

FCC SAR Compliance Test Report

For

TECNO MOBILE LIMITED

ROOMS 05-15, 13A/F., SOUTH TOWER, WORLD FINANCE CENTRE, HARBOUR CITY, 17

CANTON ROAD, TSIM SHA TSUI, KOWLOON, HONG KONG

Model: W5

Test Engineer: Stars Liang

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Modified History

REV.	Modification Description	Issued Date	Remark
REV.1.0	Initial Test Report Relesse	2016-10-20	Hank Huang

1 General information**1.1 Notes**

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. Shenzhen Timeway Testing Laboratories does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report is not to be reproduced or published in full without the prior written permission.

1.2 Application details

Date of receipt of test item: 2016-10-05
Start of test: 2016-10-06
End of test: 2016-10-18

1.3 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for W5 is as below:

Band	Position	MAX Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
GSM850	Head	0.031
	Body-Worn	0.428
	Hotspot 10mm	0.441
GSM1900	Head	0.367
	Body-Worn	0.463
	Hotspot 10mm	0.538
UMTS Band II	Head	0.351
	Body-Worn	0.716
	Hotspot 10mm	0.678
UMTS Band IV	Head	0.545
	Body-Worn	0.772
	Hotspot 10mm	0.703
UMTS Band V	Head	0.032
	Body-Worn	0.060
	Hotspot 10mm	0.055
LTE Band II	Head	0.181
	Body-Worn	0.445
	Hotspot 10mm	0.557
LTE Band IV	Head	0.441
	Body-Worn	0.595
	Hotspot 10mm	0.426
LTE Band V	Head	0.025
	Body-Worn	0.213
	Hotspot 10mm	0.209
Wi-Fi 2450	Head	0.551
	Body-Worn	0.132
	Hotspot 10mm	0.142
The highest simultaneous SAR is 1.096W/kg per KDB690783 D01		

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled

environment, according to the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

1.4 EUT Information

Device Information:			
Product Type:	Mobile phone		
Model:	W5		
Device Type:	Portable device		
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled environment / general population		
Production Unit or Identical Prototype:	Production Unit		
Hardware version:	V1.2		
Software version :	W5-H373D1-M-160802V1		
Antenna Type :	Internal Antenna		
Device Operating Configurations:			
Supporting Mode(s) :	GSM850,PCS1900, UMTS Band II , UMTS Band IV, UMTS Band V,LTE Band II, LTE Band IV, LTE Band V, Wi-Fi , BT		
Modulation:	GSM(GMSK),UMTS(QPSK/16QAM),LTE(QPSK/16QAM), WiFi(OFDM/CCK),BT(GFSK/π/4-DQPSK/ 8-DPSK)		
Device Class :	Class B, No DTM Mode		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	Band	TX(MHz)	RX(MHz)
	GSM850	824~849	869~894
	GSM1900	1850~1910	1930~1990
	UMTS Band II	1850~1910	1930~1990
	UMTS Band IV	1710-1755	2110-2155
	UMTS Band V	824~840	869~894
	LTE Band II	1850~1900	1930~1980
	LTE Band IV	1710~1745	2110~2145
	LTE Band V	824~849	869~894
	Wi-Fi	2412~2462	2412~2462
	BT	2402~2480	2402~2480
GPRS class level:	GPRS class 12		
Test Channels (low-mid-high):	128-190-251(GSM850)		
	512-661-810(GSM1900)		
	9262-9400-9538(UMTS Band II)		
	1312-1413-1513(UMTS Band IV)		
	4132-4182-4233(UMTS Band V)		
	18700-18900-19100(LTE Band II)		
	20050-20300-20175(LTE Band IV)		

	20450-20525-20600(LTE Band V)
	1-6-11 (Wi-Fi)
	0-39-78(BT)
Power Source:	3.8 VDC/3000mAh/3250(min/typ) Rechargeable Battery

2 Testing laboratory

Test Site	QTC Certification & Testing Co., Ltd.
Test Location	2nd Floor, BI Building, Fengyeyuan Industrial Plant, Liuxian 2st. Road, Xin'an Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, 518000
Telephone	+86-755-26996144 EXT:8164
Fax	+86-755-26996253

3 Test Environment

	Required	Actual
Ambient temperature:	18 – 25 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Tissue Simulating liquid:	22 ± 2 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Relative humidity content:	30 – 70 %	30 – 70 %

4 Applicant and Manufacturer

Applicant/Client Name:	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Applicant Address:	ROOMS 05-15, 13A/F., SOUTH TOWER, WORLD FINANCE CENTRE, HARBOUR CITY, 17 CANTON ROAD, TSIM SHA TSUI, KOWLOON, HONG KONG
Manufacturer Name:	SHENZHEN TECNO TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.
Manufacturer Address:	1-4th Floor, 3rd Building, Pacific Industrial Park, No.2088, Shenyang Road, Yantian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

5 Test standard/s:

ANSI Std C95.1-2005	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
IEEE Std 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
RSS-102	Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 5 March 2015)
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v06
KDB648474 D04	Head set SAR v01r03
KDB941225 D06	Hot Spot SAR V02r01
KDB941225 D01	3G SAR Measurement Procedures
KDB248227 D01	SAR meas for 802.11 a/b/g v02r02
KDB865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
KDB 941225 D05	SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices

5.1 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Heads/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

5.2 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

where:

σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

6 SAR Measurement System

6.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Device holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

6.2 Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the high precision robots KR 6 R900 sixx type out of the newer series from Satimo SA (France). For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from Satimo is used. The KR 6 R900 sixx robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

6.3 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE 5 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm
(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
- Calibration range: 300 to 2600MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

6.4 Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

6.5 Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

- The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.
- An extrapolation is used to determine these highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.
- The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR average over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

6.6 Phantom

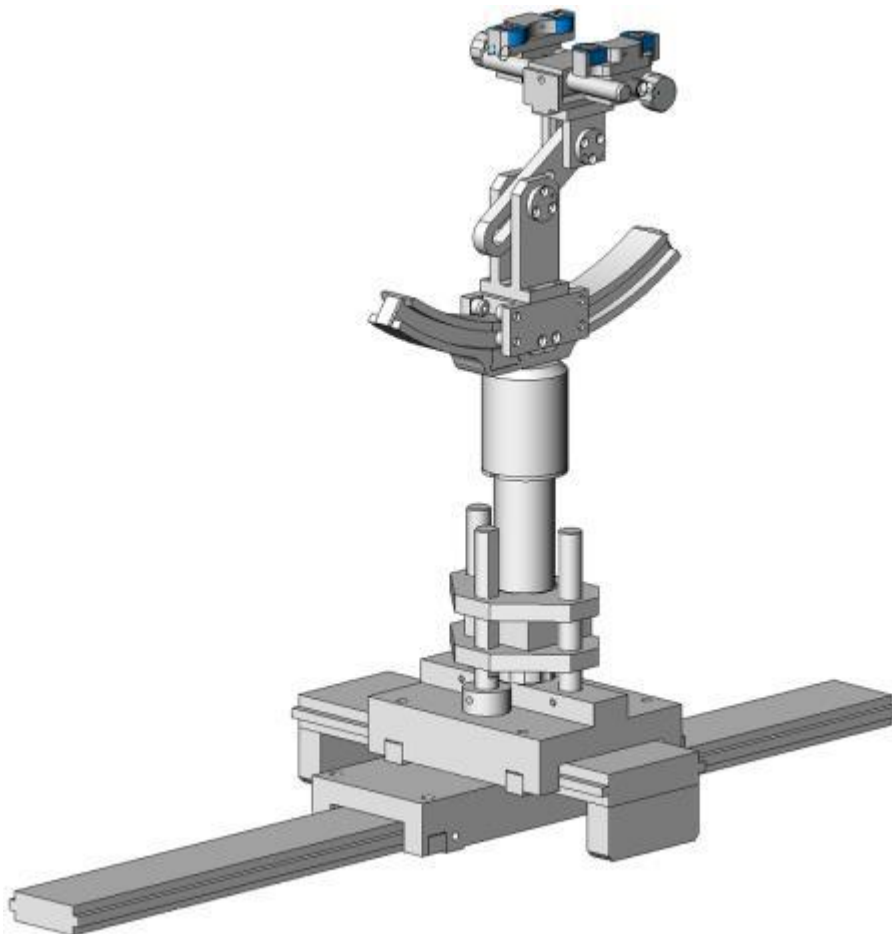
For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

6.7 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

6.8 Video Positioning System

- The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link.
- During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.
- The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



6.9 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(Liquids used for tests are marked with ☒):

Ingredients(% of weight)	Frequency (MHz)					
frequency band	☐ 750	☒ 835	☒ 1800	☒ 1900	☒ 2450	☐ 2600
Tissue Type	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head
Water	39.2	41.45	52.64	55.242	62.7	55.242
Salt (NaCl)	2.7	1.45	0.36	0.306	0.5	0.306
Sugar	57.0	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.542	0.0	44.452
Ingredients(% of weight)	Frequency (MHz)					
frequency band	☐ 750	☒ 835	☒ 1800	☒ 1900	☒ 2450	☐ 2600
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body
Water	50.30	52.4	69.91	69.91	73.2	64.493
Salt (NaCl)	1.60	1.40	0.13	0.13	0.04	0.024
Sugar	47.0	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7	32.252

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16MΩ+ resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

6.10 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue				Measured Tissue		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
		Target Permittivity ϵ_r	Range of $\pm 5\%$	Target Conductivity σ (S/m)	Range of $\pm 5\%$	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)		
835MHz Head	825	41.60	39.52~43.68	0.90	0.86~0.95	40.34	0.91	21.6°C	2016-10-14
	835	41.50	39.43~43.58	0.90	0.86~0.95	40.33	0.92		
	850	41.50	39.43~43.58	0.92	0.87~0.97	40.11	0.94		
835MHz Body	825	55.20	52.44~57.96	0.97	0.92~1.02	54.04	0.98	21.6°C	2016-10-14
	835	55.20	52.44~57.96	0.97	0.92~1.02	53.93	0.99		
	850	55.20	52.44~57.96	0.99	0.94~1.04	53.69	1.01		
1800MH z Head	1710	40.10	38.10~42.10	1.35	1.28~1.42	39.95	1.34	21.6°C	2016-10-17
	1730	40.10	38.10~42.10	1.35	1.29~1.43	39.87	1.36		
	1750	40.10	38.10~42.10	1.37	1.30~1.44	39.69	1.39		
	1800	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.48	1.44		
1800MH z Body	1710	53.50	50.83~56.18	1.46	1.39~1.53	53.24	1.45	21.6°C	2016-10-17
	1730	53.50	50.83~56.18	1.48	1.41~1.55	53.39	1.47		
	1750	53.40	50.73~56.07	1.49	1.42~1.56	53.19	1.49		
	1800	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	52.97	1.54		
1900MH z Head	1850	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.93	1.37	21.6°C	2016-10-15
	1880	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.91	1.40		
	1900	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.98	1.41		
	1910	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.97	1.42		
1900MH z Body	1850	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.23	1.49	21.6°C	2016-10-15
	1880	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.36	1.53		
	1900	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.37	1.56		
	1910	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.37	1.57		
2450MH z Head	2410	39.30	37.34~41.26	1.76	1.67~1.85	39.22	1.78	21.6°C	2016-10-13
	2435	39.20	37.24~41.16	1.79	1.70~1.88	39.25	1.77		
	2450	39.20	37.24~41.16	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.24	1.76		
	2460	39.20	37.24~41.16	1.81	1.72~1.90	39.20	1.76		
2450MH z Body	2410	52.80	50.16~55.44	1.91	1.81~2.00	52.72	1.92	21.6°C	2016-10-13

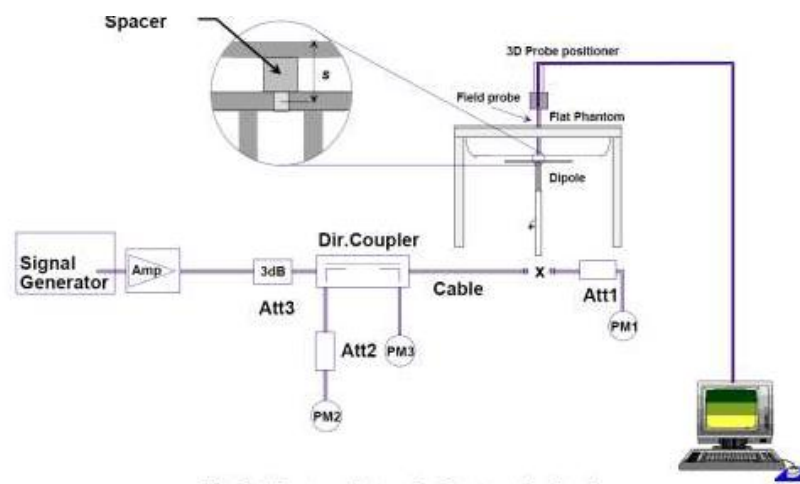
2435	52.70	50.07~55.34	1.94	1.84~2.04	52.75	1.92		
2450	52.70	50.07~55.34	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.74	1.91		
2460	52.70	50.07~55.34	1.96	1.86~2.06	52.70	1.91		
ϵ_r = Relative permittivity, σ = Conductivity								

7 System Check

7.1 System check procedure

The System check is performed by using a System check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the System check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



7.2 System check results

The system Check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The following table shows System check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests (plot(s) see annex A).

System Check	Target SAR (1W) (+/-10%)				Measured SAR (Normalized to 1W)		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
	1-g (mW/g)	Range of $\pm 10\%$ 1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	Range of $\pm 10\%$ 10-g (mW/g)	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)		
D835V2 Head	9.82	8.84~10.80	6.35	5.72~6.99	9.700	6.150	21.6°C	2016-10-14
D1800V2 Head	37.09	33.38~40.80	19.77	17.93~21.75	38.980	20.600	21.6°C	2016-10-17
D1900V2 Head	38.93	35.04~42.82	20.27	18.45~22.55	39.980	21.070	21.6°C	2016-10-15
D2450V2 Head	53.41	48.07~58.75	23.95	21.56~26.35	53.930	24.530	21.6°C	2016-10-13
D835V2 Body	9.41	8.47~10.35	6.22	5.99~6.84	10.150	6.450	21.6°C	2016-10-14
D1800V2 Body	38.03	34.23~41.83	20.69	18.62~22.76	39.560	20.720	21.6°C	2016-10-17
D1900V2 Body	38.73	34.86~42.60	20.48	18.43~22.53	39.330	20.940	21.6°C	2016-10-15
D2450V2 Body	51.39	46.25~56.53	23.63	21.27~25.99	52.330	24.330	21.6°C	2016-10-13
Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.								

8 SAR Test Configuration

8.1 GSM Test Configurations

SAR tests for GSM850 and GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to “5” and “0” in SAR of GSM850 and GSM1900. The tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

8.2 UMTS Test Configuration

1) Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1”s for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPDCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

2) WCDMA

a. Head SAR Measurements

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1”s. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

b. Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1”s. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.

3) HSDPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the “Body SAR Measurements” procedures of 3G device. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as “otherwise” in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

Per KDB941225 D01, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures for the highest reported SAR body exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

HSDPA should be configured according to UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HAPRQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the

H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission condition, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. The β_c and β_d gain factors for DPCCH and DPDCH were set according to the values in the below table, β_{hs} for HS-DPCCH is set automatically to the correct value when $\Delta ACK, \Delta NACK, \Delta CQI = 8$. The variation of the β_c / β_d ratio causes a power reduction at sub-tests 2 - 4.

Sub-test ¹	β_c ²	β_d ²	β_d (SF) ²	β_c / β_d ²	β_{hs} (1) ²	CM(dB)(2) ²	MPR (dB) ²
1 ²	2/15 ²	15/15 ²	64 ²	2/15 ²	4/15 ²	0.0 ²	0 ²
2 ²	12/15(3) ²	15/15(3) ²	64 ²	12/15(3) ²	24/15 ²	1.0 ²	0 ²
3 ²	15/15 ²	8/15 ²	64 ²	15/8 ²	30/15 ²	1.5 ²	0.5 ²
4 ²	15/15 ²	4/15 ²	64 ²	15/4 ²	30/15 ²	1.5 ²	0.5 ²

Note 1: $\Delta ACK, \Delta NACK$ and $\Delta CQI = 8$ $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs} / \beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ ²

Note 2: CM=1 for $\beta_c / \beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs} / \beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.²

Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c / β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF0) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$ ²

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.:

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	534 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	3 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	2 Processes
Information Bit Payload	3202 Bits
MAC-d PDU size	336 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	4800 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	9600 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	5

4)HSUPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

Per KDB941225 D01v03, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures for the highest reported body exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

8.3 LTE Test Configuration

SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices. The CMW500 WideBand Radio Communication Tester was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR test were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)

1) Spectrum Plots for RB configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

2) MPR

When MPR is implemented permanently within the UE, regardless of network requirements, only those RB configurations allowed by 3GPP for the channel bandwidth and modulation combinations may be tested with MPR active. Configurations with RB allocations less than the RB thresholds required by 3GPP must be tested without MPR.

The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

3) A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by using Network Signalling Value of "NS_01" on the base station simulator.

4) LTE procedures for SAR testing

A) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

i) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

ii) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in i) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

iii) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in i) and ii) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

iv) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

B) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

5) TDD LTE test configuration

According to KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r04, for Time-Division Duplex (TDD) systems, SAR must be tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP LTE TDD configurations.

8.4 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

For WiFi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the testing software for WiFi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. The RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1. The test procedures in KDB 248227D01v02r02 are applied.

For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for Wi-Fi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate. 802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channel 1, 6, 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and/or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channel closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

Mode	Band	GHz	Channel	"Default Test Channels"	
				802.11b	802.11g
802.11b/g	2.4 GHz	2412	1#	√	Δ
		2437	6	√	Δ
		2462	11#	√	Δ

Notes:

√ = "default test channels"

Δ = possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output ¼ dB the "default test channels"

= when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements

8.5 WiFi 2.4G SAR Test Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.

A) 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1 of of KDB 248227D01v02) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

B) 2.4GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3 of of KDB 248227D01v02r01). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

C) SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 g/n OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

9 Detailed Test Results

9.1 Conducted Power measurements

For the measurements a Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester CMU 200&CMW500 was used. SAR drift measured at the same position in liquid before and after each SAR test as below 7.2 chapter. Note: CMU200 measures GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots. For SAR the timebased average power is relevant. The difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal :

No. of timeslots	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8.3	1:4.1	1:2.77	1:2.08
timebased avg. power compared to slotted avg. power	-9.03	-6.02	-4.26	-3.01

The signalling modes differ as follows:

mode	coding scheme	modulation
GPRS	CS1 to CS4	GMSK
EDGE	MCS1 to MCS4	GMSK
EDGE	MCS1 to MCS4	8PSK

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

9.1.1 Conducted Power of GSM850

GSM850(SIM1)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division Factors	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
		128CH	190CH	251CH		128CH	190CH	251CH
GSM(CS)		32.63	32.85	32.76	-9.03	23.60	23.82	23.73
GPRS/EDGE (GMSK)	1 Tx Slot	32.55	32.81	32.58	-9.03	23.52	23.78	23.55
	2 Tx Slots	31.45	31.53	31.51	-6.02	25.43	25.51	25.49
	3 Tx Slots	30.24	30.30	30.20	-4.26	25.98	26.04	25.94
	4 Tx Slots	29.17	29.46	29.22	-3.01	26.16	26.45	26.21
EGPRS (8-PSK)	1 Tx Slot	28.04	28.15	28.10	-9.03	19.01	19.12	19.07
	2 Tx Slots	27.48	27.56	27.36	-6.02	21.46	21.54	21.34
	3 Tx Slots	26.42	26.52	26.43	-4.26	22.16	22.26	22.17
	4 Tx Slots	25.67	25.83	25.72	-3.01	22.66	22.82	22.71

GSM850(SIM2)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division Factors	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
		128CH	190CH	251CH		128CH	190CH	251CH
GSM(CS)		32.44	32.68	32.53	-9.03	23.41	23.65	23.50
GPRS (GMSK)	1 Tx Slot	32.39	32.75	32.4	-9.03	23.36	23.72	23.37
	2 Tx Slots	31.33	31.46	31.38	-6.02	25.31	25.44	25.36
	3 Tx Slots	30.22	30.34	30.23	-4.26	25.96	26.08	25.97
	4 Tx Slots	29.12	29.38	29.19	-3.01	26.11	26.37	26.18
EGPRS (8-PSK)	1 Tx Slot	28.02	28.20	28.13	-9.03	18.99	19.17	19.10
	2 Tx Slots	27.35	27.60	27.44	-6.02	21.33	21.58	21.42
	3 Tx Slots	26.34	26.46	26.28	-4.26	22.08	22.20	22.02
	4 Tx Slots	25.56	25.77	25.65	-3.01	22.55	22.76	22.64

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM850 is measured with RMS detector.

2) Source Based time Average Power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.

3) The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source Based time Average Power table.

4) channel /Frequency: 128/824.2; 190/836.6; 251/848.8

9.1.2 Conducted Power of GSM1900

GSM1900(SIM1)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division Factors	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
		512CH	661CH	810CH		512CH	661CH	810CH
GSM(CS)		29.73	29.91	29.77	-9.03	20.70	20.88	20.74
GPRS (GMSK)	1 Tx Slot	28.62	28.79	29.71	-9.03	19.59	19.76	20.68
	2 Tx Slots	28.12	28.88	28.69	-6.02	22.10	22.86	22.67
	3 Tx Slots	27.25	27.43	27.29	-4.26	22.99	23.17	23.03
	4 Tx Slots	26.17	26.67	26.22	-3.01	23.16	23.66	23.21
EGPRS (8-PSK)	1 Tx Slot	26.02	26.78	26.60	-9.03	16.99	17.75	17.57
	2 Tx Slots	25.88	25.91	25.72	-6.02	19.86	19.89	19.70
	3 Tx Slots	25.58	25.63	25.31	-4.26	21.32	21.37	21.05
	4 Tx Slots	25.29	24.65	24.69	-3.01	22.28	21.64	21.68

GSM1900(SIM2)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division Factors	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
		512CH	661CH	810CH		512CH	661CH	810CH
GSM(CS)		29.55	29.72	29.68	-9.03	20.52	20.69	20.65
GPRS (GMSK)	1 Tx Slot	28.59	28.64	29.58	-9.03	19.56	19.61	20.55
	2 Tx Slots	28.11	28.76	28.63	-6.02	22.09	22.74	22.61
	3 Tx Slots	27.28	27.46	27.27	-4.26	23.02	23.20	23.01
	4 Tx Slots	26.15	26.55	26.26	-3.01	23.14	23.54	23.25
EGPRS (8-PSK)	1 Tx Slot	26.04	26.60	26.33	-9.03	17.01	17.57	17.30
	2 Tx Slots	25.76	25.85	25.76	-6.02	19.74	19.83	19.74
	3 Tx Slots	25.61	25.69	25.43	-4.26	21.35	21.43	21.17
	4 Tx Slots	25.26	24.74	24.69	-3.01	22.25	21.73	21.68

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM1900 is measured with RMS detector.

2) Source Based time Average Power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.

3) The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according to the highest Source Based time Average Power table.

4) channel /Frequency: 512/1850.2; 661/1880; 810/1909.8

9.1.3 Conducted Power of UMTS Band II

UMTS Band II		Conducted Power (dBm)		
		9262CH	9400CH	9538CH
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	22.62	22.91	22.86
HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.31	22.58	22.42
	Subtest 2	21.96	22.10	21.79
	Subtest 3	21.77	21.83	21.67
	Subtest 4	20.79	20.88	20.72
HSUPA	Subtest 1	21.69	21.87	21.51
	Subtest 2	21.31	21.69	21.56
	Subtest 3	21.42	21.56	21.37
	Subtest 4	21.33	21.57	21.35
	Subtest 5	21.21	21.44	21.29

Note: 1) channel /Frequency: 9262/1852.4, 9400/1880, 9538/1907.6

9.1.4 Conducted Power of UMTS Band IV

UMTS Band IV		Conducted Power (dBm)		
		1312CH	1413CH	1513CH
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	22.74	22.96	22.85
HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.52	22.71	22.63
	Subtest 2	21.98	22.23	22.06
	Subtest 3	21.75	21.97	21.78
	Subtest 4	21.67	21.86	21.71
HSUPA	Subtest 1	21.75	21.98	21.66
	Subtest 2	21.61	21.87	21.80
	Subtest 3	21.43	21.65	21.26
	Subtest 4	21.33	21.64	21.52
	Subtest 5	21.24	21.42	21.30

Note: 1) channel /Frequency: 1312/1712.4, 1413/1732.6, 1513/1752.6

9.1.5 Conducted Power of UMTS Band V

UMTS Band V		Conducted Power (dBm)		
		4132CH	4182CH	4233CH
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	22.42	22.86	22.62
HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.16	22.77	22.24
	Subtest 2	21.86	21.94	21.75
	Subtest 3	21.61	21.78	21.59
	Subtest 4	21.55	21.69	21.42
HSUPA	Subtest 1	21.82	21.82	21.64
	Subtest 2	21.37	21.56	21.44
	Subtest 3	21.60	21.72	21.38
	Subtest 4	21.70	21.76	21.46
	Subtest 5	21.42	21.68	22.54

Note: 1) channel /Frequency: 4132/826.4, 4182/836.4, 4233/846.6

9.1.6 Conducted Power of LET Band II

Conducted Power of LTE Band II						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18607	18900	19193
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.56	21.12	21.25
			3	20.72	20.91	20.63
			5	21.28	21.32	20.67
		3	0	21.19	20.72	20.59
			2	21.10	20.79	21.38
			3	20.64	20.57	21.26
		6	0	20.65	21.40	20.97
	16QAM	1	0	21.38	21.44	21.28
			3	21.32	21.42	21.38
			5	20.69	21.44	20.70
		3	0	21.29	20.89	20.73
			2	20.66	20.93	20.77
			3	21.34	20.81	21.39
		6	0	21.29	21.47	21.32
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18615	18900	19185
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.05	20.55	20.82
			7	21.01	20.83	21.05
			14	20.68	21.30	21.42
		8	0	21.01	20.92	21.16
			4	20.90	21.17	21.45
			7	21.18	21.31	20.82
		15	0	21.03	21.33	20.76
	16QAM	1	0	20.92	20.60	20.68
			7	21.00	20.69	21.14
			14	21.47	20.51	20.71
		8	0	21.29	20.69	20.93
			4	21.13	21.21	20.84
			7	20.77	20.98	20.85
		15	0	20.94	21.10	21.15

Conducted Power of LTE Band II						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18625	18900	19175
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.53	20.87	20.74
			13	20.59	20.60	20.73
			24	20.95	21.22	21.17
		12	0	21.31	20.73	20.57
			6	20.80	21.06	21.35
			13	20.60	20.68	21.27
		25	0	20.91	20.73	20.54
	16QAM	1	0	20.69	20.51	21.23
			13	20.63	21.18	21.22
			24	21.27	20.76	21.44
		12	0	20.76	21.40	21.30
			6	20.93	21.32	20.98
			13	21.31	20.58	21.28
		25	0	20.72	21.26	20.53
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18650	18900	19150
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.45	20.65	20.72
			25	21.48	20.99	20.58
			49	20.81	21.47	20.96
		25	0	21.32	21.48	21.39
			13	21.36	20.94	20.83
			25	20.58	21.08	20.72
		50	0	20.64	20.92	21.17
	16QAM	1	0	21.01	21.00	21.13
			25	21.29	20.51	21.29
			49	21.23	21.30	21.48
		25	0	21.25	20.74	21.43
			13	20.73	20.50	20.90
			25	21.28	20.80	21.50
		50	0	20.56	21.07	20.55

Conducted Power of LTE Band II						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18675	18900	19125
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.06	21.40	21.22
			38	20.63	21.05	21.37
			74	21.46	21.09	20.67
		36	0	20.59	20.94	21.07
			18	21.27	21.20	20.63
			39	21.48	20.57	20.79
		75	0	20.80	20.62	21.21
	16QAM	1	0	21.38	21.35	21.00
			38	20.83	21.49	20.75
			74	21.12	21.46	20.62
		36	0	21.27	21.17	20.66
			18	21.11	20.85	20.98
			39	21.43	21.24	21.16
		75	0	21.39	20.90	20.73

Conducted Power of LTE Band II						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18700	18900	19100
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.13	21.36	21.18
			50	21.21	20.60	20.88
			99	20.96	20.75	20.86
		50	0	20.95	21.13	20.74
			25	20.65	20.79	20.69
			50	21.05	21.18	21.34
		100	0	20.68	20.61	21.39
	16QAM	1	0	21.42	21.18	21.07
			50	21.25	21.12	21.38
			99	20.80	21.27	21.09
		50	0	20.75	21.24	21.21
			25	20.54	20.57	21.07
			50	20.95	20.92	21.13
		100	0	21.10	21.06	20.90

9.1.7 Conducted Power of LET Band IV

Conducted Power of LTE Band IV						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				19957	20393	20175
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.97	20.93	21.10
			3	20.56	20.91	21.38
			5	21.15	21.01	20.79
		3	0	21.05	20.84	20.98
			2	20.84	20.93	21.00
			3	20.74	20.73	20.58
		6	0	20.73	20.82	21.09
	16QAM	1	0	20.80	21.27	20.96
			3	21.02	20.69	20.80
			5	21.38	20.58	21.06
		3	0	21.35	20.81	20.94
			2	21.29	20.88	21.25
			3	20.84	21.39	21.29
		6	0	20.87	20.55	21.04
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				19965	20175	20385
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.59	20.98	21.09
			7	21.29	20.67	21.09
			14	21.15	21.24	20.93
		8	0	21.25	21.50	21.08
			4	20.85	21.39	20.86
			7	20.99	20.91	21.20
		15	0	21.31	21.05	21.13
	16QAM	1	0	21.20	20.59	21.30
			7	21.37	21.42	21.45
			14	20.79	21.42	20.93
		8	0	21.15	21.37	20.89
			4	20.85	20.70	20.95
			7	20.63	21.14	20.97
		15	0	20.56	20.96	21.11

Conducted Power of LTE Band IV						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				19975	20175	20375
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.70	21.02	20.72
			13	21.24	21.25	20.77
			24	21.05	20.85	21.06
		12	0	21.14	21.44	20.93
			6	21.00	21.24	21.30
			13	21.21	20.60	21.07
		25	0	20.53	20.57	21.30
	16QAM	1	0	20.64	20.94	20.78
			13	20.70	20.51	20.58
			24	20.68	21.37	20.63
		12	0	21.02	20.81	20.63
			6	20.58	21.10	21.05
			13	21.38	21.20	20.57
		25	0	20.95	20.62	21.32
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20000	20175	20350
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.29	20.89	21.39
			25	21.35	21.25	20.87
			49	20.77	20.98	21.33
		25	0	20.76	20.96	21.38
			13	20.76	20.70	20.83
			25	20.76	21.30	21.02
		50	0	21.08	21.35	21.50
	16QAM	1	0	20.89	21.34	21.49
			25	20.63	21.49	20.57
			49	21.11	20.85	20.89
		25	0	21.15	21.19	21.42
			13	21.08	21.32	20.60
			25	20.71	20.99	21.36
		50	0	20.70	21.28	20.56

Conducted Power of LTE Band IV						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20025	20175	20325
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.92	21.24	21.36
			38	21.06	21.12	21.02
			74	20.98	21.35	21.20
		36	0	21.20	20.52	21.28
			18	21.35	20.65	21.28
			39	20.51	20.83	21.05
		75	0	21.42	20.52	20.56
	16QAM	1	0	21.50	21.27	21.15
			38	21.25	20.62	20.85
			74	20.81	20.84	20.55
		36	0	21.40	21.11	20.52
			18	21.38	20.78	21.13
			39	21.23	20.63	21.30
		75	0	20.60	21.27	20.99

Conducted Power of LTE Band IV						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20050	20175	20300
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.01	20.53	20.88
			50	21.35	21.38	21.31
			99	21.00	20.83	20.68
		50	0	21.31	20.74	20.51
			25	20.83	21.40	21.27
			50	20.51	21.20	21.29
		100	0	20.98	21.25	21.47
	16QAM	1	0	21.36	20.87	20.95
			50	20.86	20.97	21.42
			99	21.43	21.30	20.94
		50	0	20.76	21.01	21.00
			25	20.51	21.18	20.86
			50	21.18	20.68	20.74
		100	0	20.94	20.60	21.43

9.1.8 Conducted Power of LET Band V

Conducted Power of LTE Band V						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20470	20525	20643
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.03	20.50	21.41
			3	20.53	21.16	20.73
			5	21.07	21.15	20.72
		3	0	20.53	20.94	21.47
			2	20.78	21.36	20.80
			3	21.41	20.70	21.43
		6	0	20.89	20.63	21.19
	16QAM	1	0	21.01	21.34	21.36
			3	20.87	21.43	20.56
			5	21.17	20.77	20.89
		3	0	20.87	21.19	21.27
			2	20.83	21.36	21.20
			3	21.44	20.68	20.54
		6	0	20.64	20.74	20.80
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20415	20525	20635
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.10	21.45	20.96
			7	21.35	21.01	20.79
			14	20.72	21.14	21.15
		8	0	21.21	21.25	20.81
			4	21.02	21.38	20.88
			7	20.67	20.71	20.55
		15	0	21.09	20.87	21.37
	16QAM	1	0	20.94	20.93	21.21
			7	20.73	21.16	21.44
			14	21.45	21.09	20.72
		8	0	21.38	21.13	20.52
			4	20.93	20.65	21.13
			7	21.35	20.80	21.35
		15	0	21.10	20.89	20.57

Conducted Power of LTE Band V						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20425	20525	20625
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.16	21.14	21.00
			13	20.67	20.74	20.84
			24	20.78	20.89	21.26
		12	0	20.64	20.76	20.66
			6	20.84	20.56	20.82
			13	20.72	20.50	20.71
		25	0	20.52	21.33	21.44
	16QAM	1	0	21.15	21.03	20.57
			13	21.40	20.62	21.15
			24	21.35	20.98	21.02
		12	0	20.82	21.25	21.04
			6	20.84	21.36	20.84
			13	20.84	20.81	20.70
		25	0	21.26	20.59	20.87
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20450	20525	20600
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.72	20.83	21.08
			25	20.92	20.58	20.90
			49	21.20	21.37	20.87
		25	0	20.88	21.16	21.03
			13	20.67	21.02	21.13
			25	21.14	21.43	21.01
		50	0	20.79	21.13	21.17
	16QAM	1	0	20.72	20.87	20.71
			25	21.34	21.22	20.90
			49	21.00	20.76	20.67
		25	0	21.43	21.47	21.08
			13	21.36	21.30	21.05
			25	21.09	20.51	21.32
		50	0	20.68	20.60	21.47

9.1.9 Conducted Power of Wi-Fi 2.4G

Mode	802.11b		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1(2412)	6(2437)	11(2462)
Average Power(dBm)	18.12	18.45	18.27
Mode	802.11g		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1(2412)	6(2437)	11(2462)
Average Power(dBm)	16.90	16.09	15.23
Mode	802.11n(HT20)		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1(2412)	6(2437)	11(2462)
Average Power(dBm)	16.03	16.47	15.76
Mode	802.11n(HT40)		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1(2412)	6(2437)	11(2462)
Average Power(dBm)	13.57	14.04	14.05

Note:

<KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

(1) For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.

(2) For Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

9.1.10 Conducted Power of BT

The maximum output power of BT is:

Mode	1Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0(2402)	39(2441)	78(2480)
Average Power(dBm)	0.82	2.23	-0.08
Mode	2Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0(2402)	39(2441)	78(2480)
Average Power(dBm)	1.67	4.34	0.42
Mode	3Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0(2402)	39(2441)	78(2480)
Average Power(dBm)	1.70	4.36	0.41

9.2 SAR test results

Notes:

1) Per KDB447498 D01v05 r02, the SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the scaled SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit ($< 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

2) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ or 2.0 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2} \text{ dB}$, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

3) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance is compliant.

4) Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn with headset SAR.

5) Per KDB248227 D01v01r02, the procedures required to establish specific device operating configurations for testing the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters.

6) Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8 \text{ W/Kg}$; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is $\leq 20\%$, and the measured SAR $< 1.45 \text{ W/Kg}$, only one repeated measurement is required.

7) Per KDB865664 D02v01r01, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is $> 1.5 \text{ W/kg}$, or $> 7.0 \text{ W/kg}$ for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing (Refer to appendix B for details).

8) Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, the DUT Dimension is bigger than $9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$, so 10 mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5 cm , such position does not need to be tested.

9) Per KDB 941225 D01, 3G SAR Measurement Procedures, The mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary

modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

10) Per KDB 941225 D05, SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices

(1) QPSK with 1 RB and 50% RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

(2) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100% RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

(3) Higher order modulations

SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> 1/2$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

(4) Other channel bandwidth

SAR is required when the highest maximum output power of the smaller channel bandwidth is $> 1/2$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

9.2.1 Results overview of GSM850

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scaling factor
			1-g	10-g					
Left Head Touched	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.019	0.012	1.660	29.46	29.50	0.020	1.01
Left Head Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.015	0.010	2.230	29.46	29.50	0.016	1.01
Right Head Touched	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.029	0.019	1.990	29.46	29.50	0.031	1.01
Right Head Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.018	0.012	2.120	29.46	29.50	0.019	1.01
Test Position of Body with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scaling factor
			1-g	10-g					
Towards Phantom	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.286	0.203	-1.700	29.46	29.50	0.309	1.01
Towards Ground	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.397	0.288	2.000	29.46	29.50	0.428	1.01
SAR Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition									
Front Side	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.275	0.193	0.460	29.46	29.50	0.297	1.01
Rear Side	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.409	0.287	-1.730	29.46	29.50	0.441	1.01
Right Side	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.034	0.021	-0.530	29.46	29.50	0.037	1.01
Bottom Side	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.004	0.002	2.330	29.46	29.50	0.004	1.01

9.2.2 Results overview of GSM1900

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Left Head Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.340	0.188	1.720	26.67	27.00	0.367	1.08
Left Head Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.082	0.047	-4.460	26.67	27.00	0.088	1.08
Right Head Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.251	0.136	4.510	26.67	27.00	0.271	1.08
Right Head Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.058	0.030	3.020	26.67	27.00	0.063	1.08
Test Position of Body with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Towards Phantom	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.429	0.229	0.080	26.67	27.00	0.463	1.08
Towards Ground	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.408	0.208	0.090	26.67	27.00	0.440	1.08
SAR Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition									
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.413	0.210	-1.200	26.67	27.00	0.446	1.08
Rear Side	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.471	0.252	-2.100	26.67	27.00	0.508	1.08
Right Side	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.186	0.093	-1.550	26.67	27.00	0.201	1.08
Bottom Side	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.499	0.255	-1.440	26.67	27.00	0.538	1.08

9.2.3 Results overview of UMTS Band II

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Left Head Touched	9400/1880	RMC	0.344	0.199	3.150	22.91	23.00	0.351	1.02
Left Head Tilted 15°	9400/1880	RMC	0.046	0.025	-2.420	22.91	23.00	0.047	1.02
Right Head Touched	9400/1880	RMC	0.291	0.167	4.460	22.91	23.00	0.297	1.02
Right Head Tilted 15°	9400/1880	RMC	0.040	0.022	-1.980	22.91	23.00	0.041	1.02
Test Position of Body with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Towards Phantom	9400/1880	RMC	0.482	0.263	3.280	22.91	23.00	0.492	1.02
Towards Ground	9400/1880	RMC	0.701	0.374	-0.070	22.91	23.00	0.716	1.02
SAR Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition									
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.528	0.277	-1.800	22.91	23.00	0.539	1.02
Rear Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.619	0.323	-4.430	22.91	23.00	0.632	1.02
Right Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.207	0.109	-3.290	22.91	23.00	0.211	1.02
Bottom Side	9400/1880	RMC	0.664	0.346	-1.330	22.91	23.00	0.678	1.02

9.2.4 Results overview of UMTS Band IV

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Left Head Touched	1413/1732.5	RMC	0.423	0.247	-0.400	22.96	23.00	0.427	1.01
Left Head Tilted 15°	1413/1732.5	RMC	0.094	0.047	-2.260	22.96	23.00	0.095	1.01
Right Head Touched	1413/1732.5	RMC	0.540	0.308	1.430	22.96	23.00	0.545	1.01
Right Head Tilted 15°	1413/1732.5	RMC	0.084	0.049	4.140	22.96	23.00	0.085	1.01
Test Position of Body with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Towards Phantom	1413/1732.5	RMC	0.472	0.249	4.830	22.96	23.00	0.476	1.01
Towards Ground	1413/1732.5	RMC	0.765	0.413	-0.500	22.96	23.00	0.772	1.01
SAR Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition									
Front Side	1413/1732.5	RMC	0.551	0.290	-0.100	22.96	23.00	0.556	1.01
Rear Side	1413/1732.5	RMC	0.697	0.379	-0.660	22.96	23.00	0.703	1.01
Right Side	1413/1732.5	RMC	0.388	0.213	-2.810	22.96	23.00	0.392	1.01
Bottom Side	1413/1732.5	RMC	0.582	0.302	-1.670	22.96	23.00	0.587	1.01

9.2.5 Results overview of UMTS Band V

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Left Head Touched	4182/836.4	RMC	0.024	0.016	0.000	22.86	23.00	0.025	1.03
Left Head Tilted 15°	4182/836.4	RMC	0.020	0.013	2.200	22.86	23.00	0.021	1.03
Right Head Touched	4182/836.4	RMC	0.031	0.021	2.240	22.86	23.00	0.032	1.03
Right Head Tilted 15°	4182/836.4	RMC	0.023	0.016	-1.980	22.86	23.00	0.024	1.03
Test Position of Body with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Towards Phantom	4182/836.4	RMC	0.026	0.017	0.870	22.86	23.00	0.027	1.03
Towards Ground	4182/836.4	RMC	0.058	0.041	-0.470	22.86	23.00	0.060	1.03
SAR Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition									
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.024	0.016	2.720	22.86	23.00	0.025	1.03
Rear Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.053	0.037	2.930	22.86	23.00	0.055	1.03
Right Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.042	0.026	-1.870	22.86	23.00	0.043	1.03
Bottom Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.007	0.003	1.660	22.86	23.00	0.007	1.03

9.2.6 Results overview of LTE Band II

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Left Head Touched	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.175	0.099	2.170	21.36	21.50	0.181	1.03
Left Head Tilted 15°	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.041	0.021	-1.220	21.36	21.50	0.042	1.03
Right Head Touched	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.156	0.087	4.160	21.36	21.50	0.161	1.03
Right Head Tilted 15°	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.041	0.022	0.420	21.36	21.50	0.042	1.03
Left Head Touched	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.168	0.095	1.470	21.13	21.40	0.179	1.06
Left Head Tilted 15°	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.040	0.020	-1.860	21.13	21.40	0.043	1.06
Right Head Touched	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.120	0.066	-0.800	21.13	21.40	0.128	1.06
Right Head Tilted 15°	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.030	0.016	0.350	21.13	21.40	0.032	1.06
Test Position of Body with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Towards Phantom	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.317	0.172	4.150	21.36	21.50	0.327	1.03
Towards Ground	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.324	0.172	-1.140	21.36	21.50	0.335	1.03
Towards Phantom	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.340	0.182	-1.240	21.13	21.40	0.362	1.06
Towards Ground	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.418	0.224	-0.370	21.13	21.40	0.445	1.06
SAR Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition									
Front Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.342	0.182	-0.150	21.36	21.50	0.353	1.03
Rear Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.539	0.293	-0.400	21.36	21.50	0.557	1.03
Right Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.191	0.102	0.240	21.36	21.50	0.197	1.03
Bottom Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.413	0.217	-1.400	21.36	21.50	0.427	1.03
Front Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.336	0.176	-3.990	21.13	21.40	0.358	1.06
Rear Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.417	0.225	-0.520	21.13	21.40	0.444	1.06
Right Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.143	0.075	0.230	21.13	21.40	0.152	1.06
Bottom Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.412	0.216	1.290	21.13	21.40	0.438	1.06

9.2.7 Results overview of LTE Band IV

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Left Head Touched	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.336	0.202	2.070	21.38	21.50	0.345	1.03
Left Head Tilted 15°	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.080	0.037	-1.650	21.38	21.50	0.082	1.03
Right Head Touched	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.429	0.240	1.130	21.38	21.50	0.441	1.03
Right Head Tilted 15°	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.077	0.038	0.920	21.38	21.50	0.079	1.03
Left Head Touched	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#25	0.259	0.153	3.160	21.40	21.50	0.265	1.02
Left Head Tilted 15°	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#25	0.058	0.026	-0.170	21.40	21.50	0.059	1.02
Right Head Touched	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#25	0.328	0.181	2.510	21.40	21.50	0.336	1.02
Right Head Tilted 15°	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#25	0.056	0.026	-1.580	21.40	21.50	0.057	1.02
Test Position of Body with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Towards Phantom	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.291	0.154	2.010	21.38	21.50	0.299	1.03
Towards Ground	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.579	0.306	0.320	21.38	21.50	0.595	1.03
Towards Phantom	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#25	0.319	0.184	1.250	21.40	21.50	0.326	1.02
Towards Ground	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#25	0.441	0.231	-2.830	21.40	21.50	0.451	1.02
SAR Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition									
Front Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.309	0.173	1.430	21.38	21.50	0.318	1.03
Rear Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.414	0.215	2.850	21.38	21.50	0.426	1.03
Right Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.221	0.115	1.720	21.38	21.50	0.227	1.03
Bottom Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.342	0.169	-0.770	21.38	21.50	0.352	1.03
Front Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#25	0.306	0.175	1.830	21.40	21.50	0.313	1.02
Rear Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#25	0.409	0.213	-0.340	21.40	21.50	0.419	1.02
Right Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#25	0.316	0.112	-0.890	21.40	21.50	0.323	1.02
Bottom Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#25	0.333	0.165	-1.440	21.40	21.50	0.341	1.02

9.2.8 Results overview of LTE Band V

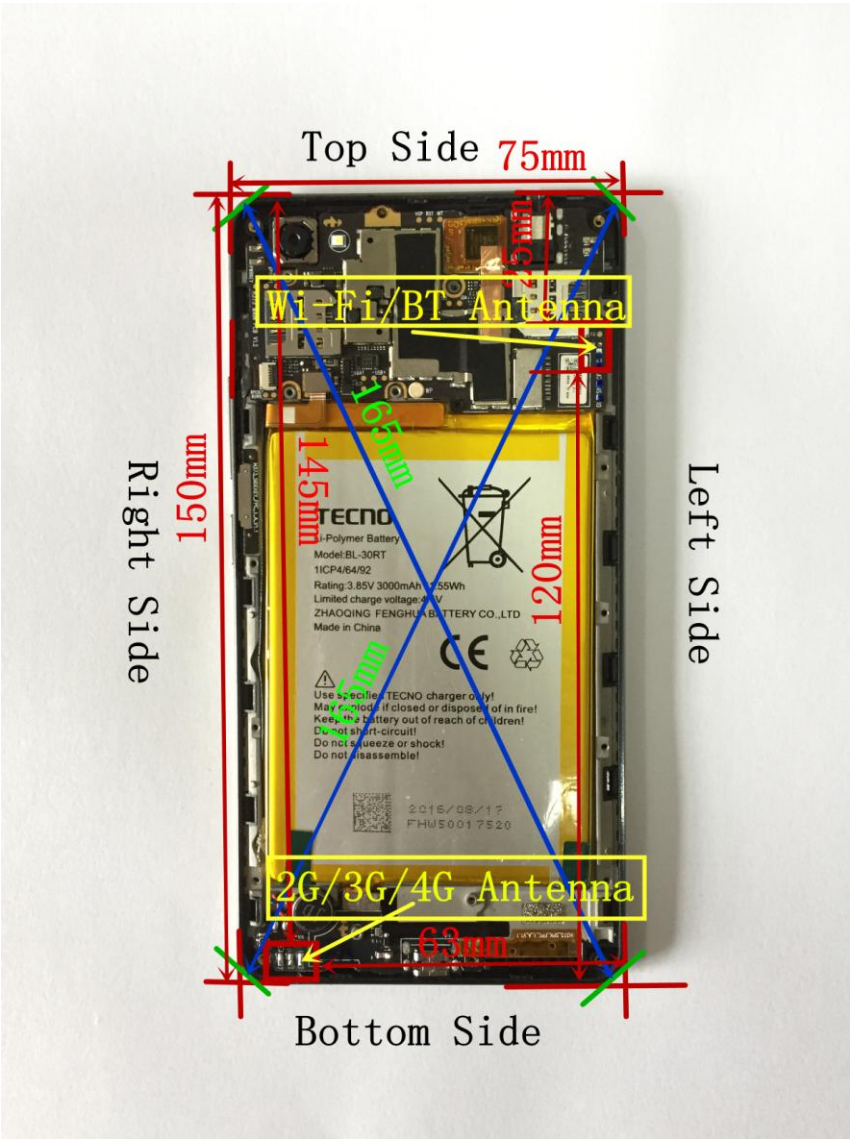
Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Left Head Touched	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.021	0.015	2.280	21.37	21.50	0.022	1.03
Left Head Tilted 15°	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.008	0.005	0.000	21.37	21.50	0.008	1.03
Right Head Touched	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.024	0.017	1.850	21.37	21.50	0.025	1.03
Right Head Tilted 15°	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.016	0.011	3.700	21.37	21.50	0.016	1.03
Left Head Touched	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 25RB#25	0.005	0.003	0.000	21.43	21.50	0.005	1.02
Left Head Tilted 15°	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 25RB#25	0.015	0.01	0.000	21.43	21.50	0.015	1.02
Right Head Touched	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 25RB#25	0.018	0.013	3.330	21.43	21.50	0.018	1.02
Right Head Tilted 15°	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 25RB#25	0.012	0.008	-1.140	21.43	21.50	0.012	1.02
Test Position of Body with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scalig factor
			1-g	10-g					
Towards Phantom	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.182	0.134	-0.180	21.37	21.50	0.188	1.03
Towards Ground	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.169	0.123	-0.060	21.37	21.50	0.174	1.03
Towards Phantom	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 25RB#25	0.143	0.105	-0.350	21.43	21.50	0.145	1.02
Towards Ground	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 25RB#25	0.210	0.153	-0.190	21.43	21.50	0.213	1.02
SAR Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition									
Front Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.148	0.112	1.900	21.37	21.50	0.152	1.03
Rear Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.203	0.149	1.260	21.37	21.50	0.209	1.03
Right Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.023	0.014	-0.350	21.37	21.50	0.024	1.03
Bottom Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.003	0.001	3.230	21.37	21.50	0.003	1.03
Front Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 25RB#25	0.140	0.102	-1.260	21.43	21.50	0.142	1.02
Rear Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 25RB#25	0.202	0.147	0.970	21.43	21.50	0.205	1.02
Right Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 25RB#25	0.017	0.01	-1.100	21.43	21.50	0.017	1.02
Bottom Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 25RB#25	0.003	0.001	0.000	21.43	21.50	0.003	1.02

9.2.9 Results overview of Wi-Fi 2.4G

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scaling factor
			1-g	10-g					
Left Head Touched	6/2437	802.11b	0.258	0.123	-0.910	18.45	18.50	0.261	1.01
Left Head Tilted 15°	6/2437	802.11b	0.268	0.125	-1.950	18.45	18.50	0.271	1.01
Right Head Touched	6/2437	802.11b	0.545	0.237	0.900	18.45	18.50	0.551	1.01
Right Head Tilted 15°	6/2437	802.11b	0.500	0.207	-0.650	18.45	18.50	0.506	1.01
Test Position of Body with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Scaling factor
			1-g	10-g					
Towards Phantom	6/2437	802.11b	0.105	0.046	-1.090	18.45	18.50	0.106	1.01
Towards Ground	6/2437	802.11b	0.130	0.046	-0.810	18.45	18.50	0.132	1.01
SAR Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition									
Front Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.111	0.050	-1.850	18.45	18.50	0.112	1.01
Rear Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.140	0.058	0.650	18.45	18.50	0.142	1.01
Left Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.015	0.007	4.300	18.45	18.50	0.015	1.01
Top Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.122	0.058	0.100	18.45	18.50	0.123	1.01

10 Multiple Transmitter Information

The SAR measurement positions of each side are as below:



< Rear Side >

Mode	Front Side	Rear Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
2G/3G/4G Antenna	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Wi-Fi/BT Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

1) Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.

10.1.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances $\leq$ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

a) Head position

Mode	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	Calculation Result	exclusion Threshold	SAR test exclusion
BT	5.00	3.00	5.00	2.480	0.94	3.00	Yes

b) Body-Worn position

Mode	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	Calculation Result	exclusion Threshold	SAR test exclusion
BT	5.00	3.00	10.00	2.480	0.47	3.00	Yes

When the standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	X	Estimated SAR(W/Kg)
BT	Head	5	3.00	5.00	2.48	7.50	0.126
BT	Body	5	3.00	10.00	2.48	7.50	0.063

10.1.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities are as below:

Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities				
Simultaneous Tx Combination	Configuration	Head	Body	Hotspot
1	GSM/GPRS/UMTS/LTE +Wi-Fi	YES	YES	YES
2	GSM/GPRS/UMTS/LTE +BT	NO	YES	NO

Note: The device does not support simultaneous BT and Wi-Fi ,because the BT and Wi-Fi share the same antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.

10.1.3 SAR Summation Scenario

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		GSM850	Wi-Fi		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.02	0.261	0.281	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.016	0.271	0.287	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.031	0.551	0.582	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.019	0.506	0.525	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.309	0.106	0.415	NA
	Towards Ground	0.428	0.132	0.560	NA
Hotspot	Front side	0.297	0.112	0.409	NA
	Rear side	0.441	0.142	0.583	NA
	Front side	0.037	0	0.037	NA
	Bottom Side	0.004	0	0.004	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and Wi-Fi

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		GSM1900	Wi-Fi		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.367	0.261	0.628	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.088	0.271	0.359	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.271	0.551	0.822	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.063	0.506	0.569	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.463	0.106	0.569	NA
	Towards Ground	0.44	0.132	0.572	NA
Hotspot	Front side	0.446	0.112	0.558	NA
	Rear side	0.508	0.142	0.650	NA
	Front side	0.201	0	0.201	NA
	Bottom Side	0.538	0	0.538	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and Wi-Fi

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		UMTS Band II	Wi-Fi		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.351	0.261	0.612	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.047	0.271	0.318	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.297	0.551	0.848	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.041	0.506	0.547	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.492	0.106	0.598	NA
	Towards Ground	0.716	0.132	0.848	NA
Hotspot	Front side	0.539	0.112	0.651	NA
	Rear side	0.632	0.142	0.774	NA
	Front side	0.211	0	0.211	NA
	Bottom Side	0.678	0	0.678	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band II and Wi-Fi

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		UMTS Band IV	Wi-Fi		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.427	0.261	0.688	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.095	0.271	0.366	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.545	0.551	1.096	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.085	0.506	0.591	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.476	0.106	0.582	NA
	Towards Ground	0.772	0.132	0.904	NA
Hotspot	Front side	0.556	0.112	0.668	NA
	Rear side	0.703	0.142	0.845	NA
	Front side	0.392	0	0.392	NA
	Bottom Side	0.587	0	0.587	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band IV and Wi-Fi

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		UMTS Band V	Wi-Fi		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.025	0.261	0.286	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.021	0.271	0.292	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.032	0.551	0.583	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.024	0.506	0.530	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.027	0.106	0.133	NA
	Towards Ground	0.06	0.132	0.192	NA
Hotspot	Front side	0.025	0.112	0.137	NA
	Rear side	0.055	0.142	0.197	NA
	Front side	0.043	0	0.043	NA
	Bottom Side	0.007	0	0.007	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band V and Wi-Fi

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		LTE Band II	Wi-Fi		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.181	0.261	0.442	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.043	0.271	0.314	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.161	0.551	0.712	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.042	0.506	0.548	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.362	0.106	0.468	NA
	Towards Ground	0.445	0.132	0.577	NA
Hotspot	Front side	0.358	0.112	0.470	NA
	Rear side	0.557	0.142	0.699	NA
	Front side	0.197	0	0.197	NA
	Bottom Side	0.438	0	0.438	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band II and Wi-Fi

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		LTE Band IV	Wi-Fi		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.345	0.261	0.606	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.082	0.271	0.353	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.441	0.551	0.992	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.079	0.506	0.585	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.326	0.106	0.432	NA
	Towards Ground	0.595	0.132	0.727	NA
Hotspot	Front side	0.318	0.112	0.43	NA
	Rear side	0.426	0.142	0.568	NA
	Front side	0.323	0	0.323	NA
	Bottom Side	0.352	0	0.352	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band IV and Wi-Fi

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		LTE Band V	Wi-Fi		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.022	0.261	0.283	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.008	0.271	0.279	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.025	0.551	0.576	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.016	0.506	0.522	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.188	0.106	0.294	NA
	Towards Ground	0.213	0.132	0.345	NA
Hotspot	Front side	0.152	0.112	0.264	NA
	Rear side	0.209	0.142	0.351	NA
	Front side	0.024	0	0.024	NA
	Bottom Side	0.003	0	0.003	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band V and Wi-Fi

MAX. $\sum$ SAR_{1g} = 1.096W/kg < 1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous SAR is not required for Wi-Fi and GSM&UMTS<E antenna.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		GSM850	BT		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.02	0.126	0.146	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.016	0.126	0.142	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.031	0.126	0.157	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.019	0.126	0.145	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.309	0.063	0.372	NA
	Towards Ground	0.428	0.063	0.491	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and BT

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		GSM1900	BT		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.367	0.126	0.493	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.088	0.126	0.214	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.271	0.126	0.397	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.063	0.126	0.189	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.463	0.063	0.526	NA
	Towards Ground	0.44	0.063	0.503	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and BT

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		UMTS Band II	BT		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.351	0.126	0.477	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.047	0.126	0.173	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.297	0.126	0.423	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.041	0.126	0.167	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.492	0.063	0.555	NA
	Towards Ground	0.716	0.063	0.779	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band II and BT

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		UMTS Band IV	BT		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.427	0.126	0.553	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.095	0.126	0.221	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.545	0.126	0.671	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.085	0.126	0.211	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.476	0.063	0.539	NA
	Towards Ground	0.772	0.063	0.835	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band IV and BT

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		UMTS Band V	BT		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.025	0.126	0.151	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.021	0.126	0.147	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.032	0.126	0.158	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.024	0.126	0.15	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.027	0.063	0.09	NA
	Towards Ground	0.06	0.063	0.123	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band V and BT

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		LTE Band II	BT		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.181	0.126	0.307	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.043	0.126	0.169	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.161	0.126	0.287	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.042	0.126	0.168	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.362	0.063	0.425	NA
	Towards Ground	0.445	0.063	0.508	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band II and BT

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		LTE Band IV	BT		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.345	0.126	0.471	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.082	0.126	0.208	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.441	0.126	0.567	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.079	0.126	0.205	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.326	0.063	0.389	NA
	Towards Ground	0.595	0.063	0.658	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band IV and BT

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		LTE Band V	BT		
Head	Left Head Touched	0.022	0.126	0.148	NA
	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.008	0.126	0.134	NA
	Right Head Touched	0.025	0.126	0.151	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.016	0.126	0.142	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.188	0.063	0.251	NA
	Towards Ground	0.213	0.063	0.276	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band V and BT

MAX. $\sum$ SAR_{1g} = 0.835W/kg < 1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous SAR is not required for BT and GSM&UMTS<E antenna.

11 Measurement uncertainty evaluation

11.1 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Measurement Uncertainty evaluation for SAR test								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C _i (1g)	C _i (10g)	1g U _i (±%)	10g U _i (±%)	V _i
measurement system								
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
system Detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	∞
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Conditions-Reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max.SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Test sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	7
Output Power Variation-SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
SAR scaling	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.42	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainly		Rss				10.63	10.54	
Expanded Uncertainty{95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL}		k				21.26	21.08	

11.2 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system check

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Uncertainty For System Performance Check								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C _i 1g	C _i 10g	1g U _i (±%)	10g U _i (±%)	V _i
measurement system								
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.80	5.80	∞
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
system detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF ambient Conditions - Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient Conditions – Reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioned Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Dipole								
Deviation of experimental source from numerical source	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.16	1.16	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.41	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Rss				10.28	9.98	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		k				20.57	19.95	

12 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

To simplify the identification of the test equipment and/or ancillaries which were used, the reporting of the relevant test cases only refer to the test item number as specified in the table below.

	Manufacturer	Device Type	Type(Model)	Serial number	calibration	
					Last Cal.	Due Date
☒	SATIMO	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP170	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
☐	SATIMO	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID750	SN 14/13 DIP 0G750-234	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
☒	SATIMO	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID835	SN 14/13 DIP0G835-235	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
☒	SATIMO	COMOSAR 900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID900	SN 14/13 DIP0G900-231	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
☒	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1800	SN 14/13 DIP1G800-232	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
☒	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1900	SN 14/13 DIP1G900-236	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
☒	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2000 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2000	SN 14/13 DIP2G000-237	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
☒	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2450	SN 14/13 DIP2G450-238	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
☒	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2600 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2600	SN 28/14 DIP2G600-327	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
☒	SATIMO	Software	OPENSAR	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	SATIMO	Phantom	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	SN 14/13 SAM99	N/A	N/A
☒	R & S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	117528	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
☒	R & S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	144459	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
☒	HP	Network Analyser	8753D	3410A08889	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
☒	HP	Signal Generator	E4421B	GB39340770	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
☒	Keithley	Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4014539	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
☒	SATIMO	Amplifier	Power Amplifier	MODU-023-A-0004	2015-10-13	2016-10-12
☒	Agilent	Power Meter	E4418B	GB43312909	2015-10-13	2016-10-12
☒	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	E4412A	MY41500046	2015-10-13	2016-10-12
☒	Agilent	Power Meter	E4417A	GB41291826	2015-10-13	2016-10-12
☒	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	8481H	MY41091215	2015-10-13	2016-10-12
☒	SATIMO	DAE	SUPR72	SN 42/13	2016-07-25	2017-07-24

Annex A: System performance verification

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex A.)

Annex B: Measurement results

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex B.)

Annex C: Calibration reports

(Please See the Calibration reports of annex C.)

Annex D: Photo documentation

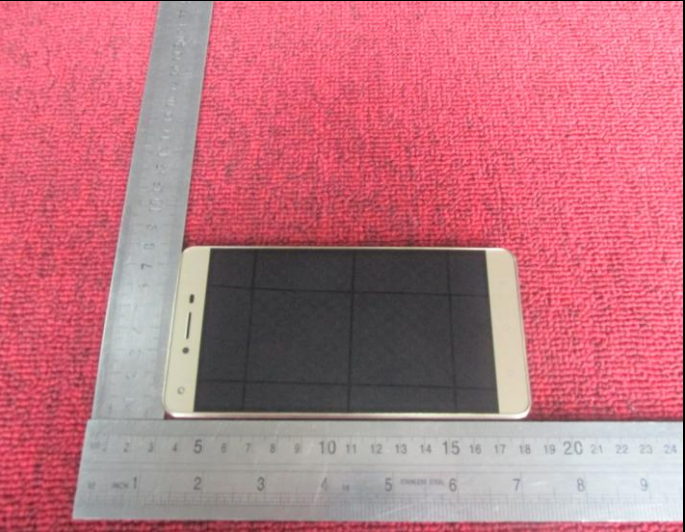
Photo 1: Measurement System OPENSAR 	Photo 2: Front view 
Photo 3: Rear View 	Photo 4: Left Head Touched 

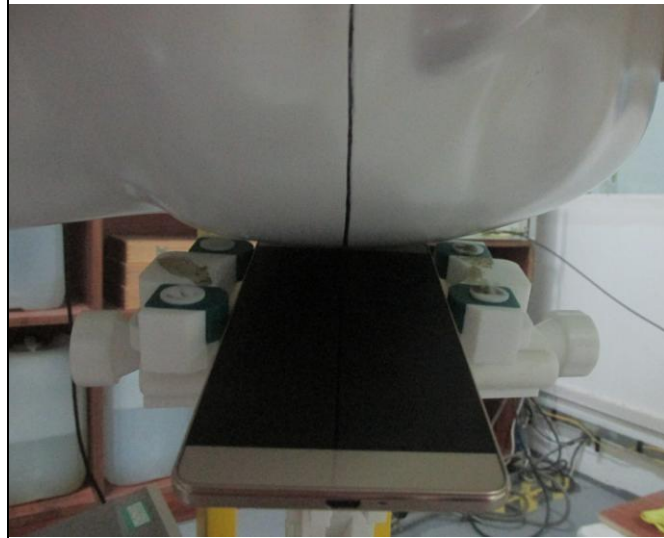
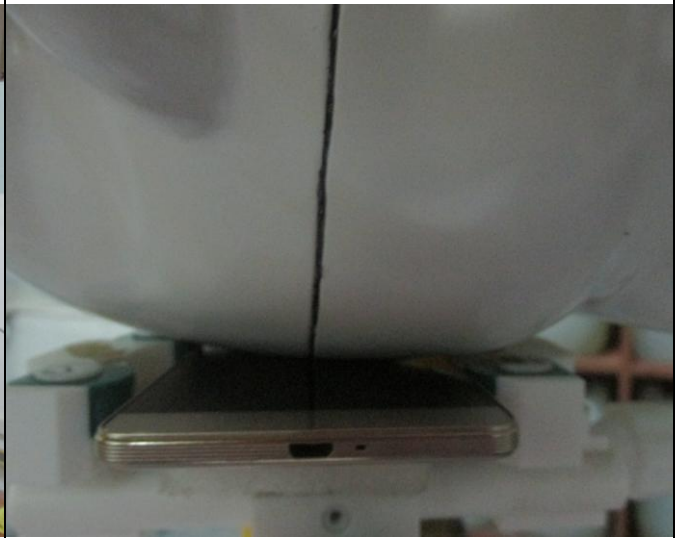
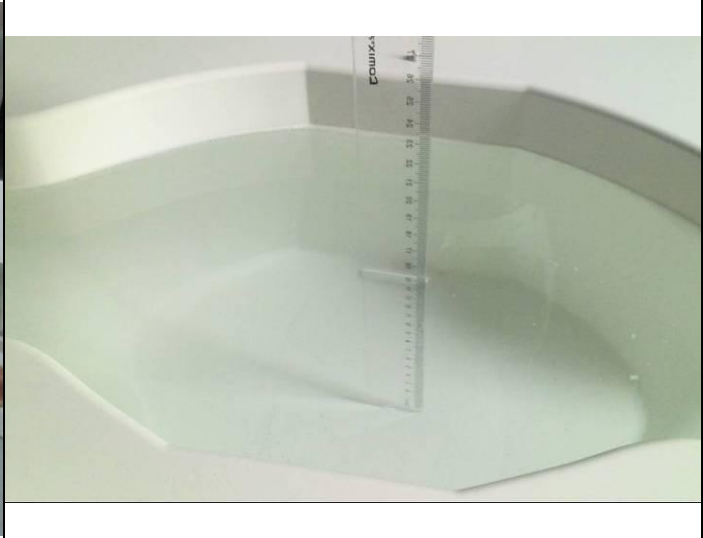
Photo 5: Left Head Tilted 15°	Photo 6: Right Head Touched
	
Photo 7: Right Head Tilted 15°	Photo 8: Towards Phantom 10mm
	

Photo 9: Towards Ground 10mm  A photograph showing a laboratory setup. In the foreground, a white mechanical arm or stand is visible. In the background, there are several white plastic jugs on a wooden shelf. A red double-headed arrow with the text "10mm" is positioned above the jugs, indicating a distance or height.	Photo 10: Right Side  A photograph showing a laboratory setup from a different angle. A black cylindrical object, possibly a lens or a probe, is visible in the foreground. In the background, there are white plastic jugs on a wooden shelf. A red double-headed arrow with the text "10mm" is positioned above the jugs, indicating a distance or height.
Photo 11: Bottom Side  A photograph showing a laboratory setup from a bottom perspective. A white mechanical arm or stand is visible in the foreground. In the background, there are white plastic jugs on a wooden shelf. A red double-headed arrow with the text "10mm" is positioned above the jugs, indicating a distance or height.	Photo 12: Left Side  A photograph showing a laboratory setup from a left-side perspective. A black cylindrical object, possibly a lens or a probe, is visible in the foreground. In the background, there are white plastic jugs on a wooden shelf. A red double-headed arrow with the text "10mm" is positioned above the jugs, indicating a distance or height.

Photo 13: Top Side  A photograph showing the top side of a device inside a testing chamber. A red arrow points to a small component, and a red box with the text "10mm" is overlaid on the image.	Photo 14: 850MHz Liquid Depth $\geq 15.0\text{cm}$  A photograph of a white, bowl-shaped container filled with a light green liquid. A vertical ruler is placed in the center of the container to measure the liquid depth.
Photo 15: 1800~1900MHz Liquid Depth $\geq 15.0\text{cm}$  A photograph of a white, bowl-shaped container filled with a light green liquid. A vertical ruler is placed in the center of the container to measure the liquid depth.	Photo 16: 2450MHz Liquid Depth $\geq 15.0\text{cm}$  A photograph of a white, bowl-shaped container filled with a light green liquid. A vertical ruler is placed in the center of the container to measure the liquid depth.

End