



NetPage Network Wireless Paging System (POCSAG)

NP-14



Operation Manual

CCW151621-000

INTRODUCTION

The NP-14 Network wireless paging system is a fully-programmable, single-board, POCSAG encoder with Hi power synthesized transmitter for the on-site paging system applications.

The unit provides a combined alarm input and link command paging solution via the external computer, console, closing contacts or the RS232 port, RJ-45 Ethernet port, provided. Which are suitable for the industrial alarm and commercial site paging, where a fast response to a security problem monitoring is essential.

The typical applications includes the Fire, Security, Nurse call system, applications.

The communication to the transmitter via the RS232 port or RJ-45 port uses a relatively simple protocol by SCOPE, TAP, Comp1, Comp2,...

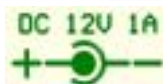
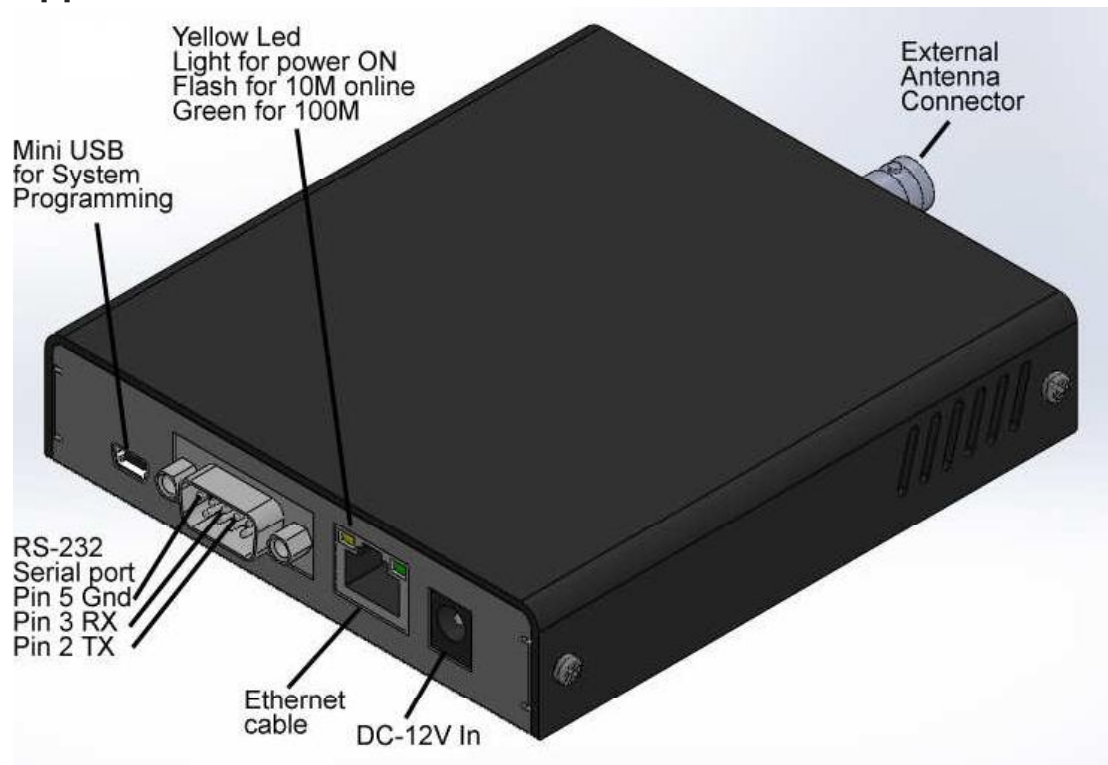
The NP-14 is a single-board synthesized message transmitter that operates in the 410-490MHz, 868MHz, 915MHz, 931MHz, frequency bands.

The NP-14 transmitter encoder contents, which are the capcode, speed and messages etc, can be sent by the tone-only, numeric(4-bit), alphanumeric(7-bit) using the POCSAG paging protocol out from either the serial port or from the Ethernet port.

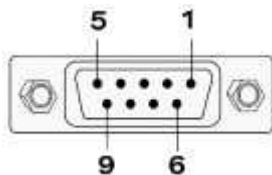
The NP-14 option available also has 8 contacts for the alarm paging applications. Each input is an independent port control. While the contact input status from the open to short or from the short to open, the pre-programmed input capcode and message will be sent out. All programming 8 inputs paging contents must be in the same set frequency. Others such as the paging address, data rate, message, repeater call time etc can be independent either all by same and all different.

- The NP-14 Alarm contacts up to eight input control lines.
- The NP-14 eight contacts input are all independent.
- The NP-14 operates can by the RS-232 serial input.
- The NP-14 operates can by the RJ-45 Ethernet input.
- The NP-14 transmitter section is frequency synthesized unit.
- The NP-14 system Communicate protocol by SCOPE, GACOMP2...

Appearance



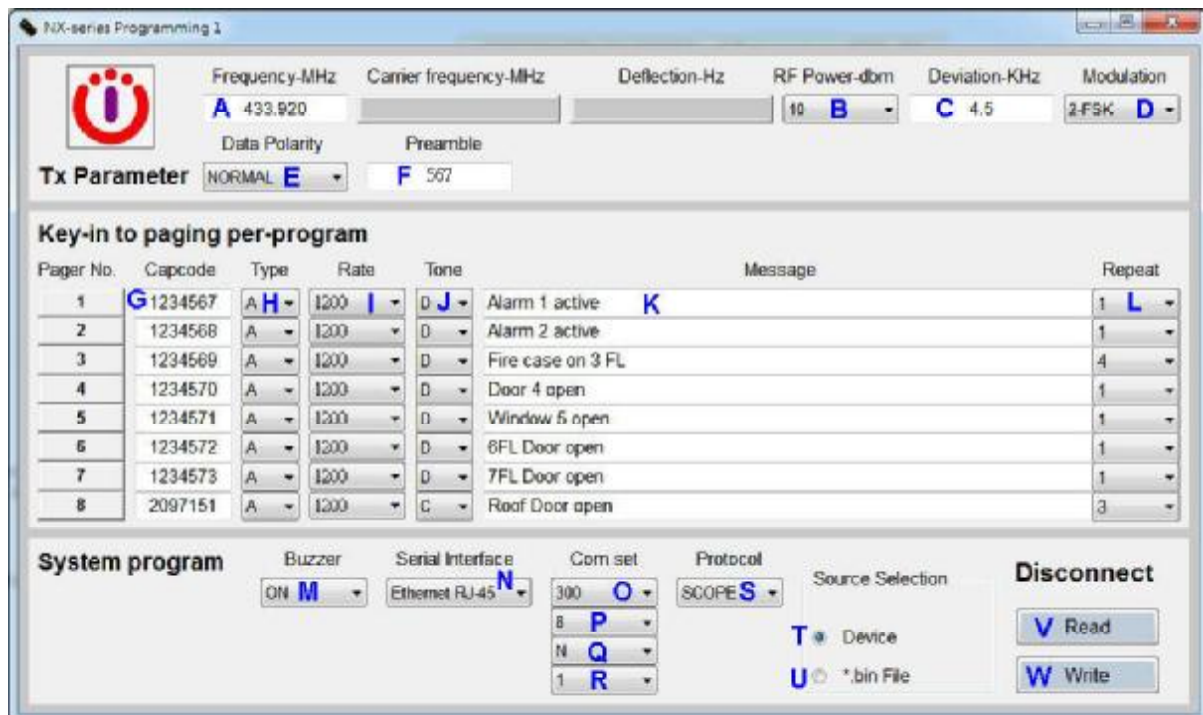
1. DC-12V IN : 10V-13.8V In Minimum 1A.
2. Ethernet cable: Connect to the Internet HUB by Cat.5 and up cable.
3. Ethernet LED indicate
Yellow on for power ON
Yellow flash for Net 10M link
Green flash for 100M link
4. RS-232 Serial port.
Pin 2 **TX** (data output To PC DB-9 Pin 2 RD)
Pin 3 **RX** (data received From PC DB-9 Pin 3 TD)
Pin 5 **GND** (required to PC DB-9 pin 5)



5. Mini USB for the System programming
6. RF output to antenna or RF amplifier.

PROGRAMMABLE FEATURES

The photo screen below describes the NP-14 programmable features



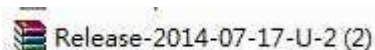
↑ Figure 2. Programming screen

Programmable and set up

While programming, the NP-14 DC plug must be off and disconnected, Just use the DC power from PC USB.

Tips to set up the programming parameters

1. Install the programming AP execution file



2. Click PMX-NP and then runs the programming software.
3. Connect the USB plug into the your device and the PC USB port .

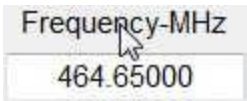
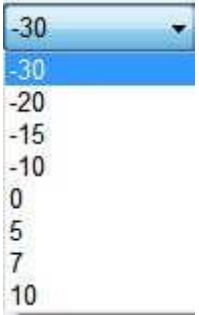
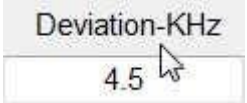
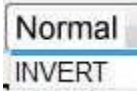
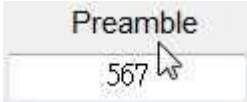


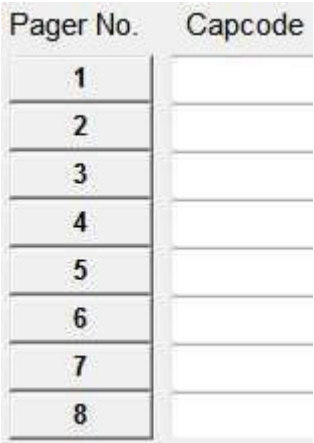
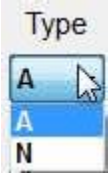
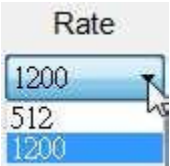
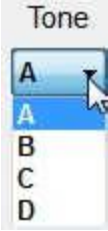
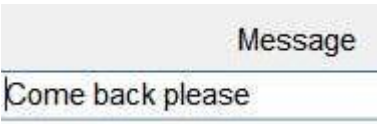
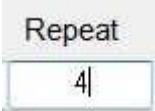
If show Disconnect

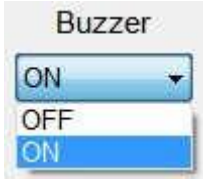
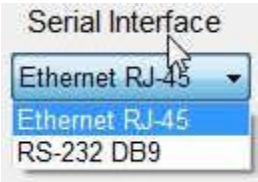
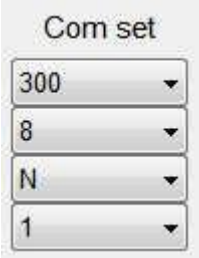
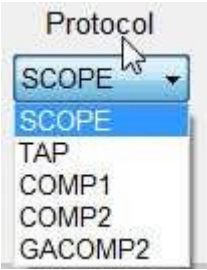


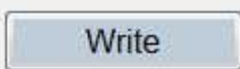
Check USB Jack again.

Example Programming Screen as Below:

Item	Function	Value
A- Carrier Frequency 	Radio Frequency set-up key-in your own frequency	410.000 to 490.995 850.000 to 890.995 910.0000 to 931.9375
B- TX RF Power 	Transmitter RF Power set-up The % Just for reference must connect with RF power meter for true output power adjustment.	
C- FSK Deviation 	Frequency Deviation set-up	Normal 4.0K or 4.5K (Max) for POCSAG or 2 level data rate
D- Modulation type select 	Frequency modulation set-up	Normal 2-FSK (2 level FSK) for POCSAG
E- Data Polarity 	Data Polarity Normal or Invert set-up	Normal = 01010101--- Invert = 10101010--- General select Normal
F- POCSAG Preamble: 	Preamble for pager power saving	Normal set 576 bits or more.

G- Page number of copcode 	Pager copcode address set-up	No 1-8 or 1-16 pager copcode can be all same or all difference 7digital POCSAG address range from 0000008 to 2097151.
H- Pager display type selection 	Numeric or Alphanumeric Display Pager set-up	N for numeric display type, A for alphanumeric display type.
I- Data Rate 	Data speed set-up	POCSAG data speed and baud rate in 512bps or 1200bps Must to be same as pager.
J- Pager alert tone 	Pager alert tone select	A=1beep per Sec, B=2beeps per Sec, C=3beeps per Sec, D=4beeps per Sec.
K- Pre-program Message 	Pre-programmed Message	All ASCII words
L- Paging repeater 	Repeater call times for each paging	1=1 call 2=2 time call 3=3 time call 4=4 time call

M- Buzzer On/off select 	NP-14 TX Buzzer On or Off	When NP-14 Transmitter Buzzer can be set beeper sound
N- Link interface select 	Command interface by RS-232 serial or by RJ-45 Ethernet	RJ-45 = Internet RS-232 = Serial port
O- PC Communication set-up 	O,P,Q,R-for Comport set up:	General set 9600,8,N,1
S- Command protocol 	PC or Console command protocol	SCOPE, TAP, Comp1, Comp2 GACOMP2.... Select 1 to meet your console protocol
T and U- File Location 	Save or Open File Source select	T- for Save to NP-14 Memory Also open file data form NP-14 Memory U- for Save to your PC or NB Also open file data from folder of PC or NB

- V-  T-for Read : Reading the programmed contents from your devices.
- W-  U-for Write : Write the programming contents into your devices.

INSTALLATION

Introduction

This chapter provides basis information in installation help of the NP-14 Netpage transmitter.

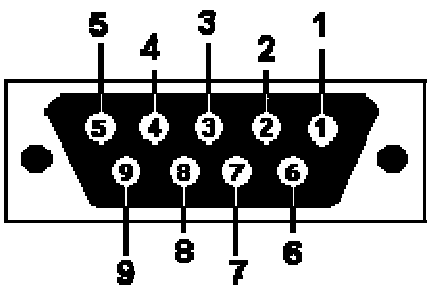
Installation

Installing the NP-14 involves identifying the interface connections for communication with the host equipment and connecting the module. The connector pin orientation is show in Figure 20 Corresponding signal name and color codes are listed in table 1-1.1-2.1-3.1-4.mount and connect the NP-14 as follows:



←Figure 20. Main I/O of Rear view

Table 1-1.COM1,RS232 SERIAL PORTS (9 way female) PIN SIGNAL DIRECTION

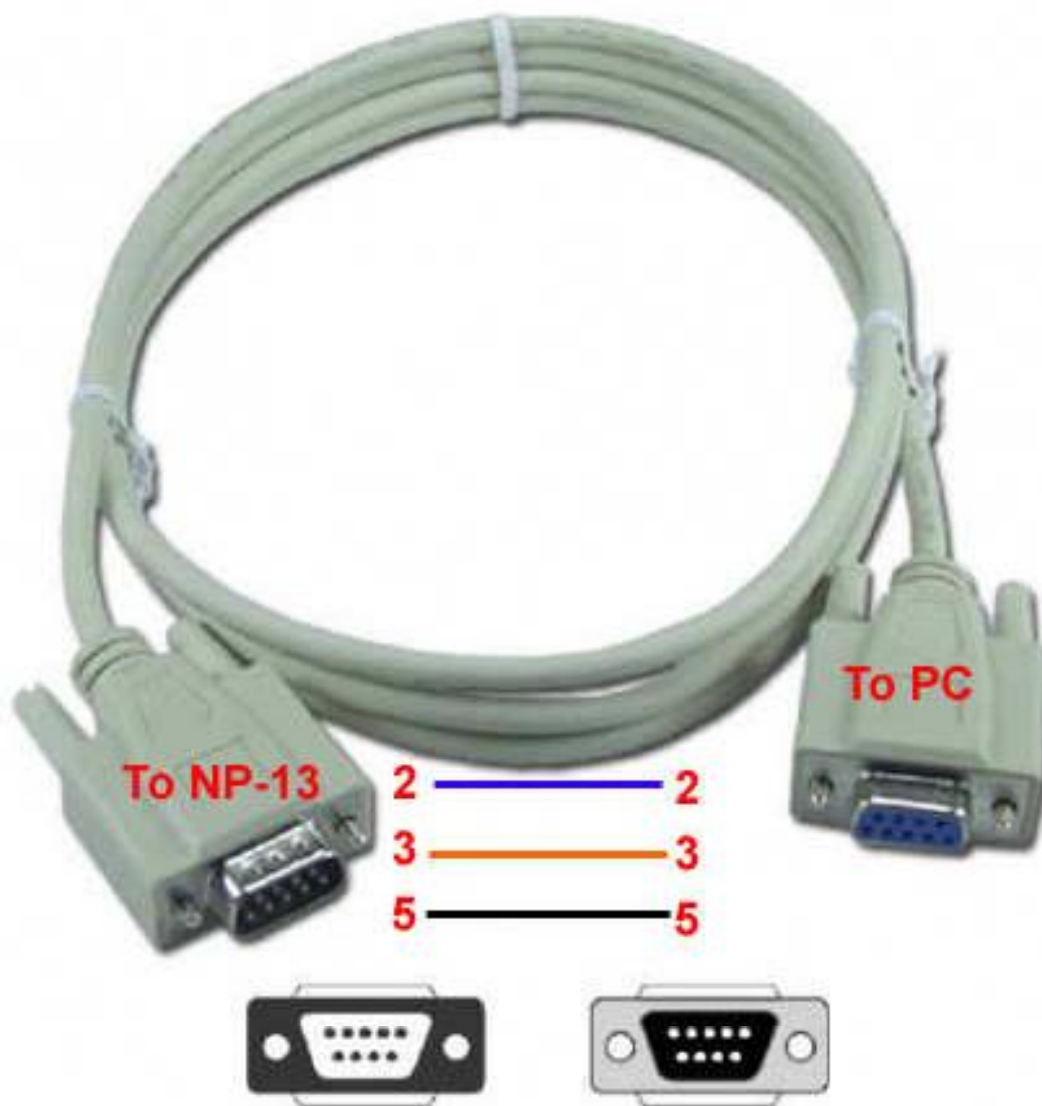
DB9 - View looking into female connector (NP-14 side)	
	
	1 N/C
	2 RECEIVE DATA (RX) IN
	3 TRANSMIT DATA (TX) OUT
	4 N/C
	5 GROUND (GND)
	6 N/C
	7 N/C
	8 CLEAR TO SEND (CTS) IN

Link by RS-232

Plug the RS-232 Cable into an available DB9 serial port connector on the back of a Host Device, such as a PC or Nurse Call system or other Host Device. If the serial port has a DB25 connector, you must provide a DB25 to DB9 adapter, which is available from NP-14 or from a computer supply company. Tighten the connector screws.

Plug the RS-232 Cable into the DB9 female connector on the Transmitter Unit. Tighten the connector screws.

The RS-232 Cable is a parallel wire: Pin 5 to pin 5, Pin 2 to pin 2, Pin 3 to Pin 3.
Option serial RS-232 cable Part NO.86852933-00



Command Protocol

For example by Hyperterminal with SCOPE protocol



SCOPE protocol

AF1234567DHello World.....

[A] Pager type Alphanumeric, N=Numeric

[F] Data bud rate, F=1200bps, N=512 bps, S=2400bps, if blank= Default 1200bps.

[1234567] Pager copcode, pager address.

[D] Pager tone alert, A for tone A, B for tone B, C for tone C, D for tone D.

[Hello World] message word.

Protocol Format Error Respond:

If the first character other than A or N --- Invalid Command format1!<CR><LF>

capcode fields appear with letter of alphabet --- Invalid Command

format2!<CR><LF>

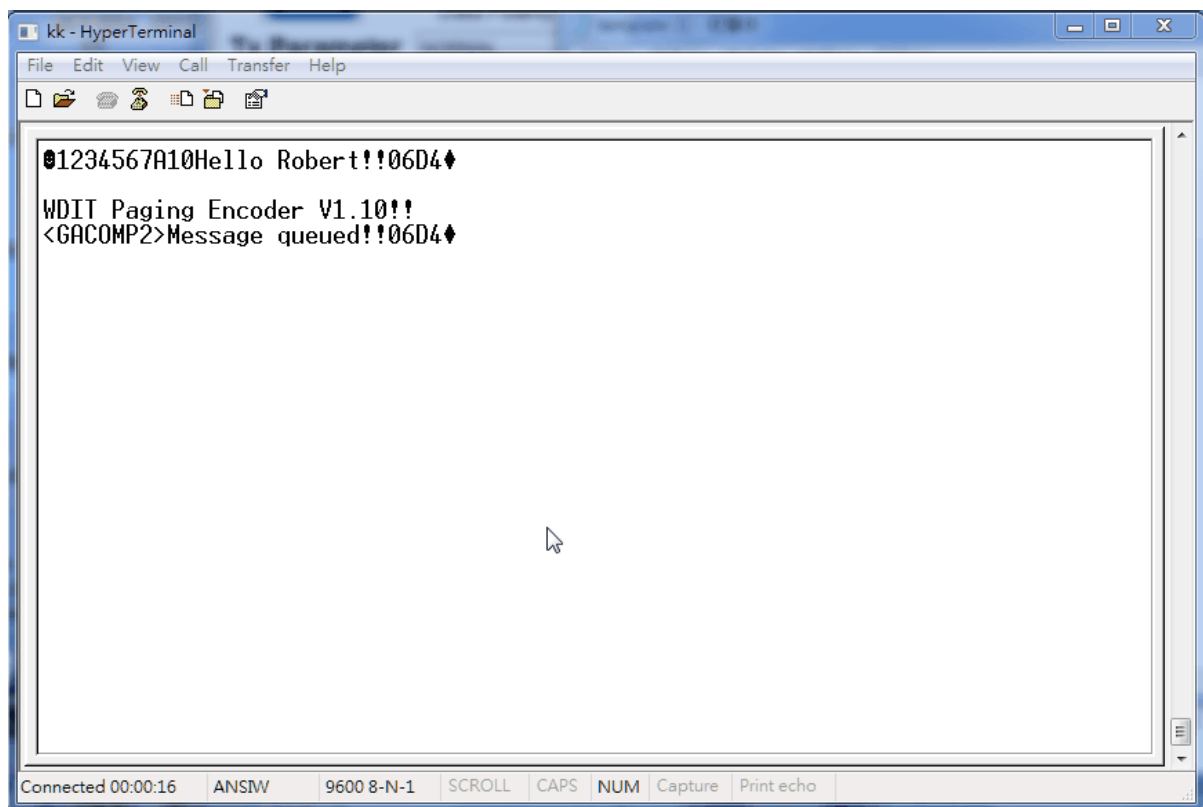
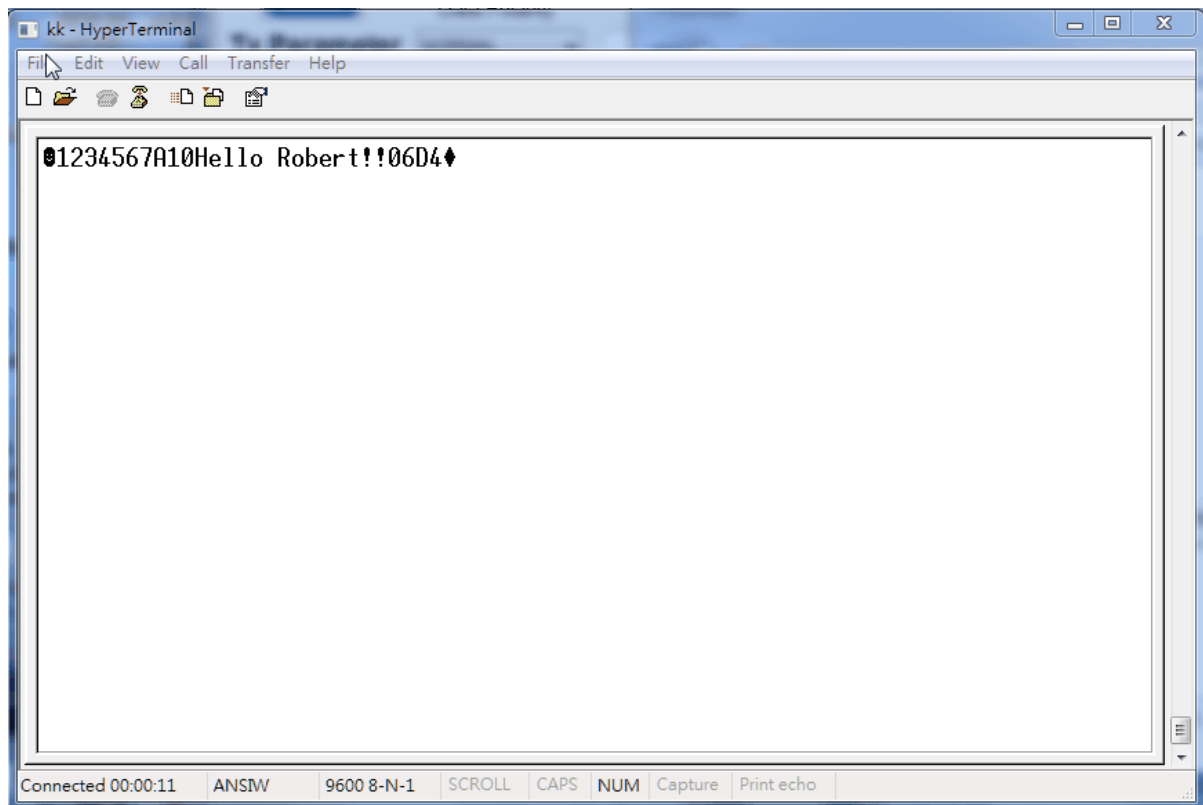
capcode <8, >2097151 --- Capcode over range!<CR><LF>

message type field appears character out of the ABCD--- "Invalid Command

format3!\r\n"

message has the invisible character --- "Invalid Command format4!\r\n"

For example by Hyperterminal with GACOMP2 protocol



GACOMP2 protocol V1.32

This protocol is defined for a POCSAG encoder with RS-232 in baud rate

(9600 ,N,8,1) of PC .

PC send to Transmitter

Transmitter command format (All contents is visible ASCII code exclude the STX and EOT) =

STX + Capcode content + Message content + CheckSum + EOT

= 02H + AAAAAAERF + Message content + CCCC + 04H

Format Description :

Contents are all visible ASCII code value >= 20 Hex except the STX and EOT command

STX is 02 Hex code , it is not visible in ASCII code

EOT is 04 Hex code , it is not visible in ASCII code

Capcode content = AAAAAAERF

(a) AAAAAA is a 7 digits numeric between 0000008 - 2097151 representing a pager or RCM receiver capcode

(b) E is 0,n,or N represent numeric encoding, and 1,a,or A represent alphanumeric encoding

(c) R is RF data rate, where 5 represents 512 bps, 1 represents 1200 bps, and 2 represents 2400 bps

(d) F is 0,1,2,3,or 4 defines the function code to be delivered.

It is 0 represent the default value for F is 4 when the E value is alphanumeric, and 1 when the E value is numeric

Numeric message = 0 to F Hex that transfer to visible ASCII code is 30H to 39H (0 – 9) and 41H to 45H (A – F).

Message content = any message you want send out ,if you did not carry any message then it will send out a "Tone Only" message output

CheckSum(CCCC) is a 4 number of ASCII code include all contents before

CheckSum (STX + Capcode content + Message content)

CheckSum example : Capcode content Message content CheckSum

EX 1. Num.1200bps 1000001N11 1234ABCD 03D8

Description :

CheckSum = 3D8H (02H+31H+30H+30H+30H+30H+30H+31H+4EH+31H+31H+31H+32H+33H+34H+41H+42H+43H+44H)

CCCC = 03D8 (30H,33H,44H,38H)

Total contents = 02H + "1000001N111234ABCD03D8" + 04H

EX 2. Alpha 1200bps 0000128A11 abcdefghijk 0662

Description :

Checksum = 662H (02H+30H+30H+30H+30H+31H+32H+38H+41H+31H
+31H+61H+62H+63H+64H+65H+66H+67H+68H+69H+6AH+6BH)

CCCC = 0662 (30H,36H,36H,32H)

Total contents = 02H + "0000128A11abcdefghijk0662" + 04H

EX3. Num. 512 bps **1000122N51** xxx... 6A3C

Description : CheckSum = 126A3CH (only use last 4 digits as valid) CCCC = 6A3C
(36H,41H,33H,43H)

Transmitter send to PC

If command accept to transmitter then transmitter send CCCC + **ACK(06H)** to PC .
the CCCC is check sum of message.

if command did not accept to transmitter will not send back CCCC + **ACK(06H)** within
200 mS .

**Note: Transmitter encode message must be following two conditions then transmitter
will encode all messages and send all messages at one time.**

**1. PC send message then receive the ACK from transmitter and PC send first byte of
next message less than 150mS after last ACK.**

2. Transmitter received total messages is less then 15K bytes.

Idle Capcode is from 2007664 to 2007671.

Also if the NP-14 option for 8 dry alarm contacts

The following 8 Pins 2 Rows Header Connector will replace the com1 DB9 position.

Table 1-2. 2x8 Header connector for 8 contacts alarm input

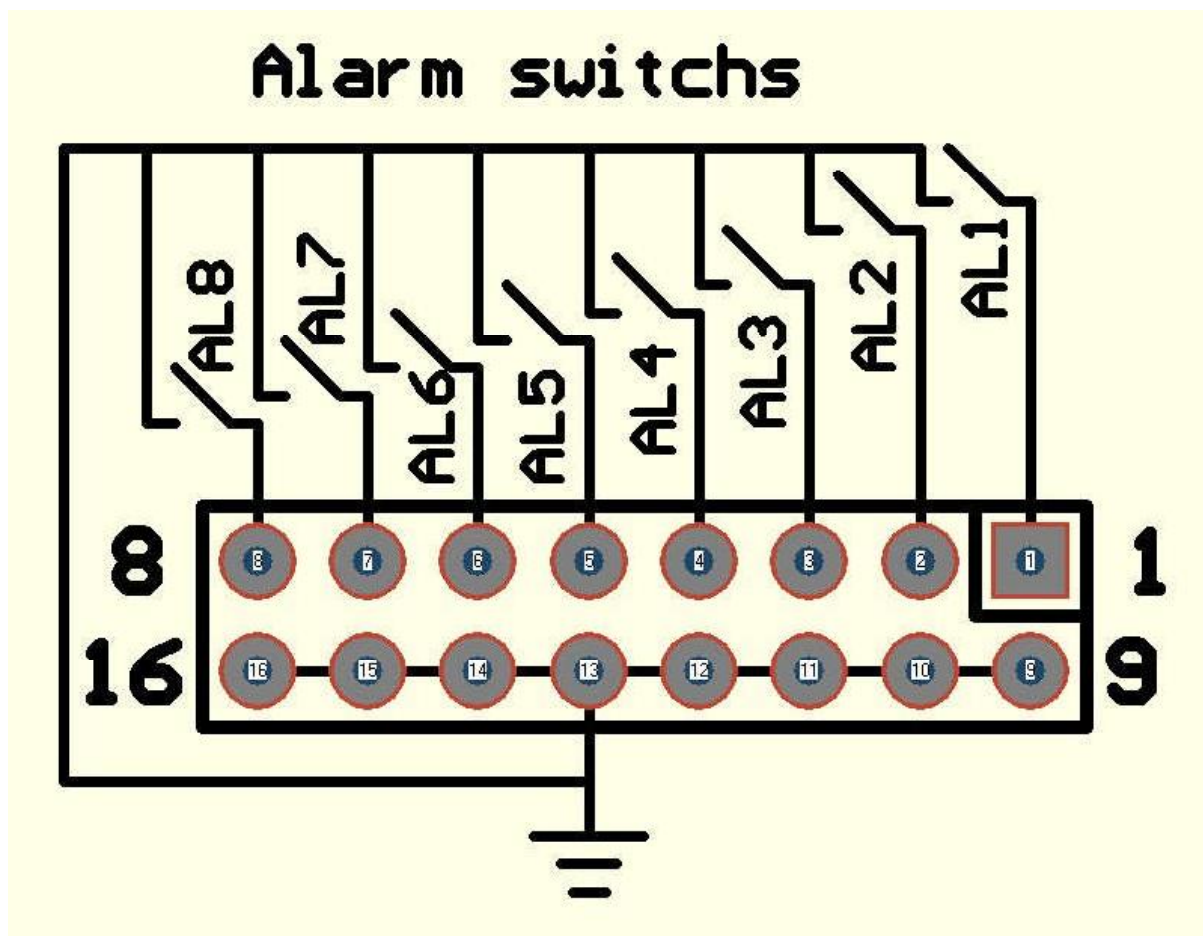
PIN SIGNAL DIRECTION

Header 2x8 - View looking into connector
(NP-14 side)

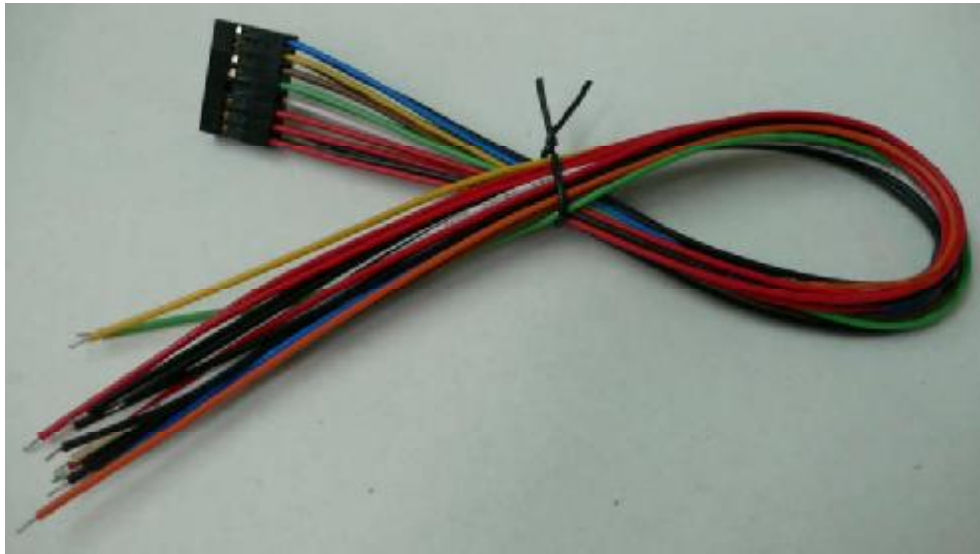


- 1 Alarm contact 1 input
- 2 Alarm contact 2 input
- 3 Alarm contact 3 input
- 4 Alarm contact 4 input
- 5 Alarm contact 5 input
- 6 Alarm contact 6 input
- 7 Alarm contact 7 input
- 8 Alarm contact 8 input
- 9 -16 Ground
- Each alarm switch NO to NC, or
NC to NO be alarm active.

↓ More switch of alarm input information

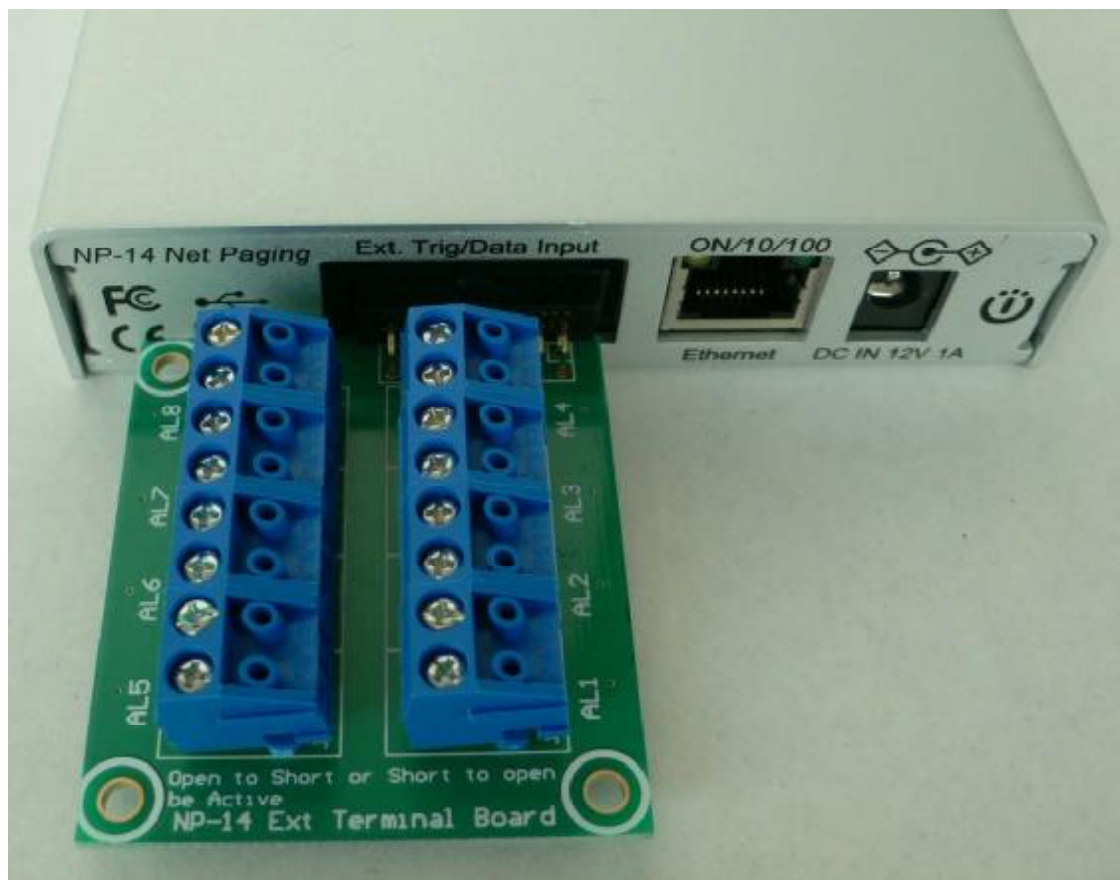
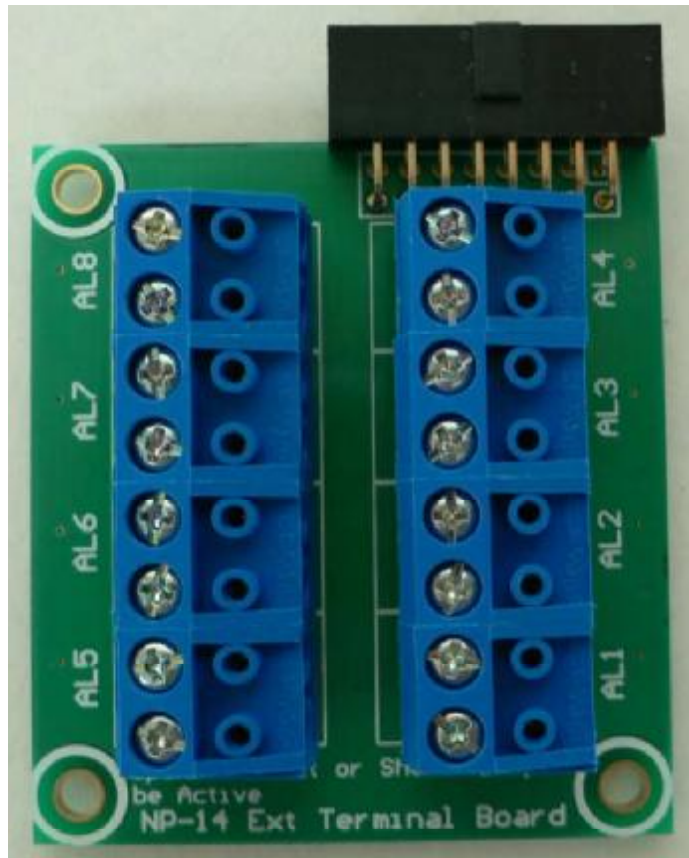


Option for ext trig wires Part No. 86864528-00



Alarm switch or alarm sensor direct connect with wires

Option for ext trig alarm terminal board Part No. 86864700-00



Use ext terminal board into to NP-14 Ext. trig port.

Table 1-3. Inside contacts input terminal (8 port) PIN SIGNAL DIRECTION

G S J15	G S J16	G S J17	G S J18
AL5	AL6	AL7	AL8

G S J11	G S J12	G S J13	G S J14
AL1	AL2	AL3	AL4

Open to Short or Short to open
be Active



1 AL1 Alarm 1 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
2 AL2 Alarm 2 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
3 AL3 Alarm 3 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
4 AL4 Alarm 4 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
5 AL5 Alarm 5 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
6 AL6 Alarm 6 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
7 AL7 Alarm 7 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
8 AL8 Alarm 8 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
Each contact G-S open to short, or
short to open be alarm active.

- 1 AL1 Alarm 1 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
 - 2 AL2 Alarm 2 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
 - 3 AL3 Alarm 3 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
 - 4 AL4 Alarm 4 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
 - 5 AL5 Alarm 5 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
 - 6 AL6 Alarm 6 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
 - 7 AL7 Alarm 7 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
 - 8 AL8 Alarm 8 in S= Trigger, G=Ground
- Each contact G-S open to short, or short to open be alarm active.



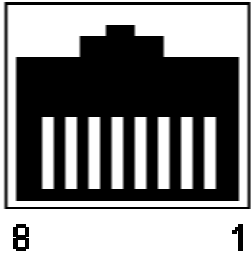


The alarm cable can be in/out on side hole of NP-14

NP-14 Net-Paging System

Ethernet IP set up Guide

Table 1-4. RJ-45 ETHERNET PORTS (8 pin receptacle) PIN SIGNAL DIRECTION

RJ-45 - View looking into receptacle (NP-14 side) 	1 TD+ 2 TD- 3 RD+ 4 NA 5 NA 6 RD- 7 NA 8 NA
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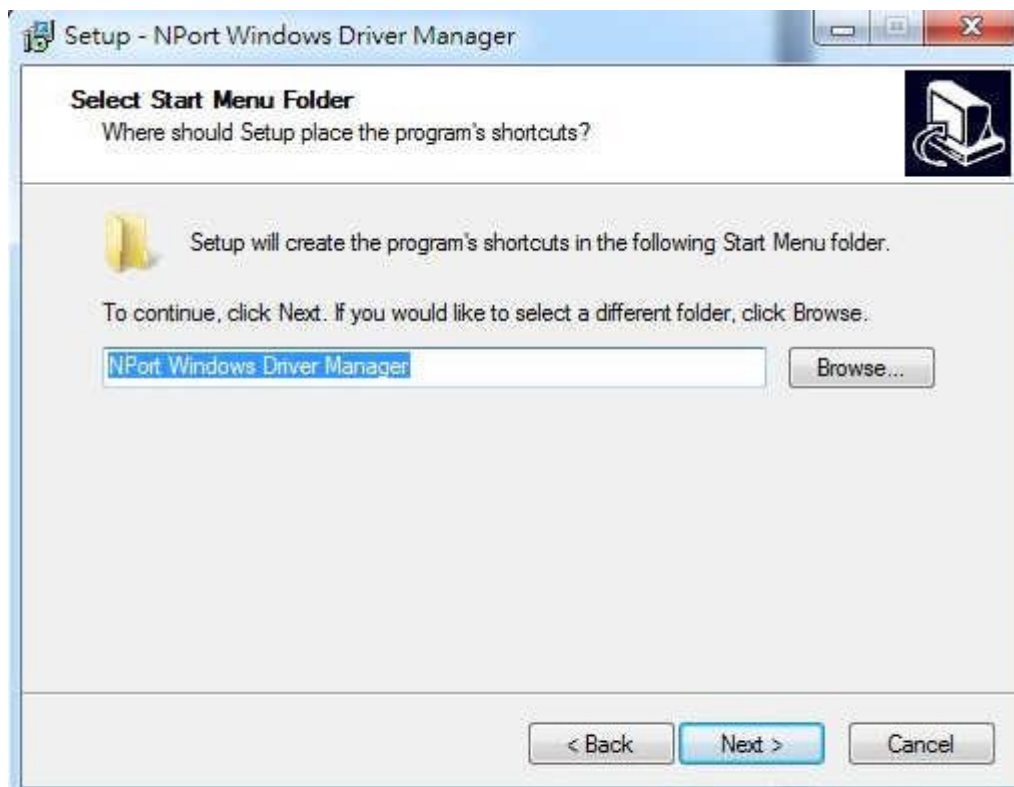
Click →  Moxa MiiNePortE2 Driver

Click →  drvmgr_setup_Ver1.17_Build_13020109_whql to install NPort





Click →Next



Click →Next

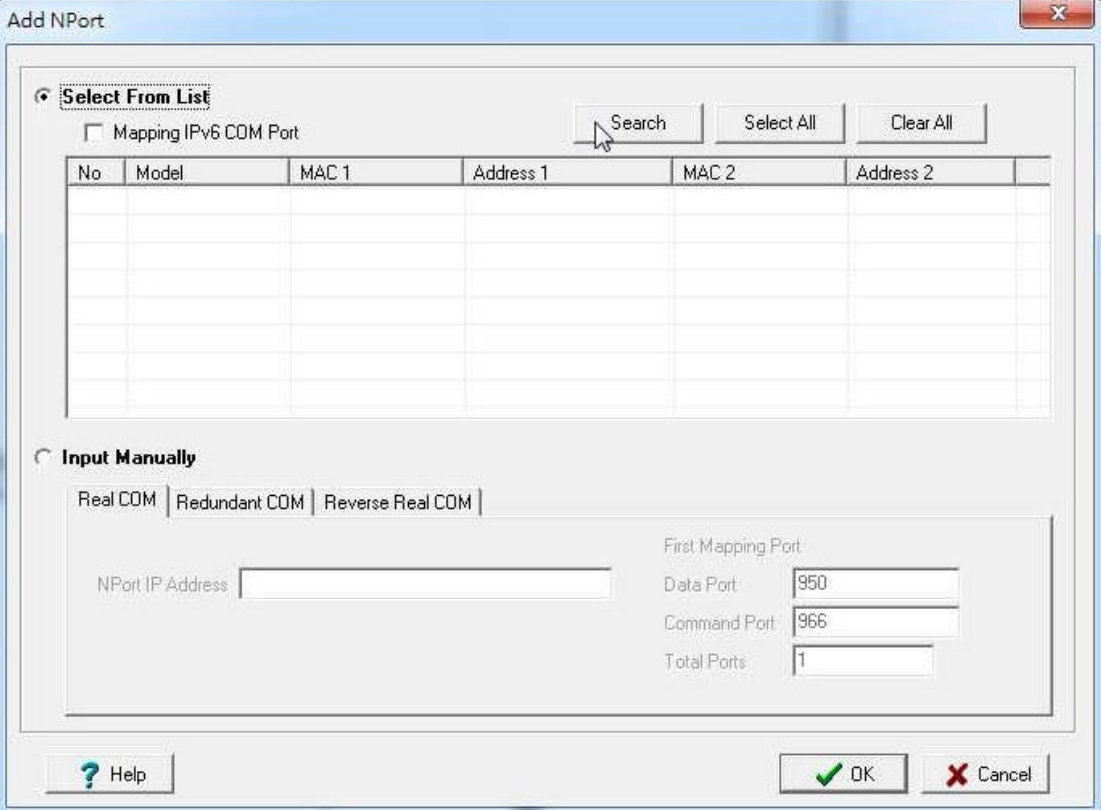


Click → Install



Click → Finish

Click → Search



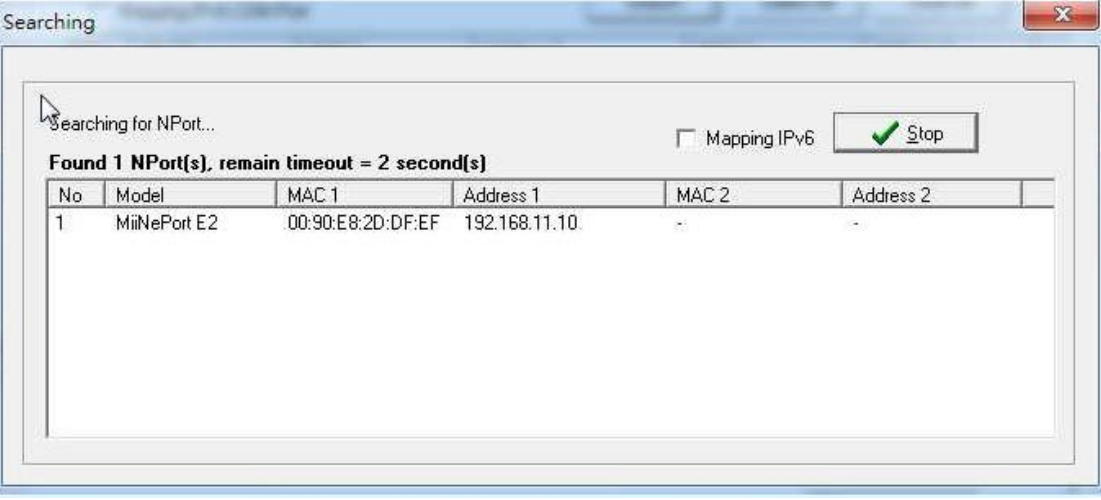
The "Add NPort" dialog box is shown. It has a title bar with a close button. Inside, there are two main sections: "Select From List" and "Input Manually".

Select From List: This section is selected with a radio button. It contains a checkbox for "Mapping IPv6 COM Port". To the right of this checkbox are three buttons: "Search", "Select All", and "Clear All". Below these is a table with the following columns: "No", "Model", "MAC 1", "Address 1", "MAC 2", and "Address 2". The table is currently empty.

Input Manually: This section is not selected. It contains three tabs: "Real COM", "Redundant COM", and "Reverse Real COM". Below the tabs is a text field for "NPort IP Address". To the right of this field is a group box labeled "First Mapping Port:" containing three text fields: "Data Port" (with value 950), "Command Port" (with value 966), and "Total Ports" (with value 1).

At the bottom of the dialog are three buttons: "Help" (with a question mark icon), "OK" (with a green checkmark icon), and "Cancel" (with a red X icon).

To find a IP address



The "Searching" dialog box is shown. It has a title bar with a close button. Inside, there is a status bar at the top that says "Searching for NPort...". To the right of this is a checkbox for "Mapping IPv6" and a "Stop" button (with a green checkmark icon).

Below the status bar is a text label: "Found 1 NPort(s), remain timeout = 2 second(s)".

Below this label is a table with the following columns: "No", "Model", "MAC 1", "Address 1", "MAC 2", and "Address 2". The table contains one row of data:

No	Model	MAC 1	Address 1	MAC 2	Address 2
1	MitNePort E2	00:90:E8:2D:DF:EF	192.168.11.10	-	-

Click → OK

NPort is ready



RF/Antenna output



RF/Antenna output of BNC

The BNC Jack for RF output or for antenna

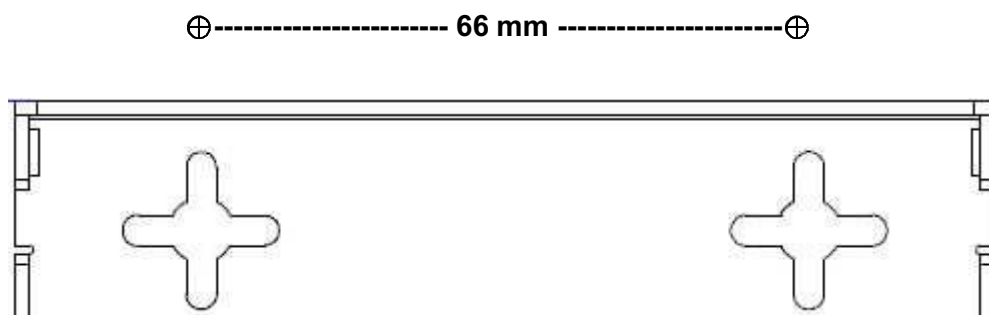
IF RF power under 2 W, the NP-14 antenna can be used by the robber wipe antenna

IF RF power over 2W, the NP-14 must use the external antenna., which must be

Set the 1.5 meters away from the NP-14 unit to avoid the interference.

Mount

Mount on the wall by screw max 5 ϕ mm



NP-14 NetPage Paging System Specifications

Frequency:	400-470 MHz Synthesized	868-915 MHz Synthesized
Paging format:	POCSAG.	
Pager Baud rate:	512bps / 1200bps / 2400bps.	
Message type :	ASCII	
Channel Spacing:	6.25K / 12.5K / 25K. Frequency Synthesized by USB programming	
Modulation:	NRZ NFKS, for POCSAG	
Deviation:	2.5-4.5Khz	
Stability:	±10ppm.	
RF output power:	0.1~7 W (programmable)	0.1~4 W (programmable)
RF output connector:	BNC female (SMA female option)	
P/C Interface:	USB 2.0 and RS-232 9600bps	
Ethernet:	RJ-45 TCP/IP 10/100M	
Operation temperature:	-25℃ ~ 70℃	
Power Supply:	DC 12V 1A(Minimum)	
Size:	120 mm X 110 mm X 25 mm.	
Model Weight:	0.8KGs. include AC 100~240 to DC 12V 2A switching power adapter.	

Notes: Specifications are subject to change without notice

This equipment complies with the FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 40 cm between the radiator and any part of your body.