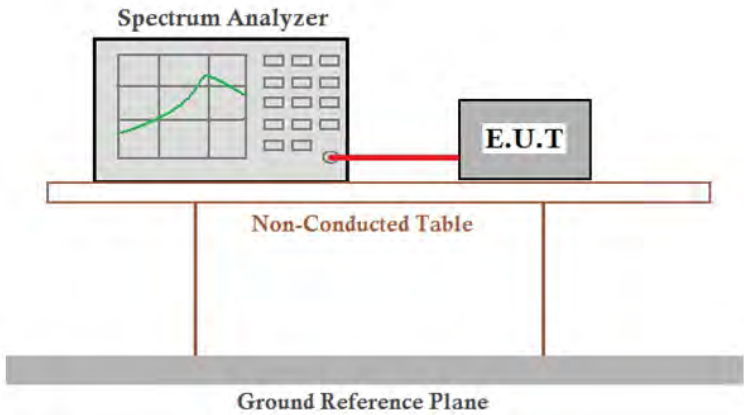
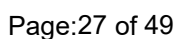


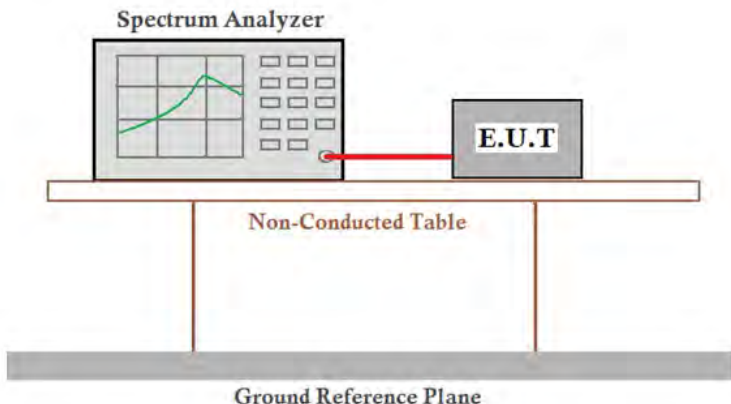
5.6 Band-edge for RF Conducted Emissions

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10 2013
Test Setup:	 Remark: $Offset = \text{Cable loss} + \text{attenuation factor}$.
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.
Test Mode:	Transmitting with GFSK modulation.
Test Results:	Pass

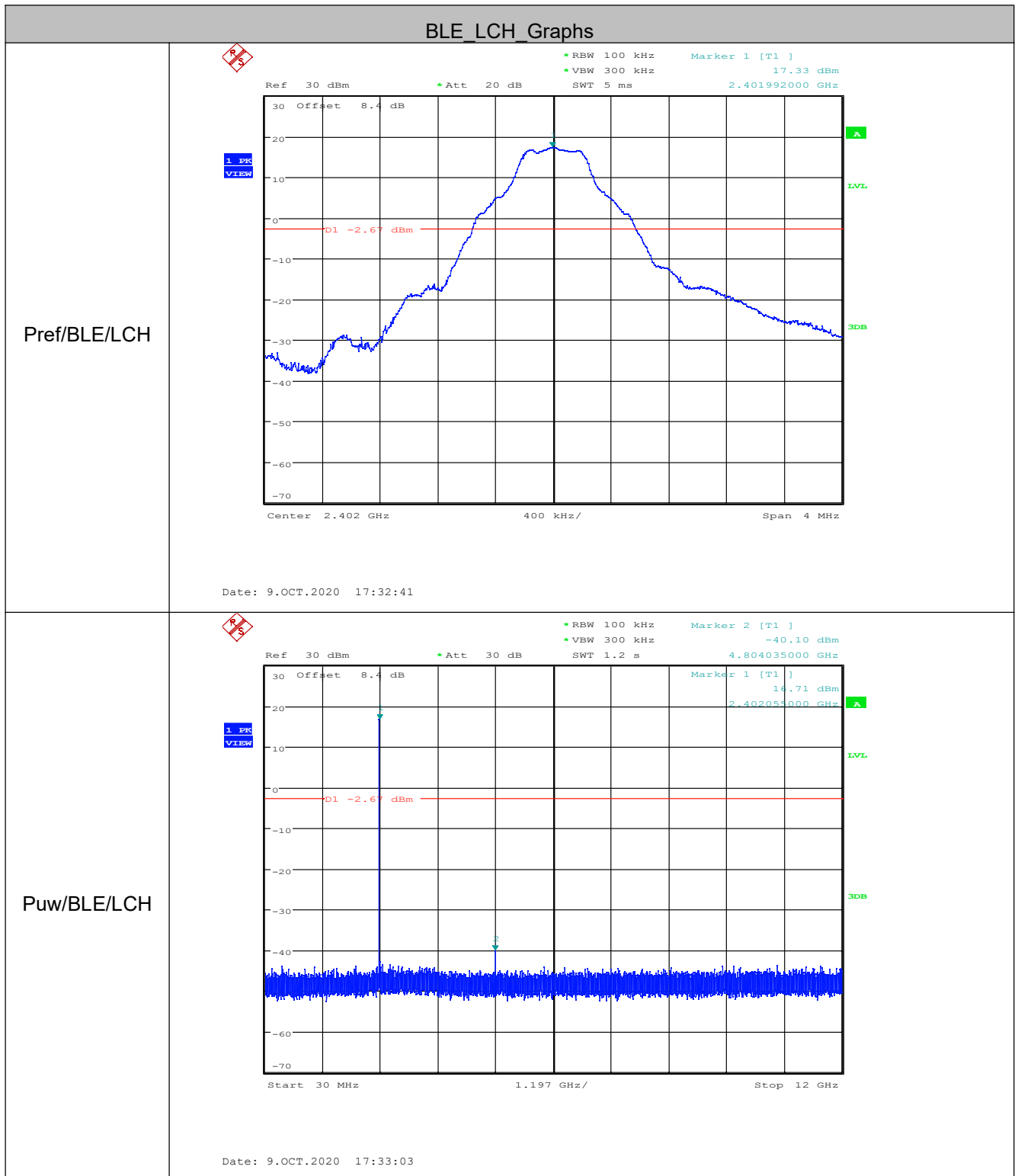
GFSK mode				
Test channel	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Level(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Result
Lowest	2400	-38.680	-2.48	Pass
Highest	2483.5	-40.280	-0.69	Pass

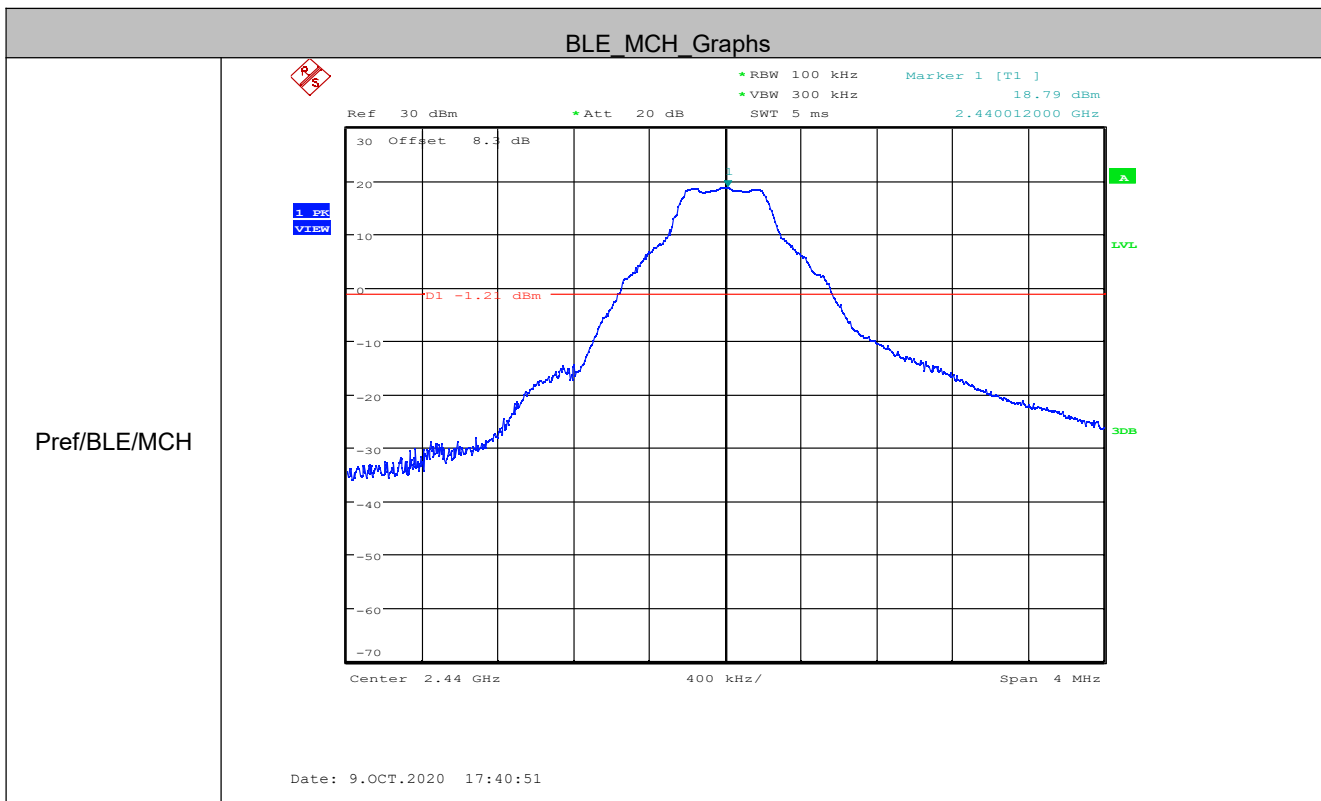
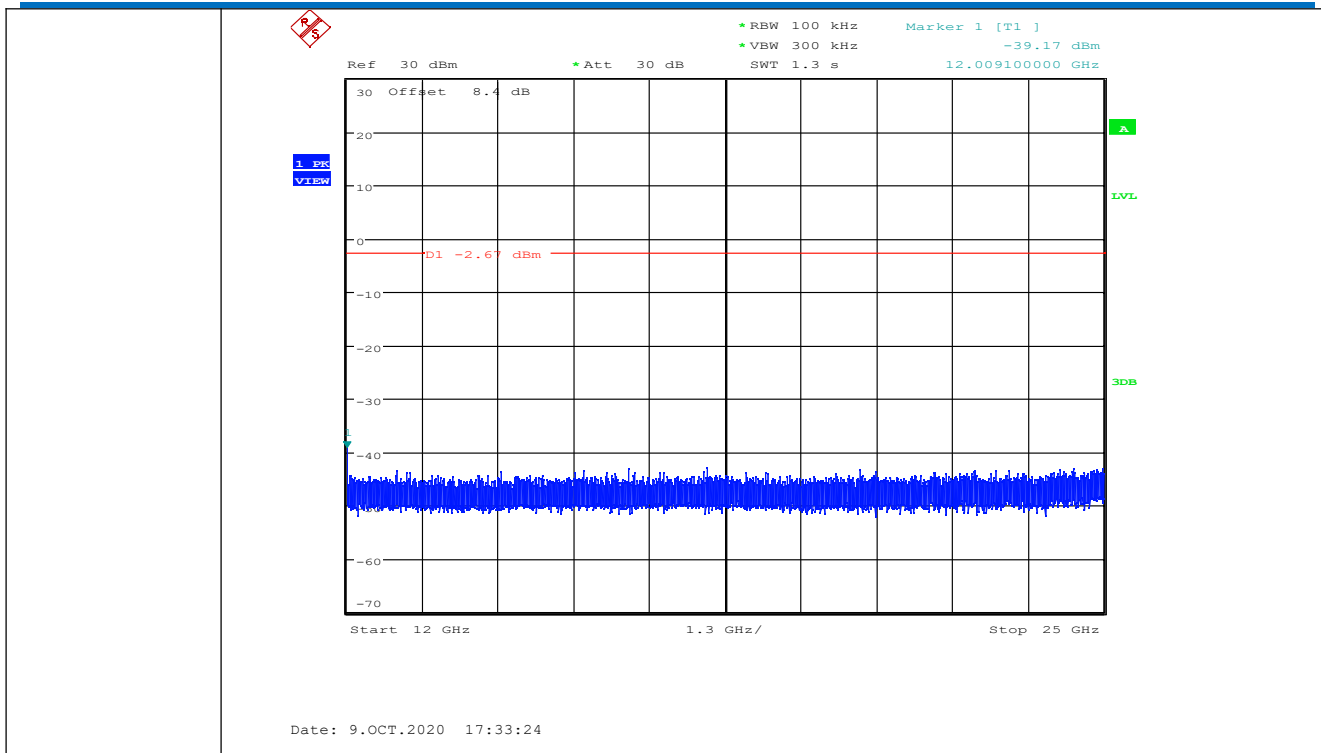


5.7 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

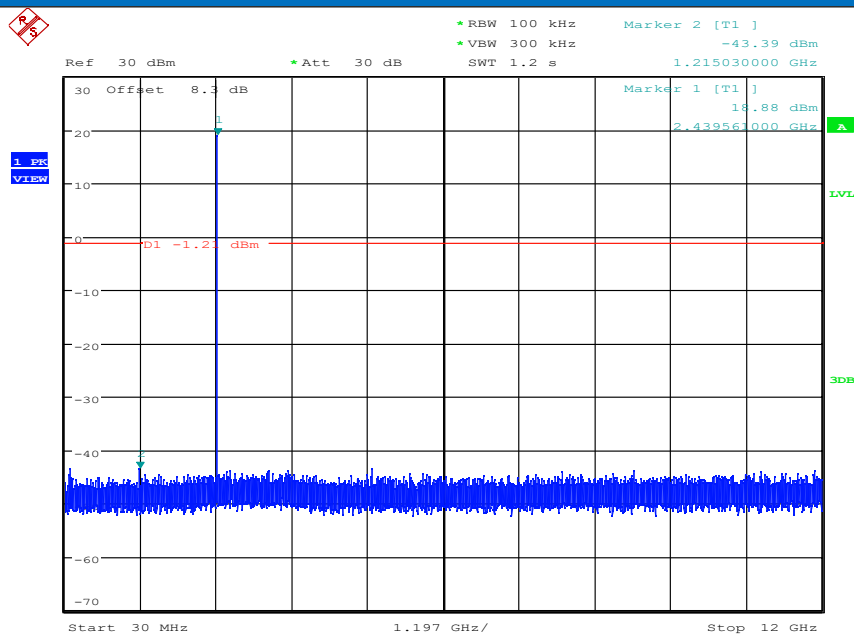
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10 2013
Test Setup:	 <i>Remark: Offset=Cable loss+ attenuation factor.</i>
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.
Test Mode:	Transmitting with GFSK modulation.
Test Results:	Pass

Test plot as follows:

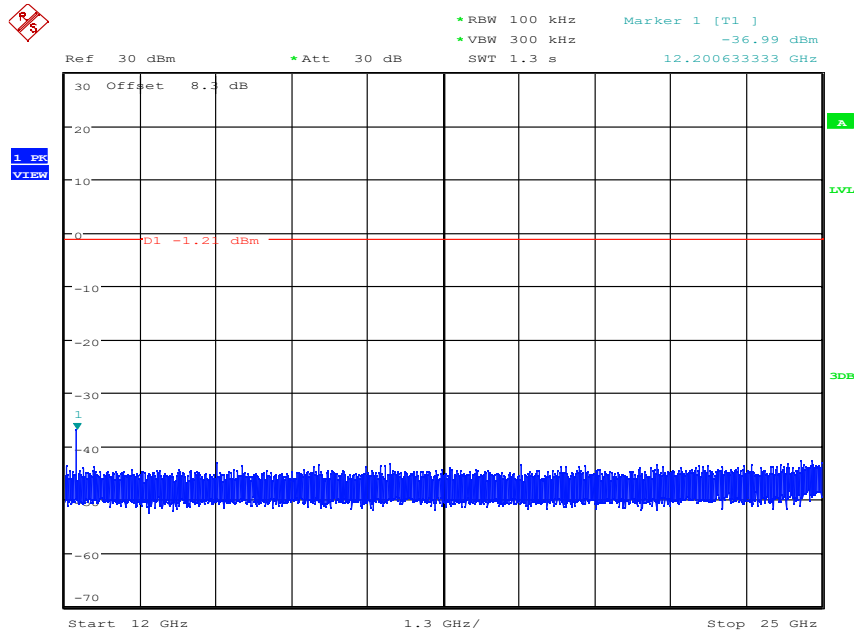




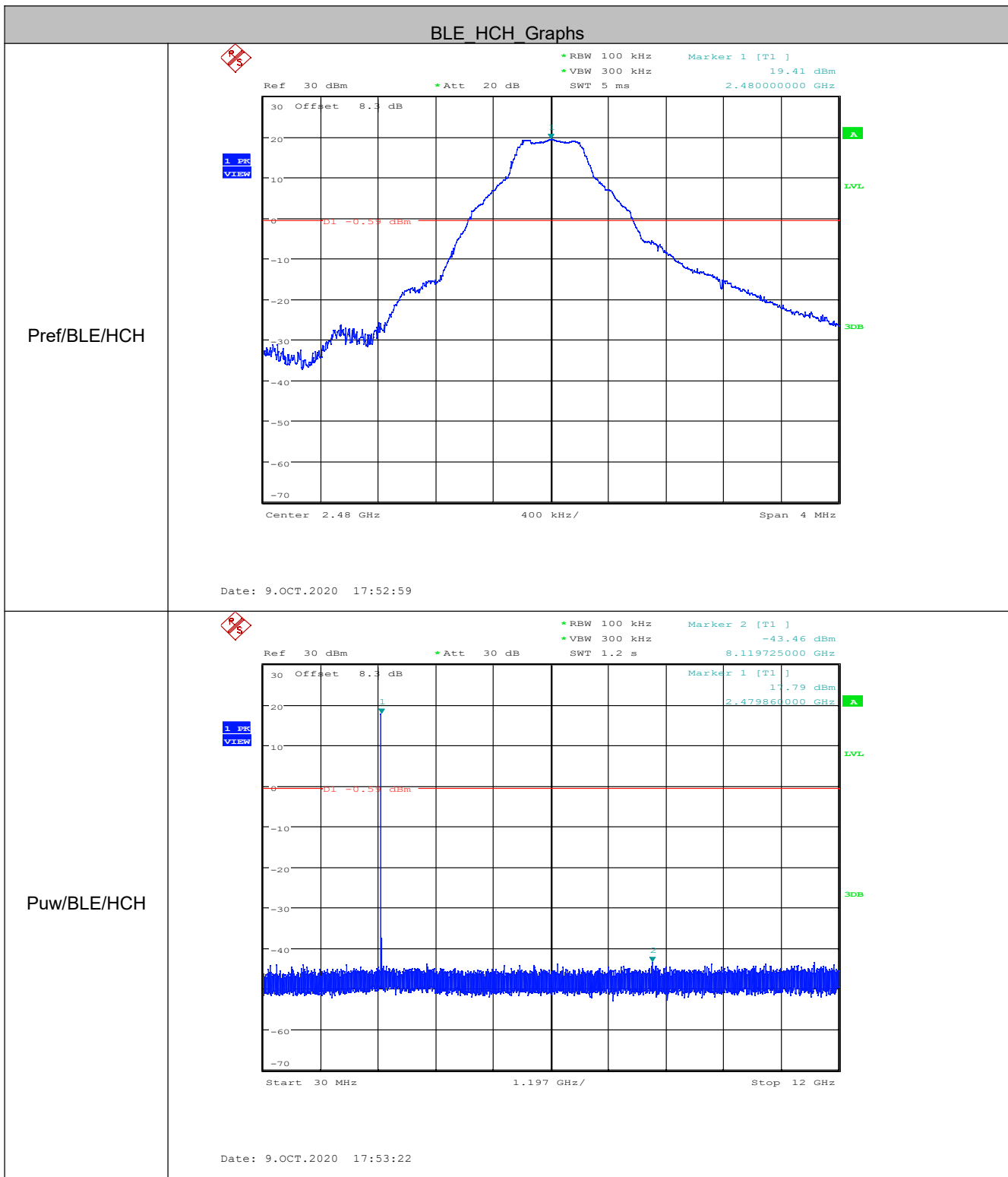
P_{uw}/BLE/MCH

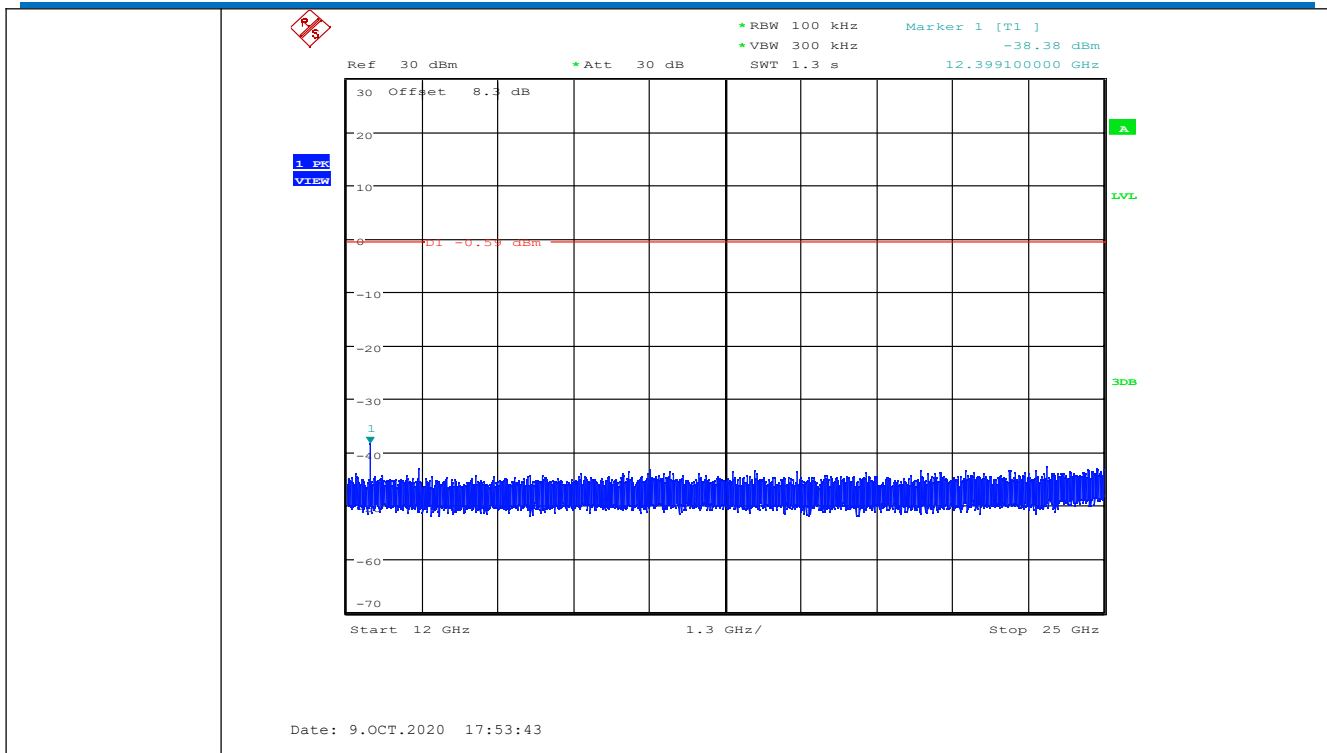


Date: 9.OCT.2020 17:41:14



Date: 9.OCT.2020 17:41:35





Remark:

Pretest 9kHz to 25GHz, find the highest point when testing, so only the worst data were shown in the test report. Per FCC Part 15.33 (a) and 15.31 (o) ,The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

5.8 Radiated Spurious Emission & Restricted bands

5.8.1 Spurious Emissions

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.209 and 15.205				
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10 2013				
Test Site:	Measurement Distance: 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)				
Receiver Setup:	Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
	0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Peak	10kHz	30kHz	Peak
	0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Average	10kHz	30kHz	Average
	0.090MHz-0.110MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
	0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Peak	10kHz	30kHz	Peak
	0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Average	10kHz	30kHz	Average
	0.490MHz -30MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
	30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	100 kHz	300kHz	Quasi-peak
	Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
		Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average
Limit:	Frequency	Field strength (microvolt/meter)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Remark	Measurement distance (m)
	0.009MHz-0.490MHz	2400/F(kHz)	-	-	300
	0.490MHz-1.705MHz	24000/F(kHz)	-	-	30
	1.705MHz-30MHz	30	-	-	30
	30MHz-88MHz	100	40.0	Quasi-peak	3
	88MHz-216MHz	150	43.5	Quasi-peak	3
	216MHz-960MHz	200	46.0	Quasi-peak	3
	960MHz-1GHz	500	54.0	Quasi-peak	3
	Above 1GHz	500	54.0	Average	3
Note: 15.35(b), Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device.					

Test Setup:

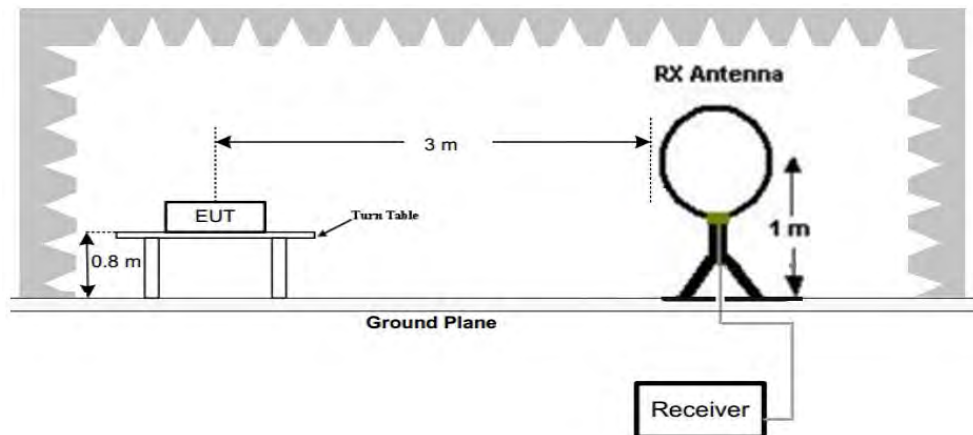


Figure 1. Below 30MHz

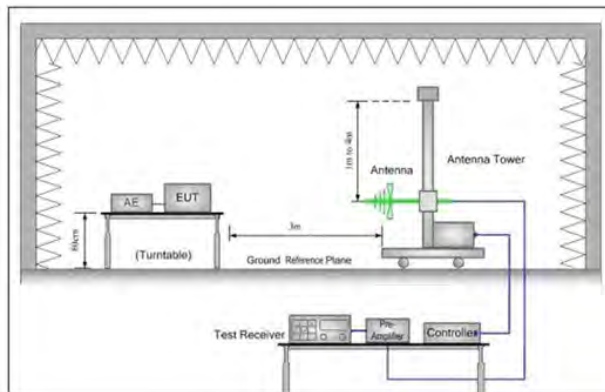


Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

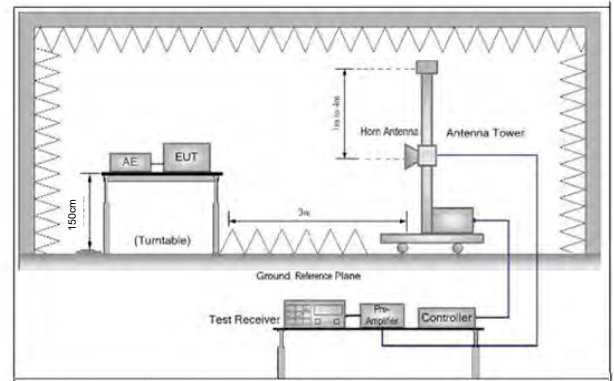


Figure 3. Above 1 GHz

Test Procedure:

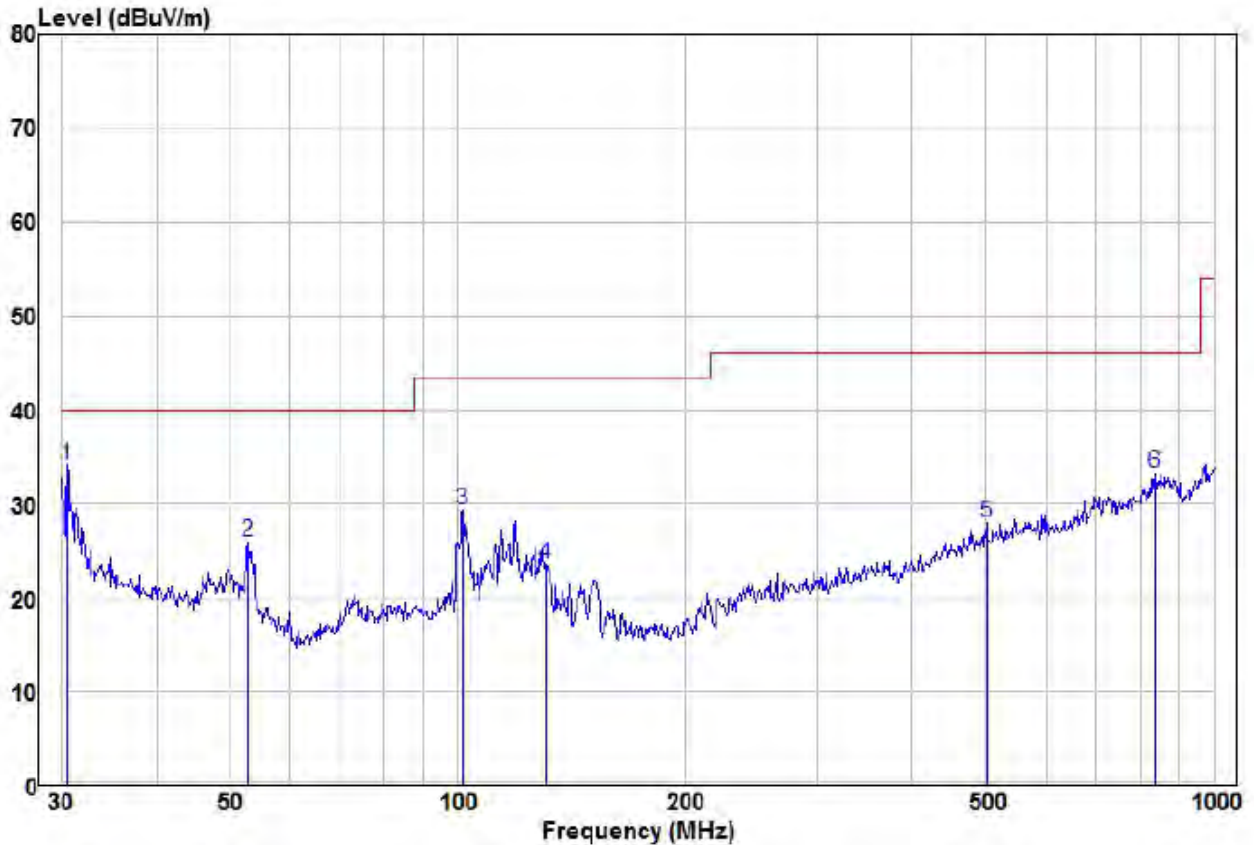
- a. 1) Below 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2) Above 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
Note: For the radiated emission test above 1GHz:
Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the

	measurement. d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode. f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet. g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel (2402MHz),the middle channel (2440MHz),the Highest channel (2480MHz) h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case. i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.
Exploratory Test Mode:	Transmitting with GFSK modulation.
Final Test Mode:	Transmitting with GFSK modulation. For below 1GHz part, through pre-scan, the worst case is the middle channel. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Test Results:	Pass

Radiated Emission below 1GHz

30MHz~1GHz, the worst case

Test mode: Transmitting mode Vertical



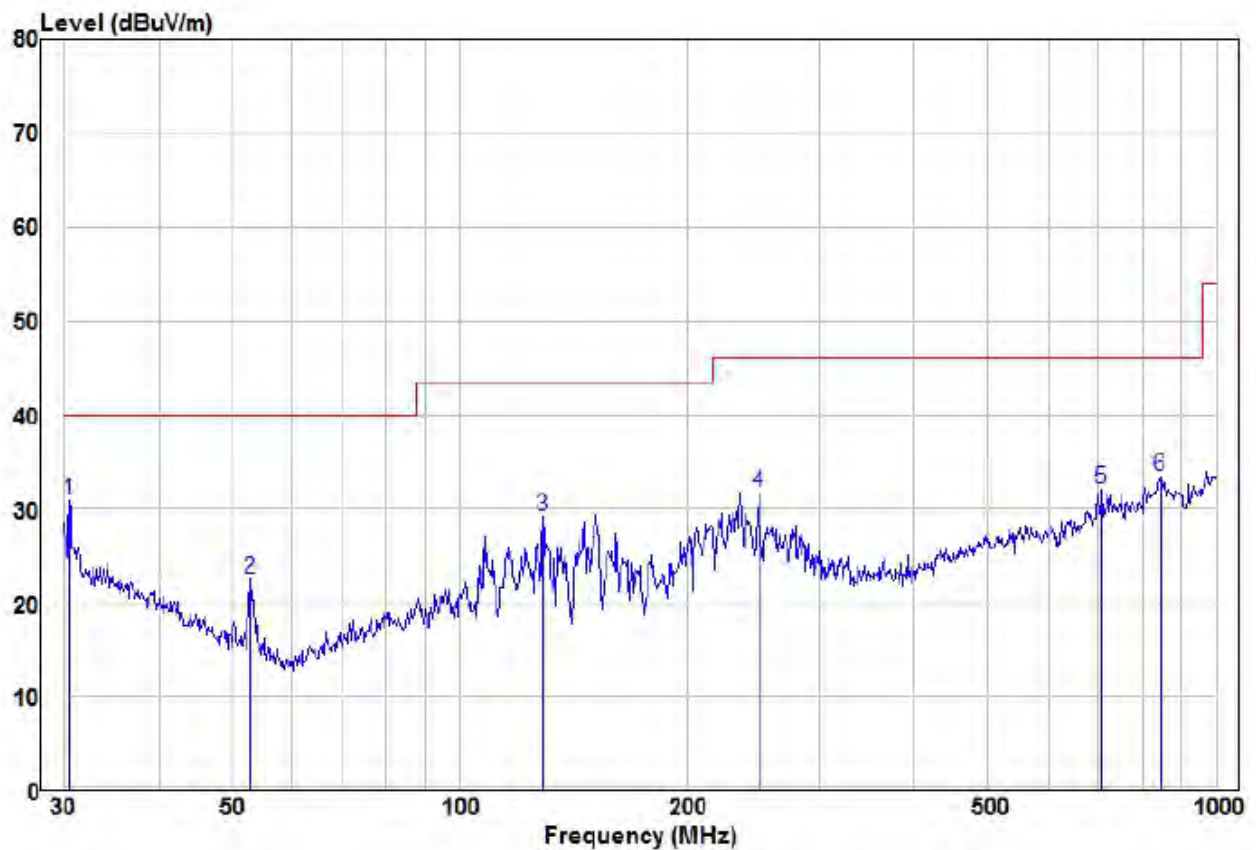
		Read		Limit	Over		
	Freq	Level	Factor	Level	Line	Limit	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Pol/Phase
1	pp	30.53	18.38	15.77	34.15	40.00	-5.85 QP
2		52.95	18.41	7.48	25.89	40.00	-14.11 QP
3		101.64	18.70	10.57	29.27	43.50	-14.23 QP
4		130.84	13.49	10.13	23.62	43.50	-19.88 QP
5		501.18	9.68	18.29	27.97	46.00	-18.03 QP
6		836.24	9.09	24.12	33.21	46.00	-12.79 QP

30MHz~1GHz, the worst case

Test mode:

Transmitting mode

Horizontal



		Read		Limit	Over		
	Freq	Level	Factor	Level	Line	Limit	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Pol/Phase
1	pp 30.53	15.05	15.77	30.82	40.00	-9.18	QP HORIZONTAL
2	52.95	15.00	7.48	22.48	40.00	-17.52	QP HORIZONTAL
3	129.01	18.75	10.36	29.11	43.50	-14.39	QP HORIZONTAL
4	248.55	19.77	12.04	31.81	46.00	-14.19	QP HORIZONTAL
5	706.70	10.90	21.13	32.03	46.00	-13.97	QP HORIZONTAL
6	845.09	9.44	24.08	33.52	46.00	-12.48	QP HORIZONTAL

Transmitter Emission above 1GHz

Worse case mode:		GFSK		Test channel:		Lowest	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)		H/V
2390	54.05	-9.2	44.85	74	-29.15	Peak	H
2400	55.17	-9.39	45.78	74	-28.22	Peak	H
4804	52.10	-4.33	47.77	74	-26.23	Peak	H
7206	48.35	1.01	49.36	74	-24.64	Peak	H
2390	55.22	-9.2	46.02	74	-27.98	Peak	V
2400	51.27	-9.39	41.88	74	-32.12	Peak	V
4804	53.65	-4.33	49.32	74	-24.68	Peak	V
7206	48.33	1.01	49.34	74	-24.66	Peak	V

Worse case mode:		GFSK		Test channel:		Middle	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)		H/V
4880	50.49	-4.11	46.38	74	-27.62	peak	H
7320	50.30	1.51	51.81	74	-22.19	peak	H
4880	52.24	-4.11	48.13	74	-25.87	peak	V
7320	50.90	1.51	52.41	74	-21.59	peak	V

Worse case mode:		GFSK		Test channel:		Highest	
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Over	Detector Type	Ant. Pol.
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)		H/V
2483.5	55.59	-9.29	46.30	74	-27.70	Peak	H
4960	52.25	-4.04	48.21	74	-25.79	Peak	H
7440	50.89	1.57	52.46	74	-21.54	Peak	H
2483.5	56.88	-9.29	47.59	74	-26.41	Peak	V
4960	49.49	-4.04	45.45	74	-28.55	Peak	V
7440	50.91	1.57	52.48	74	-21.52	Peak	V

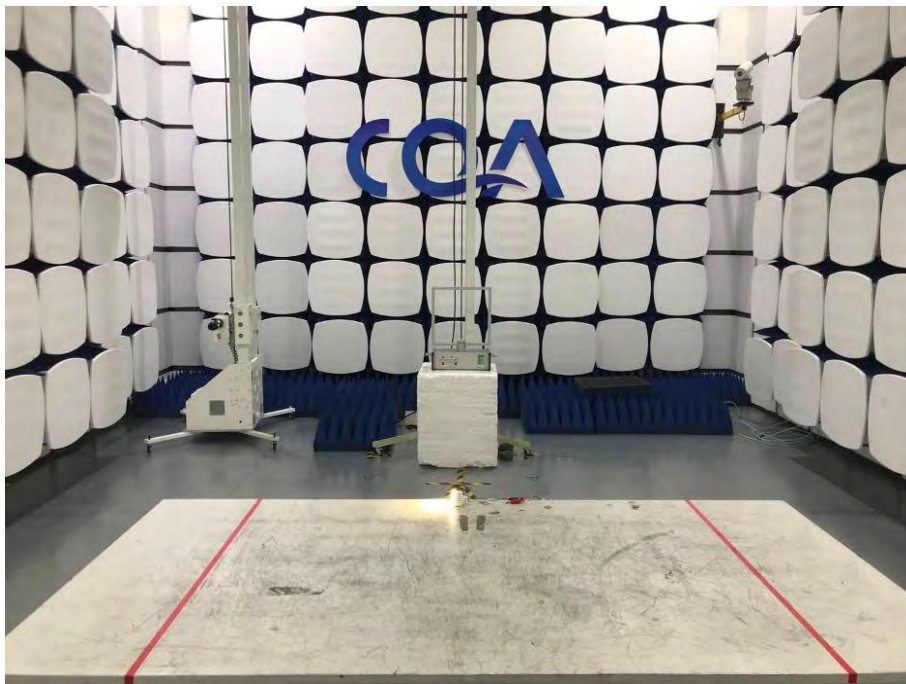
Remark:

- The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:
Final Test Level = Receiver Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Factor – Preamplifier Factor
- Scan from 9kHz to 25GHz, the disturbance above 10GHz and below 30MHz was very low. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. So, only the peak measurements were shown in the report.

6 Photographs - EUT Test Setup

6.1 Radiated Spurious Emission

9KHz~30MHz:



30MHz~1GHz:



Above 1GHz:

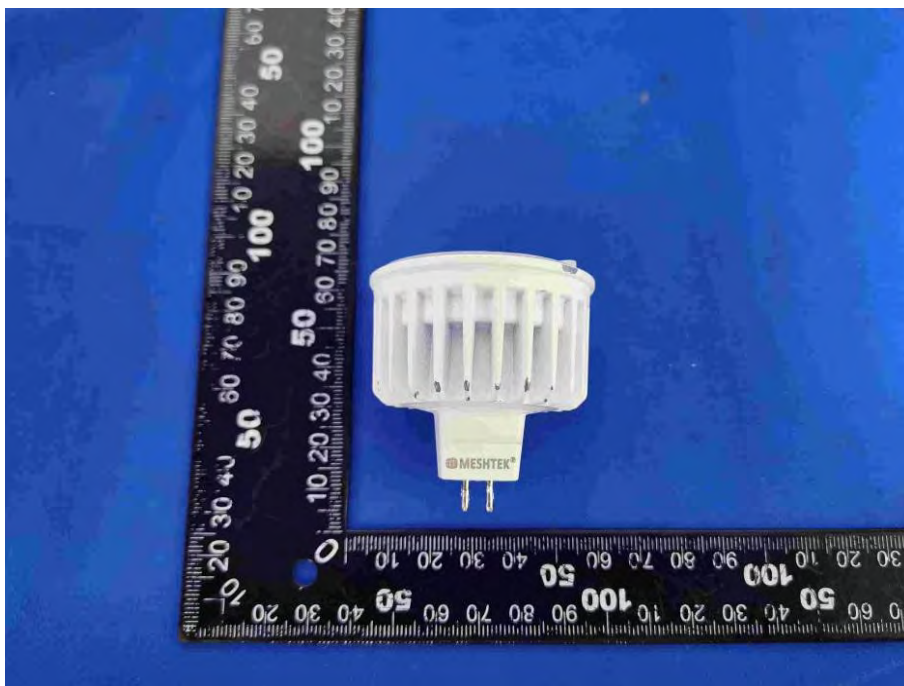


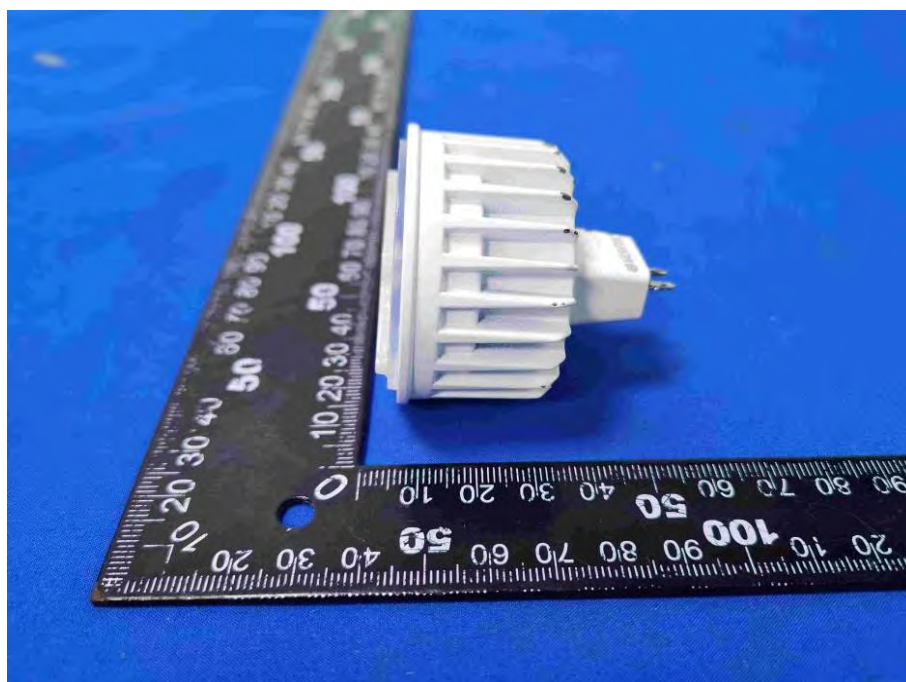
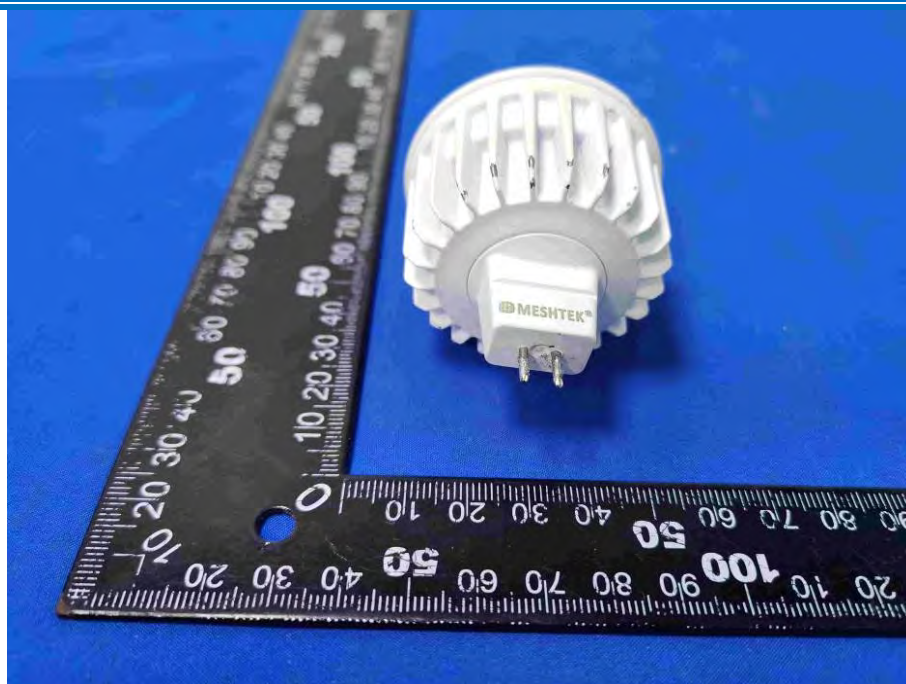
Conducted Emission

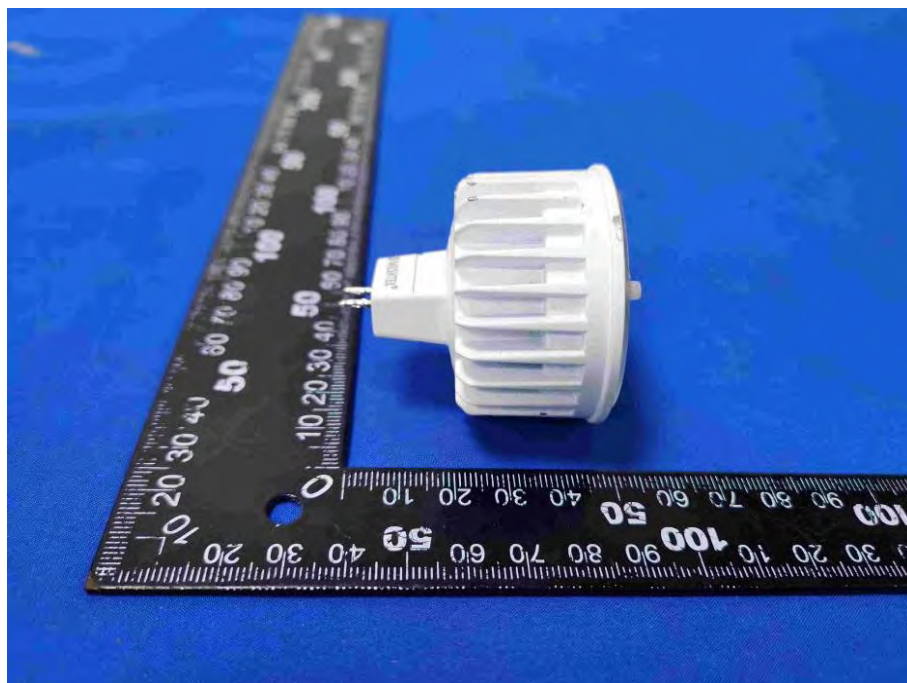


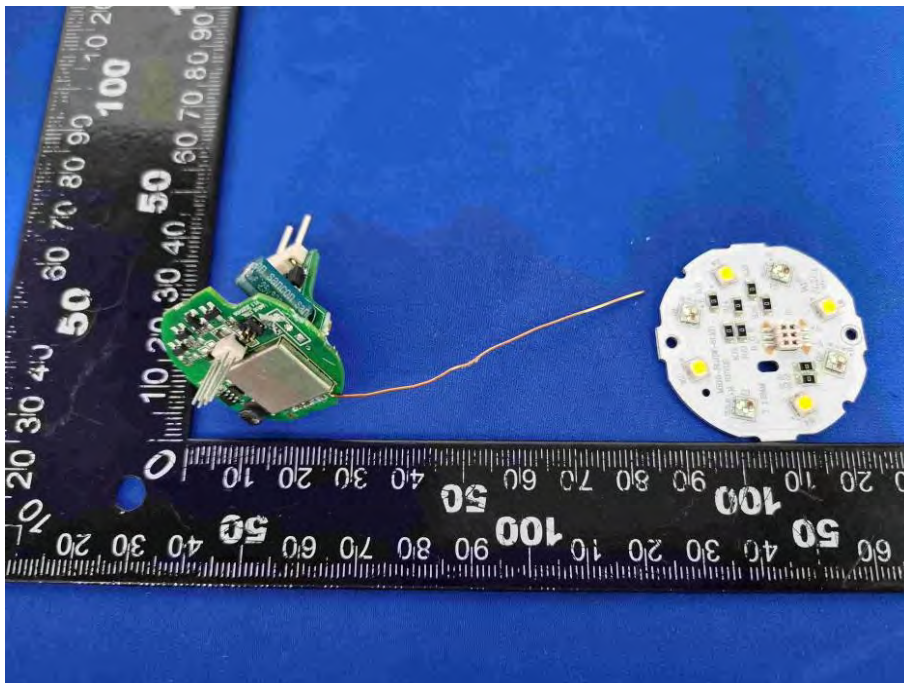
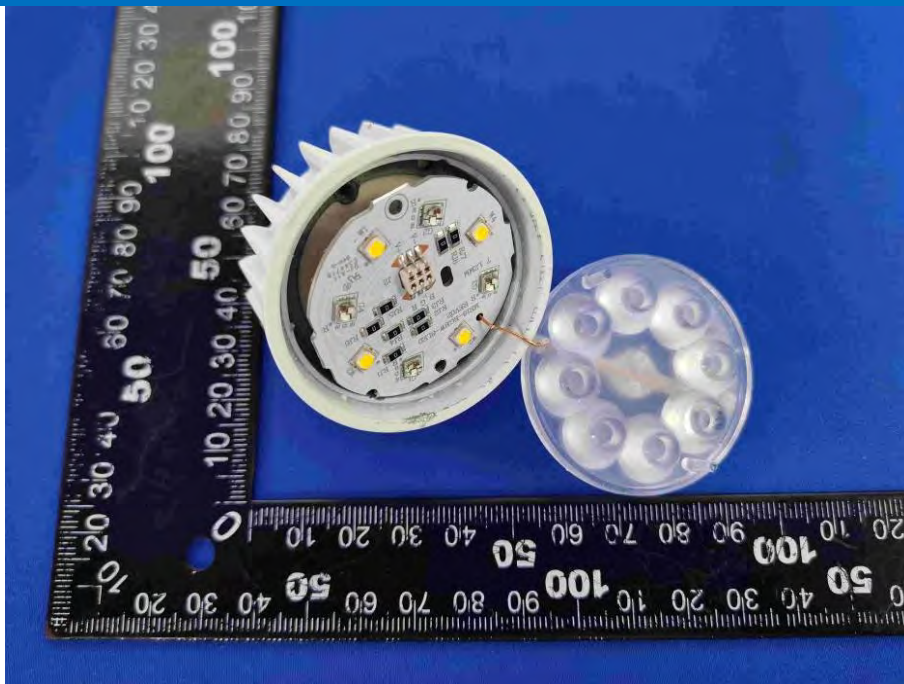
7 Photographs - EUT Constructional Details

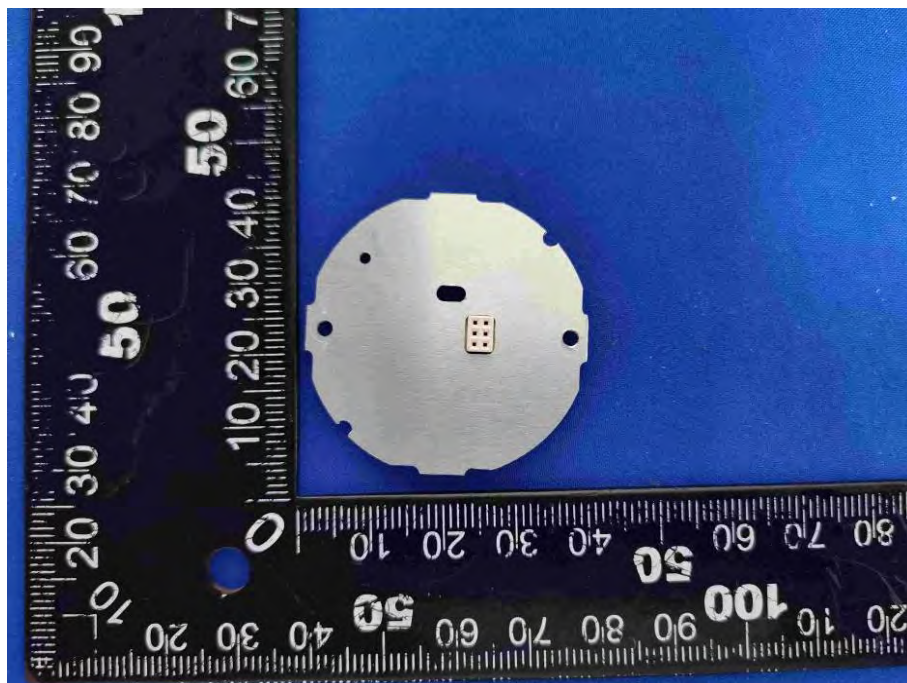
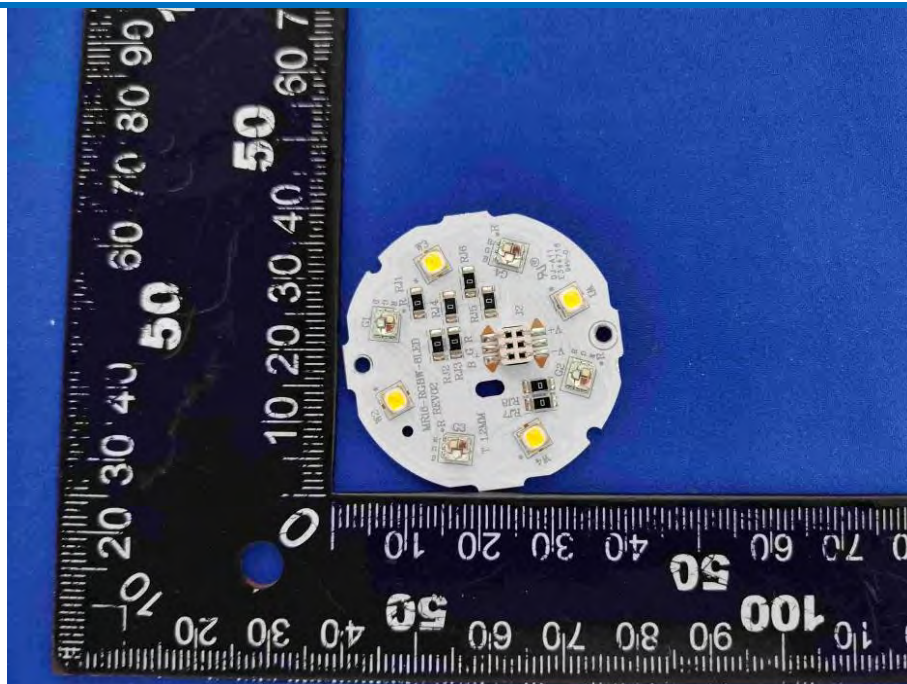
Test Model No.: MTMR1650W

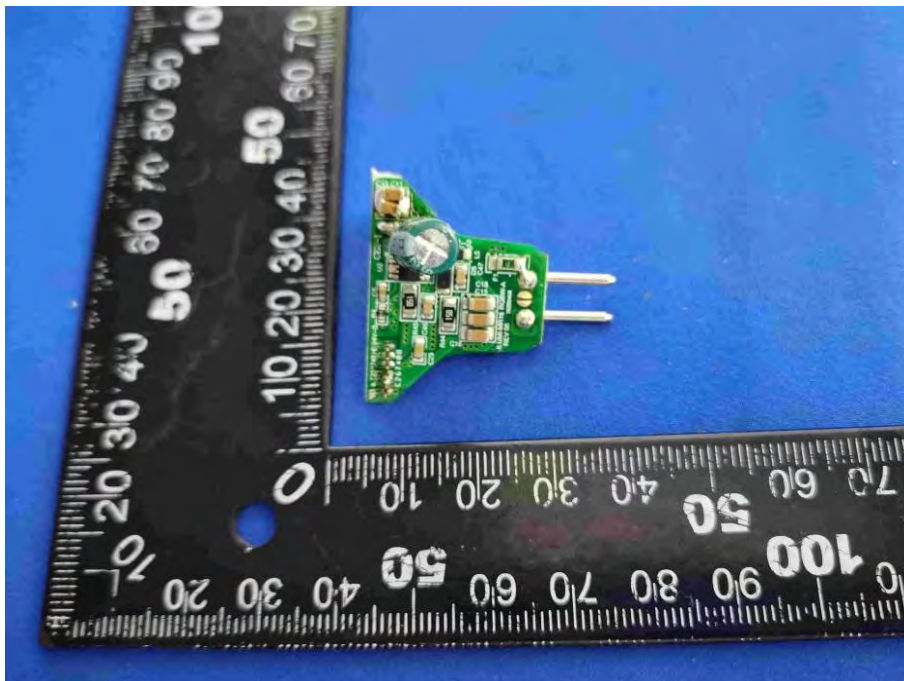
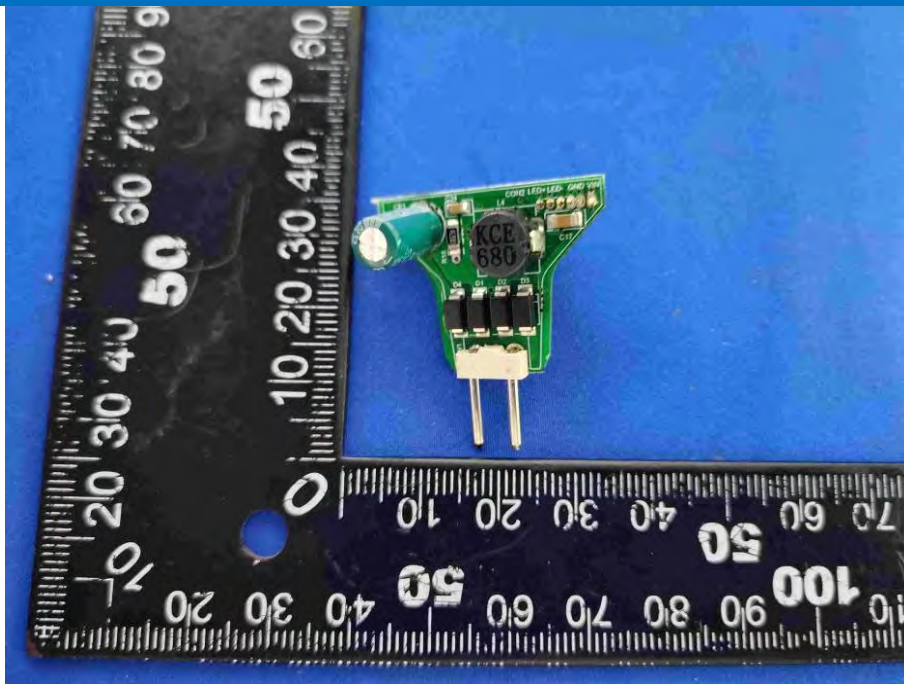


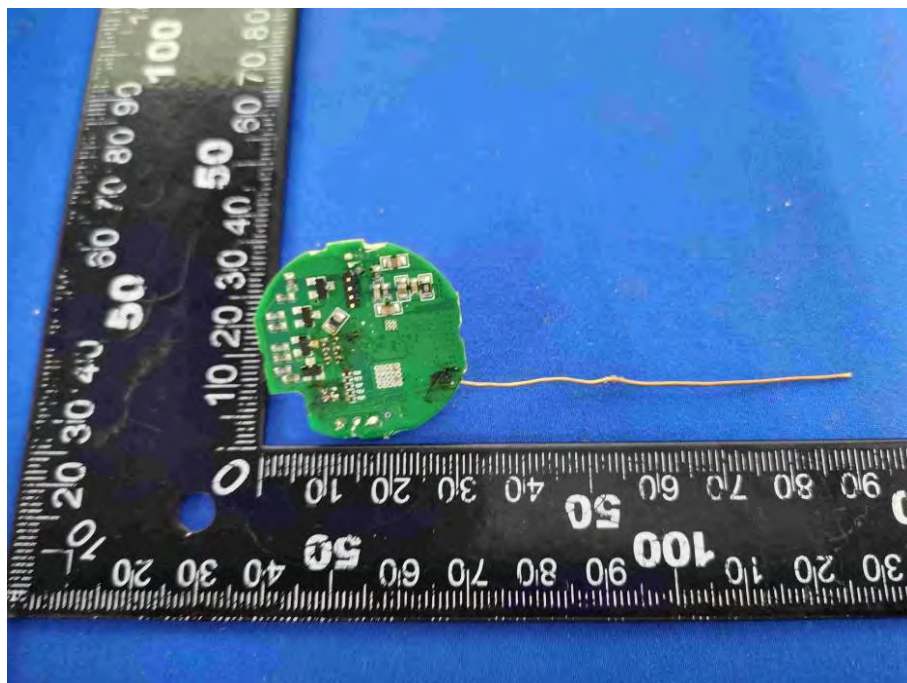
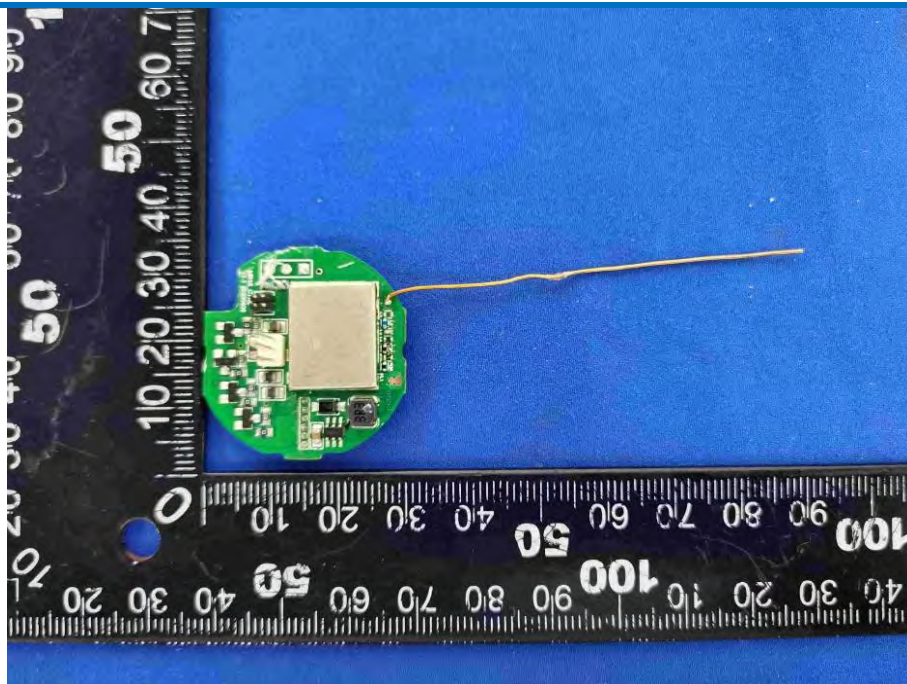


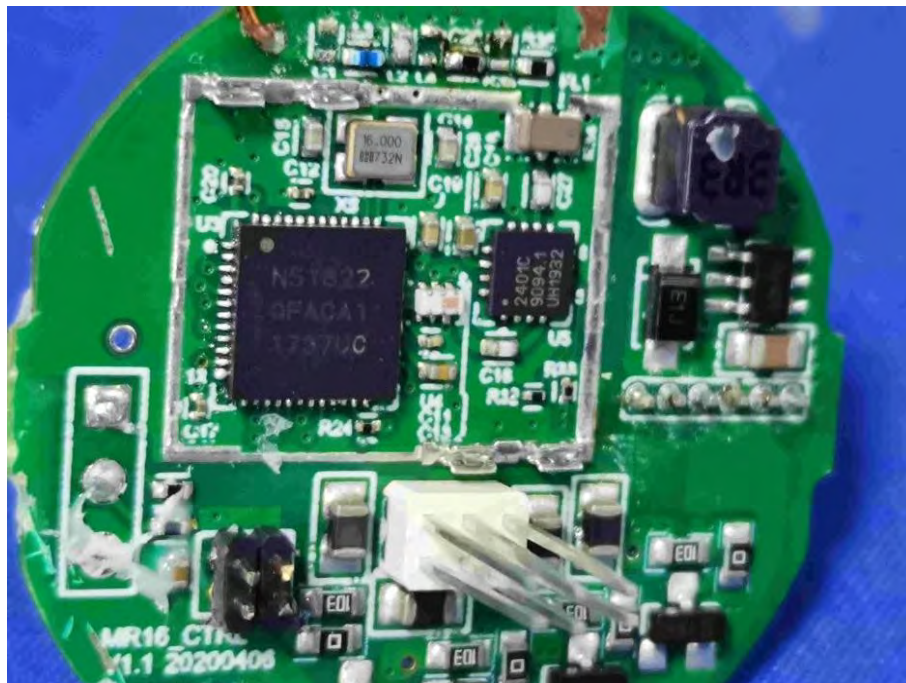
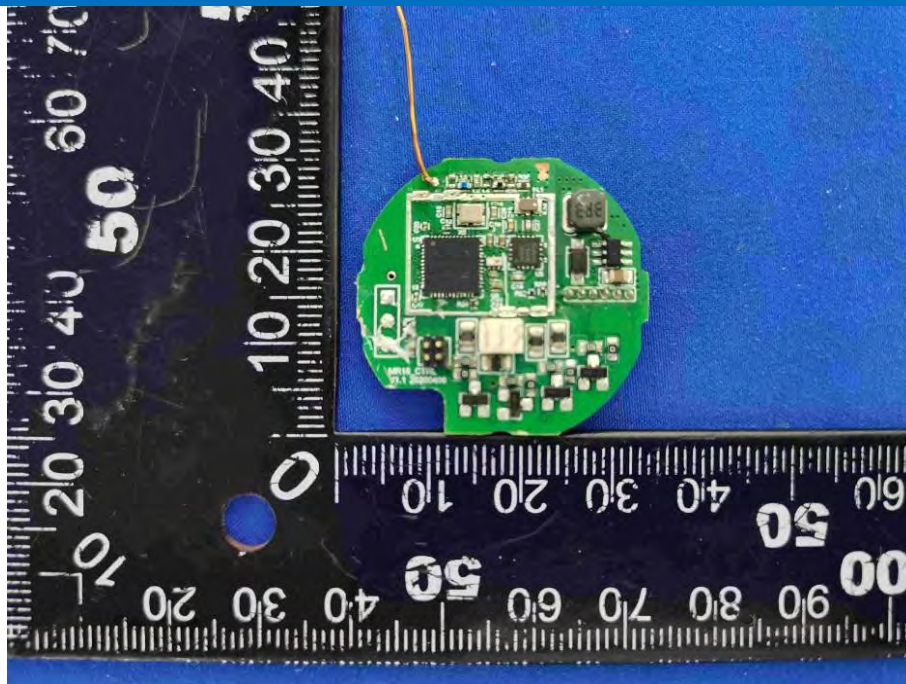












The End