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TEST REPORT

of

FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
IC RSS-247 Issue 2 and RSS-Gen Issue 5

FCC ID: 2ADQJ-Y89359
IC Certification: 28512-Y89359

Equipment Under Test	:	WiFi/BT Combo Module
Model Name	:	BWR-Y89359SMA
Variant Model Name(s)	:	-
Applicant	:	ESSYS CO.,LTD
Manufacturer	:	ESSYS CO.,LTD
Date of Receipt	:	2022.03.14
Date of Test(s)	:	2022.03.28 ~ 2022.05.18
Date of Issue	:	2022.05.19

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above. This test report does not assure KOLAS accreditation.

1) The results of this test report are effective only to the items tested.
2) The SGS Korea is not responsible for the sampling, the results of this test report apply to the sample as received.
3) This test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the Company.
4) The data marked ※ in this report was provided by the customer and may affect the validity of the test results. We are responsible for all the information of this test report except for the data(※) provided by the customer.

Tested by: Murphy Kim

Technical Manager: Jinhyoung Cho

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. Gunpo Laboratory

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1. General Information

1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)
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- Designation number: KR0150

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1.2. Details of Applicant

Applicant : ESSYS CO.,LTD
Address : 55, Gaetbeol-ro, Yeonsu-gu, Incheon, Republic of Korea
Contact Person : Sung-hoon, Kim
Phone No. : +82 32 215 0923

1.3. Details of Manufacturer

Company : Same as applicant
Address : Same as applicant

1.4. Description of EUT

Kind of Product	WiFi/BT Combo Module
Model Name	BWR-Y89359SMA
Variant Model Name	-
Serial Number	Conducted Sample: C-001 Radiated Sample: R-001
Power Supply	DC 3.3 V
Frequency Range	2 402 ㎒ ~ 2 480 ㎒ (Bluetooth)
Modulation Technique	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Number of Channels	79 channels (Bluetooth)
Antenna Type	Pattern antenna
Antenna Gain※	3.36 ㏈i
H/W Version	1.0
S/W Version	1.0

1.5. Declaration by the Manufacturer

- Adaptive Frequency Hopping is supported and use at least 20 channels.

1.6. Information about the FHSS characteristics:

1.6.1. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divided into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The nominal hop rate is 1 600 hops/s.

1.6.2. Equal Hopping Frequency Use

The channels of this system will be used equally over the long-term distribution of the hopsets.

1.6.3. Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

02, 05, 31, 24, 20, 10, 43, 36, 30, 23, 40, 06, 21, 50, 44, 09, 71, 78, 01, 13, 73, 07, 70, 72, 35, 62, 42, 11, 41, 08, 16, 29, 60, 15, 34, 61, 58, 04, 67, 12, 22, 53, 57, 18, 27, 76, 39, 32, 17, 77, 52, 33, 56, 46, 37, 47, 64, 49, 45, 38, 69, 14, 51, 26, 79, 19, 28, 65, 75, 54, 48, 03, 25, 66, 05, 16, 68, 74, 59, 63, 55

1.6.4. System Receiver Input Bandwidth

Each channel bandwidth is 1 ㎒.
The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

1.6.5. Equipment Description

15.247(a) (1) that the Rx input bandwidths shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

15.247(g): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system is designed to comply with all of the regulations in Section 15.247 when the transmitter is presented with a continuous data (or information) system.

15.247(h): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system does not coordinate it channels selection/ hopping sequence with other frequency hopping systems for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.

1.7. Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval	Cal. Due
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100272	Jun. 16, 2021	Annual	Jun. 16, 2022
Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	255834	May 31, 2021	Annual	May 31, 2022
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	103210	Dec. 08, 2021	Annual	Dec. 08, 2022
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY53421758	Aug. 27, 2021	Annual	Aug. 27, 2022
Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	3000C000560	Sep. 14, 2021	Annual	Sep. 14, 2022
BRIDGE COUPLER	MARKI-MICROWAVE INC	CBR16-0012	1542	May 06, 2022	Annual	May 06, 2023
Directional Coupler	KRYTAR	152613	122660	Jun. 15, 2021	Annual	Jun. 15, 2022
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHKX3.0/18G-6SS	21	Jun. 04, 2021	Annual	Jun. 04, 2022
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHNX7.5/26.5G-6SS	11	Aug. 11, 2021	Annual	Aug. 11, 2022
Low Pass Filter	Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	V 8979400903-2	Feb. 10, 2022	Annual	Feb. 10, 2023
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	100669	May 06, 2022	Annual	May 06, 2023
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY49030063	Jan. 25, 2022	Annual	Jan. 25, 2023
Preamplifier	TESTEK	TK-PA1840H	130016	Jan. 10, 2022	Annual	Jan. 10, 2023
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 06, 2021	Annual	Aug. 06, 2022
Signal Conditioning Unit	R&S	SCU-18	10117	Jun. 09, 2021	Annual	Jun. 09, 2022
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	FMZB 1519	1519-039	Aug. 23, 2021	Biennial	Aug. 23, 2023
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	VULB 9163	01126	Feb. 07, 2022	Annual	Feb. 07, 2023
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100326	Feb. 18, 2022	Annual	Feb. 18, 2023
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	BBHA 9170	9170-540	Nov. 30, 2021	Annual	Nov. 30, 2022
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100109	Jan. 18, 2022	Annual	Jan. 18, 2023
Turn Table	Innco systems GmbH	DS 1200 S	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Controller	Innco systems GmbH	CONTROLLER CO3000-4P	CO3000/963/383 30516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Antenna Mast	Innco systems GmbH	MA4640-XP-ET	MA4640/536/383 30516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (9.6 m × 6.4 m × 6.6 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Coaxial Cable	RFONE	MWX221-NMSNMS (4 m)	J1023142	Apr. 04, 2022	Semi-annual	Oct. 04, 2022
Coaxial Cable	micro-coax UTiflex	142A SERIES 502839-8 (10 m)	90000034	Apr. 04, 2022	Semi-annual	Oct. 04, 2022
Coaxial Cable	RADIALL	TESTPRO 3	182287	Feb. 18, 2022	Semi-annual	Aug. 18, 2022
Coaxial Cable	RADIALL	TESTPRO 3	182288	Feb. 18, 2022	Semi-annual	Aug. 18, 2022
Coaxial Cable	RADIALL	TESTPRO 3	182291	Feb. 18, 2022	Semi-annual	Aug. 18, 2022
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	100911	Feb. 23, 2022	Annual	Feb. 23, 2023
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	100190	May 13, 2022	Annual	May 13, 2023

1.8. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

APPLIED STANDARD: FCC Part15 Subpart C, IC RSS-247 Issue 2 and RSS-Gen Issue 5			
Section in FCC	**Section in IC**	**Test Item(s)**	**Result**
15.205(a) 15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.5 RSS-Gen Issue 5 8.9	Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission	Complied
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(b) RSS-Gen Issue 5 6.7	20 dB Bandwidth and 99 % Bandwidth	Complied
15.247(a)(1) 15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(b) 5.4(b)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Complied
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(b)	Carrier Frequency Separation	Complied
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(d)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Complied
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 Issue 2 5.1(d)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Complied
15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 5 8.8	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	Complied

1.9. Test Procedure(s)

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard of Procedure for Compliance Testing of unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013) and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 were used in the measurement of the DUT.

1.10. Sample Calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

1.10.1. Conducted Test

Offset value (dB) = Directional coupler (dB) + Cable loss (dB)

1.10.2. Radiation Test

Field strength level (dBμV/m) = Measured level (dBμV) + Antenna factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB) - Amplifier gain (dB) + Duty factor (dB)

1.11. Information of Software for test

- Using the software of SmartRF Studio 7(Version 2.21.0) to testing of EUT.

1.12. Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Parameter		Uncertainty
RF Output Power		0.36 dB
Occupied Bandwidth		13.12 kHz
Conducted Spurious Emission		0.63 dB
AC Conducted Emission		3.45 dB
Radiated Emission, 9 kHz to 30 MHz	H	3.66 dB
	V	3.66 dB
Radiated Emission, below 1 GHz	H	4.90 dB
	V	4.82 dB
Radiated Emission, above 1 GHz	H	3.62 dB
	V	3.64 dB

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor *k* = 2 to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

1.13. Test Report Revision

Revision	Report Number	Date of Issue	Description
0	F690501-RF-RTL003136	2022.05.19	Initial

1.14. Descriptions of Test Mode

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rates and recorded the RF output power in the following table:

Operation Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency (㎒)	RF Output Power (㏈ m)
GFSK	1	Low	2 402	1.52
		Middle	2 441	**2.30**
		High	2 480	2.21
π/4DQPSK	2	Low	2 402	-1.15
		Middle	2 441	**-0.08**
		High	2 480	-0.16
8DPSK	3	Low	2 402	-1.14
		Middle	2 441	**0.07**
		High	2 480	-0.15

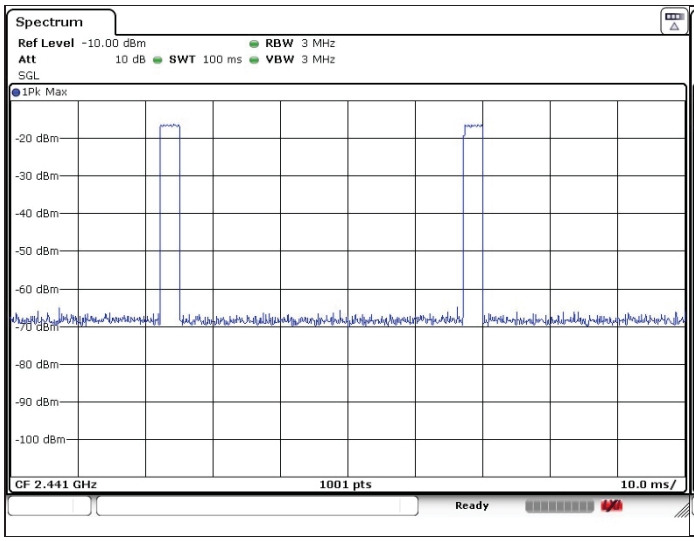
Note;

1. For transmitter radiated spurious emissions, conducted spurious emission, carrier frequency separation and number of hopping frequencies, GFSK / DH5 and 8DPSK / 3DH5 are tested as worst condition.
2. For 20 ㏈ bandwidth and maximum peak conducted output power, GFSK / DH5, π/4DQPSK / 2DH5 and 8DPSK / 3DH5 are tested as worst condition.
3. For Time of Occupancy, GFSK / DH1, DH3, DH5 and 8DPSK / 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5 are tested as worst condition.

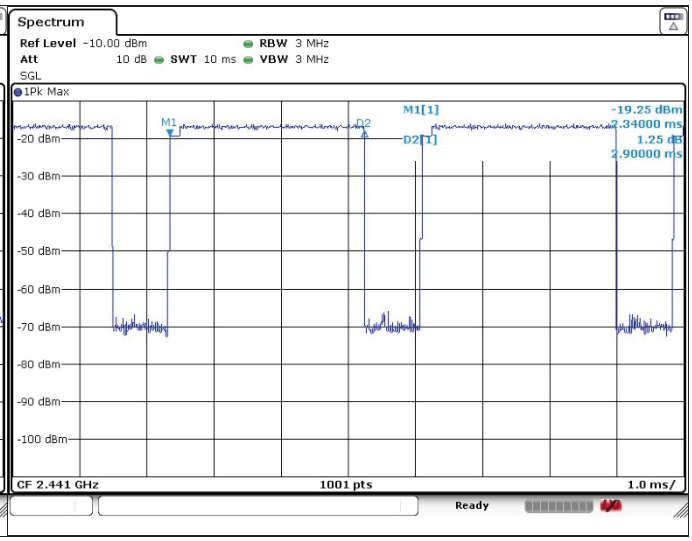
1.15. Duty Cycle Correction Factor of EUT

According to KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02, 9, as a “duty cycle correction factor”, pulse averaging with 20 log (worst case dwell time / 100 ㎳) has to be used for average result.

3DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39



3DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



In AFH mode, the minimum hopping frequencies are 20, to get the longest dwell time 3DH5 packet is observed;
the period to have 3DH5 packet completing one hopping sequence is 2.90 ㎳ x 20 channels = 58.00 ㎳

There cannot be 2 complete hopping sequences within 100 ㎳ period, considering the random hopping behavior, maximum 2 hops can be possibly observed within the period. [100 ㎳ / 58.00 ㎳] = 2 hops

Thus, the maximum possible ON time:

2.90 ㎳ x 2 = 5.80 ㎳

Worst case Duty Cycle Correction factor, which is derived from the maximum possible ON time:

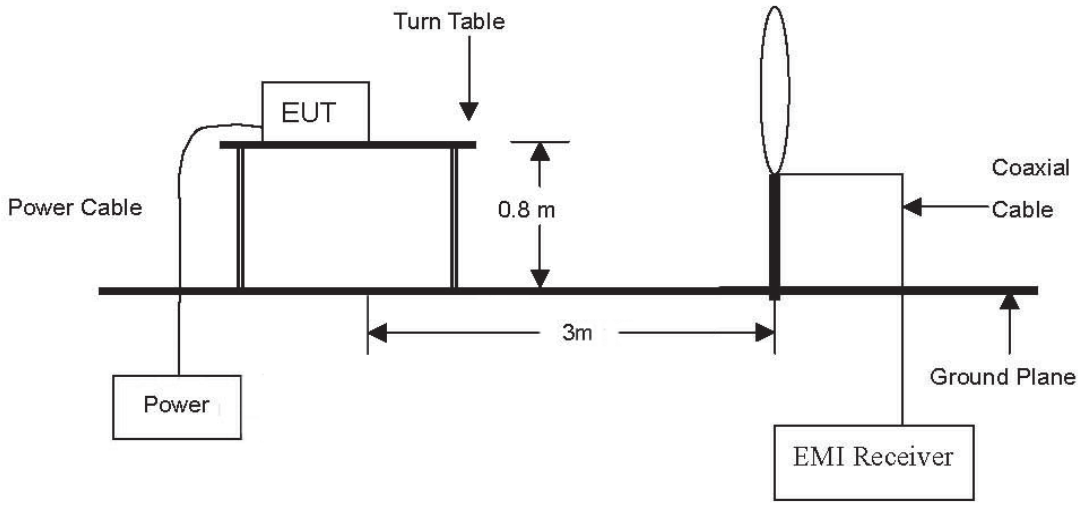
20 x log (5.80 ㎳/100 ㎳) = -24.73 ㏈

2. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

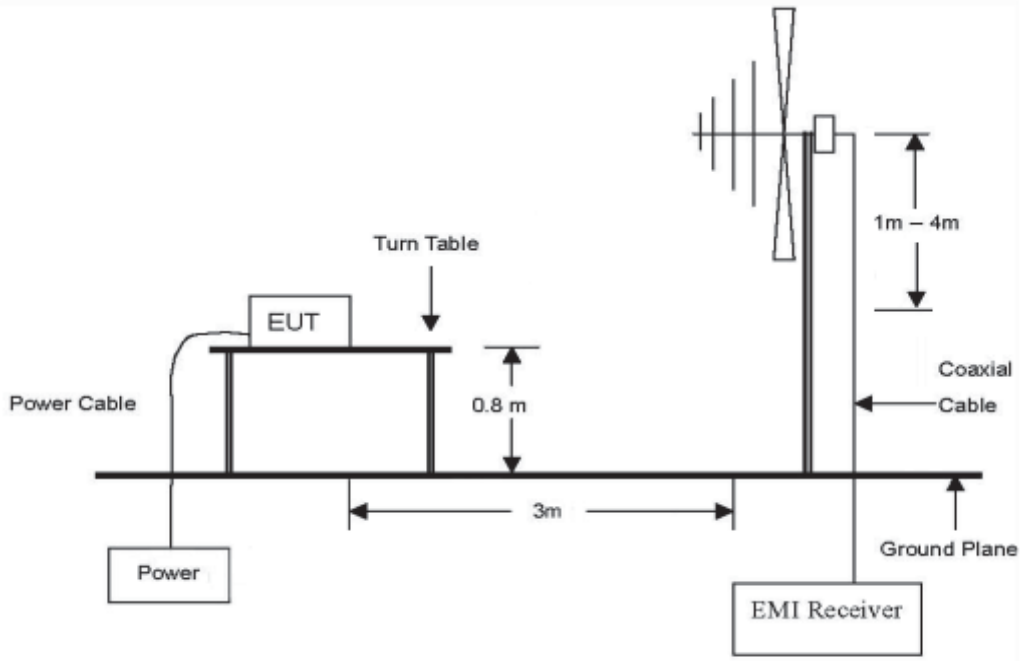
2.1. Test Setup

2.1.1. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions

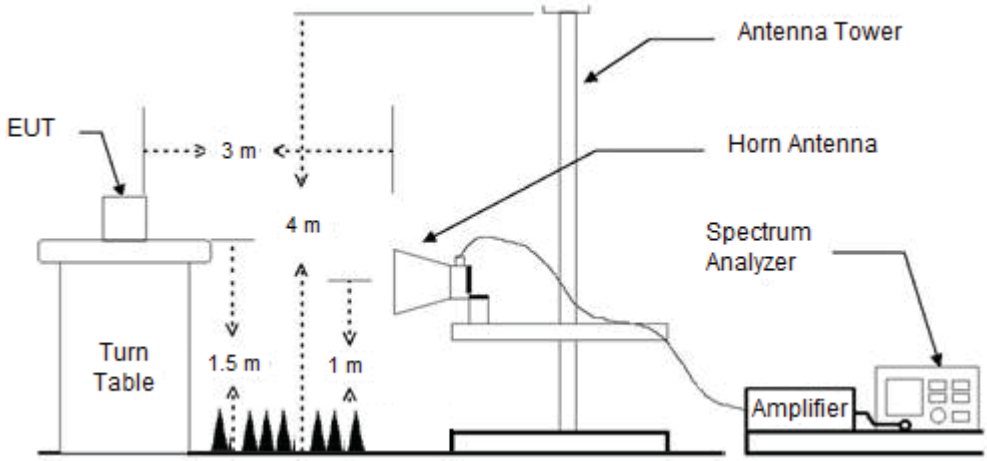
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒.



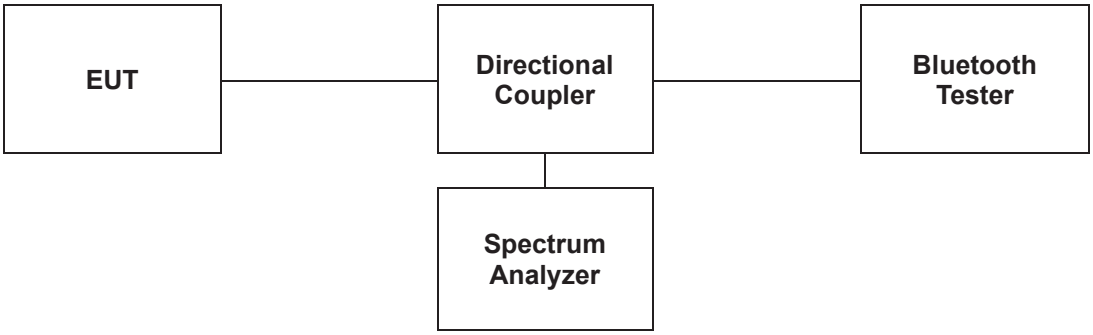
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 ㎒ to 1 ㎓.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission. The spurious emissions were investigated form 1 ㎓ to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 ㎓, whichever is lower.



2.1.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions



2.2. Limit

2.2.1. FCC

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 ㎑ bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 ㏈ below that in the 100 ㎑ bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 ㏈ instead of 20 ㏈. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (㎒)	Field Strength (㎶/m)	Measurement Distance (Meters)
0.009-0.490	2 400/F(㎑)	300
0.490-1.705	24 000/F(㎑)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100**	3
88-216	150**	3
216-960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 ㎒, 76-88 ㎒, 174-216 ㎒ or 470-806 ㎒. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

2.2.2. IC

According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.5, in any 100 ㎑ bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 ㏈ below that in the 100 ㎑ bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 ㏈ instead of 20 ㏈. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

According to RSS-Gen Issue 5, 8.9, except where otherwise indicated in the applicable RSS, radiated emissions shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table 5 and table 6. Additionally, the level of any transmitter unwanted emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

Table 5 – General Field Strength Limits at frequencies above 30 ㎒

Frequency (㎒)	Field Strength (㎛/m at 3 m)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960	500

Table 6 – General Field Strength Limits at frequencies below 30 ㎒

Frequency	Magnetic Field Strength (H-Field) (㎛/m)	Measurement Distance (meters)
9-490 ㎑ [1]	6.37/F (F in ㎑)	300
490-1 705 ㎑	63.7/F (F in ㎑)	30
1.705-30 ㎒	0.08	30

Note[1]: The emission limits for the ranges 9-90 ㎑ and 110-490 ㎑ are based on measurements employing a linear average detector.

2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.10-2013.

2.3.1. Test Procedures for emission below 30 ㎒

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

2.3.2. Test Procedures for emission from above 30 ㎒

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site below 1 ㎓ and 1.5 meter above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site above 1 ㎓. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. During performing radiated emission below 1 ㎓, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 ㎓, the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
3. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
5. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 ㎑ for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 ㎓.
6. For frequency above 1 ㎓, set spectrum analyzer detector to peak, and resolution bandwidth is 1 ㎒ and video bandwidth is 3 ㎒.

Note;

1. Definition of DUT Axis.
   The test orthogonal plan of EUT was investigated with three axis described in the test setup photo.
   The X-axis was worst-case, all radiated testing of EUT was performed with **X-axis**.

2.3.3. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

2.3.3.1. Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
RBW ≥ 100 ㎑
VBW = 300 ㎑
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

2.3.3.2. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
RBW = 1 ㎒
VBW = 3 ㎒
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

2.3.3.3. TDF function

- For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 9 ㎑ to 25 ㎓, all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function.
So, the reading values shown in plots were final result.

`2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) ℃
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

2.4.1. Radiated Spurious Emission below 1 000 ㎒

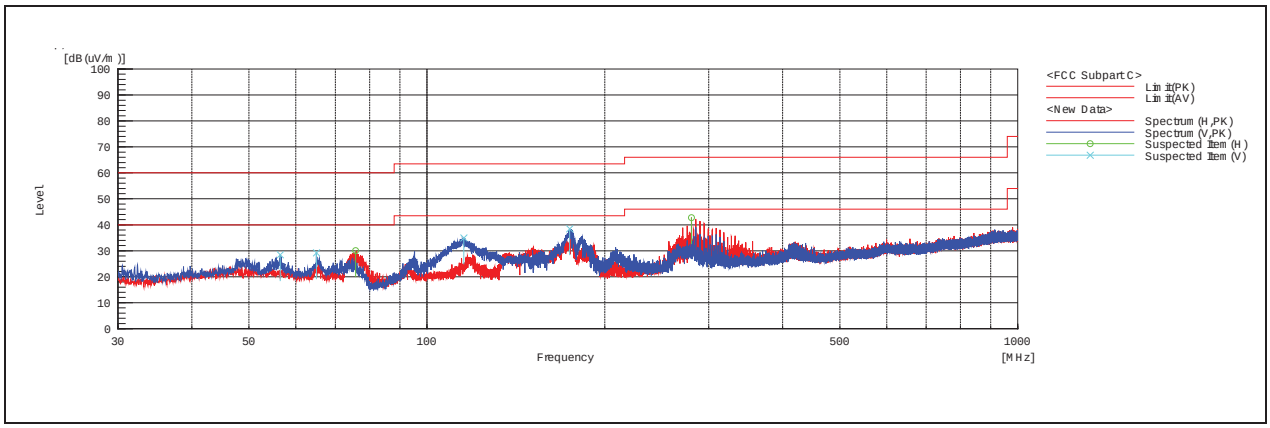
The frequency spectrum from 9 ㎑ to 1 000 ㎒ was investigated. All reading values are peak values.

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP + CL (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
56.47	35.80	Peak	V	19.05	-26.35	28.50	40.00	11.50
65.00	38.50	Peak	V	17.00	-26.22	29.28	40.00	10.72
75.75	42.90	Peak	H	13.38	-26.11	30.17	40.00	9.83
115.48	43.90	Peak	V	16.80	-25.70	35.00	43.50	8.50
174.41	48.70	Peak	V	14.94	-25.10	38.54	43.50	4.96
280.46	48.20	Peak	H	18.72	-24.16	**42.76**	46.00	3.24
Above 300.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Remark;

1. Spurious emissions for all channels and modes were investigated and almost the same below 1 ㎓.
2. Reported spurious emissions are in **BDR / DH5 / Middle channel** as worst case among other modes.
3. Radiated spurious emission measurement as below.
   (Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL)
4. According to §15.31(o), emission levels are not report much lower than the limits by over 20 ㏈.

- Test plot



2.4.2. Radiated Spurious Emission above 1 000 ㎒

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 ㎒ was investigated. All reading values are peak values.

Operating Mode: GFSK

A. Low Channel (2 402 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	25.48	Peak	H	27.80	9.67	-	62.95	74.00	11.05
*2 310.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	38.22	54.00	15.78
*2 335.18	26.54	Peak	H	27.80	9.79	-	64.13	74.00	9.87
*2 335.18	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	39.40	54.00	14.60
*2 390.00	24.69	Peak	H	28.04	9.80	-	62.53	74.00	11.47
*2 390.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	37.80	54.00	16.20

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

B. Middle Channel (2 441 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

C. High Channel (2 480 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	25.39	Peak	H	28.13	10.04	-	63.56	74.00	10.44
*2 483.50	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	38.83	54.00	15.17
*2 499.29	27.23	Peak	H	28.10	10.17	-	65.50	74.00	8.50
*2 499.29	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	40.77	54.00	13.23
*2 500.00	25.66	Peak	H	28.10	10.18	-	63.94	74.00	10.06
*2 500.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	39.21	54.00	14.79

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Operating Mode: 8DPSK

A. Low Channel (2 402 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	25.83	Peak	H	27.80	9.67	-	63.30	74.00	10.70
*2 310.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	38.57	54.00	15.43
*2 333.29	26.49	Peak	H	27.80	9.80	-	64.09	74.00	9.91
*2 333.29	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	39.36	54.00	14.64
*2 390.00	25.16	Peak	H	28.04	9.80	-	63.00	74.00	11.00
*2 390.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	38.27	54.00	15.73

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

B. Middle Channel (2 441 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

C. High Channel (2 480 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	25.29	Peak	H	28.13	10.04	-	63.46	74.00	10.54
*2 483.50	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	38.73	54.00	15.27
*2 498.58	28.58	Peak	H	28.10	10.17	-	**66.85**	74.00	7.15
*2 498.58	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	42.12	54.00	11.88
*2 500.00	25.92	Peak	H	28.10	10.18	-	64.20	74.00	9.80
*2 500.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.73	39.47	54.00	14.53

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

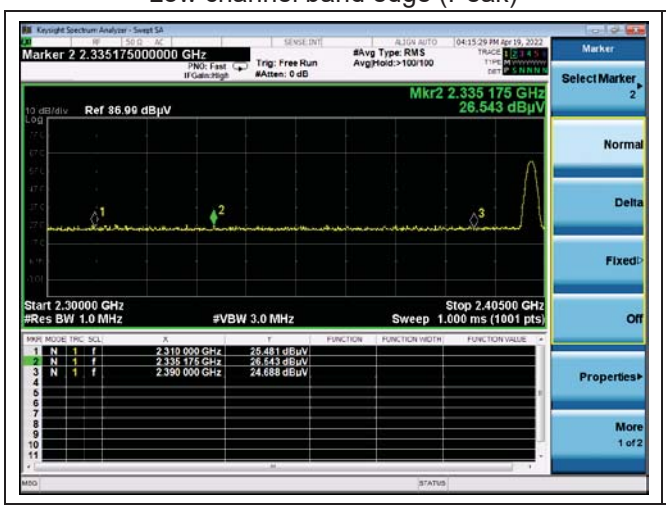
Remark;

1. "*" means the restricted band.
2. Measuring frequencies from 1 ㎓ to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 ㎒ were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
4. Actual = Reading + AF + CL + (DF) or Reading + AF + AMP + CL + (DF).
5. According to § 15.31(o), emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 ㏈.
6. The maximized peak measured value complies with the average limit, to perform an average measurement is unnecessary.

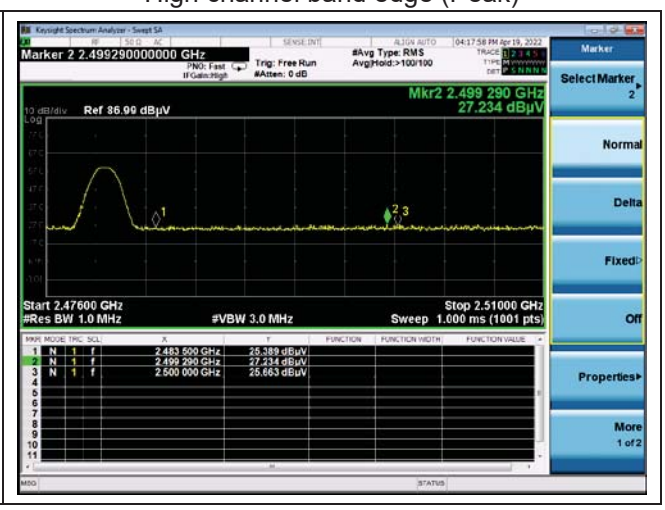
- Test plots

Operating Mode: GFSK

Low channel band edge (Peak)

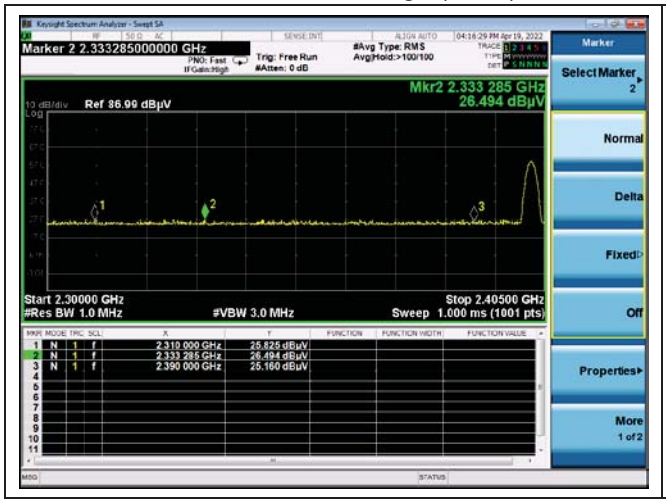


High channel band edge (Peak)

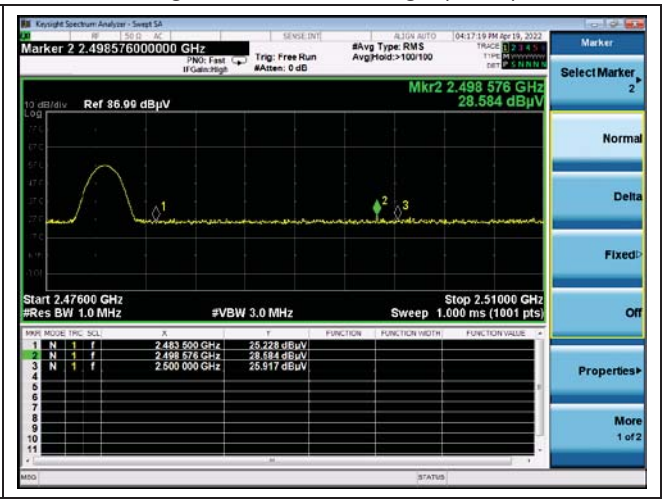


Operating Mode: 8DPSK

Low channel band edge (Peak)



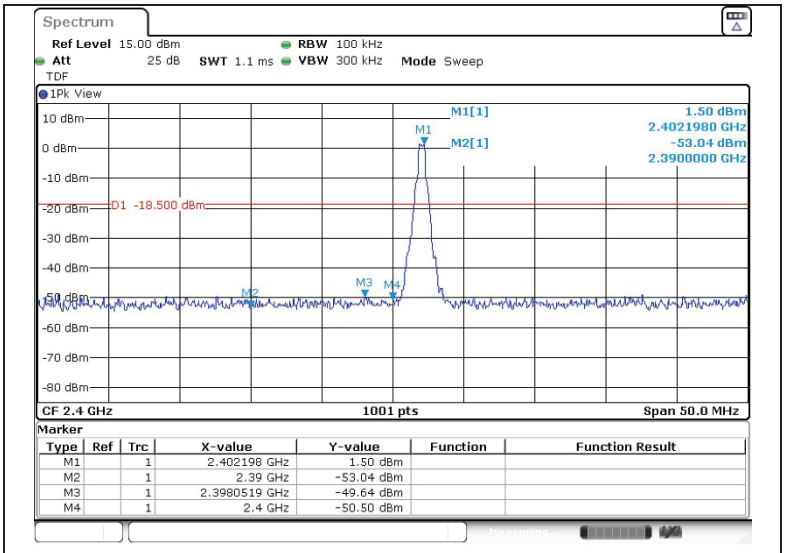
High channel band edge (Peak)

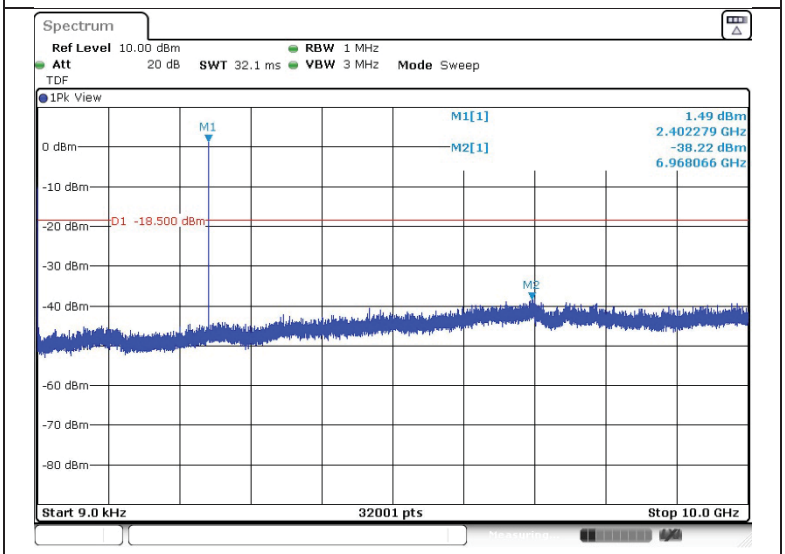


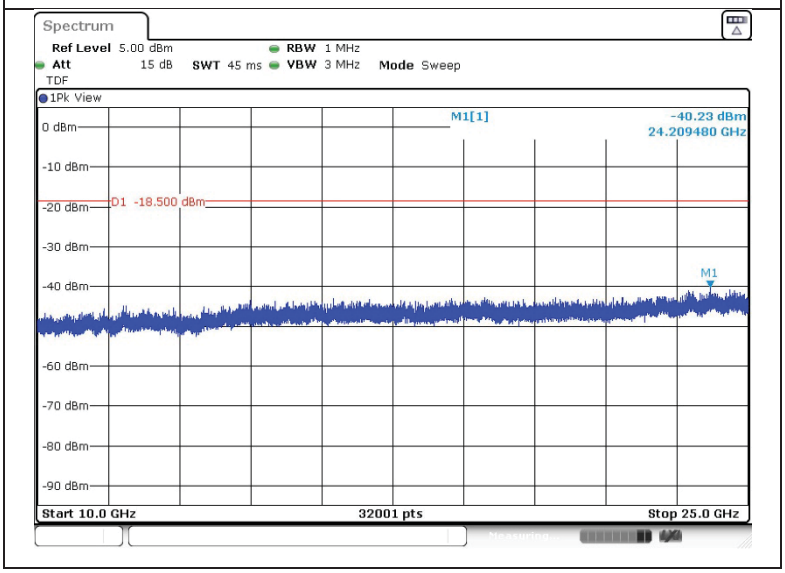
2.4.3. Plot of Spurious Conducted Emissions

Operating Mode: GFSK_hopping function turned off

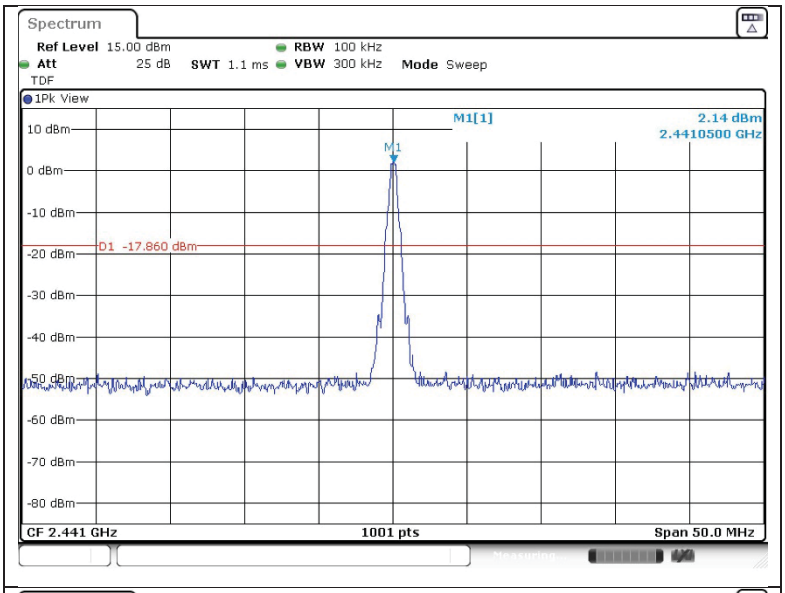
Low channel

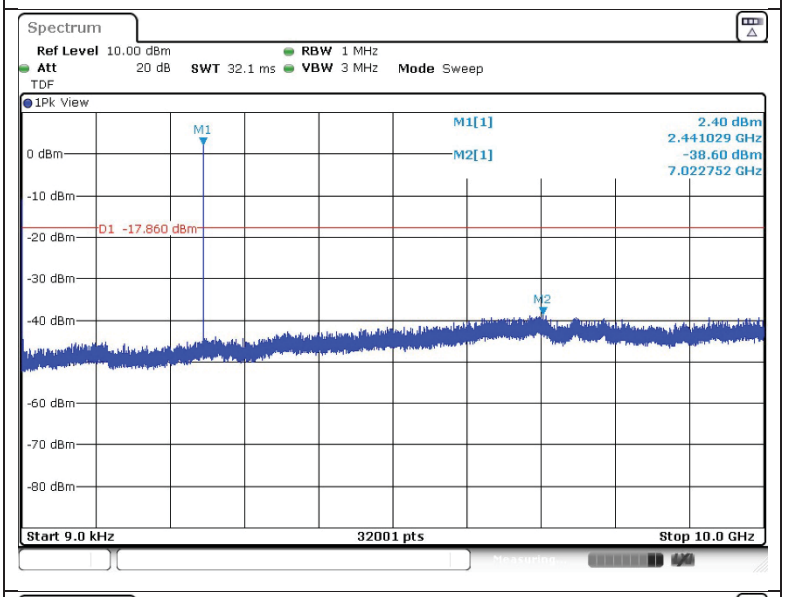


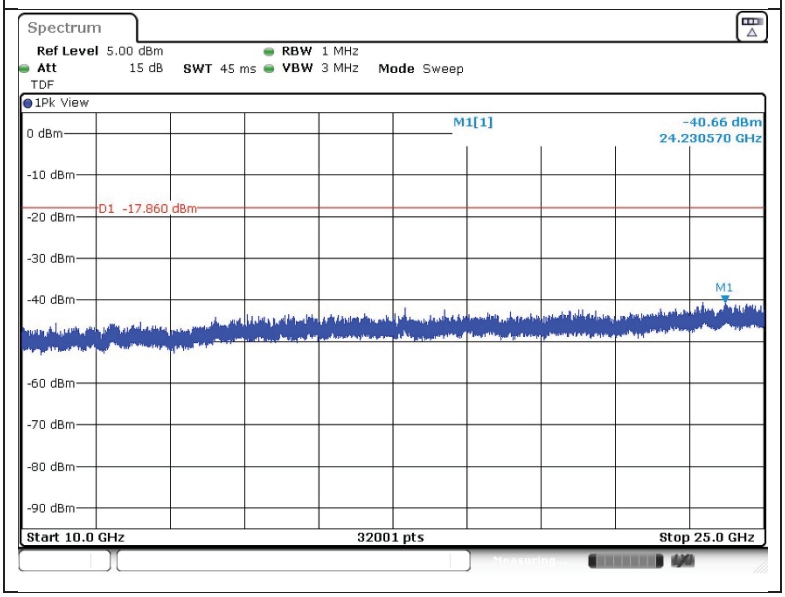




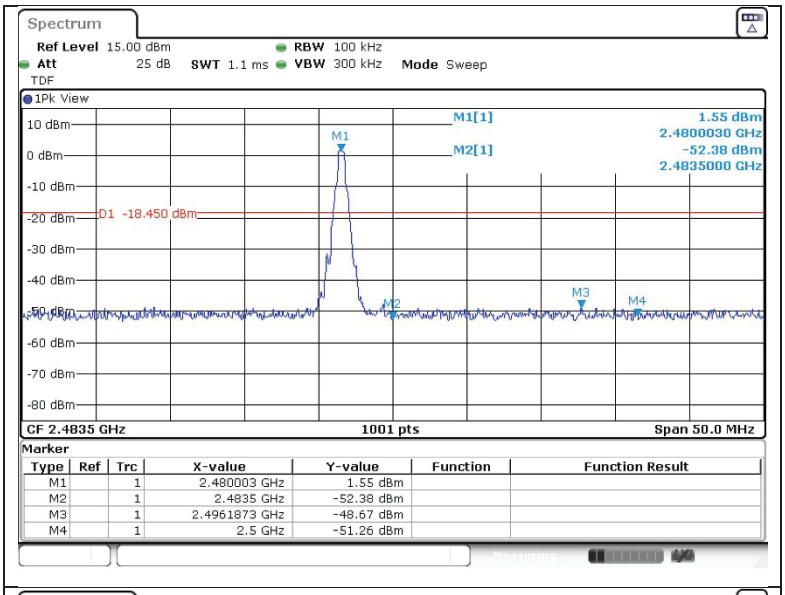
Middle channel

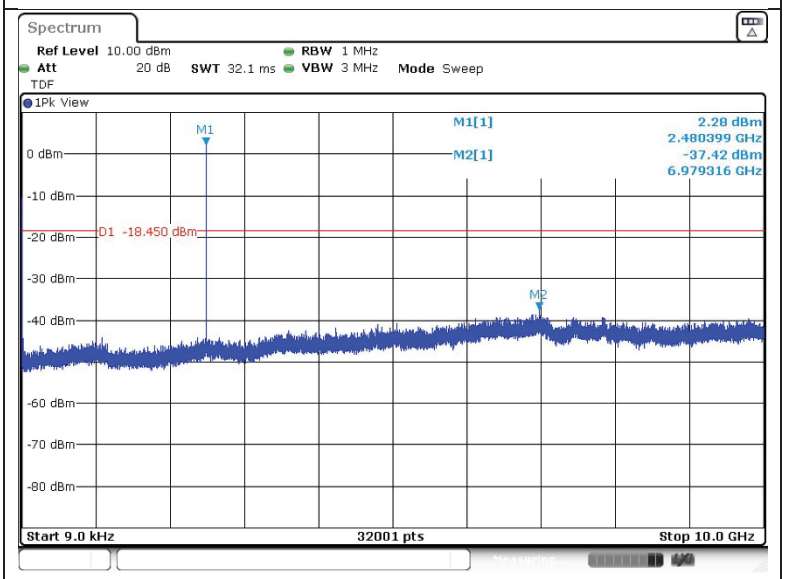


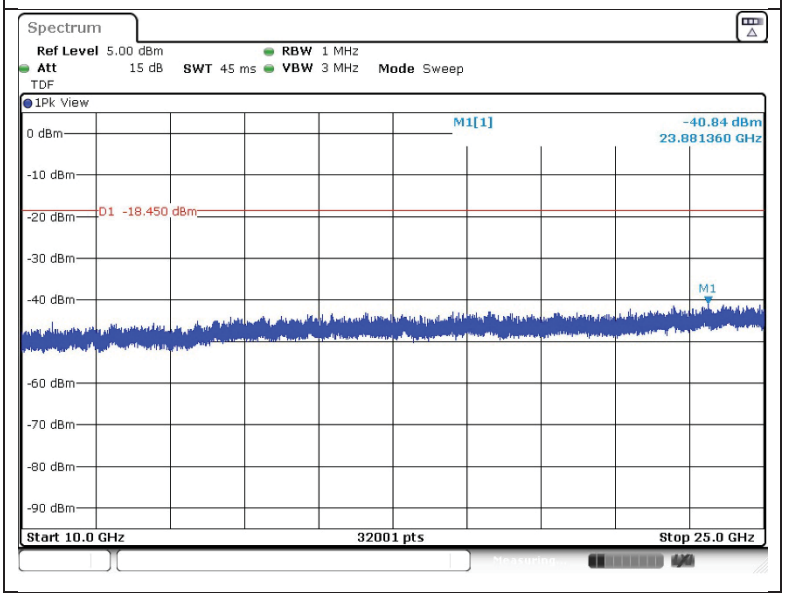




High channel

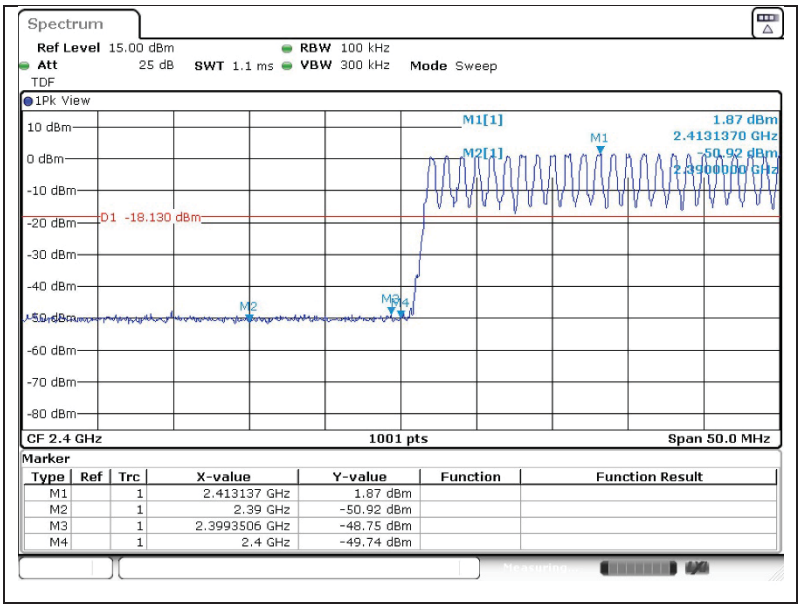




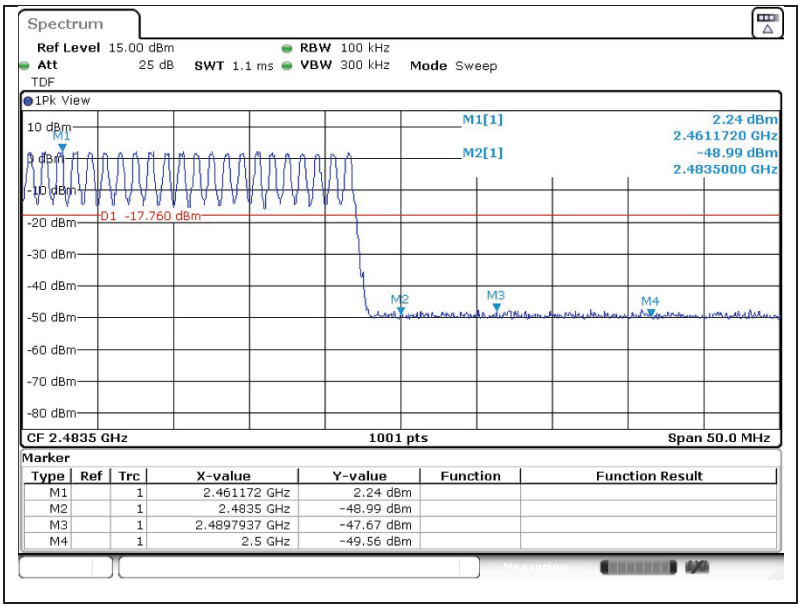


Operating Mode: GFSK_hopping function turned on
Band edge compliance

Low channel

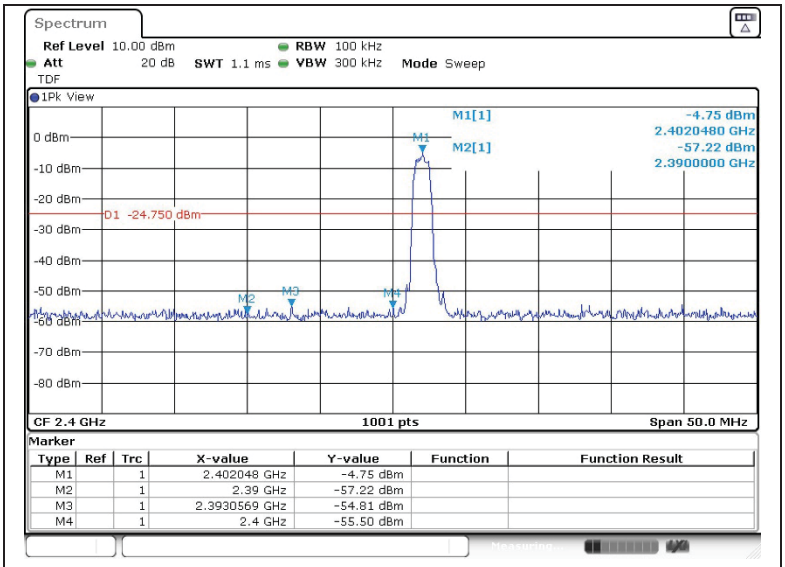


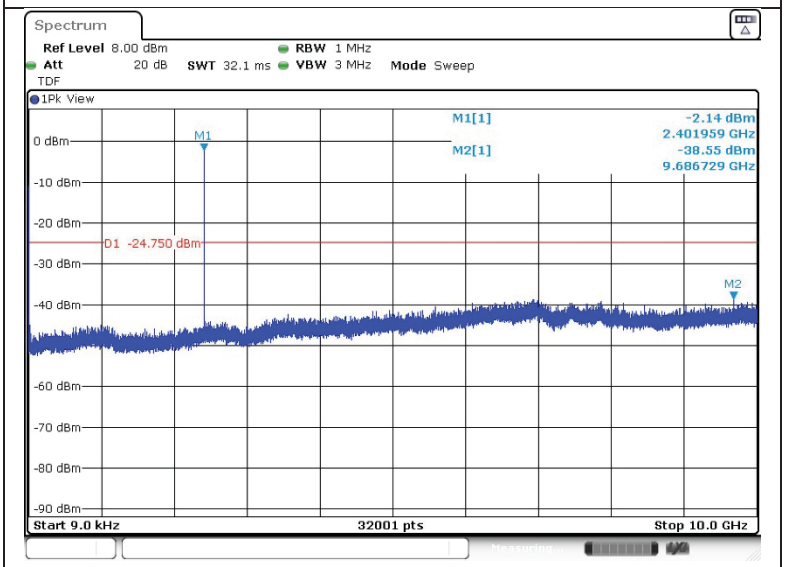
High channel

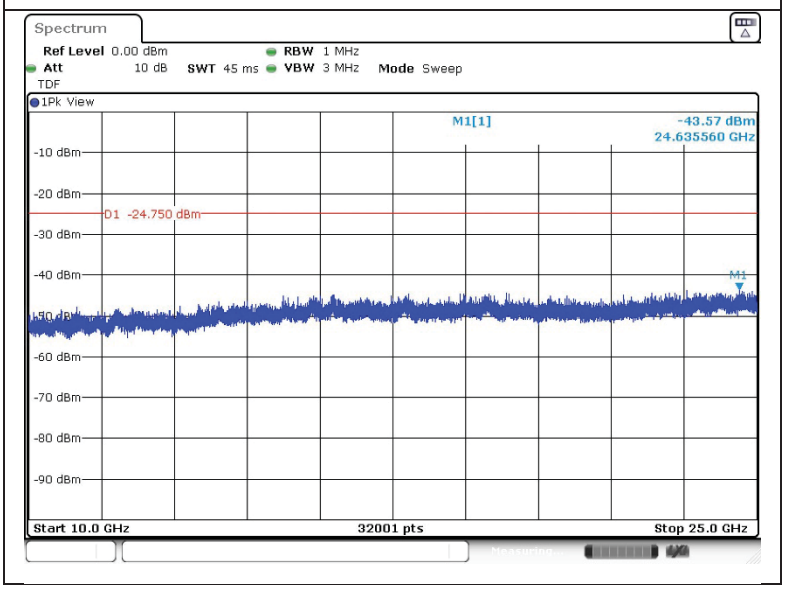


Operating Mode: 8DPSK_hopping function turned off

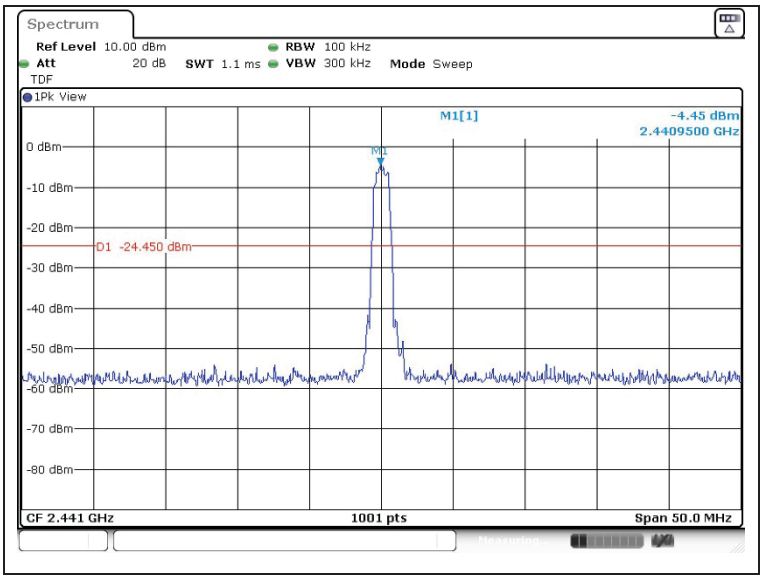
Low channel

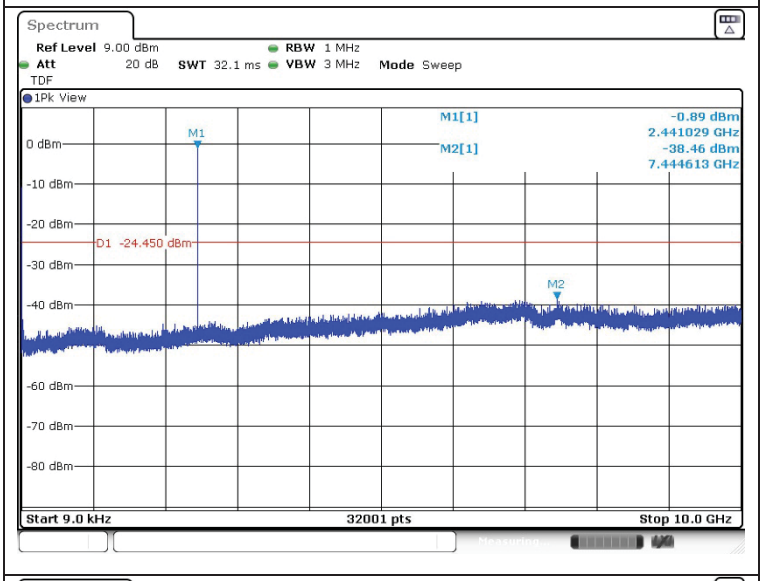


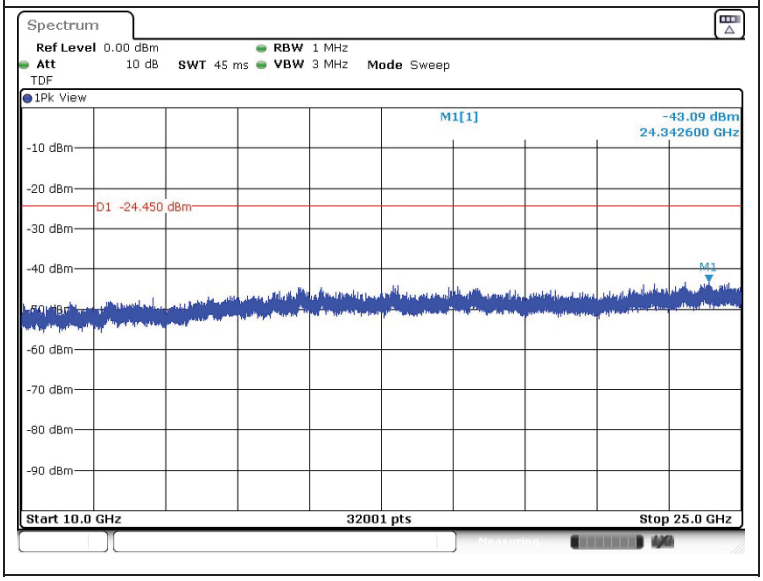




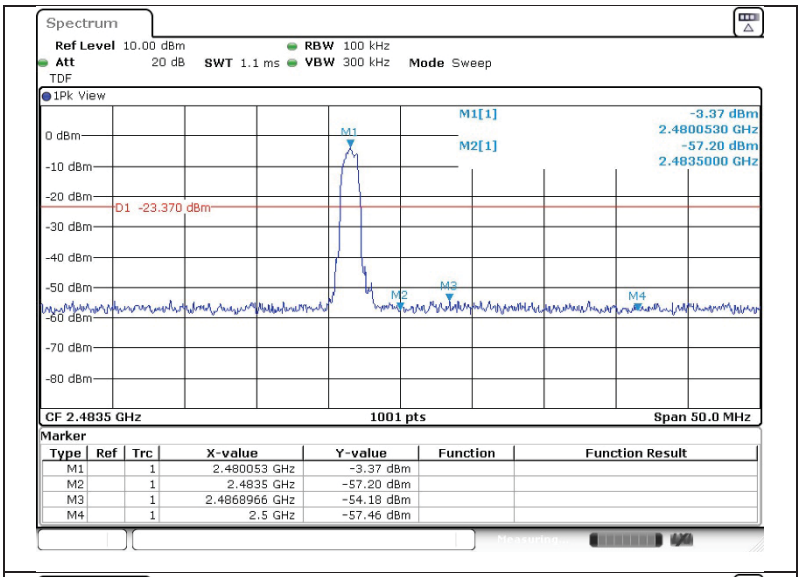
Middle channel

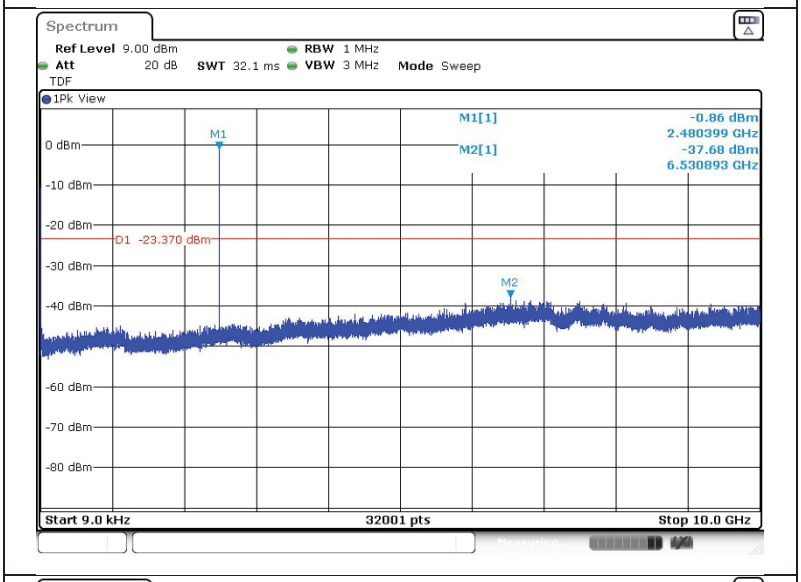


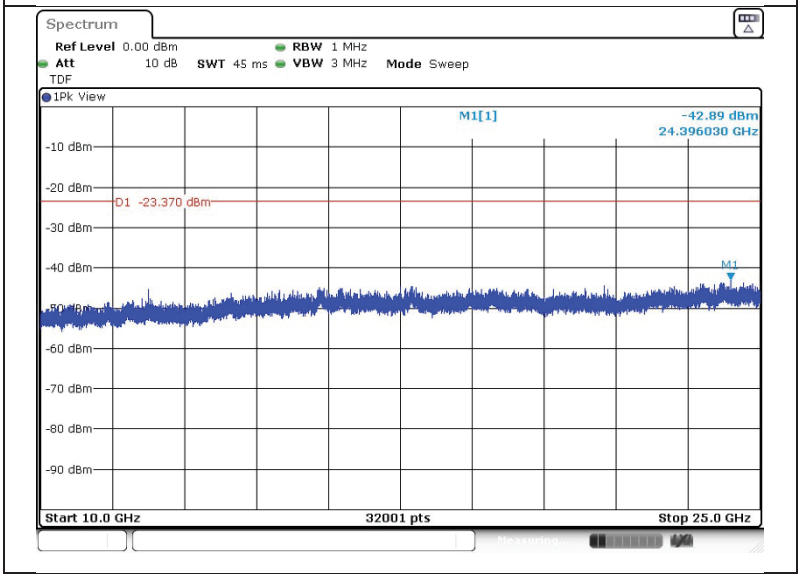




High channel

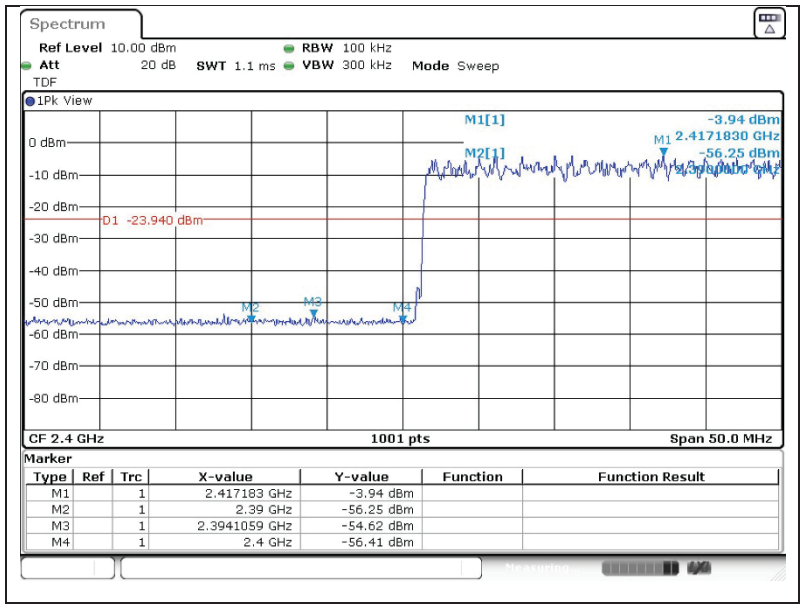




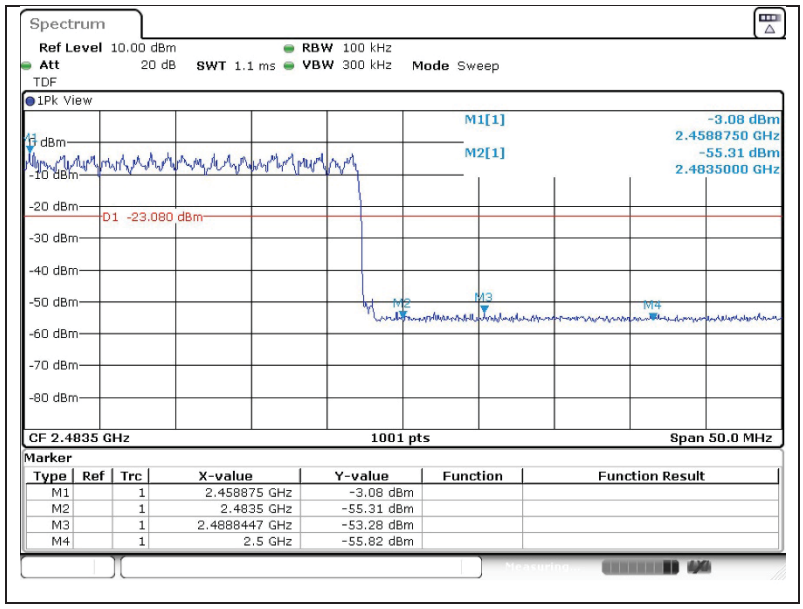


Operating Mode: 8DPSK_hopping function turned on
Band edge compliance

Low channel

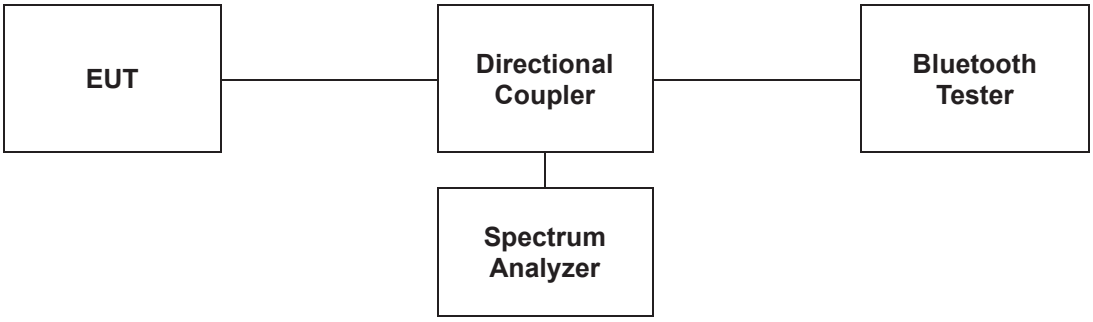


High channel



3. 20 ㏈ Bandwidth and 99 % Bandwidth

3.1. Test Setup



3.2. Limit

Limit: Not Applicable

3.3. Test Procedure

3.3.1. 20 ㏈ Bandwidth

The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013.

The 20 ㏈ bandwidth was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency.

Use the following spectrum analyzer setting:

1. Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 ㏈ bandwidth.
2. RBW ≥ 1 % to 5 % of the 20 ㏈ bandwidth.
3. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
4. Sweep = auto
5. Detector = peak
6. Trace = max hold

The marker-to-peak function to set the mark to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 ㏈ down one side of the emission. Reset the function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is 20 ㏈ bandwidth of the emission.

3.3.2. 99 % Bandwidth

● The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.

● The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to “Sample”. However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or “Max Hold”) may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.

● The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99 % emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99 % emission bandwidth).

3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) ℃
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

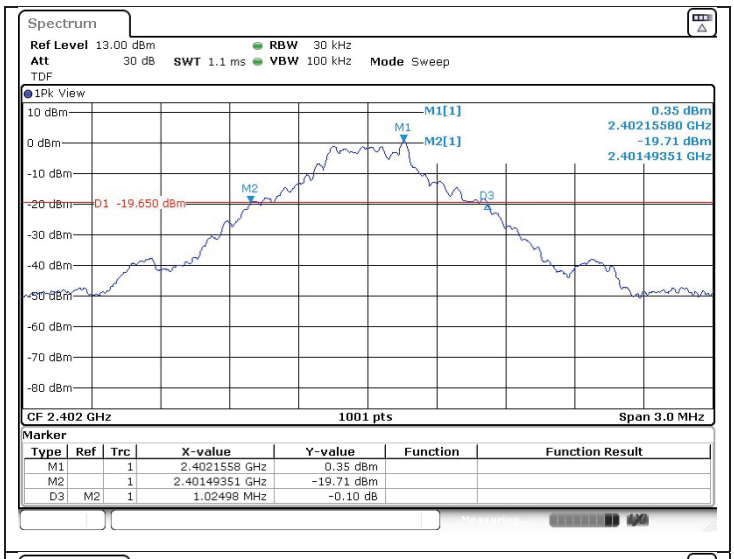
Operation Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency (㎒)	20 ㏈ Bandwidth (㎒)	99 % Bandwidth (㎒)
GFSK	1	Low	2 402	1.025	0.917
		Middle	2 441	1.052	0.938
		High	2 480	1.052	0.938
π/4DQPSK	2	Low	2 402	1.349	1.205
		Middle	2 441	1.364	1.208
		High	2 480	1.364	1.208
8DPSK	3	Low	2 402	1.316	1.202
		Middle	2 441	1.346	1.211
		High	2 480	1.346	1.208

- Test plots

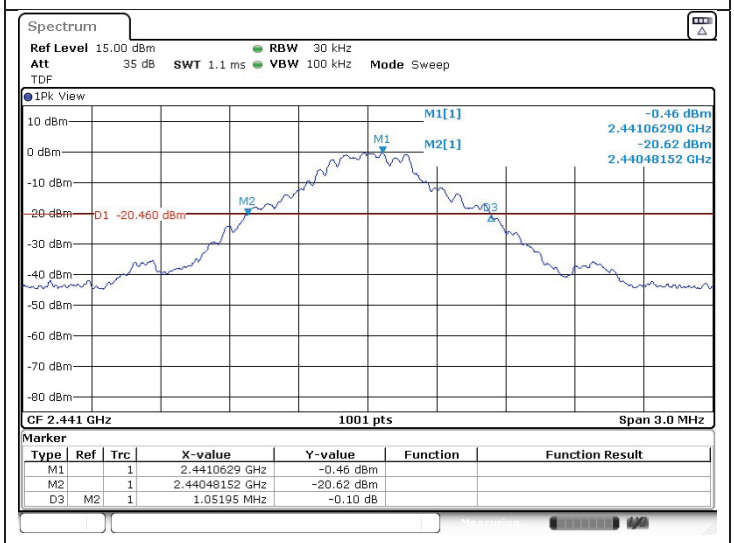
20 dB Bandwidth

Operating Mode: GFSK

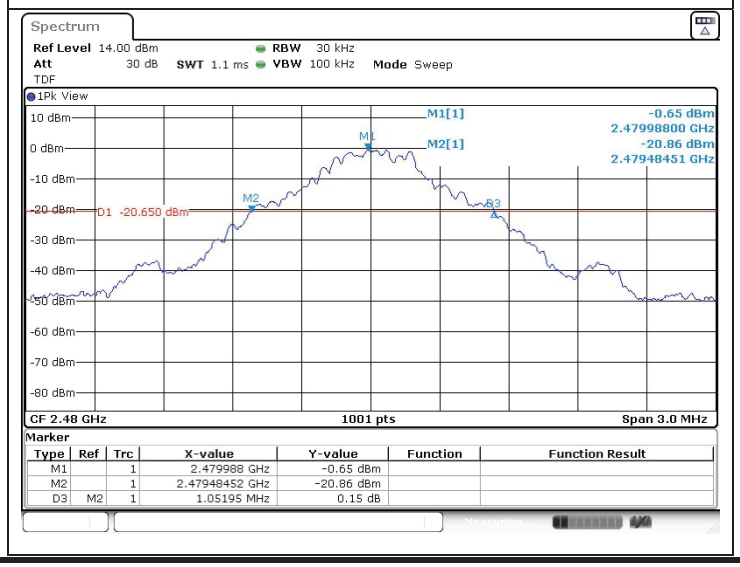
Low Channel



Middle Channel

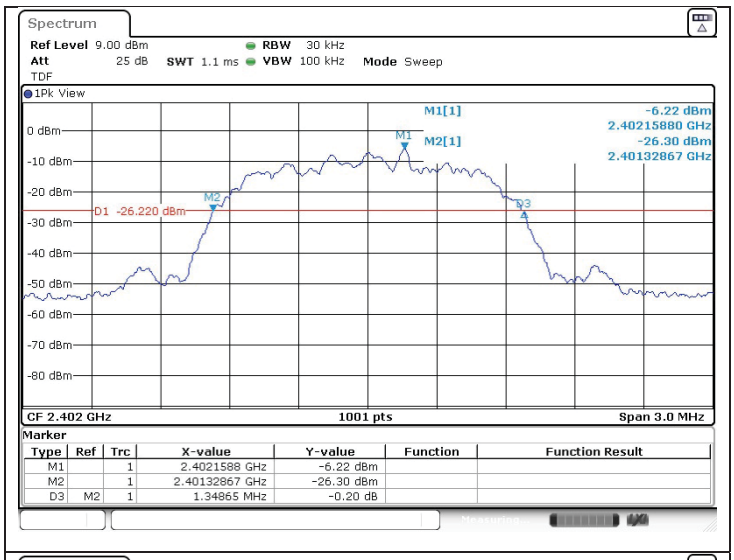


High Channel

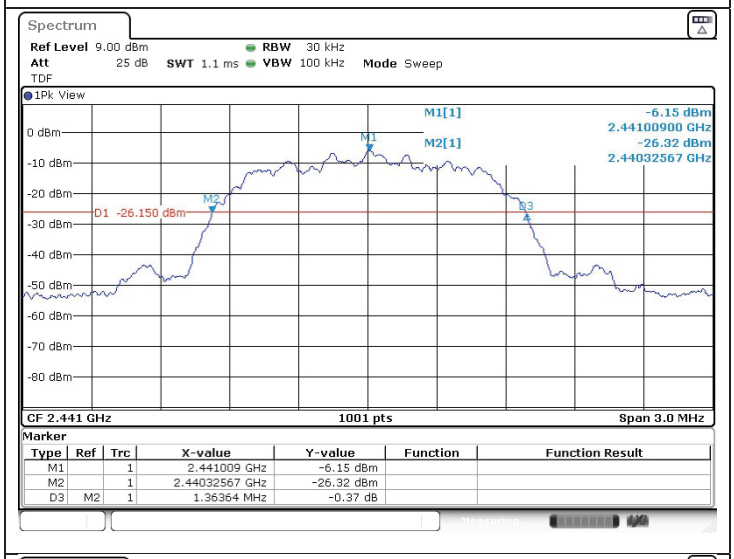


Operating Mode: π/4DQPSK

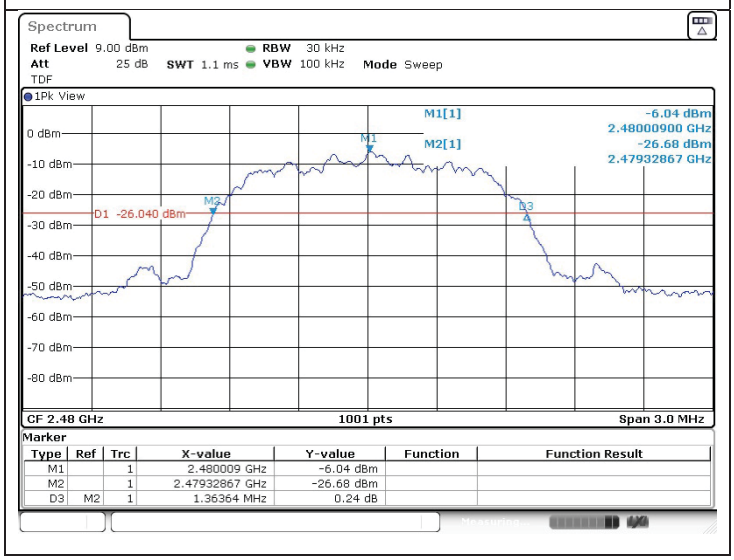
Low Channel



Middle Channel

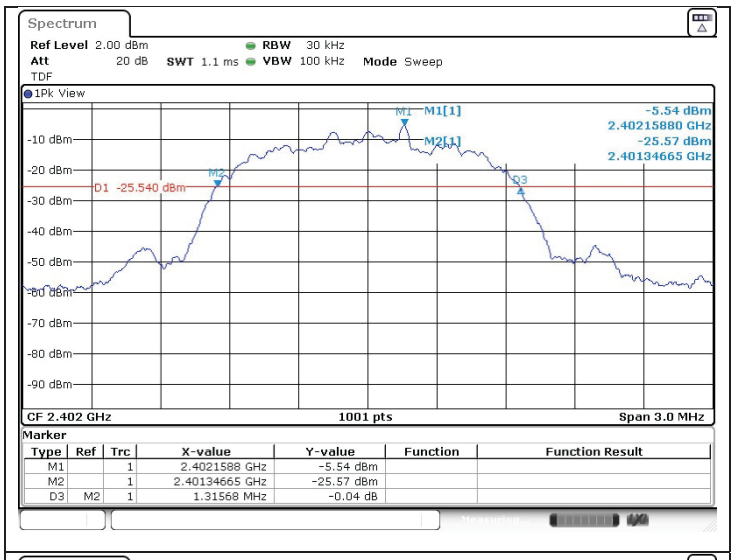


High Channel

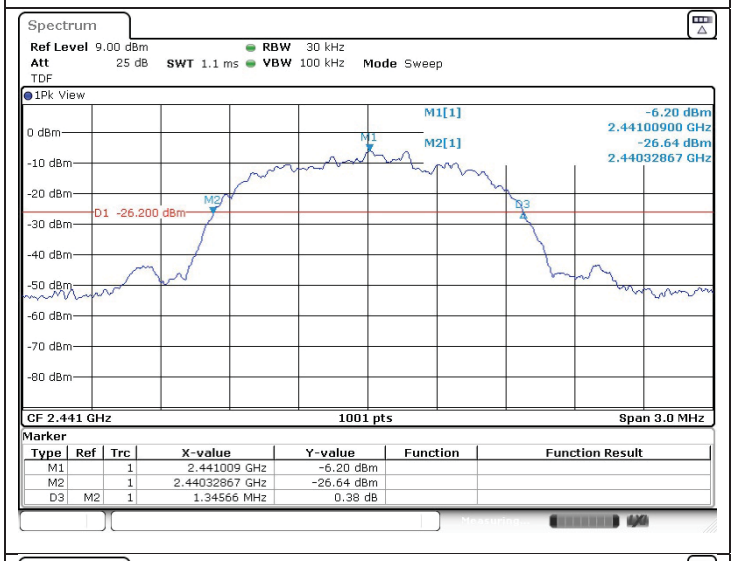
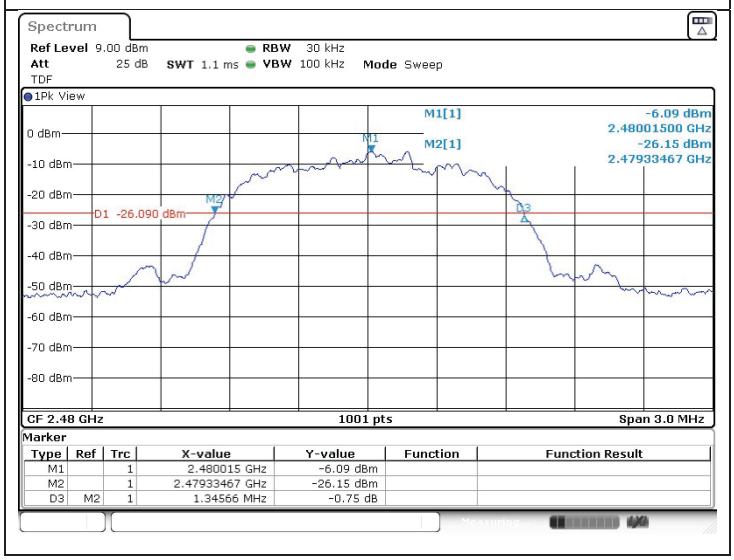


Operating Mode: 8DPSK

Low Channel



Middle Channel



High Channel