

APPENDIX C - RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

RF Exposure

Applicable Standard

According to §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06:

4.3.1. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

4.3.2. Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion considerations

When an antenna qualifies for the standalone SAR test exclusion of 4.3.1 and also transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR value must be estimated according to the following to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion criteria:

1) $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})/x}] \text{ W/kg}$, for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

2) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distance is > 50 mm

Measurement Result

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

For UHF Microphone:

The max conducted power including tune-up tolerance is 9 dBm (7.94 mW).

$[(\text{max. power of channel, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]$
 $= 7.94 / 5 \cdot (\sqrt{0.608}) = 1.2 < 3.0$

For 2.4G SRD:

The max conducted power including tune-up tolerance is 4.0 dBm (2.51 mW).

$[(\text{max. power of channel, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]$
 $= 2.51 / 5 \cdot (\sqrt{2.440}) = 0.8 < 3.0$

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion considerations:

Estimated SAR(UHF Microphone)+ Estimated SAR(2.4G SRD)

$$1.2/7.5+0.8/7.5=0.27$$

< 0.4

Result: Compliant. The stand-alone SAR evaluation and Simultaneous transmission SAR is not necessary.