



Aviation Communication and
Surveillance Systems
19810 North 7th Avenue
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U.S.A

System Description and Installation Manual

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder System

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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

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–	01 May 2014	01 May 2014	A



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INTRODUCTION

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C Special Precautions

- (1) Warnings, cautions, and notes in this manual give the data that follows:
 - A WARNING is an operation or maintenance procedure or condition that, if not obeyed, can cause injury or death.
 - A CAUTION is an operation or maintenance procedure or condition that, if not obeyed, can cause damage to the equipment.
 - A NOTE gives data to make the work easier or gives directions to go to a procedure.
- (2) All personnel who operate equipment and do maintenance specified in this manual must know and obey the safety precautions. The warnings and cautions that follow apply to all parts of this manual.



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- WARNING:** BEFORE YOU USE A MATERIAL, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURERS' MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS FOR SAFETY INFORMATION. SOME MATERIALS CAN BE DANGEROUS.
- CAUTION:** DO NOT USE MATERIALS THAT ARE NOT EQUIVALENT TO MATERIALS SPECIFIED BY ACSS. MATERIALS THAT ARE NOT EQUIVALENT CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE EQUIPMENT AND CAN VOID WARRANTY.
- CAUTION:** THE MODE S TRANSPONDER SYSTEM CONTAINS ITEMS THAT ARE ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE SENSITIVE (ESDS). IF YOU DO NOT OBEY THE NECESSARY CONTROLS, A FAILURE OR UNSATISFACTORY OPERATION OF THE UNIT CAN OCCUR FROM ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE. USE APPROVED INDUSTRY PRECAUTIONS TO KEEP THE RISK OF DAMAGE TO A MINIMUM WHEN YOU TOUCH, REMOVE, OR INSERT PARTS OR ASSEMBLIES.

2. Content Data

A How to Use This Manual

- (1) This manual gives general system description and installation information for the NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder System. It also gives block diagram and interconnect information to permit a general understanding of the overall system.
- (2) The purpose of this manual is to help you install, operate, maintain and troubleshoot the transponder in the aircraft. Common system maintenance procedures are not presented in this manual. The best established shop and flight line practices should be used.
- (3) Related publications that are referred to in this manual are identified in Table INTRO-1.

Table INTRO-1: Related Publications

Publication	Publication No.
Handling, Storage, and Shipping Procedures Instruction Manual for ACSS Avionics Equipment	A09-1100-001
NOTES: You can order an ACSS Publication from ACSS as follows: Telephone No. 623-445-7040 Fax No. 623-445-7004 For publications please visit www.acsscusterservices.com	



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B Weights and Measurements

- (1) All weights and measurements are in U.S. and S. I. (metric) values.
- (2) The letter symbols for units of measurement are the same as shown in ANSI/IEEE Std 260.

C Acronyms and Abbreviations

- (1) The acronyms and abbreviations that follow help the reader identify terms and definitions used in this document.
- (2) The letter symbols for units of measurement are the same as shown in ANSI/IEEE Std 260.

Table INTRO-2: Acronyms and Abbreviations

Term	Definition
ABV	Above
AC	Advisory Circular
ac	Alternating Current
ACSS	Aviation Communication & Surveillance Systems
ADLP	Airborne Data Link Processor
ALT	Altitude
ADS-B	Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
ARINC	Aeronautical Radio, Incorporated
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
ATC	Air Traffic Control
ATCRBS	Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System
AUTO	Automatic
AWG	American Wire Gauge
BIT	Built-In Test
BITE	Built-In Test Equipment
BLW	Below
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Code
CS-ACNS	Certification Specification-Airborne Communications, Navigation, and Surveillance
DADS	Digital Air Data System
DAPS	Downlink of Aircraft Parameters
dc	Direct Current
DF	Downlink Format
DLP	Data Link Processor
DPSK	Digital Phase Shift Keying
E/W	East/West
EAR	Export Administration Regulations
EASA	European Aviation Safety Agency
ELM	Extended Length Message



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Table INTRO-2: Acronyms and Abbreviations

Term	Definition
ELS/EHS	Elementary and Enhanced Surveillance
ERR	Error
ESDS	Electrostatic Discharge Sensitive
ETSO	European Technical Standard Order
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration
FL	Flight Level
FMS	Flight Management System
GICB	Ground Initiated Comm-B
GND	Ground
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
HAE	Height Above Ellipsoid
HIL	Horizontal Integrity Limit
HPL	Horizontal Protection Limit
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ID, IDENT	Identification
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers
IPC	Illustrated Parts Catalog
kts	Knots
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LRU	Line Replaceable Unit
MAN	Manual
MCP	Mode Control Panel
MEL	Minimum Equipment List
MSL	Mean Sea Level
MTL	Minimum Trigger Level
N/A	Not Available
N/S	North/South
NAC _v	Navigation Accuracy Category for Velocity
NAV	Navigation
NIC	Navigation Integrity Category
NM	Nautical Mile
NXT	NXT Mode S/ADS-B Transponder
OMS	Onboard Maintenance System
OTS	Organized Track System
PAM	Pulse Amplitude Modulation
PAST	Pilot-Activated Self-Test
PC	Personal Computer
PN	Part Number
PPM	Pulse Position Modulation
PWR	Power
RA	Resolution Advisory
RF	Radio Frequency
RMU	Radio Management Unit
RPTG	Reporting
RTCA	Radio Technical Commission for Aeronautics, Inc
RTN	Return



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Table INTRO-2: Acronyms and Abbreviations

Term	Definition
RTS	Return to Service
S.I.	International System of Units
SDA	System Design Assurance
SDI	Source Destination Identifier
SEL	Select
SIL	Source Integrity Level
SLS	Side Lobe Suppression
SPI	Special Position Identifier
SPR	Sync Phase Reversal
SRC	Source
STBY	Standby
TA	Traffic Advisory
TCAS	Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System
TRA	Traffic and Resolution Advisory
TSO	Technical Standard Order
TSU	Technical Services Unit
TST	Test
UAT	Universal Access Transceiver
UELM	Uplink Extended Length Message
UF	Uplink Format
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time
VFOM	Vertical Figure of Merit
VSI	Vertical Speed Indicator
VSWR	Voltage Standing Wave Ratio
WGS-84	World Geodetic System 1984
XPDR	Transponder

3. Customer Assistance

A Whom to Contact

- (1) For assistance with installation, operation or maintenance of the transponder, contact your local ACSS Dealer or ACSS Customer Services Representative. Additional assistance can be obtained from:

ACSS
19810 N. 7th Ave.
Phoenix, AZ. 85027-4741

Tel: 623-445-7070
Fax: 623-445-7001



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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

1. General

The NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder supplies surveillance functions to both ground-based and airborne interrogators and communication functions to onboard systems. The transponder contains data link functions that allow it to function as part of the Aeronautical Telecommunications Network (ATN). The data link functions allow communication with a Communication Management Unit (CMU) through a Mode S Airborne Data Link Processor (ADLP). The transponder replies to Air Traffic Control (ATC) Secondary Surveillance Radar (SSR) ground based interrogations with Mode 3/A (aircraft identification or 4096 code) and Mode C (barometric altitude reporting). The transponder also contains Mode S specific transmissions, which are selective interrogations and replies directly to onboard systems with a unique 24-bit code (Mode S address) assigned to each aircraft. The transponder can be upgraded to supply an internal ADLP function.

The NXT-800 Transponder conforms to the ARINC 718A-4 Mode S Transponder Characteristic (Minimum Subset Pin Allocation) for form, fit, and function, and is backward compatible with existing ARINC 718 installations that don't use Gillham or synchro altitude sources. The transponder also contains enhancements that are not currently specified by the ARINC 718A-4 characteristic. These enhancements do not redefine pins or functions used in existing installations.

The NXT-800 Transponder is compliant with the applicable requirements in EASA CS-ACNS Subpart D initial issue 17 December 2013.

ELS Reports:

- Data Link Capability (BDS 1,0)
- GICB (BDS 1,7)
- Flight Identification (BDS 2,0)
- ACAS Active Resolution Advisory (BDS 3,0).

EHS Reports:

- Aircraft Intent (BDS 4,0)
- Track and Turn (BDS 5,0)
- Speed and Heading (BDS 6,0).

The NXT-800 Transponder also provides Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) "OUT" support using the Mode S DF17 Extended Squitter. This is a function for airborne and surface aircraft which transmits horizontal and vertical position and velocity as well as other pertinent surveillance information. The NXT-800 Transponder will automatically transmit DF17 information based on onboard navigation sensors with or without an interrogation from a ground station or aircraft.

FAA final rule "Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) Out Performance Requirements To Support Air Traffic Control (ATC) Service", effective August 11, 2010, added requirements for aircraft operating in the following areas of the National Airspace System (NAS) to meet 14 CFR Part 91.225 by January 01, 2020:



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- Class A, B, and C
- Class E within the 48 contiguous states and the District of Columbia at and above 10,000 feet MSL, excluding the airspace at and below 2,500 feet above the surface.
- Class E airspace at and above 3,000 feet MSL over the Gulf of Mexico from the coastline of the United States out to 12 nautical miles.
- Around those airports identified in 14 CFR Part 91, Appendix D.

A set of specific aircraft parameters are required in order for the transponder to transmit correct Mode S Extended Squitters. Refer to the SYSTEM DESCRIPTION section for Mode S, ELS/EHS, and ADS-B OUT for a list of required inputs. ARINC 718A-4 defines a method to strobe transponder inputs for DO-260B compliant units in order to set values and thresholds for the required parameters. Refer to Section 4 Loading/Gradient Specifications for more information.

DF17 Extended Squitter Reports:

- Airborne Position (BDS 0,5)
- Surface Position (BDS 0,6)
- Extended Squitter Status (BDS 0,7)
- Identity and Category (BDS 0,8)
- Airborne Velocity (BDS 0,9)
- Emergency/Priority Status (BDS 6,1)
- Target State and Status (BDS 6,2)
- Aircraft Operational Status, Airborne (BDS 6,5)
- Aircraft Operational Status, Surface (BDS 6,5).

ADS-B functionality supports improved use of airspace, improved surface surveillance, and enhanced safety.

2. System Components

This section provides details for the various NXT-800 Transponder versions and provides details for a few of the controllers, antennas, and mounting trays that are necessary to accomplish an aircraft installation. Note that the required connectors, coaxial cable assemblies, wire harnesses, circuit breakers, etc details are not included in this section.

Component	Table No.
NXT-800 Transponder	Table 1-1
NXT-800 Transponder Configurations	Table 1-2
NXT-800 Transponder TSO/ETSO Deviations	Table 1-3
Controller	Table 1-4
Antenna	Table 1-5
Mounting Tray	Table 1-6



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Table 1-1: NXT-800 Transponder

Part Number	Description
9008000-XXYYY	NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder
NOTE: The part number for the NXT-800 Transponder is 9008000-XXYYY, where the five digit dash number corresponds to the hardware/software version. Dash number -10YYY is reserved for the 115 V ac hardware version and dash number -55YYY is reserved for the +28 V dc hardware version. The last three digits of the five digit dash number (YYY) correspond to the software version.	
NOTE: See Table 1-2 for the NXT-800 Transponder configurations.	

Table 1-2: NXT-800 Transponder Configurations

Transponder Identification	Description	TSO/ETSO & Deviations	Level/Class
NXT Release 1.1 Model NXT-800 PN 9008000-10000 9008000-55000	This Transponder configuration operates from 115 V ac or +28 V dc aircraft power. Operational Software – PN 9002000-001 XIC FPGA Firmware – PN 9008060-001	TSO-C112d – Deviation 2 TSO-C166b – Deviations 1 and 2	Level 3adens Class 1 Class A3 - Transmit Only
NOTE: See Table 1-3 for the TSO/ETSO deviation details.			



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Table 1-3: NXT-800 Transponder TSO/ETSO Deviations

Deviation 1: TSO-C166b, Section 4(a)(b)(e) part marking.

This deviation is in regards to the part marking requirements of TSO-C166b, Sections 4(a), 4(b), and 4(e). This deviation allows these specific TSO-C166b part marking details to be listed in this installation manual instead of on the article.

Deviation 2: TSO-C112d and TSO-C166b: DO-160G 21.5 Radiated RF Emissions

The NXT-800 transponder has a high power RF transmitter which is used to generate the 1090 MHz waveforms required to perform the Mode S Transponder and ADS-B OUT functions. Due to the high RF power requirement and inherent non-linearity in RF transmitters, four of the harmonics of the transmitter exceed the RF radiated emissions limit in DO-160G Category M. The NXT-800 transponder exceeds the Category M Radiated RF Emissions by the indicated levels in the following frequency bands when the transmitter is active:

2180MHz $\pm$ 78 MHz (2nd Transmitter harmonic) Exceeds Cat M by as much as 20 dB

3270MHz $\pm$ 78 MHz (3rd Transmitter harmonic) Exceeds Cat M by as much as 20 dB

4360MHz $\pm$ 23 MHz (4th Transmitter harmonic) Exceeds Cat M by as much as 20 dB

5450MHz $\pm$ 23 MHz (5th Transmitter harmonic) Exceeds Cat M by as much as 5 dB

The avionics installer must conduct the appropriate testing required to ensure that other aircraft systems are not adversely affected in the above frequency bands when the NXT-800 transmitter is active.



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Table 1-4: Controller

Part Number	Description
ACSS Control Panels (no longer manufactured)	
4052190-902	Dual Mode S/TCAS, Brown Bezel
4052190-903	Single Mode S-Single ATCRBS/TCAS, Brown Bezel
4052190-904	Dual Mode S/TCAS, Gray Bezel
4052190-905	Single Mode S-Single ATCRBS/TCAS, Gray Bezel
4052190-906	Dual Mode S/TCAS, Black Bezel
4052190-907	Single Mode S-Single ATCRBS/TCAS, Black Bezel
4052190-908	Dual Mode S/TCAS, Dark Gray Bezel
4052190-909	Single Mode S-Single ATCRBS/TCAS, Dark Gray Bezel
Gables Engineering Control Panels	
G7130-02	Dual Mode S/TCAS, Rotary knob 4096 code entry, Black Bezel, Operates from +28 V dc aircraft power
G7130-05	Dual Mode S/TCAS, Rotary knob 4096 code entry, Gray Bezel, Operates from +28 V dc aircraft power
G7130-06	Dual Mode S/TCAS, Rotary knob 4096 code entry, Black Bezel, Extended Range (80, 120 NM), Operates from +28 V dc aircraft power
G7130-07	Dual Mode S/TCAS, Rotary knob 4096 code entry, Gray Bezel, Extended Range (80, 120 NM), Operates from +28 V dc aircraft power
G6990-XX	Dual Mode S/TCAS, Button 4096 code entry, Operates from 115 V ac aircraft power
G6991-XX	Single Mode S-Single ATCRBS/TCAS, Button 4096 code entry, Operates from 115 V ac aircraft power
G6992-XX	Dual Mode S/TCAS, Rotary knob 4096 code entry, Operates from 115 V ac aircraft power
G6993-XX	Single Mode S-Single ATCRBS/TCAS, Rotary knob 4096 code entry, Operates from 115 V ac aircraft power
G7490-XX	Dual Mode S/Flight ID/TCAS, Button 4096 code and Flight ID entry, Operates from 115 V ac aircraft power
G7491-XX	Dedicated Flight ID, Button Flight ID entry, Operates from 115 V ac aircraft power
G7492-XX	Dual Mode S/Flight ID/TCAS, Rotary knob 4096 code and Flight ID entry, Operates from 115 V ac aircraft power
NOTE: Gables Engineering and other controller manufacturers can offer more options.	



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Table 1-5: Antenna

Part Number	Description
Sensor Systems Antennas	
S65-5366-2L	6 Mounting Holes, HN Connector, Aluminum Casting
S65-5366-3L	4 Mounting Holes, TNC Connector, Aluminum Casting
S65-5366-7L	4 Mounting Holes, C Connector, Aluminum Casting
S65-5366-8L	4 Mounting Holes, C Connector, Stainless Steel Casting
S65-5366-10L	6 Mounting Holes, N Connector, Aluminum Casting
S65-5366-10LC	6 Mounting Holes, C Connector, Aluminum Casting
S65-5366-11L	4 Mounting Holes, N Connector, Aluminum Casting
S65-5366-116L	6 Mounting Holes, N Connector, Stainless Steel Casting
S65-5366-119L	6 Mounting Holes, N Connector, Stainless Steel Casting
NOTE: Sensor Systems, Inc. 8929 Fullbright Avenue, Chatsworth, CA 91311 USA, Phone (818) 341-5366, Fax (818) 341-9059, Email info@sensorantennas.com , Web address http://www.sensorantennas.com/contactpage/request_info.htm	
NOTE: Sensor Systems Inc. and other antenna manufacturers can offer more options.	



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Table 1-6: Mounting Tray

Part Number	Description
EMTEQ Mounting Trays	
MT6-4300-101	4-MCU Short/Short, No Fan, Self-Locking Hold Downs
MT6-4300-102	4-MCU Short/Short, No Fan, Torque Limiting Hold Downs
MT6-4301-101	4-MCU Short/Long, No Fan, Self-Locking Hold Downs
MT6-4301-102	4-MCU Short/Long, No Fan, Torque Limiting Hold Downs
MT6-4304-104	4-MCU Short/Short, Right Side mounted 115 V ac 400 Hz Fan, Self-Locking Hold Downs
MT6-4304-105	4-MCU Short/Short, Right Side mounted 115 V ac 400 Hz Fan, Torque Limiting Hold Downs
MT6-4305-104	4-MCU Short/Short, Left Side 115 V ac 400 Hz Fan, Self-Locking Hold Downs
MT6-4305-105	4-MCU Short/Short, Left Side mounted 115 V ac 400 Hz Fan, Torque Limiting Hold Downs
MT6-4306-104	4-MCU Short/Short, Bottom mounted 115 V ac 400 Hz Fan, Self-Locking Hold Downs
MT6-4306-105	4-MCU Short/Short, Bottom mounted 115 V ac 400 Hz Fan, Torque Limiting Hold Downs
MT6-4311-104	4-MCU Short/Long, Aft mounted 115 V ac 400 Hz Fan, Self-Locking Hold Downs
MT6-4311-105	4-MCU Short/Long, Aft mounted 115 V ac 400 Hz Fan, Torque Limiting Hold Downs
MT6-4310-107	4-MCU Short/Long, Aft mounted +28 V dc Fan, Self-Locking Hold Downs
NOTE: EMTEQ 5349 S. Emmer Drive, New Berlin, WI 53151 USA, Phone (262) 679-6170, Fax (262) 679-6175, Web address http://www.emteq.com/request-information.php	
NOTE: EMTEQ and other mounting tray manufacturers can offer more options.	

3. System Description

System description gives a general overview and summary of the features and interfaces that the NXT-800 Transponder implements. Figure 1-1 shows a block diagram of the NXT-800 Transponder as part of an installed aircraft system.



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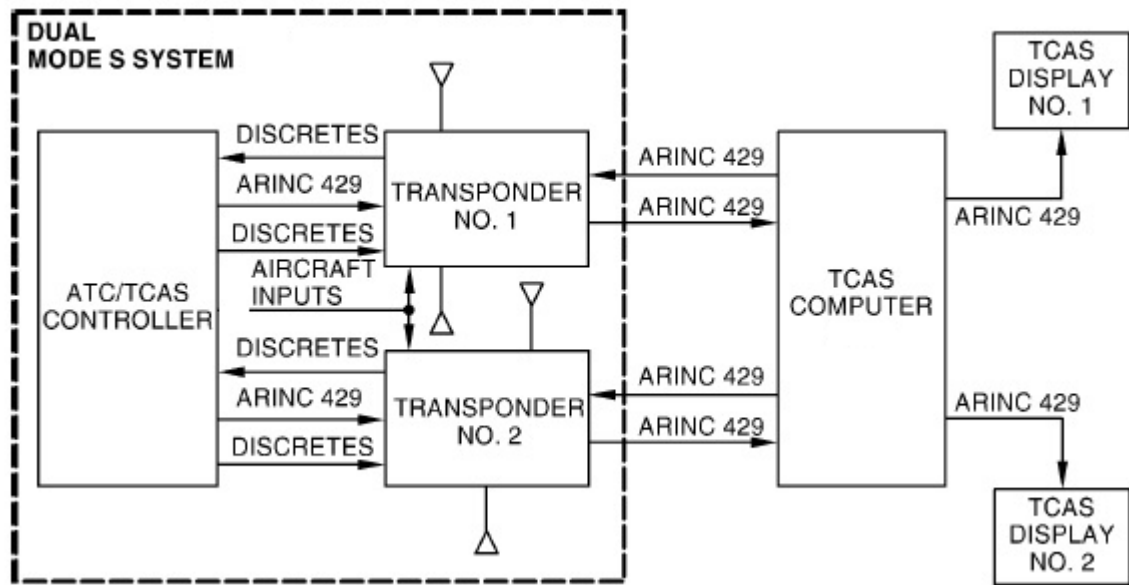


Figure 1-1: NXT-800 System Configuration

A. Radio Frequency (RF) Transmitter and Receiver

The NXT-800 Transponder receives interrogations on 1030 MHz, and transmits replies to interrogations and transmits squitters on 1090 MHz. The transponder has optional antenna diversity, which means it has two RF antenna ports connected to antennas on the top and bottom of the aircraft. When an interrogation is received, the transponder monitors the signal on the top and bottom antenna ports, and chooses the best port, based on signal strength and time of arrival. The transponder then replies to the interrogation on the port that contained the best interrogation. The transponder contains two independent RF receiver channels, which allow both top and bottom interrogations to be monitored simultaneously.

The NXT-800 Transponder also contains data link capability, which lets it receive Comm-A (UF20/21) uplink messages and transmit Comm-B (DF20/21) downlink messages.

The NXT-800 Transponder can receive Comm-C (UF24, 16 Segment) Uplink Extended Length Messages (UELM) when interfaced to an external Mode S Airborne Data Link Processor (ADLP), which is defined functionally by RTCA DO-218B.

B. TCAS II Interface

The NXT-800 Transponder has an interface that allows it to work with an onboard TCAS II system. The interface consists of two ARINC 429 high speed data buses: an XT Coordination bus that is an output from the transponder to TCAS and a TX Coordination bus that is an output from TCAS to the transponder. The data bus data word format and protocol used is the industry defined ARINC 718A-4/ARINC 735B interface standard. Since interface requirements are often interpreted differently by equipment manufacturers



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when they are implemented, the transponder has been designed to interface with the ACSS TCAS II systems, as well as major competitors' TCAS II systems.

C. ADLP Interface, ADLP Function, and Transponder Level

The initial implementation of the NXT-800 Transponder is a Level 3 transponder according to the definitions in DO-181E and ICAO Annex 10. It can process Comm-A/B Data Link messages and it interfaces to an external Mode S Airborne Data Link Processor (ADLP) to process Comm-C Data Link messages, which is defined functionally by RTCA DO-218B. The NXT-800 Transponder contains four High Speed ARINC 429 Data Buses, a Comm-A/B Input and Output Bus, and a Comm-C Input and Output Bus. Comm-A Data received by the transponder in an interrogation is transferred to the ADLP on the Comm-A/B data bus; Comm-B data received from the ADLP is transmitted in replies to interrogations. In a similar manner, Comm-C Data received by the transponder in a UELM interrogation is transferred to the ADLP on the Comm-C data bus.

D. Altimeter Interface

The NXT-800 Transponder can accept uncorrected pressure altitude inputs from altimeter or air data systems. The transponder has dual interfaces for ARINC 429 Air Data and ARINC 575 Air Data Systems. The transponder contains two independent inputs for each source and a discrete input for source selection.

E. Controller Interface

The NXT-800 Transponder is controlled from a standard Mode S or Mode S/TCAS control panel through an ARINC 429 input data bus and discrete inputs and outputs. The control panel interface is defined in ARINC 718A-4. However, several variations exist for different customers and airlines. The NXT-800 Transponder interfaces to all commonly used Mode S and Mode S/TCAS control panels.

The NXT-800 Transponder has a dedicated low speed ARINC 429 data input for receiving the Aircraft Identification Subfield (AIS) Flight Identification from another aircraft system (i.e., a Flight Management System [FMS] or Onboard Maintenance System [OMS]). The flight ID can also be received on any one of the five DAPS buses (high or low speed) or from the control panel on the control data bus (low speed). The flight identification can be the aircraft's flight identifier or registration.

F. GPS Interface

The NXT-800 Transponder has two dedicated ARINC 429 data inputs for receiving the required GPS parameters to support the ADS-B OUT functionality. These ARINC 429 buses must be used to input (high or low speed) GPS label information directly from a qualified source, as specified in FAA AC 20-165A, for ADS-B OUT enabled aircraft.



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(1) Source Selection

If two valid GPS sources are available the one with the best reported integrity (HIL at least 0.01 NM lower than the other source) value in label 130 for ten seconds or more will be used as the priority position source. The difference in HIL must be greater than 0.01 NM in order for a source to be considered better integrity. If two valid GPS sources are reporting the integrity (HIL) from label 130 within 0.01 NM of each other, then GPS source 1 will be selected as the priority source. Integrity is considered equivalent if HIL is within 0.01 NM. If only one GPS source is valid it will immediately be used as the priority position source.

(2) HAE Altitude Processing

Since not all GPS units output Height Above Ellipsoid (HAE) Altitude, conversion may need to be done to convert the geometric altitude from Mean Sea Level (MSL) to HAE. AC 20-165A Section 3-3.c.8 requires that all Geometric Altitude transmitted for ADS-B must be based on Height Above Ellipsoid.

The Transponder will process HAE Altitude based on the following priority:

- Use HAE Altitude input, (Label 370 per ARINC 743A), if available from the selected ADS-B Position Source
- Use HAE converted from GPS MSL Altitude input, (Label 076), if available from the selected ADS-B Position Source

Appendix 6 of NATO STANAG 4294 provides a method using lookup tables and interpolation to convert HAE Altitude from MSL Altitude. This method is referred to as WGS84/NATO. Per AC 20-165A the same algorithm that the GPS uses to calculate MSL from HAE must be used by the transponder to recover HAE from MSL. Some GPS units do not use the WGS84/NATO conversion. In this case the WGS84/NATO conversion will be used and VFOM, (the GPS Altitude Accuracy Parameter), will be adjusted to make up for the maximum differences between the conversion algorithms. Pin programming is provided to determine if the VFOM Adjustment is required, reference MP-5K pin description in the Loading/Gradient Specifications section.

(3) Horizontal Protection Limit (HPL) Limiting

The NXT-800 limits the HPL to 80 meters. AC 20-165A states "If the position source does not limit the HPL output in non-augmented modes, the position source manufacturer should provide guidance to the ADS-B system installer to ensure the ADS-B equipment limits the NIC to ≤ 8 in non-augmented modes." Further industry work since the release of AC 20-165A has indicated that using the GPS indication of augmentation mode is not a reliable method of determining if limiting can be disabled, therefore the transponder will always limit the HPL.

Due to HPL limiting, the maximum reported NIC is 8, when HPL is 80 meters, the Type Code is set to 11 and the NIC Supplements A and B are set to 0.

The NXT-800 does not inflate the HPL by 3% when in LPV/LNAV approach modes.



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G. Discrete Interfaces and Configuration Interfaces

The NXT-800 Transponder has discrete inputs for configuration and control of Mode S transponder functions and interfaces, and discrete outputs for annunciating transponder status information. The NXT-800 Transponder implements the discrete inputs and outputs defined by ARINC 718A-4. The input/output discretes default to an open state when power is removed.

H. Built-In Test Functions

The NXT-800 Transponder contains built-in test functions that supply power-on and continuous monitoring of internal transponder circuitry and external interfaces. Detected failures of circuitry that are critical to continued transponder operation are announced on the Mode S control panel with a fail light. Failures are logged in a non-volatile fault log that can be recalled through the front panel lamps, onboard maintenance computer interface, or through the front panel RS-232 interface.

I. RS-232 Data Loader Interface

The NXT-800 Transponder has a front panel RJ-45 connector that interfaces via RS-232 to the ACSS WebEDDIT software application running on a personal computer (PC). The operational software for the transponder can be updated via this connection without removing the NXT-800 Transponder from the aircraft.

J. Navigation Data ARINC 429 Interfaces

The NXT-800 Transponder has ARINC 429 input bus circuitry for extended squitter and enhanced DAPS capability in addition to ELS/EHS requirements.

K. Reserved I/O for Future Features

The NXT-800 Transponder has reserved Input/Output (I/O) interface circuitry that can be used for future upgrades. The hardware in the existing unit allows this circuitry to be used through software upgrades. The reserved interface circuitry uses spare pins and does not redefine pin functions of the existing ARINC 718A-4 definition (Minimum Subset Pin Allocation) to allow backward compatibility.

L. Failure Classifications

Table 1-7 summarizes the failure classification of each NXT-800 Transponder function and the rigor that was developed to support (which in some cases exceeds the requirements).



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Table 1-7: NXT-800 Failure Classifications

Function No.	Function Description	Hazard Classification	NXT-800 Development Level/Rigor
1	Transponder Mode S Operation: Incorrect Transponder Response to SSR	Major TSO-C112d	Hazardous
2	Transponder to TCAS Coordination: Incorrect Transponder Response to TCAS Interrogation	Hazardous	Hazardous
3	ADS-B OUT: Incorrect Transponder ADS-B Message Output	Major AC 20-165A	Hazardous
NOTES: 1. Hazards with classifications less than Major are not listed in this table. 2. Due to the above Hazard Classifications, the NXT-800 Transponder software and airborne electronic hardware were developed to Design Assurance Level B.			

4. General Description

The Line Replaceable Units (LRUs) of the NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B OUT Transponder system include a controller, an ATCRBS transponder or a second NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B OUT Transponder, and antennas. The system complies with ARINC Characteristic 718A-4 (ATCRBS/Mode S) and meets the requirements of:

- TSO-C112d, Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System/Mode Select (ATCRBS/Mode S) Airborne Equipment
- TSO-166b, Extended Squitter Automatic Dependent Surveillance – Broadcast (ADS-B) and Traffic Information Service – Broadcast (TIS-B) Equipment Operating on the Radio Frequency of 1090 Megahertz (MHz)

If the NXT-800 Transponder is used interfaced with onboard TCAS II, top and bottom omnidirectional antennas are required. If the transponder is used alone as surveillance, a bottom omnidirectional antenna is sufficient. Figure 1-2 details the signals and overall interconnects associated with the NXT-800 Transponder installation. Figure 1-3 shows a high-level interconnect (optional) used to switch between a single pair of antennas in a dual Mode S/ADS-B OUT system installation.

A. Purpose of System

Mode S is a cooperative surveillance and communication system for air traffic control. It employs ground-based sensors (interrogators) and airborne transponders. Ground-air-ground data link communications can be accommodated integrally with the surveillance interrogations and replies. Mode S has been designed as an evolutionary addition to the ATCRBS to supply the enhanced surveillance and communication capability required for air traffic control automation.

To facilitate the introduction of Mode S into the ATCRBS, both ground and airborne Mode S installations include full ATCRBS capability. Mode S interrogators supply surveillance of ATCRBS-equipped aircraft and Mode S transponders reply to ATCRBS interrogators.



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The data link capability of Mode S allows it to serve as an essential element of the Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System (TCAS) II. All TCAS II avoidance maneuvers are coordinated through the Mode S system. In addition, the Mode S transponder is responsible for reporting pressure altitude data and, through its control panel, supplies manual control of the TCAS II unit.

A principal feature of the Mode S system that differs from ATCRBS is that each aircraft is assigned a unique address code. Using this unique code, interrogations can be directed to a particular aircraft and replies can be positively identified. Channel interference is minimized because a sensor can limit its interrogations to targets of interest. By proper timing of interrogations, replies from closely spaced aircraft can be received without mutual interference. The unique address in each interrogation and reply also permits the inclusion of data-link messages to or from a particular aircraft.

For the purpose of Automatic Dependant Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) OUT, the NXT-800 Transponder will transmit a set of extended squitters including Airborne Position (BDS 0,5), Surface Position (BDS 0,6), Status (BDS 0,7), Aircraft ID and Category (BDS 0,8), Airborne Velocity (BDS 0,9), Emergency/Priority Status (BDS 6,1), Target State and Status (BDS 6,2), Aircraft Operational Status, Airborne (BDS 6,5), Aircraft Operational Status, and Surface (BDS 6,5).

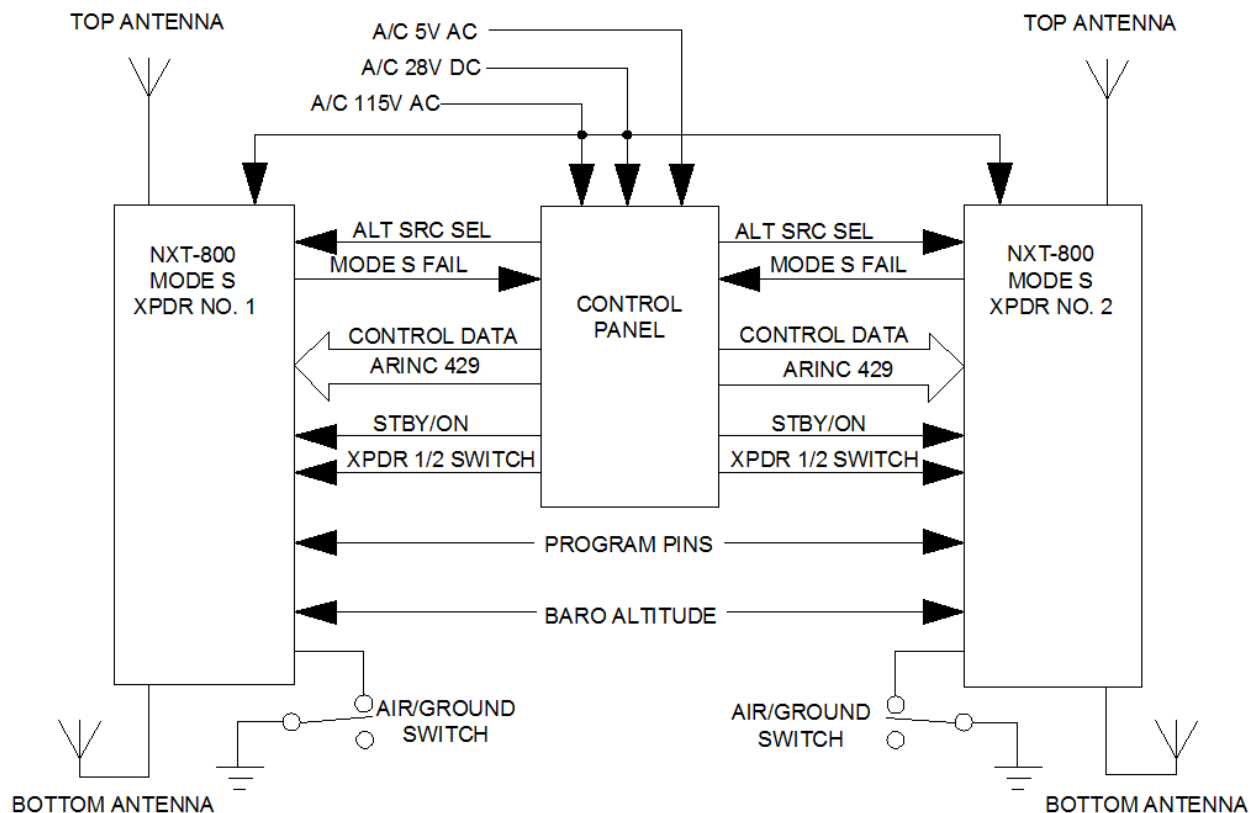


Figure 1-2: Basic Mode S System Interconnection



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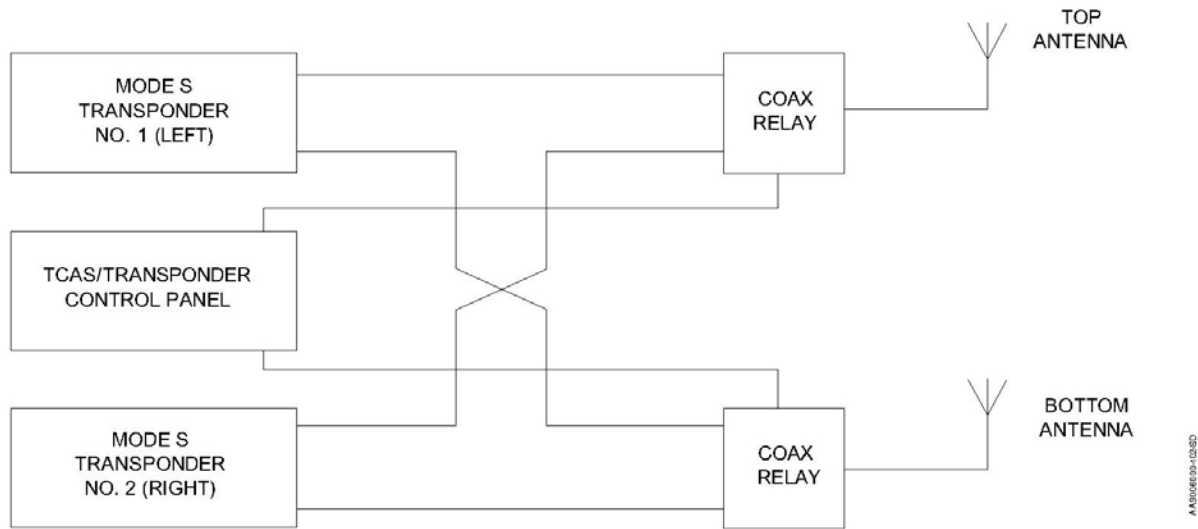


Figure 1-3: Switch Transponder Antennas

5. Component Descriptions

A. NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder

The NXT-800 Transponder is packaged as a 4 Modular Concept Unit (4-MCU) and requires a 4-MCU ARINC 600 tray for aircraft installation. External cooling air in accordance with ARINC 600 or ARINC 404 is required to maintain the highest possible Mean-Time-Between-Failure (MTBF). All electrical interfaces to the aircraft systems are via a single ARINC 600 size 2 receptacle connector located on the rear of the unit.

Figure 1-4 shows a graphical view of the NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder. Table 1-8 lists the leading particulars for the transponder and Table 1-9 gives the DO-160G environmental categories that this equipment meets or exceeds.



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL
NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

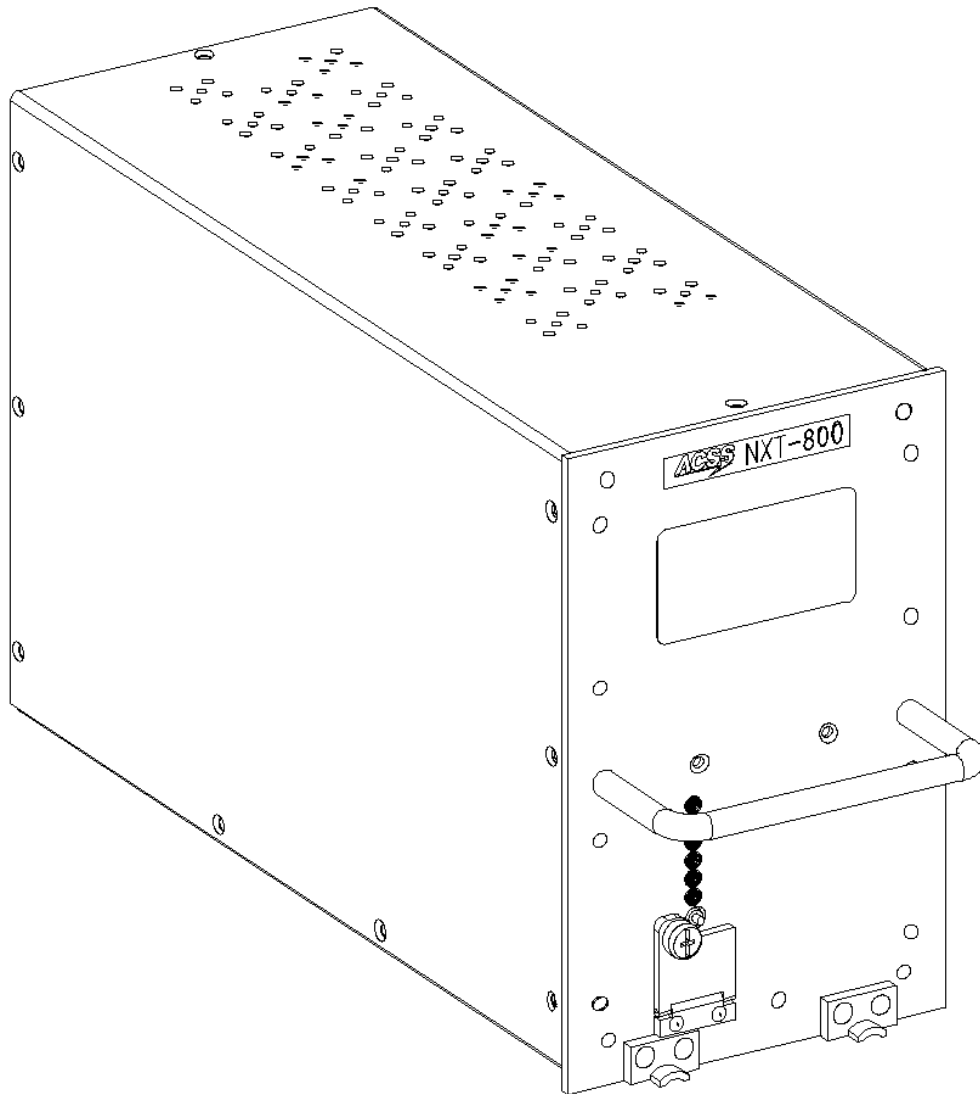


Figure 1-4: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 1-8: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Leading Particulars

Item	Specification
Dimensions (maximum):	
• Length	12.76in. (322.84 mm)
• Width	4.9 in. (124.5 mm)
• Height	7.64 in. (194.1 mm)
Maximum Weight (115 V ac version)	8.50 lbs (3.90 kg)
Maximum Weight (28 V dc version)	7.60 lbs (3.49 kg)
Power Requirements:	
• Operating Voltage	97 to 134 V rms 115 V rms nominal
• Operating Frequency	320 to 480 Hz 400 Hz nominal
• Power Consumption:	
- Standby Mode (No Replies)	28 Watts nominal
- Active Mode (Maximum Load)	55 Watts maximum
• External Circuit Breaker Rating	5 A at 115 V ac, 400 Hz 10 A at +27.5 V dc
Cooling Requirements	
- Cooling Required	ARINC 600 (blow-thru), ARINC 404 (draw-thru)
- Normal Cooling Airflow Rate	19.4 ±2 pounds/hour (8.8 ±0.9 Kg/hr)
- Pressure Drop (at minimum airflow rate)	0.2 ±0.12 inches of water (5 ±3 mm of water)
Tray Connector	Radiall Part No. NSXN2P203S0005 or equivalent
Mounting	ARINC 600 4-MCU Mounting Tray
TSO	Refer to Table 1-2 for Part Numbers & Applicable TSO.
ETSO	Refer to Table 1-2 for Part Numbers & Applicable ETSO.
Environmental Specifications	DO-160G, Refer to Table 1-9
Operating Modes:	
• STANDBY	Ready but not transmitting or replying
• ATC ON	Transponder Modes A, C, and S; no altitude reporting
• ATC ALT	Transponder Modes A, C, S, and ADS-B; altitude reporting is enabled
Transmitter Frequency	1090 ±0.5 MHz
Transmitter Power	500 Watts peak pulse maximum, 250 Watts minimum
Receiver Frequency	1030 MHz
Minimum Trigger Level (MTL)	-77 ±3 dBm
Mutual Suppression	Bidirectional, accepts +18 to +70 V dc pulse input, provides +28 V dc nominal output
Controller Interface:	



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NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 1-8: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Leading Particulars

Item	Specification
Circuit Configuration	Two ARINC 429 control data input ports. 12.5k bits/sec (low-speed).
Bus Protocol	Bus protocol meets requirements defined in ARINC 718A-4 for receiving transponder and TCAS control information.
TCAS II Interface:	
Circuit Configuration	ARINC 429 input and output bus. 100k bits/sec (high-speed).
Bus Protocol	Bus protocol meets requirements defined in ARINC 718A-4 and ARINC 735B for Standard transponder to TCAS bus interface.
Airborne Data Link Processor (ADLP) Interface:	
Circuit Configuration	Comm-A/B messages have an ARINC 429 input and output bus. Comm-C messages have an ARINC 429 input and output bus. Both sets of buses are 100k bits/sec (high-speed).
Bus protocol	Bus protocol meets requirements defined in ARINC 718A-4 for Standard transponder to ADLP bus interface.
Elementary Surveillance (ELS) Function:	
	When the transponder is connected to the appropriate onboard sources (e.g., ADC, ADIRU, control panel, FMS, etc.) specific data is extracted by the transponder (e.g., uncorrected pressure altitude in 25 ft increments, flight ID, flight status (in air/on ground), etc.). The ELS function transmits replies with this data along with the strapped/strobed 24-bit aircraft address and the transponder's capability report to ground-based interrogators.
Digital Air Data Interface	ARINC 429 and ARINC 575 label 203 uncorrected pressure altitude are accepted. ARINC 429 or ARINC 575 data format, 12.5k bits/sec (low-speed). Two redundant digital air data inputs are provided. A discrete input to switch to the second digital air data source is provided.
Flight Identification (Flight ID) Interface	ARINC 429 labels 233, 234, 235, 236, and 360 are accepted. ARINC label 237 if present is ignored. The interface to the transponder can be with a FID/ATC/TCAS or FID control panel or from a FMS. ARINC 429 data format, 12.5k bits/sec (low-speed).
Aircraft Air/Ground Status Interface	Two open/ground discrete inputs are provided to indicate to the transponder the aircraft's air/ground status.
24-bit Aircraft Address Interface	24 open/ground program pins and one common (ground) pin are provided to indicate to the transponder the aircraft's unique 24-bit Mode-S aircraft address.



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Table 1-8: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Leading Particulars

Item	Specification
Downlink Airborne Parameters (DAPS) / EHS Function:	When the transponder is connected to the appropriate onboard sources (e.g., GNSS, ADC, IRU, ADIRU, MCP/FCU, etc.) specific data is extracted by the transponder (e.g., lat/long position, E/W and N/S velocities, track angle rate, selected altitude, etc.). The DAPS function transmits replies with this data to ground-based and airborne interrogators (EHS) and also broadcasts to ground-based and airborne receivers with 1090 Extended Squitters.
Mode Control Panel/Flight Control Unit (MCP/FCU) Interface	ARINC 429 labels 101, 102, 233, 234, 235, and 236 are accepted. ARINC 429 data format, 12.5k bits/sec (low-speed) or 100k bits/sec (high-speed). The transponder automatically detects whether the data is low-speed or high-speed format.
ARINC 743 Global Positioning System (GPS) Interface	ARINC 429 labels 076, 103, 110, 111, 112, 120, 121, 130, 136, 140, 145, 150, 165, 166, 174, 247, and 370 are accepted. ARINC 429 data format, 12.5k bits/sec (low-speed) or 100k bits/sec (high-speed). The transponder automatically detects whether the data is low-speed or high-speed format.
Inertial Reference System/Flight Management System (IRS/FMS) Interface	ARINC 429 labels 101, 102, 312, 313, 314, 320, 325, 335 and 365 are accepted. ARINC 429 data format, 12.5k bits/sec (low-speed) or 100k bits/sec (high-speed). The transponder automatically detects whether the data is low-speed or high-speed format.
Digital Air Data Computer (ADC) Interface	ARINC 429 and ARINC 575 low-speed labels 203, 204, 205, 206, 210, 212, 234 and 236 are accepted. Two redundant digital air data inputs are provided. A discrete input to switch to the second digital air data source is provided.
Extended Squitter Disable Interface	A discrete input to disable the transmission extended squitters/DO-260B is provided.
Onboard Software Uploading/ Fault Log Downloading:	
Circuit Configuration	RS-232 Data Loading/Maintenance Interface through a RJ-45 front panel connector.
Bus Protocol	The data transfer protocol for the RS-232 front panel interface is XMODEM 1K.



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Table 1-9: NXT-800 Transponder DO-160G Environmental Categories

Condition	Category	Description of Conducted Test
4 Temperature and Altitude	CAT A2F2	Partial temperature control pressurized location, pressures no lower than 15,000 feet MSL, unpressurized locations with altitude not to exceed 15,000 MSL Sea level to 70,000 feet
In-Flight Loss of Cooling	CAT Y	+70 degrees C for 300 minutes
5 Temperature Variation	CAT B	-55 to +70 degrees C
6 Humidity	CAT B	Severe Humidity Environment
7 Operational Shocks and Crash Safety	CAT E	Low frequency operational shock and low frequency crash safety.
8 Vibration	CAT RBB1 SM	Fixed Wing, Zone 2- Robust Vibration – Curve B and B1 Standard – Curve M
9 Explosion Proofness	CAT E	
10 Waterproofness	CAT X	
11 Fluids Susceptibility	CAT X	
12 Sand and Dust	CAT X	
13 Fungus Resistance	CAT F	Analysis Doc. 8010043-001
14 Salt Fog	CAT X	
15 Magnetic Effect	CAT Z	
16 Power Input	CAT A (CF) XZZZ	Category A(CF) (AC Power) AC Harmonics Tests: X AC Current Modulation: Z AC Power Factor Test: Z AC Inrush Current Test: Z
17 Voltage Spike	CAT A	
18 Audio Frequency Conducted Susceptibility – Power Inputs	CAT K	
19 Induced Signal Susceptibility	CAT CC	
20 Radio Frequency Susceptibility	CAT R CAT R	Radiated Susceptibility Conducted Susceptibility



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Table 1-9: NXT-800 Transponder DO-160G Environmental Categories

Condition	Category	Description of Conducted Test
21 Emission of Radio Frequency Energy	CAT M	
22 Lightning Induced Transient Susceptibility	CAT A3J3L3	
23 Lightning, Direct Effects	CAT X	No test required
24 Icing	CAT X	No test required
25 Electrostatic Discharge	CAT A	
26 Flammability	CAT C	Analysis Doc. 8010038-001

B. NXT-800 Front Panel Description

The NXT-800 Transponder front panel includes status lamps, a push to test switch, and an access door to the RJ-45 connector (RS-232 connection). Figure 1-6 shows the front panel layout, and defines the purpose of each status lamp.



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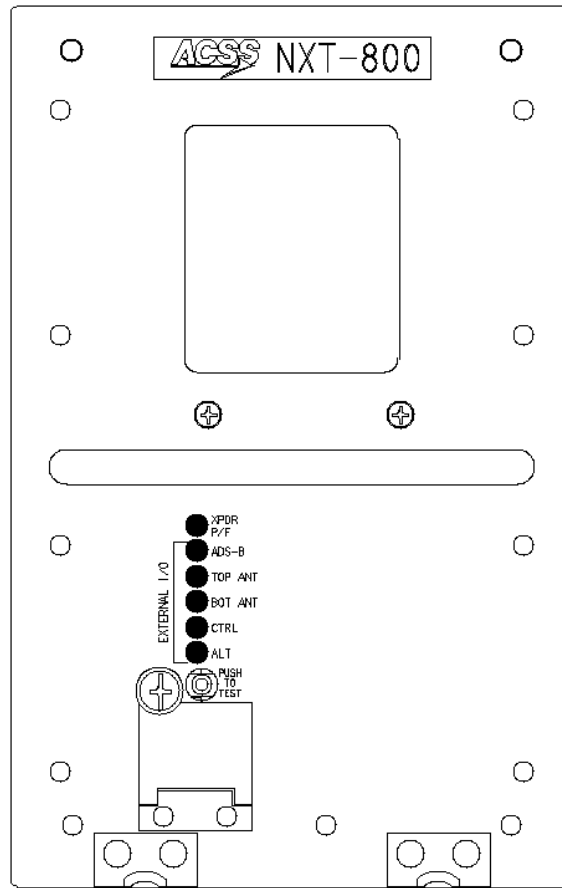


Figure 1-5: NXT-800 Transponder Front Panel

On power-up, or if self-test is initiated by the PUSH TO TEST button, all lamps default to "ON" (Green for XPDR P/F and Red for the remaining 5 lamps). After successfully passing the Power-on Test, all lamps switch OFF after approximately ten seconds. See Section 6 of this Manual for detailed lamp fault diagnostic.

Table 1-10: Front Panel Lamp Definition

Name (Labeled)	Lamp Color
XPDR P/F	Green/Red, bi-color
ADS-B	Red, single color
TOP ANT	Red, single color
BOT ANT	Red, single color
CTRL	Red, single color
ALT	Red, single color



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The "PUSH TO TEST" momentary button initiates self-test, and can be activated only ON GROUND.

The small access door to the RJ-45 connector (RS-232 interface) is secured to the front panel and opens by loosening a screw. No tools are required to open or close the access door.

The front panel is equipped with a handle for safe convenient handling while inserting, removing or carrying the NXT-800 Transponder.

C. ACSS Control Panels

The ACSS control panels supply mode control for dual or single ATC Mode S transponders and TCAS II systems.

Figure 1-6 shows a typical front panel layout of the two ACSS configurations. A control panel is usually mounted in the instrument panel or in the pedestal.

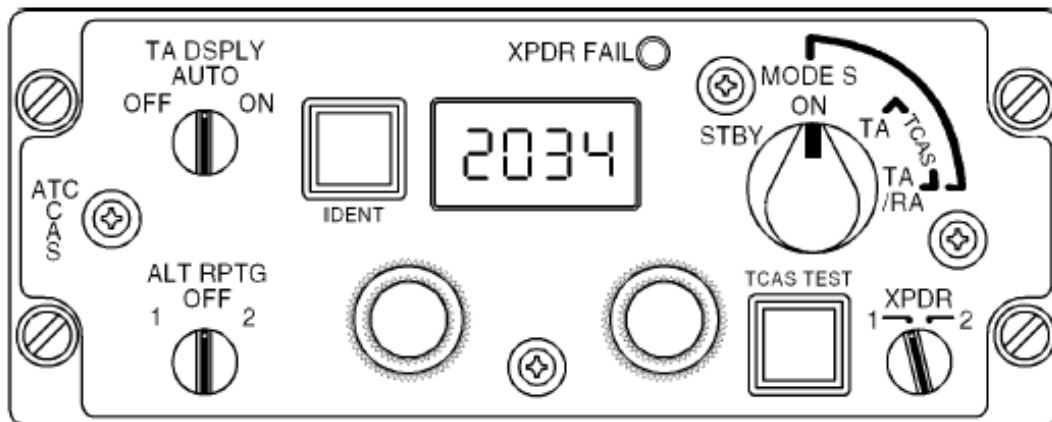
Table 1-12 gives items and specifications particular to the ACSS units.

For information on Gables G6990, G6991, G6992, and G6993 control panels, refer to the applicable Gables Installation Manual.

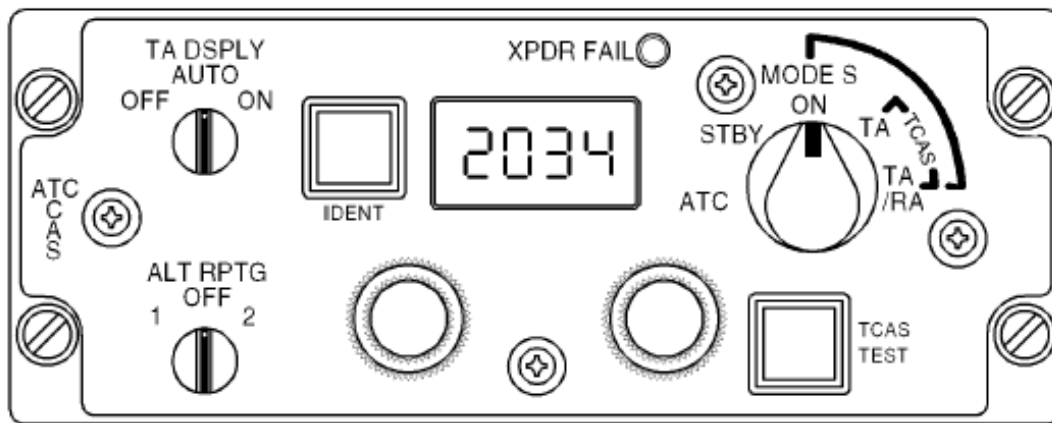


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DUAL MODE S CONTROL PANEL
PART NO. 4052190-902, -904, -906, -908



MODE S/ATCRBS CONTROL PANEL
PART NO. 4052190-903, -905, -907, -909

AD-044796-R4 ©

Figure 1-6: Typical ACSS Control Panel

D. Gables Dual Mode and Control Panel Figures

The Gables control panel supply mode control for dual or single ATC Mode S transponder and TCAS II system.

Figure 1-7 shows a typical front panel layout of two configurations of the G7490 series Gables control panel. A control panel is usually mounted in the aircraft instrument panel or the pedestal.

Table 1-12 gives items and specifications particular to the Gables units.

G7490 and G699X variants are dependent on aircraft type, color and functions particular to the system and airlines. For information on Gables control panel variants contact

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

ACSS, or Gables Engineering, Inc. Figure 1-8 shows typical Gables G699X control panels.

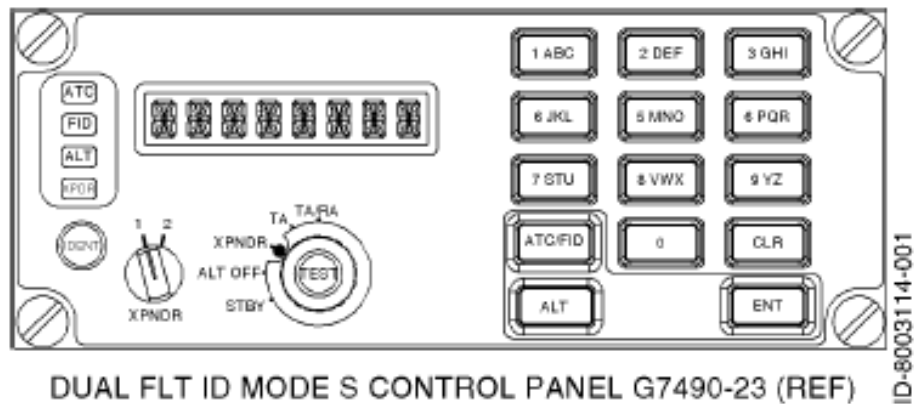
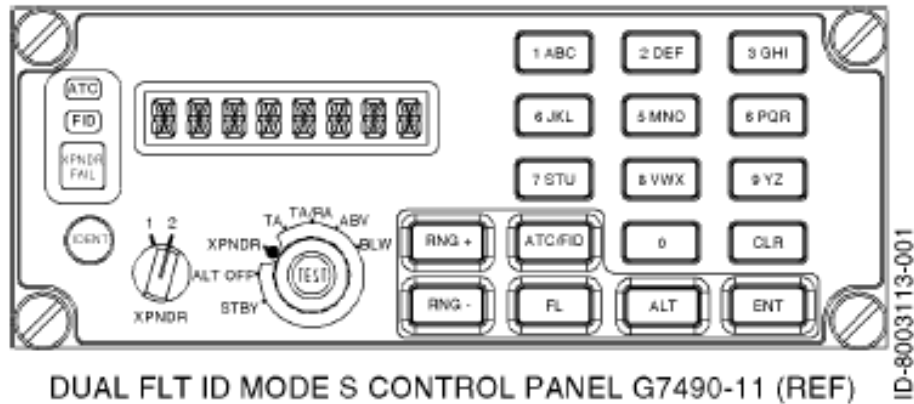


Figure 1-7: Typical G7490 Gables Control Panel



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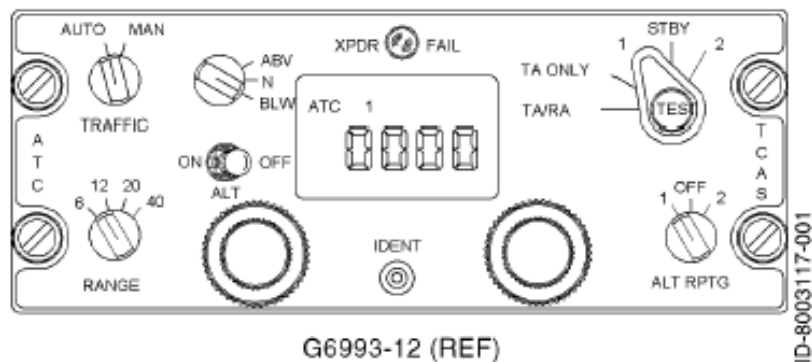
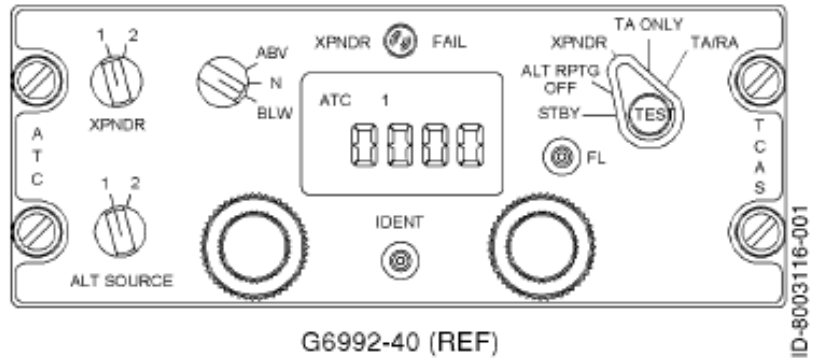
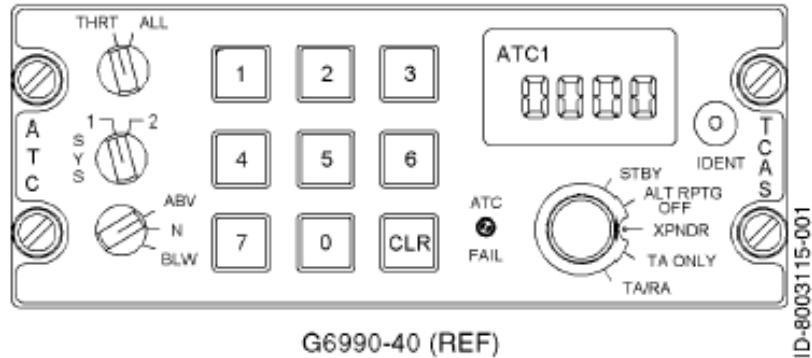


Figure 1-8: Typical Gables G699X Control Panels



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Table 1-11: ACSS and Gables Control Panel Leading Particulars

Item	Specification
Dimensions (maximum):	
• Height	2.25 in. (57.2 mm)
• Weight	5.75 in. (146.1 mm)
• Length	5.00 in. (127.0 mm)
Weight (maximum)	2.1 lb (0.953 kg) (ACSS units) 2.0 lb (0.907 kg) (Gables units)
Power Requirements:	
• Primary	115 V ac, 400 Hz (2.0 Watts maximum)
• Lighting	5 V ac, 400 Hz (3.0 Watts maximum)
Mating Connectors:	
• J1	M83723/75R16247 or equivalent
• J2 (Dual Mode S transponder Version)	M83723/75R16248 or equivalent
• J2 (Mode S/ATCRBS transponder Version)	MS3476L2041S (ACSS units)
Mounting	Unit Dzus Fasteners

E. ACSS Control Panel Functions

The control panel for the Mode S system supplies mode control for the ATC transponders, both Mode S and ATCRBS (if used). Figure 1-6 shows a typical front panel layout of the two configurations. Communication with Mode S transponders is accomplished via an ARINC 429 bus as defined in ARINC Characteristic 718A-4. Control panel functions include 4096 code selection and display, altitude source and reporting inhibit selection, and selection between two onboard transponders. A listing of the control panel functions follows:

(1) ALT RPTG -1, OFF, and 2

The ALT RPTG knob is used to select between altitude sources 1 and 2, or to disable altitude reporting in transponder replies.

(2) XPDR FAIL Indicator

The XPDR FAIL annunciator displays the functional status of the active transponder. The fail annunciator lights during one of two situations:

- When a failed transponder is selected on the XPDR 1-2 switch.
- When own-aircraft navigation and position information from a GPS (utilized for ADS-B transmissions) is not available for the selected transponder
- When the antenna diversity required by the TCAS II system cannot be guaranteed due to a failure in the antenna BITE monitor.



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NOTE: For (a) above, TCAS functionality is affected and results in a TCAS FAIL message on the TCAS display, as well as a TCAS FAIL annunciation during self-test.

For (b) above, all other XPDR functionality is not affected. ADS-B transmissions continue but will be without GPS position data. TCAS functionality is not affected and will remain available. Refer to Section 6 Fault Isolation for troubleshooting prior to removing the transponder for a XPDR FAIL indication. Installations with EFBs and or OMS pages will have a separate fault annunciation.

For (c) above, a TCAS FAIL and ATC FAIL is indicated. Selecting TCAS STBY or TA will clear the FAIL indications. During this case the NXT-800 Transponder is still functioning through the non-FAIL antenna.

(3) Mode Control Knob

The MODE CONTROL knob disables reply capability in the STANDBY mode. It enables Mode S transponder in ON mode and enables ATCRBS transponder in ATC mode. TA and TA/RA modes support the operation of a TCAS system and are not functional in Mode S system. However, they are electrically connected to the ON mode and enable the Mode S transponder when selected.

(4) XPDR 1 and 2 (Dual/Mode S version only)

The XPDR knob selects which transponder (1 or 2) is used for reporting replies.

(5) TA DSPLY – OFF, AUTO, and ON

The TA DSPLY knob supports the operation of a TCAS system, but is not functional in Mode S system.

(6) TCAS Test Button

The TCAS TEST button supports the operation of a TCAS system, but is not functional in Mode S system.

(7) IDENT Button

The IDENT key is a momentary push button switch. Upon activation, the Special Position Identifier (SPI) pulse is transmitted to ground controllers, in accordance with ARINC 718 Draft 5 of Supplement 4, when replying to ATCRBS Mode A or Mode S UF4 and UF5 interrogations for a period of 18 ± 1 seconds. The SPI pulse can be reinitiated at any time.

(8) 4096 CODE – Dual Concentric Rotary Knobs

The 4096 code can be set to any values from 0000 to 7777. The rotary knobs are used to set each individual digit of the four-digit 4096 code. The left inner knob selects the thousands digit; the left outer knob selects the hundreds digit; the right inner knob selects the tens digit; and the right outer knob selects the ones digit.

NOTE: Do not use codes 7500, 7600 or 7700, these codes are reserved for emergency operation.



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F. Gables Dual Mode and Control Panel Figures

The Gables G7130 series control panel supplies mode control for dual or single ATC Mode S transponder and TCAS II system.

For more information on Gables G7130 series control panels, refer to the applicable Gables Installation Manual.

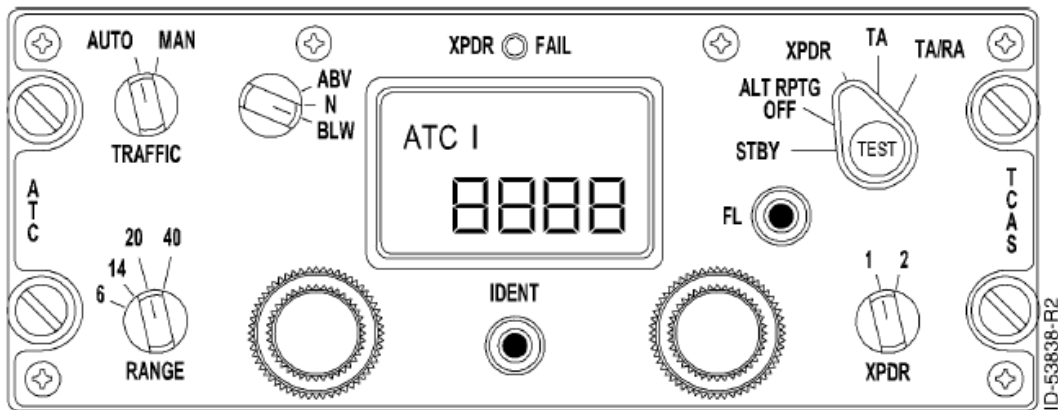


Figure 1-9: Gables G7130 Series Control Panel

Table 1-12: Gables G7130 Control Panel Leading Particulars

Item	Specification
Dimensions (maximum):	
• Height	2.25 in. (57.2 mm)
• Weight	5.75 in. (146.1 mm)
• Length	5.80 in. (147.3 mm)
Weight (maximum)	2.0 lb (0.907 kg) (Gables units)
Power Requirements:	
• Primary	+28 $\pm$ 4 V dc, 0.25 A maximum current
• Lighting	5 V ac, 400 Hz, 2.3 A maximum
Mating Connectors:	
• J1	M83723/75R16247 or equivalent
• J2 (Dual Mode S transponder Version)	M83723/75R16248 or equivalent
Mounting	Unit Dzus Fasteners



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G. Gables Control Panel Functions

The G7130 series control panel supplies mode control for the ATC transponders, as well as TCAS commands to the TCAS II computer and displays. Figure 1-7 shows only a few of the numerous variants for the G7130 series of ATC/TCAS control panels.

Communication with the Mode S transponders is accomplished via an ARINC 429 bus as defined in ARINC characteristic 718A-4. Control panel functions include 4096 code selection and display, altitude source and reporting inhibit selection, and selection between two onboard transponders. A listing of the possible control panel functions follow.

(1) ALT RPTG OFF, Altitude Source 1-2 Selection

On the Mode Select knob, a position defined as ALT OFF disables altitude reporting in transponders replies. Other selections to the right of this position will enable altitude reporting. Altitude source can be selected from the control panel using different methods. Capabilities within the control panel allow users to use a two position rotary switch, or a dedicated ALT key. Using a push button key basically toggles between ADC 1 and ADC 2. Selection is displayed in the control panel.

(2) XPDR FAIL Front Panel Indicator

The XPDR FAIL annunciator displays the functional status of the active transponder. The fail annunciator lights during one of three situations:

- (a) When a failed transponder is selected on the XPDR 1-2 switch.
- (b) When own-aircraft navigation and position information from a GPS (utilized for ADS-B transmissions) is not available for the selected transponder.
- (c) When the antenna diversity required by TCAS II cannot be guaranteed due to a failure in the antenna BITE monitor.

NOTE: For (a) above, TCAS functionality is affected and results in a TCAS FAIL message on the TCAS display, as well as a TCAS FAIL annunciation during self-test.

For (b) above, all other XPDR functionality is not affected. ADS-B transmissions continue but will be without GPS position data. TCAS functionality is not affected and will remain available. Refer to Section 6 Fault Isolation for troubleshooting prior to removing the transponder for a XPDR FAIL indication. Installations with EFBs and/or OMS pages will have a separate fault annunciation.

For (c) above, a TCAS FAIL and ATC FAIL is indicated. Selecting TCAS STBY or TA will clear the FAIL indications. During this case the NXT-800 Transponder is still functioning through the non-FAIL antenna.

(3) ATC Front Panel Indicator

The ATC/TCAS control panel has a dead front white ATC indicator controlled by the ATC mode key to annunciate activation of the ATC mode.



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(4) **ALT Front Panel Indicator (Operations)**

The ATC/TCAS control panel has a dead front amber ALT indicator controlled by the transponder to annunciate an altitude failure condition.

(5) **Mode Control Knob**

The mode control knob disables reply capability in the STANDBY mode. It enables Mode S transponder in the XPDR position. TA and TA/RA modes support the operation of a TCAS II system providing traffic and resolution advisories.

(6) **XPDR 1-2 Select Knob**

The XPDR knob selects which transponder (1 or 2) is used for reporting replies.

(7) **TRAFFIC Display Mode Selection – AUTO-ON**

TRAFFIC displays can be set in two modes. In the AUTO mode the TCAS displays are in the pop up mode. Should a nearby traffic create a threat condition, the displays will be turned ON. In the ON mode, all traffic within the range capabilities will be displayed. The G7130 series provides the capability of selection TRAFFIC modes by using a rotary switch or a dedicated TFC push button switch.

(8) **TCAS Test Button**

The TCAS TEST button activates a system functional test as well as an internal test in the control panel. During this test, the control panel displays BIT information for each electronic module within the control panel.

(9) **IDENT Button**

The IDENT button is a momentary switch. Upon activation, the Special Position Identifier (SPI) is transmitted to ground controllers, in accordance with ARINC 718A-4, when replying to ATCRBS Mode A or Mode S UF4 and UF5 interrogations for a period of 18 ± 1 seconds. The SPI pulse can be reinitiated at any time.

(10) **4096 Code**

The 4096 code can be entered by means of a front panel controls. 4096 code entry can be described as follows:

- Use the rotary dials to select the ATC code. The ATC indicator is illuminated and display shows the last 4-digit ATC code entered when the ATC mode is selected.

- The ATC code can be set to any values from 0000 to 7777. To set an ATC code, use the keypad buttons 0 thru 7 to enter a 4-digit code.

NOTE: Do not use codes 7500, 7600 or 7700 these codes are reserved for emergency operation.

- The new ATC code will be transmitted after 5 seconds. If the IDENT button is pressed before five seconds has elapsed, the new code will be transmitted immediately.
- If the **IDENT** button is pressed while the 4096 code entered is incomplete (if the code has less than 4 digits), the incomplete code is not transmitted and the previously transmitted code will re-appear on the display.



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(11) ABV/N/BLW Function

The G7490 series provides capabilities to select the ABV/N/BLW function via a rotary switch, or a dedicated push button switch defined as A/N/B.

ABV (Above) Mode – The TCAS II system will only display and provide traffic information for targets located between 9900 feet above and 2700 feet below your aircraft (+9900 ft and -2700 ft relative to your aircraft).

N (Normal Mode) – In the Normal mode, the TCAS II system will only display and provide traffic information for targets located between 2700 feet above and 2700 feet below your aircraft (+2700 ft and -2700 ft relative to your aircraft).

BLW (Below) – The TCAS II system will only display and provide traffic information for targets located between 2700 feet above and 9900 feet below your aircraft (+2700 ft and -9900 ft relative to your aircraft).

(12) Flight Level Function

The G7130 series control panel has the capability of selecting the Flight Level function. A dedicated push button switch “FL” operates as follows:

- FL key not pressed: Flight Level bit is transmitted as 0 commanding the displays to show Relative Flight Level.
- FL key pressed: Flight Level bit is transmitted as 1 commanding the displays to show Absolute Flight Level. Absolute mode will be transmitted from the control panel for as long as the FL push button is pressed.

(13) Range Selection

The G7130 series control panel is capable of providing a combination of range values based on specific installation provided. For this purpose range can be selected via a rotary switch, two push button keys defined as RNG+ and RNG-, or by means of a dedicated range key defined as RANGE.

Possible range selections from the control panel are:

- 6-14-20-40-80-120



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6. Functional Description and Operation

The Mode S Data Link System can be configured with either one or two Mode S transponders. The system provides air traffic information to Mode S and ATCRBS ground stations to aid in air traffic control. The Mode S system does all of the following:

- Receives ATCRBS interrogations (ground-to-air) and transmits ATCRBS replies (air-to-ground)
- Receives Mode S interrogations (ground-to-air) and transmits Mode S replies (air-to-ground)
- Receives TCAS interrogations (air-to-air) and transmits Mode S replies (air-to-air).
- Receives ELS/EHS interrogations (ground-to-air) and transmits ELS/EHS replies (air-to-ground).
- Receives and processes onboard navigation data and transmits Extended Squitters (air-to-air, air-to-ground).

Although TCAS II is beyond the scope of this manual, it is mentioned to further clarify the capability of the Mode S system.

A. Functional Operation

1) Mode A and Mode C

An ATCRBS transponder responds to ATCRBS interrogations with a Mode A (4096 code) reply or Mode C (altitude status) reply contingent upon the type of interrogation received. Interrogations are received by the transponder on 1030 MHz and replies are transmitted by the transponder on 1090 MHz. All ATCRBS transmissions are between the ground station and aircraft.

2) Stand-Alone Mode S or Mode S in Conjunction with TCAS

A Mode S transponder receives and transmits on the same frequencies as the ATCRBS transponder and can receive and transmit ATCRBS interrogations and replies. However, the Mode S transponder was developed for Mode S operation and can function alone as Mode S or in conjunction with TCAS. When functioning alone as Mode S, all Mode S transmissions are between the ground station and aircraft. When functioning in conjunction with TCAS, transmissions may also be from aircraft to aircraft.

3) Transponder Self-Test

Mode S system operation begins when aircraft power is applied. Initial self-test is performed automatically upon power-up and is completed in approximately 1 second. Self-testing of the system occurs continuously while in the power-on mode. If a transponder failure occurs, it is indicated on the control panel. Other failures are indicated via front panel-mounted lamps on the transponder; however, these failure indications are not available to the pilot. All failures, whether hard or intermittent, are recorded in the transponder non-volatile fault log for analysis by maintenance personnel.



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4) 4096 Code

After power-up, the pilot enters the assigned 4096 code via the control panel. This code is the ATC identification code for that aircraft and is used during ATCRBS (Mode A) interrogations and replies.

5) Mode S Aircraft Address

Mode S interrogations and replies use a 24-bit address code entered into transponder memory automatically upon power-up. Each aircraft has its own unique address that is permanently programmed to the transponders tray connector. No manual entry of this address is available.

6) Reply Capability Disabled

The system can be placed in STANDBY mode. When the STANDBY mode is selected, the transponder reply transmit capability (Mode S or ATCRBS) is disabled. The remainder of the transponder functions are operational, including Built-In Test (BIT). STANDBY mode is typically engaged while on the ground to prevent unnecessary RF radiation. The STANDBY mode is disengaged just prior to takeoff and engaged again upon landing. In addition, an air/ground switch, which functions as part of the Weight-On-Wheels (WOW) circuitry, can disable ATCRBS transponder reply capability while the aircraft is on the ground if this feature has been enabled. To disable ATCRBS or ground replies with the air/ground switch, the appropriate air/ground transponder discrete must be connected. Refer to Section 4 Loading/Gradient of this manual for details on this interface. Mode S transponder replies and squitters, however, are not disabled by the air/ground switch, and aircraft status (on ground or airborne) is included in the Mode S reply and squitter data.

7) Transponder Selection

In a dual Mode S transponder installation, the pilot can choose either transponder from the control panel. Only one transponder is enabled at a time. If a transponder failure occurs, the XPDR FAIL indicator on the control panel lights; however, the failed transponder must be the one selected on the control panel for the indicator to light. Switching between the transponders occurs without loss of system function.

8) Special Position Identifier Transmission

A Special Position Identifier (SPI) is added to the ATCRBS and Mode S replies when the control panel IDENT button is pressed and released. The SPI is enabled for approximately 18 seconds and supplies the ground station with a more positive aircraft identification capability. This function is typically activated upon verbal command from the ground station.

9) Altitude Switching

Dual altitude input ports are supplied for each transponder; the capability to switch between the two is supplied by a switch on the control panel. This

function lets the pilot select an alternate altitude source if the first fails. It also lets the ground station verbally verify one source against the other.



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B. Mode S/ATCRBS Interrogations and Replies

1) Identification Code and Baro Altitude

The Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System (ATCRBS) has been in operation for several decades. Its purpose is to ensure safe separation and operation of aircraft, especially in busy terminal areas. ATCRBS transponder-equipped aircraft transmit replies to interrogations from ground-based sensors (interrogators). Depending on the type of interrogation, the reply contains either the identification code currently assigned to the aircraft by ATC (Mode A) or uncorrected barometric altitude with 100-foot resolution (Mode C).

2) Range and Relative Bearing

The ground station uses reply delay time to compute range to within approximately 500 feet. The current angle of the rotating ground antenna determines azimuth. There is an 18 ± 2 second duration SPI pulse to aid in identifying specific aircraft. Thus, ATC is provided with the information required to ensure safe separation of aircraft.

3) Assigned Code Number - ATCRBS

The digits of the assigned code number indicate the code groups to be used and the pulse coding within each group. The assigned code is a four-digit octal number (any of 4096) in which the first or left-most digit designates the A group; the second digit designates the B group; the third digit designates the C group; and the last or right-most digit designates the D group. Typical information pulses present in assigned reply codes are given in Table 1-13.



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Table 1-13: Typical ATCRBS Reply Code Numbers

4096 Code Number	Information Pulses	4096 Code Number	Information Pulses
0000	None	3000	A1, A2
0001	D1	3100	A1, A2, B1
0002	D2	3200	A1, A2, B2
0003	D1, D2	3300	A1, A2, B1, B2
0004	D4	3400	A1, A2, B4
0005	D1, D4	3500	A1, A2, B1, B4
0006	D2, D4	3600	A1, A2, B2, B4
0007	D1, D2, D4	3700	A1, A2, B1, B2, B4
0010	C1	4000	A4
0020	C2	4100	A4, B1
0030	C1, C2	4200	A4, B2
0040	C4	4300	A4, B1, B2
0050	C1, C4	4400	A4, B4
0060	C2, C4	4500	A4, B1, B4
0070	C1, C2, C4	4600	A4, B2, B4
		4700	A4, B1, B2, B4
0100	B1	5000	A1, A4
0200	B2	5100	A1, A4, B1
0300	B1, B2	5200	A1, A4, B2
0400	B4	5300	A1, A4, B1, B2
0500	B1, B4	5400	A1, A4, B4
0600	B2, B4	5500	A1, A4, B1, B4
0700	B1, B2, B4	5600	A1, A4, B2, B4
		5700	A1, A4, B1, B2, B4
1000	A1	6000	A2, A4
1100	A1, B1	6100	A2, A4, B1
1200	A1, B2	6200	A2, A4, B2
1300	A1, B1, B2	6300	A2, A4, B1, B2
1400	A1, B4	6400	A2, A4, B4
1500	A1, B1, B4	6500	A2, A4, B1, B4
1600	A1, B2, B4	6600	A2, A4, B2, B4
1700	A1, B1, B2, B4	6700	A2, A4, B1, B2, B4
2000	A2	7000	A1, A2, A4
2100	A2, B1	7100	A1, A2, A4, B1
2200	A2, B2	7200	A1, A2, A4, B2
2300	A2, B1, B2	7300	A1, A2, A4, B1, B2
2400	A2, B4	7400	A1, A2, A4, B4
2500	A2, B1, B4	7500	A1, A2, A4, B1, B4
2600	A2, B2, B4	7600	A1, A2, A4, B2, B4
2700	A2, B1, B2, B4	7700	A1, A2, A4, B1, B2, B4



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4) Mode Select

Air traffic density has significantly increased since the inception of ATCRBS. Aircraft within the same approximate range and azimuth from the interrogator may interfere with each other's replies. Much verbal communication is also needed to coordinate ATC, creating more traffic on communication channels. This also places a heavier burden on the air traffic controllers.

Mode Select (Mode S) has been designed as an evolutionary addition to ATCRBS to supply enhanced surveillance as well as data communication capability for ATC, with greater degree of automation in mind. Ground-air-ground data link communications can be accommodated with the surveillance interrogations and replies, permitting use of the transponder for a number of different ATC functions. Messages can be either 56 or 112 bits in length. The same transmit and receive frequencies are used as for ATCRBS.

(a) Ground and Airborne Installations

1. Mode S Compatibility with ATCRBS

To facilitate the introduction of Mode S into ATCRBS, both ground and airborne Mode S installations include full ATCRBS capability. Mode S interrogators supply surveillance of older ATCRBS-equipped aircraft, and Mode S transponders reply to ATCRBS interrogators. Mode S interrogators are able to command Mode S transponders not to reply to compatible ATCRBS-only interrogations. They are also able to solicit only Mode S replies from Mode S transponders which minimizes RF transmissions.

2. Mode S Aircraft Address

Another unique aspect of Mode S is that each aircraft equipped with a Mode S transponder is assigned a unique 24-bit address. This address appears in either a coded or clear form in every Mode S reply. This not only improves aircraft identification by ATC, but also permits selective interrogation once the aircraft has been acquired by an ATCRBS/Mode S or Mode S-only All-Call interrogation.

3. Minimizing RF Channel Loading

Selective interrogation is aimed toward reducing RF channel loading. Another way to minimize RF traffic is the capability of locking out the transponder from replying to All-Calls, from either all interrogators or from specific ones, for 18-second intervals. Including the station's identity code in the interrogation message enables this lockout. Probability-based replies make it possible to separate transmissions from aircraft that would otherwise be garbled when a group of aircraft might answer a single interrogation.

4. Uplink/Downlink Transmission CRC

All transmissions for surveillance or data communications, from the ground up to the aircraft (uplink) and from the aircraft down to the ground (downlink), are protected by a 24-bit Cyclic Redundancy Code (CRC) error detection scheme, also referred to as parity. In addition, ground interrogators can perform error correction on received downlink messages.



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(b) Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System

Mode S transponders are an integral part of the Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System (TCAS). TCAS-equipped aircraft are airborne interrogators, communicating with other TCAS-equipped aircraft through their Mode S transponders for coordination of collision avoidance maneuvers. TCAS aircraft acquire other Mode S transponder-equipped aircraft by receiving squitter transmissions (unsolicited All-Call type replies, transmitted pseudo-randomly every 0.8 to 1.2 seconds with aircraft Mode S address), and thereafter by specific addressed interrogations. Although either Mode S or ATCRBS Mode C transponders aid TCAS-equipped aircraft in avoiding collisions, coordination of collision avoidance maneuvers is possible between two aircraft only if both are Mode S and TCAS equipped.

(c) Mode S Message

1. Interrogation and Reply Formats

Mode S features have been added to the ATCRBS already in place. This procedure ensures that the older airborne transponders and the ground-based interrogators used in the ATCRBS are still functional. The Mode S signal formats used for this combined system operation include ATCRBS/Mode S All-Call [Mode A, Mode C, and Mode S], Mode S interrogation, Mode S SLS and Mode S reply.

2. Interrogation Pulses and Timing

The uplink Mode S format for the interrogation pulse group consists of pulses designated P1, P2, and P3. The time spacing between the P1 and P3 pulses determines the type of interrogation (Mode A aircraft identification or Mode C altitude reporting). Pulse P2, which follows P1 by 2 microseconds, is used for Side Lobe Suppression (SLS) in the ATCRBS. The amplitude of P2 is recognized by the airborne transponder as either a main beam or SLS interrogation. With Mode S interrogation, the basic P1 and P3 pulse system is extended to include a P4 pulse, which follows P3 by 2 microseconds. The P4 pulse uses the same spacing as between P1 and P2. However, P4 has an additional feature in that its pulse width can be either 1.6 microseconds or 0.8 microseconds, whereas the P1 and P3 pulse widths are always 0.8 microseconds.

3. Replies to All-Call Interrogations and Pulse Width

In operation, when a standard ATCRBS transponder receives this interrogation of P1, P3, and P4 pulses, it responds with the ATCRBS reply, which consists of 14 pulses that carry the identity code or the altitude code. The P4 pulse is ignored since the ATCRBS transponder circuit is designed so that it does not recognize the P4 pulse. The response is dependent upon the presence and length of P4. When a standard P1 and P3 interrogation is received from an ATCRBS interrogator (no P4), the Mode S transponder responds with a standard ATCRBS reply. An uplink interrogation pulse group, which includes a P4 pulse, makes the Mode S transponder prepare to measure the P4 pulse width. As soon as the Mode S transponder



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detects the rising edge of the P4 pulse, it disables its ATCRBS reply. It then looks for a pulse width of 0.8 or 1.6 microseconds. A pulse width of 0.8 microsecond is recognized by the Mode S transponder as an uplink ATCRBS-only All-Call, and it does not respond at all. In this case, the ground station is looking for all the aircraft in the vicinity that are equipped with ATCRBS only. In the case of a 1.6-microsecond pulse width, the Mode S interrogator wants the Mode S transponder to respond with the Mode S All-Call coded reply. In this case, the interrogator receives the aircraft's identity, which is the unique number that is given to the Mode S-equipped aircraft. The 1.6-microsecond pulse width is in fact an All-Call interrogation for both ATCRBS and Mode S transponders, eliciting both ATCRBS and Mode S replies. There is no interrogation addressing in this case as each system responds within its own capability.

4. Mode S Interrogation

The final type of uplink interrogation is made up of P1 and P2 pulses of equal amplitude followed by a long pulse of constant amplitude called P6. This is a Mode S interrogation pulse (P6) that occurs 1.5 microseconds after P2. When the P1 and P2 pulses are of equal amplitude, the standard ATCRBS transponders see the P2 pulse and do not respond, since they interpret this as a side lobe interrogation.

5. Mode S Short/Long Interrogation Messages

The Mode S transponder sees the P1 and P2 pulses and prepares to receive P6 and the uplink Mode S message. There are two types of messages that are defined in terms of length. The first type of interrogation is a short message and is 56 bits long; the second is a long message and is 112 bits long.

(d) Mode S Reply Timing

1. Reply Trigger Point

For the ATCRBS/Mode S All-Calls, the timing reference, or trigger point, for the Mode S reply is from the leading edge of pulse P4. From pulse P4, the response time for a Mode S reply is 128 ± 0.5 microseconds. When responding to a standard ATCRBS interrogation, the timing reference is the leading edge of pulse P3 and the ATCRBS response time is 3 microseconds.

2. P6 Phase Encoding

The Mode S Interrogation signal contains equal amplitude P1 and P2 pulses, in addition to the video pulse P6 that contains the Mode S uplink message phase encoded information.

3. Sync Phase Reversal

Inside the P6 pulse, the first phase change occurs 1.25 microseconds into the pulse. This phase change is called the Sync Phase Reversal (SPR), and it is used to synchronize the transponder with the ground station. The SPR is used as the timing reference for the Mode S reply for uplink messages. Response time is 128 ± 0.25 microseconds.



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4. Differential Phase Shift Keying

All the possible phase changes (chips), corresponding to the data bits, are inside the P6 pulse and occur after the SPR. Since the uplink message consists of 4 megabits per second, it means that there is a possible phase change (chip) every 0.25 microsecond. This process is called Differential Phase Shift Keying (DPSK). If there is a one in the data stream, the phase changes. However, if there is a zero in the data stream, it does not change.

5. Short Message Interrogations

All of the short 56-bit Mode S uplink messages have the following two things in common:

- The first five bits are always the Uplink Format (UF) number. For example, in a UF0, the first five bits are all zero (00000); in a UF5, the first five bits are 00101. Downlink messages are identified by the abbreviation DF for Downlink Format.
- The last 24 bits are an address/parity field. This is a means of addressing the uplink message (interrogation) and it is also a means of error detection. The last 24 bits do not carry data, but rather the unique address of the aircraft overlaid with the parity bits. A CRC system is actually used for the entire uplink message. The transponder starts to handle the uplink message only when it ensures that the message is intended for the aircraft in which the transponder is installed.

6. Mode S All-Call

The uplink message can be a broadcast-type message intended for all aircraft in range of the ground station. This is the Mode S-only All-Call message, which is a special format (UF11) that contains an all-ones address.

7. Side Lobe Suppression

Mode S SLS is handled by a P5 pulse, which has a pulse width of 0.8 microseconds. P5 is transmitted simultaneously with the P6 Sync Phase Reversal (SPR); the P5 pulse subsequently covers the SPR. When this occurs, the decoder in the receiver cannot see the SPR and, therefore, does not process the uplink message. This decoding procedure is different from the ATCRBS method where the amplitude of the P2 pulse must actually be detected for SLS.

8. Mode S Reply Pulses

The Mode S reply is then generated either in response to a Mode S interrogation or by one of the ATCRBS/Mode S All-Calls. The reply includes a preamble made up of two pairs of pulses that occur 8 microseconds before the first Mode S downlink pulse. The preamble precedes the actual data on the downlink message, much like the P1, P2, and P6 pulses precede the uplink message.



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9. UF and DF Messages

There are two fundamental differences between the uplink message and the downlink message, as follows:

- The uplink burst is at 4 megabits per second, while the downlink is at 1 megabit per second.
- The uplink uses DPSK, while the downlink uses Pulse Position Modulation (PPM). Using PPM, there is one pulse for every bit, either in the first half or the second half of the bit interval (window). The first half of the window represents a 1; the second half of the window represents a 0.

10. Mode S Reply Delay

The reply delay time for Mode S is 128 microseconds with respect to the P6 SPR. This is true for both long and short messages.

However, the downlink message data cannot be prepared until the uplink message is complete. There is an additional derived timing specification that indicates how much time is available from the end of an interrogation until the reply starts. For a short message, it is 113 microseconds; for a long message, it is 99 microseconds. The basic Mode S transponder handles only the short messages, but this timing shows that a data link transponder, which handles long messages, has more data to process and a shorter time to prepare the message.

C. Mode S ELS/EHS and ADS-B OUT

Traditional Secondary Surveillance Radar (SSR) includes Mode 3/A (aircraft identification or 4096 code) and Mode C (uncorrected barometric altitude reporting). Then to increase ATC capacity which included implementing TCAS operation, Mode S was developed which made transponder interrogations addressable and transponder replies more accurate and reliable. Basic Mode S requires the aircraft to be;

- equipped with a Mode S capable transponder
- equipped with a means for the operator to enter the ATC assigned 4096 code that then provides standard ARINC 429 label 016 Mode S Control
- equipped with a source of uncorrected barometric altitude with at least 25 feet resolution via one of the following:
 - standard ARINC 429 label 203 Uncorrected Barometric Altitude
 - standard ARINC 575 label 203 Uncorrected Barometric Altitude
- strapped/strobed with the aircraft's unique 24-bit ICAO aircraft address.

Mode S Elementary Surveillance (ELS) was the first step of down linking additional aircraft derived data. In addition to the Mode S aircraft requirements listed above, minimally Mode S ELS requires the aircraft to be:

- equipped with a Mode S ELS capable transponder
- equipped with a means for the operator to enter Flight Identification that then provides standard ARINC 429 labels:
 - 233, 301 Characters 1 and 2
 - 234, 301 Character 3



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- 234, 302 Character 4
- 235, 302 Characters 5 and 6
- 236 Characters 7 and 8.

Mode S Enhanced Surveillance (EHS) was the second step of down linking additional aircraft derived data. In addition to the Mode S and Mode S ELS requirements listed above, minimally Mode S EHS requires the aircraft to be:

- equipped with a Mode S ELS/EHS capable transponder
- equipped with sources of standard ARINC 429 labels;
 - 102 Selected Altitude
 - 103 True Track Angle or 312 Ground Speed
 - 205 MACH
 - 206 Indicated Airspeed (IAS)
 - 210 True Airspeed (TAS)
 - 212 Barometric Rate
 - 320 Magnetic Heading
 - 325 Roll Angle
 - 335 Track Angle Rate (if available)
 - 365 Inertial Vertical Velocity

Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) OUT is the next step of down linking additional aircraft derived data. In addition to the Mode S, Mode S ELS, and Mode S EHS requirements listed above, minimally ADS-B OUT requires the aircraft to be:

- equipped with a Version 2 (DO-260B) ADS-B OUT transponder
- equipped with sources of standard ARINC 429 labels:
 - 076 GNSS Altitude (MSL)
 - 103 GNSS True Track Angle
 - 110 GNSS Latitude, Coarse
 - 111 GNSS Longitude, Coarse
 - 112 GNSS Ground Speed or else 312 Ground Speed
 - 120 GNSS Latitude, Fine
 - 121 GNSS Longitude, Fine
 - 130 GNSS Horizontal Protection Limit or else 112 Ground Speed or 312 Ground Speed or else 133 VIL or else 203 Uncorrected Barometric Altitude or 370 GNSS HAE
 - 136 GNSS Vertical Figure of Merit
 - 140 GNSS UTC, Fine (binary, "0.200 sec")
 - 150 GNSS UTC (binary, e.g., "12 h 23 m 12 s")
 - 165 GNSS Vertical Velocity
 - 166 GNSS N/S Velocity
 - 174 GNSS E/W Velocity
 - 247 GNSS Horizontal Figure of Merit



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- 314 True Heading or else 103 GNSS Track Angle or else 313 True Track Angle
- 370 GNSS Geodetic Height (above WGS-84 ellipsoid).

BDS Registers

The transponder assembles data into Binary Data Store (BDS) registers. These registers are also referred to as GICB registers since they can be down linked via Ground Initiated Comm-B transactions.

The transponder's 256 BDS registers are commonly notated in hexadecimal format with the first register notated as BDS 0,0 (00₁₆ or 0 decimal) and the last register notated as BDS F,F (FF₁₆ or 255 decimal). Each BDS register consists of 56 bits as specified in the ICAO Manual of Mode S Specific Services and Mode S Standard and Recommended Practices (SARPs). Each BDS register contains the data payload of a specific Mode S reply or extended squitter. Registers not updated within a fixed time are cleared, i.e. filled with 0's. Refer to Figure 1-10 for a simplified block diagram of DAPS Data Processing.



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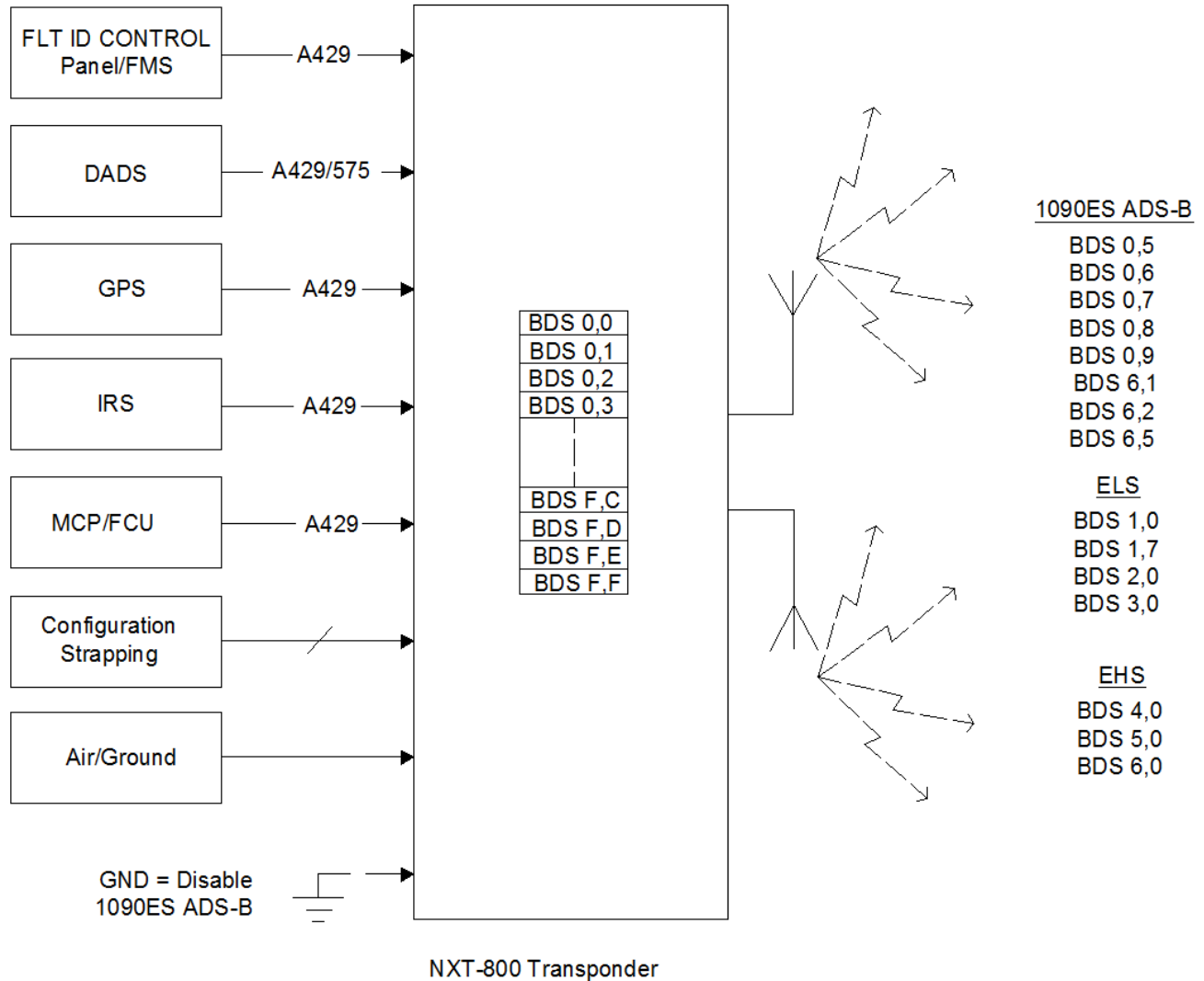


Figure 1-10: NXT-800 Transponder DAPS Data Processing

BDS registers currently specific to 1090ES ADS-B are:

- 0,5 Airborne Position
- 0,6 Surface Position
- 0,7 Status
- 0,8 Aircraft ID and Category
- 0,9 Airborne Velocity
- 6,1 Emergency/Priority Status
- 6,2 Target State and Status
- 6,5 Aircraft Operational Status, Airborne
- 6,5 Aircraft Operational Status, Surface

NOTE: 1090ES ADS-B BDS data is transmitted in the ME field of DF17.



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BDS registers currently specific to Elementary Surveillance (ELS) are:

- 1,0 Data Link Capability
- 1,7 Common Usage GICB Capability
- 2,0 Aircraft Identification
- 3,0 ACAS Active Resolution Advisory

NOTE: ELS BDS data is transmitted in the ME field of DF20 or DF21.

BDS registers currently specific to Enhanced Surveillance (EHS) are:

- 4,0 Selected Vertical Intent
- 5,0 Track and Turn
- 6,0 Heading and Speed

NOTE: EHS BDS data is transmitted in the ME field of DF20 or DF21.

(14) Detailed BDS Register Descriptions

This section provides a detailed description of the BDS register data currently specific to 1090ES ADS-B, ELS, and EHS. The first column in each of the BDS register tables that follow provides the number of bits allocated for each parameter listed that is listed in the second column. The third column provides typical transponder ramp tester parameter data. The fourth and last column provides the external sources and details that are required by the transponder to effectively assemble each parameter into the BDS register.

Refer to ICAO Annex 10, Vol III, Part 1, Chapter 5 and RTCA DO-260B for more details.



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Table 1-14: BDS 0,5 Airborne Position

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-5	Format Type Code	0, 9-18, 20-22	See NOTE:
6-7	Surveillance Status	NO INFO PERM ALERT TEMP ALERT SPI	Label 016 from ATC/TCAS control panel.
8	Single Antenna Flag (SAF)	SINGLE = 1 DUAL = 0	Program Pin
9-20	Barometric altitude or GNSS Altitude	Decoded Barometric Altitude in feet Decoded HAE in feet.	Label 203 uncorrected pressure altitude from ADC. Label 370 HAE from GPS
21	Time	N/UTC (Not UTC) UTC	Time mark from GPS.
22	CPR Format	EVEN ODD	Label 150 UTC Coarse, Label 140 UTC Fine, and Label 141 UTC Fine Fraction from GPS
23-39	Encoded Latitude	Decoded CPR format in degrees, minutes, and seconds	Label 110 Latitude (coarse) and Label 120 Latitude (fine) from GPS 1 or 2 (Best HIL value)
40-46	Encoded Longitude	Decoded CPR format in degrees, minutes, and seconds	Label 111 Longitude (coarse) and Label 121 Longitude (fine) from GPS 1 or 2 (best HIL value)
NOTE: Label 130 HIL from GPS or Label 171 RNP from FMS or IRS, or else Label 112 Ground Speed from GPS or Label 312 Ground Speed from FMS or IRS, or else Label 133 VIL from GPS, or else Label 203 Baro Altitude from ADC or label 370 HAE from GPS.			



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Table 1-15: BDS 0,6 Surface Position

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-5	Format Type Code	0, 5-8	See NOTE:
6-12	Movement	NO INFO STOPPED Speed in Knots DECELERATING ACCELERATING BACKING UP	Label 112 Ground Speed from GPS 1 or 2 (best HIL value) or else Label 312 Ground Speed from IRS or FMS or else derived from Label 174 E/W and Label 166 N/S velocities.
13	Heading Status	N/A Available	
14-20	Heading	N/A Decoded Heading in degrees.	Label 314 True Heading from IRS or else Label 103 Ground Track from GPS 1 or 2 (best HIL value) - only if GS >20 kts or Label 313 True Track Angle from IRS only if GS >20 kts.
21	Time	N/UTC (Not UTC) UTC	
22	CPR Format	EVEN ODD	Label 150 UTC Coarse, Label 140 UTC Fine, and Label 141 UTC Fine Fraction from GPS
23-39	Encoded Latitude	Decoded CPR format in degrees, minutes, and seconds.	Label 110 Latitude (coarse) and Label 120 Latitude (fine) from GPS 1 or 2 (best HIL value)
40-56	Encode Longitude	Decoded CPR format in degrees, minutes, and seconds.	Label 111 Longitude (coarse) and Label 121 Longitude (fine) from GPS 1 or 2 (best HIL value)
NOTE: Label 130 HIL from GPS or Label 171 RNP from FMS or IRS, or else Label 112 Ground Speed from GPS or Label 312 Ground Speed from FMS or IRS, or else Label 133 VIL from GPS, or else Label 203 Baro Altitude from ADC or label 370 HAE from GPS.			



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Table 1-16: BDS 0,7 Status

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-2	Transition Rate	No capability to determine surface squitter rate High surface squitter rate selected Low surface squitter rate selected Unassigned	Label 110 Latitude (coarse), Label 111 Longitude (coarse), Label 120 Latitude (fine), and Label 121 Longitude (fine) from GPS.
3	Altitude Type	Barometric Altitude GPS height above ellipsoid (HAE)	
4-56	Reserved		

Table 1-17: BDS 0,8 Aircraft ID and Category

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-5	Format Type Code	1-4	
6-8	Aircraft Category	A, B, C, D	Program Pin
9-14	Character 1	ICAO Character	Label 233 Flight Identifier from control panel.
15-20	Character 2	ICAO Character	Label 233 Flight Identifier from control panel.
21-26	Character 3	ICAO Character	Label 234 Flight Identifier from control panel.
27-32	Character 4	ICAO Character	Label 234 Flight Identifier from control panel.
33-38	Character 5	ICAO Character	Label 235 Flight Identifier from control panel.
39-44	Character 6	ICAO Character	Label 235 Flight Identifier from control panel.
45-50	Character 7	ICAO Character	Label 236 Flight Identifier from control panel.
51-56	Character 8	ICAO Character	Label 236 Flight Identifier from control panel.



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Table 1-18: BDS 0,9 Airborne Velocity Subtypes 1 & 2 – Velocity Over Ground

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-5	Format Type Code	19	
6-8	Sub Type	1 (Ground Speed Normal)	Label 166 N/S velocity and Label 174 E/W velocity from GPS.
9	Intent Change Flag		
10	IFR Capability Flag		
11-13	NACv	0, 1, 2, 3, 4.	Label 247 HFOM from GPS. Label 136 VFOM from GPS.
14	Direction E/W	E W	
15-24	E/W Velocity	N/A Knots	Label 174 E/W Velocity from GPS 1 or 2 (best HIL value) or calculated from Label 112 Ground Speed from GPS, or Label 367 E/W velocity from FMS or IRS.
25	Direction N/S	N S	
26-35	N/S Velocity	N/S Knots	Label 166 N/S Velocity from GPS 1 or 2 (best HIL value) or calculated from Label 112 Ground Speed from GPS, or Label 366 N/S velocity from FMS or IRS.
36	Source of Vertical Rate	N/A BARO GEO	
37	Sign for Vertical Rate	+ -	
38-46	Vertical Rate	N/A Feet per minute	Blended Inertial Vertical Rate (Label 365) from selected NAV source or Barometric Vertical Rate (Label 212) from selected ADC source or Geometric Vertical Rate (165) from selected ADS-B Position Source



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Table 1-18: BDS 0,9 Airborne Velocity Subtypes 1 & 2 – Velocity Over Ground

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
47-48	Reserved		
49	Difference Sign	+ -	
50-56	Difference from Geo and Baro Altitudes	Feet	Label 370 Height Above Ellipsoid (HAE) from GPS 1 or 2 (best HIL value) or Label 076 Altitude (MSL) from GPS 1 or 2 (best HIL value) or Label 203 Uncorrected Barometric Altitude from ADC.
NOTES: Subtype 1 is used when NS and EW velocities are valid and both are less than 1000 knots. Subtype 2 is used when NS and EW velocities are valid and either is greater than 1022 knots.			

Table 1-19: BDS 0,9 Airborne Velocity Subtypes 3 & 4 – Airspeed and Heading

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-5	Format Type Code	19	
6-8	Sub Type	1 (Ground Speed Normal)	Label 166 N/S velocity and Label 174 E/W velocity from GPS.
9	Intent Change Flag		
10	IFR Capability Flag		
11-13	NACv	0, 1, 2, 3, 4.	Label 247 HFOM from GPS. Label 136 VFOM from GPS.
14	Status	N/A Available	
15-24	Magnetic Heading	Degrees	Label 320 Magnetic Heading from FMS or IRS.
14	Status	N/A Available	
15-24	Magnetic Heading	Degrees	Label 320 Magnetic Heading from FMS or IRS.
25	Airspeed Type	IAS TAS	
26-35	Airspeed	N/A 0 to >1021 Knots 0 to >4084 Knots	Label 206 Indicated Airspeed or Label 210 True Airspeed from ADC.



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Table 1-19: BDS 0,9 Airborne Velocity Subtypes 3 & 4 – Airspeed and Heading

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
36	Source of Vertical Rate	N/A BARO GEO	
37	Sign of Vertical Rate	+ -	
38-46	Vertical Rate	N/A Feet per minute	Blended Inertial Vertical Rate (Label 365) from selected NAV source or Barometric Vertical Rate (Label 212) from selected ADC source or Geometric Vertical Rate (165) from selected ADS-B Position Source
47-48	Reserved		
49	Difference Sign	+ -	
50-56	Difference from Geo and Baro Altitudes	Feet	Label 370 Height Above Ellipsoid (HAE) from GPS 1 or 2 (best HIL value) or Label 076 Geometric Altitude from GPS 1 or 2 (best HIL value) or Label 203 Baro Altitude from ADC.
NOTES: Subtype 3 is used when NS and EW velocities are Not valid and Airspeed is less than 1000 knots. Subtype 4 is used when NS and EW velocities are Not valid and Airspeed is greater than 1022 knots.			

Table 1-20: BDS 1,0 Data Link Capability

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-8	BDS 1,0 Code		
9	Continuation Flag	0	
10-14	Reserved		
15	Overlay Command Capability	0 = No OCC 1 = Transponder has OCC	
16	Reserved for TCAS/ACAS		



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Table 1-20: BDS 1,0 Data Link Capability (cont)

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
17-23	Mode S Sub Network Version Number	0 = Mode S sub network not available 1-5 = Version No. 1-5 respectively 6-127 = Not Assigned	
24	Transponder Enhanced Protocol Indicator	0 = Level 2-4 1 = Level 5	
25	Mode S Specific Services Capability	0 = No services available 1 = At least 1 service is available and valid	
26-28	Uplink ELM Capability (Comm-C)	NO UELM 16/5 ms 16/500 ms 16/250 ms 16/128 ms 16/60 ms 16/30 ms	
29-32	Downlink ELM Capability	NO DELM 4/15 8/15 16/15 16/500 ms 16/250 ms 16/125 ms	
33	Aircraft Identification Capability		
34	Squitter Capability Subfield (SCS)	0, 1	
35	Surveillance Identifier (SI)	0, 1	
36	Common Usage GICB Capability	0 1	
37-40	Reserved for ACAS		
41-56	DTE	YES NO	



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Table 1-21: BDS 1,7 Common Usage GICB Capability

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1	0,5 Extended Squitter Airborne Position	0,5	
2	0,6 Extended Squitter Surface Position	0,6	
3	0,7 Extended Squitter Status	0,7	
4	0,8 Extended Squitter Identification and Category	0,8	
5	0,9 Extended Squitter Airborne Velocity	0,9	
6	0,A Extended Squitter Event Driven Information	0,A	
7	2,0 Aircraft Identification	2,0	
8	2,1 Aircraft Registration		
9	4,0 Aircraft Intention	4,0	
10	4,1 Next Way- Point Identifier		
11	4,2 Next Way- Point Position		
12	4,3 Next Way- Point Information		
13	4,4 Meteorological Routine Report		
14	4,5 Meteorological Hazard Report		
15	4,8 VHF Channel Report		



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Table 1-21: BDS 1,7 Common Usage GICB Capability

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
16	5,0 Track and Turn Report	5,0	
17	5,1 Position Coarse	5,1	
18	5,2 Position Fine	5,2	
19	5,3 Air-Referenced State Vector		
20	5,4 Way-Point 1		
21	5,5 Way-Point 2		
22	5,6 Way-Point 3		
23	5,F Quasi-Static Parameter Monitoring	5,F	
24	6,0 Heading and Speed Report	6,0	
25-56	Reserved		



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Table 1-22: BDS 2,0 Aircraft Identification

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-8	BDS Code 2,0		
9-14	Character 1	ICAO Character	Label 233 Flight Identifier from control panel, or Label 301 Tail Number from CFDIU.
15-20	Character 2	ICAO Character	Label 233 Flight Identifier from control panel, or Label 301 Tail Number from CFDIU.
21-26	Character 3	ICAO Character	Label 234 Flight Identifier from control panel, or Label 301 Tail Number from CFDIU.
27-32	Character 4	ICAO Character	Label 234 Flight Identifier from control panel, or Label 302 Tail Number from CFDIU.
33-38	Character 5	ICAO Character	Label 235 Flight Identifier from control panel, or Label 302 Tail Number from CFDIU.
39-44	Character 6	ICAO Character	Label 235 Flight Identifier from control panel, or Label 302 Tail Number from CFDIU.
45-50	Character 7	ICAO Character	Label 236 Flight Identifier from control panel, or Label 303 Tail Number from CFDIU.
51-60	Character 8	ICAO Character	Label 236 Flight Identifier from control panel, or Label 303 Tail Number from CFDIU.



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Table 1-23: BDS 3,0 ACAS Active Resolution Advisory

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-8	BDS Code 3,0 or 0,0	3,0 = TCAS Bus Valid 0,0 = TCAS Bus Invalid	
9-22	Active Resolution Advisories		
23-26	Resolution Advisory Compliment		
27	RA Terminated (RAT)	0 1	
28	Multiple Threat Encounter	0 1	
29-30	Threat Type Indicator (TTI)	0 1 2	
31-56	Threat Identity Data (TID)	Mode S Address of the threat	



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Table 1-24: BDS 4,0 Selected Vertical Intent

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1	Status	N/A Available	
2-13	MCP/FCU Selected Altitude	N/A Feet	Label 102 Selected Altitude from MCP/FCU
14	Status	N/A Available	
15-26	FMS Selected Altitude	N/A Feet	Label 102 Selected Altitude from FMS.
27	Status	N/A Available	
28-39	Barometric Pressure Altitude	N/A	Label 203 Baro Alt or Label 234 Baro Alt Correction from ADC or else Label 273 Baro Pressure Setting Ref from MCP/ FCU.
40-47	Reserved		
48	Status of MCP/FCU Mode Bits		
49	Vertical Navigation(VNAV) Mode	YES NO	
50	Altitude Hold Mode	YES NO	
51	Approach Mode	YES NO	
52-53	Reserved		
54	Status of Target Altitude Source	YES NO	
55-56	Target Altitude Source	N/A UNKNOWN AIRCRAFT ALT FCU/MCP SEL ALT FMS SEL ALT	



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Table 1-25: BDS 5,0 Track and Turn

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1	Status	N/A Available	
2	Sign	+ -	
3-11	Roll Angle	Degrees	Label 325 Roll Angle from IRS.
12	Status	N/A Available	
13	Sign	+ -	
14-23	True Track Angle	Degrees	Label 103 True Track Angle from GPS or else Label 313 True Track Angle from IRS.
24	Status	N/A Available	
25-34	Ground Speed	Knots	Label 112 Ground Speed from GPS or else Label 312 Ground Speed from IRS.
35	Status	N/A Available	
36	Sign	+ -	
37-45	Track Angle Rate	Degrees per second	Label 335 Track Angle Rate from IRS.
46	Status	N/A Available	
47-56	True Airspeed	Knots	Label 210 True Airspeed from ADC.



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Table 1-26: BDS 6,0 Heading and Speed

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1	Status	NA Available	
2	Sign	East West	
3-12	Magnetic Heading	Degrees	Label 320 Magnetic Heading from IRS or FMS.
13	Status	NA Available	
14-23	Indicated Airspeed	Knots	Label 206 Indicated Airspeed from ADC.
24	Status	NA Available	
25-34	MACH	MACH Number	Label 205 MACH from ADC.
35	Status	NA Available	
36	Sign	+ -	
37-45	Barometric Altitude	Feet per minute	Label 212 Barometric Rate from ADC.
46	Status	NA Available	
47-	Sign	+ -	
48-56	Inertial Vertical Velocity	Feet per minute	Label 365 Inertial Vertical Velocity from IRS or FMS.

Table 1-27: BDS 6,1 Extended Squitter, Emergency/Priority Status

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-5	Type Code	28	
6-8	Subtype Code	1	
9-11	Emergency/Priority Status	0-7	
12-24	Mode A Code		Label 016 from control panel
25-56	Reserved		



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Table 1-28: BDS 6,2 Extended Squitter, Target State and Status

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-5	Type Code	29	
6-7	Subtype Code	1	
8	SIL Supplement	0, 1	
9	Selected Altitude Type	0, 1	
10-20	Selected Altitude	0 – 2047	Label 102 Selected Altitude from MCP/FCU or FMS
21-29	Barometric Altitude	0 – 511	Label 234 Baro Correction (mb) #1 or Label 236 Baro Correction (mb) #2
30	Selected Heading Status	0, 1	
31	Selected Heading Sign	0, 1	
32-39	Selected Heading		Label 101 from MCP/FCU or FMS
40-43	NAC _P	0-11	Label 247 Horizontal Figure of Merit
44	NIC _{BARO}	0, 1	
45-46	SIL	0-3	Label 120 GNSS Latitude Fine, Label 121 GNSS Longitude, Fine
47	Status of MCP/FCU Modes	0, 1	
48	Autopilot Engaged	0	
49	VNAV Mode	0	
50	Altitude Hold	0	
51	Reserved		
52	Approach Mode	0	
53	TCAS Operational	0, 1	Label 274 from TCAS
54	LNAV Mode	0	
55-56	Reserved		



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Table 1-29: BDS 6,5 Extended Squitter, Aircraft Operational Status, Airborne

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-5	Type Code	31	
6-8	Subtype Code	0, 1	
9-10	CC Type	0, 1	
11	TCAS Operational	0, 1	Label 274 from TCAS
12	1090ES In	0, 1	
13-14	Reserved		
15	ARV	0, 1	
16	TS	0, 1	
17-18	TC	0-3	
19	UAT In	0, 1	
20-24	Reserved		
25-26	OM Type		
27	TCAS RA Active	0, 1	Label 270 TCAS RA or Label 273 TCAS RA
28	Ident Active	0, 1	Label 016 ATC Control
29	Reserved		
30	Single Antenna Flag	0, 1	Program Pin
31-32	SDA	0-3	Program Pin
33-40	Reserved		
41-43	Version Number	0-2	
44	NIC Supplement A	0-11	Label 130 GPS HIL
45-48	NAC _P	0-11	Label 247 Horizontal Figure of Merit
49-50	GVA	0-3	Label 136 Vertical Figure of Merit
51-52	SIL	0-3	Label 120 GNSS Latitude Fine, Label 121 GNSS Longitude, Fine
53	NIC _{BARO}	0, 1	
54	HRD	0, 1	
55	SIL Supplement	0, 1	
56	Reserved		



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Table 1-30: BDS 6,5 Extended Squitter, Aircraft Operational Status, Surface

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
1-5	Type Code	31	
6-8	Subtype Code	0, 1	
9-10	CC Type	0, 1	
11	Reserved		
12	1090ES In	0, 1	
13-14	Reserved		
15	B2 Low	0, 1	
16	UAT In	0, 1	
17-19	NAC _V	0-3	Label 145 Horizontal Velocity Figure of Merit
20	NIC Supplement C	0, 1	Label 130 GPS HIL
21-24	Length/Width Codes	0-15	Program Pin
25-26	OM Type		
27	TCAS RA Active	0, 1	Label 270 TCAS RA or Label 273 TCAS RA
28	IDENT Active	0, 1	Label 016 ATC Control
29	Reserved		
30	Single Antenna Flag	0, 1	Program Pin
31-32	SDA	0-3	Program Pin
33	GPS Antenna Offset Left/Right	0, 1	Program Pin
34-35	GPS Antenna Offset Lateral	0-3	Program Pin
36-40	GPS Antenna Offset Longitudinal	0-31	Program Pin
41-43	Version Number	0-2	
44	NIC Supplement A	0-11	Label 130 GPS HIL
45-48	NAC _P	0-11	Label 247 Horizontal Figure of Merit
49-50	Reserved		
51-52	SIL	0-3	Label 120 GNSS Latitude Fine, Label 121 GNSS Longitude, Fine



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Table 1-30: BDS 6,5 Extended Squitter, Aircraft Operational Status, Surface

Bits	Parameter	Parameter Data	External Source(s)
53	Track Angle/Heading	0 = Track Angle 1 = Valid Heading	
54	HRD	0 = True 1 = Mag	Type of heading in BDS 0,9
55	SIL Supplement	0, 1	
56	Reserved		

D. Mode S Message Format and Data Field Definition

Refer to RTCA DO-181E, DO-185B, DO-218B, and DO-260B for further details of Mode S Message Formats and Field definitions.

Table 1-31 defines the Mode S interrogation UF (Uplink Format) messages and Table 1-32 defines the Mode S reply DF (Downlink Format) messages. The first 5 bits of the message indicate the UF/DF type. The message structure including the number of bits per subfield is included in Table 1-31 and Table 1-32. For example, UF0 [Binary 00000] is composed of X:3 (3 bits assigned as padding), RL:1 (1 bit assigned to Reply Length) etc. The Uplink Format message field descriptions are listed in Table 1-33 and the Downlink Format message field descriptions are listed in Table 1-34.

Table 1-31: Uplink Format Messages

Uplink Format	Field Description	Message Format with Number of Bits
UF0 [00000]	Short Air-Air Surveillance	X:3, RL:1, X:4, AQ:1, DS:8, X:10 AP:24 X:Pad
UF4 [00100]	Surveillance, Altitude Request	PC:3, RR:5, DI:3, SD:16, AP:24
UF5 [00101]	Surveillance, Identity Request	PC:3, RR:5, DI:3, SD:16, AP:24
UF11 [01011]	Mode S Only All-Call	PR:4, II/IC:4, CL:3, X:16, AP:24 X:Pad
UF16 [10000]	Long Air-Air Surveillance	X:3, RL:1, X:4, AQ:1, X:18, MU:56, AP:24 X:Pad
UF20 [10100]	Comm-A, Altitude Request	PC:3, RR:5, DI:3, SD:16, MA:56, AP:24
UF21 [10101]	Comm-A, Identity Request	PC:3, RR:5, DI:3, SD:16, MA:56, AP:24
UF24 [11]	Comm-C (ELM)	RC:2, NC:4, MC:80, AP:24

NOTE: PC, RR, DI, and SD subfields are undefined for UF20/21 broadcast interrogations.



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Table 1-32: Downlink Format Messages

Downlink Format	Field Description	Message Format with Number of Bits
DF0 [00000]	Short Air-Air Surveillance	VS:1, CC:1, X:1, SL:3, X:2, RI:4, X:2, AC:13, AP:24 X:Pad
DF4 [00100]	Surveillance, Altitude Reply	FS:3, DR:5, UM:6, AC:13, AP:24
DF5 [00101]	Surveillance, Identity Reply	FS:3, DR:5, UM:6, ID:13, AP:24
DF11 [01011]	All-Call Reply	CA:3, AA:24, PI:24
DF16 [10000]	Long Air-Air Surveillance	VS:1, X:2, SL:3, X:2, RI:4, X:2, AC:13, MV:56, AP:24 X:Pad
DF17 [10001]	Extended Squitter (ADS-B)	CA:3, AA:24, ME:56, PI:24
DF20 [10100]	Comm-B, Altitude Reply	FS:3, DR:5, UM:6, AC:13, MB:56, AP:24
DF21 [10101]	Comm-B, Identity Reply	FS:3, DR:5, UM:6, ID:13, MB:56, AP:24
DF24 [11]	Comm-C, Acknowledgement	-1-, KE:1, ND:4, MD:80, AP:24



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Table 1-33: Uplink Format Fields

Designator	Field	Description
AP	Address Parity	24-bit discrete address with parity check bits overlaid
AQ	Acquisition	Designates formats UF0, 16 as acquisition transmissions or non-acquisition.
CL	Code Label	Identifies the contents of the IC field
DI	Designator Identification	Identifies the coding contained in the SD field
DS	Comm-B Data Selector	Contains the identity of the ground-initiated Comm-B register
IC	Interrogator Code	Contains either the II Code or SI Code
II	Interrogator Identification	Identifies the interrogator
MA	Message Comm-A	56-bit field contains messages directed to the aircraft
MU	Message Comm-U	56-bit field contains information used in air-to-air exchanges part of the long special surveillance interrogation
NC	Number of C Segments	Number of segments transmitted in ELM mode and part of a Comm-C interrogation
PC	Protocol	Operating commands to the transponder
PR	Probability of Reply	Contains commands to the transponder which specify the reply probability to the Mode S only All-Call interrogations
RC	Reply Control	Designates the transmitted segment as initial, intermediate or final
RL	Reply Length	Commands a reply of DF0 Short Message or DF16 Long Message
RR	Reply Request	Contains length and content of the reply requested by the interrogators
SD	Special Designator	Contains control codes affecting transponder protocol
SI	Surveillance Identifier	Defines the surveillance identifier code



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Table 1-34: Downlink Format Fields

Designator	Field	Description
AA	Address Announced	Contains the aircraft address
AC	Altitude Code	Field contains the aircraft altitude
AP	Address Parity	24-bit field contains the parity overlaid on the address
CA	Transponder Capability	Reports transponder communication capability
CC	Crosslink Capability	Indicates the transponder's ability to support crosslink capability
DR	Downlink Request	Requests extraction of downlink messages from the transponder by the interrogator
FS	Flight Status	Reports flight status of the aircraft
ID	Identification	Contains the Mode A identification code reporting the numbers as set by the pilot
MB	Message Comm-B	56-bit field contains messages transmitted to the interrogator
ME	Message Extended Squitter	56-bit field used to broadcast messages
MV	Message Comm-V	Contains information used in air-to-air exchanges and is part of the long special surveillance reply
PI	Parity/Interrogator Identity	24-bit field contains the parity overlaid on the interrogator's identity code
RI	Reply Information	4-bit field reports airspeed capability and the type of reply to the interrogating aircraft
SL	TCAS Sensitivity Level	This field reports the sensitivity level at which the TCAS unit is currently operating
UM	Utility Message	Contains the transponder status readouts
VS	Vertical Status	Reports the aircraft airborne or on-ground state



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7. System Software Upload/Fault Log Download

The NXT-800 Transponder has a RJ-45 connector assessable from its front panel. This connector provides the means to connect via RS-232 interface, a personal computer running the ACSS WebEDDIT software application for NXT-800 Transponder software uploading and maintenance.

The following functions are supported by the RS-232 interface:

- Operational Software Upload
- Fault Log Download.
- Software Part Number Verification

A. Software Program Description and Configuration

The NXT-800 transponder's part number contains a 5-digit dash number (9008000-XXXXY). The first two digits (XX) correspond to the unit's hardware configuration and functionality. The last three digits (YYY) correspond to the operational software load in the unit. The unit's label also has a separate hardware and software modification status table. Changes to the boot software are reflected by a change to either the hardware portion of the dash number or the hardware modification status. Changes to the operational software are reflected by a change to either the software portion of the dash number or the software modification status.

Once software is uploaded into the transponder, it is necessary to verify that the correct software version is loaded in the unit and that the unit's label is remarked with the correct part number or modification status. The transponder's operational product software part number uniquely identifies the software load. The following methods may be used to verify that the correct software part number has been loaded.

- If the aircraft is configured with an ACSS TCAS unit base part number 4066010, 7517900, or 9003500 and an ACSS VSI/TRA base part number 4067241 or a Thales VSI-TCAS indicator part number 457400XX-1900, -1901, or -2000, the software part number is displayed on the extended test maintenance pages.
- If the aircraft contains an OMS that is connected to the transponder, the software part number may be displayed on a Multifunction Control Display Unit (MCDU) via the OMS.
- The software part number may be displayed by connecting a personal computer running the ACSS WebEDDIT software application to the transponder's front panel RJ-45 connector.



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B. WebEDDIT Interface Description

RS-232 Interface Description

The NXT-800 Transponder's front panel RJ-45 connector provides a RS-232 interface that can be connected to a standard serial port on a personal computer (PC). The RS-232 interface has a baud rate of 115,200 baud, a data size of 8 data bits with 1 stop bit and no parity. The ACSS WebEDDIT software application can be used to perform all data transfer functions.

The NXT-800 Transponder expects the software to be transferred in blocks using an XMODEM 1K communication protocol. The protocol allows for error detection and block re-transmission during block transfer operations. After a successful software load is completed, the XPDR P/F indicator is green on the transponder's front panel. A failed load is annunciated when the XPDR P/F indicator is red on the front panel.

The fault log is downloaded by issuing a WebEDDIT download command through the RS-232 interface. The fault log is downloaded through an ASCII file transfer.

The WebEDDIT software application can capture the data and write it to a file for analysis. The NXT-800 Transponder software part number that is loaded in the unit can be displayed on a personal computer via the WebEDDIT software application. The command displays the part number for the boot and operational programs, as well as CRCs, the unit part number, and unit serial number. See Table 1-35 for WebEDDIT user interface commands.

Table 1-35: WebEDDIT User Commands

Test	Input	Output
Software CRC	CR	BOOT xxxx OPER xxxx DL xxxx XIC xxxx
Unit Part Numbers	PN	BOOT S/W x..x OPER S/W x..x DL S/W x..x XIC F/W x..x COMPAT NUM x..x UNIT H/W x..x UNIT SER x..x
Start Software Upload (on ground only)	UL	None if the command succeeded, otherwise an appropriate error message is displayed.
Start download of maintenance log	DL	Maintenance Log Downloaded
Start Data Output for Recording	DR	ARINC, Extended Squitter, and Discrete Data
Stop Data Output for Recording	"ESC" key	



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Table 1-35: WebEDDIT User Commands

Test	Input	Output
Display Configuration Data	DC	CONFIG VALID NOTE: For Valid Configurations **** CONFIG INVALID **** NOTE: For Invalid Configurations GPS ANT OFF = d AC LW = d NACV = d SDA = d ADS-B FAIL DISABLE = d AC CAT = d PARITY = d NOTE: Validity ADS-B RCV CAP = d VFOM ADJ = d SDI = d ALT TYPE = d TAS = d MODE S ADDR =aaaaaa ANT CBL DELAY = d ANT BITE = d
Invalid Command	any not listed above (including a blank line)	"INVALID COMMAND"

8. Software Data Uploading and Part Number Verification Procedures

The following paragraphs give the methods and procedures to do a software upload and verification that the upload was performed correctly. Prior to uploading software, verify the current operational software loaded on the transponder. Refer to Software Part Number Verification procedures described in this section. This will help compare the part numbers before and after the new software upload.

A. Software Loading Using a Stand-Alone PC with WebEDDIT

Verify the updated software part number using a stand-alone PC with WebEDDIT according to the following procedure:

- 1) Obtain ACSS WebEDDIT software application part number 9000679-007 or later and install the software on the personal computer (PC).
- 2) Obtain a commercially available RJ-45 to serial cable.
- 3) Shut off the PC.
- 4) Remove power from the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 5) Connect the serial cable from the PC to the RJ-45 front connector on the NXT-800 Transponder.



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- 6) Apply power to the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 7) Power on the PC to Microsoft Windows operation.
- 8) Select the WebEDDIT maintenance tool from the desktop.
- 9) Select "Connect with NXT Transponder" from the Menu page.
- 10) Select "Select Upload File".
- 11) Choose the location of the software file to be loaded.
- 12) Click the "Open" button.
- 13) Select the "Upload OP S/W File (UL)" button.
- 14) Once software upload has completed and the NXT-800 Transponder has restarted, perform steps 10-16 in section B below.

B. Software Verification Using a Stand-Alone PC with WebEDDIT

Verify the updated software part number using a stand-alone PC with WebEDDIT according to the following procedure:

- 1) Obtain ACSS WebEDDIT software application part number 9000679-007 or later and install the software on the PC.
- 2) Obtain a commercially available RJ-45 to serial cable.
- 3) Shut off the PC.
- 4) Remove power from the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 5) Connect the serial cable from the PC to the RJ-45 front connector on the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 6) Apply power to the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 7) Power on the PC to Microsoft Windows operation.
- 8) Select the WebEDDIT maintenance tool from the desktop.
- 9) Select "Connect with NXT Transponder" from the Menu page.
- 10) Select "Part Number".
- 11) Verify that the displayed part numbers match what was loaded.
- 12) Select "S/W CRC".
- 13) Verify that the S/W CRC's match what was loaded.
- 14) Shut down the PC and remove power.
- 15) Remove power from the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 16) Disconnect the RJ-45 cable from the NXT-800 Transponder.



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9. Fault Log Downloading Procedures

Fault log downloading procedures are used for saving the contents of fault memory for analysis at a later time, or for aircraft maintenance personnel. Downloading the fault log has no effect on the operational software load.

A. Fault Log Downloading Using a Stand-Alone PC with WebEDDIT

Verify the updated software part number using a stand-alone PC with WebEDDIT according to the following procedure:

- 1) Obtain ACSS WebEDDIT software application part number 9000679-007 or later and install the software on the personal computer (PC).
- 2) Obtain a commercially available RJ-45 to serial cable.
- 3) Shut off the PC.
- 4) Remove power from the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 5) Connect the serial cable from the PC to the RJ-45 front connector on the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 6) Apply power to the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 7) Power on the PC to Microsoft Windows operation.
- 8) Select the WebEDDIT maintenance tool from the desktop.
- 9) Select "Connect with NXT Transponder" from the Menu page.
- 10) Select "Dump BITE Log (DL)".
- 11) Locate BITE Log file in WebEDDIT_SESSIONS folder on the C: drive.
- 12) Provide the downloaded BITE Log file to ACSS Customer Service for analysis.
- 13) Shut down the PC and remove power.
- 14) Remove power from the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 15) Disconnect the RJ-45 cable from the NXT-800 Transponder.

10. Mode S/ADS-B Configuration Verification Procedures

Mode S/ADS-B Configuration Verification procedures are used for ensuring the installation specific aircraft parameters are set correctly via the strapping/strobing aircraft wiring.

A. Configuration Verification Using a Stand-Alone PC with WebEDDIT

Verify the configuration strapping/strobing using a stand-alone PC with WebEDDIT according to the following procedure:

- 1) Obtain ACSS WebEDDIT software application part number 9000679-007 or later and install the software on a personal computer.
- 2) Obtain a commercially available RJ-45 to serial cable.
- 3) Shut off the PC.



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- 4) Remove power from the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 5) Connect the serial cable from the PC to the RJ-45 connector on the front panel of the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 6) Apply power to the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 7) Power on the PC to Microsoft Windows operation.
- 8) Select the WebEDDIT maintenance tool from the desktop.
- 9) Select "Connect with NXT Transponder" from the Menu Page.
- 10) Select "Dump Config (DC)"
- 11) Verify that the configuration settings match the installation requirements
- 12) Shut down the PC and remove power.
- 13) Remove power from the NXT-800 Transponder.
- 14) Disconnect the RJ-45 cable from NXT-800 Transponder.



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MECHANICAL INSTALLATION

1. General

This section contains information on how and where to mount each component of the NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder System. For new installations, plan the installation in two stages. First, determine the location of the line replaceable units (LRU) in the aircraft. Next, determine the length of RF and electrical interconnections for the selected locations.

2. Equipment and Materials

For new transponder installations, refer to Table 1-6 for Mounting Tray information. For all other components, refer to the applicable Outline and Installation Diagram in this section for mounting and mating connector information.

Refer to the Aircraft Maintenance Manual (AMM) for materials necessary to install the omnidirectional antennas.

3. Mechanical Installation Design

A. Transponder Provisions

Mechanical installation data for the NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder (4-MCU unit) is shown in Figure 2-1. The transponder can be mounted in any convenient location in the aircraft; however, it must be located so as to maintain an antenna coaxial cable insertion loss of 2 ± 1 dB in the 1030 to 1090 MHz frequency band in accordance with ARINC 718A. This cable loss specification requires cable lengths of less than 50 feet for most commonly used cable types. Compensation for cable length differences (in 50 nsec increments) is provided by program pins in the ARINC 600 connector. See Section 4, Loading/Gradient Specifications.

The transponder requires external cooling air in accordance with ARINC 600. The NXT-800 Transponder is mounted in an ARINC 600, 4-MCU mounting tray. Typical 4-MCU mounting trays are shown in Figure 2-2, Figure 2-3, and Figure 2-4. The location of the mounting tray should allow adequate space for installation of the transponder, provide reasonable accessibility for servicing, and allow space on top, sides, and rear of unit for adequate ventilation. The location must also provide a solid mechanical mount to prevent vibration amplification.

The mounting tray should be electrically bonded to the aircraft frame by a low resistance path of less than 2.5 milliohms.



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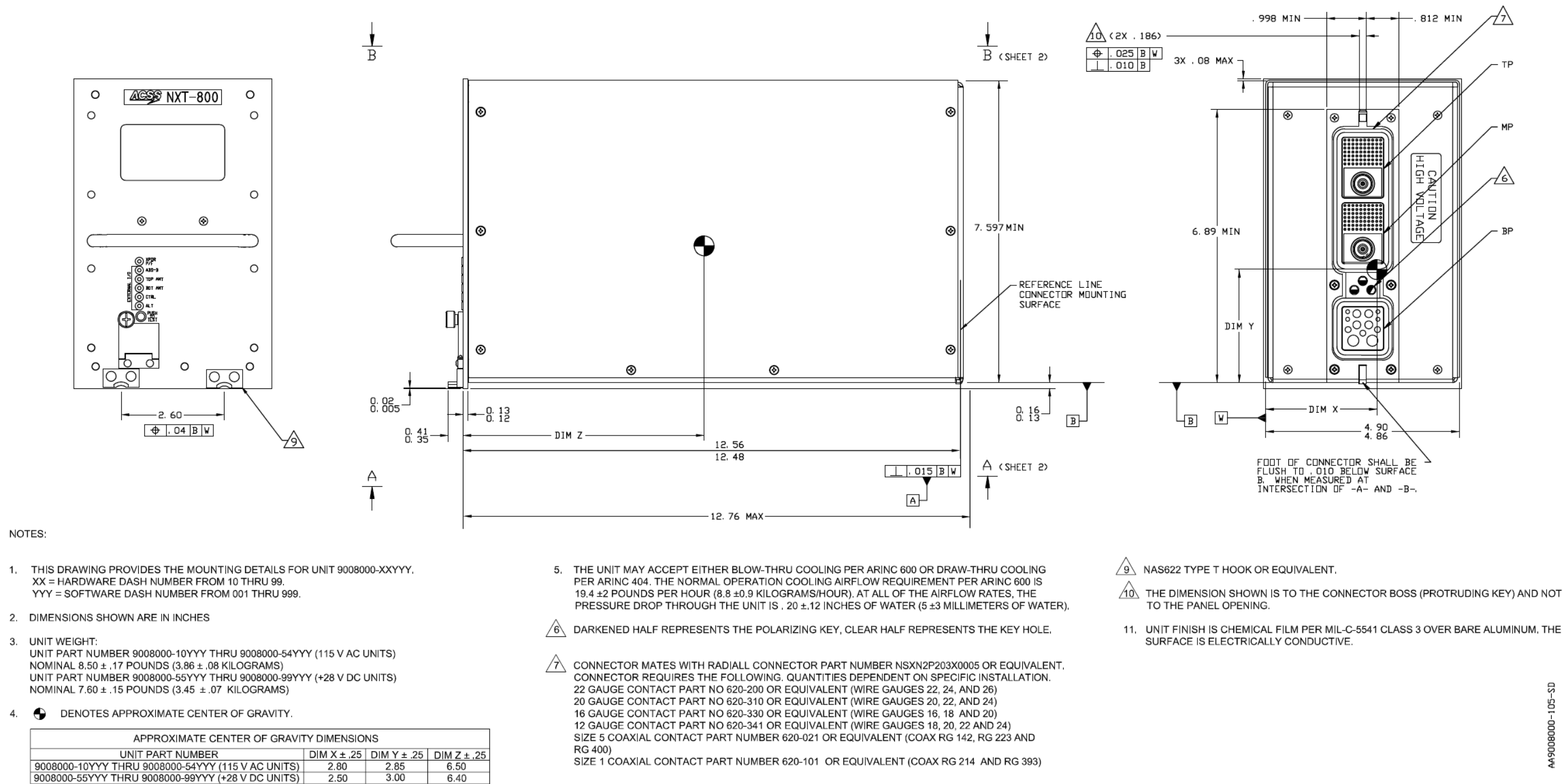


Figure 2-1 (Sheet 1): NXT-800 Mode S Transponder Outline and Installation Diagram

AA9008000-105-S0



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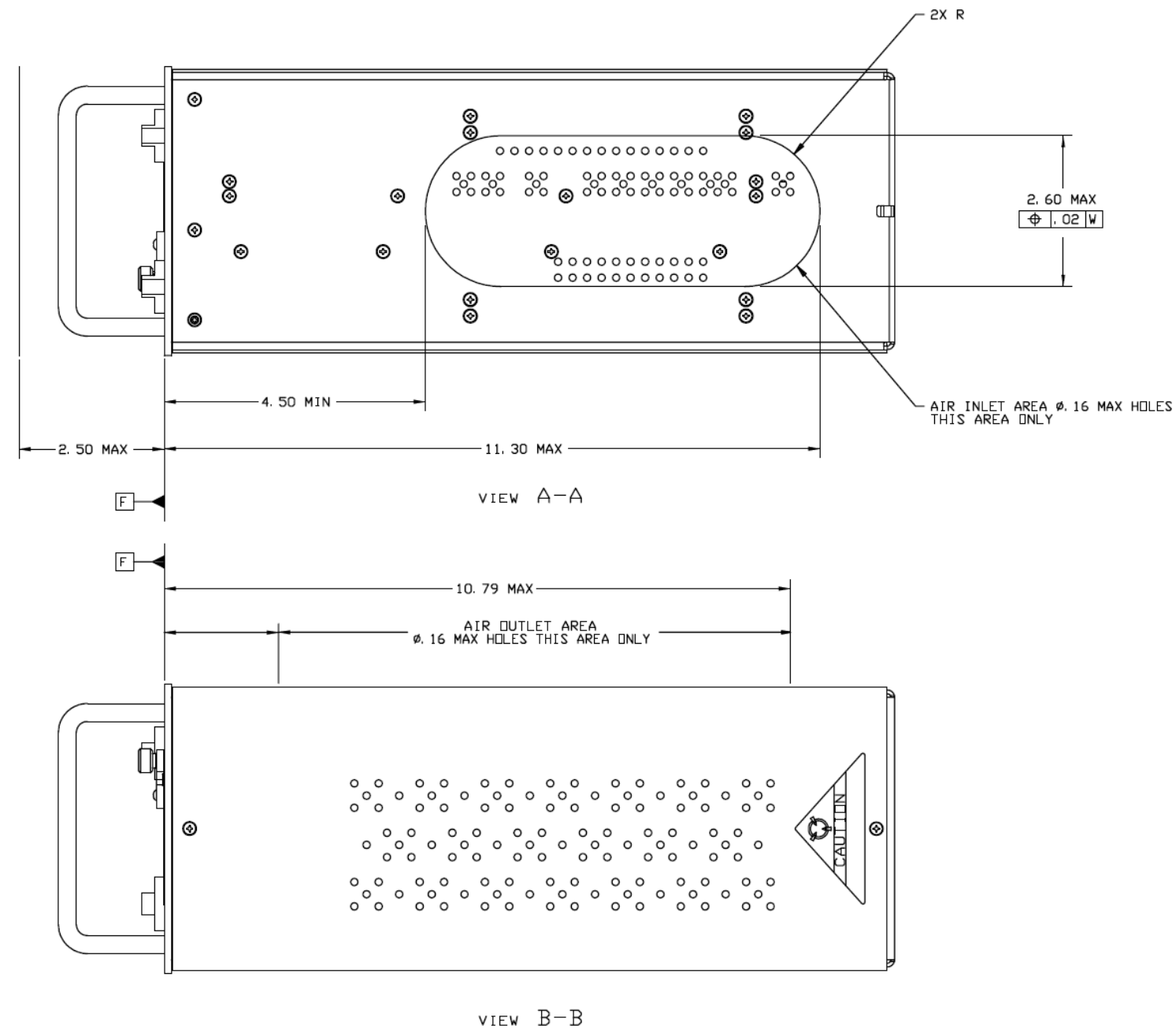
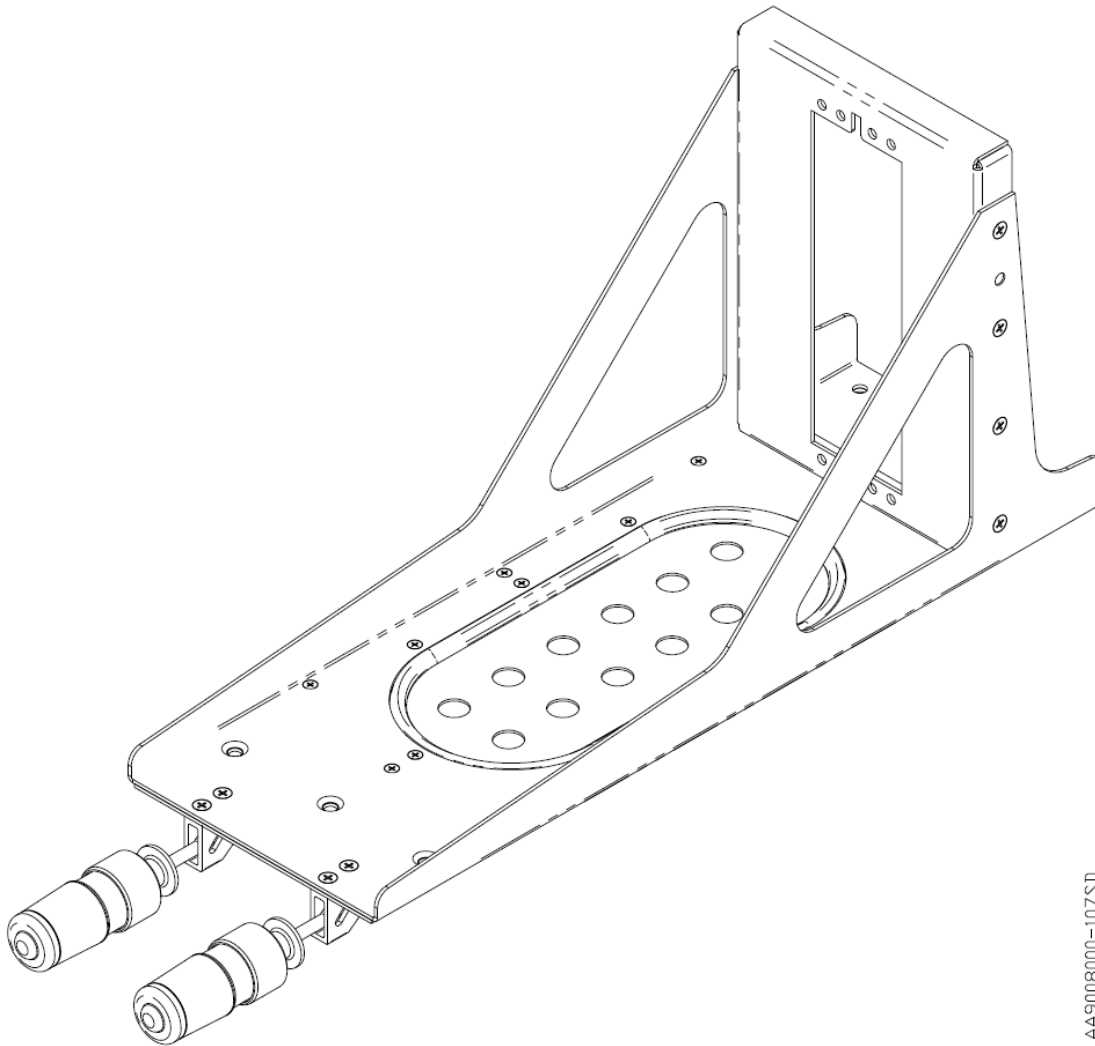


Figure 2-1 (Sheet 2): NXT-800 Mode S Transponder Outline and Installation Diagram



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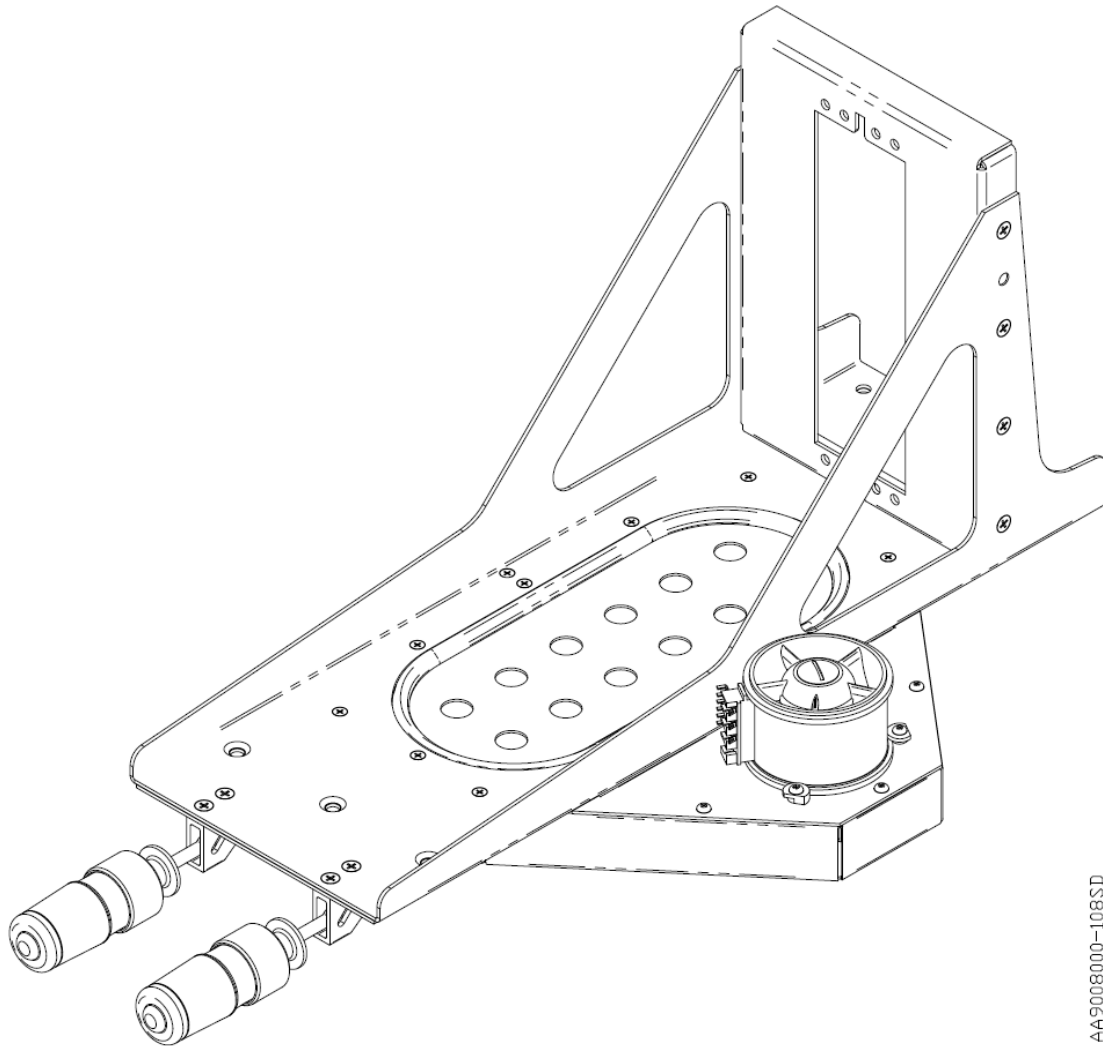


AA9008000-107SD

Figure 2-2: EMTEQ Tray Part Number MT6-4300-102



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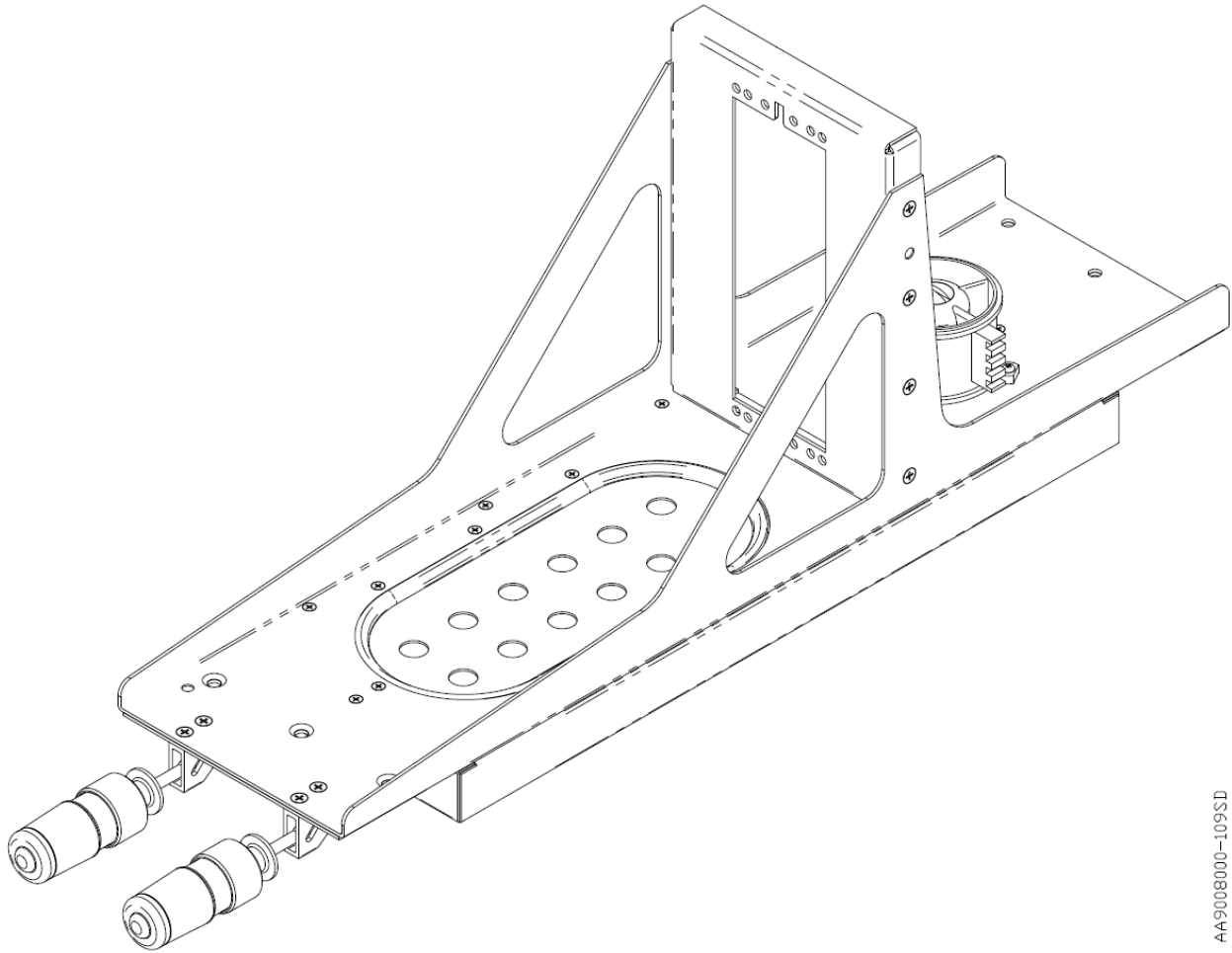


AA9008000-108SD

Figure 2-3: EMTEQ Tray Part Number MT6-4304-105



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AA9008000-109SD

Figure 2-4: EMTEQ Tray Part Number MT6-4311-105



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B. Control Panel Provisions

An illustration of the mechanical installation data for the ACSS Control Panel is shown in Figure 2-5. The Control Panel can be purchased in either a dual Mode S transponder configuration (when two Mode S transponders are to be included in the installation) or a Mode S/ATCRBS configuration (when only one of the existing ATCRBS transponders is to be replaced).

Various types of controllers (Radio Management Units or FMS Controllers) can also be used to control the transponder. The Gables G7491 is a dedicated Flight ID control panel that can be added to meet ELS requirements without replacing the existing ATC/TCAS control panel. Refer to that particular unit's Installation Manual for installation data.



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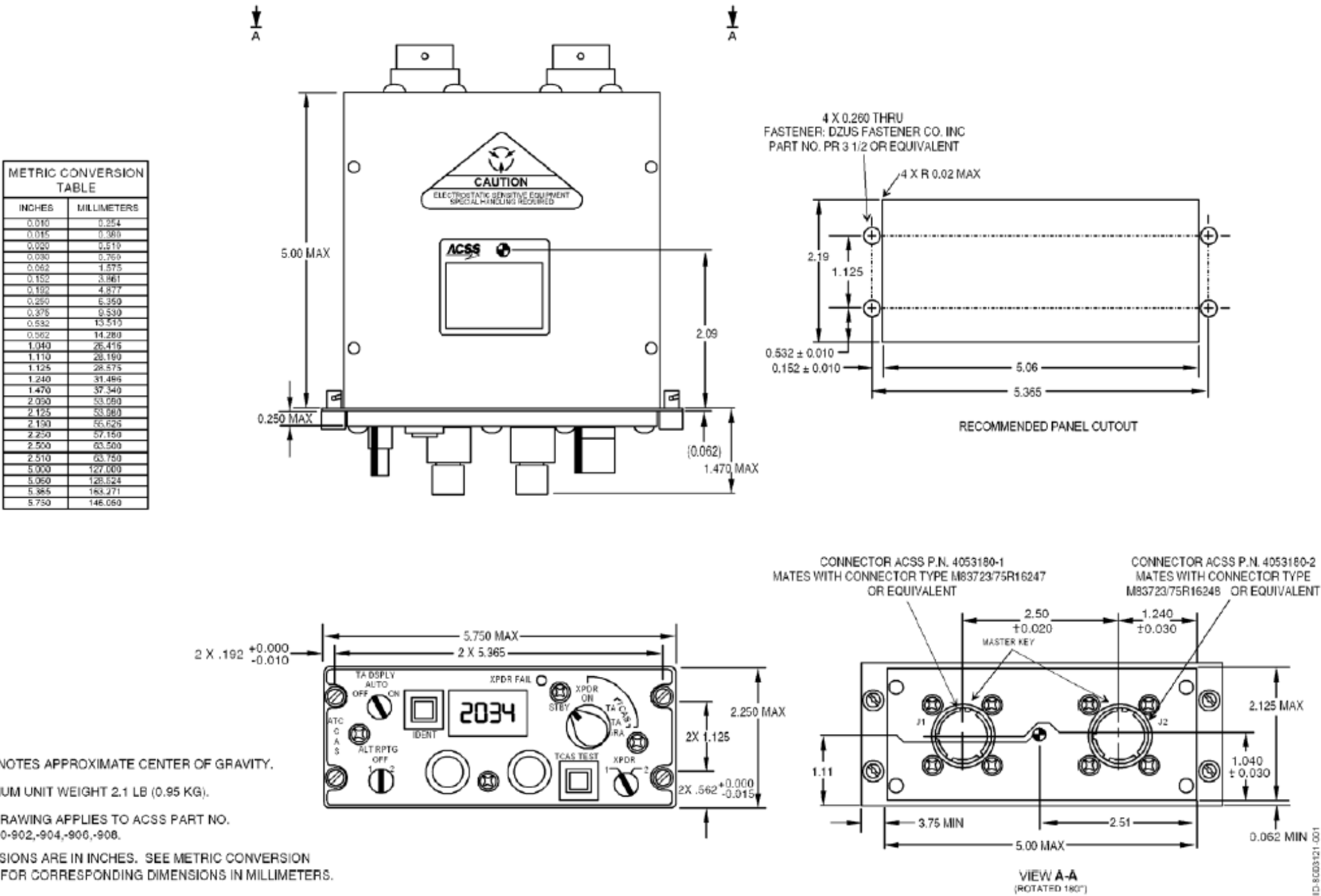


Figure 2-5: ACSS Control Panel (Dual Mode S Outline and Installation Diagram)



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C. Transponder Antenna Provisions

When installing the transponder antennas, a TSO-C112 antenna should be selected. The antenna must be vertically polarized and operate in the frequency range of 960 to 1220 MHz. Antenna impedance must be 50 ohms. Selection of a grounded or lightning-protected type antenna is required to pass the transponder bite continuity detection circuitry, if enabled.

In dual transponder antenna installations, it is important to provide adequate isolation from each other to prevent receiver front-end damage. A 30-inch desired, 20-inch minimum, separation of Mode S antennas from other L-band antennas (including TCAS antennas) must be maintained. The maximum cable length for RG-214/U is 30 feet (9.144 meters). Allow adequate cable length so bends in the cable have a minimum 3-inch (76 mm) radius. Selection of coax cable assemblies with moisture barrier protection is highly recommended to minimize the effects of humidity and corrosion.

When air traffic control (ATC) antennas are installed, the mounting area must provide a solid mechanical base for the antenna and clearance for the connector. A doubler plate is usually required when the antenna is mounted on an unsupported large fuselage area. The aircraft structure should never be weakened for the sake of a good location. Refer to the aircraft manufacturer's specifications; reinforcements for antennas are often built into the aircraft structure.

Doubler plates or shims (if used) must be metallic and shaped to interface the antenna base with the contour of the aircraft fuselage. All antenna installations should be in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

A weather sealing compound should be applied around the perimeter of the antenna base to prevent seepage of water and condensation, and to prevent corrosion. If a sealant or aerodynamic smoother is used, it should be applied after the antenna has been secured to the fuselage.

D. Antenna Coaxial Cable Requirements

RG-214/U was the classic coaxial cable for transponder applications. However, new technology coaxial cables are now available that have less signal attenuation per foot, are smaller in diameter, have a smaller bending radius, weigh less, and are less flammable.

It is very important that the connectors are correctly installed on the cable to ensure reliable performance. For this reason, ACSS recommends that installers purchase antenna cable assemblies, with connectors attached, from reputable cable specialty suppliers. The cable assemblies are tested for loss and Voltage Standing Wave Ratio (VSWR) at the operating frequency to ensure proper operation.

Diversity transponder antenna cables have the following requirements:

- The individual RF cables between the antenna and the transponder mounting tray (including connectors) must have a nominal characteristic impedance of 50 ohms with a total insertion loss of 2.0 ± 1.0 dB at 1030 MHz.
- Maximum antenna cable length is 30 feet.



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- Top and bottom antenna cable lengths do not have to be equal in length. However, the distance between top and bottom antennas on the horizontal plane cannot exceed 25 feet (7.6 meters).
- Coaxial cable must be double shielded.
- A male equivalent of the antenna connector must be attached to the antenna end and an ARINC 600, Size 1 coax connector must be attached to the transponder mounting tray end.

E. Aircraft Configuration Requirements

The NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder has 38 Mode S and 14 ADS-B configuration pins that must be set to either OPEN, GROUND or STROBED states specific to each aircraft. Refer to Section 4 Loading/Gradient of this SDIM for a definition of these pins.



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ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

1. General

This section gives electrical installation procedures, power distribution, and interconnect information for each component of the NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder System installation.

2. Equipment and Materials

Refer to the Outline and Installation Diagrams in Section 2 for mating connector part number information when doing a new installation.

3. Electrical Installation Procedure

The information necessary to supply the electrical interconnects is shown in Table 3-1 and Table 3-2. Refer to Section 4, Loading/Gradient Specifications, for a list of all the signal names used in the interconnect diagrams and tables.

NOTE: Refer to ACSS Technical Newsletter 8001227-001, Rev 1 if antenna BITE program implementation is required for functionality.

4. Electrical Installation

A. NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder

The various installation options require different electrical connections as described on the interconnect diagram and the paragraphs that follow.

The transponder uses air data supplied in one of the following formats:

ARINC 429 Air Data

- TP 7H/7J
- MP 5A/5B

ARINC 575 Air Data

- TP 6H/6J
- MP 5C/5D

Air data from one of these source types must be connected to the transponder.

All Mode S transponders require a unique 24-bit code (Mode S address) that is assigned to each aircraft. The aircraft Mode S (ICAO) address for US (N) registered can be obtained from the Federal Aviation Administration, Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center, Aircraft Registration Information, AVN-450, PO Box 25082, Oklahoma City, OK 73125, Telephone: (405) 680-3116.

If the aircraft is registered in a country other than the United States, contact the aviation authority of the country in which the aircraft is registered.



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The Mode S address is usually issued as an 8-digit octal number. To strap the address code correctly, each digit must be converted to a corresponding binary number. (For example: 7 octal = 111 binary, 1 octal = 001 binary.)

Once the 8-digit octal code is converted to a 24-bit binary number, the address pins must be grounded or left open according to this binary number representation. Refer to Section 4, Loading/Gradient Specifications for a definition of these settings.

An example of an octal code number being converted to a binary number is shown below:

Octal address code = 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 0

In binary this number is: (MSB) 001 010 011 100 101 110 111 000 (LSB)

The assignment of the correct Mode S address is CRITICAL to the proper operation of the ATC System. If dual Mode S transponders are installed, both transponders must be programmed to the same Mode S address.

The transponder also uses programming pins to select or deselect various functions and settings for Mode S and ADS-B functionality. Refer to Section 4, Loading/Gradient Specifications section to determine applicable installation wiring.

The transponder ARINC 600 connector layout is shown in Figure 3-1. The contact arrangement for the various connector plugs are shown in Figure 3-2 thru Figure 3-5.



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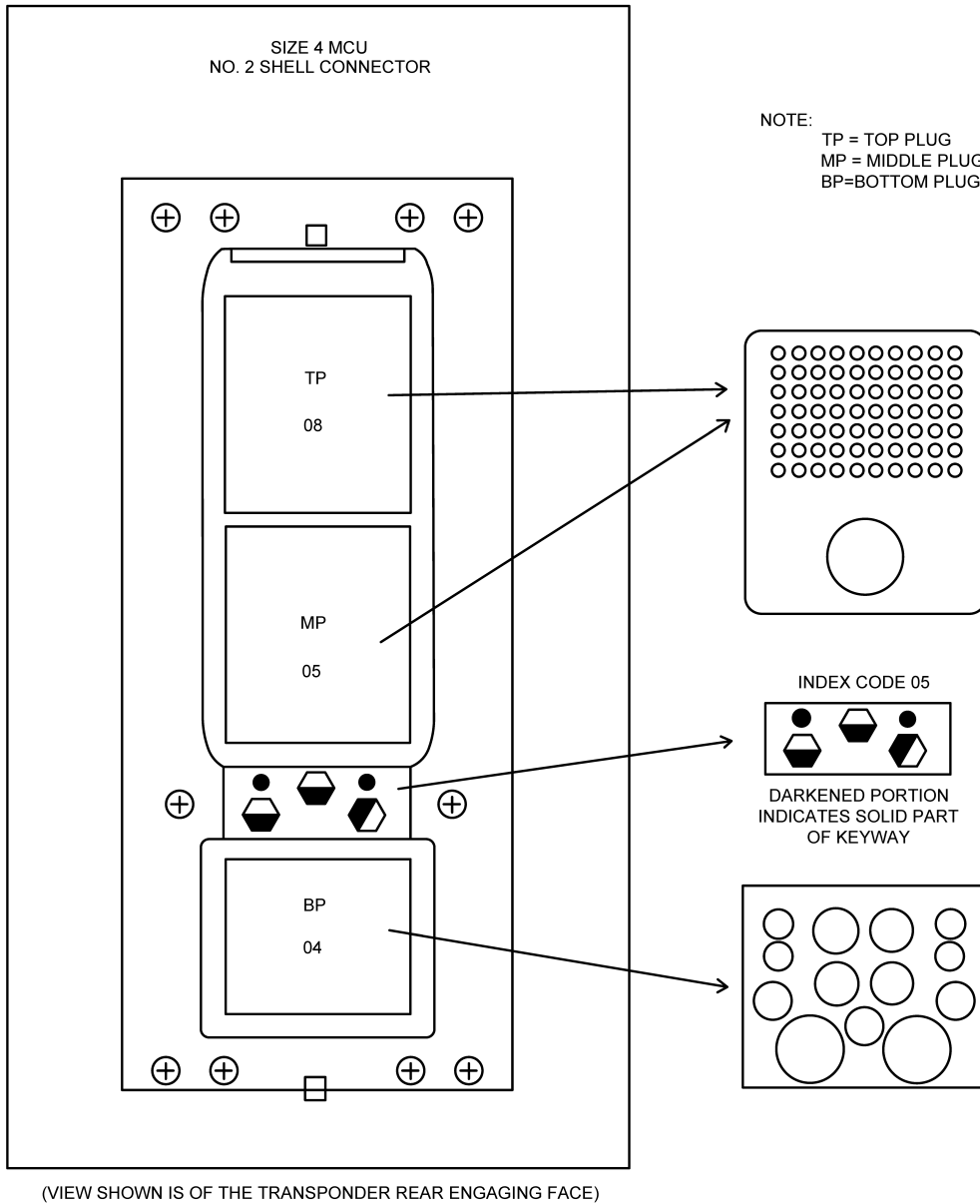


Figure 3-1: Transponder ARINC 600 Connector Layout



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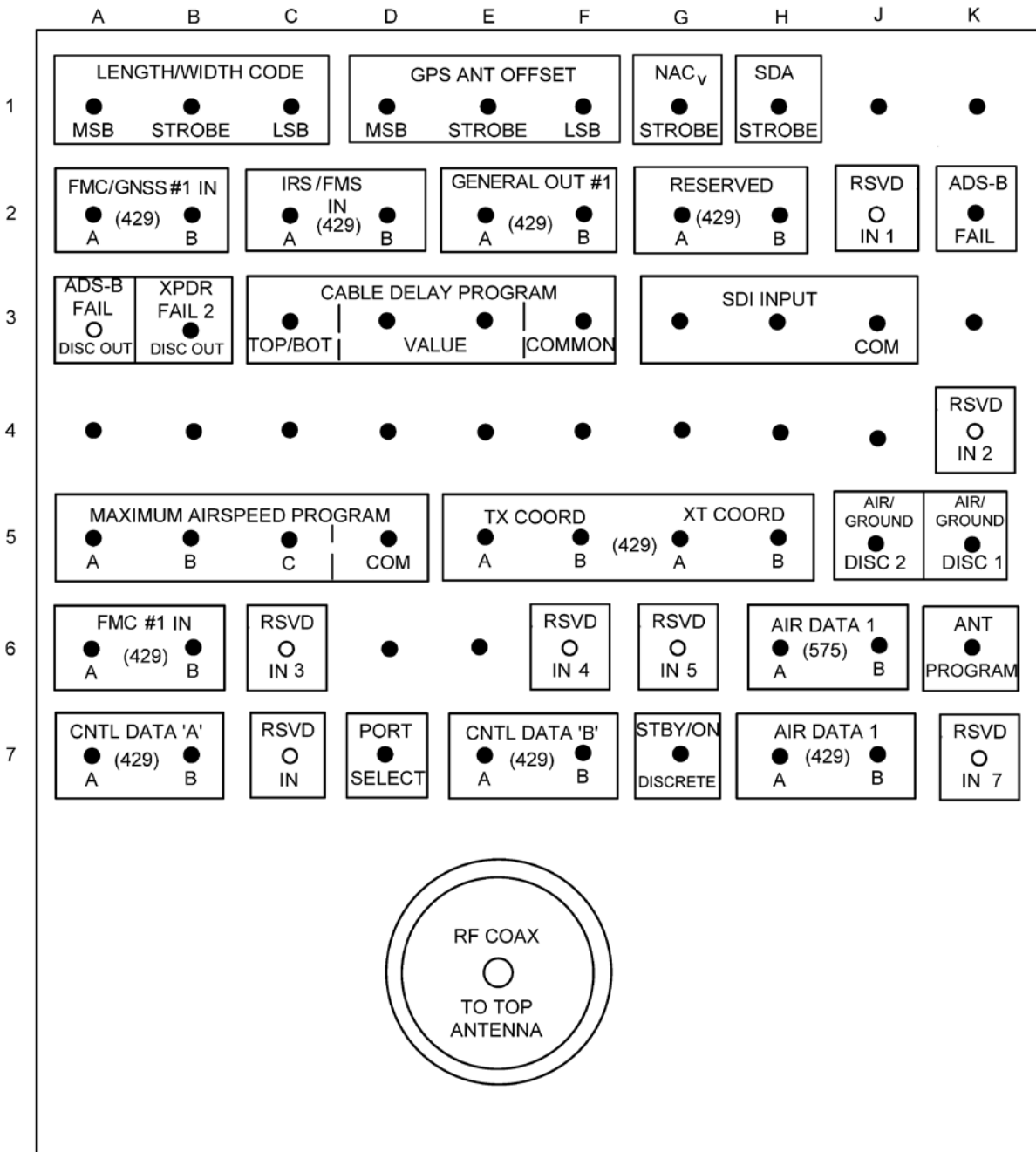


Figure 3-2: ARINC 600 Contact Arrangement for Top Insert



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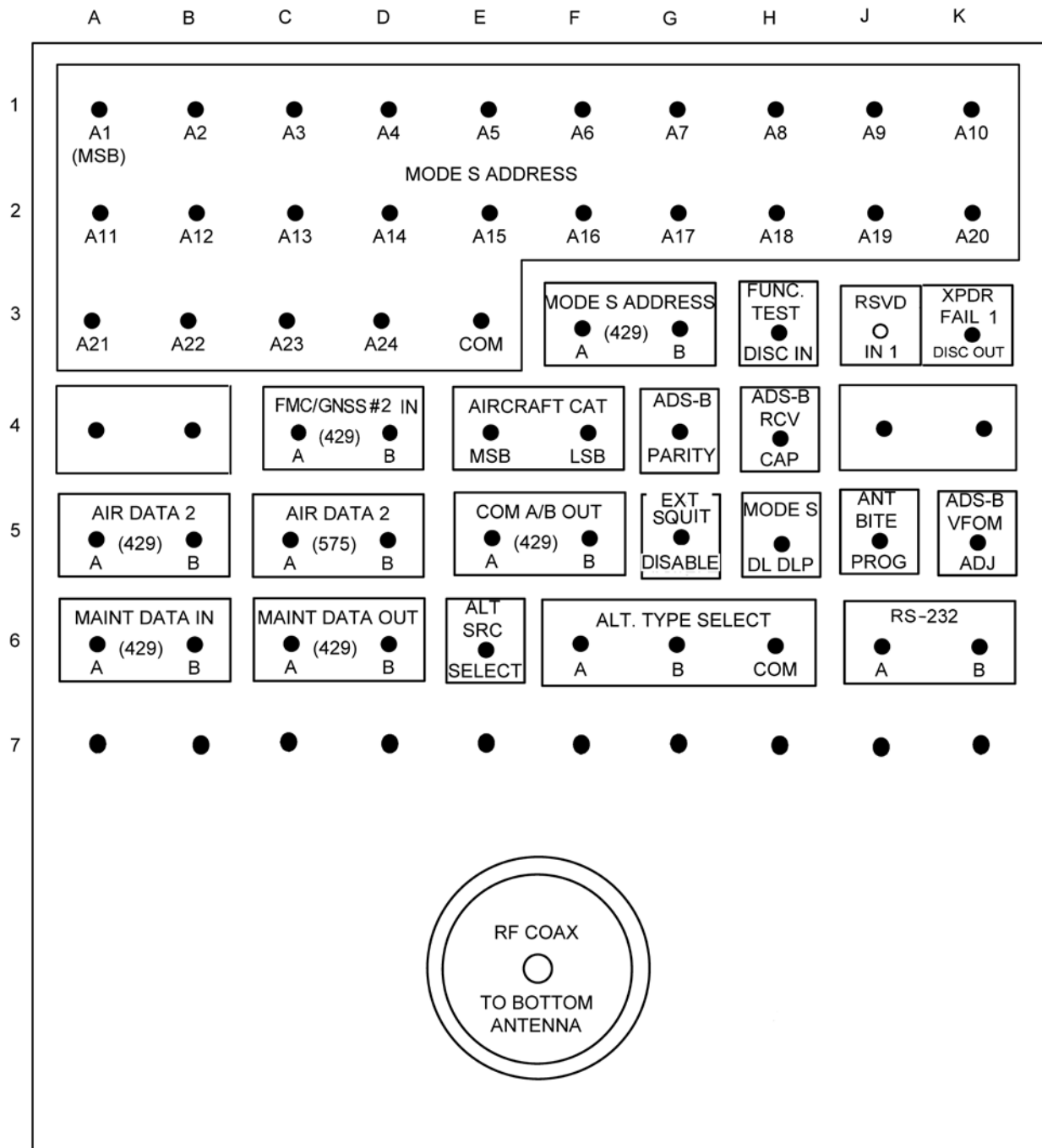


Figure 3-3: ARINC 600 Contact Arrangement for Middle Insert



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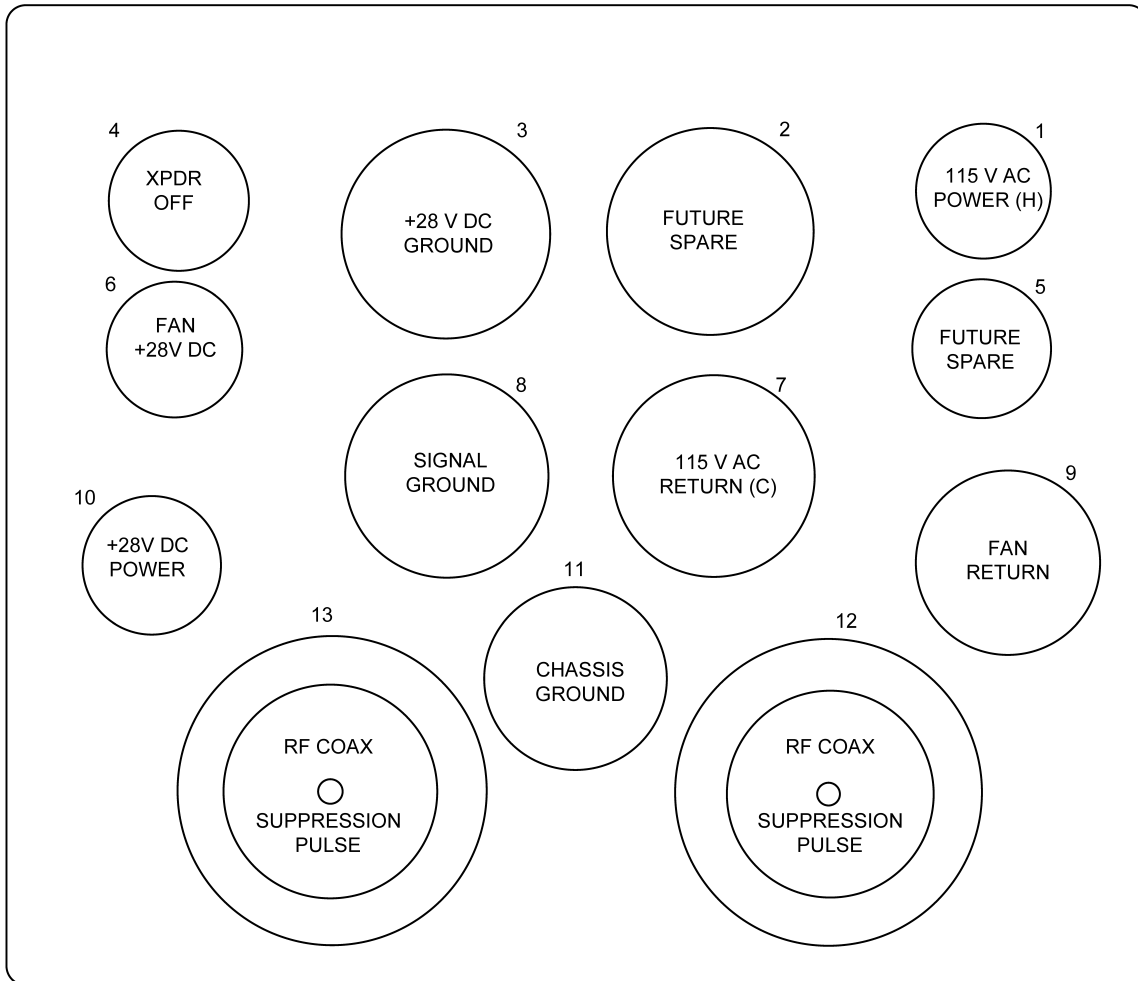


Figure 3-4: Contact Arrangement for Bottom Insert, Transponder ARINC 600 Connector



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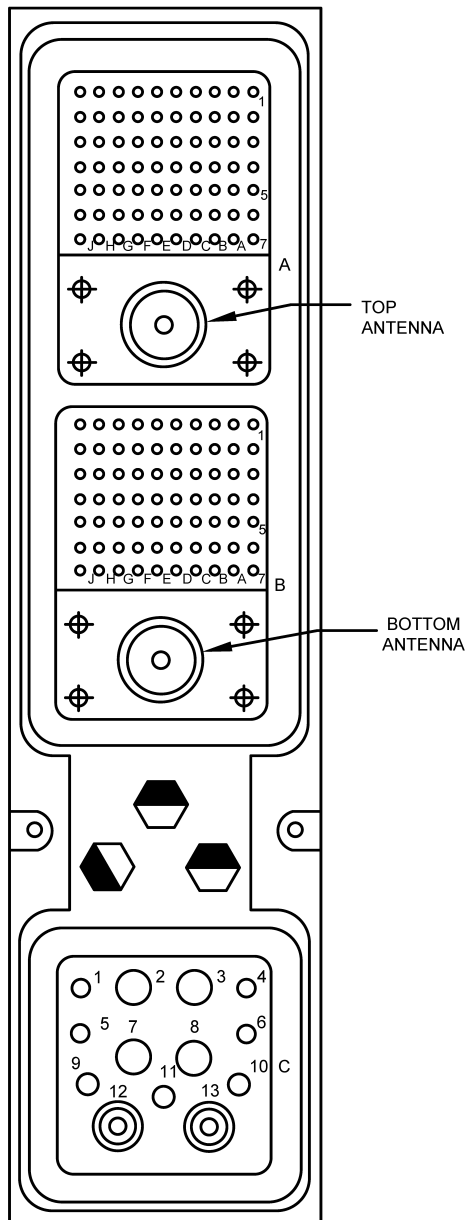


Figure 3-5: Front (Mating View) of Mounting Tray Connector



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B. Control Panel

Table 3-1, Table 3-2, and Table 3-3 contain interconnect information for the various control panels. Table 3-1 contains the interconnect data for the ACSS Dual Mode S/TCAS Control Panel, Part No. 4052190-902, -904, -906 and -908. Table 3-2 contains the interconnect data for the ACSS ATCRBS-Mode S/TCAS Control Panel, Part No. 4052190-903, -905, -907 and -909. Table 3-3 contains interconnect data for the Gables Flight ID/ATC/TCAS control panel, Part No. G7490-XX.

If a Gables Control Panel is used, refer to the applicable Gables Installation Manual for installation data.

Table 3-1: ACSS Dual Mode S Control Panel Interconnect Data

I/O	Description	Connector Pin		Connects To	Notes
(I)	5 V ac Panel Lighting (C)	J1-1 (20)	-----	Acft Lighting Source	
(I)	5 V ac Panel Lighting (H)	J1-2 (20)	-----	Acft Lighting Source	
(I)	115 V ac Input Power (H)	J1-3 (20)	-----	Acft 115 V ac Supply	
(I)	115 V ac Return (C)	J1-4 (20)	-----	Acft ac Ground	
(O)	Antenna Transfer Discrete	J1-5 (22)	-----	Antenna Relay	1
(I)	dc Ground	J1-6 (22)	-----	Acft dc Ground	
(O)	Standby/On	J1-7 (22)	-----	Transponder No. 1	
(I)	Chassis Ground	J1-8 (22)	-----	Airframe Ground	2
(I)	Functional Test	J1-9 (22)	-----	Remote Test Switch	
(O)	Warning & Caution	J1-10 (22)	-----	Remote Warn System	
	Spare	J1-11	-----		
(I)	XPDR Fail No. 2 Input	J1-12 (22)	-----	Transponder No. 1	
	Spare	J1-13			
	Spare	J1-14			
	Reserved	J1-15			
(O)	Alt Source Selected Discrete	J1-16 (22)	-----	Transponder No. 1	
	Spare	J1-17			
(I)	Monitor Lamp Pwr	J1-18 (20)	-----	28 V dc, 2A Source	
	Spare	J1-19			
(I)	XPDR Fail No. 1 Input	J1-20 (22)	-----	See J1-12	4



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Table 3-1: ACSS Dual Mode S Control Panel Interconnect Data

I/O	Description	Connector Pin		Connects To	Notes
(I)	Lamp Test	J1-21 (22)	-----	Rmt Lamp Test Switch	
(O)	ARINC 429 (A) Out	J1-22 (22)	-----S-T-S----- 	Transponder No. 1	3
(O)	ARINC 429 (B) Out	J1-23 (22)	-----S-T-S----- GND-- --GND	Transponder No. 1	3
	Reserved	J1-24			
	Spare	J2-1			
	Spare	J2-2			
(I)	115 V ac Input Power (H)	J2-3 (20)	-----	Acft 115 V ac Supply	
(I)	115 V ac return (C)	J2-4 (20)	-----	Acft ac Ground	
(O)	Antenna Transfer Discrete	J2-5 (22)	-----	Antenna Relay	1
(I)	dc Ground	J2-6 (22)	-----	Acft dc Ground	
(O)	Standby/On Discrete	J2-7 (22)	-----	Transponder No. 2	
(I)	Chassis Ground	J2-8 (22)	-----	Airframe Ground	2
	Spare	J2-9			
	Spare	J2-10			
	Spare	J2-11			
(I)	XPDR Fail No. 2 Input	J2-12 (22)	-----	Transponder No. 2	
	Spare	J2-13			
	Spare	J2-14			
	Reserved	J2-15			
(O)	Alt Source Select Discrete	J2-16 (22)	-----	Transponder No. 2	
	Spare	J2-17			
	Spare	J2-18			
	Spare	J2-19			
(I)	XPDR Fail No. 1 Input	J2-20 (22)	-----	See J2-12	4
	Spare	J2-21			
(O)	ARINC 429 (A) Out	J2-22 (22)	-----S-T-S----- 	Transponder No. 2	3



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Table 3-1: ACSS Dual Mode S Control Panel Interconnect Data

I/O	Description	Connector Pin		Connects To	Notes
(O)	ARINC 429 (B) Out	J2-23 (22)	-----S--T--S----- GND-- --GND	Transponder No. 2	3
	Reserved	J2-24			
NOTES: 1. Connect either J1-5 or J2-5 to an antenna switching relay if one set of ATC antennas is used in a dual transponder installation. 2. Connect chassis ground to aircraft frame. 3. Two wire shielded cable. Connect shields to aircraft dc ground. 4. Connector pins J1-12 and J1-20 and pins J2-12 and J2-20 are connected together in the controller.					

Table 3-2: ACSS ATCRBS-Mode S Control Panel Interconnect Data

I/O	Description	Connector Pin		Connects To	Notes
(I)	5 V ac Pnl Lighting (C)	J1-1 (20)	-----	Acft Lighting Source	
(I)	5 V ac Pnl Lighting (H)	J1-2 (20)	-----	Acft Lighting Source	
(I)	115 V ac Input Power (H)	J1-3 (20)	-----	Acft 115 V ac Supply	
(I)	115 V ac Return (C)	J1-4 (20)	-----	Acft ac Ground	
(O)	Antenna Transfer Discrete	J1-5 (22)	-----	Antenna Relay	1
(I)	dc Ground	J1-6 (22)	-----	Acft dc Ground	
(O)	Standby/On	J1-7 (22)	-----	Mode S Transponder	
(I)	Chassis Ground	J1-8 (22)	-----	Airframe Ground	2
(I)	Functional Test	J1-9 (22)	-----	Remote Test Switch	
(O)	Warning & Caution	J1-10 (22)	-----	Remote Warn System	
	Spare	J1-11			
(I)	XPDR Fail No. 2 Input	J1-12 (22)	-----	Mode S Transponder	
	Spare	J1-13			
	Spare	J1-14			
	Reserved	J1-15			
(O)	Alt Source Selected Discrete	J1-16 (22)	-----	Mode S Transponder	
	Spare	J1-17			



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Table 3-2: ACSS ATCRBS-Mode S Control Panel Interconnect Data

I/O	Description	Connector Pin		Connects To	Notes
(I)	Monitor Lamp Power	J1-18 (20)	-----	28 V dc, 2A Source	
	Spare	J1-19			
(O)	ARINC 429 (A) Out	J1-22 (22)	-----S-T-S----- 	Mode S Transponder	3
(O)	ARINC 429 (B) Out	J1-23 (22)	-----S--T--S----- GND-- --GND	Mode S Transponder	3
	Reserved	J1-24			
	Spare	J2-A			
	Spare	J2-B			
	Spare	J2-C			
	Spare	J2-C			
	Spare	J2-D			
	Spare	J2-E			
	Spare	J2-F			
	Spare	J2-G			
	Spare	J2-H			
	Spare	J2-J			
	Spare	J2-K			
(O)	Alt No 1	J2-L (22)	-----	Altitude Digitizer No. 1	
	Spare	J2-M			
(O)	Alt No 2	J2-N (22)	-----	Altitude Digitizer No. 2	
	Spare	J2-P			
(O)	Altitude Common	J2-R (22)	-----	ATCRBS Transponder	
	Spare	J2-S			
(O)	Transponder No. 2 On	J2-T (22)	-----	ATCRBS Transponder	
	Spare	J2-U			
	Spare	J2-V			
	Spare	J2-W			
(O)	Mode A Reply Pulse (A1)	J2-X (22)	-----	ATCRBS Transponder	



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 3-2: ACSS ATCRBS-Mode S Control Panel Interconnect Data

I/O	Description	Connector Pin		Connects To	Notes
(O)	Mode A Reply Pulse (A2)	J2-Y (22)	-----	ATCRBS Transponder	
(O)	Mode A Reply Pulse (A4)	J2-Z (22)	-----	ATCRBS Transponder	
(O)	Mode A Reply Pulse (B1)	J2-a (22)	-----	ATCRBS Transponder	
(O)	Mode A Reply Pulse (B2)	J2-b (22)	-----	ATCRBS Transponder	
(O)	Mode A Reply Pulse (B4)	J2-c (22)	-----	ATCRBS Transponder	
(O)	Mode A Reply Pulse (C1)	J2-d (22)	-----	ATCRBS Transponder	
(O)	Mode A Reply Pulse (D4)	J2-i (22)	-----	ATCRBS Transponder	
(O)	Ident Output	J2-j (22)	-----	ATCRBS Transponder	
	Spare	J2-k			
(I)	ATC Fail	J2-m (22)	-----	ATCRBS Transponder	
(I)	dc Ground	J2-n (22)	-----	Acft dc Ground	
	Spare	J2-p			
	Spare	J2-q			
(O)	Alt Rptg On	J2-r (22)		ATCRBS Transponder	
(O)	Test Output	J2-s (22)		ATCRBS Transponder	
(O)	Transponder No. 1 On	J2-t	-----NC		
NOTES: 1. Connect to antenna coax switching relay if one set of ATC antennas is used in a dual transponder installation. 2. Connect chassis ground to aircraft frame. 3. Two wire shielded cable. Connect shields to aircraft dc ground. 4. Connector pins J1-12 and J1-20 are connected together in the control panel.					

Table 3-3: Gables Flight ID/ATC/TCAS Control Panel

I/O	Description	Connector Pin		Connects To	Notes
(I)	5 V Panel Lighting (H)	J1-1	-----	Acft Lighting Source	
(I)	5 V ac Panel Lighting (H)(C)	J1-2	-----	Acft Lighting Source	
(I)	115 V ac Input Power (H)	J1-3	-----	Acft 115 V ac Supply	
(I)	115 V ac Return (C)	J1-4	-----	Acft ac Ground	



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 3-3: Gables Flight ID/ATC/TCAS Control Panel

I/O	Description	Connector Pin		Connects To	Notes
(O)	Antenna Transfer Discrete	J1-5	-----	Antenna Relay	1
(I)	dc Ground	J1-6	-----	Acft dc Ground	
(O)	STANDBY/On	J1-7	-----	Transponder No. 1	
(I)	Chassis Ground	J1-8	-----	Airframe Ground	2
(I)	Functional Test	J1-9	-----	Remote Test Switch	
(O)	Warning & Caution	J1-10	-----	Remote Warn System	
(O)	AIR/GND Switch No. 1 Output	J1-11	-----	Transponder No. 1	
(I)	XPDR Fail No. 2 Input	J1-12	-----	Transponder No. 1	
(I)	5 V ac HI Indicator Lighting	J1-13	-----	Acft Lighting Source	
(I)	5 V ac LO Indicator Lighting	J1-14	-----	Acft Lighting Source	
(O)	AIR/GND Switch No. 2	J1-15	-----	Transponder No. 1	
(O)	Alt Source Selected Discrete	J1-16	-----	Transponder No. 1	
(I)	Flight ID Disable	J1-17	-----		
(I)	Monitor Lamp Pwr	J1-18	-----	28 dc, 2A Source	
(I)	Alt Fail Input	J1-19	-----	Transponder No. 1	
(I)	XPDR Fail No. 1 Input	J1-20	-----	See J1-12	4
(I)	Lamp Test	J1-21	-----	Rmt Lamp Test Switch	
(O)	ARINC 429 (A) Out	J1-22	-----S-T-S----- 	Transponder No. 1	3
(O)	ARINC 429 (B) Out	J1-23	-----S--T--S----- GND-- --GND	Transponder No. 1	3
(I)	AIR/GND Discrete	J1-24	-----		
(I)	Spare	J2-1	-----		
(I)	Spare	J2-2	-----		
(I)	115 V ac Input Power (H)	J2-3	-----	Acft 115 V ac Supply	
(I)	115 V ac Return (C)	J2-4	-----	Acft ac Ground	
(O)	Antenna Transfer Discrete	J2-5	-----	Antenna Relay	
(I)	dc Ground	J2-6	-----	Acft dc Ground	



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 3-3: Gables Flight ID/ATC/TCAS Control Panel

I/O	Description	Connector Pin		Connects To	Notes
(O)	Standby/On Discrete	J2-7	-----	Transponder No. 2	
(I)	Chassis Ground	J2-8	-----	Airframe Ground	2
(I)	Functional TEST FC	J2-9	-----		
(O)	WARNING & CAUTION	J2-10	-----		
(O)	AIR/GND SWITCH No. 1	J2-11	-----	Transponder No. 2	
(I)	XPDR Fail No. 2 Input	J2-12	-----	Transponder No. 2	
(I)	Spare	J2-13	-----		
(I)	Spare	J2-14	-----		
(O)	AIR/GND Switch No. 2	J2-15	-----	Transponder No. 2	
(O)	Alt Source Select Discrete	J2-16	-----	Transponder No. 2	
(I)	Spare	J2-17	-----		
(I)	Monitor Light Power	J2-18	-----	28 V dc, 2A Source	
(I)	ALT Fail Input	J2-19	-----	Transponder No. 2	
(I)	XPDR Fail No. 1 Input	J2-20	-----	See J2-12	4
(I)	Lamp Test	J2-21	-----	Rmt Lamp Test SW	
(O)	ARINC 429 (A) Out	J2-22	-----S-T-S----- 	Transponder No. 2	3
(O)	ARINC 429 (B) Out	J2-23	-----S-T-S----- GND-- --GND	Transponder No. 2	3
(I)	AIR/GND Discrete	J2-24	-----		
NOTES: 1. Connect either J1-5 or J2-5 to an antenna switching relay if one set of ATC antennas is used in a dual transponder installation. 2. Connect chassis ground to aircraft frame. 3. Two-wire shielded cable. Connect shields to aircraft dc ground. 4. Connector pins J1-12 and J1-20 and pins J2-12 and J2-20 are connected together in the controller.					

C. ATC Antennas

The electrical installation for the antennas can be found in Table 4-1, the Loading/Gradient section of the SDIM. Figure 3-5 shows the contact location for each antenna on the mounting tray connector.



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

LOADING/GRADIENT SPECIFICATIONS

1. General

This section contains the loading and gradient specifications for the input and output signals of each component of the system. The input/output discretes; default to an open state when power is removed from the transponder.

2. Loading and Gradient Specifications

Component	Table No.
ACSS NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications	Table 4-1
ACSS Dual Mode S Control Panel Interface Descriptions	Table 4-2
ACSS Mode S/ATCRBS Control Panel Interface Descriptions	Table 4-3
Gables ATC/TCAS Control Panel Interface Description	Table 4-4
ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pins	Table 4-5
ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pin States	Table 4-6
Aircraft/Vehicle Length/Width Program Pin Strapping	Table 4-7
GPS Antenna Longitude Offset Program Pin Strapping	Table 4-8
Navigation Accuracy Category for Velocity (NAC _v) Program Pin Strapping	Table 4-9
System Design Assurance (SDA) Program Pin Strapping	Table 4-10
ADS-B OUT Fail Disable Program Pin Strapping	Table 4-11
Aircraft Category Program Pin Strapping	Table 4-12
ADS-B Receive Capability Program Pin Strapping	Table 4-13
Vertical Figure of Merit (VFOM) Adjust Program Pin Strapping	Table 4-14
ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pin Parity	Table 4-15
Example of ADS-B OUT Configuration Program Pin Strapping	Table 4-16



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description																																		
TP-1A thru TP-1H	ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pins Reference subsection 3 for the functional descriptions.																																		
TP-1J, 1K	Reserved																																		
TP-2A, 2B	ARINC 429 GPS #1 Input: (TP-2A [A], TP-2B [B]) For ADS-B OUT enabled installations (MP-5G open), this ARINC 429 bus must be used to input (high or low speed) GPS label information directly from a qualified source, as specified in FAA AC 20-165A. When dual qualified GPS sources are available in a dual NXT-800 transponder installation connect the GPS 1 ARINC 429 bus to TP-2A/2B on both transponders and connect the GPS 2 ARINC 429 bus to MP-4C/4D on both transponders. Reference MP-4C/4D for ARINC 429 GPS #2 input. A valid GPS block of data starts with Label 273 and ends with Label 150. Reference the table below for the list of required GPS labels. <table> <tr> <th>Label</th><th>Description</th></tr> <tr><td>076</td><td>GNSS Altitude (MSL)</td></tr> <tr><td>103</td><td>GNSS Track Angle</td></tr> <tr><td>110</td><td>GNSS Latitude Coarse</td></tr> <tr><td>111</td><td>GNSS Longitude Coarse</td></tr> <tr><td>112</td><td>GNSS Ground Speed</td></tr> <tr><td>120</td><td>GNSS Latitude Fine</td></tr> <tr><td>121</td><td>GNSS Longitude Fine</td></tr> <tr><td>130</td><td>Autonomous Horizontal Integrity Limit</td></tr> <tr><td>136</td><td>GNSS Vertical Figure of Merit (VFOM)</td></tr> <tr><td>140</td><td>UTC Fine</td></tr> <tr><td>145</td><td>Horizontal Velocity Figure of Merit</td></tr> <tr><td>150</td><td>UTC Time</td></tr> <tr><td>165</td><td>GNSS Vertical Velocity</td></tr> <tr><td>166</td><td>GNSS N/S Velocity</td></tr> <tr><td>174</td><td>GNSS E/W Velocity</td></tr> <tr><td>247</td><td>Horizontal Figure of Merit (HFOM)</td></tr> </table>	Label	Description	076	GNSS Altitude (MSL)	103	GNSS Track Angle	110	GNSS Latitude Coarse	111	GNSS Longitude Coarse	112	GNSS Ground Speed	120	GNSS Latitude Fine	121	GNSS Longitude Fine	130	Autonomous Horizontal Integrity Limit	136	GNSS Vertical Figure of Merit (VFOM)	140	UTC Fine	145	Horizontal Velocity Figure of Merit	150	UTC Time	165	GNSS Vertical Velocity	166	GNSS N/S Velocity	174	GNSS E/W Velocity	247	Horizontal Figure of Merit (HFOM)
Label	Description																																		
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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description	
	273	GNSS Sensor Status
	370	GNSS Height (HAE)
TP-2C, 2D	ARINC 429 IRS/FMS Input: (TP-2C [A], TP-2D [B])	
	This ARINC 429 bus can be used to input (high or low speed) the following labels.	
	Label	Description
	101	FMS Selected Heading
	102	FMS Selected Altitude
	233	Flight ID Characters 1 and 2
	234	Flight ID Characters 3 and 4
	235	Flight ID Characters 5 and 6
	236	Flight ID Characters 7 and 8
	312	Ground Speed
	313	True Track Angle
	314	True Heading
	320	Magnetic Heading
	325	Roll Angle
	335	Track Angle Rate
	365	Vertical Velocity
	377	Equipment ID
	NOTE:	Label 102 FMS Selected Altitude will only be accepted on the IRS/FMS bus if the Label 377 Equipment ID is valid and not indicating IRS (04H).



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description																								
TP-2E, 2F	ARINC 429 General Output #1 or Comm C/D Output: (TP-2E [A], TP-2F [B]) This high speed ARINC 429 bus transmits control panel input data back to the control panel for verification purposes. These output pins are connected only on some control panels that require feedback from the transponder to make sure it is operating properly. The following labels are sent. <table> <tr> <th>Label</th><th>Description</th></tr> <tr> <td>013</td><td>TCAS Display Mode and Range Control</td></tr> <tr> <td>015</td><td>TCAS Altitude Limit Control</td></tr> <tr> <td>016</td><td>Transponder and TCAS Control</td></tr> <tr> <td>203</td><td>Uncorrected Barometric Altitude</td></tr> <tr> <td>204</td><td>Corrected Barometric Altitude</td></tr> <tr> <td>233</td><td>Flight ID Characters 1 and 2</td></tr> <tr> <td>234</td><td>Flight ID Characters 3 and 4</td></tr> <tr> <td>235</td><td>Flight ID Characters 5 and 6</td></tr> <tr> <td>236</td><td>Flight ID Characters 7 and 8</td></tr> <tr> <td>275</td><td>Mode S Address Word 1</td></tr> <tr> <td>276</td><td>Mode S Address/Max TAS Word 2</td></tr> </table>	Label	Description	013	TCAS Display Mode and Range Control	015	TCAS Altitude Limit Control	016	Transponder and TCAS Control	203	Uncorrected Barometric Altitude	204	Corrected Barometric Altitude	233	Flight ID Characters 1 and 2	234	Flight ID Characters 3 and 4	235	Flight ID Characters 5 and 6	236	Flight ID Characters 7 and 8	275	Mode S Address Word 1	276	Mode S Address/Max TAS Word 2
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236	Flight ID Characters 7 and 8																								
275	Mode S Address Word 1																								
276	Mode S Address/Max TAS Word 2																								
TP-2G, 2H	Reserved																								
TP-2J	Reserved																								
TP-2K	ADS-B FAIL Disable Program Pin Reference subsection 3 for the functional description.																								
TP-3A	ADS-B OUT Function Fail Discrete Output: This output discrete is used to annunciate that the GPS position input that is required by the ADS-B OUT function is failed. A ground signal capable of sinking 200 mA is output when the ADS-B OUT GPS position source is operating normally and a open signal is output when failed.																								



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NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description			
TP-3B	XPDR Fail Discrete Output #2 / Strobe Output This output discrete is used to annunciate an internal transponder failure condition or an ADS-B Function Fail if TP-2K is open. A ground signal capable of sinking 200 mA is output when the transponder is operating normally and an open signal is output when a failure has occurred. For DO-260B (ADS-B OUT) installations this pin also provides the strobed output for the ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pins. Reference subsection 3 for details.			
TP-3C thru TP-3F	Cable Delay Program Pins These pins provide the means to compensate for the difference in propagation delays in the transponder due to antenna transmission line length differences between the top and bottom antennas. These pins use ground/open logic. Program pin common TP-3F can be used to supply a ground.			
	Program Pin			Differential Delay
	TP-3C	TP-3D	TP-3E	
	Open	Open	Open	0-50 ns
	Open	Open	Ground	51-150 ns
	Open	Ground	Open	151-250 ns
	Open	Ground	Ground	251-350 ns
	Ground	Open	Open	0-50 ns
	Ground	Open	Ground	51-150 ns
	Ground	Ground	Open	151-250 ns
	Ground	Ground	Ground	251-350 ns
	The differential delay column is the difference in the round trip cable delay between the top and bottom antenna cables. The differential delay can be calculated as follows: $[(\text{Top coax cable length in feet} \times \text{top coax cable time delay characteristic}) - (\text{bottom coax cable length in feet} \times \text{bottom coax cable time delay characteristic})] \times 2.$			



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NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description			
TP-3G thru TP-3J	Source Destination Identifier Program Pins			
	These program pins provide the means to identify the system number in the installation. These pins use ground/open logic. Program pin common TP-3J can supply a ground.			
	Program Pin			Definition
	TP-3G	TP-3G		
	Open	Open		Not Applicable (SDI = 00)
	Open	Open		LRU System #1 (SDI = 01)
	Ground	Ground		LRU System #2 (SDI = 10)
	Ground	Ground		LRU System #3 (SDI = 11)
TP-3K thru TP-4J	Spare			
TP-4K	Reserved			
TP-5A thru TP-5D	Maximum True Airspeed Program Pins			
	These pins provide the means to program strap the maximum True Airspeed capability of the aircraft. Use an E6B calculator to convert V _{mo} IAS to TAS. The inputs use ground/open logic. Program pin common TP-5D can supply a ground.			
	Program Pin			Definition
	TP-5A	TP-5B	TP-5C	
	Open	Open	Open	No Maximum Airspeed Available
	Ground	Open	Open	Maximum Airspeed ≤75 knots
	Open	Ground	Open	Maximum Airspeed >75 and ≤150 knots
	Ground	Ground	Open	Maximum Airspeed >150 and ≤300 knots
	Open	Open	Ground	Maximum Airspeed >300 and ≤600 knots
	Ground	Open	Ground	Maximum Airspeed >600 and ≤1200 knots
	Open	Ground	Ground	Maximum Airspeed >1200 knots
	Ground	Ground	Ground	Not Assigned



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NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description	
TP-5E, 5F	ARINC 429 TX Coordination Bus Input: (TP-5E [A], TP-5F [B])	
	This high speed ARINC 429 input bus is provided to interface with a TCAS II computer. The standards for this interface are defined in ARINC 735B. Reference TP-5G/5H for the ARINC 429 XT Coordination Bus Output. The following TCAS II labels can be input to the transponder.	
	Label	Description
	270	TCAS RA Segment 2
	270	TCAS RA Segment 3
	270	TCAS Data Link Capability Segment 0
	270	TCAS Data Link Capability Segment 1
	270	TCAS Data Link Capability Segment 2
	270	TCAS Request for BDS Register Data
	273	TCAS Resolution Advisory
	274	TCAS Output
	275	TCAS ACK / NAK
	276	Mode S Address/Max TAS Word 2
	305	Version 1, 260B Config Word 0
	305	Version 1, 260B Config Word 1
305	Version 1, 260B Config Word 2	



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NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description																																
TP-5G, 5H	ARINC 429 XT Coordination Bus Output: (TP-5G [A], TP-5H [B]) This high speed ARINC 429 output bus is provided to interface with a TCAS II computer. The standards for this interface are defined in ARINC 735B. Reference TP-5E/5F for the ARINC 429 TX Coordination Bus Input. The following labels are output to TCAS. <table> <tr> <th>Label</th><th>Description</th></tr> <tr><td>013</td><td>TCAS Display Mode and Range Control</td></tr> <tr><td>015</td><td>TCAS Altitude Limit Control</td></tr> <tr><td>016</td><td>Transponder and TCAS Control</td></tr> <tr><td>203</td><td>Uncorrected Barometric Altitude</td></tr> <tr><td>204</td><td>Corrected Barometric Altitude</td></tr> <tr><td>270</td><td>BDS Register Data</td></tr> <tr><td>271</td><td>TCAS Coordination Data Word 1</td></tr> <tr><td>272</td><td>TCAS Coordination Data Word 2</td></tr> <tr><td>273</td><td>Mode S Ground Uplink</td></tr> <tr><td>274</td><td>TCAS Coordination Data Word 3</td></tr> <tr><td>275</td><td>Mode S Address Word 1</td></tr> <tr><td>276</td><td>Mode S Address/Max TAS Word 2</td></tr> <tr><td>277</td><td>ACK/NAK of Non-Periodic Message</td></tr> <tr><td>350</td><td>TCAS Bit Mapped Error Word</td></tr> <tr><td>356</td><td>TCAS Text Data</td></tr> </table>	Label	Description	013	TCAS Display Mode and Range Control	015	TCAS Altitude Limit Control	016	Transponder and TCAS Control	203	Uncorrected Barometric Altitude	204	Corrected Barometric Altitude	270	BDS Register Data	271	TCAS Coordination Data Word 1	272	TCAS Coordination Data Word 2	273	Mode S Ground Uplink	274	TCAS Coordination Data Word 3	275	Mode S Address Word 1	276	Mode S Address/Max TAS Word 2	277	ACK/NAK of Non-Periodic Message	350	TCAS Bit Mapped Error Word	356	TCAS Text Data
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277	ACK/NAK of Non-Periodic Message																																
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356	TCAS Text Data																																
TP-5J	Air/Ground #2 Discrete Input See TP-5K.																																
TP-5K	Air/Ground #1 Discrete Input This pin and Air/Ground #2 Discrete Input (TP-5J) provide the means for the transponder to determine the Air/Ground status of the aircraft. Only one of these two air/ground inputs is required. The status is used in replies to Mode S interrogations and to inhibit replies to certain types of interrogations. When this pin is connected to the Air/Ground Relay (Squat Switch), the transponder does not reply to ATCRBS, ATCRBS/Mode S All Call, or Mode S All Call when the input is set for On the Ground. This input should be connected to the Air/Ground Relay for normal operation. The Air/Ground discrete On the Ground condition is overridden and set to In Air if Label 112 Ground Speed from the selected ADS-B position source or Label 206 Indicated Airspeed from selected altitude source >100 knots.																																



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description	
TP-6A, 6B	ARINC 429 FMC Input: (TP-6A [A], TP-6B [B])	
	This ARINC 429 bus can be used to input (high or low speed) the following labels from an FMC:	
	Label	Description
	101	FMS Selected Heading
	102	FMS Selected Altitude
	233	Flight ID Characters 1 and 2
	234	Flight ID Characters 3 and 4
	235	Flight ID Characters 5 and 6
	236	Flight ID Characters 7 and 8
	360	Flight ID Initial Word 1
	360	Flight ID Intermediate Word 2
	360	Flight ID Intermediate Word 3
	360	Flight ID Intermediate Word 4
	360	Flight ID Intermediate Word 5
	360	Flight ID Intermediate Word 6
	360	Flight ID Final Word 7
	377	Equipment ID
	NOTE:	Label 102 FMS Selected Altitude will only be accepted on the IRS/FMS bus if the Label 377 Equipment ID is valid and not indicating IRS (04H).
TP-6C thru TP-6G	Reserved	



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description			
TP-6H, 6J	ARINC 575 Air Data Computer #1 Input: (TP-6H [A], TP-6J [B])			
	This low speed ARINC 575 bus can be used to input the following labels used by the transponder.			
	<table><tr><th>Label</th><th>Description</th><th>Type</th></tr></table>	Label	Description	Type
	Label	Description	Type	
	203	Uncorrected Barometric Altitude	A575	
	204	Corrected Barometric Altitude	A575	
	205	MACH No.	A575	
	206	Indicated Airspeed	A575	
	210	True Airspeed	A575	
	212	Barometric Vertical Rate	A575	
	234	Barometric Correction MB #1	A575	
	236	Barometric Correction MB #2	A575	
The standards for this interface are defined in ARINC 706. ALT SRC SEL2 (NO) discrete, MP-6E, selects either ADC1 or ADC2.				
TP-6K	Single/Dual Antenna Program Pin			
	This input provides the means to strap installations with a single (bottom-mounted) antenna. The input uses ground/open logic as follows:			
	Ground = Single bottom-mounted antenna. Open = Diversity top-mounted antenna and bottom-mounted antenna.			



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description																
TP-7A, 7B	ARINC 429 Control Data Port A Bus Input: (TP-7A [A], TP-7B [B]) Control data can be input into the transponder on either of two low-speed ARINC 429 buses (Ports A and B). The port is selected by the Control Data Port Select Input (TP-7D). This ARINC 429 bus can be used to input (low speed) control and flight identification information contained in the following labels. Reference TP-7E/7F for ARINC 429 Control Data Port B Bus Input. <table><tr><th>Label</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>013</td><td>TCAS Display Mode and Range Control</td></tr><tr><td>015</td><td>TCAS Altitude Limit Control</td></tr><tr><td>016</td><td>Transponder and TCAS Control</td></tr><tr><td>233</td><td>Flight ID Characters 1 and 2</td></tr><tr><td>234</td><td>Flight ID Characters 3 and 4</td></tr><tr><td>235</td><td>Flight ID Characters 5 and 6</td></tr><tr><td>236</td><td>Flight ID Characters 7 and 8</td></tr></table>	Label	Description	013	TCAS Display Mode and Range Control	015	TCAS Altitude Limit Control	016	Transponder and TCAS Control	233	Flight ID Characters 1 and 2	234	Flight ID Characters 3 and 4	235	Flight ID Characters 5 and 6	236	Flight ID Characters 7 and 8
Label	Description																
013	TCAS Display Mode and Range Control																
015	TCAS Altitude Limit Control																
016	Transponder and TCAS Control																
233	Flight ID Characters 1 and 2																
234	Flight ID Characters 3 and 4																
235	Flight ID Characters 5 and 6																
236	Flight ID Characters 7 and 8																
TP-7C	Reserved																
TP-7D	Control Data Port Select Input Reference TP-7A/7B. This discrete input is used to select which port is used to input control data to the transponder. This input uses ground/open logic as follows: Ground = Port A (TP-7A/7B) Open = Port B (TP-7E/7F)																
TP-7E, 7F	ARINC 429 Control Data Port B Input: (TP-7E [A], TP-7F [B]) Reference TP-7A/7B for ARINC 429 Control Data Port A Bus Input.																
TP-7G	Standby/On Discrete Input This discrete input is connected to the control panel STANDBY/ON output. This input selects the active or standby status of the transponder. A ground causes the transponder to be in standby and an open causes the transponder to be active.																



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description			
TP-7H, 7J	ARINC 429 Air Data Computer #1 Input: (TP-7H [A], TP-7J [B])			
	This ARINC 429 bus can be used to input (low speed) the following labels.			
	<table><tr><td>Label</td><td>Description</td><td>Type</td></tr></table>	Label	Description	Type
	Label	Description	Type	
	203	Uncorrected Barometric Altitude	A429	
	204	Corrected Barometric Altitude	A429	
	205	MACH No.	A429	
	206	Indicated Airspeed	A429	
	210	True Airspeed	A429	
	212	Barometric Vertical Rate	A429	
234	Barometric Correction MB #1	A429		
236	Barometric Correction MB #2	A429		
	The standards for this interface are defined in ARINC 706. The ALT SRC SEL2 (NO) discrete, MP-6E, selects either ADC1 or ADC2.			
TP-7K	Reserved			
TP-71	Top Antenna RF Port Maintain coax cable insertion loss of 2 ±1 dB in the 1030 to 1090 MHz frequency band per ARINC 718A. Antennas must be DC shorted type if Antenna BITE (MP-5J) is enabled. See TP-3C thru TP-3F for top and bottom antenna coax cable propagation delay difference program pin strapping.			
MP-1A thru MP-3E	Mode S Address Program Pins The Mode S Address is a unique 24-bit code assigned to each aircraft. MP-1A thru MP-3E are used to program this 24-bit binary number. The inputs must be set according to this binary number representation. Each binary 1 represents a Grounded pin and each binary 0 represents an Open pin. MP-1A represents the Most Significant Bit (MSB) of the binary number and MP-3D represents the Least Significant Bit (LSB) of the binary number. NOTE: An address of all 0's or all 1's is an illegal address, and can cause the aircraft to be invisible to TCAS II equipped aircraft in flight. Never use an illegal address for an installed system.			



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description																				
MP-3F, 3G	ARINC 429 FCC/MCP #1/VHF #3 Input: (MP-3F [A], MP-3G [B]) The transponder uses MP-3F/3G as the FCC/MCP #1 input bus. The following labels are accepted: <table> <tr> <th>Label</th><th>Description</th></tr> <tr> <td>101</td><td>Selected Heading</td></tr> <tr> <td>102</td><td>Selected Altitude</td></tr> <tr> <td>233</td><td>Flight ID Characters 1 and 2</td></tr> <tr> <td>234</td><td>Flight ID Characters 3 and 4</td></tr> <tr> <td>235</td><td>Flight ID Characters 5 and 6</td></tr> <tr> <td>236</td><td>Flight ID Characters 7 and 8</td></tr> <tr> <td>NOTE:</td><td>For OEM CFDS applications, the following FCU labels will be accepted on MP-3F/3G:</td></tr> <tr> <td>272</td><td>Selected Baro Ref/Display Mode</td></tr> <tr> <td>273</td><td>Selected Baro Ref</td></tr> </table>	Label	Description	101	Selected Heading	102	Selected Altitude	233	Flight ID Characters 1 and 2	234	Flight ID Characters 3 and 4	235	Flight ID Characters 5 and 6	236	Flight ID Characters 7 and 8	NOTE:	For OEM CFDS applications, the following FCU labels will be accepted on MP-3F/3G:	272	Selected Baro Ref/Display Mode	273	Selected Baro Ref
Label	Description																				
101	Selected Heading																				
102	Selected Altitude																				
233	Flight ID Characters 1 and 2																				
234	Flight ID Characters 3 and 4																				
235	Flight ID Characters 5 and 6																				
236	Flight ID Characters 7 and 8																				
NOTE:	For OEM CFDS applications, the following FCU labels will be accepted on MP-3F/3G:																				
272	Selected Baro Ref/Display Mode																				
273	Selected Baro Ref																				
MP-3H	Functional Test Discrete Input This discrete input is used to put the transponder into a functional test mode. The functional test performed by the transponder is equivalent to a test initiated from the control panel. The input uses ground/open logic as follows: Ground = Initiate Functional Test Open = Normal Operation.																				
MP-3J	Reserved																				
MP-3K	XPDR Fail Discrete Output #1 The XPDR Fail Discrete #1 is set to annunciate an internal transponder failure condition or an ADS-B Function Fail if TP-2K is open. The output sources a voltage of greater than +5.0 V dc at 100 mA of current when a failure has occurred, and an open circuit (resistance of greater than 100k ohms to unit ground) when the transponder is operating normally. This output includes diode isolation.																				
MP-4A, 4B	Reserved																				



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
MP-4C, 4D	ARINC 429 GPS #2 Input: (MP-4C [A], MP-4D [B]) See TP-2A/2B.
MP-4E thru MP-4H	ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pins Reference subsection 3 for the functional descriptions.
MP-4J, 4K	Reserved
MP-5A, 5B	ARINC 429 Air Data Computer #2 Input: (MP-5A [A], MP-5B [B]) See TP-7H, 7J.
MP-5C, 5D	ARINC 575 Air Data Computer #2 Input: (MP-5C [A], MP-5D [B]) See TP-6H, 6J.
MP-5E, 5F	ARINC 429 MSP/ATSU/CMU Output #1: (MP-5E [A], MP-5F [B]) The MSP/ATSU/CMU output bus is a high-speed bus used when ADLP is installed.
MP-5G	Extended Squitter Disable Program Pin This pin provides the means to disable extended squitters, that is, disable the ADS-B OUT function. When this pin is grounded, ADS-B OUT is disabled, and when it is open, ADS-B OUT is enabled.
MP-5H	Mode S Data Link Program Pin This pin provides the means to program strap the installation for an ADLP. When this pin is grounded, an ADLP is installed, and when it is open, an ADLP is not installed.



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
MP-5J	Antenna BITE Program Pin This pin provides the means to enable or inhibit the testing of the antenna system. When this pin is grounded, Antenna BITE is enabled while the aircraft is on ground only, when this pin is strobed (connected to TP-3B) Antenna BITE is enabled while on ground and in air, and when it is open, Antenna BITE is disabled. NOTE: An open state (no BITE) on this pin will not log a fault when the continuity check of the antenna, cabling, and connectors have failed by indicating a resistance to ground >500 ohms. A ground state (BITE enabled on ground only) on this pin will log a fault when the continuity check of the antenna, cabling, and connectors have failed. This check is performed on ground. A strobed state (BITE enabled) will log a fault when the continuity check of the antenna, cabling, and connectors have failed. This check is performed on ground and in air. If TCAS II equipment is installed, a failure of the continuity check on one antenna will drive a TCAS FAIL and XPDR FAIL if the sensitivity level is equal to something other than standby or TA ONLY. Anytime both antennas fail the continuity check the XPDR FAIL discrete outputs (MP-3K and TP-3B) will be set to FAIL. Failures are also indicated on the NXT-800 Transponder's front panel status lamps when on ground.
MP-5K	ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pin Reference subsection 3 for the functional descriptions.



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
MP-6A, 6B	ARINC 429 Maintenance Data Input: (MP-6A [A], MP-6B [B])
	This low speed ARINC 429 bus can be used to input maintenance information from an OMS. This OMS interface is designed to work with Airbus, Boeing, and McDonnell Douglas aircraft. Reference MP-6C/6D for ARINC 429 Maintenance Data Bus Output.
	The following labels will be accepted on the Maintenance Data Input Bus:
	Label Description
	125 Time Word
	126 Flight Phase Word
	155 Aircraft Configuration Word
	156 Aircraft Type Word
	227 Command Summary Word
	233 Flight ID Characters 1 and 2
	234 Flight ID Characters 3 and 4
	235 Flight ID Characters 5 and 6
	236 Flight ID Characters 7 and 8
	260 Date Word
	301 Aircraft Identification Word
302 Aircraft Identification Word	
303 Aircraft Identification Word	
304 Aircraft Identification Word	



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description																																												
MP-6C, 6D	ARINC 429 Maintenance Data Output: (MP-6C [A], MP-6D [B])																																												
	This low speed ARINC 429 bus can be used to output maintenance information to an OMS. This OMS interface is designed to work with Airbus, Boeing, and McDonnell Douglas aircraft. Reference MP-6A/6B for the ARINC 429 Maintenance Data Bus Input. The following labels will be provided on the Maintenance Output Bus: <table><tr><th>Label</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>233</td><td>Flight ID Characters 1 and 2</td></tr><tr><td>234</td><td>Flight ID Characters 3 and 4</td></tr><tr><td>235</td><td>Flight ID Characters 5 and 6</td></tr><tr><td>236</td><td>Flight ID Characters 7 and 8</td></tr><tr><td>275</td><td>Mode S Address, Part 1</td></tr><tr><td>276</td><td>Mode S Address, Part 2</td></tr><tr><td>350</td><td>Fault Summary Word</td></tr><tr><td>351</td><td>Bus Status Word</td></tr><tr><td>352</td><td>Discrete Pin Status</td></tr><tr><td>353</td><td>Program Pin Status</td></tr><tr><td>354</td><td>Start of Transmission (STX) Word</td></tr><tr><td>354</td><td>Intermediate Data Word</td></tr><tr><td>354</td><td>End of Transmission Record (ETX) Word</td></tr><tr><td>354</td><td>End of Transmission (EOT) Word</td></tr><tr><td>356</td><td>Start of Text (STX) Word</td></tr><tr><td>356</td><td>Page Count (SYN) Word</td></tr><tr><td>356</td><td>Intermediate (DATA) Words</td></tr><tr><td>356</td><td>Final (EOT) Word</td></tr><tr><td>356</td><td>Start of Transmission (STX) Word</td></tr><tr><td>356</td><td>Intermediate Data Word</td></tr><tr><td>356</td><td>End of Transmission Record (ETX) Word</td></tr></table>	Label	Description	233	Flight ID Characters 1 and 2	234	Flight ID Characters 3 and 4	235	Flight ID Characters 5 and 6	236	Flight ID Characters 7 and 8	275	Mode S Address, Part 1	276	Mode S Address, Part 2	350	Fault Summary Word	351	Bus Status Word	352	Discrete Pin Status	353	Program Pin Status	354	Start of Transmission (STX) Word	354	Intermediate Data Word	354	End of Transmission Record (ETX) Word	354	End of Transmission (EOT) Word	356	Start of Text (STX) Word	356	Page Count (SYN) Word	356	Intermediate (DATA) Words	356	Final (EOT) Word	356	Start of Transmission (STX) Word	356	Intermediate Data Word	356	End of Transmission Record (ETX) Word
	Label	Description																																											
	233	Flight ID Characters 1 and 2																																											
	234	Flight ID Characters 3 and 4																																											
	235	Flight ID Characters 5 and 6																																											
	236	Flight ID Characters 7 and 8																																											
	275	Mode S Address, Part 1																																											
	276	Mode S Address, Part 2																																											
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	351	Bus Status Word																																											
	352	Discrete Pin Status																																											
	353	Program Pin Status																																											
	354	Start of Transmission (STX) Word																																											
	354	Intermediate Data Word																																											
	354	End of Transmission Record (ETX) Word																																											
	354	End of Transmission (EOT) Word																																											
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	356	Final (EOT) Word																																											
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NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description		
	356	End of Transmission (EOT) Word	
	356	Start of Transmission (STX) Word	
	356	Request to Send (RTS) Word	
	356	Display Control (CNTRL) Word	
	360	Discrete Configuration Status	
	361	Discrete Configuration Status	
	362	Discrete Configuration Status	
	377	Equipment ID Word	
MP-6E	Air Data Source Select Discrete Input		
	This discrete input provides the means to specify which of the two air data sources is used to obtain altitude information. Reference the ARINC 429 and ARINC 575 digital air data inputs. Ground = Altitude Source No. 2 (ARINC 429 MP-5A/5B) or (ARINC 575 MP-5C/5D) Open = Altitude Source No. 1 (ARINC 429 TP-7H/7J) or (ARINC 575 TP-6H/6J)		
MP-6F, 6G	Altitude Type Select Program Pins		
	The Altitude Type Select program pins configure the transponder for the type of altitude source that is connected to it. The inputs use ground/open logic. Program pin common (MP-6H) can be used to supply a ground.		
	Program Pin		Definition
	MP-6F	MP-6G	
	Ground	Open	ARINC 575 Altitude Source
	Open	Open	ARINC 429 Altitude Source
MP-6J, 6K	Reserved		
MP-7A, 7B	Reserved		
MP-7C thru MP-7J	Spare		
MP-7K	Reserved		



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
MP-71	Bottom Antenna RF Port Maintain coax cable insertion loss of 2 ± 1 dB in the 1030 to 1090 MHz frequency band per ARINC 718A. Antennas must be DC shorted type if Antenna BITE (MP-5J) is enabled. See TP-3C thru TP-3F for top and bottom antenna coax cable propagation delay difference program pin strapping.
BP-1	XPDR 115 V ac Input Power (H) This pin along with the XPDR 115 V ac RETURN line (BP-7) provides the 115 V ac power requirements for the transponder. NOTE: Only 9008000-10YYY transponders accept 115 V ac, 400 Hz input power. If a 115 V ac transponder version is used, the power should be connected through a 5 amp circuit breaker, and BP-10 and BP-3 should be left unconnected.
BP-2	Reserved
BP-3	XPDR +28 V dc Return (-) Reference BP-10.
BP-4	XPDR OFF (NO) Discrete Input This discrete input is used to turn the transponder power supply OFF. This pin should not be connected in aircraft installations.
BP-5	SPARE
BP-6	XPDR +28 V FAN PWR (+) The +28 V dc version (9008000-55YYY) of the transponder can control an externally mounted +28 V dc fan to provide cooling air for the transponder. The +28 V dc output (BP-6) should be connected to the positive input of the fan, and the Fan Return (NO) output (BP-9) should be connected to the negative input of the fan. The output has the capability to drive a fan that draws up to 200 mA of current. The Fan Return (BP-9) output meets the requirements for GROUND/OPEN discrete outputs, and will provide a ground when the internal temperature is greater than +30 degrees Centigrade and an open when the internal temperature is less than +25 degrees Centigrade.
BP-7	XPDR 115 V ac Input Power (C) Reference BP-1.
BP-8	SIGNAL GROUND Connect to Aircraft Signal Ground.



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NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-1: NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder Loading/Gradient Specifications

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
BP-9	+28V FAN RETURN (NO) (-) Reference BP-6.
BP-10	XPDR +28 V dc PWR (+) This pin, along with the +28 V dc RETURN line (BP-3), supply the +28 V dc power requirements for the transponder. NOTE: Only 9008000-55YYY transponders accept +28 V dc input power. If a +28 V dc transponder version is used, the power should be connected through a 10 amp circuit breaker, and BP-1 and BP-7 should be left unconnected.
BP-11	CHASSIS GROUND Connect to aircraft frame.
BP-12, 13	MUTUAL SUPPRESSION BUS I/O L-Band suppression coax must be RG-142 or equivalent coaxial cable. BP-12 and BP-13 are connected internally. Connection to only one pin is required.

Table 4-2: ACSS Dual Mode S Control Panel Interface Descriptions

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
J1-1, 2	Panel and Display Lighting Input: [J1-1 (LOW), J1-2 (HIGH)] 5 V ac, 3.0 Watts maximum lighting input for front panel and display lighting. Lighting is provided by incandescent lamps.
J1-3, 4	115 V ac Input Power: [J1-3 (HIGH), J1-4 (LOW)] The control panel is powered from a 115 V ac power bus. Two identical but isolated power supplies supply the power requirements to each individual electronic module that independently controls transponder 1 and 2. Maximum power is 2.0 Watts.
J1-5	Antenna Transfer Discrete Output These discrete outputs are used to switch a RF relay for dual transponder installations that have only one set of antennas. The outputs from J1 and J2 are linked to the XPDR 1-2 switch. The output is OPEN when the transponder is in STANDBY (inactive) mode, and GROUND when the transponder is in an active operational mode.



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NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-2: ACSS Dual Mode S Control Panel Interface Descriptions

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
J1-6	dc Ground Input: Reference for all discrete inputs/outputs. Connected to aircraft dc ground.
J1-7	STANDBY/ON Output: [J1-7 and J2-7] These discrete outputs (STANDBY/ON) mimic the XPDR switch position, placing one transponder in STANDBY and the other in the ON (active) mode. Both transponders are never in the ON mode simultaneously. This output is low (GROUND) when in STANDBY mode and OPEN when in the ON mode. This output can sink 100 mA maximum. Connect J1-7 to transponder STANDBY/ON Discrete Input.
J1-8	Chassis Ground Input Connected to airframe. Also used to connect ARINC 429 cable shields to the chassis.
J1-9	Functional Test Input Functional test can also be initiated by this discrete input. When J1-9 is grounded, a functional test similar to pushing the TCAS TEST button on the front panel is initiated.
J1-10	Warning and Caution Output This discrete output supplies a low signal to a remote master warning system when the control panel receives a Monitor Lamp fault indication from the active transponder. Otherwise it supplies 7 to 30 V dc or a resistance of >100k ohms to ground. This output can sink 20 mA maximum.
J1-11	Spare Pin
J1-12	XPDR FAIL #2 INPUT: [J1-12 and J2-12] The control panel XPDR FAIL annunciator is controlled by this input. When the transponder is operating normally this input remains grounded. Otherwise, the transponder opens this input to indicate a transponder failure. The control panel turns the annunciator ON to alert the user of a transponder malfunction. The transponder fail annunciator turns on only when the failed transponder is selected by the XPDR 1-2 switch. Connect J1-12 to the transponder's XPDR FAIL #2 Discrete Output.
J1-13, 14	Spare Pins
J1-15	Reserved Pin
J1-16	Air Data Source Output: [J1-16 and J2-16] Ground/Open output that is dependent on the front panel ALT RPTG and XPDR switch positions. This discrete output is enabled when altitude reporting is selected in the ON mode. When altitude reporting is selected OFF, the J1/J2-16 output remains in the OPEN state. This discrete output is connected to the transponder AIR DATA SOURCE SELECT Discrete Input.



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NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-2: ACSS Dual Mode S Control Panel Interface Descriptions

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
J1-17	Spare Pin
J1-18	Monitor Lamp Power Input This input is used as the input power source for the XPDR FAIL annunciator on the front panel of the control panel. The input supply voltage is a dimmable 26 V dc at 200 mA maximum.
J1-19	Spare Pin
J1-20	XPDR Fail #1 Discrete Input: [J1-20 and J2-20] This pin is connected directly to control panel pin J1/J2-12. See pin 12.
J1-21	Lamp Test Input To initiate a lamp test, pin J1-21 must be grounded through a remote test switch. All segments in the control panel LCD display are ON for as long as this input is grounded. ARINC 429 labels are not affected by the activation of a lamp test mode.
J1-22, 23	ARINC 429 Bus Output: [J1-22 (A), J1-23 (B)] Communication between the control panel and the transponder is done over a two-wire low speed, odd parity, ARINC 429 compatible bus. Selected ATC code, operating mode, and system parameters are communicated to the transponder over these lines. Transmission of labels 013, 015, 016 and 031 is done every 150 milli-seconds. Connect these pins to one of the two transponder ARINC 429 CONTROL DATA Input Ports.
J1-24	Reserved Pin
Connector J2 Loading/Gradient Specifications	
J2-1, 2	Spare Pins
J2-3, 4	115 V ac Input Power: [J2-3 (HIGH), J2-4 (LOW)] The control panel is powered from a 115 V ac power bus. Two identical but isolated power supplies provide the power to each individual electronic module that independently controls transponder 1 and 2. Maximum power is 2.0 Watts.
J2-5	Antenna Transfer Discrete Output See Pin J1-5.
J2-6	dc Ground Input Reference for all discrete inputs/outputs. Connected to aircraft dc ground.



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NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-2: ACSS Dual Mode S Control Panel Interface Descriptions

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
J2-7	STANDBY/ON Output See Pin J1-7.
J2-8	Chassis Ground Input Connected to airframe. Also used to connect ARINC 429 cable shields to the chassis.
J2-9, 10, 11	Spare Pins
J2-12	XPDR FAIL #2 INPUT See Pin J1-12.
J2-13, 14	Spare Pins
J2-15	Reserved Pin
J2-16	Air Data Source Output See Pin J1-16.
J2-17, 18, 19	Spare Pins
J2-20	XPDR Fail #1 Discrete Input See Pin J1-20.
J2-21	Spare Pin
J2-22, 23	ARINC 429 Bus Output: [J2-22 (A), J2-23 (B)] Communication between the control panel and the transponder is done over a two-wire low speed, odd parity, ARINC 429 compatible bus. Selected ATC code, operating mode, and system parameters are communicated to the transponder over these lines. Transmission of labels 013, 015, 016, and 031 is done every 150 milli-seconds. Connect these pins to one of the two transponder ARINC 429 CONTROL DATA Input Ports.
J2-24	Reserved Pin



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NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-3: ACSS Mode S/ATCRBS Control Panel Interface Descriptions

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
J1-1, 2	Panel and Display Lighting Input: [J1-1 (LOW), J1-2 (HIGH)] 5 V ac, 3.0 Watts maximum lighting input for front panel and display lighting. Lighting is supplied by incandescent lamps.
J1-3, 4	115 V ac Input Power: [J1-3 (HIGH), J1-4 (LOW)] The control panel is powered from a 115 V ac power bus. A single power supply provides the power for the control panel. Maximum power is 2.0 Watts.
J1-5	Antenna Transfer Discrete Output This discrete output is used to switch a RF relay for dual transponder installations that have only one set of antennas. The output is OPEN when the transponder is in STANDBY (inactive) mode and GROUND when the transponder is in an active operational mode.
J1-6	dc Ground Input Reference for all discrete inputs/outputs. Connected to aircraft dc ground.
J1-7	STANDBY/ON Output This discrete output (STANDBY/ON) mimics the XPDR switch position, placing one transponder in STANDBY and the other in the ON (active) mode. Both transponders are never in the ON mode simultaneously. This output is low (GROUND) when in STANDBY mode and OPEN when in the ON mode. This output can sink 100 mA maximum. Connect this pin to transponder STANDBY/ON Discrete Input.
J1-8	Chassis Ground Input Connected to airframe. Also used to connect ARINC 429 cable shields to the chassis.
J1-9	Functional Test Input Functional test can also be initiated by means of this discrete input. When J1-9 is grounded through a remote test switch, a functional test similar to pushing the TCAS TEST button on the front panel is initiated.
J1-10	Warning and Caution Output This discrete output supplies a low signal to a remote master warning system when the control panel receives a Monitor Lamp fault indication from the active transponder. Otherwise it provides 7 to 30 V dc or a resistance of >100k ohms to ground. This output can sink 20 mA maximum.



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NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B Transponder/Part No. 9008000

Table 4-3: ACSS Mode S/ATCRBS Control Panel Interface Descriptions

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
J1-11	Spare Pin
J1-12	XPDR Fail #2 Input The control panel XPDR FAIL annunciator is controlled by this input. When the transponder is operating normally, this input remains grounded. Otherwise, the transponder opens this input to indicate a transponder failure. The control panel then turns the annunciator ON to alert the user of a transponder malfunction. The transponder fail annunciator turns on only when the failed transponder is selected by the control panel Mode switch. Connect this pin to the transponder XPDR FAIL #2 Discrete Output.
J1-13, 14	Spare Pins
J1-15	Reserved Pin
J1-16	Air Data Source Output Ground/Open output that is dependent on the front panel ALT RPTG switch position. This discrete output is enabled (Grounded) when altitude reporting is selected in the ON mode. When altitude reporting is selected OFF, the J1-16 output is in an Open state. This discrete output is connected to the transponder AIR DATA SOURCE SELECT Discrete Input.
J1-17	Spare Pin
J1-18	Monitor Lamp Power Input This input is used as the input power source for the XPDR FAIL annunciator on the front panel of the control panel. The input supply voltage is a dimmable 26 V dc at 200 mA maximum.
J1-20	XPDR Fail #1 Discrete Input This pin is connected directly to control panel pin J1-12. Refer to J1-12.
J1-21	Lamp Test Input To initiate a lamp test, pin J1-21 must be grounded through a remote test switch. All segments in the control panel LCD display are ON for as long as this input is grounded. ARINC 429 labels are not affected by the activation of a lamp test mode.
J1-22, 23	ARINC 429 Bus Output: [J1-22 (A), J1-23 (B)] The Mode S transponder communicates with the control panel over a two-wire low speed, odd parity, ARINC 429 compatible bus. Selected ATC code, operating mode, and system parameters are communicated to the transponder over these lines. Transmission of labels 013, 015, 016, and 031 is done every 150 milli-seconds. Connect these pins to one of the two transponder ARINC 429 CONTROL DATA Input Ports.



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Table 4-3: ACSS Mode S/ATCRBS Control Panel Interface Descriptions

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
J1-24	Reserved Pin
Connector J2 Interface Descriptions	
J2-A thru J2-K	Spare Pins
J2-L	Altitude No. 1 Output This discrete output, along with pin J2-N and pin J2-R outputs, is used in conjunction with the ALT RPTG switch on the control panel to enable one of two sources of altitude reporting data to be selected. These outputs are used only if two altitude sources are used. Connect this pin to Altitude Digitizer No. 1 COMMON output.
J2-M	Spare Pin
J2-N	Altitude No. 2 Output See pin J2-L. Connect pin J2-N to Altitude Digitizer No. 2 COMMON output.
J2-P	Spare Pin
J2-R	Altitude Common See pin J2-L. Connect pin J2-R to the ATCRBS transponder Altitude Common input.
J2-S	Spare Pin
J2-T	Transponder No. 2 ON Output This discrete output puts the ATCRBS transponder in either a standby or active mode. It is used in conjunction with the Mode switch on the front panel of the control panel. The output uses Ground/Open logic, where an Open specifies Standby and a Ground specifies an Active mode (ATC On). Connect this pin to the ATCRBS transponder ON input.
J2-U, V, W	Spare Pins
J2-X, Y, Z, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h and i	Mode A Reply Code Pulse Outputs These 4096 Reply Code outputs are manually set by the reply code knobs on the front of the control panel and are used for replies to Mode A interrogations. These pins should be connected to the ATCRBS transponder Mode A interface.
J2-j	IDENT Output This discrete output supplies a low signal (Ground) to an ATCRBS transponder whenever the IDENT button is pushed on the control panel. Connect this pin to the ATCRBS transponder ident (SPI) discrete input.
J2-k	Spare Pin



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Table 4-3: ACSS Mode S/ATCRBS Control Panel Interface Descriptions

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
J2-m	ATC Fail Input This discrete input is used to control the control panel XPDR FAIL annunciator when an ATCRBS transponder is being used. When the transponder is operating normally, this input is open (resistance greater than 100k ohms to ground). If a transponder failure has occurred, this input is greater than 4.0 V dc at 100 mA of current. Connect this pin to the transponder ATC FAIL output.
J2-n	dc Ground Input Reference for all discrete inputs/outputs. Connect this pin to aircraft dc ground.
J2-p, q	Spare Pins
J2-r	Altitude Reporting On Output Ground/Open output that is dependent on the front panel ALT RPTG switch position. This discrete output is enabled when altitude reporting is selected in the ON mode. When altitude reporting is selected OFF, the output at pin J2-r is in the OPEN state. This discrete output is connected to the transponder ALTITUDE REPORTING ON/OFF Discrete Input.
J2-s	Test Output This discrete output supplies a low signal (Ground) to an ATCRBS transponder whenever the TCAS TEST button is pushed on the control panel. The control panel Mode switch must be in the ATC position to initiate an ATCRBS transponder test.
J2-t	Transponder No. 1 ON This discrete output puts an ATCRBS transponder in either a STANDBY or active mode. It is used in conjunction with the Mode switch on the front panel of the control panel. The output uses Ground/Open logic where an Open specifies STANDBY and a Ground specifies an Active mode. This pin is not used with ACSS Mode S Transponders.



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Table 4-4: Gables ATC/TCAS Control Panel Interface Description

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
J1-1, 2	Panel and Display Lighting Input: (J1-1 HIGH, J1-2 LOW) 5 V ac 400 Hz lighting input for front panel and display lighting control. Lighting is provided by LEDs.
J1-3	115 V ac Input Power (J1-3 HIGH, J1-4 LOW)
J1-4	The control panel is powered from a 115 V ac power bus. Two identical but isolated power supplies supply the power requirements to each individual electronic module that independently controls transponder 1 and 2.
J1-5	Antenna Transfer Discrete Output These discrete outputs are used to switch a RF relay for a dual transponder installation that have one set of antennas. The outputs from J1 and J2 are lined to the XPNDR 1-2 switch. The output is OPEN when the transponder is in STANDBY (Inactive) mode and GROUND when the transponder is in an active operational mode.
J1-6	dc Ground Input Reference for all discrete inputs/outputs. Connected to aircraft dc ground.
J1-7	STANDBY/ON Output: (J1-7 and J2-7) These discrete outputs (STANDBY/ON) mimic the XPNDR switch position, placing one transponder in STANDBY and the other in the ON (active) mode. Both transponders are never in the ON mode simultaneously. This output can sink 100 mA maximum. Connect pin to transponder STANDBY/ON Discrete Input.
J1-8	Chassis Ground Input Connected to airframe. Also used to connect ARINC 429 cable shields to the chassis.
J1-9	Functional Test Input/FCDE Functional test can also be initiated by this discrete input. When J1-9 or J2-9 is grounded, a functional test similar to pushing the TCAS TEST button on the front panel is initiated. If this input is grounded while cycling power to the control panel, then the Fault Code Display Enable mode is enabled. This mode provides failure codes should a failure be detected in the control panel. It also provides software version and revision number.
J1-10	Warning and Caution Output This discrete output supplies a low signal to a remote master warning system when the control panel receives a Monitor Lamp fault indication from the active transponder. Otherwise it supplies +7 to +30 V dc or a resistance of >100k ohms to ground. This output can sink 20 mA maximum.
J1-11	AIR/GND SWITCH #1 Discrete Output



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Table 4-4: Gables ATC/TCAS Control Panel Interface Description

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
J1-12	TRANSPONDER FAIL LOGIC #2 input (J1-12 and J2-12) The control panel transponder fail annunciator is controlled by this input. When a transponder is operating normally, this input remains grounded. Otherwise the transponder opens this input to indicate a transponder failure. The control panel turns the annunciator ON to alert the user of a transponder malfunction. The transponder fail annunciator turns on only when the failed transponder is selected by the XPNDR 1-2 switch. It is turned OFF when STANDBY is selected. Connect this pin to the XPNDR FAIL #2 Discrete Output.
J1-13, 14	5 V ac 400 Hz Indicator Lighting (AIRBUS) (J1-13 HIGH, J1-14 LOW) These inputs are used for control panels installed in Airbus aircraft.
J1-15	AIR/GND SWITCH #2 Output (J1-15 and J2-15) This output is directly connected to J1-24 Air/Ground input. J1-15 is connected to J1-24, and J2-15 is connected to J2-24. Ground/Open signal is directly routed to J1-15 or J2-15.
J1-16	Air Data Source Output (J1-16 and J2-16) Ground/Open output is dependent on the front panel ALT RPTG, XPNDR and ALT SOURCE (air data source) selection. This discrete output is enabled when altitude reporting is selected in the On mode. When altitude reporting is selected OFF, the J1/J2-16 outputs remains in the OPEN state. When ALT RPTG is ON, then altitude source output is dependent on the altitude source selection in the control panel. If ADC 1 is selected, then J1-16 is Open and J2-16 is Ground. If ADC 2 is selected, then J1-16 is Ground and J2-16 is Open. This discrete output is connected to the transponder AIR DATA SOURCE SELECT discrete input.
J1-17	Flight ID Disable Input (J1-17 only) A ground in this input disables the Flight ID mode of operation. The control panel displays INOP when the Flight ID mode is selected. An Open in this input enables the Flight ID mode which allows the Flight ID code to be entered and transmitted to the transponder.
J1-18	Monitor Light Power This input is used as the input power source for the XPNDR FAIL, ATC, and FID annunciators on the front of the control panel. The input supply voltage is used for control purpose only, and the supply voltage is dimmable 26 V dc at 200 mA maximum.
J1-19	ALT Fail Input



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Table 4-4: Gables ATC/TCAS Control Panel Interface Description

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
J1-20	Transponder FAIL Logic #1 Discrete Input: (J1-20 and J2-20) The control panel FAIL indicator can also be controlled by this input which is mainly used in Airbus installations. When this input is Open, then the transponder fail annunciator should be OFF. If 5 V dc is provided to this Discrete Input by the transponder, then the transponder fail annunciator should be turned On.
J1-21	Lamp Test: J1-21 and J2-21) To initiate a lamp test, J1 or J2-21 must be grounded through a remote test switch. All segments in the control panel LCD display, as well as the annunciators, are ON for as long as this input is grounded. ARINC 429 labels are not affected by the activation of the lamp test mode.
J1-22, -23	ARINC 429 Bus Output: J1-22 (A), J1-23 (B) Communication between the control panel and the transponder is done over a two-wire low speed, odd parity, ARINC 429 compatible bus. Selected ATC, Flight ID codes, operating mode, and system parameters are communicated to the transponder over these lines. Transmission of labels 013, 015, 016, 031, 233, 234, 235, and 236 is done every 150 milliseconds. Connect these pins to one of the two transponder ARINC 429 CONTROL DATA input Ports.
J1-24	Air/Ground Discrete Input (J1-24 and J2-24) The weight-on-wheels switch output is connected to this input which is directly connected to J1/J2-15 Discrete Output. When weight-on-wheels is grounded, then this signal is transmitted to the transponder to inhibit replies while on ground. If this input is Open, then aircraft is airborne.
J2-1	Reserved (ARINC 429 Input Port A)
J2-2	Reserved (ARINC 429 Input Port B)
J2-3	115 V ac 400 Hz Power Input (H)
J2-4	115 V ac 400 Hz Power Input (L)
J2-5	Antenna transfer Output Discrete
J2-6	Chassis Ground
J2-7	STBY/ON Discrete Output
J2-8	DC Ground
J2-9	Functional Test Input/FCDE
J2-10	Warning and Caution Output Discrete



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Table 4-4: Gables ATC/TCAS Control Panel Interface Description

Connector Pin Designation	Functional Description
J2-11	Air/Ground #1 Discrete Output
J-12	Transponder Fail Logic #2 Input
J2-13	Reserved (ARINC 429 RX Input Port A)
J2-14	Reserved (ARINC 429 RX Input Port B)
J2-15	Air/Ground #2 Discrete Output
J2-16	Air Data Source Output Discrete
J2-17	Reserved
J2-18	ATC Fail Indicator Power Input
J2-19	ALT Fail Input
J2-20	Transponder Fail Logic #1 Input
J2-21	Lamp Test Input
J2-22	ARINC 429 Output Port A
J2-23	ARINC 429 Output Port B
J2-24	Air/Ground Discrete Input

3. Mode S/ADS-B OUT Configuration Data

This section contains aircraft parameters that are required to be populated in order for the transponder to send correct Mode S and ADS-B data. ARINC 718A-4 defines a method to strobe transponder inputs in order to set values for the required parameters.

When available, the NXT-800 transponder can receive the necessary ADS-B OUT Configuration Data from the Surveillance Processor via A429 Label 305 on the TX bus.

Table 4-16 and Figure 4-1 provide an example of ADS-B OUT Configuration Program Pin Strapping.



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A. ADS-B Configuration Data Definition

The ADS-B OUT Configuration Data program pins are listed in Table 4-5

Table 4-5: ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pins

Connector Pin Designation	Function	State
TP-1A	Aircraft/Vehicle Length/Width A	Open/Ground
TP-1B	Aircraft/Vehicle Length/Width B	Open/Ground/Strobed
TP-1C	Aircraft/Vehicle Length/Width C	Open/Ground/Strobed
TP-1D	GPS Antenna Longitudinal Offset A	Open/Ground/Strobed
TP-1E	GPS Antenna Longitudinal Offset B	Open/Ground/Strobed
TP-1F	GPS Antenna Longitudinal Offset C	Open/Ground/Strobed
TP-1G	Navigation Accuracy Category_Velocity (NAC _v)	Open/Ground/Strobed
TP-1H	System Design Assurance (SDA)	Open/Ground/Strobed
TP-2K	ADS-B FAIL Disable	Open/Ground
MP-4E	Aircraft Category A	Open/Ground/Strobed
MP-4F	Aircraft Category B	Open/Ground/Strobed
MP-4H	ADS-B Receive Capability	Open/Ground/Strobed
MP-5K	VFOM Adjust	Open/Ground

B. ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pin States

The ADS-B OUT configuration data program pins can be in one of three states: Open, Ground, or Strobed. TP-3B serves as the Strobe output discrete.

Table 4-6: ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pin States

State	Connector Pin Designation
0	Open
1	Ground (TP-5D or MP-6H)
2	TP-3B



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C. ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pin Parity

MP-4G provides the means to program strap each transponder's parity. Valid parity is even and is determined by the number of Configuration Data Program Pins that are grounded. If an even number of pins is grounded then the Configuration Data Program Pin Parity (MP-4G) is left open. If an odd number of discretes is grounded then the Configuration Data Program Parity Pin (MP-4G) is connected to ground. Refer to Table 4-5 for the list of Configuration Data Program Pins to be counted when determining Parity.

D. ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pin Strapping

The transponder decodes the Configuration Data Discretes per DO-260B. Reference the following tables:

(1) Aircraft/Vehicle Length/Width Program Pin Strapping

TP-1A, TP-1B, and TP-1C provide the means to program strap the aircraft's length and width. Refer to Table 4-7.

The transponder populates the value of Aircraft Length/Width Code as follows:

Table 4-7: Aircraft/Vehicle Length/Width Program Pin Strapping

TP-1A State (NOTE)	TP-1B State	TP-1C State	Aircraft Length/Width Code Value	Upper bound Length (meters)	Upper bound Width (meters)
0	0	0	0	No Data or Unknown	
0	0	1	1	≤15	≤23
0	0	2	2	≤25	≤28.5
0	1	0	3		≤34
0	1	1	4	≤35	≤33
0	1	2	5		≤38
0	2	0	6	≤45	≤39.5
0	2	1	7		≤45
0	2	2	8	≤55	≤45
1	0	0	9		≤52
1	0	1	10	≤65	≤59.5
1	0	2	11		≤67
1	1	0	12	≤75	≤72.5
1	1	1	13		≤80
1	1	2	14	≤85	≤80
1	2	0	15		≤90



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(2) GPS Antenna Longitude Offset Program Pin Strapping

TP-1D, TP-1E, and TP-1F provide the means to program strap the distance of the GPS antenna installation from the nose of the aircraft.

Aircraft manufacturers and operators have indicated that dual GPS antennas are typically installed such that there is not more than 2 to 3 meters distance between the two antennas. Therefore, the midpoint distance between the two antennas along the longitudinal axis of the aircraft should be used to encode the antenna position from the aircraft's nose in accordance with Table 4-8.

The transponder populates the value of GPS Antenna Longitudinal Offset as follows:

Table 4-8: GPS Antenna Longitude Offset Program Pin Strapping

TP-1D State	TP-1E State	TP-1F State	GPS Antenna Longitudinal Offset Value	Upper Bound of the GPS Antenna Offset along Longitudinal Axis Aft from Aircraft Nose (meters)
0	0	0	0	0 or No Data
0	0	1	1	Position Offset Applied by Sensor
0	0	2	2	2
0	1	0	3	4
0	1	1	4	6
0	1	2	5	8
0	2	0	6	10
0	2	1	7	12
0	2	2	8	14
1	0	0	9	16
1	0	1	10	18
1	0	2	11	20
1	1	0	12	22
1	1	1	13	24
1	1	2	14	26
1	2	0	15	28
1	2	1	16	30
1	2	2	17	32
2	0	0	18	34
2	0	1	19	36
2	0	2	20	38
2	1	0	21	40



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Table 4-8: GPS Antenna Longitude Offset Program Pin Strapping

TP-1D State	TP-1E State	TP-1F State	GPS Antenna Longitudinal Offset Value	Upper Bound of the GPS Antenna Offset along Longitudinal Axis Aft from Aircraft Nose (meters)
2	1	1	22	42
2	1	2	23	44
2	2	0	24	46
2	2	1	25	48
2	2	2	26	50

(3) Navigation Accuracy Category for Velocity (NAC_v) Encoding

TP-1G provides the means to program strap the Navigation Accuracy Category for Velocity (NAC_v) of the installation in accordance with Table 4-9. The NAC_v value can be read from label 145 from the GPS, however if it is not received, then the state of program pin TP-1G is used.

Table 4-9: Navigation Accuracy Category for Velocity (NAC_v) Program Pin Strapping

TP-1G State	NAC _v Value	Horizontal Velocity Error
0	0	Unknown or ≥ 10 meters/sec
1	1	< 10 meters/sec
2	2	< 3 meters/sec

NOTES:

1. Encoding is only provided through State 2 as it will be well into the future before navigation sources will be capable of providing NAC_v values approaching 1 meter/second.
2. If the NAC_v value to be encoded is less than 1 meter/second or better, then the Pin Configuration and bit encoding shall be set to that indicated for State 2.

(4) System Design Assurance (SDA) Program Pin Strapping

TP-1H provides the means to program strap the System Design Assurance (SDA) of the installation in accordance with Table 4-10.



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Table 4-10: System Design Assurance (SDA) Program Pin Strapping

TP-1H State	SDA Value	Supported Failure Condition (Note 1)	Probability of Undetected Fault causing transmission of False or Misleading Information (Note 4, 5)
0	0	Unknown / No Safety Effect	$>1 \times 10^{-3}$ per flight hour or unknown
1	2	Major	$>1 \times 10^{-5}$ per flight hour
2	3	Hazardous	$>1 \times 10^{-7}$ per flight hour
NOTES: 1. It is expected that all GPS/GNSS and ADS-B OUT transmitting equipment associated with DO-260B will support a minimum design assurance of 10^{-5} . Therefore, the 10^{-3} case having an SDA = "1" is NOT allowed and there is no encoding provision made with TP-1H. 2. Software Design Assurance per RTCA DO-178B (EUROCAE ED-12B). Airborne Electronic Hardware Design Assurance per RTCA DO-254 (EUROCAE ED-80). 3. Supported Failure Classification defined in AC-23.1309-1C, AC-25.1309-1A, and AC 29-2C. 4. Because the broadcast position can be used by any other ADS-B OUT equipped aircraft or by ATC, the provisions in AC 23-1309-1C that allow reduction in failure probabilities and design assurance level for aircraft under 6,000 pounds do not apply. 5. Includes probability of transmitting false or misleading latitude, longitude, velocity, or associated accuracy and integrity metrics.			

(5) ADS-B OUT Fail Disable Program Pin Strapping

TP-2K provides the means to program strap the annunciation of an ADS-B OUT function fail via the Fail Warn Discrete outputs (TP-3B and MP-3K) in accordance with Table 4-11.

Table 4-11: ADS-B OUT Fail Disable Program Pin Strapping

TP-2K State	ADS-B FAIL Disable Value
0	0 (Note 1)
1	1 (Note 2)
NOTES: 1. Failures of the ADS-B Function are declared via the Fail Warn Discrete outputs (TP-3B, MP-3K and TP-3A). 2. Failures of the ADS-B Function are NOT declared via the Fail Warn Discrete outputs (TP-3B and MP-3K) but are declared via TP-3A.	

(6) Aircraft Category Program Pin Strapping

MP-4E and MP-4F provide the means to program strap the Aircraft Category in accordance with Table 4-12.



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Table 4-12: Aircraft Category Program Pin Strapping

MP-4E State	MP-4F State	Aircraft Category Value	Aircraft Category Selection
0	0	0	No ADS-B Emitter Category Information
0	1	1	Light (<15,500 lbs.)
0	2	2	Small (15,500 -to- 75,000 lbs.)
1	0	3	Large (75,000 -to- 300,000 lbs.)
1	1	4	High-Vortex Large
1	2	5	Heavy (>300,000 lbs.)
2	0	6	High Performance (> 5G acceleration and >400 knots)
2	1	7	Rotorcraft

(7) **ADS-B Receive Capability Program Pin Strapping**

MP-4H provides the means to program strap the ADS-B Receive Capability of the installation in accordance with Table 4-13.

Table 4-13: ADS-B Receive Capability Program Pin Strapping

MP-4H State	1090-In Value	UAT-In Value	Selection / Meaning
0	0	0	Aircraft installation has no capability to receive either 1090-IN or UAT-IN
1	1	0	Aircraft installation has capability to receive 1090-IN ONLY
2	1	1	Aircraft installation has capability to receive both 1090-IN and UAT-IN
NOTE: It is expected that future implementations with TCAS or the Traffic Function will have additional capability to communicate the state of 1090ES IN and UAT IN. Presently, no such method is identified.			

(8) **Vertical Figure of Merit (VFOM) Adjust Program Pin Strapping**

MP-5K provides the means to program strap each transponder's VFOM adjust status in accordance with Table 4-14.

The VFOM adjust discrete should be set to ground, when the installed GPS (in support of ADS-B OUT) does not provide Height Above Ellipsoid (HAE) geometric attitude on ARINC Label 370 (As defined in ARINC 743A-5), and does provide Mean Sea Level (MSL) GNSS Altitude on ARINC Label 076 using something other than the WGS84 Ellipsoid in its altitude algorithm.



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Table 4-14: Vertical Figure of Merit (VFOM) Adjust Program Pin Strapping

MP-5K State	VFOM Adjust Value	Selection / Meaning
0	0	Installed GPS provides Height Above Ellipsoid (HAE) geometric attitude on ARINC Label 370
1	1	Installed GPS provides Mean Sea Level (MSL) GNSS Altitude Label 076 using something other than the WGS84 Ellipsoid in its altitude algorithm

(9) **ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pin Parity**

MP-4G provides the means to program strap each transponder's ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pin Parity in accordance with Table 4-15.

Parity is calculated based on the total of all ADS-B program pins connected to ground. Refer to Table 4-5 for the list of pins to be counted. If the count is even, MP-4G = open (0). If count is odd, MP-4G = ground (1).

Table 4-15: ADS-B OUT Configuration Data Program Pin Parity

MP-4G State	Configuration Parity Value
0	0
1	1



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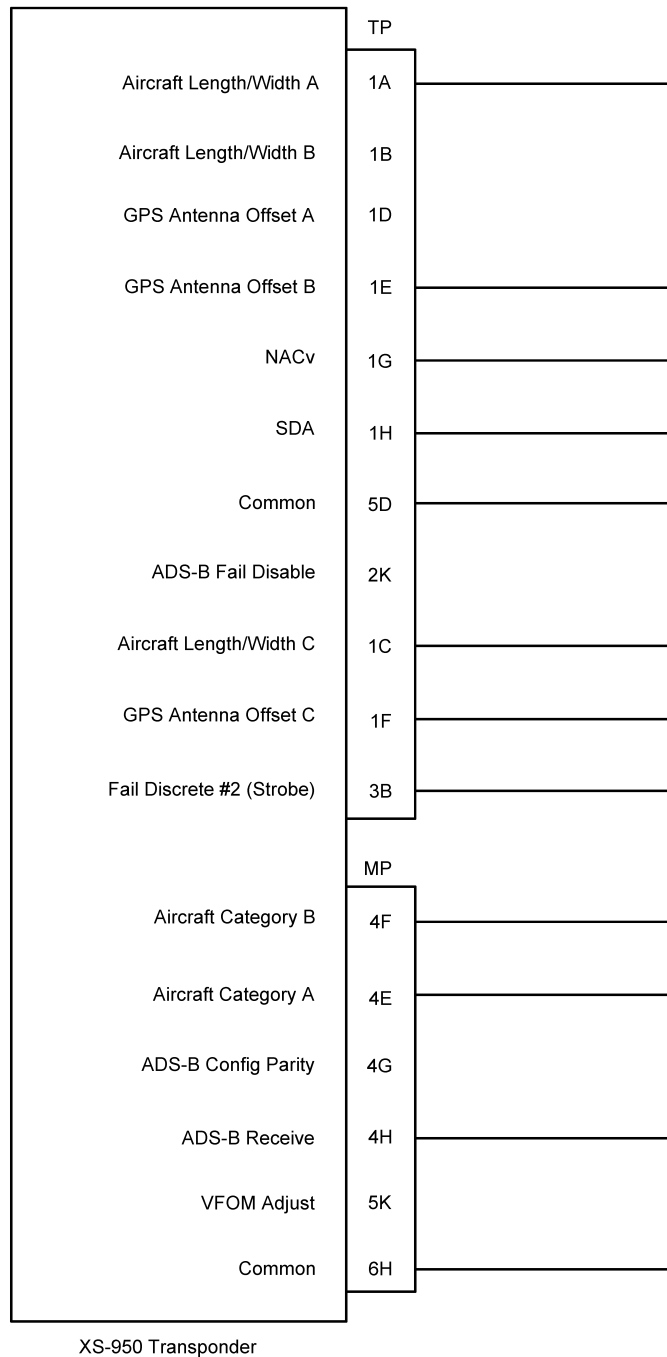
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Table 4-16: Example of ADS-B OUT Configuration Program Pin Strapping

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
			Column 3 connected to:				# of Pins Connected to ground (Note 1)	Parity	MP-4G Open / Ground (Note 2)
ADS-B Parameter	Value	Pin	Open	Common		Strobe			
				TP-5D	MP-6H	TP-3B			
Aircraft/ Vehicle Length/ Width	Length ≤65 meters Width ≤67 meters	TP-1A		X			6	Even	Open
		TP-1B	X						
		TP-1C				X			
GPS Antenna Longitudin al Offset	8 meters	TP-1D	X						
		TP-1E		X					
		TP-1F				X			
NACv	<10 meters / seconds	TP-1G		X					
SDA	< 1X10 ⁻⁵ per flight hour	TP-1H		X					
ADS-B Fail Disable	Failures Declared	TP-2K	X						
Aircraft Category	Heavy (>300,000 lbs)	MP-4E			X				
		MP-4F				X			
ADS-B Receive	1090ES in only	MP-4H			X				
VFOM Adjust	HAE Geometric Altitude Label 370 received from installed GPS	MP-5K	X						
NOTES: 1. Column 8 is the total number of pins connected to common/ground. 2. Column 10 indicates the connection that should be made for MP-4G based on the parity. Odd Parity = Ground, Even Parity = Open.									



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AN7517805-114-SD

Figure 4-1: Example of ADS-B OUT Configuration Program Pin Strapping



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ADJUSTMENT/TEST

1. General

The procedures that follow are designed to check for proper operation and satisfactory installation of the NXT-800 transponder system while the aircraft is on the ground. These procedures describe a single and/or a dual Mode S transponder installation. For dual transponder installations, the same procedure can be used to check each transponder individually.

2. Equipment and Materials

Equipment and materials required to test and checkout the transponder are given in Table 5-1.

Table 5-1: Equipment and Materials

Equipment	Description	Source
Digital Multimeter	Fluke Model 29 Digital Multimeter	John Fluke Mfg Co Inc, Everett, WA
Transponder Ramp Tester	IFR-601 Transponder Test Set	Aeroflex Inc., Plainview, NY
	IFR 6000 ATC/TCAS/DME Test Set	Aeroflex Inc., Plainview, NY
	TB-2100 ATC/DME Test Set	Tel-Instrument Electronics Corp, Carlstadt, NJ
	APM-424 Transponder Test Set	JcAir Test Systems, New Century, KS
Air Data Test Set	Pilot/static test set	Any Commercial Source
NOTE: Equivalent alternatives are permitted for equipment in this list.		

3. Initial Harness Checkout (New Installations Only)

A. Transponder and Control Panel Harness Checkout

Refer to the applicable transponder and control unit interconnect diagrams to do continuity measurements and to ensure confidence in wiring for these units.

B. LRU Pre-installation Power Check

Before doing any operational tests, a power-on check is recommended to reduce the possibility of damage to newly installed system components, due to miswired power leads.

- (1) Make sure all transponder components are removed from their mounting tray or that their aircraft mating connector(s) are disconnected.
- (2) Connect external power to aircraft.
- (3) Close all transponder 115 V ac, 400 Hz circuit breakers, if applicable, and check for 115 V ac at the appropriate LRU mating connector pins. Refer to the applicable interconnect diagrams for LRU pin numbers.



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- (4) Close all transponder 28 V dc circuit breakers, if applicable, and check for 28 V dc at the appropriate LRU mating connector pins. Refer to the applicable interconnect diagrams for LRU pin numbers.
- (5) If power is misapplied on any connector pin, open the circuit breaker and rework miswired harness.
- (6) Open all transponder 115 V ac, 400 Hz and +28 V dc circuit breakers.
- (7) Install the transponder and all transponder components that were removed to do the pre-installation power checks.

C. Initial System Installation Operational Test

The initial checkout of a newly installed system should start with a transponder self-test and then be followed by a ramp test. The transponder self-test follows in paragraph 4. The ramp test should include an altitude reporting on/off test, a power and frequency test, an ATCRBS-only test, and a test to check the 4096 codes. For ADS-B installations ensure an ADS-B capable ramp tester is used to test the ADS-B registers. Refer to the applicable transponder ramp tester operation manual for procedures to do these tests.

4. Transponder Self-Test

- A. Apply aircraft power and close all applicable transponder circuit breakers.
- B. Set the transponder's control mode to STANDBY.
- C. Press and release the PUSH TO TEST button on the front of the transponder. The test sequence that follows should occur.
 - All transponder front panel annunciators come on for a 3-second lamp test.
 - If the transponder is operational, the green XPDR PASS annunciator comes on for a 10-second display period and then goes off.
 - If the transponder is not operational, one or more of the red fault annunciators comes on for a 10-second display period.
- D. Make sure that transponder is operational. If failures are indicated, refer to Section 6, FAULT ISOLATION in this manual; otherwise, proceed.
- E. For a dual Mode S installation, repeat steps D. and E. for the second transponder. Make sure the second transponder is selected before repeating test.

NOTE: When the aircraft is on the ground, the lamps on the front panel of the transponder are active and represent the current status of subsystems. While in the air, all intermittent and hard failures are logged in the internal fault memory and are displayed for that flight leg when fault data is reviewed on the ground. This means while in the air, if an antenna fails for a short time and recovers for an unknown reason that particular flight leg results in an antenna fault that displays on the front lamps of the transponder. The exception is the off-side transponder (stand-by) does not run antenna BITE on the top/bottom antenna, so antenna failures are not recorded in the fault log of the off-side (stand-by) transponder.



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5. Return-To-Service

After a transponder or its associated controller or an antenna is removed and replaced a return to service test is required. Do the transponder self-test in paragraph 4 of this section. After the transponder self-test passes make the appropriate logbook entry and the transponder system is ready for use.



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FAULT ISOLATION

1. General

The NXT-800 Mode S/ADS-B transponder has a Built-In Test (BIT) function that contains a continuous performance monitor and self-test monitor. The continuous performance monitor function monitors critical system parameters and records faults found during normal operation.

The self-test monitor function is activated upon command from the system controller, external discrete input, front test panel switch, maintenance computer, or a power-on cold start. The self-test function will annunciate active failures of the system, and provide historical data from previous flight legs.

The faults recorded by the performance monitor or self-test monitor are contained in a non-volatile fault log, which may be downloaded to a file using the ACSS WebEDDIT software tool.

Additionally, the NXT-800 Transponder has self-test capability that is activated and displayed on its front panel. This self-test function also indicates subsystem failures. For instance, if a control panel failure is annunciated, that specific unit can be replaced instead of unnecessarily removing the NXT-800 Transponder.

2. Equipment

None.

3. Monitor Fault Logging

Faults detected by either the performance monitor or self-test monitor are logged in nonvolatile memory, and may be extracted from the transponder by maintenance personnel by downloading it to the ACSS WebEDDIT software tool loaded on a personal computer.

4. Power-On Test

Power-On Test is always executed on a cold start, on ground only. When the transponder is powered on, all lamps on the front panel illuminate (XPDR P/F- Green, all others - Red). After Power-On Test finishes successfully, all lamps turn off after approximately ten seconds. If there are any failures diagnosed during Power-On Test, lamps will indicate the cause. Refer to Table 6-1.

5. Self-Test Monitor

The self-test monitor function is activated upon command from the system controller, external discrete input, front panel test switch, maintenance computer, or a power-on cold start.

There are no specific monitors exercised during self-test. The self-test function will annunciate active failures of the system, and provide recorded data from previous flight legs.



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Functions that are monitored are as follows:

- Memory integrity
- Hardware, Firmware, and Software health and integrity
- ARINC 429 Transmitter and Receiver
- Discrete I/O
- Weight-On-Wheels Discrete Monitor
- RF Transmitter and Receiver

While on the ground, the status of the front panel test switch (Figure 6-1), is checked every 200 milliseconds by software. Transponder front panel lamps do not come on if the transponder is in the air mode.

Upon sensing a single momentary switch activation, all front panel lamps come on for a period of 2 to 3 seconds to test lamp function. The next available performance monitor results are then used to drive the front panel lamps for the next ten seconds.

Table 6-1 indicates the interface or LRU that is invalid when the indicated lamp is lit, and possible corrective actions to be taken to solve the problem.

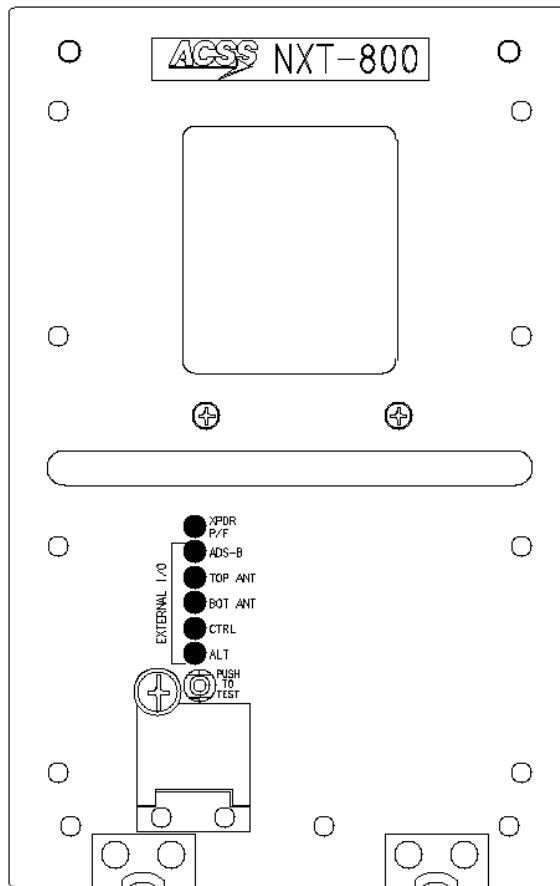


Figure 6-1: NXT-800 Transponder Front Panel



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Table 6-1: Interface/LRU Possible Corrective Actions

Lamp	Failure	Possible Action
XPDR P/F	A green lamp indicates no failures. A red lamp indicates the transponder's internal performance monitors and BITE circuitry has detected a failure.	None Remove and replace transponder (See note).
ADS-B	This lamp is used to annunciate that the GPS position input that is required by the ADS-B OUT function is failed or unavailable.	Check GPS position source.
TOP ANT	Top antenna, or cabling and connectors to top antenna, has failed by indicating a resistance to ground >500 ohms.	Verify antenna cabling and connections (after removing transponder). Repair cabling or replace antenna as required.
BOT ANT	Bottom antenna, or cabling and connectors to bottom antenna, has failed by indicating a resistance to ground >500 ohms.	Verify antenna cabling and connections (after removing transponder). Repair cabling or replace antenna as required.
CNTL	Control panel has failed.	Select correct control panel source. Verify control panel cabling and signal presence. Replace control panel, if necessary.
ALT	The transponder systems ARINC 429 or 575 digital altitude sources SSM may be indicating FAIL WARNING or the bus may be inactive.	Verify altitude source is selected. Check altitude source.
NOTE: If the Mode S address is all 1's or all 0's, the XPDR P/F lamp will indicate red.		



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A. Self-Test Initiation from Test Button

The transponder front panel test button initiates a self-test and retrieves data from past flight legs for display on the panel. The self-test monitor has the following requirements when initiated by the front panel test button.

- (1) The self-test monitor is initiated when the test button is pressed and released on the ground.
- (2) The self-test monitor completes the self-test sequence once initiated, even if the test button is released. All front panel lamps come on and remain on while the self-test sequence is running.
- (3) After the self-test sequence has completed, the transponder displays the results of the test on the front panel lamps for approximately ten seconds. Any faults that become active during this time are displayed.
- (4) If the button is released and then pushed after the self-test sequence has been completed, but before the ten seconds have timed out, the transponder turns on all lamps for approximately one second, then displays the results for all failures (whether currently active or not) for the current flight leg.
- (5) Continuing to push and release the test button displays contents for previous flight legs, as described in step (4), for up to ten flight legs, or the maximum number of stored flight legs (if less than ten). If the button is pushed on the tenth or last flight leg, the lamps flash at a 5 Hz rate for three seconds. The flight leg display mode then terminates.
- (6) If ten seconds expire without the test button being pushed, the front panel lamps go off and the self-test display mode or the flight leg display mode terminates.
- (7) The self-test monitor cannot be initiated if the aircraft is in the air.

B. Front Panel Lamp Display

The front panel lamps annunciate failures in the transponder unit or failures of systems that are connected to the transponder as follows.

- (1) Faults that are annunciated are a result of the continuous performance monitor and the self-test monitor.
- (2) Faults that are displayed as a result of self-test are combined with faults that have been detected by the performance monitor. These faults are currently active. Faults that were detected previously by the performance monitor and have been cleared at the time the test is initiated are not annunciated.
- (3) Faults that are displayed for the current or previous flight leg are faults detected as a result of self-test or the performance monitor. Faults that were intermittent are displayed.
- (4) These results are only displayed following a self-test initiated by the front panel self-test button. There is no display during or following a self-test initiated by other means or during non self-test operation.



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NOTE: When the aircraft is on the ground, the lamps on the front panel of the transponder are active and represent the current status of subsystems. While in the air, all intermittent and hard failures are logged in the internal fault memory and are displayed for that flight leg when fault data is reviewed on the ground. This means while in the air, if an antenna fails for a short time and recovers for an unknown reason, that particular flight leg results in an antenna fault that displays on the front panel lamp on the transponder. The exception is the off-side transponder (stand-by) does not run antenna BITE on the top/bottom antenna, so antenna failures are not recorded in the fault log of the off-side (stand-by) transponder.

6. Continuous Performance Monitor

The continuous performance monitor function is used to monitor the system condition under normal operation and annunciate faults as required. The function monitors circuitry internal to the transponder and also monitors interfaces to other systems and subsystems. If a fault is detected in either internal circuitry or external systems, the fault is recorded in an internal fault log.

Depending on the severity of the fault or the impact on system operation, the fault may also be annunciated to the flight crew by the transponder control panel failure annunciator.

All failures are logged into non-volatile memory for later analysis by maintenance personnel. The following functions are tested by the continuous performance monitor on a once per second cyclic basis (except for power-on test functions):

- Flash EPROM Memory
- Calibration RAM Memory
- Hardware Watchdog Monitor
- RAM SEU Monitor
- FPGA SEU Monitor
- RAM Software CRC Monitor
- DAPS Input Monitor
- ARINC 429 TCAS Bus Monitor
- ARINC 429/575 Altitude Bus Monitor
- ARINC 429 ADLP Bus Monitor
- ARINC 429 Control Panel Bus Monitor
- ARINC 429 Maintenance Bus Monitor
- Discrete Output Monitor
- WOW Input Discrete Monitor
- Invalid Mode S Address Monitor
- Mutual Suppression Monitor
- Mode S Address Change Monitor
- RF Forward Power



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- Squitter Monitor
- Local Oscillator Synthesizer Monitor
- RF Receiver Monitor
- Antenna Monitor
- TCAS Dispatch Failure
- Power Supply Voltages
- Ambient Temperature Monitor
- Unexpected Cold Start
- Software Fault Monitor.

A. Fault Indications

Table 6-2 provides a list of fault indications for all failures that can be diagnosed in field. The rest of the failures, such as power supply monitor faults or Local Oscillator fault, are not indicated, but are recorded in internal non-volatile memory and can be accessed if unit is returned to the factory for service. See Table 6-1 for recommended corrective actions.

Coding used in the various table columns is as follows:

- In the transponder Front Panel Lamps column, the following letters correspond to setting the specified lamps:
 - X - XPDR P/F
 - S - ADS-B
 - T - TOP ANT
 - B - BOT ANT.
 - C - CNTL
 - A - ALT
- Y in the Standby column indicates that Transponder will go into Standby mode
- Y in LRU Reset column indicates that Transponder will perform a Reset.
- Y in the TCAS Fail column indicates whether a failure is indicated on the TCAS display.
- X in Discretes Column indicates "XPDR FAIL" on Control Panel
- Z in Discretes Column indicates "ADS-B FAIL" on Control Panel



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Table 6-2: XPDR Failure Indications

Description	Front Panel Lamps ¹	Standby	TCAS Fail	LRU Reset	Discretes
Calibration RAM Memory CRC Fault	X	Y	Y		X
RAM SEU Not Corrected Fault	X	Y	Y	Y	X
FPGA SEU Not Corrected Fault	X	Y	Y	Y	X
Hardware Watchdog Fault	X	Y	Y		X
RAM Software CRC Fault	X	Y	Y		X
ARINC 429/575 Altitude Bus #1 Class 1 Fault	A				X
ARINC 429/575 Altitude Bus #2 Class 1 Fault	A				X
Control Panel Port A Fault	C	Y			X
Control Panel Port B Fault	C	Y			X
Invalid Mode S Address Fault	X		Y	Y	X
WOW Input Discrete Fault	X	Y			X
ADS-B System Fail with Light Fault	S				X, Z ²
ADS-B System Fail with No Light Fault	S				Z ³
Forward Power Fault Bot antenna	X		Y		X
Forward Power Fault Top antenna	X		Y		X
Forward Power Isolation Fault Bot antenna	X		Y		X
Forward Power Isolation Fault Top antenna	X		Y		X
Squitter Fault	X	Y			X
Top RCVR Listen Fault	X	Y			X
Top RCVR Isolate Fault	X	Y			X
Bot RCVR Listen Fault	X	Y			X
Bot RCVR Isolate Fault	X	Y			X
RF ATCRBS Receiver Fault	X	Y			X
Bot Antenna Fault	B				
Top Antenna Fault	T				
TCAS Dispatch Fault Bottom			Y		X



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Table 6-2: XPDR Failure Indications (cont)

Description	Front Panel Lamps ¹	Standby	TCAS Fail	LRU Reset	Discretes
TCAS Dispatch Fault Top			Y		X
Operational Software Fault				Y	
Boot ARINC RCVR Fault	X	Y			X
Boot_ARINC_XMTR_Fault	X	Y			X
Boot_XIC_FPGA_CRC_Fault				Y ⁵	
Boot_XIC_FPGA_Load_Fault				Y	
Boot_BOOT_CRC_Fault				Y	
Boot_DL1_CRC_Fault				Y ⁴	
Boot_DL2_CRC_Fault				Y ⁴	
Boot_APP_CRC_Fault				Y ⁵	
Boot_Calibration_CRC_Fault	X	Y			X
Boot_RAMADDR_Fault				Y	
Boot_RAMPAT_Fault				Y	
Boot_ECC_Fault				Y	
Boot_DLRAM_CRC_Fault				Y	
Boot_Exception_Fault				Y	
Boot_Image-Compatible_Fault	X	Y			X
Boot LRU Type Compare Fault	X	Y			X
Boot Discrete Input Test Fault	X	Y			X
Boot_XICFPGA_SEM_Fault				Y	
NOTES: 1. If no errors corresponding to XPDR FAIL are detected, the XPDR P/F Green lamp is to be lit. 2. If Extended Squitters are disabled the XPDR FAIL discretes and ADS-B Function Fail discrete are not activated. 3. If Extended Squitters are disabled the ADS-B Function Fail discrete is not activated. 4. This fault may or may not cause a reset depending on a Request for Data Load. 5. If unable to force a data load, LRU reset is triggered.					



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MAINTENANCE PRACTICES

1. General

This section provides instructions for removing, reinstalling, and adjusting each Line Replaceable Unit (LRU) of the NXT-800 transponder that has been previously installed by the aircraft manufacturer or completion center.

CAUTION: SHOULD ANY INSTALLATION CRITICAL CASES ARISE WITH THE REINSTALLATION OF ANY UNIT, INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE FOLLOWED 100 PERCENT.

CAUTION: WHEN REMOVING OR INSTALLING ANY LRU, PREPARE THE AIRCRAFT FOR SAFE GROUND MAINTENANCE. OPEN AND TAG ALL APPLICABLE SYSTEM CIRCUIT BREAKERS.

2. Equipment and Materials

Refer to the Aircraft Maintenance Manual (AMM) for materials required to install necessary components.

NOTE: No special equipment or materials other than those commonly used by line maintenance technicians are required to remove and install the units. Do not over tighten the mounting screws and hold-down knobs. Where torque values are not given, it is acceptable to hand tighten the mounting screws and finger tighten the equipment hold-down knobs.

3. Procedure for the NXT-800 Transponder

A. REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- (1) Prior to removing the NXT-800 transponder, open and tag the transponder circuit breaker.
- (2) Remove the NXT-800 transponder.
 - (a) Loosen the mounting tray hold-down knobs.
 - (b) Slowly pull on the transponder's handle to separate the unit from its mounting tray connector. The transponder is now free to be removed from its mounting tray.
 - (c) Place electrostatic protective cover on the transponder's connector.
- (3) Reinstall the NXT-800 transponder.
 - (a) Remove the electrostatic protective cover from the transponder's connector.
 - (b) Slide the transponder into its mounting tray.



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CAUTION: DO NOT FORCE FIT. IF MATING IS DIFFICULT, REMOVE THE UNIT AND EXAMINE THE CONNECTORS FOR CONTACTS THAT ARE BENT OR OUT OF ALIGNMENT. ALSO CHECK THE ALIGNMENT OF THE CONNECTORS' POLARIZATION KEYS AND POSTS.

- (c) Carefully apply firm pressure until the transponder connector mates with the tray connector.
- (d) Tighten mounting tray hold-down knobs to make sure that the connectors are fully engaged.

B. ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

Not Applicable.

C. REPAIR PROCEDURE

Not Applicable.

D. RETURN TO SERVICE PROCEDURE

Do the return to service test in Section 5, ADJUSTMENT/TEST, paragraph 5.

4. Procedure for the Omnidirectional Antenna

A. REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- (1) Prior to removing the Mode S antenna, put the transponder into stand-by mode or open and tag the transponder circuit breaker before commencing with maintenance.
- (2) Remove the omnidirectional antenna.
 - (a) If applicable, use a phenolic scraper to remove aerodynamic sealant around periphery of antenna baseplate.
 - (b) If applicable, remove sealant from antenna mounting screw holes.
 - (c) Remove retaining screws used to secure antenna to aircraft fuselage.
 - (d) Carefully pull antenna from fuselage.
 - (e) Disconnect coaxial cable from antenna connector.
 - (f) Put protective covers on the aircraft coaxial cable connector and the antenna connector.



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- (3) Reinstall the omnidirectional antenna.
 - (a) If applicable, remove any existing aerodynamic sealant from antenna mounting surface and clean antenna mounting area.
 - (b) Remove and clean sealant from baseplate and baseplate cutout.
 - (c) Remove protective covers from antenna and coaxial cable connectors.
 - (d) Examine antenna and coaxial cable connectors to make sure that they are clean and secure.
 - (e) Connect aircraft coaxial cable to antenna connector.
 - (f) Position the antenna on the fuselage mounting surface and secure the antenna with the appropriate screws.
 - (g) Apply an aerodynamic sealant around the periphery of the antenna baseplate.

B. ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

Not Applicable

C. REPAIR PROCEDURE

Most omnidirectional antennas are non-repairable. If the antenna is damaged or faulty, it must be replaced with a new antenna.

D. RETURN TO SERVICE PROCEDURE

Do the return to service test in Section 5, ADJUSTMENT/TEST, paragraph 5.

5. Procedure for the Control Panel

A. REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- (1) Remove the control panel.
 - (a) Prior to removing the control panel, open and tag the control panel circuit breaker.
 - (b) Disengage Dzus fasteners on control panel.
 - (c) Pull control panel out of aircraft mounting location and disconnect aircraft cable connectors. Control panel is now free to be removed from aircraft.
 - (d) Put electrostatic protective covers on control panel and aircraft mating electrical connectors.
- (2) Reinstall the control panel.
 - (a) Remove protective covers from control panel and aircraft mating connectors.
 - (b) Connect aircraft cables to control panel connectors.



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- (c) Insert control panel into mounting location.
- (d) Engage Dzus fasteners on the control panel to secure it to aircraft structure.

B. ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

Not Applicable

C. REPAIR PROCEDURE

Any repair procedures should be in accordance with manufacturer's repair instructions.

D. RETURN TO SERVICE PROCEDURE

Do the return to service test in Section 5, ADJUSTMENT/TEST, paragraph 5.

6. Instruction for Continued Airworthiness, 14 CFR Part 25.1529

Maintenance requirements and instructions for Continued Airworthiness of the NXT-800 transponder components are contained in the paragraphs that follow:

Installation of the transponder on an aircraft by Supplemental Type Certificate or Form 337 obligates the aircraft operator to include the maintenance information supplied by this manual in the operator's Aircraft Maintenance Manual and the operator's Aircraft Scheduled Maintenance Program.

The Airworthiness Limitations Section is FAA approved and specifies maintenance required under 14 CFR Part 43.16 and 14 CFR Part 91.403 of the Federal Aviation Regulations, unless an alternative program has been FAA approved.

- A. Installation and maintenance information for the transponder is contained in this manual. Refer to the Sections System Description, Mechanical Installation, Electrical Installation, Adjustment/Test and Maintenance Practice; sub-section Removal and Installation Procedure, Inspection/Check, Cleaning/Painting, etc.
- B. There are no special tools required for the removal and installation of the NXT-800 Transponder other than commonly used Line Maintenance support equipment.
- C. Required information on the NXT-800 interfaces is detailed in Section 1 System Description and Section 4 Loading/Gradient Specifications.
- D. Basic control and operating information are included in this installation manual. Refer to Section 1 System Description sub-sections Component Descriptions and Functional Description and Operation.
- E. Line Replaceable Unit (LRU) part numbers and other necessary part numbers contained in this manual should be placed into the aircraft operator's appropriate aircraft Illustrated Parts Catalog (IPC).



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- F. Wiring diagram information contained in this manual should be placed into the aircraft operator's appropriate aircraft Wiring Diagram Manuals. Refer to Figure 2-1 NXT-800 Mode-S/ADS-B Transponder Outline and Installation Diagram.
- G. The transponder is considered an on-condition unit and no additional maintenance is required other than a check for security and operation at normal inspection intervals.
- H. If a system component is inoperative, remove unit, secure cables and wiring, tag applicable switches and circuit breakers, and placard them inoperative. Revise equipment list and weight and balance as applicable prior to flight and make a log book entry that unit was removed (refer to 14 CFR Part 91.213 or the aircraft's Minimum Equipment List [MEL]).
- I. The transponder system LRUs can be repaired only at a factory-authorized repair center or an appropriately rated FAA Part 145 repair station.
- J. Once repaired, reinstall the LRU in the aircraft in accordance with the original Form 337 approved data or instructions in this manual. Do a Return to Service (RTS) test of the system and approve it for return to service with a log book entry in accordance with the requirements specified in 14 CFR Part 43.9.
- K. Scheduled Maintenance Program tasks to be added to the aircraft operator's appropriate aircraft maintenance program are as follows:
 - (1) Recommended periodic scheduled servicing tasks: none required.
 - (2) Recommended periodic inspections are as follows.
 - The NXT-800 transponder has tests and inspections that are required by 14 CFR Part 91.413 to be completed every 24 calendar months.
 - The ATC antennas used with the NXT-800 transponder should be removed and the underlying structure inspected for deterioration and corrosion every 60 months or 12,000 hours, whichever occurs first.
 - (3) Recommended periodic scheduled preventative maintenance tests (tests to determine system condition and/or latent failures).
 - The NXT-800 transponder is designed to detect its own failures as well as failures external to the transponder itself. This BIT is continuously being executed on a periodic basis. Refer to Section Fault Isolation.
 - No formal periodic maintenance is required for the transponder or the control panel other than the 24 calendar month re-certification test required by 14 CFR Part 91.413.
- L. If there are changes to the Instructions for Continued Airworthiness, the installation manual will be revised accordingly. When document revisions are approved, the ACSS Customer Services extranet website is automatically updated. The extranet site then notifies the affected customers automatically by email, and on next login of the documentation change. This process is documented in ACSS INS-13.8-1, Distributing Publications via the ACSS Customer Services Extranet.



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INSPECTION/CHECK

1. General

The visual check procedures that follow are recommended for the transponder and associated LRUs after they have been installed in the aircraft.

2. Procedure

CAUTION: MAKE SURE THAT THE TRANSPONDER SYSTEM CIRCUIT BREAKERS ARE OPEN BEFORE DOING ANY OF THE PROCEDURES THAT FOLLOW.

A. Check Transponder

- (1) Visually examine all external surfaces for possible damage. Check dust cover and external connectors for dust, corrosion, or damage.
- (2) Check external parts for loose or damaged hardware.
- (3) Make visual check of wiring and connectors for damage.

B. Check Antenna

- (1) Visually examine all external surfaces for possible damage.
- (2) Check coaxial cables for breaks, burned areas, and damaged insulation.

C. Check Control Panel

- (1) Visually examine all external surfaces for possible damage.
- (2) Check external parts (connectors, control knobs, annunciators) for looseness or damage.
- (3) Check controls for smooth, positive action.
- (4) Check that control panel is securely mounted (Dzus fasteners properly engaged).



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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

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CLEANING/PAINTING

1. General

While the NXT-800 system is installed in the aircraft, cleaning is limited to the procedures given below. Painting and more extensive cleaning should be done during maintenance when the LRUs can be disassembled. Detailed instructions are presented in each applicable component-level maintenance manual.

2. Equipment and Materials

Refer to Table 9-1 for equipment and materials necessary to clean the transponder and associated LRUs.

WARNING: **KNOW THE HAZARD CODE AND GET THE NECESSARY PROTECTION BEFORE USING A MATERIAL. REFER TO THE PAGE ABOUT HAZARD CODES FOR MATERIALS IN THE FRONT OF THIS MANUAL.**

Table 9-1: Equipment and Materials

Name	Description	Source
60-086-76	Lint free cloth — Bluewipes, No. TX512	Texwipe Co, Upper Saddle River, NJ
Cleaning Brush	Soft, natural-bristle (camel's hair)	Optional source
11-1 15-78 HAZARD CODE 130D	Solvent, alcohol, ethanol, denatured (O-E-760, Type III)	Optional source
Glass Cleaner	Ammoniated	Optional source
Lens Tissue	Non-linting	Optional source
Air Supply	Air ionizing nozzle gun attachment for compressed air (20 psi)	Optional source
Abrasive Paper	No. 600, nonconductive abrasive	Optional source
NOTE: Equivalent alternatives are permitted for equipment and materials in this list.		



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3. Cleaning

CAUTION: IF YOU CLEAN ELECTROSTATIC SENSITIVE COMPONENTS WITH PRESSURIZED AIR, MAKE SURE THE HOSE HAS AN AIR IONIZING NOZZLE OR GUN. AN ELECTROSTATIC CHARGE CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE LRU COMPONENT PARTS IF THE NOZZLE OR GUN ATTACHMENT IS NOT USED.

A. Clean Transponder and Mounting Tray

- (1) Loosen hold-down clamps and pull transponder out of mounting tray.
- (2) Clean mounting tray with cloth or brush dampened in solvent; dry with cloth or compressed air.
- (3) Clean all dust and foreign matter from front panel and air vents on bottom and top of transponder using either cloth or brush dampened in solvent; dry with cloth or compressed air.

B. Clean Antenna

Use cloth or brush dampened in solvent to clean; dry with cloth or compressed air.

C. Clean Control Panel

- (1) Clean dust and foreign matter from connectors with cloth or brush dampened in solvent. Dry with cloth or compressed air.
- (2) Clean front of control panel with mild glass cleaner and soft cotton cloth.



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REPAIRS

1. General

Major repairs to the NXT-800 system components are made only during maintenance when the equipment is removed from the aircraft. Detailed instructions for repair and adjustment of each of the repairable LRUs are presented in the applicable component maintenance manuals given below.

Table 10-1: ACSS Component Maintenance Manual Reference

LRU	ACSS Component Maintenance Manual Pub. No.	ATA Number
NXT-800 Mode-S/ADS-B Transponder Part No. 9008000-XXXX	8009104-001	34-52-17
Control Panel Part No. 4052190-902, -904, -906, -908	15-3841-01	34-43-01
Control Panel Part No. 4052190-903, -905, -907, -909	15-3841-03	34-43-05



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