

SAR TEST REPORT

For

ComNav Technology Ltd.

R550 Data Collector

Test Model: R550

Prepared for : ComNav Technology Ltd.
Address : Building 2, No.618, Chengliu Middle Rd. Jiading district.
Shanghai, China

Prepared by : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
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Date of receipt of test sample : July 09, 2020
Number of tested samples : 1
Serial number : Prototype
Date of Test : July 09, 2020~July 17, 2020
Date of Report : July 17, 2020

SAR TEST REPORT**Report Reference No. : LCS200701147AE**

Date Of Issue : July 17, 2020

Testing Laboratory Name : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Address : Room 101, 201, Building A and Room 301, Building C, Juji Industrial Park, Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Testing Location/ Procedure : Full application of Harmonised standards ■
Partial application of Harmonised standards □
Other standard testing method □**Applicant's Name..... : ComNav Technology Ltd.**

Address : Building 2, No.618, Chengliu Middle Rd. Jiading district. Shanghai, China

Test Specification:

Standard : IEEE Std C95.1, 2005& IEEE Std 1528™-2013&FCC Part 2.1093

Test Report Form No. : LCSEMC-1.0

TRF Originator : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Master TRF : Dated 2014-09

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Test Item Description. : R550 Data CollectorTrade Mark :  SinoGNSS®
By ComNav Technology Ltd.

Model/Type Reference : R550

GSM 850/PCS1900,WCDMA Band II/V;

Operation Frequency : LTE Band 5/2/41;

WLAN2.4G,WLAN5.2G,SRD5.8G and Bluetooth4.2.

Modulation Type : Refer to page 7

DC 3.8V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery(7000mAh)

Ratings : Limited charge voltage:4.35V

Input:110-240V,50/60Hz,600mA Output :5V-9V,2A

Result : Positive**Compiled by:****Supervised by:****Approved by:**

Cherrie Wang

Jin Wang



Cherrie Wang/ File administrators

Jin Wang/ Technique principal

Gavin Liang/ Manager

SAR -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. :	LCS200701147AE	<u>July 17, 2020</u> Date of issue
Type / Model.....	: R550	
EUT.....	: R550 Data Collector	
Applicant.....	: ComNav Technology Ltd.	
Address.....	: Building 2, No.618, Chengliu Middle Rd. Jiading district. Shanghai, China	
Telephone.....	: /	
Fax.....	: /	
Manufacturer.....	: ComNav Technology Ltd.	
Address.....	: Building 2, No.618, Chengliu Middle Rd. Jiading district. Shanghai, China	
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Fax.....	: /	
Factory.....	: /	
Address.....	: /	
Telephone.....	: /	
Fax.....	: /	

Test Result	Positive
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	July 17, 2020	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

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1. TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Test Standards

[IEEE Std C95.1, 2005](#): IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

[IEEE Std 1528™-2013](#): IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

[FCC Part 2.1093](#): Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

[KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance](#) : Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

[KDB648474 D04](#): Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

[KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz](#) : SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

[KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting](#): RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

[KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR](#): SAR Guidance For IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters

[KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures](#): 3G SAR Measurement Procedures

[KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode](#): SAR Evaluation Procedures For Portable Devices With Wireless Router Capabilities

[KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices](#): SAR Evaluation Considerations For LTE Devices

1.2. Test Description

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power . And Test device is identical prototype.

1.3. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	July 09, 2020
Testing commenced on	:	July 09, 2020
Testing concluded on	:	July 17, 2020

1.4. Product Description

The ComNav Technology Ltd. . Model: R550 or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

General Description	
Product Name:	R550 Data Collector
Test Model:	R550
List Model No.:	/
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GSM; QPSK for UMTS; QPSK, 16QAM for LTE
Hardware Version:	V1.3
Software Version:	Main board: SD55-D3 Main board_P3 8400347FA30
Power supply:	DC 3.8V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery(7000mAh) Limited charge voltage:4.35V Input:110-240V,50/60Hz,600mA Output :5V-9V,2A
Hotspot:	Supported, power not reduced when Hotspot open
VoIP	Supported
The EUT is GSM,WCDMA,LTE, R550 Data Collector. the R550 Data Collector is intended for speech and Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission. It is equipped with GPRS class 12 for GSM850,PCS1900, WCDMA Band II,Band V,LTE Band5,Band7,Band41and Bluetooth,WiFi2.4G,WiFi5.2G,SRD5.8G camera functions. For more information see the following datasheet	

Technical Characteristics	
GSM	
Support Band:	GSM850/PCS1900
Frequency:	GSM850:824.2~848.8MHz GSM1900:1850.2~1909.8MHz
Power Class:	GSM850:Power Class 4 PCS1900:Power Class 1
GSM/EDGE/GPRS:	Supported GSM
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GSM
DTM Mode:	Not Supported
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna: -3.6dBi for GSM 850, -3.4dBi for GSM 1900
UMTS	
Support Networks:	WCDMA RMC12.2K,HSDPA,HSUPA
Operation Band:	UMTS FDD Band V/II
Modulation Type:	QPSK for UMTS
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna: -3.3dBi for Band II, -3.6dBi for Band V
LTE	
Support Band:	LTE FDD band 5,2,41
Power Class:	Class 3
Modulation Type:	QPSK,16QAM for LTE
VoLTE	Not Support
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna -3.8dBi for LTE Band 5, -4.1dBi for LTE Band 2, -4.1dBi for LTE Band 41
Bluetooth	
Frequency Range:	2402MHz-2480MHz
Bluetooth Version:	V4.2
Bluetooth Channel Number:	79 channels for Bluetooth V4.2 (BT Classics) 40 channels for Bluetooth V4.2 (BT LE)
Bluetooth Channel Spacing:	1MHz for Bluetooth V4.2 (BT Classics) 2MHz for Bluetooth V4.2 (BT LE)
Bluetooth Modulation Type:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V4.2 (BT Classics) GFSK for Bluetooth V4.2 (BT LE)
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna, -3.1dBi dBi(Max.)
2.4G WLAN	
Frequency Range:	2412 – 2462 MHz
Channel Number:	11 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth (2412~2462MHz) 7 Channels for 40MHz bandwidth (2422~2452MHz)
Channel Spacing:	5MHz
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna, -3.1dBi dBi(Max.)
WIFI(5G U-NI-1)	
Frequency Range:	5180 – 5240 MHz
Channel Number:	4 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5180-5240MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5190~5230MHz)
Modulation Type:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac:OFDM
WIFI(5G U-NI-3)	
Frequency Range:	5745MHz~5825MHz
Channel Number:	5 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5745-5825MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5755~5795MHz)
Modulation Type:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac:OFDM
NFC	
Operating Frequency:	13.56MHz
Modulation Type:	ASK
Channel Number:	1

1.5. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for **R550** are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Classment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Report SAR _{1-g} (W/kg))	Hotspot (Report SAR _{1-g} (W/kg))	Body-worn (Report SAR _{1-g} (W/kg))
			(Separation Distance 10mm)	
PCE	GSM 850	0.420	0.389	0.389
	GSM1900	0.069	0.224	0.224
	WCDMA Band V	0.169	0.314	0.314
	WCDMA Band II	0.240	0.694	0.694
	LTE Band 5	0.172	0.341	0.341
	LTE Band 7	1.414	1.241	1.241
	LTE Band 41	0.492	0.383	0.383
DTS	WIFI2.4G	0.012	0.011	0.011
INII	5GWLAN U-NI-1	0.059	0.049	0.049
	5GWLAN U-NI-3	0.023	0.022	0.022

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Classment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)
Cheek-Left	PCE	1.473
	DTS	1.473
	NII	1.473

2. TEST ENVIRONMENT

2.1. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description
EMC Lab. : FCC Registration Number is 254912.
Industry Canada Registration Number is 9642A.
EMSD Registration Number is ARCB0108.
UL Registration Number is 100571-492.
TUV SUD Registration Number is SCN1081.
TUV RH Registration Number is UA 50296516-001.
NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.
FCC Designation Number is CN5024.
CAB identifier: CN0071

2.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

2.3. SAR Limits

EXPOSURE LIMITS	FCC Limit (1g Tissue)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average(averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak(averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak(hands/wrists/ feet/anklesaveraged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date
1	PC	Lenovo	G5005	MY42081102	N/A	N/A
2	SAR Measurement system	SATIMO	4014_01	SAR_4014_01	N/A	N/A
3	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072627	2020-06-11	2021-06-10
4	Multimeter	Keithley	Multimeter 2000	4059164	2019-11-15	2020-11-14
5	S-parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432944	2019-11-15	2020-11-14
6	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	103818-1	2019-11-22	2020-11-21
7	E-Field PROBE	SATIMO	SSE2	SN 31/17 EPGO324	2019-10-08	2020-10-07
9	DIPOLE 835	SATIMO	SID 835	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
10	DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466	2018-09-24	2021-09-23
11	DIPOLE 2450	SATIMO	SID 2450	SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
12	DIPOLE 2600	SATIMO	SID 2600	SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468	2018-09-24	2021-09-23
13	DIPOLE 5000-6000	MVG	SWG5500	SN 49/16 WGA 43	2018-09-24	2021-09-23
14	COMOSAR OPENCoaxial Probe	SATIMO	OCPG 68	SN 40/14 OCPG68	2019-11-15	2020-11-14
15	SAR Locator	SATIMO	VPS51	SN 40/14 VPS51	2019-11-15	2020-11-14
16	Communication Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA57	SN 39/14 ANTA57	2019-11-15	2020-11-14
17	FEATURE PHONEPOSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH98	SN 40/14 MSH98	N/A	N/A
18	DUMMY PROBE	SATIMO	DP60	SN 03/14 DP60	N/A	N/A
19	SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM117	SN 40/14 SAM117	N/A	N/A
20	Liquid measurement Kit	HP	85033D	3423A03482	2019-11-15	2020-11-14
21	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	2020-06-11	2021-06-10
22	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45100308	2019-11-22	2020-11-21
23	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495616	2019-11-22	2020-11-21
24	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	2020-06-11	2021-06-10
25	Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	03746	2020-06-11	2021-06-10

Note:

- 1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with following criteria at least on annual interval.
 - a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
 - b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;
 - c) The most recent return-loss results, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;
 - d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

3.SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System(VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch,It sends an "Emergency signal" to the robot controller that to stop robot's moves

A computer operating Windows XP.

OPENSAR software

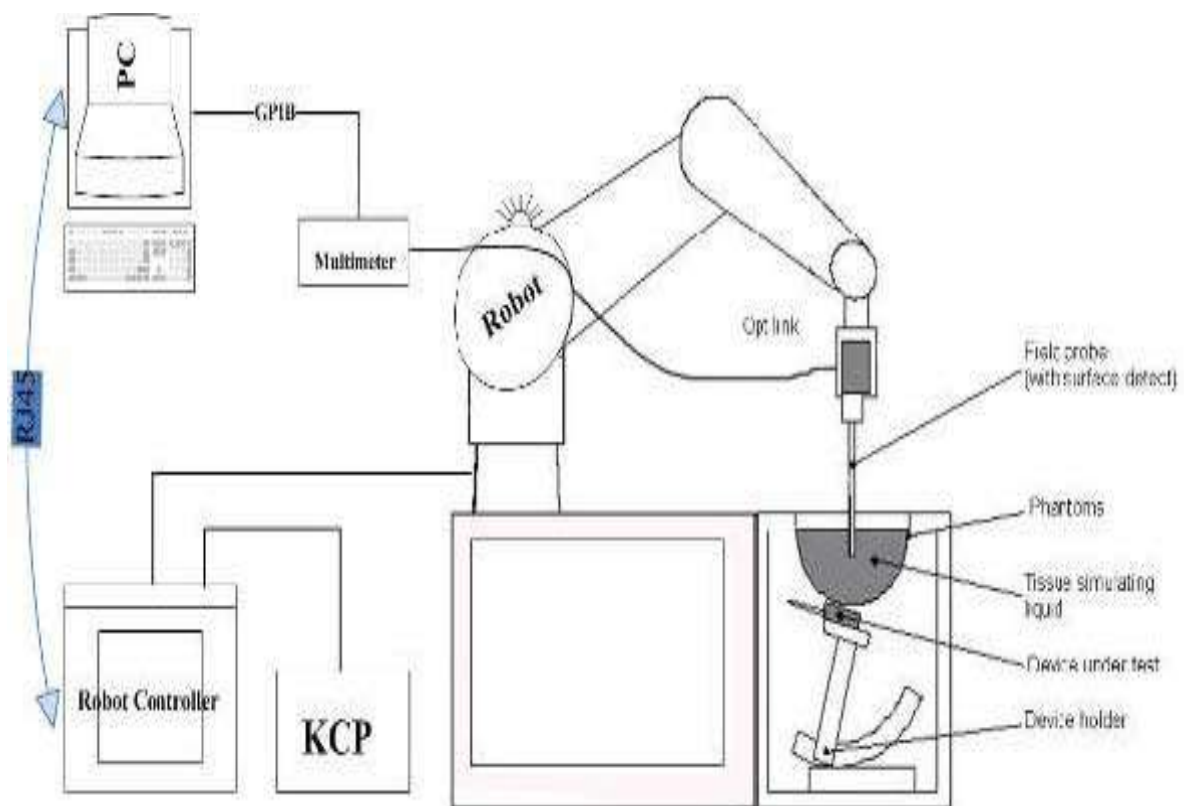
Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes .

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



3.2. OPENSAR E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EPGO324 (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

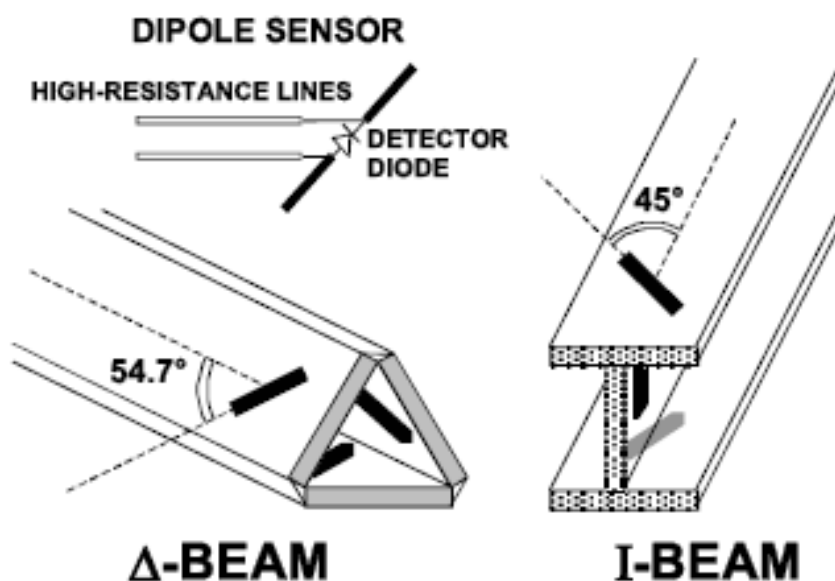
Frequency	450 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: 0.25dB(450 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	0.01W/kg to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: 0.25 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm) Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm) Distance from probe tip to sensor centers: 2.5 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones



Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



3.3. Phantoms

The SAM Phantom SAM117 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1, EN62209-2:2010. The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

3.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin Phantom SAM117, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Device holder supplied by SATIMO

3.5. Scanning Procedure

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2 \text{ mm}$
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2 \text{ mm}$
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1) \text{ mm}$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq 30 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \geq 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \geq 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \geq 22 \text{ mm}$
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

3.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
 U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field
 dcp_i = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E - fieldprobes : } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$\text{H - fieldprobes : } H_i = \sqrt{V_i \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}}$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
 Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
 [mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes
 ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

- f = carrier frequency [GHz]
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

- with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

3.7. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the “cheek” position and the “tilt” position.

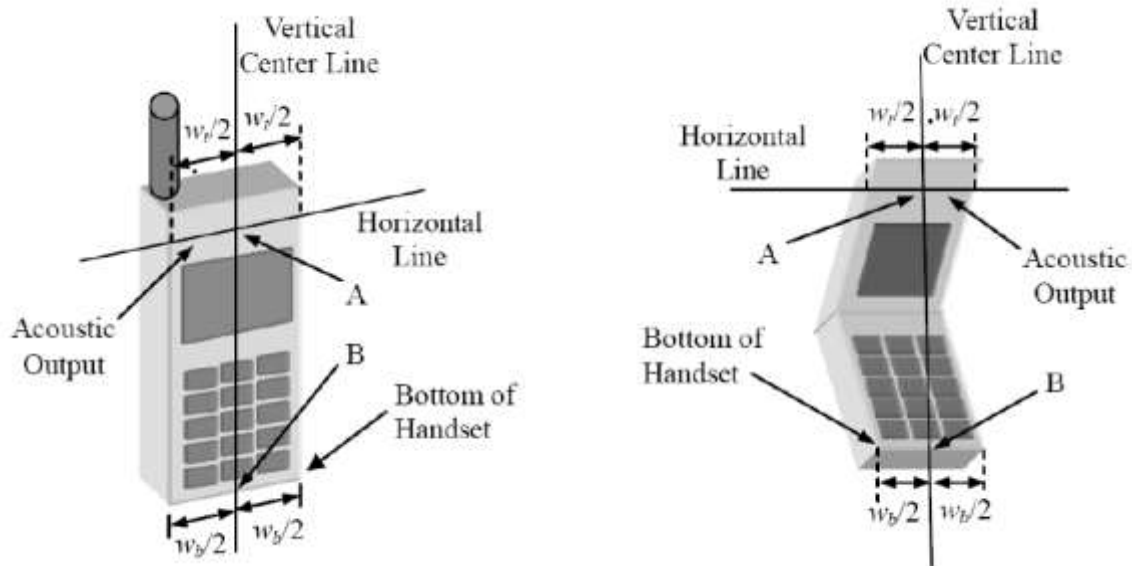
The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field

$$P_{(pwe)} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \text{ or } P_{(pwe)} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

Where P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m



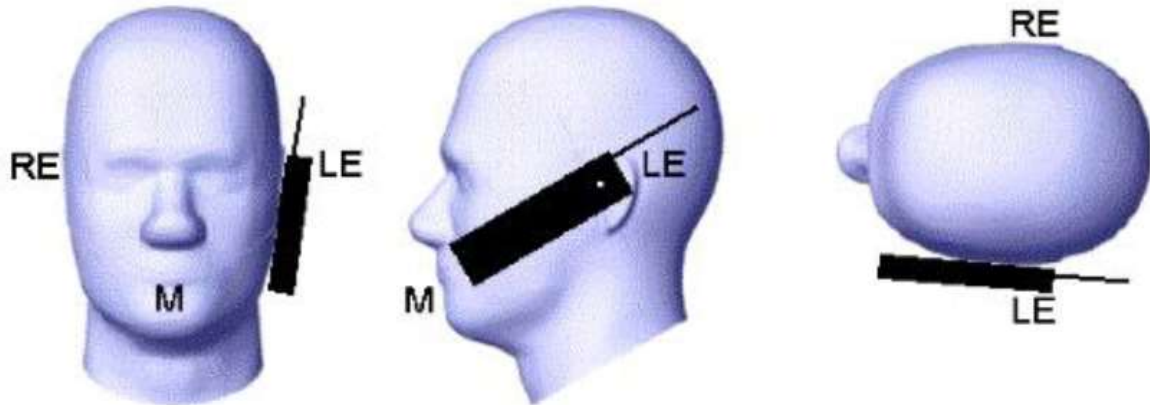
W_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

W_b Width of the bottom of the handset

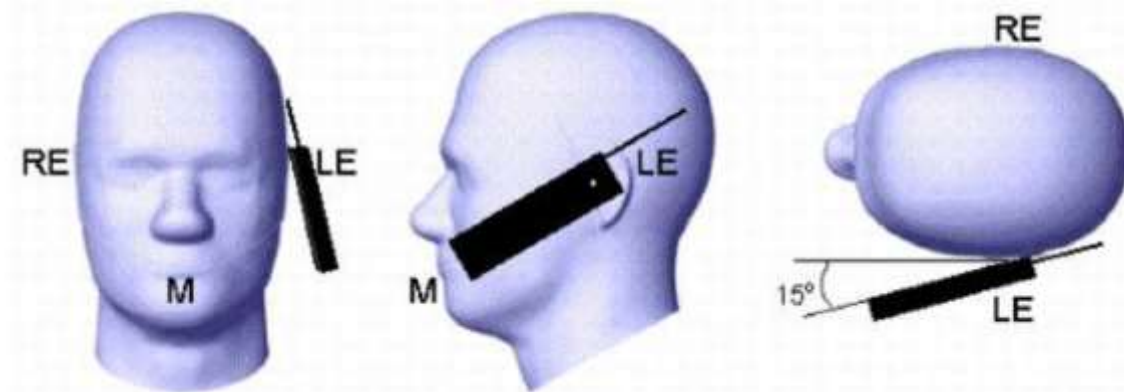
A Midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

B Midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset

Picture 1-a Typical “fixed” case handset Picture 1-b Typical “clam-shell” case handset



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

For body SAR test we applied to FCC KDB941225, KDB447498, KDB248227, KDB648654;

3.8. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient (% Weight)	750MHz		835MHz		1800 MHz		1900 MHz		2450MHz		2600MHz		5000MHz	
	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	39.28	51.3	41.45	52.5	54.5	40.2	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	60.3	71.4	65.5	78.6
Preventol	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	45.33	59.31	44.92	59.10	36.80	26.70	39.10	28.40	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.2	10.7

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ϵ_r	$\sigma(S/m)$	ϵ_r	$\sigma(S/m)$
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

3.9. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

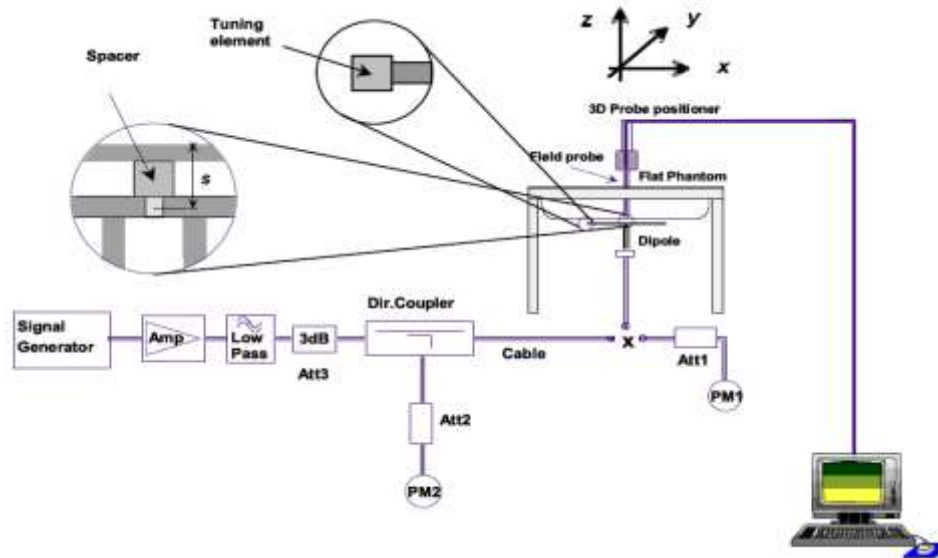
Dielectric Performance of Head and Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Test Engineer: Haylie Cao									
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue				Liquid Temp.	Test Data
		σ	ϵ_r	σ	Dev.	ϵ_r	Dev.		
835H	835	0.90	41.50	0.92	2.22%	42.82	1.81%	21.5	07/09/2020
1900H	1900	1.40	40.00	1.37	-2.14%	38.56	-3.60%	22.3	07/10/2020
2450H	2450	1.80	39.20	1.84	2.22%	39.70	1.28%	23.4	07/13/2020
2600H	2600	1.96	39.00	1.92	-2.04%	38.43	-1.46%	21.8	07/14/2020
5200H	5200	4.66	36.60	4.48	-3.86%	36.25	0.69%	21.0	07/15/2020
5800H	5800	5.27	35.30	5.33	1.14%	35.12	-0.51%	22.3	07/17/2020

3.10. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the device test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ($\pm 10\%$).



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Photo of Dipole Setup

Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended. While calibration intervals not exceed 3 years.

SID835 SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-24.49		54.9		2.8	
2019-10-01	-24.17	-1.31	54.5	-0.4	2.6	-0.2

SID1900 SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-01	-26.43		50.5		4.7	
2019-09-01	-26.33	-0.38	50.2	-0.3	4.5	-0.2

SID2600 SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-29.14		49.2		3.4	
2019-09-24	-29.12	-0.07	49.1	-0.1	3.2	-0.1

SID2450 SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-25.59		44.7		-1.1	
2019-10-01	-25.68	0.35	44.8	0.1	-1.0	0.1

SID5200 SN 49/16 DIP WGA43 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-8.59		19.38		13.50	
2019-09-24	-8.62	0.35	19.25	-0.13	13.47	-0.03

SID5800 SN 49/16 DIP WGA43 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-11.37		54.79		25.47	
2019-09-24	-11.42	0.44	54.68	-0.11	25.26	-0.21

Mixture Type	Frequency (MHz)	Power	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	Drift (%)	1W Target		Difference percentage		Liquid Temp	Date
						SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	1g	10g		
Head	835	100 mW	0.923	0.639	2.03	9.60	6.20	-3.85%	3.06%	21.5	07/09/2020
		Normalize to 1 Watt	9.23	6.39							
Head	1900	100 mW	3.911	2.096	-1.20	40.03	20.55	-2.30%	2.00%	22.3	07/10/2020
		Normalize to 1 Watt	39.11	20.96							
Head	2450	100 mW	5.487	2.521	-0.08	53.89	24.15	1.82%	4.39%	23.4	07/13/2020
		Normalize to 1 Watt	54.87	25.21							
Head	2600	100 mW	5.747	2.246	3.14	56.91	24.69	0.98%	-9.03%	21.8	07/14/2020
		Normalize to 1 Watt	57.47	22.46							
Head	5200	100 mW	16.109	5.532	2.87	165.77	57.20	-2.82%	-3.29%	21.0	07/15/2020
		Normalize to 1 Watt	161.09	55.32							
Head	5800	100 mW	18.301	6.478	-0.39	186.77	62.84	-2.01%	3.09%	22.3	07/17/2020
		Normalize to 1 Watt	183.01	64.78							

3.11. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

3.11.1 Conducted power measurement

- For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

3.11.2 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to "5" for GSM 850, set to "0" for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 4. the EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 4.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst. For EDGE, GMSK is used for MCS 1 – MCS 4 and 8-PSK is used for MCS 5 – MCS 9; where 8-PSK has an inherently higher peak-to-average power ratio. The GMSK and 8-PSK EDGE configurations are considered separately for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.

3.11.3 UMTS Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.³ This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCH, DPDCH and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

1) Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCH

configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

2) Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors (β_c , β_d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{CQI}) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set

Table 2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
Note2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.
Note3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document

Table 3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1} 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2} 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: β_d can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

3.11.4 LTE Test Configuration

QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.8 When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.9

QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

3.11.5 WIFI Test Configuration

The SAR measurement and test reduction procedures are structured according to either the DSSS or OFDM transmission mode configurations used in each standalone frequency band and aggregated band. For devices that operate in exposure configurations that require multiple test positions, additional SAR test reduction may be applied. The maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, are used to determine initial SAR test requirements for the 802.11 transmission modes in a frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the initial test configuration. SAR measurement and test reduction for the remaining 802.11 modes and test channels are determined according to measured or specified maximum output power and reported SAR of the initial measurements. The general test reduction and SAR measurement approaches are summarized in the following:

1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.
2. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an "initial test configuration" is first determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band according to the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units.
 - a. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.
 - b. SAR is measured for OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures. Additional frequency band specific SAR test reduction may be considered for individual frequency bands
 - c. Depending on the reported SAR of the highest maximum output power channel tested in the initial test configuration, SAR test reduction may apply to subsequent highest output channels in the initial test configuration to reduce the number of SAR measurements.
3. The Initial test configuration does not apply to DSSS. The 2.4 GHz band SAR test requirements and 802.11b DSSS procedures are used to establish the transmission configurations required for SAR measurement.
4. An "initial test position" is applied to further reduce the number of SAR tests for devices operating in next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode exposure configurations that require multiple test positions.

- a. SAR is measured for 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure using the exposure condition established by the initial test position.
- b. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration. 802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel.
5. The Initial test position does not apply to devices that require a fixed exposure test position. SAR is measured in a fixed exposure test position for these devices in 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure or in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures.
6. The "subsequent test configuration" procedures are applied to determine if additional SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission modes that have not been tested in the initial test configuration. SAR test exclusion is determined according to reported SAR in the initial test configuration and maximum output power specified or measured for these other OFDM configurations.

2.4 GHz and 5GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in section 5.2.2.

1. 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

1. 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration
- b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

2. SAR Test Requirements for OFDM Configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements.²⁰ In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

3. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements

The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures (section 4). When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

- a. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
- b. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- c. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- d. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.

- a. Channels with measured maximum output power within $\frac{1}{4}$ dB of each other are considered to have the same maximum output.
- b. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- c. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode.²³ For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

4. Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, the procedures in section 5.3.2 are applied to determine the test configuration. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- a. When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- b. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- c. The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.
 - 1). SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
 - 2). SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.
 - a) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.
 - d. SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:

- 1) replace “subsequent test configuration” with “next subsequent test configuration” (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
- 2) replace “initial test configuration” with “all tested higher output power configurations.”

3.12. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

3.13. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

4.1 Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. According to October 2013TCB Workshop, for GSM / GPRS / EGPRS, the number of time slots to test for SAR should correspond to the highest frame-average maximum output power configuration, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS (3Tx slot) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to their highest frame-average power.
3. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (3 Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.

Conducted power measurement results for GSM850/PCS1900

GSM 850		Tune-up	Burst Conducted power (dBm)			Division Factors	Tune-up	Average power (dBm)		
			Channel/Frequency(MHz)					Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
		Max	128/824.2	190/836.6	251/848.8		Max	128/824.2	190/836.6	251/848.8
GSM		32.00	31.67	31.72	31.69	-9.03dB	22.97	22.64	22.69	22.66
GPRS (GMSK)	1TX slot	32.00	31.57	31.45	31.67	-9.03dB	22.97	22.54	22.42	22.64
	2TX slot	31.50	31.12	31.05	30.82	-6.02dB	25.48	25.10	25.03	24.80
	3TX slot	29.50	29.47	29.46	29.49	-4.26dB	25.24	25.21	25.2	25.23
	4TX slot	28.50	28.11	27.87	27.45	-3.01dB	25.49	25.10	24.86	24.44
EGPRS (8PSK)	1TX slot	26.50	25.94	26.02	25.68	-9.03dB	17.47	16.91	16.99	16.65
	2TX slot	25.00	24.26	24.55	24.43	-6.02dB	18.98	18.24	18.53	18.41
	3TX slot	23.50	22.87	23.01	22.69	-4.26dB	19.24	18.61	18.75	18.43
	4TX slot	22.00	21.49	21.65	21.33	-3.01dB	18.99	18.48	18.64	18.32
GSM 1900		Tune-up	Burst Conducted power (dBm)			Division Factors	Tune-up	Average power (dBm)		
			Channel/Frequency(MHz)					Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
		Max	512/1850.2	661/1880	810/1909.8		Max.	512/1850.2	661/1880	810/1909.8
GSM		32.00	31.74	31.97	31.56	-9.03dB	22.97	22.71	22.94	22.53
GPRS (GMSK)	1TX slot	32.00	31.90	31.73	31.69	-9.03dB	22.97	22.87	22.70	22.66
	2TX slot	31.00	30.78	30.63	30.54	-6.02dB	24.98	24.76	24.61	24.52
	3TX slot	29.50	29.40	29.49	29.46	-4.26dB	25.24	25.14	25.23	25.20
	4TX slot	28.00	27.85	27.76	27.59	-3.01dB	24.99	24.84	24.75	24.58
EGPRS (8PSK)	1TX slot	26.00	25.74	25.56	25.87	-9.03dB	16.97	16.71	16.53	16.84
	2TX slot	25.00	24.36	24.53	24.12	-6.02dB	18.98	18.34	18.51	18.10
	3TX slot	23.50	22.77	23.01	22.85	-4.26dB	19.24	18.51	18.75	18.59
	4TX slot	22.00	21.51	21.50	21.49	-3.01dB	18.99	18.50	18.49	18.48

Notes:

1. Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.00dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.00dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.00dB

2. According to the conducted power as above, the GPRS measurements are performed with 2Txslot for GPRS850 and 4Txslot GPRS1900.

<UMTS Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration**HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station R&S CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81
Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{rs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF0) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$. Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF0) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$. Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g. Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.													

General Note

1. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
2. By design, AMR and HSDPA/HSUPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.
3. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.

Conducted Power Measurement Results(WCDMA Band II/V)

Item	band	WCDMA Band II result (dBm)			WCDMA Band V result (dBm)		
		Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
	sub-test	9262/ 1852.4	9400/ 1880	9538/ 1907.6	4132/ 826.4	4182/ 836.4	4233/ 846.6
RMC	12.2kbps	24.23	23.98	23.78	23.97	24.14	23.49
	64kbps	23.13	23.89	23.20	23.48	23.09	23.57
	144kbps	23.27	23.23	23.62	23.53	23.26	23.33
	384kbps	23.14	23.50	23.55	23.23	23.25	23.15
HSDPA	Sub –Test 1	23.23	23.23	22.54	22.23	23.11	22.58
	Sub –Test 2	22.92	22.56	22.97	22.98	23.02	22.74
	Sub –Test 3	22.97	22.93	22.87	22.56	22.97	22.56
	Sub –Test 4	22.95	23.04	22.74	22.99	23.09	22.62
HSUPA	Sub –Test 1	22.96	22.23	22.92	22.78	23.24	22.45
	Sub –Test 2	23.01	22.97	22.95	22.92	22.99	22.92
	Sub –Test 3	22.95	23.05	22.99	22.94	23.03	22.79
	Sub –Test 4	22.03	22.14	21.74	21.56	22.02	21.88
	Sub –Test 5	24.21	23.90	23.95	23.78	24.02	23.94

Note: When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq 1/2$ dB higher than the primary mode (RMC12.2kbps) or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

LTE Band5

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
1.4	824.7	1	0	23.14	22.28
		1	3	23.20	22.38
		1	5	23.03	22.21
		3	0	23.13	22.21
		3	2	23.18	22.17
		3	3	23.11	22.13
		6	0	22.20	21.14
	836.5	1	0	21.60	20.97
		1	3	21.72	21.10
		1	5	21.58	20.91
		3	0	21.64	20.59
		3	2	21.63	20.61
		3	3	21.60	20.58
		6	0	20.65	19.59
	848.3	1	0	22.34	21.54
		1	3	22.65	21.72
		1	5	22.46	21.69
		3	0	22.41	21.43
		3	2	22.51	21.50
		3	3	22.51	21.52
		6	0	21.51	20.58
3	825.5	1	0	23.14	22.39
		1	7	23.25	22.45
		1	14	22.84	22.08
		8	0	22.13	21.16
		8	4	22.06	21.12
		8	7	21.94	21.01
		15	0	21.98	20.96
	836.5	1	0	21.68	20.94
		1	7	21.80	21.15
		1	14	21.58	20.81
		8	0	20.68	19.71
		8	4	20.65	19.75
		8	7	20.62	19.65
		15	0	20.60	19.57
	847.5	1	0	22.20	21.48
		1	7	22.60	21.91
		1	14	22.53	21.87
		8	0	21.34	20.30
		8	4	21.46	20.40
		8	7	21.43	20.40
		15	0	21.32	20.28
5	826.5	1	0	23.06	22.36
		1	12	23.06	22.41
		1	24	22.47	21.71
		12	0	22.00	21.08
		12	6	21.94	21.04
		12	13	21.76	20.84
		25	0	21.83	20.86
	836.5	1	0	21.70	21.04
		1	12	21.90	21.19
		1	24	21.46	20.79
		12	0	20.72	19.81
		12	6	20.67	19.78
		12	13	20.64	19.67
		25	0	20.69	19.71
	846.5	1	0	21.91	20.87
		1	12	22.54	21.60

		1	24	22.44	21.45
		12	0	21.11	20.04
		12	6	21.24	20.23
		12	13	21.32	20.30
		25	0	21.18	20.19
10	829.0	1	0	23.11	22.37
		1	24	22.64	21.87
		1	49	21.86	21.12
		25	0	21.79	20.80
		25	12	21.54	20.58
		25	25	21.19	20.19
		50	0	21.48	20.48
	836.5	1	0	22.01	21.26
		1	24	21.83	21.11
		1	49	21.57	20.83
		25	0	20.89	19.87
		25	12	20.69	19.68
		25	25	20.78	19.75
		50	0	20.78	19.74
	844.0	1	0	21.69	21.05
		1	24	22.09	21.43
		1	49	22.47	21.88
		25	0	20.85	19.84
		25	12	21.01	19.96
		25	25	21.14	20.12
		50	0	20.98	19.95

LTE Band2

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
5	1852.5	1	0	20.16	19.42
		1	12	20.62	18.88
		1	24	20.55	17.83
		12	0	20.88	17.96
		12	6	20.51	17.57
		12	13	20.95	17.03
		25	0	20.45	17.47
	1880.0	1	0	21.01	19.88
		1	12	20.76	19.63
		1	24	20.89	18.78
		12	0	20.77	18.78
		12	6	20.52	18.53
		12	13	20.11	18.11
		25	0	20.47	18.46
	1907.5	1	0	20.31	19.42
		1	12	20.57	19.58
		1	24	20.06	19.12
		12	0	20.42	18.38
		12	6	20.45	18.40
		12	13	20.20	18.20
		25	0	20.33	18.35
10	1855.0	1	0	20.09	19.24
		1	24	20.66	17.88
		1	49	20.35	16.60
		25	0	20.39	17.41
		25	12	20.59	16.64
		25	25	20.89	15.93
		50	0	20.70	16.70
	1880.0	1	0	21.14	20.35
		1	24	20.63	19.77
		1	49	20.07	18.32
		25	0	20.99	18.95
		25	12	20.52	18.50
		25	25	20.77	17.81
		50	0	20.41	18.36
	1905.0	1	0	20.68	18.99
		1	24	20.59	19.86
		1	49	20.16	19.44
		25	0	20.20	18.17
		25	12	20.41	18.40
		25	25	20.38	18.37
		50	0	20.26	18.28
15	1857.5	1	0	20.87	19.07
		1	37	20.00	17.08
		1	74	20.12	16.35
		37	0	20.06	16.98
		37	18	20.01	15.98
		37	38	20.44	15.35
		75	0	20.27	16.21
	1880.0	1	0	20.85	20.04
		1	37	20.66	19.80
		1	74	18.33	17.60
		37	0	20.14	19.05
		37	18	20.63	18.54
		37	38	20.56	17.48
		75	0	20.43	18.36
	1902.5	1	0	20.21	17.48

		1	37	20.38	19.39
		1	74	20.14	19.28
		37	0	20.27	17.27
		37	18	20.11	18.10
		37	38	20.47	18.42
		75	0	20.91	17.87
		1	0	20.65	18.79
20	1860.0	1	49	20.56	16.70
		1	99	20.93	17.05
		50	0	20.44	16.42
		50	25	20.50	15.51
		50	50	20.64	15.63
		100	0	20.98	16.00
		1	0	20.26	19.38
	1880.0	1	49	20.70	19.80
		1	99	20.70	16.84
		50	0	20.89	18.84
		50	25	20.37	18.34
		50	50	20.06	17.02
		100	0	20.12	18.09
		1	0	20.32	16.64
	1900.0	1	49	20.73	18.94
		1	99	20.96	19.20
		50	0	20.26	16.31
		50	25	20.49	17.55
		50	50	20.05	18.10
		100	0	20.30	17.30

LTE Band41

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
5	2593.0	1	0	20.53	22.45
		1	12	20.66	22.53
		1	24	20.62	22.55
		12	0	21.43	22.56
		12	6	21.52	22.44
		12	13	21.55	22.52
		25	0	21.65	21.73
10	2593.0	1	0	21.62	20.83
		1	24	21.93	20.50
		1	49	21.76	20.65
		25	0	20.75	20.75
		25	12	20.64	20.63
		25	25	20.62	20.63
		50	0	20.70	19.68
15	2593.0	1	0	21.65	20.55
		1	37	22.03	20.66
		1	74	21.79	20.91
		37	0	20.55	20.91
		37	18	20.66	20.55
		37	38	20.90	20.66
		75	0	20.79	19.79

<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate (Mbps)	Average Output Power (dBm)
IEEE 802.11b	1	2412	1	12.73
			2	12.24
			5.5	12.05
			11	12.13
	6	2437	1	13.85
			2	13.12
			5.5	13.65
			11	13.47
	11	2462	1	13.65
			2	13.01
			5.5	13.24
			11	13.29
IEEE 802.11g	1	2412	6	13.42
			9	13.08
			12	13.15
			18	13.21
			24	12.98
			36	13.19
			48	12.87
			54	12.65
	6	2437	6	12.24
			9	12.09
			12	12.13
			18	11.98
			24	11.84
			36	11.92
			48	11.73
			54	11.68
	11	2462	6	12.19
			9	11.57
			12	11.63
			18	11.83
			24	11.57
			36	12.03
			48	11.79
			54	11.63
IEEE 802.11n HT20	1	2412	MCS0	12.30
			MCS1	12.11
			MCS2	12.20
			MCS3	11.67
			MCS4	11.85
			MCS5	11.90
			MCS6	11.84
			MCS7	11.63
	6	2437	MCS0	11.75
			MCS1	11.22
			MCS2	11.08
			MCS3	11.33
			MCS4	11.54
			MCS5	11.09
			MCS6	11.70
			MCS7	11.47
	11	2462	MCS0	11.97
			MCS1	11.56
			MCS2	11.25
			MCS3	11.40
			MCS4	11.38

IEEE 802.11n HT40			MCS5	11.24
			MCS6	11.47
			MCS7	11.52
	3	2422	MCS0	12.17
			MCS1	11.57
			MCS2	11.37
			MCS3	11.42
			MCS4	11.24
			MCS5	11.35
			MCS6	11.44
			MCS7	11.28
	6	2437	MCS0	11.29
			MCS1	11.02
			MCS2	11.10
			MCS3	10.92
			MCS4	10.73
			MCS5	10.85
			MCS6	10.77
			MCS7	10.52
	9	2452	MCS0	11.75
			MCS1	11.31
			MCS2	11.28
			MCS3	11.24
			MCS4	11.22
			MCS5	11.35
			MCS6	11.40
			MCS7	11.62

<WLAN 5GHz U-NI-1 Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)
802.11a	36	5180	8.38
	40	5200	8.78
	48	5240	8.71
802.11n(20MHz)	36	5180	7.27
	40	5200	7.25
	48	5240	7.16
802.11n(40MHz)	38	5190	6.93
	46	5230	6.62
802.11ac(20MHz)	36	5180	5.35
	40	5200	7.41
	48	5240	7.24
802.11ac(40MHz)	38	5190	6.03
	46	5230	6.64

<WLAN 5GHz U-NI-3 Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)
802.11a	149	5745	10.53
	157	5785	10.11
	165	5825	10.21
802.11n(20MHz)	149	5745	9.15
	157	5785	9.70
	165	5825	9.21
802.11n(40MHz)	151	5755	9.87
	159	5795	8.41
802.11ac(20MHz)	149	5745	8.35
	157	5785	8.41
	165	5825	7.24

802.11ac(40MHz)	151	5755	7.03
	159	5795	8.64

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions as the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

<BT Conducted Power>

Mode	channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted PK output power (dBm)
GFSK-BLE	0	2402	6.936
	19	2440	3.316
	39	2480	4.653
GFSK	0	2402	7.136
	39	2441	3.514
	78	2480	4.674
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	0	2402	6.085
	39	2441	3.020
	78	2480	4.005
8DPSK	0	2402	6.138
	39	2441	3.097
	78	2480	4.024

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$
for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Turn up Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
1.0	5	2.402	1.603

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is $1.603 < 3.0$, SAR testing is not required.

Tune Up Procedure

Manufacturing tolerance

GSM

GSM 850 (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)			
Channel	Channel 251	Channel 190	Channel 128
Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
GSM 1900 (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)			
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512
Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0

GSM 850 GPRS (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)				
Channel		128	190	251
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	31.5	31.5	31.0
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	28.5	28.0	28.0
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
GSM850 EGPRS (8PSK) (Burst Average Power)				
Channel		128	190	251
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	26.0	26.5	26.0
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	24.5	25.0	24.5
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	23.0	23.5	23.0
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	21.5	22.0	21.5
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
GSM 1900 GPRS (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)				
Channel		512	661	810
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	31.0	31.0	31.0
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	28.0	28.0	28.0
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
GSM 1900 EDGE (8PSK) (Burst Average Power)				
Channel		512	661	810
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	26.0	26.0	26.0
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	24.5	25.0	24.5
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	23.0	23.5	23.0
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	21.5
	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0

UMTS

UMTS Band V			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	23.0	24.0	23.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSDPA(sub-test 1)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	23.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSDPA(sub-test 2)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	23.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSDPA(sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSDPA(sub-test 4)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	23.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSUPA(sub-test 1)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	23.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSUPA(sub-test 2)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSUPA(sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	23.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSUPA(sub-test 4)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSUPA(sub-test 5)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	23.0	24.0	23.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0

UMTS Band II			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	24.0	23.0	23.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSDPA(sub-test 1)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSDPA(sub-test 2)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSDPA(sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSDPA(sub-test 4)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538

Target (dBm)	22.0	23.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSUPA(sub-test 1)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSUPA(sub-test 2)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	23.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSUPA(sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	23.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSUPA(sub-test 4)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSUPA(sub-test 5)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	24.0	23.0	23.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0

LTE Band 5

BW:1.4MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20407		Channel 20525		Channel 20643	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	23.0	22.0	21.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:1.4MHz [<RB=3>, <RB=6>]						
Channel	Channel 20407		Channel 20525		Channel 20643	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	23.0	22.0	21.0	20.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:3MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20415		Channel 20525		Channel 20635	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	23.0	22.0	21.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:3MHz [<RB=8>, <RB=15>]						
Channel	Channel 20415		Channel 20525		Channel 20635	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	20.0	19.0	21.0	20.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:5MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20425		Channel 20525		Channel 20625	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	23.0	22.0	21.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:5MHz [<RB=12>, <RB=25>]						
Channel	Channel 20425		Channel 20525		Channel 20625	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	20.0	19.0	21.0	20.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20450		Channel 20525		Channel 20600	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	23.0	22.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=25>, <RB=50>]						
Channel	Channel 20450		Channel 20525		Channel 20600	

	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	21.0	20.0	20.0	19.0	21.0	20.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

LTE Band 2

BW:5MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 18625		Channel 18900		Channel 19175	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	20.0	19.0	21.0	19.0	20.0	19.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:5MHz [<RB=12>, <RB=25>]						
Channel	Channel 18625		Channel 18900		Channel 19175	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	20.0	17.0	20.0	18.0	20.0	18.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 18650		Channel 18900		Channel 19150	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	20.0	19.0	21.0	20.0	20.0	19.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=25>, <RB=50>]						
Channel	Channel 18650		Channel 18900		Channel 19150	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	20.0	17.0	20.0	18.0	20.0	18.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:15MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 18675		Channel 18900		Channel 19125	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	20.0	19.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	19.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:15MHz [<RB=37>, <RB=75>]						
Channel	Channel 18675		Channel 18900		Channel 19125	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	20.0	16.0	20.0	19.0	20.0	18.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:20MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 18700		Channel 18900		Channel 19100	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	20.0	18.0	20.0	19.0	20.0	19.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:20MHz [<RB=50>, <RB=100>]						
Channel	Channel 18700		Channel 18900		Channel 19100	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	20.0	16.0	20.0	18.0	20.0	18.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

LTE Band 41

BW:5MHz [<RB=1>]		
Channel	Channel 40620	
	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	20.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0
BW:5MHz [<RB=12>, <RB=25>]		
Channel	Channel 40620	
	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	21.0	22.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=1>]		
Channel	Channel 40620	
	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	21.0	20.0

Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=25>, <RB=50>]		
Channel	Channel 40620	
	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	20.0	20.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0
BW:15MHz [<RB=1>]		
Channel	Channel 40620	
	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	20.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0
BW:15MHz [<RB=37>, <RB=75>]		
Channel	Channel 40620	
	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	20.0	20.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0
BW:20MHz [<RB=1>]		
Channel	Channel 40620	
	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0
BW:20MHz [<RB=50>, <RB=100>]		
Channel	Channel 40620	
	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	20.0	21.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0

WiFi 2.4G

802.11b (Average)			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Target (dBm)	12.0	13.0	13.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
802.11g (Average)			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Target (dBm)	13.0	12.0	12.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
802.11n HT20 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Target (dBm)	12.0	11.0	11.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
802.11n HT40 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 3	Channel 6	Channel 9
Target (dBm)	12.0	11.0	11.0
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0

WiFi 5.2G

WiFi 6E

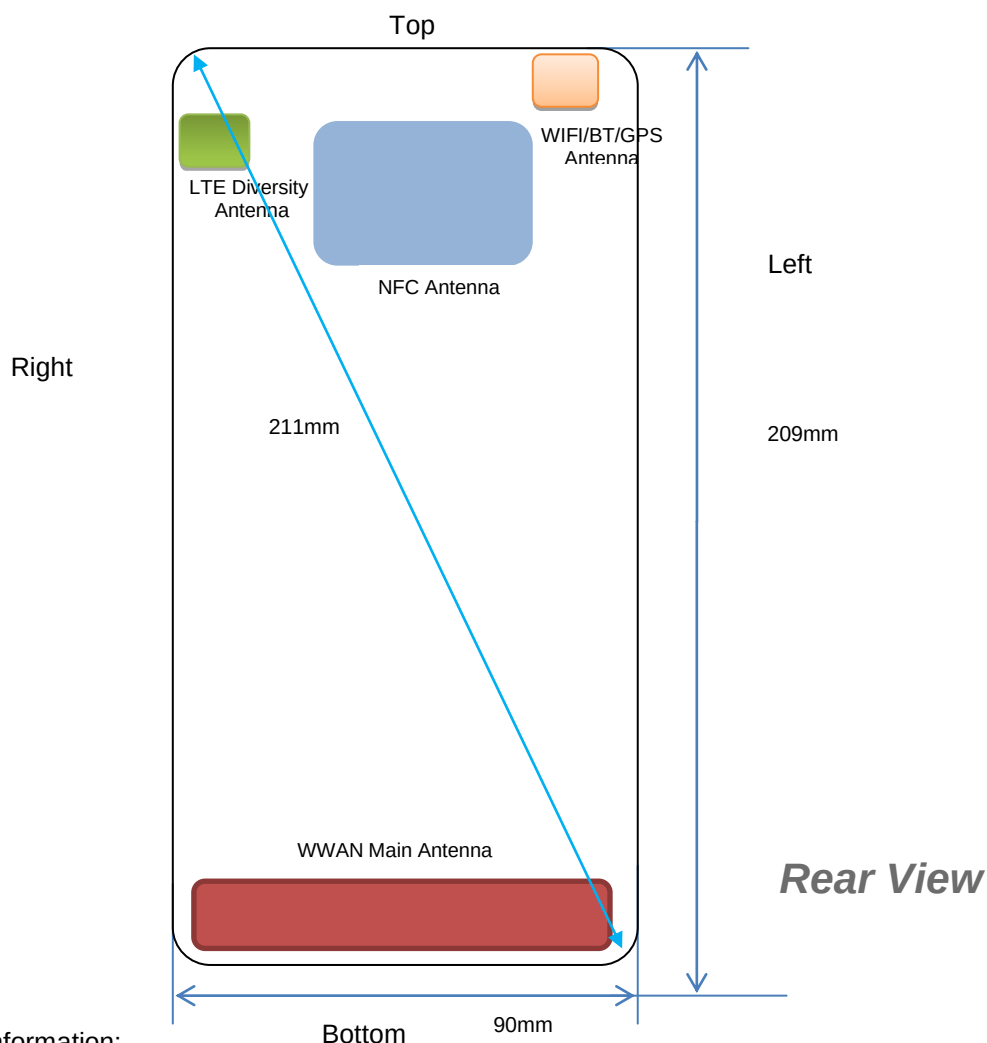
802.11a (Average)			
Channel	Channel 36	Channel 40	Channel 48
Target (dBm)	8.0	8.0	8.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
802.11n HT20 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 36	Channel 40	Channel 48
Target (dBm)	7.0	7.0	7.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
802.11n HT40 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 38	Channel 46	
Target (dBm)	6.0	6.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	
802.11ac HT20 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 36	Channel 40	Channel 48
Target (dBm)	5.0	7.0	7.0

Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
802.11ac HT40 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 38	Channel 46	
Target (dBm)	6.0	6.0	
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	1.0	1.0	

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802.11a (Average)			
Channel	Channel 149	Channel 157	Channel 165
Target (dBm)	10.0	10.0	10.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
802.11n HT20 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 149	Channel 157	Channel 165
Target (dBm)	9.0	9.0	9.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
802.11n HT40 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 151	Channel 159	
Target (dBm)	9.0	8.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	
802.11ac HT20 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 149	Channel 157	Channel 165
Target (dBm)	8.0	8.0	7.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
802.11ac HT40 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 151	Channel 159	
Target (dBm)	7.0	8.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	

4.2 Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position



Antenna information:

WWAN Main Antenna	GSM/UMTS/LTE TX/RX
LTE Diversity antenna	Only RX
NFC antenna	Only RX
WLAN/GPS/BT Antenna	WLAN/BT TX/RX

Note:

- 1). Per KDB648474 D04, because the overall diagonal distance of this devices is 211mm >160mm, it is considered as "Phablet" device.
- 2). Per KDB648474 D04, 10-g extremity SAR is not required when Body-Worn mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/Kg.
- 3). According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02, the edges with less than 25 mm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm)

Antennas	Front	Back	Top Side	Bottom Side	Left Side	Right Side
WWAN	<5	<5	190	<5	<5	<5
BT/WLAN	<5	<5	<5	196	19	60

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode

Antennas	Front	Back	Top Side	Bottom Side	Left Side	Right Side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT/WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

General Note: Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, When the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10mm, SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located with 25mm from that surface or edge.

4.3 SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(P_{\text{target}} - P_{\text{measured}})/10}$$

$$\text{Scaling factor} = 10^{(P_{\text{target}} - P_{\text{measured}})/10}$$

$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} \times \text{Scaling factor}$$

Where

P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{measured} is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8
GPRS850	1:2.67
GPRS1900	1:2.67
UMTS	1:1
LTE	1:1
WLAN2450	1:1
5GWLAN	1:1

4.3.1 SAR Results

SAR Values [GSM 850]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Time slots	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head <SIM1>										
190	836.6	Voice	Left Cheek	31.72	32.00	-0.90	1.067	0.394	0.420	Plot 1
190	836.6	Voice	Left Tilt	31.72	32.00	-3.56	1.067	0.201	0.214	
190	836.6	Voice	Right Cheek	31.72	32.00	0.69	1.067	0.135	0.144	
190	836.6	Voice	Right Tilt	31.72	32.00	1.27	1.067	0.087	0.093	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
251	848.8	2Txslots	Front	29.49	30.00	-1.24	1.125	0.284	0.319	
251	848.8	2Txslots	Rear	29.49	30.00	0.31	1.125	0.341	0.383	Plot 2
251	848.8	2Txslots	Left	29.49	30.00	0.85	1.125	0.136	0.153	
251	848.8	2Txslots	Right	29.49	30.00	-1.47	1.125	0.085	0.096	
251	848.8	2Txslots	Bottom	29.49	30.00	-0.25	1.125	0.054	0.061	

Remark:

1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. The frame average of GPRS (2Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function, tested at GPRS (2Tx slots) mode for head.
3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [GSM 1900]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	time slots	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head<SIM1>										
661	1880.0	Voice	Left Cheek	31.97	32.00	-0.62	1.007	0.069	0.069	Plot 3
661	1880.0	Voice	Left Tilt	31.97	32.00	2.31	1.007	0.054	0.054	
661	1880.0	Voice	Right Cheek	31.97	32.00	0.69	1.007	0.042	0.042	
661	1880.0	Voice	Right Tilt	31.97	32.00	1.23	1.007	0.018	0.018	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
661	1880.0	4Txslots	Front	29.49	30.00	4.65	1.125	0.224	0.252	Plot 4
661	1880.0	4Txslots	Rear	29.49	30.00	1.60	1.125	0.113	0.127	
661	1880.0	4Txslots	Left	29.49	30.00	0.28	1.125	0.074	0.083	
661	1880.0	4Txslots	Right	29.49	30.00	-1.23	1.125	0.059	0.066	
661	1880.0	4Txslots	Bottom	29.49	30.00	-0.74	1.125	0.033	0.037	

Remark:

1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. The frame average of GPRS (4Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function, tested at GPRS (4Tx slots) mode for head.
3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [WCDMA Band V]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head <SIM1>										
4182	836.4	RMC*	Left Cheek	24.14	25.00	1.06	1.219	0.086	0.105	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Left Tilt	24.14	25.00	2.30	1.219	0.054	0.066	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Right Cheek	24.14	25.00	-0.25	1.219	0.139	0.169	Plot 5
4182	836.4	RMC*	Right Tilt	24.14	25.00	3.26	1.219	0.074	0.090	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
4182	836.4	RMC*	Front	24.14	25.00	2.30	1.219	0.143	0.174	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Rear	24.14	25.00	-0.00	1.219	0.258	0.314	Plot 6
4182	836.4	RMC*	Left	24.14	25.00	1.42	1.219	0.110	0.134	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Right	24.14	25.00	4.17	1.219	0.074	0.090	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Bottom	24.14	25.00	-0.18	1.219	0.056	0.063	

Remark:

1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
3. RMC* - RMC 12.2kbps mode;

SAR Values [WCDMA Band II]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reporte d	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head <SIM1>										
9262	1852.4	RMC*	Left Cheek	24.23	25.00	-2.86	1.194	0.201	0.240	Plot 7
9262	1852.4	RMC*	Left Tilt	24.23	25.00	0.85	1.194	0.123	0.147	
9262	1852.4	RMC*	Right Cheek	24.23	25.00	0.41	1.194	0.084	0.100	
9262	1852.4	RMC*	Right Tilt	24.23	25.00	3.65	1.194	0.052	0.062	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
9262	1852.4	RMC*	Front	24.23	25.00	-0.01	1.194	0.581	0.694	Plot 8
9262	1852.4	RMC*	Rear	24.23	25.00	3.64	1.194	0.347	0.414	
9262	1852.4	RMC*	Left	24.23	25.00	1.57	1.194	0.145	0.173	
9262	1852.4	RMC*	Right	24.23	25.00	-1.23	1.194	0.098	0.117	
9262	1852.4	RMC*	Bottom	24.23	25.00	-0.02	1.194	0.057	0.068	

Remark:

1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
3. RMC* - RMC 12.2kbps mode;

SAR Values [LTE Band 5]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (10M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Head<SIM1>										
20450	829.0	1RB	Left Cheek	23.11	24.00	-0.28	1.227	0.140	0.172	Plot 9
20450	829.0	1RB	Left Tilt	23.11	24.00	1.32	1.227	0.088	0.108	
20450	829.0	1RB	Right Cheek	23.11	24.00	-0.14	1.227	0.039	0.048	
20450	829.0	1RB	Right Tilt	23.11	24.00	0.58	1.227	0.015	0.018	
20450	829.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	21.79	22.00	0.07	1.050	0.098	0.103	
20450	829.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	21.79	22.00	-1.02	1.050	0.064	0.067	
20450	829.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	21.79	22.00	1.34	1.050	0.024	0.025	
20450	829.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	21.79	22.00	-4.06	1.050	0.013	0.014	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
20450	829.0	1RB	Front	23.11	24.00	2.85	1.227	0.149	0.183	
20450	829.0	1RB	Rear	23.11	24.00	-0.23	1.227	0.278	0.341	Plot 10
20450	829.0	1RB	Left	23.11	24.00	0.24	1.227	0.124	0.152	
20450	829.0	1RB	Right	23.11	24.00	-1.47	1.227	0.095	0.117	
20450	829.0	1RB	Bottom	23.11	24.00	1.23	1.227	0.062	0.076	
20450	829.0	50%RB	Front	21.79	22.00	1.17	1.050	0.084	0.088	
20450	829.0	50%RB	Rear	21.79	22.00	2.03	1.050	0.129	0.135	
20450	829.0	50%RB	Left	21.79	22.00	1.47	1.050	0.074	0.078	
20450	829.0	50%RB	Right	21.79	22.00	4.23	1.050	0.052	0.055	
20450	829.0	50%RB	Bottom	21.79	22.00	0.85	1.050	0.031	0.033	

SAR Values [LTE Band 2]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channe / Type (20M)	Test Position	Condu cted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reporte d	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head <SIM1>										
19100	1900	1RB	Left Cheek	20.96	21.00	-0.93	1.009	1.401	1.414	Plot 11
18700	1860	1RB	Left Cheek	20.93	21.00	-2.30	1.016	1.285	1.306	
18900	1880	1RB	Left Cheek	20.70	21.00	0.12	1.072	1.142	1.224	
19100	1900	1RB	Left Tilt	20.96	21.00	2.03	1.009	1.020	1.029	
19100	1900	1RB	Right Cheek	20.96	21.00	4.89	1.009	0.741	0.748	
19100	1900	1RB	Right Tilt	20.96	21.00	1.23	1.009	0.523	0.528	
18900	1880	50%RB	Left Cheek	20.89	21.00	0.74	1.026	0.685	0.703	
18900	1880	50%RB	Left Tilt	20.89	21.00	2.69	1.026	0.432	0.443	
18900	1880	50%RB	Right Cheek	20.89	21.00	1.20	1.026	0.311	0.319	
18900	1880	50%RB	Right Tilt	20.89	21.00	3.06	1.026	0.127	0.130	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
19100	1900	1RB	Front	20.96	21.00	1.58	1.009	0.746	0.753	
19100	1900	1RB	Rear	20.96	21.00	0.29	1.009	1.230	1.241	Plot 12
18700	1860	1RB	Rear	20.93	21.00	1.47	1.016	1.174	1.193	
18900	1880	1RB	Rear	20.70	21.00	0.32	1.072	1.059	1.135	
19100	1900	1RB	Left	20.96	21.00	0.14	1.009	0.756	0.763	
19100	1900	1RB	Right	20.96	21.00	0.22	1.009	0.584	0.589	
19100	1900	1RB	Bottom	20.96	21.00	-1.26	1.009	0.365	0.368	
18900	1880	50%RB	Front	20.89	21.00	1.20	1.026	0.532	0.546	
18900	1880	50%RB	Rear	20.89	21.00	3.62	1.026	0.768	0.788	
18900	1880	50%RB	Left	20.89	21.00	-2.03	1.026	0.454	0.466	
18900	1880	50%RB	Right	20.89	21.00	0.47	1.026	0.231	0.237	
18900	1880	50%RB	Bottom	20.89	21.00	-1.36	1.026	0.123	0.126	

SAR Values [LTE Band 41]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (15M)	Test Position	Conduc ted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Head<SIM1>										
39750	2506.0	1RB	Left Cheek	22.74	23.00	0.13	1.062	0.236	0.251	
39750	2506.0	1RB	Left Tilt	22.74	23.00	0.85	1.062	0.124	0.132	
39750	2506.0	1RB	Right Cheek	22.74	23.00	-4.19	1.062	0.463	0.492	Plot 13
39750	2506.0	1RB	Right Tilt	22.74	23.00	1.23	1.062	0.256	0.272	
39750	2506.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	21.45	22.00	-0.32	1.135	0.123	0.140	
39750	2506.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	21.45	22.00	-1.77	1.135	0.085	0.096	
39750	2506.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	21.45	22.00	-0.31	1.135	0.056	0.064	
39750	2506.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	21.45	22.00	1.46	1.135	0.032	0.036	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
39750	2506.0	1RB	Front	22.74	23.00	-1.14	1.062	0.224	0.238	
39750	2506.0	1RB	Rear	22.74	23.00	1.50	1.062	0.361	0.383	Plot 14
39750	2506.0	1RB	Left	22.74	23.00	2.04	1.062	0.125	0.133	
39750	2506.0	1RB	Right	22.74	23.00	2.30	1.062	0.074	0.079	
39750	2506.0	1RB	Bottom	22.74	23.00	-1.47	1.062	0.056	0.059	
39750	2506.0	50%RB	Front	21.45	22.00	0.23	1.135	0.123	0.140	
39750	2506.0	50%RB	Rear	21.45	22.00	3.69	1.135	0.230	0.261	
39750	2506.0	50%RB	Left	21.45	22.00	-0.13	1.135	0.096	0.109	
39750	2506.0	50%RB	Right	21.45	22.00	2.85	1.135	0.043	0.049	
39750	2506.0	50%RB	Bottom	21.45	22.00	1.23	1.135	0.017	0.019	

Remark:

1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [WIFI2.4G]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head<SIM1>										
1	2412.0	802.11n20	Left Cheek	13.85	14.00	3.38	1.035	0.012	0.012	Plot 15
1	2412.0	802.11n20	Left Tilt	13.85	14.00	1.23	1.035	0.187	0.010	
1	2412.0	802.11n20	Right Cheek	13.85	14.00	0.14	1.035	0.008	0.008	
1	2412.0	802.11n20	Right Tilt	13.85	14.00	-0.79	1.035	0.005	0.005	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
1	2412.0	802.11n20	Front	13.85	14.00	-0.56	1.035	0.008	0.008	
1	2412.0	802.11n20	Rear	13.85	14.00	2.41	1.035	0.011	0.011	Plot 16
1	2412.0	802.11n20	Left	13.85	14.00	1.30	1.035	0.007	0.007	
1	2412.0	802.11n20	Top	13.85	14.00	0.84	1.035	0.005	0.005	

Remark:

1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [WIFI5.2G]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head<SIM1>										
40	5200.0	802.11a	Left Cheek	8.78	9.00	-0.67	1.052	0.056	0.059	Plot 17
40	5200.0	802.11a	Left Tilt	8.78	9.00	1.43	1.052	0.041	0.043	
40	5200.0	802.11a	Right Cheek	8.78	9.00	0.25	1.052	0.023	0.024	
40	5200.0	802.11a	Right Tilt	8.78	9.00	1.46	1.052	0.018	0.019	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
40	5200.0	802.11a	Front	8.78	9.00	-4.32	1.052	0.023	0.024	
40	5200.0	802.11a	Rear	8.78	9.00	0.07	1.052	0.047	0.049	Plot 18
40	5200.0	802.11a	Left	8.78	9.00	2.30	1.052	0.021	0.022	
40	5200.0	802.11a	Top	8.78	9.00	0.15	1.052	0.013	0.014	

Remark:

1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [WIFI5.8G]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head<SIM1>										
149	5745	802.11a	Left Cheek	10.53	11.00	-1.07	1.114	0.021	0.023	Plot 19
149	5745	802.11a	Left Tilt	10.53	11.00	2.13	1.114	0.013	0.014	
149	5745	802.11a	Right Cheek	10.53	11.00	0.85	1.114	0.010	0.011	
149	5745	802.11a	Right Tilt	10.53	11.00	1.71	1.114	0.008	0.009	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
149	5745	802.11a	Front	10.53	11.00	0.23	1.114	0.013	0.014	
149	5745	802.11a	Rear	10.53	11.00	0.12	1.114	0.020	0.022	Plot 20
149	5745	802.11a	Left	10.53	11.00	-0.74	1.114	0.011	0.012	
149	5745	802.11a	Top	10.53	11.00	-2.36	1.114	0.009	0.010	

Remark:

1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

4.3.2 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations and Estimated SAR

Per KDB447498 requires when the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion;

- (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [√ f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm

Per FCC KD B447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg. When the sum is greater than the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5}}{(\text{peak location separation, mm})} < 0.04$$

Estimated stand alone SAR					
Communication system	Frequency (MHz)	Configuration	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)
Bluetooth*	2450	Head	1.00	5	0.053
Bluetooth*	2450	Hotspot	1.00	10	0.026
Bluetooth*	2450	Body-worn	1.00	10	0.026

Remark:

1. Bluetooth*- Including Lower power Bluetooth
2. Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;
3. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion
4. Body as body use distance is 10mm from manufacturer declaration of user manual

4.4 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

4.4.1 Introduction

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. The device has 4 antennas, WWAN main antenna, WWAN diversity antenna(RX only), NFC antenna(RX only) and WiFi/BT antenna supports 2.4Wi-Fi, 5.2GWi-Fi, 5.8GWi-Fi and BT. The 2 TX antennas can always transmit simultaneously. The work mode combination is showed as below table.;

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Combination No.	Mode
1	WWAN+WIFI
2	WWAN+BT

4.4.2 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

Head Exposure Conditions

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.2G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.8G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. Σ SAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.420	0.069	0.012	0.059	0.023	0.479	1.6	no	no
Left Tilt	0.214	0.054	0.010	0.043	0.014	0.257	1.6	no	no
Right Cheek	0.144	0.042	0.008	0.024	0.011	0.168	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.093	0.018	0.005	0.019	0.009	0.112	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.2G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.8G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. Σ SAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.105	0.240	0.012	0.059	0.023	0.299	1.6	no	no
Left Tilt	0.066	0.147	0.010	0.043	0.014	0.190	1.6	no	no
Right Cheek	0.169	0.100	0.008	0.024	0.011	0.193	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.090	0.062	0.005	0.019	0.009	0.109	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position			
	Left Cheek	Left Tilt	Right Cheek	Right Tilt
LTE Band5	0.172	0.108	0.048	0.018
LTE Band2	1.414	1.029	0.748	0.528
LTE Band41	0.251	0.132	0.492	0.272
WiFi2.4G	0.012	0.010	0.008	0.005
WiFi5.2G	0.059	0.043	0.025	0.019
WiFi5.8G	0.023	0.014	0.011	0.009
MAX. Σ SAR1-g (W/kg)	1.473	1.072	0.772	0.547
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. Σ SAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.420	0.069	0.053	0.473	1.6	no	no
LeftTilt	0.214	0.054	0.053	0.267	1.6	no	no
Right Cheek	0.144	0.042	0.053	0.197	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.093	0.018	0.053	0.146	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. Σ SAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.105	0.240	0.053	0.293	1.6	no	no
LeftTilt	0.066	0.147	0.053	0.200	1.6	no	no
RightChek	0.169	0.100	0.053	0.222	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.090	0.062	0.053	0.143	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position			
	Left Cheek	Left Tilt	Right Cheek	Right Tilt
LTE Band5	0.172	0.108	0.048	0.018
LTE Band2	1.414	1.029	0.748	0.528
LTE Band41	0.251	0.132	0.492	0.272
BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	0.053	0.053	0.053	0.053
MAX. Σ SAR1-g (W/kg)	1.467	1.082	0.801	0.581
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no

Body Hotspot Exposure Conditions

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.2G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.8G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. Σ SAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.319	0.252	0.008	0.024	0.014	0.343	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.383	0.127	0.011	0.049	0.022	0.432	1.6	no	no
Left	0.153	0.083	0.007	0.022	0.012	0.175	1.6	no	no
Right	0.096	0.066	/	/	/	0.096	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.061	0.037	/	/	/	0.061	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	0.005	0.014	0.010	0.014	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.2G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi5.8G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. Σ SAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.174	0.694	0.008	0.024	0.014	0.718	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.314	0.414	0.011	0.049	0.022	0.463	1.6	no	no
Left	0.134	0.173	0.007	0.022	0.012	0.195	1.6	no	no
Right	0.090	0.117	/	/	/	0.117	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.063	0.068	/	/	/	0.068	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	0.005	0.014	0.010	0.014	1.6	no	no

SAR for WiFi and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position					
	Front	Rear	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
LTE Band5	0.108	0.341	0.152	0.117	0.076	/
LTE Band2	0.753	1.241	0.763	0.589	0.368	/
LTE Band41	0.238	0.383	0.133	0.079	0.059	/
WiFi2.4G	0.008	0.011	0.007	/	/	0.005
WiFi5.2G	0.024	0.049	0.022	/	/	0.014
WiFi5.8G	0.014	0.022	0.012	/	/	0.010
MAX. Σ SAR1-g (W/kg)	0.777	1.290	0.785	0.589	0.368	0.014
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. Σ SAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.319	0.252	0.026	0.345	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.383	0.127	0.026	0.409	1.6	no	no
Left	0.153	0.083	0.026	0.179	1.6	no	no
Right	0.096	0.066	/	0.096	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.061	0.037	/	0.061	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	0.026	0.026	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. Σ SAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.174	0.694	0.026	0.720	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.314	0.414	0.026	0.440	1.6	no	no
Left	0.134	0.173	0.026	0.199	1.6	no	no
Right	0.090	0.117	/	0.117	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.063	0.068	/	0.068	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	0.026	0.026	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position					
	Front	Rear	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
LTE Band5	0.108	0.341	0.152	0.117	0.076	/
LTE Band7	0.753	1.241	0.763	0.589	0.368	/
LTE Band41	0.238	0.383	0.133	0.079	0.059	/
BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	0.026	0.026	0.026	/	/	0.026
MAX. Σ SAR1-g (W/kg)	0.779	1.267	0.789	0.589	0.368	0.026
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	no

Note:

1. The WiFi and BT share same antenna, so cannot transmit at same time.
2. The value with **block** color is the maximum values of standalone
3. The value with blue color is the maximum values of Σ SAR_{1-g}

4.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with $\leq 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.¹⁹ The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be

considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783. Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

- 3) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 4) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 5) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .
- 6) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Configuration	Test Position	Repeated SAR (yes/no)	Highest Measured SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	First Repeated	
						Measured SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
835	GSM850	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.394	n/a	n/a
	WCDMA Band V	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.258	n/a	n/a
	LTE Band 5	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.278	n/a	n/a
1900	GSM1900	Standalone	Body-Front	no	0.224	n/a	n/a
	WCDMA Band II	Standalone	Body-Front	no	0.581	n/a	n/a
2450	2.4GWLAN	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.012	n/a	n/a
5000-6000	LTE Band 2	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	1.401	1.328	1.055
	LTE Band 41	Standalone	Cheek-Right	no	0.463	n/a	n/a
	5.2GWLAN	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.056	n/a	n/a
	5.8GWLAN	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.021	n/a	n/a

Remark:

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively)

4.6 General description of test procedures

1. The DUT is tested using CMU 200 communications testers as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.
2. Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
3. Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
4. Tests in head position with GSM were performed in voice mode with 1 timeslot unless GPRS/EGPRS/DTM function allows parallel voice and data traffic on 2 or more timeslots.
5. UMTS was tested in RMC mode with 12.2 kbit/s and TPC bits set to 'all 1'.
6. WiFi was tested in 802.11b/g/n mode with 1 Mbit/s and 6 Mbit/s. According to KDB 248227 the SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required since When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
7. Required WiFi test channels were selected according to KDB 248227
8. According to FCC KDB pub 248227 D01, When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement and when there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.
9. According to FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 this device has been tested with 10 mm distance to the phantom for operation in WiFi hot spot mode.
10. Per FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 the edges with antennas within 2.5 cm are required to be evaluated for SAR to cover WiFi hot spot function.
11. According to IEEE 1528 the SAR test shall be performed at middle channel. Testing of top and bottom channel is optional.
12. According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

13. IEEE 1528-2003 require the middle channel to be tested first. This generally applies to wireless devices that are designed to operate in technologies with tight tolerances for maximum output power variations across channels in the band.
14. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $< 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.
15. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, using the same wireless mode test configuration for voice and data, such as UMTS, LTE and Wi-Fi, and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface)
16. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.
17. Per KDB648474 D04 require for phablet SAR test considerations. For R550 Data Collectors with a display diagonal dimension $> 15.0 \text{ cm}$ or an overall diagonal dimension $> 16.0 \text{ cm}$, When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.
18. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.

4.7 Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-6GHz)

Not required as SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is $\geq 1.5 \text{ W/kg}$ for 1-g SAR according to KDB865664D01.

4.8 System Check Results

Test mode:835MHz(Head)

Product Description:Validation

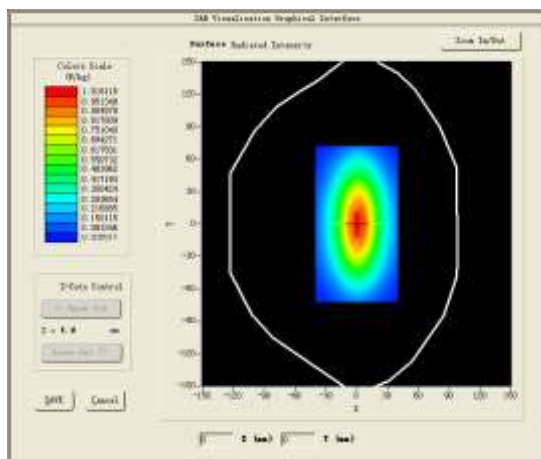
Model:Dipole SID835

E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

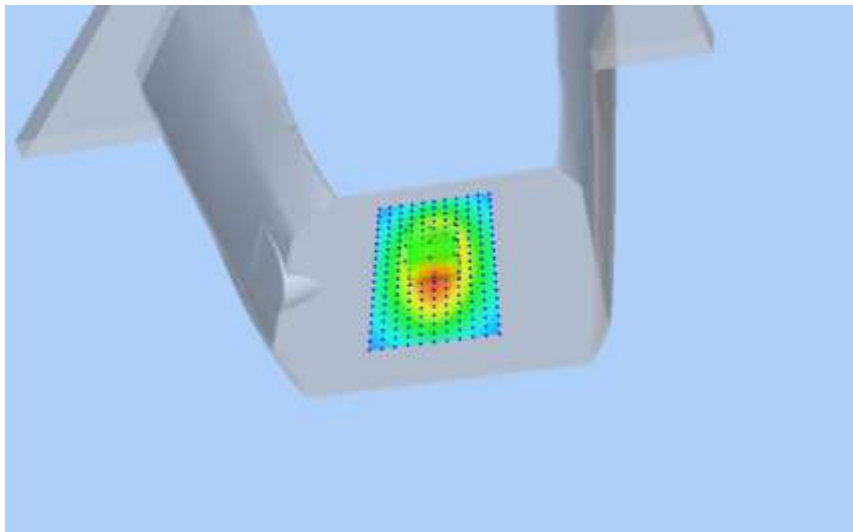
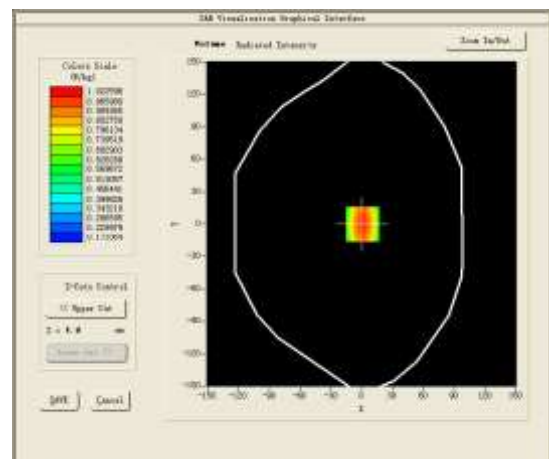
Test Date: July 09, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	835.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.82
Conductivity (S/m)	0.92
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Variation (%)	2.030000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.639431
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.923157

SURFACE SAR

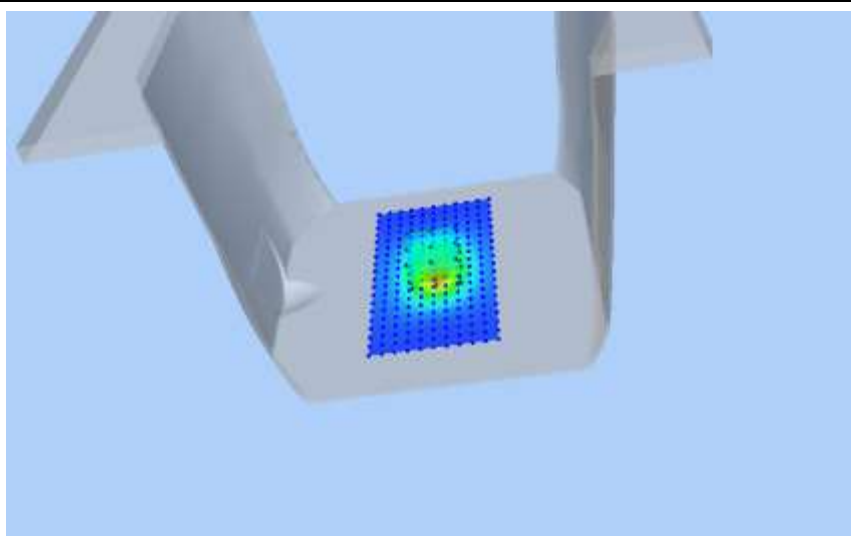
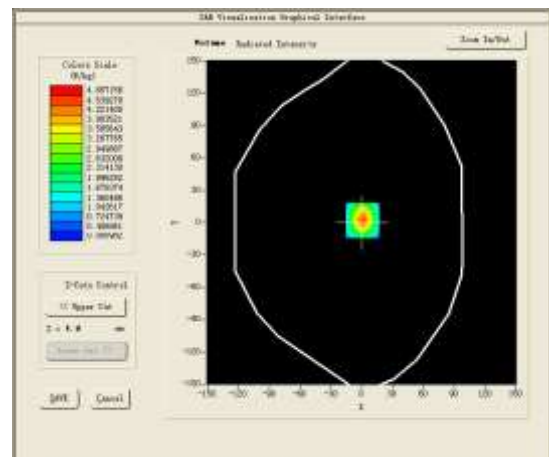
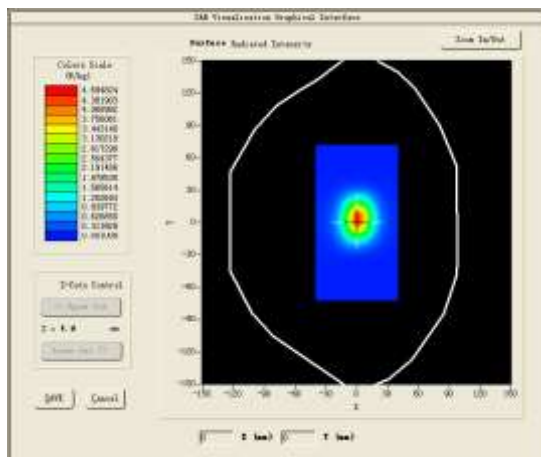


VOLUME SAR



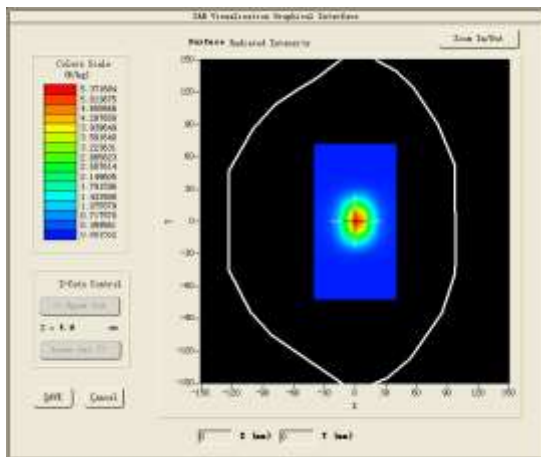
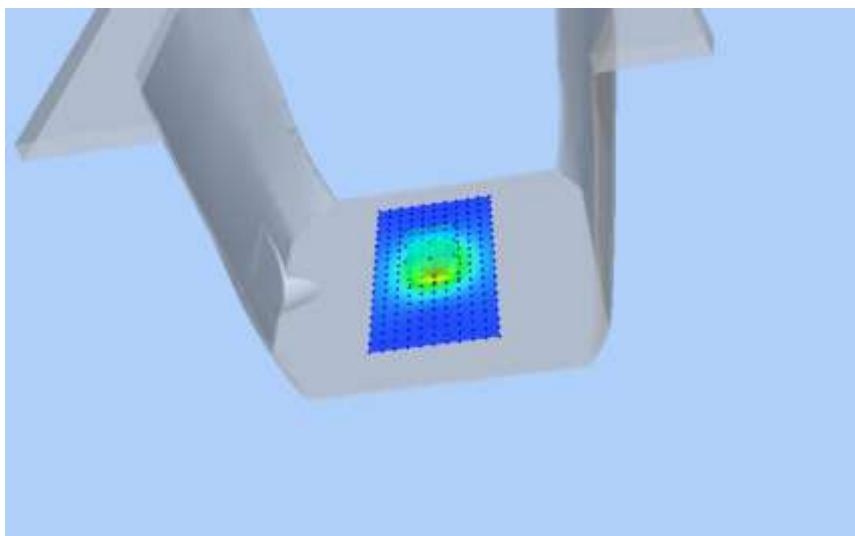
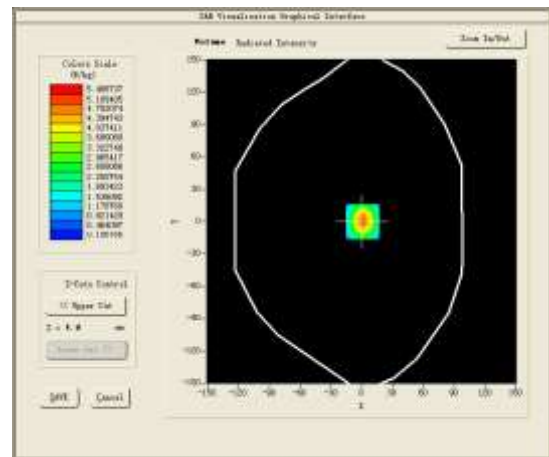
Test mode:1900MHz(Head)
 Product Description:Validation
 Model :Dipole SID1900
 E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
 Test Date: July 10, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.56
Conductivity (S/m)	1.37
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Variation (%)	-1.200000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.096152
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.911087
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



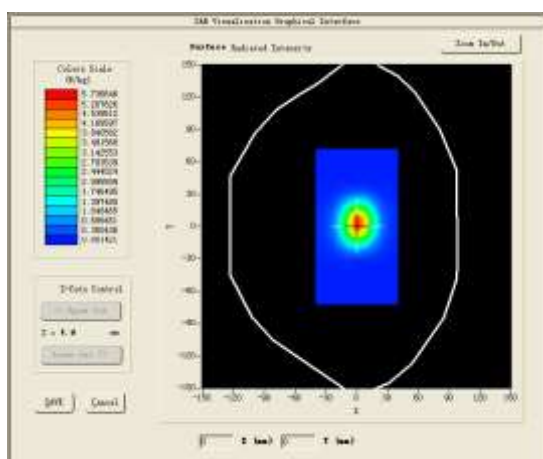
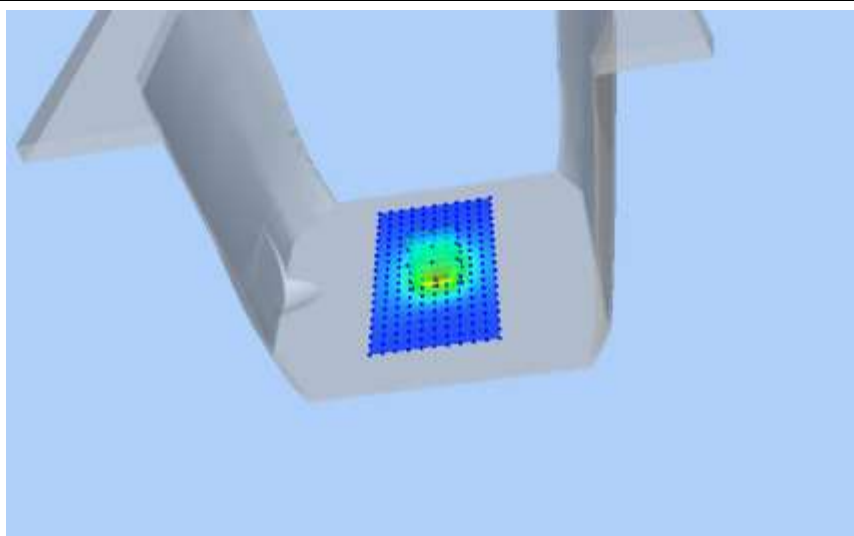
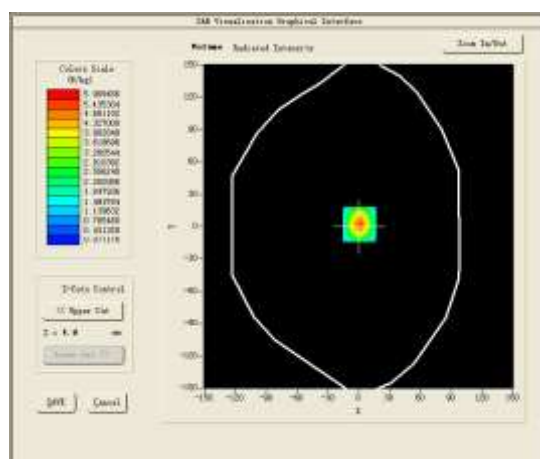
Test mode:2450MHz(Head)
 Product Description:Validation
 Model:Dipole SID2450
 E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPG0324)
 Test Date: July 13, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.70
Conductivity (S/m)	1.84
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.91
Variation (%)	-0.080000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.521154
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.487324

SURFACE SAR**VOLUME SAR**

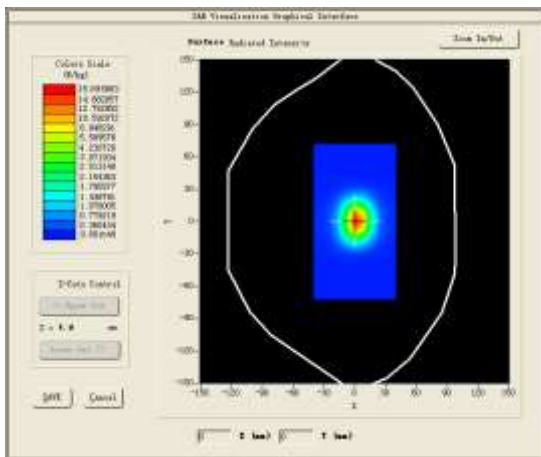
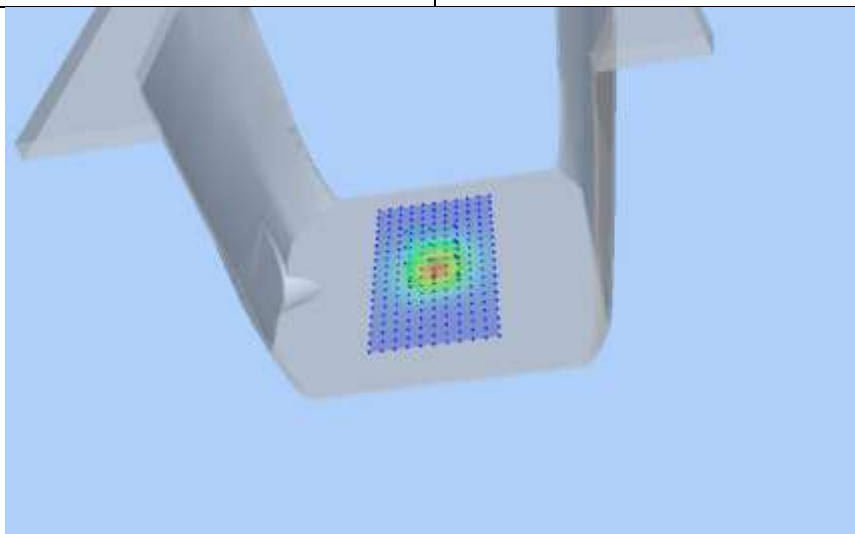
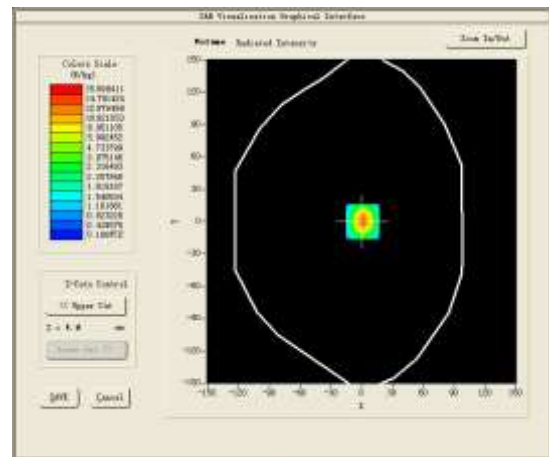
Test mode:2600MHz(Head)
 Product Description:Validation
 Model:Dipole SID2600
 E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPG0324)
 Test Date: July 14, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2600.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.43
Conductivity (S/m)	1.92
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.89
Variation (%)	3.140000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.246034
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.747264

SURFACE SAR**VOLUME SAR**

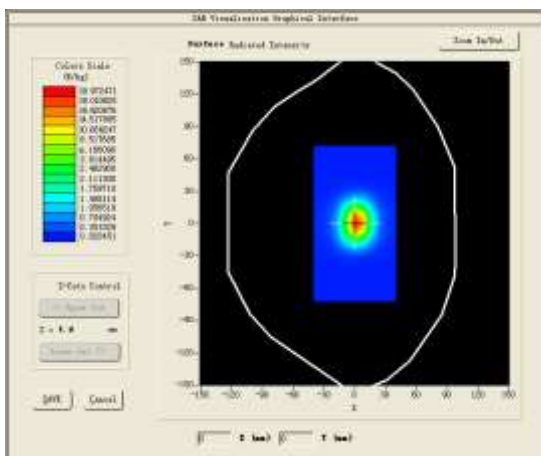
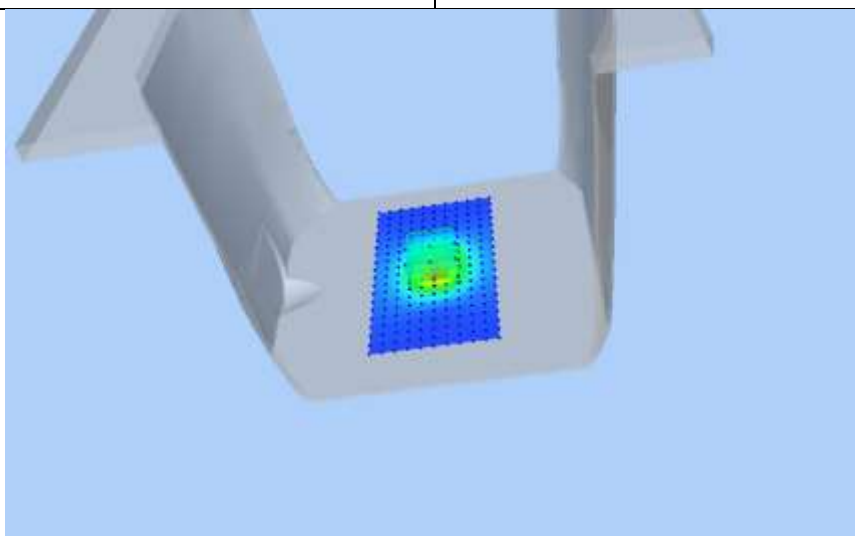
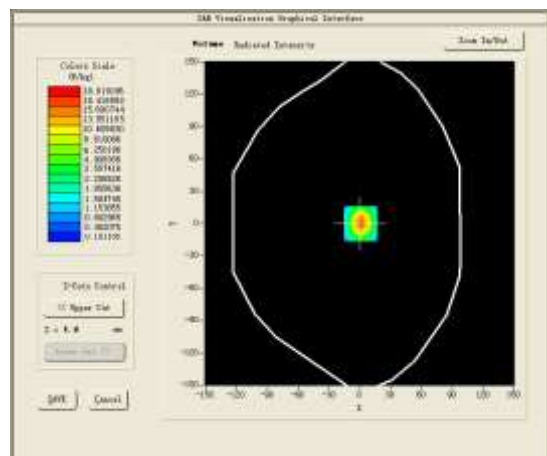
Test mode:5200MHz(Head)
 Product Description:Validation
 Model:Dipole SID5000
 E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
 Test Date: July 15, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5000
Frequency (MHz)	5000.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.25
Conductivity (S/m)	4.48
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Variation (%)	2.870000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.532245
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	16.109257

SURFACE SAR**VOLUME SAR**

Test mode:5800MHz(Head)
 Product Description:Validation
 Model:Dipole SID5000
 E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
 Test Date: July 17, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5000
Frequency (MHz)	5000.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.12
Conductivity (S/m)	5.33
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Variation (%)	-0.390000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.478417
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	18.301284

SURFACE SAR**VOLUME SAR**

4.10 SAR Test Graph Results

SAR plots for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination according to FCC KDB 865664 D02;

#1

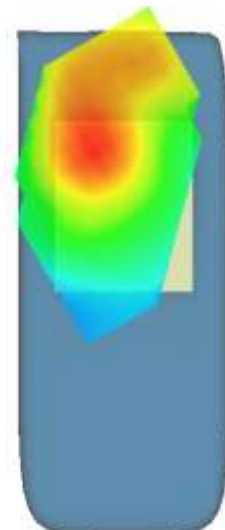
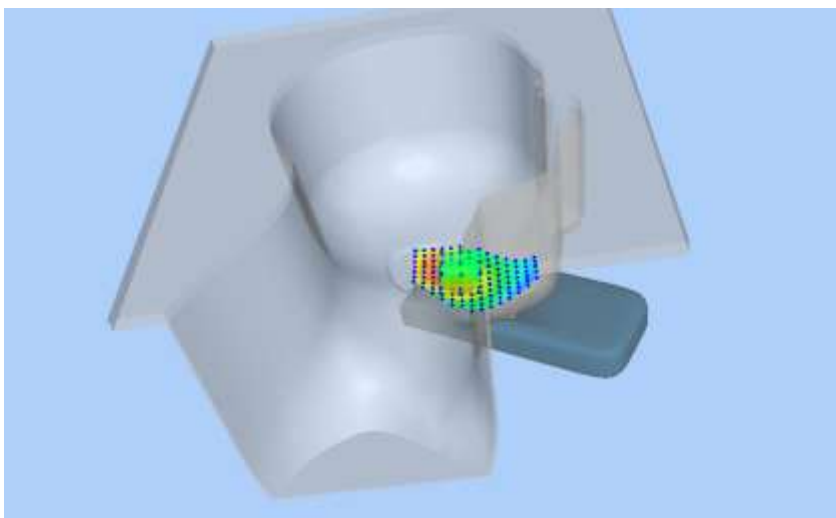
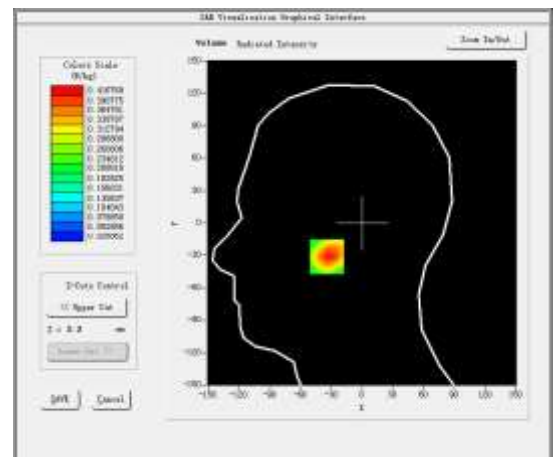
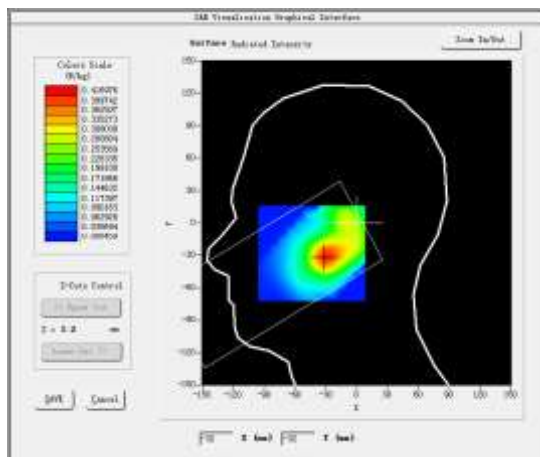
Test Mode: GSM 850MHz, Middle channel (Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 09, 2020

Medium (liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.20
Conductivity (S/m)	0.88
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	8.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.900000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.230740
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.393686
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#2

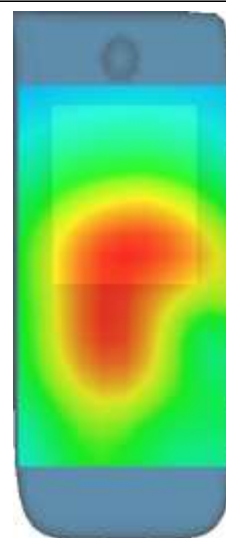
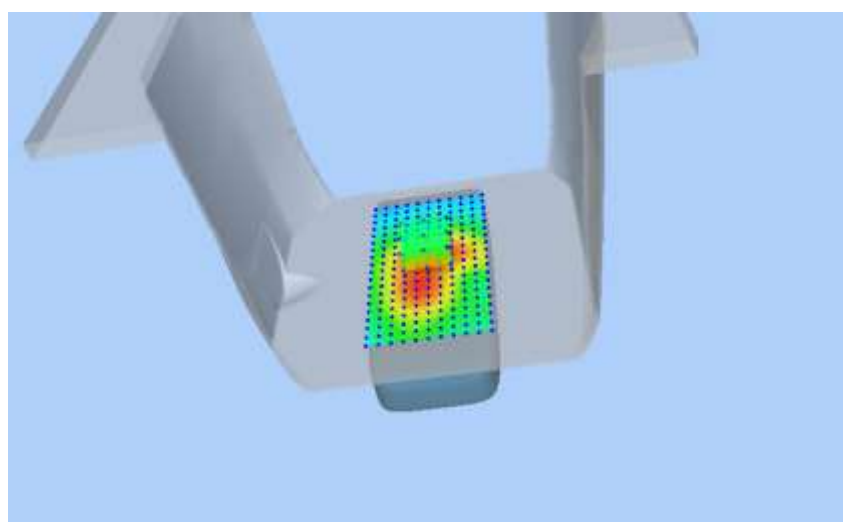
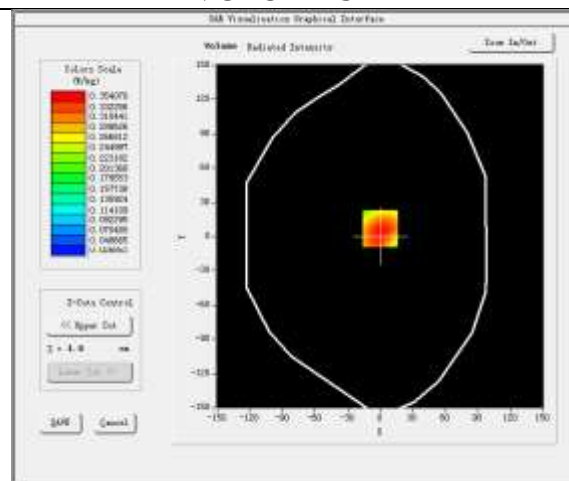
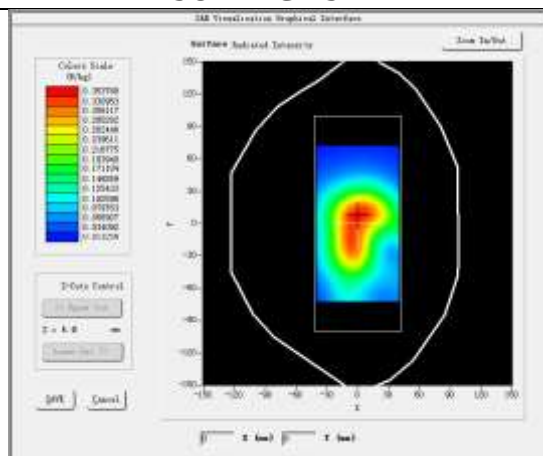
Test Mode: Hotspot GSM850MHz,High channel(Body Rear Side)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 09, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	848.8000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.23
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	2.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.310000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.199960
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.341185
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#3

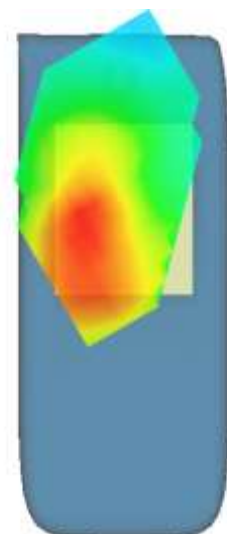
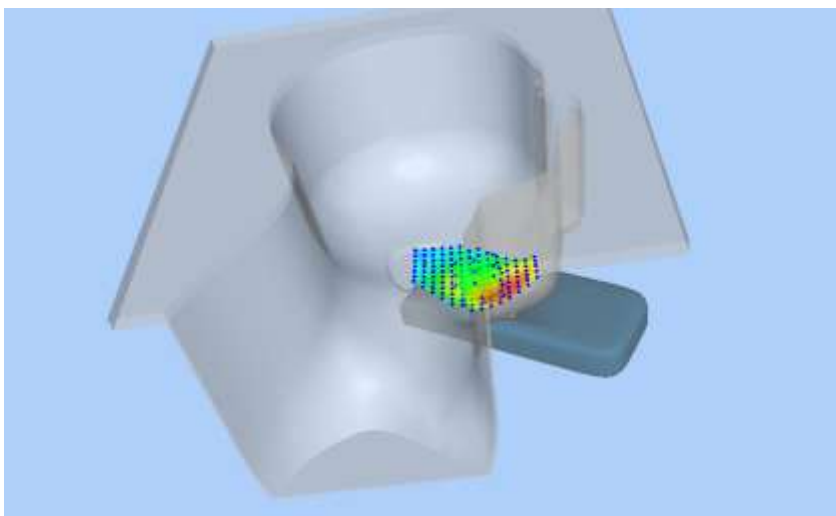
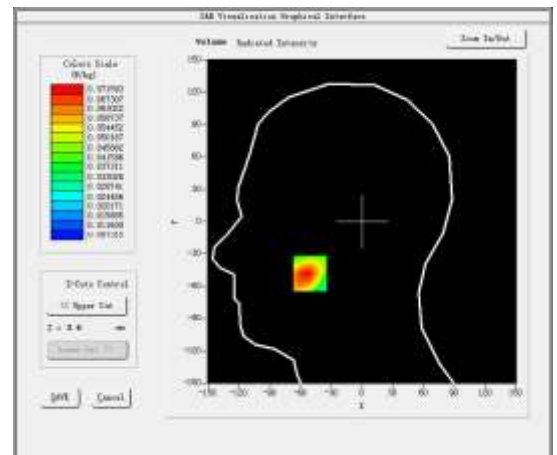
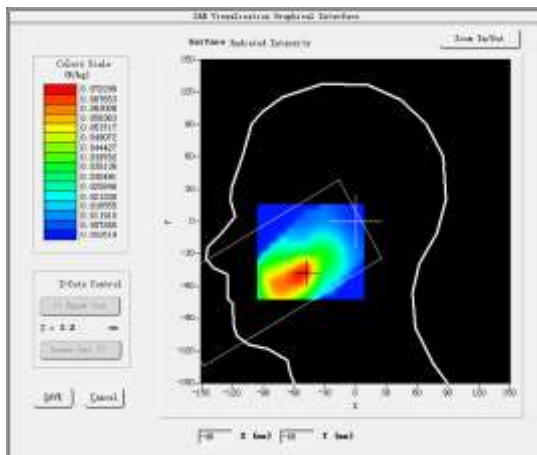
Test Mode: GSM 1900MHz, Middle channel (Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 10, 2020

Medium (liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.86
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	8.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.620000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.043066
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.068819
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#4

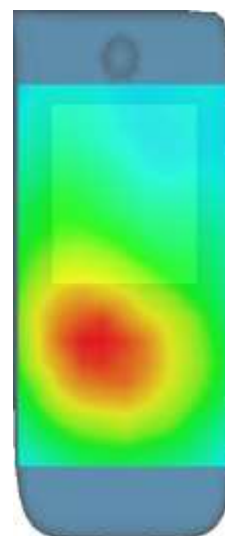
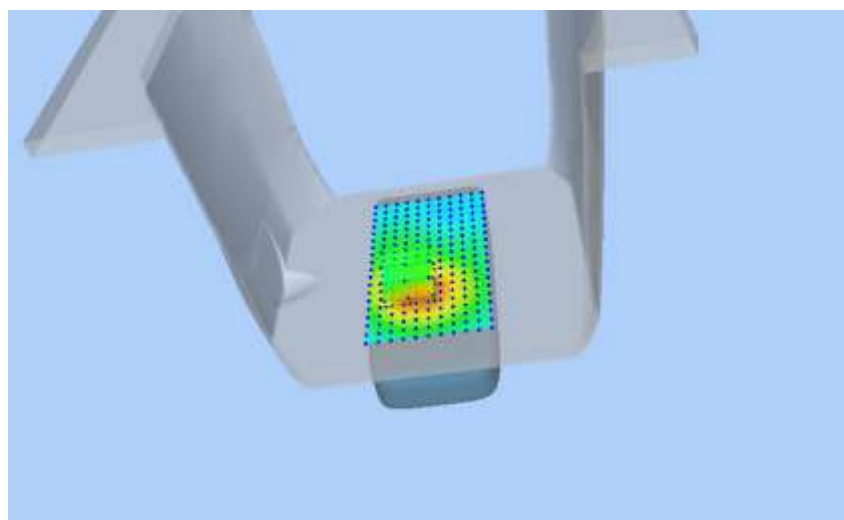
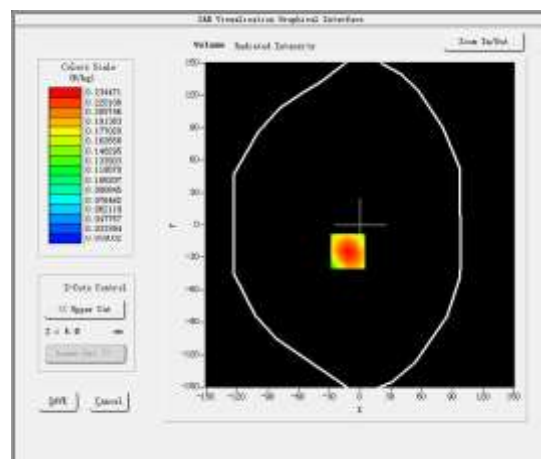
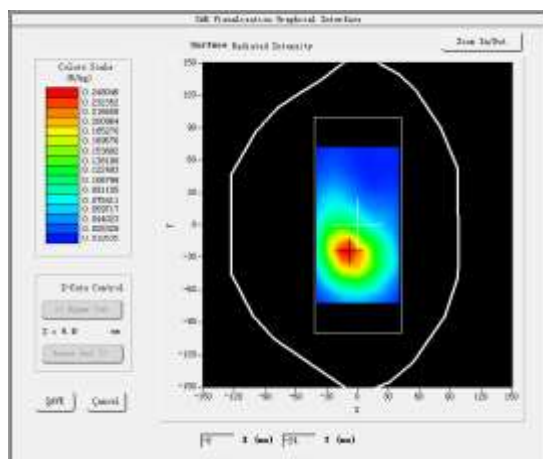
Test Mode: Hotspot GPRS1900MHz,Middle channel(Body Front Side)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 10, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.75
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	4.650000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.142770
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.224400
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#5

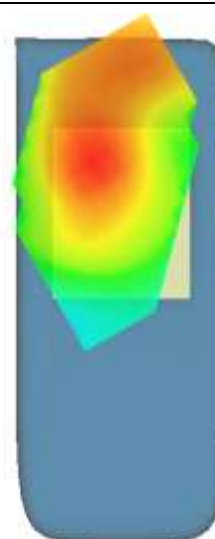
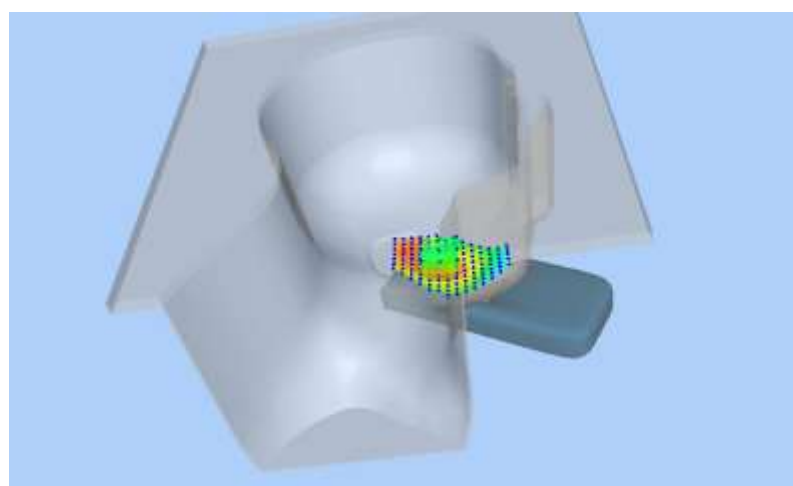
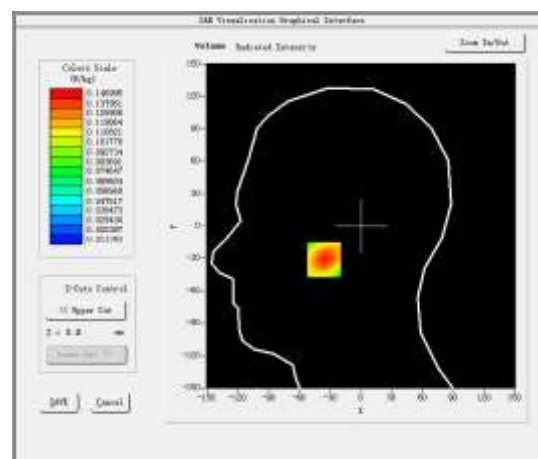
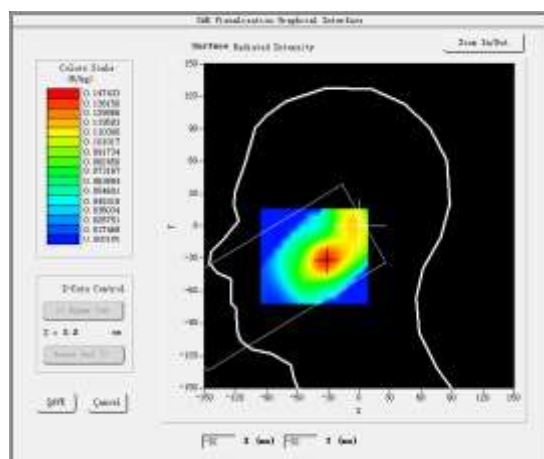
Test Mode: WCDMA Band V, Middle channel (Head Right Cheek)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 09, 2020

Medium (liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.4000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.36
Conductivity (S/m)	0.93
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.250000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.083536
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.139053
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#6

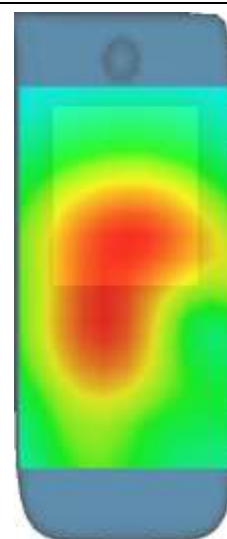
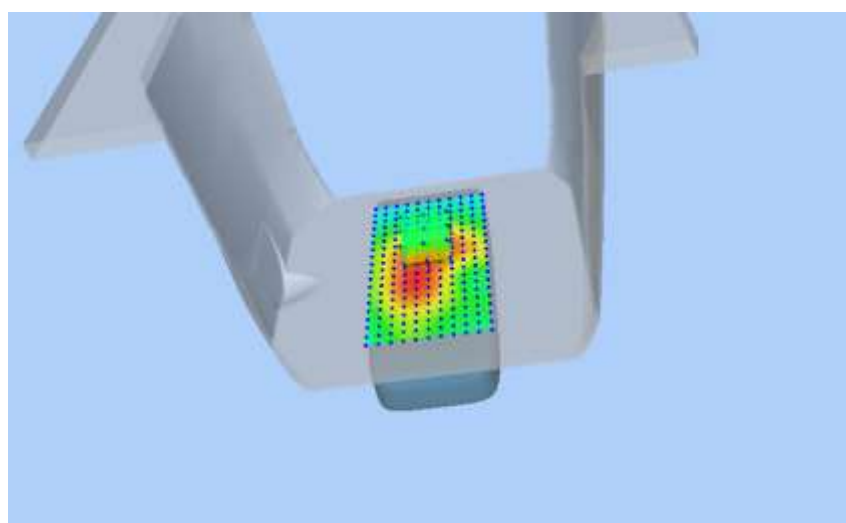
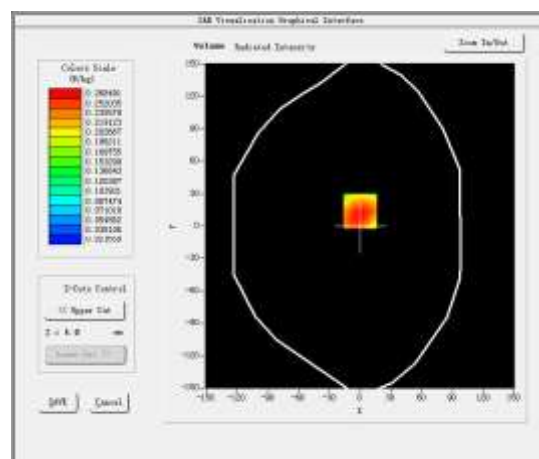
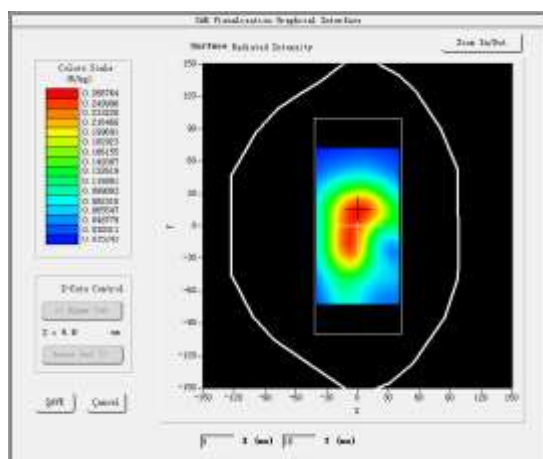
Test Mode: Hotspot WCDMA Band V,Middle channel(Body Rear Side)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 09, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.4000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.62
Conductivity (S/m)	0.87
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.152981
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.258446
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#7

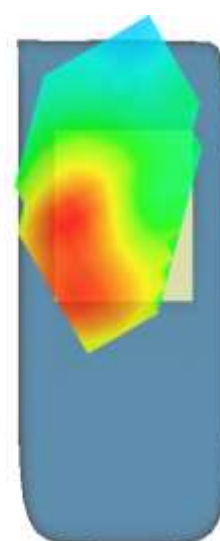
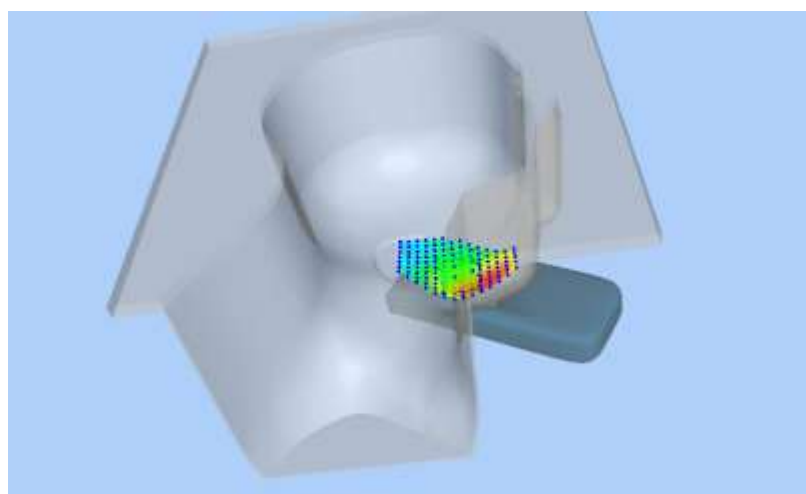
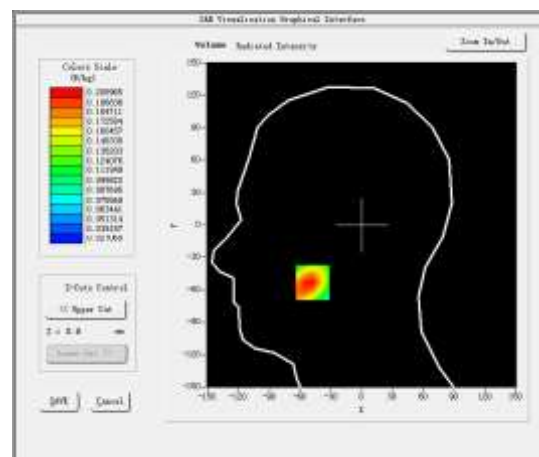
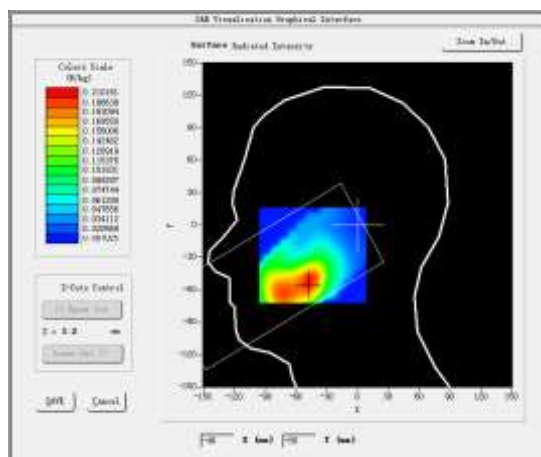
Test Mode: WCDMA Band II, Low channel (Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 10, 2020

Medium (liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.22
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-2.860000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.128044
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.200632
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#8

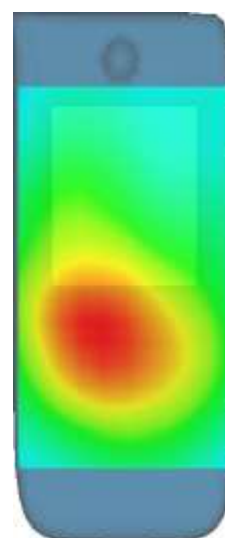
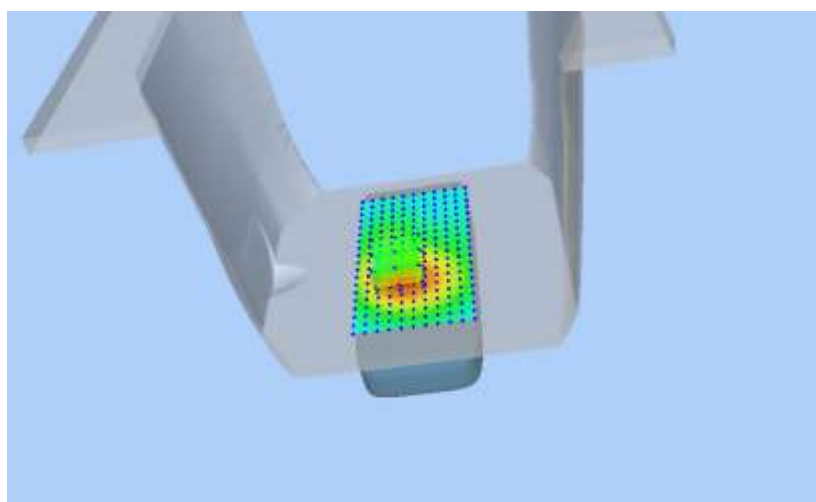
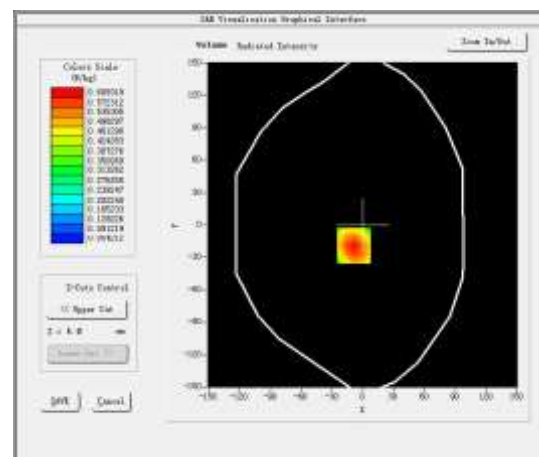
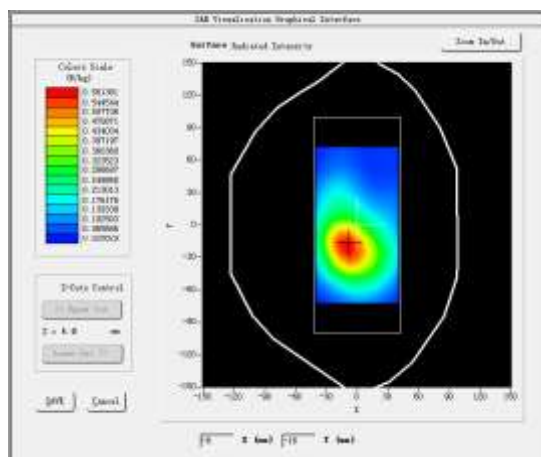
Test Mode: Hotspot WCDMA Band II, Low channel (Body Front Side)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 10, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.45
Conductivity (S/m)	1.37
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.010000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.369979
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.580584
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#9

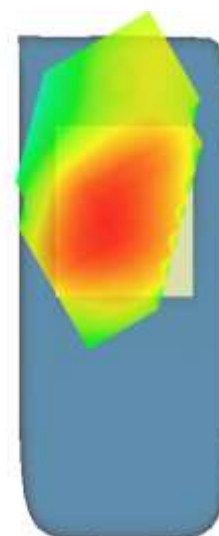
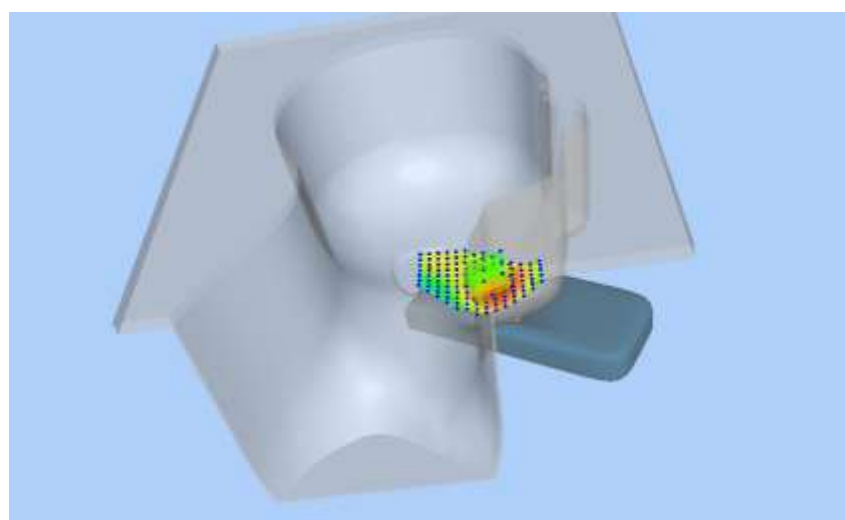
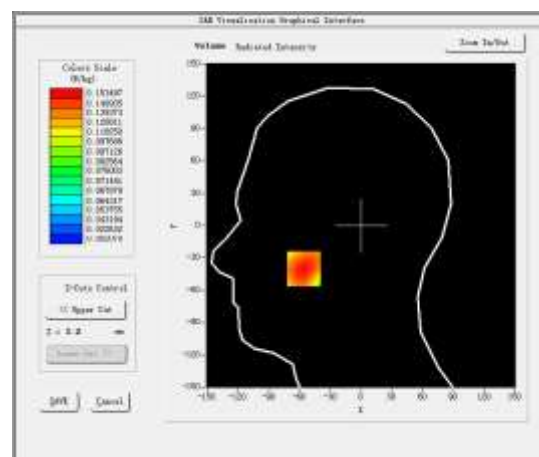
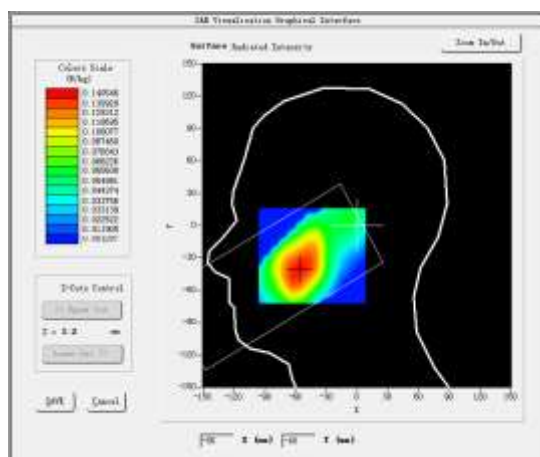
Test Mode: LTE Band 5, 1RB, Low channel (Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 09, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	829.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.68
Conductivity (S/m)	0.89
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.280000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.072674
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.140337
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#10

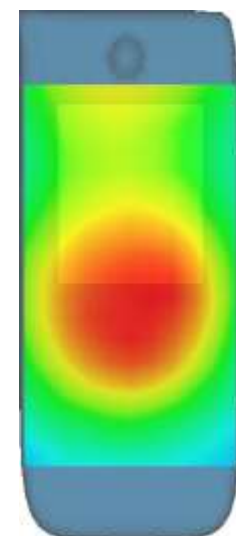
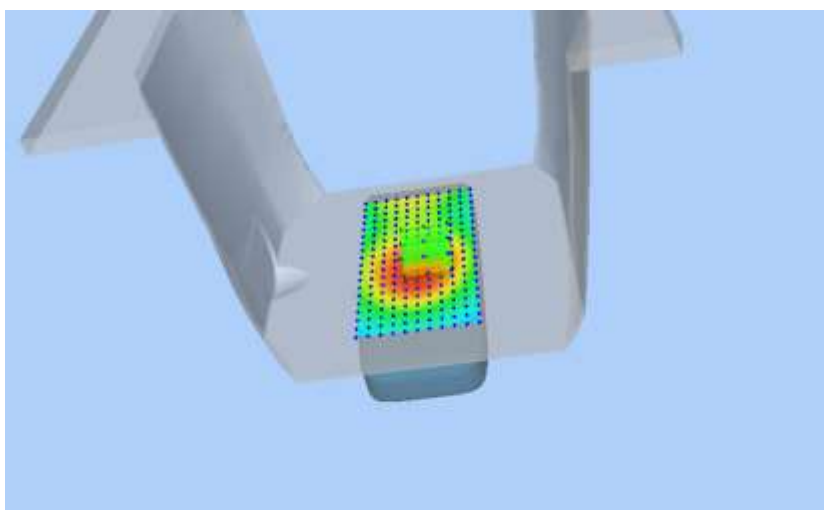
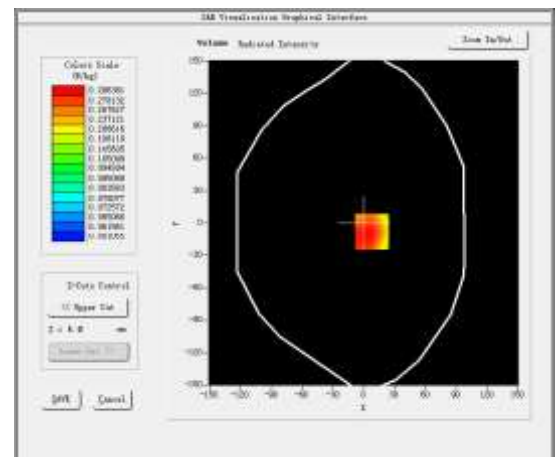
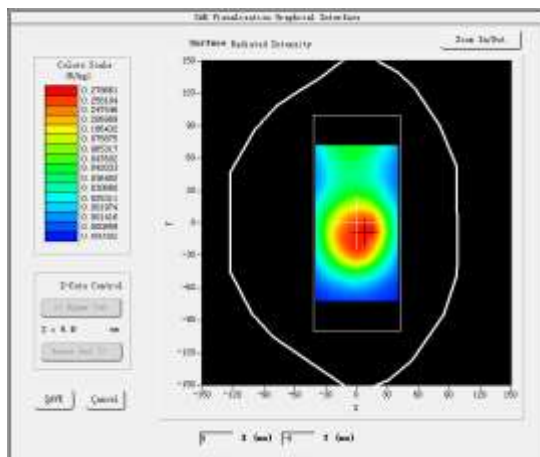
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 5, 1RB, Low channel (Body Rear Side)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 09, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	829.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.68
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.230000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.125669
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.278411
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#11

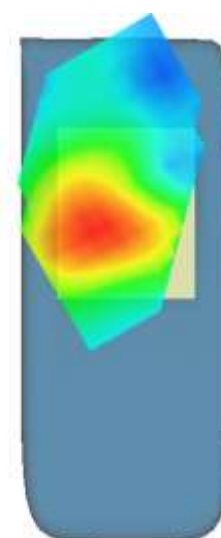
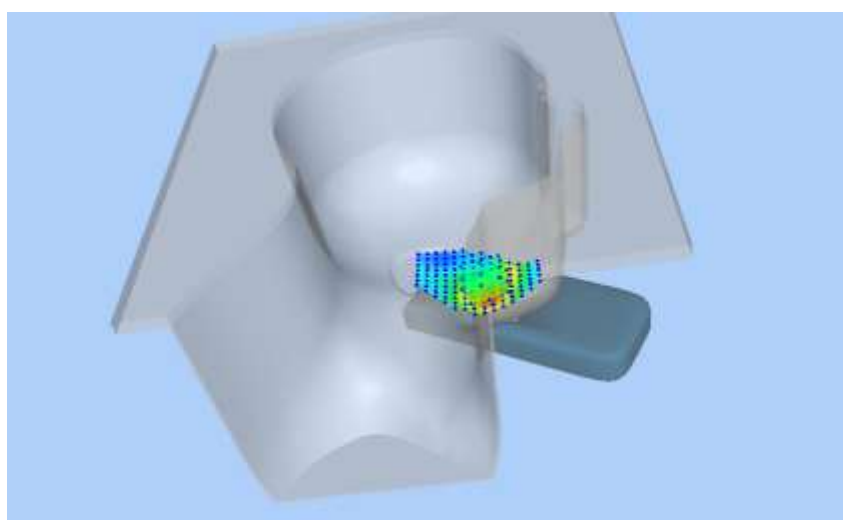
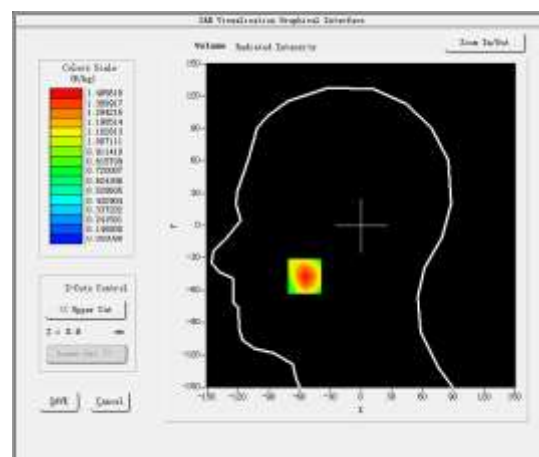
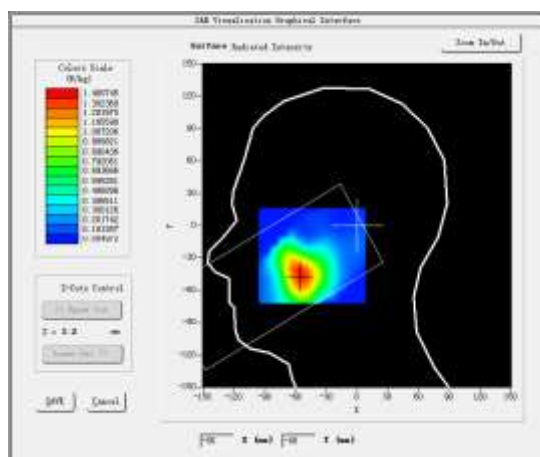
Test Mode: LTE Band 2, 1RB, High channel (Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 14, 2020

Medium (liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.62
Conductivity (S/m)	1.93
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.89
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.930000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.792222
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.401061
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#12

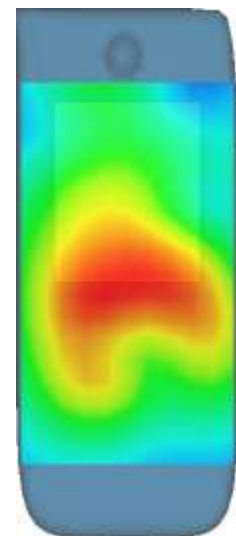
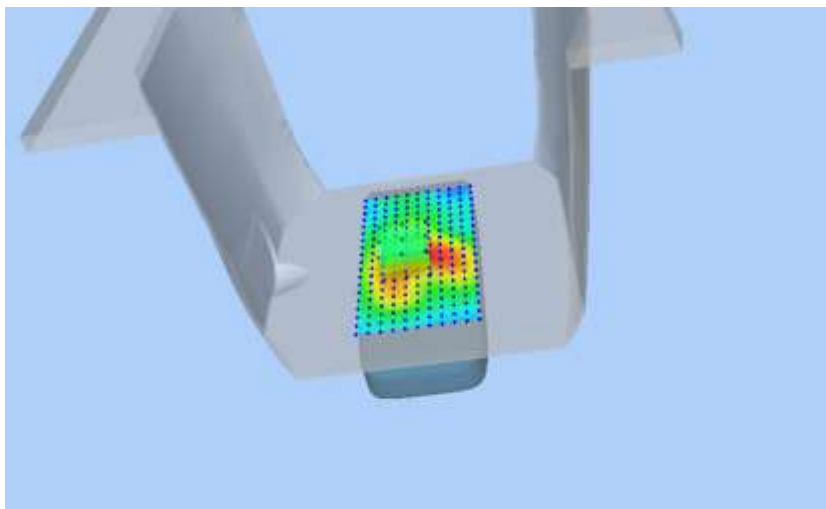
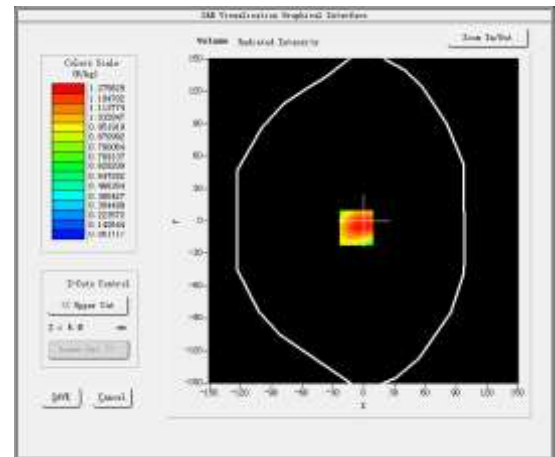
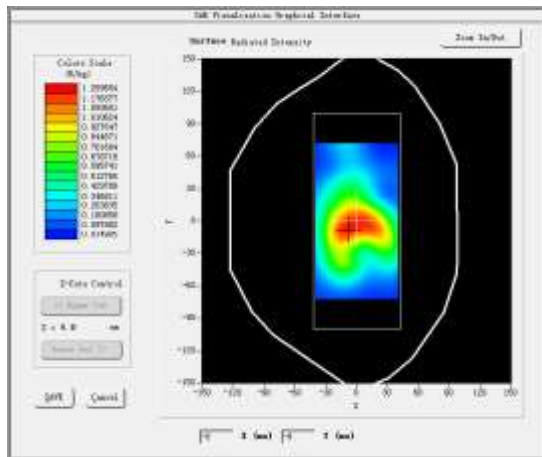
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 2, 1RB, High channel (Body Rear Side)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 14, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.49
Conductivity (S/m)	1.92
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.89
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.290000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.731046
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.230361
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#13

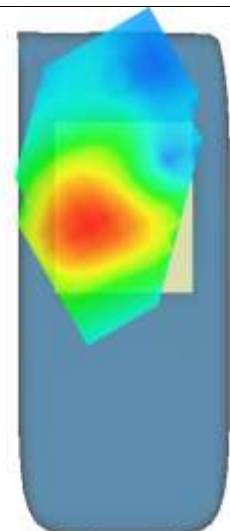
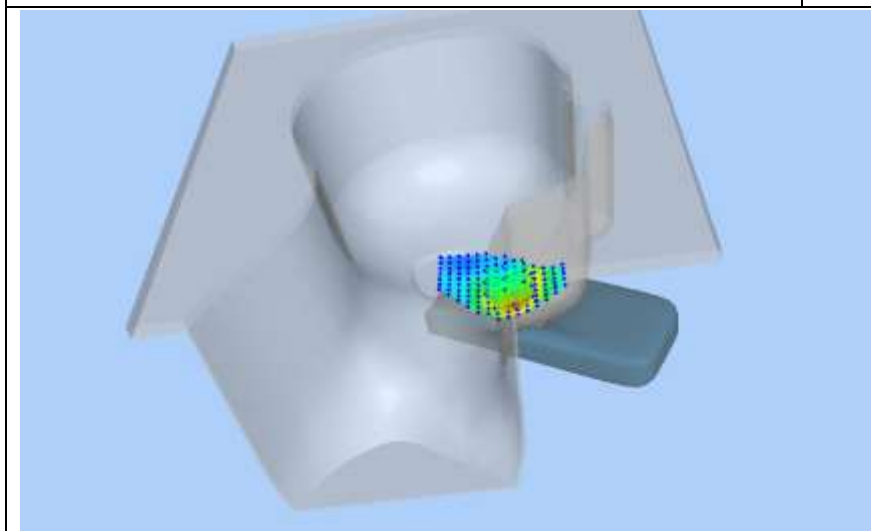
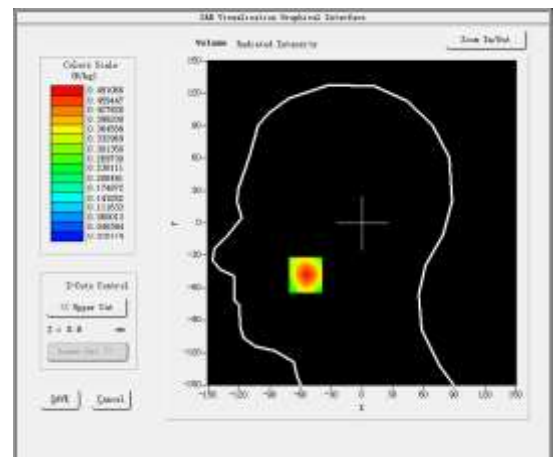
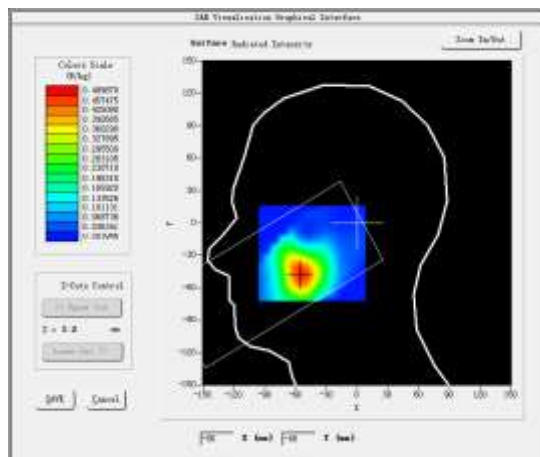
Test Mode: LTE Band 41, 1RB, Low channel (Head Right Cheek)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 14, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2506.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.63
Conductivity (S/m)	1.92
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.58
Conversion Factor	1.89
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-4.190000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.258534
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.463150
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#14

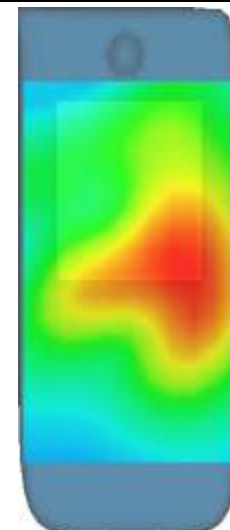
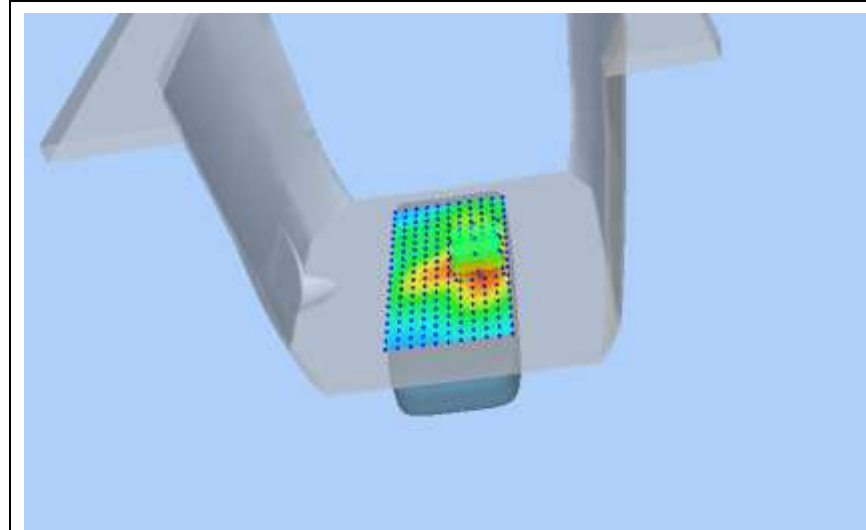
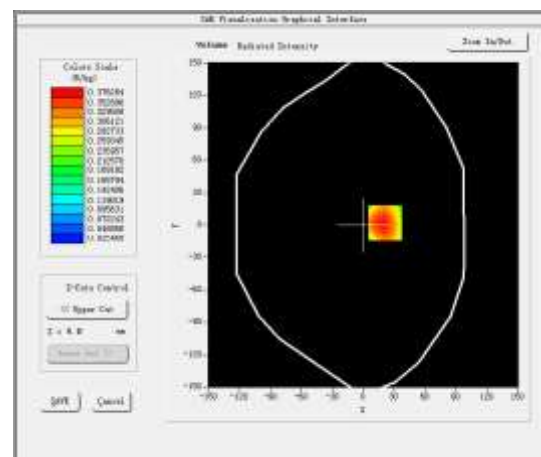
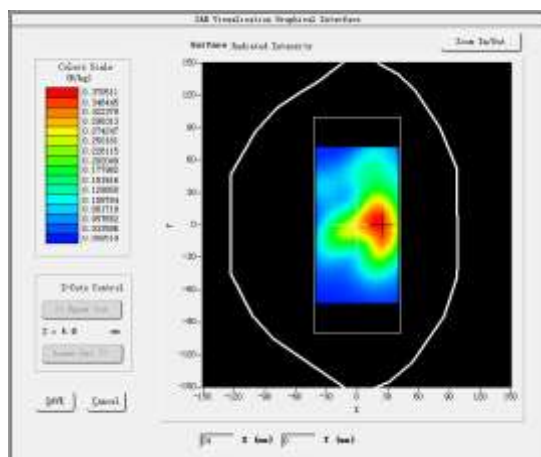
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 41, 1RB, Low channel (Body Rear Side)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 14, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2506.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.89
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.58
Conversion Factor	1.89
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.500000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.214497
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.361266
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#15

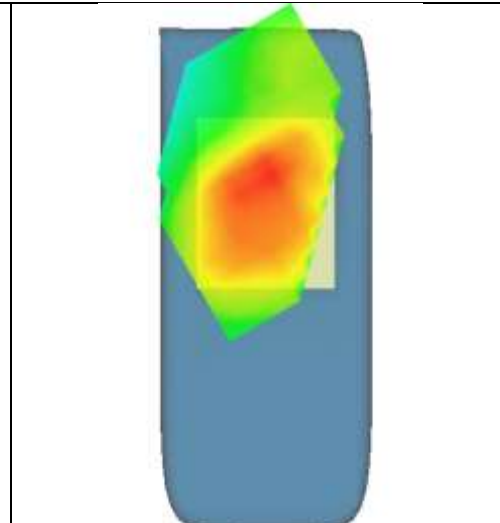
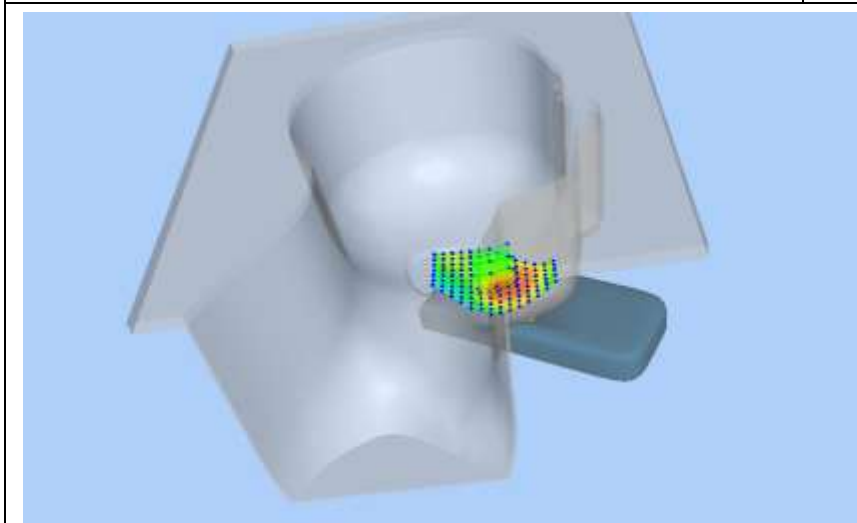
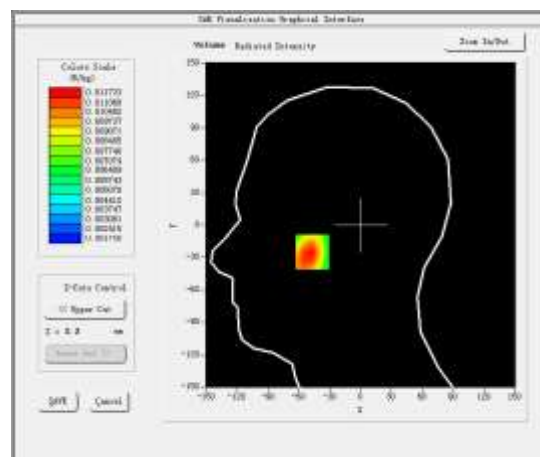
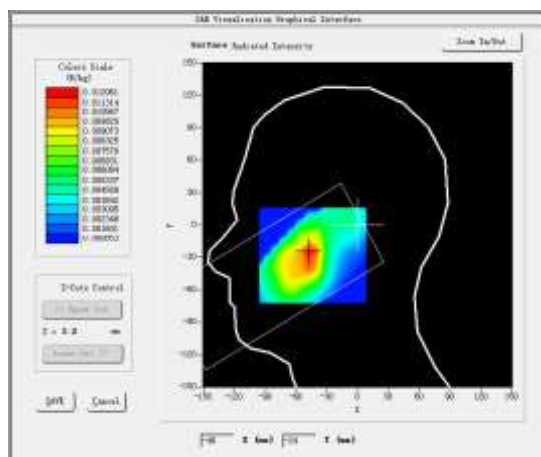
Test Mode:802.11b(WiFi2.4G),Middle channel (Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 13, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2437.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.67
Conductivity (S/m)	1.81
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.91
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	3.380000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.007618
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.012347
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#16

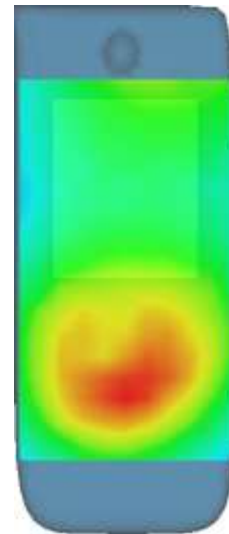
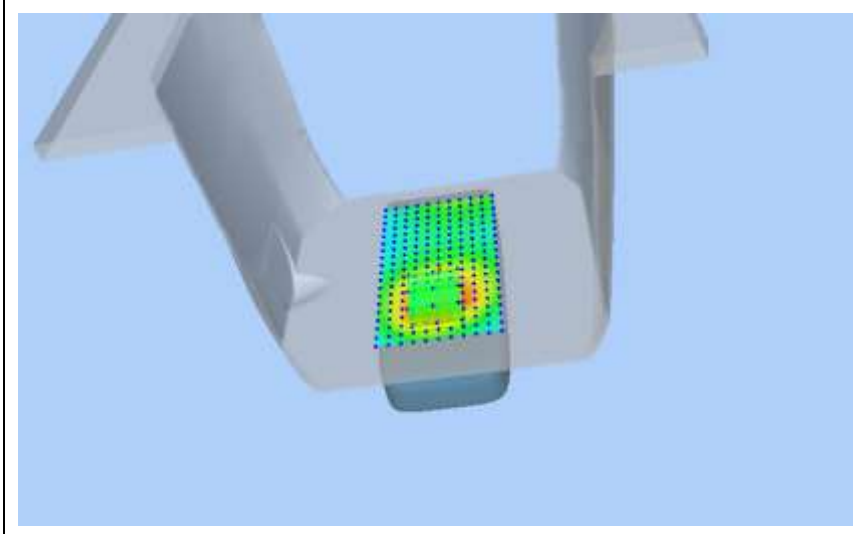
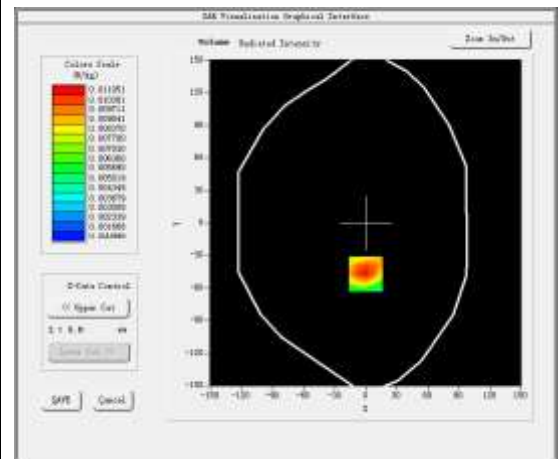
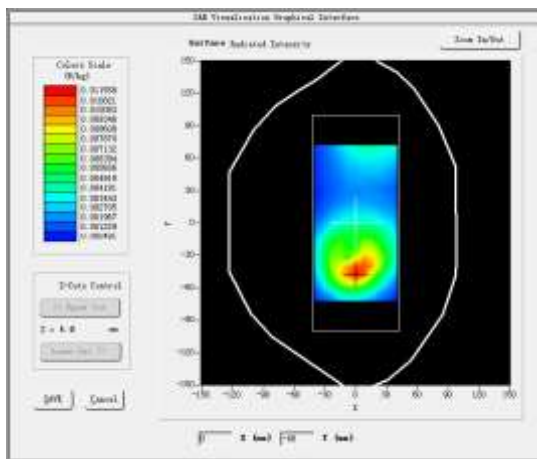
Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11b(WiFi2.4G),Middle channel (Body Rear Side)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 13, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2437.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.92
Conductivity (S/m)	1.83
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.91
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	2.410000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.006432
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.010626
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#17

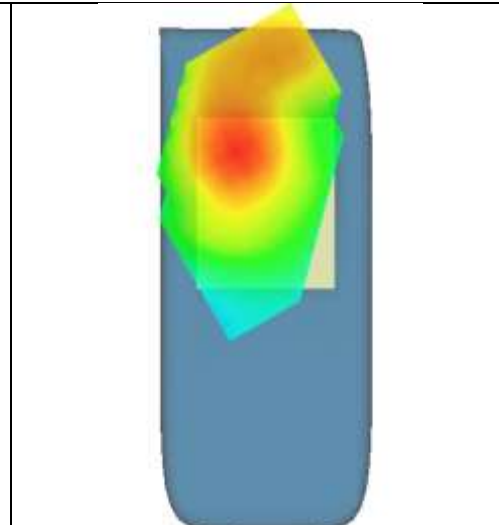
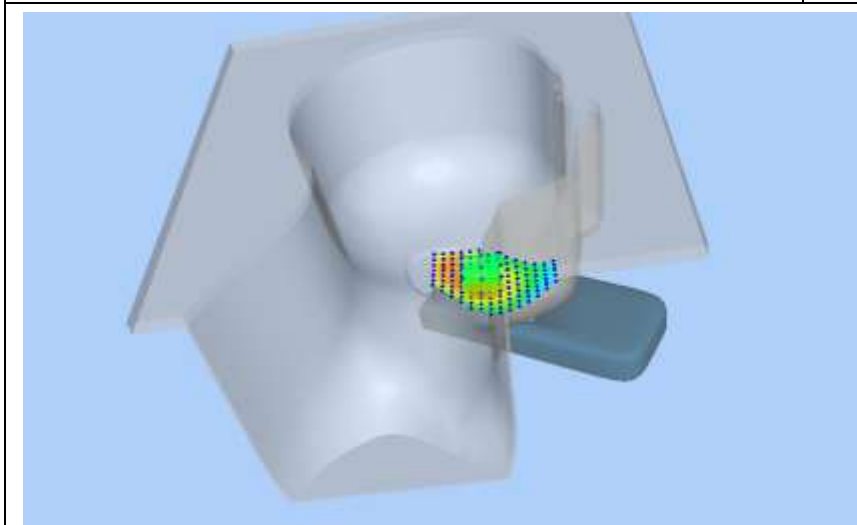
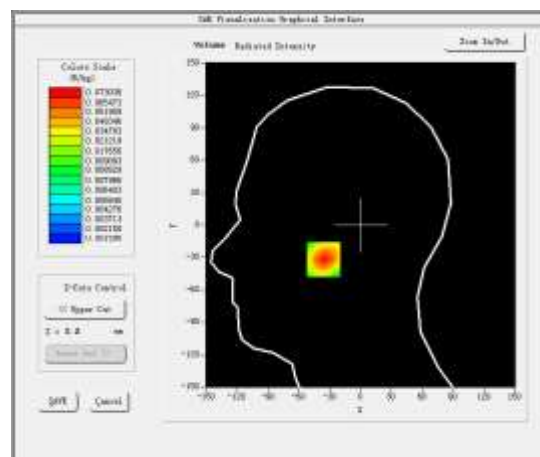
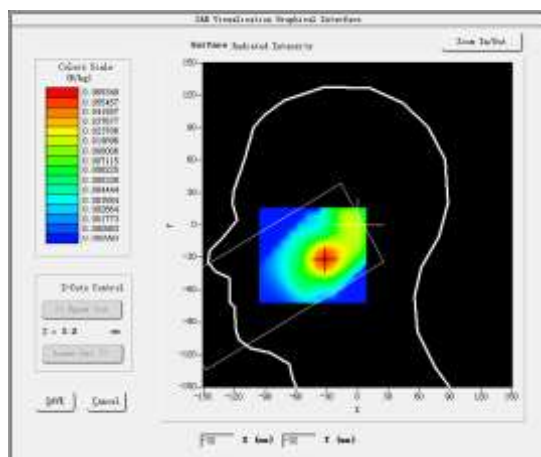
Test Mode:802.11b(WiFi5.2G),Middle channel (Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 15, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_5200
Frequency (MHz)	5200.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.23
Conductivity (S/m)	4.55
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.670000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.021831
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.056437
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#18

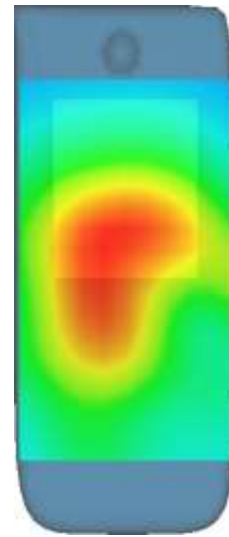
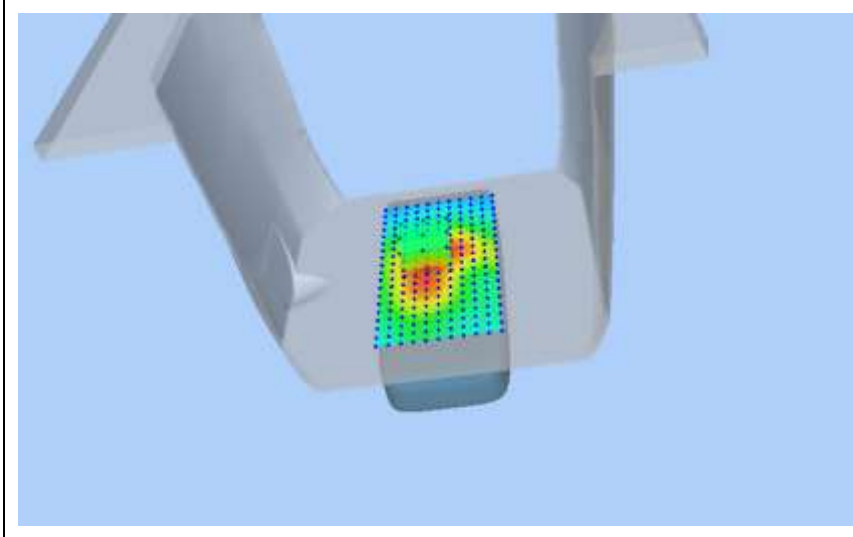
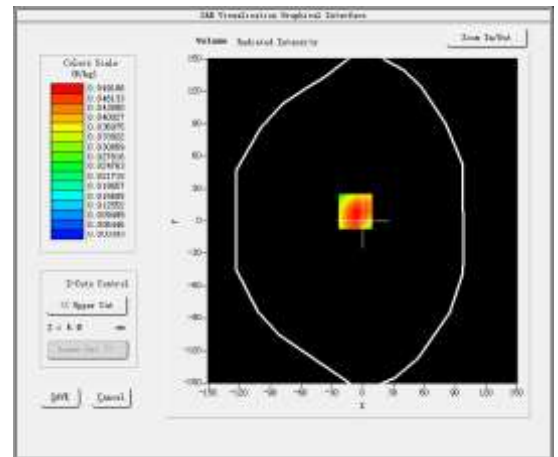
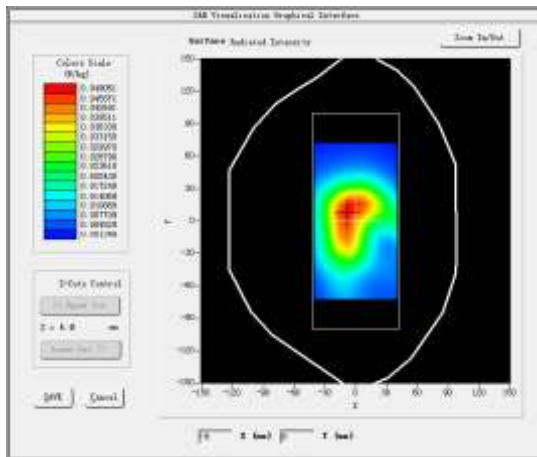
Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11b(WiFi5.2G), Middle channel (Body Rear Side)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 15, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5200
Frequency (MHz)	5200.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.57
Conductivity (S/m)	4.61
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.070000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.027269
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.047301
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#19

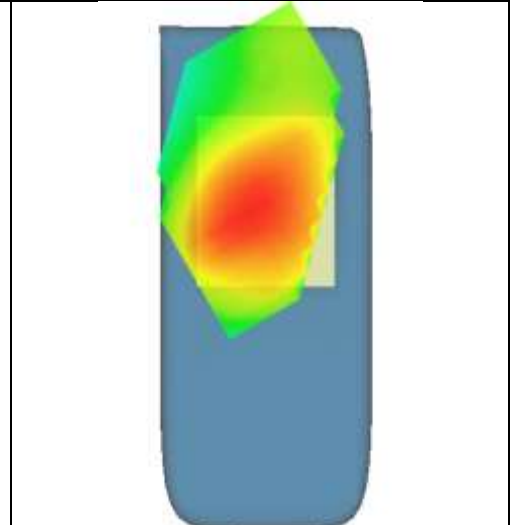
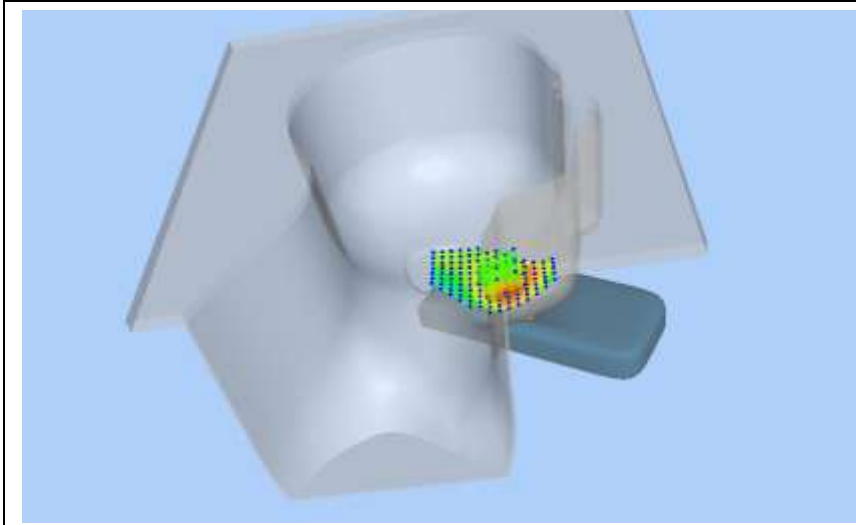
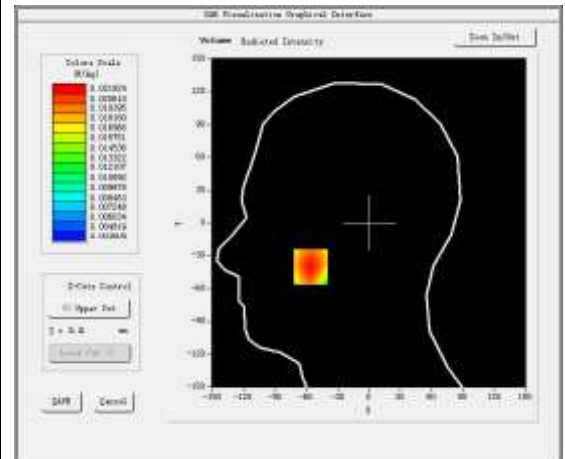
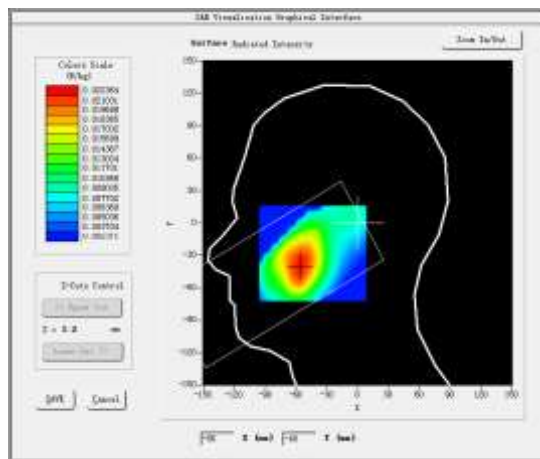
Test Mode:802.11b(WiFi5.8G), Low channel (Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 17, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_5800
Frequency (MHz)	5745.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.27
Conductivity (S/m)	5.31
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.070000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.014695
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.021404
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



#20

Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11b(WiFi5.8G), Low channel (Body Rear Side)

Product Description: R550 Data Collector

Model: R550

Test Date: July 17, 2020

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5800
Frequency (MHz)	5745.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.18
Conductivity (S/m)	5.25
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPG0324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.320000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.011880
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.020293
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR

