



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.78.6.26.PAR.B

Cancel and replace the report ACR.78.6.26.PAR.A

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MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: 0725-EPGO-446

Calibrated at MVG

13 Rue du Zephyr

91140 Villejust - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/03/2026



Scope available on :<https://a2la.org/>

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.78.6.26.PAR.B

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Pedro Ruiz	Technical Manager	3/18/2026	
<i>Checked & approved by:</i>	Pedro Ruiz	Technical Manager	3/18/2026	
<i>Authorized by:</i>	Christophe Barrot	Quality Manager	2026 April 21	Signed by: 7587FED2BCF048E...

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	WALTEK TESTING GROUP (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	Pedro Ruiz	3/18/2026	Initial release
B	Pedro Ruiz	04/10/2026	Update customer address



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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	0725-EPGO-446
Product Condition (new / used)	Used
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-7.5GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: $R1=0.248\text{ M}\Omega$ Dipole 2: $R2=0.216\text{ M}\Omega$ Dipole 3: $R3=0.231\text{ M}\Omega$

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their effect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore-mentioned standards.

3.1 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards for frequency range 600-7500MHz and using the calorimeter cell method (transfer method) as outlined in the standards for frequency 150-450 MHz.

3.2 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.



3.3 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.4 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \Delta SAR_{be} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-d_{be}/\delta})}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

$SAR_{uncertainty}$	is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect
d_{be}	is the distance between the surface and the closest <i>zoom-scan</i> measurement point, in millimetre
Δ_{step}	is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible
δ	is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;
ΔSAR_{be}	in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect $SAR_{uncertainty}[\%]$ for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% (Limit ,2%).

3.5 PROBE MODULATION RESPONSE

MVG's probe were evaluated experimentally with various modulated signal and the deviation from CW response were found neglectable in the used power range of the probe. So the correction to taking into account the linearization parameters for different modulation is null, therefore the CW factor given in this report can be used whatever the measured modulation



4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with a SAR probe calibration using the waveguide or calorimetric cell technique depending on the frequency.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-11% for the frequency range 150-450MHz.

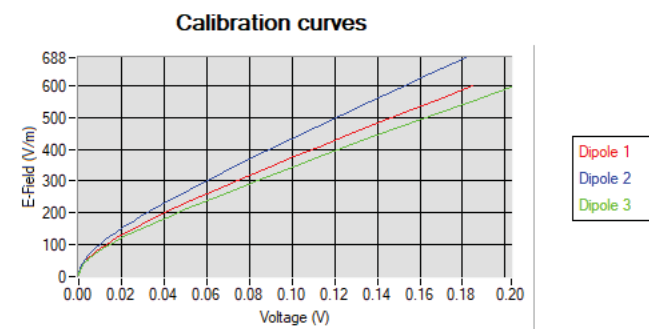
The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-14% for the frequency range 600-7500MHz.

5 CALIBRATION RESULTS

Ambient condition	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

5.1 CALIBRATION IN AIR

The following curve represents the measurement in waveguide of the voltage picked up by the probe toward the E-field generated inside the waveguide.



From this curve, the sensitivity in air is calculated using the below formula.

$$E^2 = \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{V_i (1 + V_i / DCP_i)}{Norm_i}$$

where

V_i =voltage readings on the 3 channels of the probe

DCP_i =diode compression point given below for the 3 channels of the probe

$Norm_i$ =dipole sensitivity given below for the 3 channels of the probe



Normx dipole 1 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normy dipole 2 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normz dipole 3 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)
1.38	1.03	1.59

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
110	108	115

5.2 CALIBRATION IN LIQUID

The calorimeter cell or the waveguide is used to determine the calibration in liquid using the formula below.

$$ConvF = \frac{E_{liquid}^2}{E_{air}^2}$$

The E-field in the liquid is determined from the SAR measurement according to the below formula.

$$E_{liquid}^2 = \frac{\rho SAR}{\sigma}$$

where

σ =the conductivity of the liquid

ρ =the volumetric density of the liquid

SAR=the SAR measured from the formula that depends on the setup used. The SAR formulas are given below

For the calorimeter cell (150-450 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = c \frac{dT}{dt}$$

where

c =the specific heat for the liquid

dT/dt =the temperature rises over the time

For the waveguide setup (600-75000 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = \frac{4P_w}{ab\delta} e^{\frac{-2z}{\delta}}$$

where

a =the larger cross-sectional of the waveguide

b =the smaller cross-sectional of the waveguide

δ =the skin depth for the liquid in the waveguide

P_w =the power delivered to the liquid



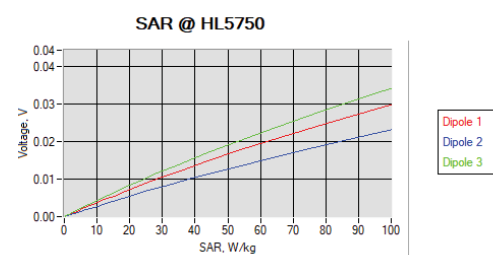
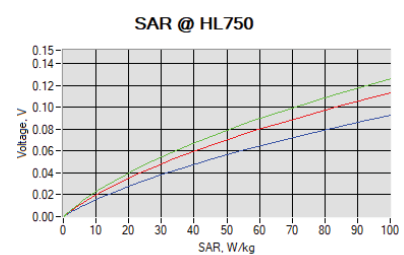
COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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The below table summarize the ConvF for the calibrated liquid. The curves give examples for the measured SAR depending on the voltage in some liquid.

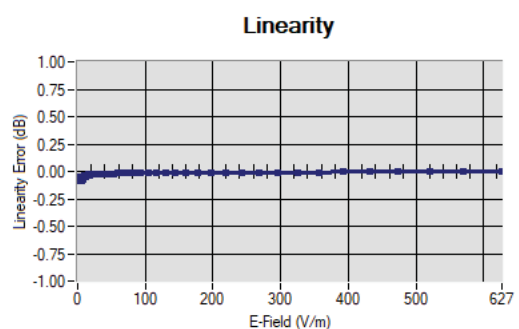
Liquid	Frequency (MHz*)	ConvF
HL750	750	1.50
HL835	835	1.45
HL1800	1800	1.24
HL2000	2000	1.63
HL2100	2100	1.67
HL2300	2300	1.20
HL2450	2450	1.73
HL2600	2600	1.65
HL3300	3300	1.53
HL3500	3500	1.40
HL3700	3700	1.41
HL3900	3900	1.44
HL4200	4200	1.52
HL5250	5250	1.56
HL5600	5600	1.42
HL5750	5750	1.46

(*) Frequency validity is +/-50MHz below 600MHz, +/-100MHz from 600MHz to 6GHz and +/-700MHz above 6GHz

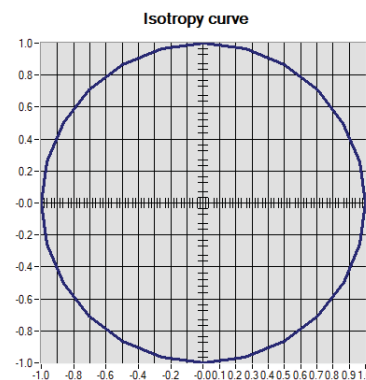


6 VERIFICATION RESULTS

The figures below represent the measured linearity and axial isotropy for this probe. The probe specification is +/-0.2 dB for linearity and +/-0.15 dB for axial isotropy.



Linearity: +/-1.99% (+/-0.09dB)



Isotropy: +/-0.13% (+/-0.01dB)



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZND	1328.5170K92-100497-kX	12/2025	08/2028
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Keysight 85052D	85052D MY61410029	06/2024	06/2027
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4013982	02/2023	02/2027
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	183277	05/2022	05/2027
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	01/2026	01/2029
USB Sensor	Keysight U2000A	SN: MY62340002	10/2024	10/2027
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Fluoroptic Thermometer	LumaSense Luxtron 812	94264	09/2022	09/2026
Coaxial cell	MVG	SN 32/16 COAXCELL_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG2_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G600_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_5G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG14_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_7G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44235403	02/2024	02/2027



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 CALIBRATION
 CNAS L0570



Client

Waitek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Certificate No: 25J02Z000774

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object SID5000 - SN: 02/21 DIP 5G000-543

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-0003-02
 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: October 23, 2025

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	16-May-25 (CTTL, No. 25J02X003423)	May-26
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	16-May-25 (CTTL, No. 25J02X003423)	May-26
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7464	28-Jan-25(SPEAG, No. EX-7464_Jan25)	Jan-26
DAE4	SN 1588	29-Aug-25(CTTL-SPEAG, No. 25J02Z000631)	Aug-26
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorSMA200A	107732	22-Jan-25 (CTTL, No. 25J02X000388)	Jan-26
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	18-Dec-24 (CTTL, No. 24J02X103932)	Dec-25
OCP DAK-3.5	1040	20-Jan-25(SPEAG, No. OCP-DAK3.5-1040_Jan25)	Jan-26

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Jun	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: October 29, 2025

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY6	V17.0.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5400 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	35.8 $\pm$ 6 %	4.63 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.62 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.1 W/kg $\pm$ 24 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 W/kg $\pm$ 24 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5400MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.8	4.86 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	35.5 $\pm$ 6 %	4.85 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5400MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.98 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.8 W/kg $\pm$ 24 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.2 W/kg $\pm$ 24 % (k=2)

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Head TSL parameters at 5600MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.2 ± 6 %	5.06 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.90 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.8 W/kg ± 24 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.8 W/kg ± 24 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.8 ± 6 %	5.28 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.74 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.3 W/kg ± 24 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.2 W/kg ± 24 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.0Ω+ 8.40jΩ
Return Loss	- 20.3dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5400MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8Ω- 5.29jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.5dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.0Ω+ 6.36jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.1dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3Ω- 1.49jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.5dB

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed-point can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed-point may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	MVG
-----------------	-----

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DASY6 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

Date: 2025-10-23

Summary

Dipole	Frequency [MHz]	TSL	Power [dBm]
SID5000 - SN: 02/21 DIP 5G000-543	5200	HSL	20

Exposure Conditions

Phantom	Position, Test	Band Group,	Frequency	Conversion	TSL Cond.	TSL
Section, TSL	Distance [mm]	UID	[MHz]	Factor	[S/m]	Permittivity
Flat	10	CW,	5200	5.37	4.63	35.8

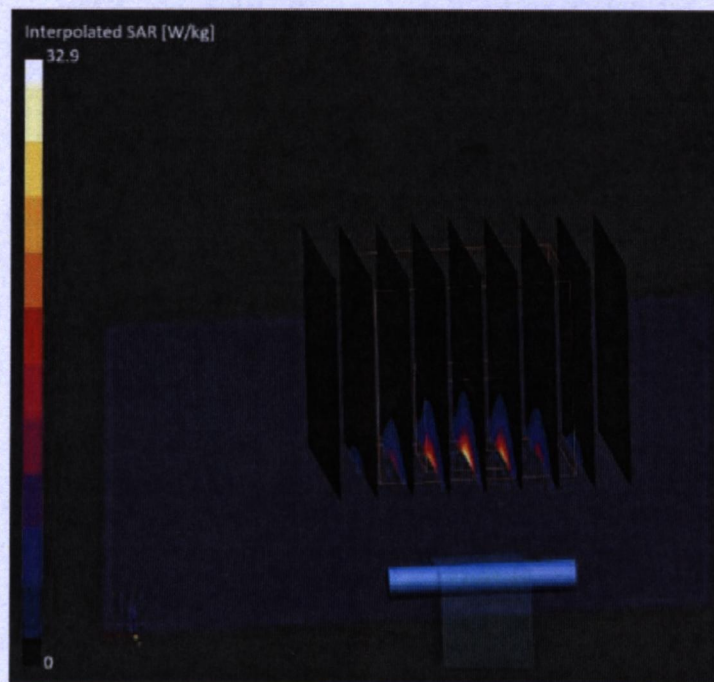
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
MFP V8.0 Right	HSL5G	EX3DV4 - SN7464, 2025-01-28	DAE4 Sn1588, 2025-08-29

Scan Setup

Measurement Results

	Zoom Scan		Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	22.0×22.0×22.0	psSAR1g [W/kg]	7.62
Grid Steps [mm]	4.0×4.0×1.4	psSAR10g [W/kg]	2.10
Sensor Surface [mm]	1.4	Power Drift [dB]	0.00
Graded Grid	Yes	Power Scaling	Disabled
Grading Ratio	1.5	Scaling Factor [dB]	
MAIA	N/A	TSL Correction	No correction
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	M2/M1 [%]	61.1
Scan Method	Measured	Dist 3dB Peak [mm]	6.8



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DASY6 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

Date: 2025-10-23

Summary

Dipole	Frequency [MHz]	TSL	Power [dBm]
SID5000 - SN: 02/21 DIP 5G000-543	5400	HSL	20

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band Group, UID	Frequency [MHz]	Conversion Factor	TSL Cond. [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat	10	CW,	5400	5.2	4.85	35.5

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
MFP V8.0 Right	HSL5G	EX3DV4 - SN7464, 2025-01-28	DAE4 Sn1588, 2025-08-29

Scan Setup

Measurement Results

	Zoom Scan		Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	22.0×22.0×22.0	psSAR1g [W/kg]	7.98
Grid Steps [mm]	4.0×4.0×1.4	psSAR10g [W/kg]	2.21
Sensor Surface [mm]	1.4	Power Drift [dB]	0.00
Graded Grid	Yes	Power Scaling	Disabled
Grading Ratio	1.5	Scaling Factor [dB]	
MAIA	N/A	TSL Correction	No correction
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	M2/M1 [%]	59.3
Scan Method	Measured	Dist 3dB Peak [mm]	6.8

