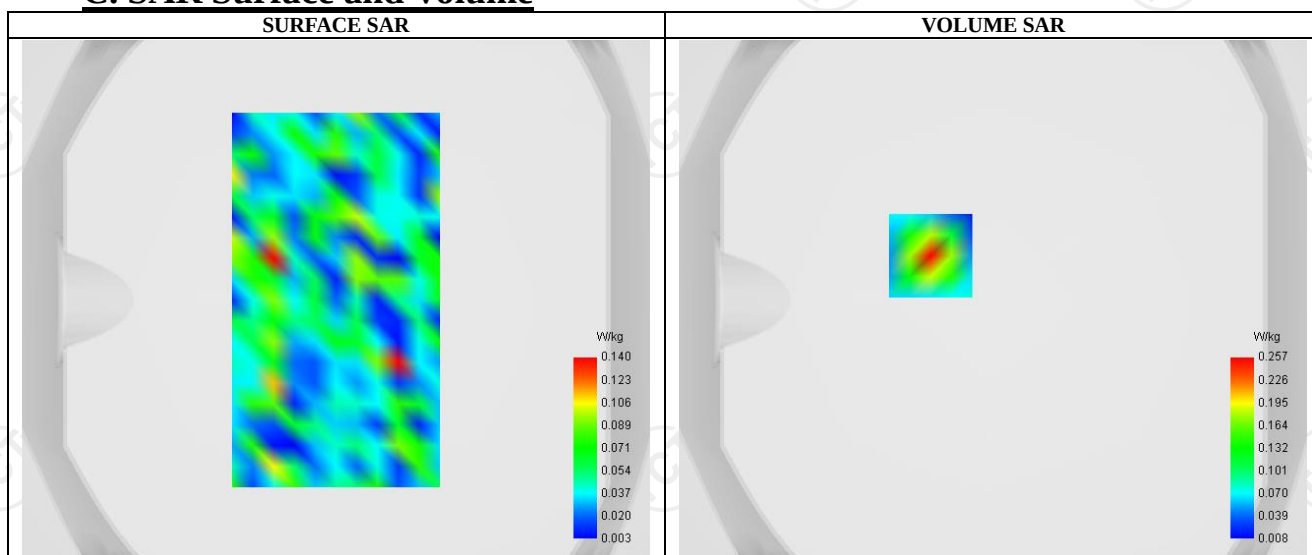
F. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)
ConvF	2.26
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11ac U-NII
Channels	Middle (42)
Signal	IEEE 802.11

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	5210.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	49.001
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.148
Conductivity (S/m)	5.253

C. SAR Surface and Volume



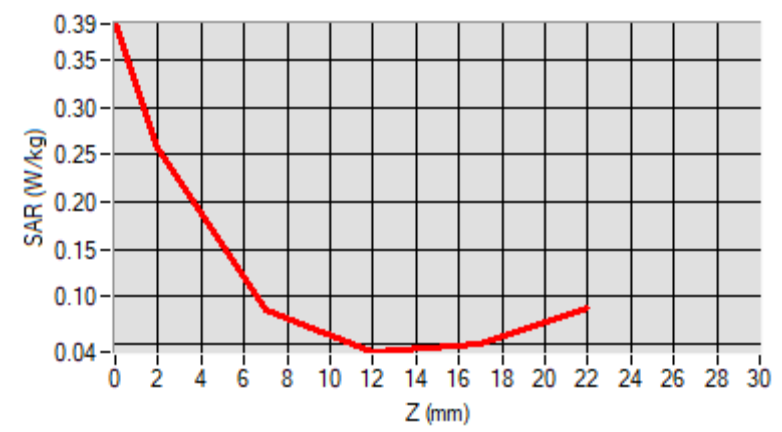
Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=17.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.40 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

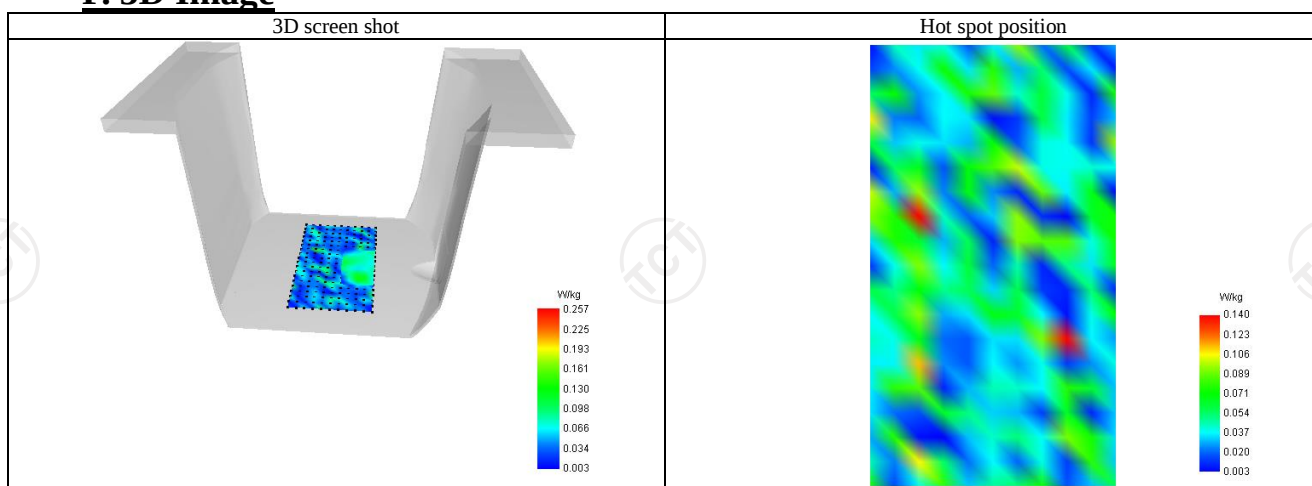
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.101
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.173
Variation (%)	3.620
Horizontal validation criteria : minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	7.00	12.00	17.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.388	0.257	0.086	0.042	0.050



F. 3D Image



WIFI 5.3G

SAR Measurement at IEEE 802.11n U-NII (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 9/9/2022

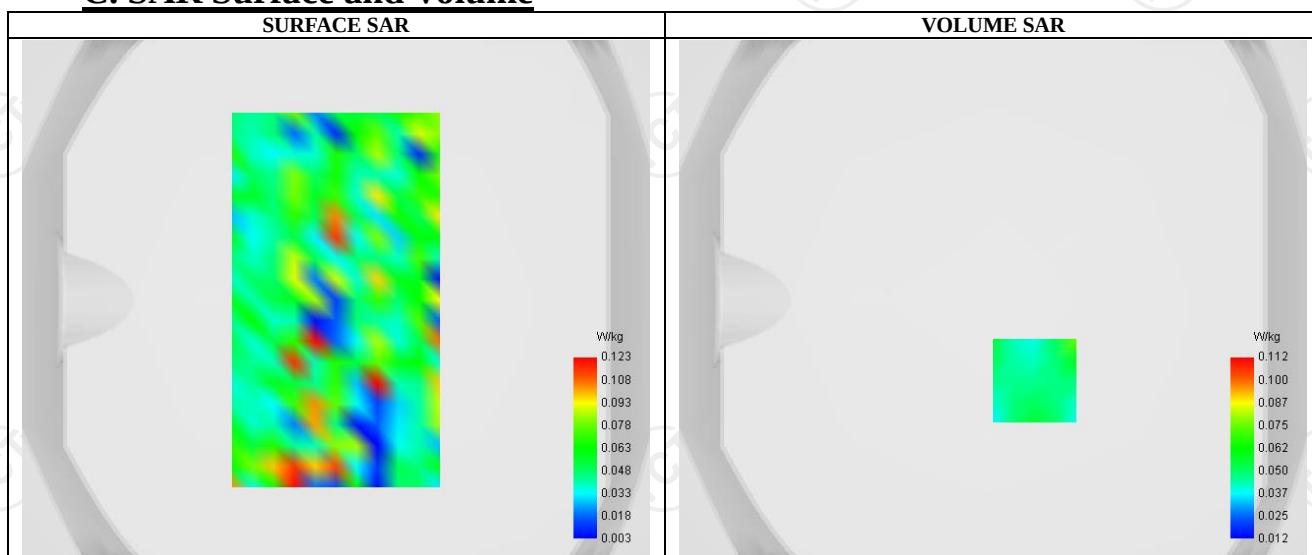
F. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)
ConvF	2.08
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11n U-NII
Channels	Higher (64)
Signal	IEEE 802.11

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	5320.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	48.851
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.236
Conductivity (S/m)	5.390

C. SAR Surface and Volume



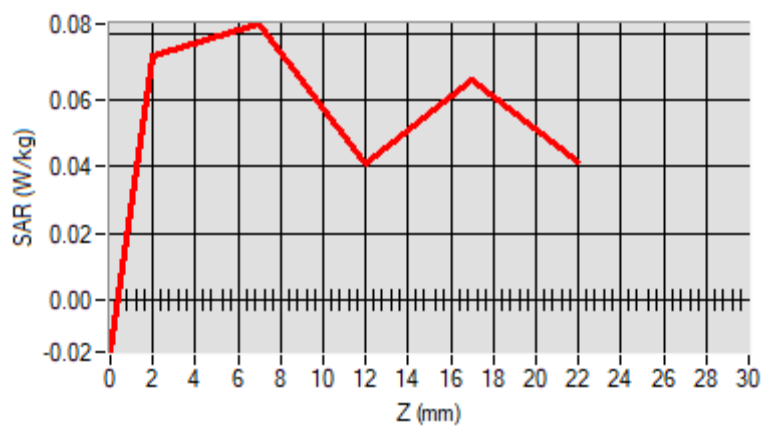
Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=-31.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.09 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

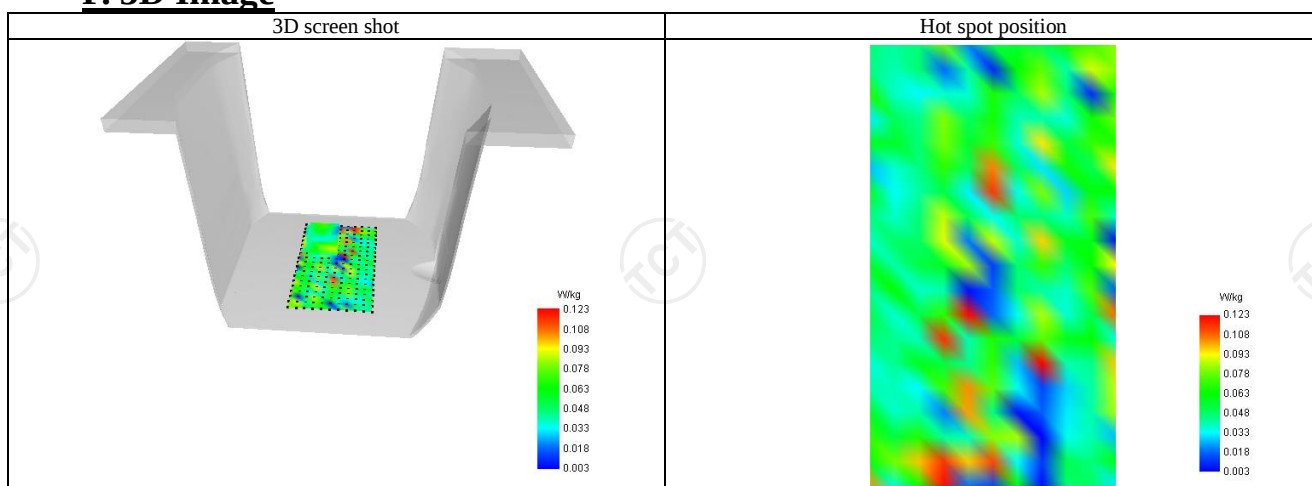
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.046
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.061
Variation (%)	-0.850
Horizontal validation criteria : minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	7.00	12.00	17.00
SAR (W/Kg)	-0.016	0.074	0.083	0.041	0.066



F. 3D Image



WIFI 5.6G

SAR Measurement at IEEE 802.11n U-NII (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 9/9/2022

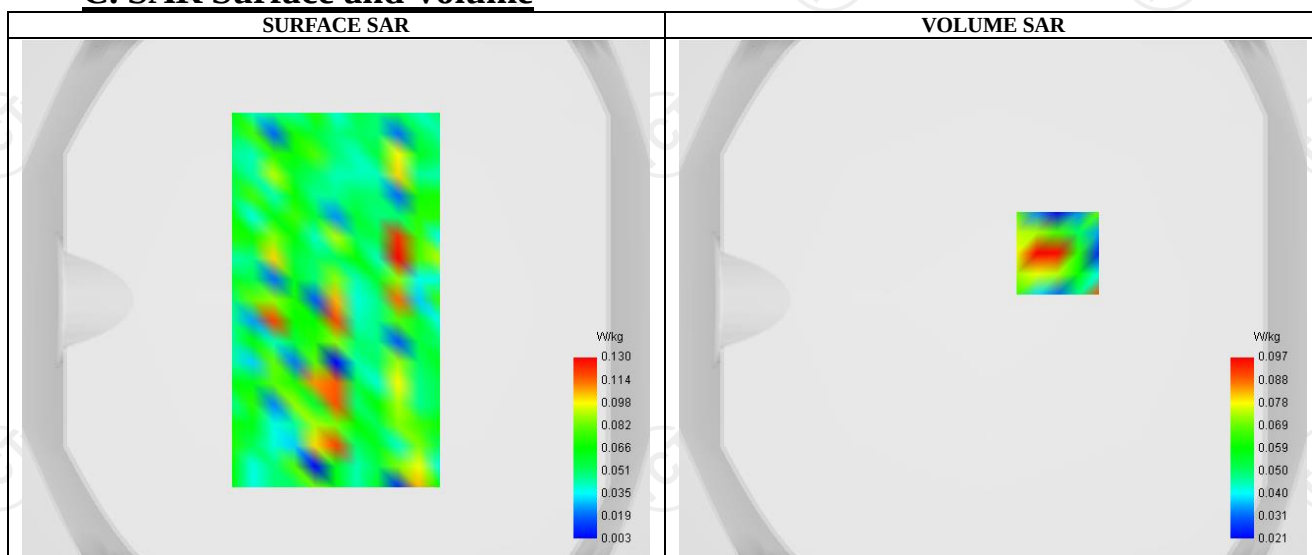
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPG0346)
ConvF	2.05
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11n U-NII
Channels	Higher (134)
Signal	IEEE 802.11

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	5670.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	48.376
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.516
Conductivity (S/m)	5.833

C. SAR Surface and Volume

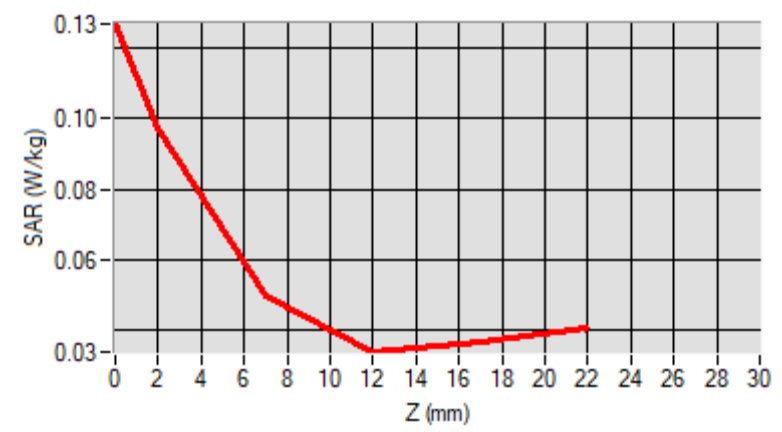


D. SAR 1g & 10g

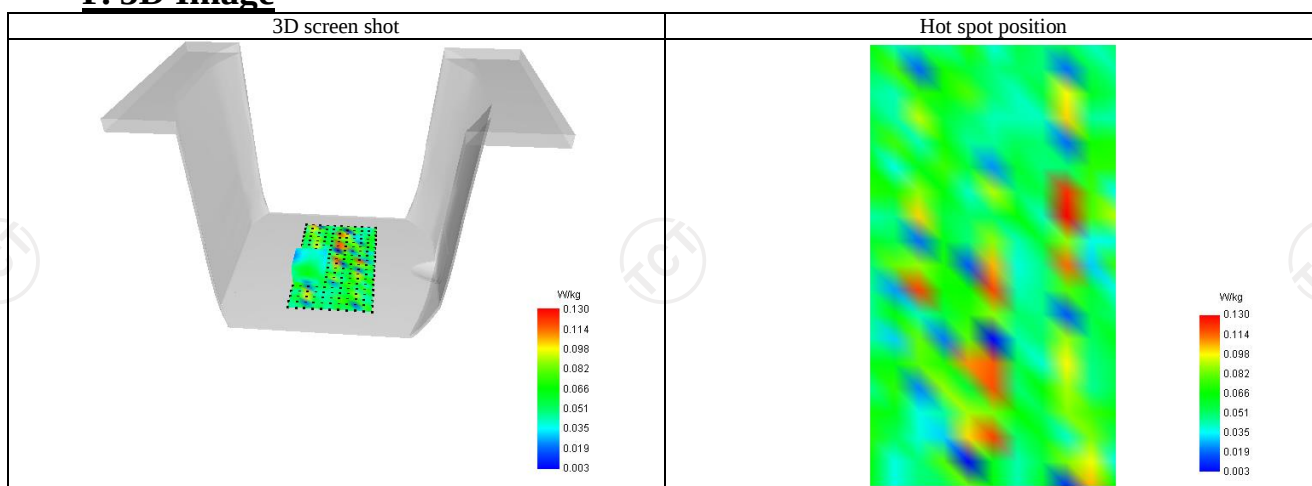
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.053
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.074
Variation (%)	1.550
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	7.00	12.00	17.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.127	0.097	0.050	0.034	0.037



F. 3D Image



WIFI 5.8G

SAR Measurement at IEEE 802.11n U-NII (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 9/9/2022

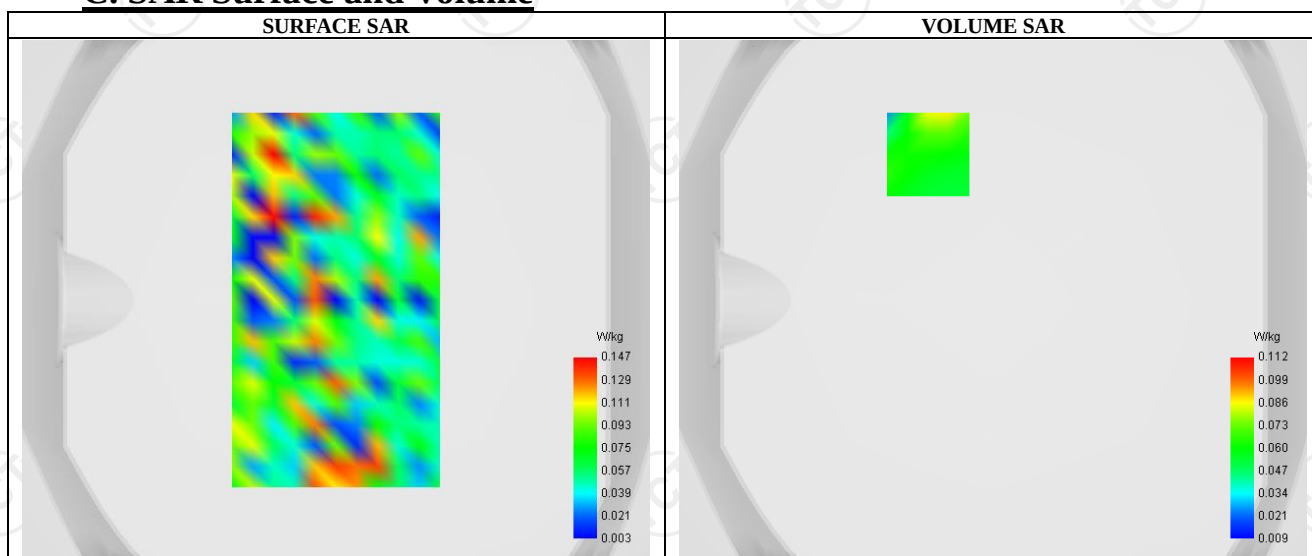
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SSE2 (SN 36/20 EPGO346)
ConvF	2.01
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11n U-NII
Channels	Lower (149)
Signal	IEEE 802.11

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	5745.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	48.275
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.576
Conductivity (S/m)	5.929

C. SAR Surface and Volume

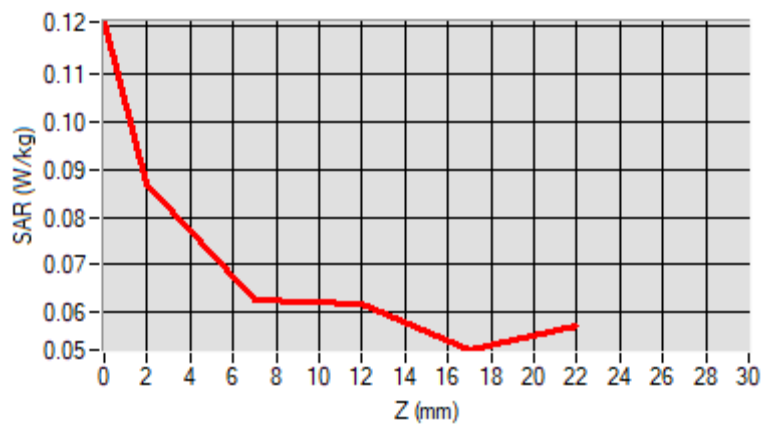


D. SAR 1g & 10g

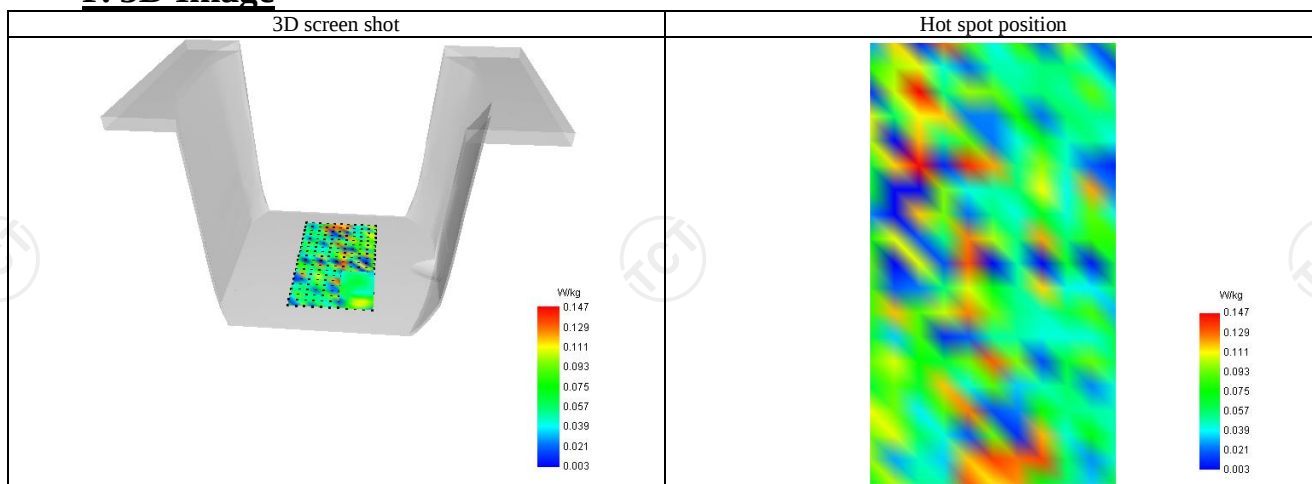
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.051
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.077
Variation (%)	1.210
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	7.00	12.00	17.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.121	0.087	0.063	0.062	0.052



F. 3D Image



Appendix A: EUT Photos

Please refer to RF report.

Liquid depth



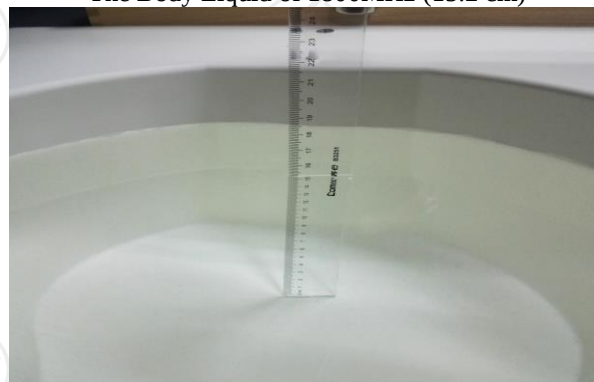
The Body Liquid of 835MHz (15.4cm)



The Body Liquid of 1800MHz (15.2 cm)



The Body Liquid of 1900MHz (16.4 cm)



The Body Liquid of 2450MHz (15.3cm)



The Body Liquid of 750MHz (16.5cm)

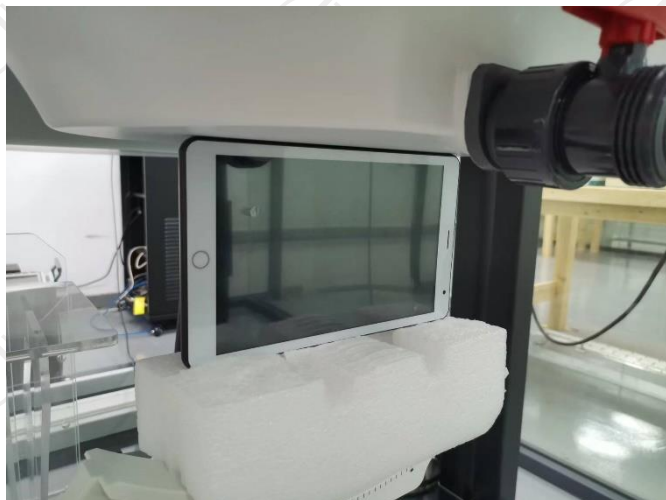


The Body Liquid of 5000-6000MHz (16.5cm)

Appendix B: Test Setup Photos



Body worn – Back (0mm)



Body worn – Right (0mm)



Body worn – Top (0mm)



Body worn – Bottom (0mm)

Appendix C: Probe Calibration Certificate

COMOSAR E-FIELD Probe



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.297.1.20.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN TCT TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

2101 2201, ZHENCHANG FACTORY, RENSHAN
INDUSTRIAL ZONE, FUHAI SUBDISTRICT,
BAOAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG,
518103. PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 36/20 EPG0346

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable
Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 10/08/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.297.1.20.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	10/08/2021	<i>JS</i>
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	10/08/2021	<i>JS</i>
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	10/11/2021	<i>Yann Toutain</i>

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENHEN TCT TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme LUC	10/11/2021	Initial release

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.297.1.20.MVGB.A

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.297.1.20.MVGB.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 36/20 EPGO346
Product Condition (new / used)	New
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.217 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.245 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.219 MΩ

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \frac{\Delta SAR_{be}}{SAR_{be}} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-d_{be}/\delta} - e^{-(d_{be} + d_{step})/\delta})}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

$SAR_{uncertainty}$	is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect
d_{be}	is the distance between the surface and the closest <i>zoom-scan</i> measurement point, in millimetre
Δ_{step}	is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible
δ	is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;
ΔSAR_{be}	in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

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The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-80 %

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 (μV/(V/m) ²)	Normy dipole 2 (μV/(V/m) ²)	Normz dipole 3 (μV/(V/m) ²)
0.81	0.71	0.80

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
115	112	112

Calibration curves $e_i=f(V)$ (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

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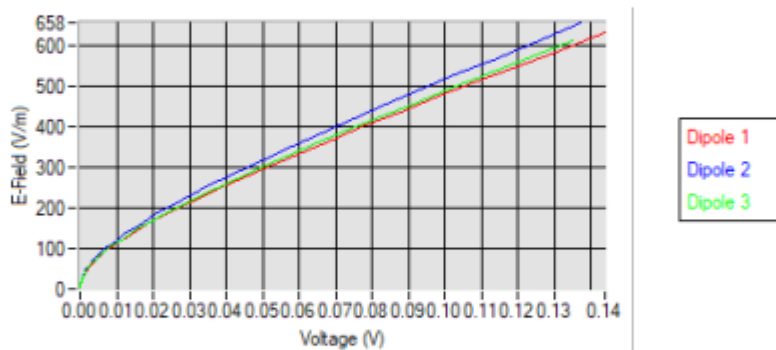
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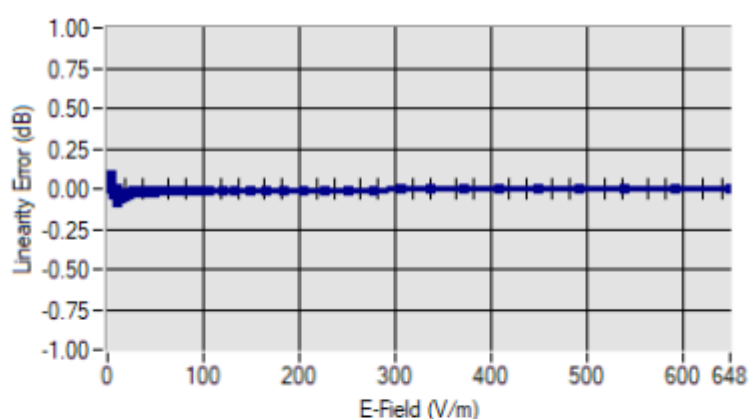
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Calibration curves



5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity



Linearity: $\pm 1.97\%$ ($\pm 0.09\text{dB}$)

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5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	ConvF	Epsilon (S/m)	Permittivity
HL750	750	1.71	0.93	40.76
BL750	750	1.78	0.98	56.70
HL900	900	1.91	0.93	41.94
BL900	900	1.96	0.98	54.62
HL1800	1800	2.08	1.29	40.86
BL1800	1800	2.16	1.47	52.27
HL2000	2000	2.03	1.42	38.37
BL2000	2000	2.10	1.52	52.03
HL2450	2450	2.31	1.80	38.72
BL2450	2450	2.37	1.97	54.91
HL2600	2600	2.16	1.89	39.98
BL2600	2600	2.23	2.18	54.42
HL5200	5200	2.01	4.45	36.68
BL5200	5200	2.08	5.46	49.02
HL5800	5800	2.06	5.08	34.81
BL5800	5800	2.13	6.12	47.81

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg

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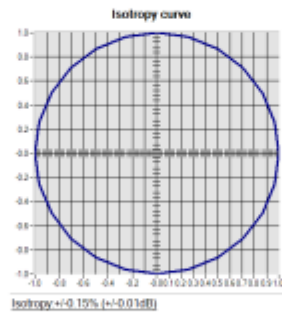


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5.4 ISOTROPY

HL1800 MHz



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