FCC SAR TEST REPORT

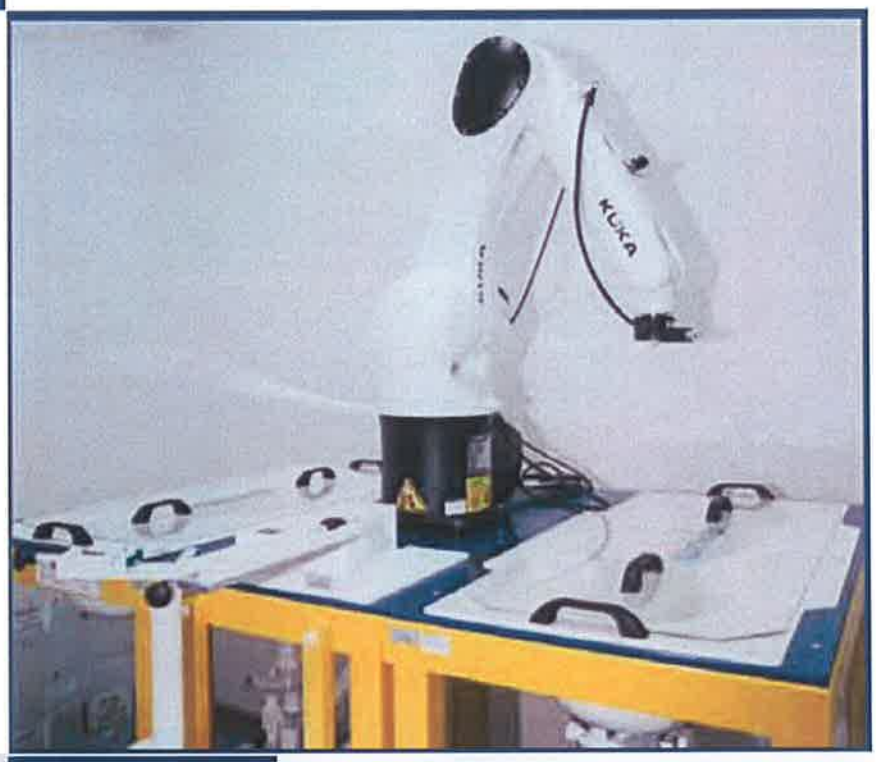
ISSUED BY
Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

FOR

Mobile phone

ISSUED TO
iDROID Inc.

1715 Mission Springs Dr, KATY, TEXAS 77450 USA



Report No.:	BL-SZ1490018-701
EUT Type:	Mobile phone
Model Name:	A5
Brand Name:	N/A
FCC ID:	2AC7J-A5
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093
	ANSI C95.1: 1992
	IEEE 1528: 2003
Maximum SAR:	Head: 0.273 W/Kg
	Body: 0.791 W/kg
Test Conclusion:	PASS
Test Date:	Sep 9, 2014 ~ Sep 12, 2014
Date of Issue:	Oct 30, 2014

Prepared by: Hu Jianping
(Reporting Specialist)
Date Oct 30, 2014

Approved by: Wei Yanquan
(Chief Engineer)
Date Oct 30, 2014

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Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions
Rev. 01	Oct 11, 2014	Initial Issue
Rev. 02	Oct 28, 2014	Update tune-up power
Rev. 03	Oct 30, 2014	Update tune-up power

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6683 3402
Fax Number	+86 755 6182 4271

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A-1. The laboratory has been listed by US Federal Communications Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 832625. The laboratory has met the requirements of the IAS Accreditation Criteria for Testing Laboratories (AC89), has demonstrated compliance with ISO/IEC Standard 17025:2005. The accreditation certificate number is TL-588. The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.
Description	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China 518055

1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 23 ℃
Ambient Relative Humidity	30 to 60 %
Ambient Pressure	86 to 106 kPa

1.4 Announce

(1) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.

(2) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.

(3) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of

operation as described herein.

(4) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.

(5) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant

Applicant	iDROID Inc.
Address	1715 Mission Springs Dr, KATY, TEXAS 77450 USA

2.2 Manufacturer

Manufacturer	iDROID Inc.
Address	1715 Mission Springs Dr, KATY, TEXAS 77450 USA

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	Mobile phone
Model Under the test	A5
Series Model Name	Z5,G5, R5, M5
Difference description	Only difference in mode name.
Hardware Version	N/A
Software Version	N/A
Network and Wireless connectivity	2G Network GSM 850 / 1900 3G Network WCDMA 850 / 1900 WLAN, Bluetooth,
Display	TFT-LCD
Chipset	N/A

2.4 Technical Information

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode	GSM: GSM Voice; GPRS Class 12; EDGE Class 12; WCDMA: RMC/HSDPA/HSUPA Release 6; WLAN: 802.11 b/g/n(HT20/HT40); Bluetooth: 4.0 Dual-mode
Frequency Range	GSM 850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz; GSM 1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz; WCDMA 850: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz; WCDMA 1900: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz; WLAN 802.11b/g/n(HT20): 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz; WLAN 802.11n(HT40): 2422 MHz~2452 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Antenna Type	WWAN: PIFA Antenna WLAN: PIFA Antenna Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna
Dual-SIM	Only supported dual standby; the dual SIM card share same RF circuit and NV parameter.
DTM	Not Support

Hotspot Function	Support
Environment	Uncontrolled
EUT Stage	Portable Device

2.5 Ancillary Equipment

Ancillary Equipment 1	Battery	
	Brand Name	N/A
	Model No	N/A
	Serial No	N/A
	Capacitance	N/A
	Rated Voltage	3.7 V
	Extreme Voltage	Low: 3.5 V / High:4.2 V
Ancillary Equipment 2	AC Adapter (Charger for Battery)	
	Brand Name	N/A
	Model No	N/A
	Serial No	(n.a. marked #1 by test site)
	Rated Input	~ 100 - 240 V, 200 mA, 50/60 Hz
	Rated Output	⎓ 5 V, 1000 mA
Ancillary Equipment 3	Stereo Headset	
Ancillary Equipment 4	USB Data Cable	

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01	RF Exposure Reporting

3.2 Summary Of SAR Value

Highest SAR

Position	Band	Maximum Measurement SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Report SAR (W/kg)
Head	GSM 850	0.214	0.273
	GSM 1900	0.270	
	WCDMA 850	0.208	
	WCDMA 1900	0.273	
	WLAN	0.051	
Body-worn	GSM 850	0.657	0. 657
	GSM 1900	0.432	
	WCDMA 850	0.528	
	WCDMA 1900	0.495	
	WLAN	0.040	
Hotspot Mode	GSM 850	0.791	0.791
	GSM 1900	0.423	
	WCDMA 850	0.528	
	WCDMA 1900	0.495	
	WLAN	0.040	

Highest Simultaneous SAR

Position	Simultaneous Configuration	Maximum Sum. 1-g Report SAR (W/kg)
Head	WCDMA + WLAN	0.324
Body-worn	GSM Voice + WLAN	0.697
Hotspot Mode	GSM DATA + WLAN	0.831

3.3 Device Category And SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

Table Of Exposure Limits:

	SAR Value (W/Kg)	
	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure	Occupational/Controlled Exposure
Whole-Body SAR (averaged over the entire body)	0.08	0.4
partial-body SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.60	8.0
SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0	20.0

NOTE:

General Population/Uncontrolled: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/Controlled: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

3.4 SAR Test Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2003.This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2. The system measurement uncertainty frequency range is from 300MHz to 3GHz.

Uncertainty Component	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.80	5.80	∞
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.41	1.41	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	2.38	2.38	∞
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
System detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Reponse Time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Test sample Related								
Test sample positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	N−1
Device Holder Uncertainty	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.00	1.00	N−1
Output power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
SAR scaling	2.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Liquid conductivity (deviation from target values)	2.5	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	0.92	0.62	∞
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	5.0	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
Liquid permittivity (deviation from target values)	2.5	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	0.87	0.71	∞
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5.0	N	1	0.60	0.49	3.00	2.45	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				10.14	9.67	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		k				20.29	19.35	

4 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

4.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational / controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population /uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{d}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{d\mathbf{W}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{d}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{d\mathbf{W}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

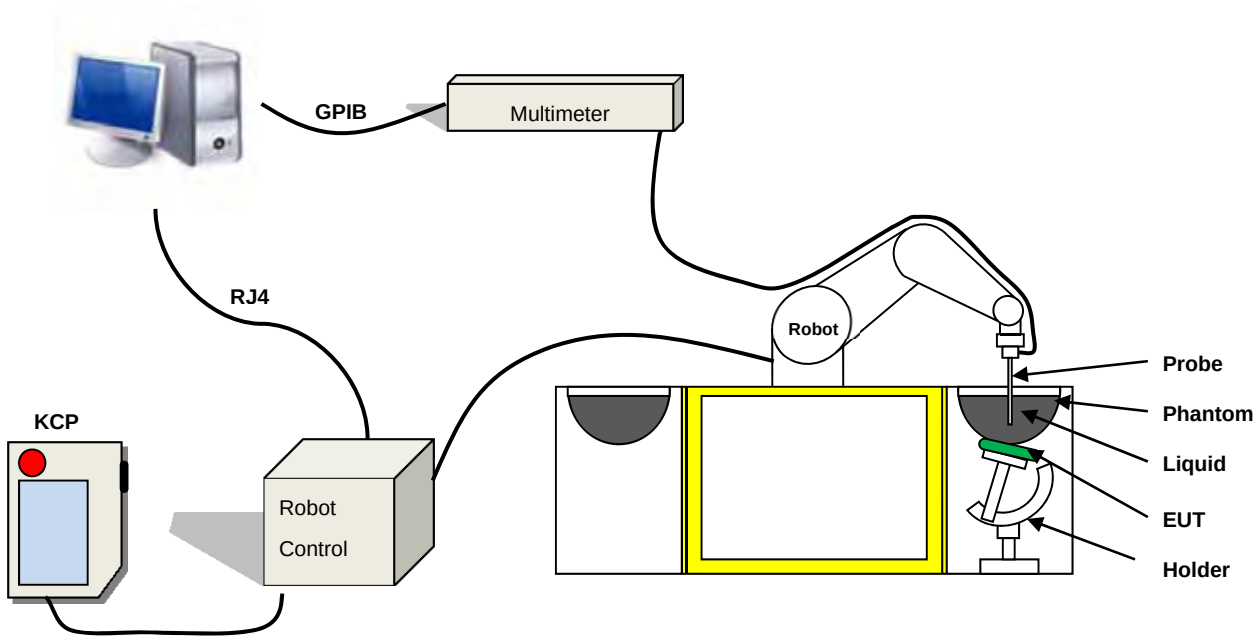
$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}\mathbf{E}^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

4.2 SATIMO SAR System

SATIMO SAR System Diagram:



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 850 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit.

The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in SAR standard with accuracy of better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in SAR starndard and found to be better than ±0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1/-2.

4.2.1 Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

4.2.2 E-Field Probe

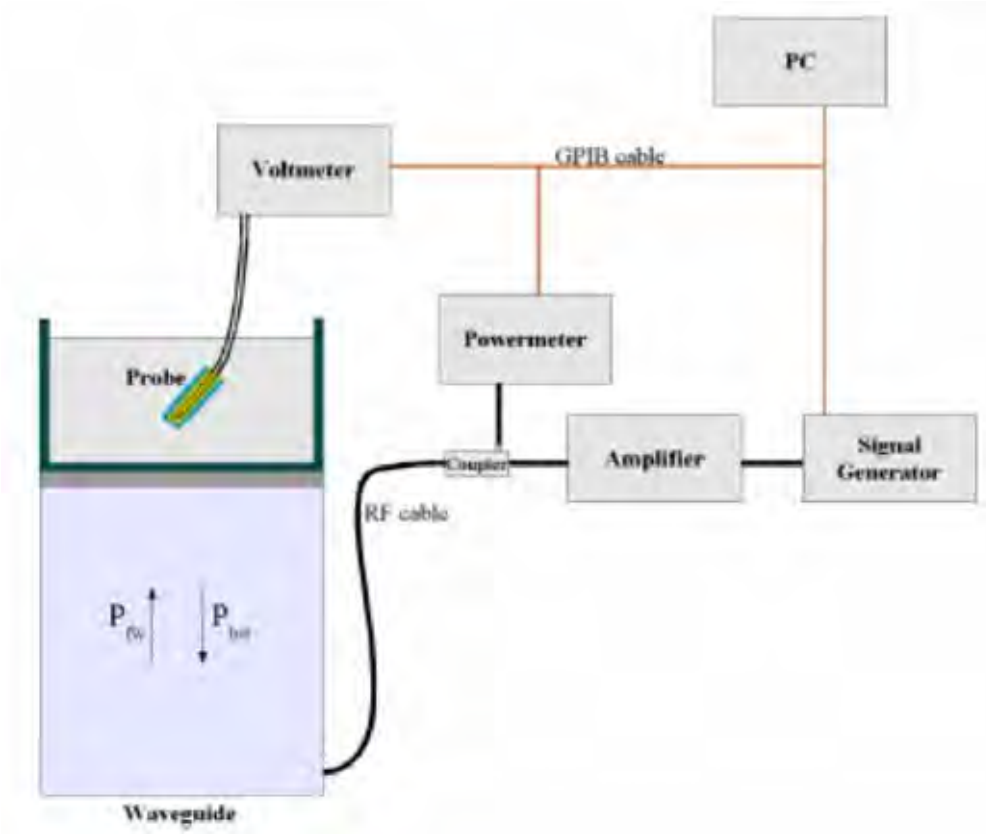
For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 17/13 EPG177 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1.0mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm
(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: +/- 0.06 dB
- Axial Isotropy: ＜0.15 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: ＜0.15 dB
- Calibration range: 450MHz to 5800MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30 °

E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1/2 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\sigma}\cos^2\left(\pi\frac{y}{a}\right)c^{(2\pi/\sigma)}$$

Where :

Pfw = Forward Power

Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

ı = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N) (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) (N=1,2,3)

Where the DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

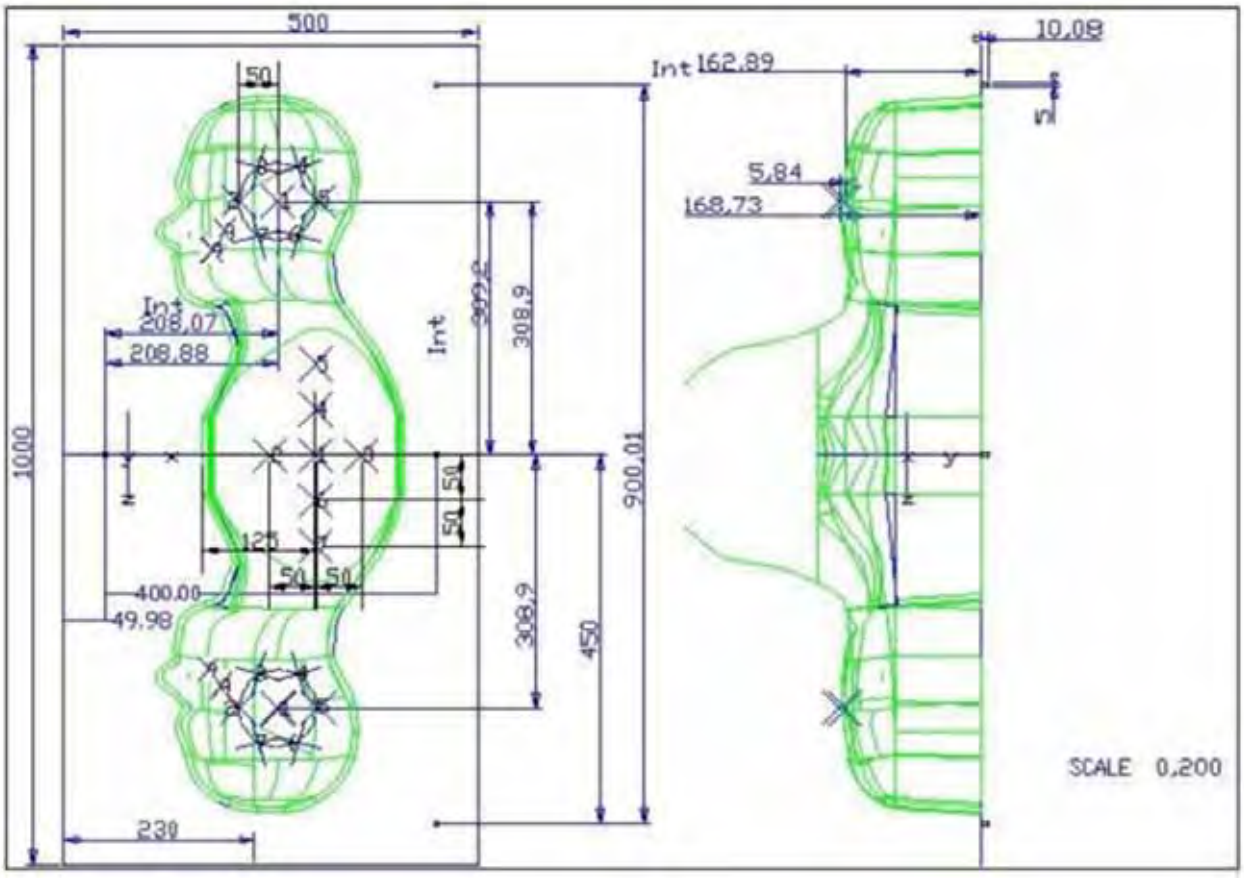
4.2.3 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Photo of Phantom SN 30/13 SAM103

Photo of Phantom SN 30/13 SAM104

Serial Number	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 30/13 SAM103	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02
SN 30/13 SAM104	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



Serial Number	Left Head		Right Head		Flat Part	
SN 30/13 SAM103	2	2.00	2	2.03	1	2.09
	3	2.02	3	2.05	2	2.10
	4	2.04	4	2.04	3	2.09
	5	2.04	5	2.07	4	2.11
	6	2.02	6	2.07	5	2.11
	7	2.01	7	2.09	6	2.09
	8	2.04	8	2.10	7	2.11
	9	2.02	9	2.09	-	-
SN 30/13 SAM104	2	2.05	2	2.06	1	2.03
	3	2.08	3	2.03	2	2.03
	4	2.05	4	2.03	3	2.01
	5	2.06	5	2.02	4	2.03
	6	2.08	6	2.02	5	2.03
	7	2.06	7	2.04	6	2.00
	8	2.07	8	2.04	7	1.98
	9	2.07	9	2.05	-	-

4.2.4 Device Holder

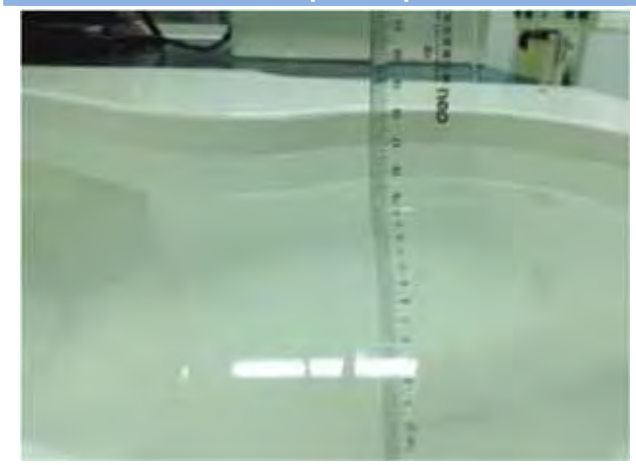
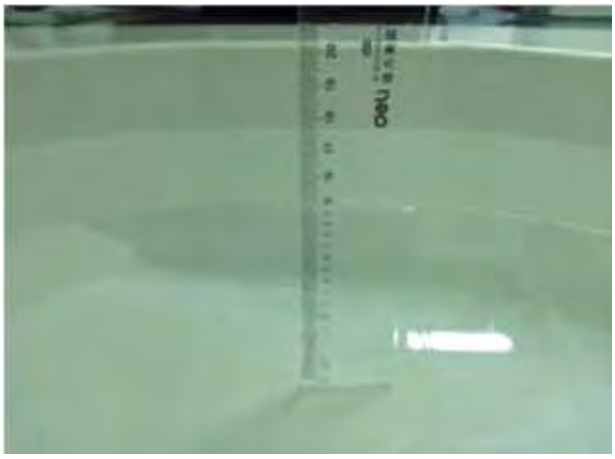
The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 25/13 MSH87	Deirin	3.7	0.005
SN 25/13 MSH88	Deirin	3.7	0.005

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.

4.2.5 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.

Head Liquid Depth	Body Liquid Depth
	

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Water %	Sugar %	Cellulose %	Salt %	Preventol %	DGBE %	Conductivity σ	Permittivity ε
Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

4.2.6 Simulating Liquid Validation

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SATIMO SCLMP Dielectric Probe Kit and an RS Network Analyzer.

Date	Liquid Type	Freq. (MHz)	Temp. (℃)	Meas. Conductivity (σ)	Meas. Permittivity (ε)	Target conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε)	Conductivity tolerance (%)	Permittivity tolerance (%)
2014.09.12	Head	835	22.0	0.90	41.55	0.90	41.50	0.00	0.12
2014.09.09	Body	835	22.0	0.98	55.24	0.97	55.20	1.03	0.07
2014.09.12	Head	1900	22.0	1.40	39.62	1.40	40.00	0.00	-0.95
2014.09.09	Body	1900	22.0	1.49	54.18	1.52	53.30	-1.97	1.65
2014.09.12	Head	2450	22.3	1.75	39.34	1.80	39.20	-2.78	0.36
2014.09.10	Body	2450	22.0	1.92	54.19	1.95	52.70	-1.54	2.83

Note:

1. The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is± 5%.

5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

5.1 Antenna Port Test Requirement

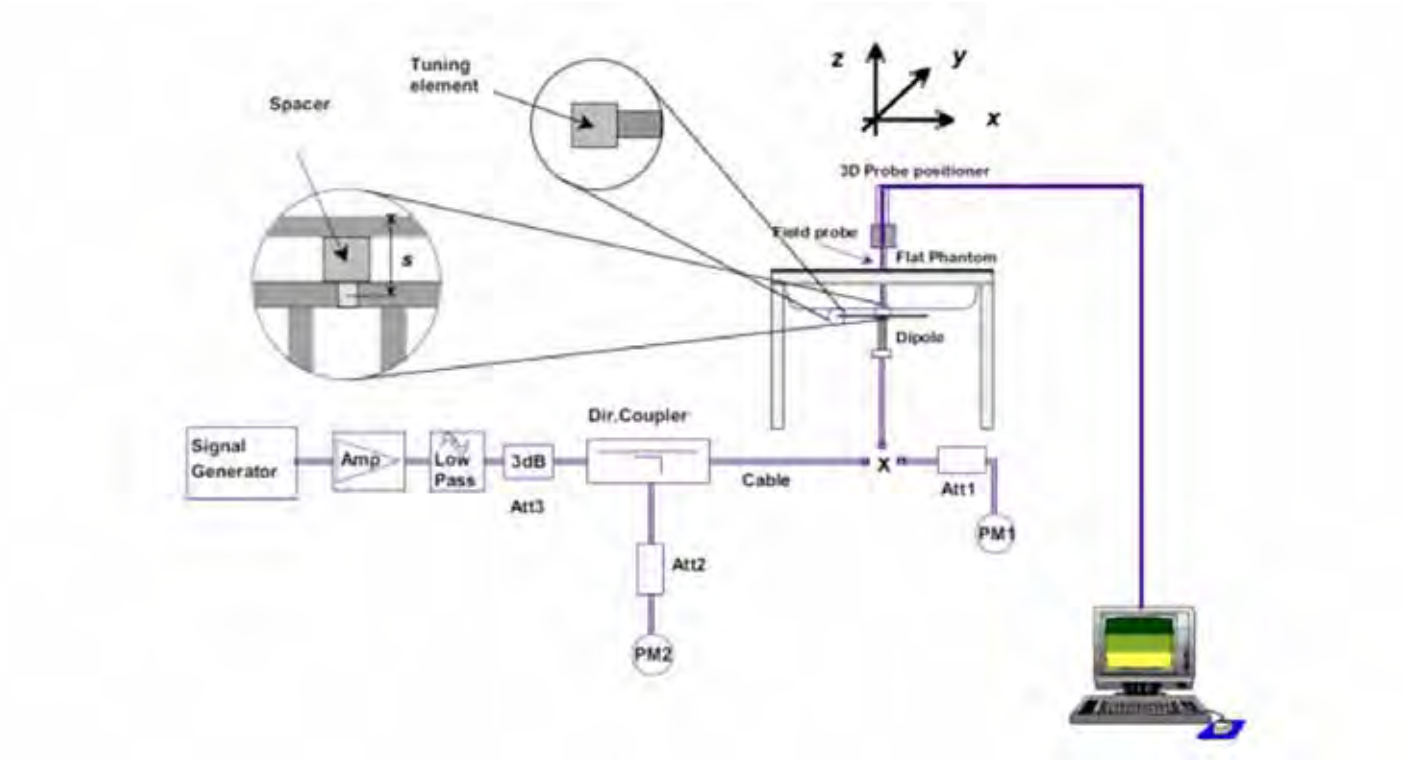
The SATIMO SAR system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

5.2 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

5.3 System Check Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



5.4 System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Date	Liquid Type	Freq. (MHz)	Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Dipole SAR (W/kg)	Tolerance (%)	Targeted SAR(W/kg)	Tolerance (%)
2014.09.12	Head	835	100	0.989	9.89	9.71	1.85	9.50	4.11
2014.09.09	Body	835	100	0.953	9.53	10.19	-6.48	9.56	-0.31
2014.09.12	Head	1900	100	3.813	38.13	40.01	-4.70	39.70	-3.95
2014.09.09	Body	1900	100	4.093	40.93	40.32	1.51	39.70	3.10
2014.09.12	Head	2450	100	5.393	53.93	53.96	-0.06	52.40	2.92
2014.09.10	Body	2450	100	5.123	52.23	52.37	-2.17	52.40	-2.23

Note:

1. The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.

6 EUT TEST POSITION CONFIGURATUONS

According to KDB 648474 D04 Handset v01r02, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

6.1 Head Exposure Conditions

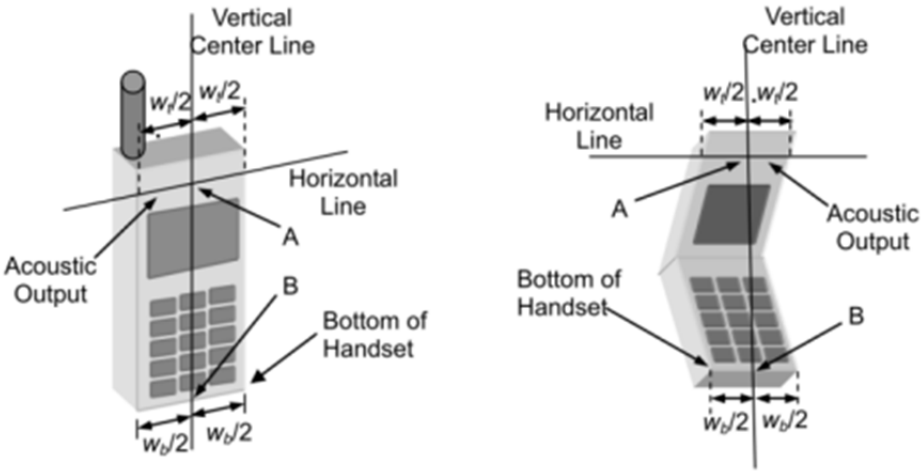
Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2003 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

6.1.1 Define two imaginary lines on the handset

(a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset - the midpoint of the width w t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w b of the bottom of the handset.

(b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.

(c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



6.1.2 Cheek Position

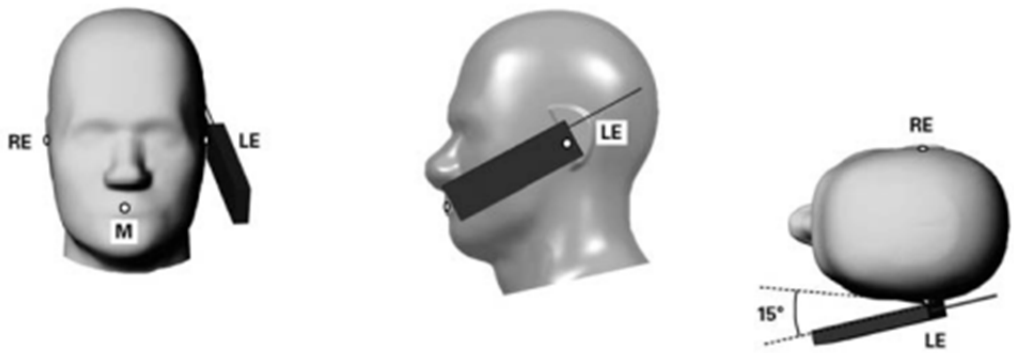
(a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.

(b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

6.1.3 Tilted Position

(a) To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.

(b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.



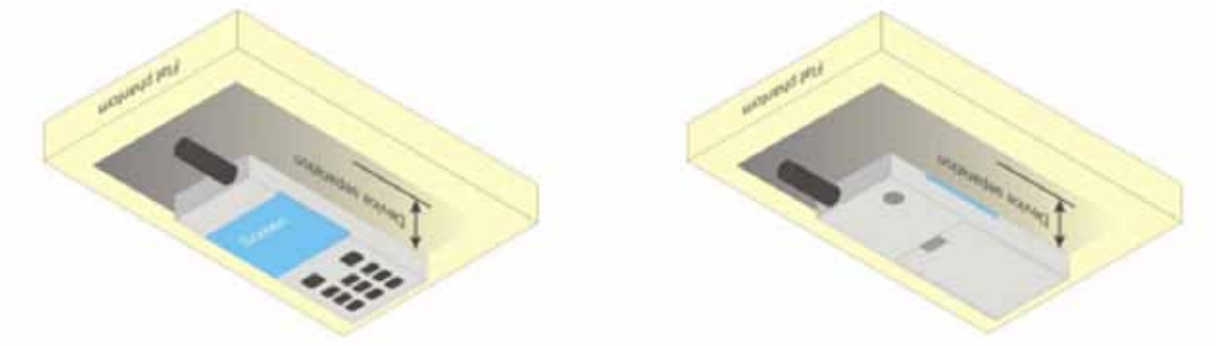
6.2 Body-worn Position Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

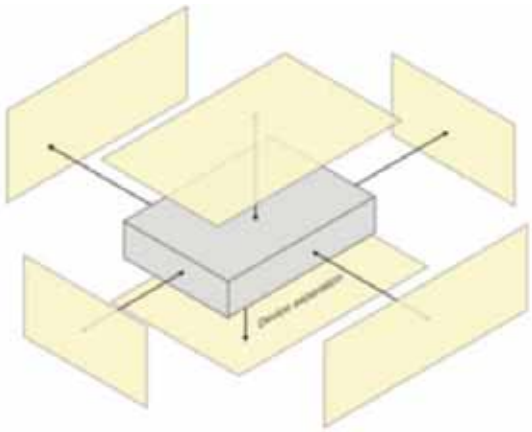
Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required. A

conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.



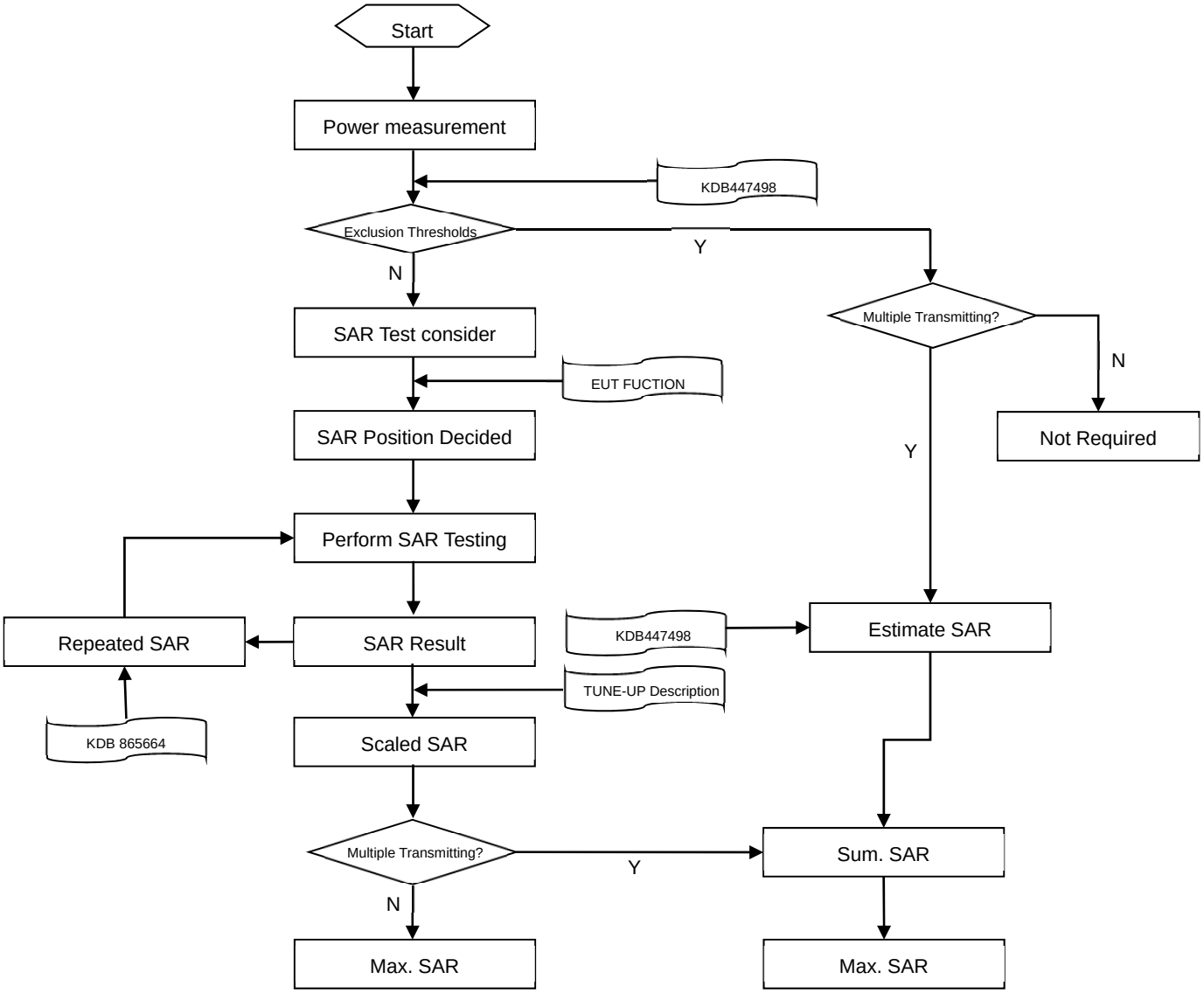
6.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



7 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

7.1 SAR Measurement Process Diagram



7.2 SAR Scan General Requirements

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003.

<table>
<tr><th colspan="3"></th><th>≤3GHz</th><th>>3GHz</th></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface</td><td>5±1 mm</td><td>½·δ·ln(2)±0.5 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location</td><td>30°±1°</td><td>20°±1°</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3" rowspan="2">Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx Area , Δy Area</td><td>≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm
2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm</td><td>3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm
4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx Zoom , Δy Zoom</td><td>≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm
2 –3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*</td><td>3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*
4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="6">Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="3">uniform grid: Δz Zoom (n)</td><td rowspan="3">≤ 5 mm</td><td>3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">graded grid</td><td rowspan="2">Δz Zoom (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface</td><td rowspan="2">≤ 4 mm</td><td>3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm
5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>Δz Zoom (n>1): between subsequent points</td><td colspan="2">≤ 1.5·Δz Zoom (n-1)</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Minimum zoom scan volume</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="3">x, y, z</td><td rowspan="3">≥30 mm</td><td>3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Note:
1. δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
2. * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.</td></tr>
</table>

7.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.
-

7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r03 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

8 CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER

The GSM mode measurement conducted power as following:

GSM850 Band	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Fram- Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	**128**	**190**	**251**	**128**	**190**	**251**
Frequency (MHz)	**824.2**	**836.6**	**848.8**	**824.2**	**836.6**	**848.8**
GSM (GMSK, 1-Slot)	33.71	**33.83**	32.80	24.71	**24.83**	23.80
GPRS (GSMK, 1-Slot)	31.50	31.29	31.15	22.50	22.29	22.15
GPRS (GSMK, 2-Slot)	30.77	30.62	30.45	24.77	24.62	24.45
GPRS (GSMK, 3-Slot)	28.85	28.70	28.53	24.59	24.44	24.27
GPRS (GSMK, 4-Slot)	27.77	27.61	27.41	**24.77**	24.61	24.41
EGPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	28.67	28.68	28.57	19.67	19.68	19.57
EGPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	27.74	27.74	27.61	21.74	21.74	21.61
EGPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	25.84	25.82	25.68	21.58	21.56	21.42
EGPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	24.70	24.96	25.00	21.70	21.96	22.00
GSM1900 Band	**Burst Average Power (dBm)**			**Fram- Average Power (dBm)**		
Channel	**512**	**661**	**810**	**512**	**661**	**810**
Frequency (MHz)	**1850.2**	**1880.0**	**1909.8**	**1850.2**	**1880.0**	**1909.8**
GSM (GMSK, 1-Slot)	30.00	**30.34**	30.30	21.00	**21.34**	21.30
GPRS (GSMK, 1-Slot)	29.95	30.22	20.22	20.95	21.22	11.22
GPRS (GSMK, 2-Slot)	29.01	29.35	29.28	23.01	23.35	23.28
GPRS (GSMK, 3-Slot)	27.22	27.49	27.49	22.96	23.23	23.23
GPRS (GSMK, 4-Slot)	26.37	26.68	26.69	23.37	23.68	**23.69**
EGPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	25.87	26.38	26.60	16.87	17.38	17.60
EGPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	25.01	25.58	25.77	19.01	19.58	19.77
EGPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	23.12	23.66	23.92	18.86	19.40	19.66
EGPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	21.91	22.53	22.65	18.91	19.53	19.65

Note:

1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

   Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

   Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

   Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

   Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

The WCDMA mode measurement conducted power as:

Band	WCDMA 850			WCDMA 1900		
Channel	**4132**	**4182**	**4233**	**9262**	**9400**	**9538**
Frequency (MHz)	**826.4**	**836.6**	**846.6**	**1852.4**	**1880.0**	**1907.6**
RMC 12.2Kbps85	22.54	22.25	**22.64**	22.17	**22.36**	22.28
HSDPA Subtest-1	20.51	20.67	20.24	20.55	20.79	20.84
HSDPA Subtest-2	20.32	20.65	20.63	20.68	20.59	20.78
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.24	20.35	20.38	20.43	20.62	20.59
HSDPA Subtest-4	19.17	19.42	20.46	20.67	20.85	20.78
HSUPA Subtest-1	20.25	20.58	20.67	20.26	20.55	20.73
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.65	20.32	20.68	20.58	20.36	20.52
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.61	20.50	20.34	20.37	20.85	20.49
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.12	20.33	20.68	20.26	20.84	20.32
HSUPA Subtest-5	20.04	20.11	20.28	20.12	20.33	20.24

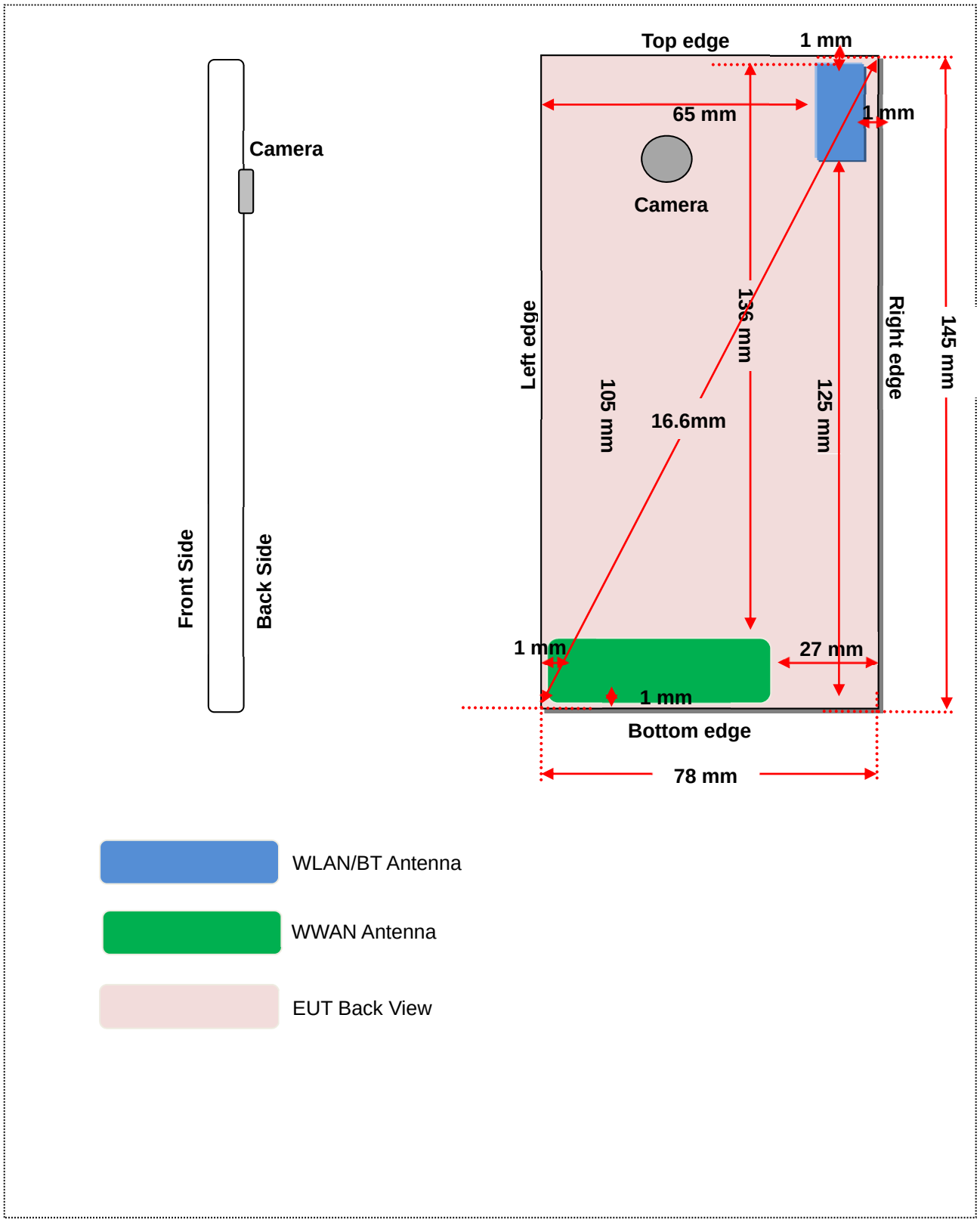
WLAN 2.4G mode:

Mode	802.11b			802.11g		
Channel	**1**	**6**	**11**	**1**	**6**	**11**
Frequency (MHz)	**2412**	**2437**	**2462**	**2412**	**2437**	**2462**
Peak Power (dBm)	10.75	10.91	**10.94**	10.55	10.05	9.26
AV Power (dBm)	7.32	**7.63**	7.61	7.29	6.94	5.41
Mode	**802.11n(HT-20)**			**802.11n(HT-40)**		
Channel	**1**	**6**	**11**	**3**	**6**	**9**
Frequency (MHz)	**2412**	**2437**	**2462**	**2422**	**2437**	**2452**
Peak Power (dBm)	10.75	10.29	9.68	7.33	6.84	6.78
AV Power (dBm)	7.45	7.26	6.44	4.13	3.53	3.45

Bluetooth mode:

Mode	GFSK			π/4-DQPSK		
Channel	**1**	**39**	**79**	**1**	**39**	**79**
Frequency (MHz)	**2402**	**2441**	**2480**	**2402**	**2441**	**2480**
Peak Power (dBm)	-3.95	-3.22	**-2.80**	-4.78	-3.92	-3.79
Mode	**8-DPSK**			**BLE**		
Channel	**1**	**39**	**79**	**1**	**19**	**40**
Frequency (MHz)	**2402**	**2441**	**2480**	**2402**	**2441**	**2480**
Peak Power (dBm)	-3.86	-3.94	-3.74	-10.64	-11.57	-11.62

9 EUT ANTENNA LOCATION SKETCH



9.1 SAR Test Exclusion Consider Table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, Appendix A, <SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz – 6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm> Table, this Device SAR test configurations consider as following :

Band	Mode	Max. Peak Power		Test Position Configurations					
				Head	Front/ Back	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
		dBm	mW						
GSM 850	Distance to User			<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	27mm	136mm	<5mm
	Voice	34.00	2511.89	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
	Data	32.00	1584.89	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
GSM 1900	Distance to User			<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	27mm	136mm	<5mm
	Voice	31.00	1258.93	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
	Data	31.00	1258.93	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
WCDMA Band 5	Distance to User			<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	27mm	136mm	<5mm
	RMC	23.00	199.53	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
WCDMA Band 2	Distance to User			<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	27mm	136mm	<5mm
	RMC	23.00	199.53	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
WLAN 2.4 G	Distance to User			<5mm	<5mm	65mm	<5mm	<5mm	125mm
	802.11b	12.00	15.85	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
	802.11g	11.00	12.59	No	No	No	No	No	No
	802.11n(HT20)	11.00	12.59	No	No	No	No	No	No
	802.11n(HT40)	8.00	6.31	No	No	No	No	No	No
Bluetooth	Distance to User			<5mm	<5mm	65mm	<5mm	<5mm	125mm
	BT	-1.00	0.79	No	No	No	No	No	No

Note:

1. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold
4. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

   [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] · [√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

   f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

   Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

   The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

   For < 50 mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value (3.0) to do compare.

   This formula is [3.0] / [√f(GHz)] · [(min. test separation distance, mm)] = exclusion threshold of mW.
5. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following

   a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm)·(f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

   b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

6. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA /HSUPA /DC-HSDPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC12.2Kbps, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
7. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.8. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate
9. Apply the test exclusion rule in KDB 248227 D01 v01r02 11g, 11n-HT20 and HT40 output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.

9.2 10-g Extremity Exposure Consider

According with FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, unless it is confirmed otherwise through KDB inquiries, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance;

The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

Conclusion:

1.The hotspot mode Max. 1-g SAR is 0.795W/Kg, which is less than 1.2W/Kg, 10-g extremity SAR is not required.

10 SAR TEST RESULTS

10.1 Head SAR

Band	Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift	Meas. SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power(dBm)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Meas. No.
GSM 850	Voice	Left cheek	190	836.6	-0.92	0.206	33.83	34.00	1.040	0.214	1#
		Left Tilted	190	836.6	-1.5	0.121	33.83	34.00	1.040	0.126	2#
		Right cheek	190	836.6	-3.65	0.185	33.83	34.00	1.040	0.192	3#
		Right Tilted	190	836.6	-0.27	0.101	33.83	34.00	1.040	0.105	4#
GSM 1900	Voice	Left Cheek	610	1880.0	-2.17	0.121	30.34	31.00	1.164	0.141	13#
		Left Tilted	610	1880.0	-0.36	0.125	30.34	31.00	1.164	0.146	14#
		Right cheek	610	1880.0	2.4	0.232	30.34	31.00	1.164	0.270	15#
		Right Tilted	610	1880.0	-0.73	0.090	30.34	31.00	1.164	0.105	16#
WCDMA 850	RMC	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	-0.37	0.191	22.64	23.00	1.086	0.208	33#
		Left Tilted	4233	846.6	0.91	0.106	22.64	23.00	1.086	0.115	34#
		Right cheek	4233	846.6	-0.52	0.188	22.64	23.00	1.086	0.204	35#
		Right Tilted	4233	846.6	-0.37	0.113	22.64	23.00	1.086	0.123	36#
WCDMA 1900	RMC	Left Cheek	9400	1880.0	0.48	0.126	22.36	23.00	1.159	0.146	25#
		Left Tilted	9400	1880.0	-0.43	0.097	22.36	23.00	1.159	0.112	26#
		Right cheek	9400	1880.0	-1.12	0.236	22.36	23.00	1.159	0.273	27#
		Right Tilted	9400	1880.0	-0.57	0.089	22.36	23.00	1.159	0.103	28#
802.11b	DATA	Left Cheek	6	2437	-2.44	0.036	10.94	12.00	1.276	0.046	45#
		Left Tilted	6	2437	-1.06	0.010	10.94	12.00	1.276	0.013	46#
		Right cheek	6	2437	-0.25	0.040	10.94	12.00	1.276	0.051	47#
		Right Tilted	6	2437	-1.28	0.011	10.94	12.00	1.276	0.014	48#

10.2 Body-worn And Hotspot Mode SAR (10mm separation)

Band	Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift	Meas. SAR(W/Kg)	Meas. Power(dBm)	Max. tune-up Power(dBm)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Meas. No.
GSM 850	Voice (Body-worn)	Front Side	190	836.6	2.09	0.240	33.83	34.00	1.040	0.250	5#
		Back side	190	836.6	-0.58	0.632	33.83	34.00	1.040	0.657	6#
		Left Edge	190	836.6	-0.31	0.179	33.83	34.00	1.040	0.186	7#
		BottomEdge	190	836.6	3.54	0.048	33.83	34.00	1.040	0.050	8#
	GPRS Data (Hotspot) Slot 4	Front side	128	824.2	-0.08	0.301	27.77	28.00	1.054	0.317	9#
		Back Side	128	824.2	0.08	0.750	27.77	28.00	1.054	0.791	10#
		Left Edge	128	824.2	-0.53	0.295	27.77	28.00	1.054	0.311	11#
		BottomEdge	128	824.2	-1.26	0.080	27.77	28.00	1.054	0.084	12#
GSM 1900	Voice (Body-worn)	Front side	661	1880.0	3.1	0.261	30.34	31.00	1.164	0.304	17#
		Back Side	661	1880.0	-3.94	0.371	30.34	31.00	1.164	0.432	18#
		Left Edge	661	1880.0	-1.70	0.222	30.34	31.00	1.164	0.258	19#
		BottomEdge	661	1880.0	0.72	0.153	30.34	31.00	1.164	0.178	20#
	GPRS Data (Hotspot) Slot 4	Front side	810	1909.8	-3.33	0.209	26.69	27.00	1.074	0.224	21#
		Back Side	810	1909.8	-2.73	0.394	26.69	27.00	1.074	0.423	22#
		Left Edge	810	1909.8	-0.82	0.070	26.69	27.00	1.074	0.075	23#
		BottomEdge	810	1909.8	1.17	0.175	26.69	27.00	1.074	0.188	24#
WCDMA 850	RMC (Body -Worn and hotspot)	Left Edge	4233	846.6	-0.64	0.193	22.64	23.00	1.086	0.210	37#
		BottomEdge	4233	846.6	0.31	0.486	22.64	23.00	1.086	0.528	38#
		Front side	4233	846.6	0.14	0.131	22.64	23.00	1.086	0.142	39#
		Back Side	4233	846.6	-0.8	0.042	22.64	23.00	1.086	0.046	40#
WCDMA 1900	RMC (Body -Worn and hotspot)	Front side	9400	1880.0	0.23	0.249	22.36	23.00	1.159	0.289	29#
		Back Side	9400	1880.0	-2.57	0.427	22.36	23.00	1.159	0.495	30#
		Left Edge	9400	1880.0	-0.32	0.068	22.36	23.00	1.159	0.079	31#
		BottomEdge	9400	1880.0	-0.12	0.165	22.36	23.00	1.159	0.191	32#
802.11b	DATA (Hotspot)	Front side	6	2437.0	-0.83	0.021	10.94	12.00	1.276	0.027	41#
		Right Side	6	2437.0	-0.13	0.002	10.94	12.00	1.276	0.003	42#
		Back Side	6	2437.0	-2.04	0.031	10.94	12.00	1.276	0.040	43#
		BottomEdge	6	2437.0	-1.05	0.005	10.94	12.00	1.276	0.006	44#

10.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10, the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

SAR Repeated Measurement

Band	Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq.	Original	first repeated	ratio	second repeated	ratio	Third repeated	ratio
-	-	Right Cheek	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	Right Tilted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	Left Cheek	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	Left Tilted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	Front side	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	Back Side	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Note:

1. The highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.

11 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

11.1 Simultaneous Transmission Mode Consider

Simultaneous Transmitting (Yes/NO)	BT	WLAN	WCDMA RMC	GSM Data	GSM Voice
GSM Voice	Yes	Yes	NO	NO	-
GSM Data	Yes	Yes	NO	-	-
WCDMA RMC	Yes	Yes	-		-
WLAN	NO	-	-	-	-
BT	-	-	-	-	-
Note: The BT and WLAN share the same PIFA antenna, cannot transmitting together.					

11.2 Estimated SAR Calculation

According to KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{Max.Tune\ Up\ Power_{(mW)}}{Min.Test\ Separation\ Distance_{(mm)}} * \frac{\sqrt{f_{GHz}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Band	Mode	Position	Antenna To user (mm)	SAR Testing	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Frequency (GHz)	Calculation Distance/Gap (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
Bluetooth	GFSK	Right Cheek	5	NO	-1.00	0.79	2.480	5	0.033
		Left Cheek	5	NO	-1.00	0.79	2.480	5	0.033
		Front side	10	NO	-1.00	0.79	2.480	10	0.017
		Back Side	10	NO	-1.00	0.79	2.480	10	0.017
		Right Edge	10	NO	-1.00	0.79	2.480	10	0.017
		Top Edge	10	NO	-1.00	0.79	2.480	10	0.017

11.3 Sum SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	1-g Sum SAR (W/kg)
GSM Voice + BT	Head	GSM Voice	0.270	0.296
		BT	0.026	
	Body-worn	GSM Voice	0.657	0.670
		BT	0.013	
GSM DATA + BT	Hotspot Mode	GSM DATA	0.791	0.804
		BT	0.013	
GSM Voice + WLAN	Head	GSM Voice	0.270	0.321
		WLAN	0.051	
	Body-worn	GSM Voice	0.657	0.697
		WLAN	0.040	
GSM DATA + WLAN	Hotspot Mode	GSM DATA	0.791	0.831
		WLAN	0.040	
WCDMA RMC + BT	Head	WCDMA RMC	0.273	0.299
		BT	0.026	
	Body-worn Hotspot	WCDMA RMC	0.528	0.541
		BT	0.013	
WCDMA RMC + WLAN	Head	WCDMA RMC	0.273	0.313
		WLAN	0.040	
	Body-worn Hotspot	WCDMA RMC	0.528	0.568
		WLAN	0.040	

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

12 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
PC	Dell	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
835MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID835	S/N 25/13 DIP 0G835-246	2014/08/17	2015/08/16
1900MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID1800	S/N 25/13 DIP 1G900-249	2014/08/17	2015/08/16
2450MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID2450	S/N 25/13 DIP 2G450-251	2014/08/17	2015/08/16
E-Field Probe	SATIMO	SSE2	SN 27/14 EPG210	2014/05/16	2015/05/15
Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA3	SN 17/13 ZNTA45	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	SATIMO	SAM	SN 30/13 SAM013	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	SATIMO	SAM	SN 30/13 SAM014	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 25/13 OCPG56	2014/08/17	2015/08/16
MultiMeter	Keithley	MultiMeter 2000	4024022	2014/02/13	2015/02/12
Signal Generator	R&S	SMF100A	1167.0000k02/104260	2014/02/17	2015/02/16
Power Meter	Agilent	5738A	11290	2013/10/22	2014/10/21
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z21	103971	2013/12/12	2014/12/11
Power Amplifier	Agilent	6552B	22374	2014/08/17	2015/08/16
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	8960-E5515C	MY50260493	2014/01/22	2015/01/21
Network Analyzer	RS	5071C	EMY46103472	2013/12/12	2014/12/11
Attenuator	COM-MW	ZA-S1-31	1305003187	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	AA-MCS	AAMCS-UDC	000272	N/A	N/A

13 REFERENCES

1 FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”

2 ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992

3 IEEE Std. 1528-2003, “Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, December 2003

4 FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, “SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters”, May 2007

5 FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, May 2013

6 FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, May 2013

7 FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, “3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES”, October 2014

8 FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r01, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers”, May 2013

9 FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", May 2013.

10 FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations”, May 2013

11 SATIMO COMOSAR_V4

12 SATIMO OPENSAR_V4

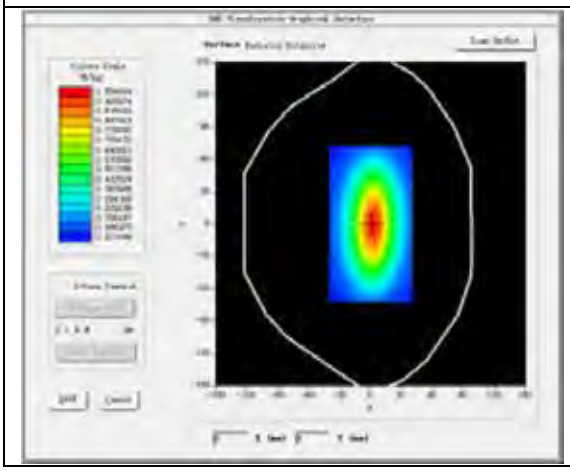
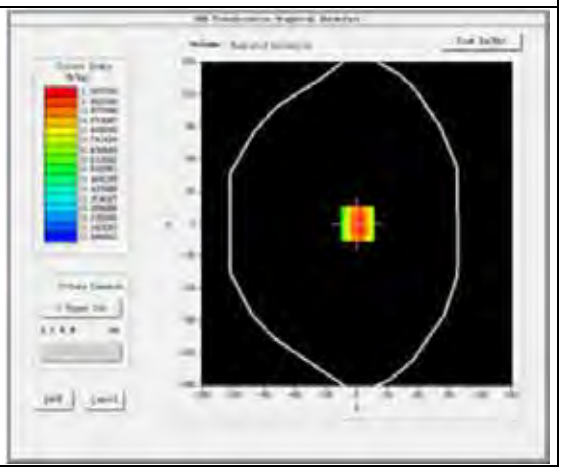
ANNEX A SAR TEST RESULT OF SYSTEM VERIFICAION

System Performance Check Data(835MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Date of measurement: 2014.9.12
Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	835MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835 MHz
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.550823
Relative permittivity	19.649035
Conductivity (S/m)	0.899707
Power drift (%)	-3.100000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	23.67
Crest factor:	1:1

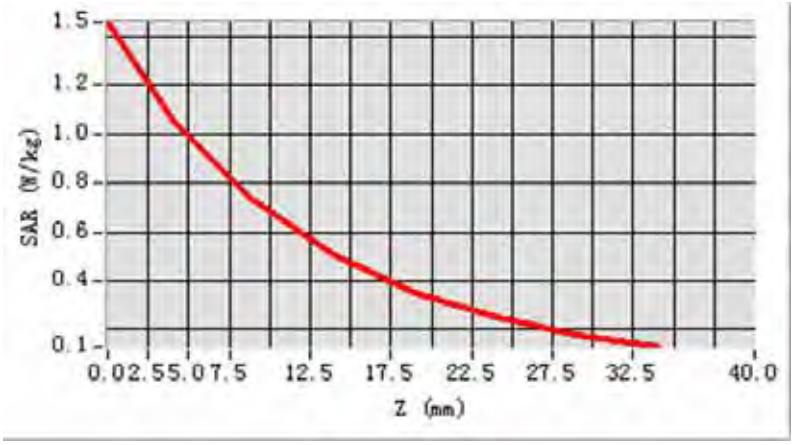
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

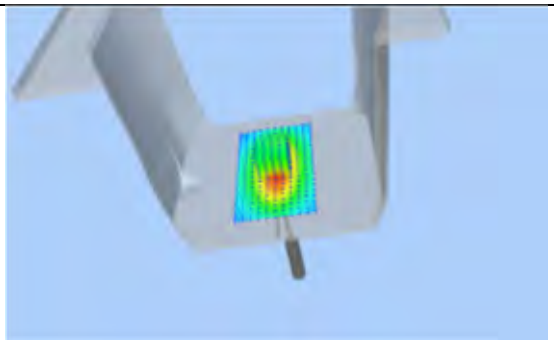
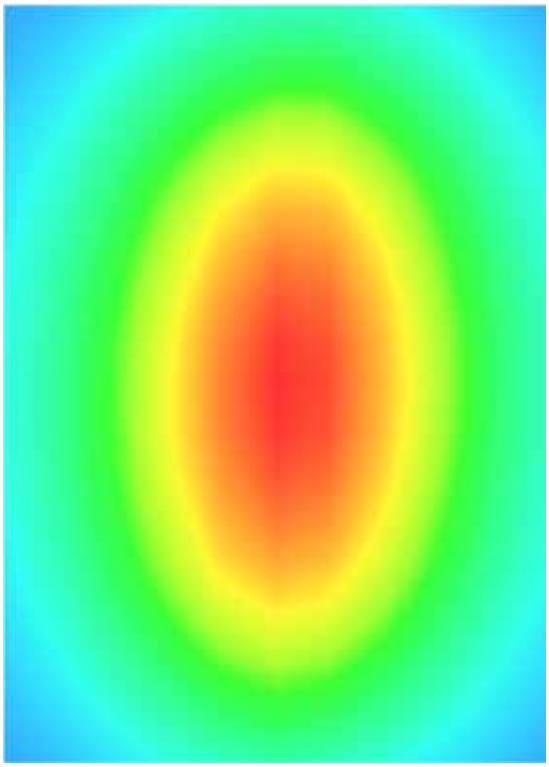
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00
SAR Peak: 1.46 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.661577
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.989228

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.4575	1.0675	0.7253	0.5042	0.3512	0.2505	0.1785



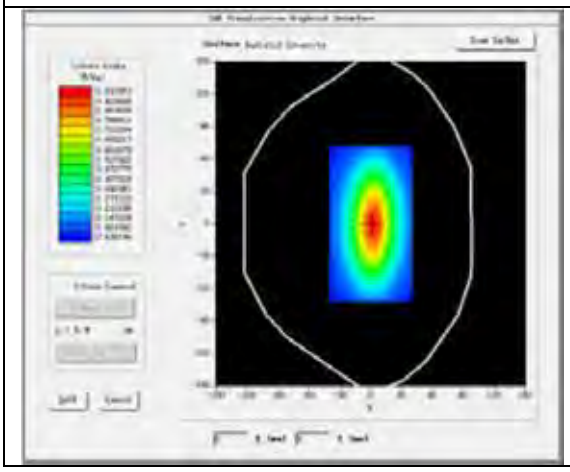
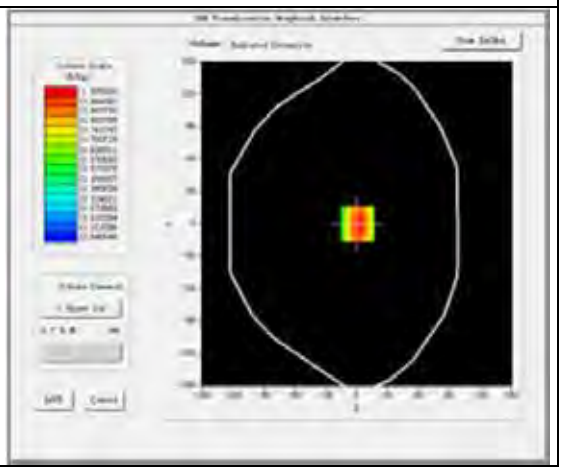
3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(835MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Date of measurement: 2014.9.9
Measurement duration: 14 minutes 13 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	835MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.242077
Relative permittivity	21.378187
Conductivity (S/m)	0.978883
Power drift (%)	0.090000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	24.58
Crest factor:	1:1

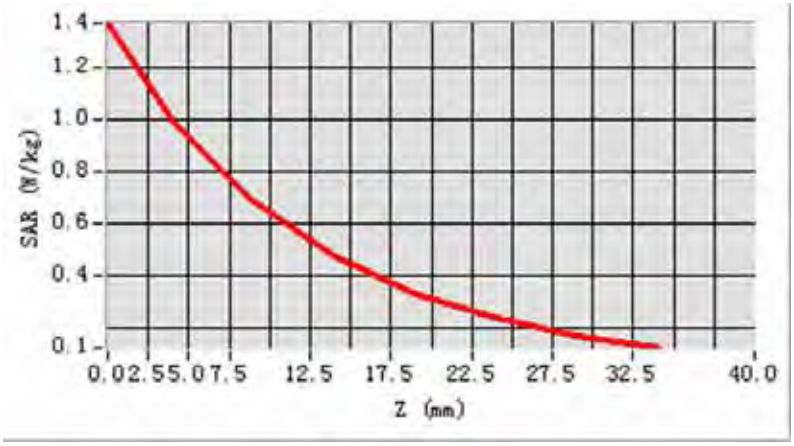
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

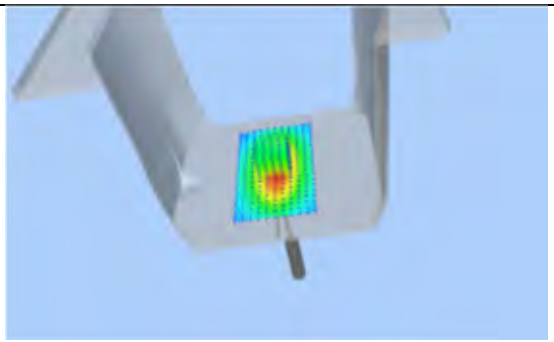
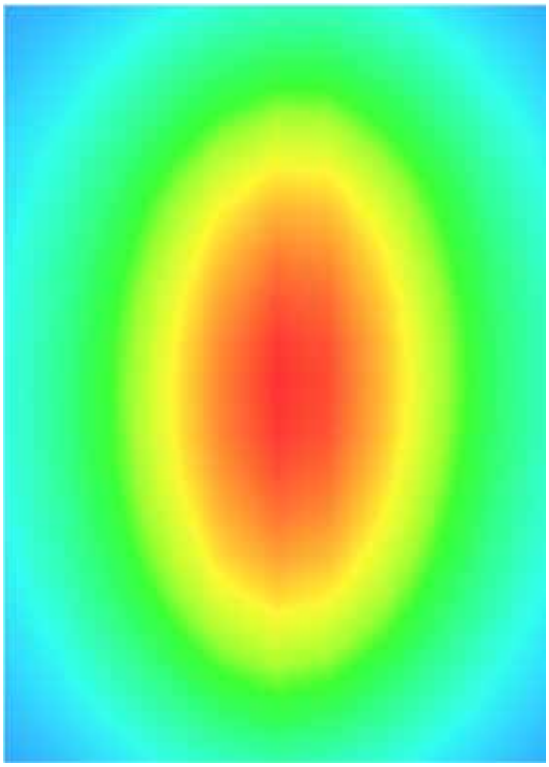
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00
SAR Peak: 1.48 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.672169
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.952813

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.3725	1.0058	0.6838	0.4755	0.3314	0.2365	0.1688



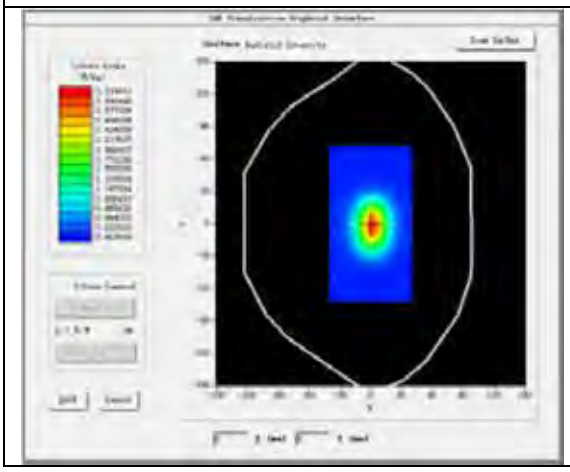
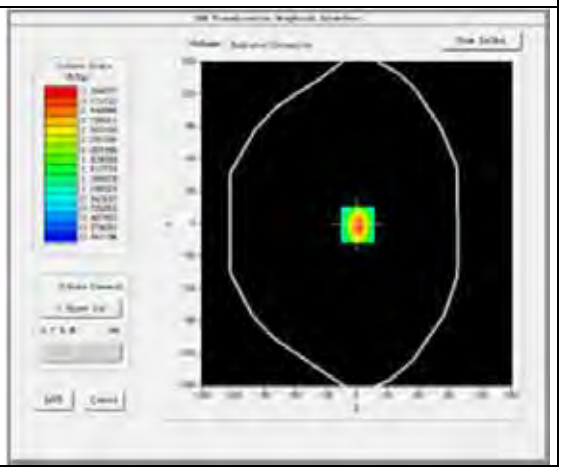
3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(1900MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Date of measurement: 2014.9.12
Measurement duration: 14 minutes 12 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900MHz
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.620000
Relative permittivity	13.195320
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400023
Power drift (%)	0.020000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	26.70
Crest factor:	1:1

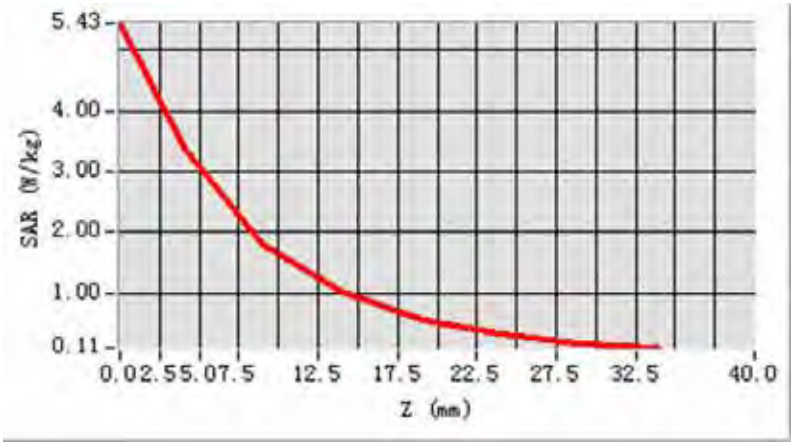
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

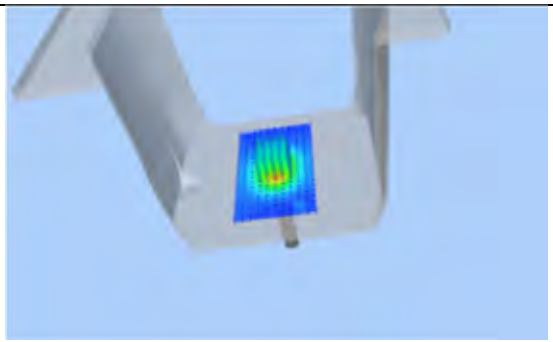
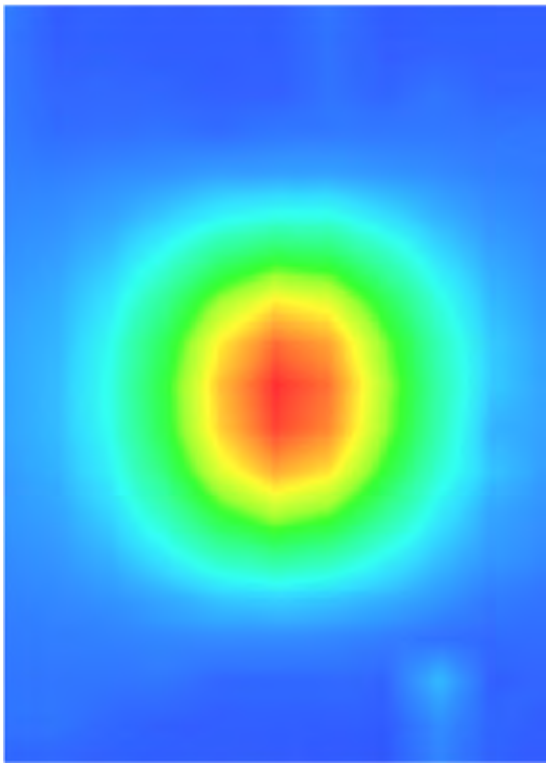
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00
SAR Peak: 5.39 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.599157
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.813076

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.4296	3.3946	1.8311	1.0187	0.5733	0.3288	0.1917



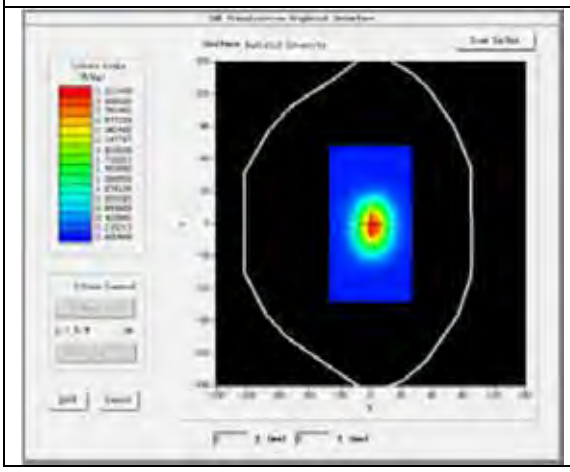
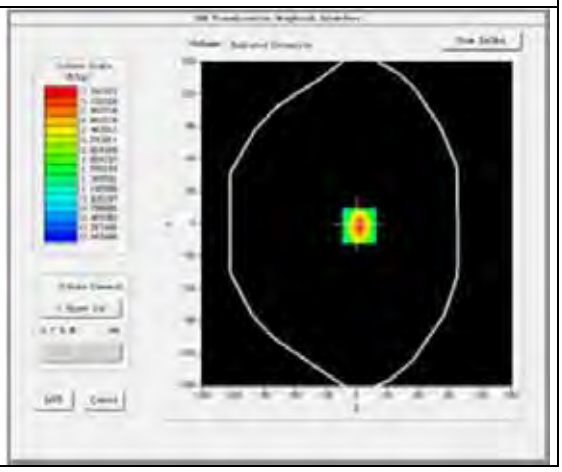
3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(1900MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Date of measurement: 2014.9.9
Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.180000
Relative permittivity	12.875310
Conductivity (S/m)	1.490023
Power drift (%)	0.370000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	27.47
Crest factor:	1:1

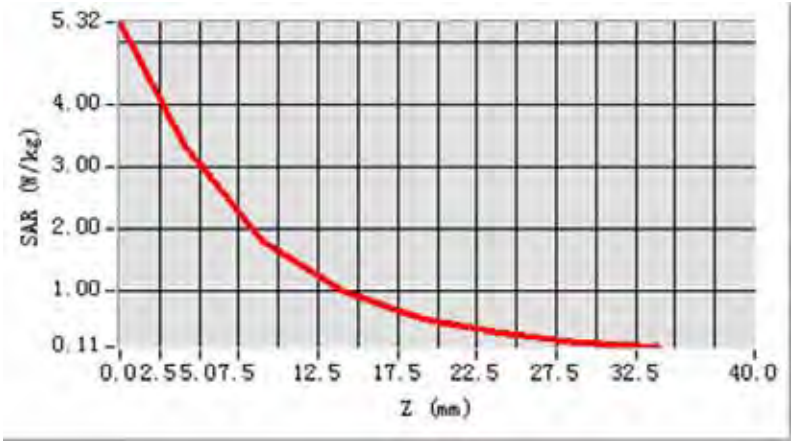
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

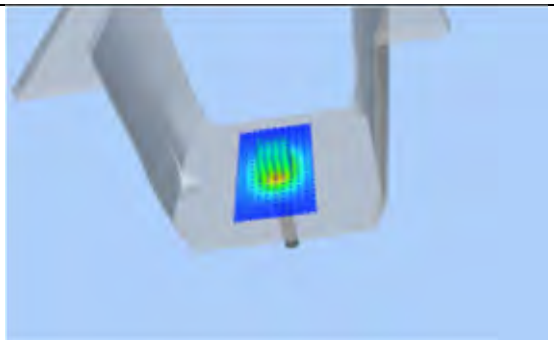
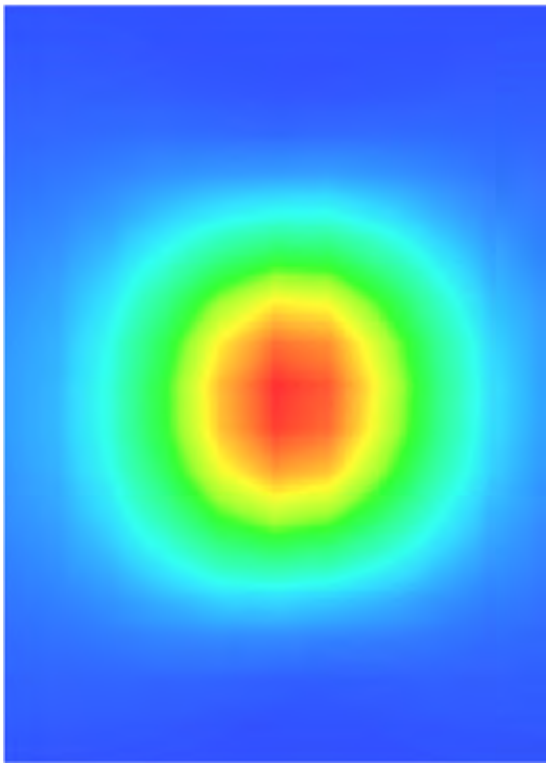
Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=-2.00
SAR Peak: 5.27 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.124122
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.741824

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.3196	3.3419	1.8167	1.0186	0.5752	0.3285	0.1898



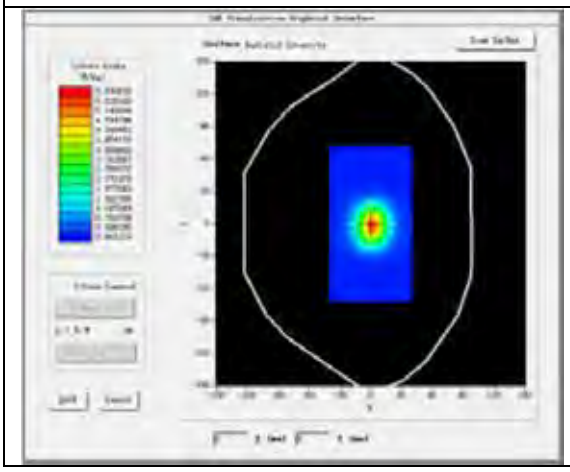
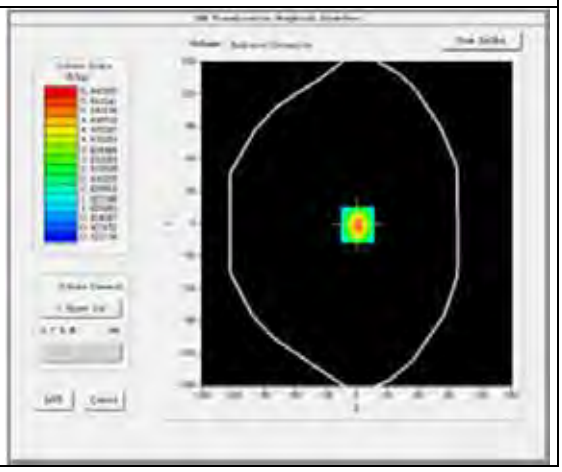
3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(2450MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Date of measurement: 2014.9.12
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 38 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	24500MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.341002
Relative permittivity	13.207000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.748081
Power drift (%)	-1.200000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	25.25
Crest factor:	1:1

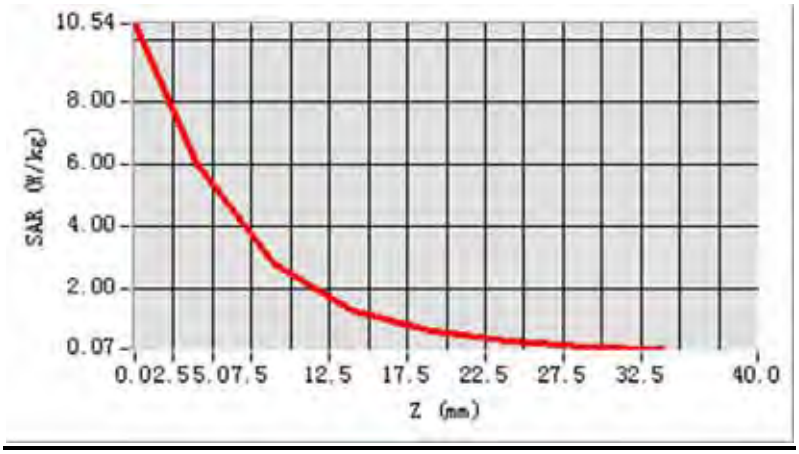
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

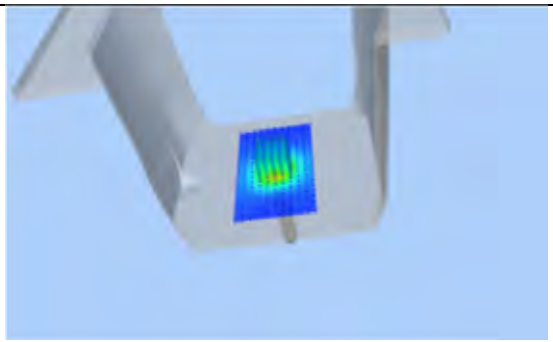
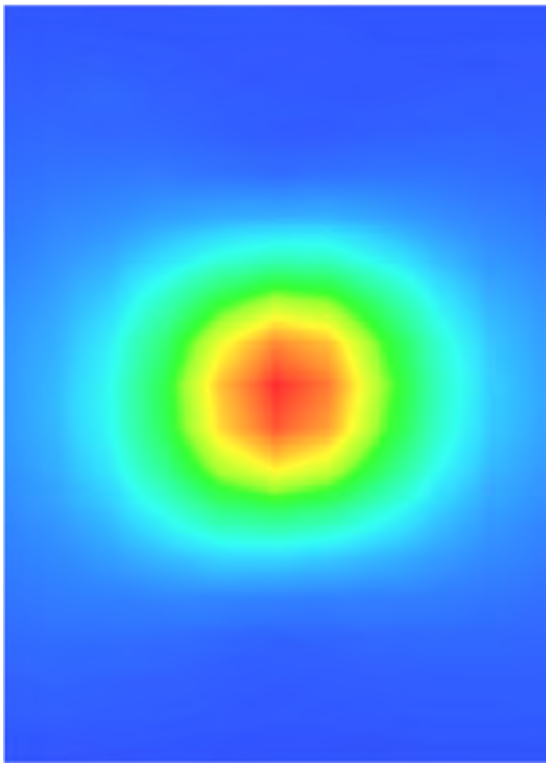
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00
SAR Peak: 10.40 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.563006
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.392723

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	10.7621	7.9862	3.6672	1.9872	0.5979	0.2875	0.1721



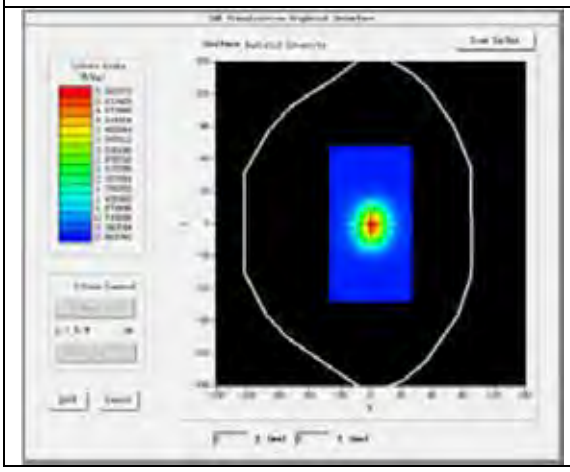
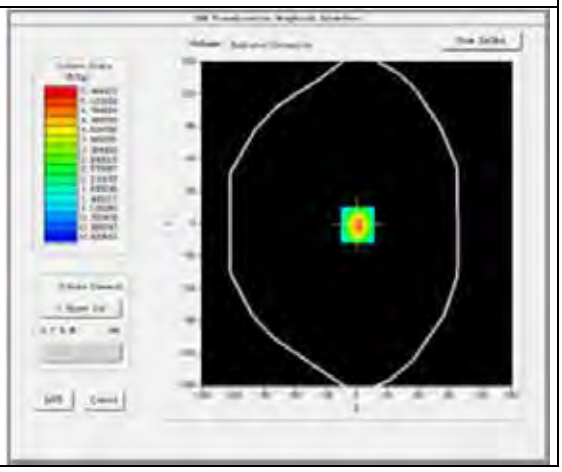
3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(2450MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Date of measurement: 2014.9.10
Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	2450MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.189000
Relative permittivity	11.9733281
Conductivity (S/m)	1.920000
Power drift (%)	0.370000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	26.09
Crest factor:	1:1

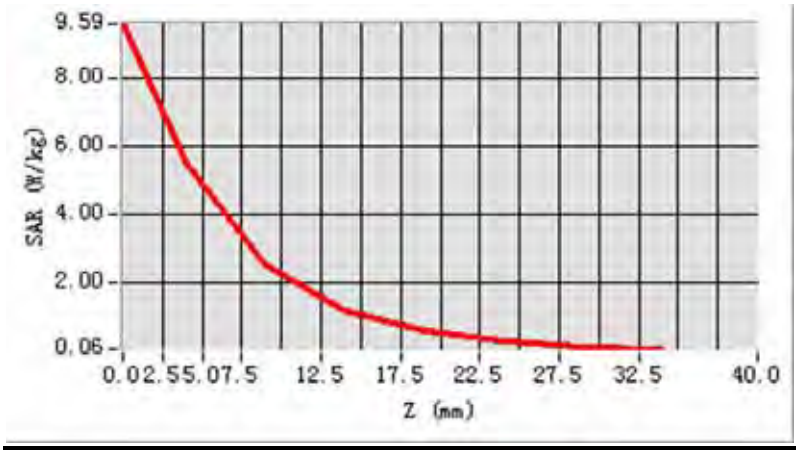
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

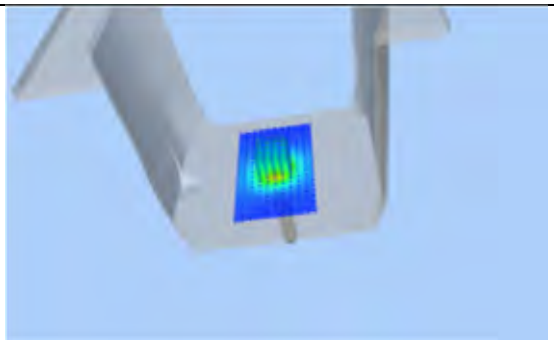
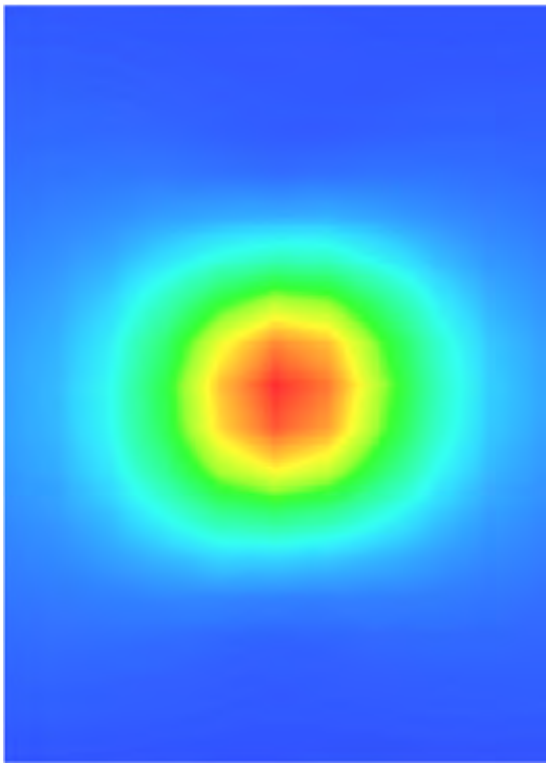
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00
SAR Peak: 9.46 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.294654
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.122832

Z Axis Scan

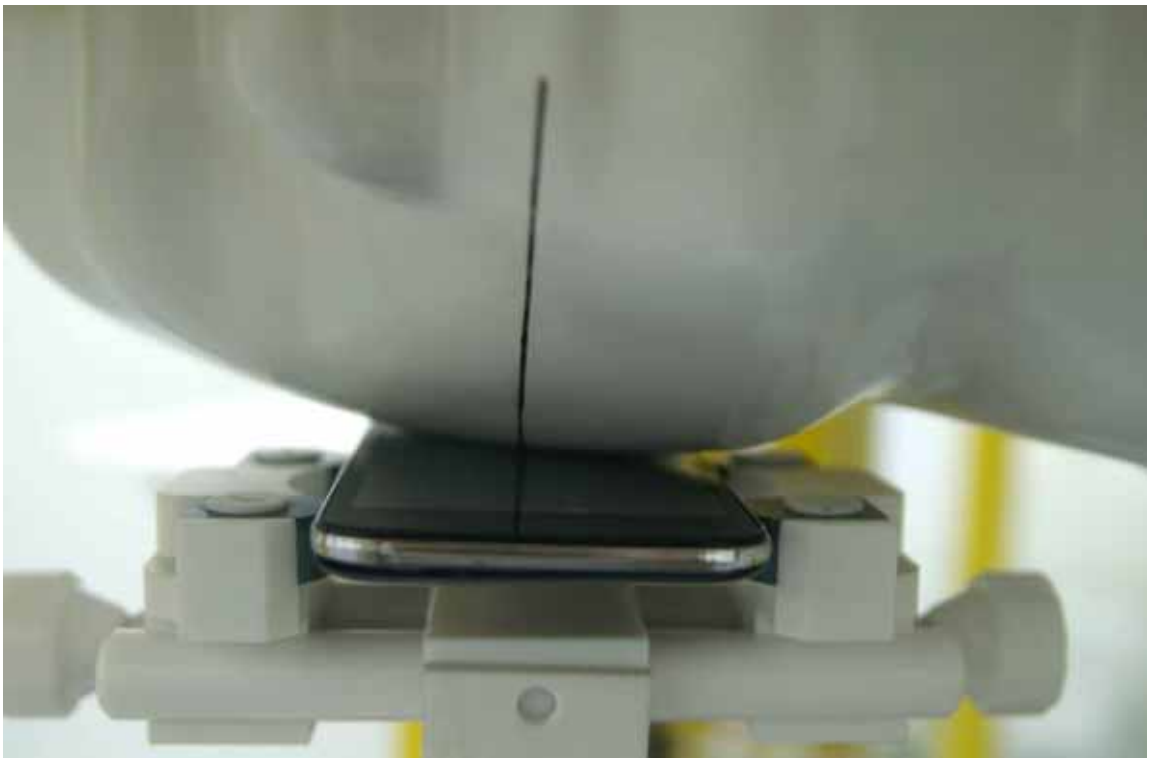
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	9.7552	7.4847	2.8567	1.7823	0.4983	0.1763	0.1091



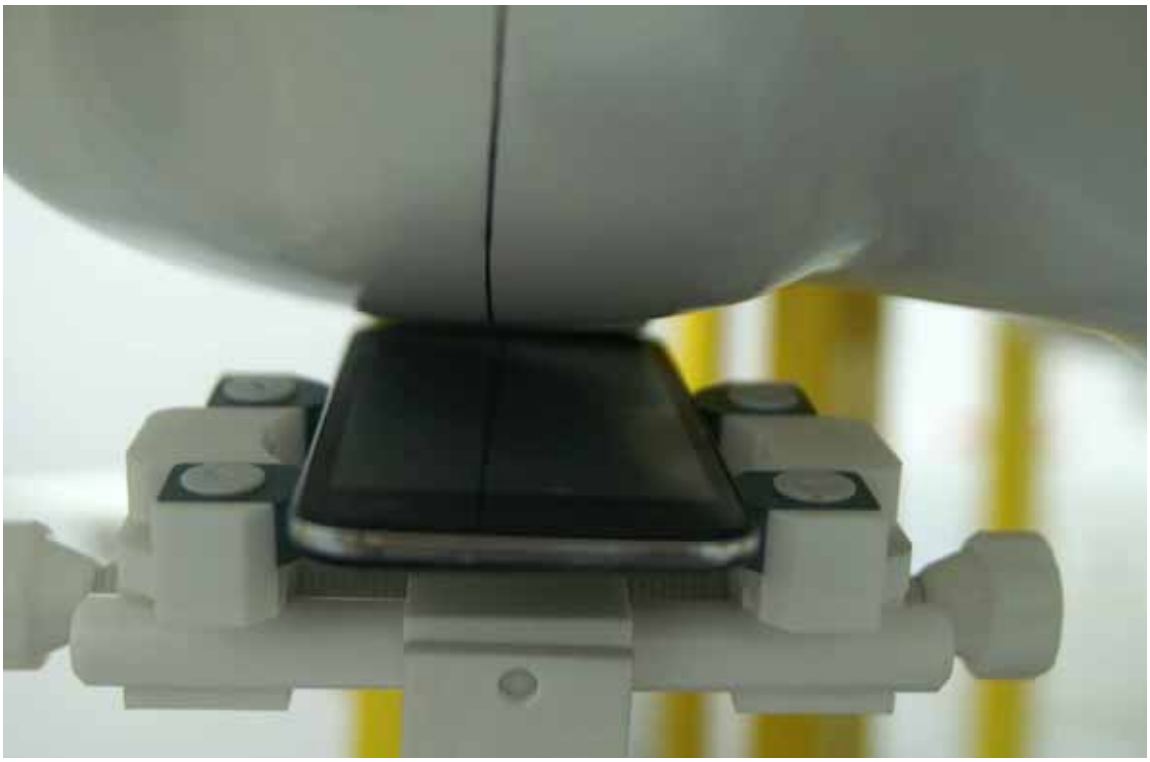
3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

ANNEX B SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

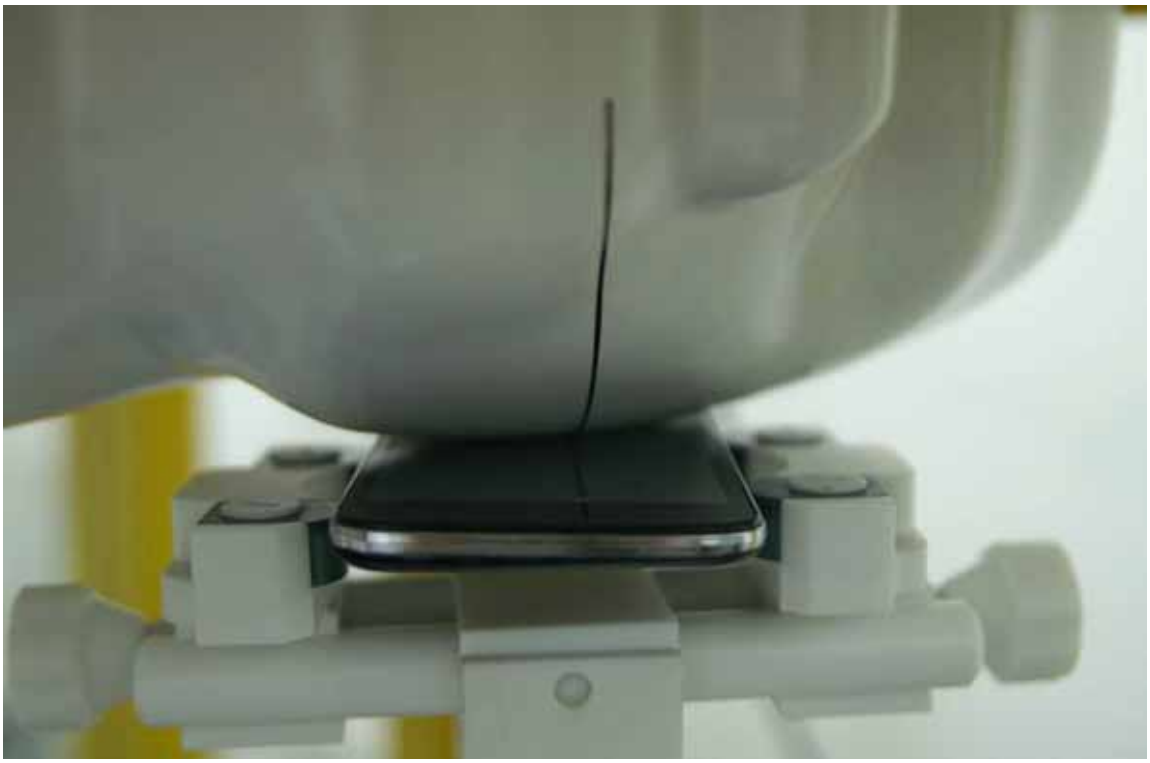
Right Head Cheek



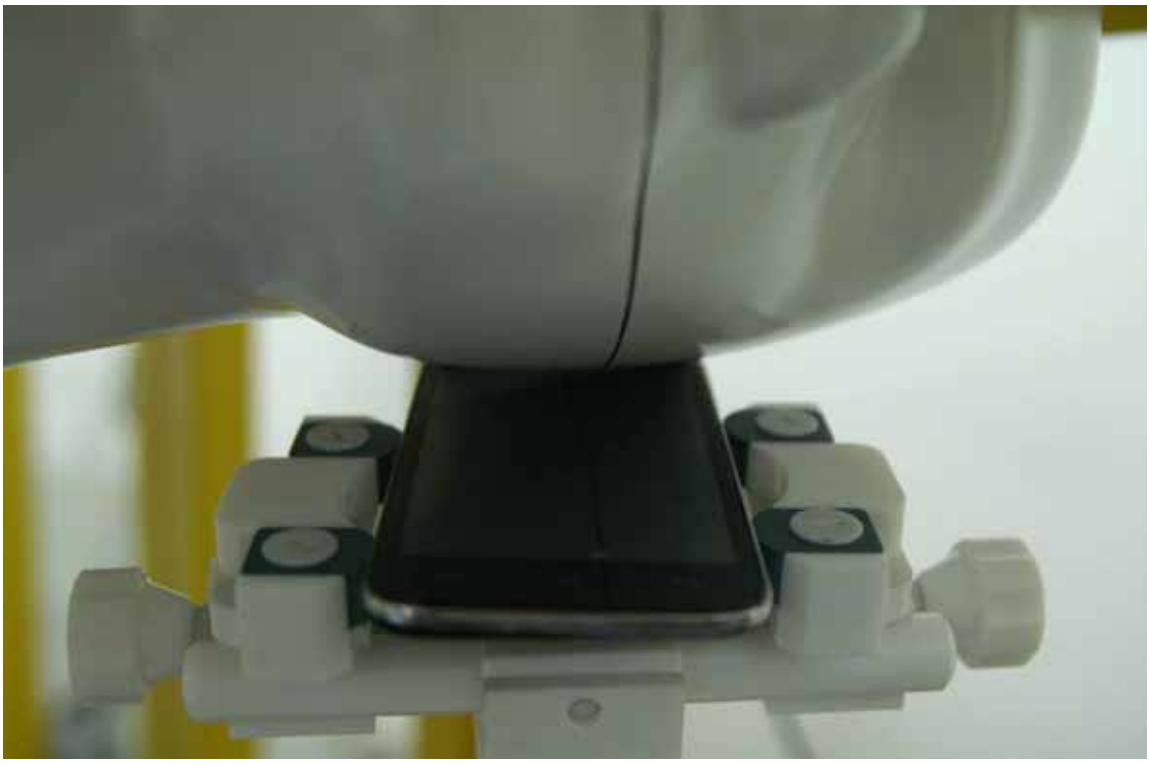
Right Head Title



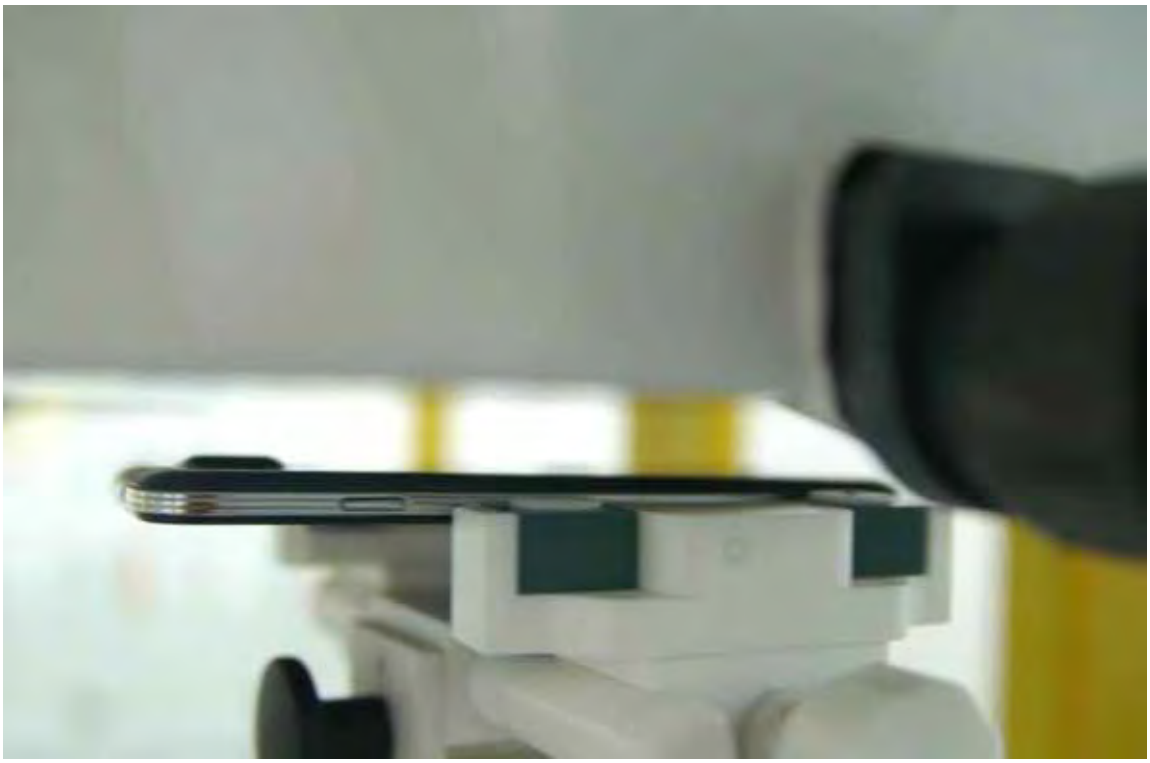
Left Head Cheek



Left Head Tilte



Back Side (10mm separation)



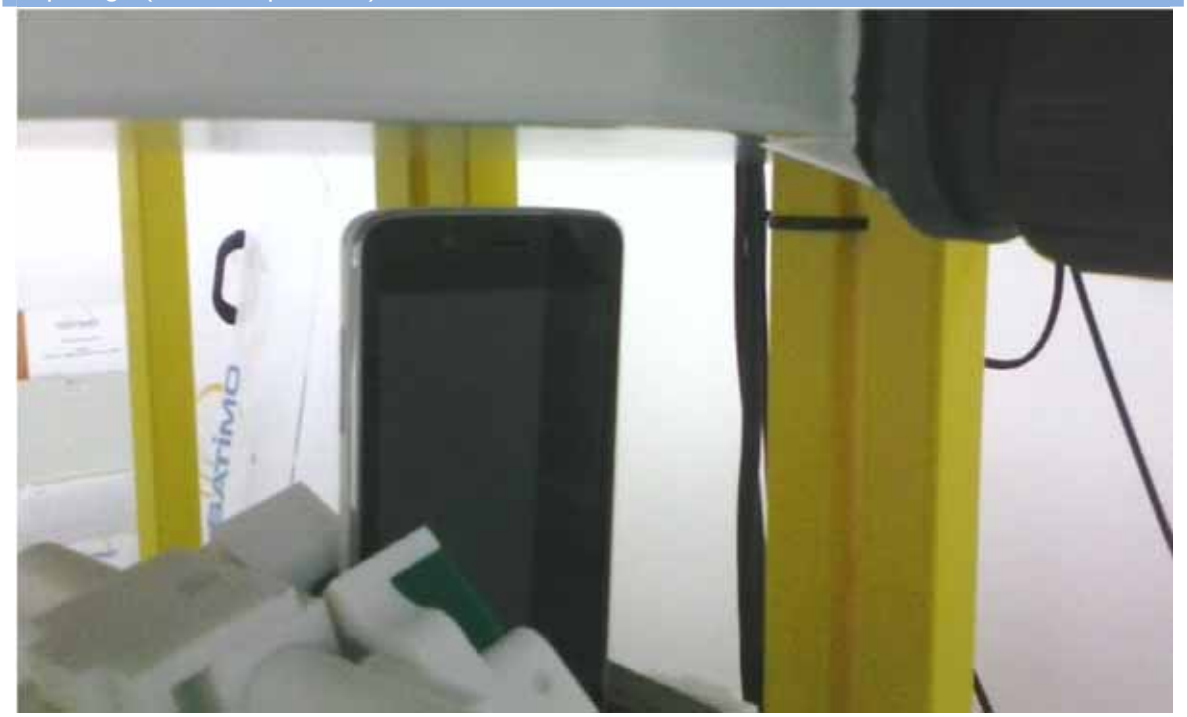
Front Side (10mm separation)

Bottom Edge (10mm separation)

Left Edge (10mm separation)

Right Edge (10mm separation)

Top Edge (10mm separation)



ANNEX C SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT

TABLE OF MEASUREMENT RESULT LIST

Band	POSITION	PARAMETERS
GSM850	HEAD	MEAS. 1: Left Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM850	HEAD	MEAS. 2: Left Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM850	HEAD	MEAS. 3: Right Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM850	HEAD	MEAS. 4: Right Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM850	BODY	MEAS. 5: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM850	BODY	MEAS. 6: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM850	BODY	MEAS. 7: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM850	BODY	MEAS. 8: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GPRS850	BODY	MEAS. 9: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GPRS850-12 mode
GPRS850	BODY	MEAS. 10: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GPRS850-12 mode
GPRS850	BODY	MEAS. 11: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GPRS850-12 mode
GPRS850	BODY	MEAS. 12: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GPRS850-12 mode
GSM1900	HEAD	MEAS. 13: Left Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM1900	HEAD	MEAS. 14: Left Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM1900	HEAD	MEAS. 15: Right Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM1900	HEAD	MEAS. 16: Right Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM1900	BODY	MEAS. 17: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM1900	BODY	MEAS. 18: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM1900	BODY	MEAS. 19: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
GSM1900	BODY	MEAS. 20: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GSM mode

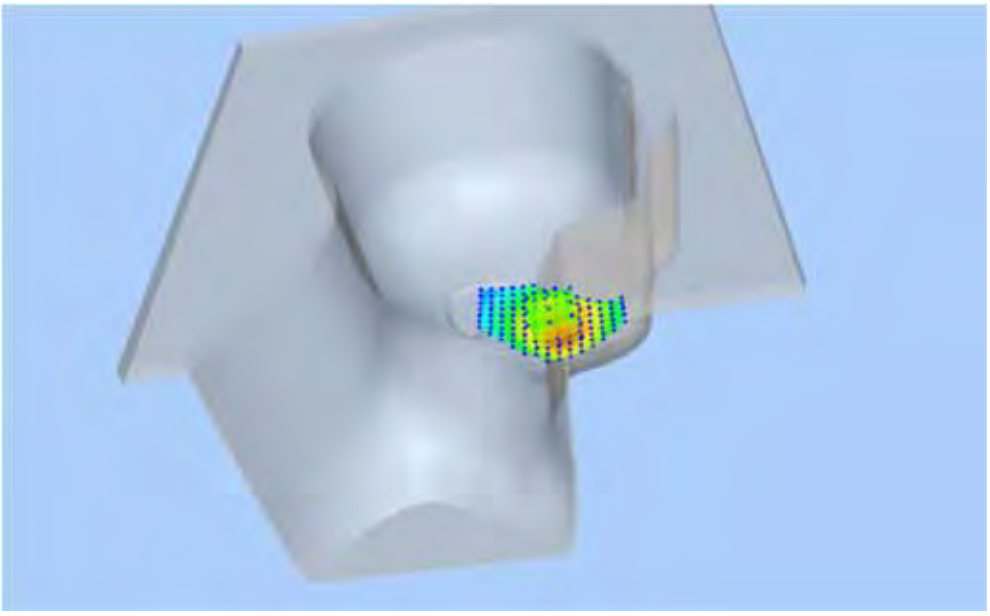
Band	POSITION	PARAMETERS
GPRS1900	BODY	MEAS. 21: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode
GPRS1900	BODY	MEAS. 22: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode
GPRS1900	BODY	MEAS. 23: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode
GPRS1900	BODY	MEAS. 24: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode
Band2_WCDMA1900	HEAD	MEAS. 25: Left Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band2_WCDMA1900	HEAD	MEAS. 26: Left Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band2_WCDMA1900	HEAD	MEAS. 27: Right Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band2_WCDMA1900	HEAD	MEAS. 28: Right Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band2_WCDMA1900	BODY	MEAS. 29: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band2_WCDMA1900	BODY	MEAS. 30: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band2_WCDMA1900	BODY	MEAS. 31: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band2_WCDMA1900	BODY	MEAS. 32: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band5_WCDMA850	HEAD	MEAS. 33: Left Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band5_WCDMA850	HEAD	MEAS. 34: Left Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band5_WCDMA850	HEAD	MEAS. 35: Right Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band5_WCDMA850	HEAD	MEAS. 36: Right Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band5_WCDMA850	BODY	MEAS. 37: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band5_WCDMA850	BODY	MEAS. 38: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band5_WCDMA850	BODY	MEAS. 39: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Band5_WCDMA850	BODY	MEAS. 40: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
WLAN 802.11b	BODY	MEAS. 41: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode
WLAN 802.11b	BODY	MEAS. 42: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Band	POSITION	PARAMETERS
WLAN 802.11b	**BODY**	MEAS. 43: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode
WLAN 802.11b	**BODY**	MEAS. 44: Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode
WLAN 802.11b	**HEAD**	MEAS. 45: Left Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode
WLAN 802.11b	**HEAD**	MEAS. 46: Left Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode
WLAN 802.11b	**HEAD**	MEAS. 47: Right Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode
WLAN 802.11b	**HEAD**	MEAS. 48: Right Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

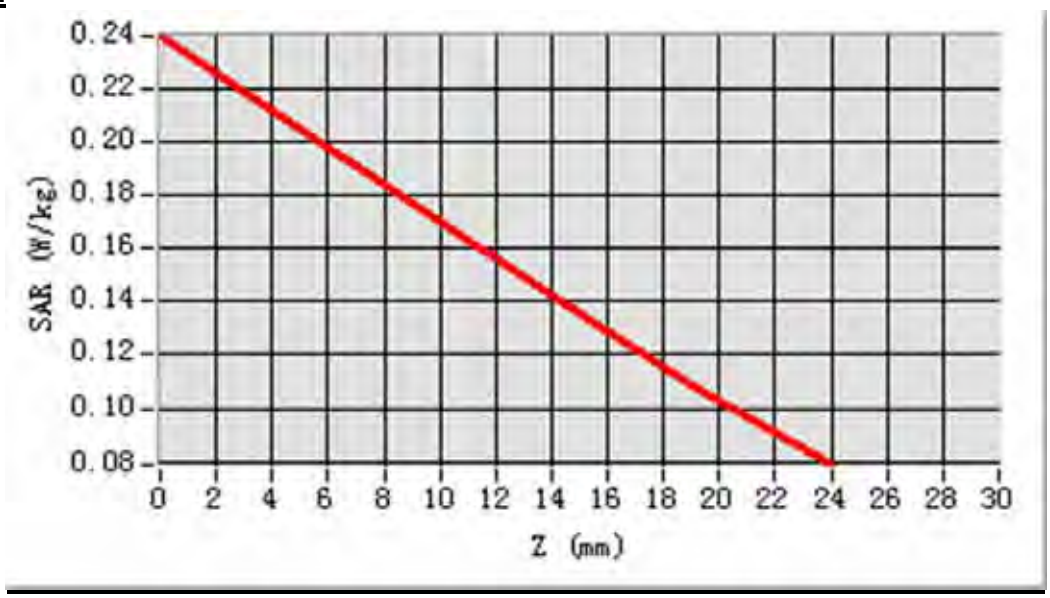
MEAS. 1 Left Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	GSM850, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 41.55; Conductivity: 0.90 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-48.000000, Y=-40.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.153002
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.205874
Power drift (%):	-0.92

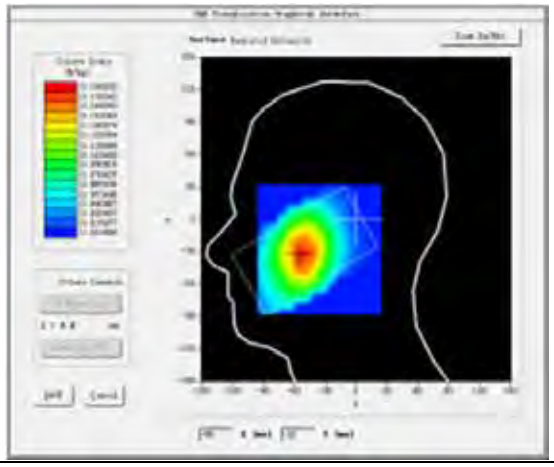
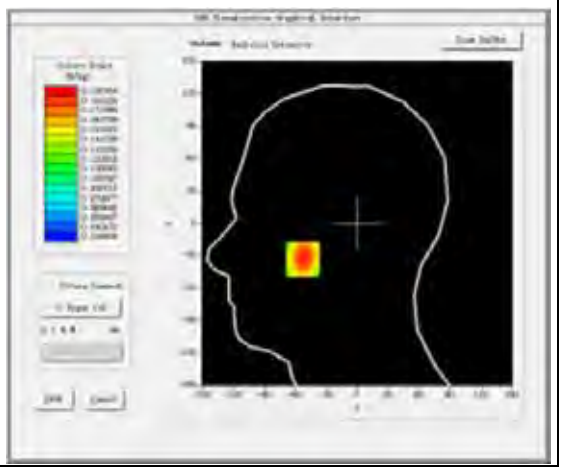
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



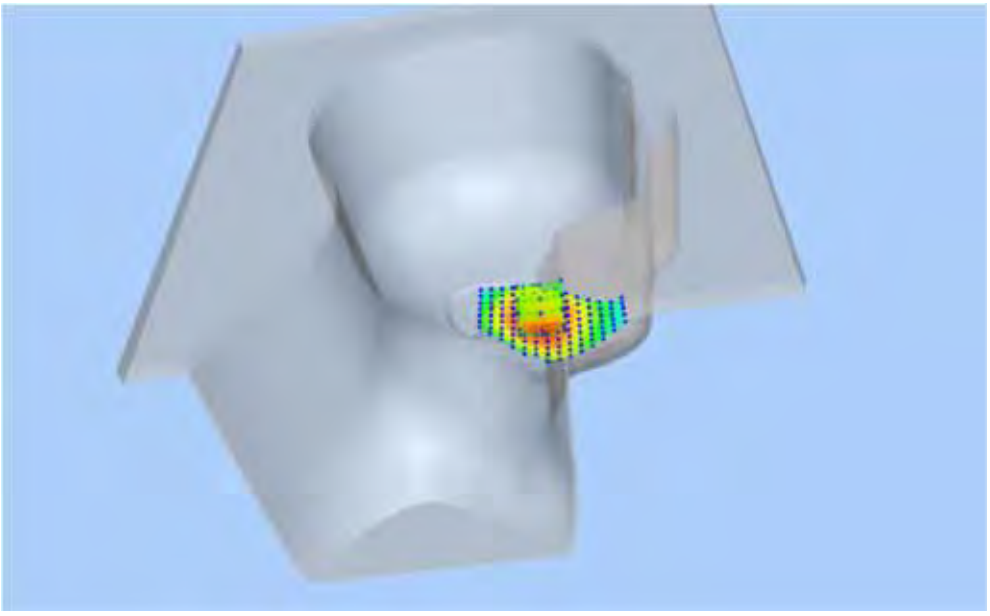
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

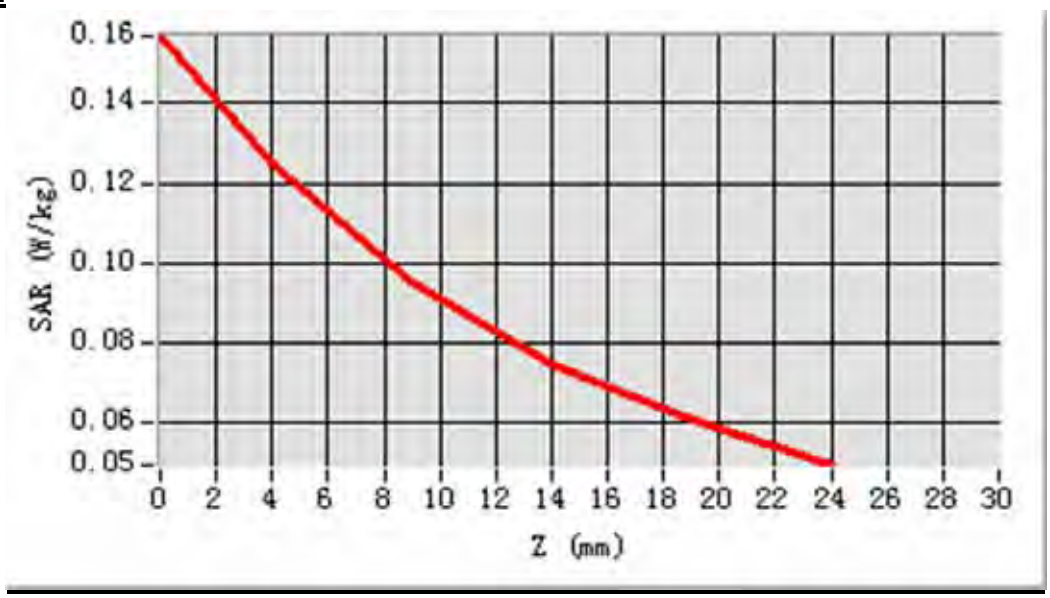
MEAS. 2 Left Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	GSM850, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 41.55; Conductivity: 0.90 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-40.000000, Y=-24.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.088761
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.120753
Power drift (%):	-1.50

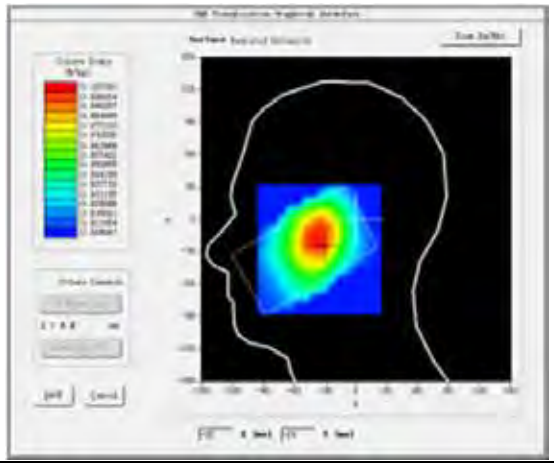
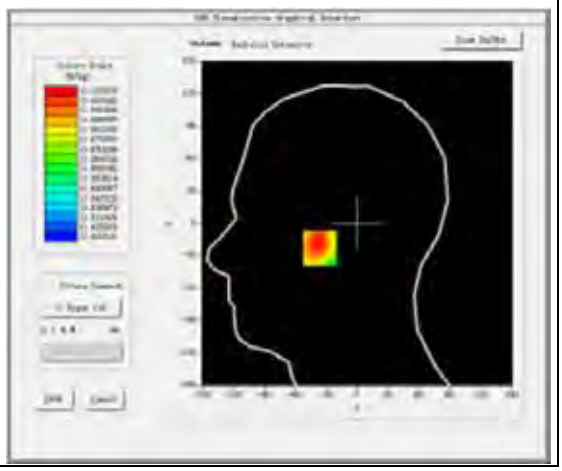
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



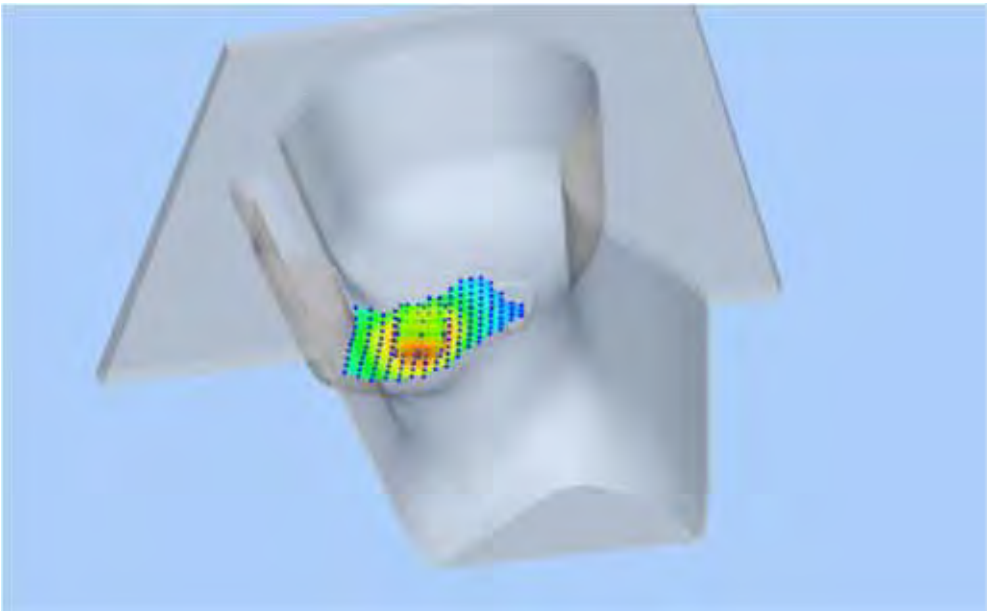
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

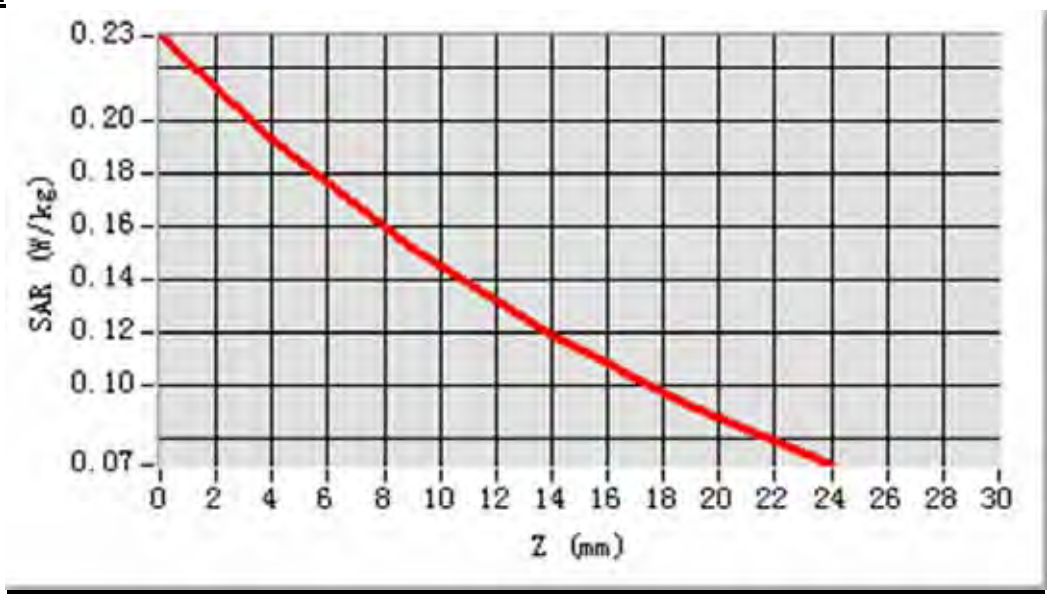
MEAS. 3 Right Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	GSM850, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 41.55; Conductivity: 0.90 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-56.000000, Y=-32.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.135047
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.184696
Power drift (%):	-3.65

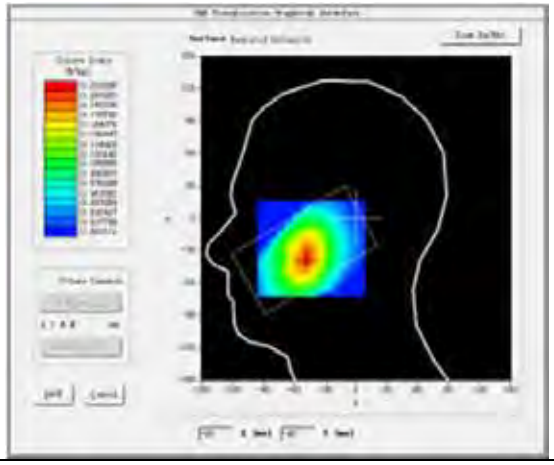
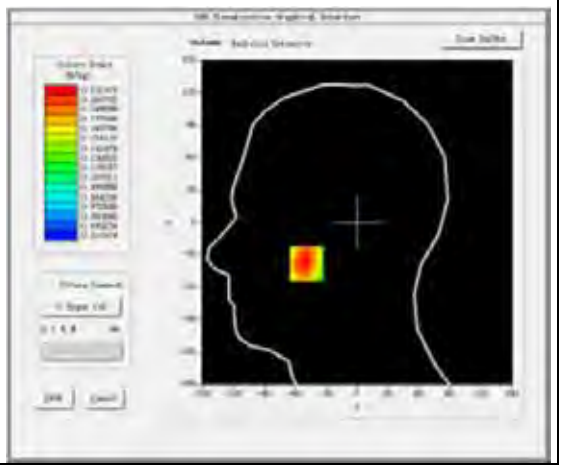
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



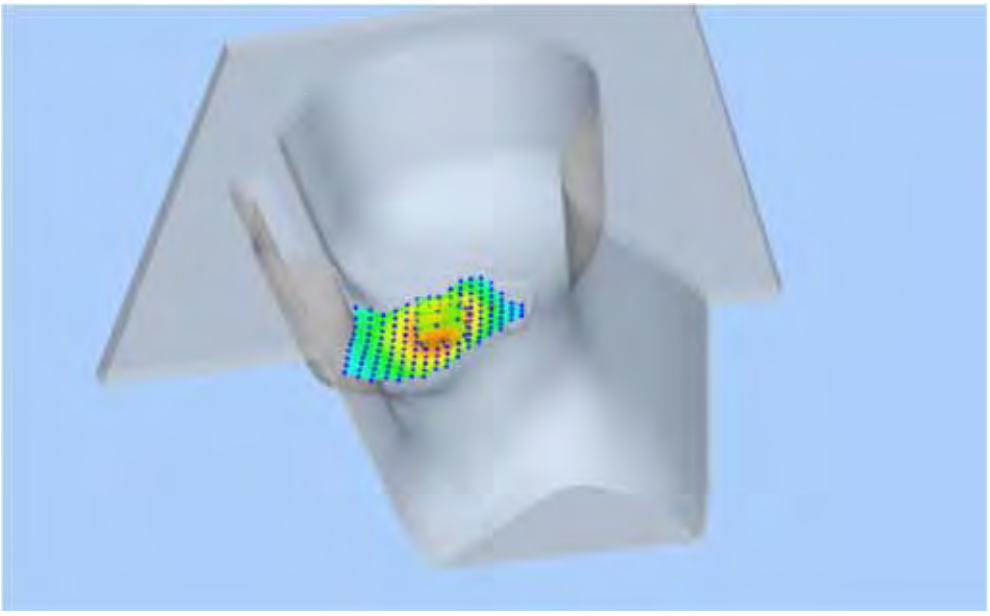
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

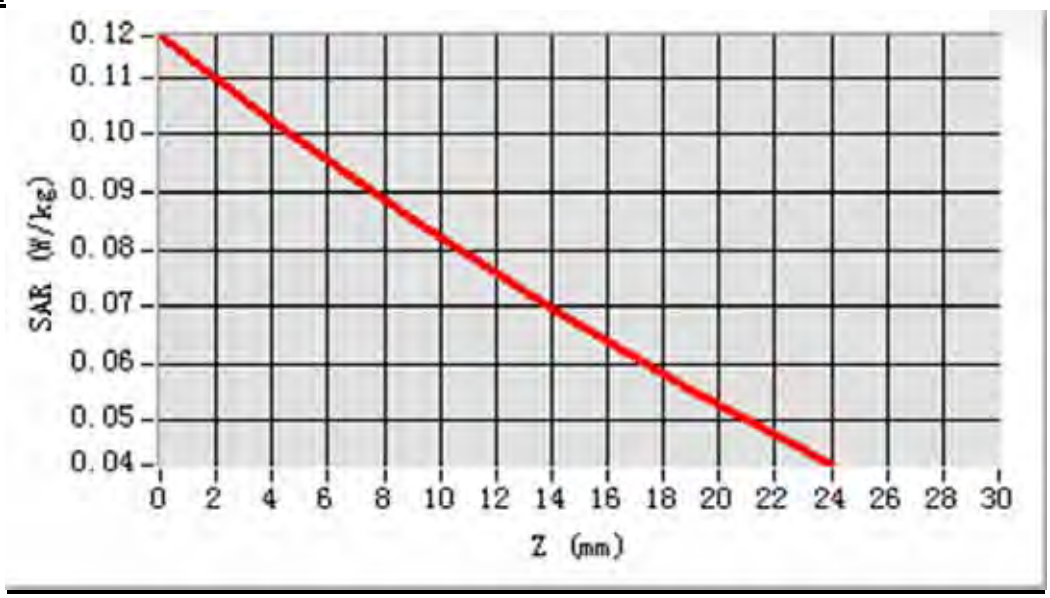
MEAS. 4 Right Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	GSM850, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 41.55; Conductivity: 0.90 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-32.000000, Y=-24.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.076173
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.100830
Power drift (%):	-0.27

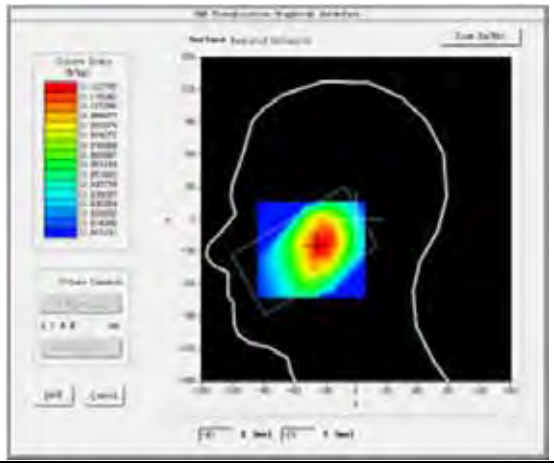
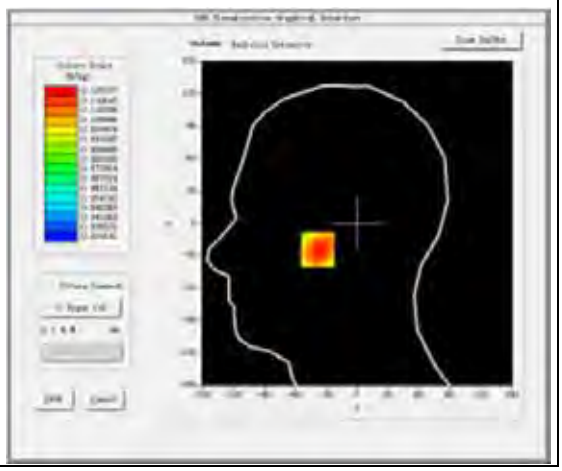
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



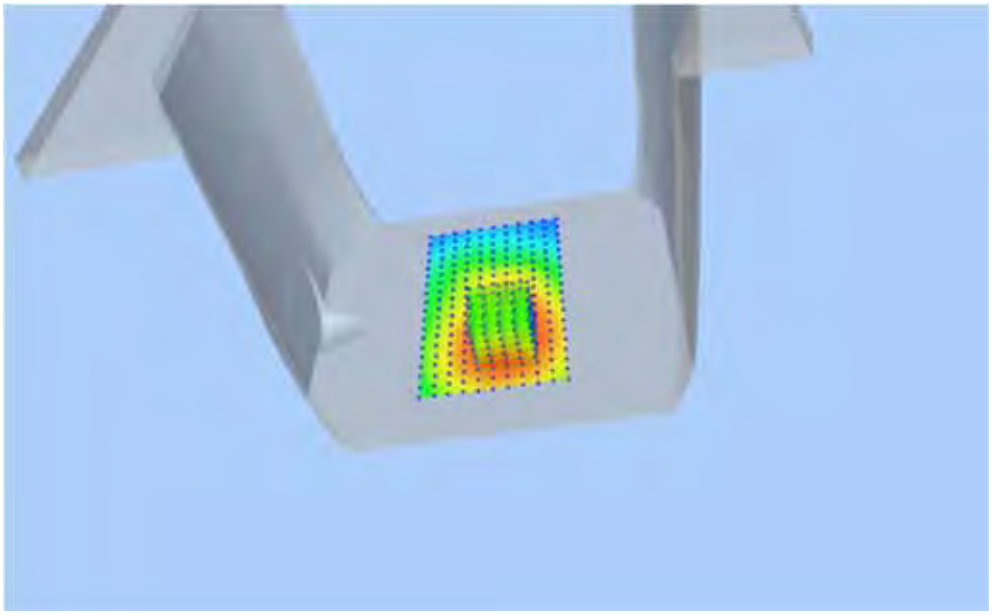
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

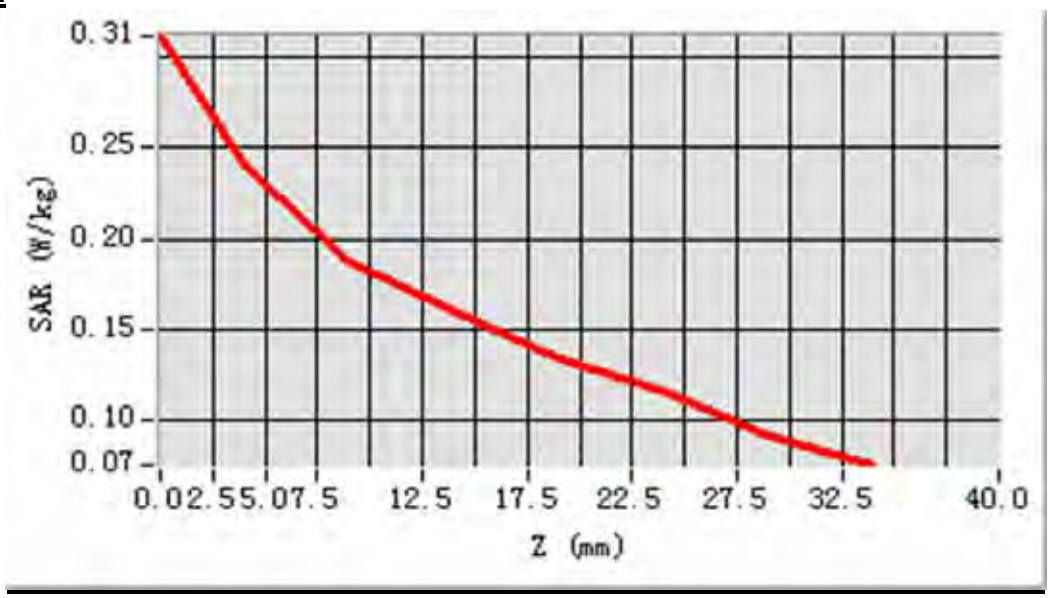
MEAS. 5 Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GSM850, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 55.24; Conductivity: 0.98 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 24.10
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=8.000000, Y=-40.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.184185
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.240482
Power drift (%):	-0.51

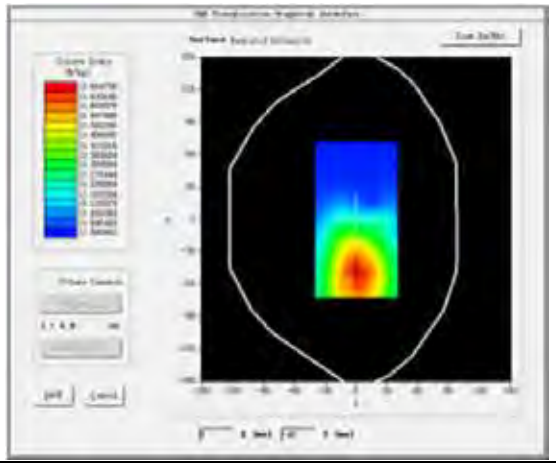
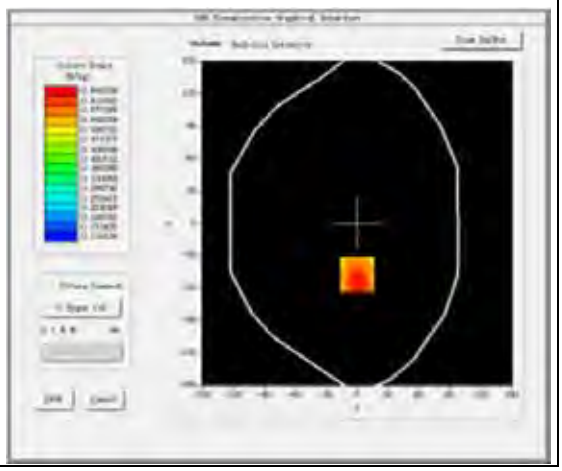
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



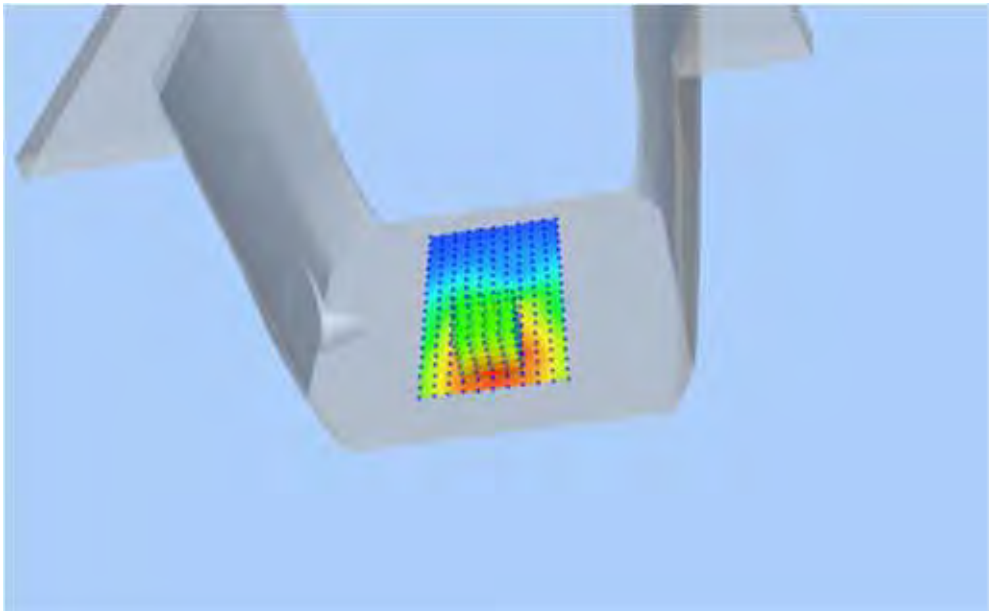
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

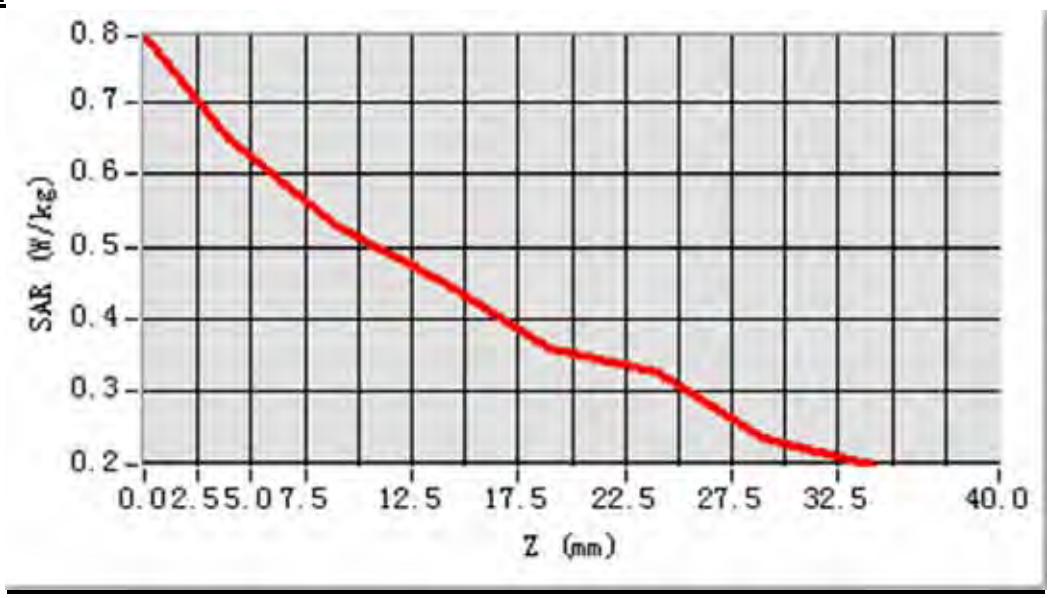
MEAS. 6 Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GSM850, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 55.24; Conductivity: 0.98 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 24.10
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=-48.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.490272
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.631971
Power drift (%):	-0.61

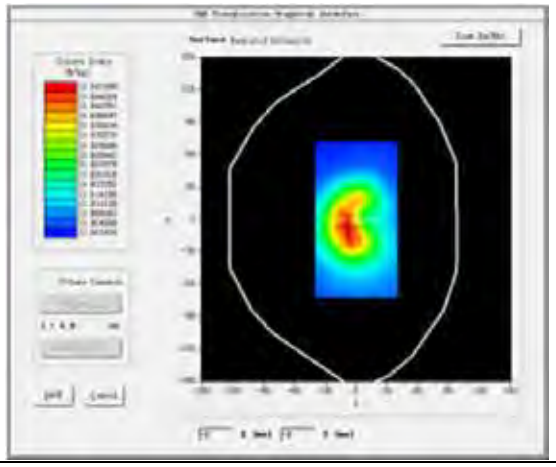
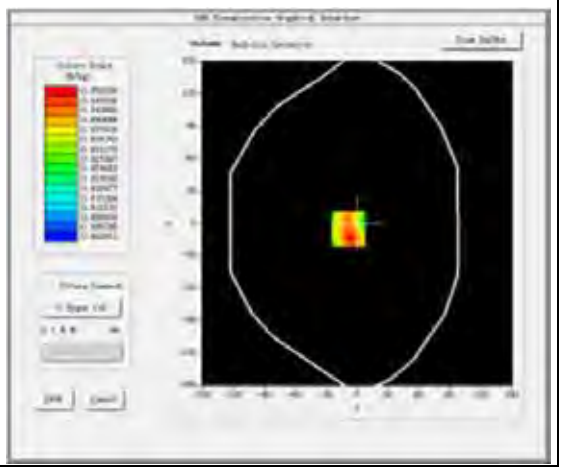
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



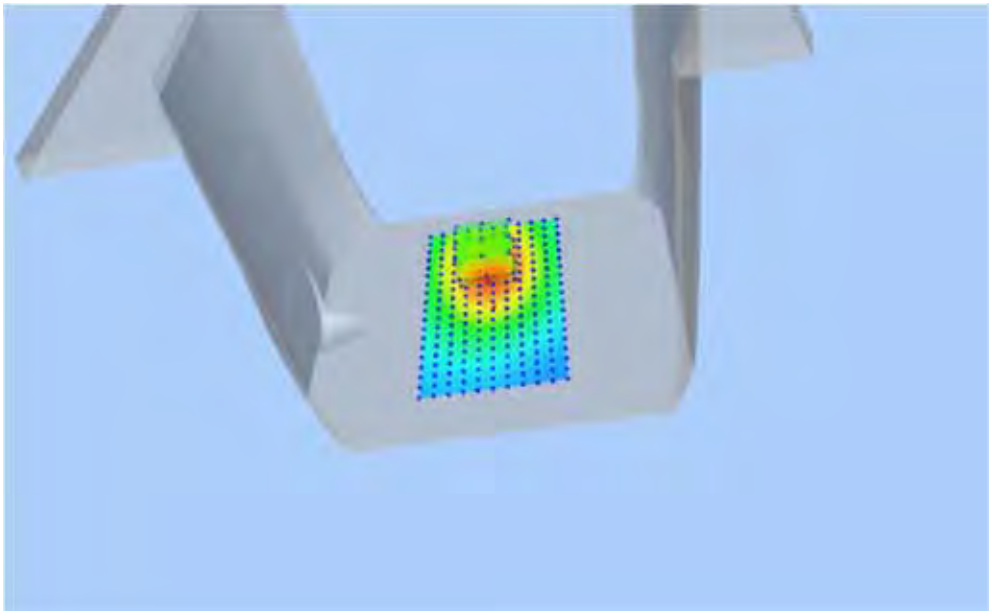
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

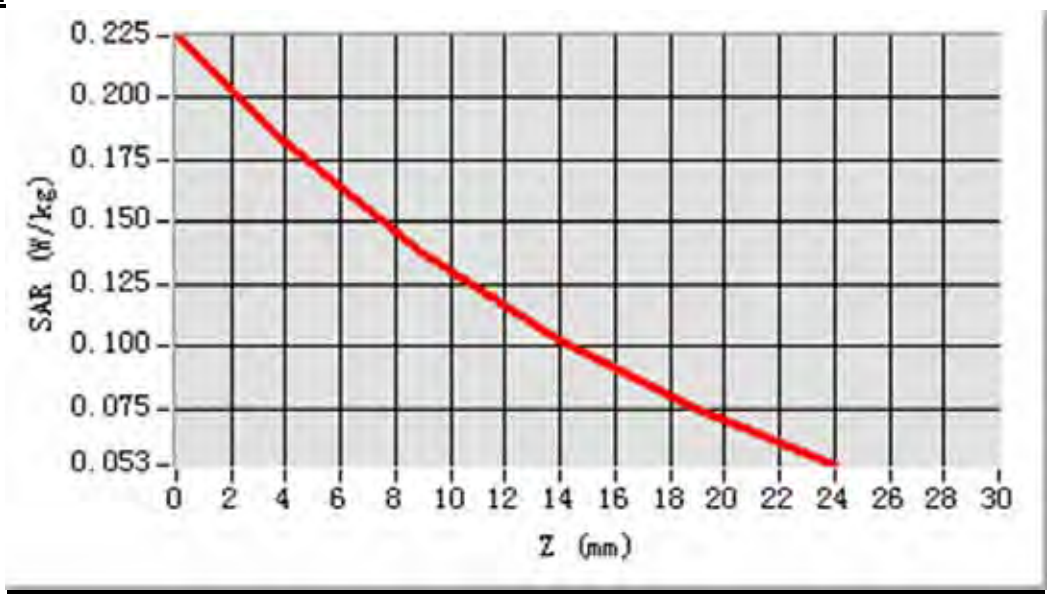
MEAS. 7 Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GSM850, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 55.24; Conductivity: 0.98 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 24.10
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=32.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.124954
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.178839
Power drift (%):	0.32

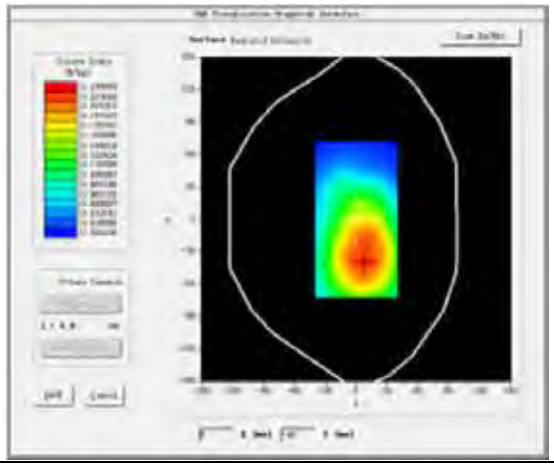
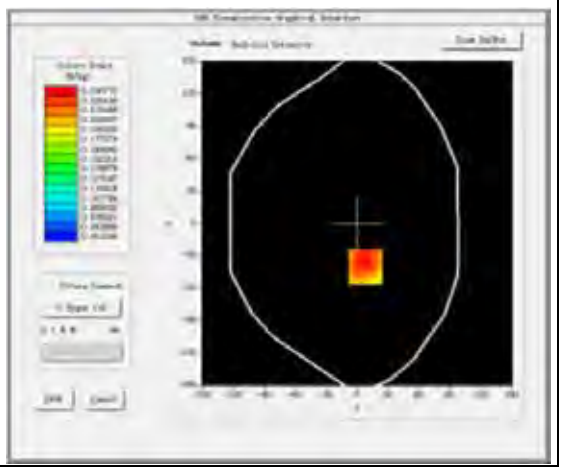
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



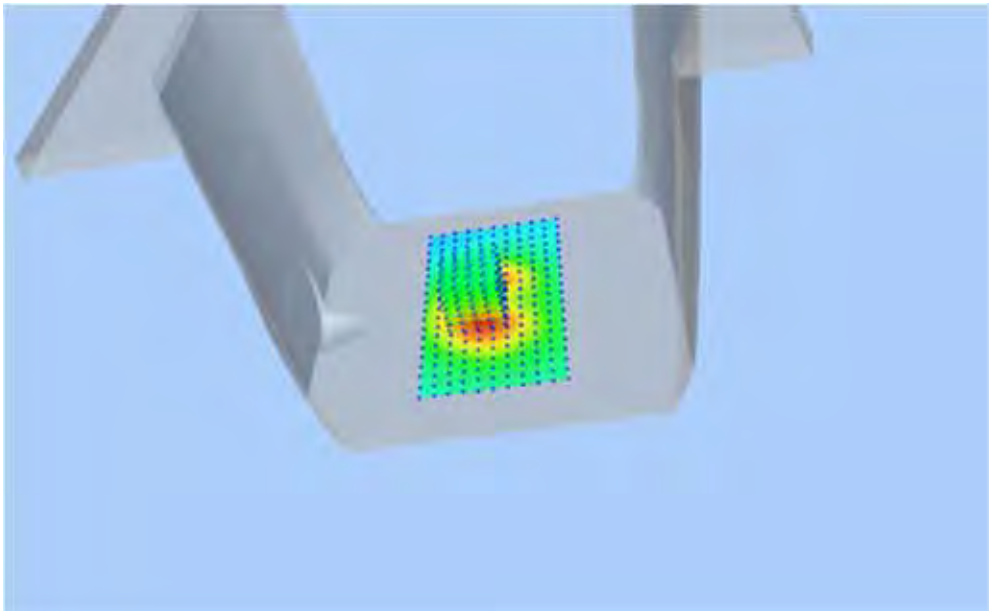
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

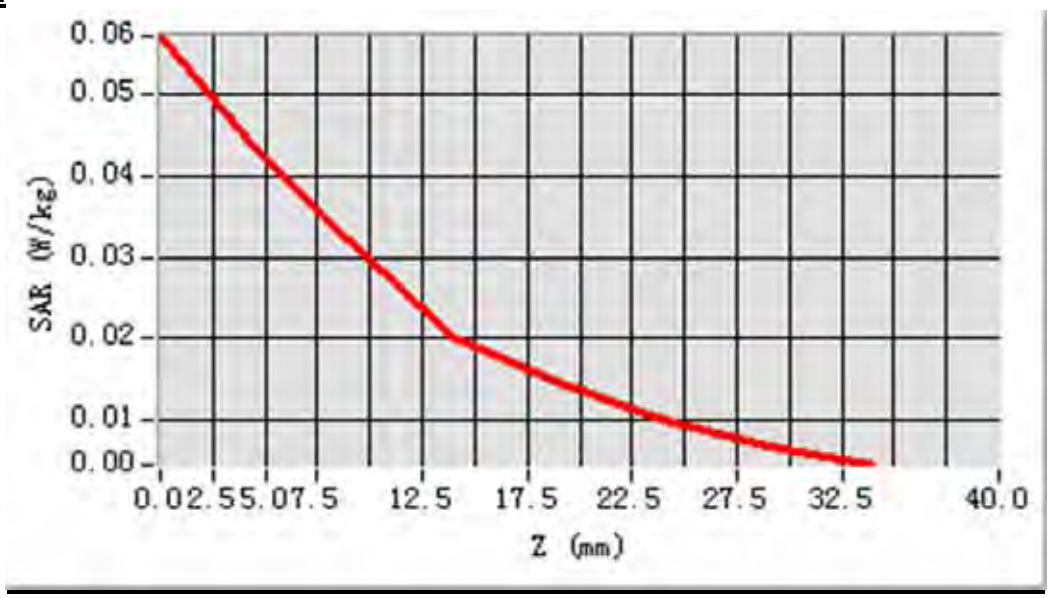
MEAS. 8 Body Plane with Body position on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GSM850, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 55.24; Conductivity: 0.98 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 24.10
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-8.000000, Y=-8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.029565
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.047520
Power drift (%):	-0.10

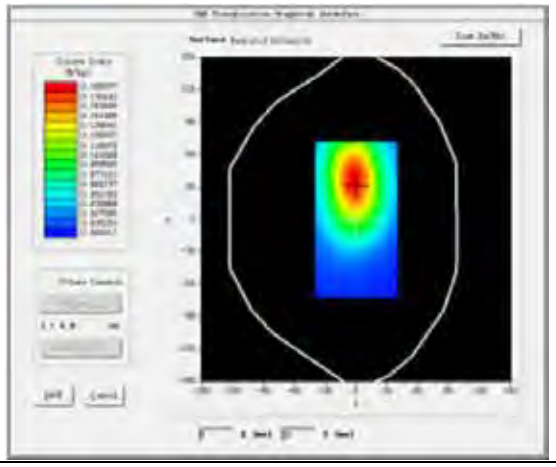
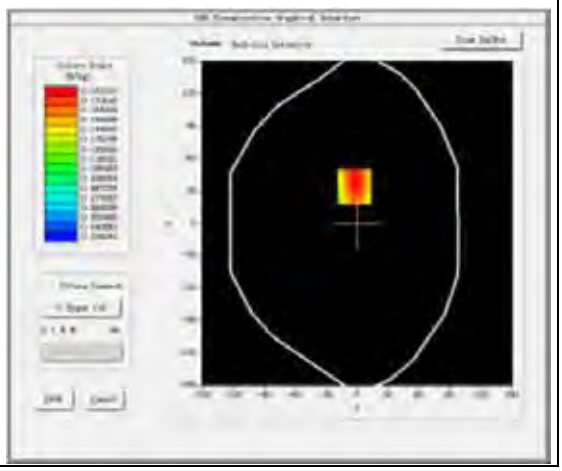
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



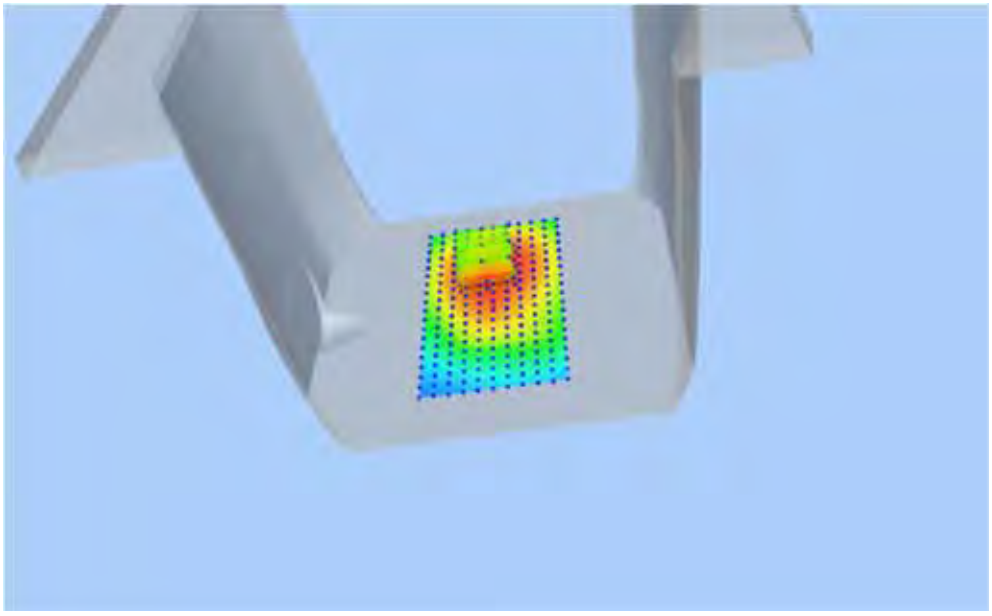
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

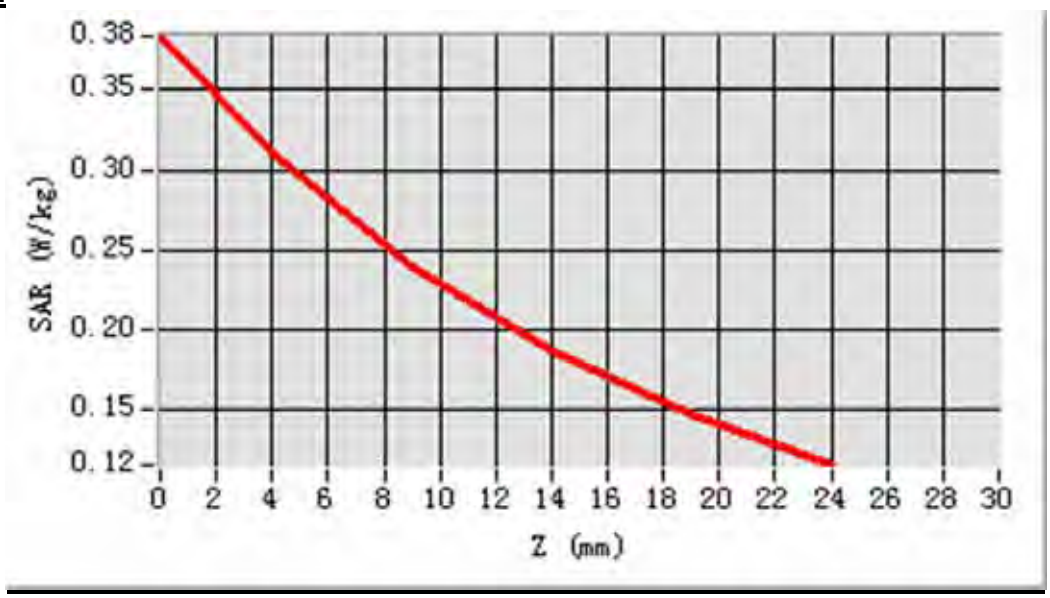
MEAS. 9 Body Plane with Body on Low Channel in GPRS850-12 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GPRS850, f=824.2 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 55.24; Conductivity: 0.98 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 24.10
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=32.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.225486
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.300881
Power drift (%):	-0.08

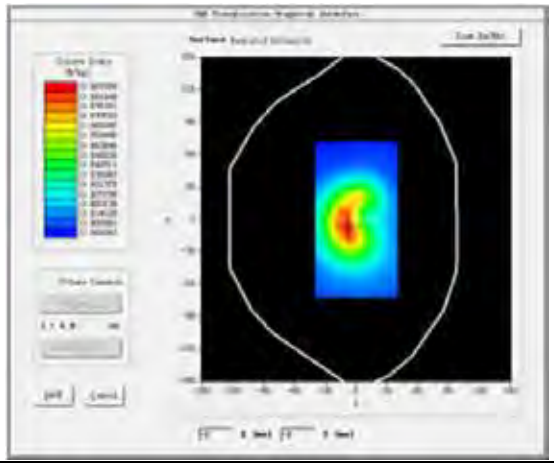
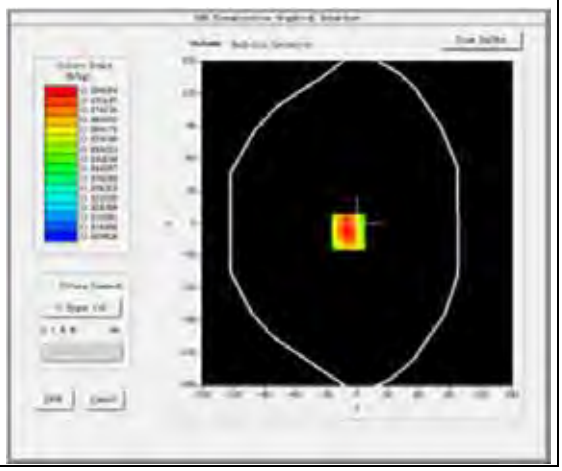
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



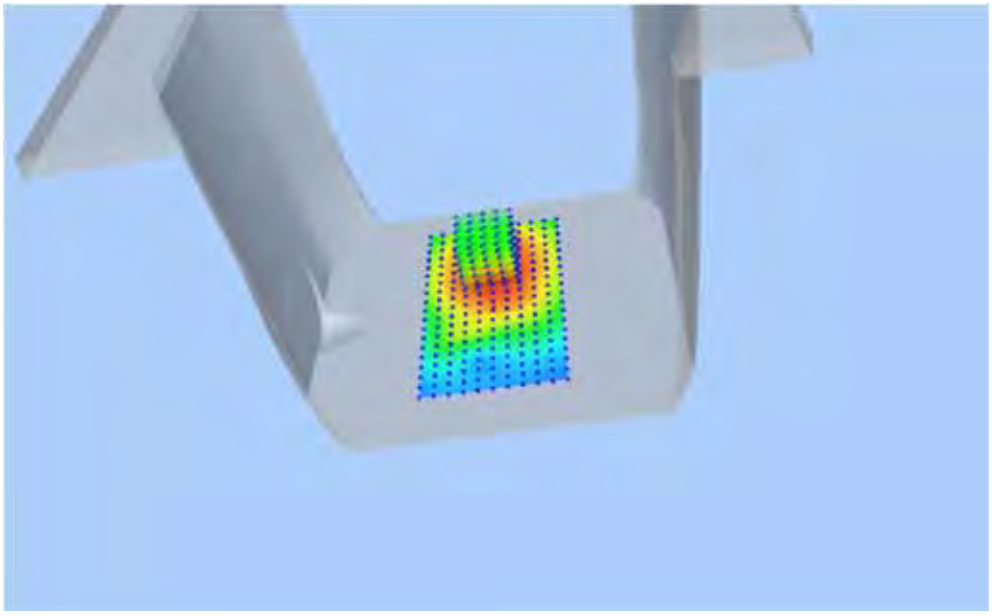
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

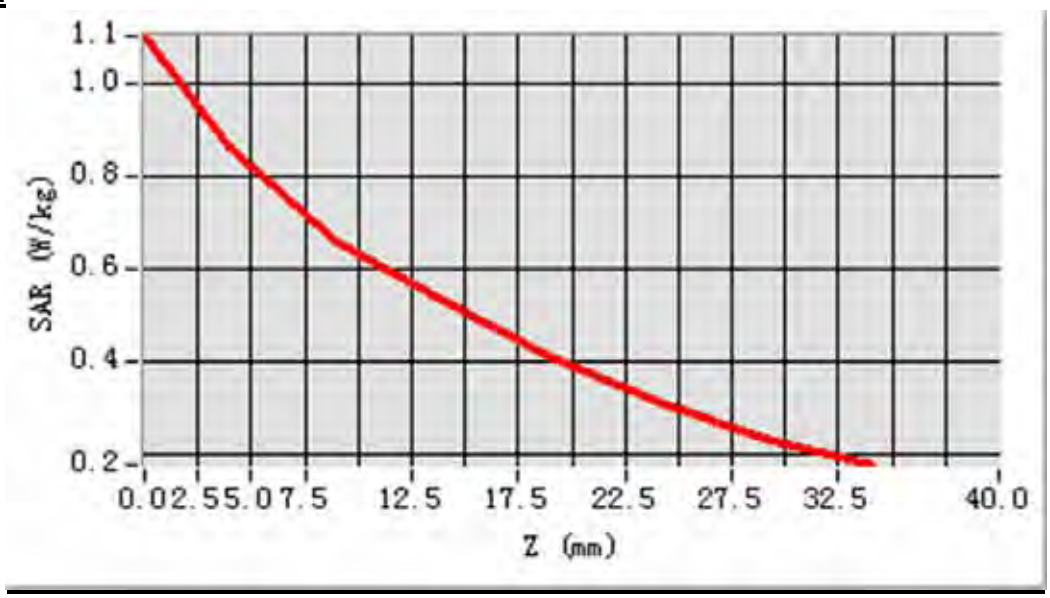
MEAS. 10 Body Plane with Body on Low Channel in GPRS850-12 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GPRS, f=824.2 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 55.24; Conductivity: 0.98 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 24.10
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=32.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.620608
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.78180
Power drift (%):	0.08

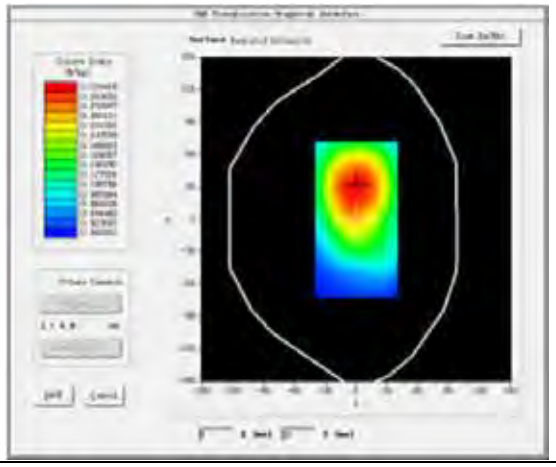
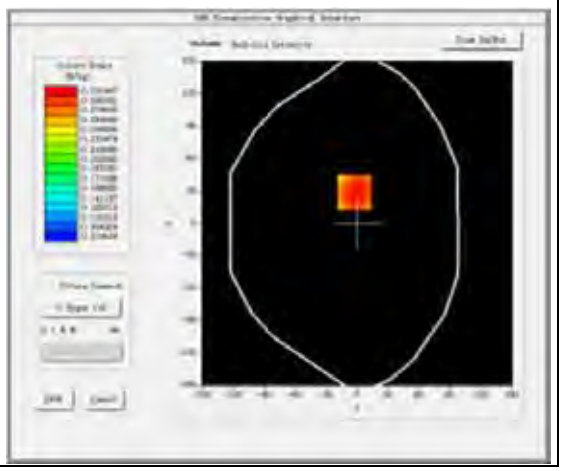
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



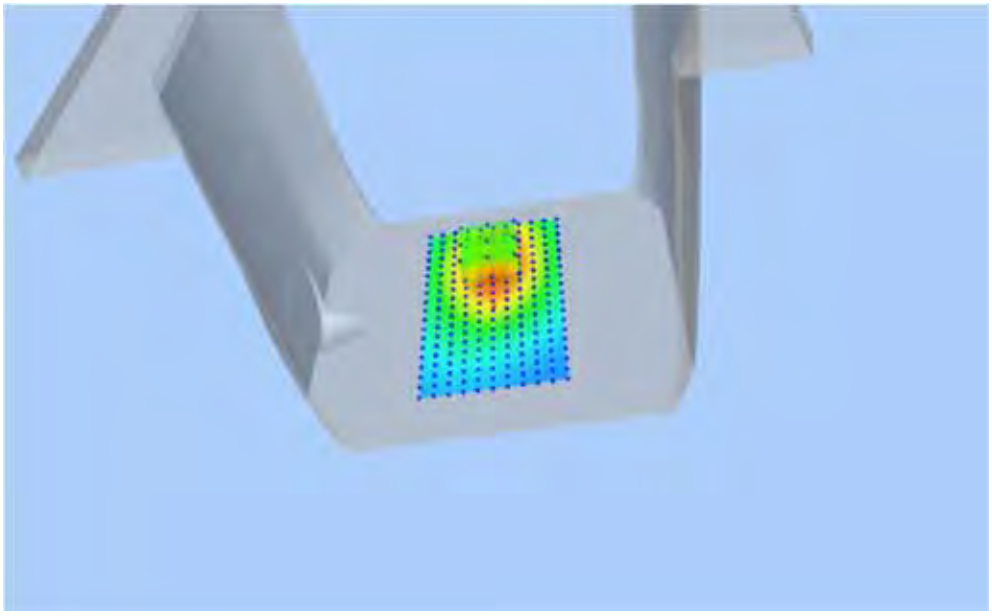
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

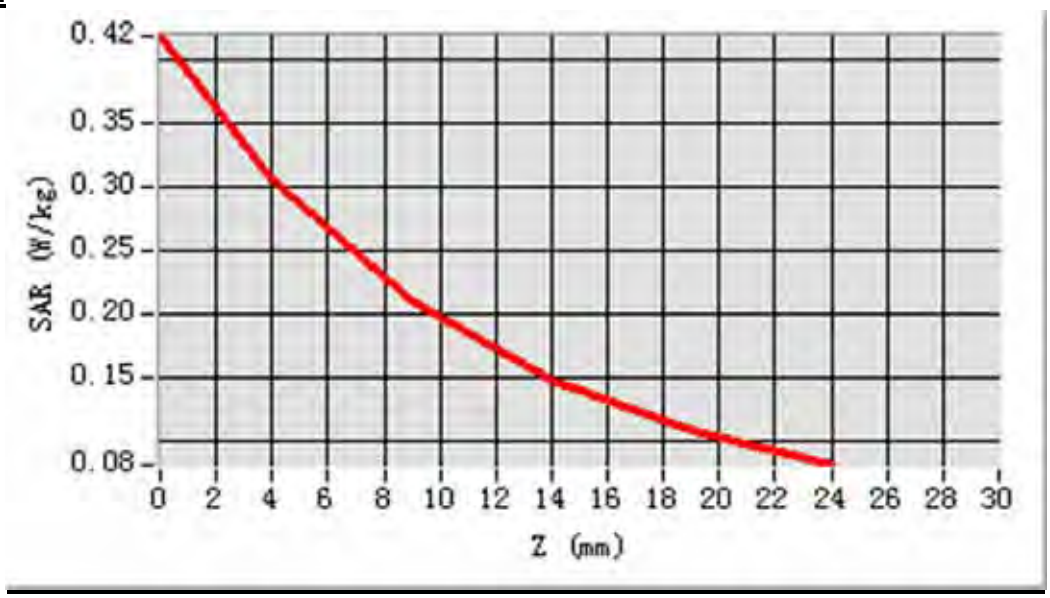
MEAS. 11 Body Plane with Body on Low Channel in GPRS850-12 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GPRS, f=824.2 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 55.24; Conductivity: 0.98 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 24.10
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=32.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.199064
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.295404
Power drift (%):	-0.53

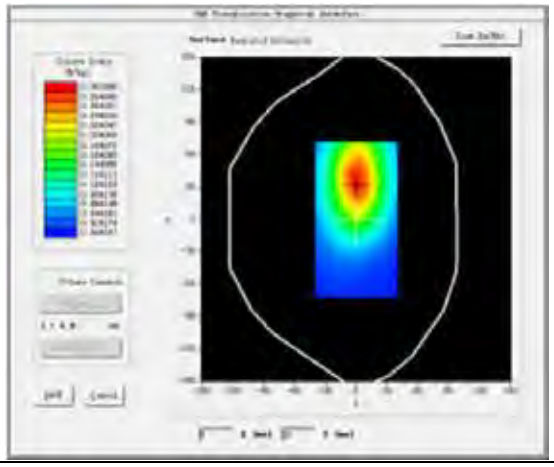
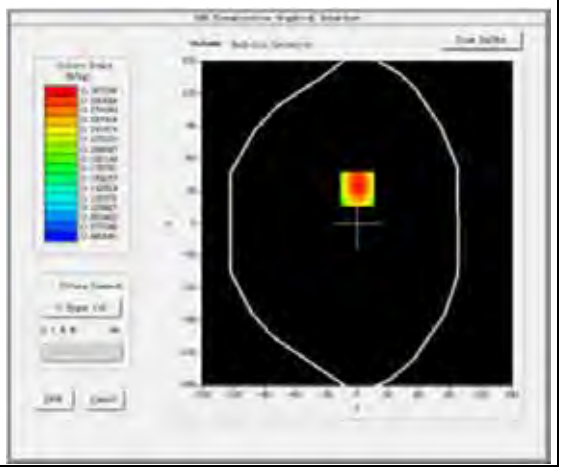
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



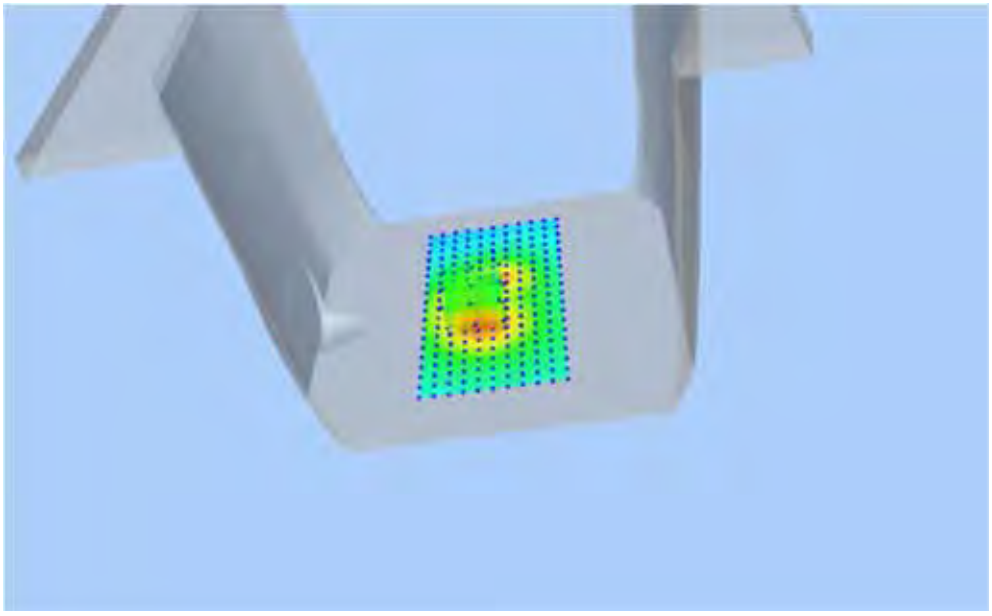
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

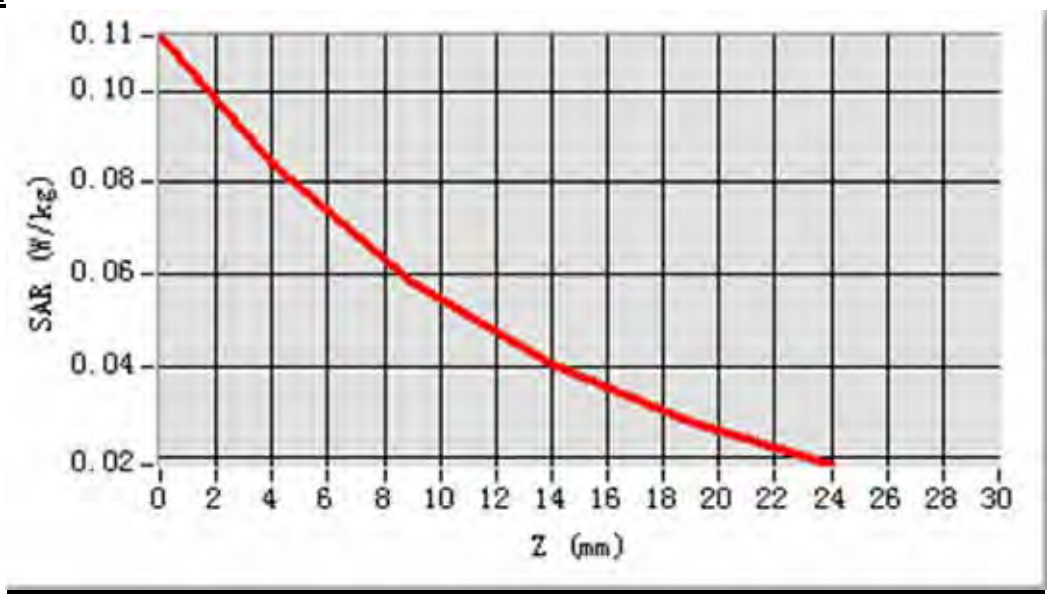
MEAS. 12 Body Plane with Body on Low Channel in GPRS850-12 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GPRS, f=824.2 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 55.24; Conductivity: 0.98 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 24.10
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-8.000000, Y=-8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.052368
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.080279
Power drift (%):	-1.26

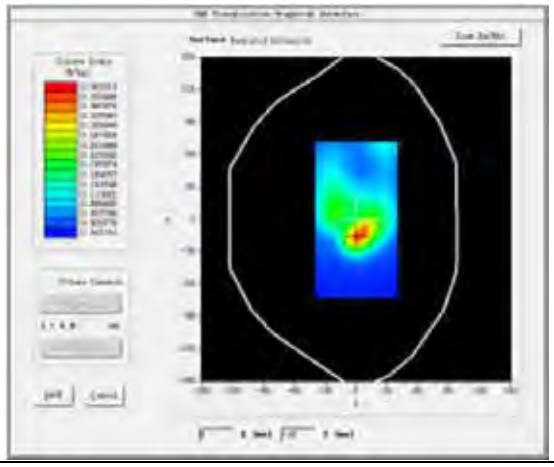
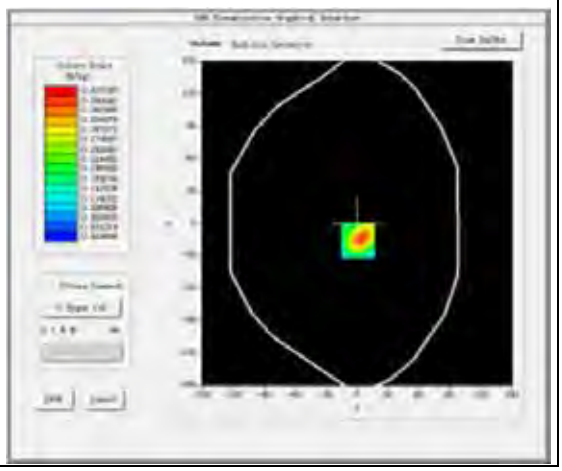
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



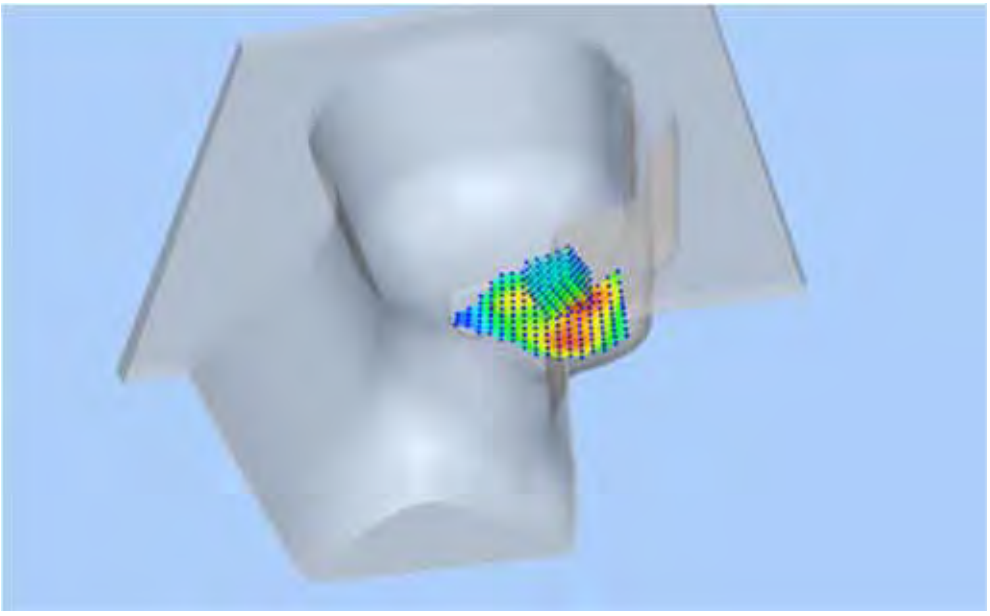
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

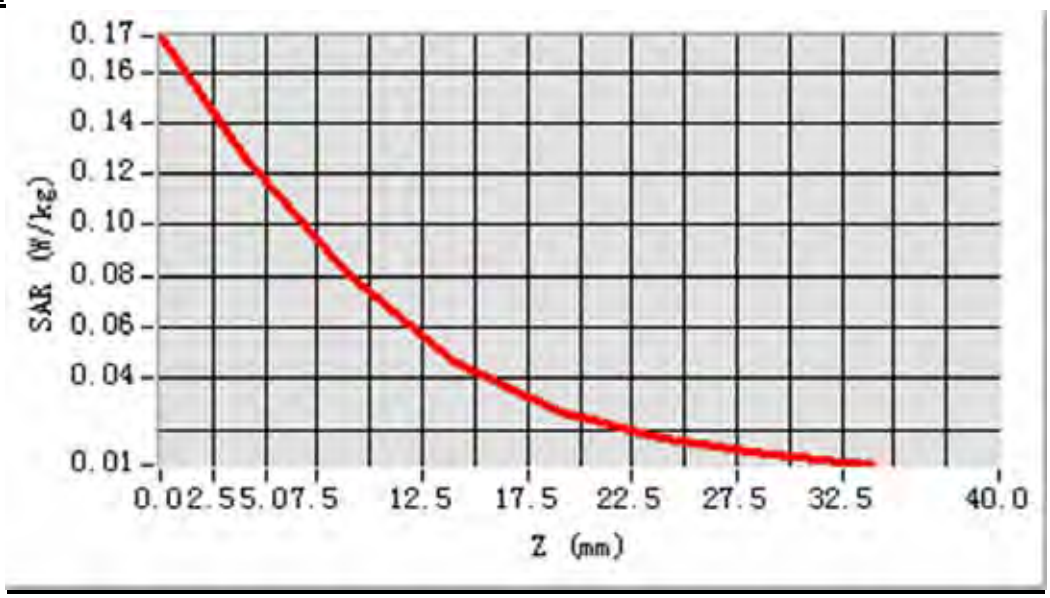
MEAS. 13 Left Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	GSM, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 39.62; Conductivity: 1.40 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-56.000000, Y=0.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.071240
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.121469
Power drift (%):	-2.17

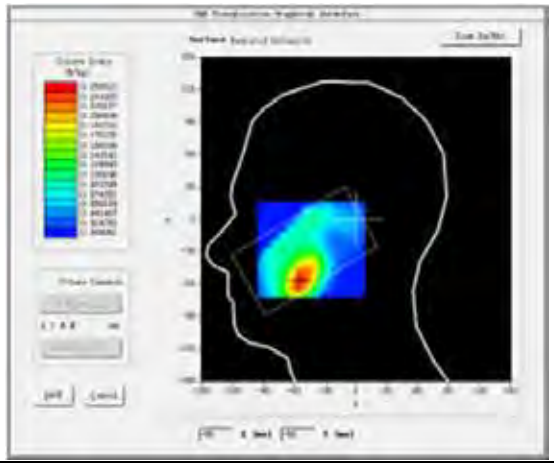
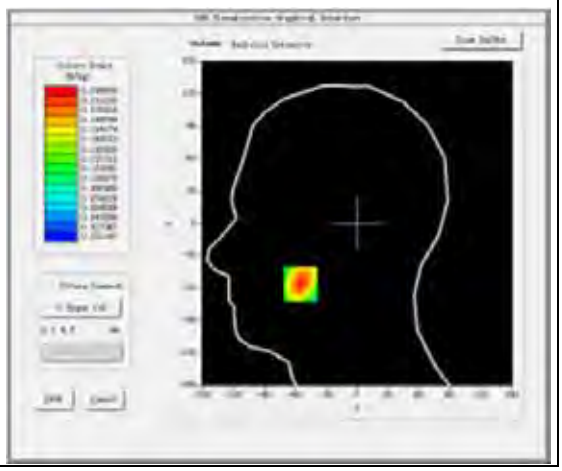
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



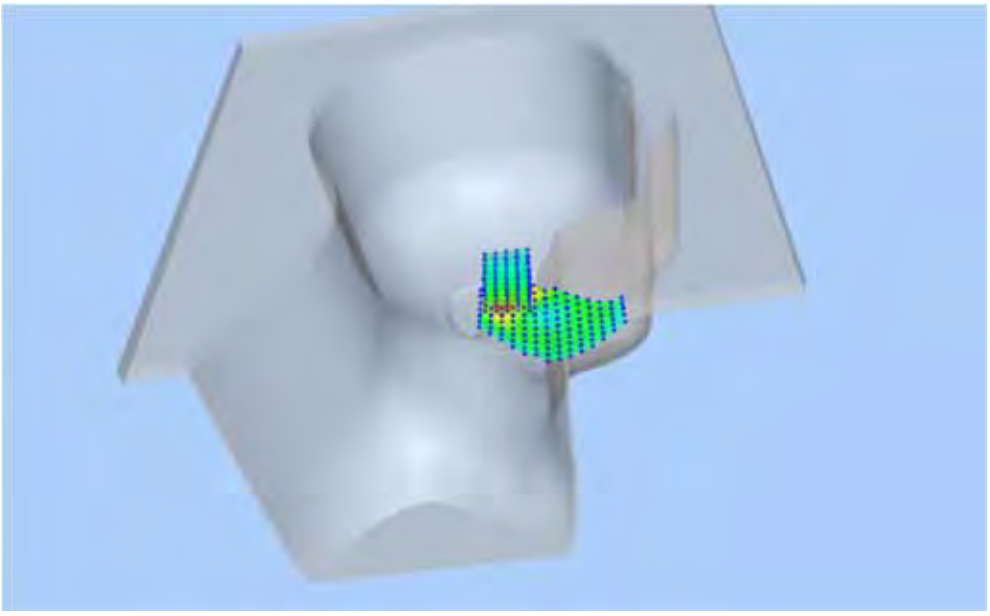
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

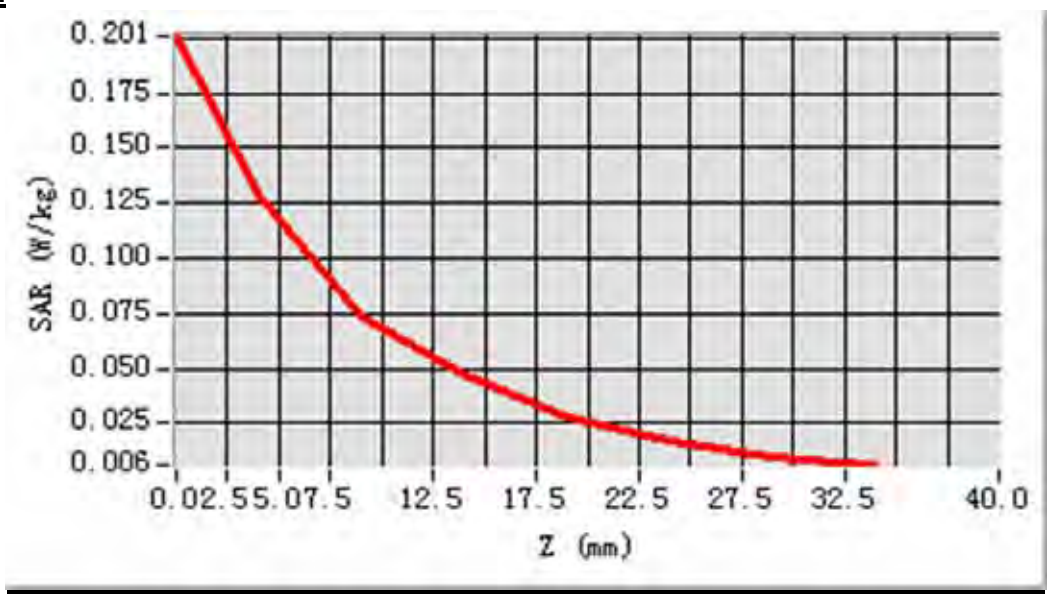
MEAS. 14 Left Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	GSM, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 39.62; Conductivity: 1.40 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-8.000000, Y=0.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.067823
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.125466
Power drift (%):	-0.36

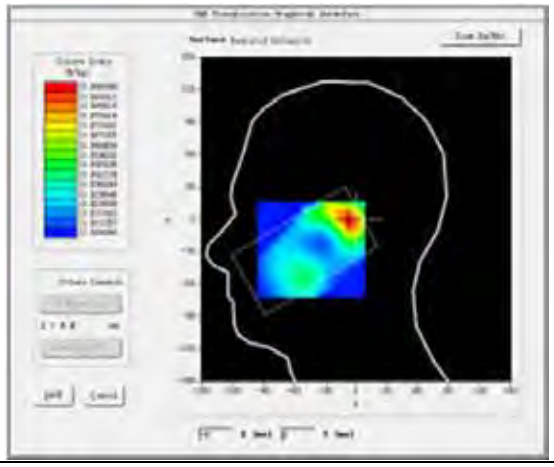
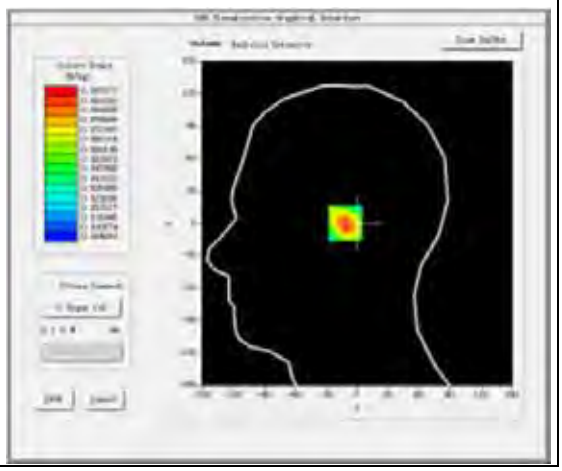
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



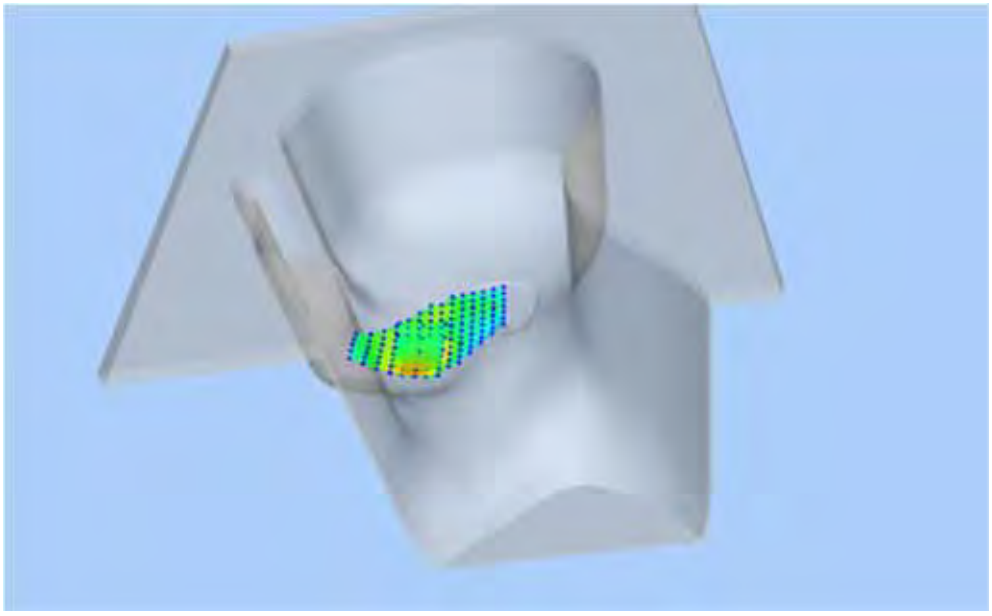
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

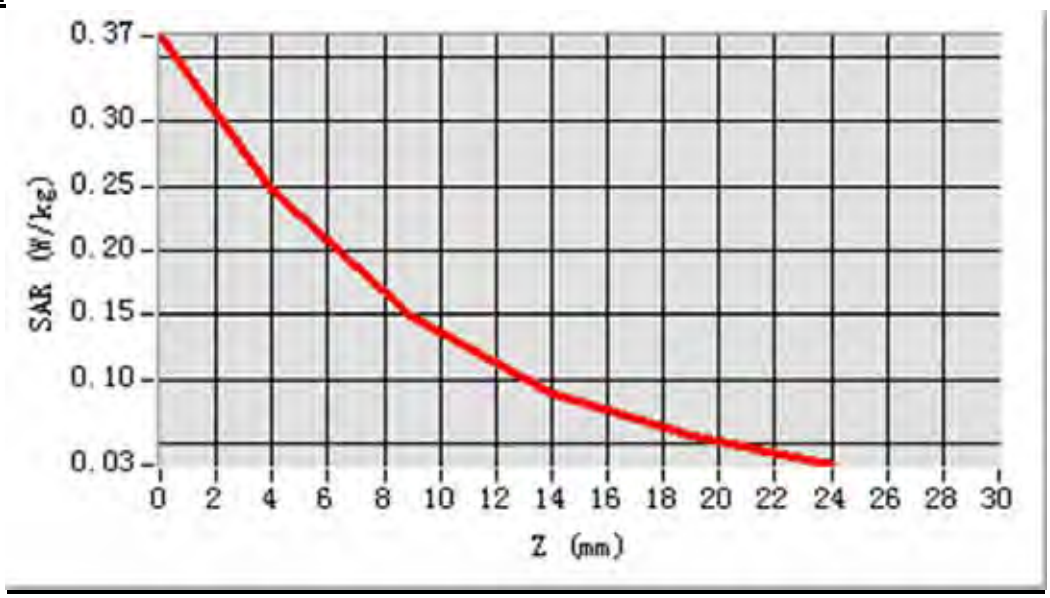
MEAS. 15 Right Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	GSM, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 39.62; Conductivity: 1.40 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-56.000000, Y=-56.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.135728
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.231734
Power drift (%):	2.40

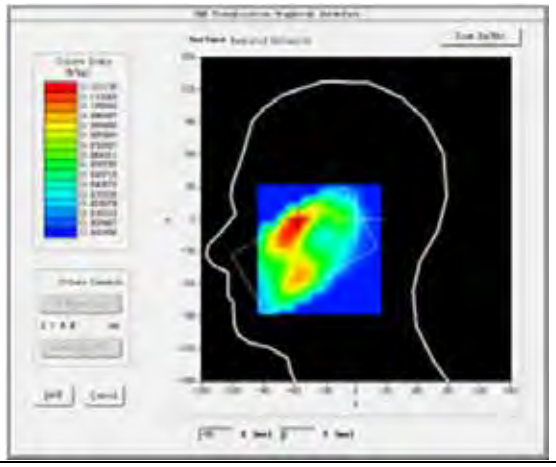
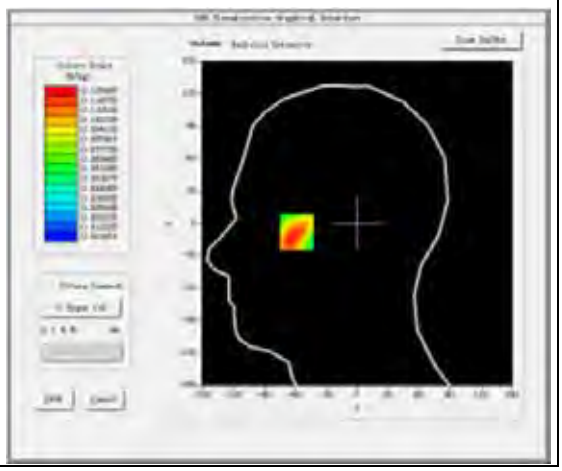
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



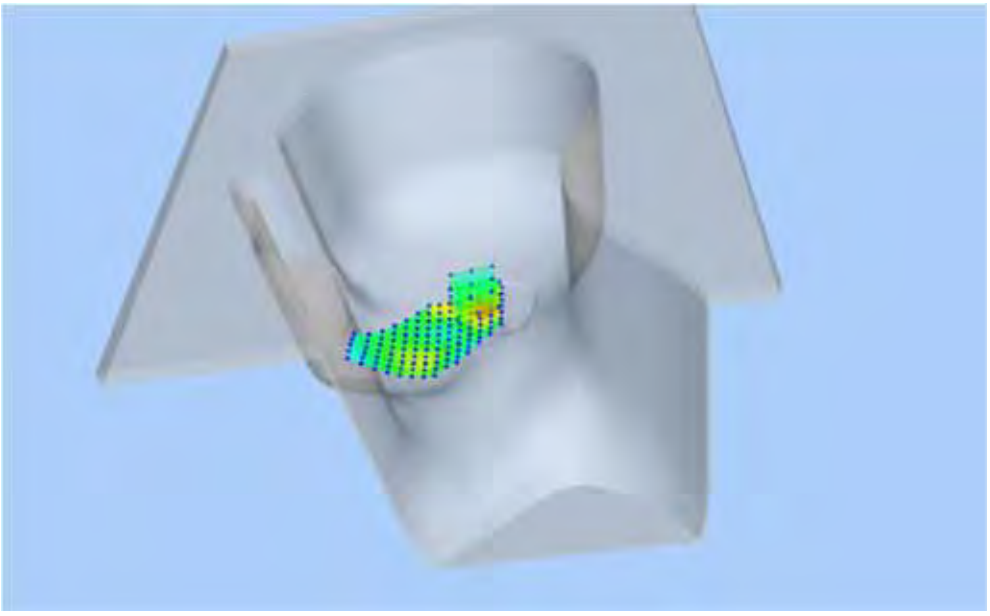
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

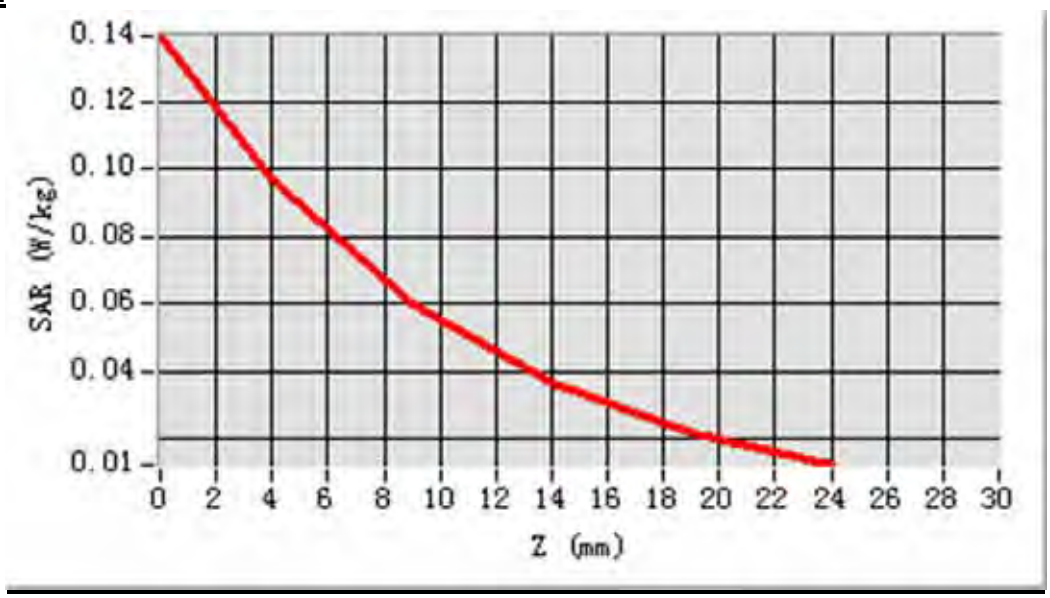
MEAS. 16 Right Head with Tilt position on Middle Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	GSM, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 39.62; Conductivity: 1.40 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-8.000000, Y=0.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.051609
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.090448
Power drift (%):	-0.73

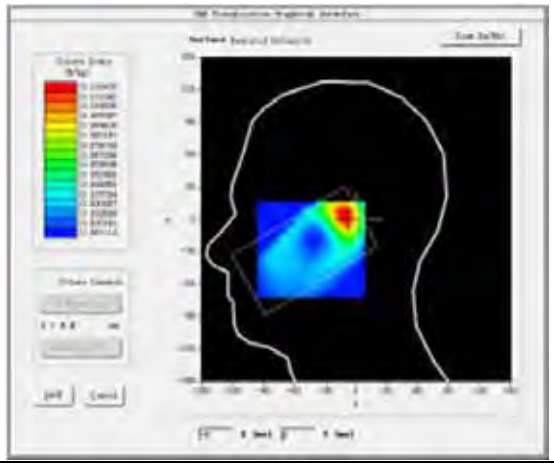
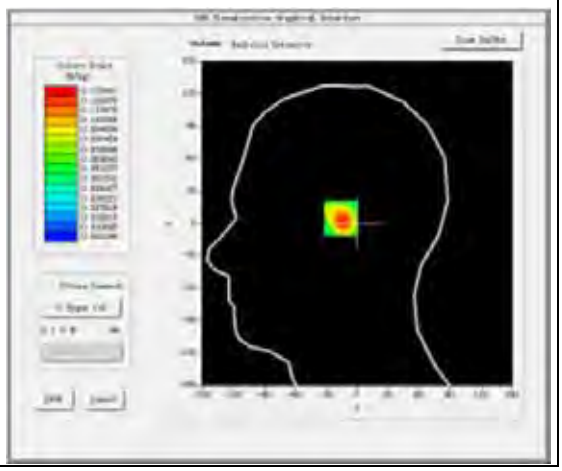
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



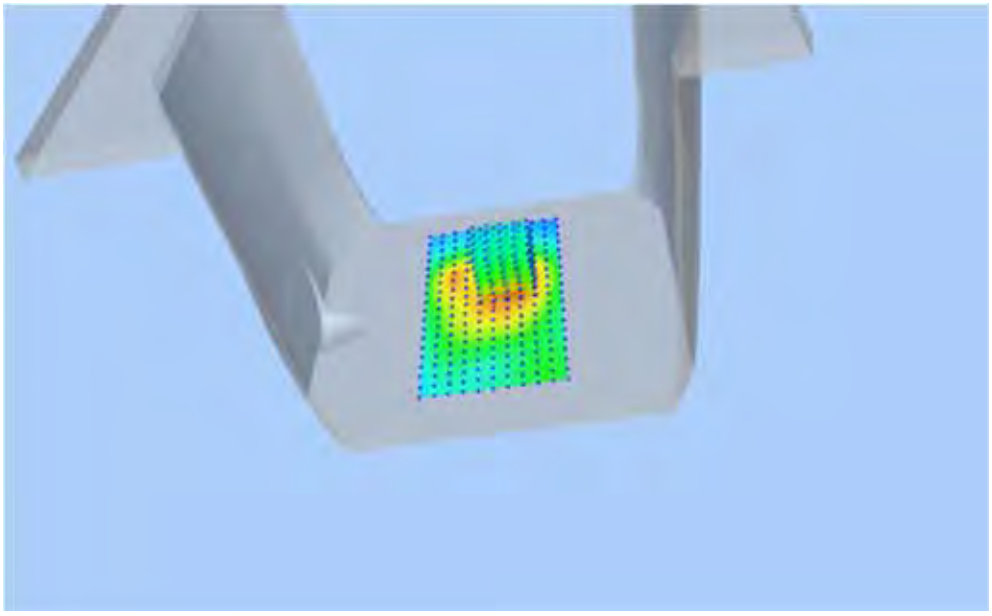
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

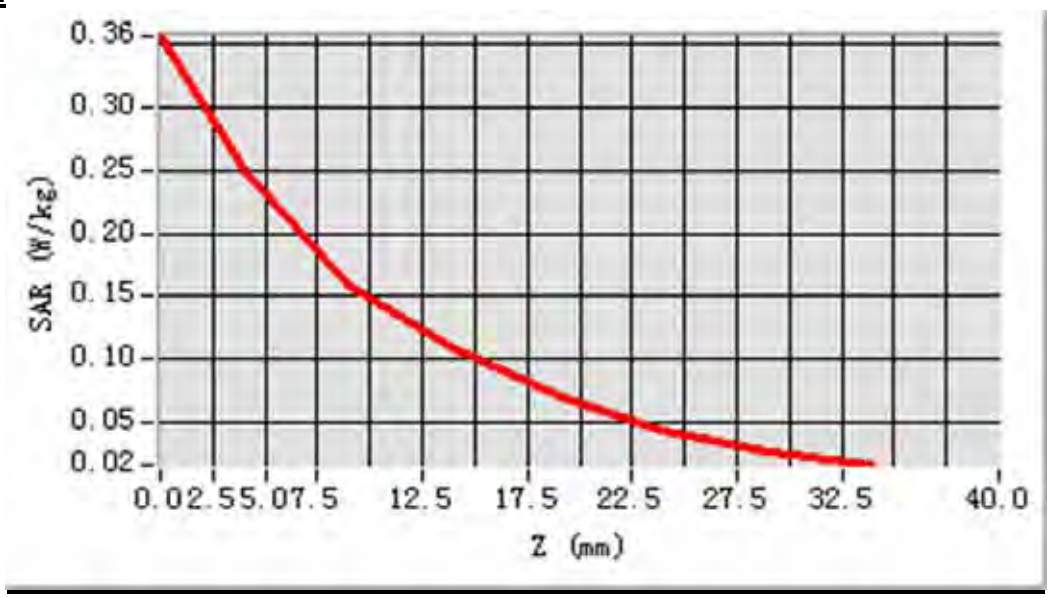
MEAS. 17 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GSM, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.18; Conductivity: 1.49 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.69
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=8.000000, Y=16.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.150097
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.261151
Power drift (%):	3.10

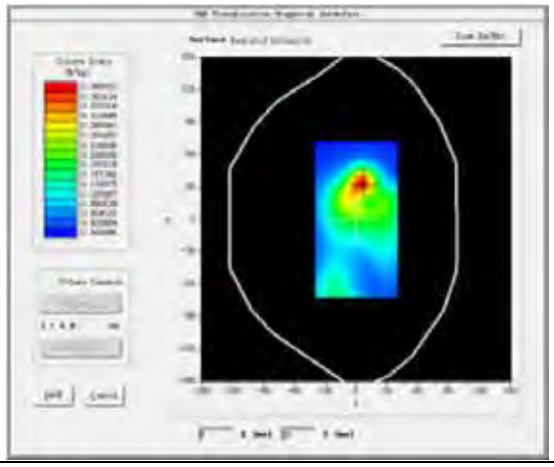
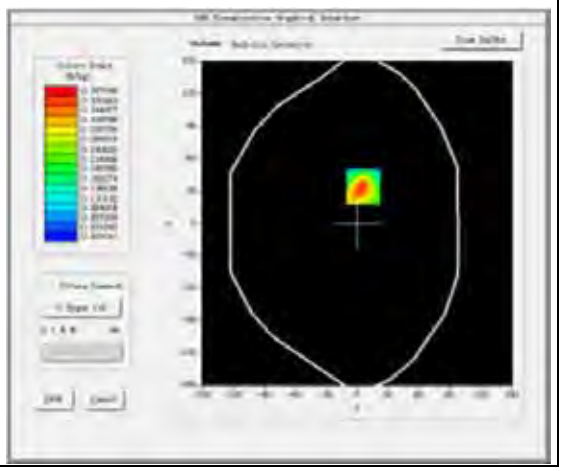
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



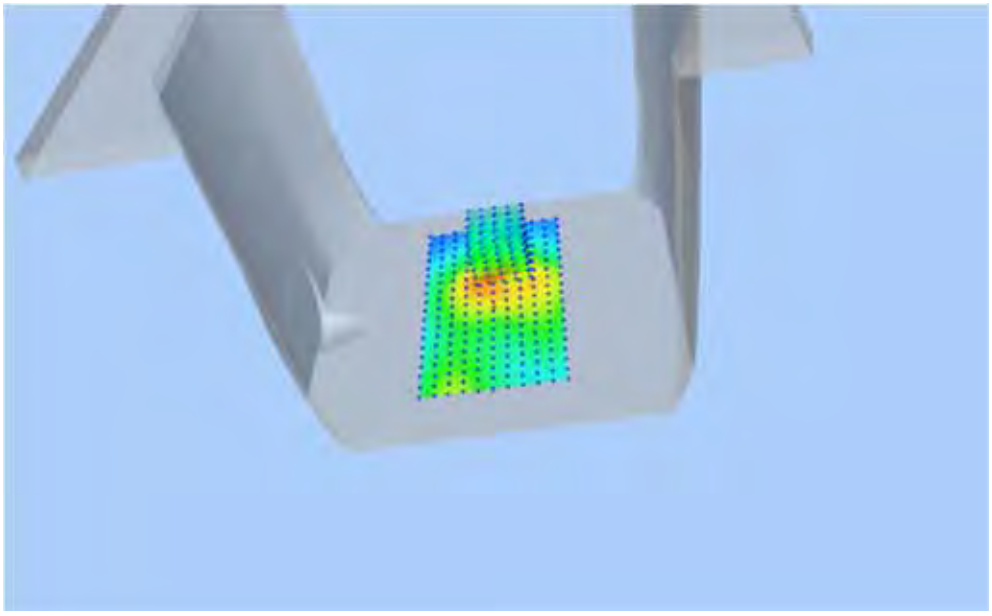
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

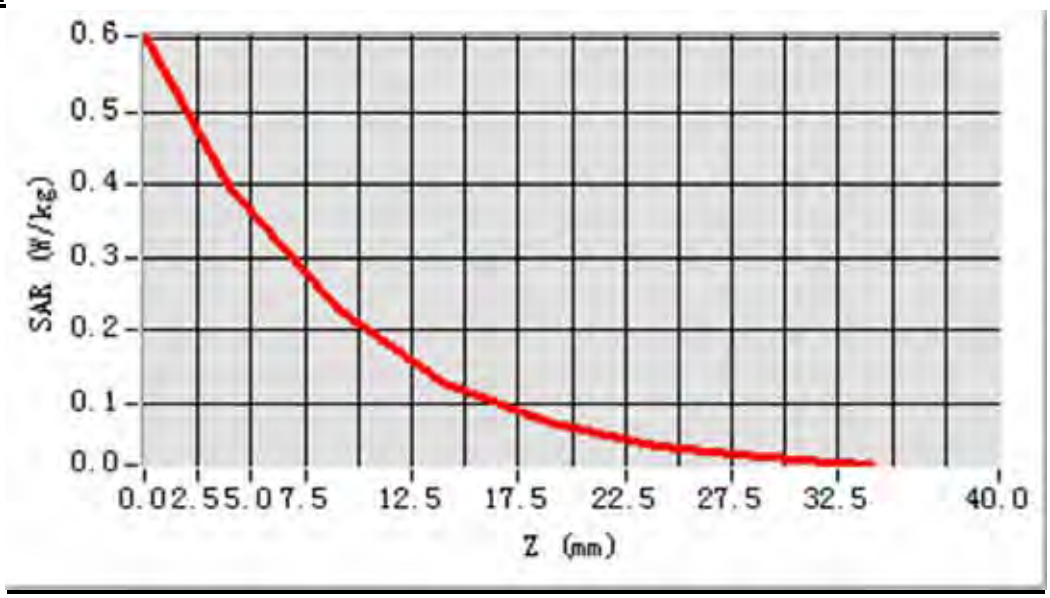
MEAS. 18 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GSM, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.18; Conductivity: 1.49 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.69
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=8.000000, Y=32.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.197419
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.371204
Power drift (%):	-3.94

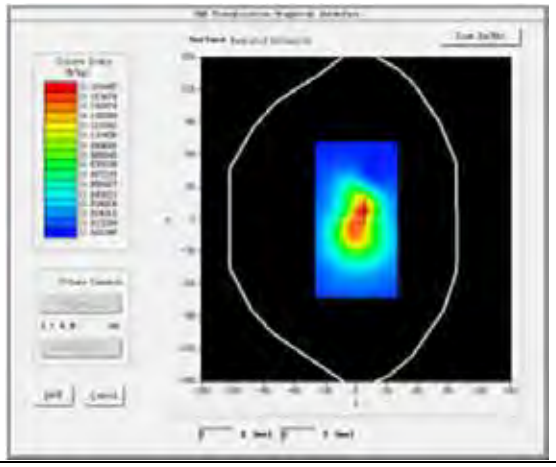
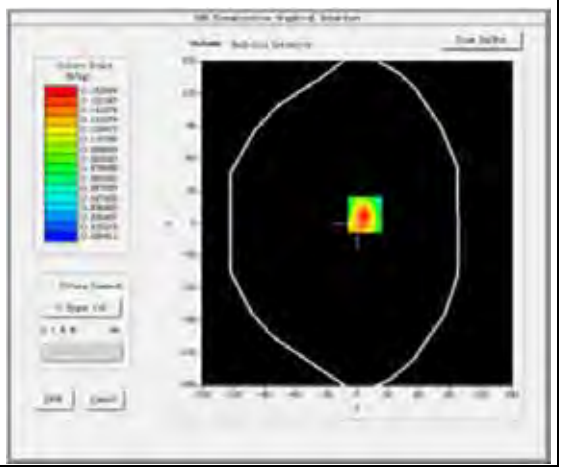
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



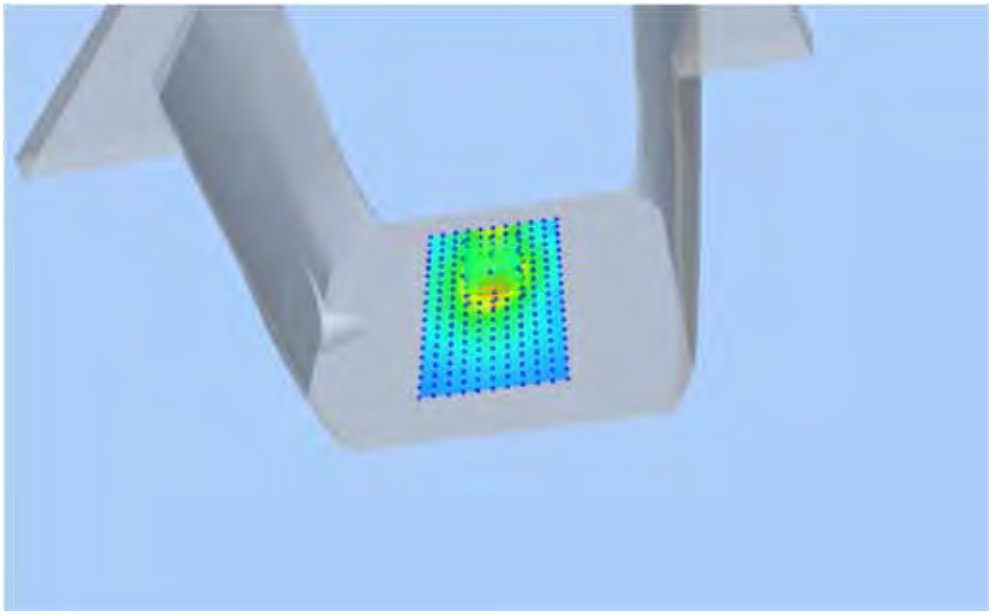
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

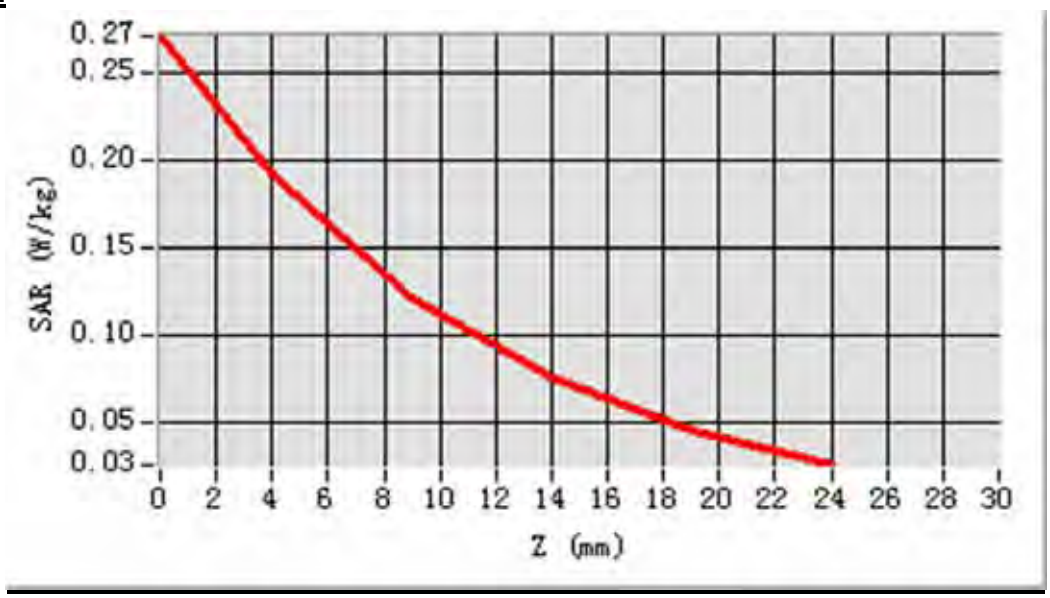
MEAS. 19 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GSM, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.18; Conductivity: 1.49 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.69
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=16.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.105592
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.221944
Power drift (%):	-1.70

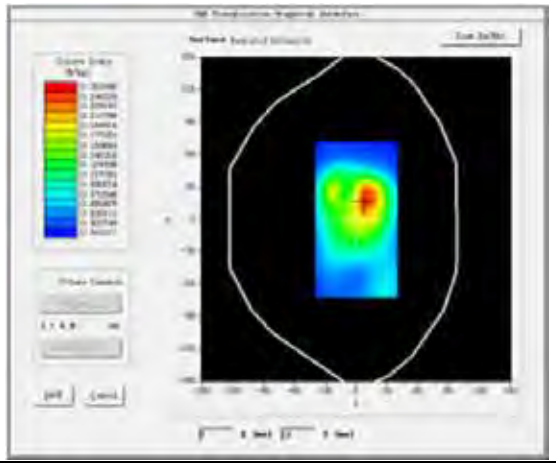
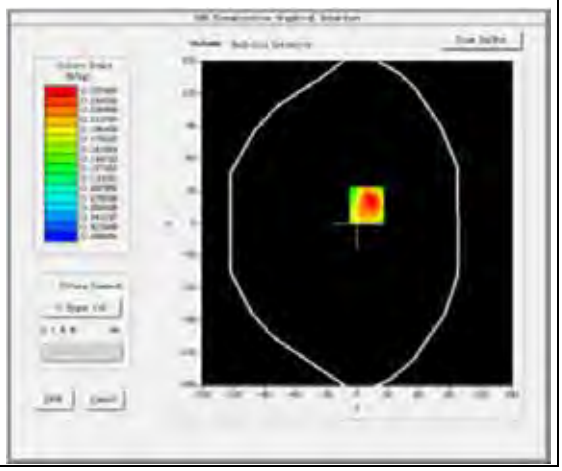
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



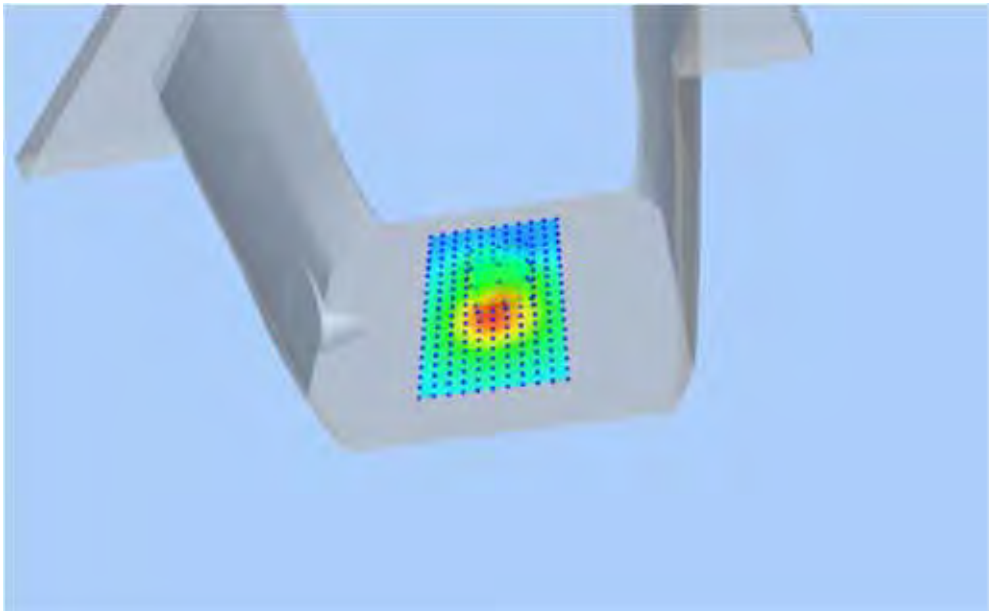
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

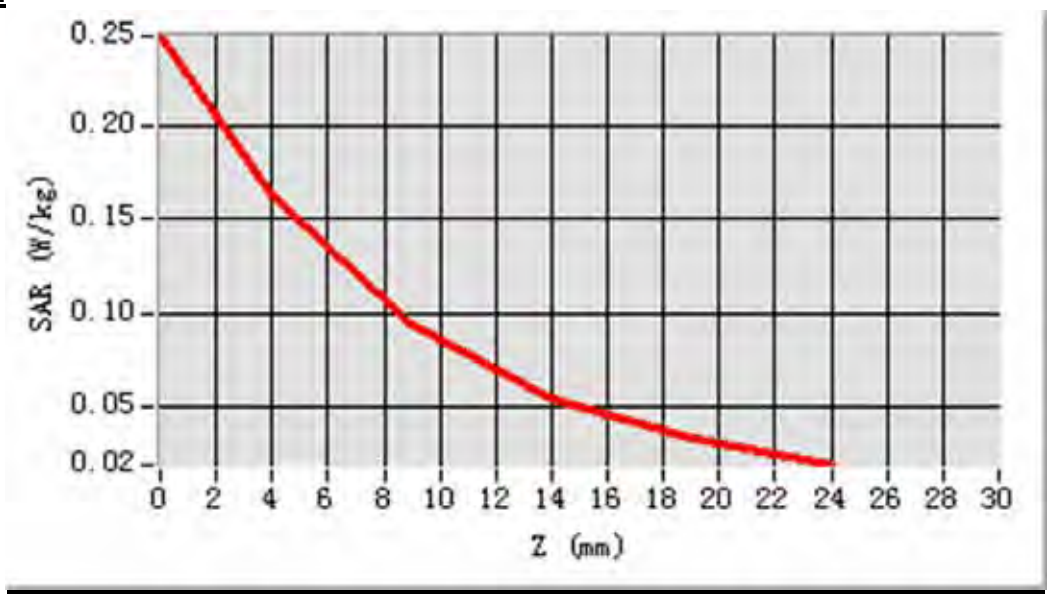
MEAS. 20 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GSM, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.18; Conductivity: 1.49 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.69
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=8.000000, Y=8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.087233
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.153419
Power drift (%):	0.72

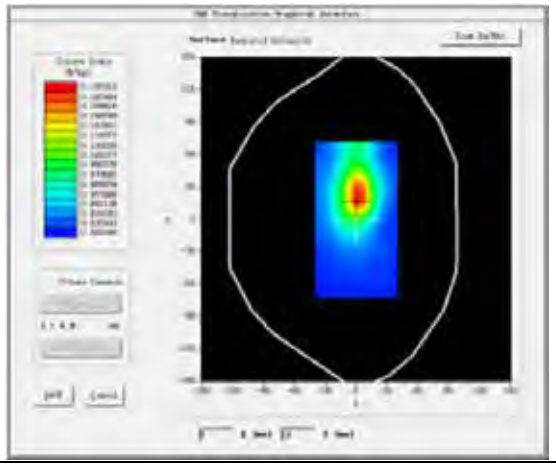
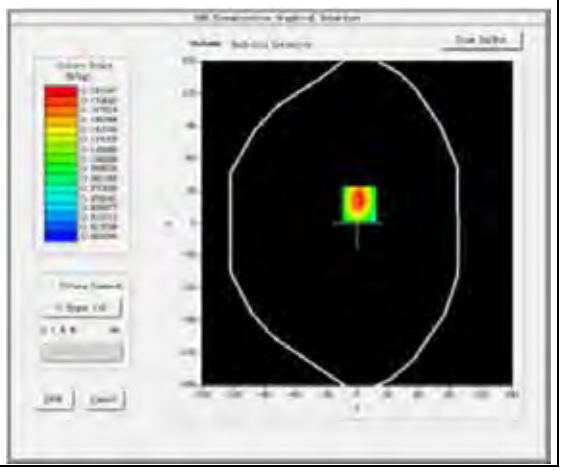
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



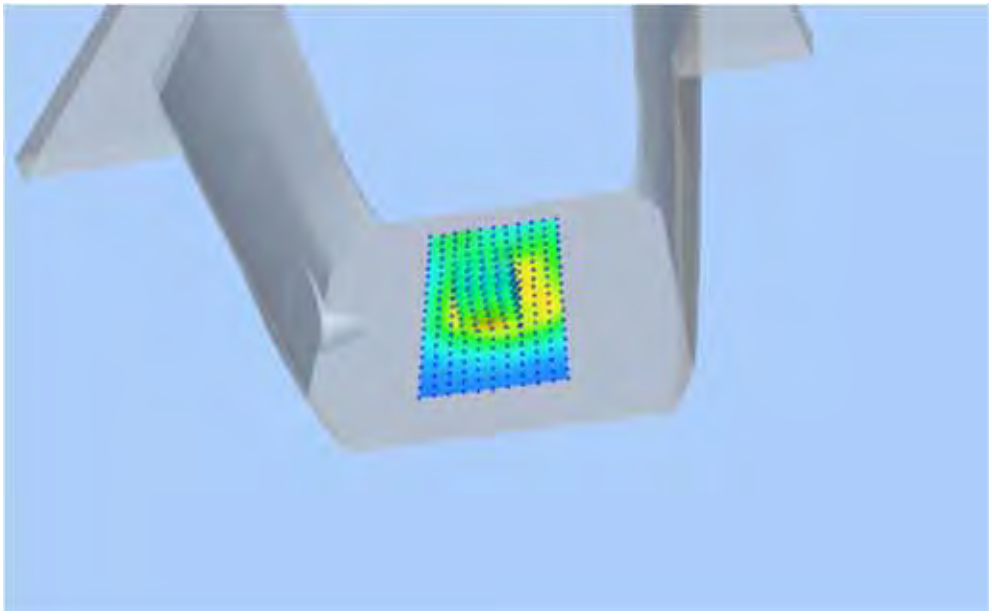
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

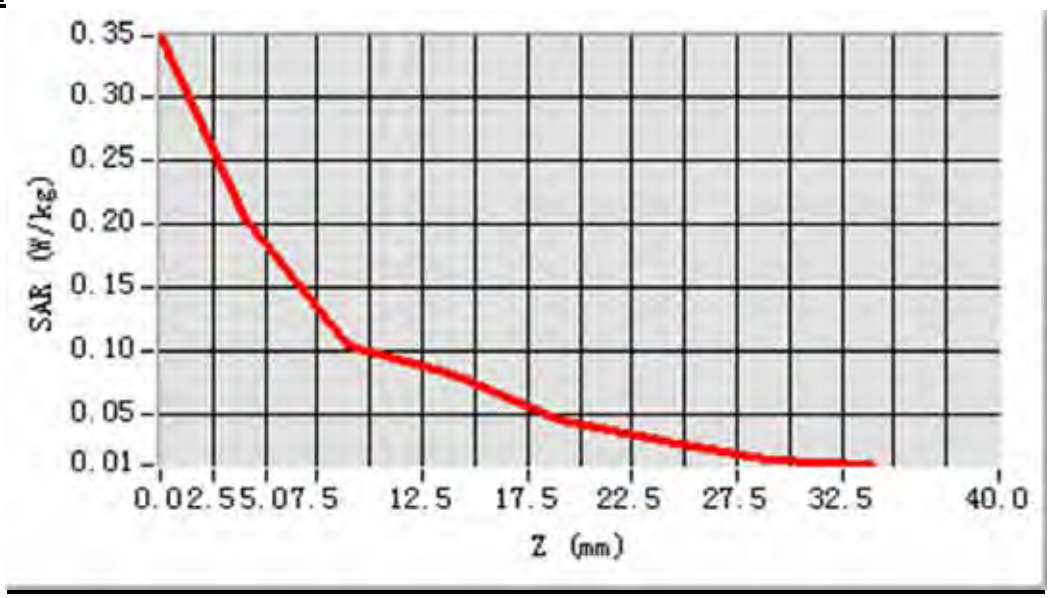
MEAS. 21 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GPRS, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.18; Conductivity: 1.49 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.69
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=-8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.118176
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.208947
Power drift (%):	-3.33

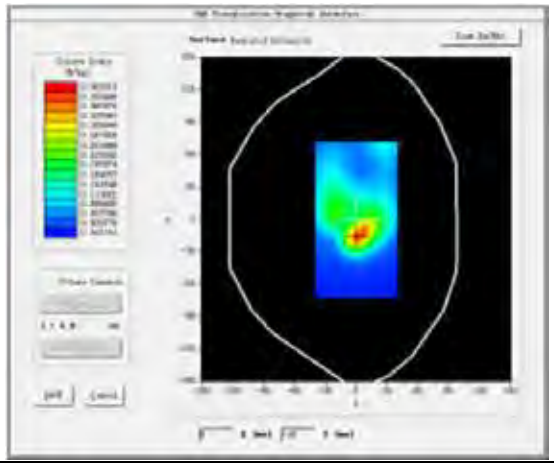
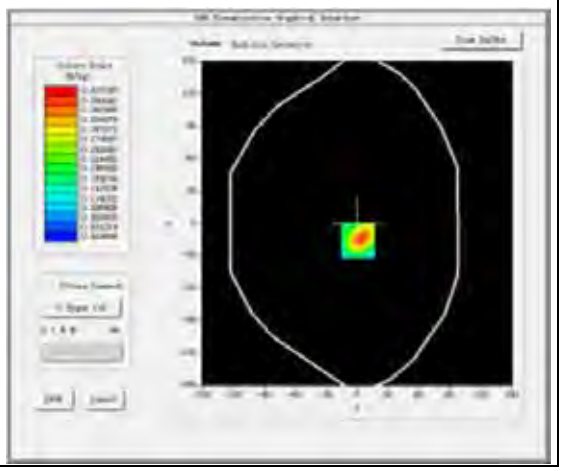
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



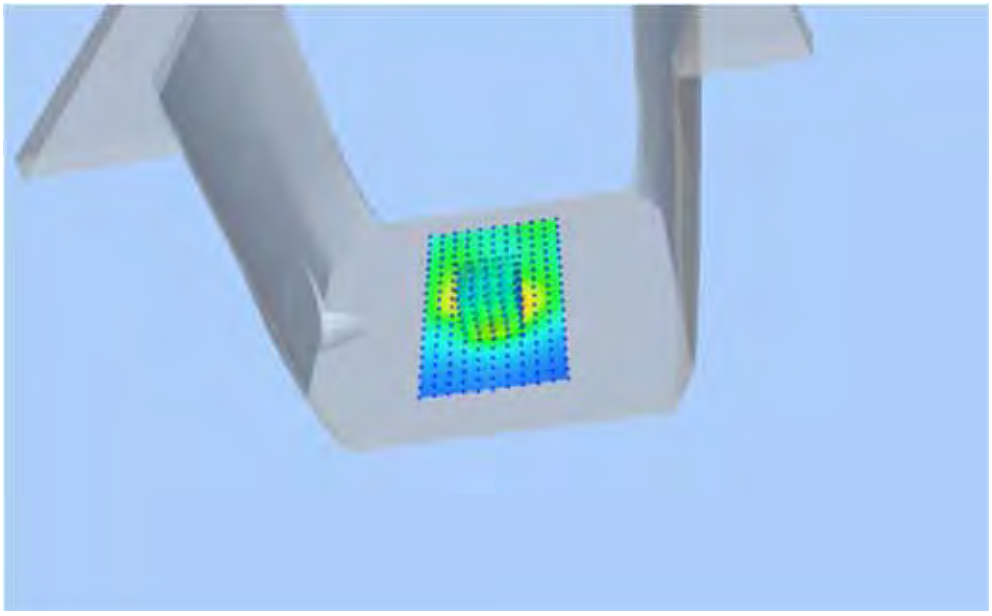
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

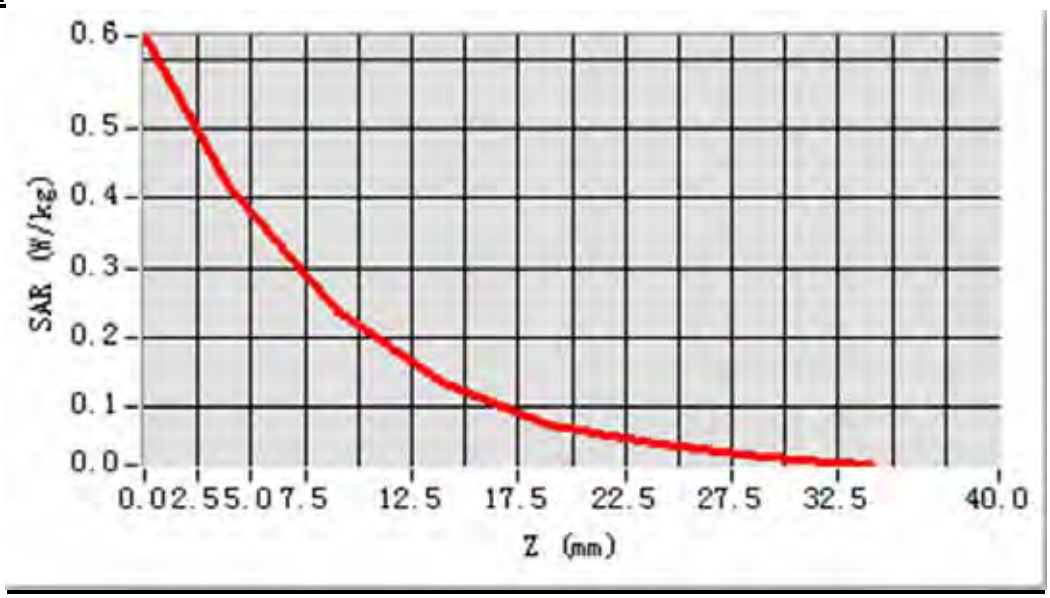
MEAS. 22 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GPRS, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.18; Conductivity: 1.49 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.69
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=-16.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.197484
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.393807
Power drift (%):	-2.73

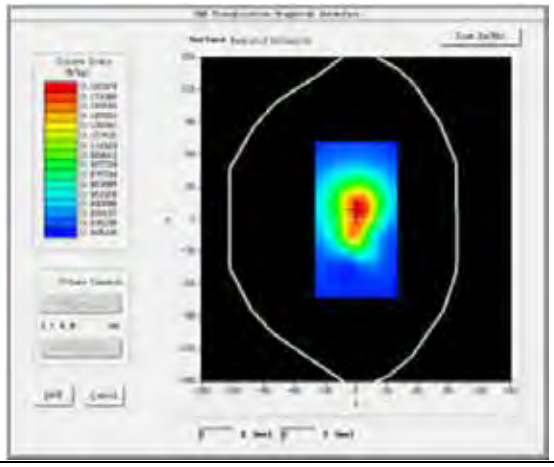
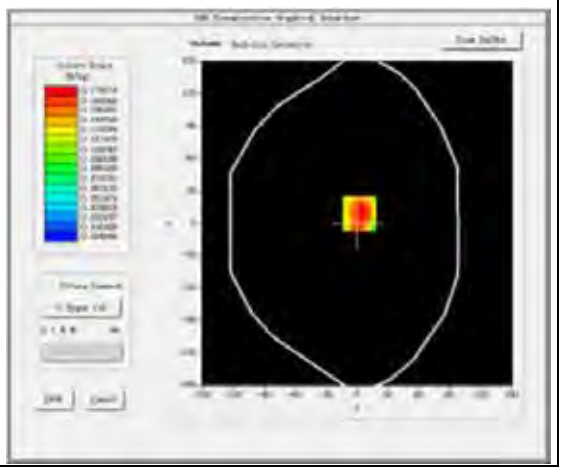
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



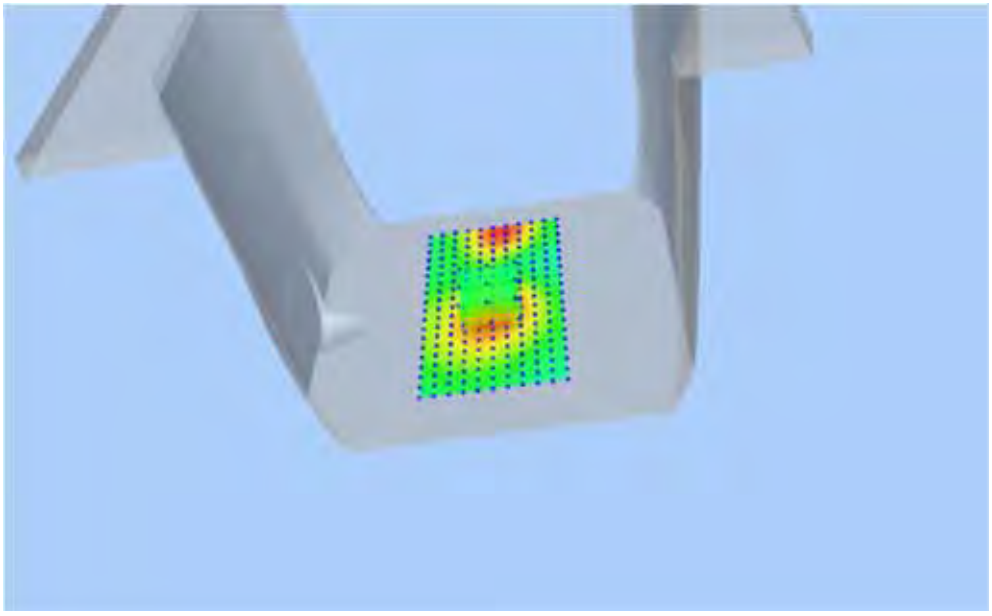
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

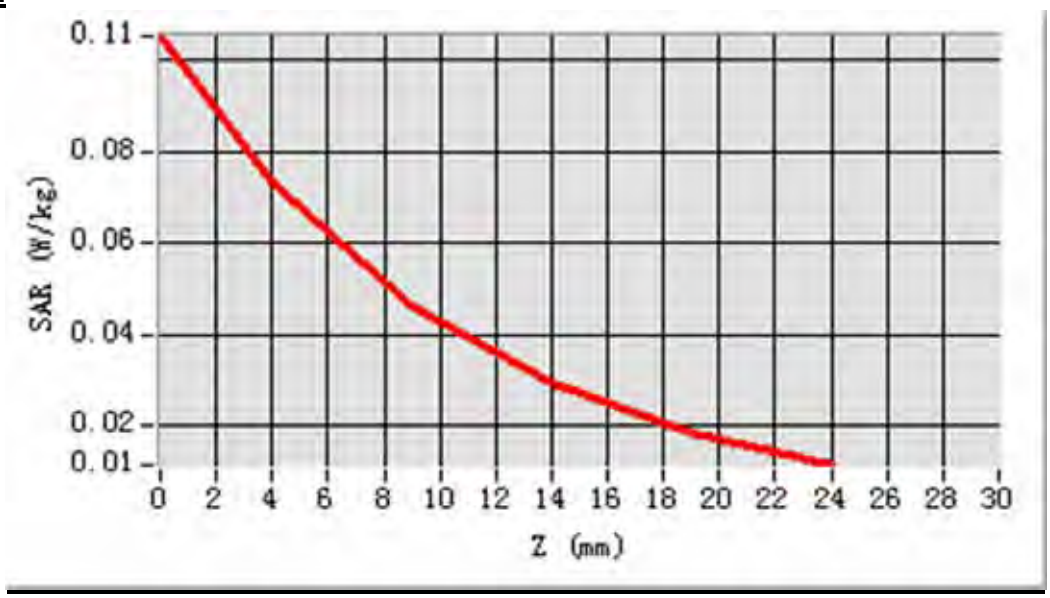
MEAS. 23 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GPRS, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.18; Conductivity: 1.49 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.69
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=-8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.042446
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.069689
Power drift (%):	-0.82

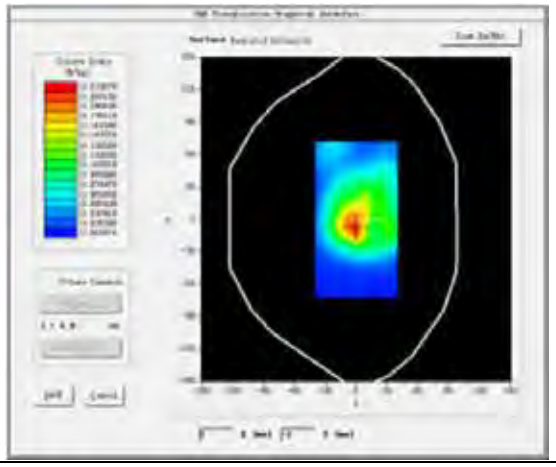
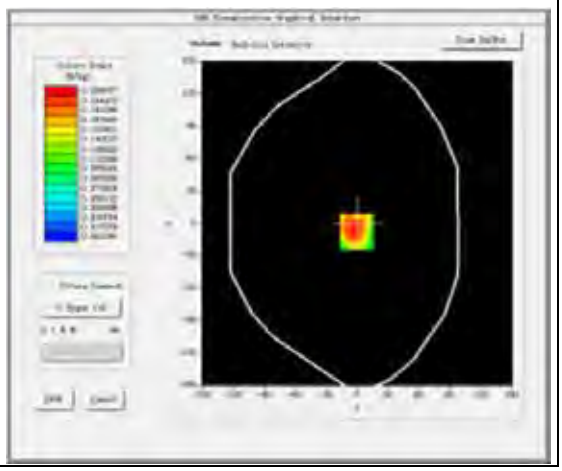
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



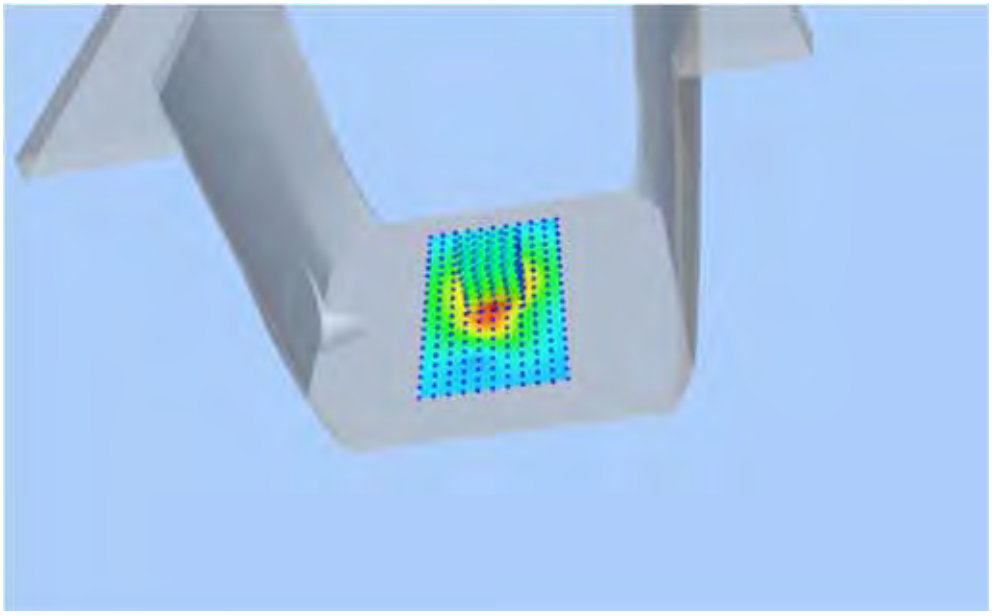
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

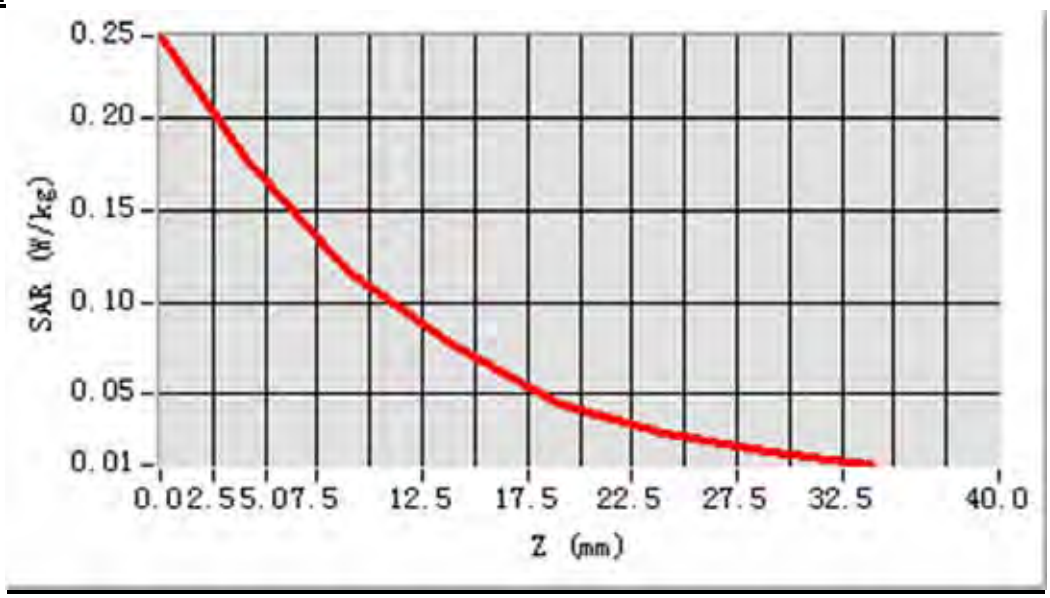
MEAS. 24 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	GPRS, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.18; Conductivity: 1.49 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.69
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.104776
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.175411
Power drift (%):	1.17

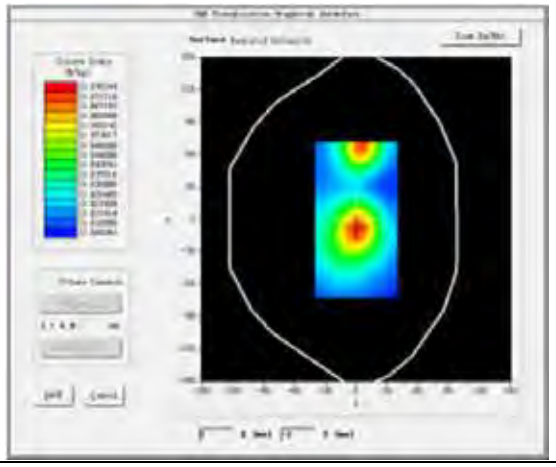
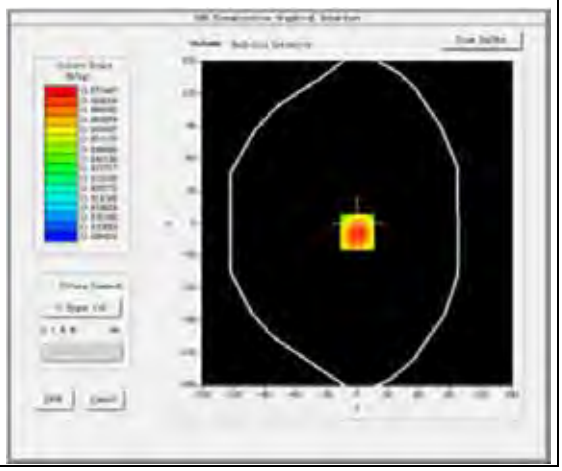
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



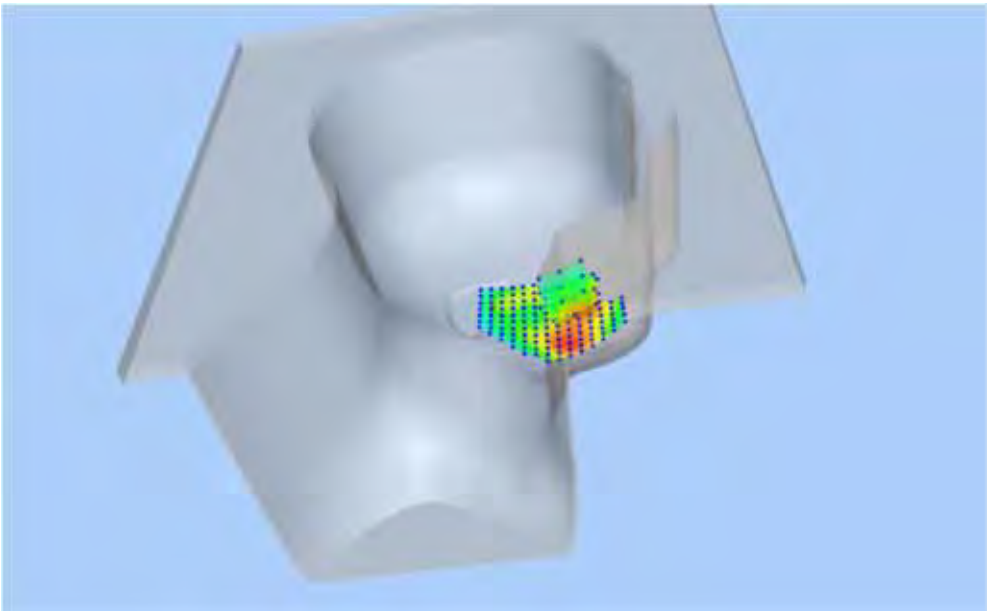
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

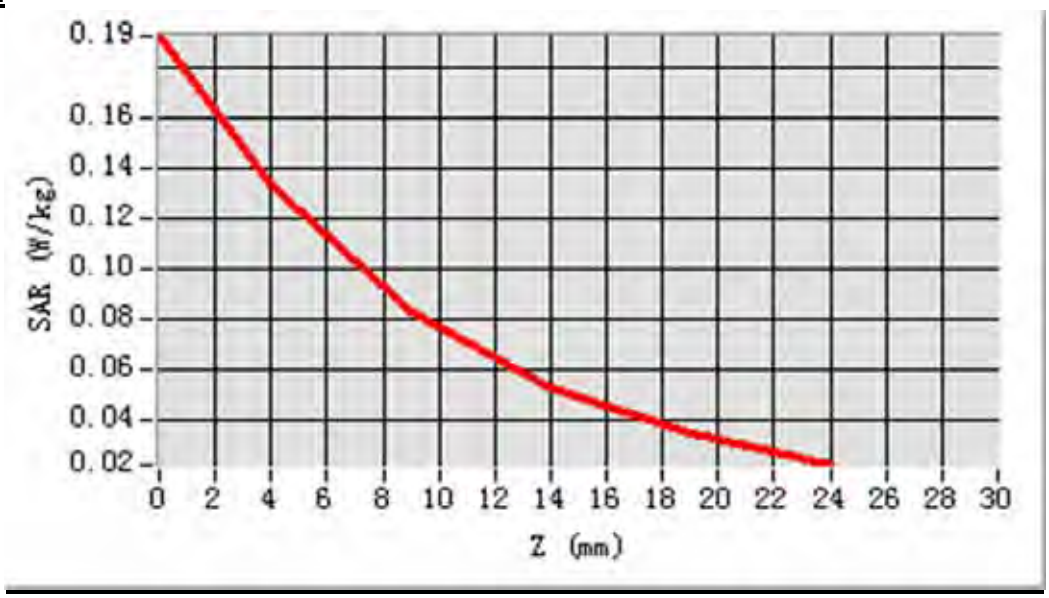
MEAS. 25 Left Head with Cheek position on Middle Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	WCDMA, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 39.62; Conductivity: 1.40 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-64.000000, Y=-16.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.076201
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.126267
Power drift (%):	0.48

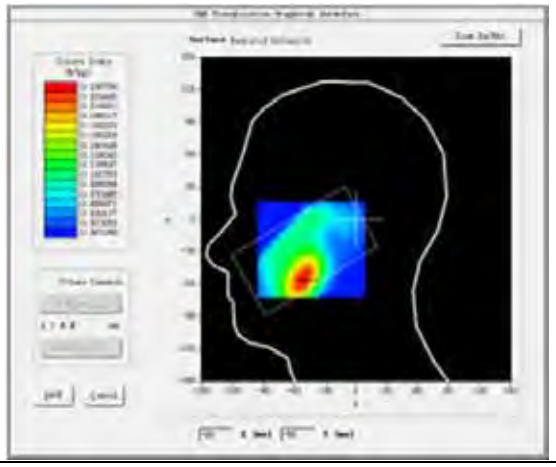
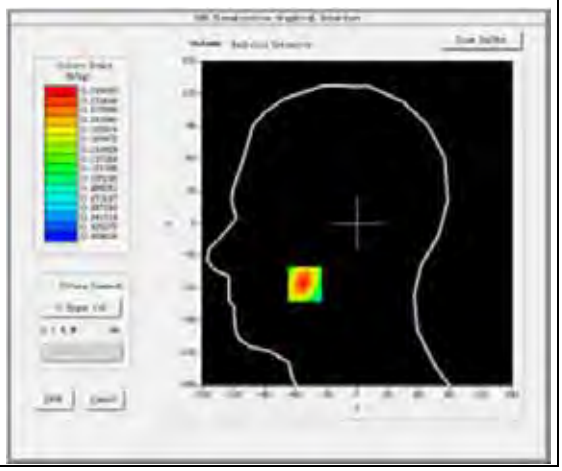
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



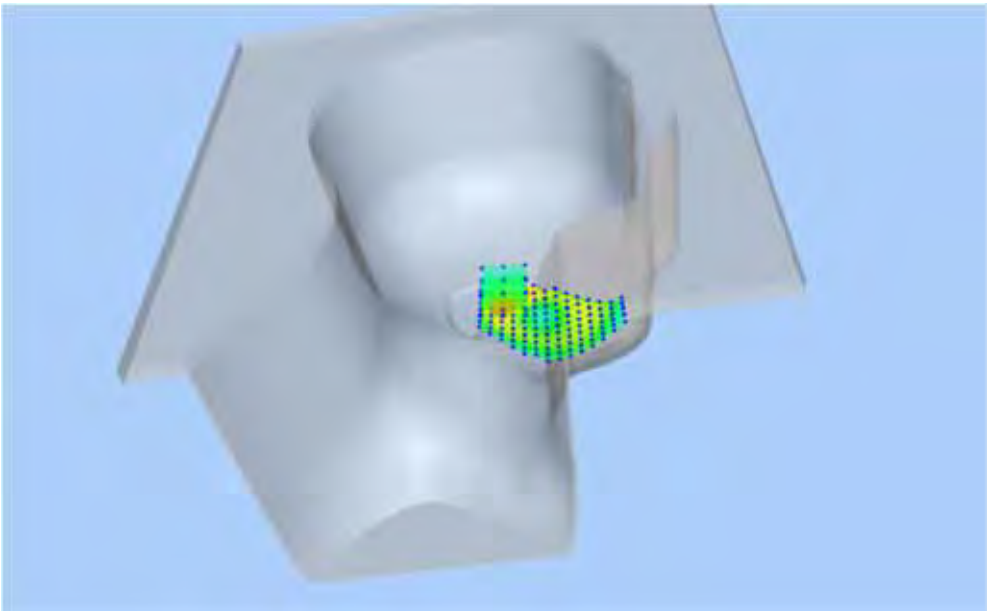
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

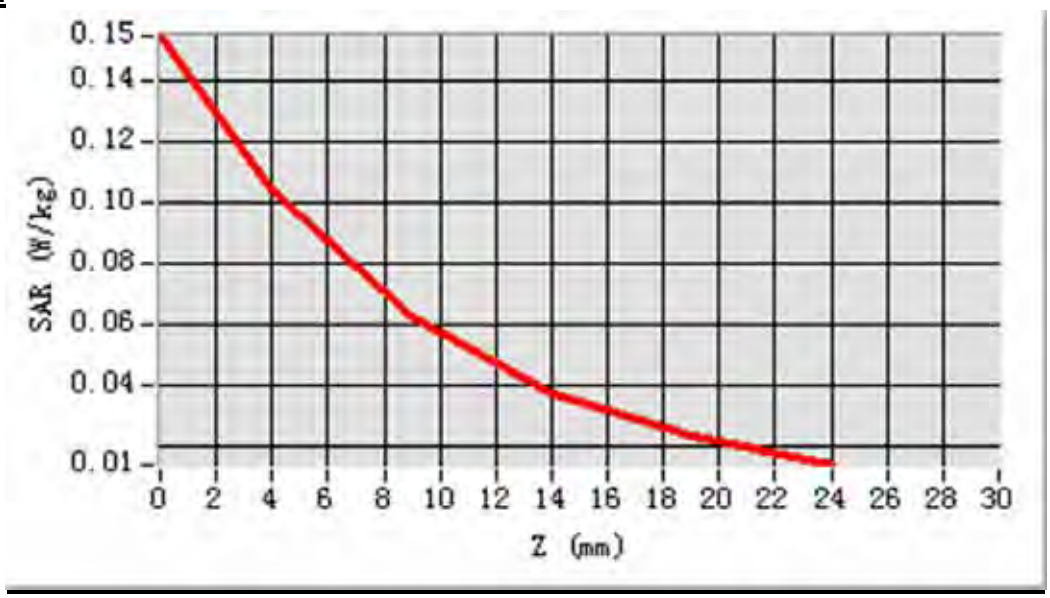
MEAS. 26 Left Head with Tilt on Middle Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	WCDMA, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 39.62; Conductivity: 1.40 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-8.000000, Y=0.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.054239
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.096989
Power drift (%):	-0.43

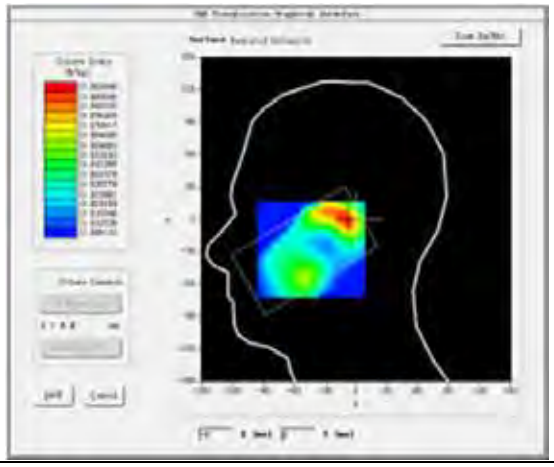
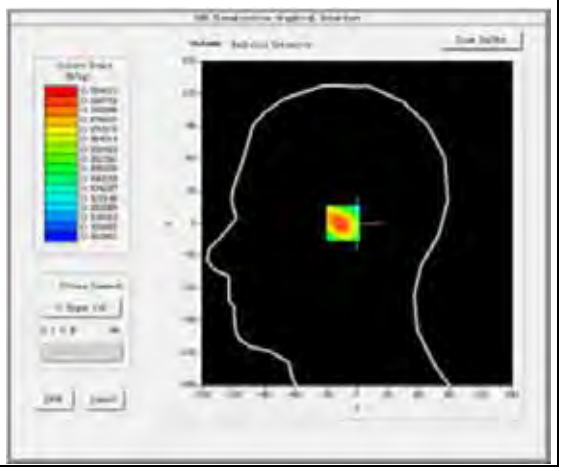
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



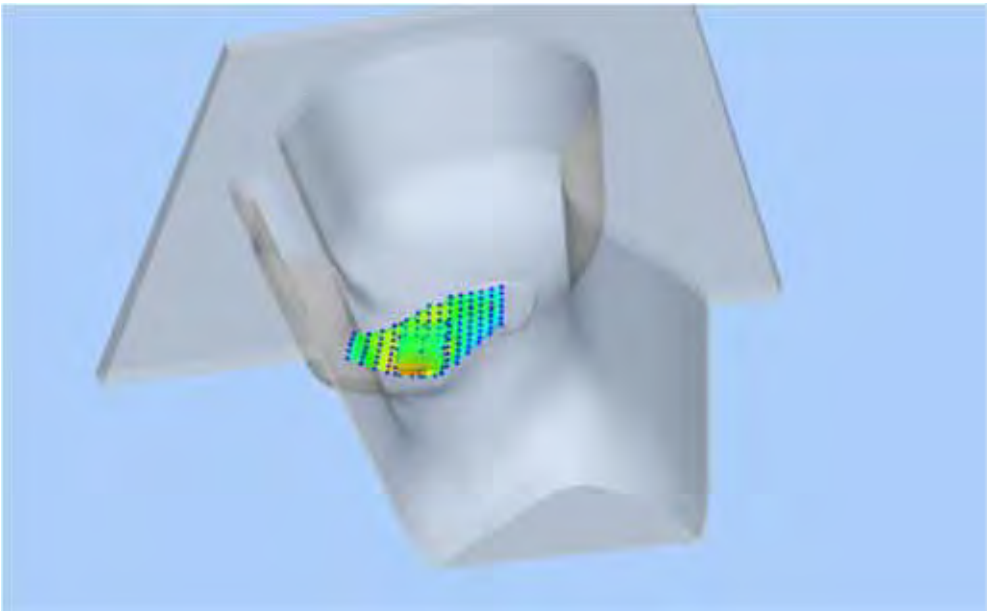
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

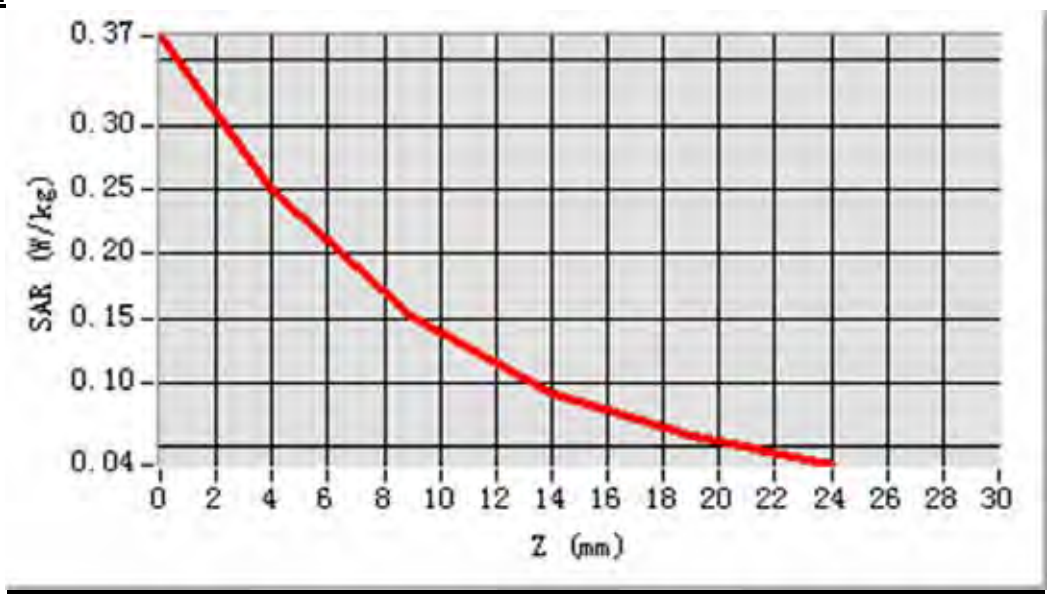
MEAS. 27 Right Head with Cheek on Middle Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	WCDMA, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 39.62; Conductivity: 1.40 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-48.000000, Y=-56.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.136697
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.236093
Power drift (%):	-1.12

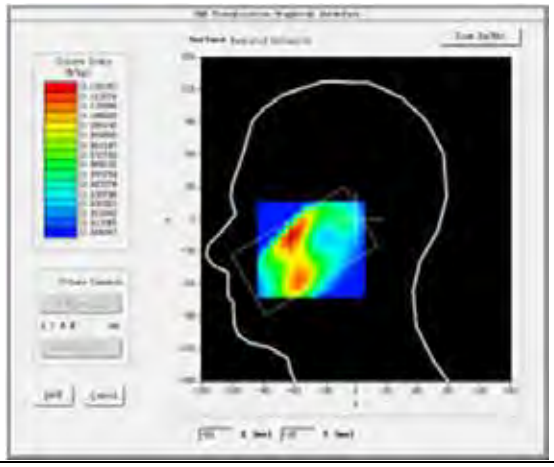
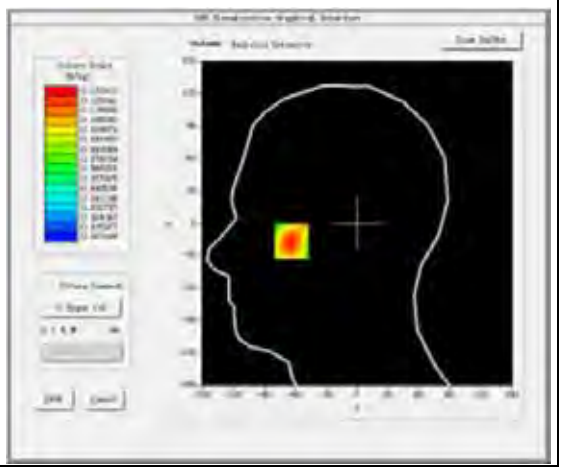
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



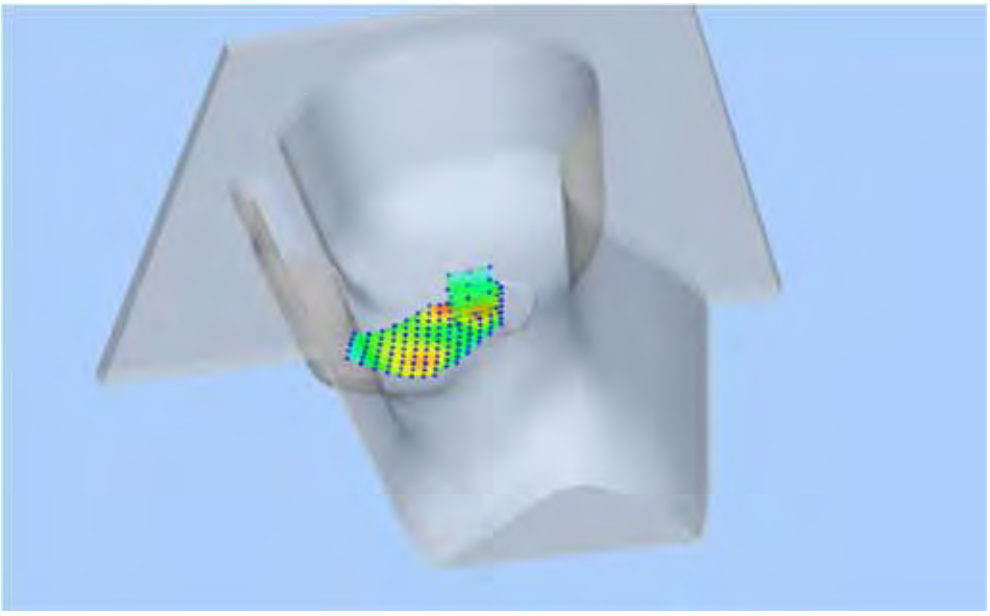
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

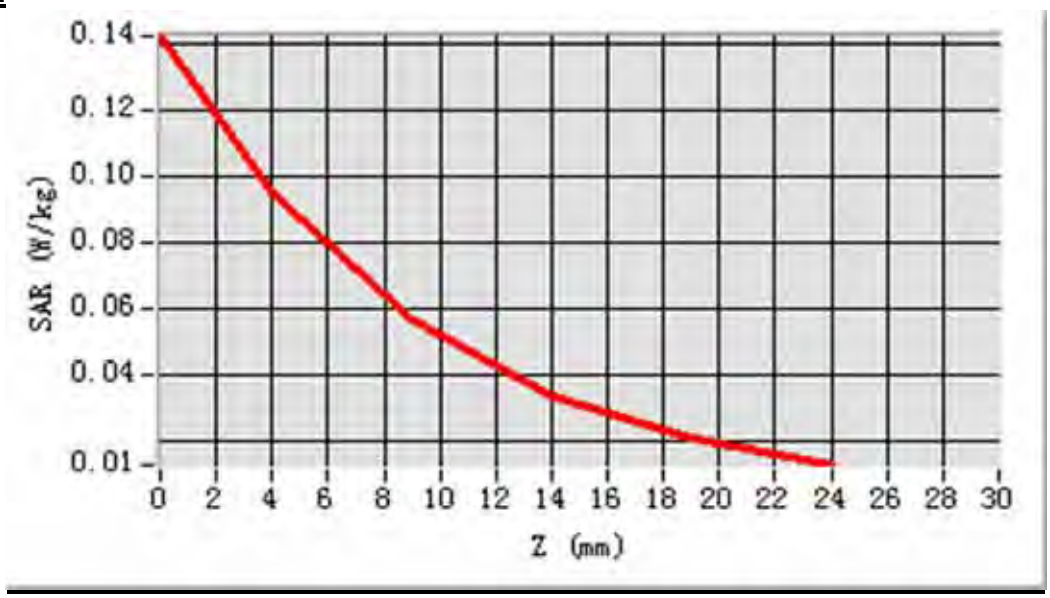
MEAS. 28 Right Head with Tilt on Middle Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	WCDMA, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 39.62; Conductivity: 1.40 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-8.000000, Y=0.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.050802
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.089377
Power drift (%):	-0.57

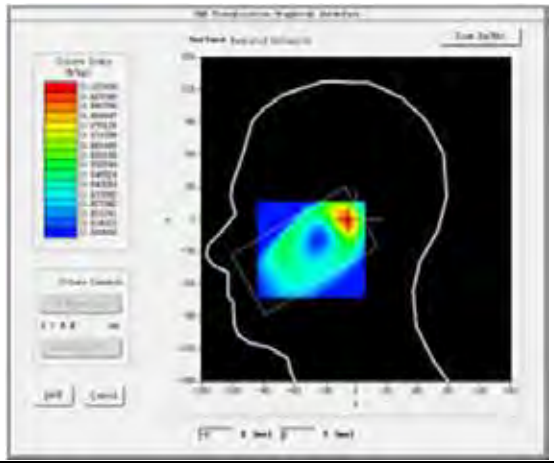
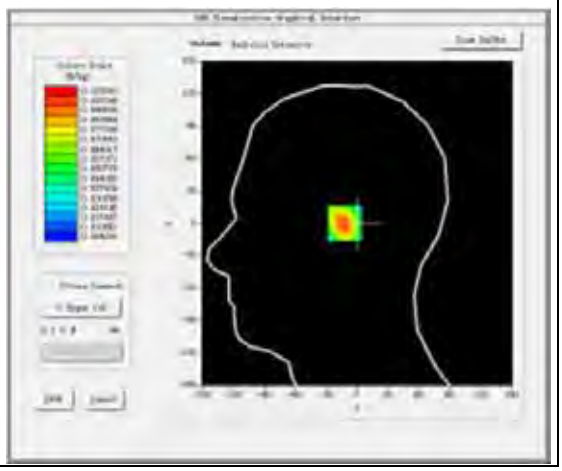
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



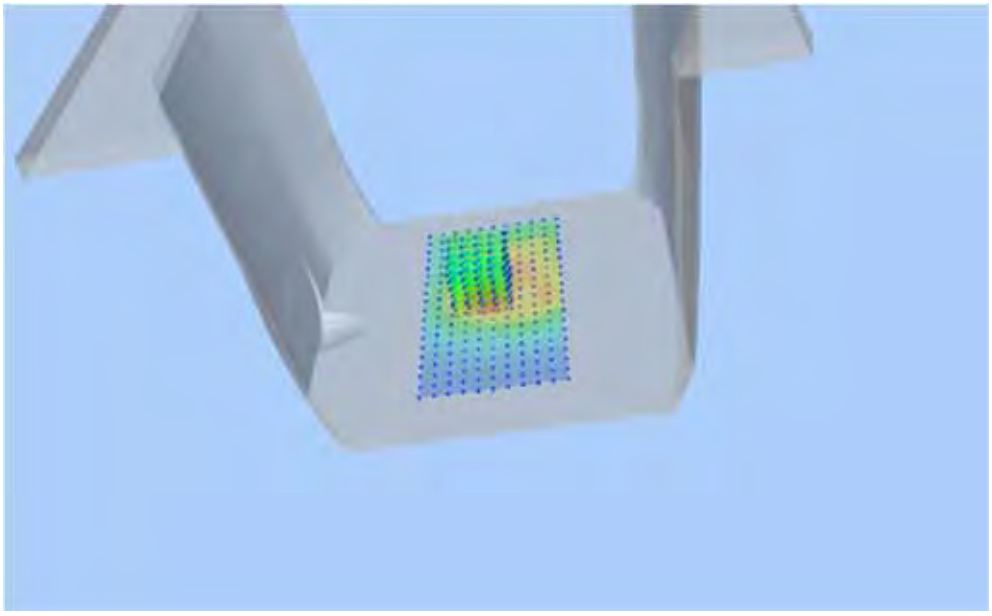
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

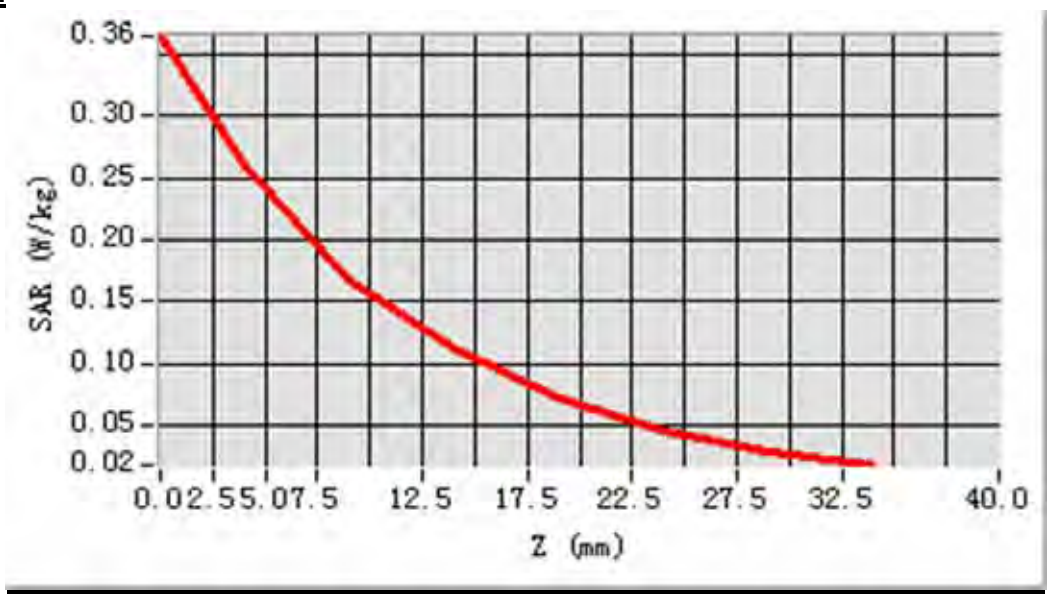
MEAS. 29 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	WCDMA, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.18; Conductivity: 1.49 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.69
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-8.000000, Y=8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.149396
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.248830
Power drift (%):	0.23

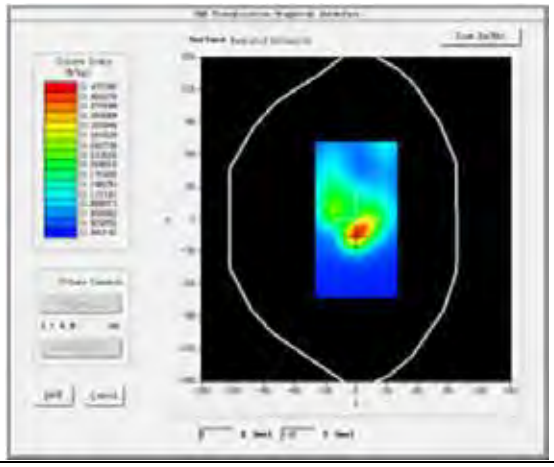
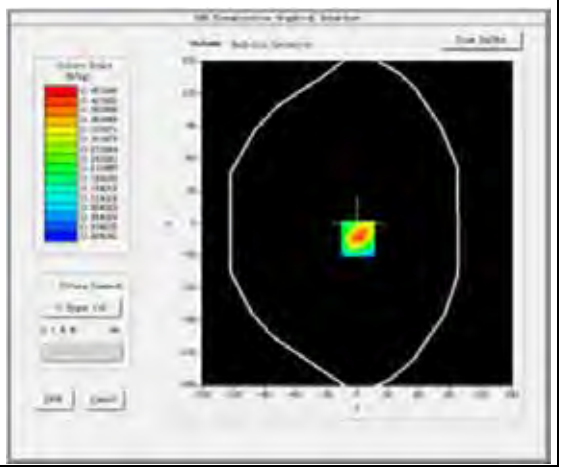
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



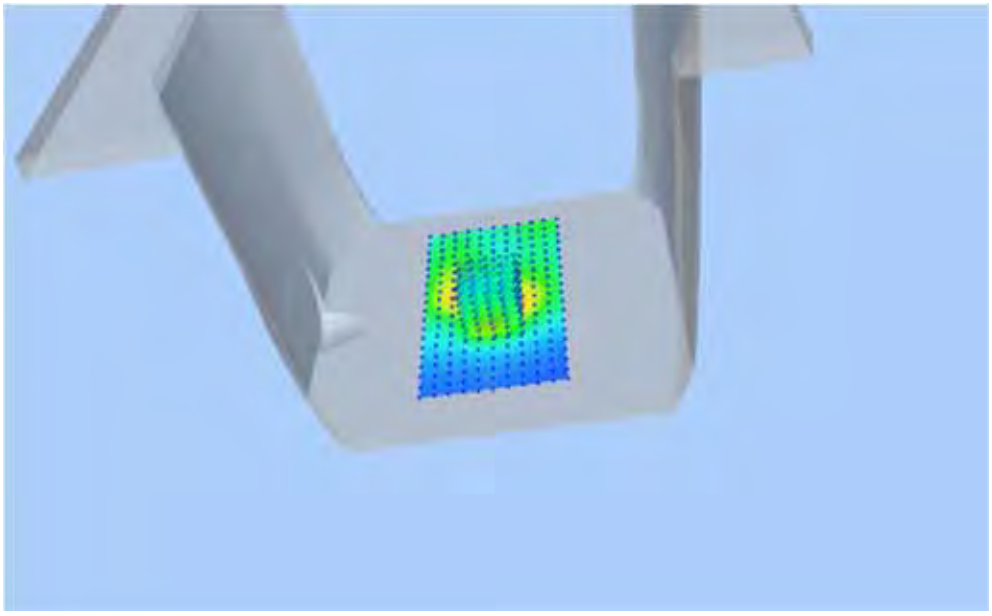
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

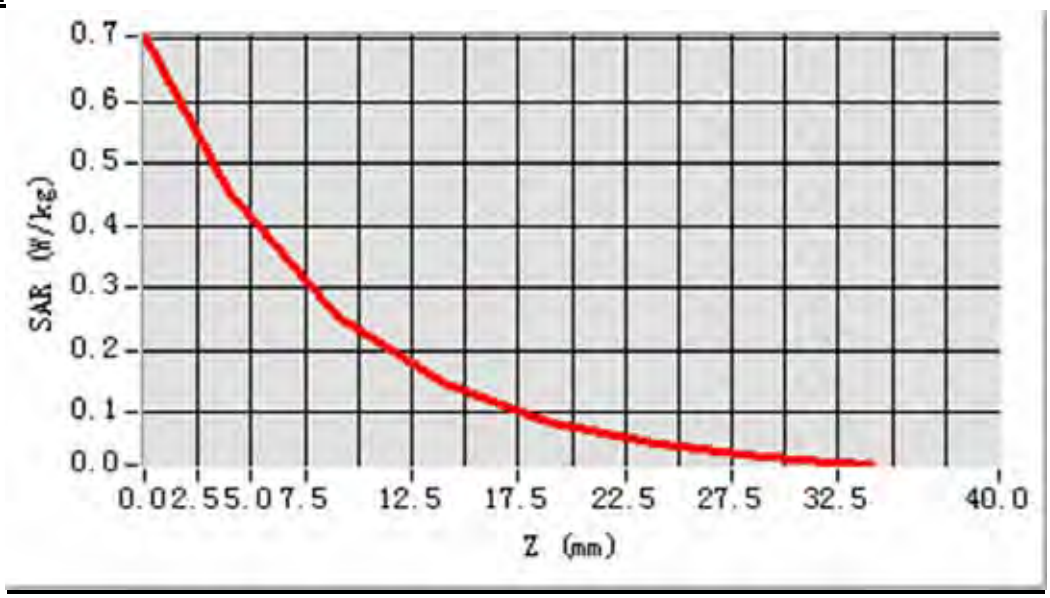
MEAS. 30 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	WCDMA, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.18; Conductivity: 1.49 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.69
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=-16.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.214548
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.426800
Power drift (%):	-2.57

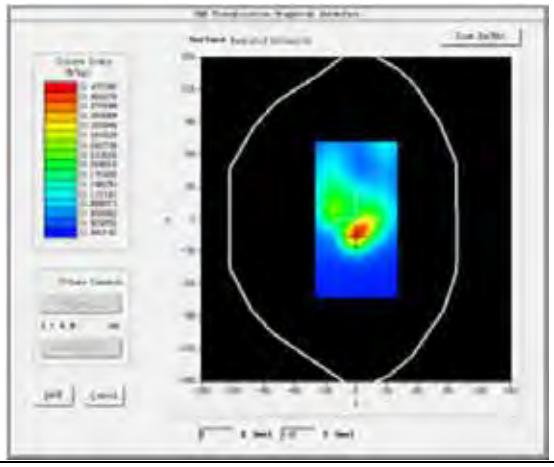
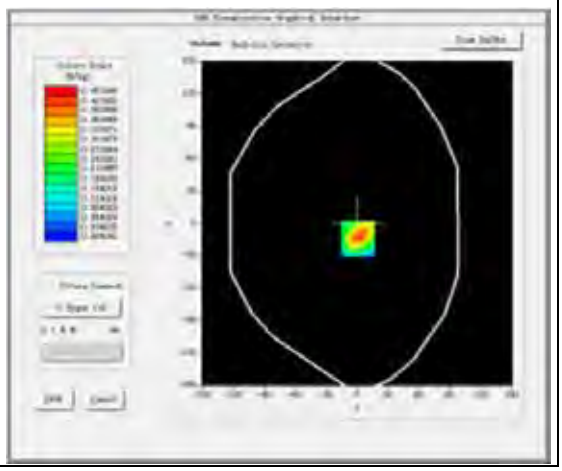
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



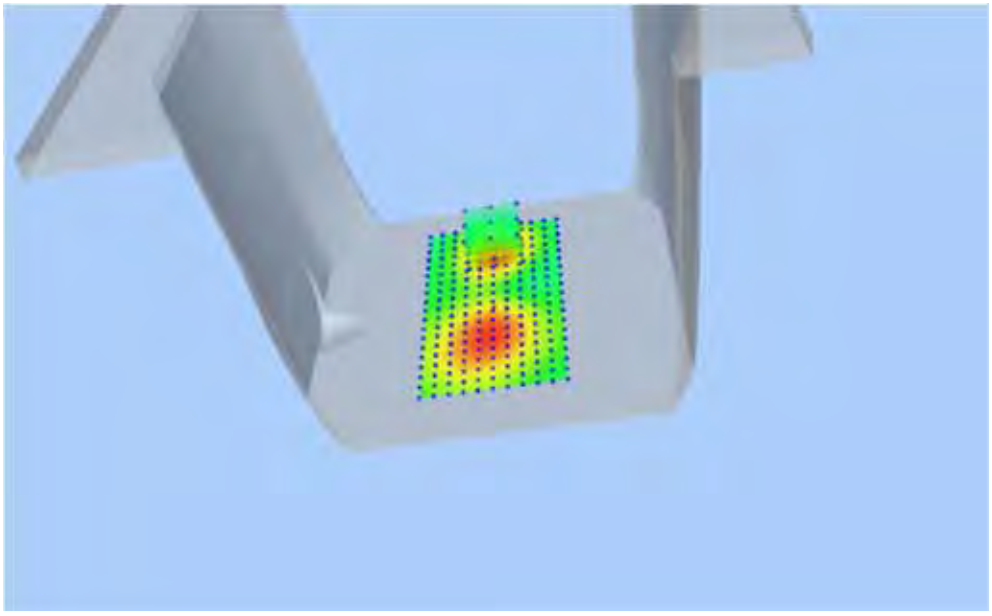
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

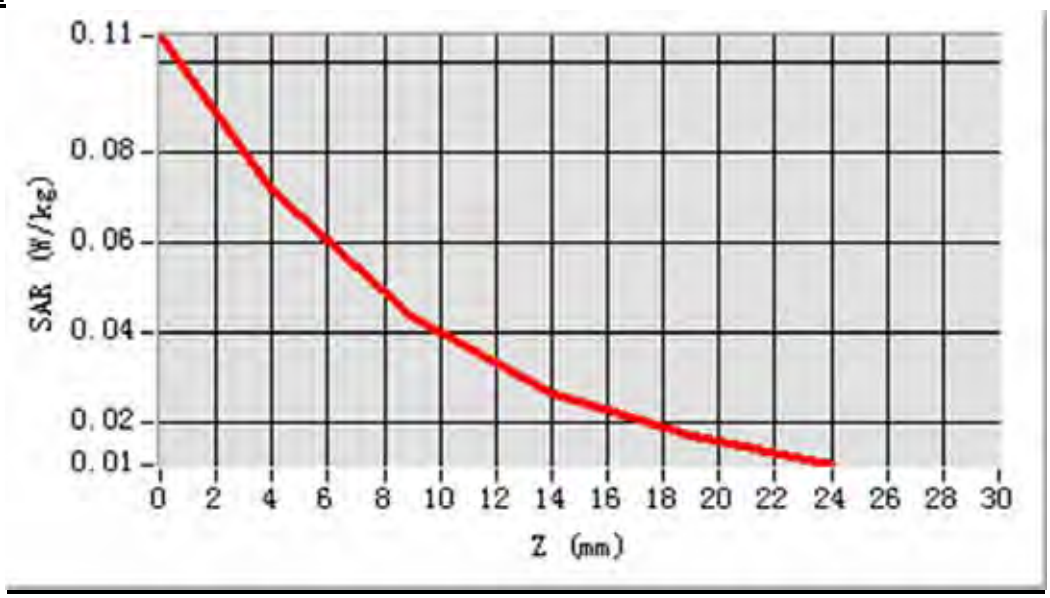
MEAS. 31 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	WCDMA, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.18; Conductivity: 1.49 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.69
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=48.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.039494
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.067682
Power drift (%):	-0.32

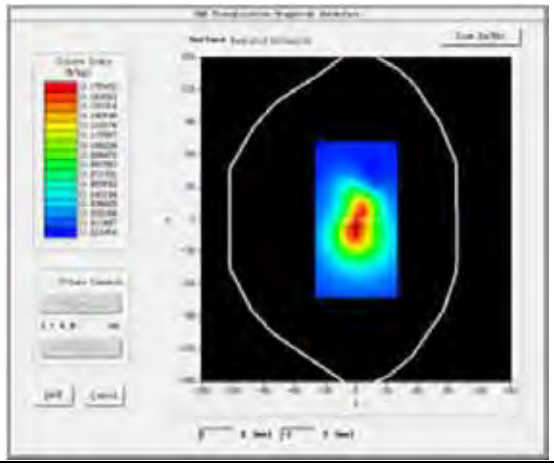
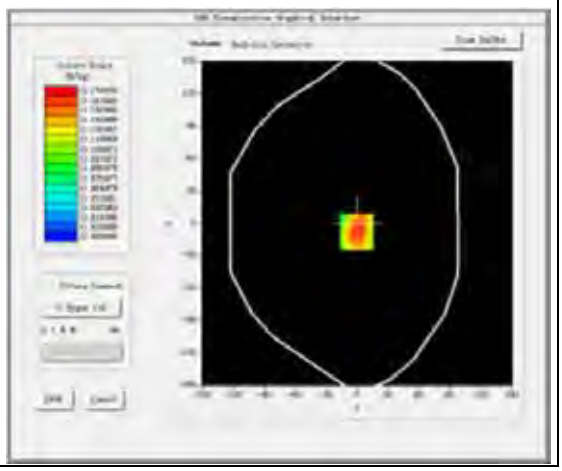
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



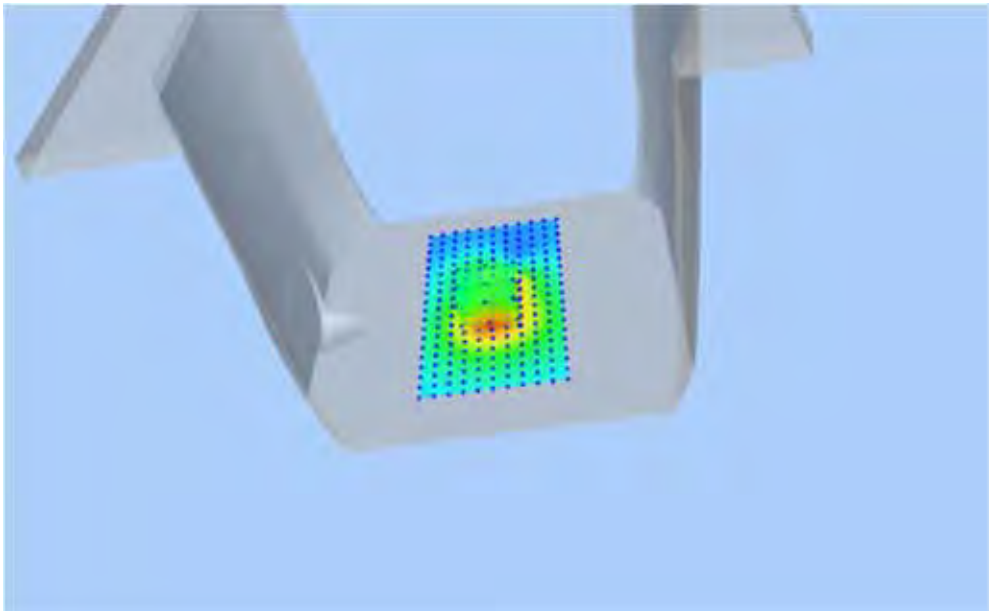
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

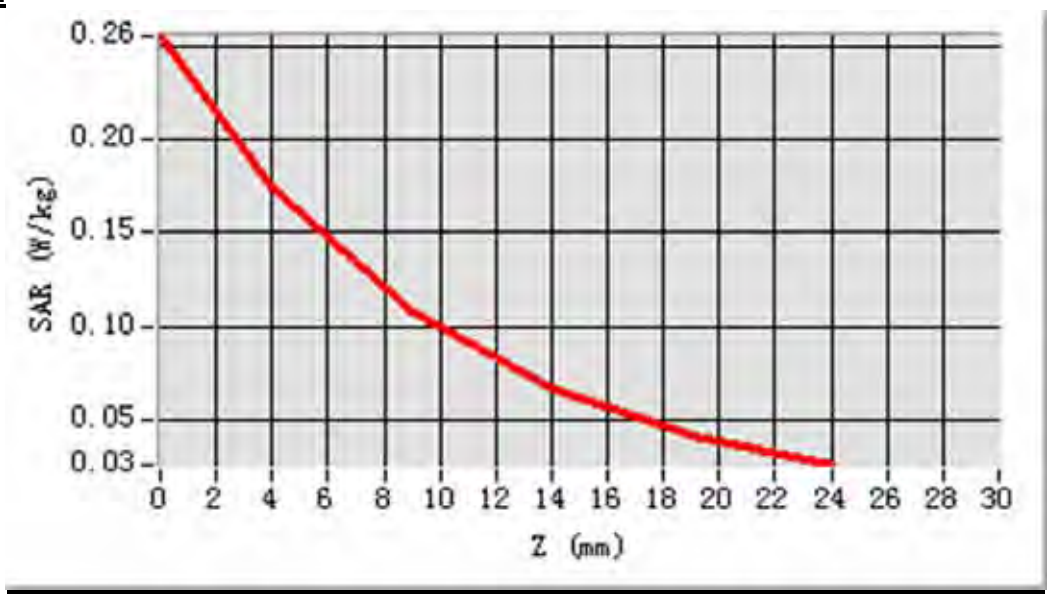
MEAS. 32 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	WCDMA, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.18; Conductivity: 1.49 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.69
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=-8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.098808
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.165336
Power drift (%):	-0.12

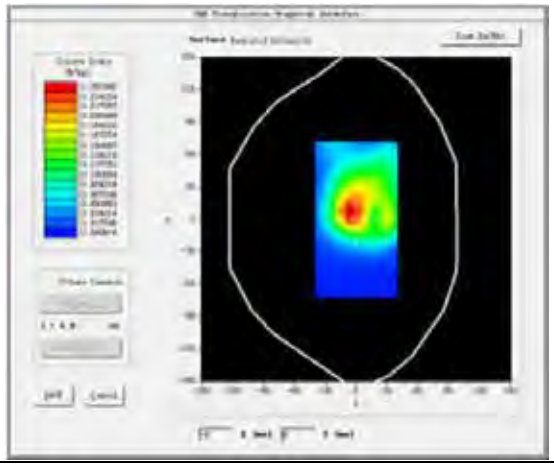
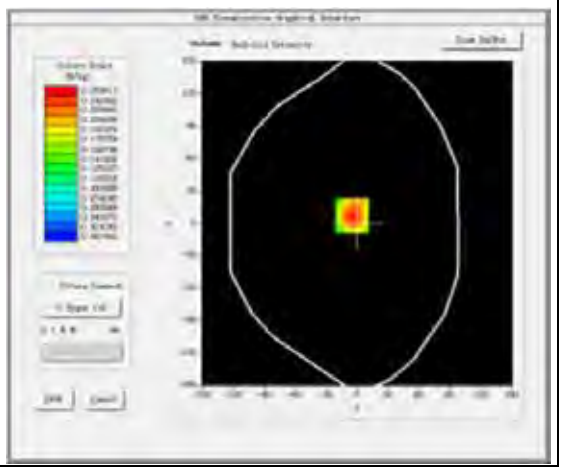
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



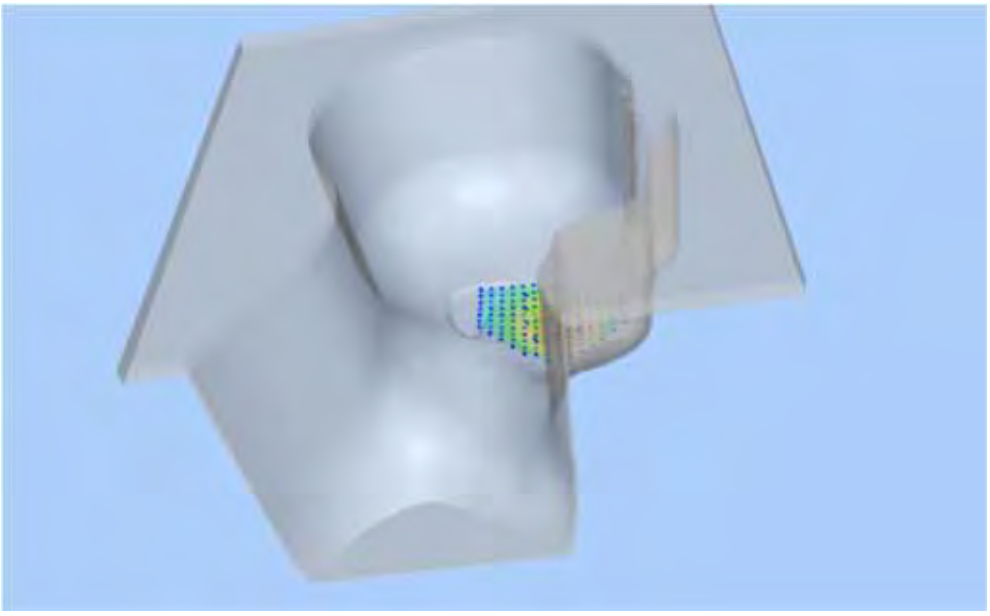
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

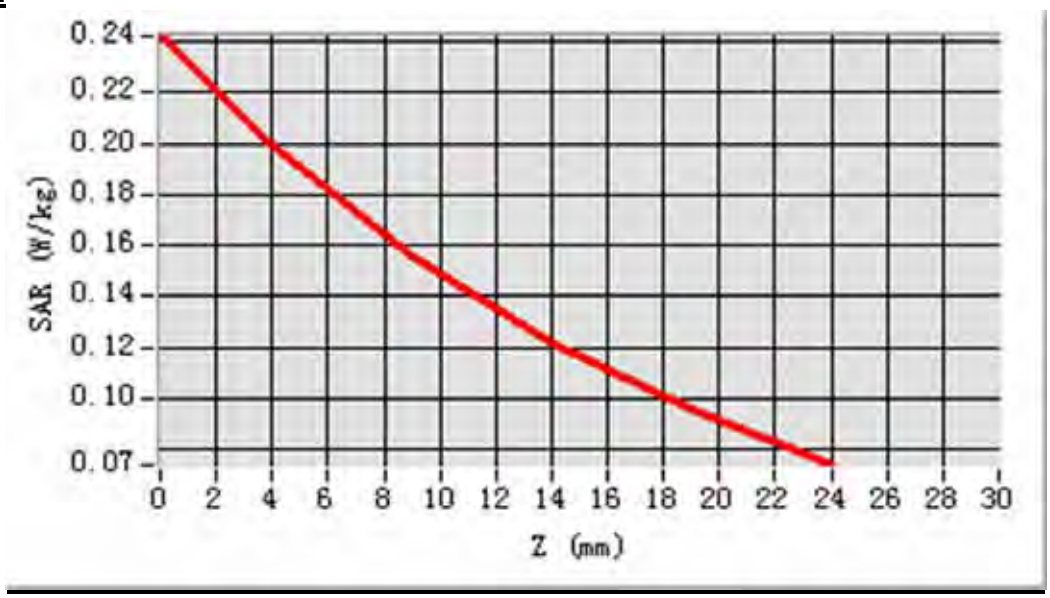
MEAS. 33 Left Head with Cheek on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 41.55; Conductivity: 0.90 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-48.000000, Y=-32.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.138932
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.191113
Power drift (%):	-0.37

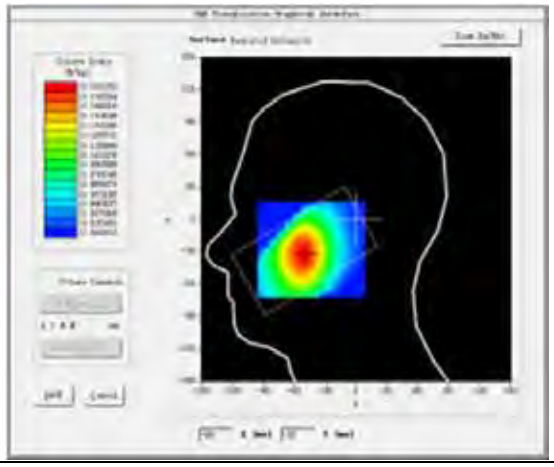
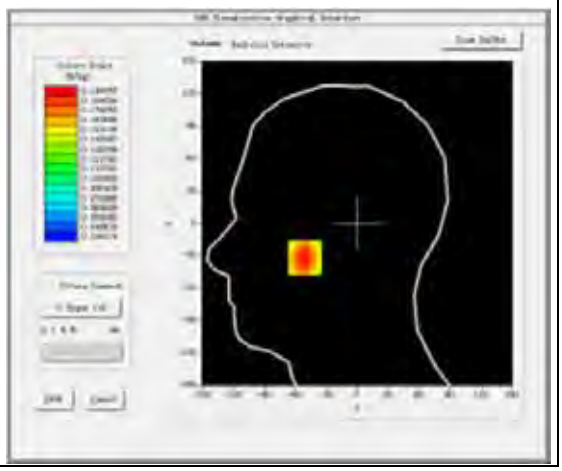
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



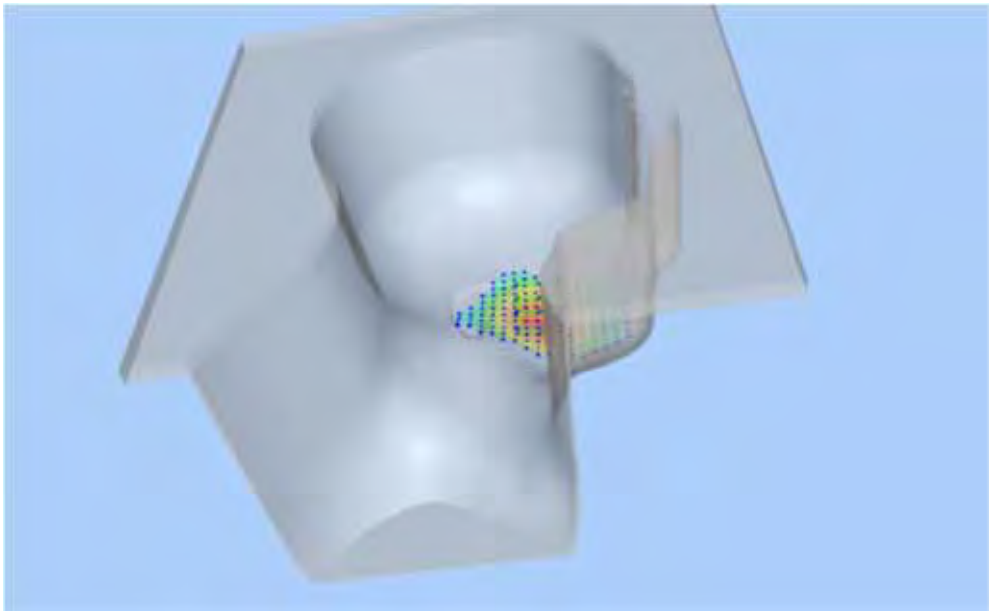
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

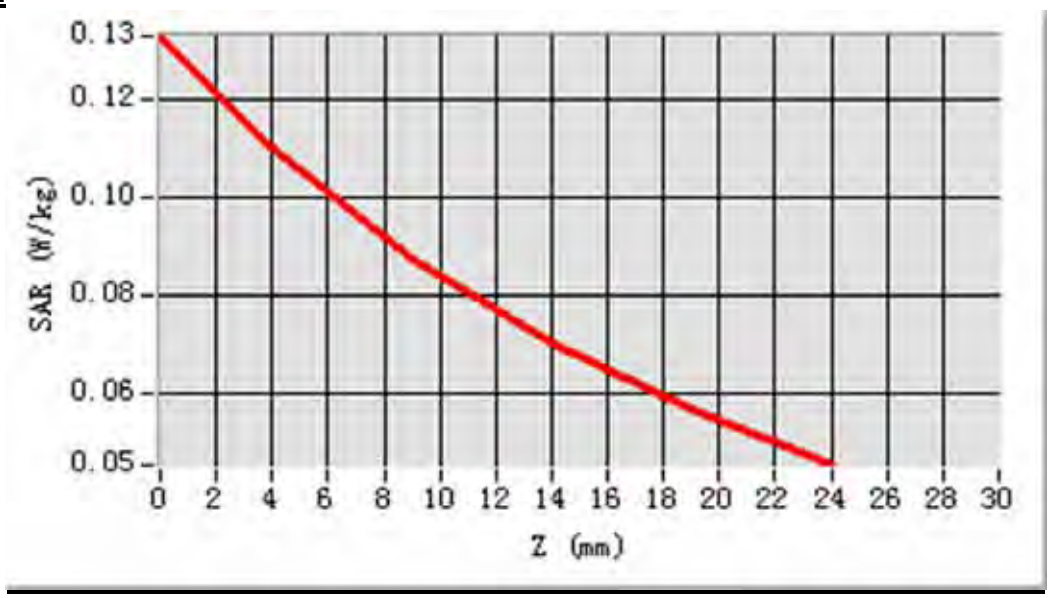
MEAS. 34 Left Head with Tilt on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 41.55; Conductivity: 0.90 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-32.000000, Y=-24.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.079803
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.106373
Power drift (%):	0.91

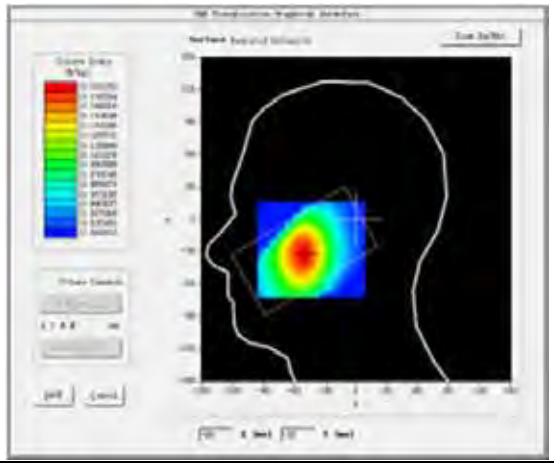
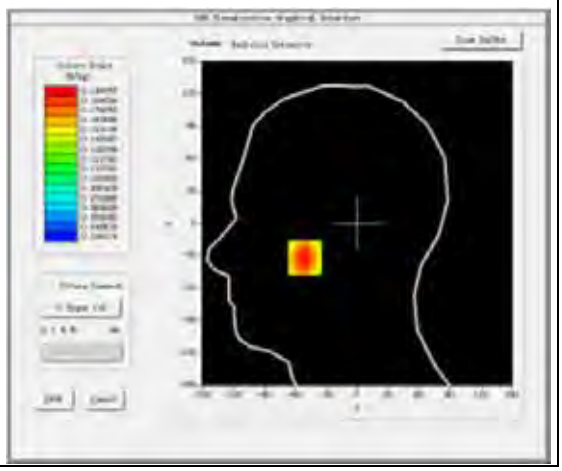
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



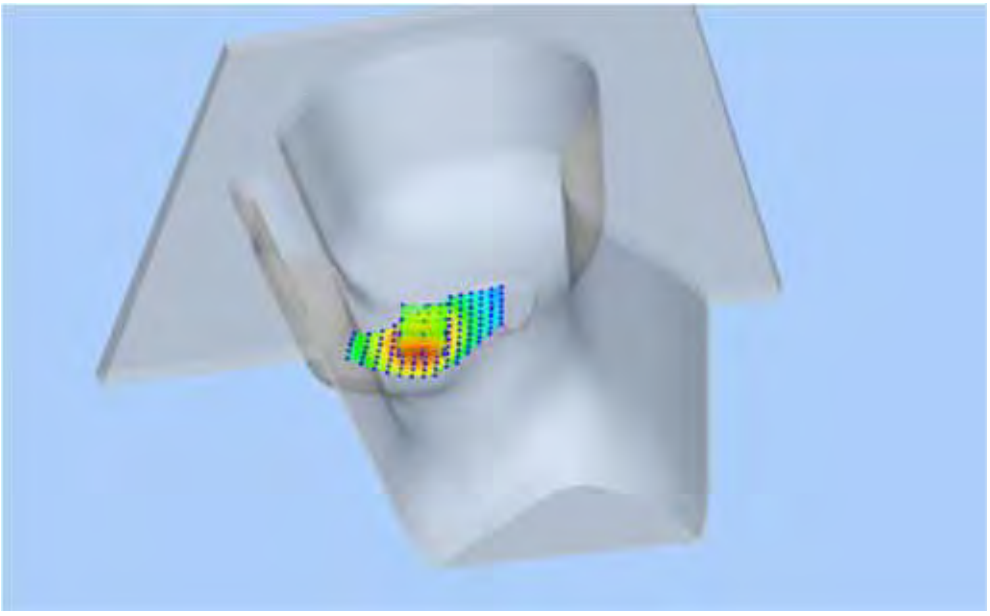
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

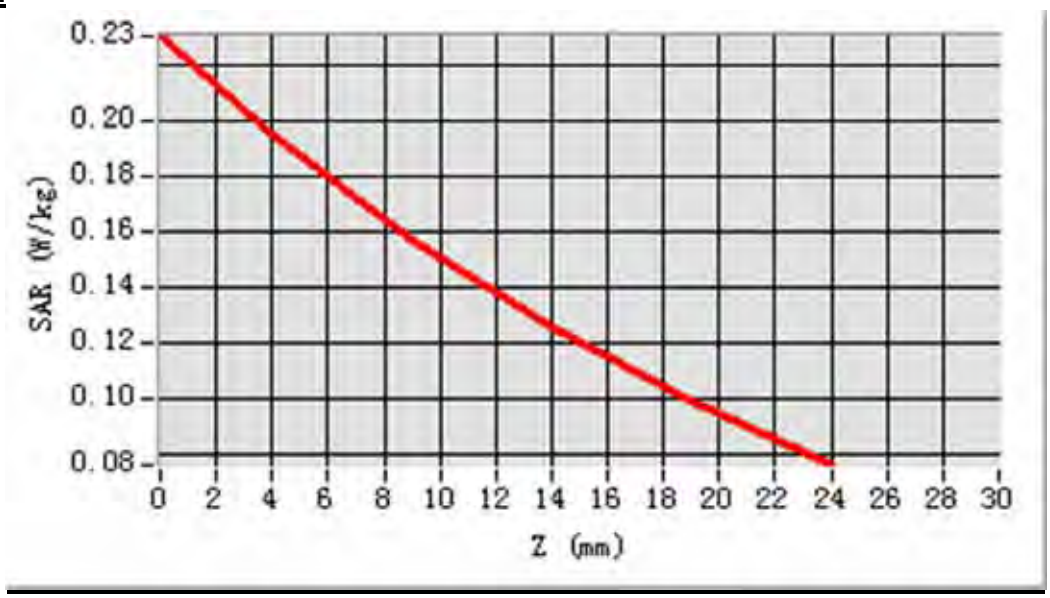
MEAS. 35 Right Head with Cheek on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 41.55; Conductivity: 0.90 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-48.000000, Y=-32.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.139540
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.187699
Power drift (%):	-0.52

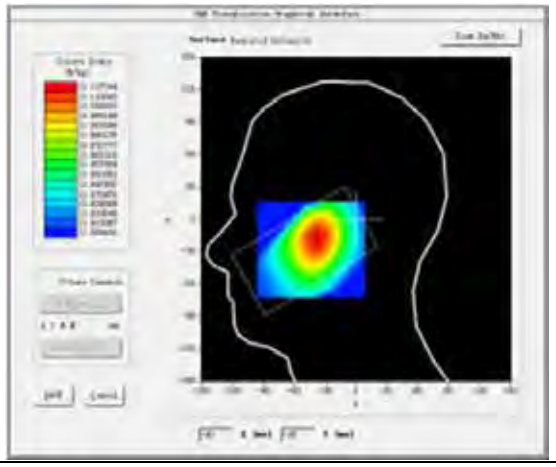
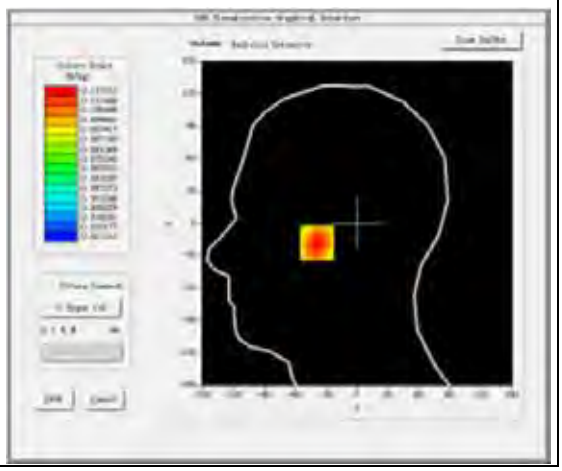
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



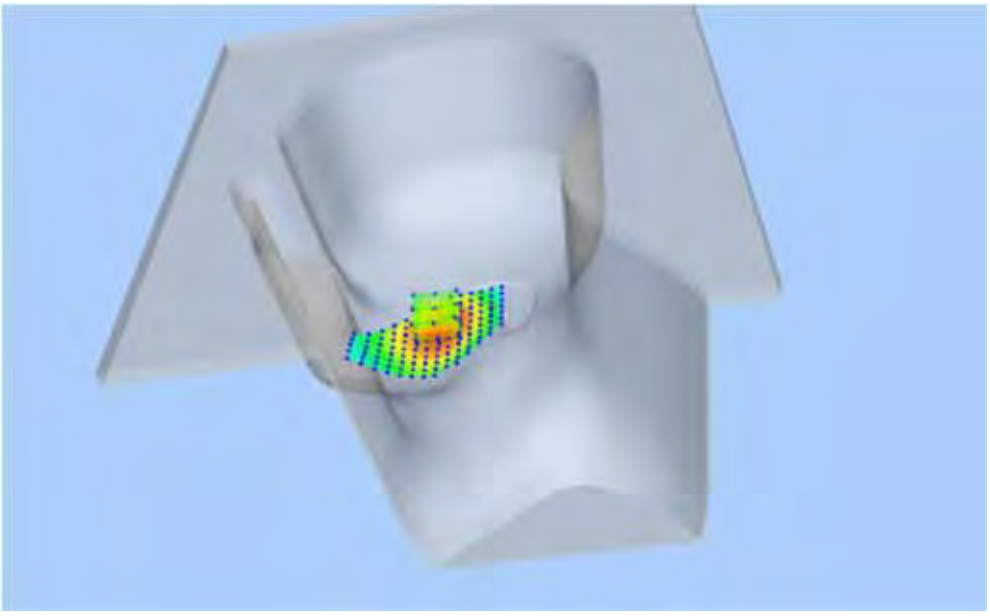
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

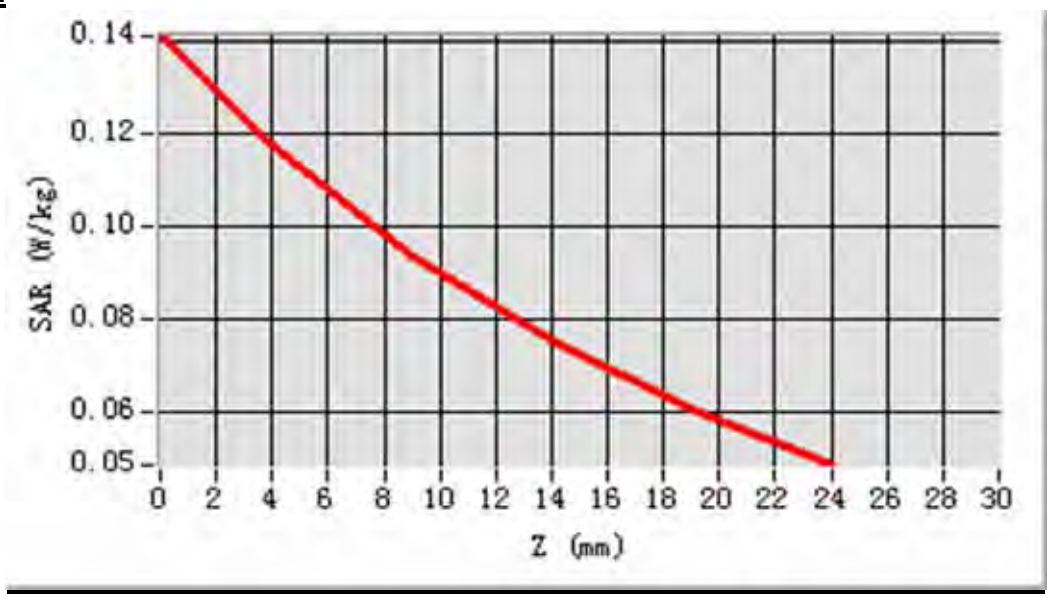
MEAS. 36 Right Head with Tilt on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 41.55; Conductivity: 0.90 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 23.35
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-40.000000, Y=-16.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.084788
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.113236
Power drift (%):	-0.37

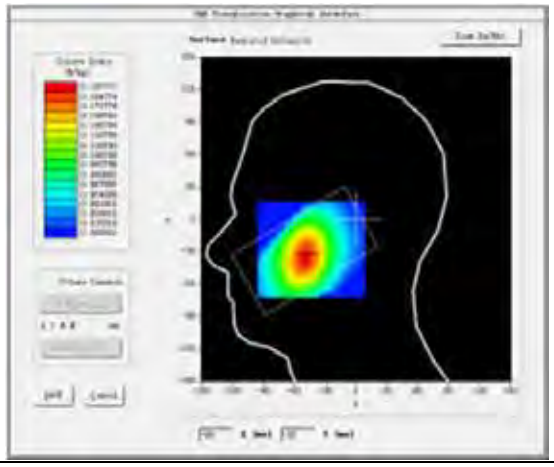
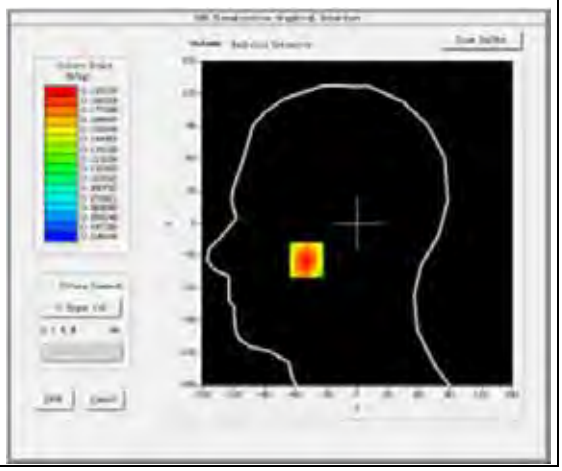
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



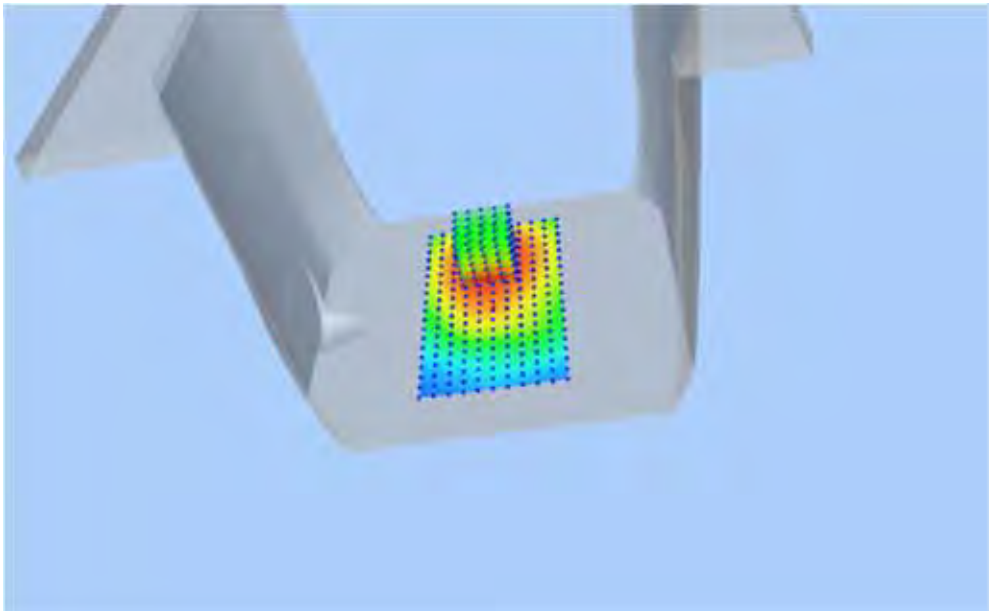
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

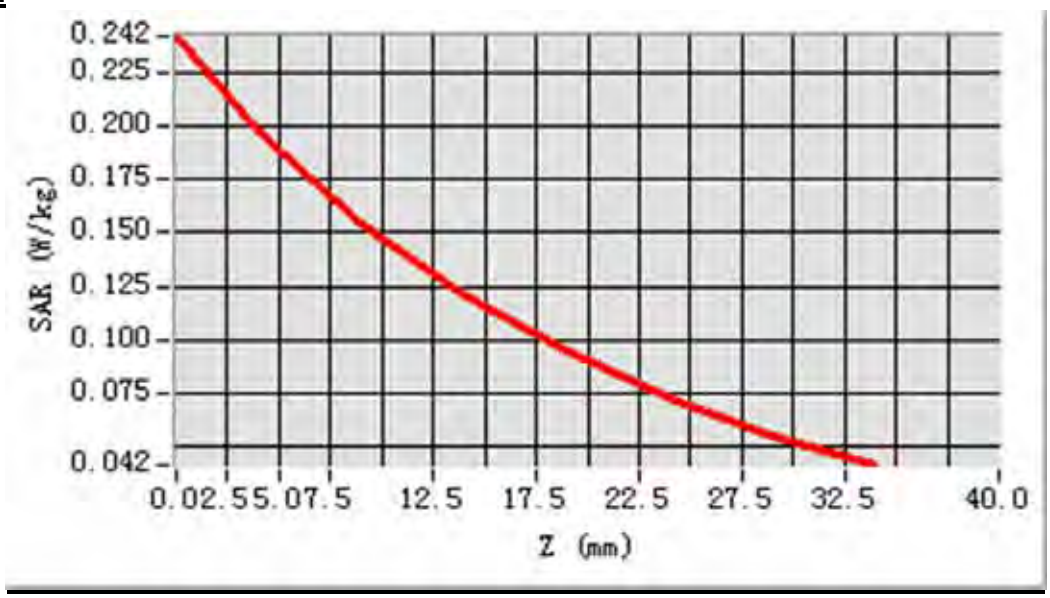
MEAS. 37 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 55.24; Conductivity: 0.98 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 24.10
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=32.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.144075
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.192523
Power drift (%):	-0.64

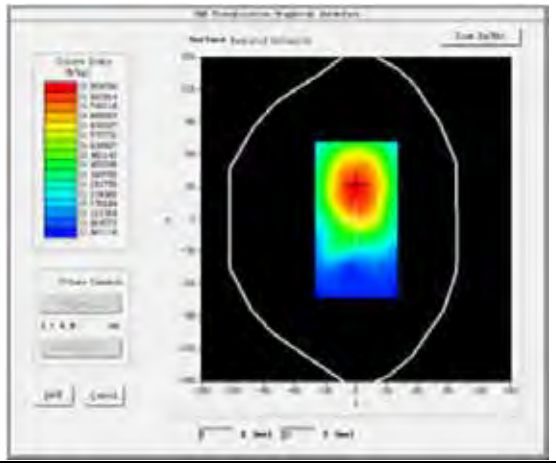
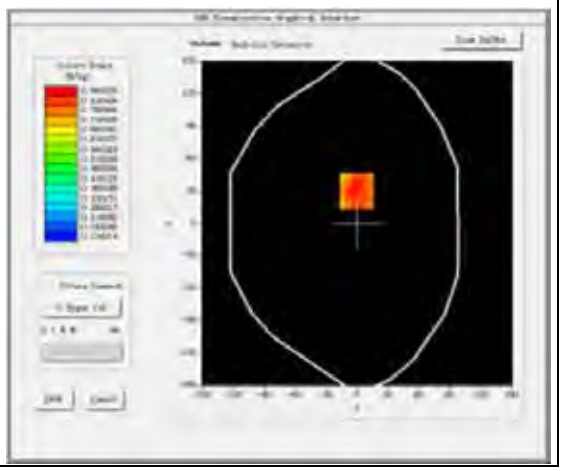
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



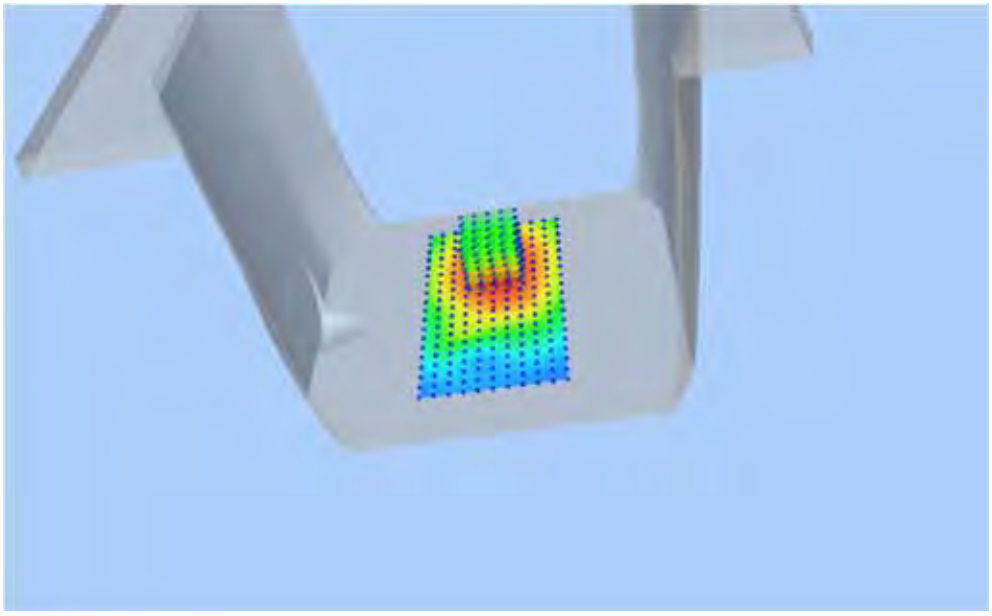
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

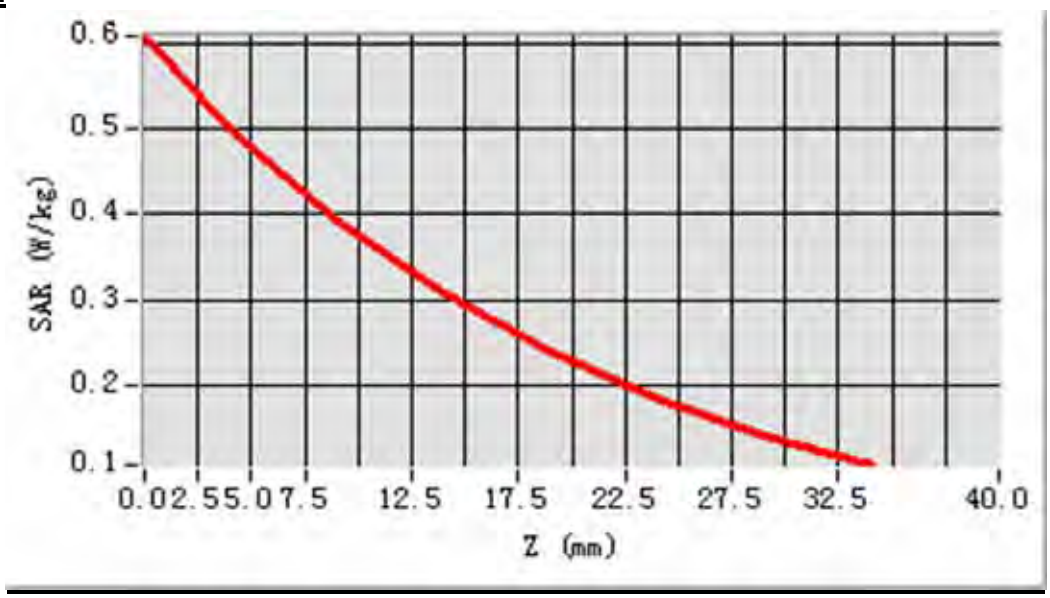
MEAS. 38 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 55.24; Conductivity: 0.98 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 24.10
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=32.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.363131
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.485987
Power drift (%):	0.31

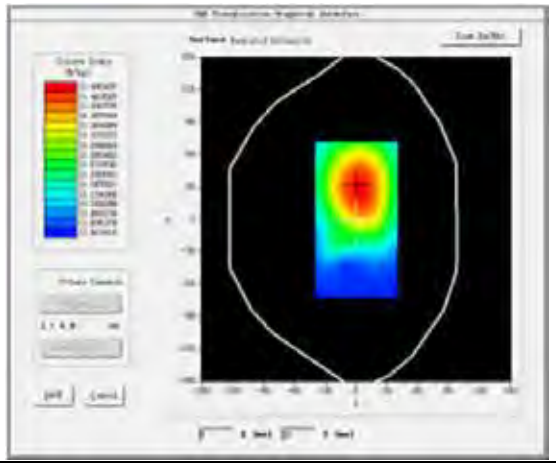
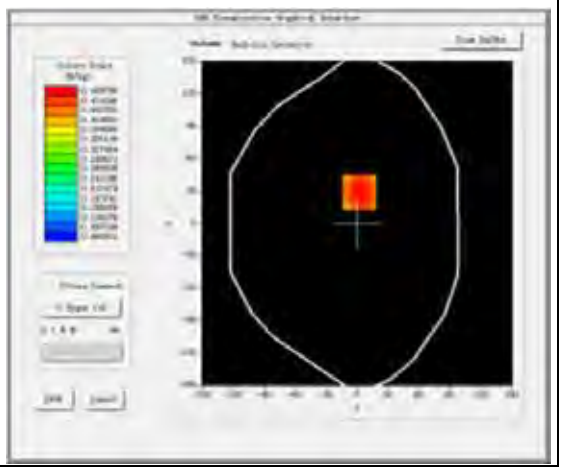
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



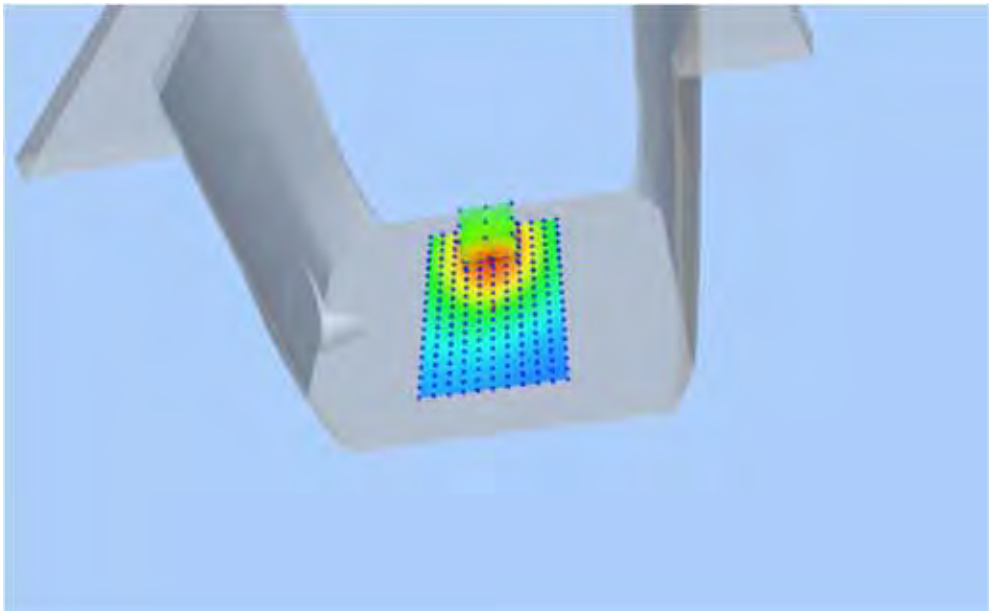
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

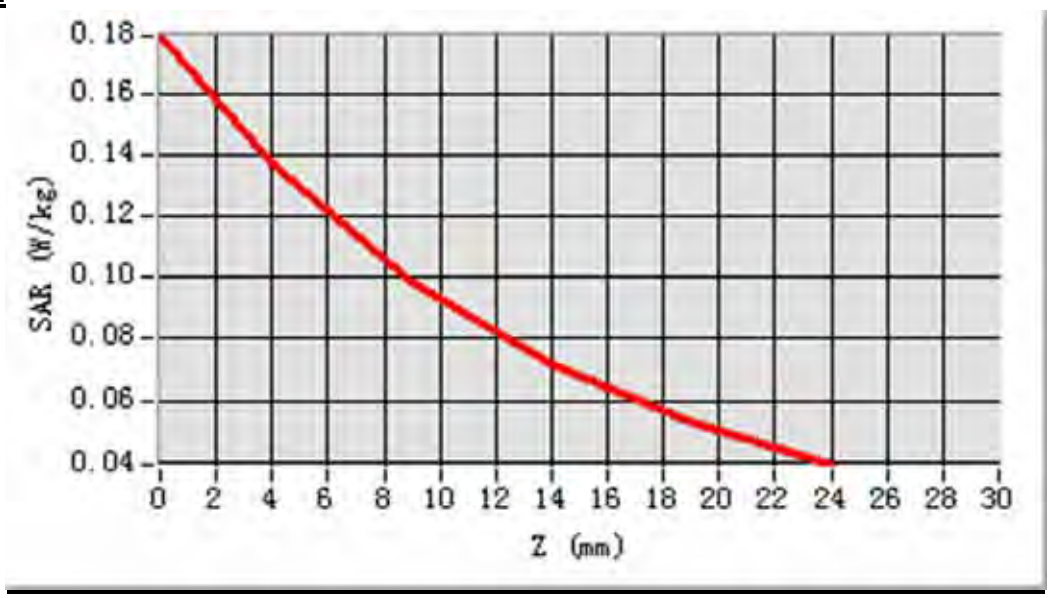
MEAS. 39 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 55.24; Conductivity: 0.98 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 24.10
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=48.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.091142
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.131348
Power drift (%):	0.14

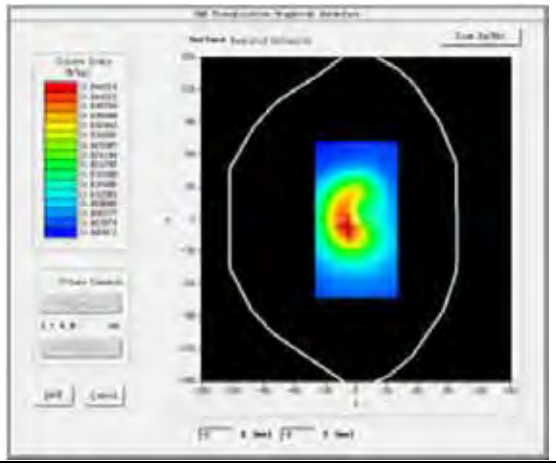
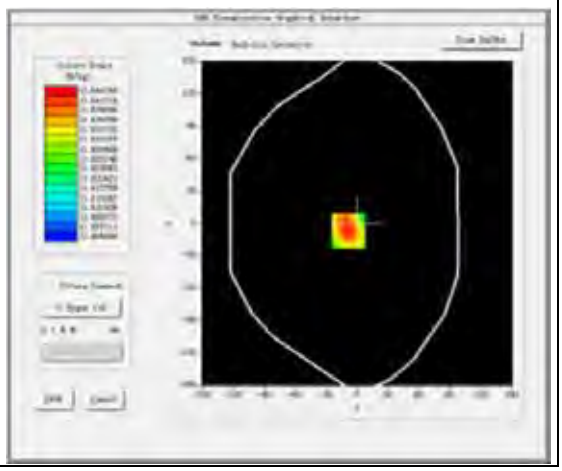
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



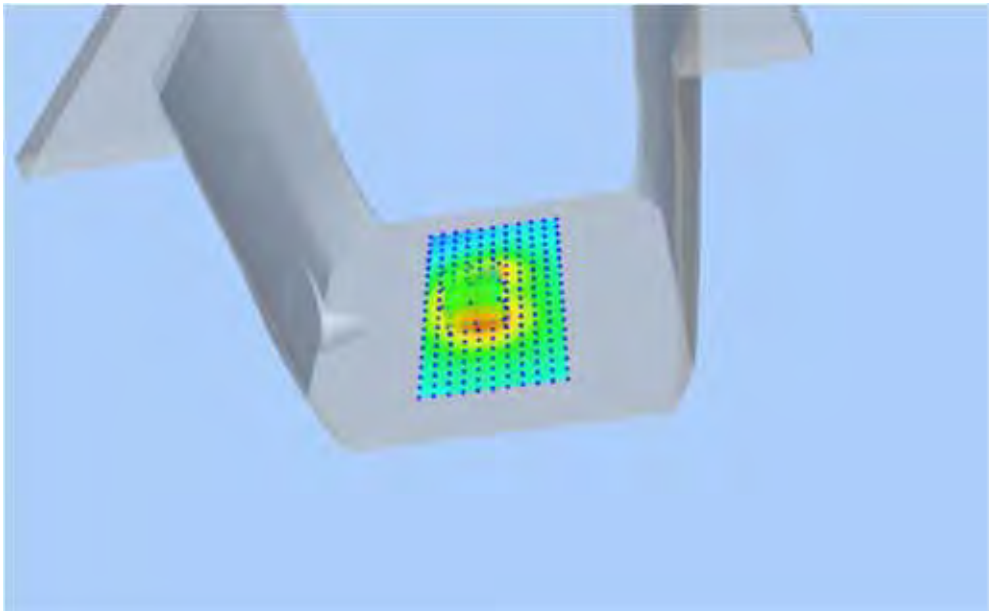
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

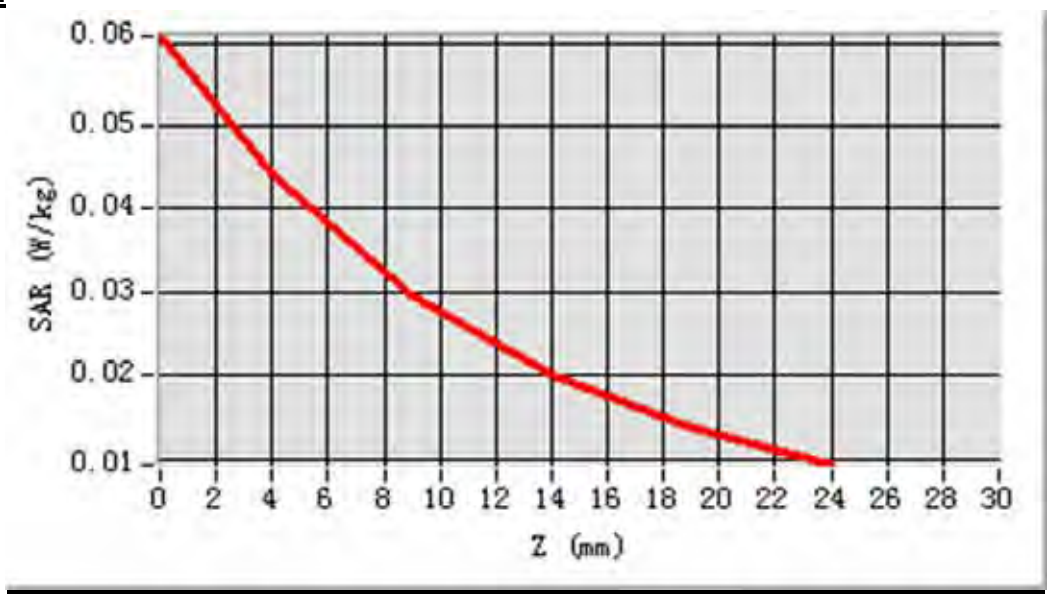
MEAS. 40 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 55.24; Conductivity: 0.98 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 24.10
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-8.000000, Y=-8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.027014
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.042226
Power drift (%):	-0.80

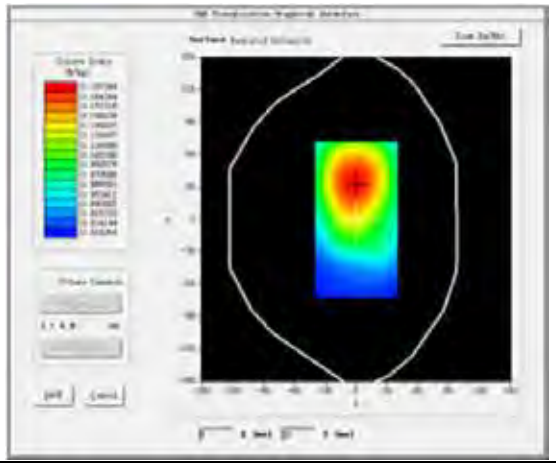
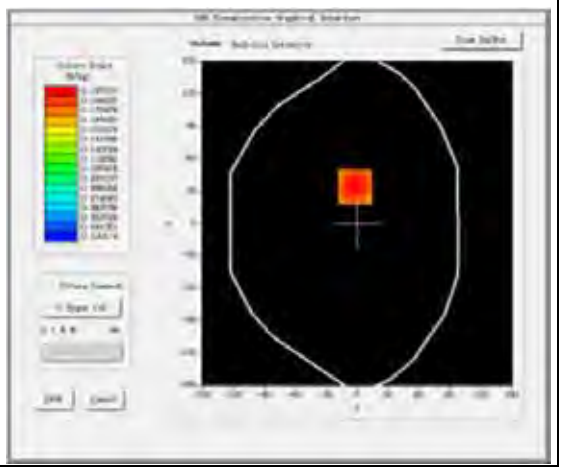
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



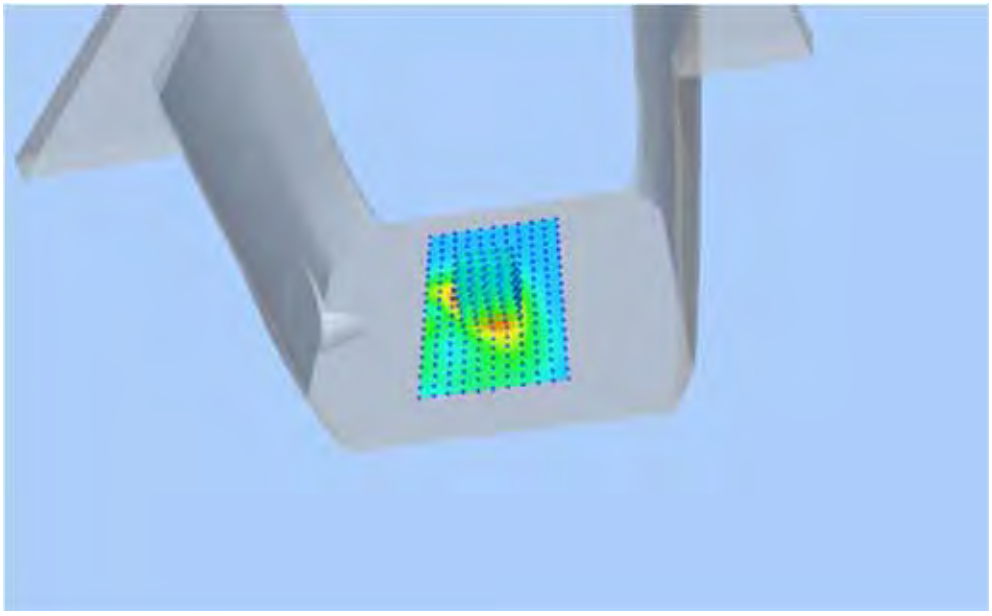
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

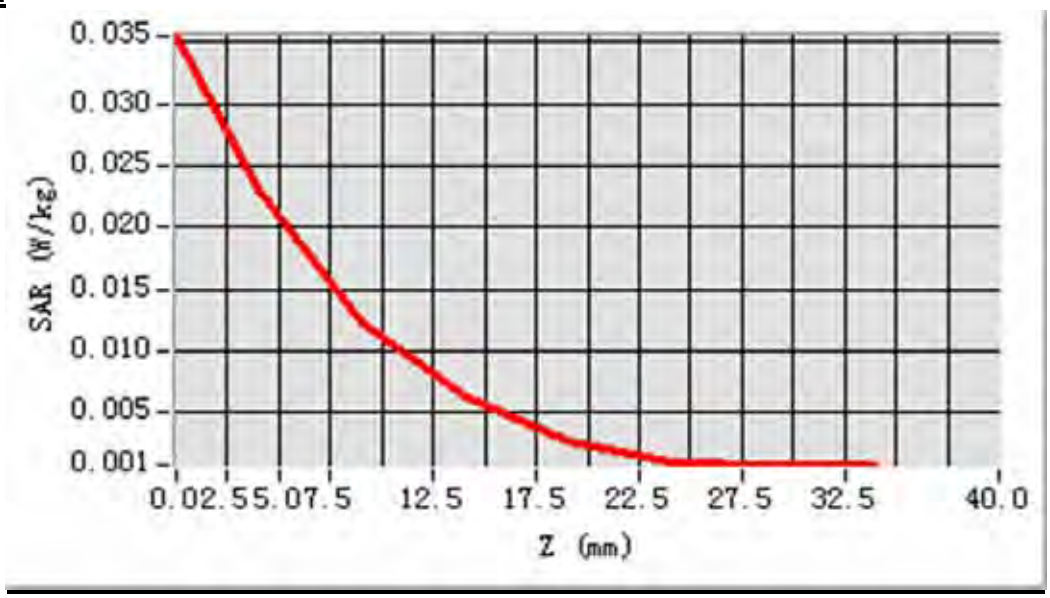
MEAS. 41 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	WLAN, f=2437.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.19; Conductivity: 1.92 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 26.09
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=-8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.010933
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.021478
Power drift (%):	-0.83

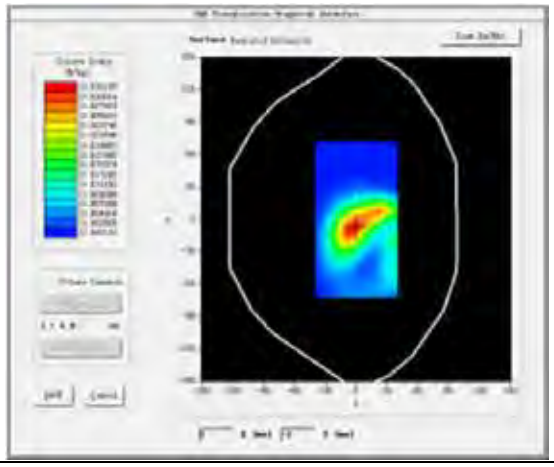
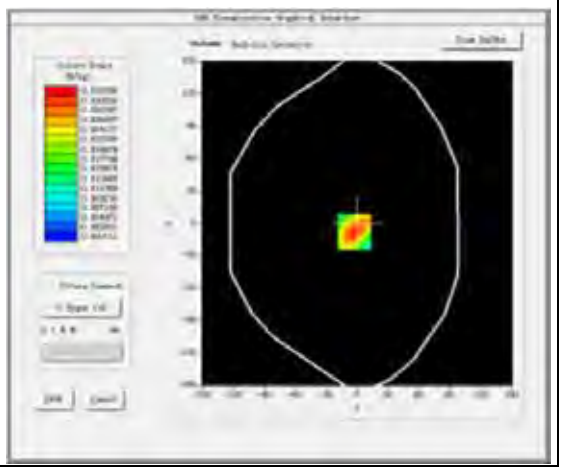
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



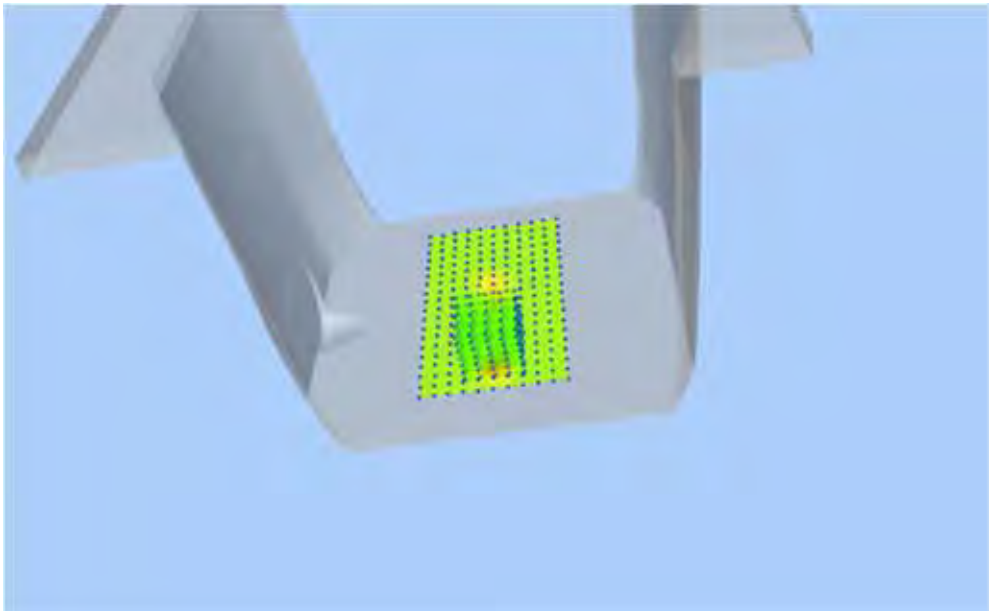
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

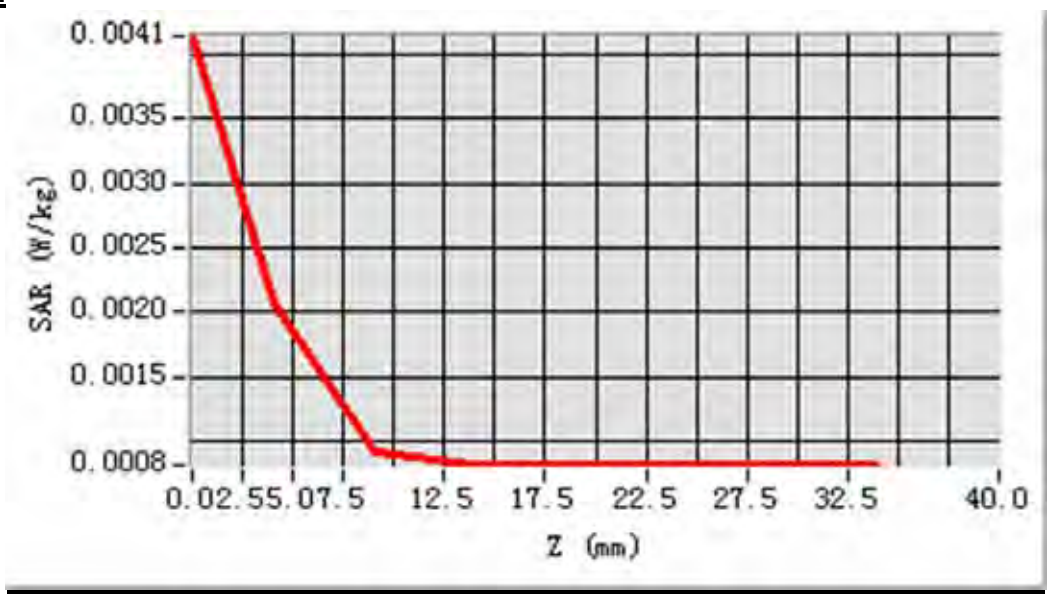
MEAS. 42 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	WLAN, f=2437.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.19; Conductivity: 1.92 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 26.09
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=-48.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.001200
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.002116
Power drift (%):	-0.13

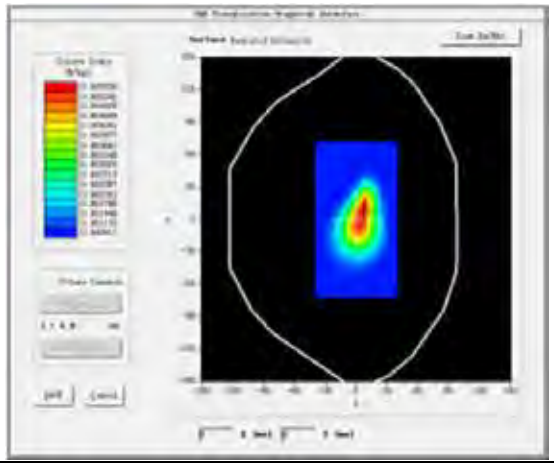
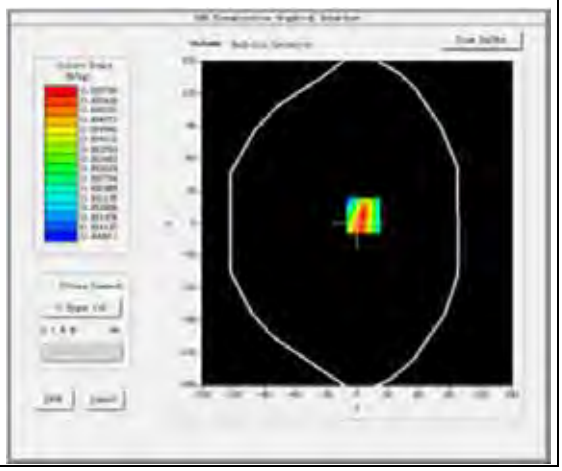
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



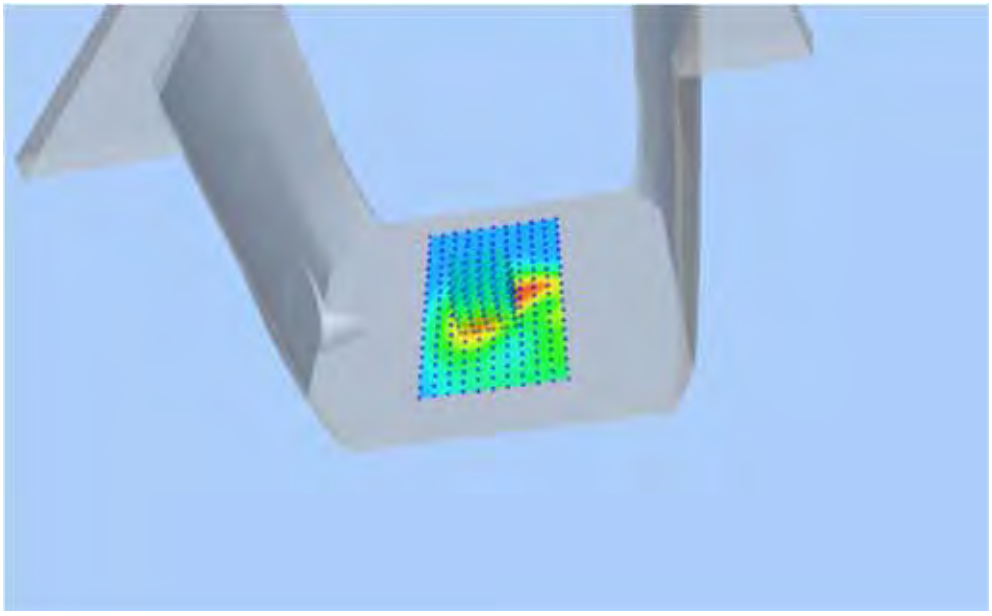
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

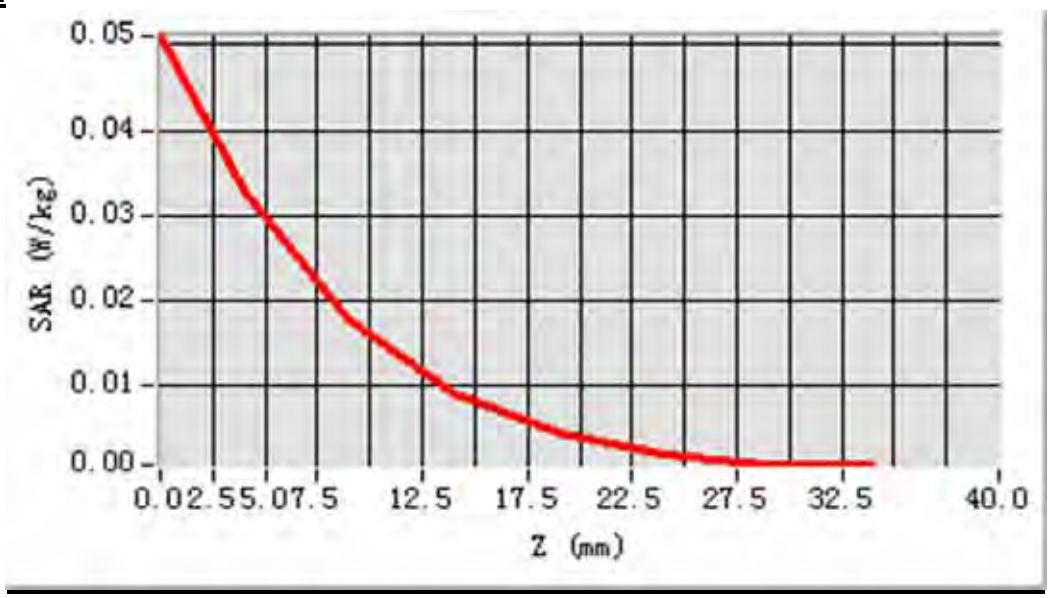
MEAS. 43 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	WLAN, f=2437.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.19; Conductivity: 1.92 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 26.09
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=-8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.016061
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.030976
Power drift (%):	-2.04

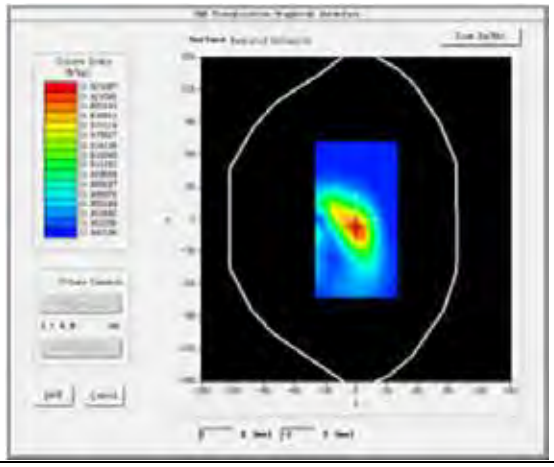
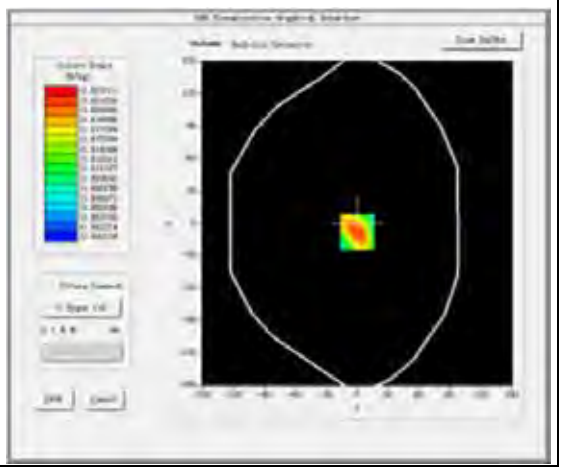
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



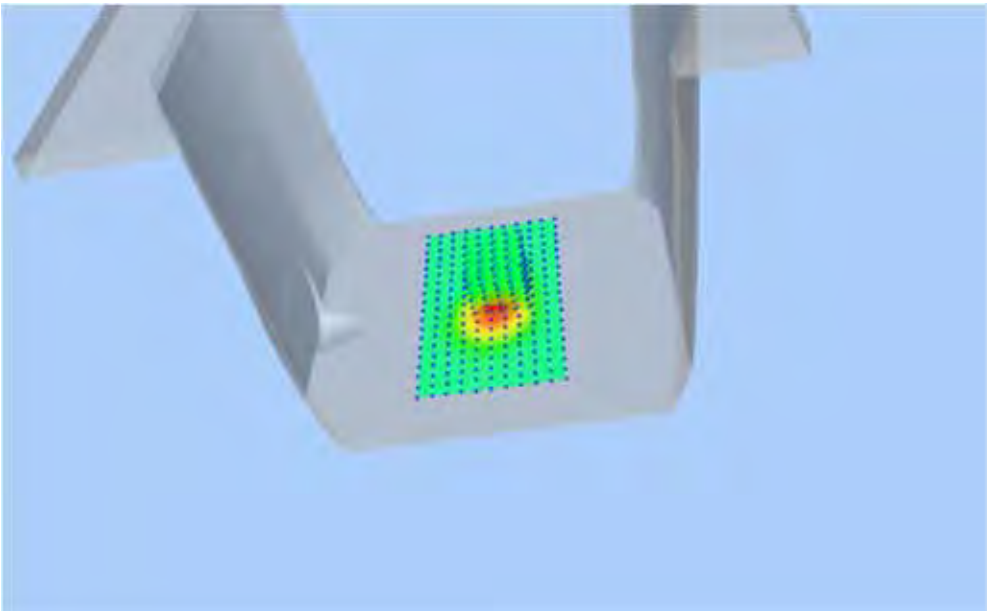
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

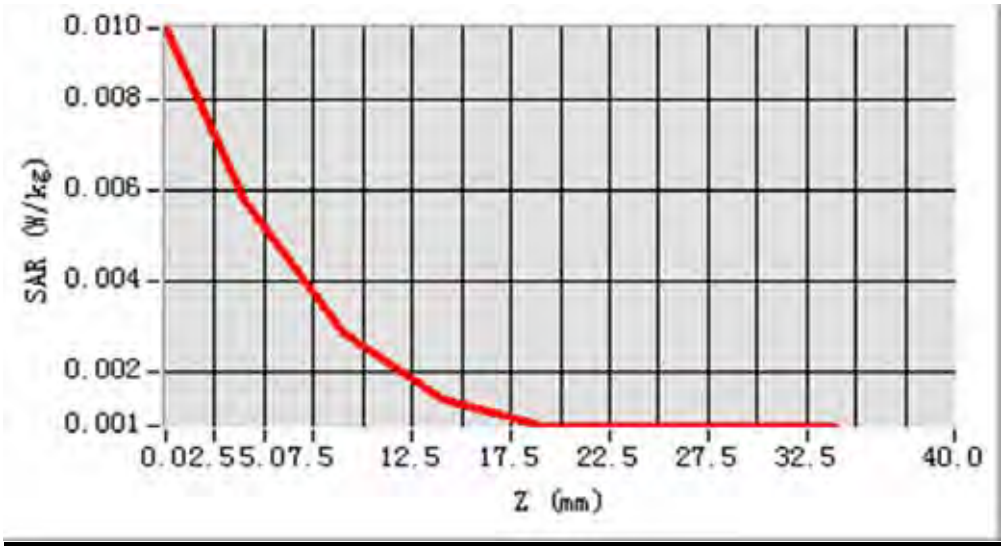
MEAS. 44 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date:	2014.9.9
Signal:	WLAN, f=2437.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 54.19; Conductivity: 1.92 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 26.09
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=8.000000, Y=8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.002728
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.005368
Power drift (%):	-1.05

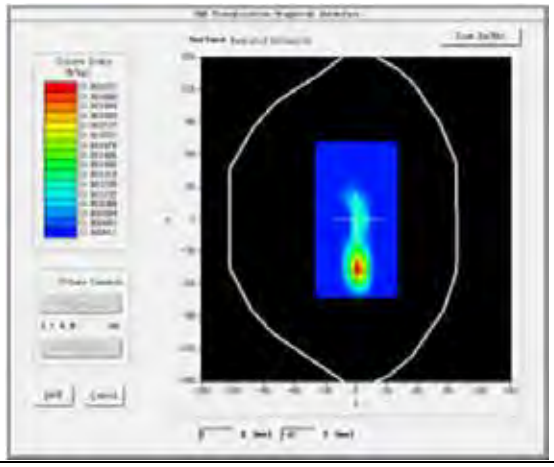
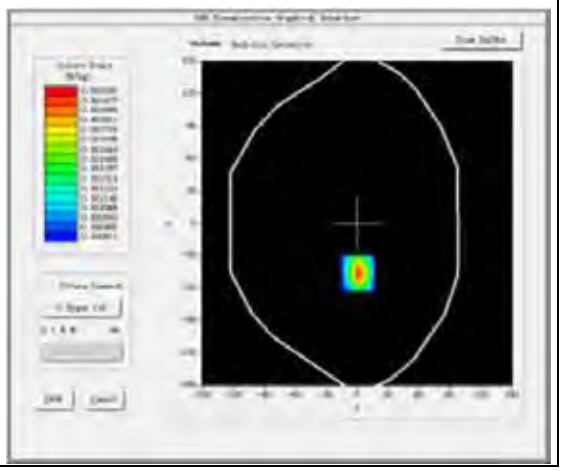
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



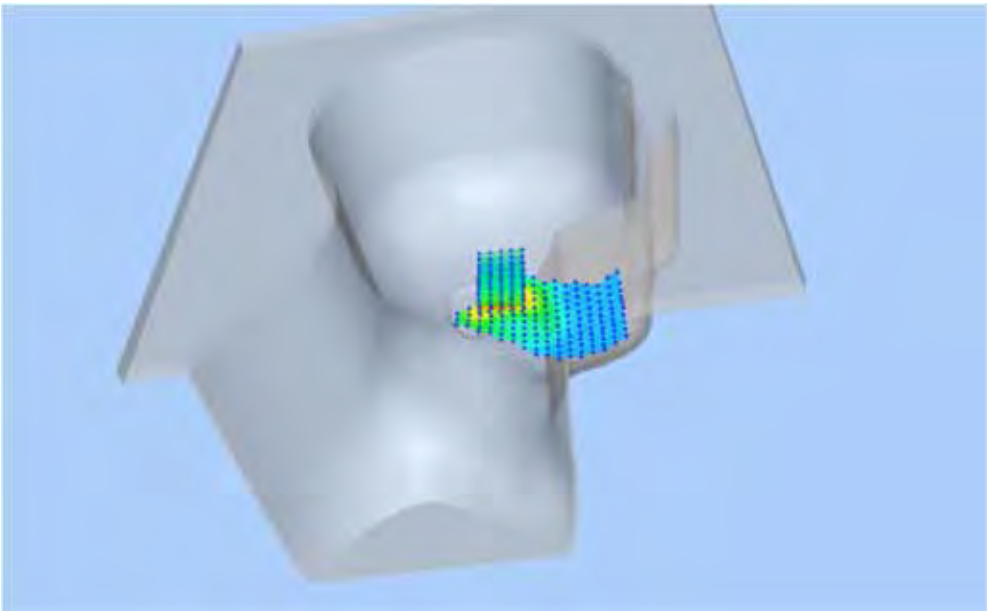
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

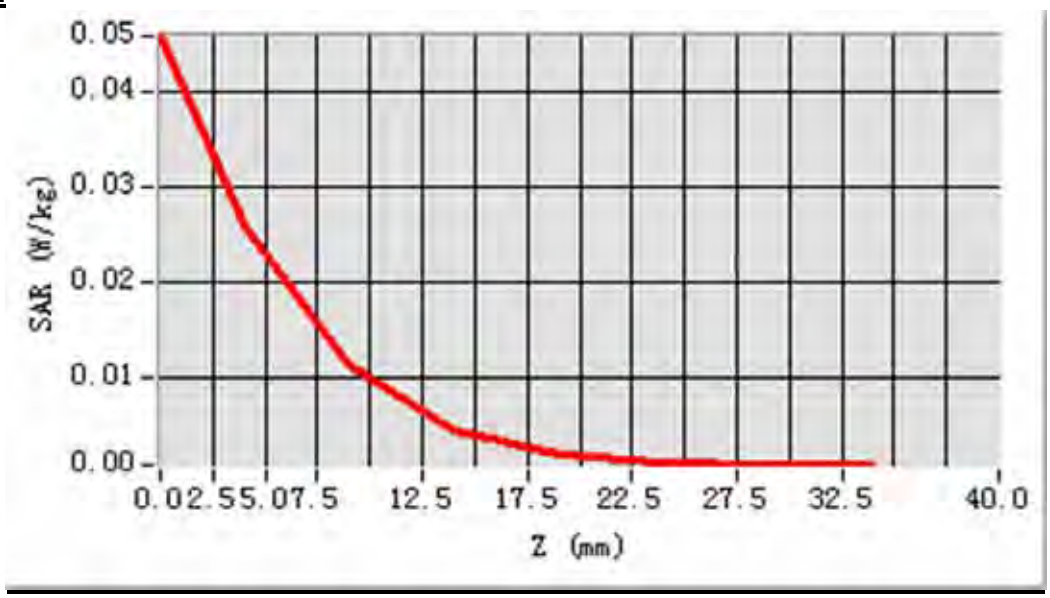
MEAS. 45 Left Head with Cheek on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	WLAN, f=2437.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 39.22; Conductivity: 1.79 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 25.25
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-8.000000, Y=8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.021157
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.036419
Power drift (%):	-2.44

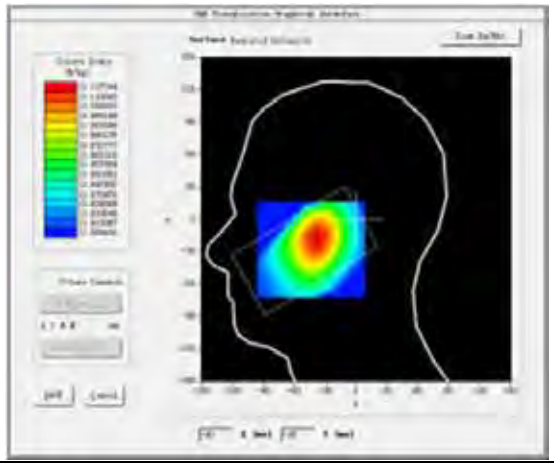
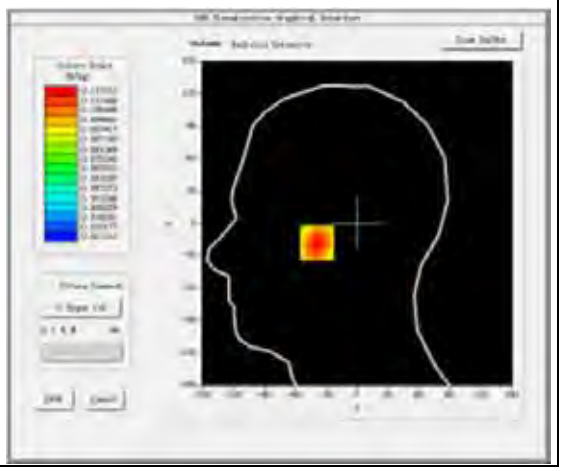
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



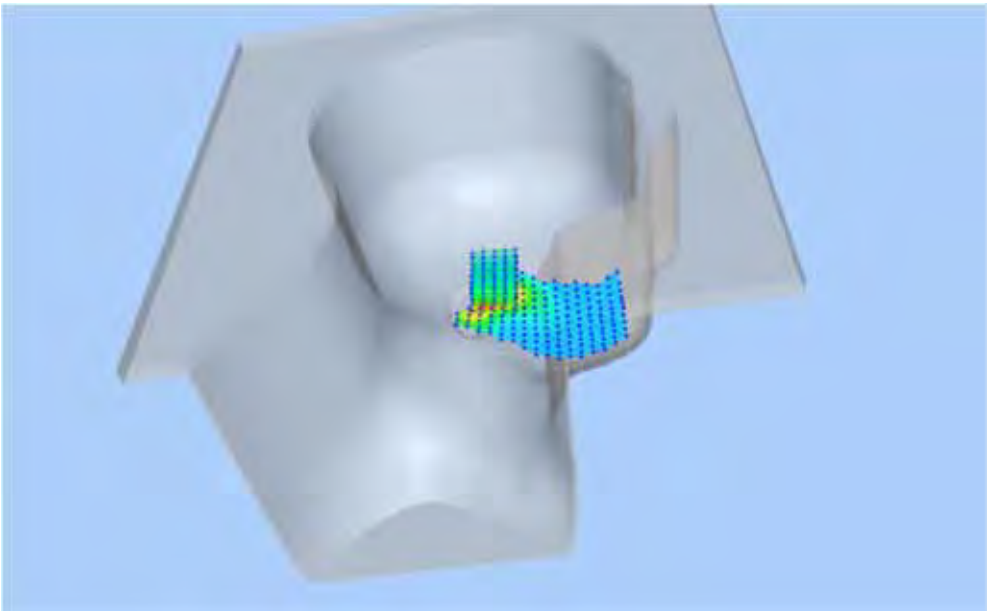
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

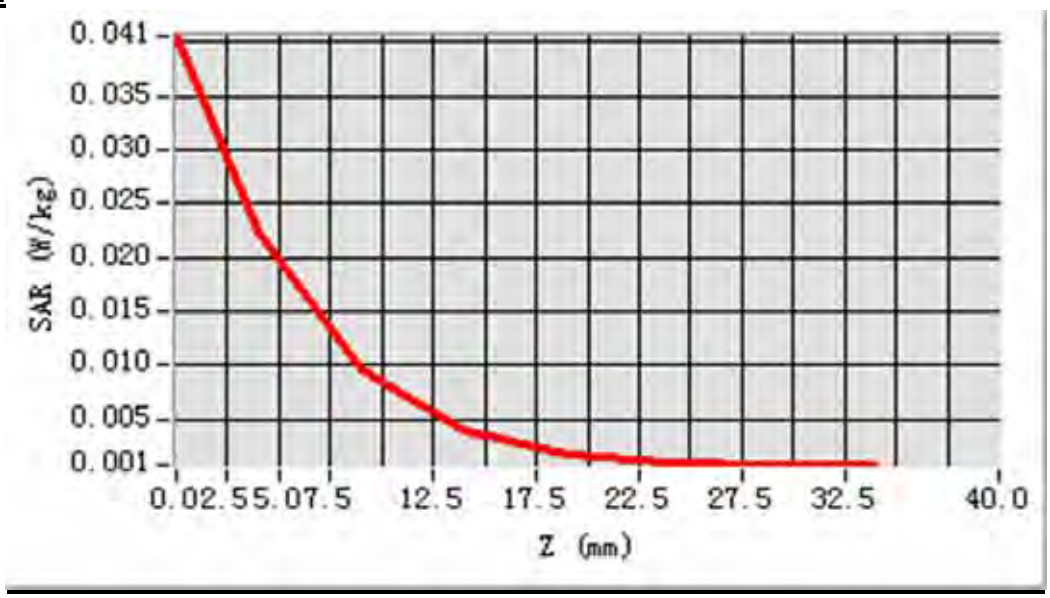
MEAS. 46 Left Head with Tilt on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	WLAN, f=2437.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 39.22; Conductivity: 1.79 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 25.25
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=0.000000, Y=8.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.008675
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.010189
Power drift (%):	-1.06

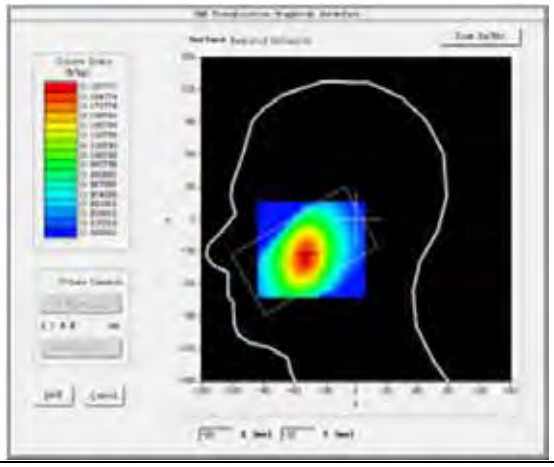
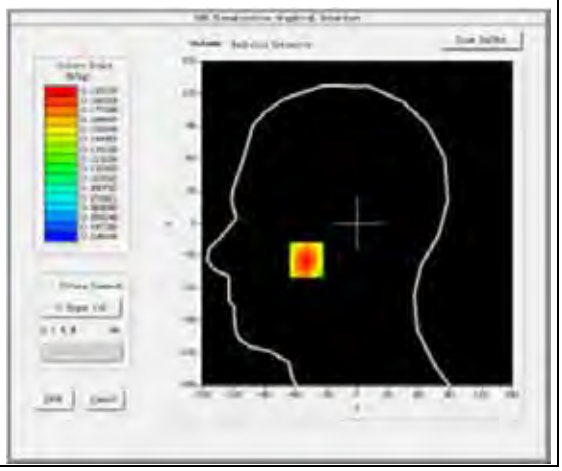
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



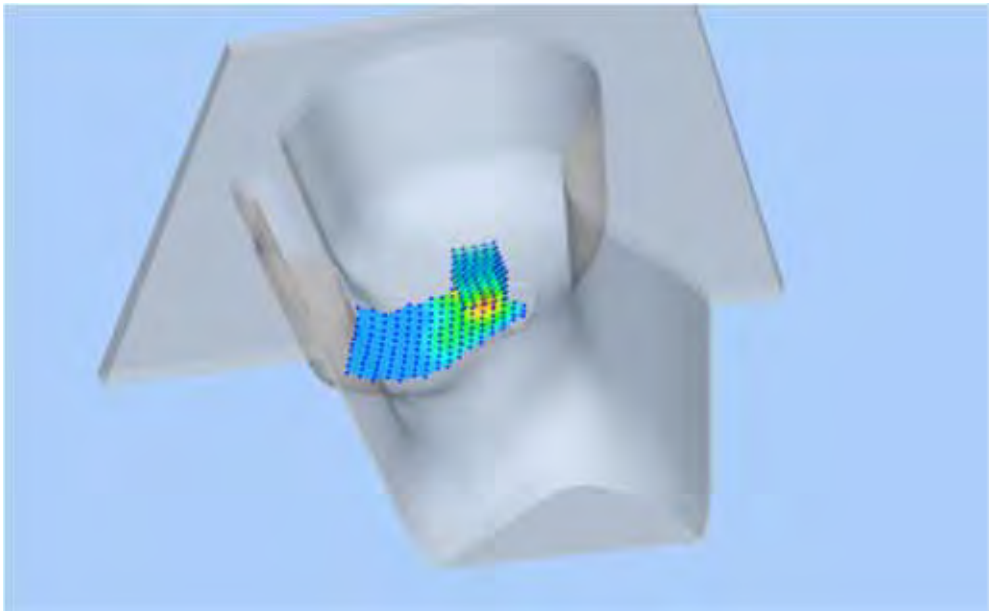
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

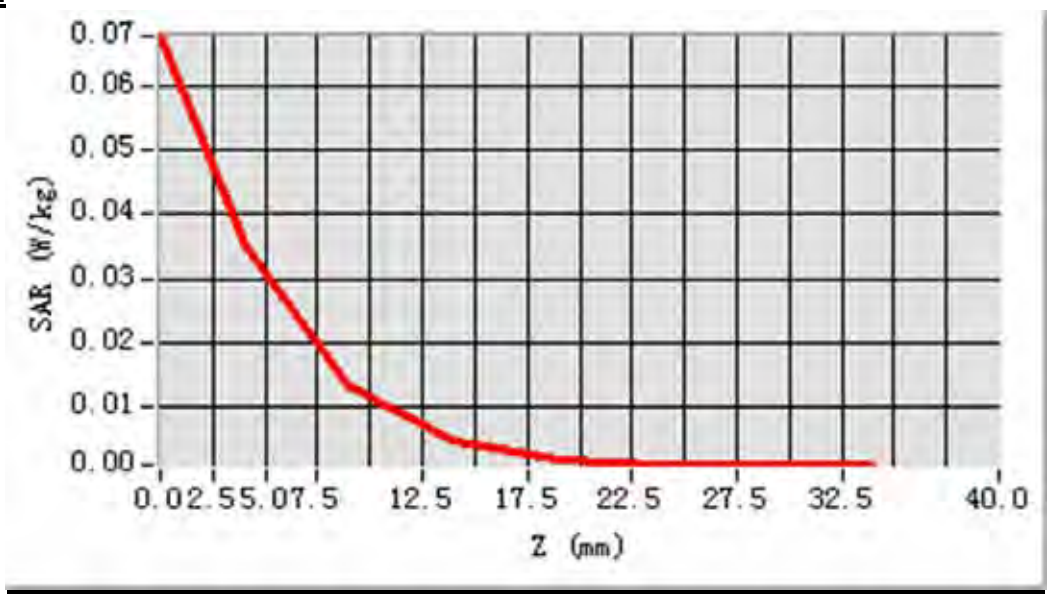
MEAS. 47 Right Head with Cheek on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	WLAN, f=2437.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 39.22; Conductivity: 1.79 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 25.25
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-8.000000, Y=16.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.011131
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.040449
Power drift (%):	-0.25

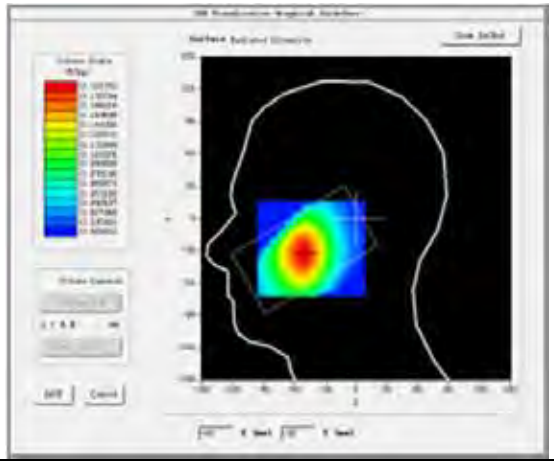
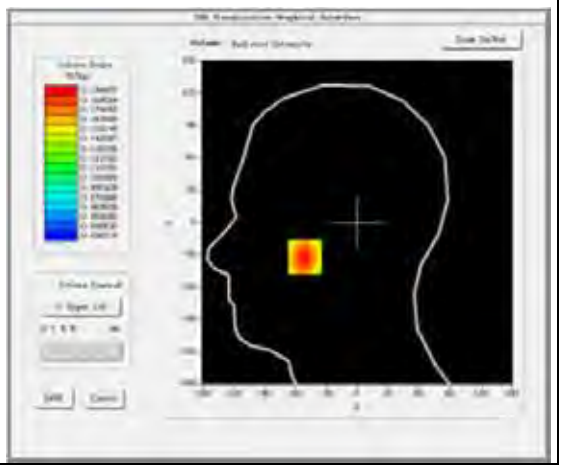
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



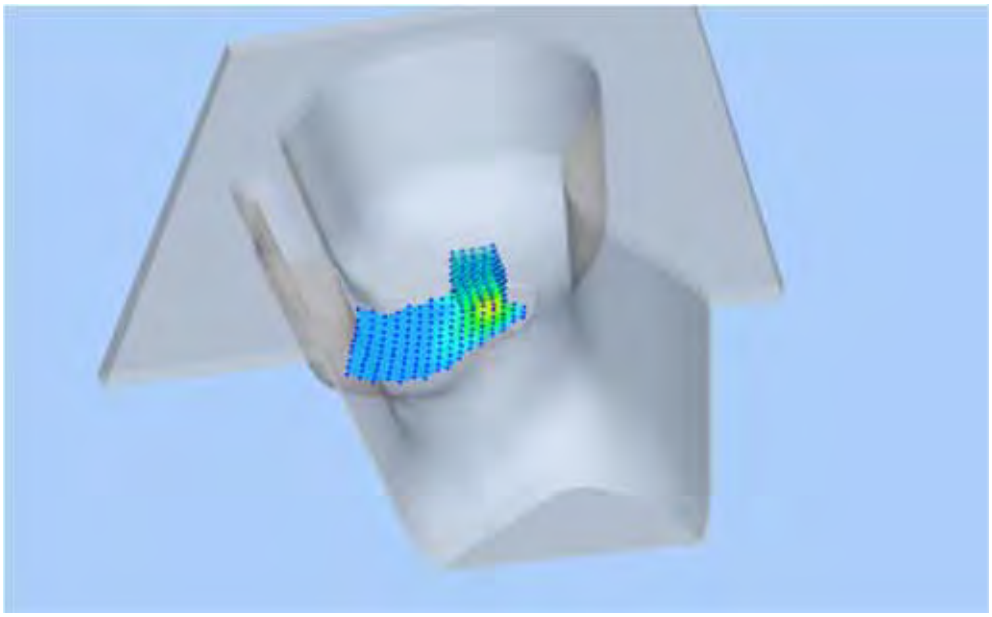
Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

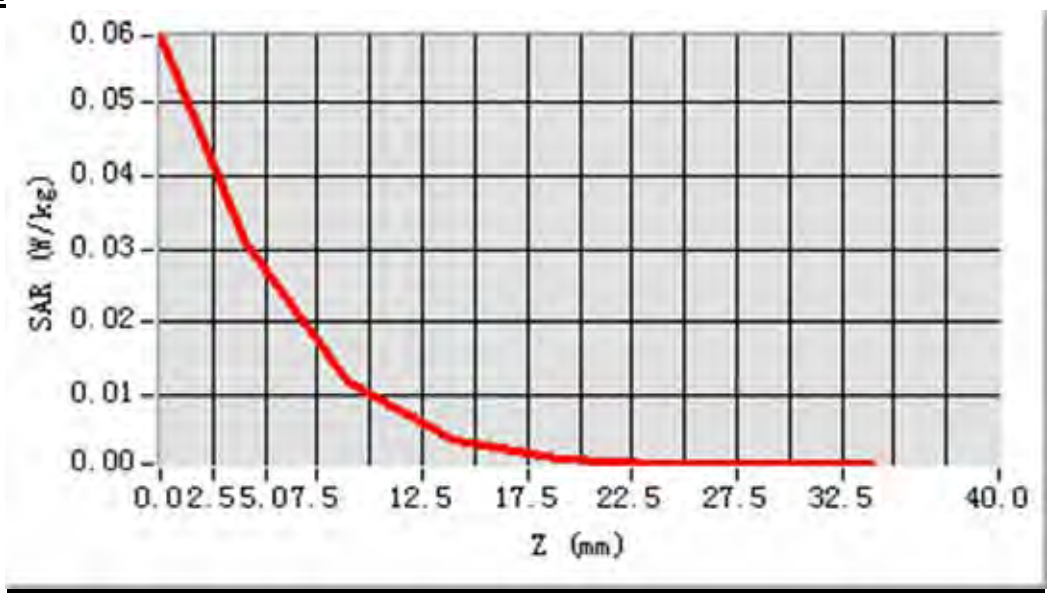
MEAS. 48 Right Head with Tilt on Middle Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date:	2014.9.12
Signal:	WLAN, f=2437.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters:	Permittivity: 39.22; Conductivity: 1.79 S/m
Test condition:	Ambient Temperature: 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Probe:	SN 17/14 EPG 210, ConvF: 25.25
Area Scan:	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location:	X=-8.000000, Y=16.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg):	0.005282
SAR 1g (W/Kg):	0.011296
Power drift (%):	-1.28

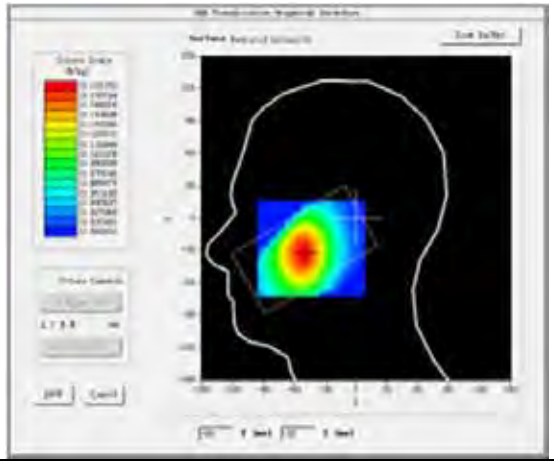
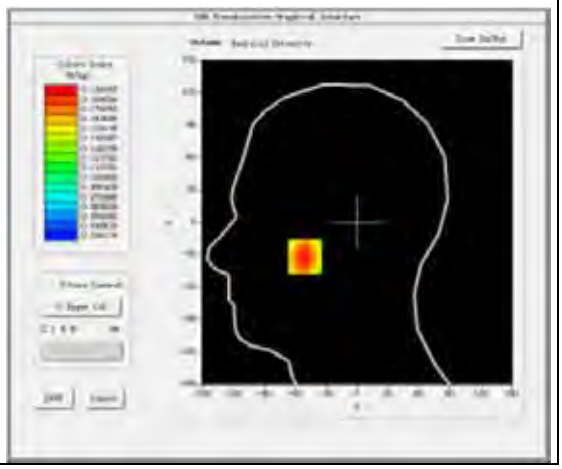
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



Area Scan

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

ANNEX D CALIBRATION FOR PROBE AND DIPOLE

SATIMO

COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.155.1.14.SATU.A

SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY Co.,Ltd.

BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD, NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, P.R. CHINA 518055

SATIMO COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 27/14 EPG210

Calibrated at SATIMO US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

ilac-MRA ACCREDITED

05/16/2014

Summary

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a SATIMO COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SATIMO

COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.155.1.14.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/4/2014	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/4/2014	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	6/4/2014	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	ChangNing (Shenzhen) Electronics Co., Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	6/4/2014	Initial release

Page: 2/10

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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 27/14 EPG210
Product Condition (new / used)	New
Frequency Range of Probe	0.3 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.197 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.220 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.241 MΩ

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole*

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	**Uncertainty value (%)**	**Probability Distribution**	**Divisor**	**ci**	**Standard Uncertainty (%)**
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%

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Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

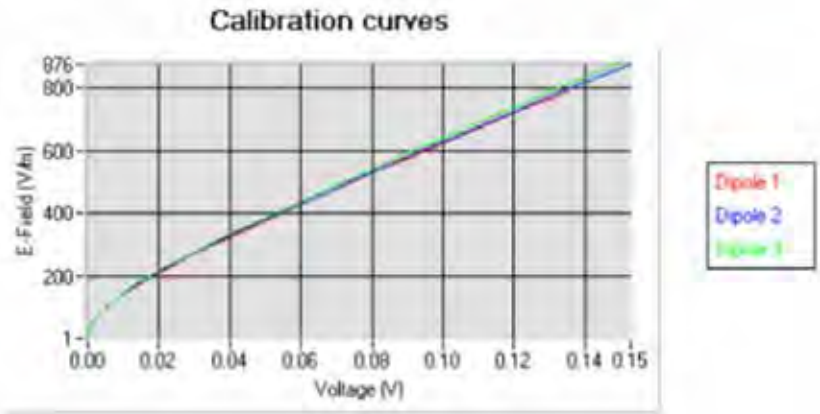
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 (µV/(V/m)^2)	Normy dipole 2 (µV/(V/m)^2)	Normz dipole 3 (µV/(V/m)^2)
0.44	0.54	0.52

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
90	90	90

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



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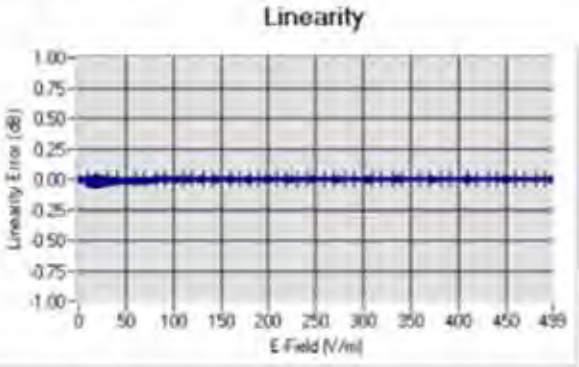
5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity:+/-1.25% (+/-0.05dB)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL450	450	43.02	0.85	30.15
BL450	450	57.52	0.96	31.02
HL750	750	42.10	0.88	22.51
BL750	750	54.79	0.96	23.36
HL850	835	43.03	0.87	23.67
BL850	835	53.35	0.96	24.58
HL900	900	42.29	0.96	23.35
BL900	900	56.82	1.06	24.10
HL1800	1800	40.93	1.36	23.21
BL1800	1800	52.57	1.47	23.69
HL1900	1900	40.92	1.45	26.70
BL1900	1900	53.60	1.52	27.47
HL2000	2000	39.36	1.44	25.28
BL2000	2000	52.17	1.53	26.28
HL2450	2450	39.12	1.78	25.25
BL2450	2450	52.17	1.90	26.09
HL2600	2600	38.46	1.92	25.94
BL2600	2600	51.76	2.19	26.66
HL5200	5200	36.47	4.91	22.36
BL5200	5200	51.18	4.84	22.88
HL5400	5400	36.83	5.02	25.63
BL5400	5400	48.35	5.81	26.47
HL5600	5600	35.39	5.49	24.82
BL5600	5600	49.03	6.17	25.66
HL5800	5800	34.91	5.76	22.60
BL5800	5800	47.18	6.32	23.20

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

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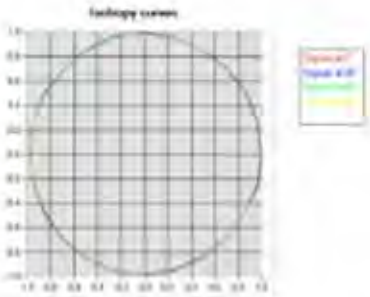
5.4 ISOTROPY

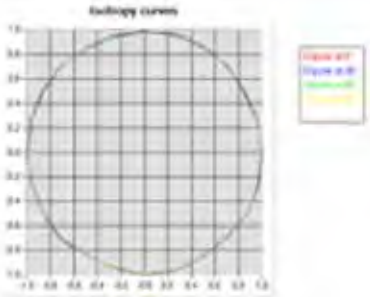
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB



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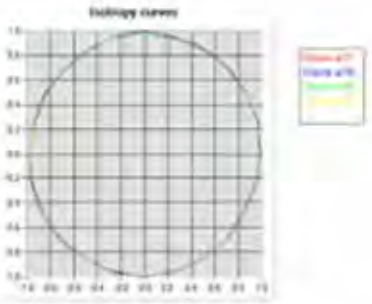
HL5400 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.10 dB



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6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
Flat Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Reference Probe	Satimo	EP 94 SN 37/08	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Aglient E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015

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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.219.4.13.SATU.A

SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD, NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, 518055 P. R. CHINA

SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 25/13 DIP 0G835-246

Calibrated at SATIMO US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

8/17/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SATIMO

SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.219.4.13.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/17/2014	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/17/2014	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	8/17/2014	

	Customer Name
Dixtribution :	Shenzhen Balun Technology Co.,Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	8/17/2014	Initial release

Page: 2/10

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID835
Serial Number	SN 25/13 DIP 0G835-246
Product Condition (new / used)	New

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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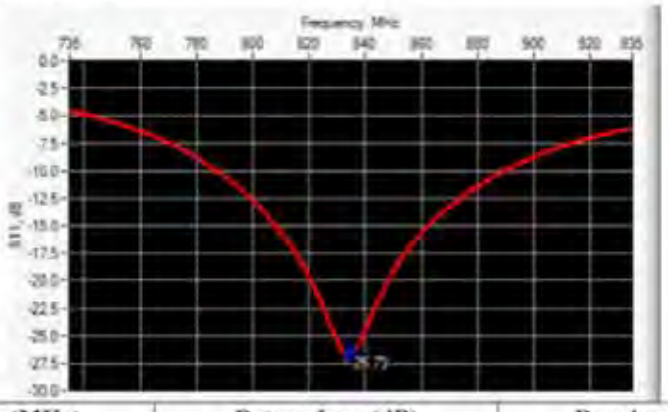
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)
835	-26.73	-20

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %		250.0 ±1 %		6.35 ±1 %	
450	290.0 ±1 %		166.7 ±1 %		6.35 ±1 %	
750	176.0 ±1 %		100.0 ±1 %		6.35 ±1 %	
835	161.0 ±1 %	PASS	89.8 ±1 %	PASS	3.6 ±1 %	PASS
900	149.0 ±1 %		83.3 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1450	89.1 ±1 %		51.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1500	80.5 ±1 %		50.0 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1640	79.0 ±1 %		45.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1750	75.2 ±1 %		42.9 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1800	72.0 ±1 %		41.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1900	68.0 ±1 %		39.5 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1950	66.3 ±1 %		38.5 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2000	64.5 ±1 %		37.5 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2100	61.0 ±1 %		35.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2300	55.5 ±1 %		32.6 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2450	51.5 ±1 %		30.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2600	48.5 ±1 %		28.8 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3000	41.5 ±1 %		25.0 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3500	37.0±1 %		26.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3700	34.7±1 %		26.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 42.6 sigma : 0.88
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

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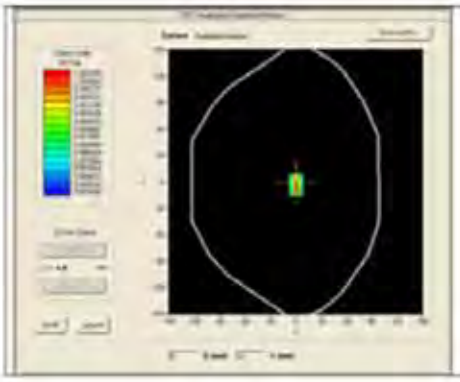
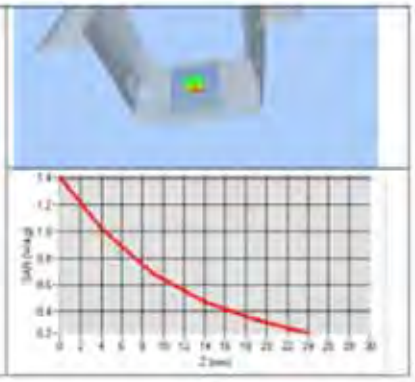
7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.71 (0.97)	6.22	6.21 (0.62)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





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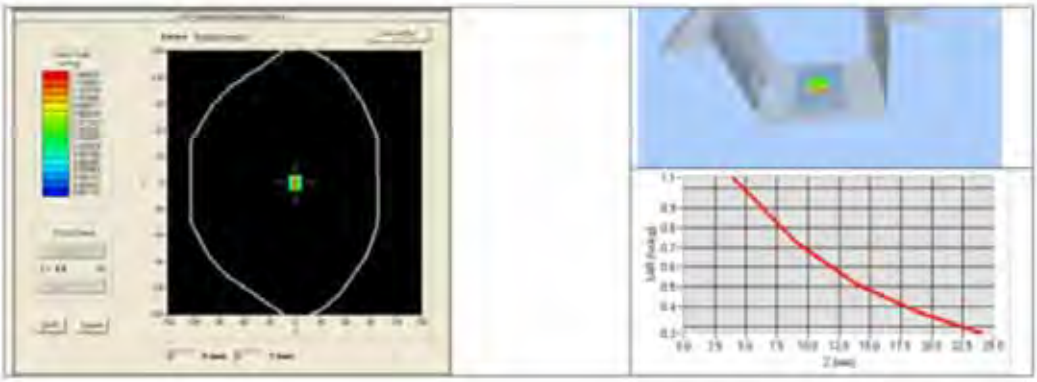
7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 55.3 sigma : 0.96
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	10.19 (1.02)	6.61 (0.66)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2012	12/2015
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	11/2012	11/2015
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2012	12/2015
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	11/2012	11/2015
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	11/2012	11/2015
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	3/2013	3/2015

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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.219.7.13.SATU.A

SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD, NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, 518055 P. R. CHINA

SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 25/13 DIP 1G900-249

Calibrated at SATIMO US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

17/08/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SATIMO

SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.219.7.13.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/17/2014	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/17/2014	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	8/17/2014	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen Balun Technology Co.,Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	8/17/2014	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID1900
Serial Number	SN 25/13 DIP 1G900-249
Product Condition (new / used)	New

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The gudelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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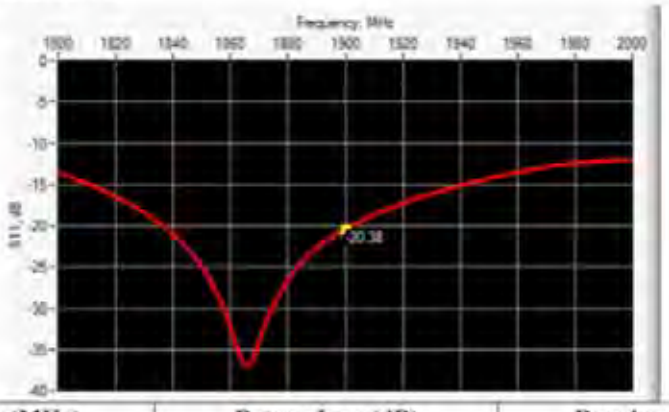
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)
1900	-20.38	-20

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	PASS	39.5 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 39.8 sigma : 1.43
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

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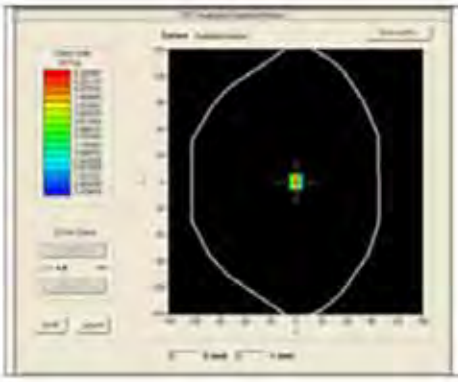
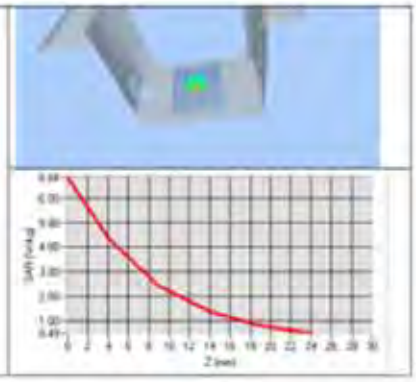
7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7	40.01 (4.00)	20.5	20.42 (2.04)
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





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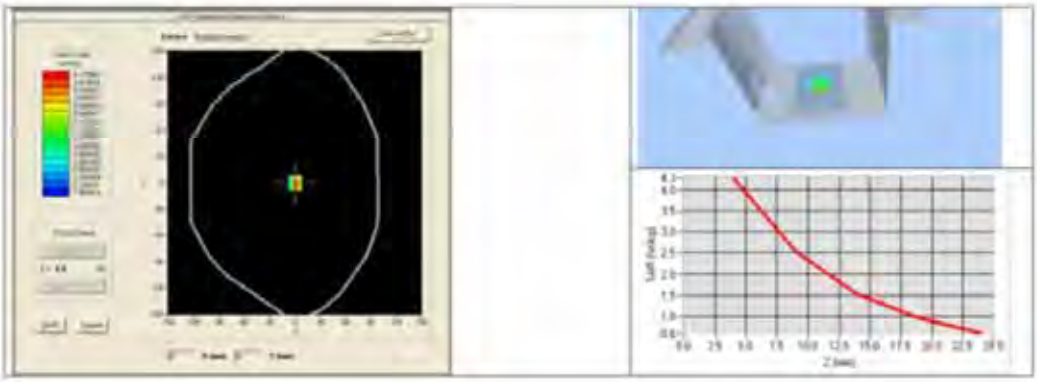
7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 52.5 sigma : 1.50
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
1900	40.32 (4.03)	21.15 (2.11)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2012	12/2015
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	11/2012	11/2015
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2012	12/2015
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	11/2012	11/2015
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	11/2012	11/2015
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	3/2013	3/2015

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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.219.9.13.SATU.A

SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD, NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, 518055 P. R. CHINA

SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 25/13 DIP 2G450-251

Calibrated at SATIMO US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

17/08/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SATIMO

SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.219.9.13.SATIU.A

	Name	*Function*	*Date*	*Signature*
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/17/2014	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/17/2014	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	8/17/2014	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen Balun Technology Co.,Ltd.

Issue	*Date*	*Modifications*
A	8/17/2014	Initial release

Page: 2/10

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID2450
Serial Number	SN 25/13 DIP 2G450-251
Product Condition (new / used)	New

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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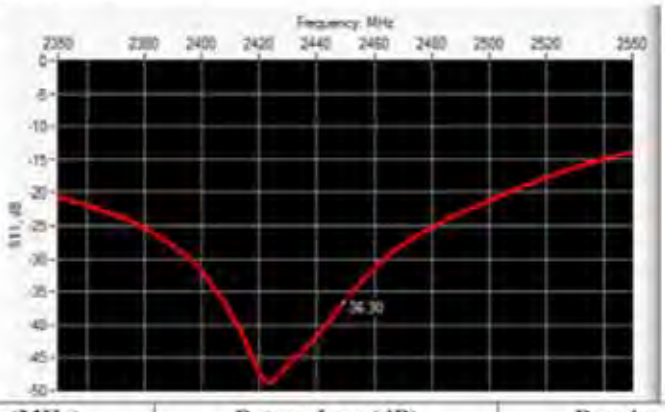
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)
2450	-36.30	-20

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %		250.0 ±1 %		6.35 ±1 %	
450	290.0 ±1 %		166.7 ±1 %		6.35 ±1 %	
750	176.0 ±1 %		100.0 ±1 %		6.35 ±1 %	
835	161.0 ±1 %		89.8 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
900	149.0 ±1 %		83.3 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1450	89.1 ±1 %		51.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1500	80.5 ±1 %		50.0 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1640	79.0 ±1 %		45.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1750	75.2 ±1 %		42.9 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1800	72.0 ±1 %		41.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1900	68.0 ±1 %		39.5 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1950	66.3 ±1 %		38.5 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2000	64.5 ±1 %		37.5 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2100	61.0 ±1 %		35.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2300	55.5 ±1 %		32.6 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2450	51.5 ±1 %	PASS	30.4 ±1 %	PASS	3.6 ±1 %	PASS
2600	48.5 ±1 %		28.8 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3000	41.5 ±1 %		25.0 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3500	37.0±1 %		26.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3700	34.7±1 %		26.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 38.6 sigma : 1.82
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %	PASS	1.80 ±5 %	PASS
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

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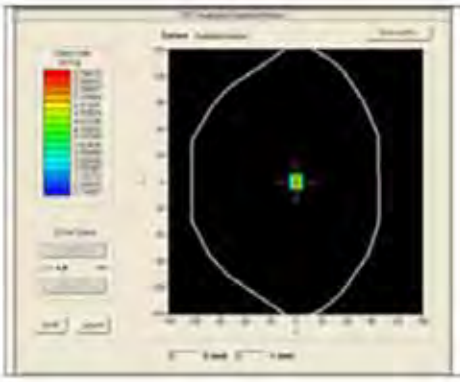
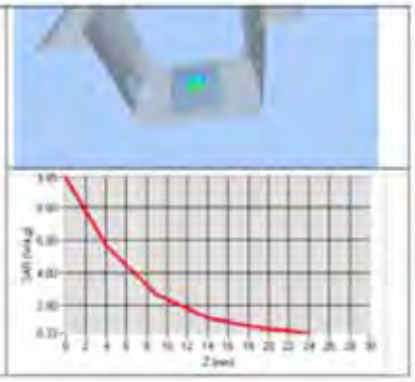
7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4	53.96 (5.40)	24	23.92 (2.39)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





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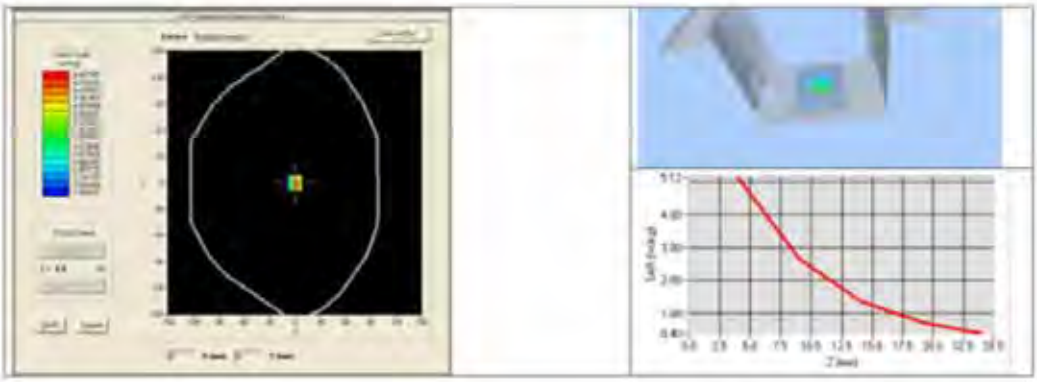
7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 52.0 sigma : 1.94
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
2450	52.37 (5.24)	24.26 (2.43)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2012	12/2015
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	11/2012	11/2015
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2012	12/2015
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	11/2012	11/2015
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	11/2012	11/2015
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	3/2013	3/2015

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--END OF REPORT--