

Test report

290506-1TRFWL

Date of issue: April 11, 2016

Applicant:

S.Now SA

Product:

Smiley Boxes

Model:

Smiley Box

FCC ID:

2AE2GSMILEY1

IC Registration number:

20342-Smiley 1

Specifications:

◆ **FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C, §15.231**

Periodic operation in the band 40.66-40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz.

◆ **RSS-210, Issue 8, December 2010, Annex 1.1**

Momentarily operated devices

Test location

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Website	www.nemko.com
Site number	FCC: 722545; IC: 2040G-5 (3 m semi anechoic chamber)

Tested by	Avul Nzenza, EMC Specialist and Yong Huang, EMC Specialist
Reviewed by	Kevin Rose, Wireless/EMC Specialist
Date	April 11, 2016
Signature of reviewer	

Limits of responsibility

Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. All results contain in this report are within Nemko Canada's ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.

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Section 1. Report summary

1.1 Applicant and manufacturer

Company name	S.Now SA
Address	20 Chemin de St Georges
City	Clarens
Province/State	Vaud
Postal/Zip code	1815
Country	Switzerland

1.2 Test specifications

FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C, Clause 15.231	Periodic operation in the band 40.66–40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz
RSS-210, Issue 8, December 2010, Annex 1.1	Momentarily operated devices
ANSI C63.4: 2014	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz

1.3 Test methods

ANSI C63.10 :2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
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1.4 Statement of compliance

In the configuration tested, the EUT was found compliant.

Testing was completed against all relevant requirements of the test standard. Results obtained indicate that the product under test complies in full with the requirements tested. The test results relate only to the items tested.

See “Summary of test results” for full details.

1.5 Exclusions

None

1.6 Test report revision history

Revision #	Details of changes made to test report
TRF	Original report issued

Section 2. Summary of test results

2.1 FCC Part 15 Subpart C test results

Table 2.1-1: FCC Part 15 – Radio frequency devices results

Part	Test description	Verdict
§15.31(e)	Variation of power source	See Notes ¹
§15.203	Antenna requirement	See Notes ²
§15.207(a)	Conducted limits	Not applicable ³
§15.231(a)	Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation	Pass
§15.231(b)	Field strength of emissions	Pass
§15.231(c)	Emission bandwidth	Pass
§15.231(d)	Requirements for devices operating within 40.66–40.70 MHz band	Not applicable ⁴
§15.231(e)	Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation	Not applicable ⁵

Notes:

- ¹ Fundamental field strength was measured with a fresh battery.
- ² The EUT is equipped with an integral antenna.
- ³ The EUT is battery powered.
- ⁴ The EUT does not operate in the frequency range of 40.66–40.70 MHz.
- ⁵ The EUT complies with requirement 15.231 (a).

2.2 IC RSS-GEN, Issue 4 test results

Table 2.2-1: IC RSS-GEN Issue 4 results

Part	Test description	Verdict
7.1.2	Receiver radiated emission limits	Not applicable ¹
7.1.3	Receiver conducted emission limits	Not applicable ¹
8.8	Power Line Conducted Emissions Limits for Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus	Not applicable ²

Notes:

- ¹ The EUT does not contain a receiver.
- ² The EUT is battery powered.

2.3 IC RSS-210, Issue 8 test results

Table 2.3-1: IC RSS-210 Issue 8 Annex 1 results

Part	Test description	Verdict
A1.1.1	Types of momentary signals	Pass
A1.1.2	Field strength and frequency bands	Pass
A1.1.3	Bandwidth for momentary signals	Pass
A1.1.4	Frequency stability within 40.66–40.70 MHz band	Not applicable ¹
A1.1.5	Reduced field strengths	Not applicable ²

Notes:

- ¹ The EUT does not operate in the frequency range of 40.66–40.70 MHz.
- ² The EUT complies with requirement RSS-210 A1.1.2.

Section 3. Equipment under test (EUT) details

3.1 Sample information

Receipt date	October 27, 2015
Nemko sample ID number	133-001121

3.2 EUT information

Product name	Smiley Boxes
Model	Smiley Boxes
Hardware revision	1.0
FW version	1.0
Serial number	N/A

3.3 Technical information

Applicant IC company number	20342
IC UPN number	Smiley 1
All used IC test site(s) Reg. number	2040G-5
RSS number and Issue number	RSS-210 Annex A1.1, Issue 8, December 2010
Frequency Min (MHz)	909.94
Frequency Max (MHz)	909.94
RF power Min (W)	N/A
RF power Max (W)	N/A
Field strength, Units @ distance	91.93 dBμV/m, Peak field strength @ 3 m, 71.93 dBμV/m, Average field strength @ 3 m
Measured BW (kHz) (99 %)	205.12
Calculated BW (kHz), as per TRC-43	N/A
Type of modulation	GFSK
Emission classification (F1D, G1D, D1D)	F1D
Transmitter spurious, Units @ distance	35.34 dBμV/m (Avg) at 2730.0 MHz, @ 3 m
Power requirements	Internally powered by two 3V button battery CR2354
Antenna information	The EUT uses a unique antenna coupling/ non-detachable antenna to the intentional radiator. Antenna gain: 2 dBi

3.4 Product description and theory of operation

The Smiley proposes 3 buttons to the user. Each time a button is pressed, a RF message is sent. The device transmits the message 4 times with interval of 10s between the emissions. Once the button has been pressed, the button is blocked for several seconds up to 10 minutes (programmable)

3.5 EUT exercise details

During testing, the unit was set to transmit continuously.

3.6 EUT setup diagram

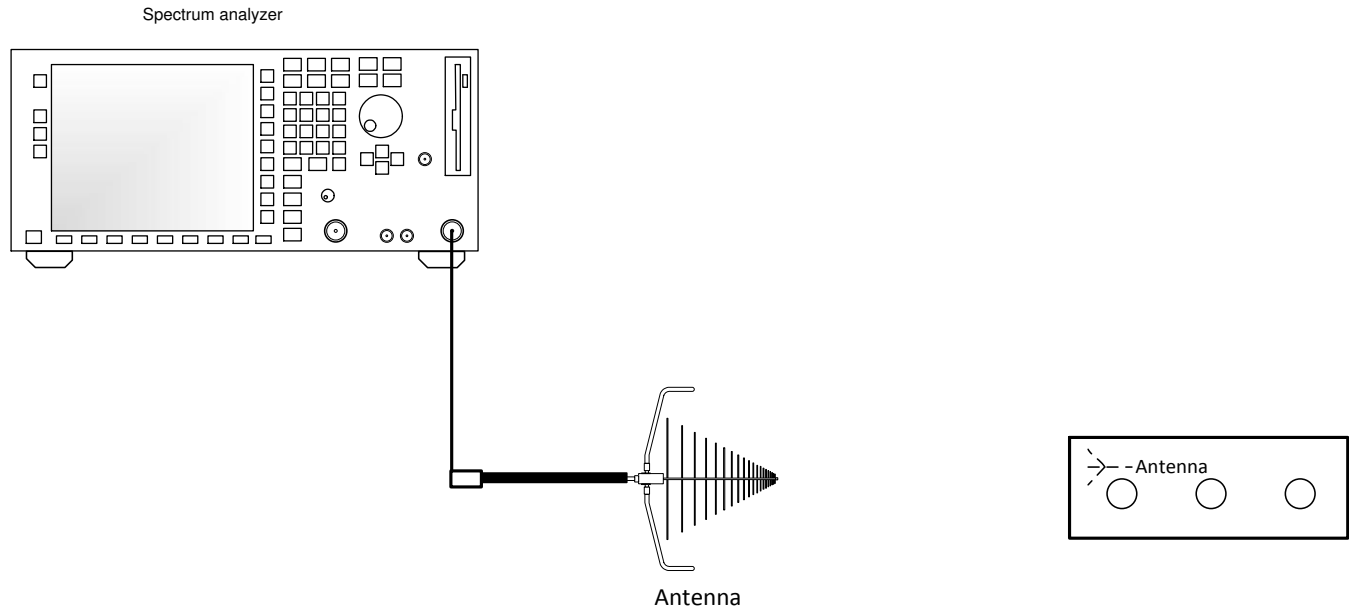


Figure 3.6-1: Setup diagram

Section 4. Engineering considerations

4.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT

There were no modifications performed to the EUT during this assessment.

4.2 Technical judgment

None

4.3 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures

No deviations were made from laboratory procedures.

Section 5. Test conditions

5.1 Atmospheric conditions

Temperature	15–30 °C
Relative humidity	20–75 %
Air pressure	860–1060 mbar

When it is impracticable to carry out tests under these conditions, a note to this effect stating the ambient temperature and relative humidity during the tests shall be recorded and stated.

5.2 Power supply range

The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the purpose of the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages $\pm 5\%$, for which the equipment was designed.

Section 6. Measurement uncertainty

6.1 Uncertainty of measurement

Measurement uncertainty budgets for the tests are detailed below. Measurement uncertainty calculations assume a coverage factor of $K = 2$ with 95% certainty.

Test name	Measurement uncertainty, dB
All antenna port measurements	0.55
Conducted spurious emissions	1.13
Radiated spurious emissions	3.78
AC power line conducted emissions	3.55

Section 7. Test equipment

7.1 Test equipment list

Table 7.1-1: Equipment list

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal cycle	Next cal.
3 m EMI test chamber	TDK	SAC-3	FA002532	1 year	May. 25/16
Flush mount turntable	Sunol	FM2022	FA002550	—	NCR
Controller	Sunol	SC104V	FA002551	—	NCR
Antenna mast	Sunol	TLT2	FA002552	—	NCR
Receiver/spectrum analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 40	FA002071	1 year	April 7/16
Bilog antenna (20–2000 MHz)	Sunol	JB1	FA002517	1 year	Sept. 29/16
Horn antenna (1–18 GHz)	EMCO	3115	FA001452	1 year	Sept. 29/16
Pre-amplifier (0.5–18 GHz)	COM-POWER	PAM-118A	FA002561	1 year	May 6/16

Notes: NCR - no calibration required

Table 7.1-2: Test software details

Test description	Manufacturer of Software	Details
Radiated emissions	Rhode & Schwarz	EMC32, Software for EMC Measurements, Version 8.53.0

Notes: None

Section 8. Testing data

8.1 FCC 15.231(a) and RSS-210 A1.1.1 Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation

8.1.1 Definitions and limits

FCC:

- (a) The provisions of this section are restricted to periodic operation within the band 40.66–40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz. Except as shown in paragraph (e) of this section, the intentional radiator is restricted to the transmission of a control signal such as those used with alarm systems, door openers, remote switches, etc. Continuous transmissions, voice, video and the radio control of toys are not permitted. Data is permitted to be sent with a control signal. The following conditions shall be met to comply with the provisions for this periodic operation:
 - (1) A manually operated transmitter shall employ a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released.
 - (2) A transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds after activation.
 - (3) Periodic transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are not permitted. However, polling or supervision transmissions, including data, to determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are allowed if the total duration of transmissions does not exceed more than two seconds per hour for each transmitter. There is no limit on the number of individual transmissions, provided the total transmission time does not exceed two seconds per hour.
 - (4) Intentional radiators which are employed for radio control purposes during emergencies involving fire, security, and safety of life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate during the pendency of the alarm condition.
 - (5) Transmission of set-up information for security systems may exceed the transmission duration limits in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section, provided such transmissions are under the control of a professional installer and do not exceed ten seconds after a manually operated switch is released or a transmitter is activated automatically. Such set-up information may include data.

IC:

The following conditions shall be met to comply with the provisions for momentary operation:

- (a) A manually operated transmitter shall be equipped with a push-to-operate switch and be under manual control at all transmission times. When released, the transmitter shall cease transmission (holdover time of up to 5 seconds is permitted).
- (b) A transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds after activation (i.e. maximum 5 seconds of operation).
- (c) Periodic transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are not permitted, except as provided in Section A.1.1.5. However, polling or supervision transmissions to determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are allowed if the total duration of transmission does not exceed 2 seconds per hour for each transmitter.
- (d) Intentional radiators employed for radio control purposes during emergencies involving fire, security of goods (e.g. burglar alarms), and safety-of-life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate during the interval of the alarm condition.

8.1.2 Test summary

Test date	March 10, 2016	Temperature	24.4 °C
Test engineer	Avul Nzenza	Air pressure	1012 mbar
Verdict	Pass	Relative humidity	34 %

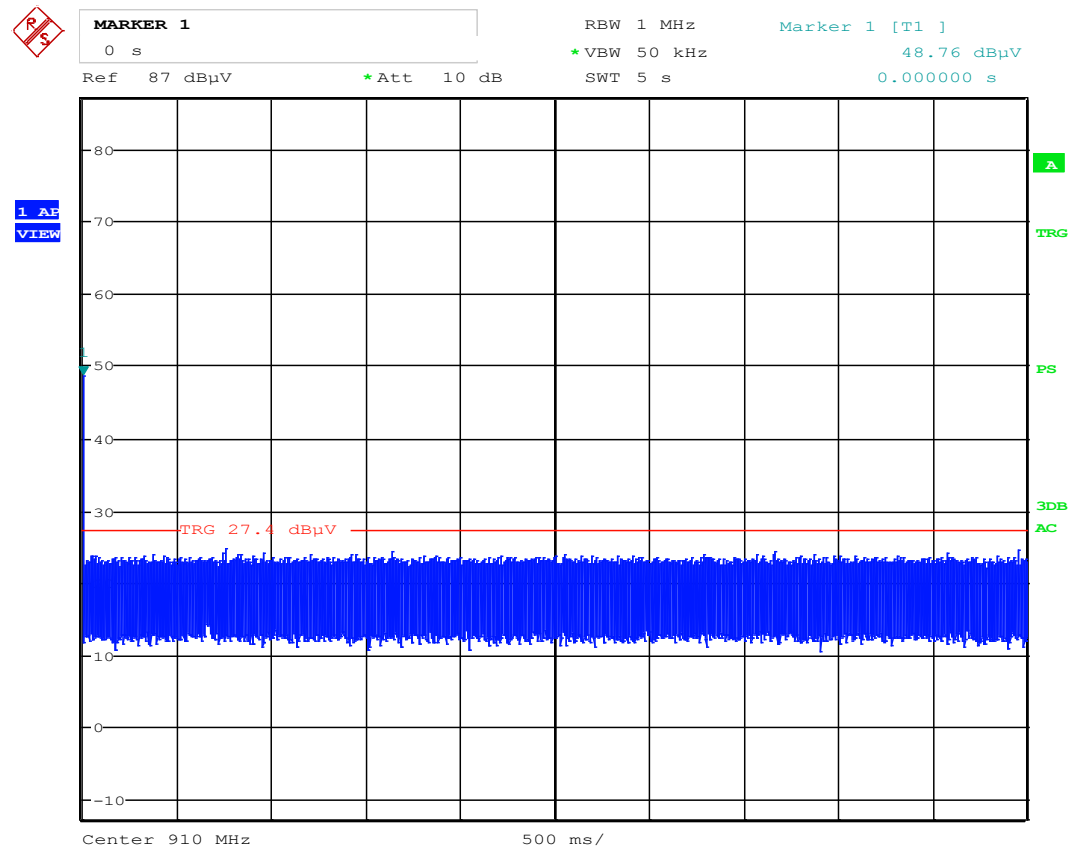
8.1.3 Observations, settings and special notes

None

8.1.4

Test data

- 1) The EUT is a manually operated transmitter; it uses switches to automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released. (See Figure 8.1-1)
- 2) The EUT is activated. Transmission ceases within 5 seconds. (See Figure 8.1-1)
- 3) The total transmission does not exceed 2 seconds of transmission per hour.
- 4) The EUT usage is not employed for radio purposes during emergencies involving fire, security and safety of life
- 5) The EUT does not transmit set-up information



Date: 10.MAR.2016 14:49:40

Figure 8.1-1: Transmission time

8.2 FCC 15.231(b) and RSS-210 A1.1.2 Field strength of emissions

8.2.1 Definitions and limits

FCC:

- (b) In addition to the provisions of §15.205 the field strength of emissions from intentional radiators operated under this section shall not exceed the following table.
- 1) The field strength limits in the table are specified at a distance of 3 meters. The tighter limits apply at the band edges.
 - 2) Intentional radiators operating under the provisions of this section shall demonstrate compliance with the limits on the field strength of emissions, as shown in the above table, based on the average value of the measured emissions. As an alternative, compliance with the limits in the above table may be based on the use of measurement instrumentation with a CISPR quasi-peak detector. The specific method of measurement employed shall be specified in the application for equipment authorization. If average emission measurements are employed, the provisions in §15.35 for averaging pulsed emissions and for limiting peak emissions apply. Further, compliance with the provisions of §15.205 shall be demonstrated using the measurement instrumentation specified in that section.
 - 3) The limits on the field strength of the spurious emissions in the table below are based on the fundamental frequency of the intentional radiator. Spurious emissions shall be attenuated to the average (or, alternatively, CISPR quasi-peak) limits shown in this table or to the general limits shown in §15.209, whichever limit permits a higher field strength.

IC:

- 1) The field strength of emissions from momentarily operated intentional radiators shall not exceed the limits in Table A.
- 2) Intentional radiators shall demonstrate compliance with the field strength limits shown in Table A, based on the average value of the measured emissions.
Alternatively, compliance with the limit in Table A may be demonstrated using a CISPR quasi-peak detector. If average measurements are employed, the requirements of Pulsed Operation of RSS-Gen apply regarding pulsed operation for averaging pulsed emissions and for limiting peak emissions.
- 3) The field strength limits shown in Table A are based on the fundamental frequency of the intentional radiator. Unwanted emissions shall be attenuated to the limits listed in RSS-Gen or to the limits shown in table below, whichever are less stringent.

Table 8.2-1: Field strength limits

Fundamental frequency (MHz)	Field strength of fundamental		Field strength of spurious emissions	
	(µV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(µV/m)	(dBµV/m)
40.66–40.70 ¹	2,250	67	225	47
70–130	1,250	61.9	125	41.9
130–174	1,250 to 3,750*	61.9 to 71.5*	125 to 375*	41.9 to 51.5*
174–260	3,750	71.5	375	51.5
260–470	3,750 to 12,500*	71.5 to 81.9*	375 to 1,250*	51.5 to 61.9*
Above 470	12,500	81.9	1,250	61.9

Notes: ¹The levels applicable to FCC only. For IC field strength shall not exceed 10 µV/m (80 dBµV/m) measured at 3 m with an average meter. Alternatively, it shall not exceed 233 mV/m measured with a quasi-peak meter. (Note: Do not use the above to convert average meter readings to quasi-peak values.)
Outside the 40.65–40.71 MHz band, the general field strength limits listed in RSS-Gen shall apply, except for harmonics, which shall not exceed 225 µV/m at 3 m.

* Linear interpolation with frequency F in MHz:
For 130–174 MHz: FS (microvolts/m) = (56.82 × F) – 6136
For 260–470 MHz: FS (microvolts/m) = (41.67 × F) – 7083

The frequency band 225–399.9 MHz is allocated for Government of Canada usage. There are different types of operations in different parts of this band of frequencies, including communications with aircraft and operations using high-power transmitters. Besides avoiding the restricted frequency bands listed in RSS-Gen, it is recommended that the entire 225–399.9 MHz band be avoided.

8.2.1 Definitions and limits, continued

Table 8.2-2: FCC §15.209 and RSS-Gen – Radiated emission limits

Frequency, MHz	Field strength of emissions		Measurement distance, m
	µV/m	dBµV/m	
0.009–0.490	2400/F	$67.6 - 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$	300
0.490–1.705	24000/F	$87.6 - 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$	30
1.705–30.0	30	29.5	30
30–88	100	40.0	3
88–216	150	43.5	3
216–960	200	46.0	3
above 960	500	54.0	3

- Notes:
- F = fundamental frequency in kHz
 - In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
 - For frequencies above 1 GHz the limit on peak RF emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test.

Table 8.2-3: IC restricted frequency bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110	12.51975–12.52025	399.9–410	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905	12.57675–12.57725	608–614	7.25–7.75
3.020–3.026	13.36–13.41	960–1427	8.025–8.5
4.125–4.128	16.42–16.423	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.17725–4.17775	16.69475–16.69525	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
4.20725–4.20775	16.80425–16.80475	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
5.677–5.683	25.5–25.67	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.215–6.218	37.5–38.25	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
6.26775–6.26825	73–74.6	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
6.31175–6.31225	74.8–75.2	2655–2900	17.7–21.4
8.291–8.294	108–138	3260–3267	22.01–23.12
8.362–8.366	156.52475–156.52525	3332–3339	23.6–24.0
8.37625–8.38675	156.7–156.9	3345.8–3358	31.2–31.8
8.41425–8.41475	240–285	3500–4400	36.43–36.5
12.29–12.293	322–335.4	4500–5150	Above 38.6

- Notes:
- Certain frequency bands listed in Table 8.2-3 and above 38.6 GHz are designated for low-power licence-exempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to the devices are set out in this Standard

Table 8.2-4: FCC restricted frequency bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675	156.7–156.9	2690–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358	36.43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	Above 38.6
13.36–13.41			

- Notes:
- None

8.2.2 Test summary

Test date	March 4, 2016	Temperature	24.4 °C
Test engineer	Avul Nzenza	Air pressure	1012 mbar
Verdict	Pass	Relative humidity	34 %

8.2.3 Observations, settings and special notes

- The spectrum was searched from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic.
- Average radiated emissions were obtained by subtracting duty cycle / correction factor from the peak measurement results.

Spectrum analyser settings for radiated measurements within restricted bands below 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

Spectrum analyser settings for peak radiated measurements within restricted bands above 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

Setup details

EUT setup configuration	Table top
Test facility	3 m Semi anechoic chamber
Measuring distance	3 m
Antenna height variation	1–4 m
Turn table position	0–360°

8.2.4 Test data

§15.35(c) When the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission, and pulsed operation is employed; the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds.

$$\text{Duty cycle or average factor} = 20 \times \log_{10} \left(\frac{T_{x_{100\text{ms}}}}{100\text{ms}} \right)$$

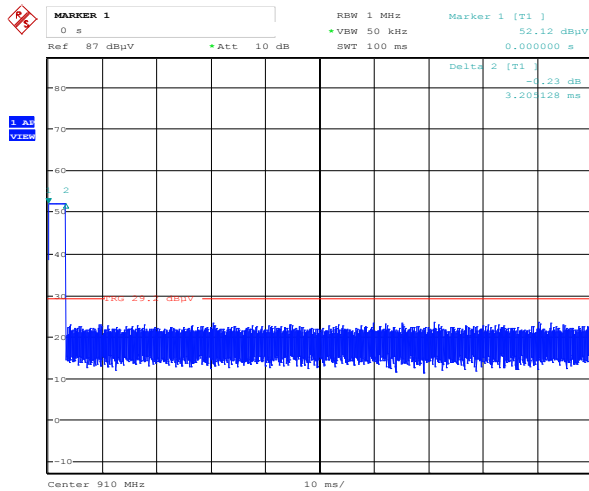


Figure 8.2-1: 100 ms transmission time frame

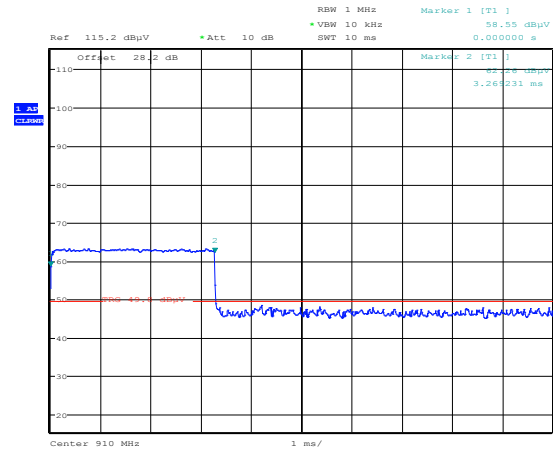


Figure 8.2-2: Pulse width

$$\text{DCCF (dB)} = 20 \times \log_{10} (T_{x_{100\text{ms}}} / 100\text{ms}) = 20 \times \log_{10} = -29.88\text{ dB}$$

8.2.4 Test data, continued

Table 8.2-5: Field Strength of Fundamental results

Freq. (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (V/H)	Meas. peak field strength ¹ (dBμV/m)	Peak field strength limit (dBμV/m)	Peak field strength margin ³ (dB)	Duty cycle correction factor (dB)	Calculated average field strength ² (dBμV/m)	Average field strength limit (dBμV/m)	Average field strength margin ³ (dB)
909.94	H	91.93	101.9	9.97	-20	71.93	81.9	9.97
	V	96.51	101.9	5.39	-20	76.51	81.9	5.39

Notes: ¹ Field strength (dBμV/m) = spectrum analyzer value (dBμV) + correction factor (dB)

Correction factor = antenna factor ACF (dB) + cable loss (dB) – amplifier gain (dB)

Sample calculation: 66.68 dBμV/m (field strength) = 77.58 dBμV (receiver reading) + (-10.9 dB) (Correction factor)

² Calculated average field strength (dBμV/m) = measured Peak field strength (dBμV/m) + Duty cycle correction factor (dB). Duty cycle correction factor as calculated from §15.35 (c)

³ Margin (dB) = field strength limit – field strength measurement

Table 8.2-6: Field Strength of Spurious emissions (Harmonic) results

Freq. (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (V/H)	Meas. peak field strength ¹ (dBμV/m)	Peak field strength limit (dBμV/m)	Peak field strength margin ³ (dB)	Duty cycle correction factor (dB)	Calculated average field strength ² (dBμV/m)	Average field strength limit (dBμV/m)	Average field strength margin ³ (dB)
1820.00	V	51.65	81.9	30.25	-20	31.65	61.9	30.25

Notes: ¹ Field strength (dBμV/m) = spectrum analyzer value (dBμV) + correction factor (dB)

Correction factor = antenna factor ACF (dB) + cable loss (dB) – amplifier gain (dB)

² Calculated average field strength (dBμV/m) = measured Peak field strength (dBμV/m) + Duty cycle correction factor (dB). Duty cycle correction factor as calculated from §15.35 (c)

³ Margin (dB) = field strength limit – field strength measurement

Table 8.2-7: Field Strength of Spurious emissions falling within restricted bands FCC and IC results

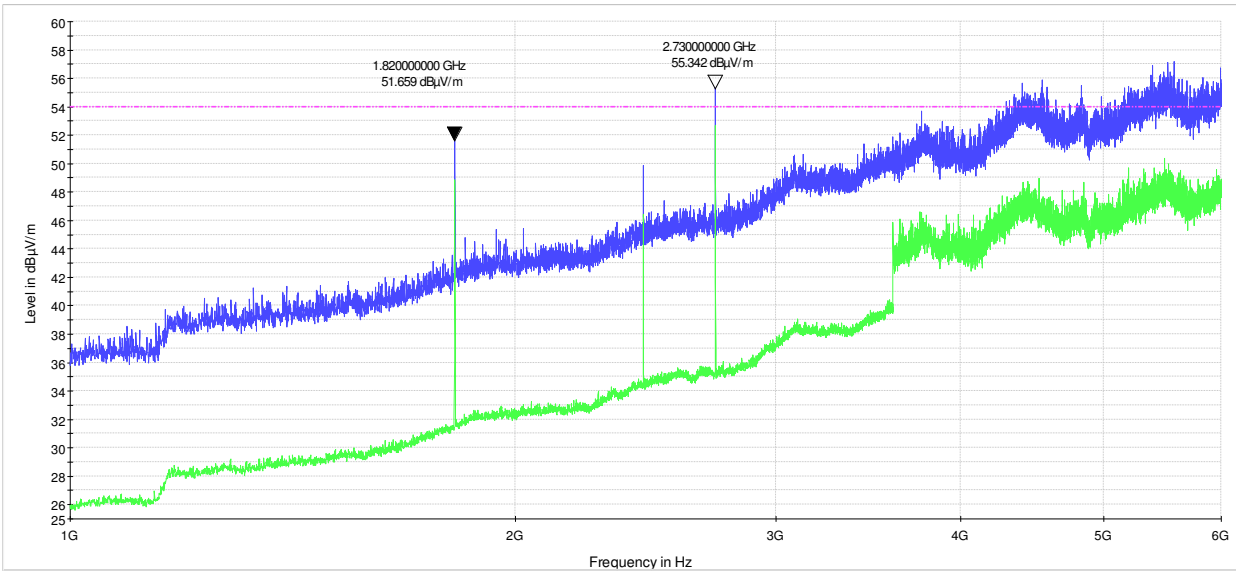
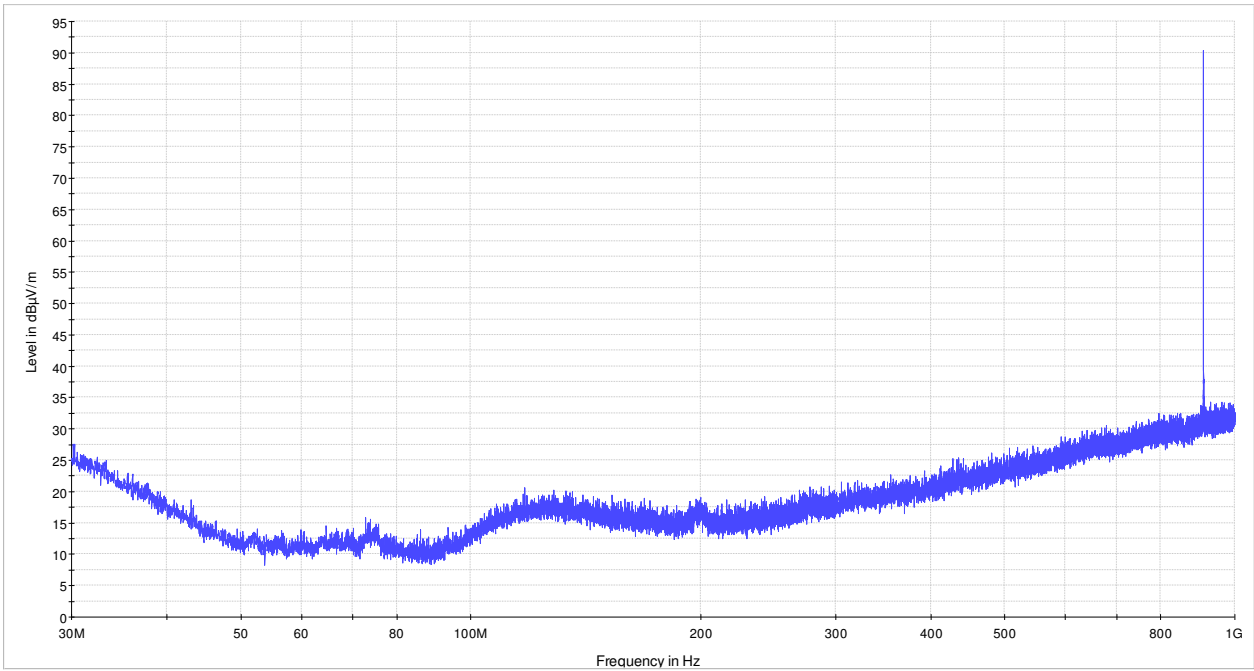
Freq. (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (V/H)	Meas. peak field strength ¹ (dBμV/m)	Peak field strength limit (dBμV/m)	Peak field strength margin ³ (dB)	Duty cycle correction factor (dB)	Calculated average field strength ² (dBμV/m)	Average field strength limit (dBμV/m)	Average field strength margin ³ (dB)
2730	V	55.342	74	18.658	-20	35.34	54	18.66

Notes: ¹ Field strength (dBμV/m) = spectrum analyzer value (dBμV) + correction factor (dB)

Correction factor = antenna factor ACF (dB) + cable loss (dB) – amplifier gain (dB)

² Calculated average field strength (dBμV/m) = measured Peak field strength (dBμV/m) + Duty cycle correction factor (dB). Duty cycle correction factor as calculated from §15.35 (c)

³ Margin (dB) = field strength limit – field strength measurement



Tx On _ 1 GHz to 6 GHz

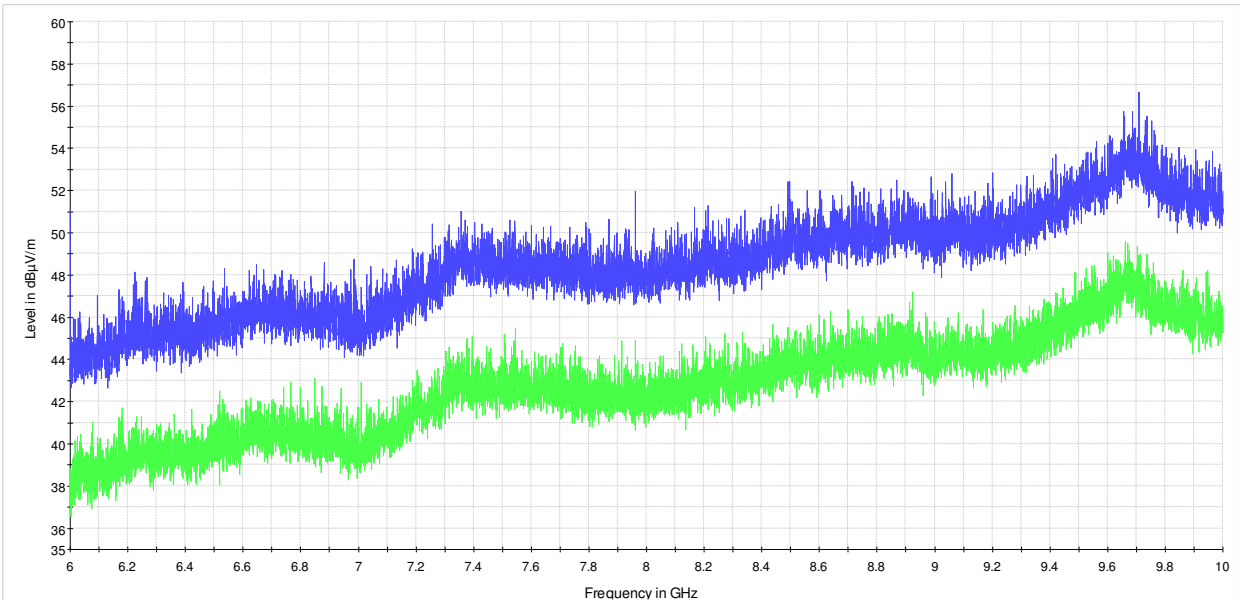
MaxPeak-MaxHold-PK+

Average-MaxHold-AVG

FCC Part 15 - Class B 3m Peak above 1GHz

FCC Part 15 - Class B 3m QP and Average

Figure 8.2-3: Field Strength of Spurious emissions



Tx On _6 GHz to 10 GHz
MaxPeak-MaxHold-PK+
Average-MaxHold-AVG

Figure 8.2-4: Field Strength of Spurious emissions

8.2.5 Setup photos

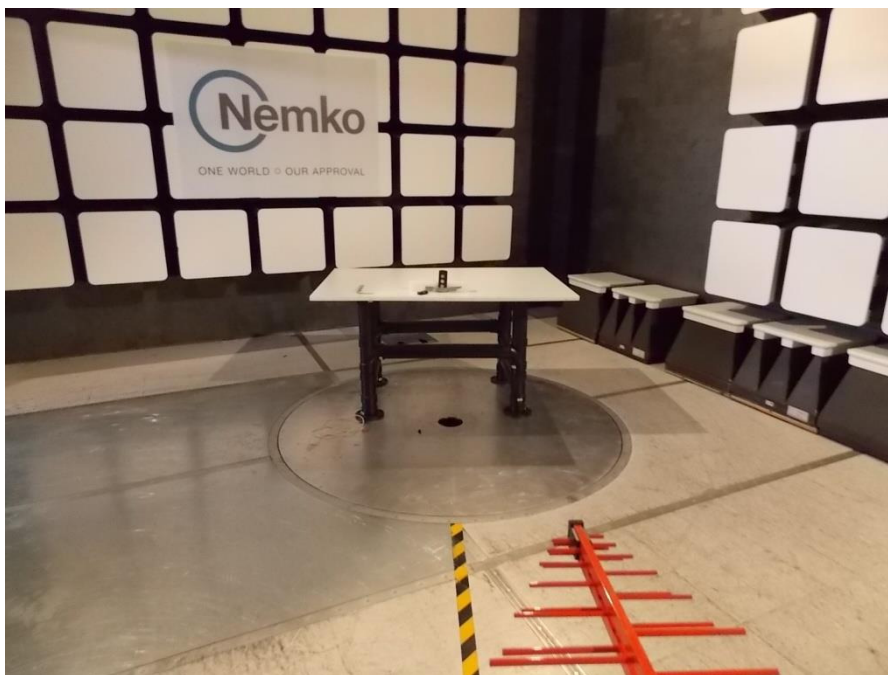


Figure 8.2-1: Emissions setup photo



Figure 8.2-2: Emissions setup photo

8.3 FCC 15.231(c) and RSS-210 A1.1.3 Emission bandwidth of momentary signals

8.3.1 Definitions and limits

FCC:

The bandwidth of the emission shall be no wider than 0.25 % of the center frequency for devices operating above 70 MHz and below 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the emission shall be no wider than 0.5 % of the center frequency. Bandwidth is determined at the points 20 dB down from the modulated carrier.

IC:

For the purpose of Section A1.1, the 99 % bandwidth shall be no wider than 0.25 % of the centre frequency for devices operating between 70 MHz and 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the emission shall be no wider than 0.5 % of the centre frequency.

8.3.2 Test summary

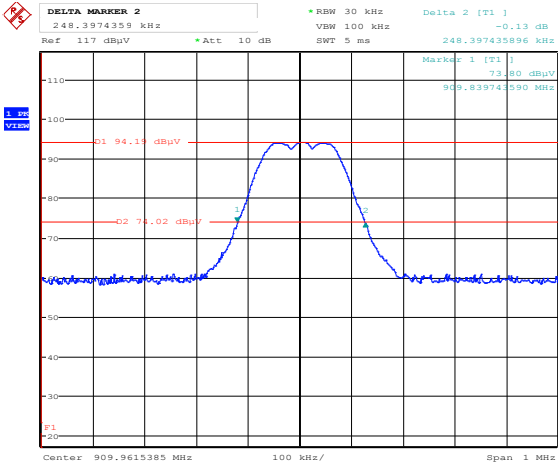
Verdict	Pass		
Test date	March 4, 2016	Temperature	24.4 °C
Test engineer	Yong Huang	Air pressure	1012 mbar
Test location	Montreal	Relative humidity	34 %

8.3.3 Observations, settings and special notes

Spectrum analyser settings:

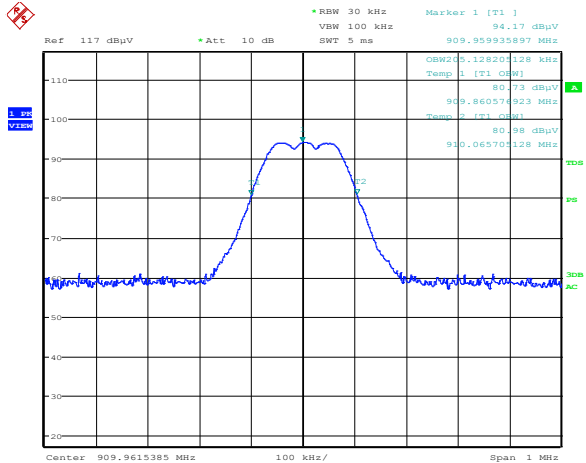
Resolution bandwidth	$\geq 1\%$ of emission bandwidth
Video bandwidth	$\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
Frequency span	Wider than emission bandwidth
Detector mode	Peak

8.3.4 Test data



Date: 4.MAR.2016 15:50:51

Figure 8.3-1: 20 dB bandwidth



Date: 4.MAR.2016 15:54:07

Figure 8.3-2: 99 % bandwidth

Table 8.3-1: 20 dB bandwidth results

20 dB bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Margin, kHz
248.4	4549.15	4300.75

Notes: Limit: 0.5 % of 909.83 MHz is 2274.57 kHz

Table 8.3-2: 99 % bandwidth results

99 % bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Margin, kHz
205.12	4549.3	4344.18

Notes: Limit: 0.5 % of 909.86 MHz is 2274.65 kHz

Section 9. Block diagrams of test set-ups

9.1 Radiated emissions set-up

