

FCC RF Exposure

EUT Description: **microphone**

Model No.: **LAN238**

FCC ID: **2A7HZ-LAN238**

1. Limits

According to KDB 447498 D04 General RF Exposure Guidance v01 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR,}$$

Where:

Result = $P/D \cdot \sqrt{F}$

F = the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

P = Maximum turn-up power in mw

D = Min. test separation distance in mm

2. Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

	Output power (dBm)	Tune Up Power (dBm)	Max Tune Up power dBm/mW	Min test separation distance mm	Result	Limit	SAR Test Exclusion
EDR	3.76	3 $\pm$ 1(4)	2.512	5	0.779	3.0	Pass
BLE	3.75	3 $\pm$ 1(4)	2.512	5	0.785	3.0	Pass

Note:

PK Output power = conducted power.

Conducted power see the test report **HK2205132016-1E/2E**, antenna gain=0dBi

Per KDB 447498 D04, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.785 which is ≤ 3 , SAR testing is not required.

Note: Exclusion Thresholds Results = $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]$

$f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Distance = 5mm