TEST REPORT

Applicant:	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Address:	FLAT N 16/F BLOCK B UNIVERSAL INDUSTRIAL CENTRE 19-25 SHAN MEI STREET FOTAN NT HONGKONG
Equipment Type:	Mobile Phone
Model Name:	KN8
Brand Name:	TECNO
FCC ID:	2ADYY-KN8
Test Standard:	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C (refer to section 3.1)
Sample Arrival Date:	Dec. 19, 2025
Test Date:	Dec. 20, 2025 - Dec. 26, 2025
Date of Issue:	Jan. 22, 2026

ISSUED BY:

Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center

上海泰捷通信技术有限公司测试中心 Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co.,Ltd. Testing Center 检验检测专用章 Inspection & Testing Seal

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Zhang Rujie Hai Su Zhang Yanqing

Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions
Rev. 01	Jan. 22, 2026	Initial Issue

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center
Address	1-2/F., Building 1, No.222, Xuanlan Road, Xuanqiao, Pudong New District, Shanghai, China

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center
Location	1-2/F., Building 1, No.222, Xuanlan Road, Xuanqiao, Pudong New District, Shanghai, China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1352.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Address	FLAT N 16/F BLOCK B UNIVERSAL INDUSTRIAL CENTRE 19-25 SHAN MEI STREET FOTAN NT HONGKONG

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Address	FLAT N 16/F BLOCK B UNIVERSAL INDUSTRIAL CENTRE 19-25 SHAN MEI STREET FOTAN NT HONGKONG

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Mobile Phone
Model Name Under Test	KN8
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model name differentiation	N/A
Sample Number	SC-SH25C0080-S10(conducted) SC-SH25C0080-S15(radiated)
Hardware Version	N/A
Software Version	N/A
Dimensions (Approx.)	L: 167.9 mm* W: 79.3 mm* H: 8.37 mm
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

2.4 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	2G Network GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850/1900 MHz 3G Network WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Band 2/4/5 4G Network LTE FDD Band 2/4/5/7/12/13/17/66 LTE TDD Band 38/41/42/43/48 UL CA:CA_5B, CA_7C, CA_38C, CA_41C, CA_66C, CA_B2A-B4A, CA_B2A-B5A, CA_B2A-B7A, CA_B4A-B5A, CA_B4A-B7A, CA_B4A-B17A, CA_B7A-B5A 5G Network SA: n5/n7/n12/n38/n41/n48/n66/n77/n78 ENDC: DC_2A-n7A, DC_4A-n7A, DC_5A-n7A, DC_66A-n7A, DC_4A-n38A, DC_5A-n38A, DC_66A-n38A, DC_4A-n41A, DC_5A-n41A, DC_66A-n41A, DC_2A-n66A, DC_5A-n66A, DC_7A-n66A, DC_2A-n78A, DC_4A-n78A, DC_5A-n78A, DC_7A-n78A, DC_41A-n78A, DC_66A-n78A, DC_3A-n77A, DC_5A-n77A, DC_7A-n77A, DC_41A-n77A, DC_66A-n77A Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE) 2.4G WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20) 5G WIFI 802.11a, 802.11n(HT20/40), 802.11ac(VHT20/40/80) GPS, GLONASS, BDS, Galileo, SBAS, FM receiver, NFC

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	FHSS
Modulation Type	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK
Transfer Rate	DH5: 1 Mbps 2DH5: 2 Mbps 3DH5: 3 Mbps
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.
Number of Channel	79 (at intervals of 1 MHz)
Tested Channel	0 (2402 MHz), 39 (2441 MHz), 78 (2480 MHz)
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	-1 dBi
Antenna Impedance	50Ω
Antenna System (MIMO Smart Antenna)	N/A

All channel was listed on the following table:

Channel number	Freq. (MHz)	Channel number	Freq. (MHz)	Channel number	Freq. (MHz)	Channel number	Freq. (MHz)
0	**2402**	21	2423	42	2444	63	2465
1	2403	22	2424	43	2445	64	2466
2	2404	23	2425	44	2446	65	2467
3	2405	24	2426	45	2447	66	2468
4	2406	25	2427	46	2448	67	2469
5	2407	26	2428	47	2449	68	2470
6	2408	27	2429	48	2450	69	2471
7	2409	28	2430	49	2451	70	2472
8	2410	29	2431	50	2452	71	2473
9	2411	30	2432	51	2453	72	2474
10	2412	31	2433	52	2454	73	2475
11	2413	32	2434	53	2455	74	2476
12	2414	33	2435	54	2456	75	2477
13	2415	34	2436	55	2457	76	2478
14	2416	35	2437	56	2458	77	2479
15	2417	36	2438	57	2459	**78**	**2480**
16	2418	37	2439	58	2460	-	-
17	2419	38	2440	59	2461	-	-
18	2420	**39**	**2441**	60	2462	-	-
19	2421	40	2442	61	2463	-	-
20	2422	41	2443	62	2464	-	-

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment
2	ANSI C63.10-2020	American National Standard for Procedures For Compliance Testing Of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
3	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules

3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	ISED Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict	Remark
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	N/A	N/A	--	Pass	Note [1]
2	Number of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(a)	N/A	Hopping Mode	ANNEX A.1	Pass	Note [2]
3	Peak Output Power	15.247(b)	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.2	Pass	--
4	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.3	Pass	Note [2]
5	Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247(a)	N/A	Hopping Mode	ANNEX A.4	Pass	Note [2]
6	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	15.247(a)	N/A	Hopping Mode	ANNEX A.5	Pass	Note [2]
7	Conducted Spurious Emission & Authorized-band band-edge	15.247(d)	N/A	Hopping Mode, Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.6	Pass	Note [2]
8	Conducted Emission	15.207	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.7	Pass	Note [2]
9	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	N/A	Hopping Mode, Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.8	Pass	Note [2]
10	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	N/A	Hopping Mode, Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.9	Pass	Note [2]

Note [1]: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

Note [2]: π/4-DQPSK is the EDR 2M rate mode, 8-DPSK is the EDR 3M rate mode. The consistency of test results in π/4-DQPSK and 8-DPSK is very high. So we chose 8-DPSK as a typical representative to appear on the report. Another we will show all the modes on the RF output power test item.

4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	50% to 58%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+20.7°C to +22.8°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.92V

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	BH-EMC-L066	2025.02.12	2026.02.11
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	BH-EMC-L099	2025.02.12	2026.02.11
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3710E	BH-EMC-L131	2025.02.12	2026.02.11
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	BH-EMC-L094	2025.02.11	2026.02.10
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	BH-EMC-L015	2025.07.04	2026.07.03
Test Antenna-Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519 B	BH-EMC-L067	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Test Antenna-Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	BH-EMC-L008	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Test Antenna-Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	BH-EMC-L044	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Test Antenna-Horn (18-40 GHz)	A-INFO	LB-180400-KF	BH-EMC-L061	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Anechoic Chamber	YiHeng	9m*6m*6m	BH-EMC-L001	2024.04.18	2027.04.17
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	BH-EMC-L127	2025.02.12	2026.02.11
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	BH-EMC-L011	2025.02.11	2026.02.10
10dB Limiter	SCHWARZBECK	VTSD 9561-F	BH-EMC-L014	2025.02.11	2026.02.10
Shielded Room	YiHeng	5m*4m*3.2m	BH-EMC-L006	2024.02.22	2027.02.21

4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable Test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.496	N/A	The section 4.6.1
BL410E	BALUN	V21.919	N/A	The section 4.6.2&4.6.3&4.6.4&4.6.5

4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.
This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.40 %
RF output power, conducted	0.41 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.74 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.74 dB
All emissions, radiated	3.70 dB
Temperature	0.82 °C
Humidity	4.08 %

4.5 Decision Rule

☐ No Need

☒ Use General conformity decision rule (Consider uncertainty or not ☒No ☐Yes)

☐ Use Special Conformity Decision Rule (Consider uncertainty or not ☐No ☐Yes)

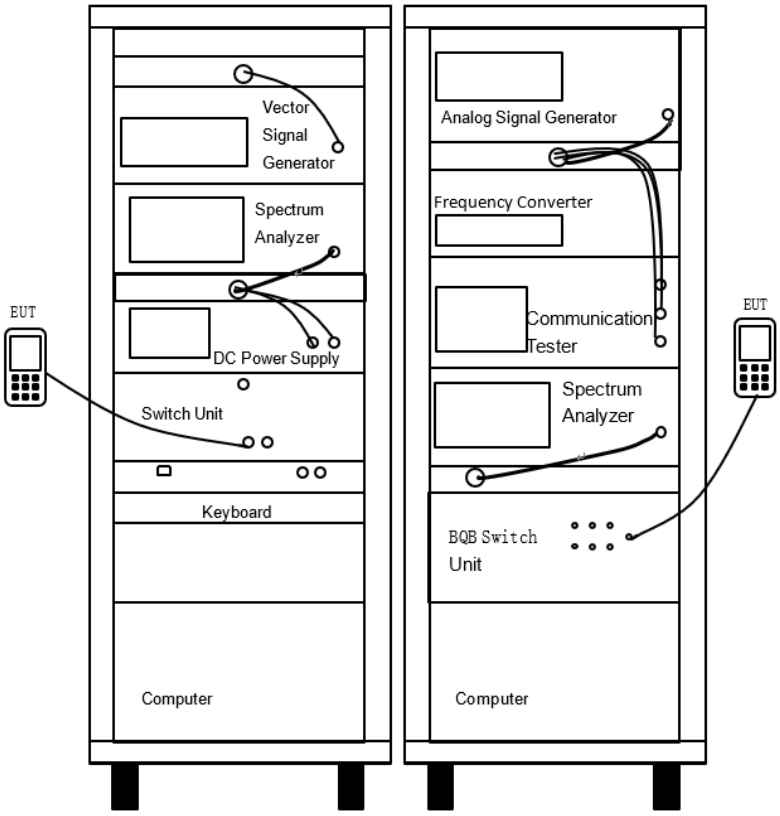
4.6 Description of Test Setup

4.6.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

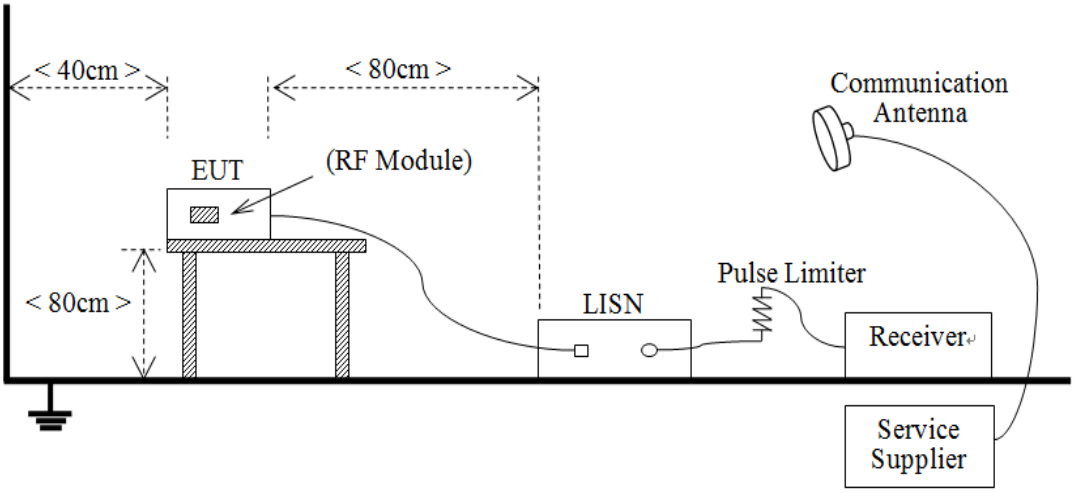
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5 dB used, then the final result of EUT:

Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



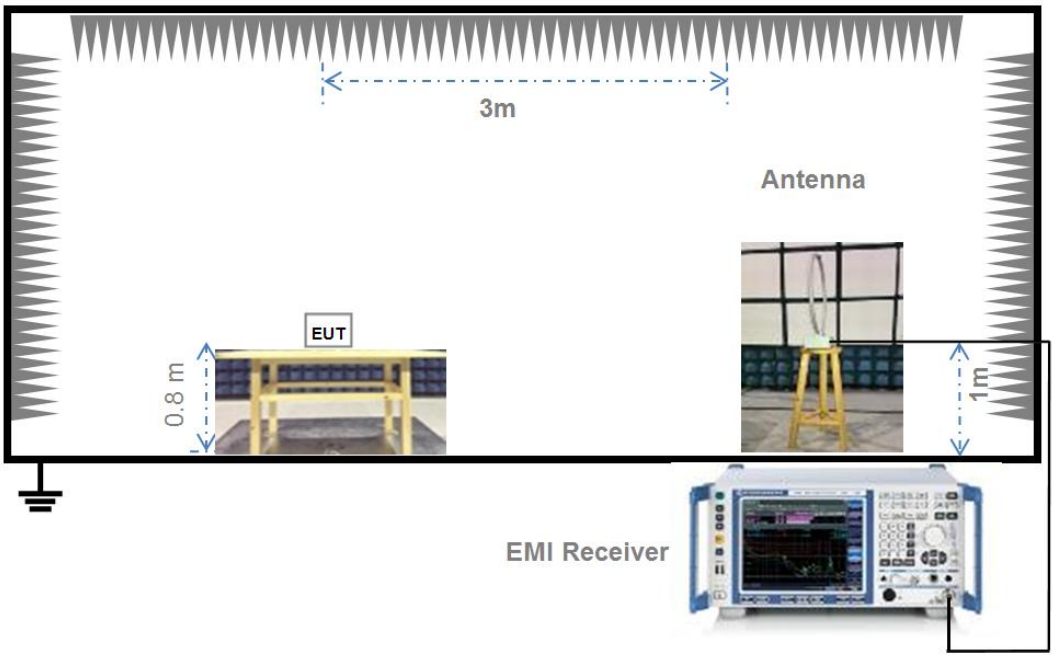
(Diagram 1)

4.6.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



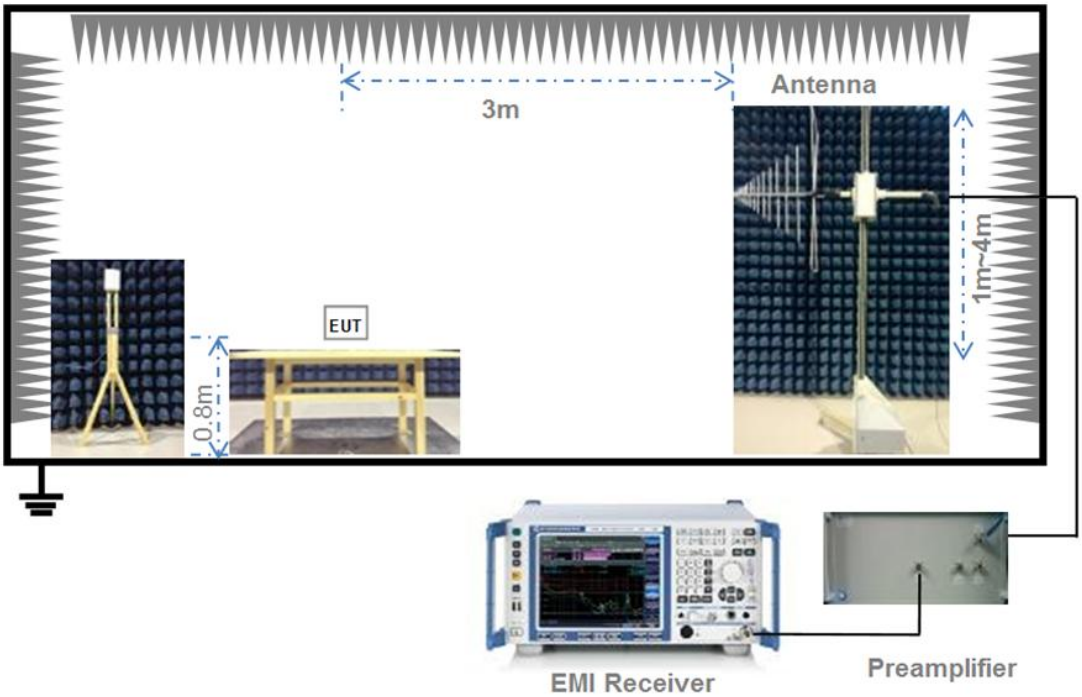
(Diagram 2)

4.6.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



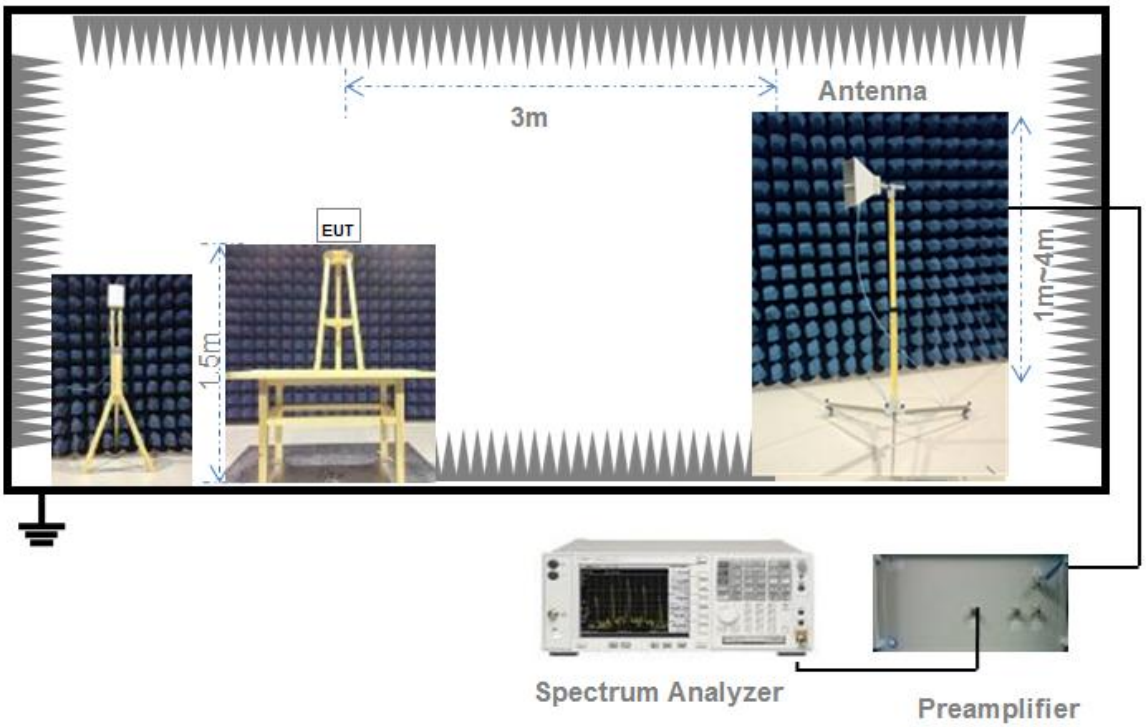
(Diagram 3)

4.6.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.6.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

4.7 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.7.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.
The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.
Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

5.2 Frequency Hopping Systems

5.2.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv); FCC §15.247(g); FCC §15.247(h)

Describe how the hopping sequence is generated. Provide an example of the hopping sequence channels, to demonstrate that the sequence meets the requirement specified in the definition of an FHSS system. Per the definition in Section 2.1(c), the hop set shall appear as random in the near term, shall appear as evenly distributed in the long term, and sequential hops shall be randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change.

Describe how each individual EUT meets the requirement that each of its hopping channels is used equally on average (e.g., that each new transmission event begins on the next channel in the hopping sequence after the final channel used in the previous transmission event).

Describe how the associated receiver(s) complies with the requirement that the input bandwidth (either RF or IF) matches the bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Describe how the associated receiver(s) has the ability to shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

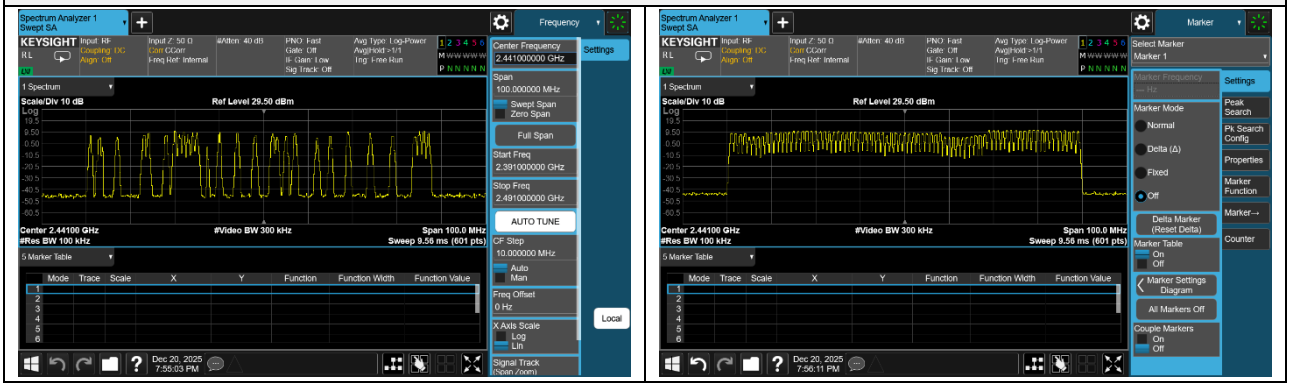
For short burst systems, describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that it be designed to be capable of operating as a true frequency hopping system. Specifically, the device shall comply with the equal frequency use and pseudorandom hopping sequence requirement when transmitting in short bursts, and shall be designed to comply when presented with continuous data (or information) stream.

Describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that it not have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.

5.2.2 Description of the systems

1. According to the preset procedure of the whole network, all the stations in the automatic control network synchronously change the frequency multiple times within one second, and temporarily stay on each frequency hopping channel. Periodic synchronization signaling is sent from the primary station, instructing all slaves to simultaneously change the operating frequency, then the hopping sequence is generated.
2. The hop set shall appear as random in the near term, shall appear as evenly distributed in the long term, and sequential hops shall be randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change.

Reference Documents



3. Channels are classified into two categories, used and unused, where used channels are part of the hopping sequence and unused channels are replaced in the hopping sequence by used channels in a pseudo-random way. Make each individual EUT meets the requirement that each of its hopping channels is used equally on average.
4. The input bandwith and transmitted bandwith are both 1MHz, the associated receiver(s) complies with the requirement that the input bandwidth matches the bandwidth of the transmitted signal.
5. Connected devices communicate on the same physical channel by synchronizing with a common clock and hopping sequence.
6. EUT isn't short burst systems.
7. EUT can't have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort.

5.3 Number of Hopping Frequencies

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii)

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = The frequency band of operation

RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.

5.4 Peak Output Power

5.4.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The Module operates at hopping-off test mode. The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to verify the conducted RF output peak power of the Module.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.

5.5 Occupied Bandwidth

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Measurement of the 20dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate, Allow the trace to stabilize.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

5.6 Carrier Frequency Separation

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 2/3 of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) ≥ 1% of the span

Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.

5.7 Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400 MHz - 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel
RBW shall be ≤ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel
Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel
Detector function: Peak
Trace: Max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

The average time of occupancy on any channel within the Period can be calculated with formulas:
For GFSK and 8-DPSK:
For DH1 package type
{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (1600 / 2) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}
{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}
For DH3 package type
{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (1600 / 4) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}
{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}
For DH5 package type
{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (1600 / 6) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}
{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}
For AFH Mode:
For DH1 package type
{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (800 / 2) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}

{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}
For DH3 package type
{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (800 / 4) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}
{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}
For DH5 package type
{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (800 / 6) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}
{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}

The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to record the dwell time of each occupation measured in this channel, which is called Pulse Time here.

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.

5.8 Conducted Spurious Emission & Authorized-band band-edge

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.
RBW = 100 kHz
VBW = 300 kHz
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold
Allow the trace to stabilize

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.

5.9 Conducted Emission

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50μH/50Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBμV)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.
Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.

5.10 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.10.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. Field Strength (dBμV/m) = 20*log[Field Strength (μV/m)].
2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
4. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.10.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.3 to 4.6.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.10.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz
VBW ≥ RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold
For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

5.10.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.

5.11 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.11.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.11.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.3 to 4.6.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.11.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz
VBW ≥ RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

5.11.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.9.

ANNEX A TEST RESULT

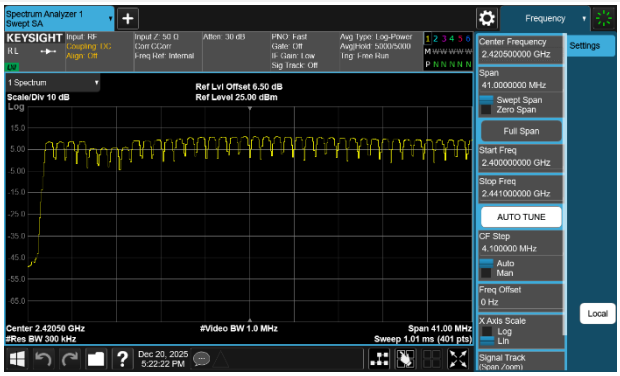
A.1 Number of Hopping frequencies

Test Data

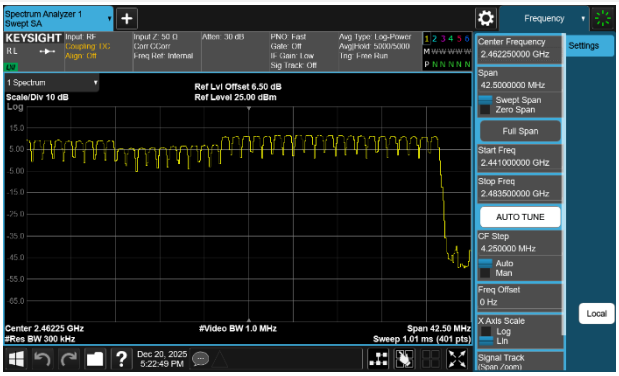
Test Mode	Frequency Block (MHz)	Measured Channel Numbers	Min. Limit	Verdict
GFSK	2400 - 2483.5	79	15	Pass
8-DPSK	2400 - 2483.5	79	15	Pass

Test Plots

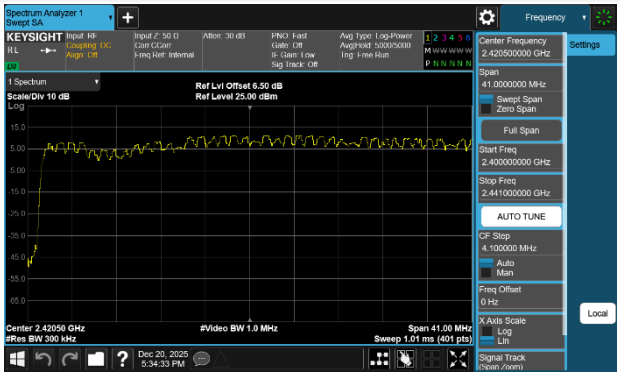
GFSK 2.4 GHz ~ 2.4415 GHz



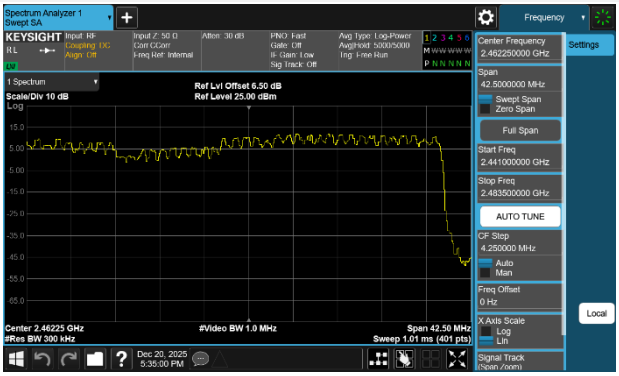
GFSK 2.4415 GHz ~ 2.4835 GHz



8-DPSK 2.4 GHz ~ 2.4415 GHz



8-DPSK 2.4415 GHz ~ 2.4835 GHz



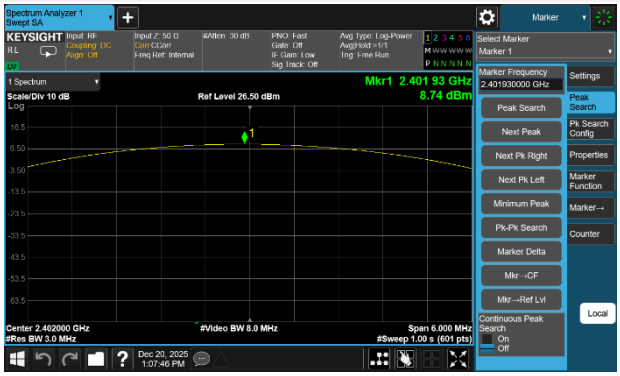
A.2 Peak Output Power

Peak Power Test Data

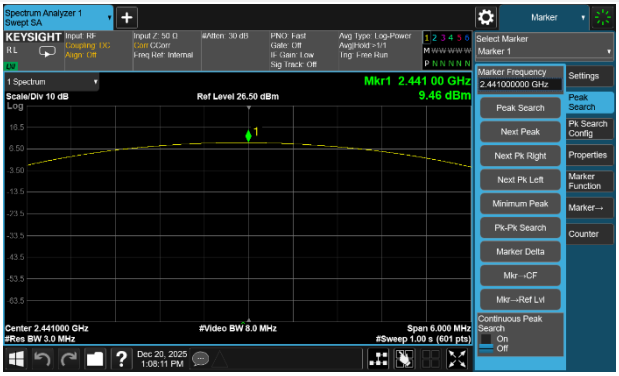
Channel	Measured Output Peak Power						Limit		Verdict
	GFSK		π/4-DQPSK		8-DPSK		dBm	mW	
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	dBm	mW			
Low	8.74	7.48	7.99	6.30	8.00	6.31	21	125	Pass
Middle	9.46	8.83	9.62	9.16	9.62	9.16			Pass
High	11.11	12.91	11.22	13.24	11.22	13.24			Pass

Test Plots

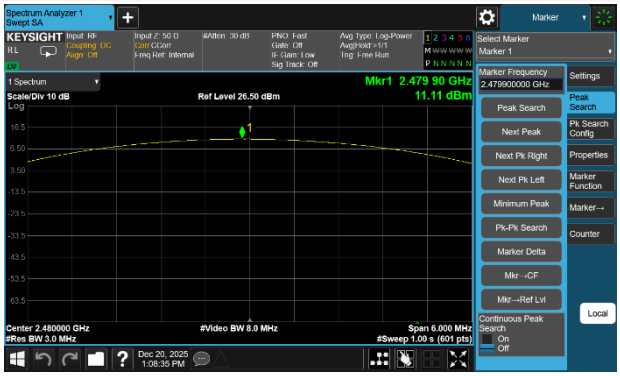
GFSK LOW CHANNEL



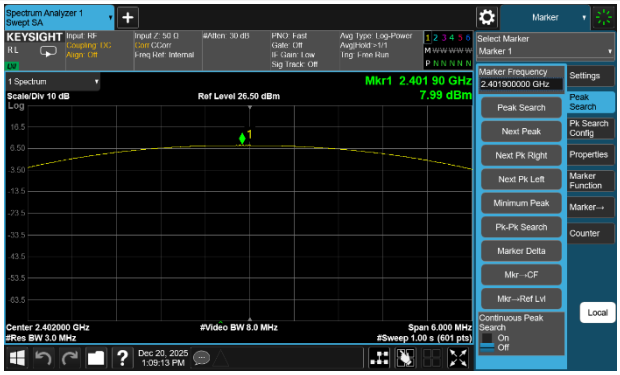
GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



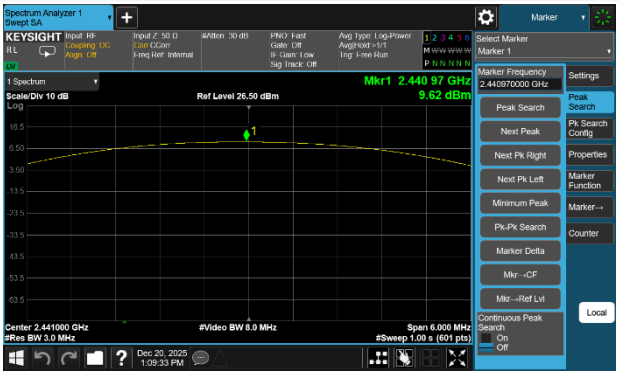
GFSK HIGH CHANNEL



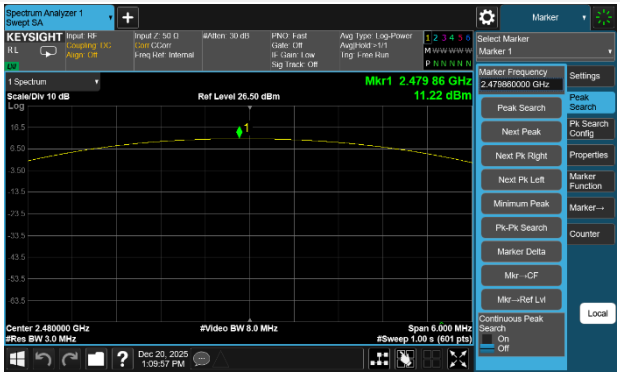
π/4-DQPSK LOW CHANNEL



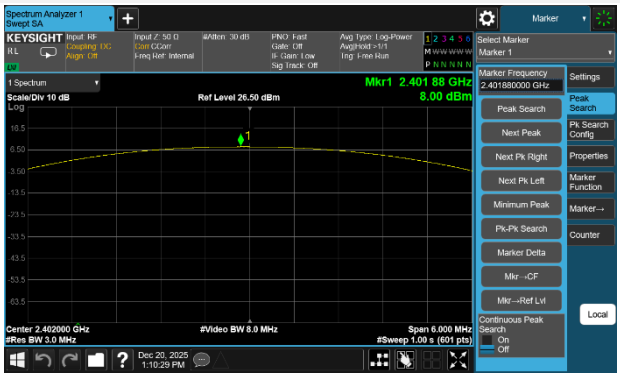
π/4-DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



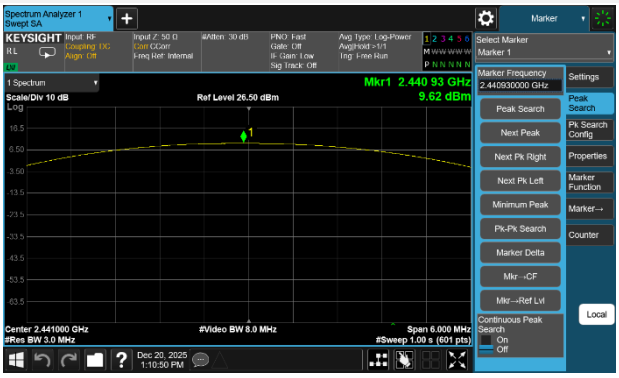
π/4-DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



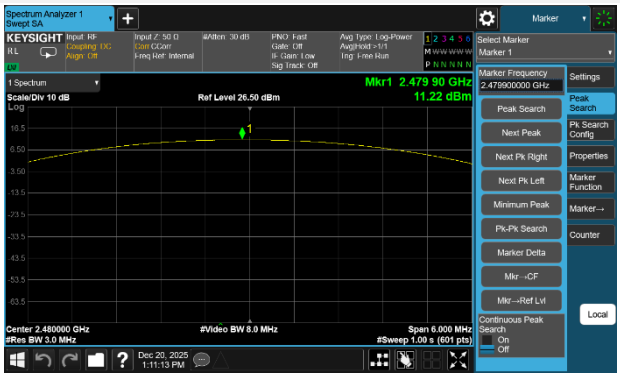
8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL



8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL



A.3 Occupied Bandwidth

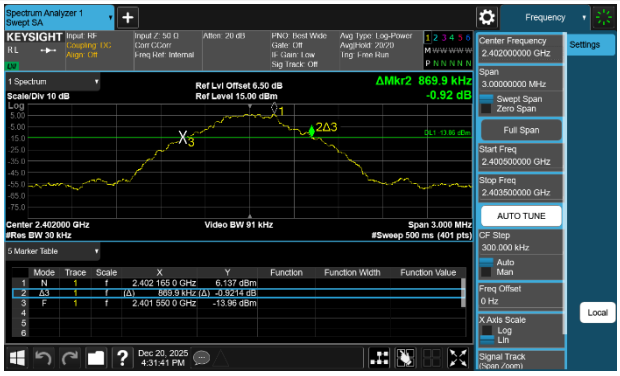
Test Data

GFSK		
Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	0.870	0.754
Middle	0.870	0.756
High	0.870	0.757
π/4-DQPSK		
Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	1.267	1.142
Middle	1.267	1.147
High	1.267	1.147
8-DPSK		
Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	1.260	1.148
Middle	1.260	1.147
High	1.260	1.148

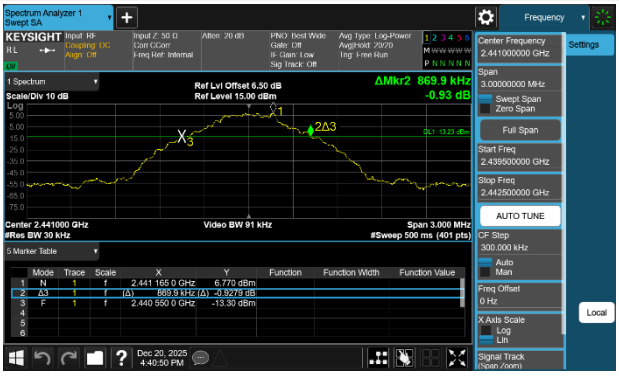
Test Plots

20 dB Bandwidth

GFSK LOW CHANNEL



GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK HIGH CHANNEL

π/4-DQPSK LOW CHANNEL

π/4-DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

π/4-DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL

8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL

8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL

99% Bandwidth

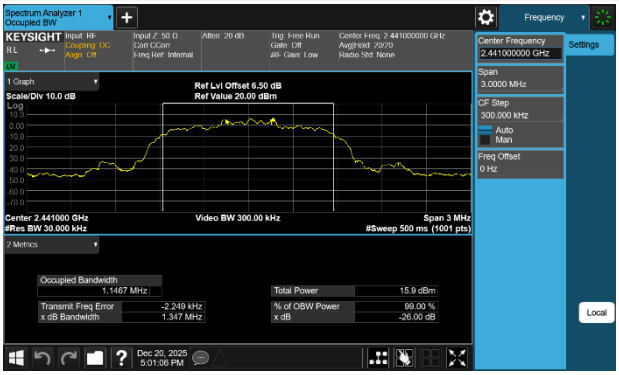
GFSK LOW CHANNEL

GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

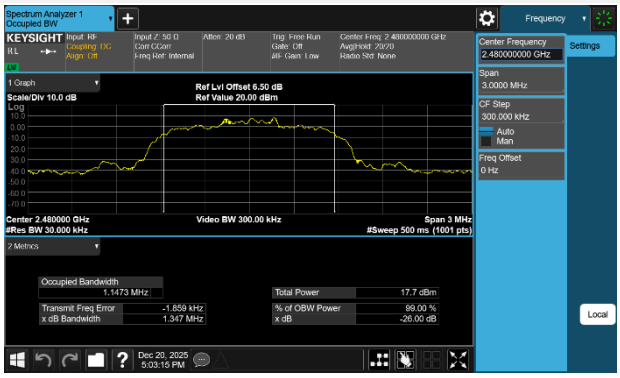
GFSK HIGH CHANNEL

π/4-DQPSK LOW CHANNEL

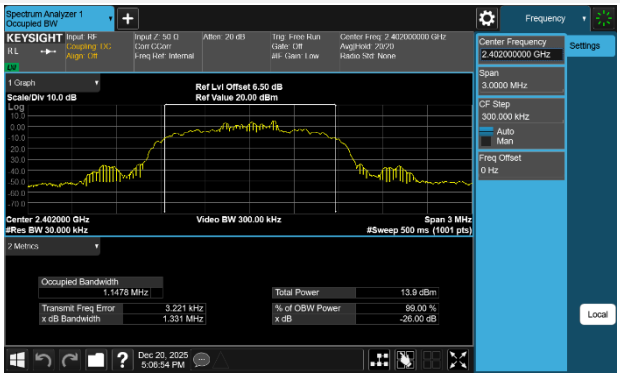
π/4-DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



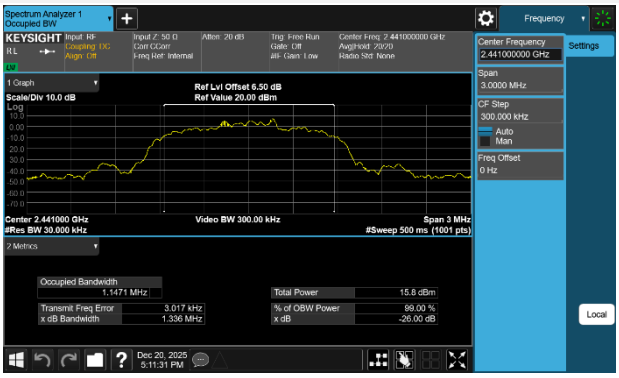
π/4-DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



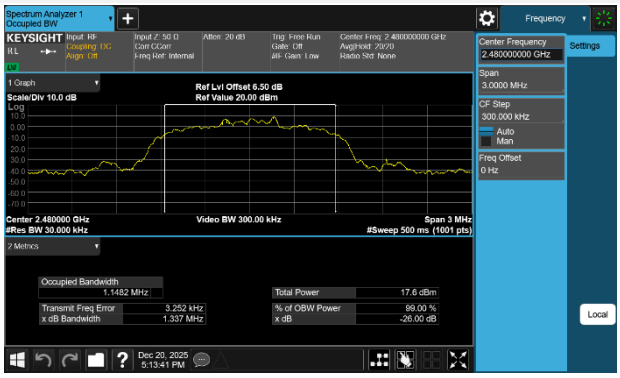
8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL



8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL



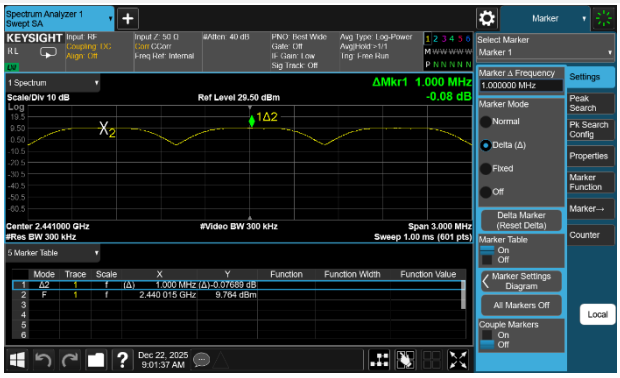
A.4 Carrier Frequency Separation

Test Data

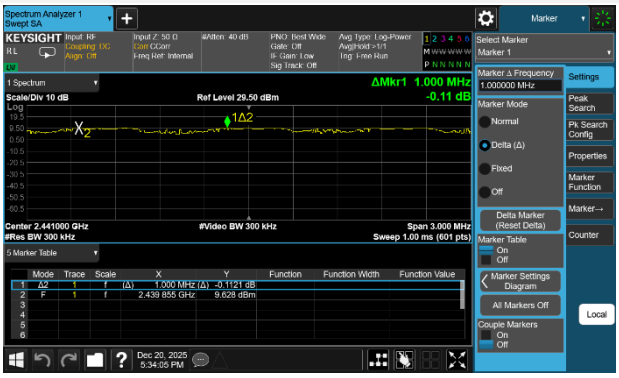
Mode	Frequency separation (MHz)	2/3 of the 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Verdict
GFSK	1.000	0.580	Pass
8-DPSK	1.000	0.840	Pass

Test Plots

GFSK



8-DPSK



A.5 Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)

Test Data

GFSK				
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
DH 1	0.373	119.456	0.4	Pass
DH 3	1.627	260.320	0.4	Pass
DH 5	2.858	304.853	0.4	Pass
8-DPSK				
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
DH 1	0.382	122.144	0.4	Pass
DH 3	1.633	261.280	0.4	Pass
DH 5	2.882	307.413	0.4	Pass
AFH Mode				
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
DH 1	0.368	58.928	0.4	Pass
DH 3	1.627	130.160	0.4	Pass
DH 5	2.870	153.067	0.4	Pass