

Instruction Manual for Remote Transmitter

Model No.: JHT2206A-T

INSTALLATION AND CHANGE THE BATTERY:

Open the battery compartment which on the back of remote control, Install one (1) x 12V (23A) battery in the compartment, make sure the positive and negative electrodes of battery is correct.

OPERATION:

There are four buttons on remote control for individual ON and OFF function.

TECHNICAL DATA:

Transmission Frequency: 433.92MHz

Transmitter : DC 12V (23A) battery 1pc

Working temperature: -20°C to + 55°C

Other Details:

The transmitter can be sold separately, but can not be used separately, it will have to be matched corresponding radio receivers to use.

The transmitter can only turn ON or OFF the corresponding receivers individually on about 100ft distance. The corresponding receivers such as socket, light bulb socket, switch kit, etc.

Troubleshooting:

If you find the remote control distance becomes short or the indicator on remote transmitter becomes weak, then please replace the battery with fresh battery asap.

Please check if the positive and negative of the battery installation is correct if the remote control is no response or the indicator on remote control is not on when press any one of the key buttons.

Regular change fresh battery for best use.

Federal Communications Commission Interference Statement

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

—Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

—Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.