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TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-2298/16-01-11-B



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12076-01-01

Testing laboratory

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Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-01

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Manufacturer

Poly-Control ApS

Gammel Stillingvej 427 C

8462 Harlev / DENMARK

Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 15

Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices

RSS - 247 Issue 2

Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

RSS - Gen Issue 4

Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specifications - General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: Electronic door lock

Model name: V3-BT

FCC ID: 2ADSH-V3BT

IC: 12588A-V3BT

Frequency: DTS band 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz

Technology tested: Bluetooth® LE

Antenna: Chip antenna

Power supply: 3.0 V DC by 4 CR123 batteries

Temperature range: +5°C to +35°C



This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-2298/16-01-11-A and dated 2017-06-20

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2017-01-27
Date of receipt of test item:	2017-02-20
Start of test:	2017-02-20
End of test:	2017-04-28
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s and references

Test standard	Date	Description
47 CFR Part 15	-/-	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
RSS - Gen Issue 4	November 2014	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specifications - General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus

Guidance	Version	Description
DTS: KDB 558074 D01	v03r05	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American national standard for methods of measurement of radio-noise emissions from low-voltage electrical and electronic equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American national standard of procedures for compliance testing of unlicensed wireless devices

4 Test environment

Temperature	:	T _{nom} T _{max} T _{min}	+22 °C during room temperature tests No tests under extreme temperature conditions required. No tests under extreme temperature conditions required.
Relative humidity content	:		55 %
Barometric pressure	:		1021 hpa
Power supply	:	V _{nom} V _{max} V _{min}	3.0 V DC by 4 CR123 batteries No tests under extreme voltage conditions required. No tests under extreme voltage conditions required.

5 Test item

5.1 General description

Kind of test item	:	Electronic door lock
Type identification	:	V3-BT
HMN	:	-/-
PMN	:	DANALOCK
HVIN	:	V3-BT
FVIN	:	-/-
S/N serial number	:	Rad. #38 Cond. #1
HW hardware status	:	2.0.0
SW software status	:	DanalockV3_0.1.14
Frequency band	:	DTS band 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz (lowest channel 2402 MHz; highest channel 2480 MHz)
Type of radio transmission	:	DSSS
Use of frequency spectrum	:	
Type of modulation	:	GFSK
Number of channels	:	40
Antenna	:	Chip antenna
Power supply	:	3.0 V DC by 4 CR123 batteries
Temperature range	:	+5°C to +35°C

5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report:

1-2298/16-01-01_AnnexA
 1-2298/16-01-01_AnnexB
 1-2298/16-01-01_AnnexD

6 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

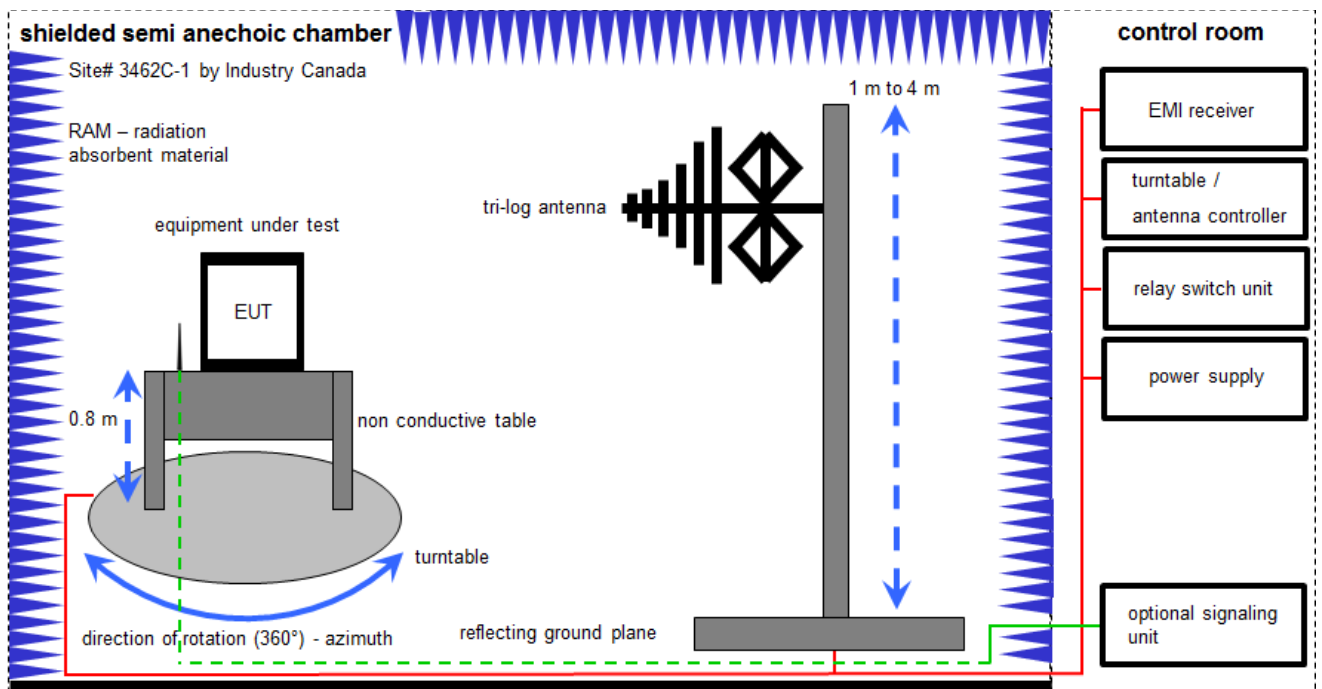
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

6.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 9 kHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter

$$FS = UR + CL + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

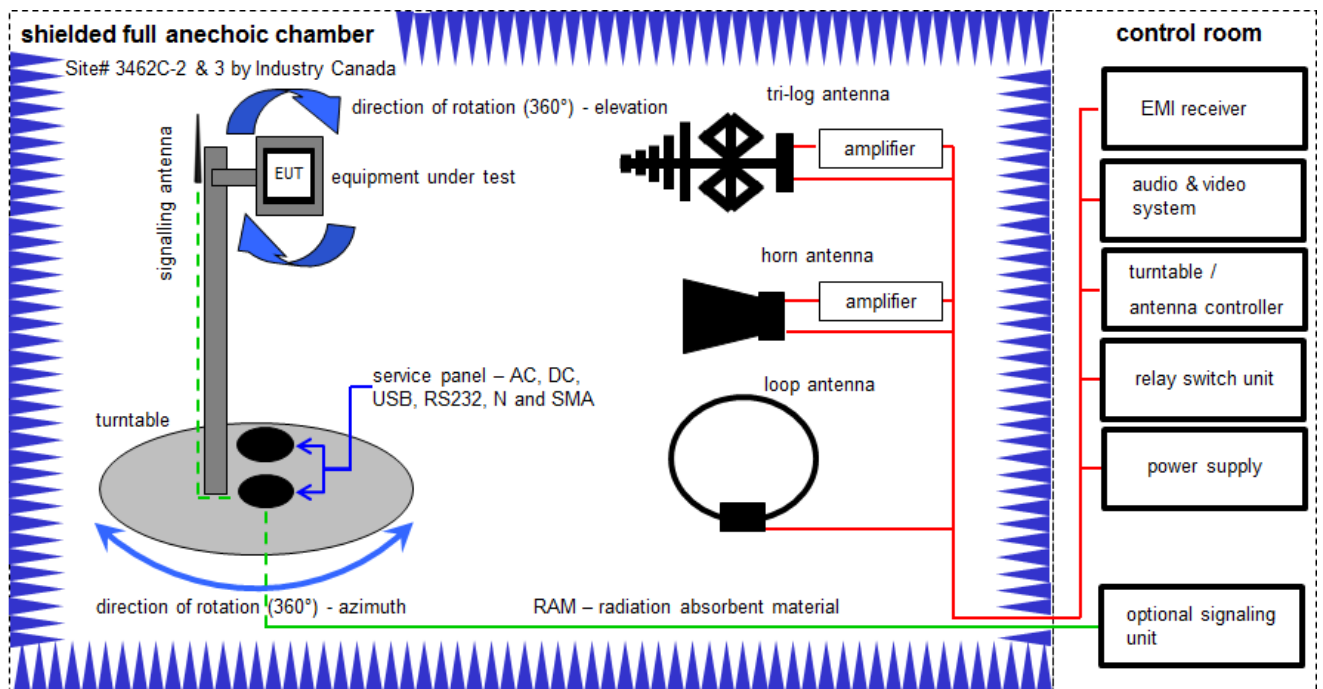
Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 12.35 [dB\mu V/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dB\mu V/m] (35.69 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023	-/-	300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	08.03.2016	08.03.2017
4	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	01.02.2017	31.01.2018
5	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
7	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
8	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	295	300003787	k	25.04.2016	25.04.2018

6.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna and horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter

FS = UR + CA + AF

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

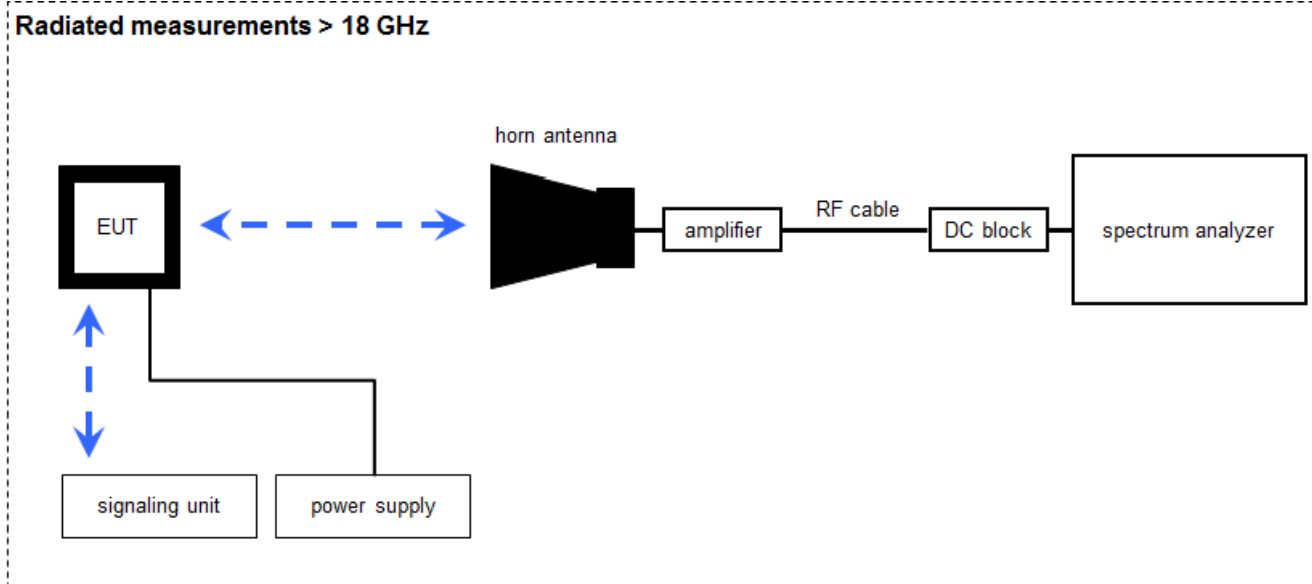
Example calculation:

FS [dBμV/m] = 40.0 [dBμV/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dBμV/m] (71.61 μV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3088	300001032	vIKI!	20.05.2015	20.05.2017
2	A	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev	-/-	-/-
3	A	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	-/-	300000199	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A	Active Loop Antenna 10 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO/2	8905-2342	300000256	k	24.06.2015	24.06.2017
5	A	Band Reject filter	WRCG2400/2483-2375/2505-50/10SS	Wainwright	11	300003351	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz- 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	31.01.2017	30.01.2018
7	A	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	3	300003255	ev	-/-	-/-
8	A	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-BSS	Wainwright	19	300003790	ne	-/-	-/-
9	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	371	300003854	vIKI!	29.10.2014	29.10.2017
10	A	High Pass Filter	VHF-3500+	Mini Circuits	-/-	400000193	ne	-/-	-/-
11	A	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22049	300004481	ev	-/-	-/-
12	A	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.16.0.49	EMCO	-/-	300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
13	A	PC	ExOne	F+W	-/-	300004703	ne	-/-	-/-

6.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



Measurement distance: horn antenna 50 cm

$$FS = U_R + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; U_R -voltage at the receiver; CA-loss signal path & distance correction; AF-antenna factor)

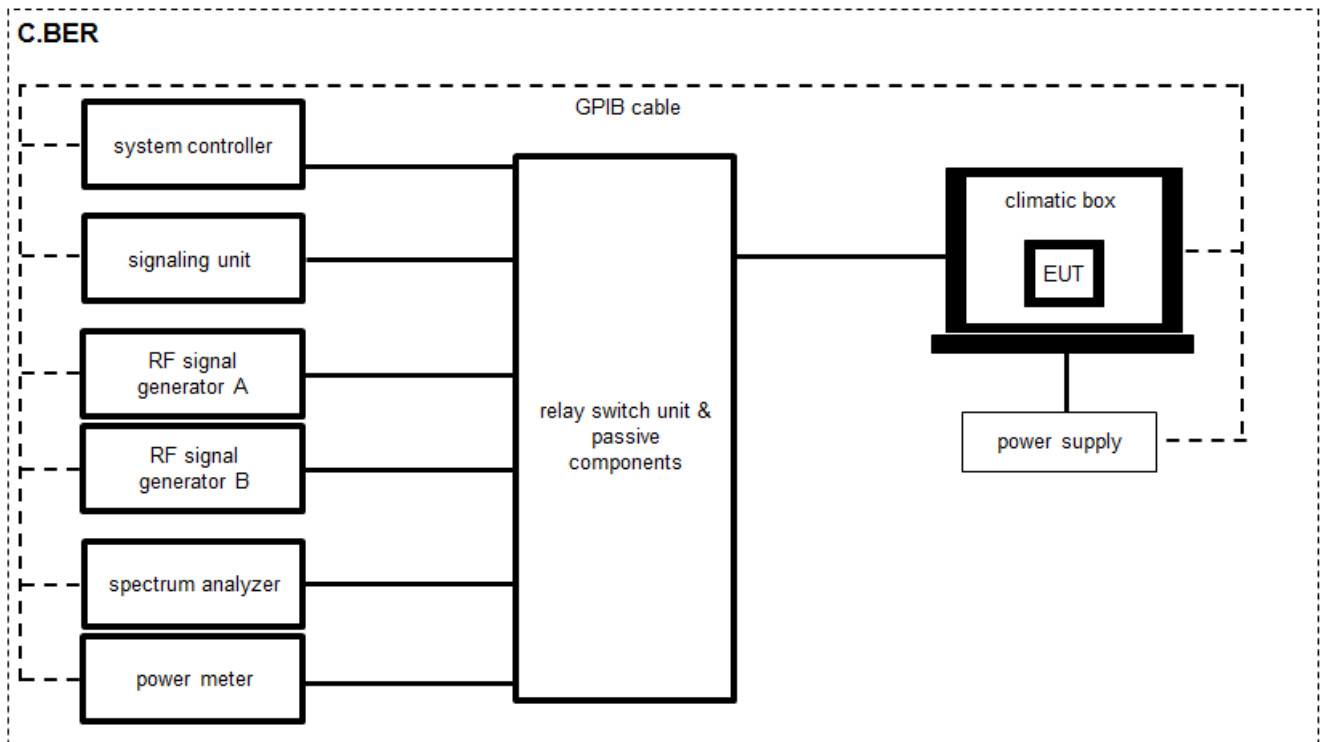
Example calculation:

$$FS \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = 40.0 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + (-60.1) \text{ [dB]} + 36.74 \text{ [dB/m]} = 16.64 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} \text{ (6.79 } \mu\text{V/m)}$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	27.01.2017	26.01.2018
2	A	Amplifier 2-40 GHz	JS32-02004000-57-5P	MITEQ	1777200	300004541	ev	-/-	-/-
3	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
4	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 127377	400001183	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet	-/-	400001185	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0 to 26.5 GHz	638	Narda	-/-	300000486	k	10.09.2015	10.09.2017

6.4 Conducted measurements C.BER system



OP = AV + CA
 (OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	-/-	300000929	ne	-/-	-/-
2	A	USB/GPIB interface	82357B	Agilent Technologies	MY 52103346	300004390	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	Labormessplatzrechner 19" Servergehäuse	Intel Core i3 3225/3,3 GHz, Prozessor	-/-	35230157A0370	300004646	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A	Signal Analyzer 30GHz	FSV30	R&S	103170	300004855	k	30.01.2017	29.01.2019
5	A	USB-GPIB-Interface	82357B	Agilent Technologies		300004852	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A	Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	R&S	100010	300003780	k	27.01.2017	26.01.2019
7	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/72	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 605505	400001187	ev	-/-	-/-
8	A	RF-Cable	Sucoflex 104	Huber & Suhner	147636/4	400001188	ev	-/-	-/-

7 Sequence of testing

7.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. In case of the 2-axis positioner is used the elevation axis is also rotated from 0° to 360°.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

7.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position $\pm 45^\circ$ and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

8 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty	
Test case	Uncertainty
Antenna gain	± 3 dB
Spectrum bandwidth	± 21.5 kHz absolute; ± 15.0 kHz relative
Maximum output power	± 1 dB
Detailed conducted spurious emissions @ the band edge	± 1 dB
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions conducted	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB
Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	± 2.6 dB

9 Summary of measurement results

☒	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☐	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 15 RSS - 247, Issue 2	See table!	2017-06-27	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	Guideline	Temperature conditions	Power source voltages	Mode	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(b)(4) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (f)(ii)	System gain	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(e) RSS - 247 / 5.2 (b)	Power spectral density	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 10.6	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(a)(2) RSS - 247 / 5.2 (a)	DTS bandwidth – 6 dB bandwidth	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.1	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
RSS Gen clause 4.6.1	Occupied bandwidth	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(b)(3) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (d)	Maximum output power	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 9.1.1	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS - Gen	Band edge compliance radiated	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 13.3.2	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	TX spurious emissions conducted	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 11.1 & 11.2 11.3	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.209(a) RSS-Gen	Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS-Gen	Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	-/-	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS-Gen	Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted emissions below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☐	☐	☒	☐	-/-

Note: C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

10 Additional comments

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Reference documents: Test report no. 1-2298_16-01-16

Special test descriptions: **Power setting was set to 4 dBm during all measurements**

Configuration descriptions: TX tests: were performed with LE packets (37 byte payload) and static PRBS pattern.
 RX/Standby tests: BT enabled, TX Idle
 Tested frequencies: lowest: 2402 MHz
 middle: 2440 MHz
 - highest: 2480 MHz

Test mode:

☐ Bluetooth LE Test mode enabled
 (EUT is controlled over CBT)

☒ Special software is used.
 EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

Antennas and transmit
 operating modes:

☒ Operating mode 1 (single antenna)

- Equipment with 1 antenna,
- Equipment with 2 diversity antennas operating in switched diversity mode by which at any moment in time only 1 antenna is used,
- Smart antenna system with 2 or more transmit/receive chains, but operating in a mode where only 1 transmit/receive chain is used)

☐ Operating mode 2 (multiple antennas, no beamforming)

- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously but without beamforming.

☐ Operating mode 3 (multiple antennas, with beamforming)

- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously with beamforming.
 In addition to the antenna assembly gain (G), the beamforming gain (Y) may have to be taken into account when performing the measurements.

11 Measurement results

11.1 System gain

Measurement:

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module. For normal Bluetooth® devices, the GFSK modulation is used.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Span	5 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 B (radiated) See sub clause 6.4 A (conducted)
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
6 dBi / > 6 dBi output power and power density reduction required	

Results: Extracted from test report no. 1-2298_16-01-16

T _{nom}	V _{nom}	2402 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
Conducted power [dBm] Measured with GFSK modulation		-1.5	-2.3	-3.0
Radiated power [dBm] Measured with GFSK modulation		-14.4	-15.6	-16.2
Gain [dBi] Calculated		-12.9	-13.3	-13.2

11.2 Power spectral density

Description:

Measurement of the power spectral density of a digital modulated system.

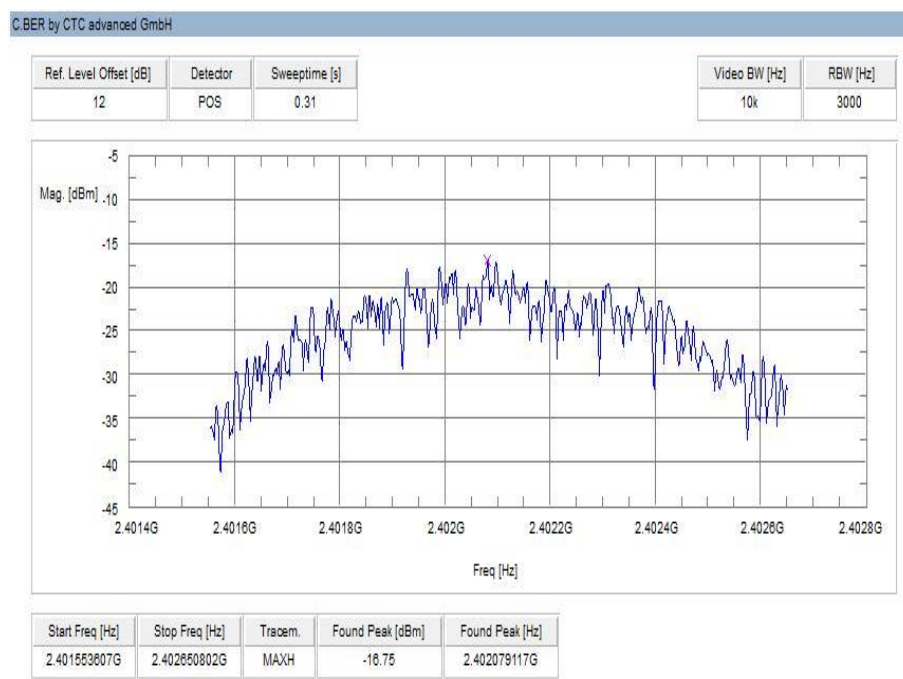
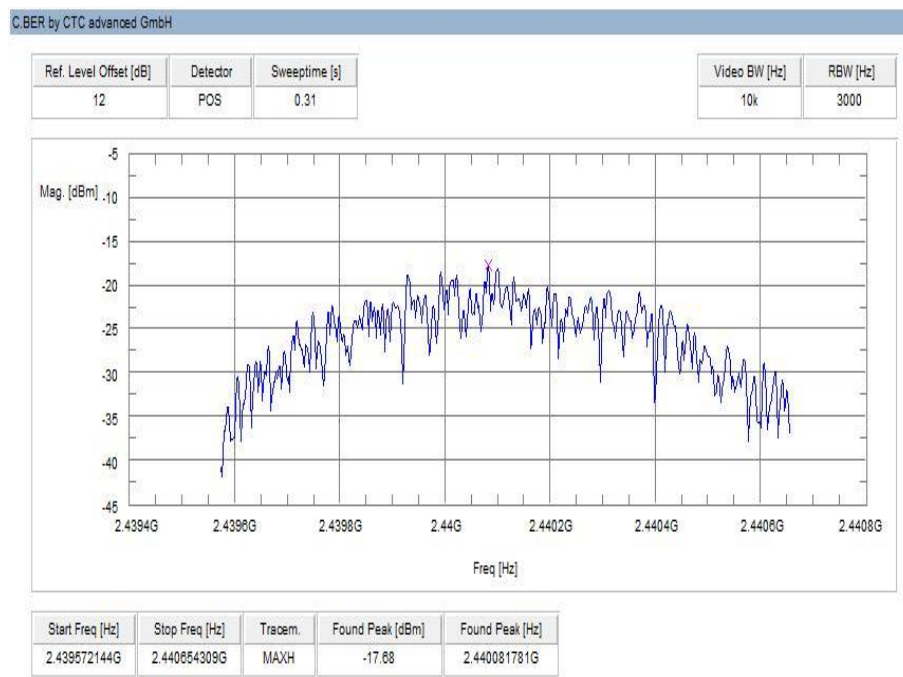
Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 kHz
Video bandwidth	10 kHz
Span	≥ EBW
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

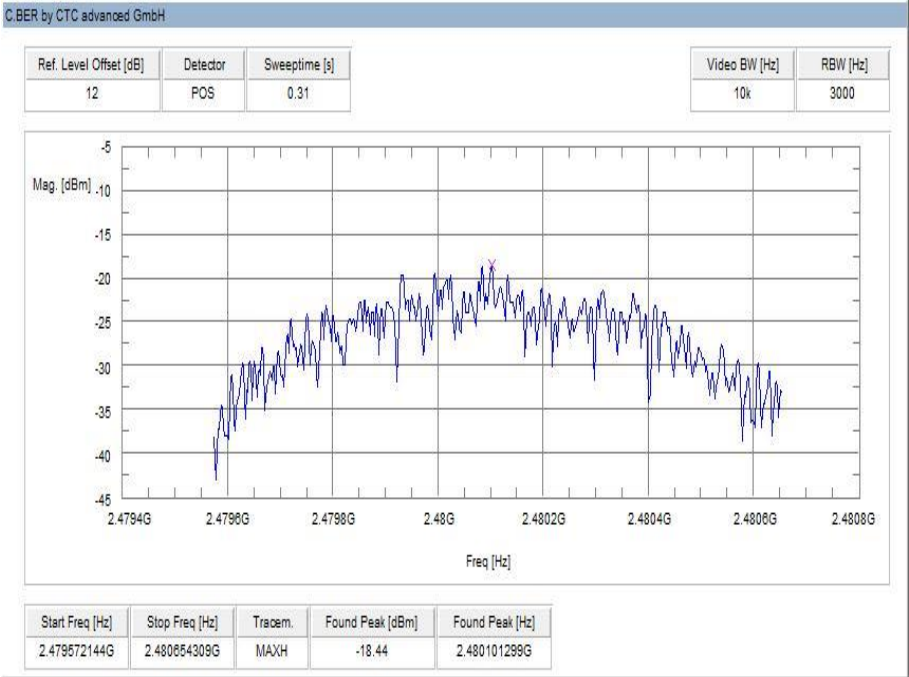
FCC	IC
Power spectral density	
For digitally modulated systems the transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission or over 1.0 second if the transmission exceeds 1.0-second duration.	

Results:

	Frequency		
	2402 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
Power spectral density [dBm / 3kHz]	-16.8	-17.7	-18.4

Plots:**Plot 1: lowest channel****Plot 2: mid channel**

Plot 3: highest channel



11.3 DTS bandwidth – 6 dB bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 6 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

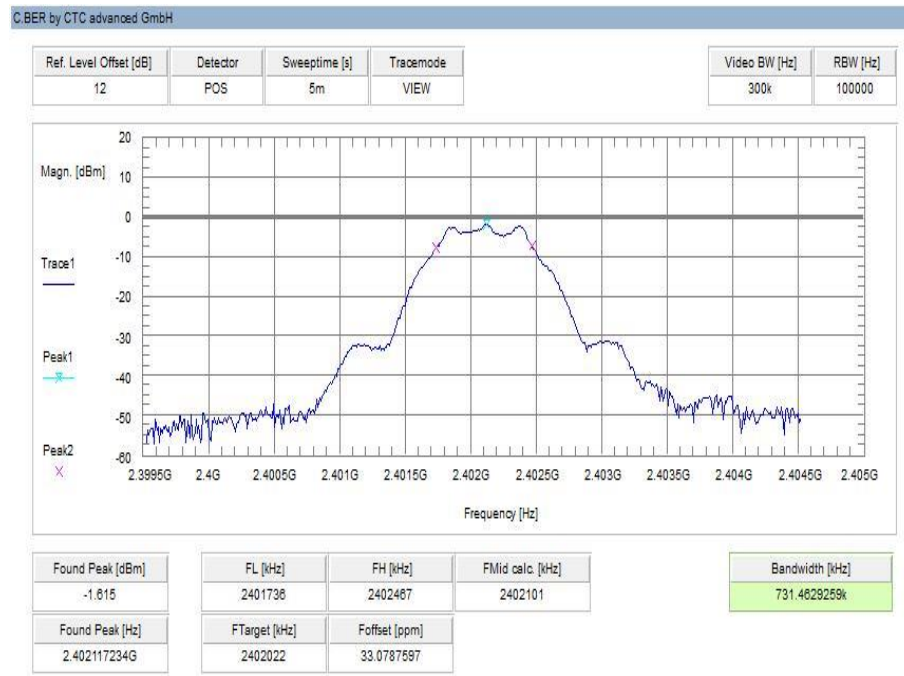
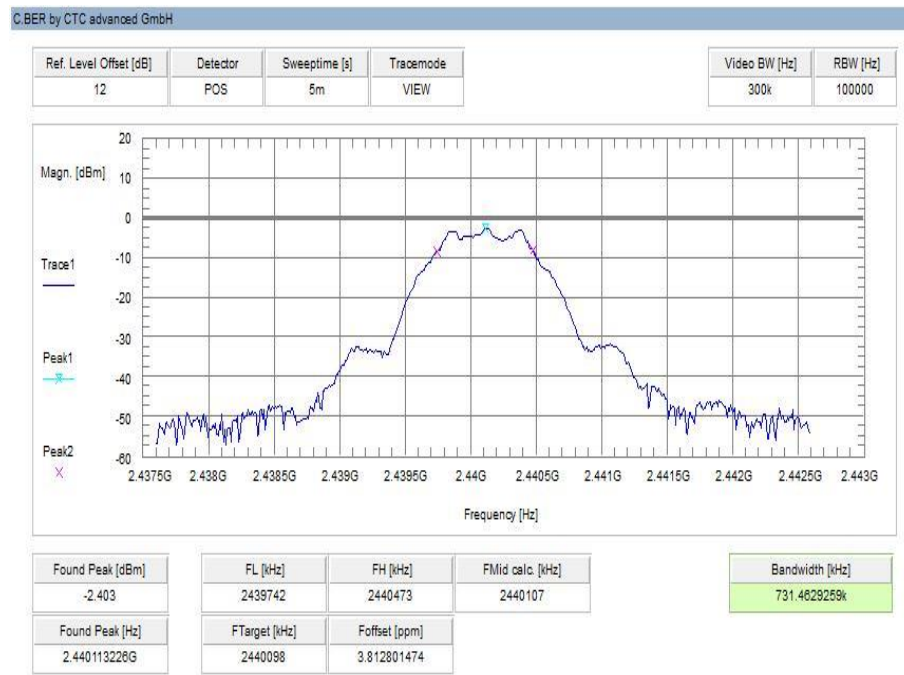
Measurement parameters	
According to DTS clause: 8.1	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Span	5 MHz
Measurement procedure	Using 3 marker (max + 2x-6dB)
Trace mode	Max hold (allow trace to stabilize)
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

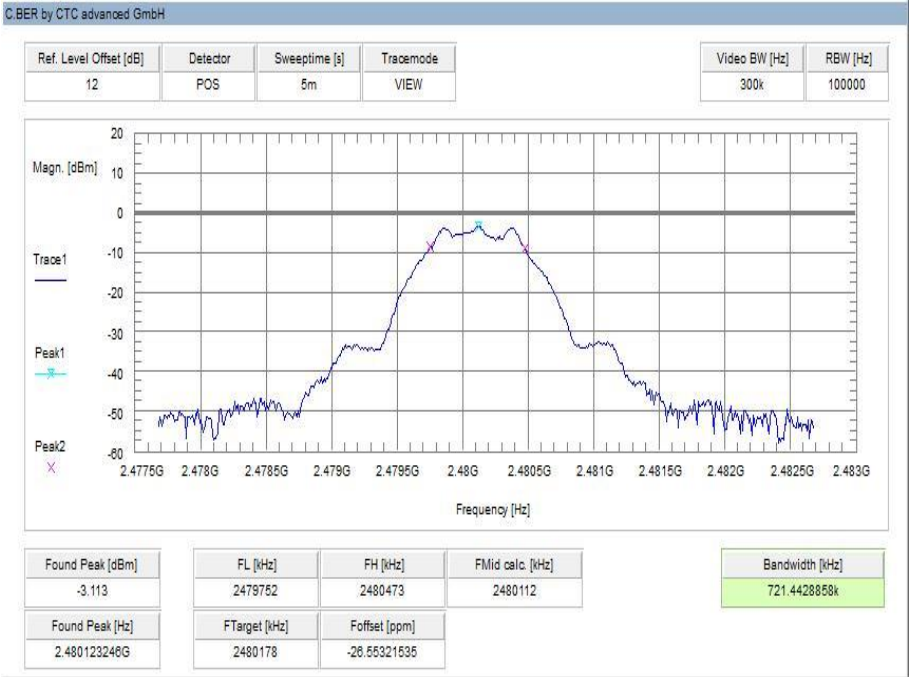
FCC	IC
DTS bandwidth – 6 dB bandwidth	
Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.	

Results:

	Frequency		
	2402 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
6 dB bandwidth [kHz]	731.5	731.5	721.4

Plots:**Plot 1: lowest channel****Plot 2: mid channel**

Plot 3: highest channel



11.4 Occupied bandwidth – 99% emission bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal acc. RSS-GEN.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	30 kHz
Video bandwidth	100 kHz
Span	5 MHz
Measurement procedure	Measurement of the 99% bandwidth using the integration function of the analyzer
Trace mode	Max hold (allow trace to stabilize)
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Usage:

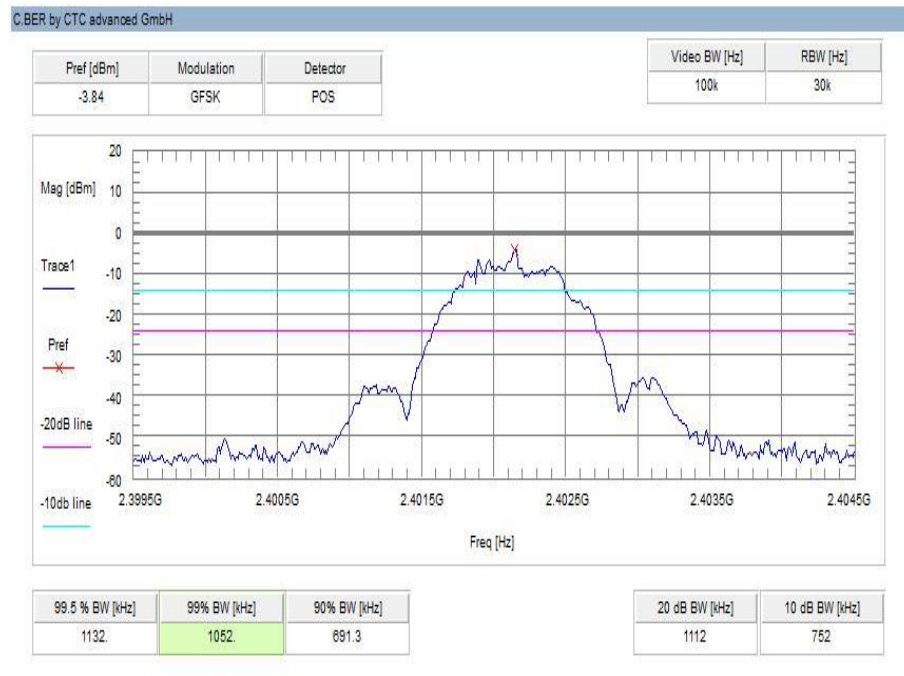
-/-	IC
Occupied bandwidth – 99% emission bandwidth	
OBW is necessary for emission designator	

Results:

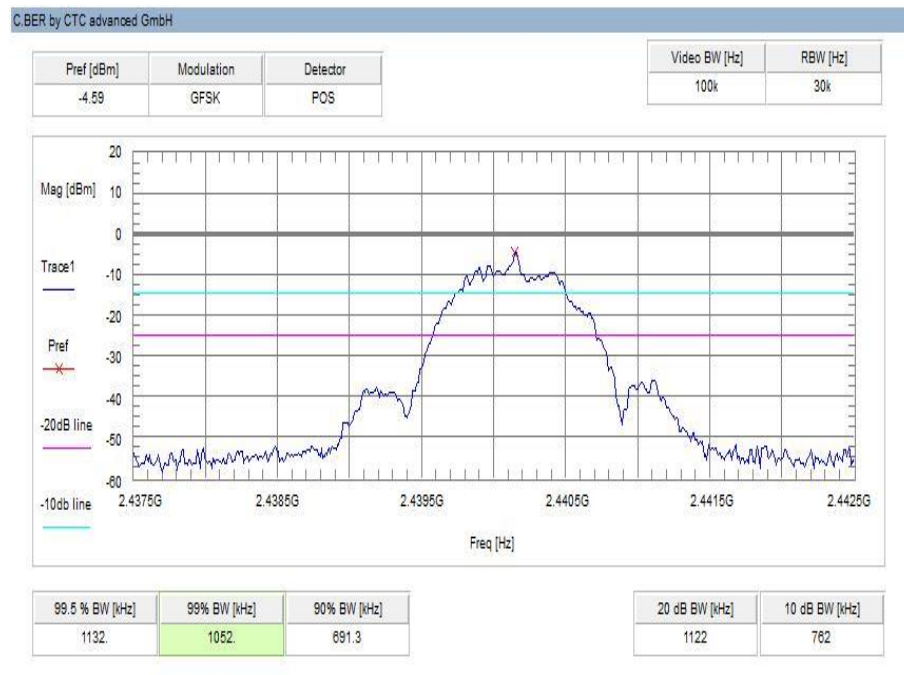
	Frequency		
	2402 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
99% bandwidth [kHz]	1052	1052	1062

Plots:

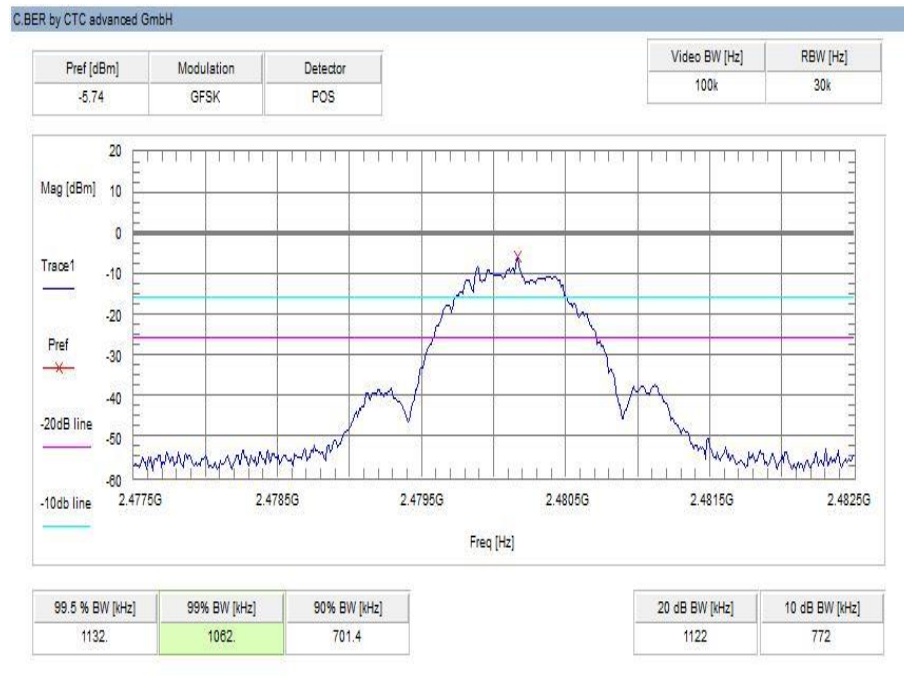
Plot 1: lowest channel



Plot 2: mid channel



Plot 3: highest channel



11.5 Maximum output power

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conducted and radiated. EUT in single channel mode.

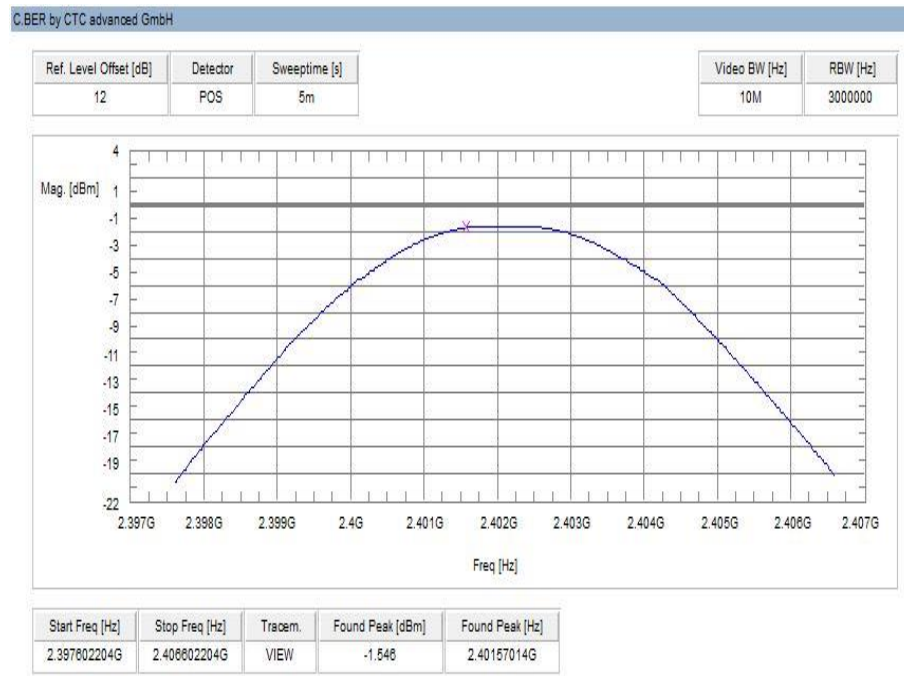
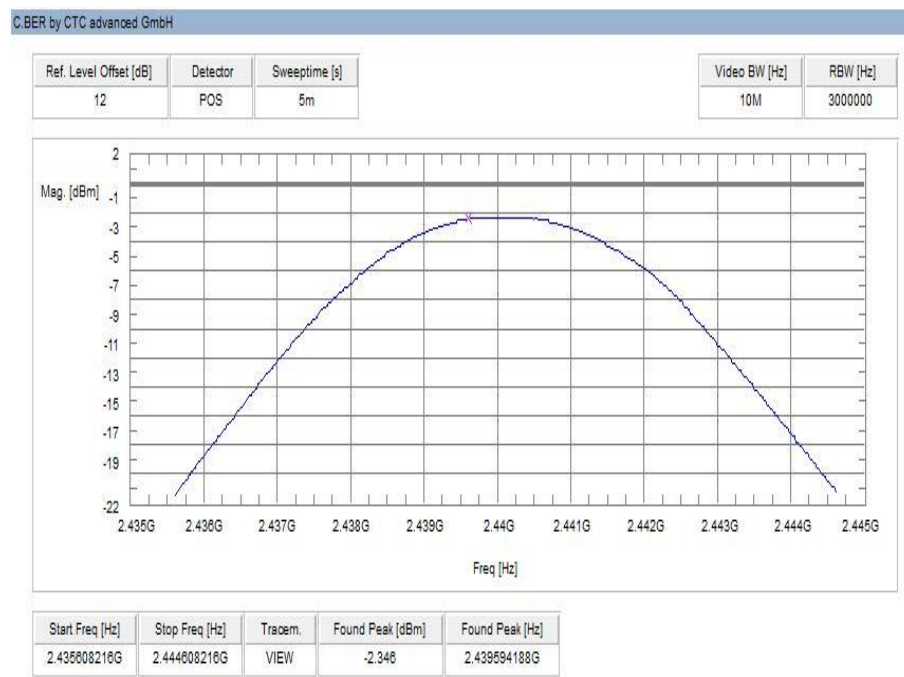
Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 MHz
Video bandwidth	10 MHz
Span	10 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

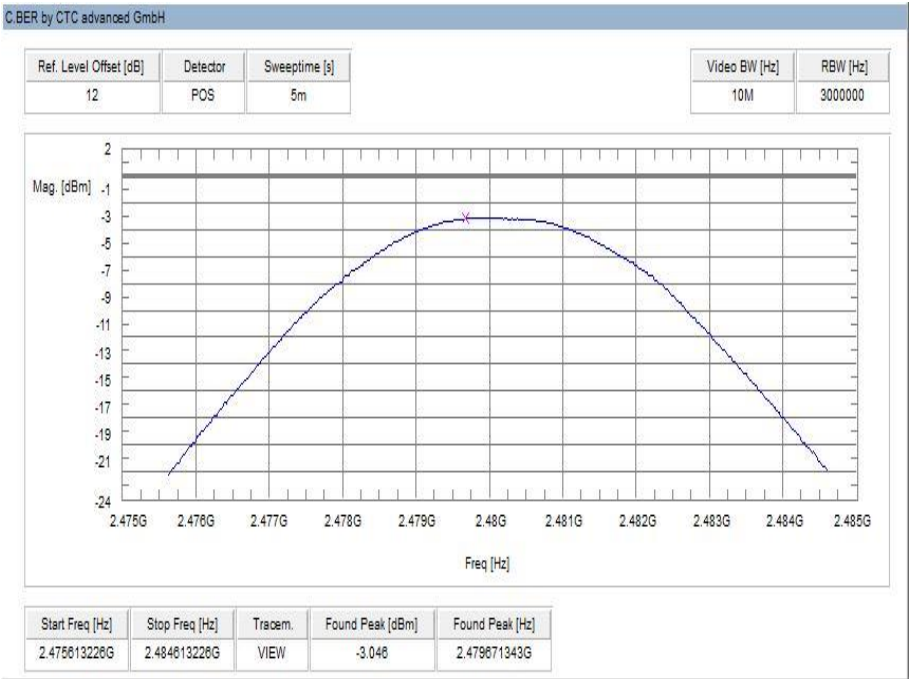
FCC	IC
Maximum output power	
[Conducted: 0.125 W – antenna gain max. 6 dBi] Systems using more than 75 hopping channels: Conducted: 1.0 W – antenna gain max. 6 dBi	

Results:

	Frequency		
	2402 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
Maximum output power conducted [dBm]	-1.5	-2.3	-3.0

Plots:**Plot 1: lowest channel****Plot 2: mid channel**

Plot 3: highest channel



11.6 Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted

Description:

Measurement of the conducted band edge compliance. EUT is measured at the lower and upper band edge in single channel.

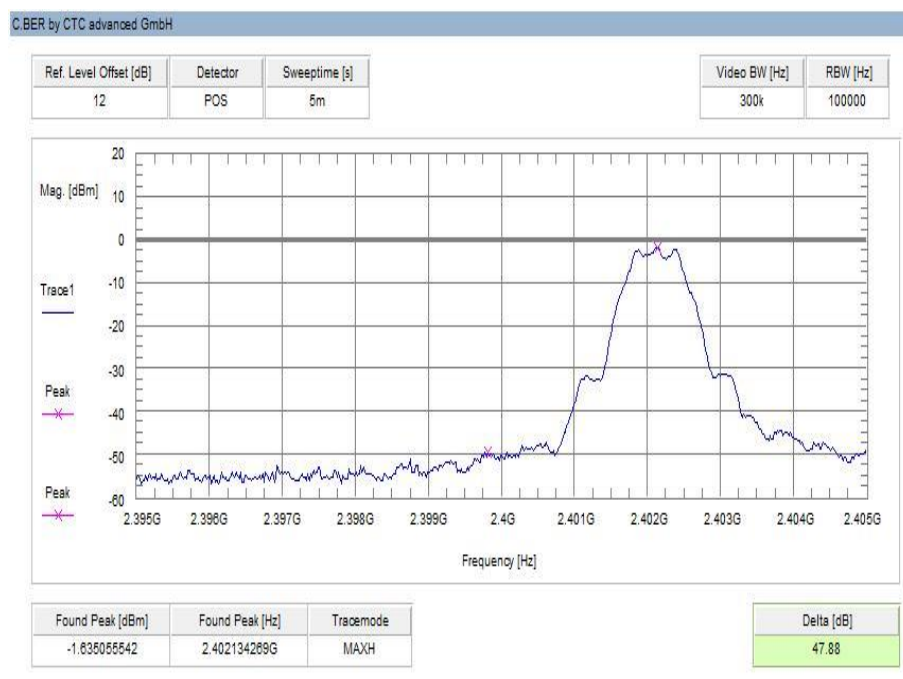
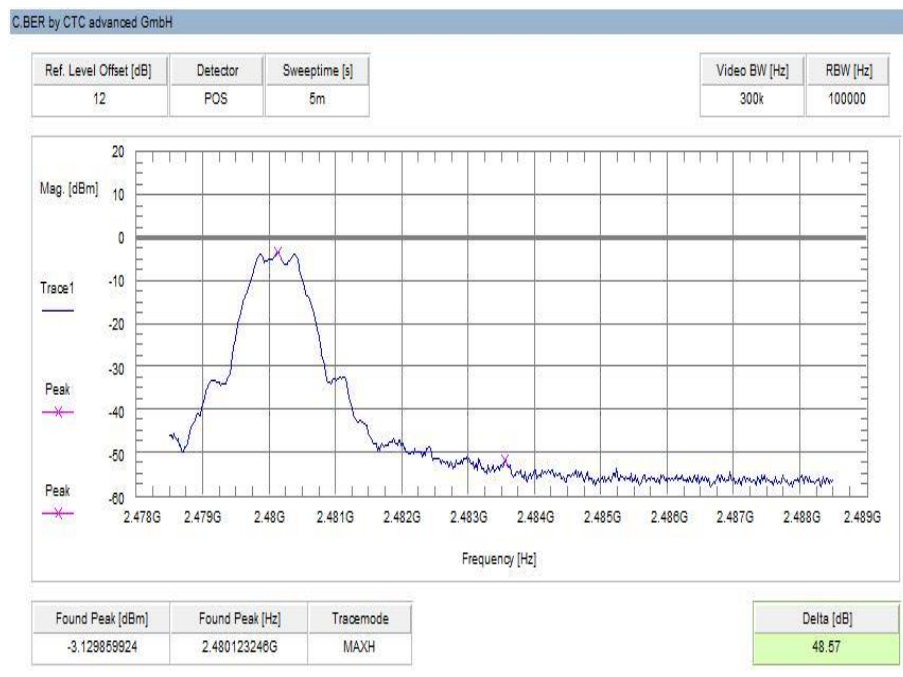
Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz / 500 kHz
Span	Lower Band Edge: 2395 – 2405 MHz higher Band Edge: 2478 – 2489 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.	

Result:

Scenario	Spurious band edge conducted [dB]
Modulation	GFSK
Lower band edge – hopping off	> 20 dB
Upper band edge – hopping off	> 20 dB

Plots:**Plot 1: Lower band edge****Plot 2: Upper band edge**

11.7 Band edge compliance radiated

Description:

Measurement of the radiated band edge compliance. The EUT is turned in the position that results in the maximum level at the band edge. Then a sweep over the corresponding restricted band is performed. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit frequency 2402 MHz for the lower restricted band and 2480 MHz for the upper restricted band. Measurement distance is 3m.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / RMS
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Span	Lower Band: 2300 – 2400 MHz higher Band: 2480 – 2500 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 B
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

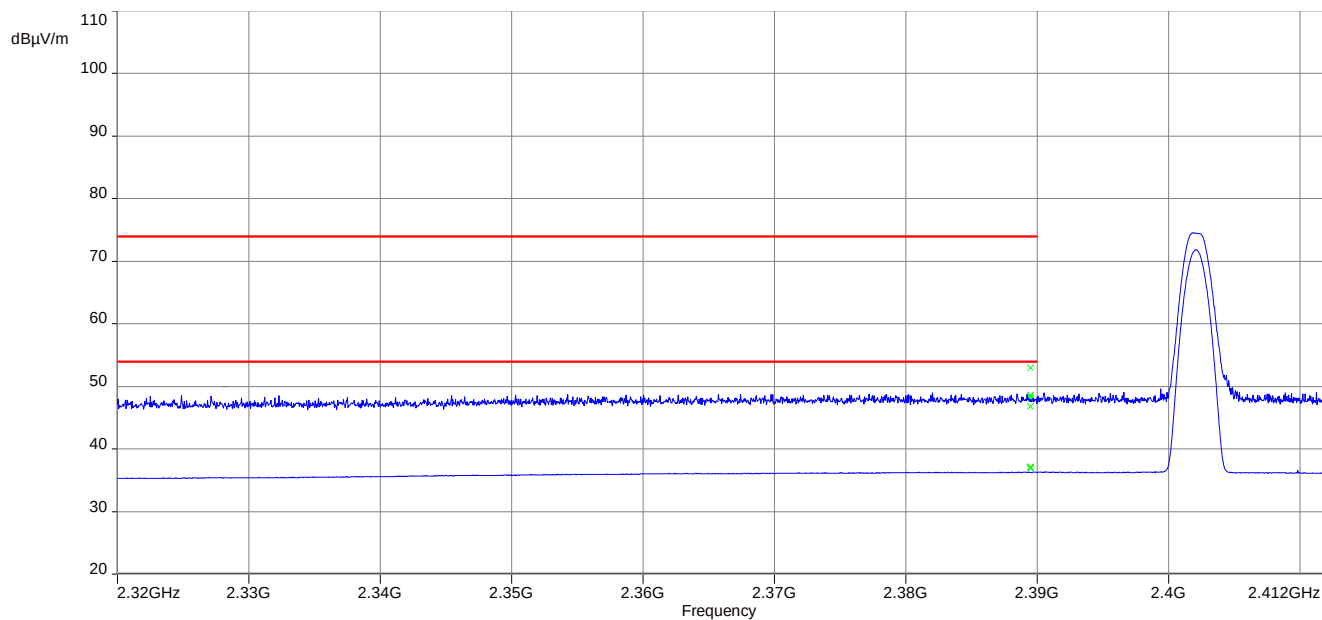
FCC	IC
Band edge compliance radiated	
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 5.205(c)).	
54 dBµV/m AVG 74 dBµV/m Peak	

Result:

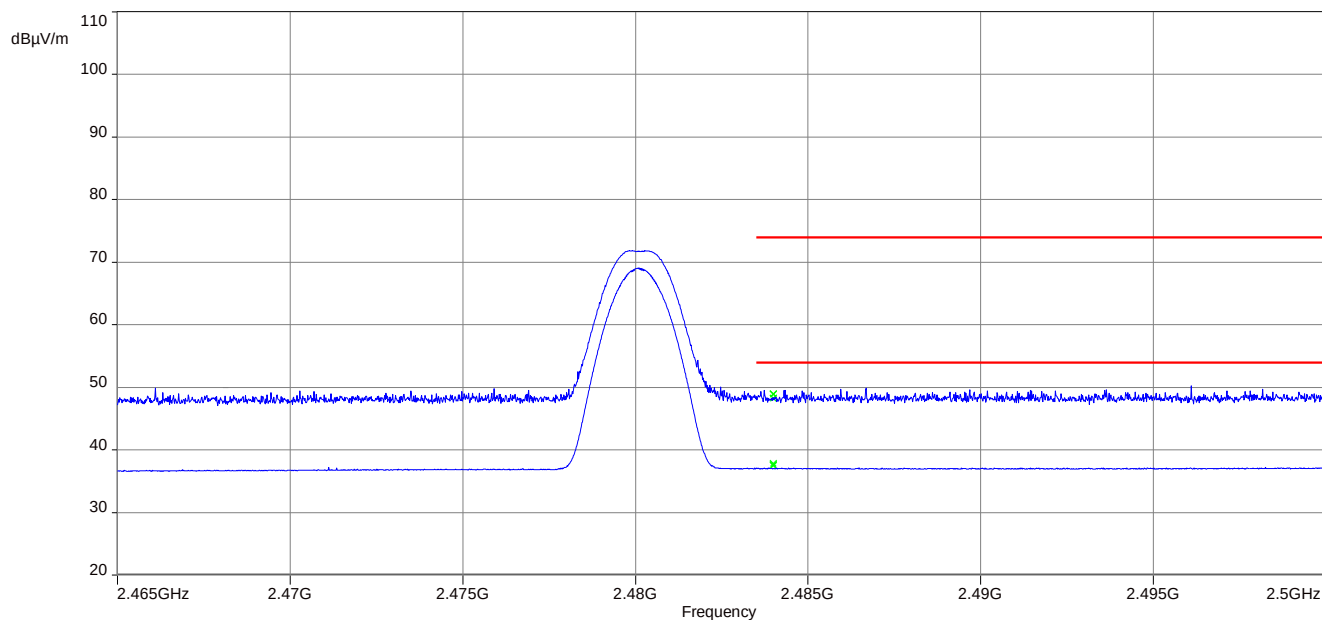
Scenario	Band edge compliance radiated [dBµV/m]
Modulation	GFSK
Lower restricted band	< 54 AVG / < 74 PP
Upper restricted band	< 54 AVG / < 74 PP

Plots:

Plot 1: Lower restricted band



Plot 2: Upper restricted band



11.8 TX spurious emissions conducted

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit frequencies are 2402 MHz, 2440 MHz and 2480 MHz.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz or 500 kHz
Span	9 kHz to 26 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

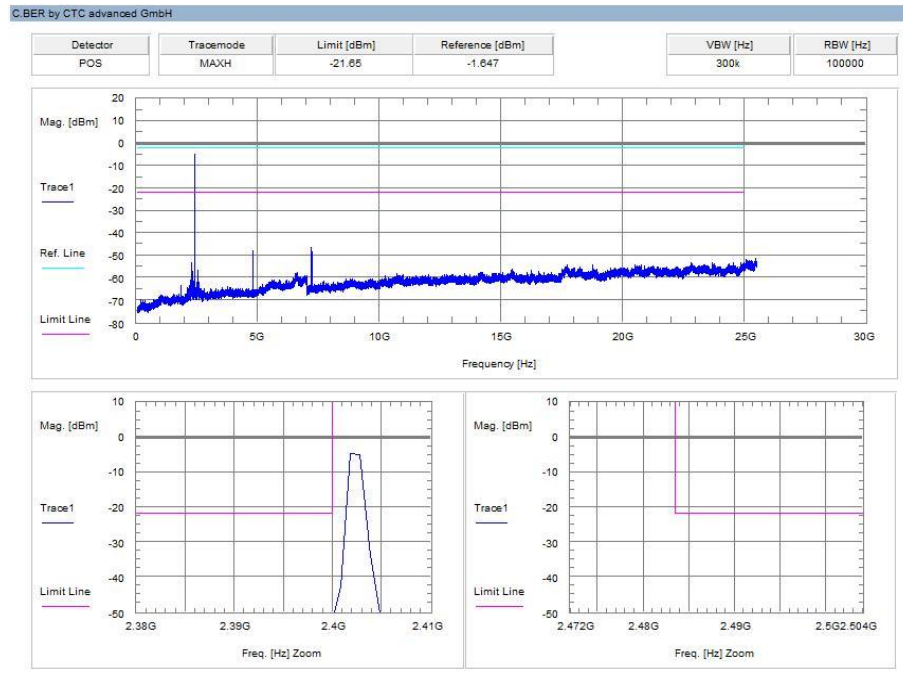
FCC	IC
TX spurious emissions conducted	
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required	

Results:

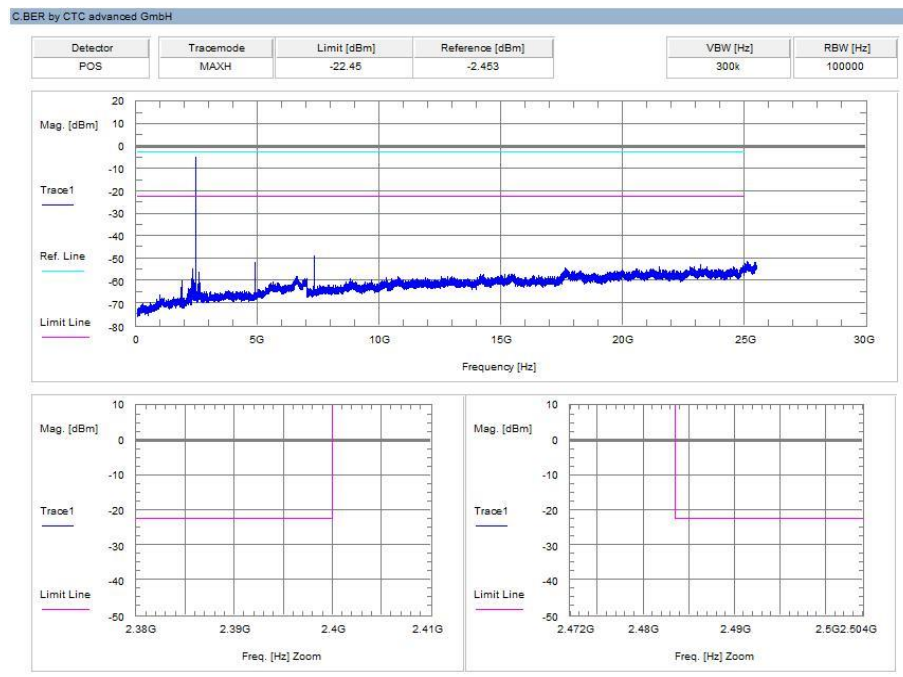
TX spurious emissions conducted					
f [MHz]		amplitude of emission [dBm]	limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	results
2402		-1.6	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are compliant with the -20 dBc limit!			-20 dBc		compliant
2440		-2.5	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are compliant with the -20 dBc limit!			-20 dBc		compliant
2480		-3.8	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are compliant with the -20 dBc limit!			-20 dBc		compliant

Plots:

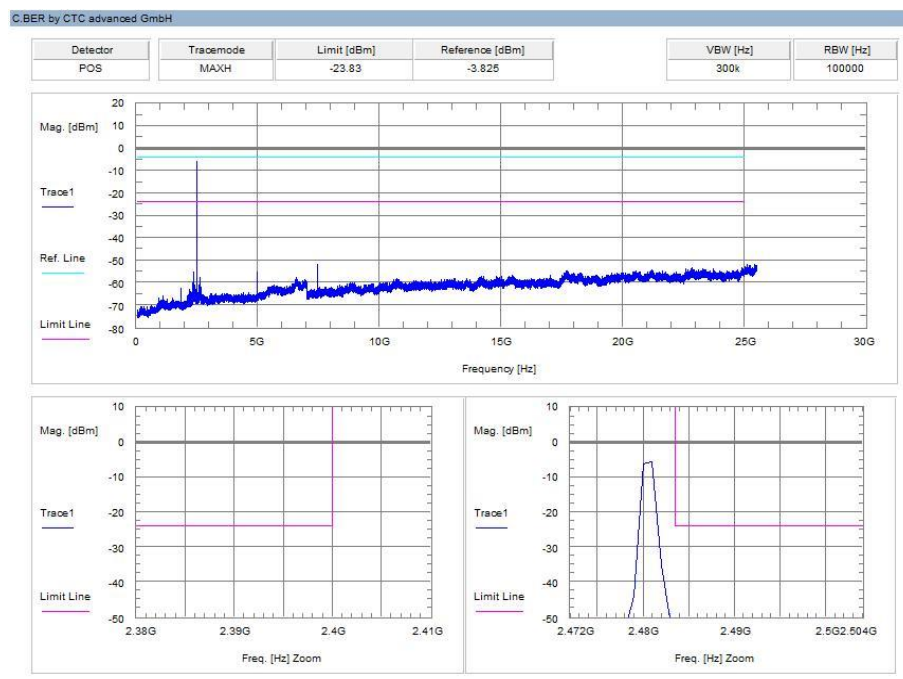
Plot 1: lowest channel



Plot 2: mid channel



Plot 3: highest channel



11.9 Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit frequencies are 2402 MHz, 2440 MHz and 2480 MHz. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power. The limits are recalculated to a measurement distance of 3 m according to the ANSI C63.10.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / Quasi peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Video bandwidth	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 30 kHz
Span	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 C
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

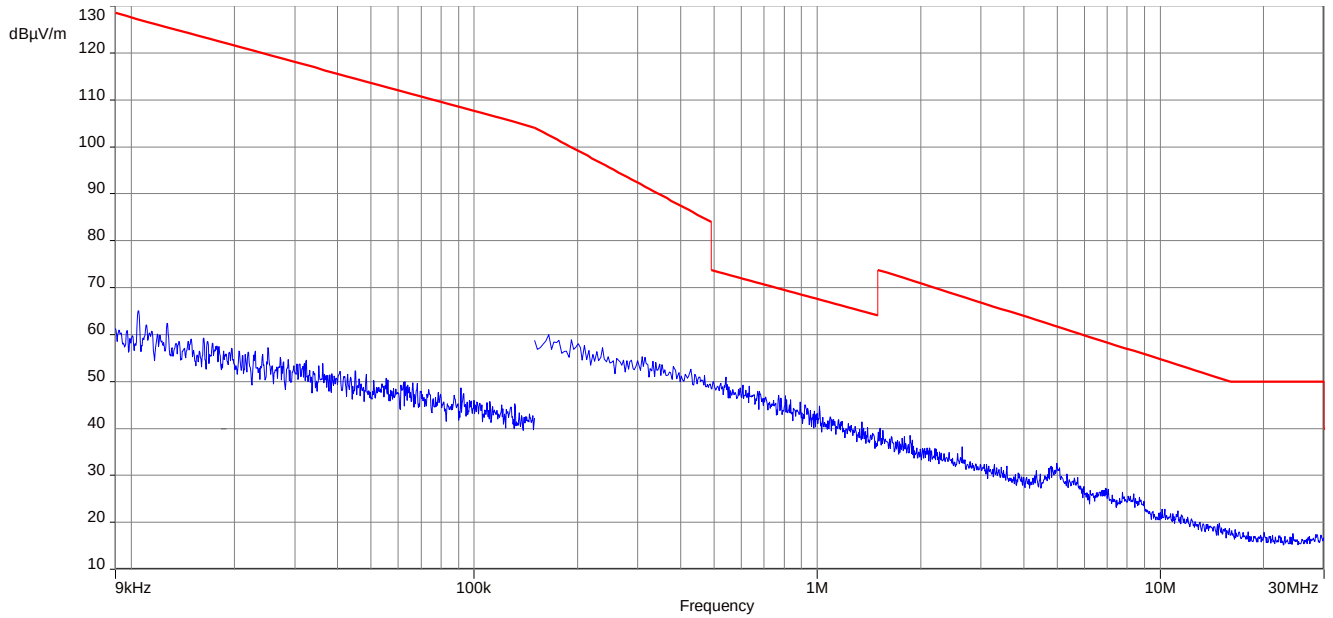
FCC		IC
TX spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dB μ V/m)	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Results:

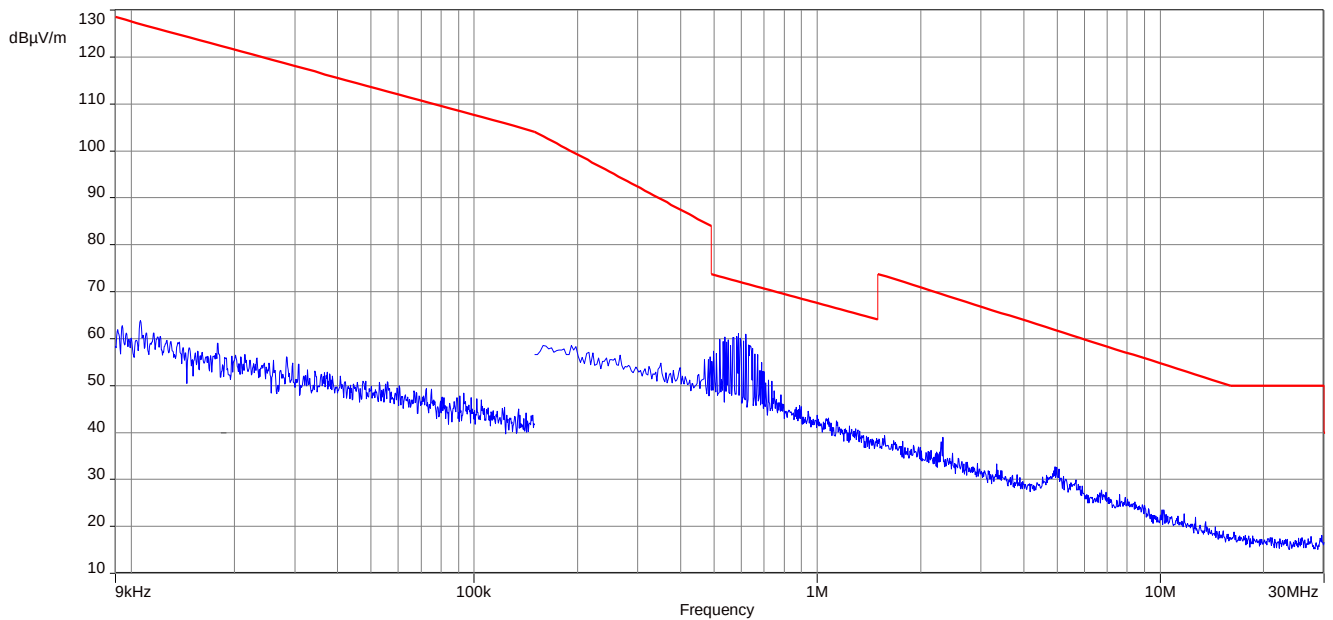
TX spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz [dB μ V/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots:

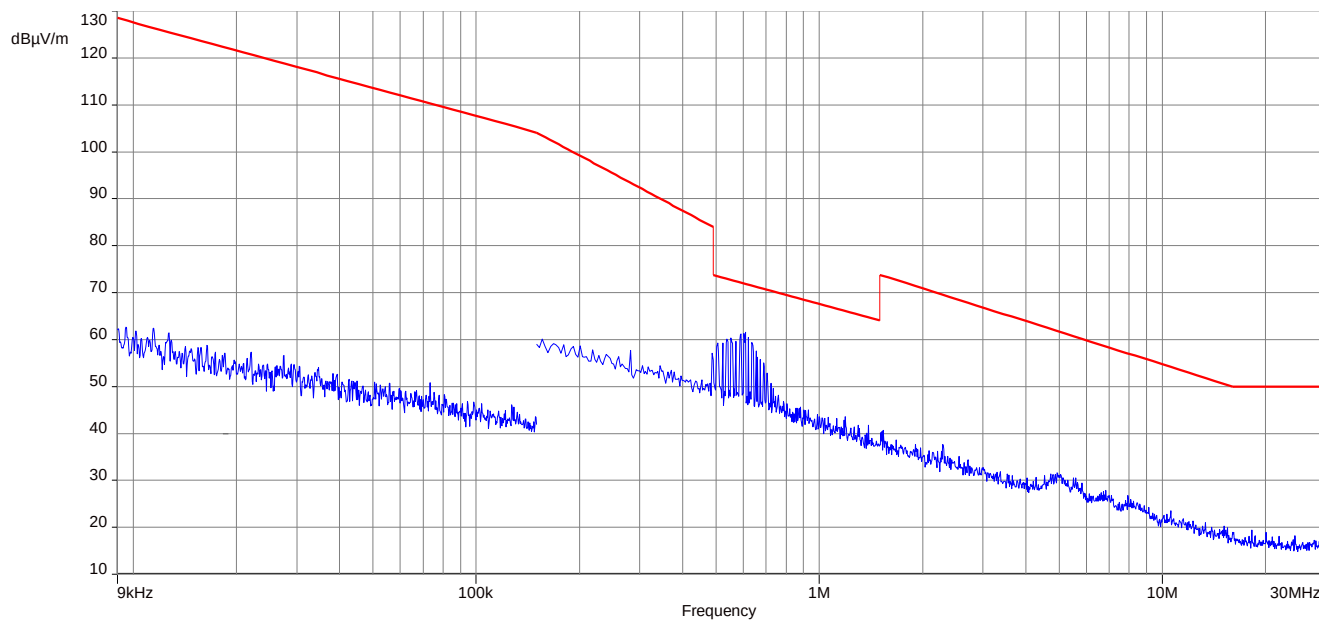
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, 2402 MHz, transmit mode



Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, 2440 MHz, transmit mode



Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, 2480 MHz, transmit mode



11.10 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit frequencies are 2402 MHz, 2440 MHz and 2480 MHz. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	120 kHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Measured modulation	GFSK
Test setup	See sub clause 6.1 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

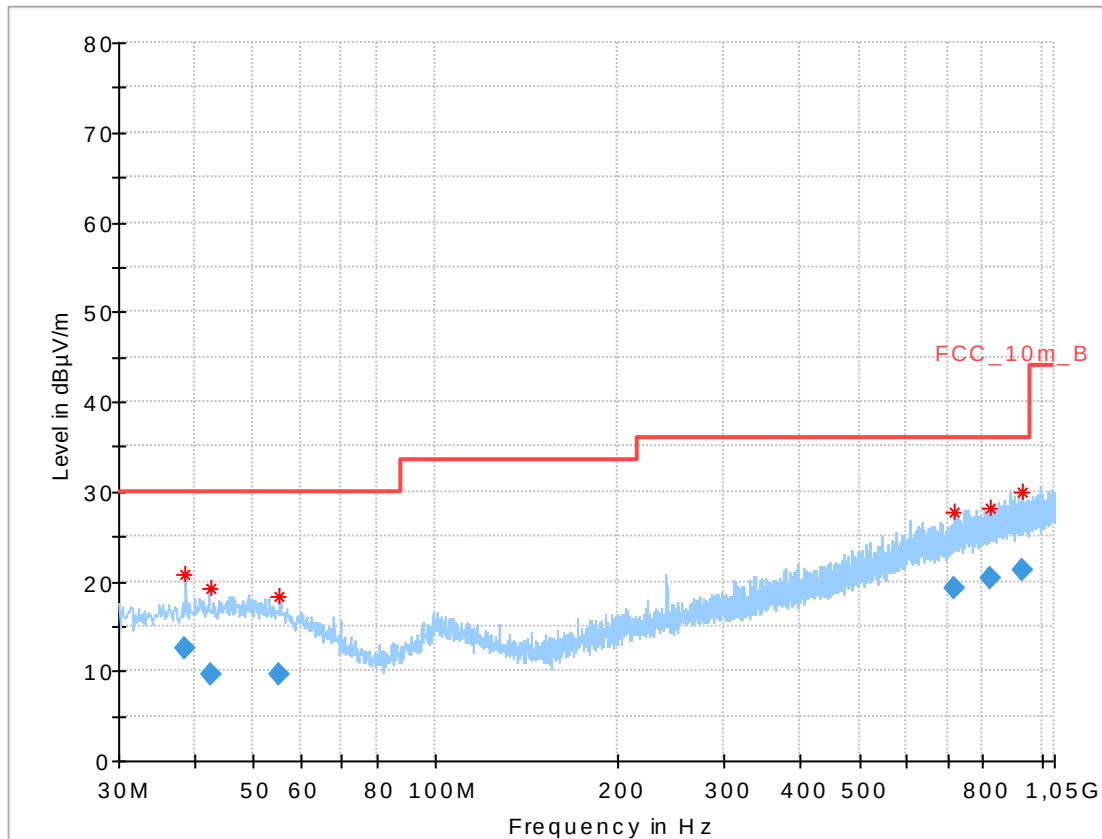
The modulation with the highest output power was used to perform the transmitter spurious emissions. If spurious were detected a re-measurement was performed on the detected frequency with each modulation.

Limits:

FCC		IC
TX spurious emissions radiated		
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3

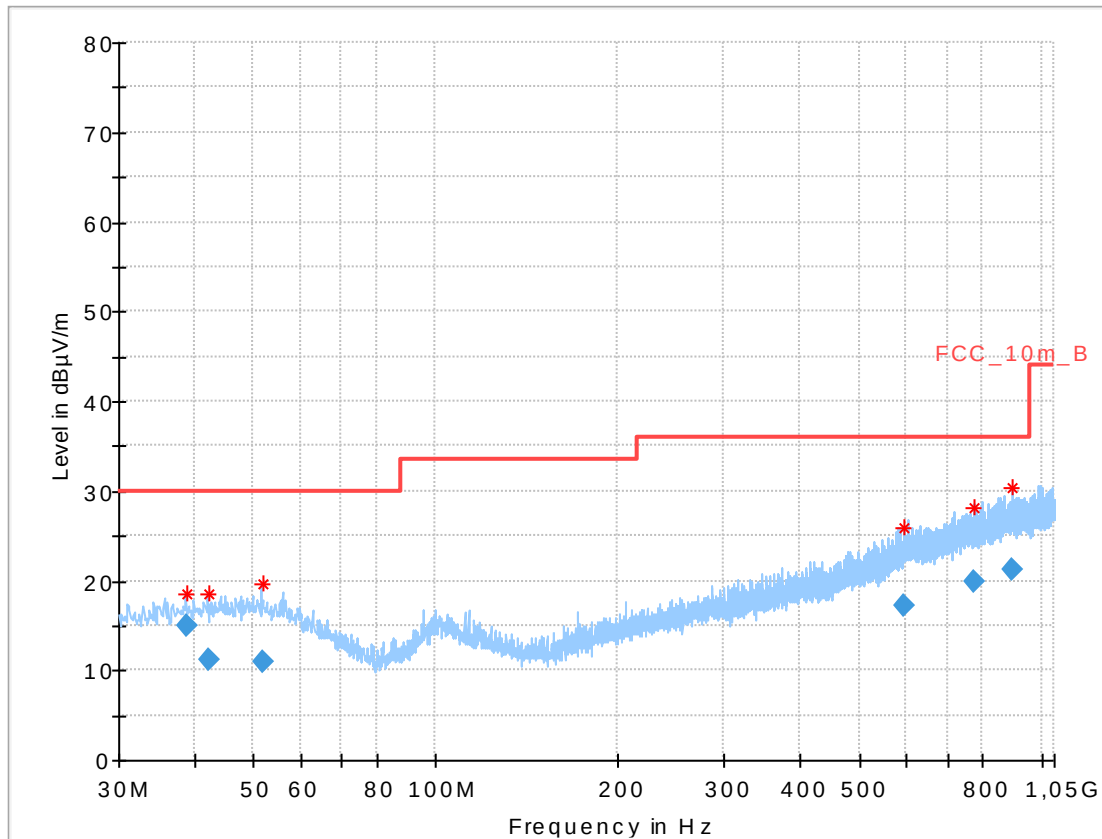
Plots: Transmit mode

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, TX mode, 2402 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

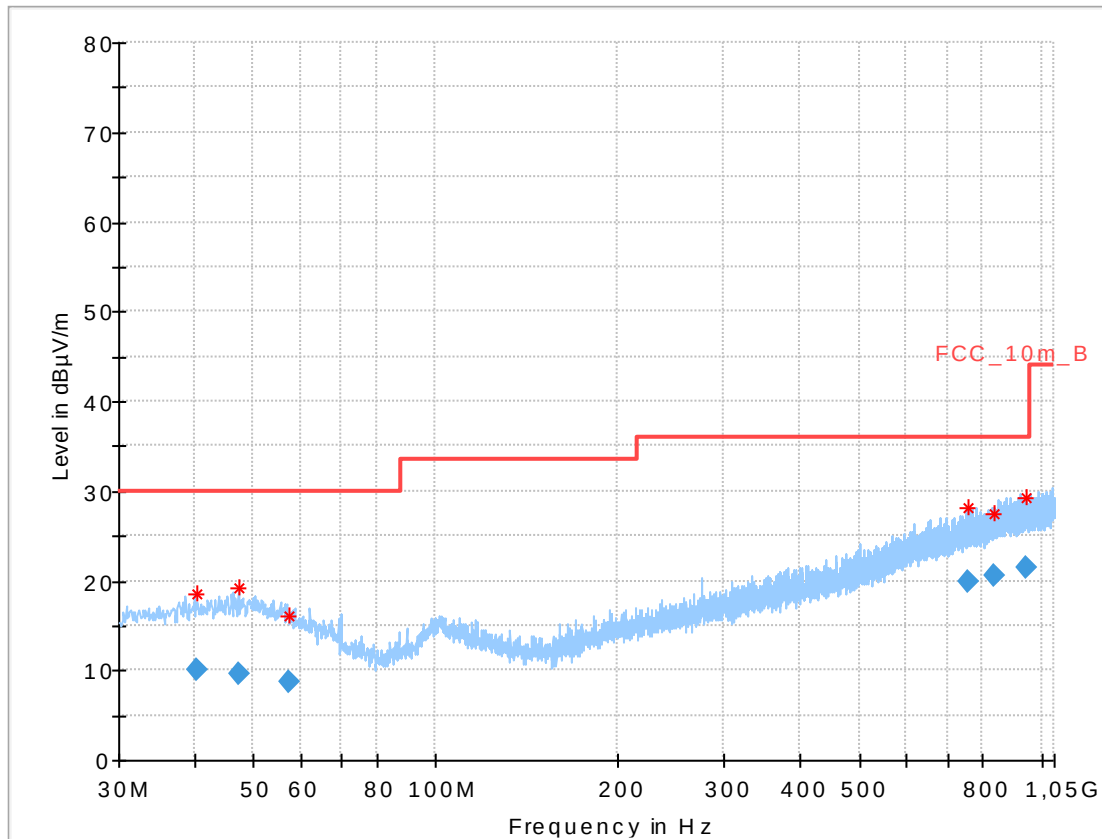


Final results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
38.661600	12.52	30.00	17.48	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	-10.0	13.1
42.558900	9.67	30.00	20.33	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	190.0	13.4
55.228650	9.62	30.00	20.38	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	100.0	13.0
718.839450	19.30	36.00	16.70	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	100.0	22.0
820.928400	20.35	36.00	15.65	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	190.0	23.1
929.984250	21.31	36.00	14.69	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	10.0	24.3

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, TX mode, 2440 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization**Final results:**

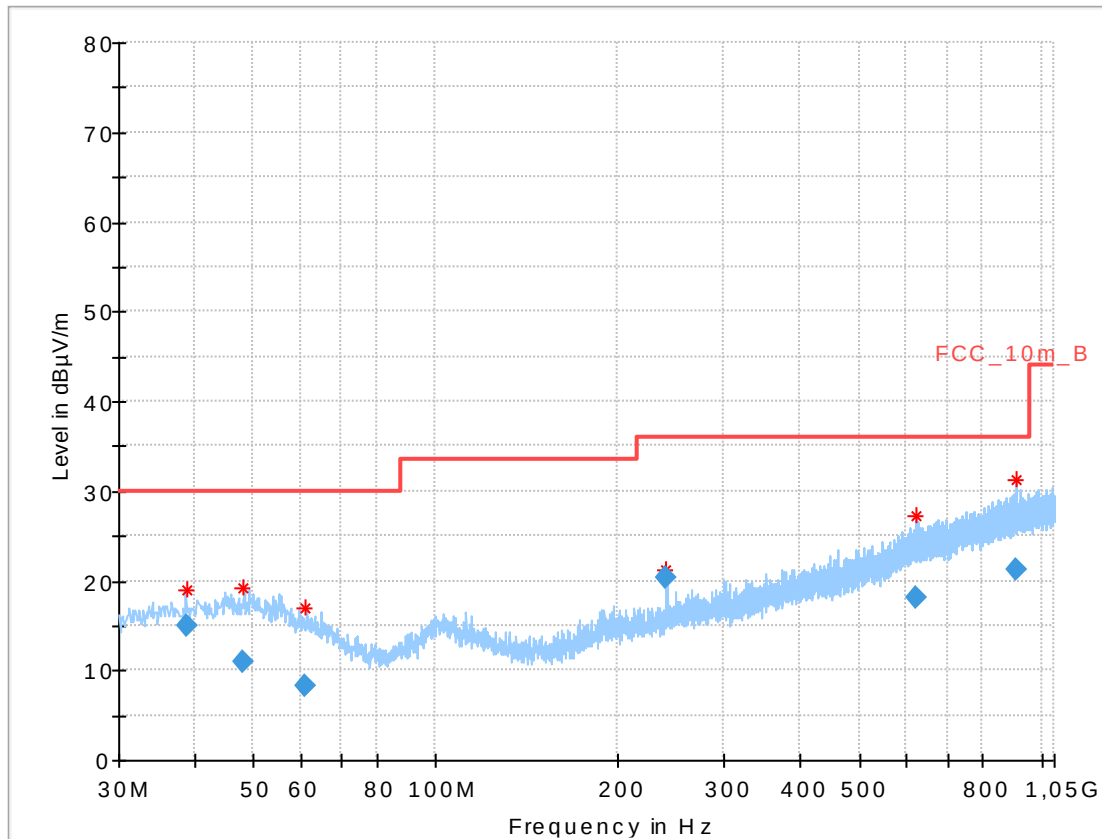
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
38.725500	14.89	30.00	15.11	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	261.0	13.1
42.361500	11.19	30.00	18.81	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	10.0	13.4
51.980250	10.87	30.00	19.13	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	81.0	13.5
592.313100	17.27	36.00	18.73	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	10.0	20.5
776.303550	19.84	36.00	16.16	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	170.0	22.7
893.911800	21.22	36.00	14.78	1000.0	120.000	101.0	H	280.0	24.1

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, TX mode, 2480 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
40.255950	10.06	30.00	19.94	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	260.0	13.2
47.386200	9.54	30.00	20.46	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	100.0	13.7
57.464250	8.74	30.00	21.26	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	10.0	12.5
754.109700	19.91	36.00	16.09	1000.0	120.000	98.0	H	10.0	22.7
834.047100	20.54	36.00	15.46	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	100.0	23.3
947.155650	21.35	36.00	14.65	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	81.0	24.3

Plots: Receiver mode

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, RX / idle – mode, vertical & horizontal polarization



Final results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
38.723400	14.93	30.00	15.07	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	260.0	13.1
48.034500	10.97	30.00	19.03	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	190.0	13.7
60.716250	8.33	30.00	21.67	1000.0	120.000	101.0	H	170.0	11.7
240.488250	20.44	36.00	15.56	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	-10.0	13.2
620.747100	18.14	36.00	17.86	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	190.0	20.9
911.132700	21.19	36.00	14.81	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	170.0	24.2

11.11 Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit frequencies are 2402 MHz, 2440 MHz and 2480 MHz. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / RMS
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	1 GHz to 26 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Measured modulation	GFSK
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 A (1 GHz - 18 GHz) See sub clause 6.3 A (18 GHz - 26 GHz)
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

The modulation with the highest output power was used to perform the transmitter spurious emissions. If spurious were detected a re-measurement was performed on the detected frequency with each modulation.

Limits:

FCC		IC
TX spurious emissions radiated		
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
Above 960	54.0 (Average)	3
Above 960	74.0 (Peak)	3

Results: Transmitter mode

TX spurious emissions radiated [dBµV/m]								
2402 MHz			2440 MHz			2480 MHz		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
4804	Peak	55.8	4880	Peak	53.8	All detected emissions are more than 10 dB below the limit.		
	AVG	39.3*		AVG	37.3*			
	Peak			Peak			Peak	
	AVG			AVG			AVG	
	Peak			Peak			Peak	
	AVG			AVG			AVG	

*) Average emission adjusting factor:

$$F = 20 * \log (\text{dwell time}^* / 100 \text{ ms})$$

*with TXon time as dwell time!

Bluetooth LE connected mode: Duty Cycle correction Scenarios

TX payload bytes	TX dwell time [ms]	TXon time [ms]	RX dwell time min [ms]	No of TX within 100 ms 100ms/(TxDwell + RxDwell)	min no of hopping channels (AFH)	max TX time [ms]/channel within 100ms	DC correction F [dB]	Scenario
37	0.625	0.376	0.625	80.0	2	15	-16.46	TX Packet. Rx =ACK
37	0.625	0.376	0.625	80.0	2	15	-16.46	TX Packet = RX Packet

Note: For BT LE the dwell time is a multiple of 0.625ms

Bluetooth LE Advertising mode:

Advertising is always in none Hopping mode.

A Bluetooth LE packet in advertising mode consists of:

Preamble (1 Byte)

Access Address (4 Bytes):always: 0x8E89BED6

PDU Header (2 Bytes)

PDU MAC address (6 Bytes)

PDU Data (0-31 Bytes) (connected undirected advertising (ADV_IND))

CRC (3 Bytes)

The maximum size of a complete advertising packet is 47 Bytes (376us)

Minimum possible advertising interval (per advertising channel): 20 ms

Duty cycle within 100ms: $5 * 0.376 \text{ ms} / 100 \text{ ms} = 0.0188 = 1.88\%$

Correction factor for average calculation:

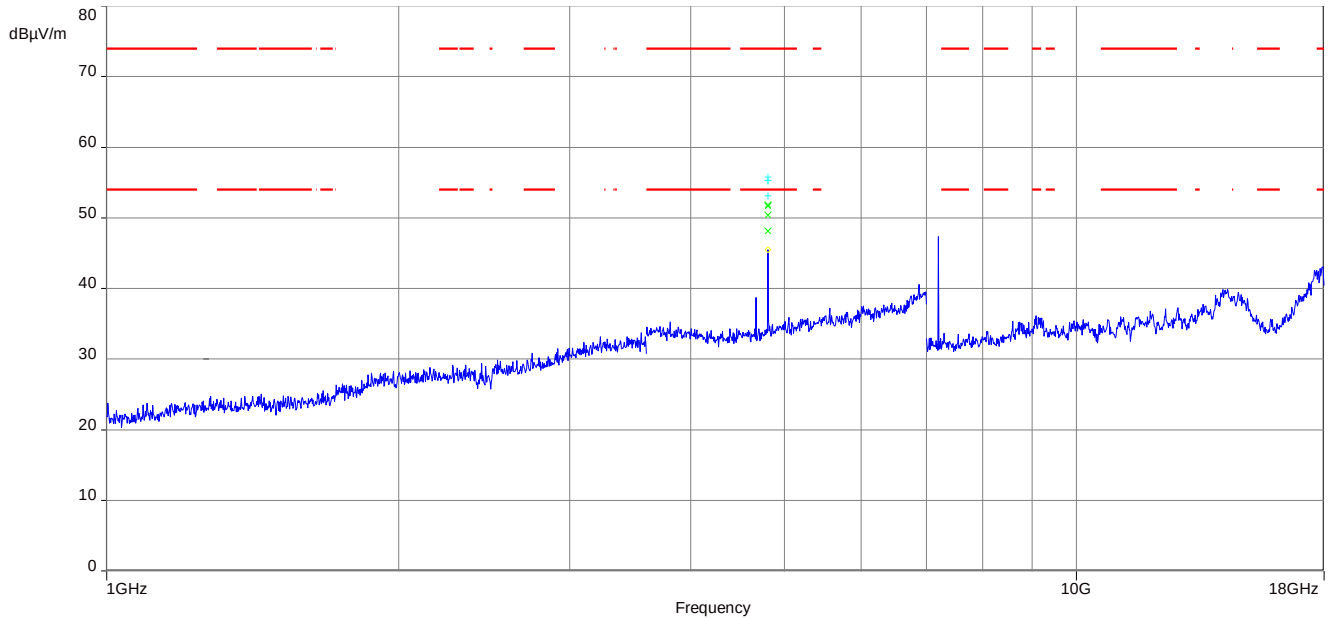
$$F = 20 * \log (0.0188) = -34.51 \text{ dB}$$

Results: Receiver mode

RX spurious emissions radiated [dBµV/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		
	Peak	
	AVG	

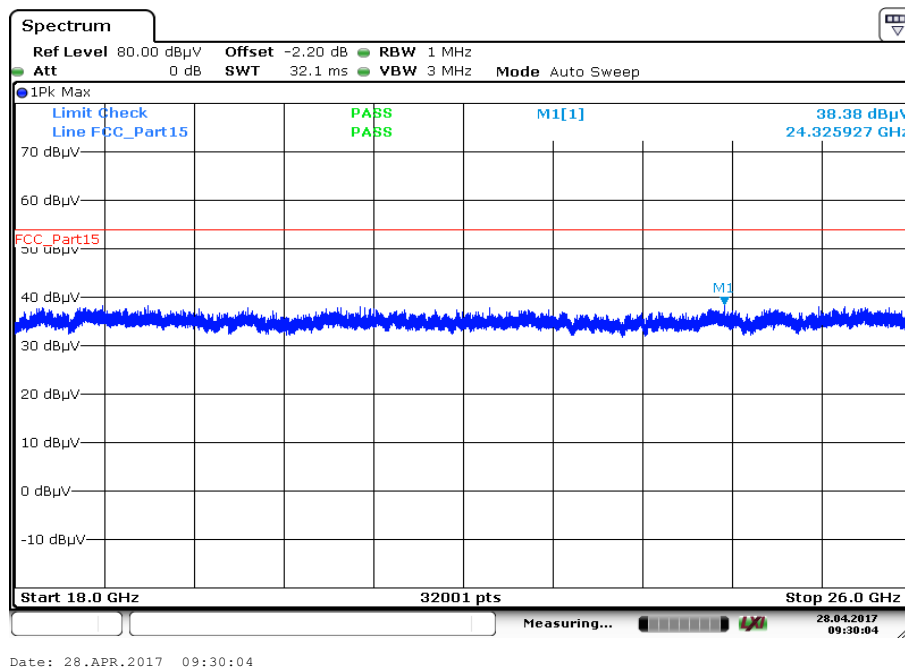
Plots: Transmitter mode

Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, TX mode, 2402 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

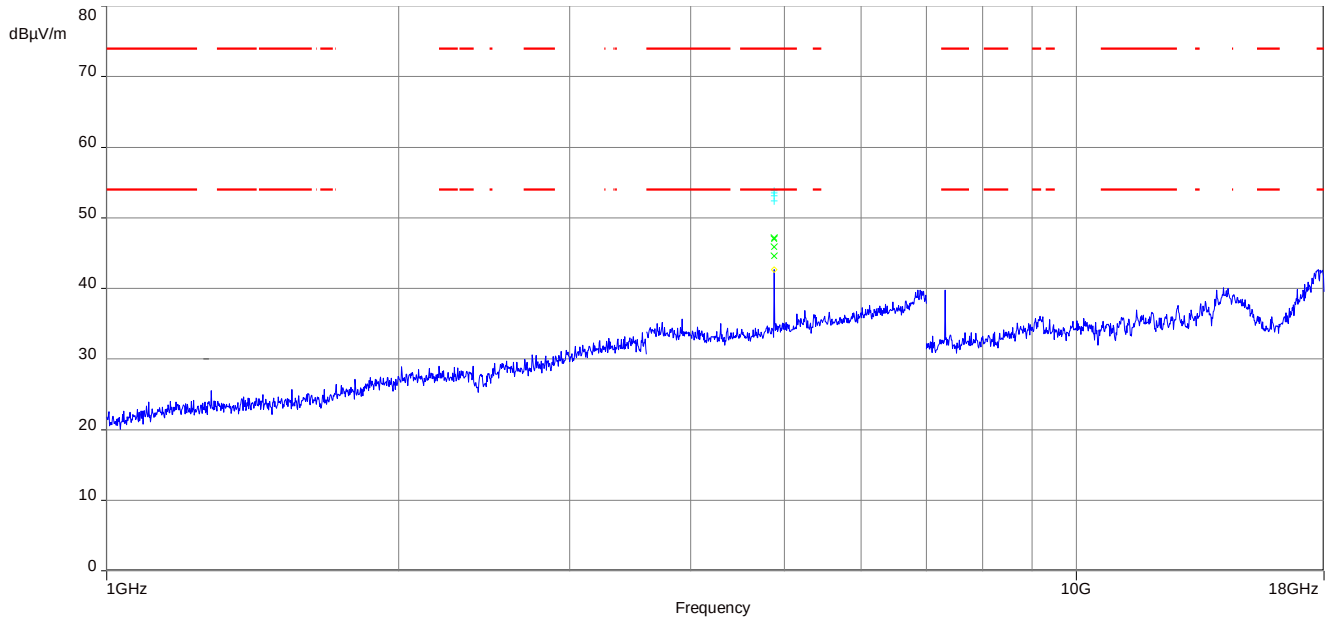


The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, TX mode, 2402 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

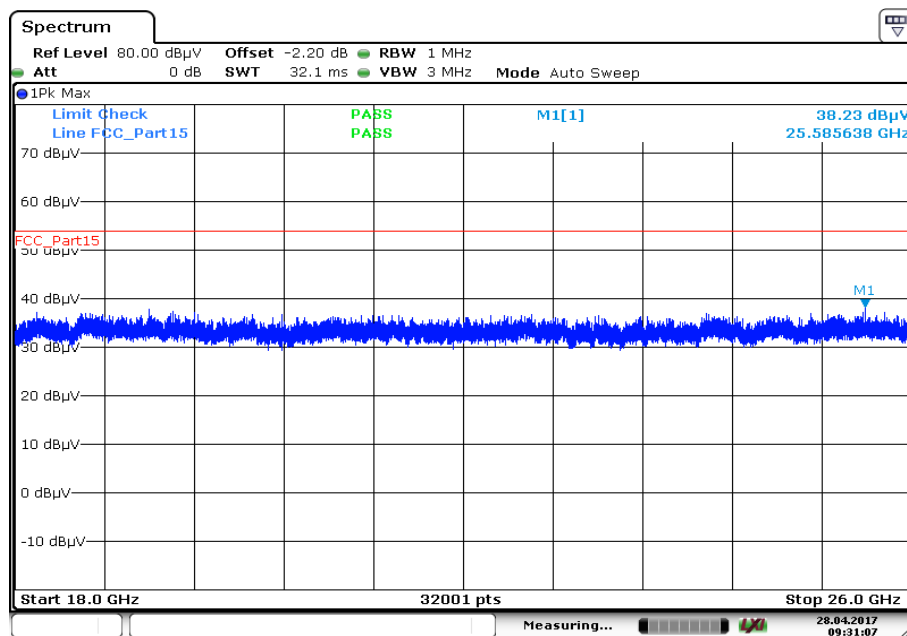


Plot 3: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, TX mode, 2440 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



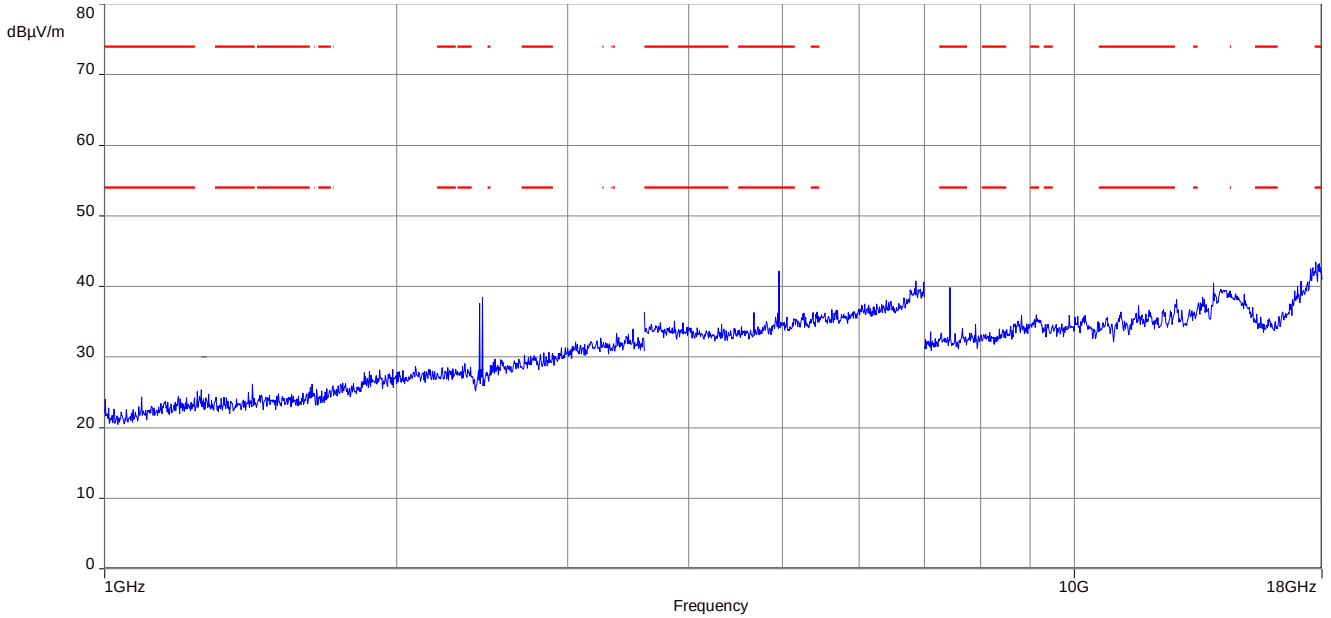
The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 4: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, TX mode, 2440 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



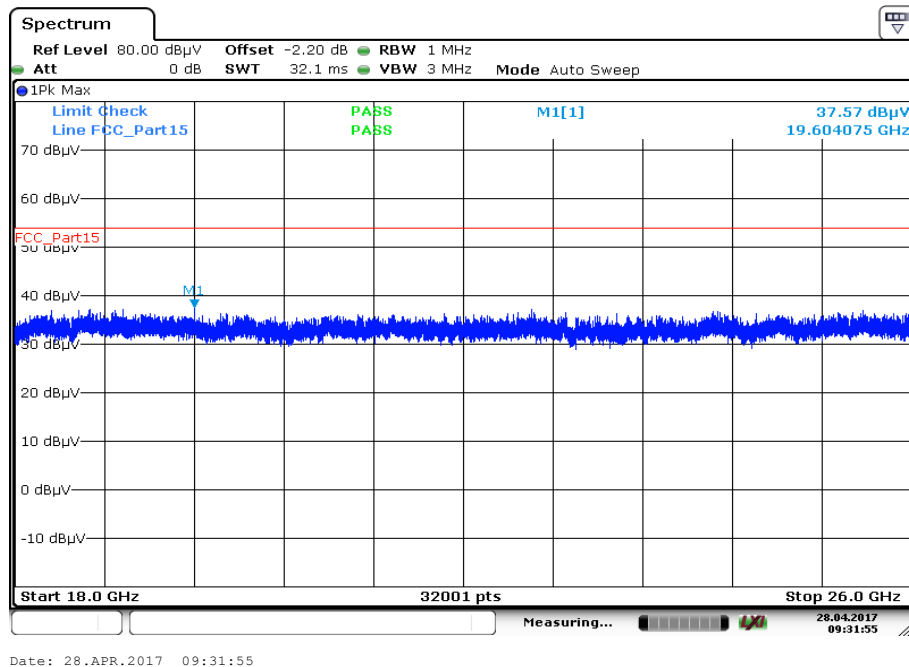
Date: 28.APR.2017 09:31:07

Plot 5: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, TX mode, 2480 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



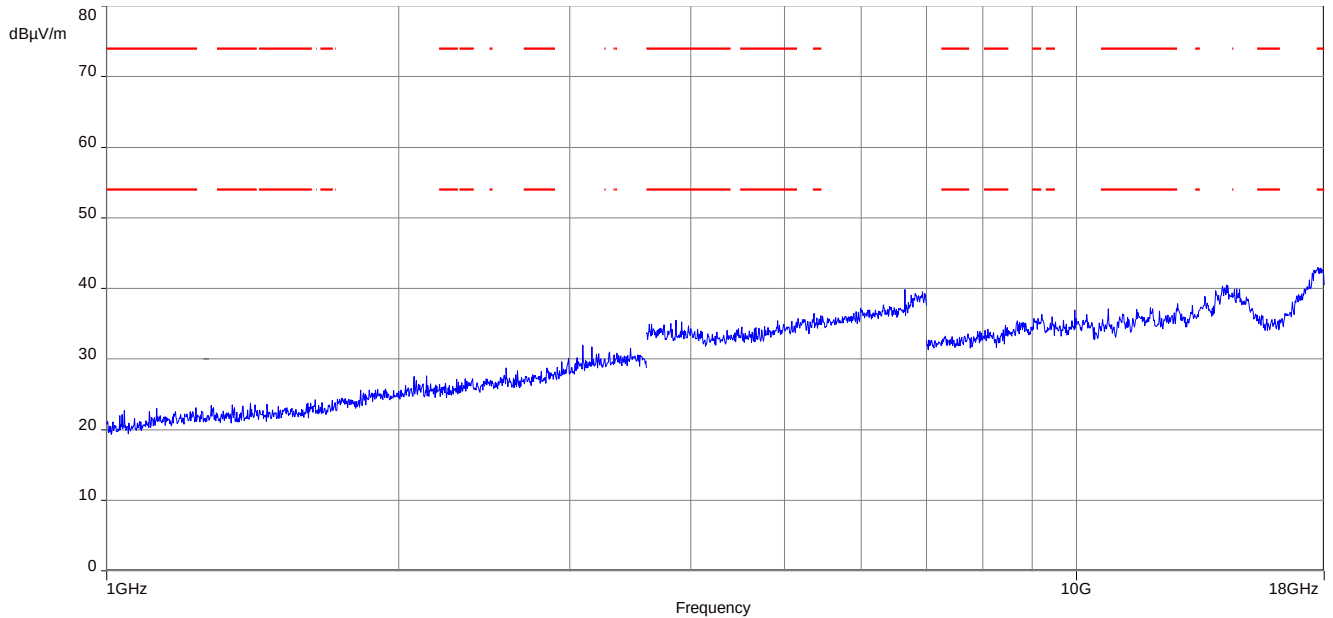
The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 6: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, TX mode, 2480 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

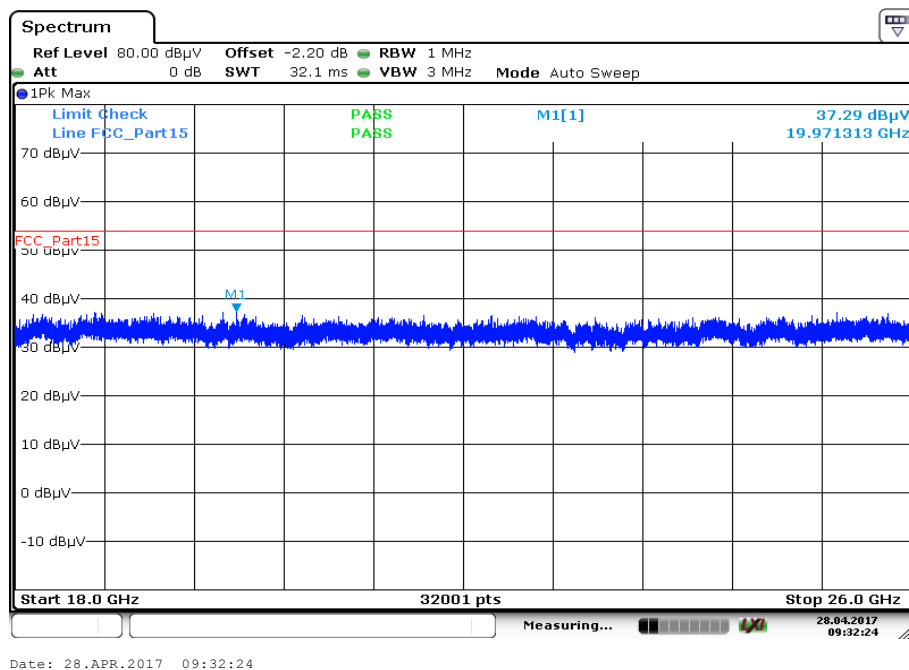


Plots: Receiver mode

Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, RX / idle – mode, vertical & horizontal polarization



Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, RX / idle – mode, vertical & horizontal polarization



12 Observations

No observations except those reported with the single test cases have been made.

Annex A Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
	Initial release	2017-04-28
A	HVIN and FVIN changed	2017-06-20
B	HVIN changed	2017-06-27

Annex B Further information

Glossary

AVG	-	Average
DUT	-	Device under test
EMC	-	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EN	-	European Standard
EUT	-	Equipment under test
ETSI	-	European Telecommunications Standard Institute
FCC	-	Federal Communication Commission
FCC ID	-	Company Identifier at FCC
HW	-	Hardware
IC	-	Industry Canada
Inv. No.	-	Inventory number
N/A	-	Not applicable
PP	-	Positive peak
QP	-	Quasi peak
S/N	-	Serial number
SW	-	Software
PMN	-	Product marketing name
HMN	-	Host marketing name
HVIN	-	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	-	Firmware version identification number
OBW		Occupied Bandwidth
OC		Operating Channel
OCW		Operating Channel Bandwidth
OOB		Out Of Band

Annex C Accreditation Certificate

first page

last page



Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Beliehung gemäß § 8 Absatz 1 AkkStelleG i.V.m. § 1 Absatz 1 AkkStelleGBV
 Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen
 von EA, ILAC und IAF zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung

Akkreditierung



Die Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH bestätigt hiermit, dass das Prüflaboratorium

CTC advanced GmbH
 Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken

die Kompetenz nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 besitzt, Prüfungen in folgenden Bereichen durchzuführen:

Funk
 Mobilfunk (GSM / DCS) + OTA
 Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV)
 Produktsicherheit
 SAR / EMF
 Umwelt
 Smart Card Technology
 Bluetooth®
 Automotive
 Wi-Fi-Services
 Kanadische Anforderungen
 US-Anforderungen
 Akustik
 Near Field Communication (NFC)

Die Akkreditierungsurkunde gilt nur in Verbindung mit dem Bescheid vom 25.11.2016 mit der Akkreditierungsnummer D-PL-12076-01 und ist gültig bis 17.01.2018. Sie besteht aus diesem Deckblatt, der Rückseite des Deckblatts und der folgenden Anlage mit insgesamt 63 Seiten.

Registrierungsnummer der Urkunde: D-PL-12076-01-01

Frankfurt, 25.11.2016

Stelle Minister auf der Rückseite

Im Auftrag Dipl.-Ing. (FH) Ralf Eigner
 Abteilungsleiter

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Note:

The current certificate including annex can be received on request.