FCC PART 15.247

TEST REPORT

For

Signal Fire Technology Co.,Ltd.

No.B-6 Qingyang Zone, Jiaolong Industrial Park, Qingyang District, Chengdu, China

FCC ID: 2AB9BAI789

Report Type:	**Product Name:**
Original Report	OPTICAL FIBER FUSION SPLICER

Report Number:	RSC171128001C
Report Date:	2018-01-09
Reviewed By:	Sula Huang Lab Director
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Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the device described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Chengdu).

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

The **Signal Fire Technology Co.,Ltd.**, model number: **AI-8 (FCC ID:2AB9BAI789) or** the "EUT" as referred to in this report was the **OPTICAL FIBER FUSION SPLICER**.

Mechanical Description of EUT

The EUT was measured approximately 193mm(L) x 145mm(W) x 128mm(H).
Rated input voltage: DC 13.5V from power supply or DC 11V from rechargeable Lithium battery.

Power Supply:
Model: JSL 1304000
Input: AC 100-240V, 50-60Hz
Output: DC 13.5V, 4.8A

** The products, test model: AI-8, multiple models: AI-7. Their differences were presented in the declaration from applicant. So, we selected model AI-8 to fully test.*

**All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from final production sample, serial number: 171128001/01 (assigned by the BACL, Chengdu). It may have deviation from any other sample. The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2017-11-28, and EUT conformed to test requirement.*

Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of ***Signal Fire Technology Co.,Ltd.*** in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, Part 15, Subparts A and C of the Federal Communications Commission's rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine the compliance of the EUT with FCC Part 15 Subpart C, section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No related submittal(s).

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Measurement Uncertainty

Item			Uncertainty
AC power line conducted emission			2.71 dB
Radiated Emission(Field Strength)	30MHz-200MHz	H	4.57 dB
		V	4.81 dB
	200MHz-1GHz	H	5.69 dB
		V	6.07 dB
	1GHz-6GHz		5.49 dB
	6GHz-18GHz		5.57 dB
	18GHz-25GHz		5.48 dB
Conducted RF Power			±0.61dB
Power Spectrum Density			±0.61dB
Occupied Bandwidth			±5%
Humidity			±5%
Temperature			±1℃

Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with:

1. ANSI C63.10-2013 American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

2. KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04.

Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Chengdu) to collect test data is located No.5040, Huilongwan Plaza, No. 1, Shawan Road, Jinniu District, Chengdu, Sichuan, China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 910975, the FCC Designation No. : CN1186.

The test site has been registered with ISED Canada under ISED Canada Registration Number 3062C-1.

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SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured in testing mode, which was provided by manufacturer.

For Bluetooth LE mode, 40 channels are provided for testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	20	2442
1	2404	…	…
…	…	…	…
…	…	…	…
..	…	38	2478
19	2440	39	2480

EUT was tested with channel 0, 19 and 39.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

EUT Exercise Software

The condition was setting by the software as following table:

Test Software Version	Smart RF™ Studio 7 V1.13.0		
Test Frequency	2402MHz	2440MHz	2480MHz
Power Level Setting	Default	Default	Default

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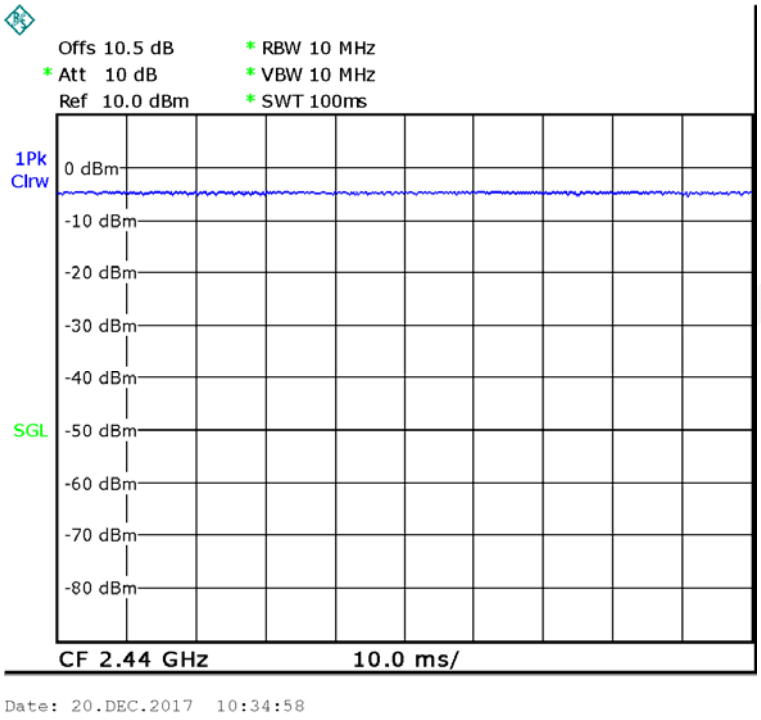
Duty Cycle information is below:

T_{on} (ms)	T_{on+off} (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)
100	100	100

Duty Cycle



Support Equipment List and Details

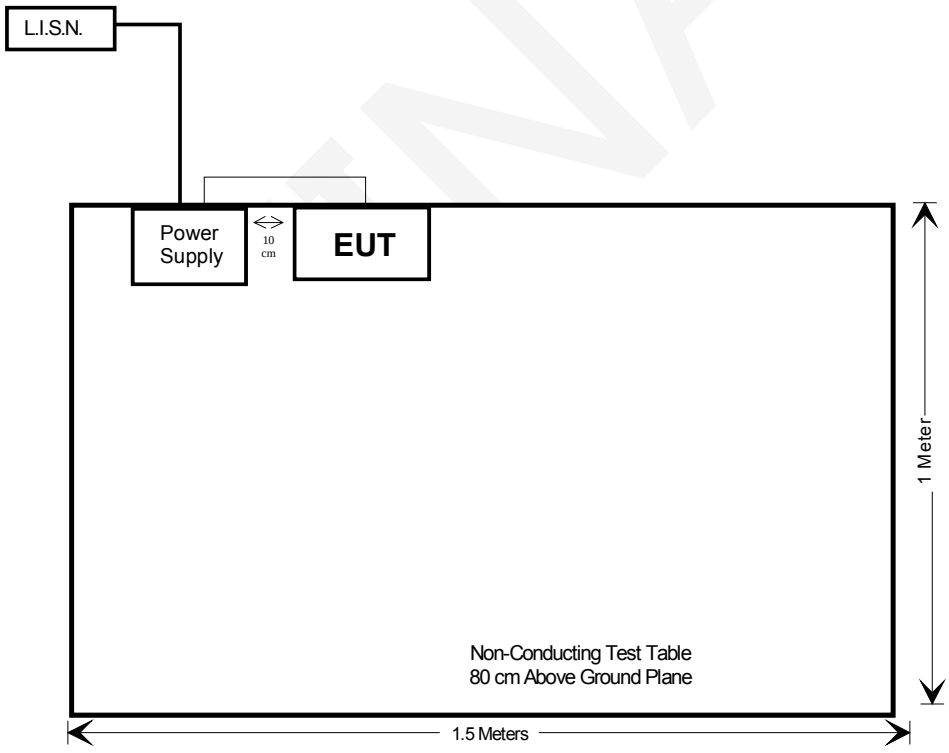
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
-	-	-	-

External I/O Cable

Cable Description	Length (m)	From	To
-	-	-	-

Block Diagram of Test Setup

Conducted Emissions



Test Equipments List

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Conducted Emissions Test					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCS 30	836858/0016	2017-12-02	2018-12-01
Rohde & Schwarz	L.I.S.N.	ENV216	100018	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Rohde & Schwarz	RF Limiter	ESH3Z2	DE14781	2017-11-10	2018-11-09
N/A	Conducted Cable	NO.5	N/A	2017-11-10	2018-11-09
Rohde & Schwarz	EMC32	N/A	V 8.52.0	N/A	N/A
Radiated Emissions Test					
Sonoma	Pre-Amplifier	310N	186684	2017-08-18	2018-08-17
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESIB 40	100215	2017-09-12	2018-09-11
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100028	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB3	A121808	2017-05-18	2020-05-17
ETS	Horn Antenna	3115	003-6076	2017-05-19	2020-05-18
A.H.Systems,inc	Horn Antenna	SAS-574	505	2017-12-02	2018-12-01
Mini-circuits	Pre-Amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	771001215	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Quinstar	Pre-Amplifier	QLW-18405536-JO	15964004001	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Sinoscite.,Co Ltd	Reject Band Filter	BSF 2402-2480MN	0898-005	2017-11-10	2018-11-09
INMET	Attenuator	N-6dB	/	2017-11-10	2018-11-09
EMCT	Semi-Anechoic Chamber	966	N/A	2015-04-24	2018-04-23
N/A	RF Cable (below 1GHz)	NO.1	N/A	2017-11-10	2018-11-09
N/A	RF Cable (below 1GHz)	NO.4	N/A	2017-11-10	2018-11-09
N/A	RF Cable (above 1GHz)	NO.2	N/A	2017-11-10	2018-11-09
Rohde & Schwarz	EMC32	N/A	V 8.52.0	N/A	N/A
RF Test					
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSL18	100180	2017-09-26	2018-09-25
WEINSCHEL ENGINEERING	Attenuator	1A10dB	AA4135	2017-11-10	2018-11-09
N/A	RF Cable	NO.3	N/A	2017-11-09	2018-11-08
E-Microwave	DC Block	EMDCB-00036	OE01304225	Each Time	/
N/A	RF Cable	N/A	N/A	Each Time	/

*** Statement of Traceability:** BACL (Chengdu) attested that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC §15.247 (i) & §1.1310 & §2.1091	Maximum Permissible exposure (MPE)	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.207 (a)	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§15.247 (a)(2)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(b)(3)	Maximum conducted output power	Compliant
§15.247(d)	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant

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FCC §15.247 (I), §2.1091 & §1.1310 - MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Applicable Standard

According to subpart 15.247(i)and subpart §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) (§1.1310, §2.1091)

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
Frequency Range (MHz)	**Electric Field Strength (V/m)**	**Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)**	**Power Density (mW/cm^2)**	**Averaging Time (minutes)**
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f²)	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500	-	-	f/1500	30
1500–100,000	-	-	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz; * = Plane-wave equivalent power density;

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

Calculated Formula:

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where:
S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm^2);
P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW);
G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain;
R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

Frequency Range	**Antenna Gain**		**Tune-up Conducted Power**		**Evaluation Distance**	**Power Density**	**Limit**
MHz	**dBi**	**numeric**	**dBm**	**mW**	**cm**	**mW/cm^2**	**mW/cm^2**
2402-2480	1.6	1.45	-4.0	0.40	20	0.0001	1.0

Note: The device meet FCC MPE at 20 cm distance.

FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has one PCB antenna arrangement, which was permanently attached and the antenna gain is 1.6 dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

Result: Compliance.

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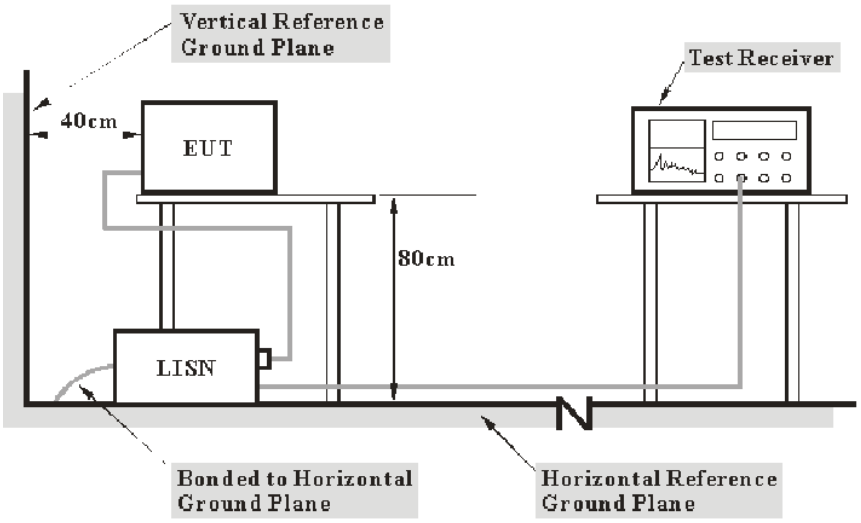
FCC §15.207 (a) – AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

FCC§15.207

EUT Setup



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.
2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The adapter was connected to AC 120V/60Hz power source.

EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

Test Procedure

During the conducted emission test, the adapter was connected to the first L.I.S.N.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The basic equation is as follows:

$V_C = V_R + A_C + VDF$
$C_f = A_C + VDF$

Herein,
V_C (cord. Reading): corrected voltage amplitude
V_R: reading voltage amplitude
A_c: attenuation caused by cable loss
VDF: voltage division factor of AMN
C_f: Correction Factor

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Corrected Amplitude

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	20 °C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	96.5 kPa

The testing was performed by Tom Tang on 2017-12-20.

Test Mode: Charging & Transmitting-Low Channel (Worst Case)

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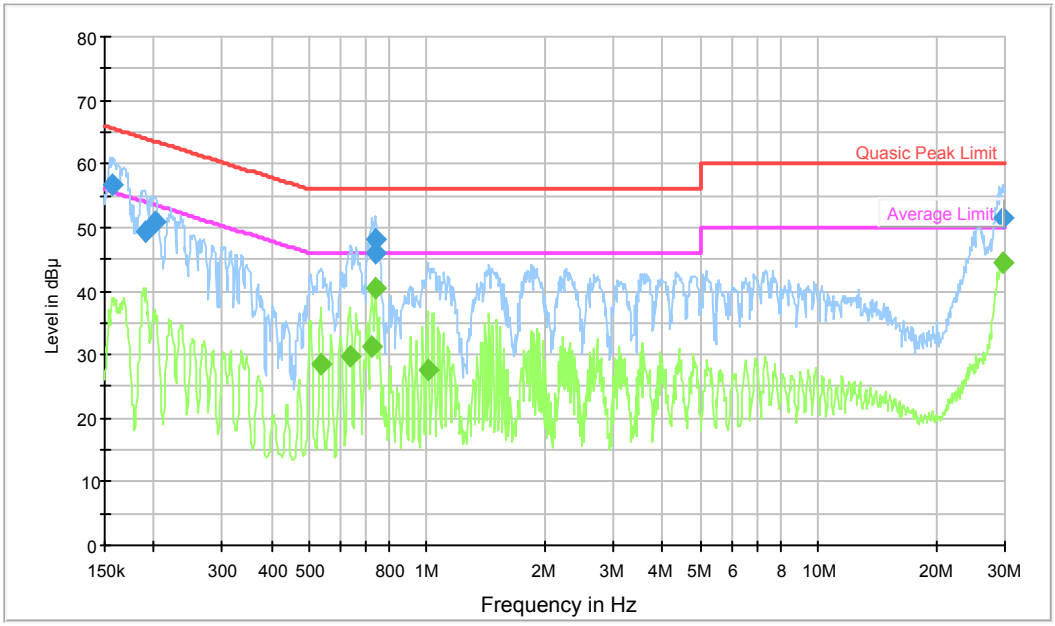
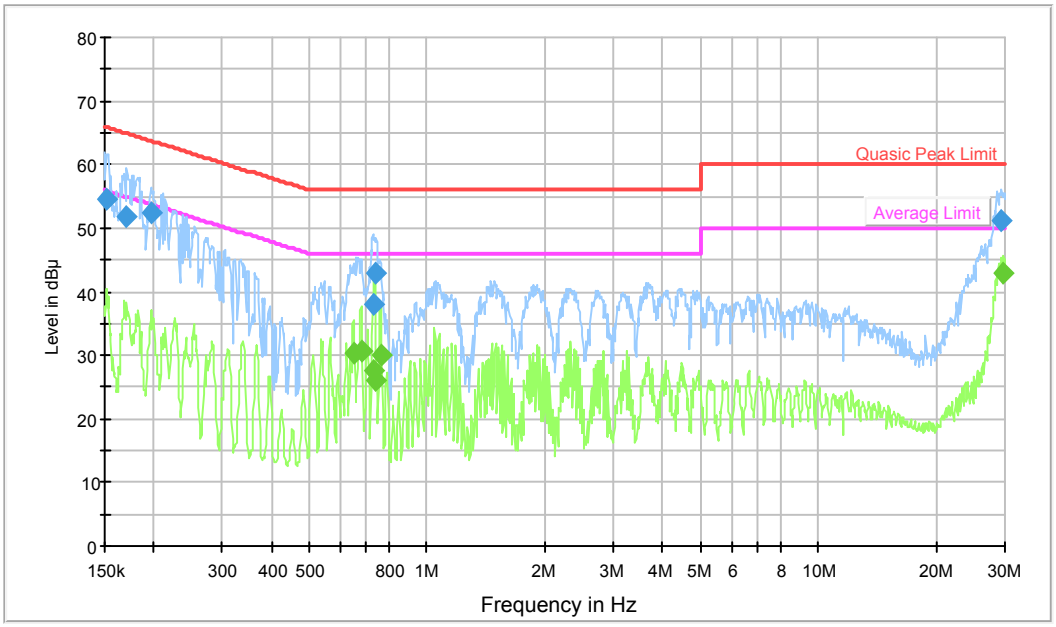
AC120 V, 60 Hz, Line:



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corrected Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.157361	56.7	9.000	L1	19.6	8.9	65.6
0.189837	49.2	9.000	L1	19.6	14.8	64.0
0.203167	50.9	9.000	L1	19.7	12.6	63.5
0.734699	45.9	9.000	L1	19.8	10.1	56.0
0.737637	48.1	9.000	L1	19.8	7.9	56.0
29.498070	51.5	9.000	L1	20.4	8.5	60.0

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dB µ V)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corrected Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dB µ V)
0.535977	28.6	9.000	L1	19.8	17.4	46.0
0.636349	29.9	9.000	L1	19.8	16.1	46.0
0.723060	31.3	9.000	L1	19.8	14.7	46.0
0.737637	40.3	9.000	L1	19.8	5.7	46.0
1.007100	27.6	9.000	L1	19.8	18.4	46.0
29.498070	44.6	9.000	L1	20.4	5.4	50.0

AC120 V, 60 Hz, Neutral:



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corrected Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.152415	54.7	9.000	N	19.5	11.2	65.9
0.171121	51.9	9.000	N	19.5	13.0	64.9
0.196781	52.5	9.000	N	19.5	11.2	63.7
0.728856	37.9	9.000	N	19.5	18.1	56.0
0.740588	42.9	9.000	N	19.5	13.1	56.0
29.380547	51.3	9.000	N	20.2	8.7	60.0

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dB µ V)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corrected Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dB µ V)
0.649179	30.4	9.000	N	19.5	15.6	46.0
0.678321	30.5	9.000	N	19.5	15.5	46.0
0.731772	27.5	9.000	N	19.5	18.5	46.0
0.737637	26.2	9.000	N	19.5	19.8	46.0
0.761575	29.9	9.000	N	19.5	16.1	46.0
29.734526	43.0	9.000	N	20.2	7.0	50.0

Note:
1) Corrected Factor =LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor) + Cable Loss + Transient Limiter Attenuation
The corrected factor has been input into the transducer of the test software.
2) Corrected Amplitude = Reading + Corrected Factor
3) Margin = Limit – Corrected Amplitude

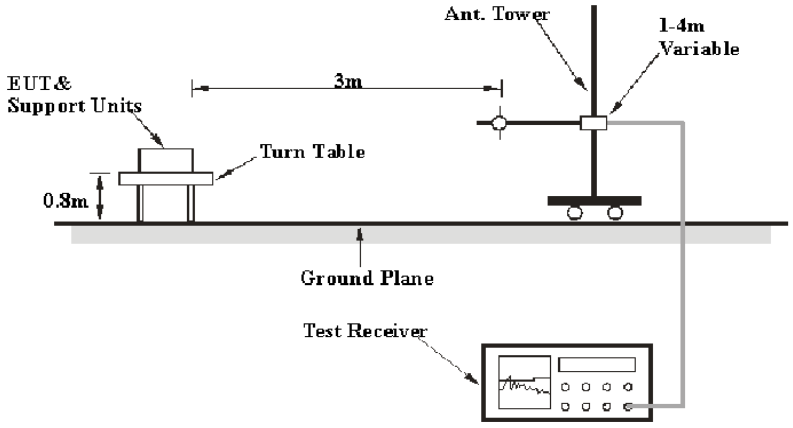
FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

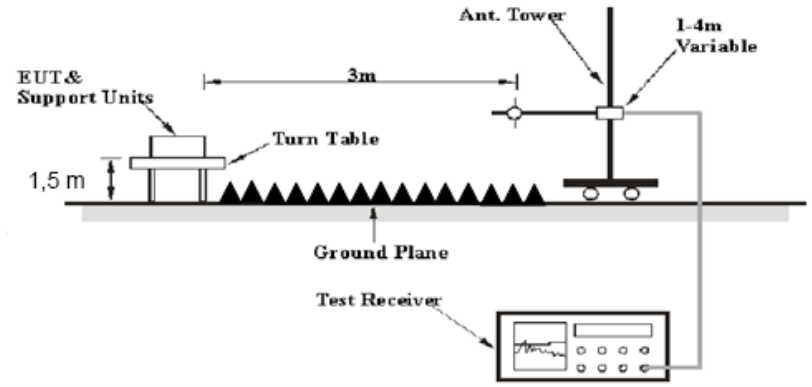
FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205;

EUT Setup

Below 1GHz:



Above 1GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters chamber test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

EMI Test Receiver Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Detector
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	120 kHz	300 kHz	120 kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1MHz	3 MHz	1MHz	PK
	1MHz	3 MHz	1MHz	AV

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1 GHz, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

Scan with X-Axis, Y-Axis and Z-Axis position to explore the highest emission level and the worst case was recorded.

Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Loss and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corrected Amplitude = Receiver Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit –Corrected Amplitude

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Test Data

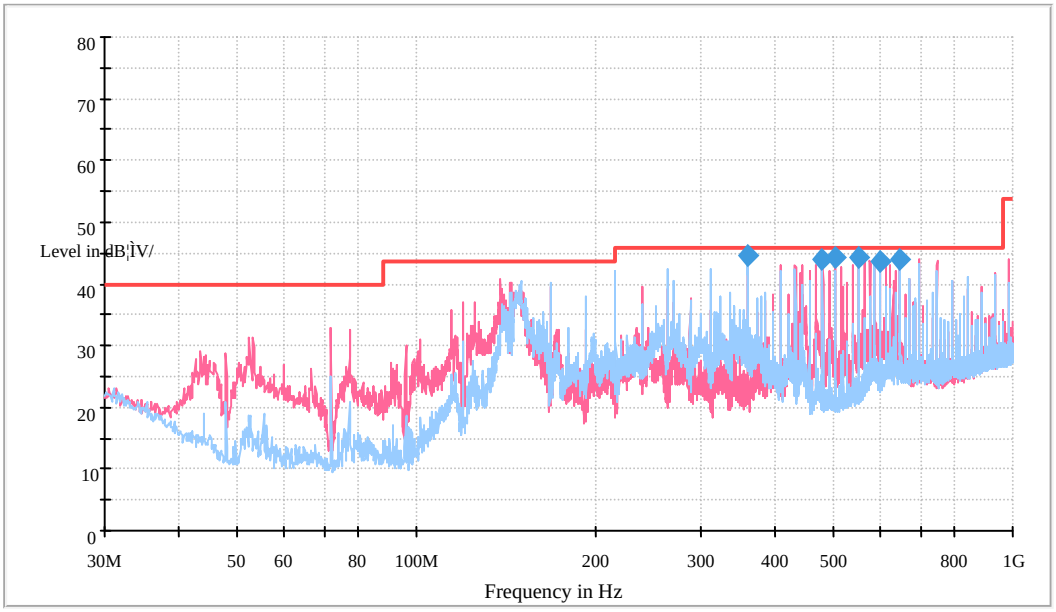
Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	20 °C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	96 kPa

** The testing was performed by Tom Tang on 2018-01-04.*

Test Mode: Transmitting-Low Channel (Worst Case)

30 MHz to 1 GHz



Frequency (MHz)	QuasicPeak (dBµV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV/m)
359.921250	44.5	101.0	H	311.0	-9.6	*1.5	46.0
480.080000	43.9	101.0	V	355.0	-7.2	*2.1	46.0
503.966250	44.3	101.0	V	0.0	-6.8	*1.7	46.0
551.981250	44.2	101.0	V	348.0	-5.2	*1.8	46.0
599.996250	43.5	101.0	V	165.0	-4.3	*2.5	46.0
648.011250	43.8	101.0	V	323.0	-4.2	*2.2	46.0

**Within measurement uncertainty!*

Above 1 GHz

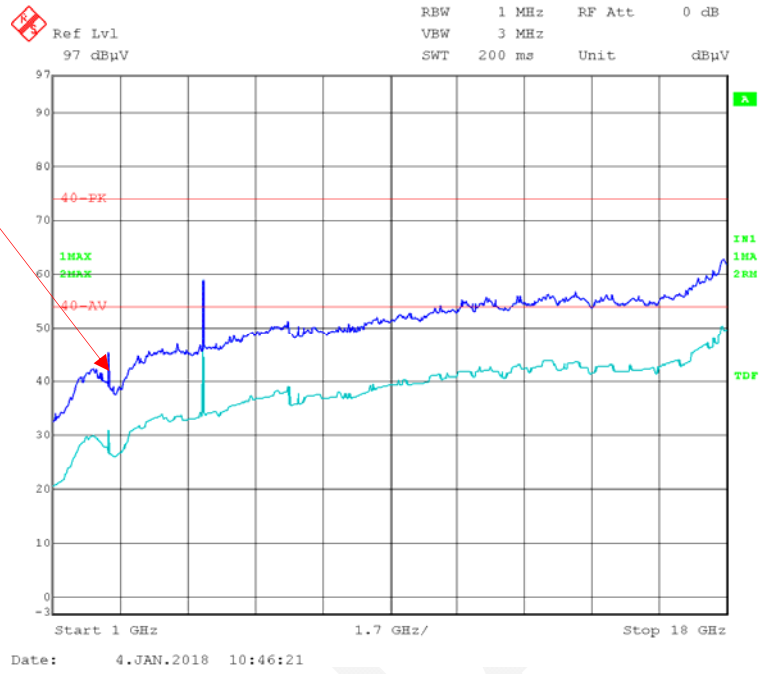
Frequency	Receiver		Rx Antenna		Cable loss	Amplifier Gain	Corrected Amplitude	Limit	Margin
	Reading	Measurement	Polar	Factor					
MHz	dBμV	PK/AV	H/V	dB(1/m)	dB	dB	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB
Frequency: 2402MHz									
2402	60.32	PK	H	28.71	3.00	0.00	92.03	N/A	N/A
2402	59.07	AV	H	28.71	3.00	0.00	90.78	N/A	N/A
2402	58.71	PK	V	28.71	3.00	0.00	90.42	N/A	N/A
2402	57.63	AV	V	28.71	3.00	0.00	89.34	N/A	N/A
2390	30.01	PK	V	28.67	3.00	0.00	61.68	74.00	12.32
2390	16.54	AV	H	28.67	3.00	0.00	48.21	54.00	5.79
4804	48.69	PK	H	33.85	5.12	26.87	60.79	74.00	13.21
4804	39.18	AV	H	33.85	5.12	26.87	51.28	54.00	*2.72
7206	34.97	PK	H	36.39	6.16	26.35	51.17	74.00	22.83
7206	25.75	AV	H	36.39	6.16	26.35	41.95	54.00	12.05
Frequency: 2440MHz									
2440	59.98	PK	H	28.82	3.00	0.00	91.80	N/A	N/A
2440	58.55	AV	H	28.82	3.00	0.00	90.37	N/A	N/A
2440	57.70	PK	V	28.82	3.00	0.00	89.52	N/A	N/A
2440	56.39	AV	V	28.82	3.00	0.00	88.21	N/A	N/A
4880	47.45	PK	H	34.06	5.09	26.87	59.73	74.00	14.27
4880	38.05	AV	H	34.06	5.09	26.87	50.33	54.00	*3.67
7320	34.28	PK	H	36.55	6.22	26.40	50.65	74.00	23.35
7320	24.58	AV	H	36.55	6.22	26.40	40.95	54.00	13.05
Frequency: 2480MHz									
2480	59.75	PK	H	28.94	2.99	0.00	91.68	N/A	N/A
2480	58.29	AV	H	28.94	2.99	0.00	90.22	N/A	N/A
2480	56.93	PK	V	28.94	2.99	0.00	88.86	N/A	N/A
2480	55.47	AV	V	28.94	2.99	0.00	87.40	N/A	N/A
2483.5	30.34	PK	H	28.95	2.99	0.00	62.28	74.00	11.72
2483.5	17.46	AV	H	28.95	2.99	0.00	49.40	54.00	*4.60
4960	46.56	PK	H	34.29	5.05	26.88	59.02	74.00	14.98
4960	37.24	AV	H	34.29	5.05	26.88	49.70	54.00	*4.30
7440	33.94	PK	H	36.72	6.27	26.45	50.48	74.00	23.52
7440	23.56	AV	H	36.72	6.27	26.45	40.10	54.00	13.90

**Within measurement uncertainty!*
Note:
Corrected Amplitude = Corrected Factor + Reading
Corrected Factor=Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor
Margin = Limit- Corr. Amplitude
Spurious emissions more than 20 dB below the limit were not reported.

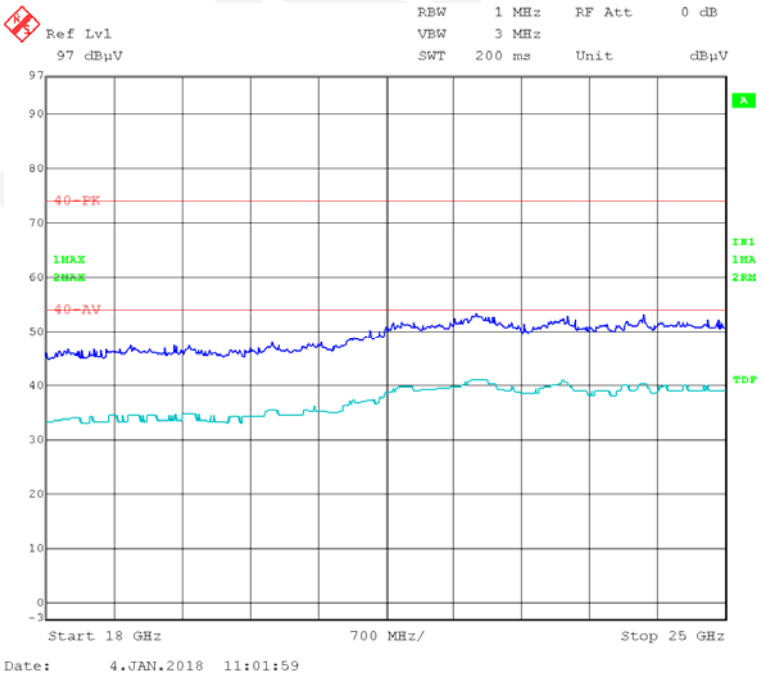
Please refer to the below pre-scan plot of worst case:

Low Channel_Horizontal_1GHz-18GHz

Fundamental with Reject Band Filter

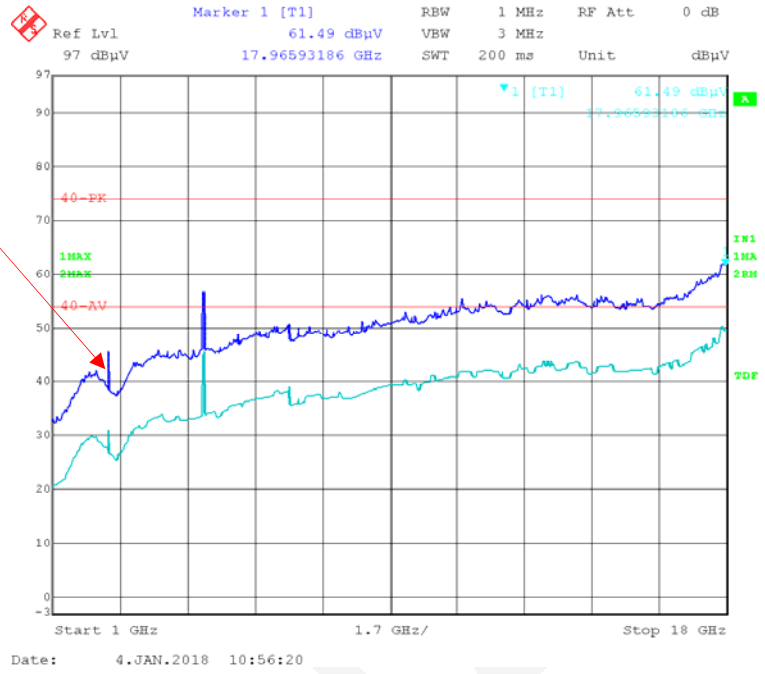


Low Channel_Horizontal_18GHz-25GHz

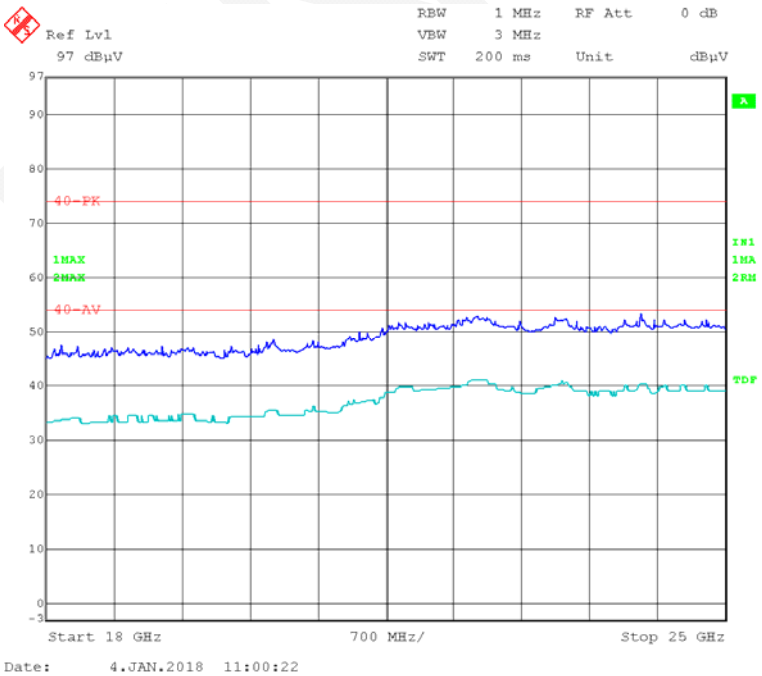


Low Channel_Vertical_1GHz-18GHz

Fundamental with Reject Band Filter



Low Channel_Vertical_18GHz-25GHz



FCC §15.247(a) (2) – 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

Applicable Standard

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Procedure

a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3×RBW
c) Detector = Peak.
d) Trace mode = max hold.
e) Sweep = auto couple.
f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	20 °C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	96.5 kPa

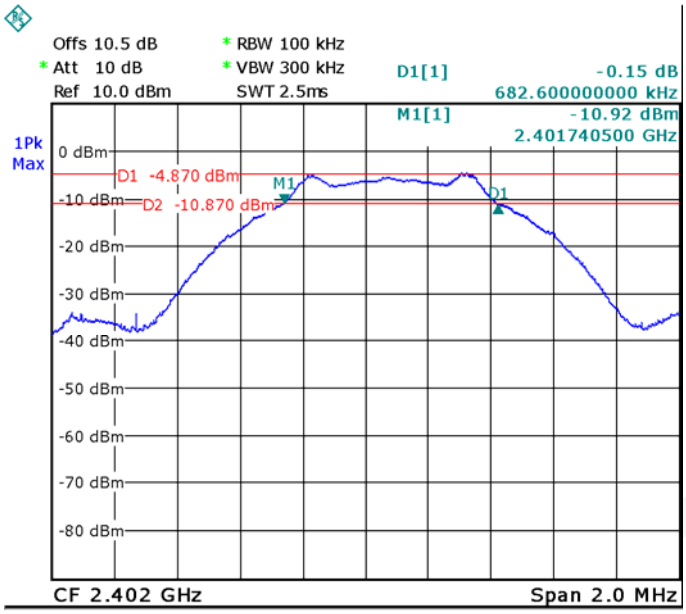
** The testing was performed by Tom Tang on 2017-12-20.*

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to the following table and plots.

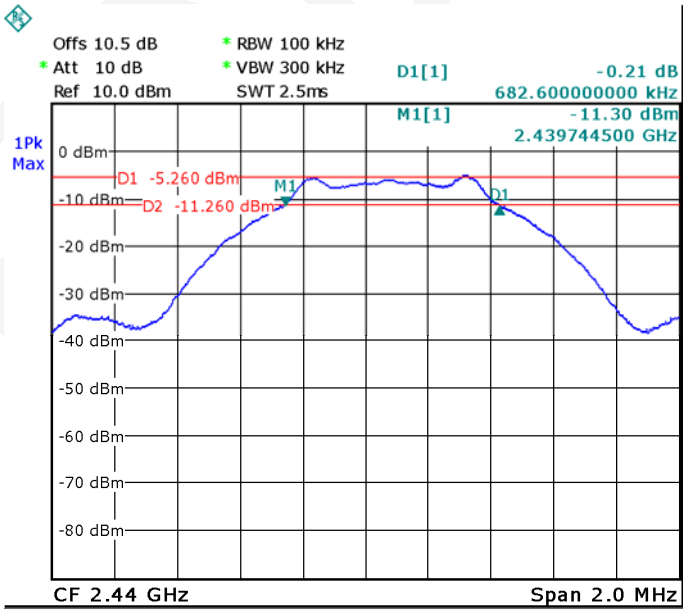
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB OBW (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
BLE	Low	2402	0.683	≥0.50
	Middle	2440	0.683	≥0.50
	High	2480	0.683	≥0.50

Low Channel



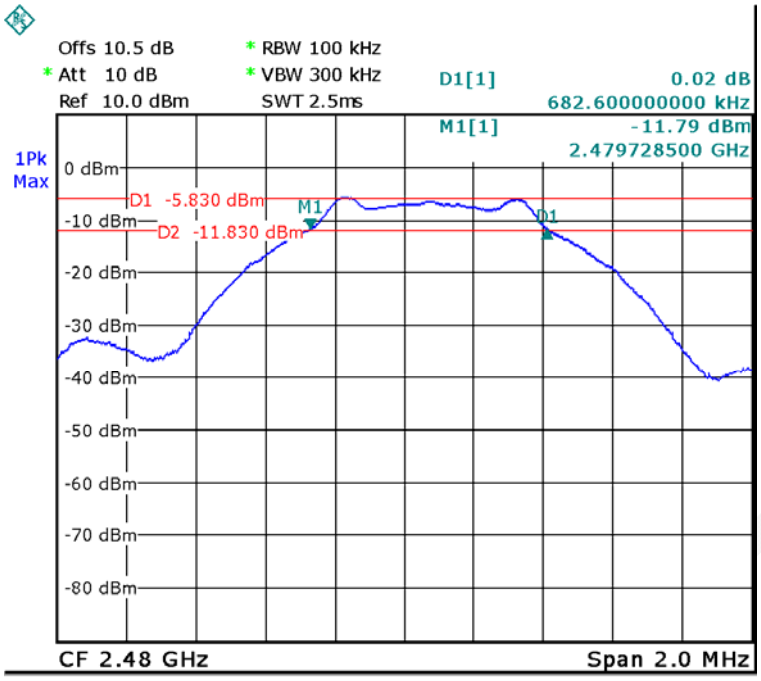
Date: 20.DEC.2017 10:16:12

Middle Channel



Date: 20.DEC.2017 10:15:06

High Channel



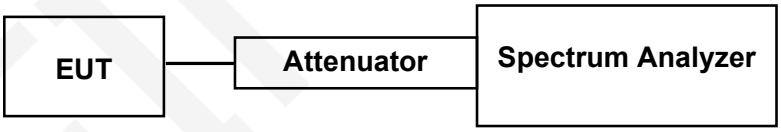
FCC §15.247(b) (3) - MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

Test Procedure

The following procedure shall be used when an instrument with a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth is available to perform the measurement:
a) Set the RBW ≥DTS bandwidth
b) Set VBW ≥ 3×RBW
c) Set span ≥ 3×RBW
d) Sweep time = auto couple.
e) Detector = peak.
f) Trace mode = max hold.
g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.



FINAL

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	20 °C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	96.5 kPa

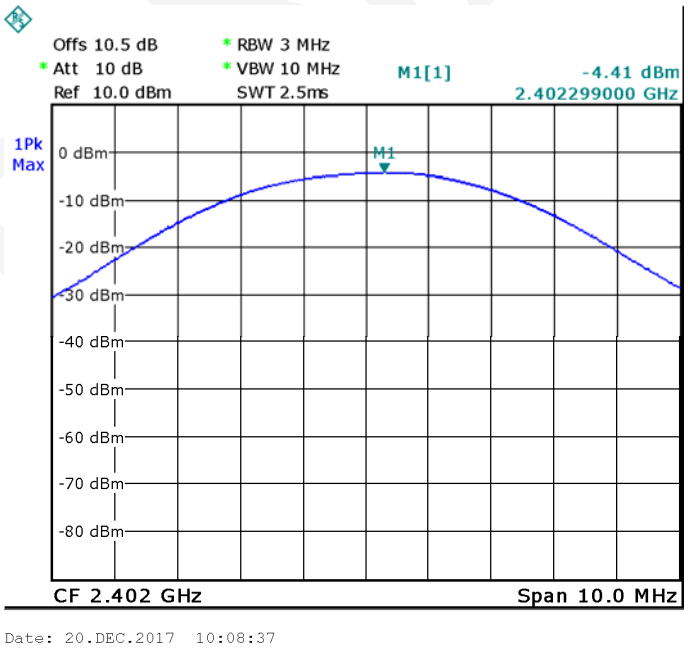
** The testing was performed by Tom Tang on 2017-12-20.*

Test Mode: Transmitting

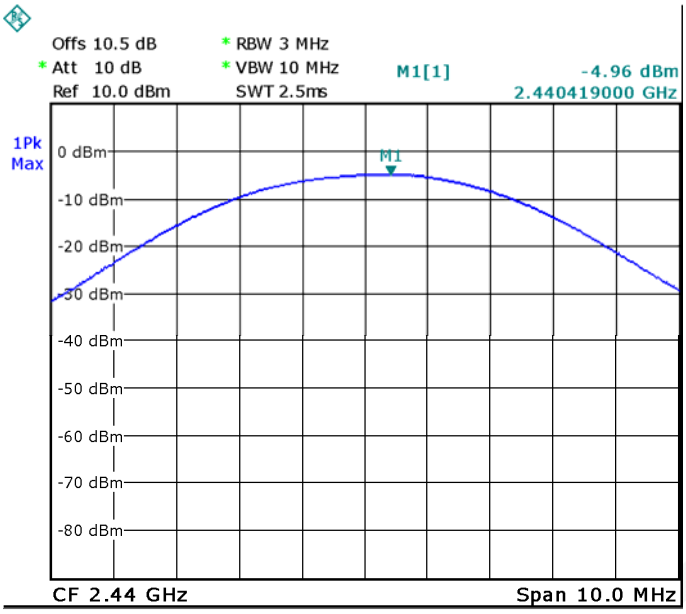
Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to the following table.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Low	2402	-4.41	30
Middle	2440	-4.96	30
High	2480	-5.44	30

Low Channel



Middle Channel



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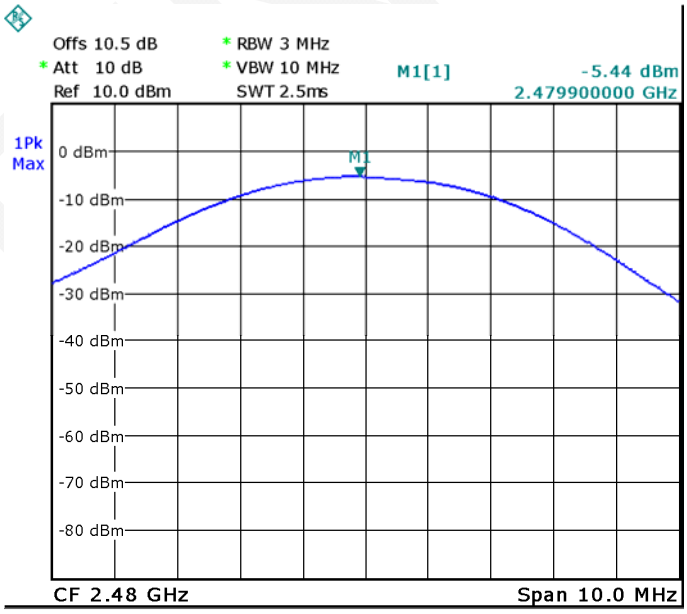
High Channel



Date: 20.DEC.2017 10:09:59

FCC §15.247(d) – 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE

Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	20 °C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	96.5 kPa

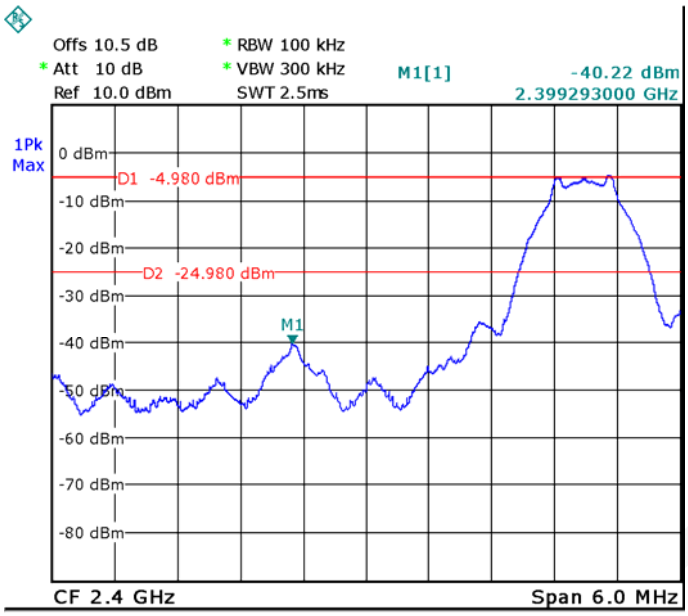
** The testing was performed by Tom Tang on 2017-12-20.*

Test mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to following plots.

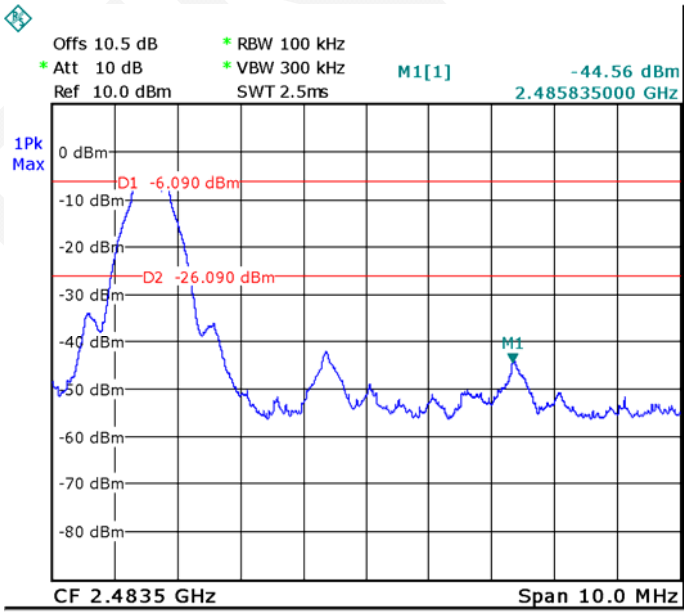
FINAL

Band Edge, Left Side



Date: 20.DEC.2017 10:18:31

Band Edge, Right Side



Date: 20.DEC.2017 10:24:58

FCC §15.247(e) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Applicable Standard

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

Test Procedure

a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
c) Set the RBW to: 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz.
d) Set the VBW ≥ 3×RBW.
e) Detector = peak.
f) Sweep time = auto couple.
g) Trace mode = max hold.
h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
j) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	20 °C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	96.5 kPa

** The testing was performed by Tom Tang on 2017-12-20.*

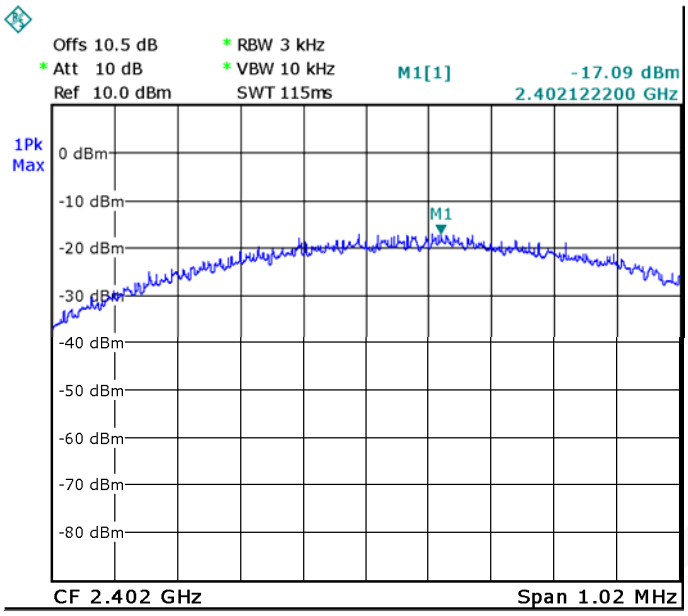
Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to the following table and plots

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	2402	-17.09	≤ 8
Middle	2440	-17.16	≤ 8
High	2480	-17.95	≤ 8

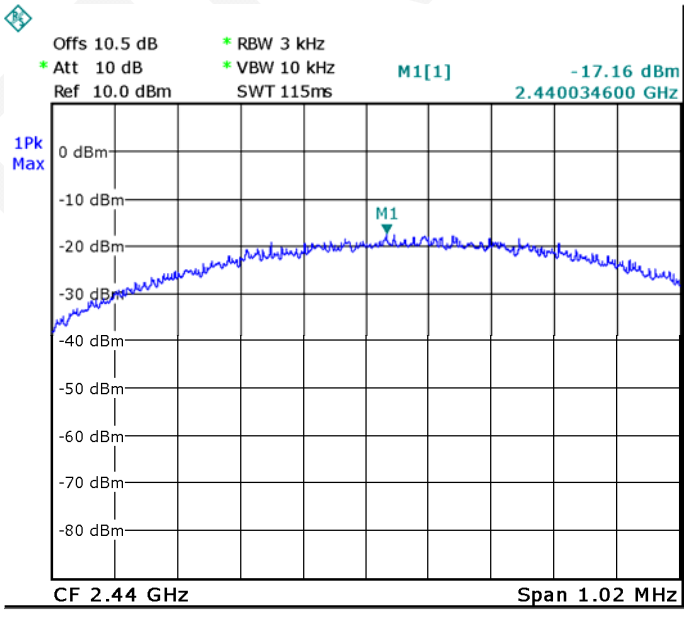
FINAL

Power Spectral Density, Low Channel



Date: 20.DEC.2017 10:27:00

Power Spectral Density, Middle Channel



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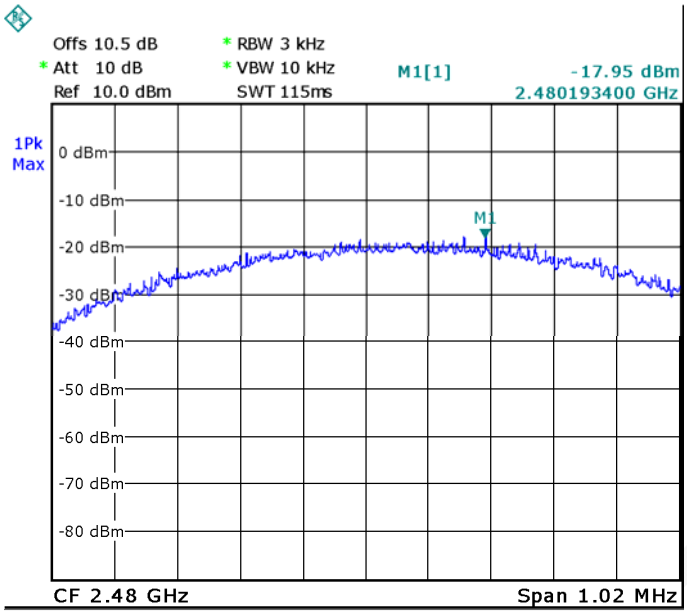
Power Spectral Density, High Channel



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******* END OF REPORT *******