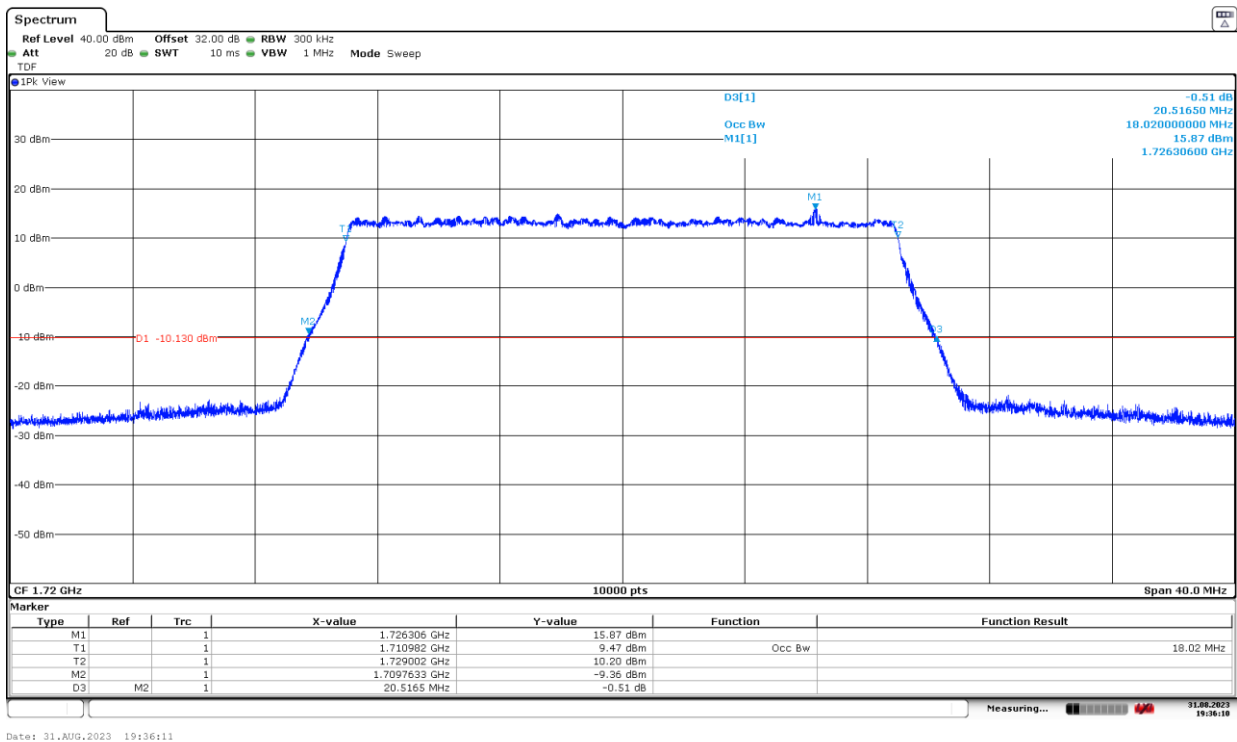
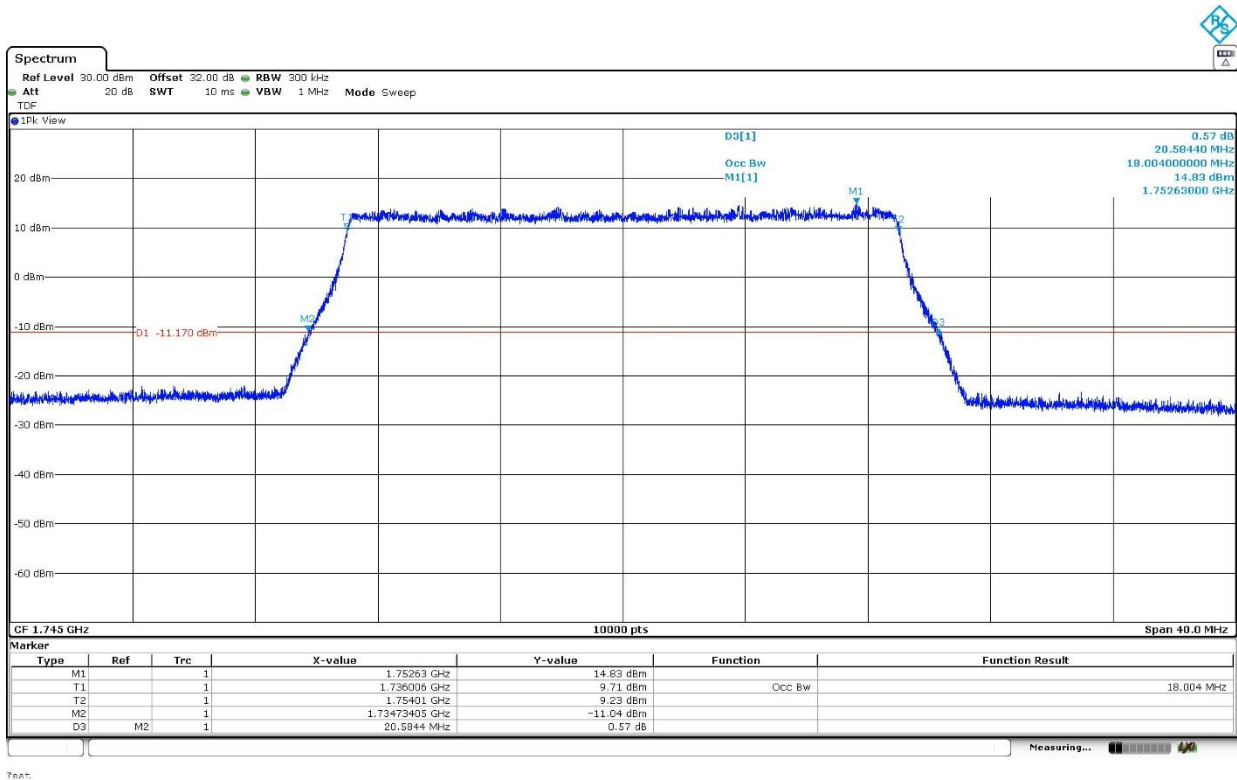


LTE Cat-4 Band 66. BW=20 MHz. 16QAM. RB Size=All.

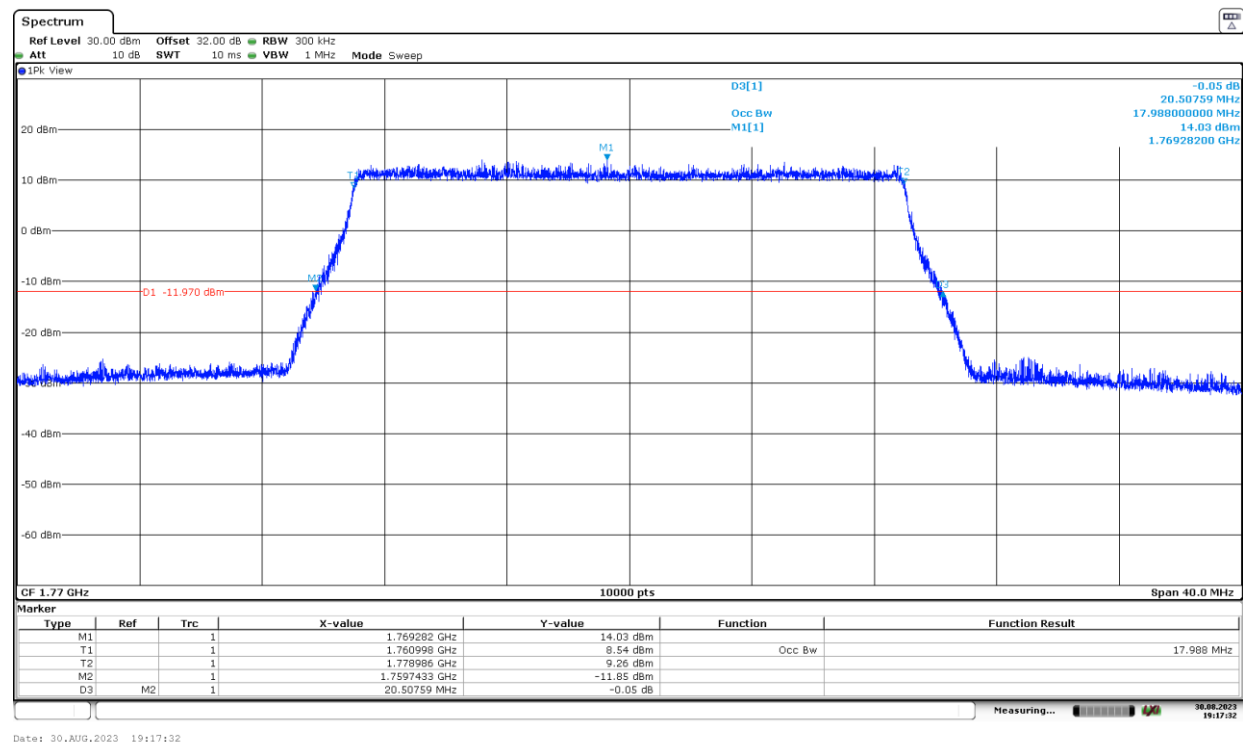
Low Channel:



Middle Channel:



High Channel:



Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Limits

1. LTE Cat-4 Band 8. FCC §27.1509.

* FCC §27.1509:

The power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least the following amounts:

(a) For 900 MHz broadband operations in 897.5–900.5 MHz band by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

(b) For 900 MHz broadband operations in the 936.5–939.5 MHz band, by at least $50 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

(c) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's band, a resolution bandwidth of at least 1 percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(d) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

(e) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

2. LTE Cat-4 Band 12.

* FCC §27.53 (g):

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698–746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

* RSS-130, 4.7:

4.7.1 General unwanted emissions limits:

The unwanted emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth on any frequency outside the low frequency edge and the high frequency edge of each frequency block range(s), shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB. However, in the 100 kHz band immediately outside of the equipment's frequency block range, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.

4.7.2 Additional unwanted emissions limits:

In addition to the limit outlined in section 4.7.1 above, equipment operating in the frequency bands 746-756 MHz and 777-787 MHz shall also comply with the following restrictions:

- a. the power of any unwanted emissions in any 6.25 kHz bandwidth for all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-806 MHz shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least:
 - i. $76 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for base and fixed equipment and
 - ii. $65 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for mobile and portable equipment
- b. the e.i.r.p. in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall not exceed -70 dBW/MHz for wideband signal and -80 dBW for discrete emission with bandwidth less than 700 Hz.

3. LTE Cat-4 Band 13.

* FCC §27.53 (c):

(c) For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

- (1) On any frequency outside the 746–758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB;
- (2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB;
- (3) On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $76 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;
- (4) On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;
- (5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;
- (6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

* RSS-130, 4.7:

4.7.1 General unwanted emissions limits:

The unwanted emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth on any frequency outside the low frequency edge and the high frequency edge of each frequency block range(s), shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB. However, in the 100 kHz band immediately outside of the equipment's frequency block range, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.

4.7.2 Additional unwanted emissions limits:

In addition to the limit outlined in section 4.7.1 above, equipment operating in the frequency bands 746-756 MHz and 777-787 MHz shall also comply with the following restrictions:

- a. the power of any unwanted emissions in any 6.25 kHz bandwidth for all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-806 MHz shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least:
 - i. $76 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for base and fixed equipment and
 - ii. $65 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for mobile and portable equipment

- b. the e.i.r.p. in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall not exceed -70 dBW/MHz for wideband signal and -80 dBW for discrete emission with bandwidth less than 700 Hz.

4. LTE Cat-4 Band 66.

* FCC §27.53 (h):

AWS emission limits:

(1) General protection levels. Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695–1710 MHz, 1710–1755 MHz, 1755–1780 MHz, 1915–1920 MHz, 1995–2000 MHz, 2000–2020 MHz, 2110–2155 MHz, 2155–2180 MHz, and 2180–2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB.

(3) Measurement procedure.

(i) Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(ii) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee's frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.

(iii) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

* RSS-139, 5.6:

Unwanted emissions shall be measured in terms of average value.

Equipment shall have the TRP or conducted power (all antenna connectors), of unwanted emissions outside the frequency block or frequency block group not exceeding the limits shown in the next table:

Offset from the edge of the frequency block or frequency block group	Unwanted emission limits
≤ 1 MHz	-13 dBm/(1% of OB)
> 1 MHz	-13 dBm/MHz

Where OB is the occupied bandwidth.

At P_o transmitting power, the specified minimum attenuation becomes $43 + 10 \log (P_o)$, and the level in dBm relative to P_o becomes:

$$P_o \text{ (dBm)} - [43 + 10 \log (P_o \text{ in mW}) - 30] = -13 \text{ dBm}$$

At P_o transmitting power, the specified minimum attenuation becomes $65 + 10 \log (P_o)$, and the level in dBm relative to P_o becomes:

$$P_o \text{ (dBm)} - [65 + 10 \log (P_o \text{ in mW}) - 30] = -35 \text{ dBm}$$

Method

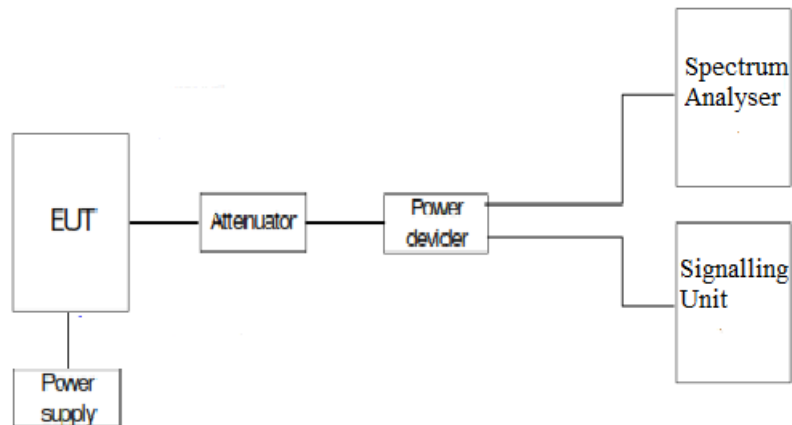
The EUT RF output connector was connected to a spectrum analyser and to the Universal Radio Communication tester R&S CMW500 (selecting maximum transmission power of the EUT and different modes of modulation) using a 50-Ohm attenuator and a power divider.

The spectrum was investigated from 9 kHz to 10 GHz for LTE Cat-4 Band 8; from 9 kHz to 8 GHz for LTE Cat-4 Bands 12, 13; from 9 kHz to 18 GHz for LTE Cat-4 Band 66.

The reading of the spectrum analyser is corrected with the attenuation loss of connection between output terminal of EUT and input of the spectrum analyser.

The configuration of Resource Blocks and modulation which is the worst case for conducted power was used.

Test Setup



Results

LTE Cat-4 Band 8: BW=1.4 MHz. QPSK. RB Size 3. RB Offset 0.

- Low Channel: No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.
- High Channel: No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit

LTE Cat-4 Band 12: BW=1.4 MHz. QPSK. RB Size 1, RB Offset 24.

- Low Channel: No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.
- Middle Channel: No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.
- High Channel: No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit

LTE Cat-4 Band 13: BW=10 MHz. QPSK. RB Size 1. RB Offset 24.

- Middle Channel: No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit

LTE Cat-4 Band 66: BW=5 MHz. QPSK. RB Size 1. RB Offset 12.

- Low Channel: No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.
- Middle Channel: No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.
- High Channel: No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.

Measurement uncertainty (dB): $\leq \pm 2.76$

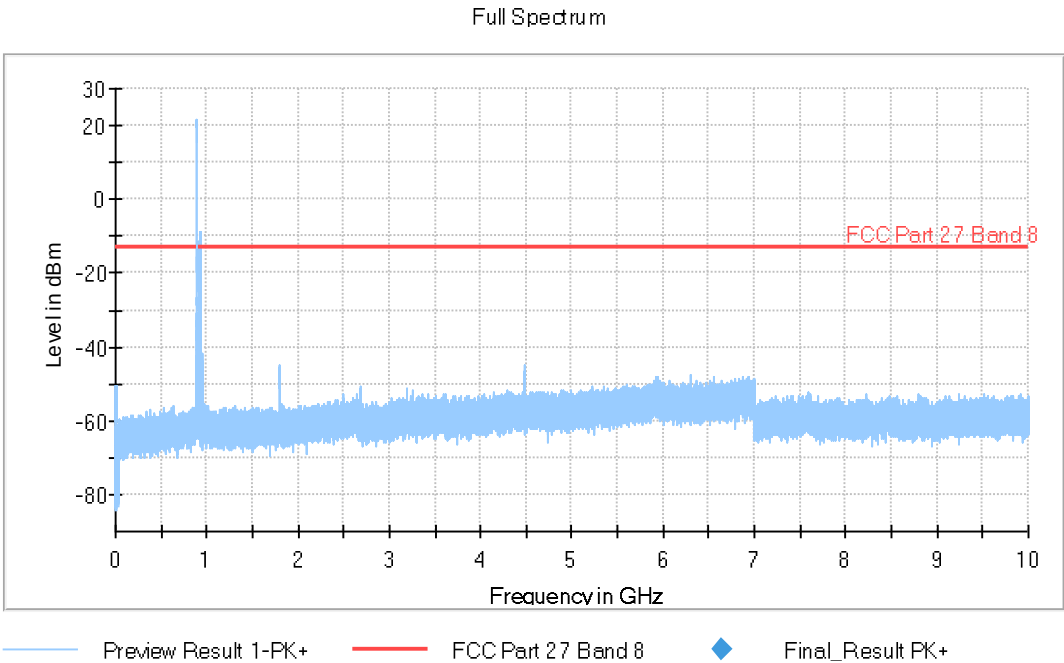
Verdict

PASS

LTE Cat-4 Band 8. BW=1.4 MHz. QPSK. RB Size 3. RB Offset 0.

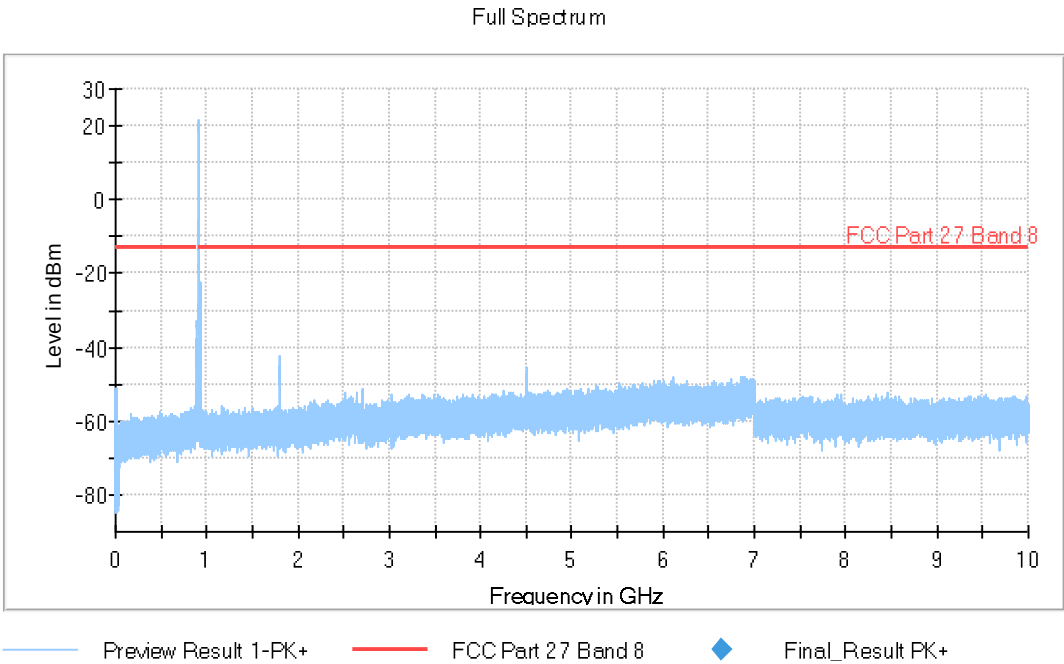
Subrange	Step Size	Detectors	Bandwidth	Sweep Time	Preamp
Receiver: [FSV 40]					
9 kHz - 150 kHz	14,1 Hz	PK+	300 Hz	Coupled	0 dB
150 kHz - 30 MHz	932,812 Hz	PK+	10 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
30 MHz - 1 GHz	30,312 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
1 GHz - 10 GHz	281,25 kHz	PK+	1 MHz	Coupled	0 dB

Low Channel:



The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.

High Channel:

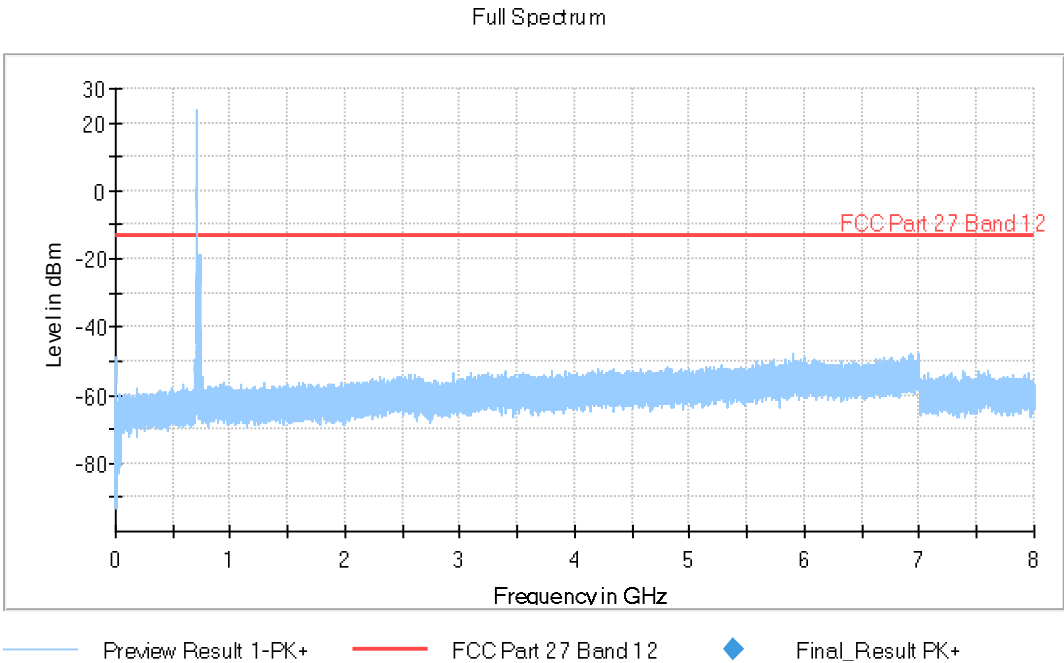


The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.

LTE Cat-4 Band 12. BW=1.4 MHz. QPSK. RB Size 1. RB Offset 24.

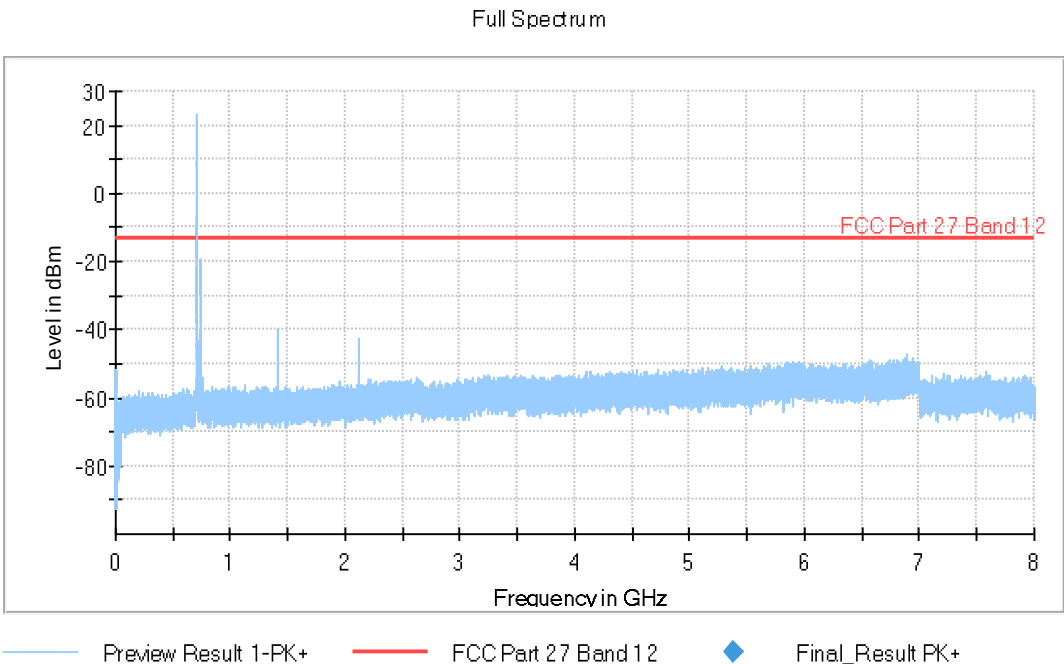
Subrange	Step Size	Detectors	Bandwidth	Sweep Time	Preamp
Receiver: [FSV 40]					
9 kHz - 150 kHz	14,1 Hz	PK+	300 Hz	Coupled	0 dB
150 kHz - 30 MHz	932,812 Hz	PK+	10 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
30 MHz - 1 GHz	30,312 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
1 GHz - 10 GHz	281,25 kHz	PK+	1 MHz	Coupled	0 dB

Low Channel:



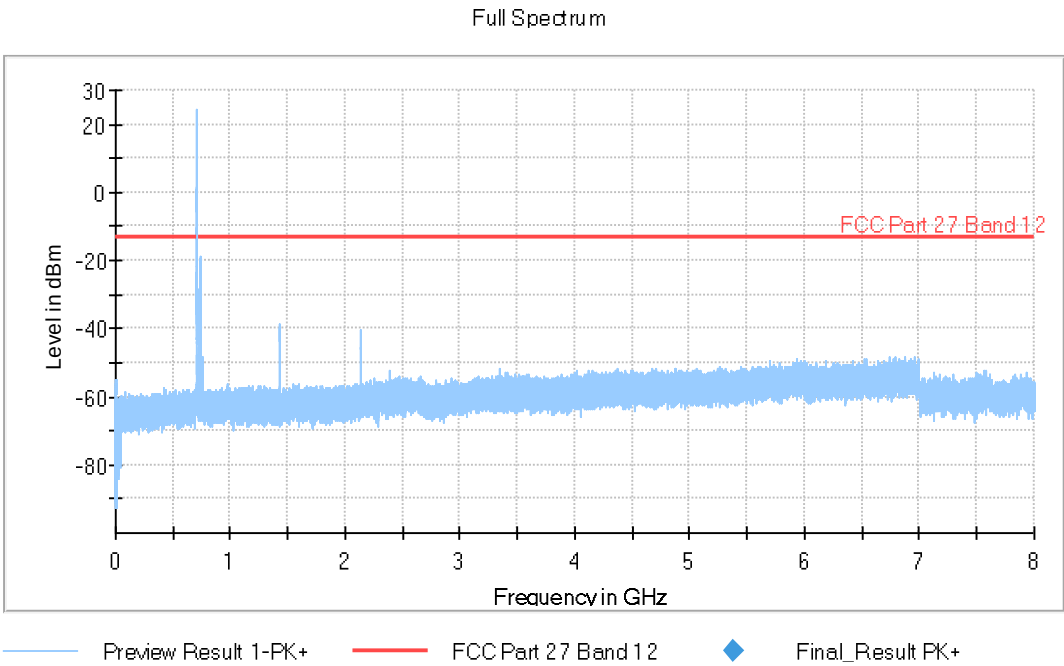
The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.
The highest peak next to the carrier is the Downlink frequency.

Middle Channel:



The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.
The highest peak next to the carrier is the Downlink frequency.

High Channel:

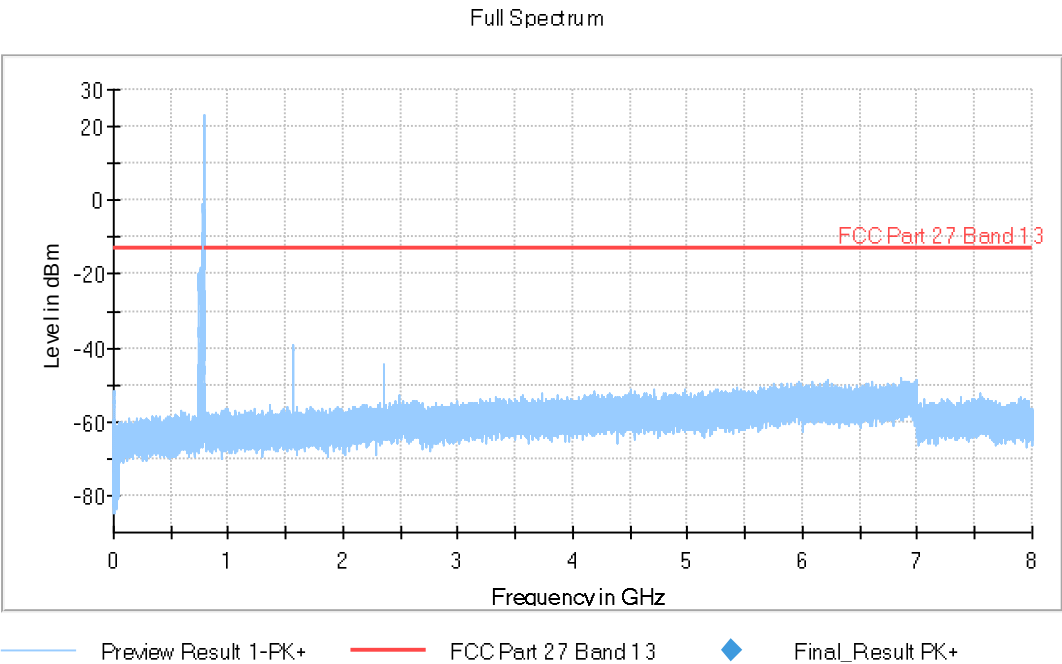


The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.
The highest peak next to the carrier is the Downlink frequency.

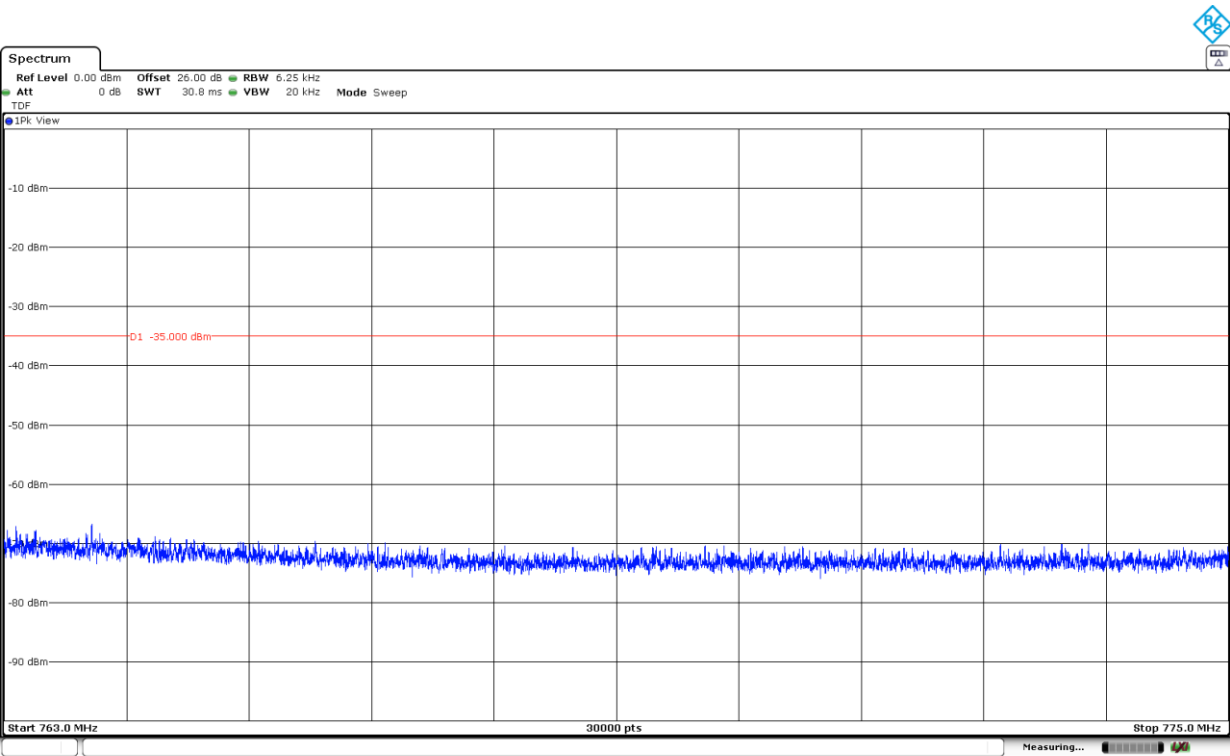
LTE Cat-4 Band 13. BW=10 MHz. QPSK. RB Size 1. RB Offset 24.

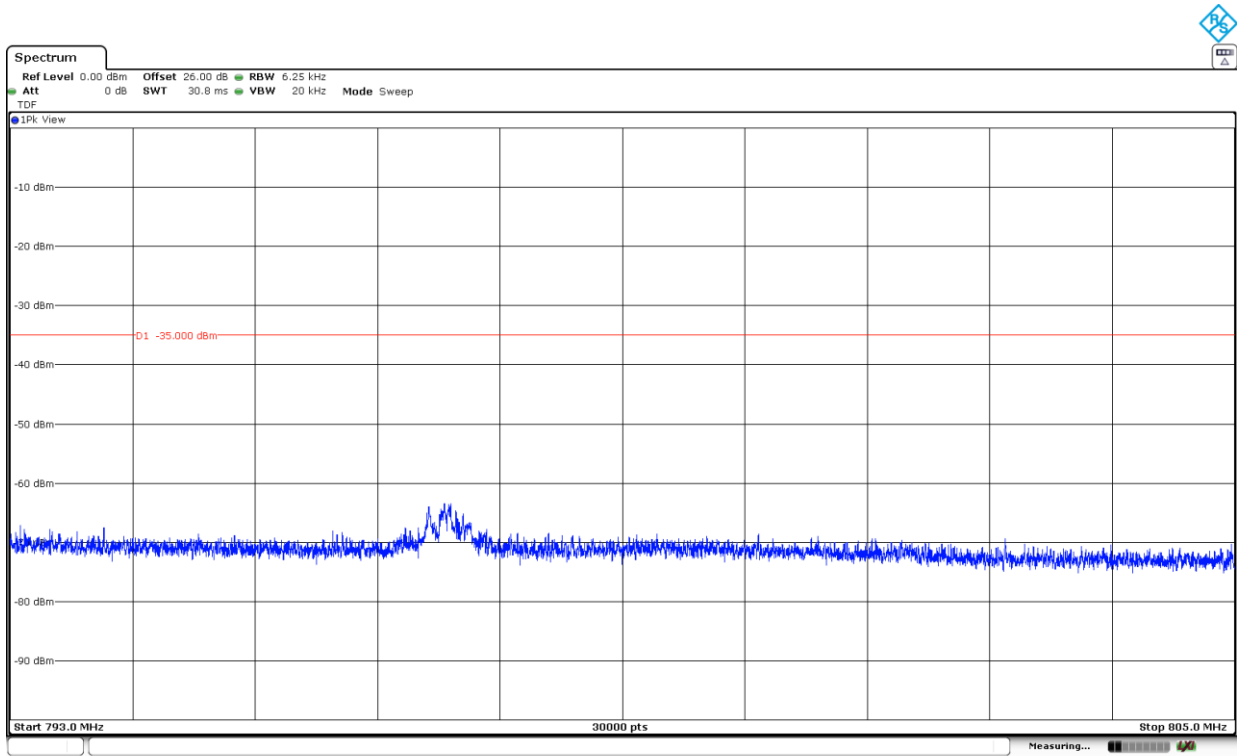
Subrange	Step Size	Detectors	Bandwidth	Sweep Time	Preamp
Receiver: [FSV 40]					
9 kHz - 150 kHz	14,1 Hz	PK+	300 Hz	Coupled	0 dB
150 kHz - 30 MHz	932,812 Hz	PK+	10 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
30 MHz - 1 GHz	30,312 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
1 GHz - 10 GHz	281,25 kHz	PK+	1 MHz	Coupled	0 dB

Middle Channel:



The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.

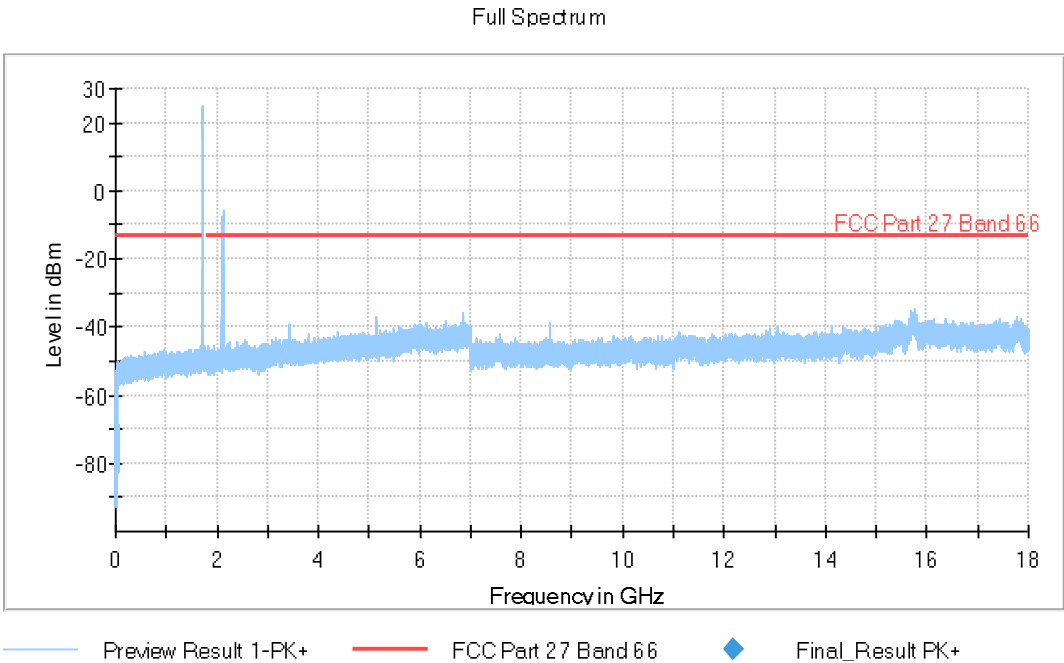




LTE Cat-4 Band 66. BW=5 MHz. QPSK. RB Size 1. RB Offset 12.

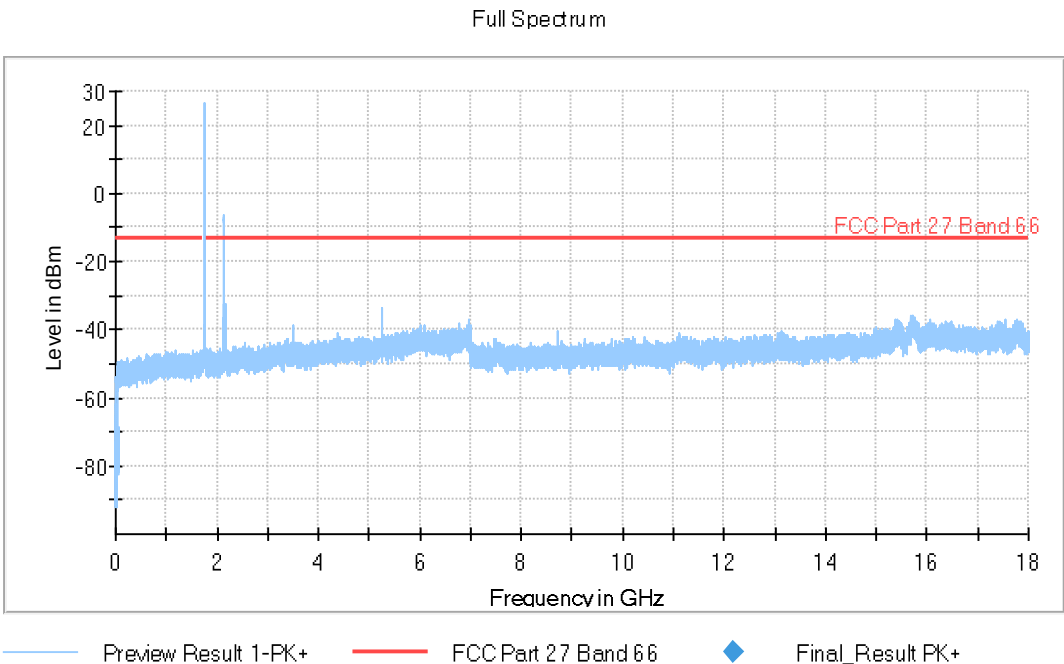
Subrange	Step Size	Detectors	Bandwidth	Sweep Time	Preamp
Receiver: [FSV 40]					
9 kHz - 150 kHz	14,1 Hz	PK+	300 Hz	Coupled	0 dB
150 kHz - 30 MHz	932,812 Hz	PK+	10 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
30 MHz - 1 GHz	30,312 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
1 GHz - 10 GHz	281,25 kHz	PK+	1 MHz	Coupled	0 dB

Low Channel:



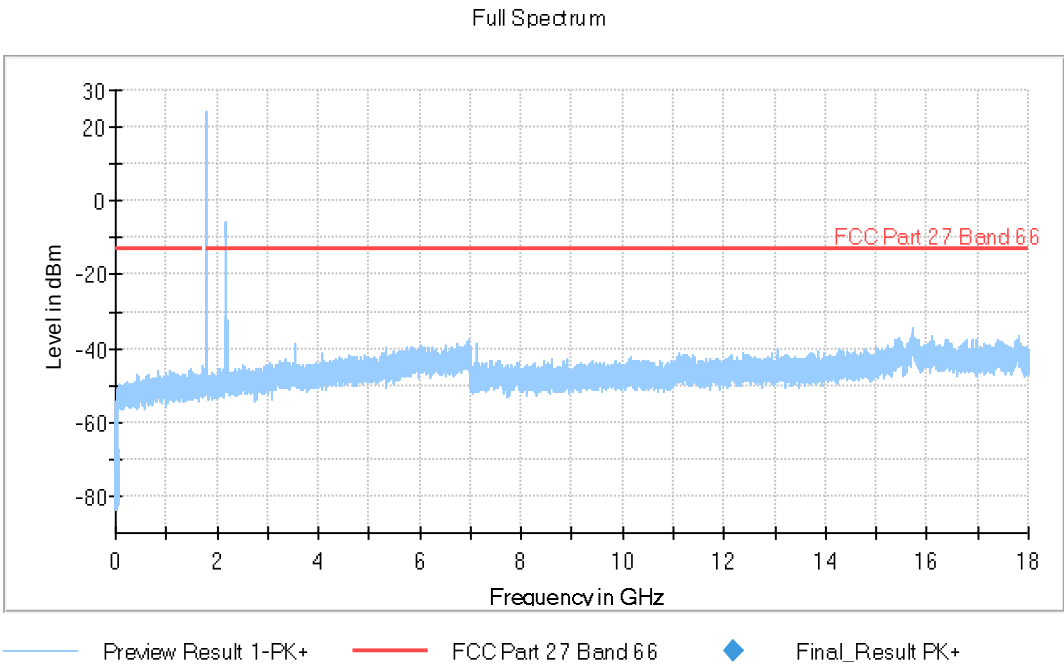
The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.
The highest peak next to the carrier is the Downlink frequency.

Middle Channel:



The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.
The highest peak next to the carrier is the Downlink frequency.

High Channel:



The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.
The highest peak next to the carrier is the Downlink frequency.

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals at Block Edges

Limits

1. LTE Cat-4 Band 8. FCC §27.1509.

* FCC §27.1509:

The power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least the following amounts:

(c) For 900 MHz broadband operations in 897.5–900.5 MHz band by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

(d) For 900 MHz broadband operations in the 936.5–939.5 MHz band, by at least $50 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

(c) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's band, a resolution bandwidth of at least 1 percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(d) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

(e) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

2. LTE Cat-4 Band 12.

* FCC §27.53 (g):

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698–746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

* RSS-130, 4.7:

4.7.1 General unwanted emissions limits:

The unwanted emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth on any frequency outside the low frequency edge and the high frequency edge of each frequency block range(s), shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB. However, in the 100 kHz band immediately outside of the equipment's frequency block range, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.

4.7.2 Additional unwanted emissions limits:

In addition to the limit outlined in section 4.7.1 above, equipment operating in the frequency bands 746-756 MHz and 777-787 MHz shall also comply with the following restrictions:

- a. the power of any unwanted emissions in any 6.25 kHz bandwidth for all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-806 MHz shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least:
 - i. $76 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for base and fixed equipment and
 - ii. $65 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for mobile and portable equipment
- b. the e.i.r.p. in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall not exceed -70 dBW/MHz for wideband signal and -80 dBW for discrete emission with bandwidth less than 700 Hz.

3. LTE Cat-4 Band 13.

* FCC §27.53 (c):

(c) For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

- (1) On any frequency outside the 746–758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB;
- (2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB;
- (3) On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $76 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;
- (4) On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;
- (5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;
- (6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

* RSS-130, 4.7:

4.7.1 General unwanted emissions limits:

The unwanted emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth on any frequency outside the low frequency edge and the high frequency edge of each frequency block range(s), shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB. However, in the 100 kHz band immediately outside of the equipment's frequency block range, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.

4.7.2 Additional unwanted emissions limits:

In addition to the limit outlined in section 4.7.1 above, equipment operating in the frequency bands 746-756 MHz and 777-787 MHz shall also comply with the following restrictions:

- a. the power of any unwanted emissions in any 6.25 kHz bandwidth for all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-806 MHz shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least:
 - i. $76 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for base and fixed equipment and
 - ii. $65 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for mobile and portable equipment

- b. the e.i.r.p. in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall not exceed -70 dBW/MHz for wideband signal and -80 dBW for discrete emission with bandwidth less than 700 Hz.

4. LTE Cat-4 Band 4, 66.

* FCC §27.53 (h):

AWS emission limits:

(1) General protection levels. Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695–1710 MHz, 1710–1755 MHz, 1755–1780 MHz, 1915–1920 MHz, 1995–2000 MHz, 2000–2020 MHz, 2110–2155 MHz, 2155–2180 MHz, and 2180–2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ dB.

(3) Measurement procedure.

(i) Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(ii) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee's frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.

(iii) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

* RSS-139, 5.6:

Unwanted emissions shall be measured in terms of average value.

Equipment shall have the TRP or conducted power (all antenna connectors), of unwanted emissions outside the frequency block or frequency block group not exceeding the limits shown in the next table:

Offset from the edge of the frequency block or frequency block group	Unwanted emission limits
≤ 1 MHz	-13 dBm/(1% of OB)
> 1 MHz	-13 dBm/MHz

Where OB is the occupied bandwidth.

At P_o transmitting power, the specified minimum attenuation becomes $43 + 10 \log(P_o)$, and the level in dBm relative to P_o becomes:

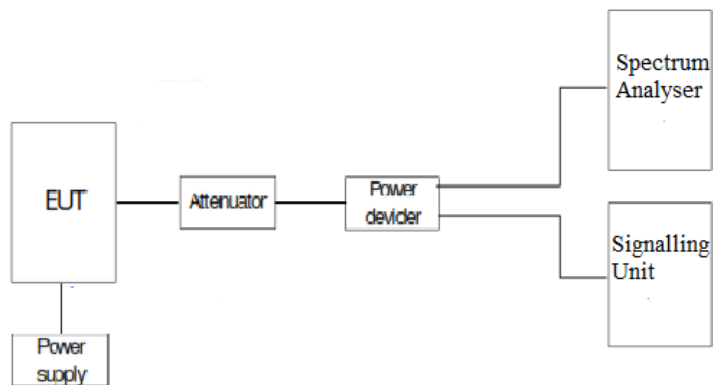
$$P_o \text{ (dBm)} - [43 + 10 \log(P_o \text{ in mW}) - 30] = -13 \text{ dBm}$$

Method

The EUT RF output connector was connected to a spectrum analyser and to the Universal Radio Communication tester R&S CMW500 (selecting maximum transmission power of the EUT and different modes of modulation) using a 50-Ohm attenuator and a power splitter.

The reading of the spectrum analyser is corrected with the attenuation loss of connection between output terminal of EUT and input of the spectrum analyser.

Test Setup



Results

LTE Cat-4 Band 4:

Note: Low Block Edge for Band 4 is the same as for Band 66.

Preliminary measurements determined QPSK, BW=3 MHz as the worst-case.

LTE QPSK MODULATION:	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 3 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 5 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 10 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 15 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 20 MHz
Maximum measured level at High Block Edge at antenna port (dBm)	-21.63	-18.66	-20.96	-27.95	-32.1	-32.01

LTE QPSK MODULATION:	RB = 5. Offset =0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB = 5. Offset =0. BW = 3 MHz	RB = 5. Offset =0. BW = 5 MHz	RB = 5. Offset =0. BW = 10 MHz	RB = 5. Offset =0. BW = 15 MHz	RB = 5. Offset =0. BW = 20 MHz
Maximum measured level at High Block Edge at antenna port (dBm)	-26.89	-25.61	-20.6	-24.6	-27.77	-29.4

Measurement uncertainty: <±2.76 dB

Verdict

PASS

LTE Cat-4 Band 8:

Preliminary measurements determined QPSK, BW=3 MHz as the worst-case

LTE QPSK:	RB=1. Offset=0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB=1. Offset=0. BW = 3 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>Low Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-19.57	-13.8

LTE QPSK:	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 3 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>Low Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-23.09	-23.45

LTE QPSK:	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 3 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>High Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-19.95	-15.07

LTE QPSK:	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 3 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>High Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-20.76	-22.98

Measurement uncertainty: <±2.76 dB

Verdict

PASS

LTE Cat-4 Band 12:

Preliminary measurements determined QPSK, BW=5 MHz as the worst-case.

LTE QPSK MODULATION:	RB=1. Offset = 0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB=1. Offset = 0. BW = 3 MHz	RB=1. Offset = 0. BW = 5 MHz	RB=1. Offset = 0. BW = 10 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>Low Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-20.94	-15.15	-14.27	-21.33

LTE QPSK MODULATION:	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 3 MHz	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 5 MHz	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 10 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>Low Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-23.49	-25.3	-22.04	-28.47

LTE QPSK MODULATION:	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 3 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 5 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 10 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>High Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-18.87	-16.03	-15.63	-21.64

LTE QPSK MODULATION:	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 3 MHz	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 5 MHz	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 10 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>High Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-23.29	-23.98	-22.85	-28.33

Measurement uncertainty: <±2.76 dB

Verdict

PASS

LTE Cat-4 Band 13:

Preliminary measurements determined QPSK, BW=5 MHz as the worst-case.

LTE QPSK:	RB=1. Offset = 0. BW = 5 MHz	RB=1. Offset = 0. BW = 10 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>Low Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-15.25	-21.16

LTE QPSK:	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 5 MHz	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 10 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>Low Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-22.09	-29.32

LTE QPSK:	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 5 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 10 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>High Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-15.59	-21.33

LTE QPSK:	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 5 MHz	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 10 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>High Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-22.24	-28.82

Measurement uncertainty: <±2.76 dB

Verdict

PASS

LTE Cat-4 Band 66:

Preliminary measurements determined QPSK, BW=3 MHz as the worst-case.

LTE QPSK MODULATION:	RB=1. Offset = 0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB=1. Offset = 0. BW = 3 MHz	RB=1. Offset = 0. BW = 5 MHz	RB=1. Offset = 0. BW = 10 MHz	RB=1. Offset = 0. BW = 15 MHz	RB=1. Offset = 0. BW = 20 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>Low Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-20.39	-19.55	-20.69	-27.38	-30.54	-31.55

LTE QPSK MODULATION:	RB = 5. Offset = 0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB = 5. Offset = 0. BW = 3 MHz	RB = 5. Offset = 0. BW = 5 MHz	RB = 5. Offset = 0. BW = 10 MHz	RB = 5. Offset = 0. BW = 15 MHz	RB = 5. Offset = 0. BW = 20 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>Low Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-26.01	-23.71	-20.68	-24.22	-28.17	-30.08

LTE QPSK MODULATION:	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 3 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 5 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 10 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 15 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 20 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>High Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-20.2	-19.08	-21.37	-28.06	-30.77	-32.12

LTE QPSK MODULATION:	RB = 5. Offset =0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB = 5. Offset =0. BW = 3 MHz	RB = 5. Offset =0. BW = 5 MHz	RB = 5. Offset =0. BW = 10 MHz	RB = 5. Offset =0. BW = 15 MHz	RB = 5. Offset =0. BW = 20 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>High Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-25.98	-25.09	-20.29	-24.17	-26.54	-28.33

Measurement uncertainty: <±2.76 dB

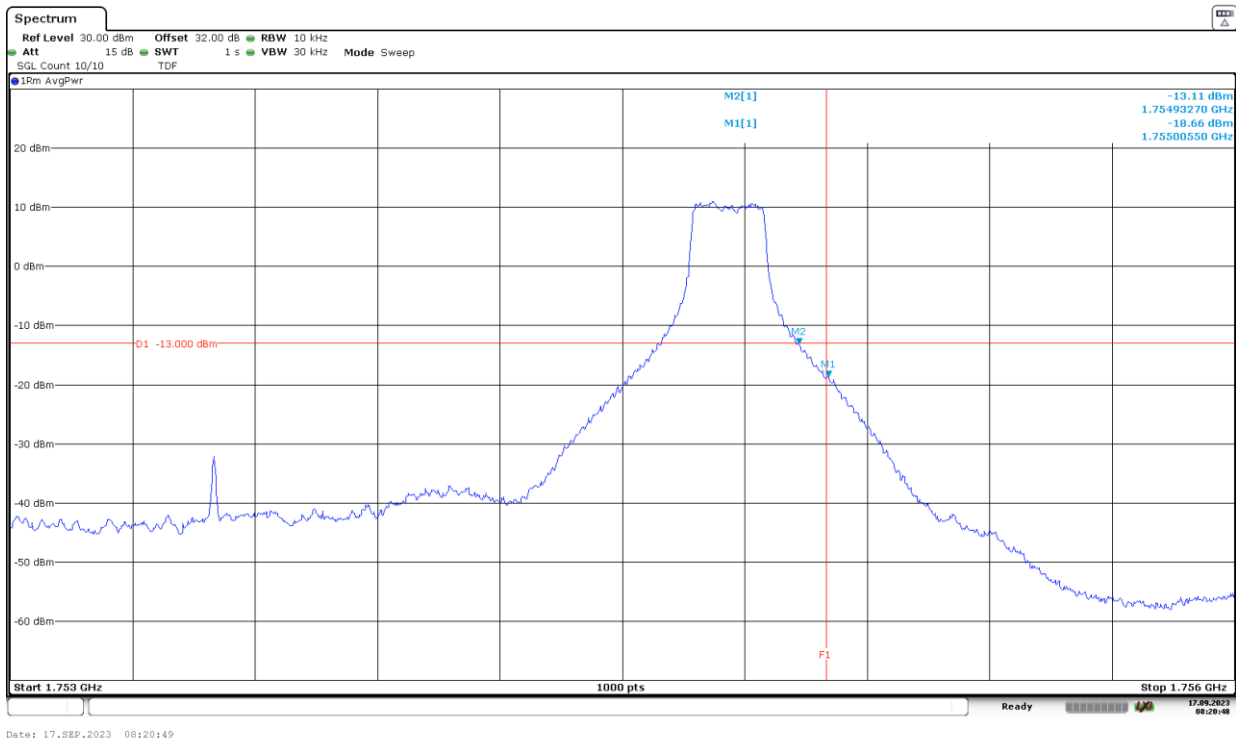
Verdict

PASS

The plots below are for the worst case configuration specified before.

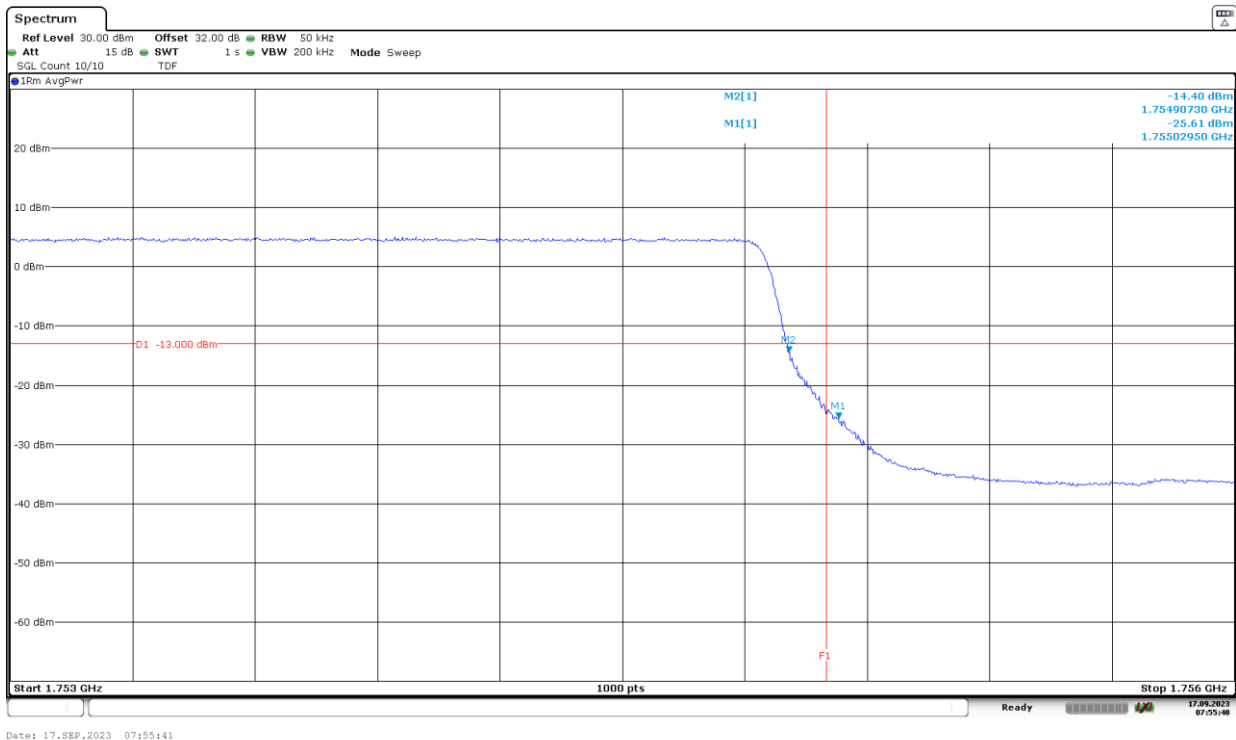
LTE Cat-4 Band 4:

LTE Cat-4 Band 4. BW=3 MHz. QPSK. RB=1. Offset=Max. High Block Edge:



The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

LTE Cat-4 Band 4. BW=3 MHz. QPSK. RB=All. Offset=0. High Block Edge:

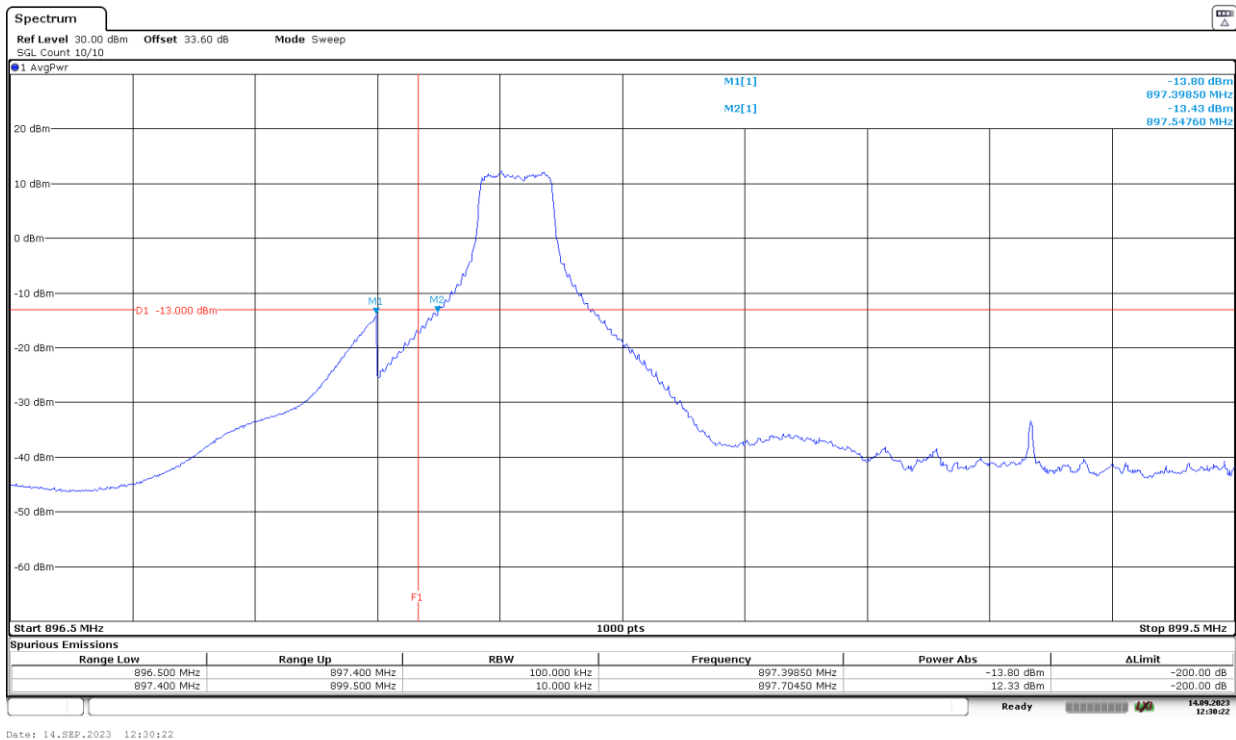


The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

The plots below are for the worst case configuration specified before.

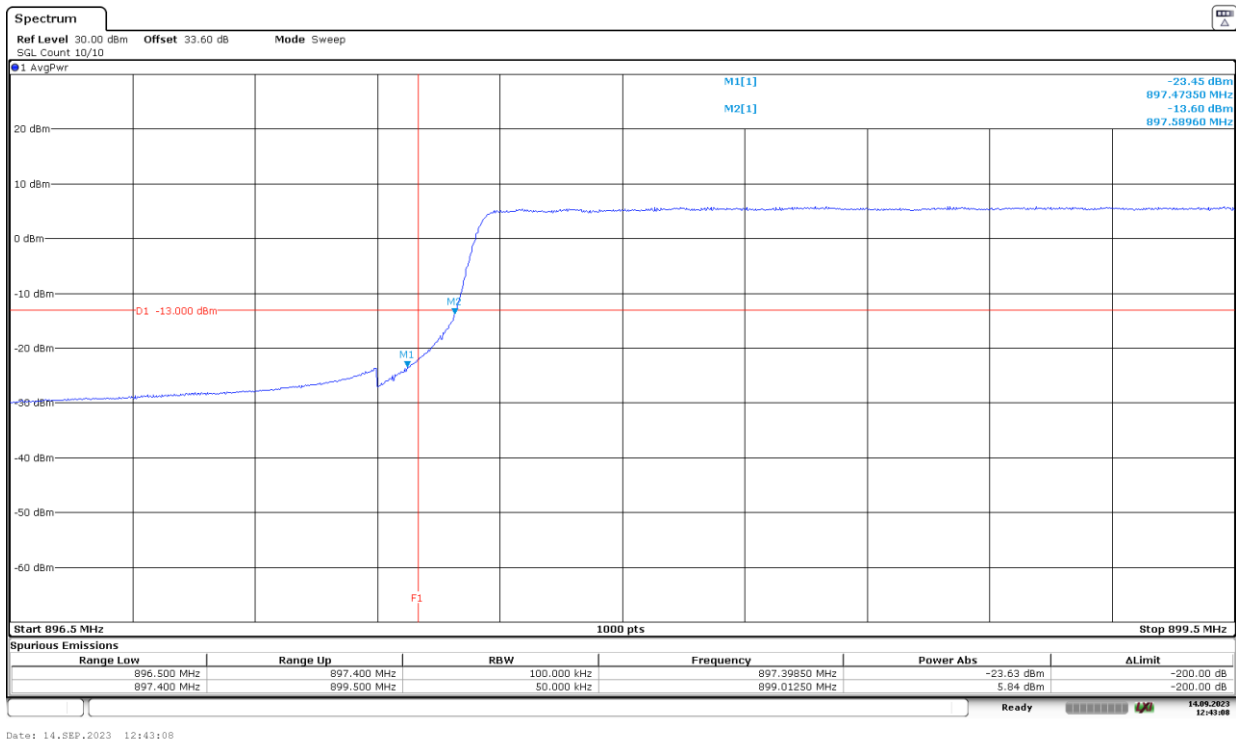
LTE Cat-4 Band 8:

LTE Cat-4 Band 8. BW=3 MHz. QPSK. RB=1. Offset=0. Low Block Edge:



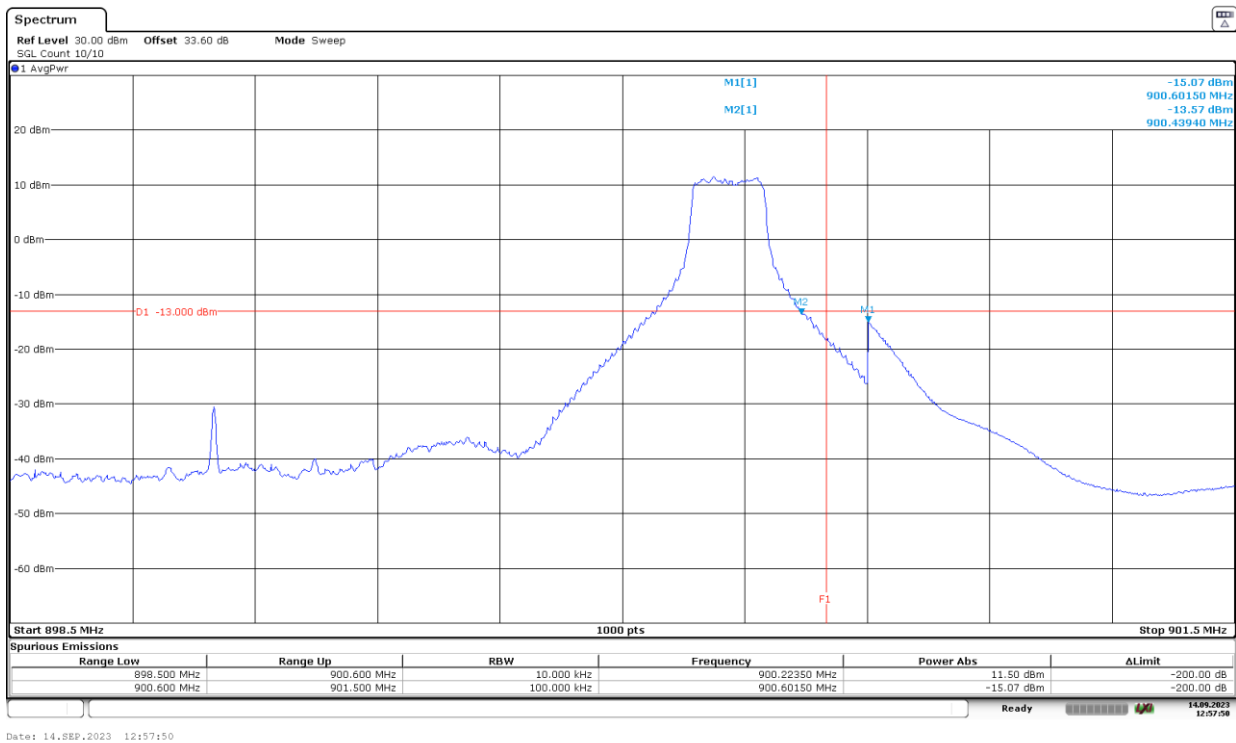
The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

LTE Cat-4 Band 8. BW=3 MHz. QPSK. RB=All. Offset=0. Low Block Edge:



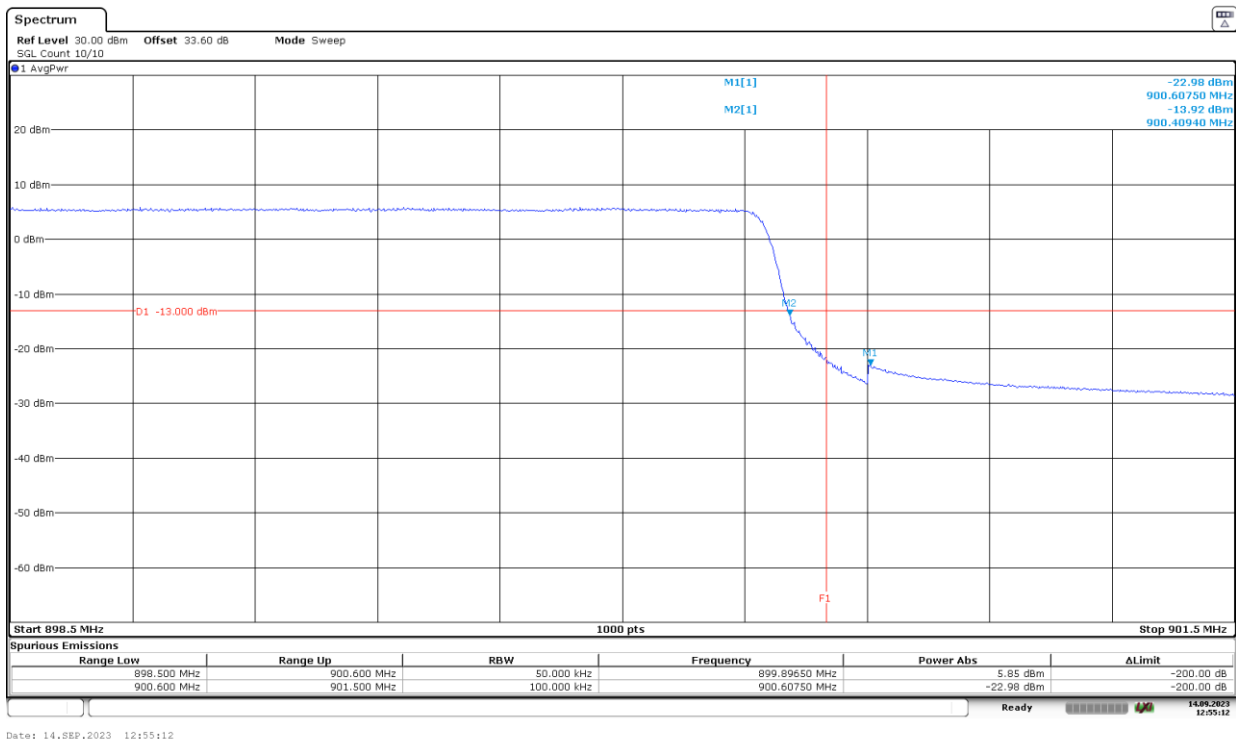
The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

LTE Cat-4 Band 8. BW=3 MHz. QPSK. RB=1. Offset=Max. High Block Edge:



The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

LTE Cat-4 Band 8. BW=3 MHz. QPSK. RB=All. Offset=0. High Block Edge:

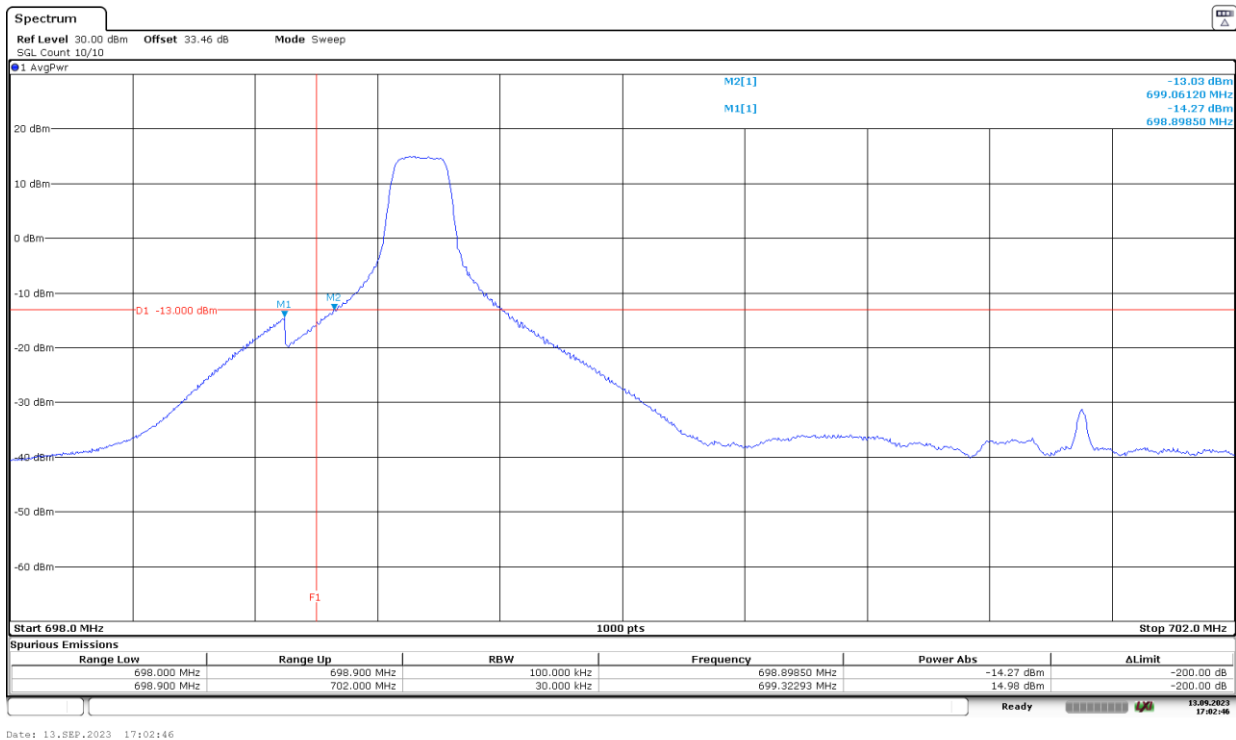


The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

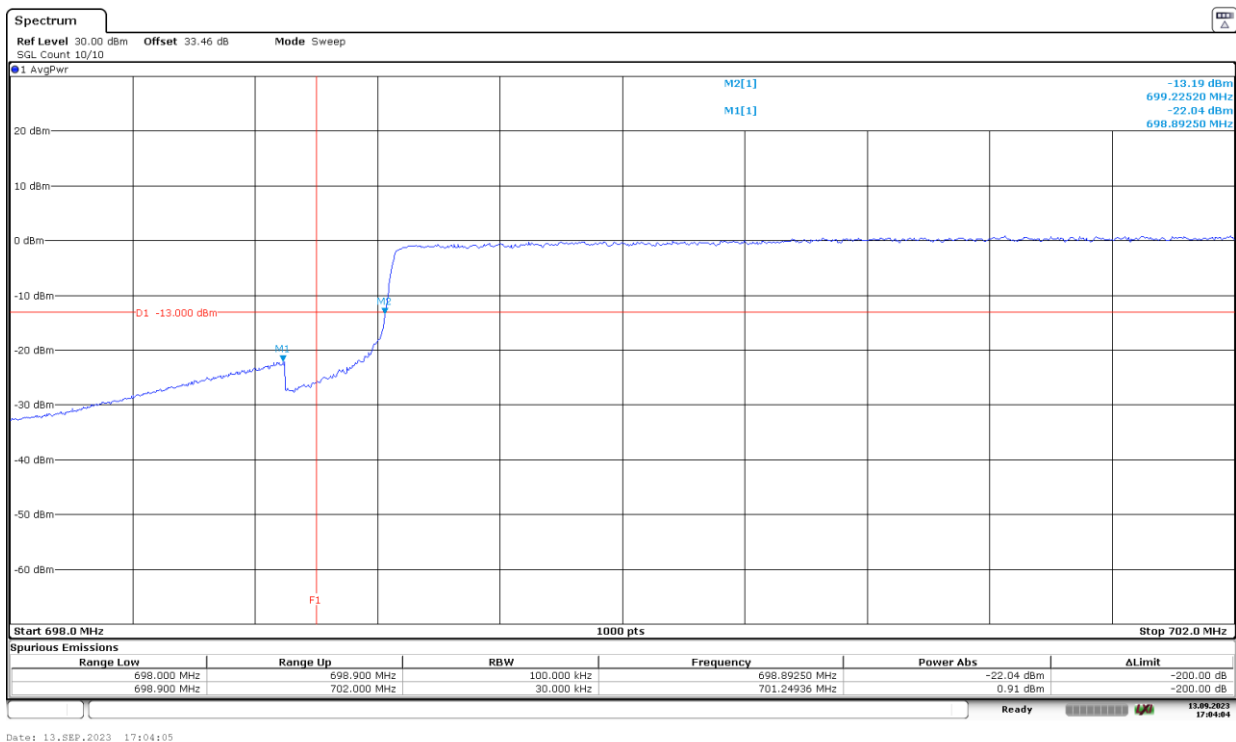
The plots below are for the worst case configuration specified before.

LTE Cat-4 Band 12:

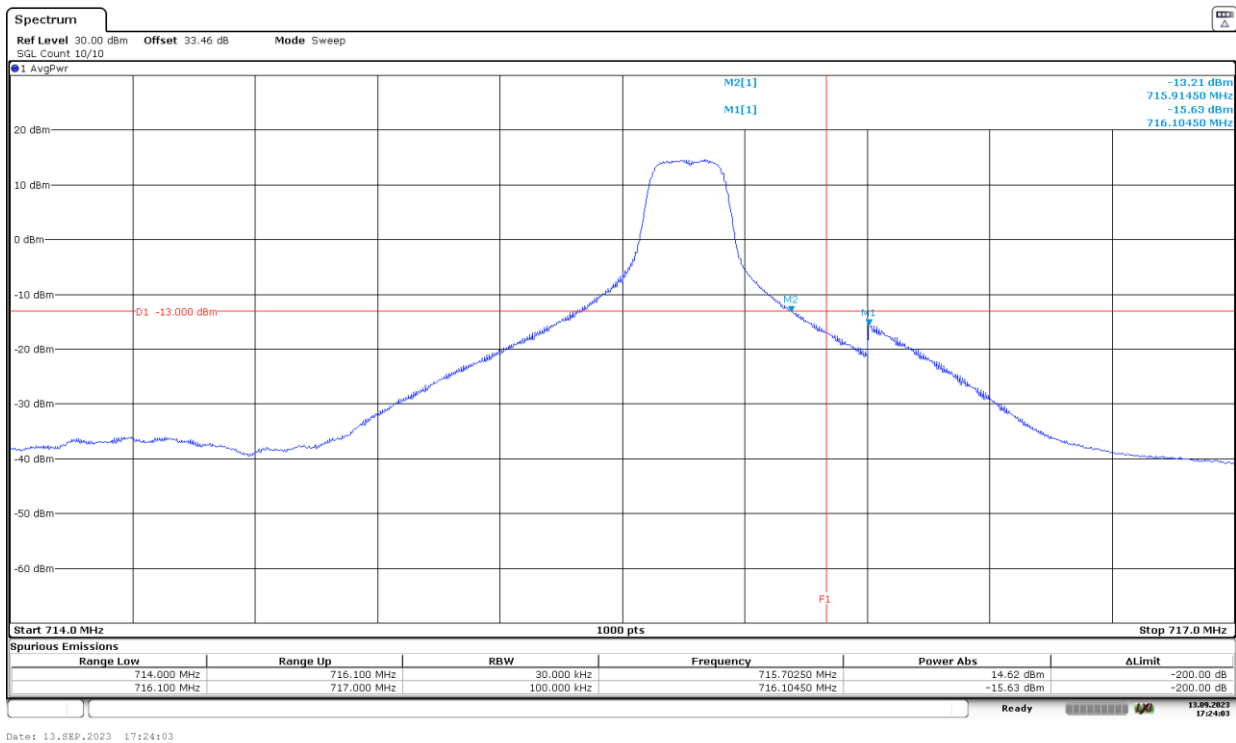
LTE Cat-4 Band 12. BW=5 MHz. QPSK. RB=1. Offset=0. Low Block Edge:



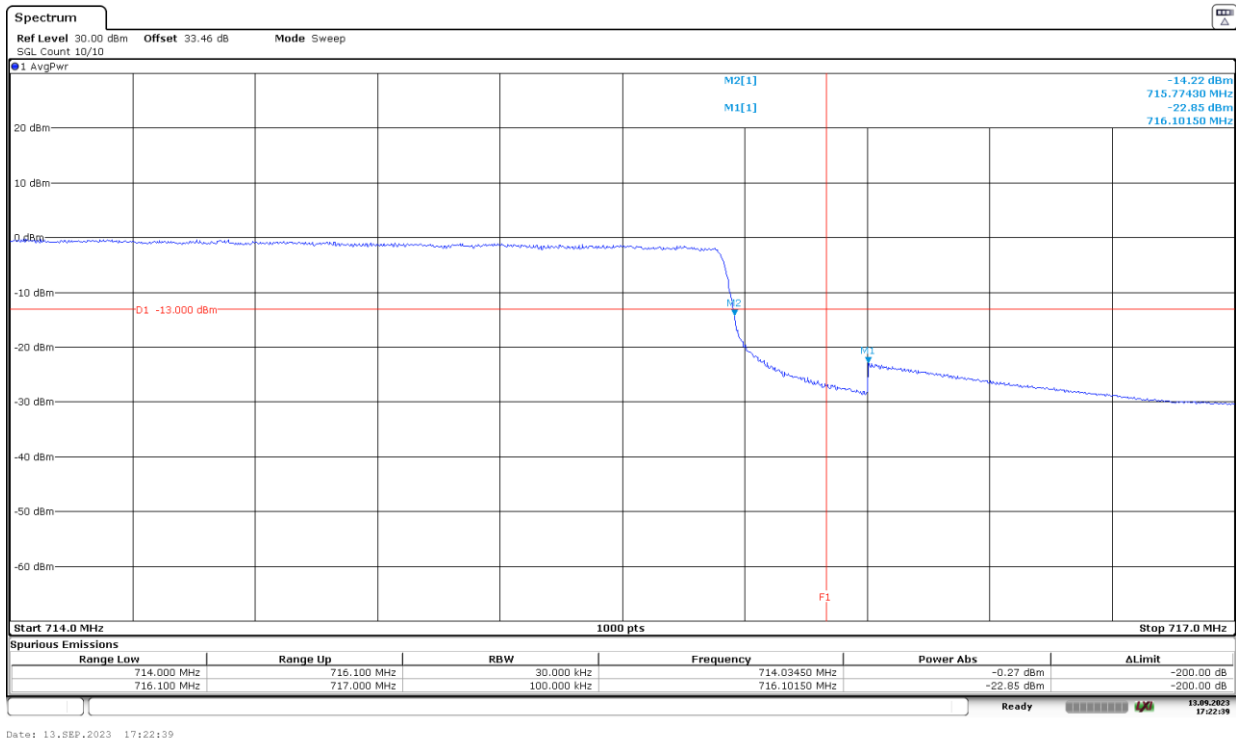
LTE Cat-4 Band 12. BW=5 MHz. QPSK. RB=All. Offset=0. Low Block Edge:



LTE Cat-4 Band 12. BW=5 MHz. QPSK. RB=1. Offset=Max. High Block Edge:



LTE Cat-4 Band 12. BW=5 MHz. QPSK. RB=All. Offset=0. High Block Edge:



LTE Cat-4 Band 13:

Spectrum

Ref Level 30.00 dBm Offset 33.46 dB Mode Sweep

SQL Count 10/10

1 AvgPwr

M2[1] -13.49 dBm
M1[1] -15.25 dBm
776.89550 MHz

20 dBm
10 dBm
0 dBm
-10 dBm
-20 dBm
-30 dBm
-40 dBm
-50 dBm
-60 dBm

D1 -13.00 dBm

M1

M2

F1

Start 776.0 MHz 1000 pts Stop 779.0 MHz

Spurious Emissions

Range Low	Range Up	RBW	Frequency	Power Abs	ΔLimit
776.000 MHz	776.900 MHz	100.000 kHz	776.89550 MHz	-15.25 dBm	-200.00 dB
776.900 MHz	779.000 MHz	30.000 kHz	777.37250 MHz	15.07 dBm	-200.00 dB

Date: 13_SEP_2023 19:38:43

Ready

13.99.2023 19:38:43

Spectrum

Ref Level 30.00 dBm Offset 33.46 dB Mode Sweep

SQL Count 10/10

1 AvgPwr

20 dBm

10 dBm

0 dBm

-10 dBm

-20 dBm

-30 dBm

-40 dBm

-50 dBm

-60 dBm

M2[1] -13.84 dBm 777.22170 MHz

M1[1] -22.09 dBm 776.89550 MHz

D1 -13.000 dBm

F1

Start 776.0 MHz 1000 pts Stop 779.0 MHz

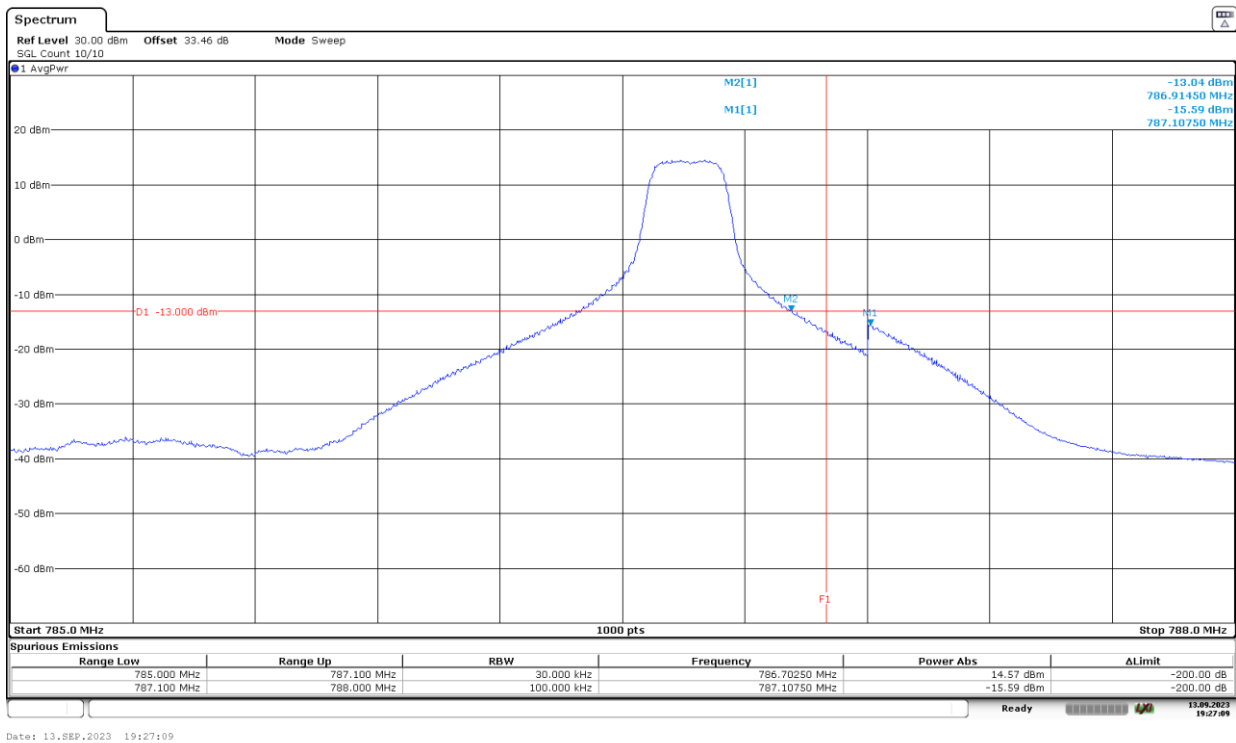
Spurious Emissions

Range Low	Range Up	RBW	Frequency	Power Abs	ALimit
776.000 MHz	776.900 MHz	100.000 kHz	776.89550 MHz	-22.09 dBm	-200.00 dB
776.900 MHz	779.000 MHz	30.000 kHz	777.86150 MHz	0.13 dBm	-200.00 dB

Ready 13. SEP. 2023 19:37:00

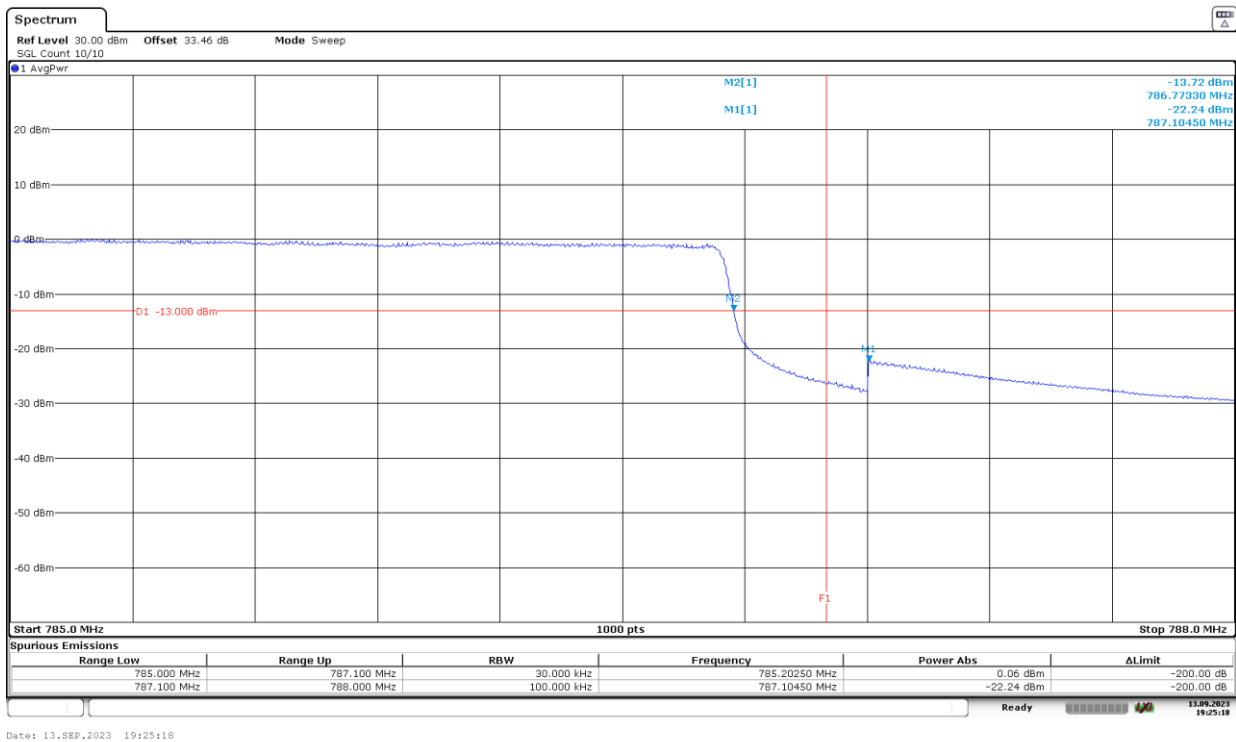
The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

LTE Cat-4 Band 13. BW=5 MHz. QPSK. RB=1. Offset=Max. High Block Edge:



The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

LTE Cat-4 Band 13. BW=5 MHz. QPSK. RB=All. Offset=0. High Block Edge:

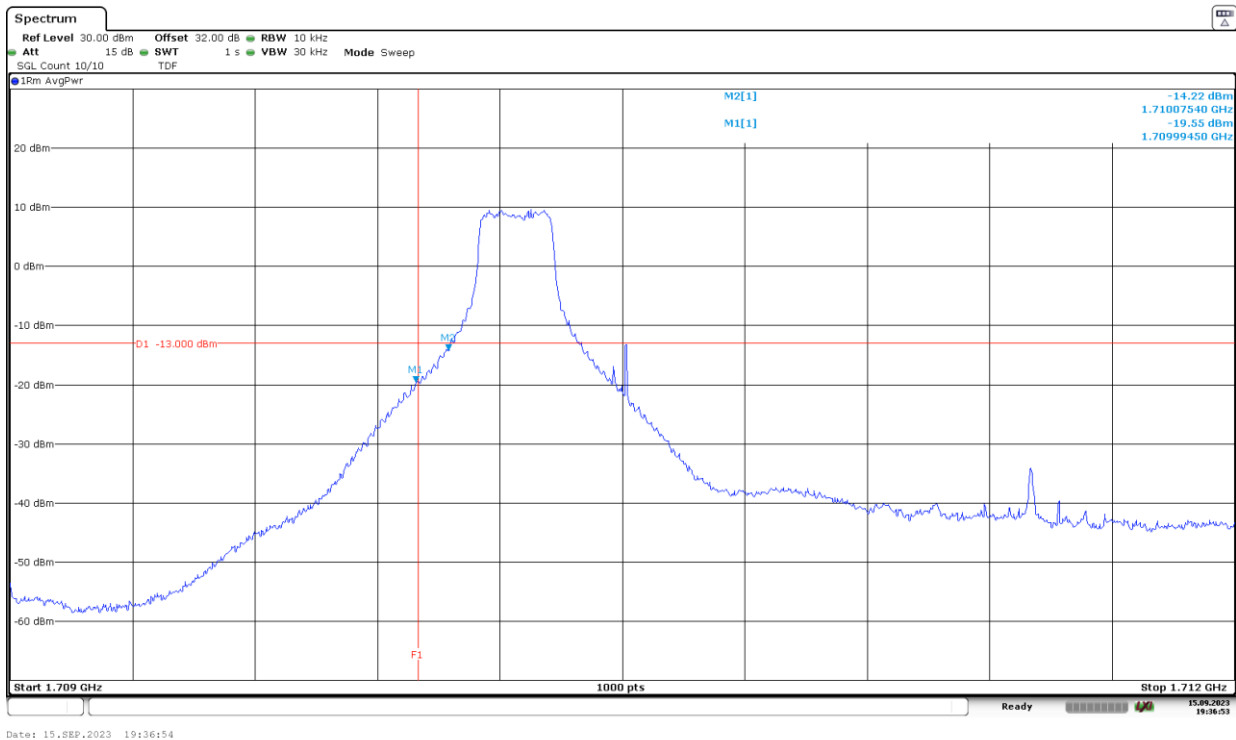


The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

The plots below are for the worst case configuration specified before.

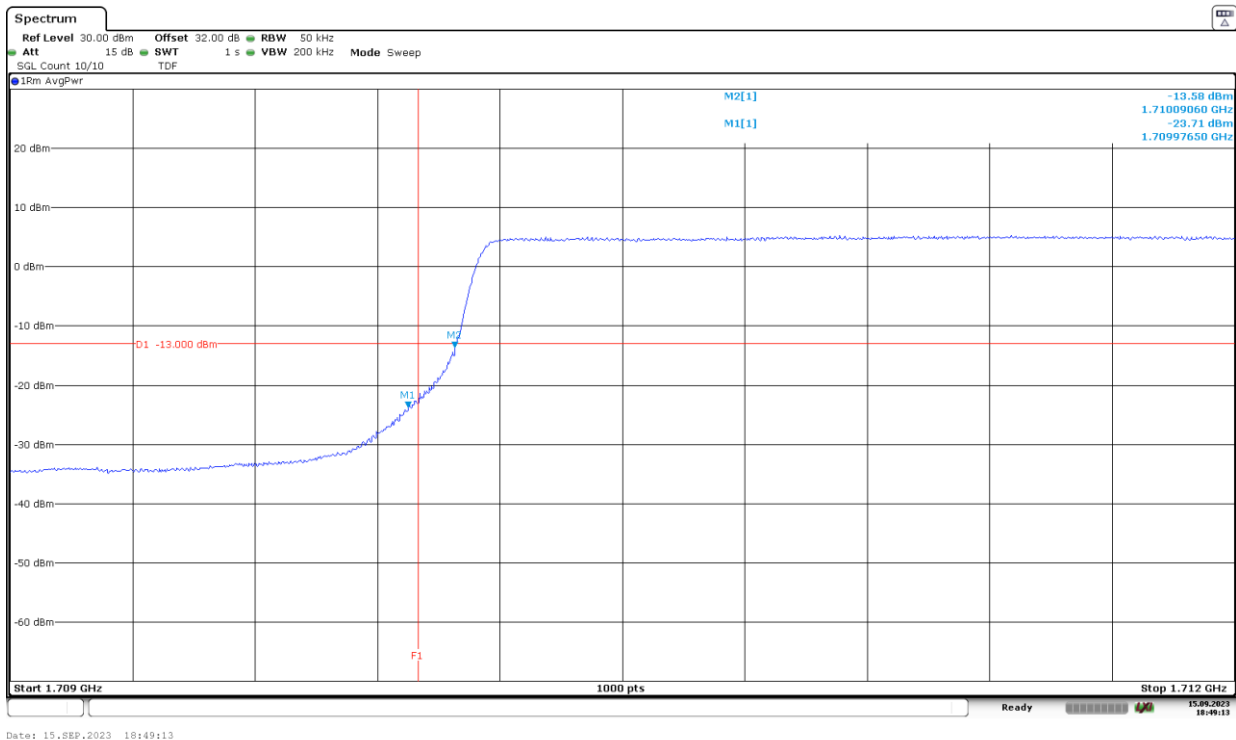
LTE Cat-4 Band 66:

LTE Cat-4 Band 66. BW=3 MHz. QPSK. RB=1. Offset=0. Low Block Edge:



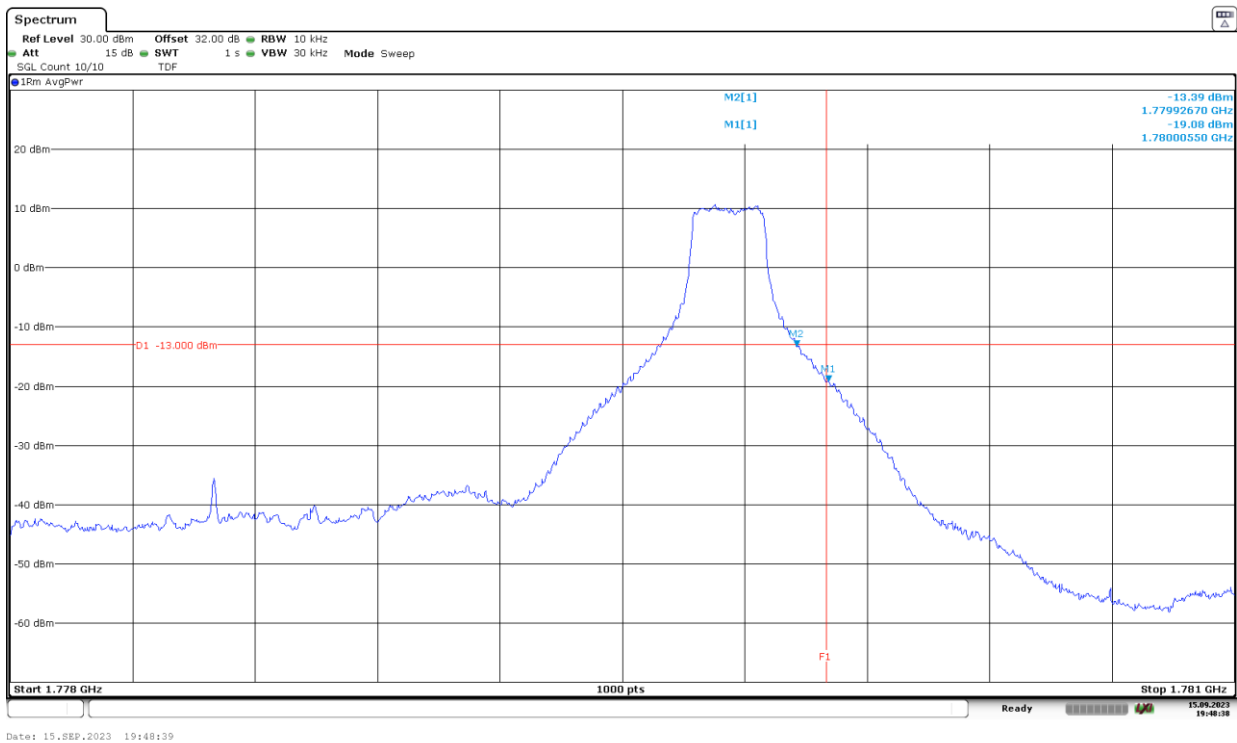
The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

LTE Cat-4 Band 66. BW=3 MHz. QPSK. RB=All. Offset=0. Low Block Edge:



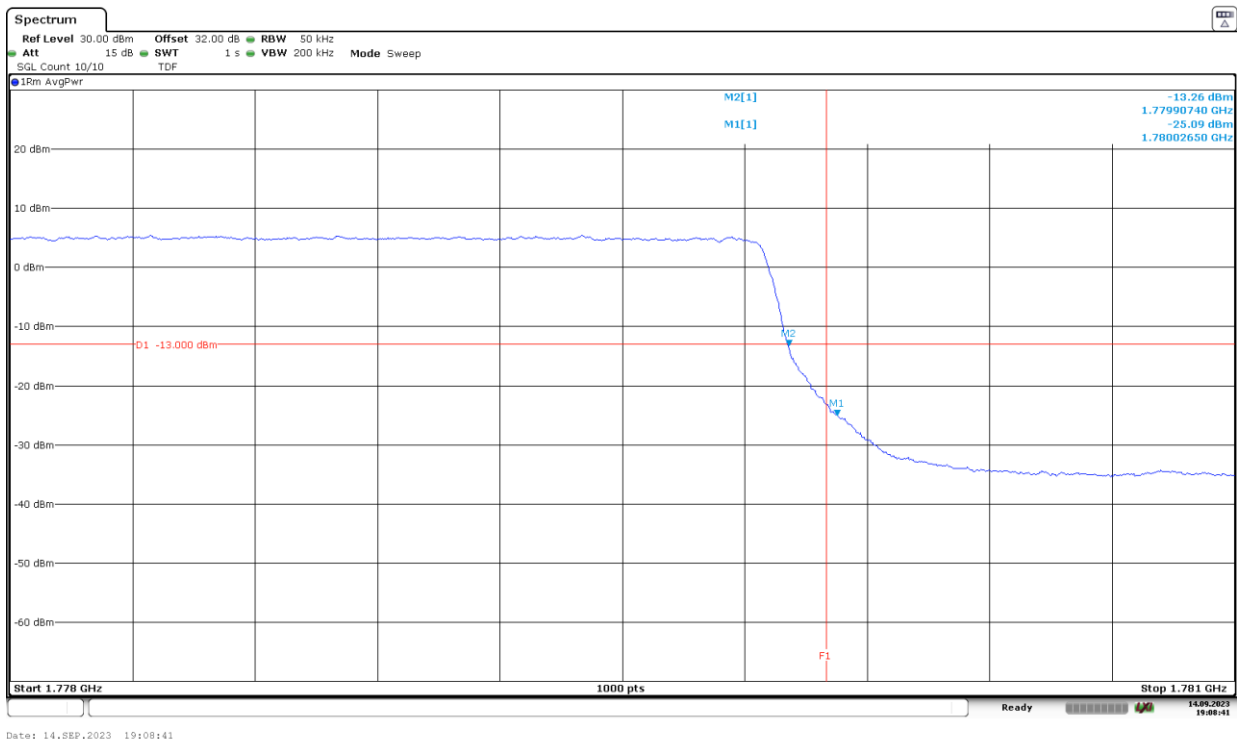
The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

LTE Cat-4 Band 66. BW=3 MHz. QPSK. RB=1. Offset=Max. High Block Edge:



The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

LTE Cat-4 Band 66. BW=3 MHz. QPSK. RB=All. Offset=0. High Block Edge:



The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

Radiated Emissions

Limits

1. LTE Cat-4 Band 8. FCC §27.1509.

* FCC §27.1509:

The power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least the following amounts:

(e) For 900 MHz broadband operations in 897.5–900.5 MHz band by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

(f) For 900 MHz broadband operations in the 936.5–939.5 MHz band, by at least $50 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

(c) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's band, a resolution bandwidth of at least 1 percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(d) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

(e) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

2. LTE Cat-4 Band 12.

* FCC §27.53 (g):

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698–746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

* RSS-130, 4.7:

4.7.1 General unwanted emissions limits:

The unwanted emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth on any frequency outside the low frequency edge and the high frequency edge of each frequency block range(s), shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB. However, in the 100 kHz band immediately outside of the equipment's frequency block range, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.

4.7.2 Additional unwanted emissions limits:

In addition to the limit outlined in section 4.7.1 above, equipment operating in the frequency bands 746-756 MHz and 777-787 MHz shall also comply with the following restrictions:

- a. the power of any unwanted emissions in any 6.25 kHz bandwidth for all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-806 MHz shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least:
 - i. $76 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for base and fixed equipment and
 - ii. $65 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for mobile and portable equipment
- b. the e.i.r.p. in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall not exceed -70 dBW/MHz for wideband signal and -80 dBW for discrete emission with bandwidth less than 700 Hz.

3. LTE Cat-4 Band 13.

* FCC §27.53 (c):

(c) For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

- (1) On any frequency outside the 746–758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB;
- (2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB;
- (3) On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $76 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;
- (4) On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;
- (5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;
- (6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

* RSS-130, 4.7:

4.7.1 General unwanted emissions limits:

The unwanted emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth on any frequency outside the low frequency edge and the high frequency edge of each frequency block range(s), shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB. However, in the 100 kHz band immediately outside of the equipment's frequency block range, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.

4.7.2 Additional unwanted emissions limits:

In addition to the limit outlined in section 4.7.1 above, equipment operating in the frequency bands 746-756 MHz and 777-787 MHz shall also comply with the following restrictions:

- a. the power of any unwanted emissions in any 6.25 kHz bandwidth for all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-806 MHz shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least:
 - i. $76 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for base and fixed equipment and
 - ii. $65 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB, for mobile and portable equipment

- b. the e.i.r.p. in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall not exceed -70 dBW/MHz for wideband signal and -80 dBW for discrete emission with bandwidth less than 700 Hz.

4. LTE Cat-4 Band 66.

* FCC §27.53 (h):

AWS emission limits:

(1) General protection levels. Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695–1710 MHz, 1710–1755 MHz, 1755–1780 MHz, 1915–1920 MHz, 1995–2000 MHz, 2000–2020 MHz, 2110–2155 MHz, 2155–2180 MHz, and 2180–2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ dB.

(3) Measurement procedure.

(i) Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(ii) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee's frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.

(iii) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

* RSS-139, 5.6:

Unwanted emissions shall be measured in terms of average value.

Equipment shall have the TRP or conducted power (all antenna connectors), of unwanted emissions outside the frequency block or frequency block group not exceeding the limits shown in the next table:

Offset from the edge of the frequency block or frequency block group	Unwanted emission limits
≤ 1 MHz	-13 dBm/(1% of OB)
> 1 MHz	-13 dBm/MHz

Where OB is the occupied bandwidth.

Method

The measurement was performed with the EUT inside an anechoic chamber.

The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to at least the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment.

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive stand at 3-meter distance from the measuring antenna for the frequency range 30 MHz to 18 GHz.

Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT and adjusting the height and polarization of the measuring antenna. The maximum meter reading was recorded.

Measurement Limits:

At P_o transmitting power, the specified minimum attenuation $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts) becomes:

$$P_o \text{ (dBm)} - [43 + 10 \log (P_o \text{ in mwatts}) - 30] = -13 \text{ dBm}$$

At P_o transmitting power, the specified minimum attenuation $65 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts) becomes:

$$P_o \text{ (dBm)} - [65 + 10 \log (P_o \text{ in mwatts}) - 30] = -35 \text{ dBm}$$

For operation in LTE Cat-4 Band 13, the e.i.r.p. in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall not exceed -70 dBW (-40 dBm) per MHz for wideband signals, and -80 dBW (-50 dBm) for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth.

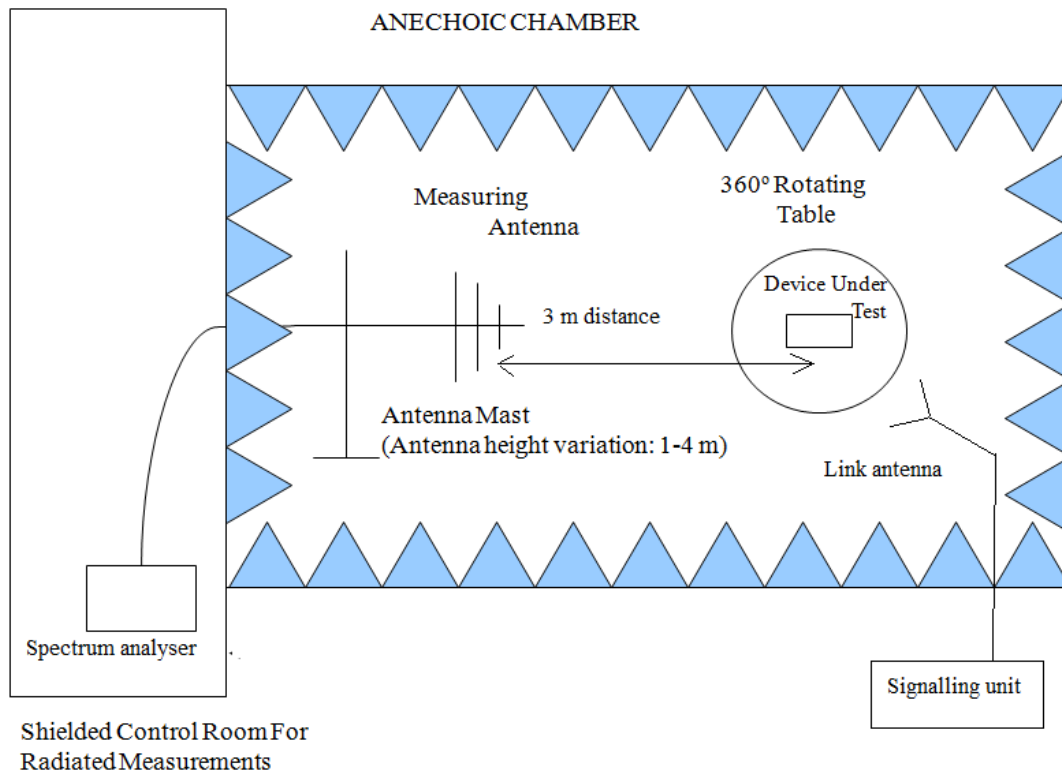
The maximum field strength (dB μ V/m) of each detected emission at less than 20 dB respect to the limit is converted to an equivalent EIRP level (dBm) according to ANSI C63.26 with the formula:

$$\text{EIRP (dBm)} = E \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} + 20 \log(D) - 104.8;$$

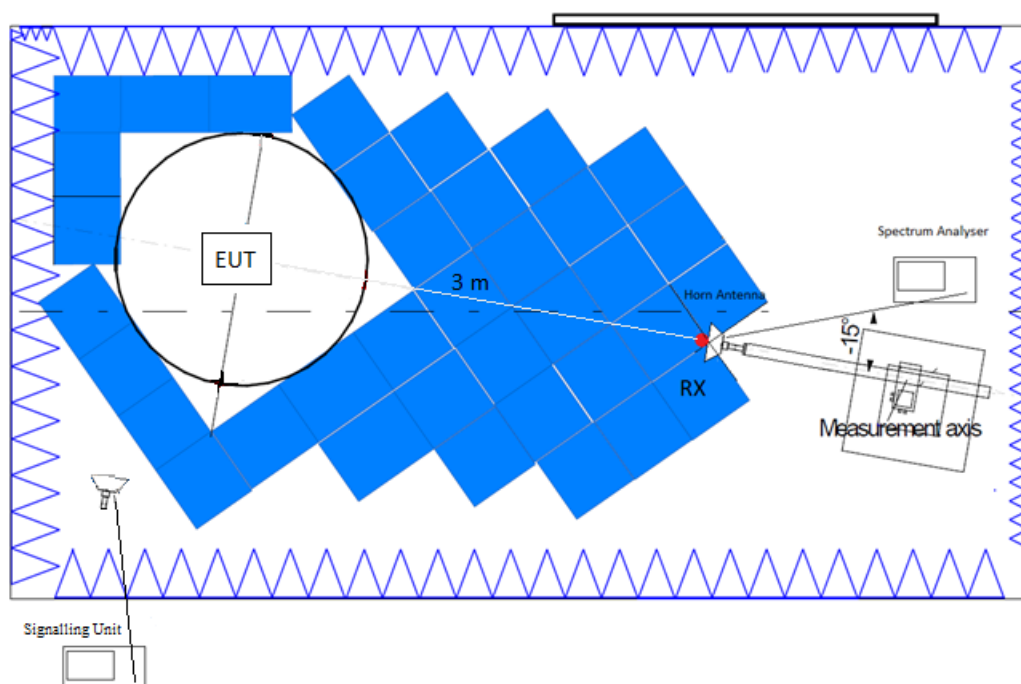
where D is the measurement distance (in the far field region) in m. $D = 3\text{m}$.

Test Setup

Radiated measurements setup from 30 MHz to 1 GHz:



Radiated measurements setup from 1 GHz to 18 GHz:



Results

Test was performed on worst-case channel in terms of radiated spurious emissions, determined by a preliminary scan for each band.

LTE Cat-4 Band 8:

A preliminary scan determined the QPSK, BW=1.4 MHz, RB=3, RB Offset=0 as the worst case. The next results are for this worst-case configuration.

- LOW CHANNEL:

Frequency range 30 MHz - 1 GHz:

No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.

Frequency range 1 - 10 GHz:

Spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit:

Spurious frequency (MHz)	E.I.R.P (dBm)	E.R.P (dBm)	Polarization	Detector
4489.72	-30.06	-32.21	V	Peak

- HIGH CHANNEL:

Frequency range 30 MHz - 1 GHz:

No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.

Frequency range 1 - 10 GHz:

No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.

Measurement uncertainty (dB) $< \pm 5.35$ for $f < 1$ GHz
 $< \pm 4.32$ for $f \geq 1$ GHz up to 8 GHz

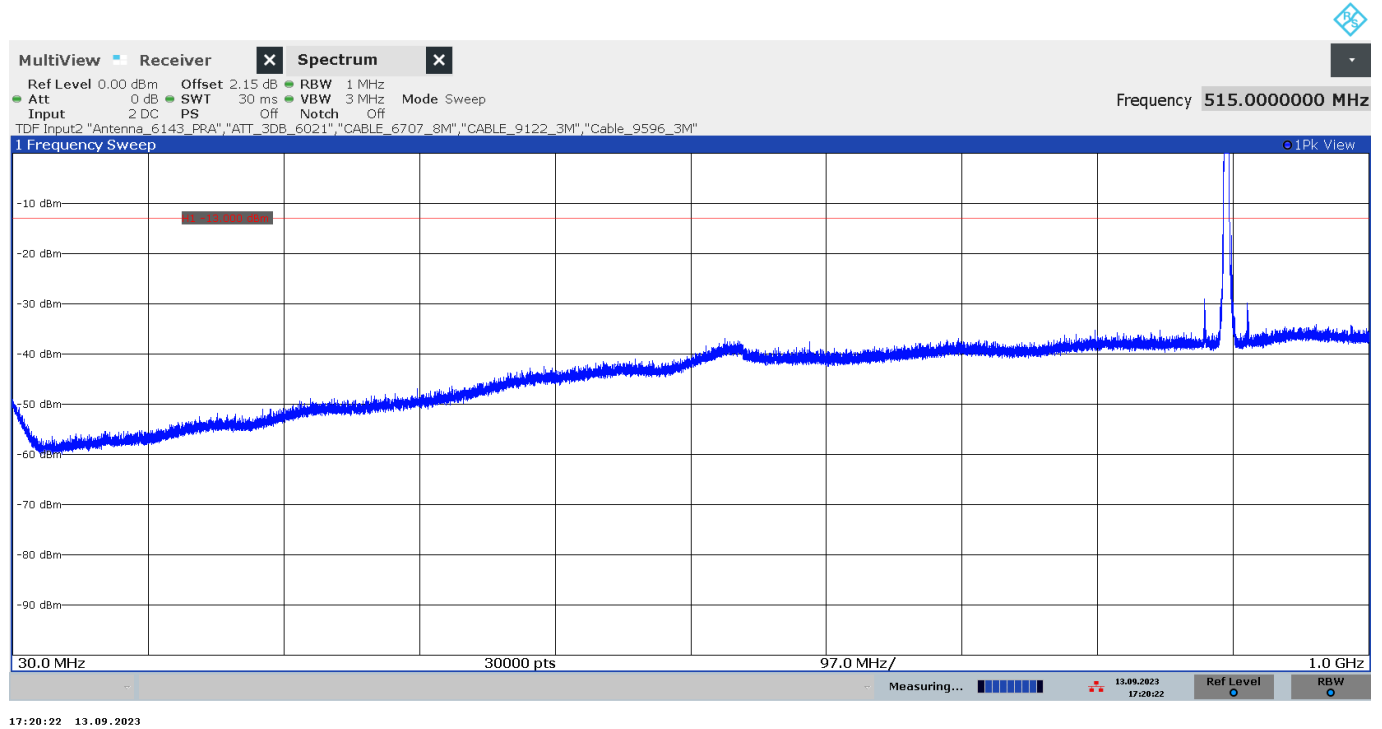
Verdict

Pass

LTE Cat-4 Band 8:

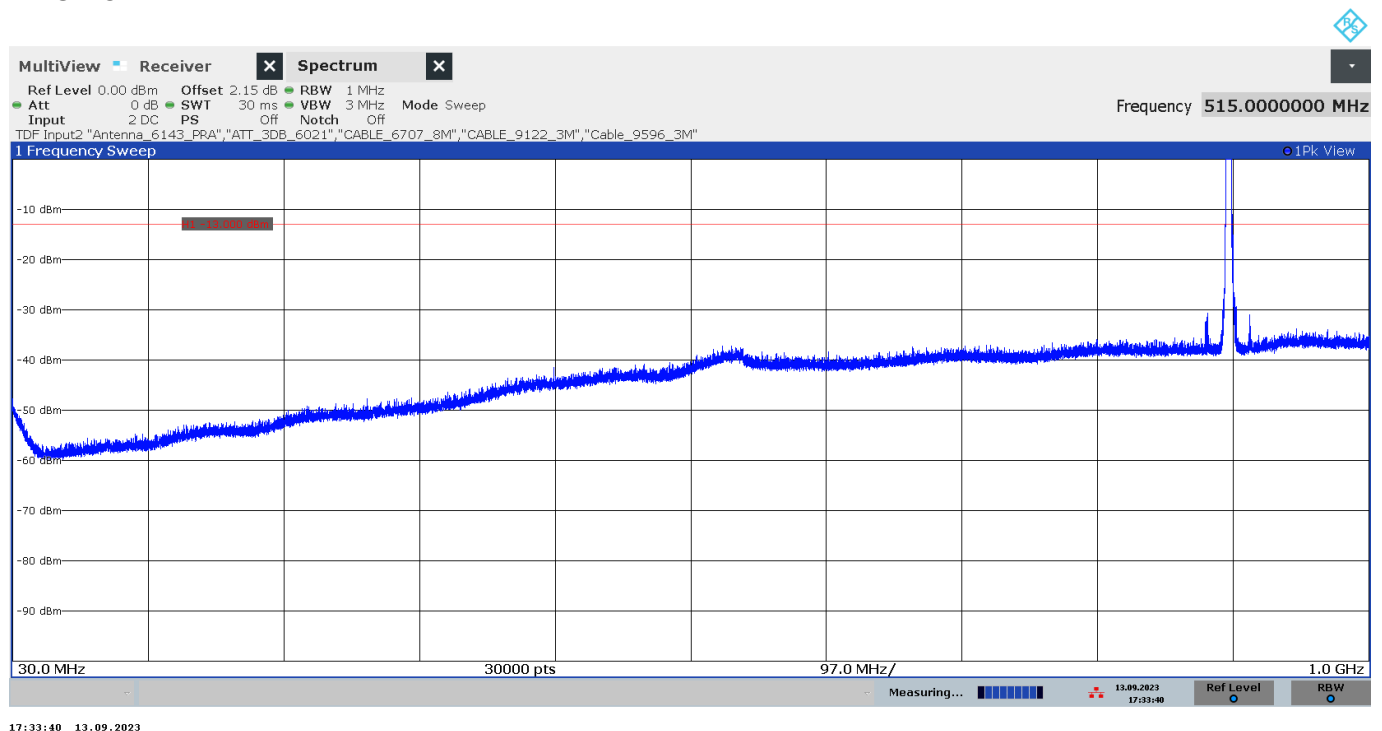
FREQUENCY RANGE 30 MHz - 1 GHz:

- LOW CHANNEL:



The peak above the limit is the LTE Cat-4 Band 8 carrier frequency.

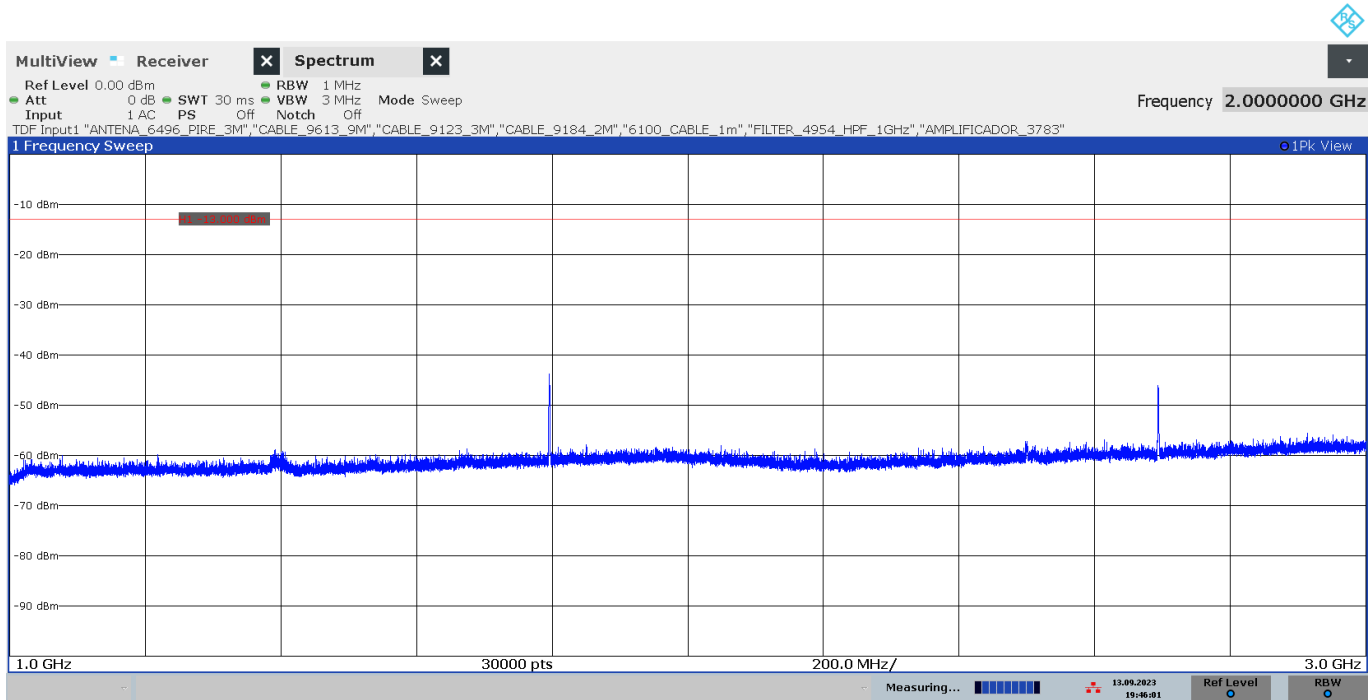
- HIGH CHANNEL:



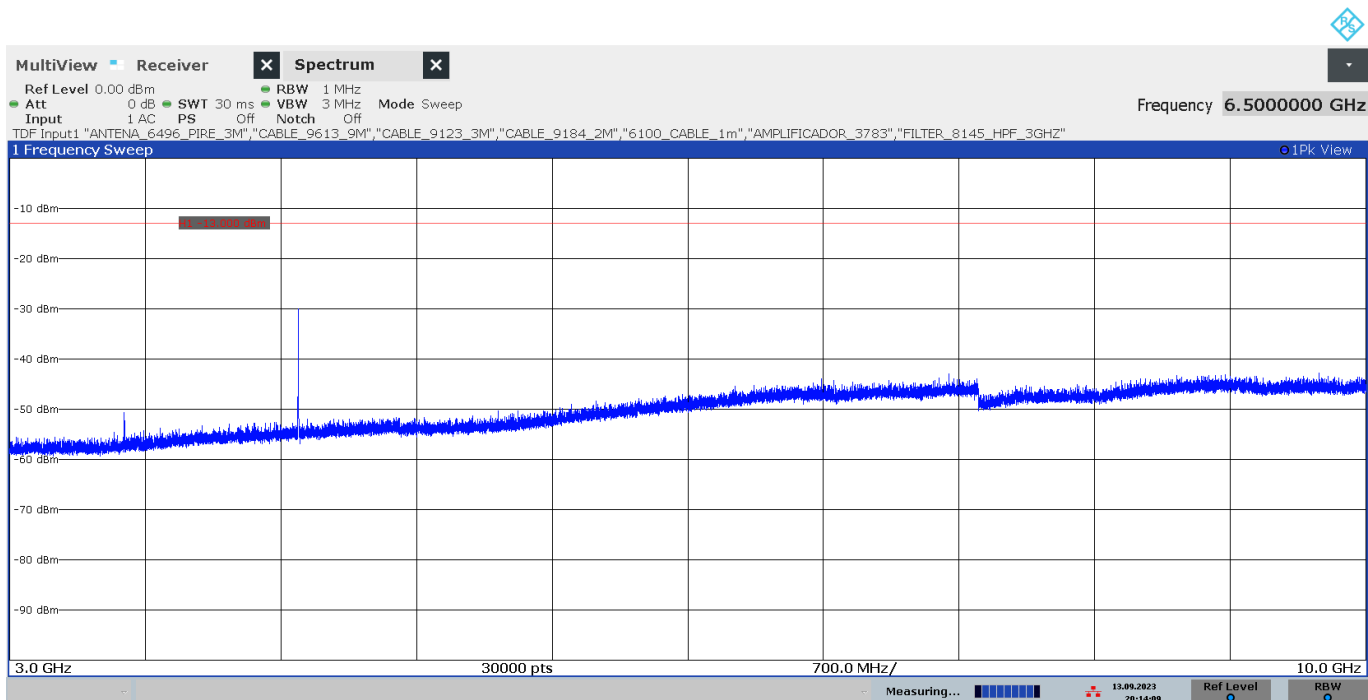
The peak above the limit is the LTE Cat-4 Band 8 carrier frequency.

FREQUENCY RANGE 1 GHz - 10 GHz

- LOW CHANNEL:

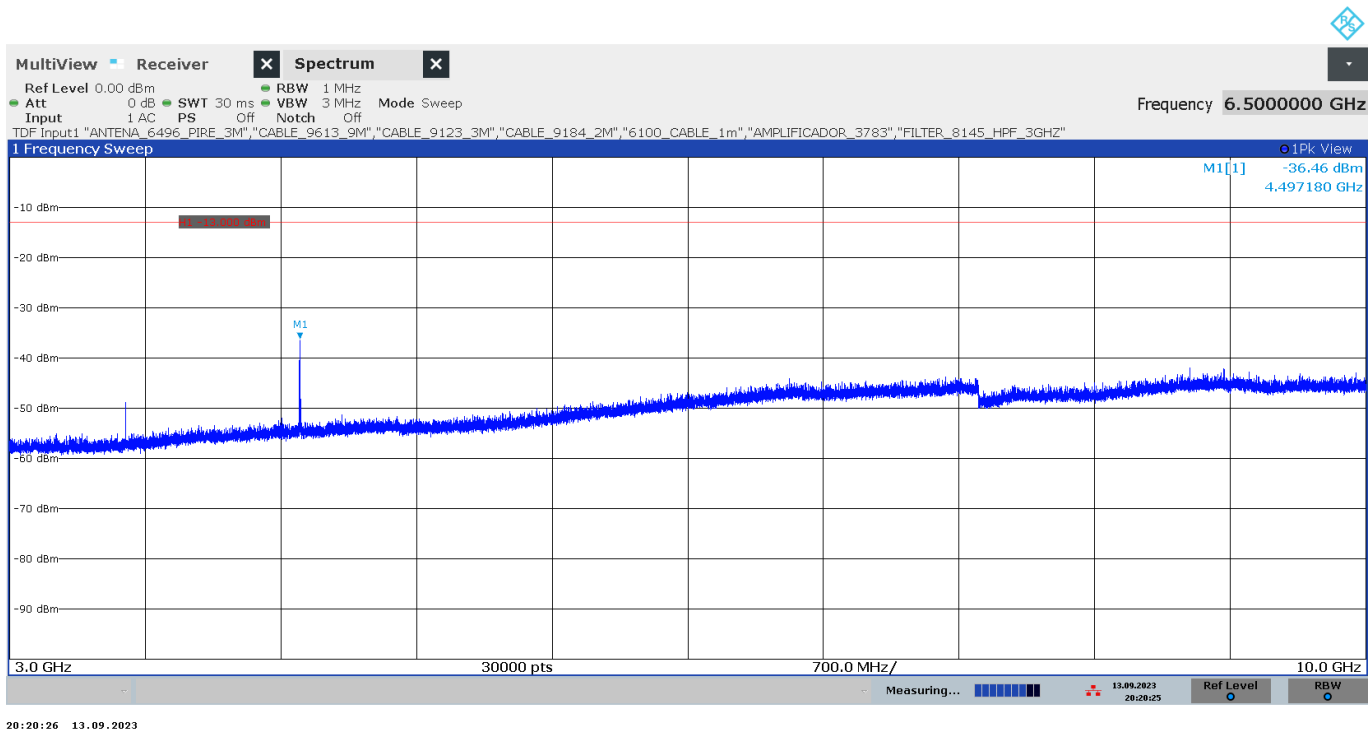
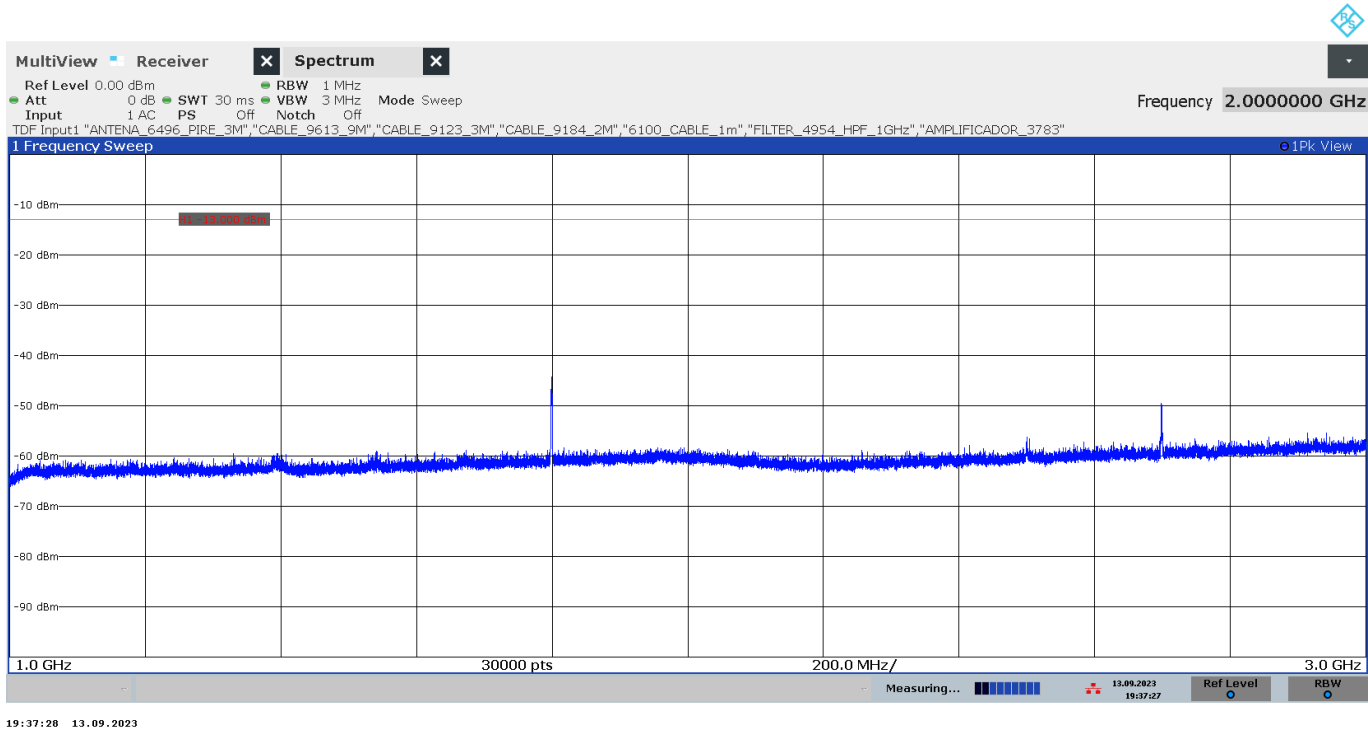


19:46:02 13.09.2023



20:14:09 13.09.2023

- HIGH CHANNEL:



LTE Cat-4 Band 12:

A preliminary scan determined the QPSK modulation, BW=10 MHz, RB=1, Offset=24 as the worst case. The next results are for this worst-case configuration.

- LOW CHANNEL:

Frequency range 30 MHz - 1 GHz:

No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.

Frequency range 1 - 8 GHz:

No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.

- HIGH CHANNEL:

Frequency range 30 MHz - 1 GHz:

No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.

Frequency range 1 - 8 GHz:

No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.

Measurement uncertainty (dB) $< \pm 5.35$ for $f < 1$ GHz
 $< \pm 4.32$ for $f \geq 1$ GHz up to 8 GHz

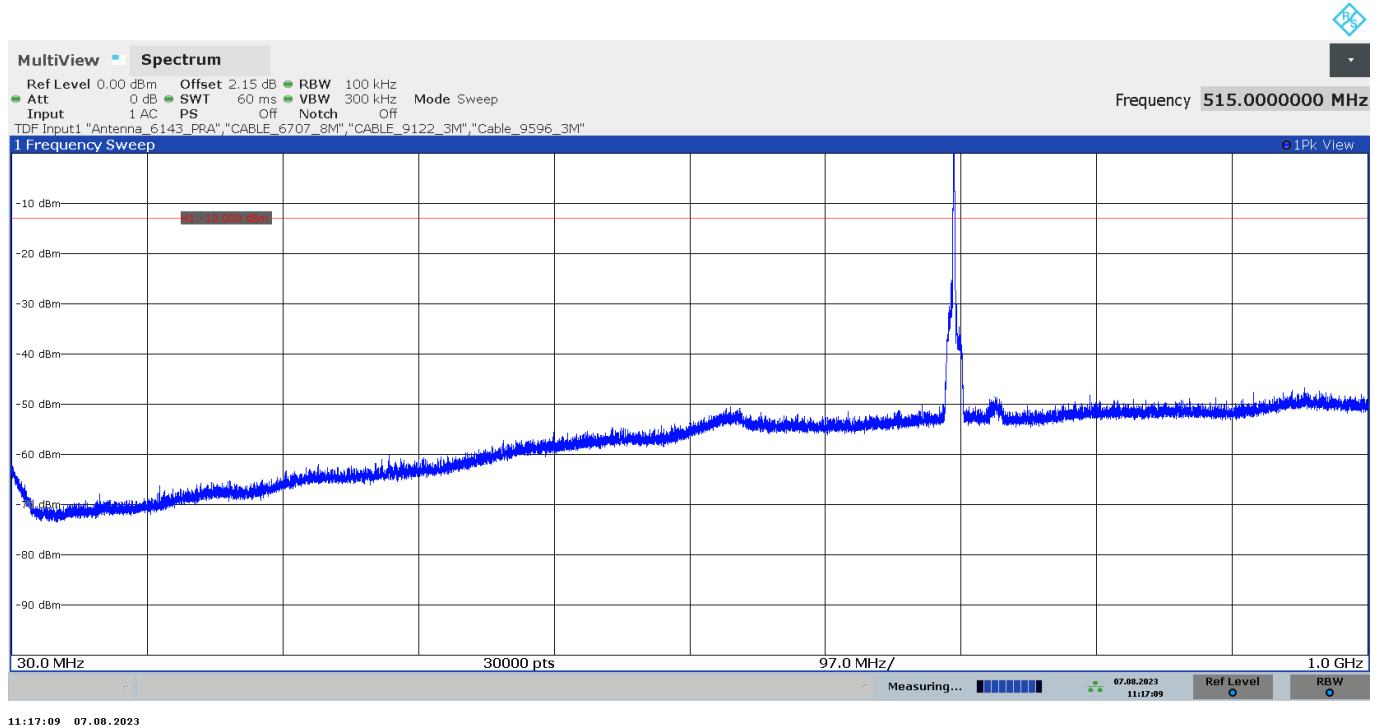
Verdict

Pass

LTE Cat-4 Band 12:

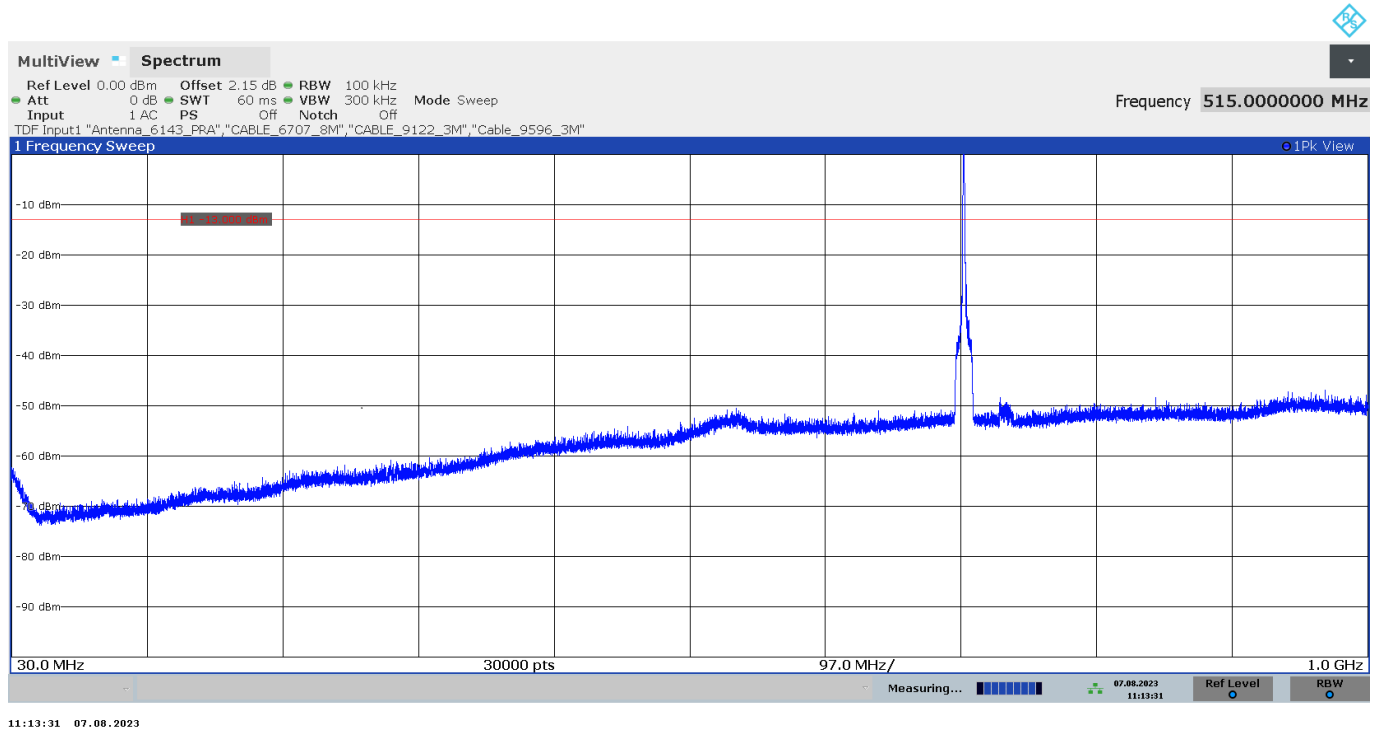
FREQUENCY RANGE 30 MHz - 1 GHz:

- LOW CHANNEL:



The peak above the limit is the LTE Cat-4 Band 12 carrier frequency.

- HIGH CHANNEL:



The peak above the limit is the LTE Cat-4 Band 12 carrier frequency.