FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT	: TCL Communication Ltd
EQUIPMENT	: GSM Quad-band / UMTS Quad-band / LTE hexa-band mobile phone
BRAND NAME	: alcatel
MODEL NAME	: 6055P
FCC ID	: 2ACCJA019
STANDARD	: FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA611504-04	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	May 26, 2016

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **TCL Communication Ltd, GSM Quad-band / UMTS Quad-band / LTE hexa-band mobile phone, 6055P** are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Highest 1g SAR Summary			Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 15mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.83	0.39	0.47	1.57
		GSM1900	0.89	0.51	1.04	
	WCDMA	Band V	1.10	0.38	0.45	
		Band II	1.02	**1.02**	0.90	
	LTE	Band 7	0.54	0.30	**1.17**	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	**1.18**	<0.10	0.25	1.57
NII		5GHz WLAN	0.13	<0.10	<0.10	1.17
Date of Testing:			2016/04/25 ~ 2016/05/12			

Note: The SAR value list above are all rounded to two decimal digits.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.
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Applicant	
Company Name	TCL Communication Ltd
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Manufacturer	
Company Name	TCL Communication Ltd
Address	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	GSM Quad-band / UMTS Quad-band / LTE hexa-band mobile phone
Brand Name	alcatel
Model Name	6055P
FCC ID	2ACCJA019
IMEI Code	358476070058770
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2472 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC : 13.56 MHz
Mode	· GSM/GPRS/EGPRS · RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps · HSDPA · HSUPA · DC-HSDPA · HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported) · LTE: QPSK, 16QAM · 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 · 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 · Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE, Bluetooth 4.2 LE · NFC:ASK
HW Version	PIO
SW Version	A2E
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Remark:

1. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation, and 2.4GHz /5.2GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only).
2. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP).
3. This device does not support DTM operation.
4. This device supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
5. This device has two sets of receivers and microphone, 1 receiver is located at the top and another one is located at the bottom of the phone. For the next-to-ear voice call the product allows the end user to use the device in the typical calling positions and in the reversed calling position. When the User Interface is in reversed portrait orientation, power reduction is implemented for the scenario that the bottom receiver is placed next-to-ear during the voice call, and SAR compliance was accessed for both orientations. The details of the power reduction mechanism for the reverse call are illustrated in the operational description.
6. When hotspot mode is enabled, power reduction will be activated and limited to GSM1900/WCDMA Band II/LTE Band 7.

4.2 Accessories and Support Equipment

Specification of Accessory				
AC Adapter 1	Brand Name	ALCATEL onetouch	Model Name	UC13US
	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 400mA, O/P: 5Vdc, 2000mA		
	P/N	CBA0059AG0C2		
AC Adapter 2	Brand Name	ALCATEL onetouch	Model Name	UC13US
	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 350mA, O/P: 5Vdc, 2000mA		
	P/N	CBA0059AG0C4		
AC Adapter 3	Brand Name	N/A	Model Name	UC13US
	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 500mA, O/P: 5Vdc, 2000mA		
	P/N	CBA0059AG4C1		
AC Adapter 4	Brand Name	alcatel	Model Name	UC13US
	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 350mA, O/P: 5Vdc, 2000mA		
	P/N	CBA0059AGAC4		
AC Adapter 5	Brand Name	alcatel	Model Name	UC13US
	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 500mA, O/P: 5Vdc, 2000mA		
	P/N	CBA0059AGAC1		
Battery 1	Brand Name	ALCATEL onetouch	Model Name	TLp026EJ
	Power Rating	3.85Vdc, 2610mAh		
Battery 2	Brand Name	ALCATEL onetouch	Model Name	TLp026E2
	Power Rating	3.84Vdc, 2610mAh		
Battery 3	Brand Name	alcatel	Model Name	TLp026EJ
	Power Rating	3.85Vdc, 2610mAh		
Battery 4	Brand Name	alcatel	Model Name	TLp026E2
	Power Rating	3.84Vdc, 2610mAh		
USB Cable 1	Brand Name	N/A	Model Name	CDA0000043C8
	Signal Line Type	1.0m shielded without core		
USB Cable 2	Brand Name	N/A	Model Name	CDA0000043C2
	Signal Line Type	1.0m shielded without core		
Earphone 1	Brand Name	alcatel	Model Name	J22C
	Signal Line Type	1.4m non-shielded without core		
	P/N	CCB0029A10CC		
Earphone 2	Brand Name	alcatel	Model Name	J22H
	Signal Line Type	1.0m non-shielded without core		
	P/N	CCB0047A10CC		

Note: The adapter 4, 5 and battery 3, 4 are just with different logo, all the designs are identical with adapter 2, 3 and battery 1, 2. We evaluated they are not affect the testing. So we chose battery 1,2 to test.

4.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05	
FCC ID	2ACCJA019
Equipment Name	GSM Quad-band / UMTS Quad-band / LTE hexa-band mobile phone
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz
uplink modulations used	QPSK, and 16QAM
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, 1. Power reduction is enabled when the User Interface is in the reversed portrait orientation for GSM850/1900, WCDMA Band V/ II, LTE Band 7. 2. Hotspot mode reduced power only for GSM1900/WCDMA Band II/LTE Band 7.
LTE Release Version	R9, Cat 4

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band								
LTE Band 7								
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

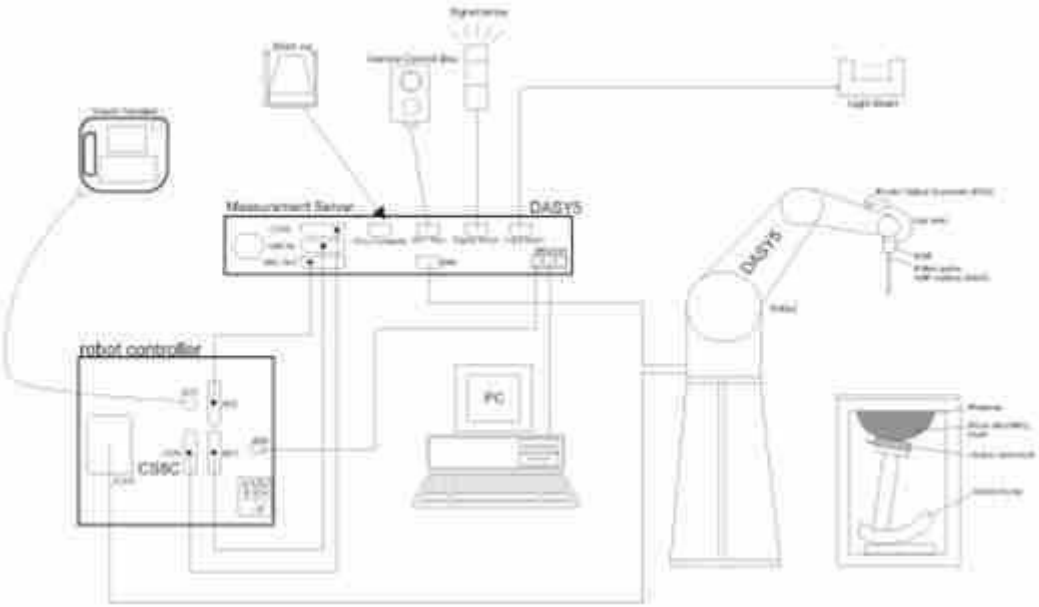
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.

Mounting Device for Laptops

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
(c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
(b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
(c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
(d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
(e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 24, 2015	Nov. 23, 2016
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 23, 2015	Nov. 22, 2016
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	Nov. 25, 2015	Nov. 24, 2016
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	Nov. 25, 2015	Nov. 24, 2016
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	Nov. 26, 2015	Nov. 25, 2016
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	May 21, 2015	May 20, 2016
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	905	Jul .16, 2015	Jul .15, 2016
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	917	Dec. 14, 2015	Dec. 13, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3857	May 28, 2015	May 27, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3954	Nov. 27, 2015	Nov. 26, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3801	Jun. 19, 2015	Jun. 18, 2016
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1477	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1479	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD OVA 001 BB	TP-1079	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1644	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1542	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD OVA 001 BB	TP-1127	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201300654	Aug. 10, 2015	Aug. 09, 2016
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	Apr, 22, 2016	Apr, 21, 2017
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	Apr, 22, 2016	Apr, 21, 2017
SPEAG	DAK Kit	DAK3.5	1144	Nov. 24, 2015	Nov. 23, 2016
R&S	Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	0917070	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	1339163	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1435004	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP40	100319	Aug. 10, 2015	Aug. 09, 2016
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note1	
AR	Amplifier	5S1G4	333096	Note1	
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	162601250	Note1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note1	

MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note1
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note1
PASTERNACK	Dual Directional Coupler	PE2214-10	N/A	Note1

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
For Body								
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.6	0.920	41.484	0.90	41.50	2.22	-0.04	±5	2016/5/3
1900	Head	22.7	1.408	39.573	1.40	40.00	0.57	-1.07	±5	2016/5/4
2450	Head	22.7	1.779	40.668	1.80	39.20	-1.17	3.74	±5	2016/5/8
2600	Head	22.8	2.002	39.590	1.96	39.00	2.14	1.51	±5	2016/5/6
5250	Head	22.7	4.854	35.393	4.71	35.95	3.06	-1.55	±5	2016/5/7
5600	Head	22.7	5.206	34.730	5.07	35.50	2.68	-2.17	±5	2016/5/7
835	Body	22.8	1.000	53.687	0.97	55.20	3.09	-2.74	±5	2016/4/25
1900	Body	22.6	1.559	52.784	1.52	53.30	2.57	-0.97	±5	2016/5/11
2450	Body	22.6	1.983	51.430	1.95	52.70	1.69	-2.41	±5	2016/5/7
2600	Body	22.8	2.132	52.902	2.16	52.50	-1.30	0.77	±5	2016/5/12
5250	Body	22.7	5.379	49.115	5.36	48.95	0.35	0.34	±5	2016/5/7
5600	Body	22..7	5.872	48.306	5.77	48.50	1.77	-0.40	±5	2016/5/7

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2016/5/3	835	Head	250	4d091	3954	905	2.45	9.14	9.8	7.22
2016/5/4	1900	Head	250	5d118	3857	1210	10.00	39.40	40	1.52
2016/5/8	2450	Head	250	840	3587	1210	12.50	50.40	50	-0.79
2016/5/6	2600	Head	250	1061	3587	1210	14.60	58.10	58.4	0.52
2016/5/7	5250	Head	100	1113	3954	905	7.89	80.70	78.9	-2.23
2016/5/7	5600	Head	100	1113	3954	905	7.57	83.70	75.7	-9.56
2016/4/25	835	Body	250	4d091	3954	905	2.53	9.55	10.12	5.97
2016/5/11	1900	Body	250	5d118	3801	917	10.50	40.60	42	3.45
2016/5/7	2450	Body	250	840	3857	1210	12.50	51.10	50	-2.15
2016/5/12	2600	Body	250	1061	3801	917	12.80	54.60	51.2	-6.23
2016/5/7	5250	Body	100	1113	3954	905	7.52	76.50	75.2	-1.70
2016/5/7	5600	Body	100	1113	3954	905	8.05	82.40	80.5	-2.31

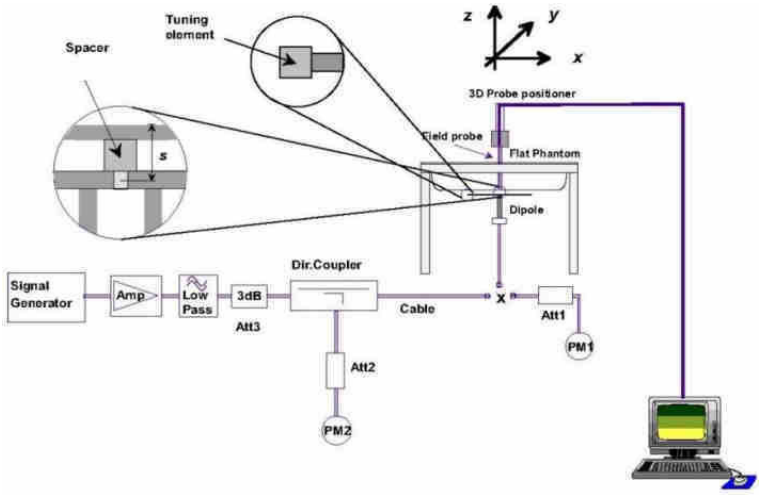


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

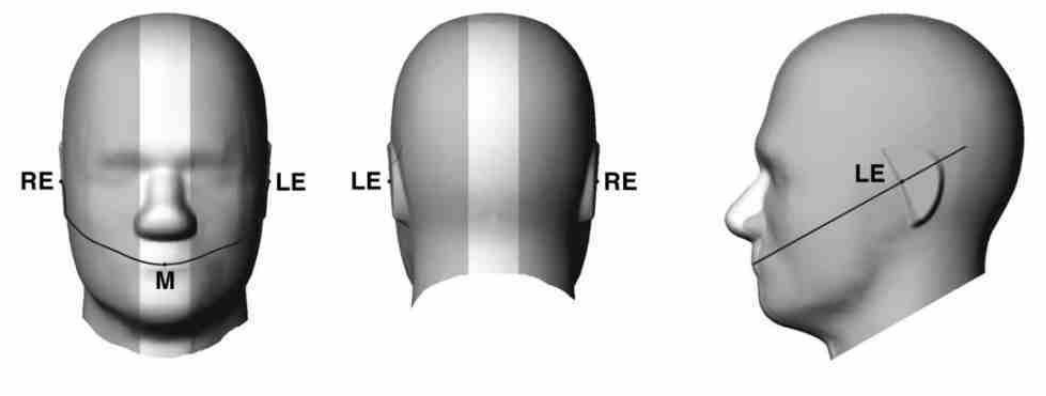


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

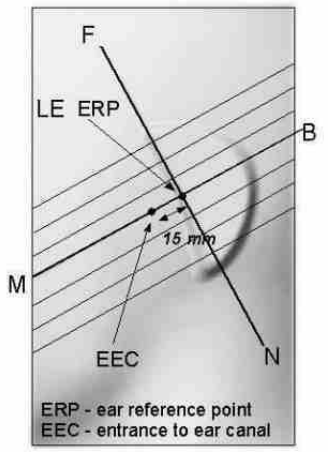


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

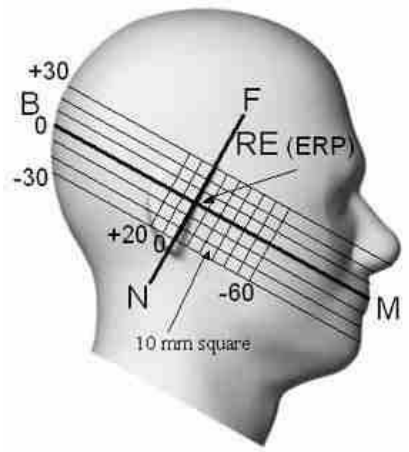


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

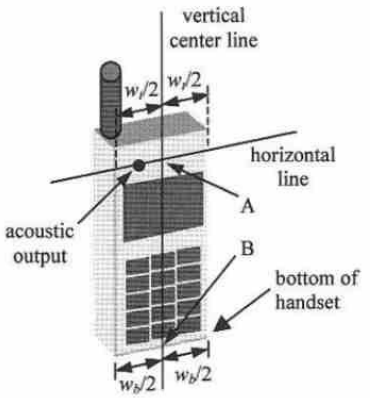


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

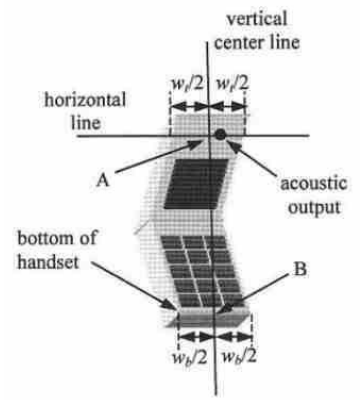


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

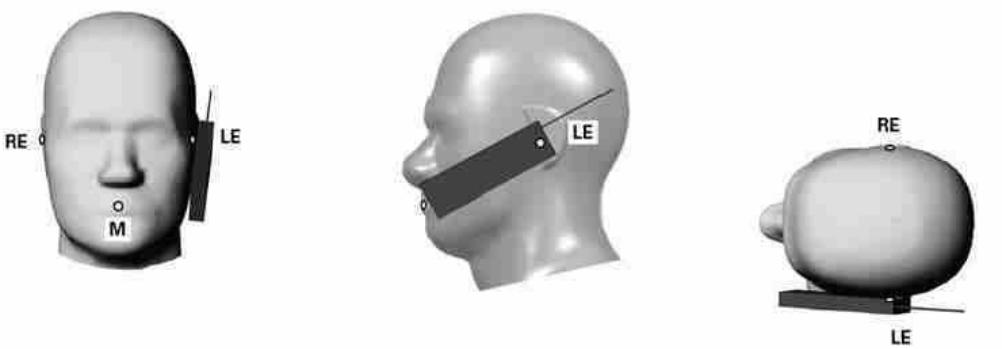


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

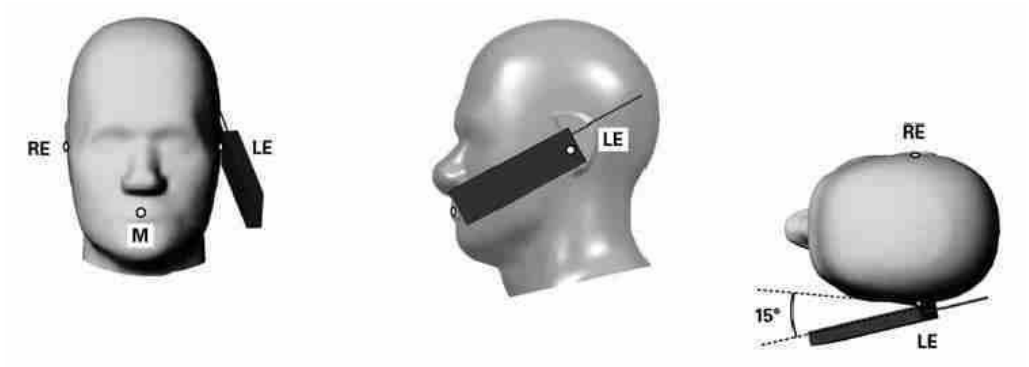


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

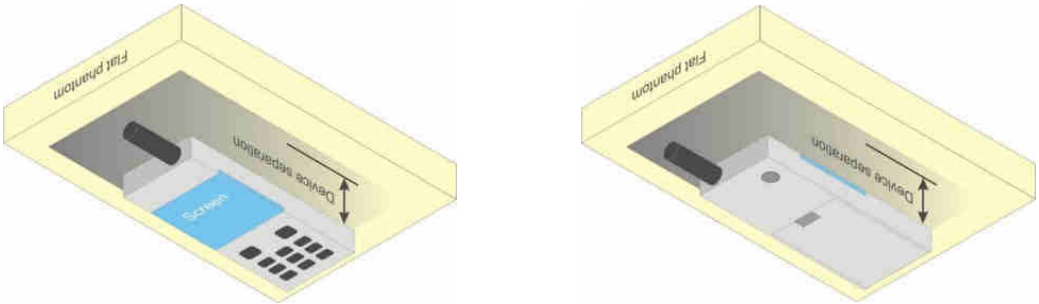


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The “Portable Hotspot” feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM1900 for receiver 1, GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 for receiver 2 are considered as the primary mode.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode
4. Power reduction which is triggered by hotspot mode is implemented in GSM1900 band, for hotspot mode SAR testing EUT was set in reduced power mode and GPRS 2 Tx slot due to its highest frame-average power.

<Full Power Mode>:

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot	**32.14**	32.03	31.96	32.50	23.14	23.03	22.96	23.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot	32.12	32.01	31.94	32.50	23.12	23.01	22.94	23.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots	30.90	30.79	30.46	31.00	24.90	24.79	24.46	25.00
GPRS 3 Tx slots	28.98	28.92	28.76	29.50	24.72	24.66	24.50	25.24
GPRS 4 Tx slots	27.75	27.73	27.58	28.00	24.75	24.73	24.58	25.00
EDGE 1 Tx slot	26.52	26.45	26.38	27.00	17.52	17.45	17.38	18.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots	25.38	25.34	25.29	26.00	19.38	19.34	19.29	20.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots	23.78	23.74	23.65	24.00	19.52	19.48	19.39	19.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	22.12	22.09	22.03	22.50	19.12	19.09	19.03	19.50

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot	**30.17**	29.86	29.88	30.50	21.17	20.86	20.88	21.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot	30.15	29.84	29.86	30.50	21.15	20.84	20.86	21.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots	28.30	28.22	28.26	28.50	22.30	22.22	22.26	22.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	26.37	26.51	26.62	27.00	22.11	22.25	22.36	22.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	25.32	25.37	25.45	26.00	22.32	22.37	22.45	23.00
EDGE 1 Tx slot	25.75	25.80	25.84	26.50	16.75	16.80	16.84	17.50
EDGE 2 Tx slots	24.63	24.69	24.76	25.00	18.63	18.69	18.76	19.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots	23.01	23.06	23.14	23.50	18.75	18.80	18.88	19.24
EDGE 4 Tx slots	21.37	21.45	21.52	22.00	18.37	18.45	18.52	19.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<Reduced Power Mode>:

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot	**28.31**	28.29	28.14	28.50	19.31	19.29	19.14	19.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot	28.29	28.26	28.12	28.50	19.29	19.26	19.12	19.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots	26.11	26.09	25.96	26.50	20.11	20.09	19.96	20.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	23.91	23.97	23.81	24.50	19.65	19.71	19.55	20.24
GPRS 4 Tx slots	21.80	21.77	21.72	22.00	18.80	18.77	18.72	19.00
EDGE 1 Tx slot	26.34	26.29	26.22	27.00	17.34	17.29	17.22	18.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots	24.75	24.70	24.63	26.00	18.75	18.70	18.63	20.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots	22.59	22.56	22.47	24.00	18.33	18.30	18.21	19.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	20.55	20.54	20.52	22.50	17.55	17.54	17.52	19.50

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot	23.56	23.65	**23.73**	24.00	14.56	14.65	14.73	15.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	23.54	23.62	23.71	24.00	14.54	14.62	14.71	15.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	21.47	21.61	21.70	22.00	15.47	15.61	15.70	16.00
GPRS 3 Tx slots	19.64	19.78	19.87	20.00	15.38	15.52	15.61	15.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	17.58	17.62	17.75	18.00	14.58	14.62	14.75	15.00
EDGE 1 Tx slot	22.08	22.15	22.21	22.50	13.08	13.15	13.21	13.50
EDGE 2 Tx slots	19.91	20.03	20.09	20.50	13.91	14.03	14.09	14.50
EDGE 3 Tx slots	17.85	17.98	18.14	18.50	13.59	13.72	13.88	14.24
EDGE 4 Tx slots	15.89	16.01	16.11	16.50	12.89	13.01	13.11	13.50

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<Hotspot reduced Power Mode>:

Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot	28.80	28.79	**28.81**	29.50	19.80	19.79	19.81	20.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot	28.74	28.71	28.75	29.50	19.74	19.71	19.75	20.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots	26.37	26.39	26.45	27.00	20.37	20.39	20.45	21.00
GPRS 3 Tx slots	24.28	24.30	24.37	25.00	20.02	20.04	20.11	20.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	22.01	22.13	22.20	22.50	19.01	19.13	19.20	19.50
EDGE 1 Tx slot	25.57	25.63	25.81	26.50	16.57	16.63	16.81	17.50
EDGE 2 Tx slots	24.38	24.50	24.64	25.00	18.38	18.50	18.64	19.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots	22.73	22.83	22.86	23.50	18.47	18.57	18.60	19.24
EDGE 4 Tx slots	21.13	21.14	21.30	22.00	18.13	18.14	18.30	19.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
   ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
   vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c, and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c.

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
   i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
   ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
   v. Set UE Target Power
   vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
   vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
   viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed}1: 47/15 β_{ed}2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
   iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
   iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
      a). Subtest 1: β_c/β_d=2/15
      b). Subtest 2: β_c/β_d=12/15
      c). Subtest 3: β_c/β_d=15/8
      d). Subtest 4: β_c/β_d=15/4
   vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

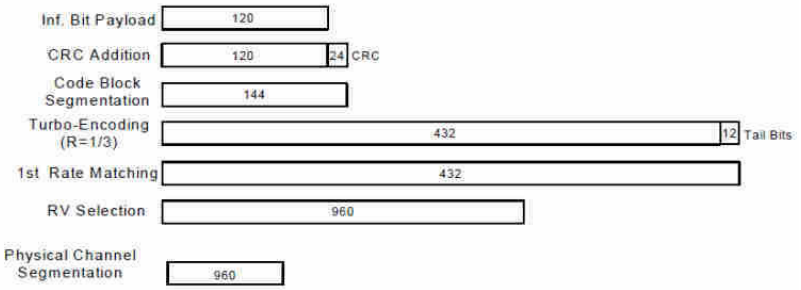


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

<Full Power Mode>:

Band		WCDMA Band V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA Band II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		4132	4182	4233		9262	9400	9538	
Rx Channel		4357	4407	4458		9662	9800	9938	
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6		1852.4	1880	1907.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.21	22.10	22.13	22.50	21.75	21.95	22.05	22.50
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	**22.26**	22.12	22.15	22.50	21.76	21.98	**22.10**	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	20.76	20.62	20.55	22.00	20.35	20.48	20.60	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	20.75	20.60	20.53	22.00	20.33	20.45	20.58	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	20.78	20.63	20.57	22.00	20.31	20.42	20.55	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	20.71	20.60	20.54	22.00	20.26	20.37	20.48	22.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.57	21.49	21.61	22.00	21.59	21.63	21.68	22.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.59	21.63	21.55	22.00	21.80	21.79	21.67	22.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.63	21.57	21.63	22.00	21.65	21.72	21.70	22.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.62	21.55	21.56	22.00	21.66	21.65	21.67	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	20.04	20.01	20.06	20.50	20.30	20.26	20.57	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.07	20.06	20.10	20.50	20.31	20.25	20.55	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.10	21.01	21.08	21.50	21.29	21.21	21.50	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.00	20.05	20.10	20.50	20.28	20.25	20.45	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.49	21.58	21.62	22.50	21.93	21.70	22.01	22.50

<Reduced Power Mode>:

Band		WCDMA Band V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA Band II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		4132	4182	4233		9262	9400	9538	
Rx Channel		4357	4407	4458		9662	9800	9938	
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6		1852.4	1880	1907.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	19.30	19.25	19.21	19.50	15.37	15.24	15.34	15.50
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	**19.34**	19.27	19.24	19.50	**15.38**	15.25	15.37	15.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	17.71	17.65	17.66	19.00	13.56	13.63	14.09	14.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	17.70	17.74	17.63	19.00	13.53	13.61	14.06	14.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	17.76	17.72	17.60	19.00	13.54	13.62	14.08	14.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	17.83	17.75	17.66	19.00	13.51	13.60	14.05	14.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	18.55	18.57	18.71	19.00	13.44	13.55	13.48	14.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	18.57	18.58	18.58	19.00	13.41	13.54	13.55	14.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	18.61	18.53	18.72	19.00	13.38	13.49	13.44	14.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	18.63	18.59	18.57	19.00	13.37	13.50	13.53	14.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	17.07	17.00	17.01	17.50	13.21	13.27	13.68	14.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	17.01	17.02	17.05	17.50	13.25	13.30	13.65	14.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	18.05	18.06	18.09	18.50	14.22	14.28	14.63	15.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	17.08	17.05	17.10	17.50	13.20	13.25	13.60	14.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	18.59	18.60	18.65	19.00	14.77	14.80	15.09	15.50

<Hotspot reduced Power Mode>:

Band		WCDMA Band II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		9262	9400	9538	
Rx Channel		9662	9800	9938	
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	18.30	18.31	18.38	18.50
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	18.27	18.32	**18.39**	18.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	16.85	16.71	17.01	17.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	16.75	16.77	16.97	17.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	16.74	16.80	16.96	17.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	16.77	16.82	17.01	17.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	16.79	16.84	16.89	17.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	16.77	16.80	16.87	17.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	16.82	16.81	16.76	17.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	16.81	16.97	16.85	17.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	15.57	15.58	15.77	16.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	15.53	15.54	15.73	16.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	16.50	16.53	16.73	17.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	15.49	15.51	15.70	16.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	17.04	16.99	17.26	17.50

<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.

<Full Power Mode>

<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Measured Power			Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	20.47	20.45	20.34	21.50	0
20	QPSK	1	49	21.31	20.87	20.74		
20	QPSK	1	99	20.44	20.43	20.17		
20	QPSK	50	0	19.88	19.84	19.61	20.50	1
20	QPSK	50	24	19.84	19.72	19.45		
20	QPSK	50	50	19.75	19.76	19.46		
20	QPSK	100	0	19.76	19.70	19.57		
20	16QAM	1	0	19.61	19.16	19.21	20.50	1
20	16QAM	1	49	19.42	19.17	19.11		
20	16QAM	1	99	19.50	19.11	19.06		
20	16QAM	50	0	18.94	18.91	18.74	19.50	2
20	16QAM	50	24	18.80	18.89	18.54		
20	16QAM	50	50	18.81	18.84	18.55		
20	16QAM	100	0	18.82	18.76	18.63		
Channel				20825	21100	21375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	20.76	20.78	20.68	21.50	0
15	QPSK	1	37	20.98	21.02	20.73		
15	QPSK	1	74	20.78	20.70	20.55		
15	QPSK	36	0	19.83	19.67	19.53	20.50	1
15	QPSK	36	20	19.76	19.75	19.64		
15	QPSK	36	39	19.83	19.73	19.53		
15	QPSK	75	0	19.81	19.74	19.57		
15	16QAM	1	0	19.64	19.39	19.24	20.50	1
15	16QAM	1	37	19.70	19.36	19.29		
15	16QAM	1	74	19.32	19.10	19.05		
15	16QAM	36	0	18.79	18.73	18.59	19.50	2
15	16QAM	36	20	18.71	18.67	18.54		
15	16QAM	36	39	18.80	18.80	18.52		
15	16QAM	75	0	18.86	18.75	18.67		

Channel				20800	21100	21400	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	20.55	20.52	20.36	21.50	0
10	QPSK	1	25	21.06	21.01	20.71		
10	QPSK	1	49	20.53	20.41	20.18		
10	QPSK	25	0	19.99	19.66	19.49	20.50	1
10	QPSK	25	12	19.94	19.77	19.56		
10	QPSK	25	25	19.87	19.72	19.44		
10	QPSK	50	0	19.86	19.73	19.55		
10	16QAM	1	0	19.63	19.23	18.99	20.50	1
10	16QAM	1	25	19.59	19.72	18.97		
10	16QAM	1	49	19.56	19.07	18.91		
10	16QAM	25	0	19.16	18.93	18.67	19.50	2
10	16QAM	25	12	18.87	18.84	18.38		
10	16QAM	25	25	18.71	18.75	18.54		
10	16QAM	50	0	18.84	18.81	18.58		
Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	20.52	20.28	20.21	21.50	0
5	QPSK	1	12	20.97	20.88	20.56		
5	QPSK	1	24	20.39	20.38	20.14		
5	QPSK	12	0	19.87	19.69	19.47	20.50	1
5	QPSK	12	7	20.04	19.69	19.54		
5	QPSK	12	13	19.79	19.66	19.39		
5	QPSK	25	0	19.81	19.67	19.48		
5	16QAM	1	0	19.52	19.18	19.15	20.50	1
5	16QAM	1	12	19.38	19.01	19.00		
5	16QAM	1	24	19.40	18.92	19.16		
5	16QAM	12	0	18.74	18.41	18.65	19.50	2
5	16QAM	12	7	18.80	18.78	18.61		
5	16QAM	12	13	18.83	18.47	18.58		
5	16QAM	25	0	18.87	18.66	18.50		

<Reduced Power Mode>

<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Measured Power			Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	11.62	11.60	11.52	13.50	0
20	QPSK	1	49	12.98	11.98	12.02		
20	QPSK	1	99	11.59	11.59	11.54		
20	QPSK	50	0	13.37	12.91	12.42	13.50	0
20	QPSK	50	24	13.48	13.15	12.55		
20	QPSK	50	50	13.41	12.79	12.52		
20	QPSK	100	0	13.45	12.88	12.45		
20	16QAM	1	0	11.64	11.58	11.87	13.50	0
20	16QAM	1	49	13.00	12.68	12.22		
20	16QAM	1	99	11.83	11.61	11.82		
20	16QAM	50	0	13.33	13.08	12.62	13.50	0
20	16QAM	50	24	13.45	13.34	12.80		
20	16QAM	50	50	13.44	12.95	12.45		
20	16QAM	100	0	13.42	13.05	12.47		
Channel				20825	21100	21375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	12.58	12.23	11.72	13.50	0
15	QPSK	1	37	13.41	13.09	12.47		
15	QPSK	1	74	12.84	12.27	11.96		
15	QPSK	36	0	13.22	12.90	12.31	13.50	0
15	QPSK	36	20	13.43	13.13	12.50		
15	QPSK	36	39	13.46	12.79	12.49		
15	QPSK	75	0	13.38	12.78	12.45		
15	16QAM	1	0	12.83	12.55	12.16	13.50	0
15	16QAM	1	37	13.43	13.45	12.99		
15	16QAM	1	74	13.09	12.57	12.09		
15	16QAM	36	0	13.19	13.07	12.53	13.50	0
15	16QAM	36	20	13.42	13.32	12.75		
15	16QAM	36	39	13.46	12.96	12.46		
15	16QAM	75	0	13.36	12.95	12.43		

Channel				20800	21100	21400	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	12.62	12.23	11.75	13.50	0
10	QPSK	1	25	13.32	13.10	12.49		
10	QPSK	1	49	12.75	12.18	11.85		
10	QPSK	25	0	13.24	12.90	12.28	13.50	0
10	QPSK	25	12	13.46	13.08	12.49		
10	QPSK	25	25	13.38	12.88	12.39		
10	QPSK	50	0	13.26	12.88	12.26		
10	16QAM	1	0	12.89	12.68	12.21	13.50	0
10	16QAM	1	25	13.37	13.36	13.00		
10	16QAM	1	49	13.03	12.58	12.06		
10	16QAM	25	0	13.24	13.10	12.48	13.50	0
10	16QAM	25	12	13.17	13.28	12.69		
10	16QAM	25	25	13.36	13.06	12.45		
10	16QAM	50	0	13.25	13.07	12.35		
Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	12.77	12.41	11.82	13.50	0
5	QPSK	1	12	13.46	13.06	12.48		
5	QPSK	1	24	12.81	12.43	11.89		
5	QPSK	12	0	13.20	12.93	12.25	13.50	0
5	QPSK	12	7	13.45	13.09	12.45		
5	QPSK	12	13	13.32	12.98	12.35		
5	QPSK	25	0	13.26	12.90	12.28		
5	16QAM	1	0	13.00	12.84	12.29	13.50	0
5	16QAM	1	12	13.39	13.35	12.76		
5	16QAM	1	24	13.05	12.85	12.06		
5	16QAM	12	0	13.20	13.12	12.41	13.50	0
5	16QAM	12	7	13.45	13.28	12.50		
5	16QAM	12	13	13.30	13.16	12.31		
5	16QAM	25	0	13.25	13.09	12.29		

<Hotspot reduced Power Mode>

<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Measured Power			Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	20.19	20.20	20.04	21.00	0
20	QPSK	1	49	20.82	20.35	20.42		
20	QPSK	1	99	20.14	20.33	19.91		
20	QPSK	50	0	20.69	20.66	20.33	21.00	0
20	QPSK	50	24	20.62	20.55	20.31		
20	QPSK	50	50	20.55	20.51	20.30		
20	QPSK	100	0	20.55	20.54	20.30		
20	16QAM	1	0	20.33	19.94	19.96	21.00	0
20	16QAM	1	49	20.41	20.21	19.77		
20	16QAM	1	99	20.08	19.99	19.84		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.79	20.67	20.49	21.00	0
20	16QAM	50	24	20.68	20.53	20.37		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.61	20.49	20.34		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.68	20.60	20.38		
Channel				20825	21100	21375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	20.44	20.53	20.30	21.00	0
15	QPSK	1	37	20.61	20.62	20.59		
15	QPSK	1	74	20.65	20.17	20.41		
15	QPSK	36	0	20.74	20.69	20.35	21.00	0
15	QPSK	36	20	20.81	20.72	20.38		
15	QPSK	36	39	20.70	20.63	20.35		
15	QPSK	75	0	20.71	20.65	20.37		
15	16QAM	1	0	20.42	20.32	19.98	21.00	0
15	16QAM	1	37	20.30	20.37	19.92		
15	16QAM	1	74	20.44	20.07	19.89		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.79	20.75	20.37	21.00	0
15	16QAM	36	20	20.72	20.73	20.34		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.63	20.50	20.33		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.87	20.72	20.41		

Channel				20800	21100	21400	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	20.25	20.29	20.05	21.00	0
10	QPSK	1	25	20.83	20.87	20.46		
10	QPSK	1	49	20.32	20.22	19.99		
10	QPSK	25	0	20.72	20.73	20.37	21.00	0
10	QPSK	25	12	20.77	20.73	20.38		
10	QPSK	25	25	20.81	20.69	20.35		
10	QPSK	50	0	20.71	20.59	20.44		
10	16QAM	1	0	20.42	19.96	19.83	21.00	0
10	16QAM	1	25	20.56	20.21	19.80		
10	16QAM	1	49	20.39	19.91	19.80		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.79	20.70	20.46	21.00	0
10	16QAM	25	12	20.82	20.72	20.53		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.81	20.66	20.50		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.81	20.67	20.49		
Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	20.07	20.30	19.95	21.00	0
5	QPSK	1	12	20.84	20.78	20.54		
5	QPSK	1	24	20.24	20.22	19.97		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.64	20.70	20.38	21.00	0
5	QPSK	12	7	20.74	20.80	20.43		
5	QPSK	12	13	20.66	20.79	20.47		
5	QPSK	25	0	20.69	20.68	20.31		
5	16QAM	1	0	20.25	20.00	20.09	21.00	0
5	16QAM	1	12	20.42	20.21	20.06		
5	16QAM	1	24	20.26	20.08	20.02		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.53	20.79	20.54	21.00	0
5	16QAM	12	7	20.61	20.88	20.48		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.48	20.76	20.33		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.68	20.86	20.34		

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
   a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
   b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
   c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b	CH 1	2412	1Mbps	18.43	18.50	97.63
		CH 6	2437		18.01	18.50	
		CH 11	2462		17.87	18.50	
		CH 12	2467		1.15	2.00	
		CH 13	2472		0.88	1.00	
	802.11g	CH 1	2412	6Mbps	12.88	13.50	87.26
		CH 6	2437		11.84	13.50	
		CH 11	2462		13.43	13.50	
		CH 12	2467		-0.56	0	
		CH 13	2472		-0.38	0	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 1	2412	MCS0	13.19	14.00	86.62
		CH 6	2437		12.10	14.00	
		CH 11	2462		13.64	14.00	
		CH 12	2467		-0.33	0	
		CH 13	2472		-0.47	0	
	802.11n-HT40	CH 3	2422	MCS0	9.72	11.00	76.43
		CH 6	2437		9.80	11.00	
		CH 9	2452		10.56	11.00	
		CH 10	2457		10.28	11.00	
		CH 11	2462		10.35	11.00	

<5GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a	CH 36	5180	6Mbps	12.96	13.00	87.44
		CH 40	5200		12.64	13.00	
		CH 44	5220		12.50	13.00	
		CH 48	5240		12.39	13.00	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 36	5180	MCS0	11.96	12.00	86.09
		CH 40	5200		11.91	12.00	
		CH 44	5220		11.60	12.00	
		CH 48	5240		11.53	12.00	
	802.11n-HT40	CH 38	5190	MCS0	11.88	12.00	76.22
		CH 46	5230		11.68	12.00	

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11a	CH 52	5260	6Mbps	12.43	13.00	87.44
		CH 56	5280		12.42	13.00	
		CH 60	5300		12.04	13.00	
		CH 64	5320		12.62	13.00	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 52	5260	MCS0	11.59	12.00	86.09
		CH 56	5280		11.57	12.00	
		CH 60	5300		11.30	12.00	
		CH 64	5320		11.75	12.00	
	802.11n-HT40	CH 54	5270	MCS0	12.39	12.50	76.22
		CH 62	5310		12.06	12.50	

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a	CH 100	5500	6Mbps	**10.98**	11.50	87.44
		CH 116	5580		10.96	11.50	
		CH 120	5600		10.43	11.50	
		CH 132	5660		10.05	11.50	
		CH 140	5700		10.07	11.50	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 100	5500	MCS0	9.71	10.50	86.09
		CH 116	5580		10.13	10.50	
		CH 120	5600		9.70	10.50	
		CH 132	5660		9.20	10.50	
		CH 140	5700		9.40	10.50	
	802.11n-HT40	CH 102	5510	MCS0	9.96	10.50	76.22
		CH 110	5550		9.63	10.50	
		CH 126	5630		9.32	10.50	
		CH 134	5670		9.43	10.50	

13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)		
	Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	Bluetooth v4.0 LE	Bluetooth v4.2 LE
2.4GHz Bluetooth	6.5	2.0	2.0

Note:

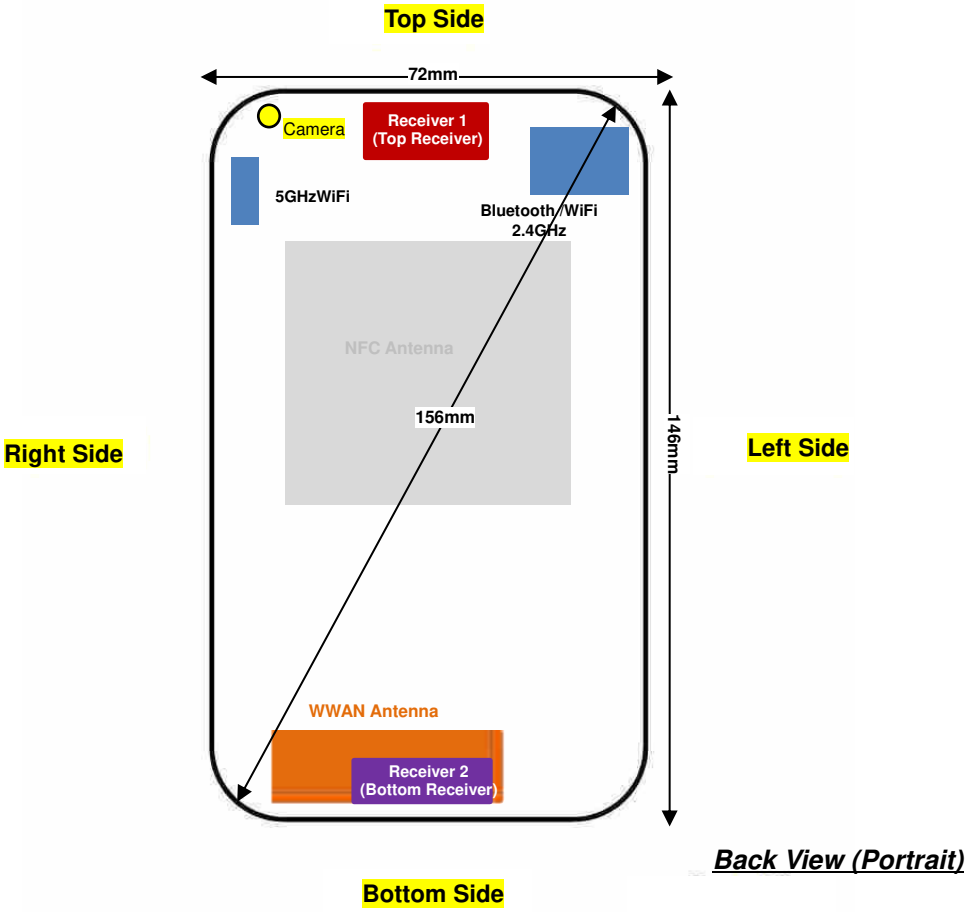
1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
   [(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)] ·[√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
   - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
   - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
   - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

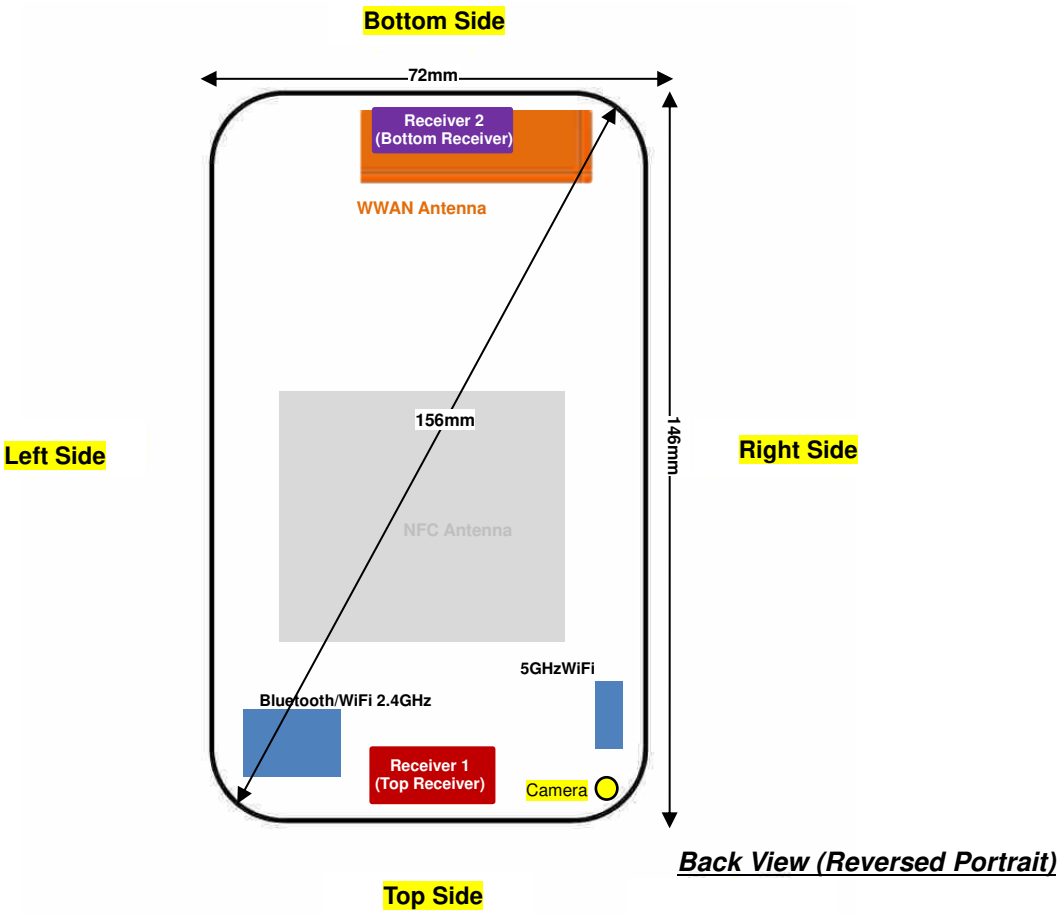
Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
6.5	5	2.48	1.3

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.3 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

14. Antenna Location





Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	127mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
Bluetooth & 2.4GHz WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	126mm	52mm	≤ 25mm
5GHz WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	124mm	≤ 25mm	64mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bluetooth & 2.4GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
5GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

General Note:
Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
   a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
   b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
   c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
   d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
   - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
   - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
   - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. When hotspot mode is enabled, power reduction will be activated to limit the maximum power of GSM1900 band, UMTS band 2, LTE and 7.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
5. Head SAR test was performed for all frequency bands which support next to the ear use. The normal portrait position (with the top receiver contacting with ERP of the SAM phantom), and also for reverse calling mode (with the bottom receiver contacting with ERP of the SAM phantom), were tested separately. In the reverse calling mode, the following bands are operated in the reduced power mode according to the implementation which is detailed in the operational description. Reduced power in reverse calling mode: GSM 850/1900, WCDMA band 2/5, LTE band 7

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM1900 for receiver 1, GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 for receiver 2 are considered as the primary mode.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.
3. Power reduction which is triggered by hotspot mode is implemented in GSM1900 band, for hotspot mode SAR testing EUT was set in reduced power mode and GPRS 2 Tx slot due to its highest frame-average power.

UMTS Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for U-NII-1 Head and Body-worn SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	0.03	#1	-	0.116	0.131
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	0.12	#1	-	0.071	0.080
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	0.02	#1	-	0.175	0.197
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	0.03	#1	-	0.085	0.096
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	0.03	#2	-	0.150	0.169
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	0.1	#1	With	0.170	0.192
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	128	824.2	26.11	26.50	1.094	-0.03	#1	-	0.704	0.770
	GSM850	GPRS 2. Tx slots	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	128	824.2	26.11	26.50	1.094	0.01	#1	-	0.396	0.433
01	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	128	824.2	26.11	26.50	1.094	0.05	#1	-	0.762	**0.834**
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	189	836.4	26.09	26.50	1.099	-0.01	#1	-	0.525	0.577
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	251	848.8	25.96	26.50	1.132	0.12	#1	-	0.558	0.632
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	128	824.2	26.11	26.50	1.094	0.03	#1	-	0.472	0.516
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	128	824.2	26.11	26.50	1.094	-0.08	#2	-	0.675	0.738
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	128	824.2	26.11	26.50	1.094	-0.02	#1	With	0.309	0.338

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	810	1909.8	25.45	26.00	1.135	0.02	#1	-	0.200	0.227
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	810	1909.8	25.45	26.00	1.135	-0.1	#1	-	0.049	0.056
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	810	1909.8	25.45	26.00	1.135	0.04	#1	-	0.113	0.128
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	810	1909.8	25.45	26.00	1.135	-0.08	#1	-	0.064	0.073
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	810	1909.8	25.45	26.00	1.135	0.02	#2	-	0.171	0.194
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	810	1909.8	25.45	26.00	1.135	0.17	#1	With	0.192	0.218
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	810	1909.8	21.70	22.00	1.072	0	#1	-	0.665	0.713
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	810	1909.8	21.70	22.00	1.072	0.16	#1	-	0.604	0.647
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	810	1909.8	21.70	22.00	1.072	-0.14	#1	-	0.458	0.491
02	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	810	1909.8	21.70	22.00	1.072	-0.07	#1	-	0.830	**0.889**
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	512	1850.2	21.47	22.00	1.130	-0.12	#1	-	0.692	0.782
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	661	1880	21.61	22.00	1.094	-0.11	#1	-	0.756	0.827
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	810	1909.8	21.70	22.00	1.072	-0.07	#2	-	0.676	0.724
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	810	1909.8	21.70	22.00	1.072	-0.11	#1	With	0.513	0.550

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	4132	826.4	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.15	#1	-	0.141	0.149
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	4132	826.4	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.02	#1	-	0.087	0.092
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	4132	826.4	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.01	#1	-	0.185	0.196
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	4132	826.4	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.08	#1	-	0.087	0.092
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	4132	826.4	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.09	#2	-	0.141	0.149
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	4132	826.4	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.16	#1	With	0.184	0.194
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	4132	826.4	19.34	19.50	1.038	-0.1	#1	-	0.948	0.984
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	4182	836.4	19.27	19.50	1.054	-0.03	#1	-	1.000	1.054
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	4233	846.6	19.24	19.50	1.062	-0.03	#1	-	1.040	**1.104**
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	4132	826.4	19.34	19.50	1.038	-0.05	#1	-	0.430	0.446
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	4132	826.4	19.34	19.50	1.038	-0.01	#1	-	0.994	1.031
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	4182	836.4	19.27	19.50	1.054	-0.01	#1	-	0.992	1.046
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	4233	846.6	19.24	19.50	1.062	-0.1	#1	-	0.990	1.051
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	4132	826.4	19.34	19.50	1.038	0.02	#1	-	0.436	0.452
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	4233	846.6	19.24	19.50	1.062	-0.12	#2	-	0.992	1.053
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	4132	826.4	19.34	19.50	1.038	-0.08	#2	-	0.888	0.921
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	4182	836.4	19.27	19.50	1.054	-0.08	#2	-	0.960	1.012
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	4233	846.6	19.24	19.50	1.062	0.07	#1	With	0.574	0.609
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	9538	1907.6	22.10	22.50	1.096	0.06	#1	-	0.350	0.384
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	9538	1907.6	22.10	22.50	1.096	-0.14	#1	-	0.096	0.105
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	9538	1907.6	22.10	22.50	1.096	0.04	#1	-	0.222	0.243
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	9538	1907.6	22.10	22.50	1.096	-0.05	#1	-	0.120	0.132
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	9538	1907.6	22.10	22.50	1.096	0.06	#2	-	0.332	0.364
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	9538	1907.6	22.10	22.50	1.096	0.08	#1	With	0.346	0.379
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	9262	1852.4	15.38	15.50	1.028	0	#1	-	0.544	0.559
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	9262	1852.4	15.38	15.50	1.028	-0.02	#1	-	0.695	0.714
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	9262	1852.4	15.38	15.50	1.028	0.03	#1	-	0.619	0.636
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	9262	1852.4	15.38	15.50	1.028	-0.04	#1	-	0.806	0.829
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	9400	1880	15.25	15.50	1.059	0.08	#1	-	0.963	1.020
04	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	9538	1907.6	15.37	15.50	1.030	0.12	#1	-	0.990	**1.020**
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	9538	1907.6	15.37	15.50	1.030	0.1	#2	-	0.769	0.792
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	9538	1907.6	15.37	15.50	1.030	0.11	#1	With	0.607	0.625

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	20850	2510	21.31	21.5	1.045	0.02	#1	-	0.044	0.046
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	20850	2510	19.88	20.5	1.153	0.14	#1	-	0.034	0.039
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	20850	2510	21.31	21.5	1.045	0.09	#1	-	0.019	0.020
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	20850	2510	19.88	20.5	1.153	0.04	#1	-	0.014	0.016
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	20850	2510	21.31	21.5	1.045	0.07	#1	-	0.054	0.056
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	20850	2510	19.88	20.5	1.153	0.02	#1	-	0.044	0.051
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	20850	2510	21.31	21.5	1.045	0.03	#1	-	0.024	0.025
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	20850	2510	19.88	20.5	1.153	-0.16	#1	-	0.015	0.017
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	20850	2510	21.31	21.5	1.045	0.09	#2	-	0.043	0.045
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	20850	2510	21.31	21.5	1.045	0.13	#1	With	0.043	0.045
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	20850	2510	12.98	13.50	1.127	0.12	#1	-	0.195	0.220
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	24Offset	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	20850	2510	13.48	13.50	1.005	0.06	#1	-	0.287	0.288
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	20850	2510	12.98	13.50	1.127	0.08	#1	-	0.298	0.336
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	24Offset	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	20850	2510	13.48	13.50	1.005	0.08	#1	-	0.377	0.379
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	20850	2510	12.98	13.50	1.127	0.17	#1	-	0.287	0.324
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	24Offset	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	20850	2510	13.48	13.50	1.005	0.12	#1	-	0.360	0.362
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	20850	2510	12.98	13.50	1.127	0.19	#1	-	0.427	0.481
05	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	24Offset	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	20850	2510	13.48	13.50	1.005	0.02	#1	-	0.535	**0.537**
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	24Offset	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	20850	2510	13.48	13.50	1.005	0.08	#2	-	0.354	0.356
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	24Offset	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	20850	2510	13.48	13.50	1.005	0.12	#1	With	0.335	0.337

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Peak SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	1.09	0.17	#1	-	0.919	0.956
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.808	0.1	#1	-	0.643	0.669
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.561		#1	-		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.561		#1	-		
06	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	6	2437	18.01	18.50	1.119	97.63	1.024		0.15	#1	-	1.030	**1.181**
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	6	2437	18.01	18.50	1.119	97.63	1.024		-0.02	#2	-	0.997	1.143
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024		0.07	#2	-	0.848	0.882
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	6	2437	18.01	18.50	1.119	97.63	1.024		0.12	#1	With	0.771	0.884
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024		0.12	#1	With	0.753	0.784
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.0251		#1	-		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.0131		#1	-		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.0344	-0.01	#1	-	0.029	0.030
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.00578		#1	-		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024		-0.09	#2	-	0.024	0.025
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024		0.07	#1	With	0.020	0.021

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Peak SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	64	5320	12.62	13.00	1.091	87.44	1.144	0.108		#1	-		
	WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	64	5320	12.62	13.00	1.091	87.44	1.144	0.0298		#1	-		
07	WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	64	5320	12.62	13.00	1.091	87.44	1.144	0.461	-0.04	#1	-	0.100	**0.125**
	WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	64	5320	12.62	13.00	1.091	87.44	1.144	0.103		#1	-		
	WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	64	5320	12.62	13.00	1.091	87.44	1.144		0.05	#2	-	0.020	0.025
	WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	64	5320	12.62	13.00	1.091	87.44	1.144		0.12	#1	With	0.046	0.057
	WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	64	5320	12.62	13.00	1.091	87.44	1.144	0.00564		#1	-		
	WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	64	5320	12.62	13.00	1.091	87.44	1.144	0.00239		#1	-		
	WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	64	5320	12.62	13.00	1.091	87.44	1.144	0.00916		#1	-		
	WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	64	5320	12.62	13.00	1.091	87.44	1.144	0.015	0.03	#1	-	<0.001	<0.001
	WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	64	5320	12.62	13.00	1.091	87.44	1.144		0.06	#2	-	<0.001	<0.001
	WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	64	5320	12.62	13.00	1.091	87.44	1.144		0.02	#1	With	<0.001	<0.001
	WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	100	5500	10.98	11.50	1.127	87.44	1.144	0.069		#1	-		
	WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	100	5500	10.98	11.50	1.127	87.44	1.144	0.053		#1	-		
08	WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	100	5500	10.98	11.50	1.127	87.44	1.144	0.37	0.03	#1	-	0.072	**0.093**
	WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	100	5500	10.98	11.50	1.127	87.44	1.144	0.104		#1	-		
	WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	100	5500	10.98	11.50	1.127	87.44	1.144		0.01	#2	-	0.067	0.086
	WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	100	5500	10.98	11.50	1.127	87.44	1.144		-0.14	#1	With	0.023	0.030
	WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	100	5500	10.98	11.50	1.127	87.44	1.144	0.02		#1	-		
	WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	100	5500	10.98	11.50	1.127	87.44	1.144	0.016		#1	-		
	WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	100	5500	10.98	11.50	1.127	87.44	1.144	0.041	0.1	#1	-	0.00105	**0.001**
	WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	100	5500	10.98	11.50	1.127	87.44	1.144	0.029		#1	-		
	WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	100	5500	10.98	11.50	1.127	87.44	1.144		-0.05	#2	-	0.000215	<0.001
	WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	100	5500	10.98	11.50	1.127	87.44	1.144		0.01	#1	With	<0.001	<0.001

15.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Front	OFF	10	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	-0.06	#1	-	0.248	0.280
09	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Back	OFF	10	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	-0.06	#1	-	0.415	**0.468**
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Left Side	OFF	10	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	0	#1	-	0.234	0.264
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Right Side	OFF	10	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	0.02	#1	-	0.111	0.125
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Side	OFF	10	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	0.17	#1	-	0.099	0.112
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Back	OFF	10	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	0.18	#2	-	0.339	0.382
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Back	OFF	10	128	824.2	28.98	29.50	1.127	-0.03	#1	With	0.402	0.453
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Front	On	10	810	1909.8	26.45	27.00	1.135	0	#1	-	0.787	0.893
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Front	On	10	512	1850.2	26.37	27.00	1.156	-0.01	#1	-	0.620	0.717
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Front	On	10	661	1880	26.39	27.00	1.151	-0.09	#1	-	0.697	0.802
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	On	10	810	1909.8	26.45	27.00	1.135	0.03	#1	-	0.741	0.841
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	On	10	512	1850.2	26.37	27.00	1.156	-0.01	#1	-	0.620	0.717
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	On	10	661	1880	26.39	27.00	1.151	-0.02	#1	-	0.667	0.768
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Side	On	10	810	1909.8	26.45	27.00	1.135	0.01	#1	-	0.098	0.111
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Right Side	On	10	810	1909.8	26.45	27.00	1.135	0.08	#1	-	0.184	0.209
10	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Bottom Side	On	10	810	1909.8	26.45	27.00	1.135	0.01	#1	-	0.914	**1.037**
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Bottom Side	On	10	512	1850.2	26.37	27.00	1.156	0.01	#1	-	0.797	0.921
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Bottom Side	On	10	661	1880	26.39	27.00	1.151	0.09	#1	-	0.839	0.966
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Bottom Side	On	10	810	1909.8	26.45	27.00	1.135	-0.07	#2	-	0.896	1.017
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Bottom Side	On	10	512	1850.2	26.37	27.00	1.156	-0.02	#2	-	0.761	0.880
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Bottom Side	On	10	661	1880	26.39	27.00	1.151	0.01	#2	-	0.820	0.944
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Bottom Side	On	10	810	1909.8	26.45	27.00	1.135	0.03	#1	With	0.754	0.856
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Bottom Side	On	10	512	1850.2	26.37	27.00	1.156	-0.03	#1	With	0.702	0.812
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Bottom Side	On	10	661	1880	26.39	27.00	1.151	0	#1	With	0.716	0.824

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	OFF	10	4132	826.4	22.26	22.5	1.057	0.01	#1	-	0.259	0.274
11	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	10	4132	826.4	22.26	22.5	1.057	-0.02	#1	-	0.430	**0.454**
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	OFF	10	4132	826.4	22.26	22.5	1.057	0.04	#1	-	0.230	0.243
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	OFF	10	4132	826.4	22.26	22.5	1.057	0.12	#1	-	0.106	0.112
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	OFF	10	4132	826.4	22.26	22.5	1.057	0.19	#1	-	0.102	0.108
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	10	4132	826.4	22.26	22.5	1.057	-0.06	#2	-	0.352	0.372
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	10	4132	826.4	22.26	22.5	1.057	-0.02	#1	With	0.418	0.442
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	ON	10	9538	1907.6	18.39	18.50	1.026	0.09	#1	-	0.514	0.527
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	ON	10	9538	1907.6	18.39	18.50	1.026	0.01	#1	-	0.686	0.704
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	ON	10	9538	1907.6	18.39	18.50	1.026	0.07	#1	-	0.078	0.080
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	ON	10	9538	1907.6	18.39	18.50	1.026	0.17	#1	-	0.166	0.170
12	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	ON	10	9538	1907.6	18.39	18.50	1.026	0.07	#1	-	0.877	**0.899**
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	ON	10	9262	1852.4	18.27	18.50	1.054	0.12	#1	-	0.745	0.786
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	ON	10	9400	1880	18.32	18.50	1.042	0.02	#1	-	0.821	0.856
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	ON	10	9538	1907.6	18.39	18.50	1.026	-0.1	#2	-	0.827	0.848
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	ON	10	9262	1852.4	18.27	18.50	1.054	-0.03	#2	-	0.690	0.728
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	ON	10	9400	1880	18.32	18.50	1.042	-0.03	#2	-	0.755	0.787
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	ON	10	9538	1907.6	18.39	18.50	1.026	0.1	#1	With	0.610	0.626

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Power Reduction	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Front	On	10	20850	2510	20.82	21	1.042	0.08	#1	-	0.788	0.821
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Front	On	10	21100	2535	20.35	21	1.161	0.12	#1	-	0.757	0.879
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Front	On	10	21350	2560	20.42	21	1.143	0.04	#1	-	0.716	0.818
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Front	On	10	20850	2510	20.69	21	1.074	0.01	#1	-	0.490	0.526
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100RB	0Offset	Front	On	10	20850	2510	20.55	21	1.109	0	#1	-	0.482	0.535
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Back	On	10	20850	2510	20.82	21	1.042	0.04	#1	-	0.388	0.404
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Back	On	10	20850	2510	20.69	21	1.074	0.03	#1	-	0.396	0.425
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Left Side	On	10	20850	2510	20.82	21	1.042	0.09	#1	-	0.084	0.088
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Left Side	On	10	20850	2510	20.69	21	1.074	0.1	#1	-	0.084	0.090
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Right Side	On	10	20850	2510	20.82	21	1.042	0.04	#1	-	0.120	0.125
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Right Side	On	10	20850	2510	20.69	21	1.074	0.03	#1	-	0.091	0.098
13	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	On	10	20850	2510	20.82	21	1.042	0.08	#1	-	1.120	**1.167**
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	On	10	21100	2535	20.35	21	1.161	0.13	#1	-	0.986	1.145
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	On	10	21350	2560	20.42	21	1.143	0.05	#1	-	0.799	0.913
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	On	10	20850	2510	20.69	21	1.074	0.13	#1	-	0.953	1.024
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	On	10	21100	2535	20.66	21	1.081	0.14	#1	-	0.848	0.917
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	On	10	21350	2560	20.33	21	1.167	0.08	#1	-	0.816	0.952
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	On	10	20850	2510	20.55	21	1.109	0.09	#1	-	0.869	0.964
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	On	10	20850	2510	20.82	21	1.042	0.06	#2	-	1.000	1.042
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	On	10	21100	2535	20.35	21	1.161	0.14	#2	-	0.767	0.891
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	On	10	21350	2560	20.42	21	1.143	0.11	#2	-	0.593	0.678
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	On	10	20850	2510	20.82	21	1.042	0.12	#1	With	0.604	0.630

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Peak SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.163		#1	-		
14	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.376	0.05	#1	-	0.241	**0.251**
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	10	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.121		#1	-		
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.175		#1	-		
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024		0.17	#2	-	0.202	0.210
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024		0.04	#1	With	0.174	0.181

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Peak SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	10	36	5180	12.96	13.00	1.009	87.44	1.144	0		#1	-		
15	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10	36	5180	12.96	13.00	1.009	87.44	1.144	0.165	0.15	#1	-	0.063	**0.073**
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	10	36	5180	12.96	13.00	1.009	87.44	1.144	0.028		#1	-		
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	10	36	5180	12.96	13.00	1.009	87.44	1.144	0.000185		#1	-		
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10	36	5180	12.96	13.00	1.009	87.44	1.144		0.12	#2	-	0.029	0.033
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10	36	5180	12.96	13.00	1.009	87.44	1.144		-0.06	#1	With	0.037	0.043

15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Front	OFF	15	128	824.2	28.98	29.5	1.127	-0.07	#1	-	0.230	0.259
16	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Back	OFF	15	128	824.2	28.98	29.5	1.127	0.01	#1	-	0.347	**0.391**
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Back	OFF	15	128	824.2	28.98	29.5	1.127	-0.1	#2	-	0.296	0.334
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Back	OFF	15	128	824.2	28.98	29.5	1.127	0.1	#1	With	0.340	0.383
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Front	OFF	15	810	1909.8	25.45	26.00	1.135	0.01	#1	-	0.348	0.395
17	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	OFF	15	810	1909.8	25.45	26.00	1.135	0.01	#1	-	0.446	**0.506**
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	OFF	15	810	1909.8	25.45	26.00	1.135	-0.07	#2	-	0.434	0.493
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	OFF	15	810	1909.8	25.45	26.00	1.135	-0.01	#1	With	0.356	0.404

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	OFF	15	4132	826.4	22.26	22.5	1.057	0.01	#1	-	0.259	0.274
18	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	15	4132	826.4	22.26	22.5	1.057	0.01	#1	-	0.357	**0.377**
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	15	4132	826.4	22.26	22.5	1.057	-0.04	#2	-	0.279	0.295
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	15	4132	826.4	22.26	22.5	1.057	-0.04	#1	With	0.345	0.365
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	OFF	15	9538	1907.6	22.10	22.50	1.096	-0.01	#1	-	0.736	0.807
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	OFF	15	9262	1852.4	21.76	22.50	1.186	-0.01	#1	-	0.580	0.688
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	OFF	15	9400	1880	21.98	22.50	1.127	0.04	#1	-	0.657	0.741
19	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	15	9538	1907.6	22.10	22.50	1.096	0.12	#1	-	0.928	**1.018**
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	15	9262	1852.4	21.76	22.50	1.186	0.19	#1	-	0.792	0.939
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	15	9400	1880	21.98	22.50	1.127	0	#1	-	0.897	1.011
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	15	9538	1907.6	22.10	22.50	1.096	-0.01	#2	-	0.920	1.009
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	15	9262	1852.4	21.76	22.50	1.186	-0.01	#2	-	0.739	0.876
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	15	9400	1880	21.98	22.50	1.127	-0.01	#2	-	0.856	0.965
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	OFF	15	9538	1907.6	22.10	22.50	1.096	-0.03	#1	With	0.629	0.690

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Power Reduction	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
20	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Front	OFF	15	20850	2510	21.31	21.5	1.045	0.05	#1	-	0.288	**0.301**
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Front	OFF	15	20850	2510	19.88	20.5	1.153	0.13	#1	-	0.235	0.271
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Back	OFF	15	20850	2510	21.31	21.5	1.045	0.06	#1	-	0.246	0.257
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Back	OFF	15	20850	2510	19.88	20.5	1.153	-0.03	#1	-	0.198	0.228
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Front	OFF	15	20850	2510	21.31	21.5	1.045	0.07	#2	-	0.234	0.244
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Front	OFF	15	20850	2510	21.31	21.5	1.045	0.02	#1	With	0.170	0.178

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Peak SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	15	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.0843		#1	-		
21	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	15	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024	0.0945	-0.01	#1	-	0.063	**0.066**
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	15	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024		0.09	#2	-	0.061	0.063
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	15	1	2412	18.43	18.50	1.016	97.63	1.024		-0.18	#1	With	0.040	0.042

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Peak SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Holster	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	15	64	5320	12.62	13	1.091	87.44	1.144	0		#1	-		
22	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	15	64	5320	12.62	13	1.091	87.44	1.144	0.170	0.01	#1	-	0.061	**0.076**
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	15	64	5320	12.62	13	1.091	87.44	1.144		0.13	#2	-	0.028	0.035
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	15	64	5320	12.62	13	1.091	87.44	1.144		-0.01	#1	With	0.060	0.075
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	15	100	5500	10.98	11.5	1.127	87.44	1.144	0		#1	-		
23	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	15	100	5500	10.98	11.5	1.127	87.44	1.144	0.132	-0.01	#1	-	0.051	**0.066**
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	15	100	5500	10.98	11.5	1.127	87.44	1.144		0.1	#2	-	0.040	0.052
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	15	100	5500	10.98	11.5	1.127	87.44	1.144		0.12	#1	With	0.028	0.036

15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	-	6	2437	18.01	18.50	1.119	97.63	1.024	0.15	1.030	1	1.181
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	-	6	2437	18.01	18.50	1.119	97.63	1.024	0.11	0.994	1.362	1.139
1st	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	4233	846.6	19.24	19.50	1.062	100	1.000	-0.03	1.040	1	1.104
2nd	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	4233	846.6	19.24	19.50	1.062	100	1.000	-0.09	1.010	1.030	1.072
1st	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	9538	1907.6	15.37	15.50	1.030	100	1.000	0.12	0.990	1	1.020
2nd	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	9538	1907.6	15.37	15.50	1.030	100	1.000	0.02	0.981	1.009	1.011

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	-	ON	20850	2510	20.82	21	1.042	0.08	1.120	1	1.167
2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	-	ON	20850	2510	20.82	21	1.042	0.07	1.110	1.009	1.157

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			Note
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		WWAN VoIP
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		WWAN VoIP
8.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		WWAN VoIP
9.	GSM Voice + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		
10.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		WiFi Direct(GC only)
11.	WCDMA + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		WiFi Direct(GC only)
12.	LTE + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		WiFi Direct(GC only)
13.	GSM Voice + WLAN5.2GHz	Yes	Yes		
14.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5.2GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	WiFi Direct(GC/GO)
15.	WCDMA + WLAN5.2GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	WiFi Direct(GC/GO)
16.	LTE + WLAN5.2GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	WiFi Direct(GC/GO)

General Note:

1. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP) and LTE Supports VoLTE operation.
2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation, and 2.4GHz /5.2GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only).
3. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
4. WLAN2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
5. Though EUT has independent antenna for WLAN 2.4GHz and WLAN 5GHz, EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
6. According to EUT character, 5GHz WLAN can not transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth.
7. Chose the worse zoom scan SAR of WLAN2.4GHz and WLAN 5GHz SAR for co-located with WWAN analysis.
8. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
9. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
   i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
   ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
   iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
   iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
10. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
   i) (*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)]·[√f(GHz)/*x*] W/kg for *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm; where *x* = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and *x* = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
   ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
   iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the *test separation distances* is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth Max Power	Exposure Position	Head	Body worn
	Test separation	0 mm	15 mm
6.5 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.168 W/kg	0.056 W/kg

16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

<Receiver1 configuration>:

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth			
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.131	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.31	0.26	0.30
		Right Tilted	0.080	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.26	0.21	0.25
		Left Cheek	0.197	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.38	0.32	0.37
		Left Tilted	0.096	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.28	0.22	0.26
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.227	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.41	0.35	0.40
		Right Tilted	0.056	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.24	0.18	0.22
		Left Cheek	0.128	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.31	0.25	0.30
		Left Tilted	0.073	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.25	0.20	0.24
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.149	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.33	0.27	0.32
		Right Tilted	0.092	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.27	0.22	0.26
		Left Cheek	0.196	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.38	0.32	0.36
		Left Tilted	0.092	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.27	0.22	0.26
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.384	1.181	0.125	0.168	**1.57**	0.51	0.55
		Right Tilted	0.105	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.29	0.23	0.27
		Left Cheek	0.243	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.42	0.37	0.41
		Left Tilted	0.132	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.31	0.26	0.30
LTE	Band 7	Right Cheek	0.046	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.23	0.17	0.21
		Right Tilted	0.020	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.20	0.15	0.19
		Left Cheek	0.056	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.24	0.18	0.22
		Left Tilted	0.025	1.181	0.125	0.168	1.21	0.15	0.19

<Receiver2 configuration>:

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth			
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.770	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.80	0.77	0.94
		Right Tilted	0.433	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.46	0.43	0.60
		Left Cheek	0.834	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.86	0.84	1.00
		Left Tilted	0.516	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.55	0.52	0.68
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.713	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.74	0.71	0.88
		Right Tilted	0.647	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.68	0.65	0.82
		Left Cheek	0.491	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.52	0.49	0.66
		Left Tilted	0.889	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.92	0.89	1.06
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	1.104	0.030	0.001	0.168	1.13	1.11	1.27
		Right Tilted	0.446	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.48	0.45	0.61
		Left Cheek	1.051	0.030	0.001	0.168	1.08	1.05	1.22
		Left Tilted	0.452	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.48	0.45	0.62
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.559	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.59	0.56	0.73
		Right Tilted	0.714	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.74	0.72	0.88
		Left Cheek	0.636	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.67	0.64	0.80
		Left Tilted	1.020	0.030	0.001	0.168	1.05	1.02	1.19
LTE	Band 7	Right Cheek	0.288	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.32	0.29	0.46
		Right Tilted	0.379	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.41	0.38	0.55
		Left Cheek	0.362	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.39	0.36	0.53
		Left Tilted	0.537	0.030	0.001	0.168	0.57	0.54	0.71

16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1 WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2 2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	3 5GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.280	0.251	0.073	0.53	0.35
		Back	0.468	0.251	0.073	0.72	0.54
		Left side	0.264	0.251		0.52	0.26
		Right side	0.125		0.073	0.13	0.20
		Top side		0.251	0.073	0.25	0.07
		Bottom side	0.112			0.11	0.11
	GSM1900	Front	0.893	0.251	0.073	1.14	0.97
		Back	0.841	0.251	0.073	1.09	0.91
		Left side	0.111	0.251		0.36	0.11
		Right side	0.209		0.073	0.21	0.28
		Top side		0.251	0.073	0.25	0.07
		Bottom side	1.037			1.04	1.04
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.274	0.251	0.073	0.53	0.35
		Back	0.454	0.251	0.073	0.71	0.53
		Left side	0.243	0.251		0.49	0.24
		Right side	0.112		0.073	0.11	0.19
		Top side		0.251	0.073	0.25	0.07
		Bottom side	0.108			0.11	0.11
	Band II	Front	0.527	0.251	0.073	0.78	0.60
		Back	0.704	0.251	0.073	0.96	0.78
		Left side	0.080	0.251		0.33	0.08
		Right side	0.170		0.073	0.17	0.24
		Top side		0.251	0.073	0.25	0.07
		Bottom side	0.899			0.90	0.90
LTE	Band 7	Front	0.879	0.251	0.073	1.13	0.95
		Back	0.425	0.251	0.073	0.68	0.50
		Left side	0.090	0.251		0.34	0.09
		Right side	0.125		0.073	0.13	0.20
		Top side		0.251	0.073	0.25	0.07
		Bottom side	1.167			1.17	**1.17**

16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth			
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.259	0.066	0.076	0.056	0.33	0.34	0.32
		Back	0.391	0.066	0.076	0.056	0.46	0.47	0.45
	GSM1900	Front	0.395	0.066	0.076	0.056	0.46	0.47	0.45
		Back	0.506	0.066	0.076	0.056	0.57	0.58	0.56
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.274	0.066	0.076	0.056	0.34	0.35	0.33
		Back	0.377	0.066	0.076	0.056	0.44	0.45	0.43
	Band II	Front	0.807	0.066	0.076	0.056	0.87	0.88	0.86
		Back	1.018	0.066	0.076	0.056	1.08	1.09	1.07
LTE	Band 7	Front	0.301	0.066	0.076	0.056	0.37	0.38	0.36
		Back	0.257	0.066	0.076	0.056	0.32	0.33	0.31

Test Engineer : Frank Qiao

17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor[(a)]	1/k[(b)]	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						11.4%	11.4%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						22.9%	22.7%

Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.0	7.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	6.7	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.6	R	1.732	1	1	3.8	3.8
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						12.8%	12.7%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						25.5%	25.4%

Table 17.3. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”

[2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992

[3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, Sep 2013

[4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

[5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, “SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters”, Oct 2015.

[6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Oct 2015

[7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, Oct 2015.

[8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, “3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES”, Oct 2015

[9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices”, Dec 2015

[10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

[11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.

[12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” Oct 2015.

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.3

System Check_Head_835MHz_160503

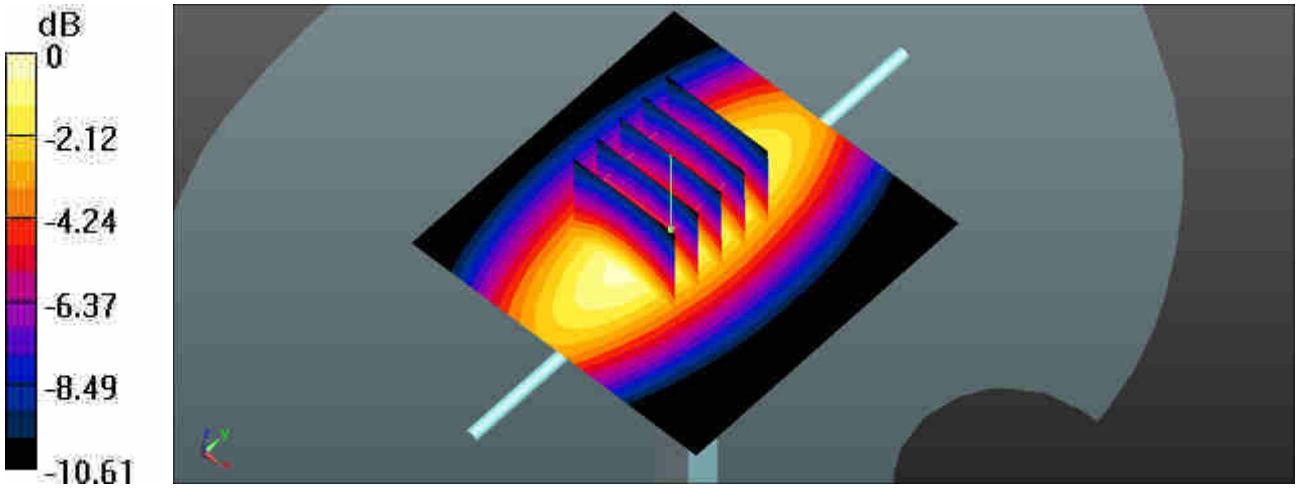
DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_160503 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ε_r = 41.484; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.1, 10.1, 10.1); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.08 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.61 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.11 W/kg



0 dB = 3.11 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.4

System Check_Head_1900MHz_160504

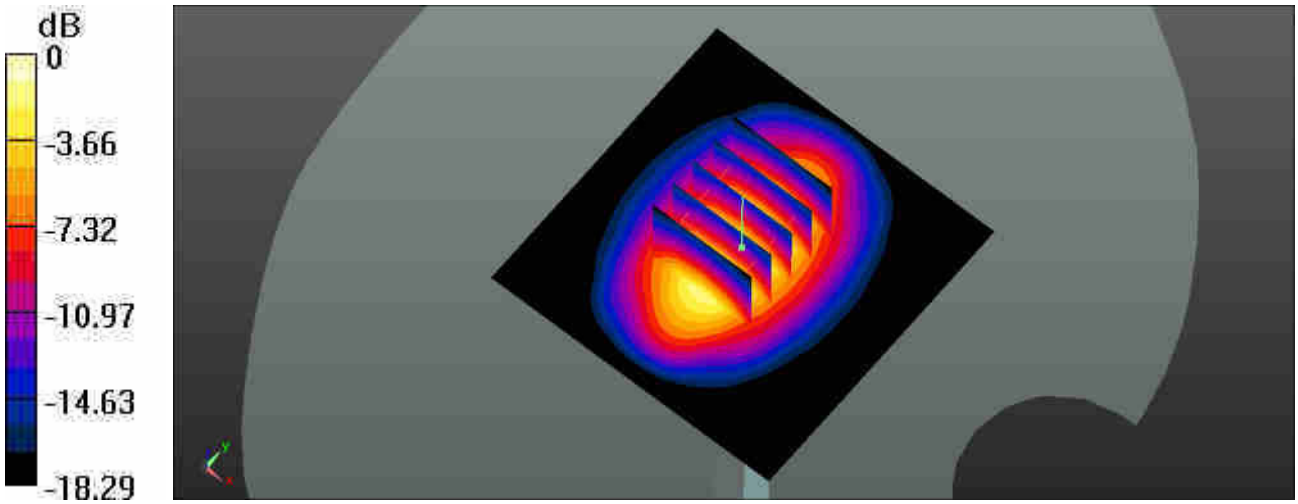
DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_160504 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.408 S/m; ε_r = 39.573; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 92.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg



0 dB = 16.0 W/kg = 12.04 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.8

System Check_Head_2450MHz_160508

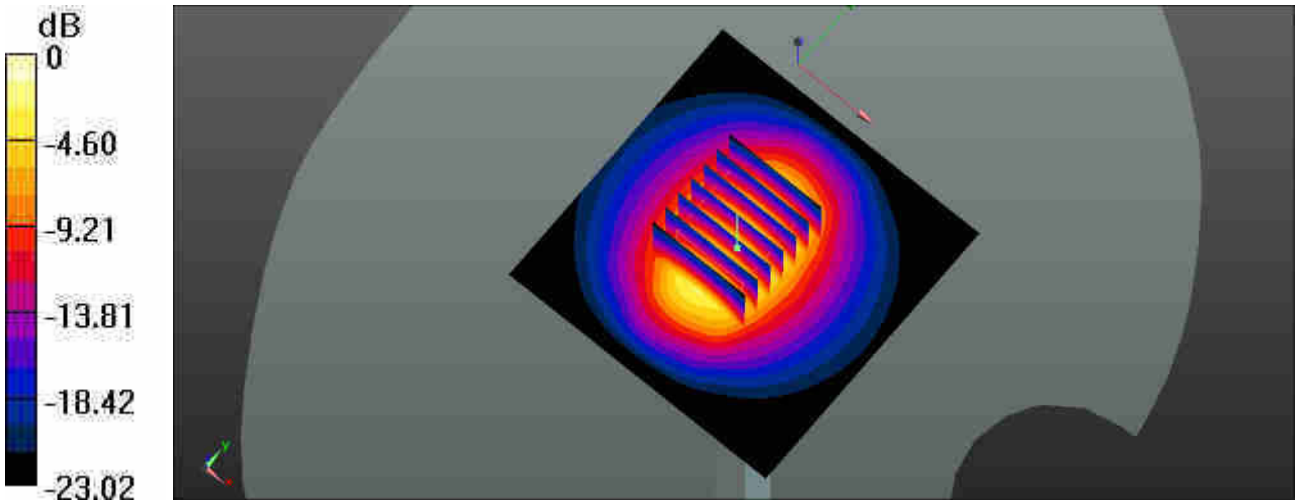
DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_160508 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.779 S/m; ε_r = 40.668; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 88.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.68 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



0 dB = 19.4 W/kg = 12.88 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.6

System Check_Head_2600MHz_160506

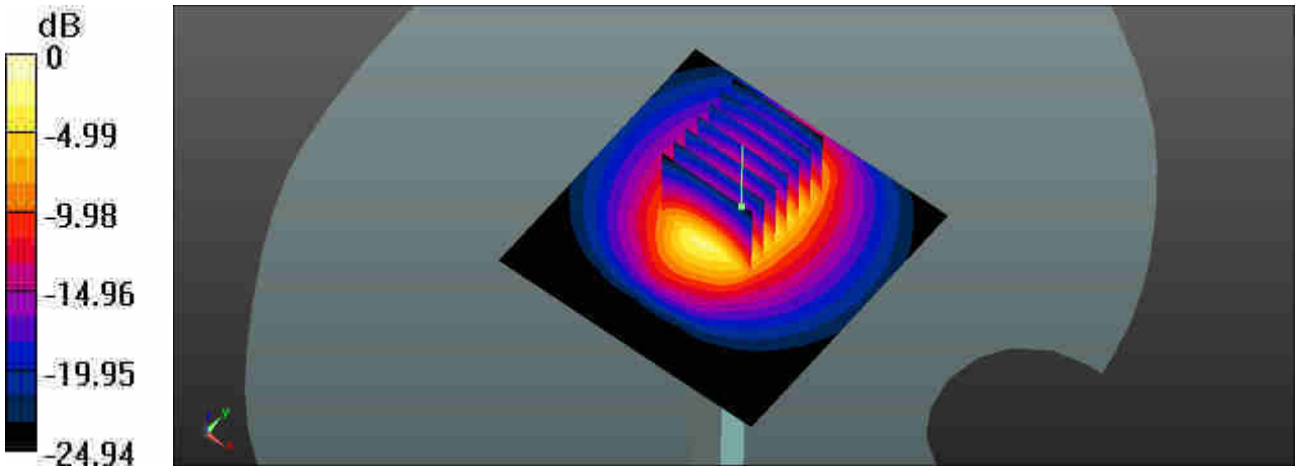
DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2600_160506 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.002 S/m; ε_r = 39.59; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.3 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 87.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.48 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.2 W/kg



0 dB = 23.2 W/kg = 13.65 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.7

System Check_Head_5250MHz_160507

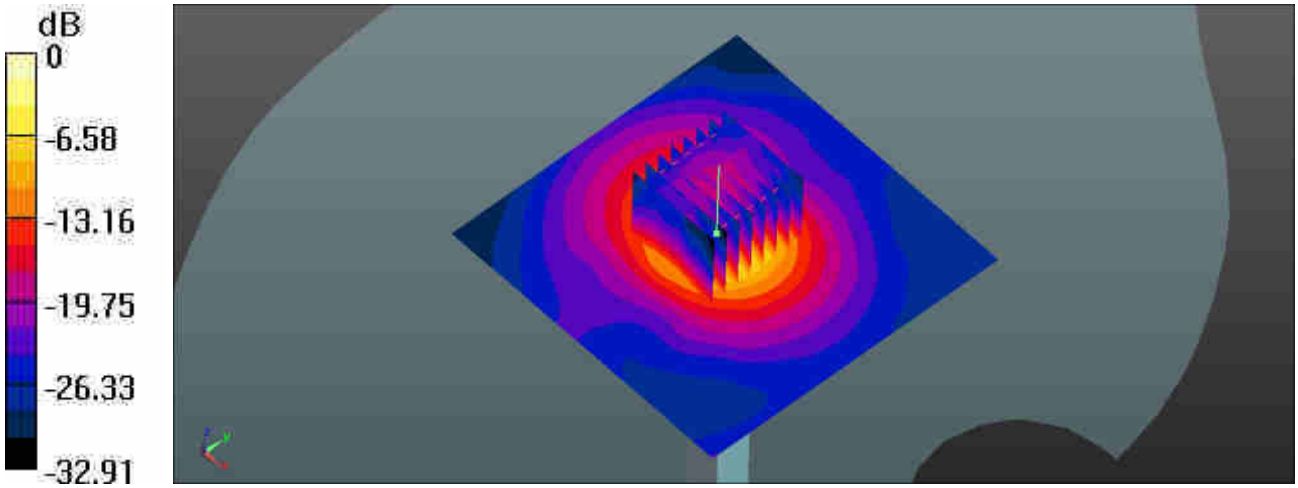
DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5000_160507 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.854 S/m; ε_r = 35.393; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical SurfaceDetection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 40.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg



0 dB = 18.5 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.7

System Check_Head_5600MHz_160507

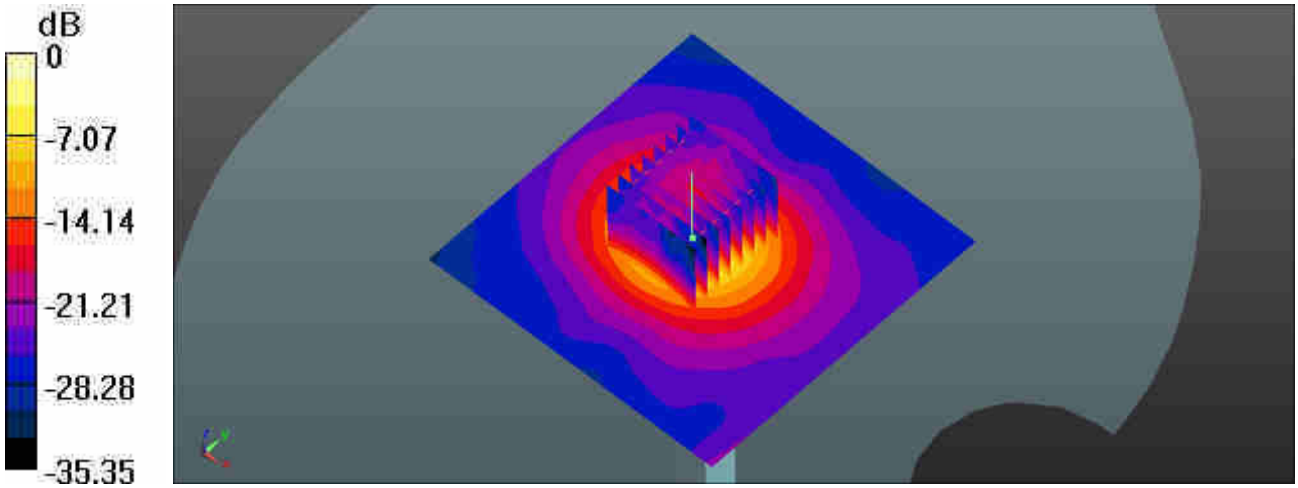
DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5000_160507 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.206 S/m; ε_r = 34.73; ρ= 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.37, 4.37, 4.37); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical SurfaceDetection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.2 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 38.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.57 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg



0 dB = 18.3 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.4.25

System Check_Body_835MHz_160425

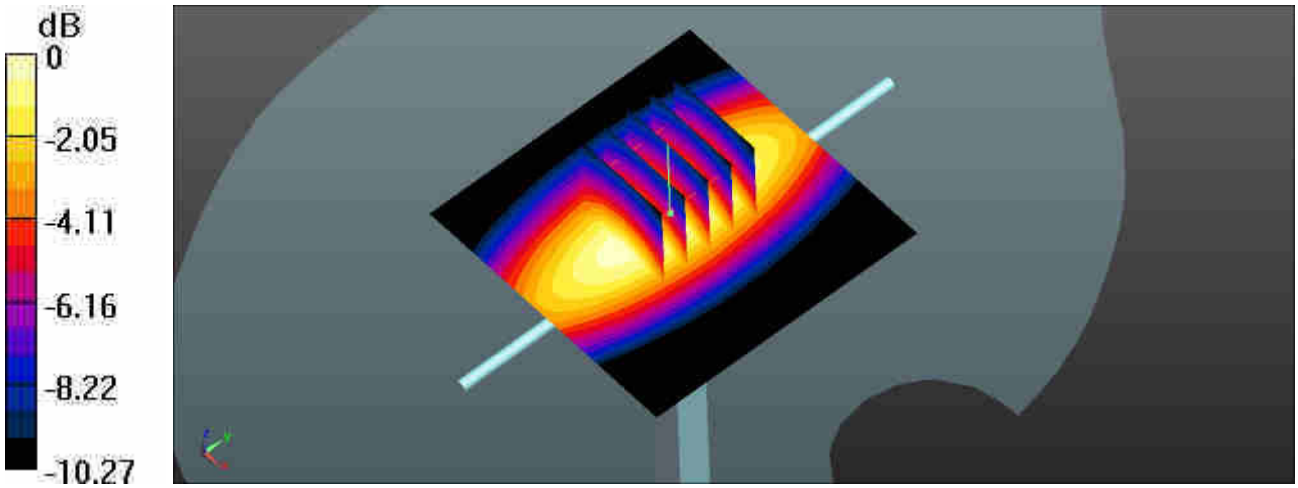
DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_850_160425 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 1 S/m; ε_r = 53.687; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.20 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 52.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.64 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.67 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.17 W/kg



0 dB = 3.17 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.11

System Check_Body_1900MHz_160511

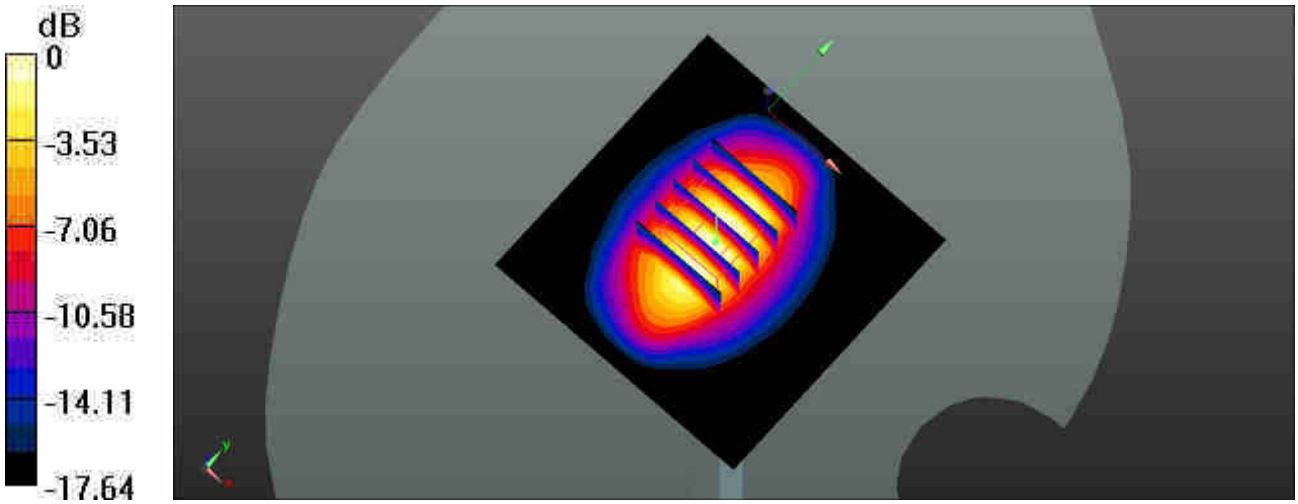
DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_160511 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.559 S/m; ε_r = 52.784; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3801; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2015.6.19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn917; Calibrated: 2015.12.14
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 84.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.47 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg



0 dB = 15.1 W/kg = 11.79 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.7

System Check_Body_2450MHz_160507

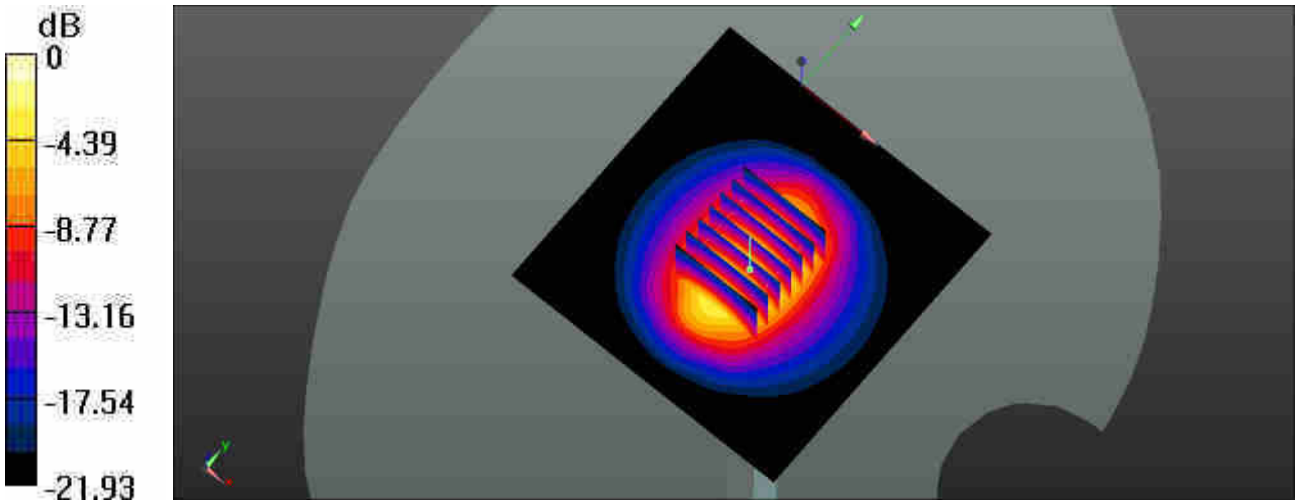
DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_160507 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.983 S/m; ε_r = 51.43; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.2 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 85.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.76 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg



0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.12

System Check_Body_2600MHz_160512

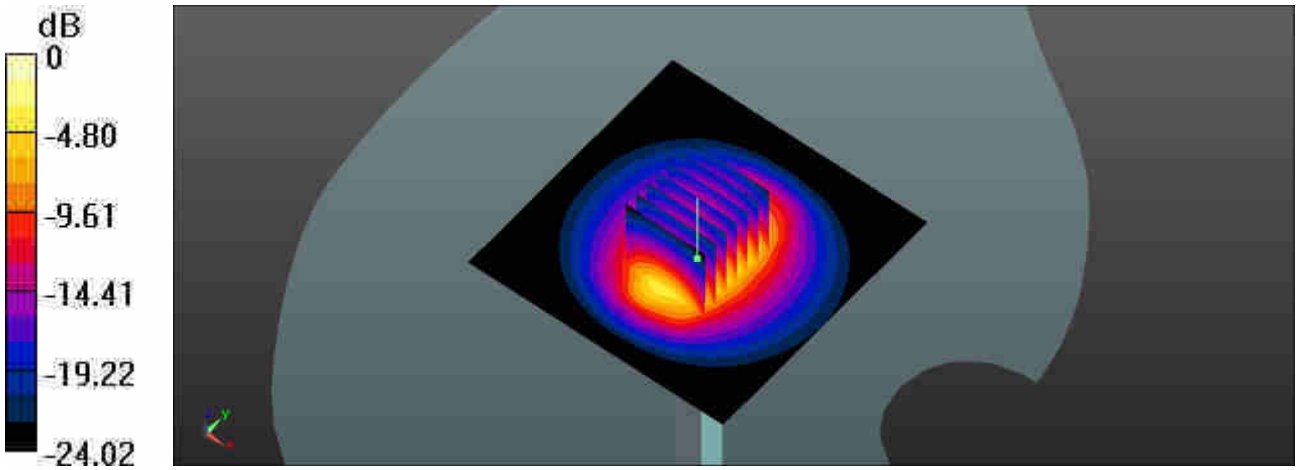
DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2600_160512 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.132 S/m; ε_r = 52.902; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3801; ConvF(6.68, 6.68, 6.68); Calibrated: 2015.6.19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn917; Calibrated: 2015.12.14
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.2 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 81.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.59 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



0 dB = 19.3 W/kg = 12.86 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.7

System Check_Body_5250MHz_160507

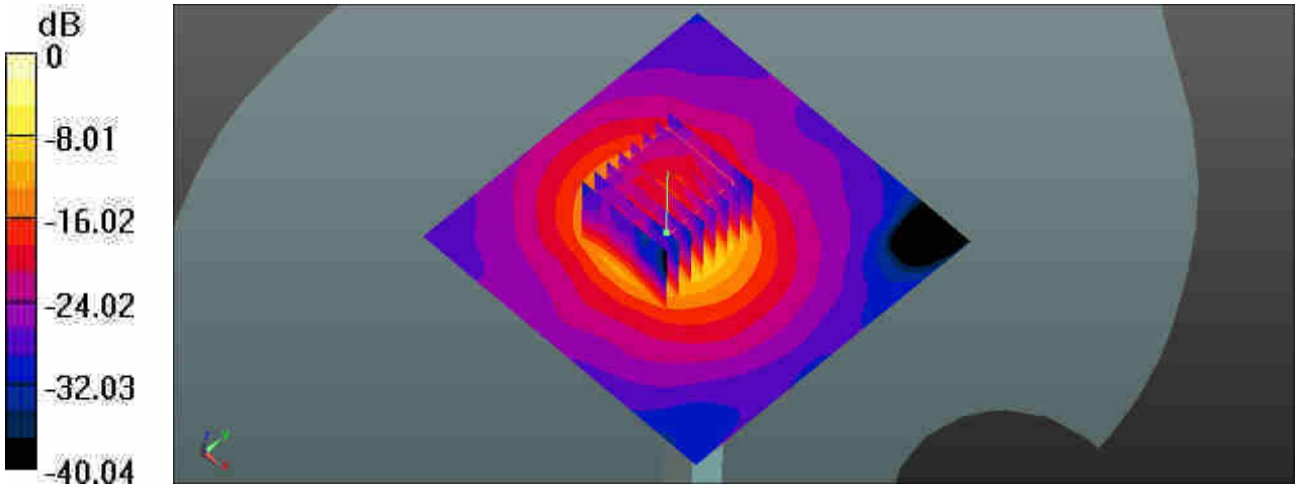
DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_5000_160507 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 5.379 S/m; ε_r = 49.115; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.25, 4.25, 4.25); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical SurfaceDetection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.0 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 30.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg



0 dB = 18.4 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.7

System Check_Body_5600MHz-160501

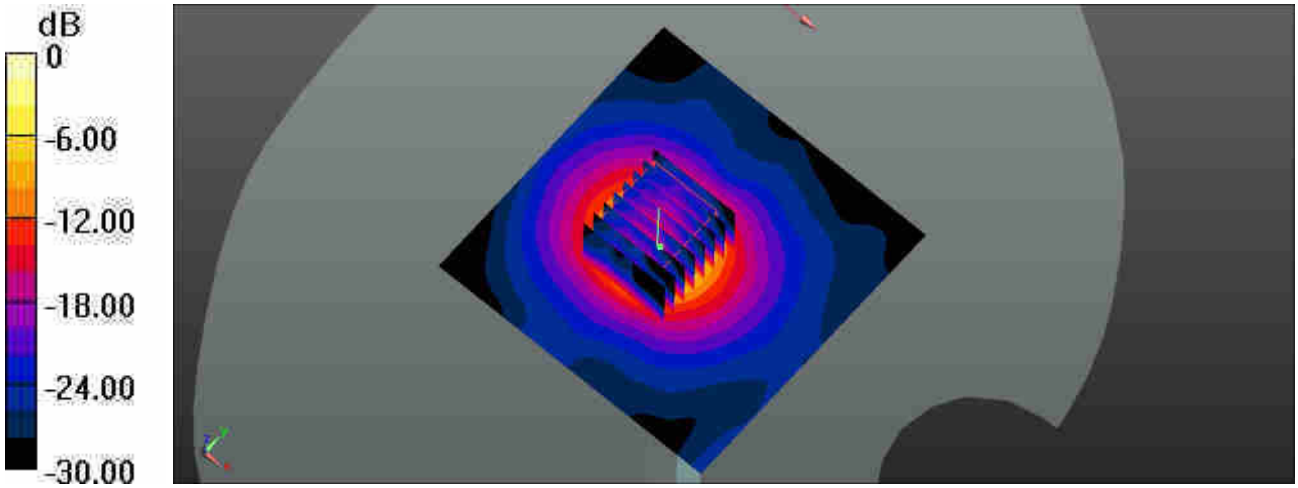
DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_5000_160507 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.872 S/m; ε_r = 48.306; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(3.65, 3.65, 3.65); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical SurfaceDetection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.7 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 33.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg



0 dB = 19.9 W/kg

Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.3

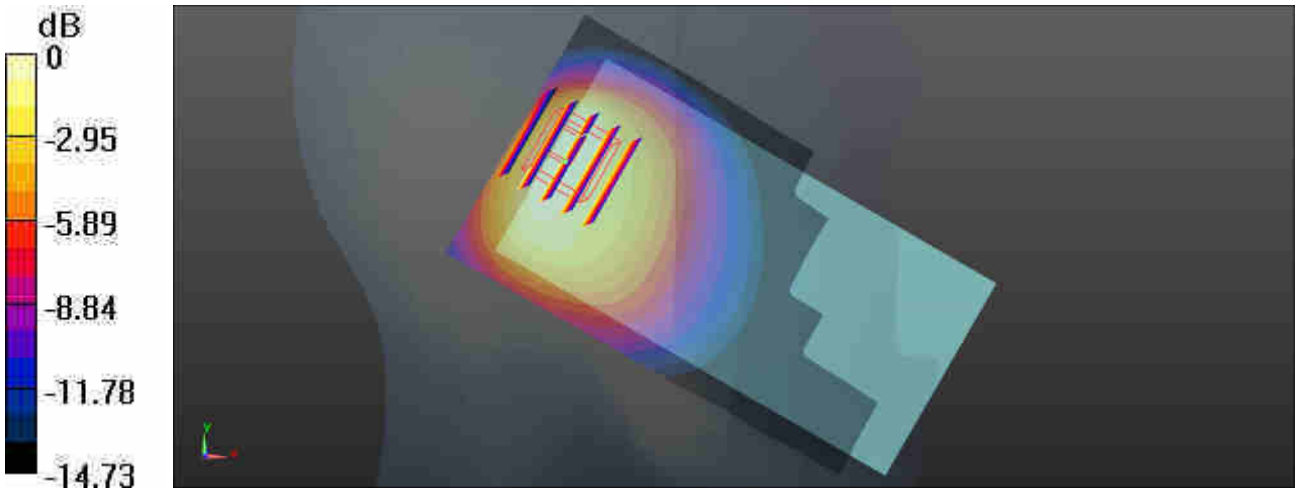
01_GSM850_GPRS 2 Tx slots_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (2 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: HSL_835_160503 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.91 S/m; ε_r = 41.622; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.1, 10.1, 10.1); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 W/kg

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 26.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.69 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.762 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.428 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



0 dB = 1.03 W/kg = 0.13 dBW/kg

02_GSM1900_GPRS 2 Tx slots_Left Tilted_0mm_Ch810

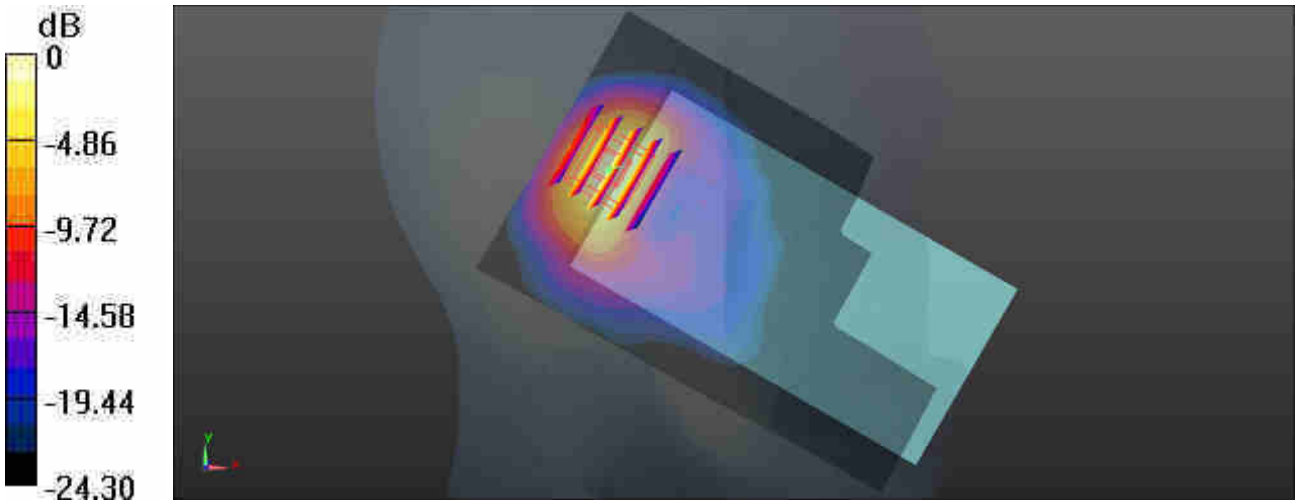
Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (2 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: HSL_1900_160504 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.418 S/m; ε_r = 39.542; ρ= 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.15 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 19.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.830 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.386 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



0 dB = 1.21 W/kg = 0.83 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.3

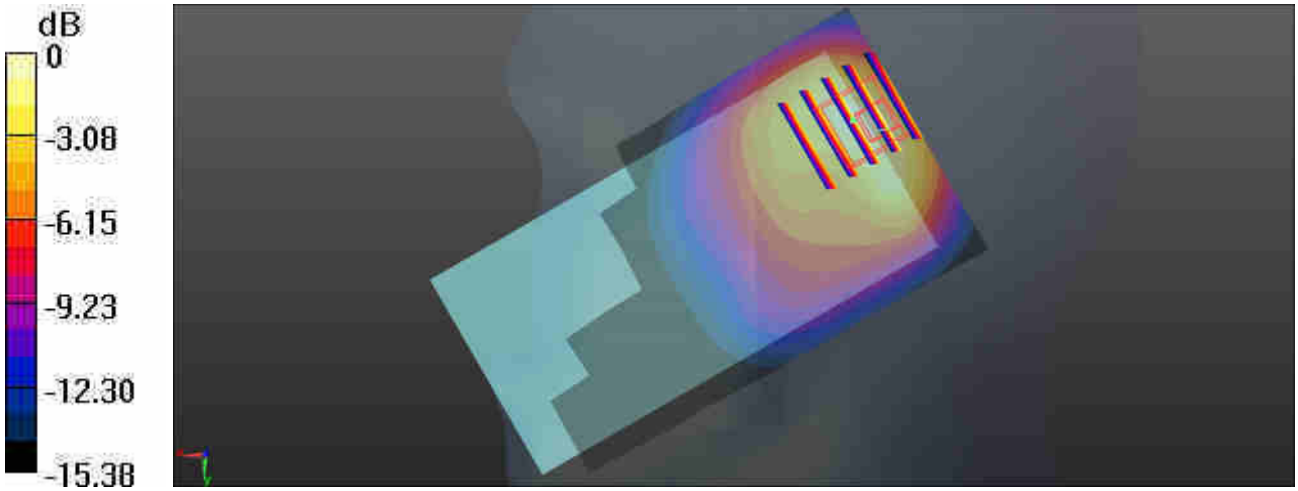
03_WCDMA Band V_RMC12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_160503 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz; σ = 0.931 S/m; ε = 41.334; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.1, 10.1, 10.1); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4132/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.41 W/kg

Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 26.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.17 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.571 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.58 W/kg



0 dB = 1.58 W/kg = 1.99 dBW/kg

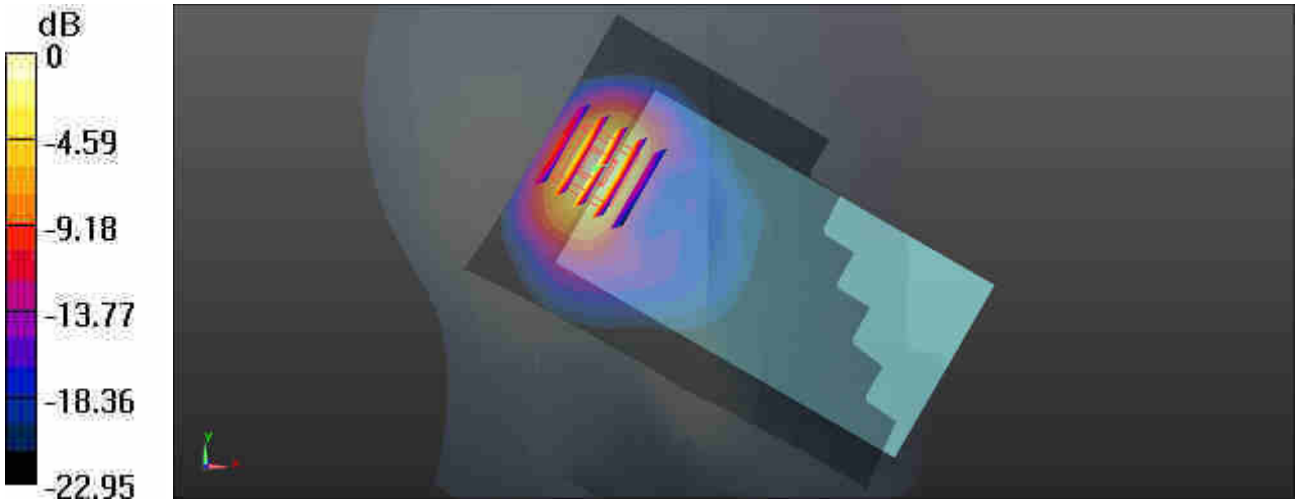
04_WCDMA Band II_RMC12.2Kbps_Left Tilted_0mm_Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_160504 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz; σ = 1.416 S/m; ε_r = 39.548; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9538/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 17.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.86 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.990 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.455 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.45 W/kg



0 dB = 1.45 W/kg = 1.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.6

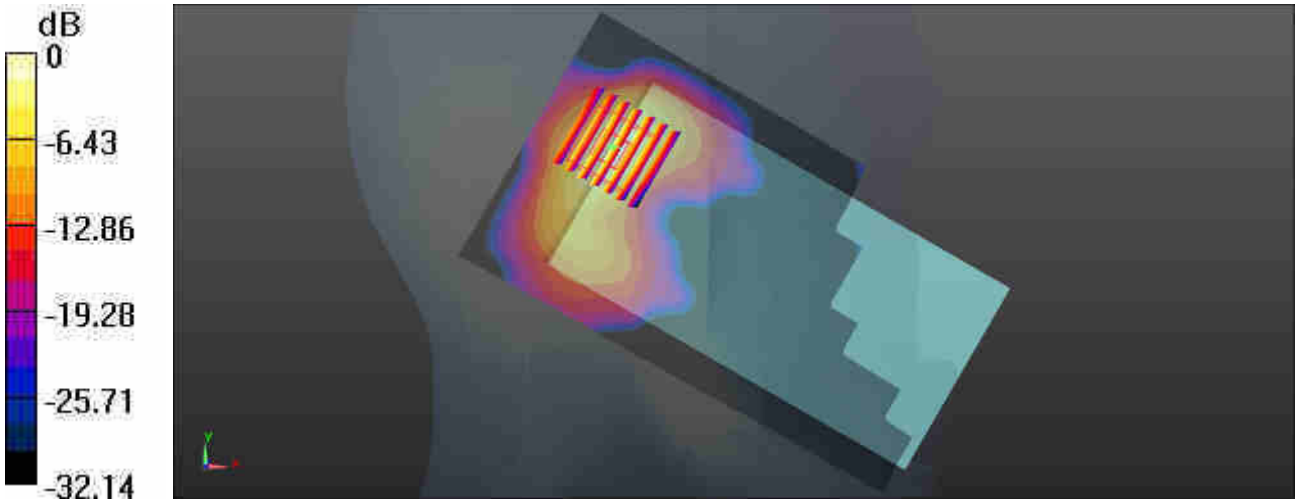
05_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_50RB_24Offset_Left Tilted_0mm_Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2600_160506 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; σ = 1.895 S/m; ε_r = 39.947; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20850/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.835 W/kg

Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.535 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.219 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.865 W/kg



0 dB = 0.865 W/kg = -0.63 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.8

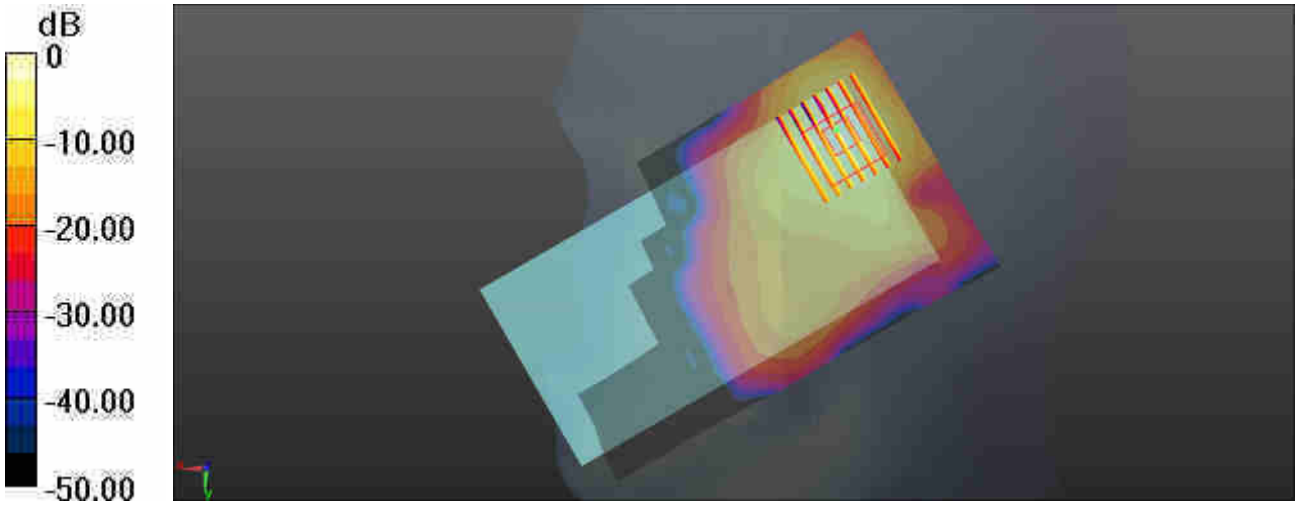
06_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.024
Medium: HSL_2450_160508 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.767 S/m; ε_r = 40.709; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.55 W/kg

Ch6/Zoom Scan (8x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.98 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.414 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.94 W/kg



0 dB = 1.94 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.7

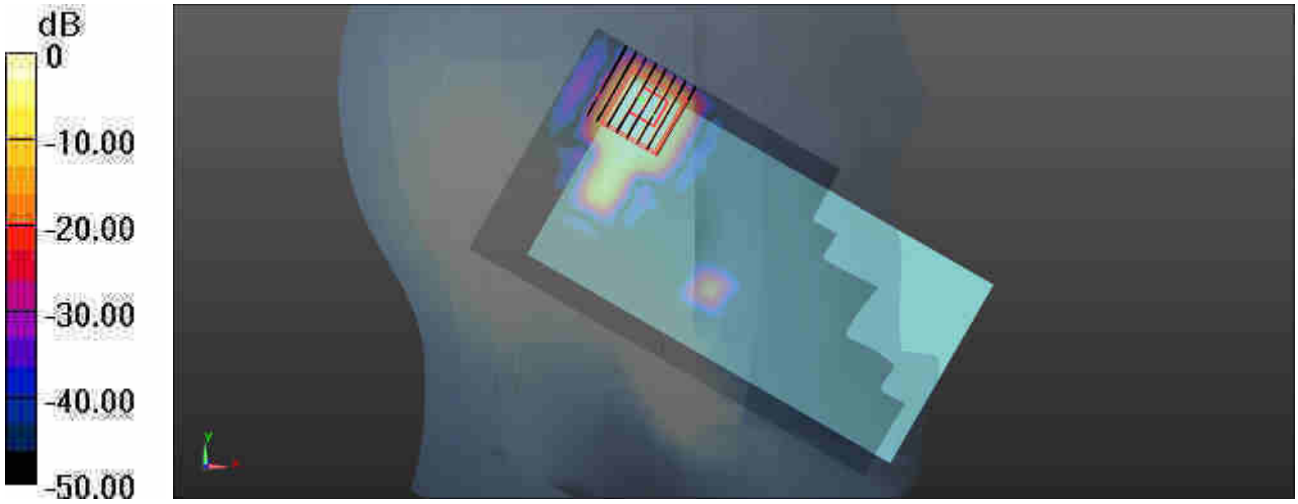
07_WLAN5.3GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch64

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5320 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.144
Medium: HSL_5000_160507 Medium parameters used: f = 5320 MHz; σ = 4.917 S/m; ε_r = 35.252; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch64/Area Scan (91x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.461 W/kg

Ch64/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 1.191 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.472 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.100 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.294 W/kg



0 dB = 0.294 W/kg = -5.32 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.7

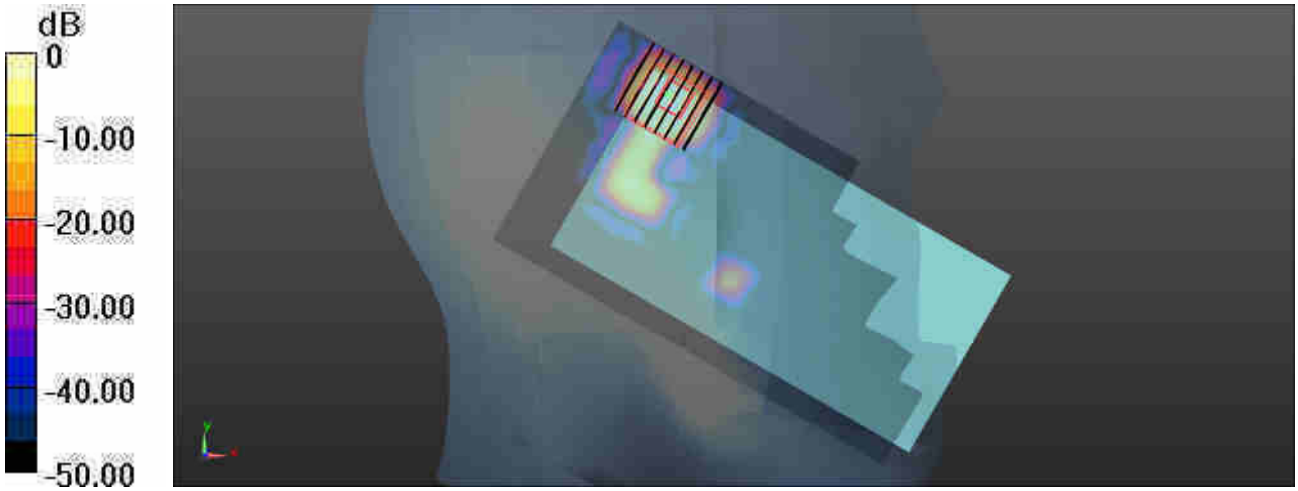
08_WLAN5.5GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch100

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.144
Medium: HSL_5000_160507 Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; σ = 5.111 S/m; ε_r = 34.97; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.37, 4.37, 4.37); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch100/Area Scan (91x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.370 W/kg

Ch100/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 1.694 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.351 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.072 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 W/kg
\Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.231 W/kg



0 dB = 0.231 W/kg = -6.36 dBW/kg

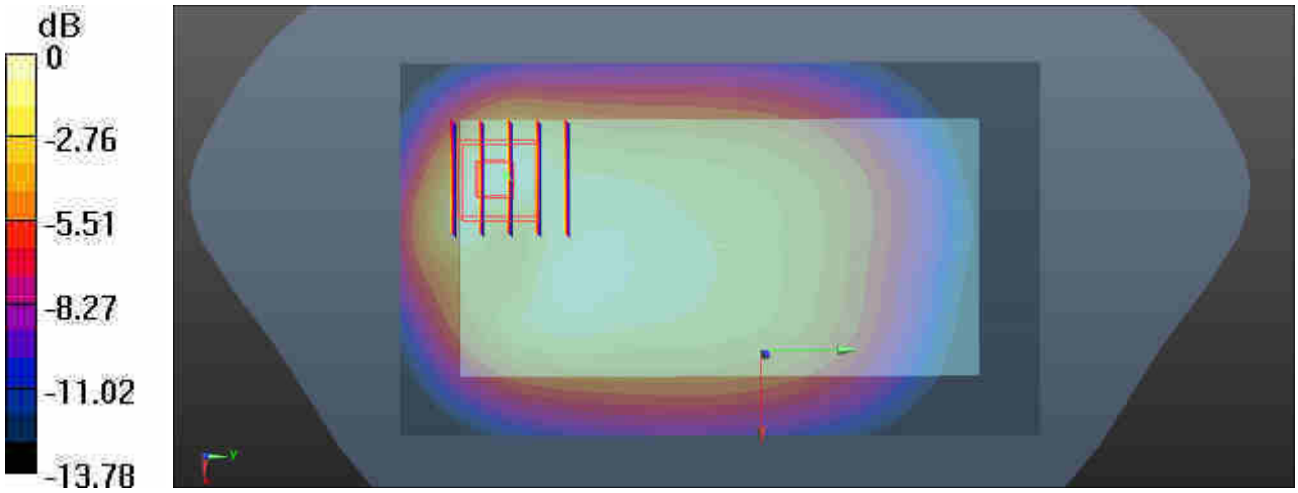
09_GSM850_GPRS 3 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (3 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: MSL_850_160425 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.99 S/m; ε_r = 53.789; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch128/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.573 W/kg

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.723 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.415 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.236 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.569 W/kg



0 dB = 0.569 W/kg = -2.45 dBW/kg

10_GSM1900_GPRS 2 Tx slots_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch810

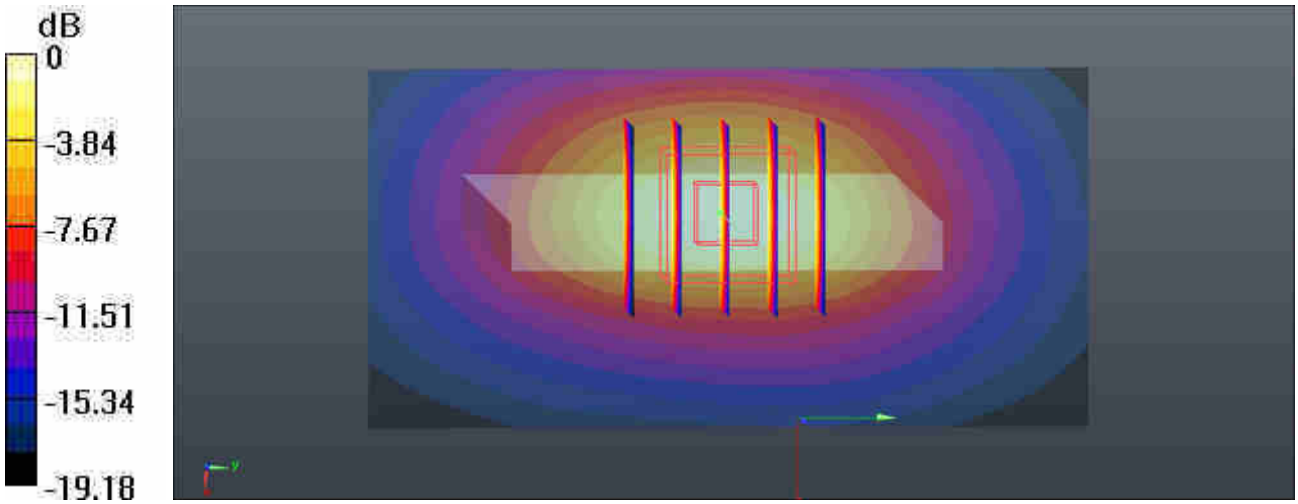
Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (2 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: MSL_1900_160511 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.571 S/m; ε_r = 52.76; ρ= 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3801; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2015.6.19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn917; Calibrated: 2015.12.14
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 23.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.60 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.914 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.474 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg



0 dB = 1.29 W/kg = 1.11 dBW/kg

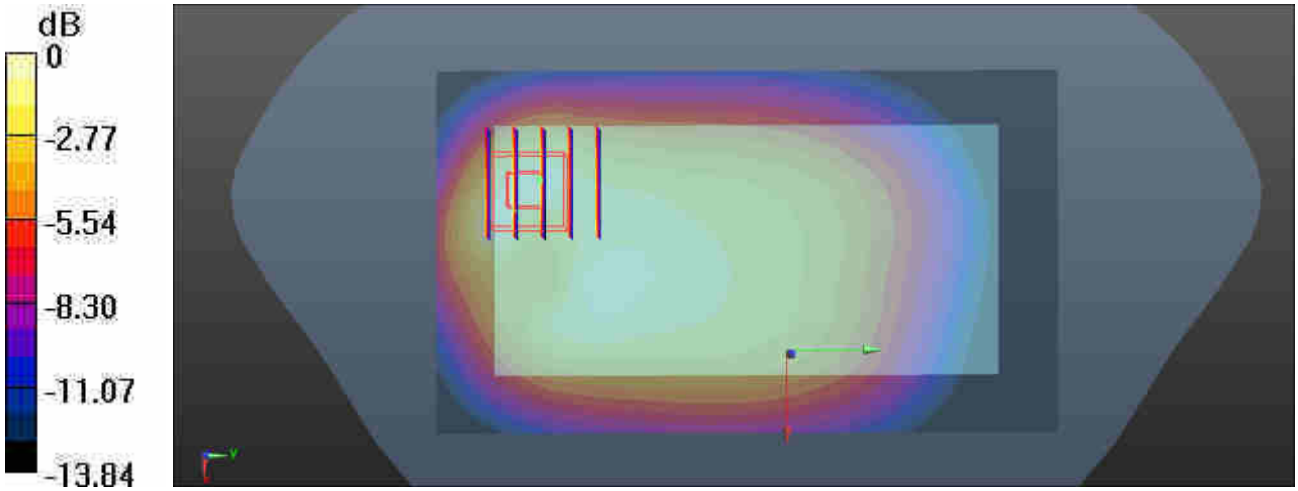
11_WCDMA Band V_RMC12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4132

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_850_160425 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; σ = 0.992 S/m; ε_r = 53.769; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4132/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.575 W/kg

Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.759 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.430 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.591 W/kg



0 dB = 0.591 W/kg = -2.28 dBW/kg

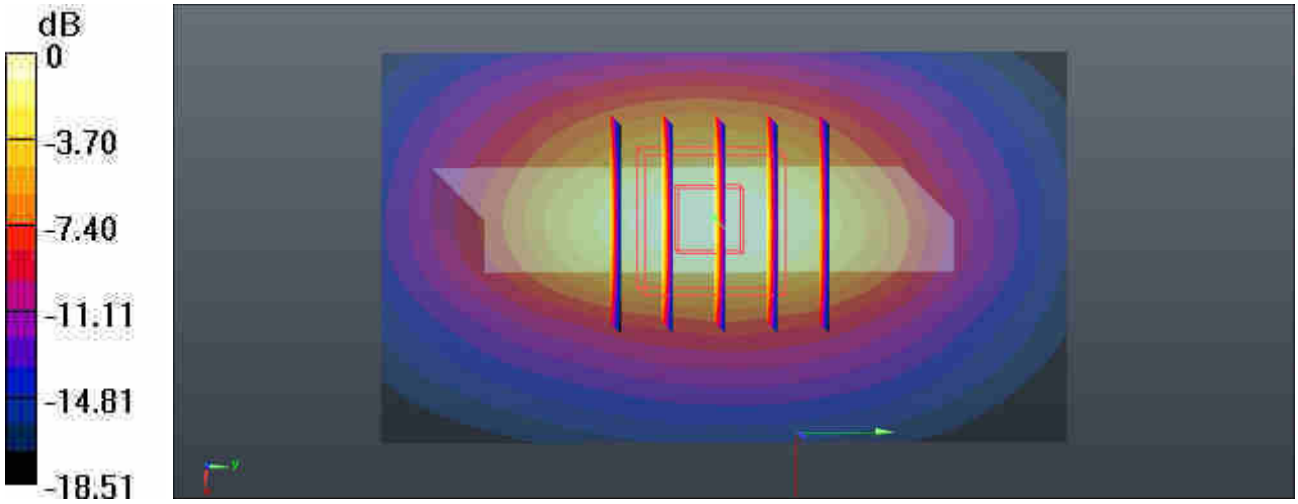
12_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_160511 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz; σ = 1.568 S/m; ε_r = 52.765; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3801; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2015.6.19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn917; Calibrated: 2015.12.14
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9538/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 23.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.877 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.457 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 W/kg



0 dB = 1.23 W/kg = 0.90 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.12

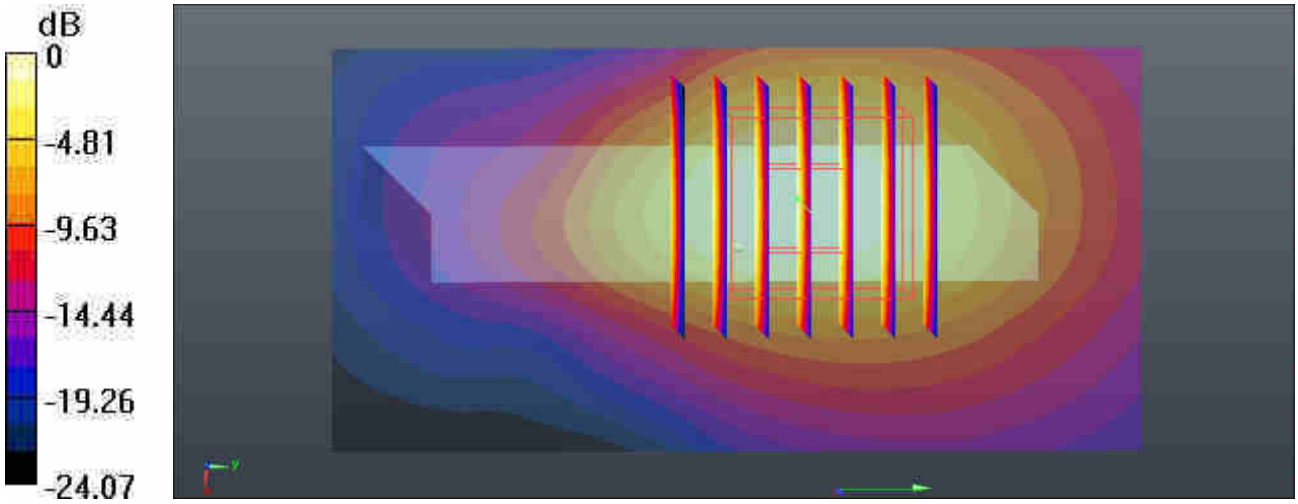
13_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2600_160512 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; σ = 2.038 S/m; ε_r = 53.124; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3801; ConvF(6.68, 6.68, 6.68); Calibrated: 2015.6.19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn917; Calibrated: 2015.12.14
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20850/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.75 W/kg

Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 20.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.21 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.514 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.67 W/kg



0 dB = 1.67 W/kg = 2.23 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.7

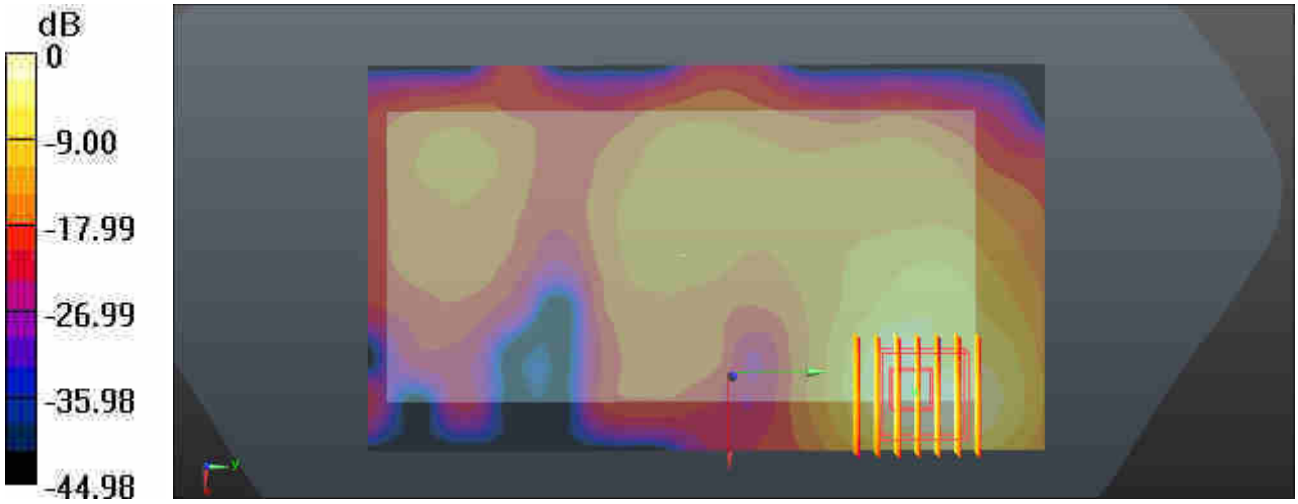
14_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.024
Medium: MSL_2450_160507 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.928 S/m; ε_r = 51.536; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.376 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.532 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.558 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.241 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.102 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.382 W/kg



0 dB = 0.382 W/kg = -4.18 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.7

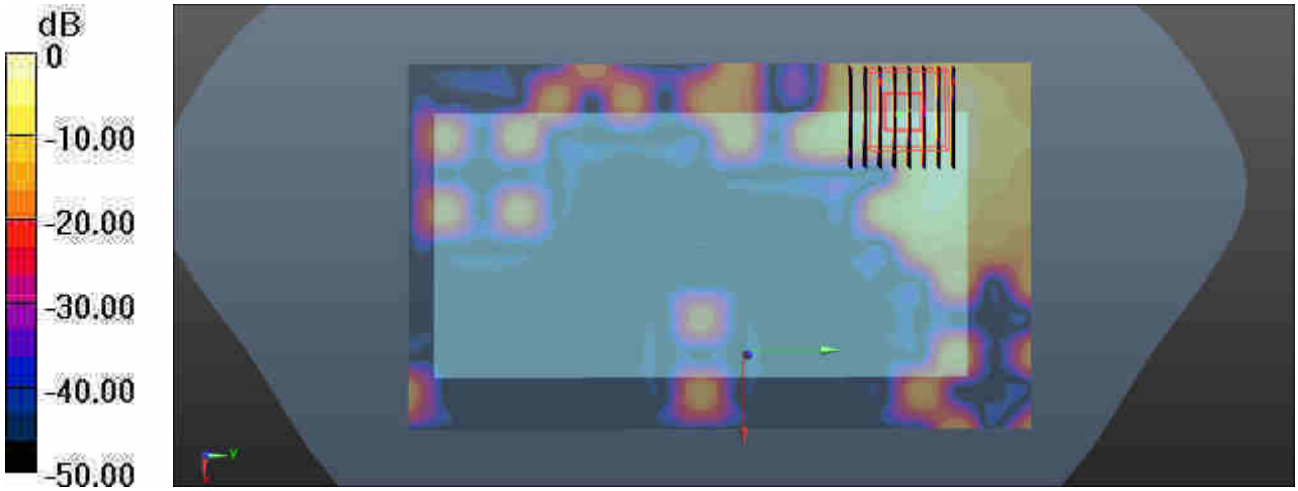
15_WLAN5.2GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch36

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5180 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.144
Medium: MSL_5000_160507 Medium parameters used: f = 5180 MHz; σ = 5.268 S/m; ε_r = 49.23; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.25, 4.25, 4.25); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch36/Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.165 W/kg

Ch36/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 0.1440 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.248 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.063 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 W/kg



0 dB = 0.158 W/kg = -8.01 dBW/kg

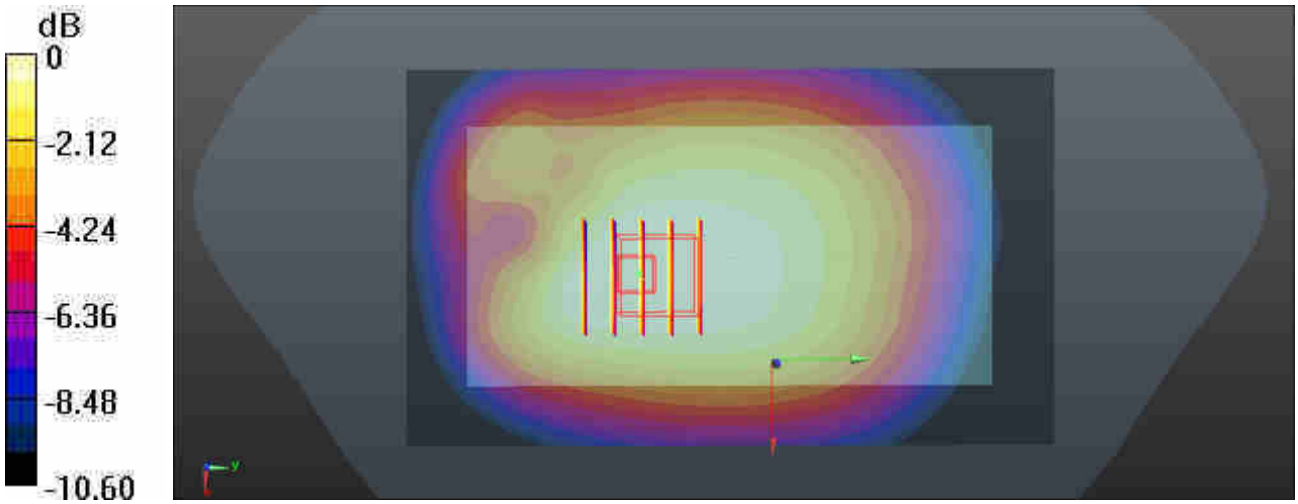
16_GSM850_GPRS 3 Tx slots_Back_15mm_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (3 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: MSL_850_160425 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.99 S/m; ε_r = 53.789; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch128/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.414 W/kg

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.379 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.427 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.347 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.267 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.394 W/kg



0 dB = 0.394 W/kg = -4.05 dBW/kg

17_GSM1900_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_15mm_Ch810

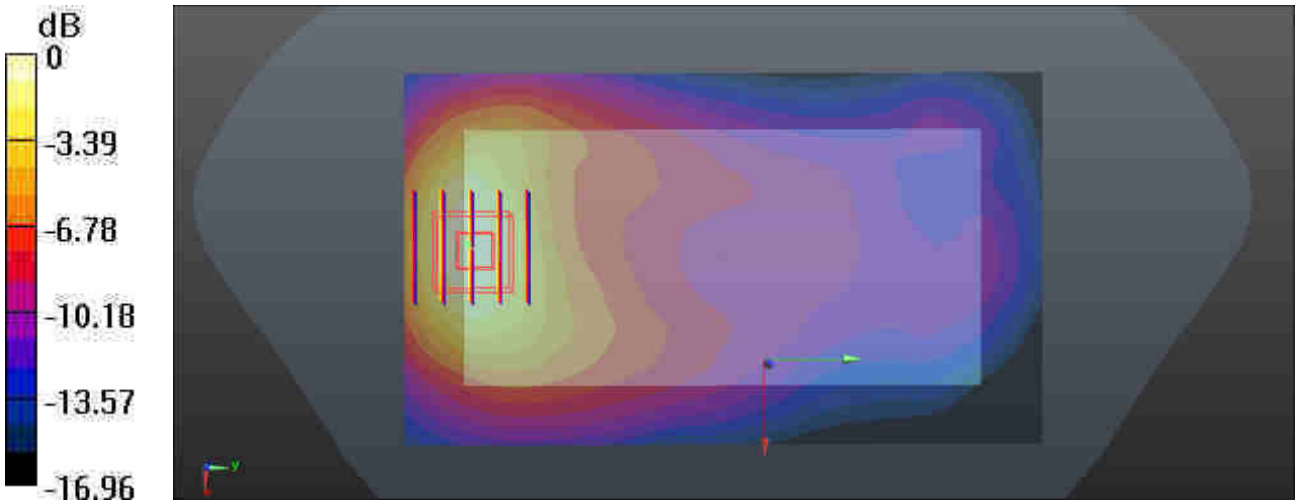
Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: MSL_1900_160511 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.57 S/m; ε_r = 52.807; ρ= 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3801; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2015.6.19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn917; Calibrated: 2015.12.14
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.571 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.077 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.737 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.446 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.256 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.592 W/kg



0 dB = 0.592 W/kg = -2.28 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.4.25

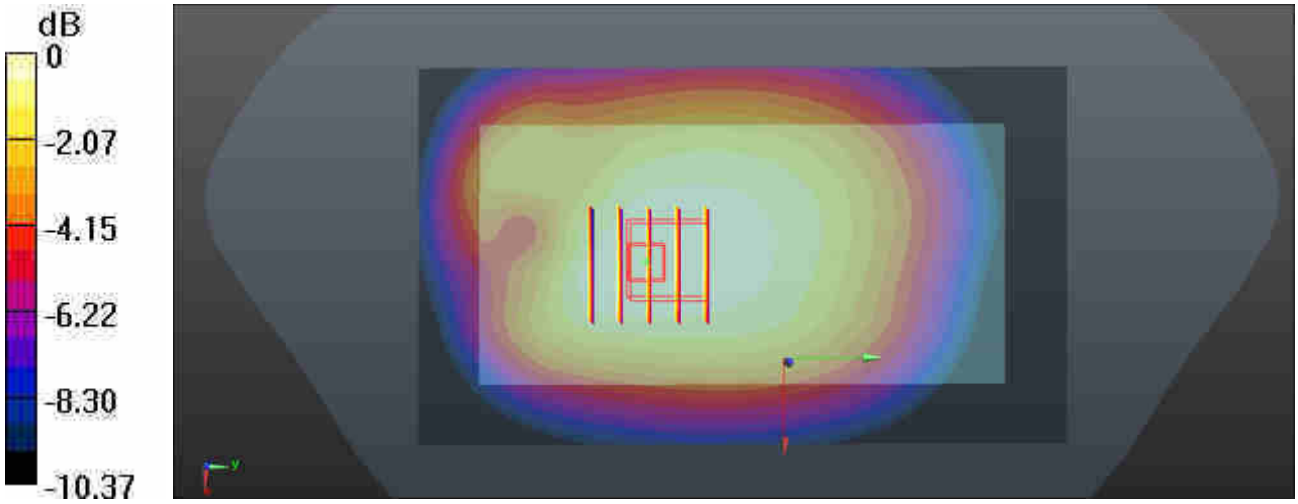
18_WCDMA Band V_RMC12.2Kbps_Back_15mm_Ch4132

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_850_160425 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; σ = 0.992 S/m; ε_r = 53.769; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4132/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.412 W/kg

Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.437 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.357 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.276 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.405 W/kg



0 dB = 0.405 W/kg = -3.93 dBW/kg

19_WCDMA Band II_RMC12.2Kbps_Back_15mm_Ch9538

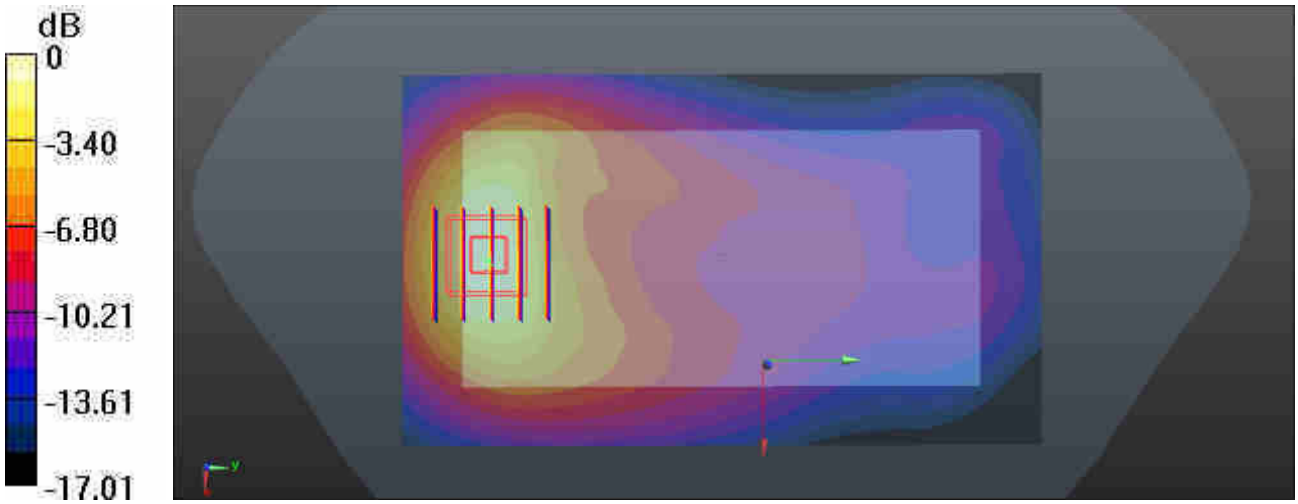
Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_160511 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.57 S/m; ε_r = 52.807; ρ= 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3801; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2015.6.19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn917; Calibrated: 2015.12.14
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.952 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.928 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.529 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 W/kg



0 dB = 1.25 W/kg = 0.97 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.12

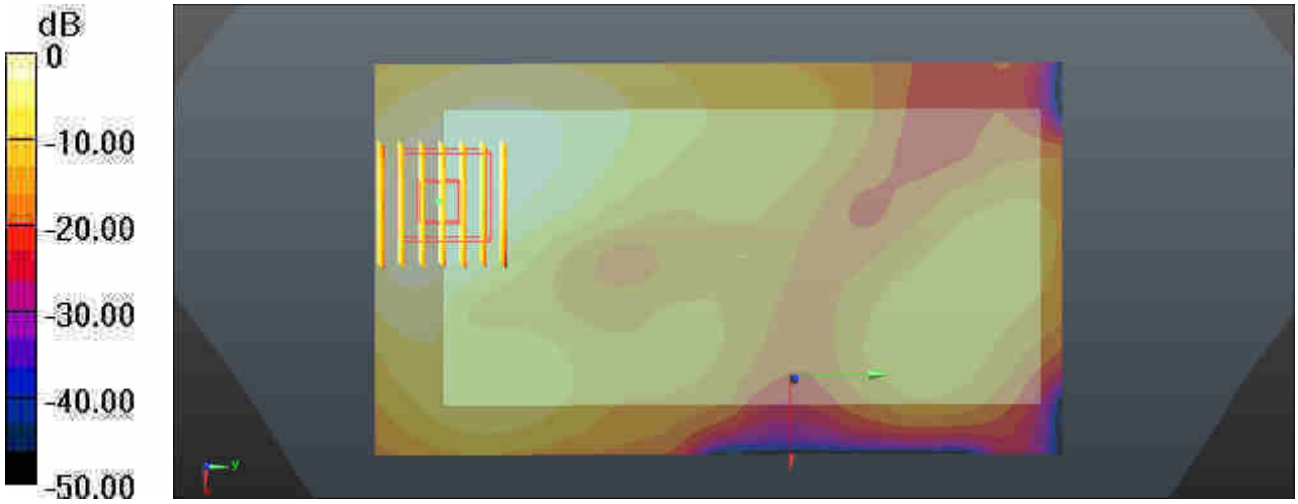
20_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Front_15mm_Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2600_160512 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; σ = 2.038 S/m; ε_r = 53.124; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3801; ConvF(6.68, 6.68, 6.68); Calibrated: 2015.6.19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn917; Calibrated: 2015.12.14
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20850/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.413 W/kg

Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.322 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.519 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.288 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.157 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.397 W/kg



0 dB = 0.397 W/kg = -4.01 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.7

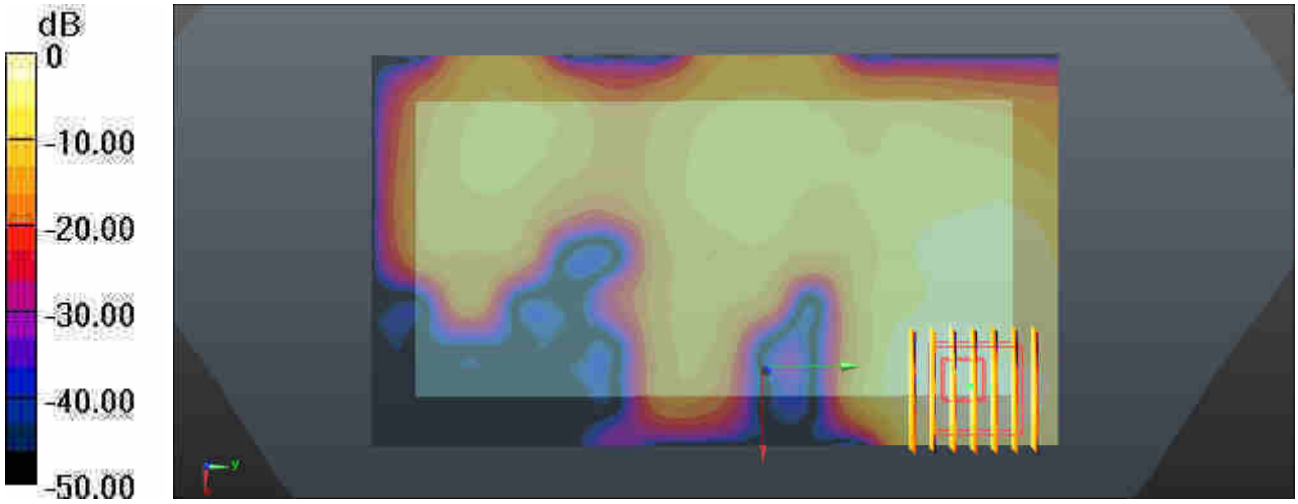
21_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_15mm_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.024
Medium: MSL_2450_160507 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.928 S/m; ε_r = 51.536; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0945 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.946 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.128 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.063 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0929 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0929 W/kg = -10.32 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.7

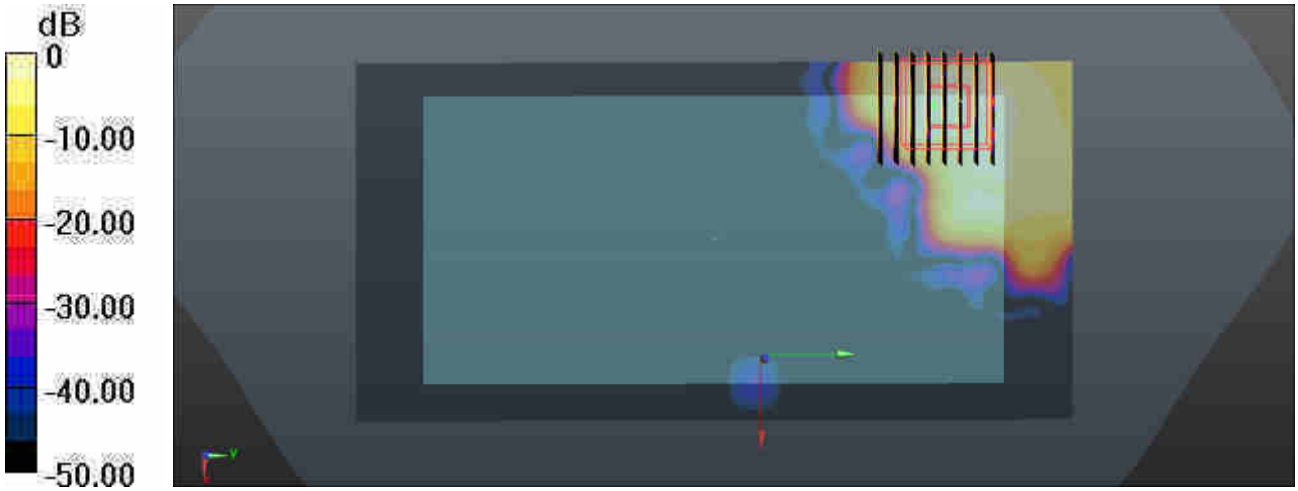
22_WLAN5.3GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Back_15mm_Ch64

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5320 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.144
Medium: MSL_5000_160507 Medium parameters used: f = 5320 MHz; σ = 5.472 S/m; ε_r = 48.928; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.25, 4.25, 4.25); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch64/Area Scan (91x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.170 W/kg

Ch64/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.251 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.061 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 W/kg



0 dB = 0.153 W/kg = -8.15 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.5.7

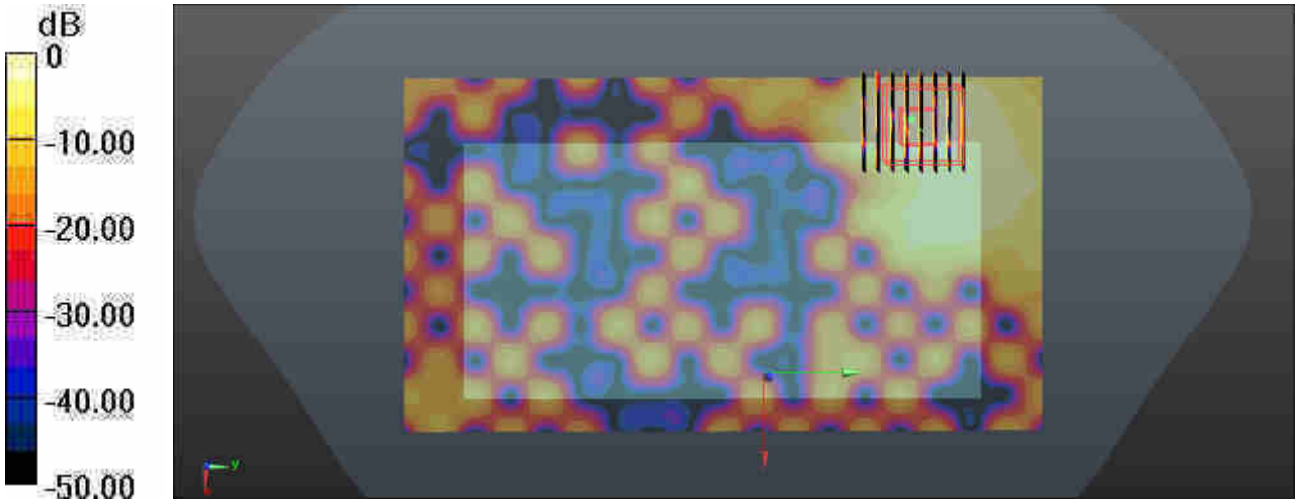
23_WLAN5.5GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Back_15mm_Ch100

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.144
Medium: MSL_5000_160507 Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; σ = 5.738 S/m; ε_r = 48.597; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(3.65, 3.65, 3.65); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2015.7.16
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch100/Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.132 W/kg

Ch100/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 0.3320 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.216 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.051 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.142 W/kg



0 dB = 0.142 W/kg = -8.48 dBW/kg

Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Sporton-KS (Auden)**

Certificate No: D835V2-4d091_Nov15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d091
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	November 24, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Oct-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-14 (No. EX3-7349_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)	Aug-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 24, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.6 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.14 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.50 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**5.94 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.6 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.55 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.29 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.3 Ω - 4.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.3 Ω - 6.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.395 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 15, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 24.11.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091

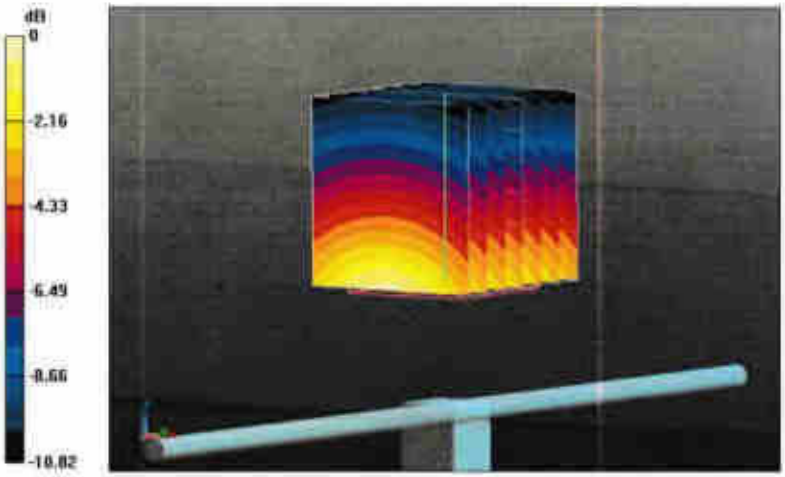
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ε_r = 42.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

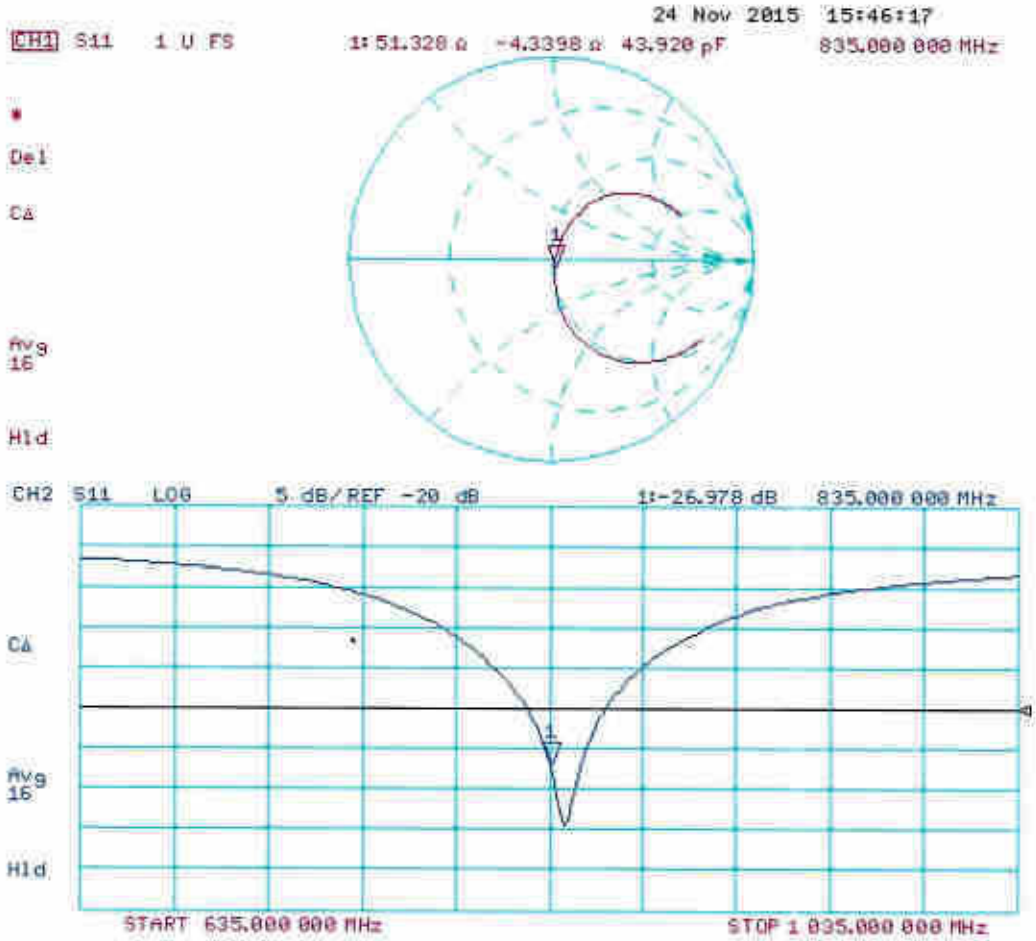
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 60.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.43 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.05 W/kg



0 dB = 3.05 W/kg = 4.84 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.11.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091

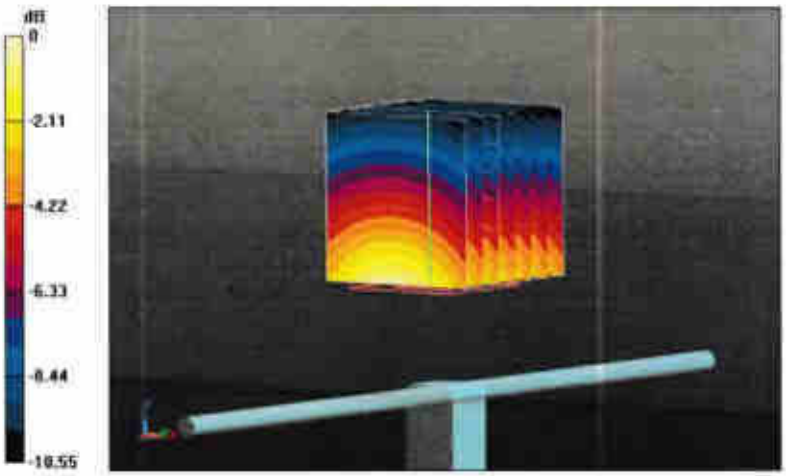
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.99 S/m; ε_r = 55.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

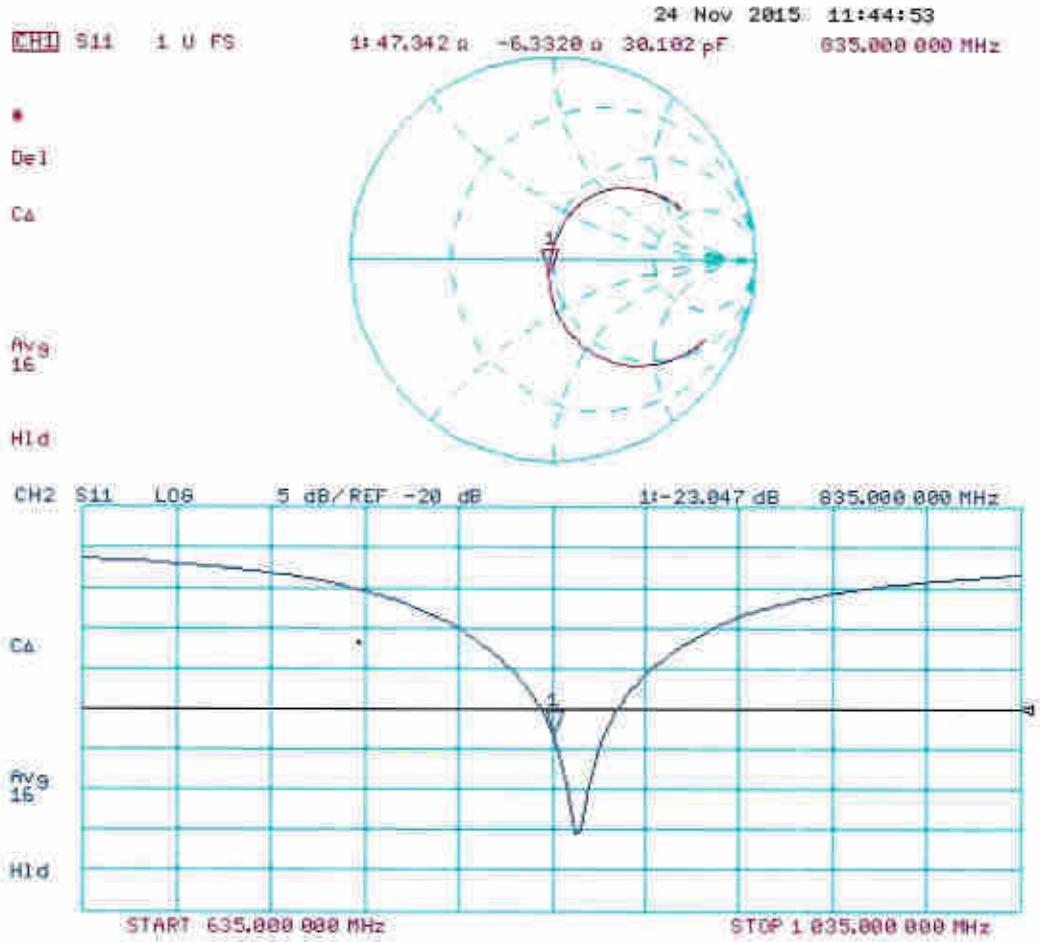
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 59.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.19 W/kg



0 dB = 3.19 W/kg = 5.04 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Sporton-KS (Auden)**

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d118_Nov15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5d118
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	November 23, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Oct-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-14 (No. EX3-7349_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)	Aug-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15)	In house check: Jun-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M. Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 26, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.39 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.85 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**39.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**20.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.2 ± 6 %	1.52 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**40.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.4 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.8 Ω + 7.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.8 Ω + 7.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.200 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 21, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 23.11.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d118

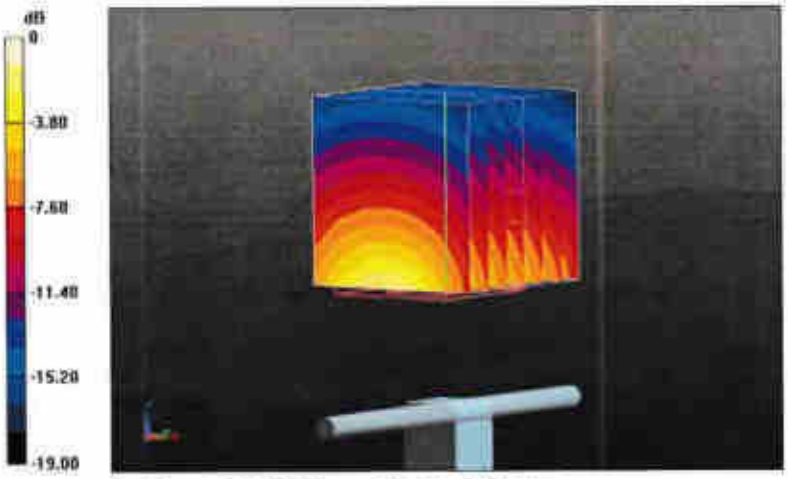
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.39 S/m; ε_r = 39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

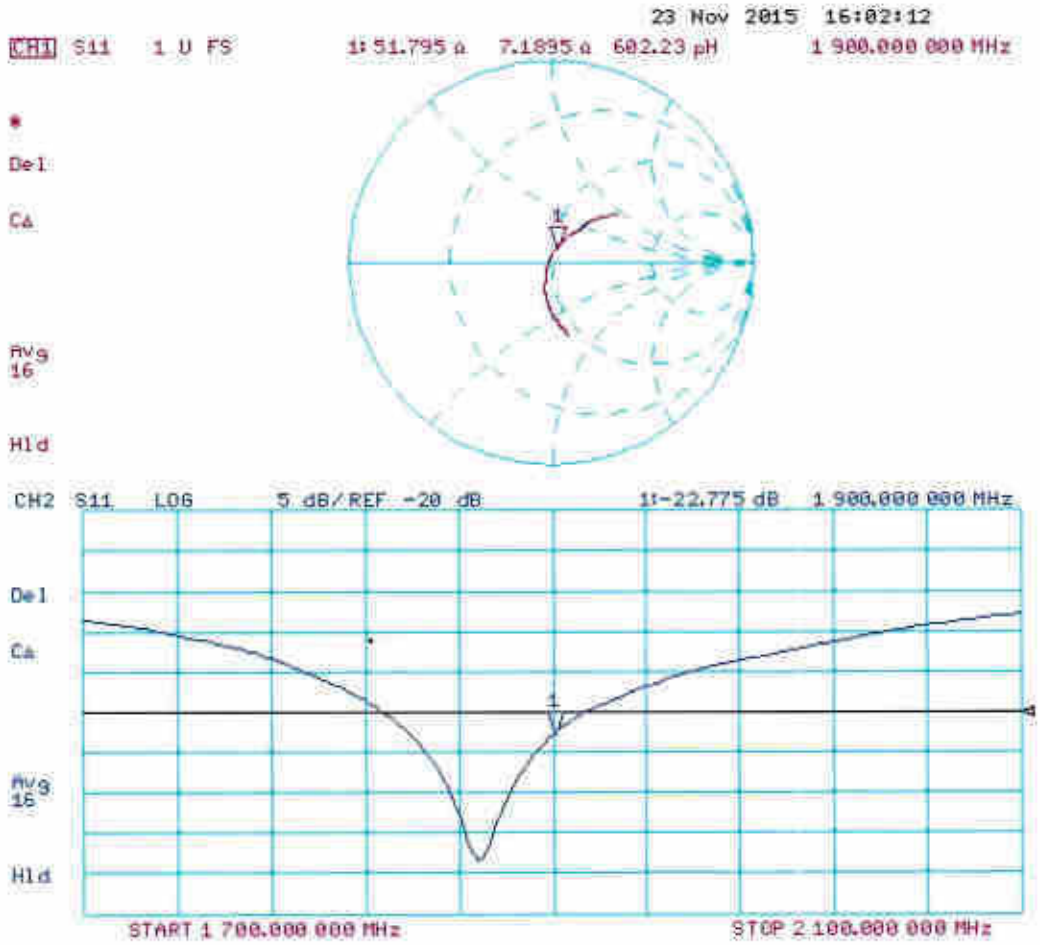
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 107.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.15 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg



0 dB = 15.1 W/kg = 11.79 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 23.11.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d118

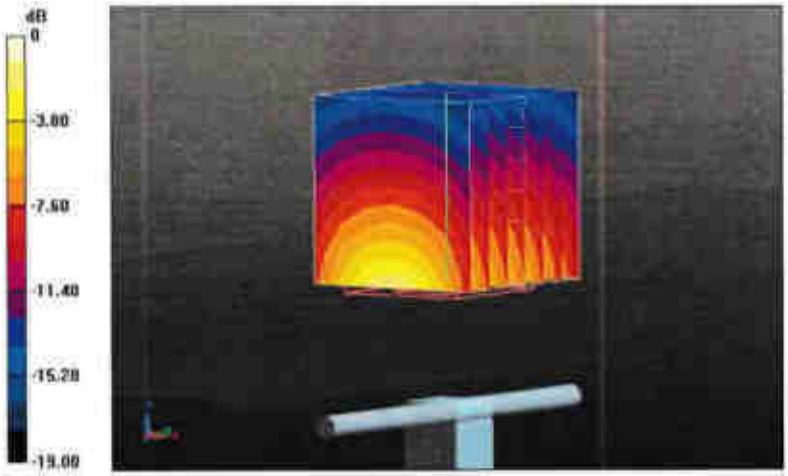
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.52 S/m; ε_r = 52.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

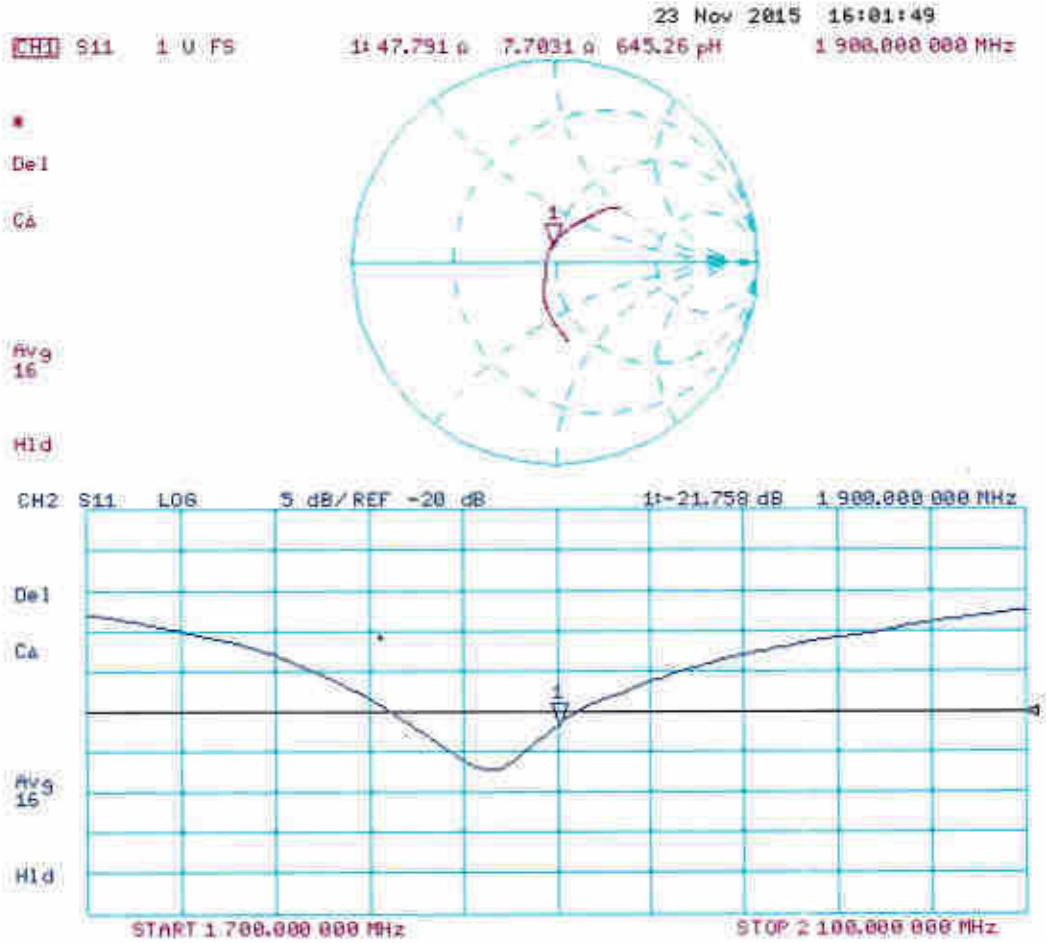
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 105.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.36 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.5 W/kg



0 dB = 15.5 W/kg = 11.90 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL