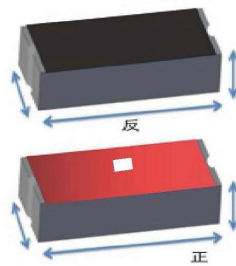




3216 Chip antenna

For Bluetooth / WLAN Applications

P/N: RANT3216F245G2



	Dimension (mm)
L	3.23 ± 0.20
W	1.66 ± 0.20
T	1.23 ± 0.20

2.4GHz 3216 Chip Antenna: HT-3216-M02



Part Number Information

HT 3216 F 245 G 2
A B C D E F

A	Product Series	Antenna
B	Dimension L x W	3.2X1.6mm (+-0.2mm)
C	Material	High K material
D	Working Frequency	2.4 ~ 2.5GHz
E	Feeding mode	Monopole & Single Feeding
F	Antenna type	Type=02

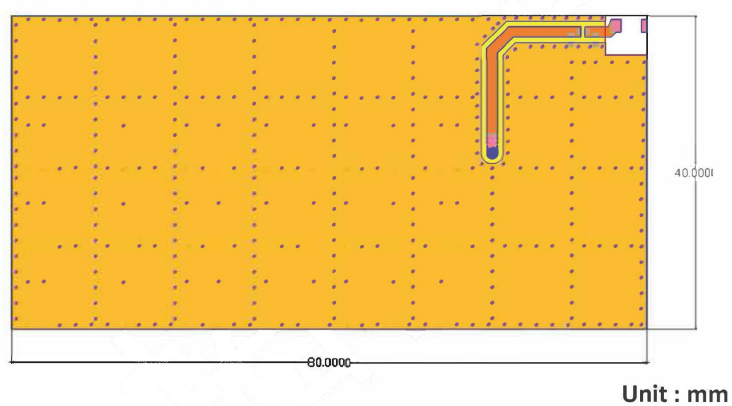
1. Electrical Specification

Specification		
Part Number	RANT3216F245M02	
Central Frequency	2450	MHz
Bandwidth	100 (Min.)	MHz
Return Loss	-6.5 (Max)	dB
Peak Gain	3	dBi
Impedance	50	Ohm
Operating Temperature	-40 ~ +85	°C
Maximum Power	4	W
Resistance to Soldering Heats	10 (@ 260°C)	sec.
Polarization	Linear	
Azimuth Beamwidth	Omni-directional	
Termination	Cu / Sn (Leadless)	

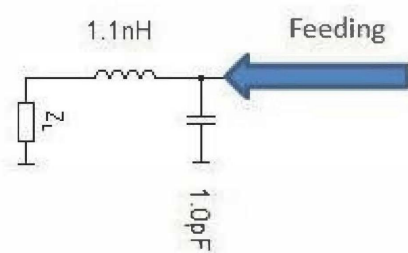
Remark : Bandwidth & Peak Gain was measured under evaluation board of next page

2. Recommended PCB Pattern

Evaluation Board Dimension



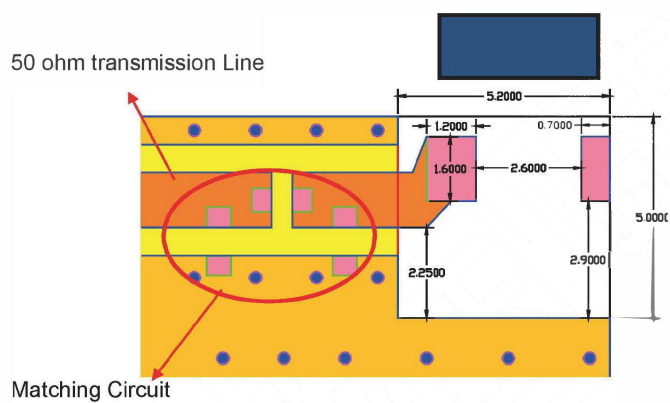
Suggested Matching Circuit



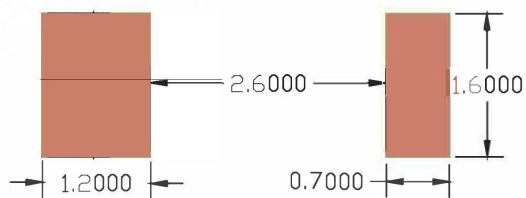
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Layout Dimensions in Clearance area(Size=5.2*5.0mm)



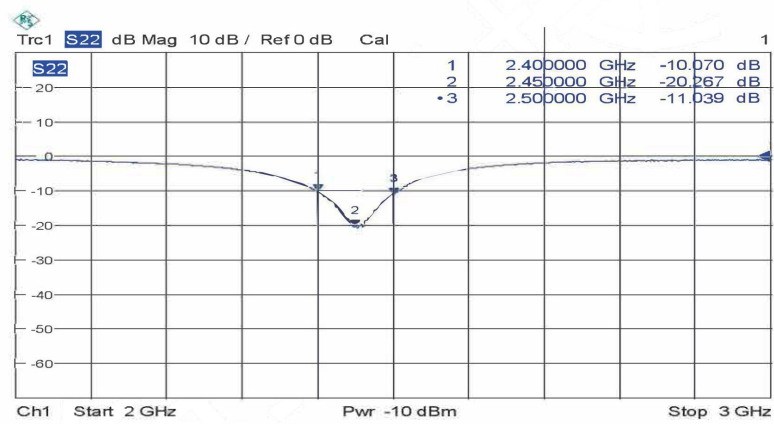
FootPrint (Unit : mm)





3. Measurement Results

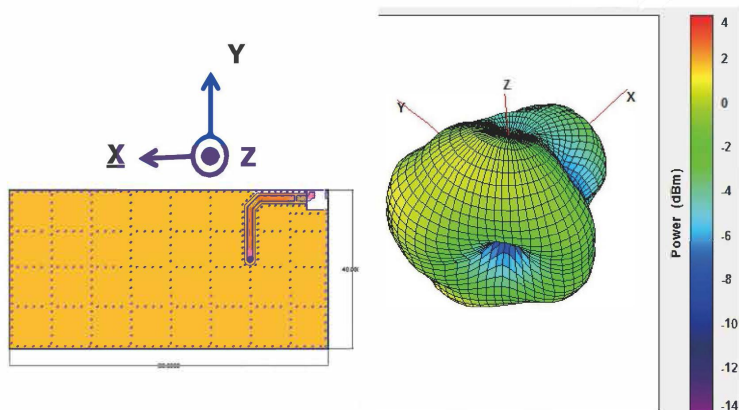
Return Loss



2.4GHz 3216 Chip Antenna: HT-3216-M02



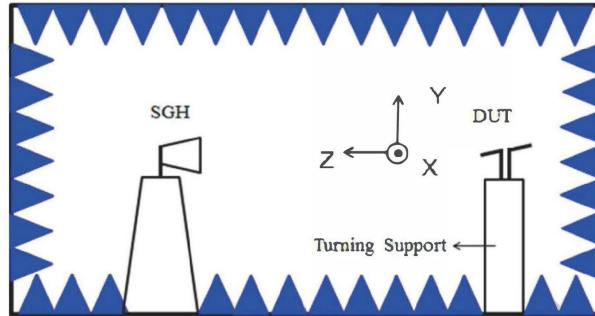
Radiation Pattern



	Efficiency	Peak Gain	Directivity
2400MHz	55.21 %	1.45 dBi	5.32 dBi
2450MHz	66.45 %	2.71 dBi	5.21 dBi
2500MHz	57.53 %	1.98 dBi	5.29 dBi

Chamber Coordinate System

2.4GHz 3216 Chip Antenna: HT-3216-M02



4. Reliability and Test Conditions

ITEM	REQUIREMENTS	TEST CONDITION
Solderability	1. Wetting shall exceed 90% coverage 2. No visible mechanical damage TEMP (°C) 	Pre-heating temperature:150°C/60sec. Solder temperature:230±5°C Duration:4±1sec. Solder:Sn-Ag3.0-Cu0.5 Flux for lead free: rosin
Solder heat Resistance	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within ± 6% TEMP (°C) 	Pre-heating temperature:150°C/60sec. Solder temperature:260±5°C Duration:10±0.5sec. Solder:Sn-Ag3.0-Cu0.5 Flux for lead free: rosin
Component Adhesion (Push test)	1. No visible mechanical damage	The device should be reflow soldered(230±5°C for 10sec.) to a tinned copper substrate A dynamometer force gauge should be applied the side of the component. The device must with-ST-F 0.5 Kg without failure of the termination attached to component.
Component Adhesion (Pull test)	1. No visible mechanical damage	Insert 10cm wire into the remaining open eye bend ,the ends of even wire lengths upward and wind together. Terminal shall not be remarkably damaged.

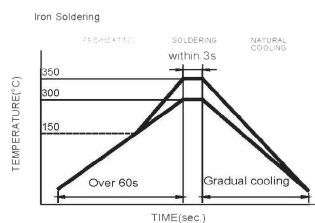
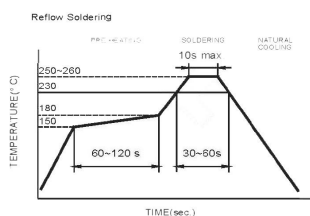


2.4GHz 3216 Chip Antenna: HT-3216-M02

Thermal shock	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within $\pm 6\%$ <table><tr><th>Phase</th><th>Temperature($^{\circ}\text{C}$)</th><th>Time(min)</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>$+85\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$</td><td>30 ± 3</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Room Temperature</td><td>Within 3sec</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>$-40\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$</td><td>30 ± 3</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>Room Temperature</td><td>Within 3sec</td></tr></table>	Phase	Temperature($^{\circ}\text{C}$)	Time(min)	1	$+85\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$	30 ± 3	2	Room Temperature	Within 3sec	3	$-40\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	30 ± 3	4	Room Temperature	Within 3sec	$+85^{\circ}\text{C} \Rightarrow 30\pm 3\text{min}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \Rightarrow 30\pm 3\text{min}$ Test cycle: 10 cycles The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.
Phase	Temperature($^{\circ}\text{C}$)	Time(min)															
1	$+85\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$	30 ± 3															
2	Room Temperature	Within 3sec															
3	$-40\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	30 ± 3															
4	Room Temperature	Within 3sec															
Resistance to High Temperature	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within $\pm 6\%$ 3. No disconnection or short circuit.	Temperature: $85\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Duration: $1000\pm 12\text{hrs}$ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.															
Resistance to Low Temperature	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within $\pm 6\%$ 3. No disconnection or short circuit.	Temperature: $-40\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Duration: $1000\pm 12\text{hrs}$ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.															
Humidity	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within $\pm 6\%$ 3. No disconnection or short circuit.	Temperature: $40\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Humidity: 90% to 95% RH Duration: $1000\pm 12\text{hrs}$ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.															

5. Soldering and Mounting

Mildly activated rosin fluxes are preferred. The minimum amount of solder can lead to damage from the stresses caused by the difference in coefficients of expansion between solder, chip and substrate. The terminations are suitable for all wave and re-flow soldering systems. If hand soldering cannot be avoided, the preferred technique is the utilization of hot air soldering tools.



Recommended temperature profiles for re-flow soldering in Figure 1.

Products attachment with a soldering iron is discouraged due to the inherent process control limitations. In the event that a soldering iron must be employed the following precautions are recommended.

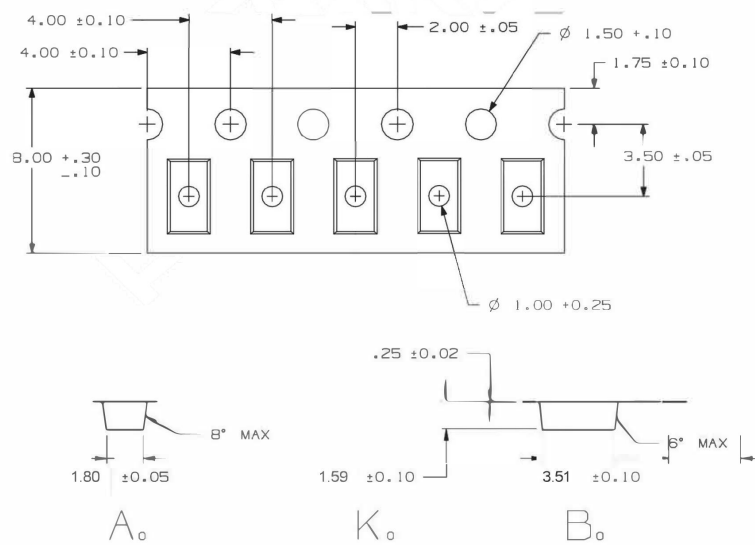
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- Preheat circuit and products to 150°C
- Never contact the ceramic with the iron tip
- Use a 20 watt soldering iron with tip diameter of 1.0mm
- 280°C tip temperature (max)
- 1.0mm tip diameter (max)
- Limit soldering time to 3 sec.

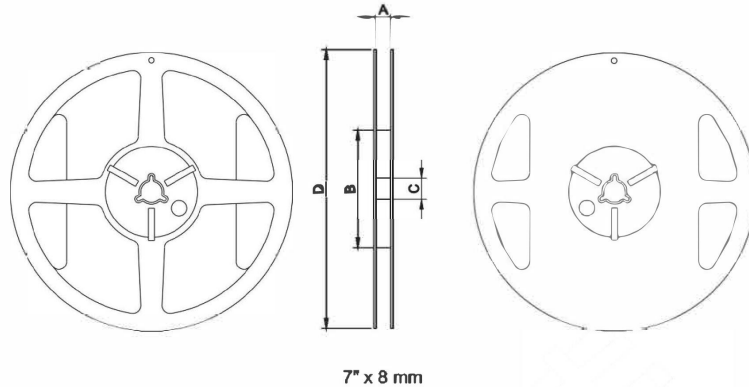
6. Packaging Information

◆ Tape Specification:



◆ Reel Specification: (7", $\phi 180$ mm)

2.4GHz 3216 Chip Antenna: HT-3216-M02



Tape Width(mm)	A(mm)	B(mm)	C(mm)	D(mm)	Chip/Reel(pcs)
8	9.0±0.5	60±2	13.5±0.5	178±2	5000

7.Storage and Transportation Information

Storage Conditions

To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes:

1. Temperature and humidity conditions: -10~ 40°C and 30~70% RH.
2. Recommended products should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.
3. The packaging material should be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.

Transportation Conditions

1. Products should be handled with care to avoid damage or contamination from perspiration and skin oils.
2. The use of tweezers or vacuum pick up is strongly recommended for individual components.
3. Bulk handling should ensure that abrasion and mechanical shock are minimized.