

TEST REPORT

Reference No...... : WTF18F05112858W
FCC ID : 2AEOP-S639
Applicant..... : Jiangmen Xinxu Hardware Crafts Manufacturing Co., Ltd
Address..... : NO.244 Qinglan Road High-new Industrial Zone, Jianghai District
Jiangmen City, Guangdong Province, China.
Manufacturer : The same as above
Address..... : The same as above
Product Name..... : MUSIC LAMP MIRROR
Model No : S639, S6501, S8506
Standards..... : FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247:2017
FCC Part 1.1307
Date of Receipt sample : 2018-05-30
Date of Test : 2018-05-30 to 2018-08-02
Date of Issue..... : 2018-08-03
Test Result..... : **Pass**

Remarks:

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of compiler and approver.

Prepared By:

Waltek Services (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F., Fukangtai Building, West Baima Road, Songgang Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen,
Guangdong, China
Tel :+86-755-83551083
Fax:+86-755-83552400

Compiled by:

Danny Zhou

Danny Zhou / Project Engineer

Approved by:



Philo Zhong

Philo Zhong / Manager

1 Laboratories Introduction

Waltek Services (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd is a professional third-party testing and certification laboratory with multi-year product testing and certification experience, established strictly in accordance with ISO/IEC 17025 requirements, and accredited by ILAC (International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation) member. A2LA (American Association for Laboratory Accreditation) of USA, Meanwhile, Waltek has got recognition as registration and accreditation laboratory from EMSD (Electrical and Mechanical Services Department), and American Energy star, FCC(The Federal Communications Commission), CEC(California energy efficiency), IC(Industry Canada). It's the strategic partner and data recognition laboratory of international authoritative organizations, such as Intertek(ETL-SEMKO), TÜV Rheinland, TÜV SÜD, etc.



Waltek Services (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd is one of the largest and the most comprehensive third party testing laboratory in China. Our test capability covered four large fields: safety test. Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC), and energy performance, wireless radio. As a professional, comprehensive, justice international test organization, we still keep the scientific and rigorous work attitude to help each client satisfy the international standards and assist their product enter into globe market smoothly.

1.1 Test Facility

A. Accreditations for Conformity Assessment (International)

Country/Region	Accreditation Body	Scope	Note
USA	CNAS (Registration No.: L3110)	FCC ID \ DOC \ VOC	1
Canada		IC ID \ VOC	2
Japan		MIC-T \ MIC-R	-
Europe		EMCD \ RED	-
Taiwan		NCC	-
Hong Kong		OFCA	-
Australia		RCM	-
India		International Services	WPC
Thailand	NTC		-
Singapore	IDA		-
Note:			
1. FCC Designation No.: CN1201. Test Firm Registration No.: 523476.			
2. IC Canada Registration No.: 7760A			

B.TCBs and Notify Bodies Recognized Testing Laboratory.

Recognized Testing Laboratory of ...	Notify body number
TUV Rheinland	Optional.
Intertek	
TUV SUD	
SGS	
Phoenix Testlab GmbH	0700
Element Materials Technology Warwick Ltd	0891
Timco Engineering, Inc.	1177
Eurofins Product Service GmbH	0681

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3 Revision History

Test report No.	Date of Receipt sample	Date of Test	Date of Issue	Purpose	Comment	Approved
WTF18F05112858W	2018-05-30	2018-05-30 to 2018-08-02	2018-08-03	Original	-	Valid

4 General Information

4.1 General Description of E.U.T

Product Name : MUSIC LAMP MIRROR
Model No. : S639,S6501,S8506
Model Description : All models have same electric circuit only their appearance is different. Therefore the full tests were performed on model S639
Hardware Version..... : V1.1
Software Version..... : V1.1

4.2 Details of E.U.T

Operation Frequency : 2402~2480MHz
Max. RF output power..... : -2.611dBm
Type of Modulation : GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK
Antenna installation : Built-in IFA
Antenna Gain : -0.58dBi
Technical Data..... : DC 5V powered by adapter

4.3 Channel List

Bluetooth Classic mode

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	1	2403	2	2404	3	2405
4	2406	5	2407	6	2408	7	2409
8	2410	9	2411	10	2412	11	2413
12	2414	13	2415	14	2416	15	2417
16	2418	17	2419	18	2420	19	2421
20	2422	21	2423	22	2424	23	2425
24	2426	25	2427	26	2428	27	2429
28	2430	29	2431	30	2432	31	2433
32	2434	33	2435	34	2436	35	2437
36	2438	37	2439	38	2440	39	2441
40	2442	41	2443	42	2444	43	2445
44	2446	45	2447	46	2448	47	2449
48	2450	49	2451	50	2452	51	2453
52	2454	53	2455	54	2456	55	2457
56	2458	57	2459	58	2460	59	2461
60	2462	61	2463	62	2464	63	2465
64	2466	65	2467	66	2468	67	2469
68	2470	69	2471	70	2472	71	2473
72	2474	73	2475	74	2476	75	2477
76	2478	77	2479	78	2480	-	-

5 Equipment Used during Test

5.1 Equipment List

Conducted Emissions						
Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1.	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100947	2017-09-11	2018-09-10
2.	LISN	R&S	ENV216	100115	2017-09-11	2018-09-10
3.	Cable	Top	TYPE16(3.5M)	-	2017-09-11	2018-09-10
3m Semi-anechoic Chamber for Radiation Emissions						
Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP30	100091	2018-04-29	2019-04-28
2	Broad-band Horn Antenna(1-18GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120 D	667	2018-04-29	2019-04-28
3	Broadband Preamplifier	COMPLIANCE DIRECTION	PAP-1G18	2004	2018-04-29	2019-04-28
4	Coaxial Cable (above 1GHz)	Top	1GHz-18GHz	EW02014-7	2018-04-29	2019-04-28
5	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100501	2017-10-20	2018-10-19
6	Broad-band Horn Antenna(18-40GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	BBHA917065 1	2017-10-25	2018-10-24
7	Microwave Broadband Preamplifier (18-40GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9721	100472	2017-10-25	2018-10-24
8	Cable	Top	18-40GHz	-	2017-10-25	2018-10-24
3m Semi-anechoic Chamber for Radiation Emissions						
Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No	Last Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	101296	2018-04-29	2019-04-28
2	Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9160	9160-3325	2018-04-29	2019-04-28
3	Active Loop Antenna	Com-power	AL-130R	10160007	2018-04-17	2019-04-16
4	Amplifier	ANRITSU	MH648A	M43381	2018-04-29	2019-04-28
5	Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	CBL2	525178	2018-04-29	2019-04-28

6	Coaxial Cable (below 1GHz)	Top	TYPE16 (13M)	-	2017-09-12	2018-09-11
RF Conducted Testing						
Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1.	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSL6	100959	2017-09-12	2018-09-11
2	Coaxial Cable	Top	10Hz-30GHz	-	2017-09-12	2018-09-11
3	Antenna Connector*	Realacc	45RSm	-	2017-09-12	2018-09-11
4	DC Block	Gwave	GDCB-3G-N-SMA	140307001	2017-09-12	2018-09-11
** : The temporary antenna connector is soldered on the PCB board in order to perform conducted tests and this temporary antenna connector is listed in the equipment list.						

5.2 Description of Support Units

Item	Equipment	Technical Data	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
1.	Adapter	Input:100-240V~, 50-60Hz, max 0.25A Output:DC 5V,1200mA	SHENZHEN YOUNGHOPE ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY Co., LTD	YHSW-050120J	---

5.3 Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Uncertainty
Radio Frequency	$\pm 1 \times 10^{-6}$
RF Power	± 1.0 dB
RF Power Density	± 2.2 dB
Radiated Spurious Emissions test	± 4.56 dB (Bilog antenna 30M~1000MHz)
	± 4.96 dB (Horn antenna 1000M~25000MHz)
Conducted Emissions test	± 2.66 dB (AC mains 150KHz~30MHz)
Confidence interval: 95%. Confidence factor: k=2	

6 Test Summary

Test Items	Test Requirement	Result
Conducted Emissions	15.207	Pass
Radiated Spurious Emissions	15.247(d) 15.205(a) 15.209	Pass
Band edge Emissions	15.247(d) 15.205(a)	Pass
Bandwidth	15.247(a)(1)	Pass
Maximum Peak Output Power	15.247(b)(1)	Pass
Frequency Separation	15.247(a)(1)	Pass
Number of Hopping Frequency	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Pass
Dwell time	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Pass
Antenna Requirement	15.203	Pass
RF Exposure	1.1307(b)(1)	Pass

Remark:

Pass Test item meets the requirement
Fail Test item does not meet the requirement
N/A Test case does not apply to the test object

7 Conducted Emission

Test Requirement: FCC CFR 47 Part 15 Section 15.207
Test Method: ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Result: PASS
Frequency Range: 150kHz to 30MHz
Class/Severity: Class B
Limit:

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 to 5.0	56	46
5.0 to 30	60	50
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.		

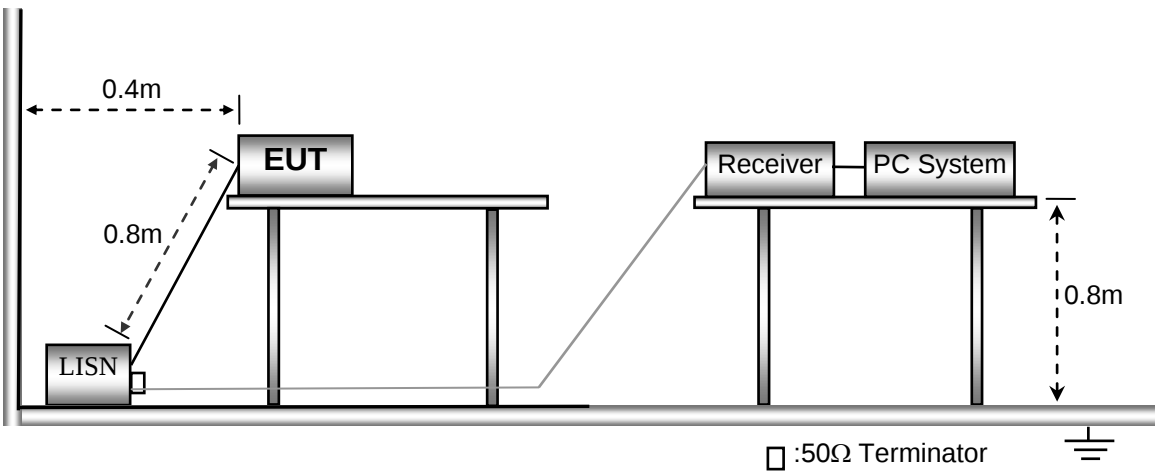
7.1 E.U.T. Operation

Operating Environment :
Temperature: 22.8 °C
Humidity: 52.6 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure: 101.2kPa
EUT Operation :

The test was performed in Transmitting mode, the worst test data (GFSK modulation Low channel) were shown in the report.

7.2 EUT Setup

The conducted emission tests were performed using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10:2013.



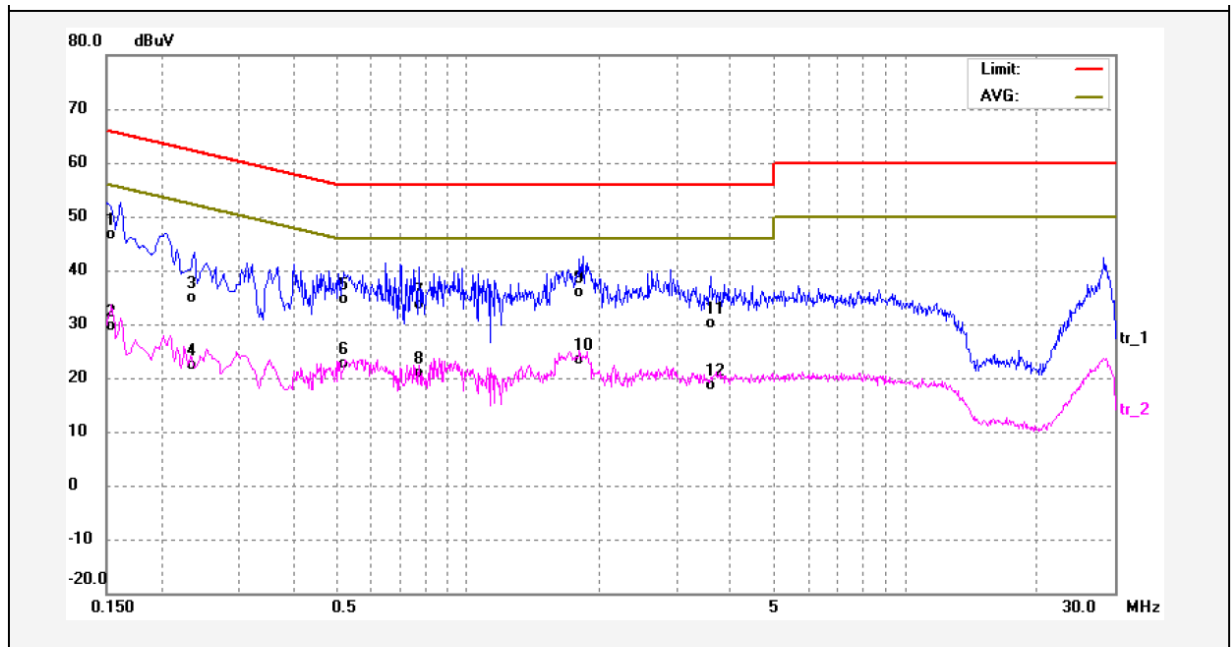
7.3 Measurement Description

The maximised peak emissions from the EUT was scanned and measured for both the Live and Neutral Lines. Quasi-peak & average measurements were performed if peak emissions were within 6dB of the average limit line.

7.4 Conducted Emission Test Result

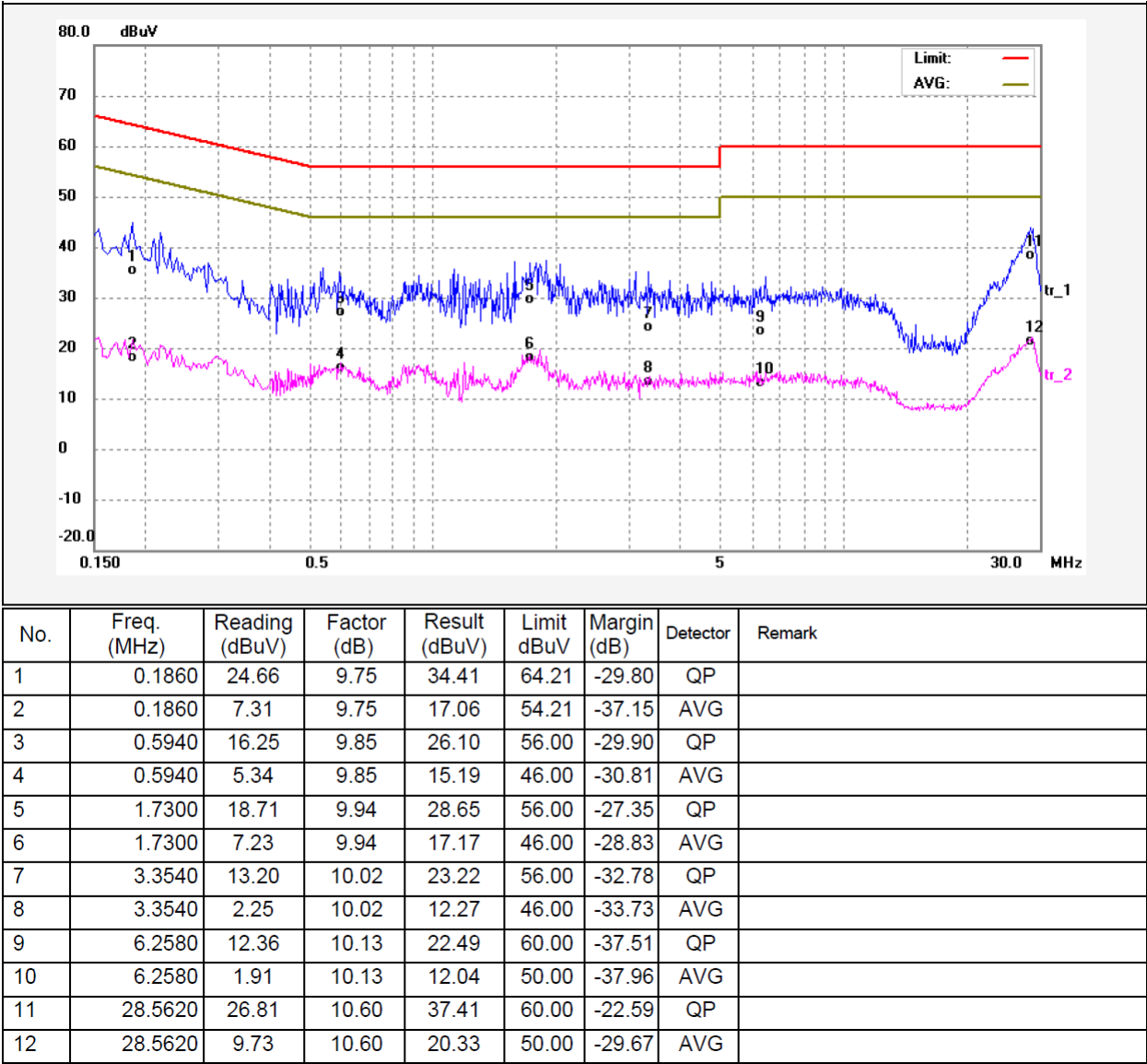
An initial pre-scan was performed on the live and neutral lines.

Live Line :



No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit dBuV	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remark
1	0.1500	35.93	9.73	45.66	65.99	-20.33	QP	
2	0.1500	19.00	9.73	28.73	55.99	-27.26	AVG	
3	0.2380	24.09	9.78	33.87	62.16	-28.29	QP	
4	0.2380	11.70	9.78	21.48	52.16	-30.68	AVG	
5	0.5220	23.77	9.84	33.61	56.00	-22.39	QP	
6	0.5220	11.88	9.84	21.72	46.00	-24.28	AVG	
7	0.7780	22.88	9.87	32.75	56.00	-23.25	QP	
8	0.7780	10.05	9.87	19.92	46.00	-26.08	AVG	
9	1.8300	24.88	9.95	34.83	56.00	-21.17	QP	
10	1.8300	12.51	9.95	22.46	46.00	-23.54	AVG	
11	3.5860	19.09	10.03	29.12	56.00	-26.88	QP	
12	3.5860	7.69	10.03	17.72	46.00	-28.28	AVG	

Neutral Line :



8 Radiated Spurious Emissions

Test Requirement: FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.209 & 15.247

Test Method: ANSI C63.10:2013

Test Result: PASS

Measurement Distance: 3m

Limit:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength		Field Strength Limit at 3m Measurement Dist	
	uV/m	Distance (m)	uV/m	dBuV/m
0.009 ~ 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	300	$10000 * 2400/F(\text{kHz})$	$20\log^{(2400/F(\text{kHz}))} + 80$
0.490 ~ 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	30	$100 * 24000/F(\text{kHz})$	$20\log^{(24000/F(\text{kHz}))} + 40$
1.705 ~ 30	30	30	$100 * 30$	$20\log^{(30)} + 40$
30 ~ 88	100	3	100	$20\log^{(100)}$
88 ~ 216	150	3	150	$20\log^{(150)}$
216 ~ 960	200	3	200	$20\log^{(200)}$
Above 960	500	3	500	$20\log^{(500)}$

8.1 EUT Operation

Operating Environment:

Temperature: 24.0°C

Humidity: 49.0% RH

Atmospheric Pressure: 101.2kPa

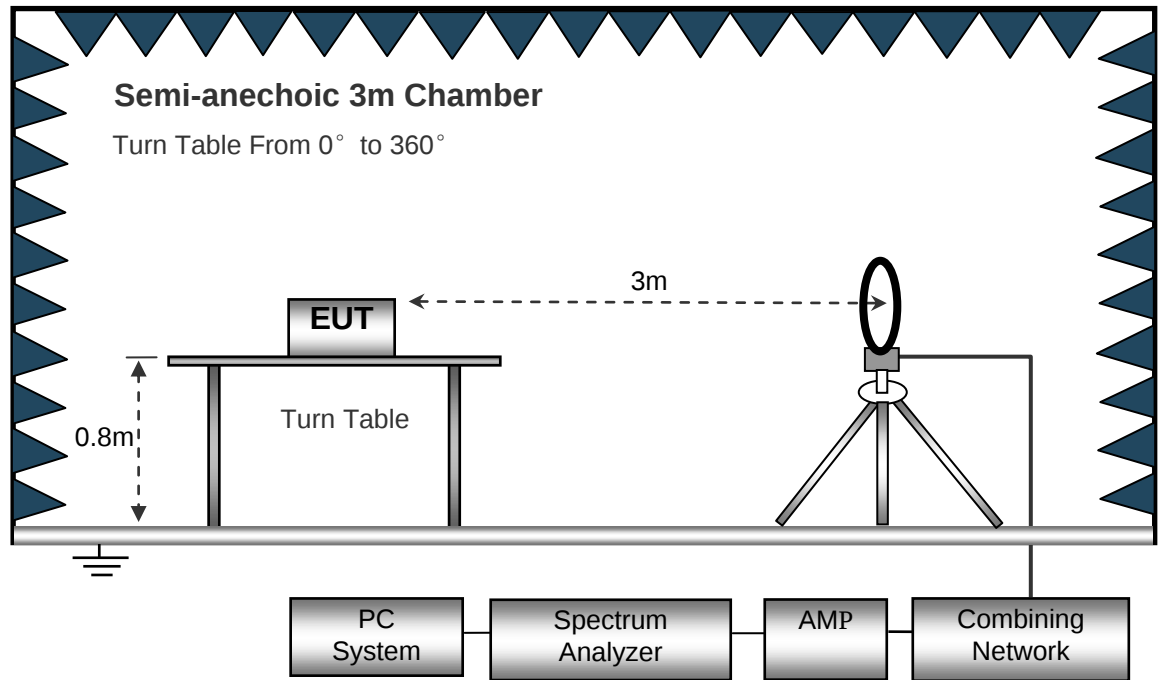
EUT Operation:

The test was performed in Transmitting mode, the worst test data (GFSK modulation) were shown in the report.

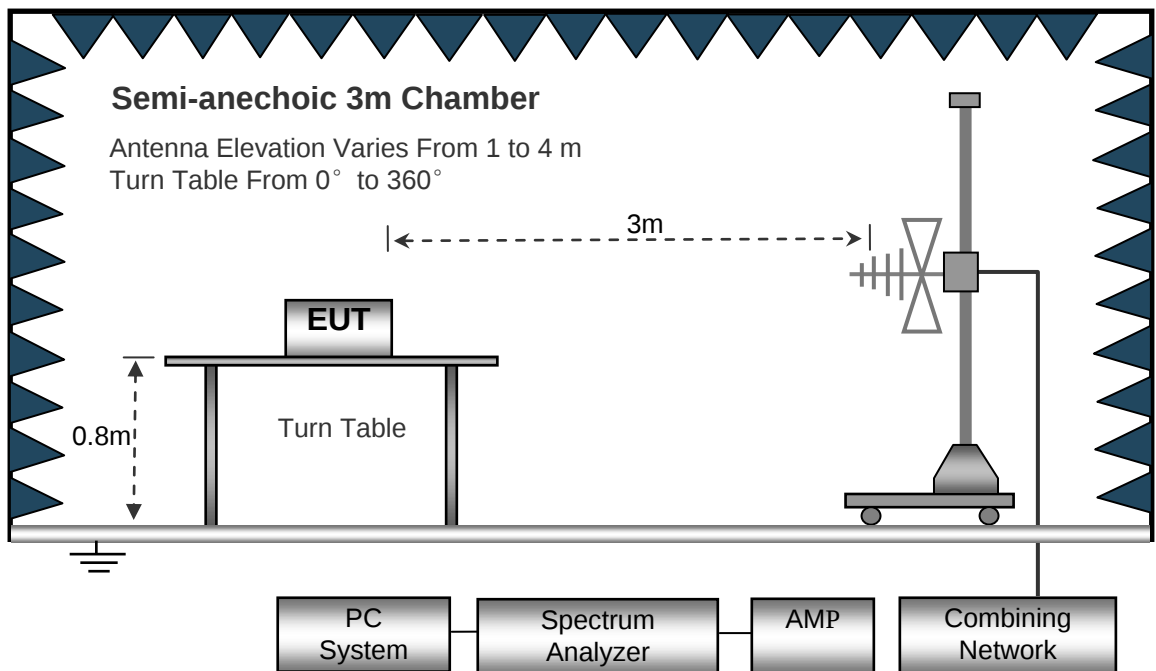
8.2 Test Setup

The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3m Semi- Anechoic Chamber test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10: 2013.

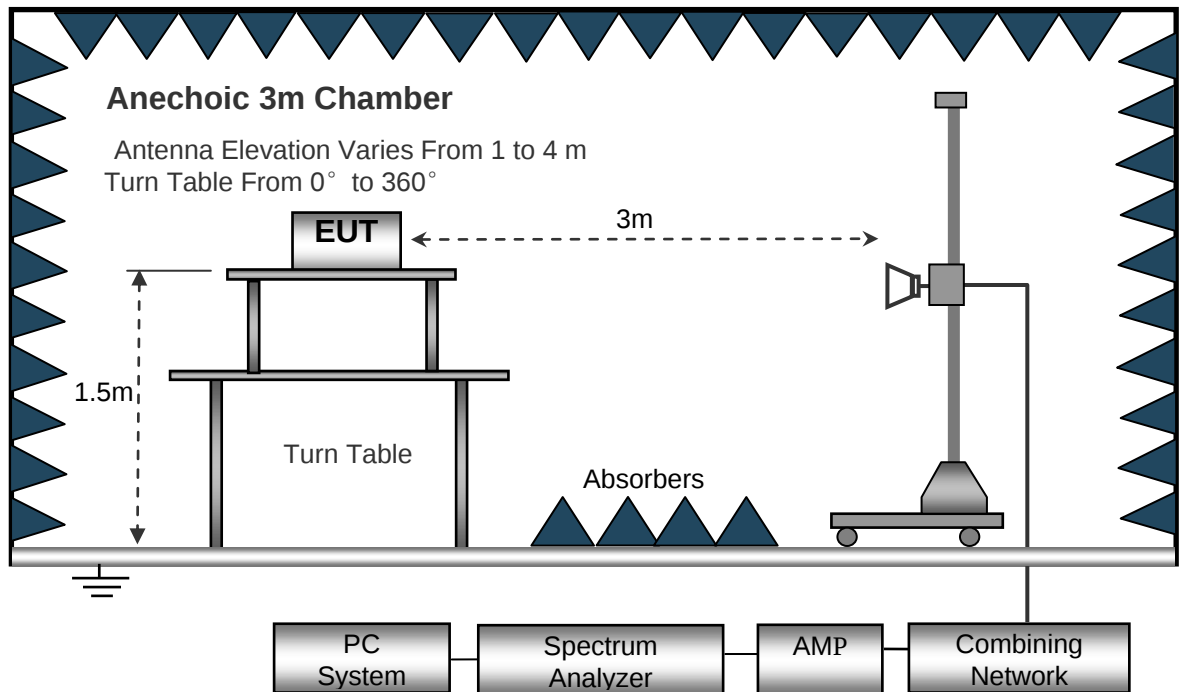
The test setup for emission measurement below 30MHz.



The test setup for emission measurement from 30 MHz to 1 GHz.



The test setup for emission measurement above 1 GHz.



8.3 Spectrum Analyzer Setup

Below 30MHz

Sweep Speed	: Auto
IF Bandwidth	: 10kHz
Video Bandwidth	: 10kHz
Resolution Bandwidth	: 10kHz

30MHz ~ 1GHz

Sweep Speed	: Auto
Detector	: PK
Resolution Bandwidth	: 100kHz
Video Bandwidth	: 300kHz

Above 1GHz

Sweep Speed	: Auto
Detector	: PK
Resolution Bandwidth	: 1MHz
Video Bandwidth	: 3MHz
Detector	: Ave.
Resolution Bandwidth	: 1MHz
Video Bandwidth	: 10Hz

8.4 Test Procedure

- 1) The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m(Below 1G) 1.5m(above 1G)above ground plane.
- 2) The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3) EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is moved from 1m to 4m to find out the maximum emissions. The spectrum was investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.
- 4) Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 5) And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 6) Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.
- 7) The radiation measurements are tested under 3-axes(X, Y, Z) position(X denotes lying on the table, Y denotes side stand and Z denotes vertical stand), After pre-test, It was found that the worse radiation emission was get at the Z position. So the data shown was the Z position only.

8.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corr. Ampl.} = \text{Indicated Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Factor} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corr. Ampl.} - \text{Limit}$$

8.6 Summary of Test Results

Test Frequency: 9 kHz~30 MHz

The measurements were more than 20 dB below the limit and not reported.

Test Frequency: 30MHz ~ 18GHz

Remark: only the worst data (GFSK modulation mode) were reported.

Frequency	Receiver Reading	Detector	Turn table Angle	RX Antenna		Corrected Factor	Corrected Amplitude	Limit	Margin
				Height	Polar				
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(PK/QP/Ave)	Degree	(m)	(H/V)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)
GFSK Low Channel									
36.89	40.78	QP	282	1.5	H	-13.35	27.43	40.00	-12.57
36.89	42.31	QP	162	1.9	V	-13.35	28.96	40.00	-11.04
4804.00	56.17	PK	91	1.0	V	-1.06	55.11	74.00	-18.89
4804.00	43.29	Ave	91	1.0	V	-1.06	42.23	54.00	-11.77
7206.00	54.06	PK	306	1.7	H	1.33	55.39	74.00	-18.61
7206.00	41.78	Ave	306	1.7	H	1.33	43.11	54.00	-10.89
2341.25	45.17	PK	205	1.1	V	-13.19	31.98	74.00	-42.02
2341.25	38.48	Ave	205	1.1	V	-13.19	25.29	54.00	-28.71
2389.37	43.34	PK	277	1.6	H	-13.14	30.20	74.00	-43.80
2389.37	38.71	Ave	277	1.6	H	-13.14	25.57	54.00	-28.43
2488.03	44.97	PK	242	2.0	V	-13.08	31.89	74.00	-42.11
2488.03	38.87	Ave	242	2.0	V	-13.08	25.79	54.00	-28.21

Frequency	Receiver Reading	Detector	Turn table Angle	RX Antenna		Corrected Factor	Corrected Amplitude	Limit	Margin
				Height	Polar				
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(PK/QP/Ave)	Degree	(m)	(H/V)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)
GFSK Middle Channel									
36.89	39.49	QP	280	1.9	H	-13.35	26.14	40.00	-13.86
36.89	41.61	QP	66	1.9	V	-13.35	28.26	40.00	-11.74
4882.00	57.09	PK	5	1.6	V	-0.62	56.47	74.00	-17.53
4882.00	44.54	Ave	5	1.6	V	-0.62	43.92	54.00	-10.08
7323.00	53.03	PK	308	1.0	H	2.21	55.24	74.00	-18.76
7323.00	40.97	Ave	308	1.0	H	2.21	43.18	54.00	-10.82
2348.93	46.74	PK	277	1.0	V	-13.19	33.55	74.00	-40.45
2348.93	38.12	Ave	277	1.0	V	-13.19	24.93	54.00	-29.07
2383.75	42.86	PK	291	1.8	H	-13.14	29.72	74.00	-44.28
2383.75	36.09	Ave	291	1.8	H	-13.14	22.95	54.00	-31.05
2486.87	44.69	PK	26	1.8	V	-13.08	31.61	74.00	-42.39
2486.87	36.65	Ave	26	1.8	V	-13.08	23.57	54.00	-30.43

Frequency	Receiver Reading	Detector	Turn table Angle	RX Antenna		Corrected Factor	Corrected Amplitude	Limit	Margin
				Height	Polar				
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(PK/QP/Ave)	Degree	(m)	(H/V)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)
GFSK High Channel									
36.89	40.95	QP	255	1.5	H	-13.35	27.60	40.00	-12.40
36.89	40.69	QP	140	1.9	V	-13.35	27.34	40.00	-12.66
4960.00	57.49	PK	75	1.2	V	-0.24	57.25	74.00	-16.75
4960.00	44.87	Ave	75	1.2	V	-0.24	44.63	54.00	-9.37
7440.00	52.10	PK	101	2.0	H	2.84	54.94	74.00	-19.06
7440.00	41.44	Ave	101	2.0	H	2.84	44.28	54.00	-9.72
2310.13	45.00	PK	77	1.7	V	-13.19	31.81	74.00	-42.19
2310.13	38.40	Ave	77	1.7	V	-13.19	25.21	54.00	-28.79
2388.23	43.97	PK	182	1.3	H	-13.14	30.83	74.00	-43.17
2388.23	37.30	Ave	182	1.3	H	-13.14	24.16	54.00	-29.84
2495.72	43.49	PK	302	1.1	V	-13.08	30.41	74.00	-43.59
2495.72	36.43	Ave	302	1.1	V	-13.08	23.35	54.00	-30.65

Test Frequency: 18GHz~25GHz

The measurements were more than 20 dB below the limit and not reported.

9 Band Edge Measurement

Test Requirement: Regulation 15.247 Subpart C (d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

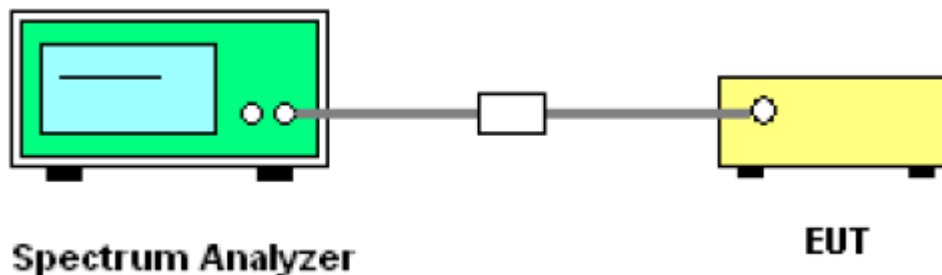
Test Method: ANSI C63.10:2013

Test Mode.....: Transmitting

9.1 Test Procedure

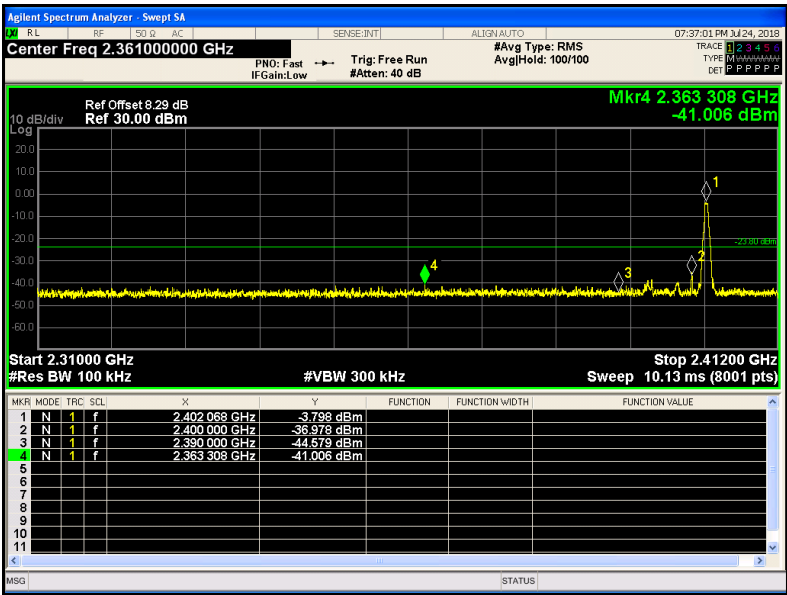
- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold

9.2 Test Setup

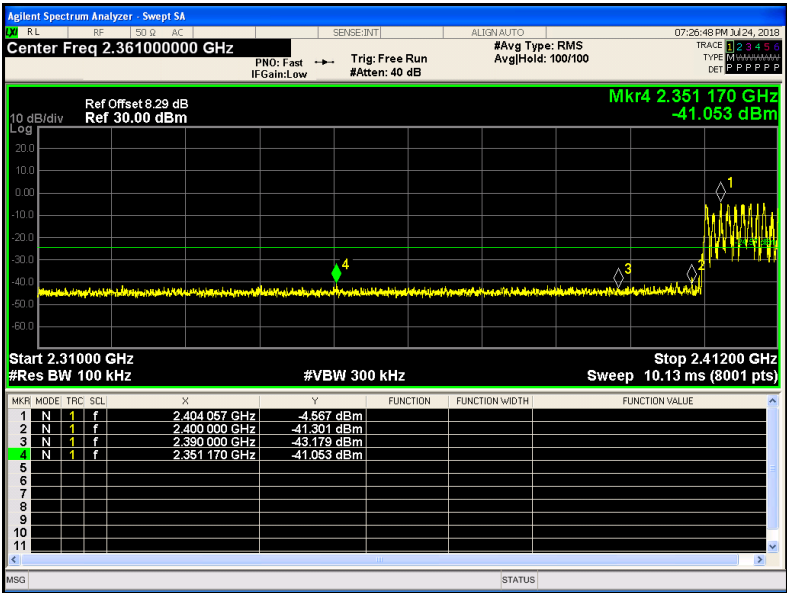


9.3 Test Result

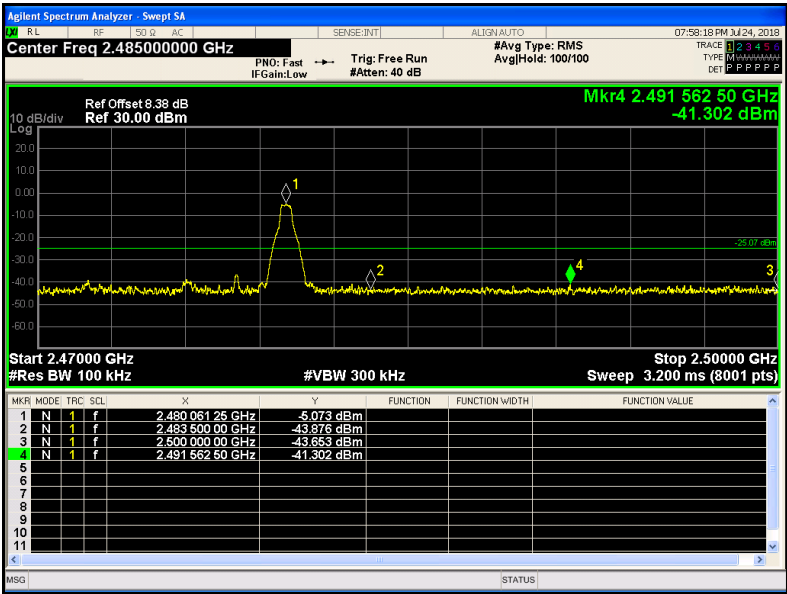
GFSK Transmitting Band edge-left side



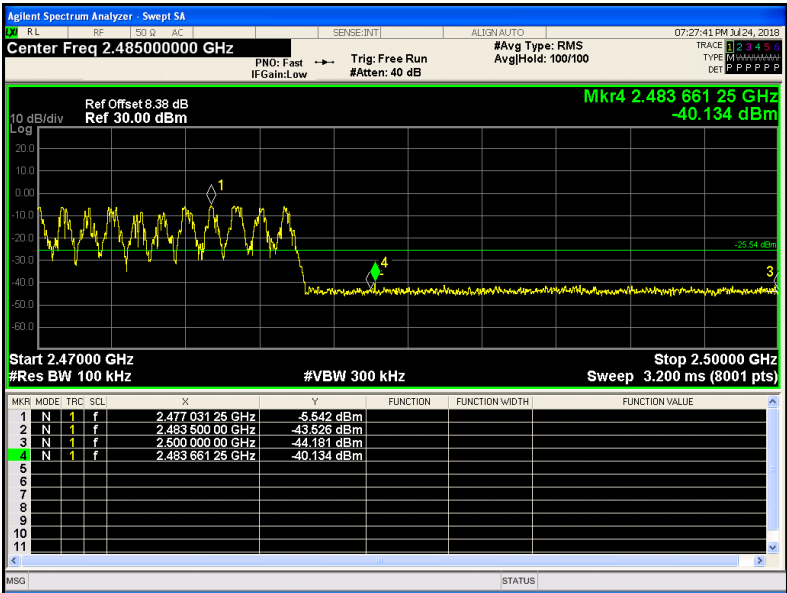
GFSK Hopping Band edge-left side



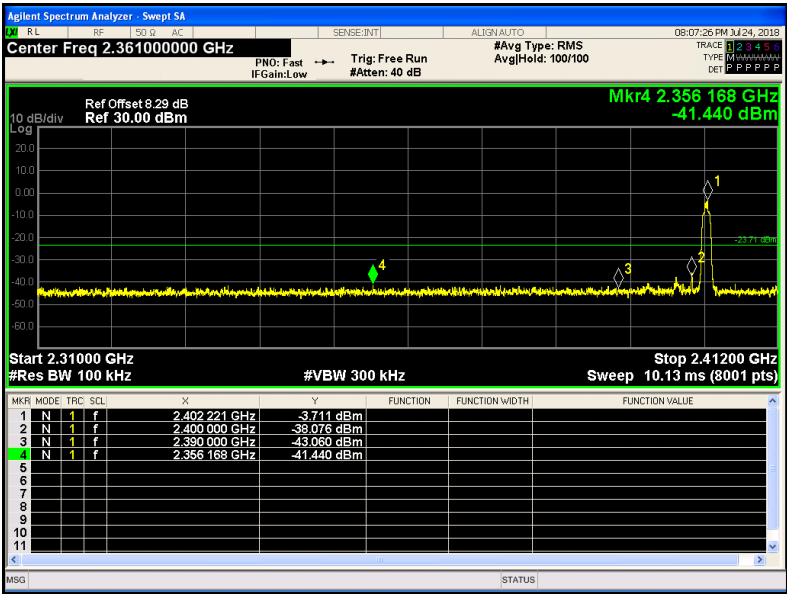
GFSK Transmitting Band edge-right side



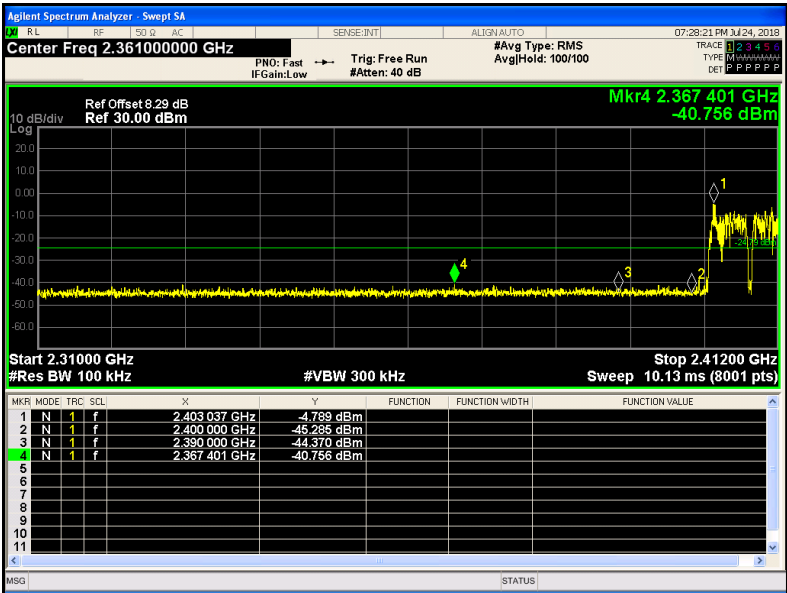
GFSK Hopping Band edge-right side



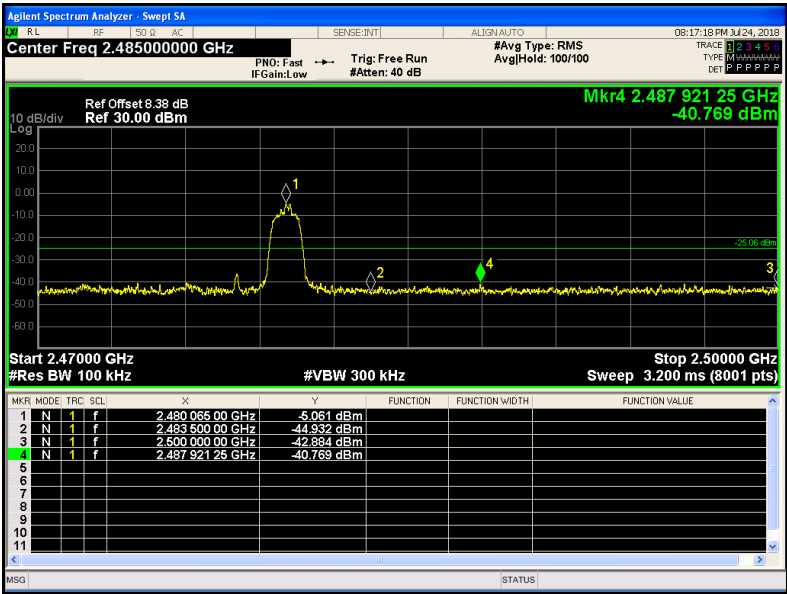
$\pi/4$ DQPSK Transmitting Band edge-left side



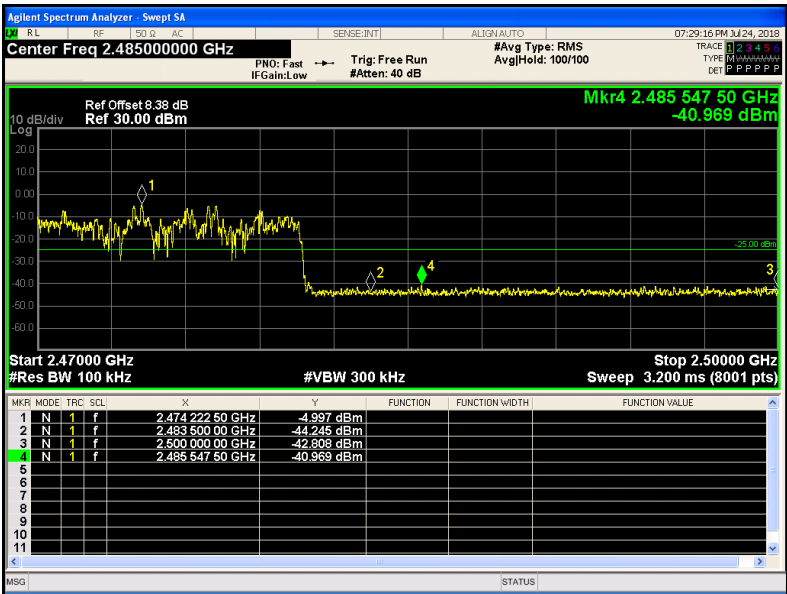
$\pi/4$ DQPSK Hopping Band edge-left side



$\pi/4$ DQPSK Transmitting Band edge-right side



$\pi/4$ DQPSK Hopping Band edge-right side



10 Bandwidth Measurement

Test Requirement: FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247

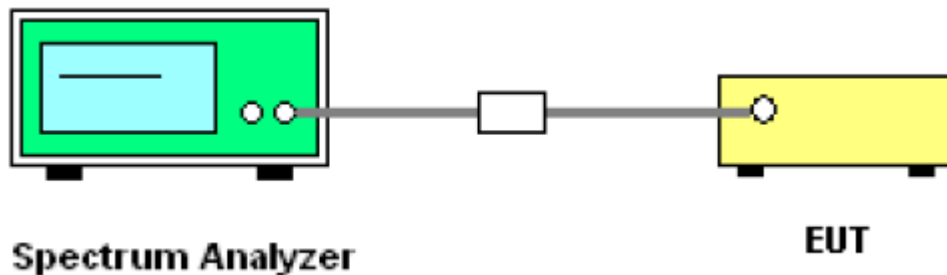
Test Method: ANSI C63.10:2013

Test Mode.....: Test in fixing operating frequency at low, Middle, high channel.

10.1 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 30kHz, VBW = 100kHz

10.2 Test Setup

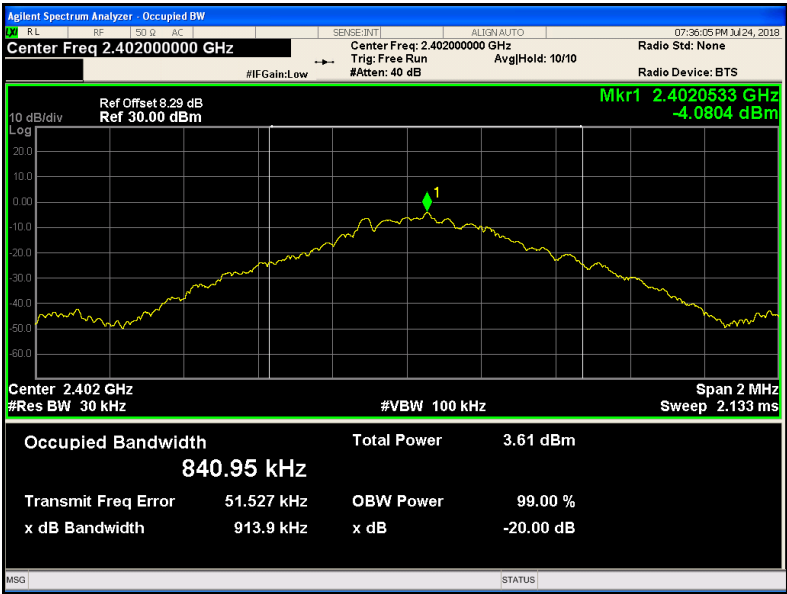


10.3 Test Result

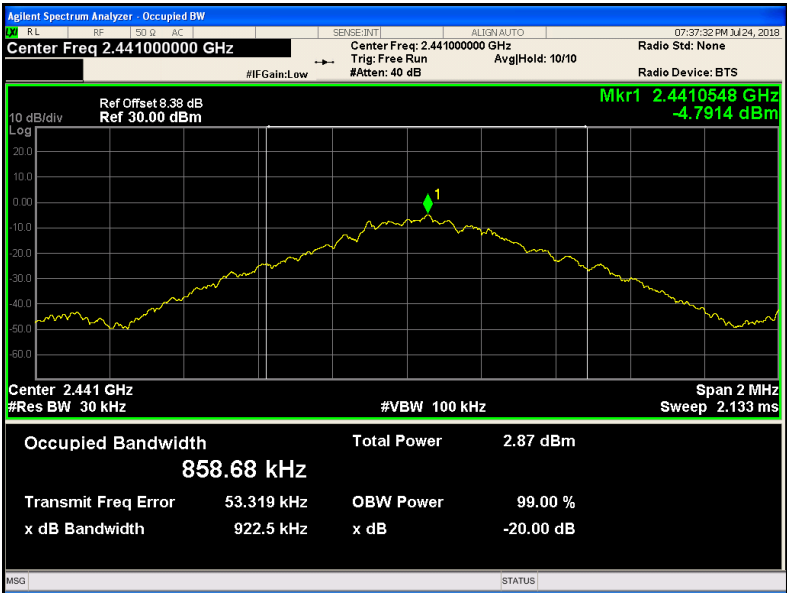
Modulation	Test Channel	20dB Bandwidth(MHz)	99% Bandwidth(MHz)
GFSK	Low	0.914	0.841
GFSK	Middle	0.923	0.859
GFSK	High	0.913	0.847
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Low	1.257	1.171
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Middle	1.218	1.170
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	High	1.226	1.172

Test result plot as follow:

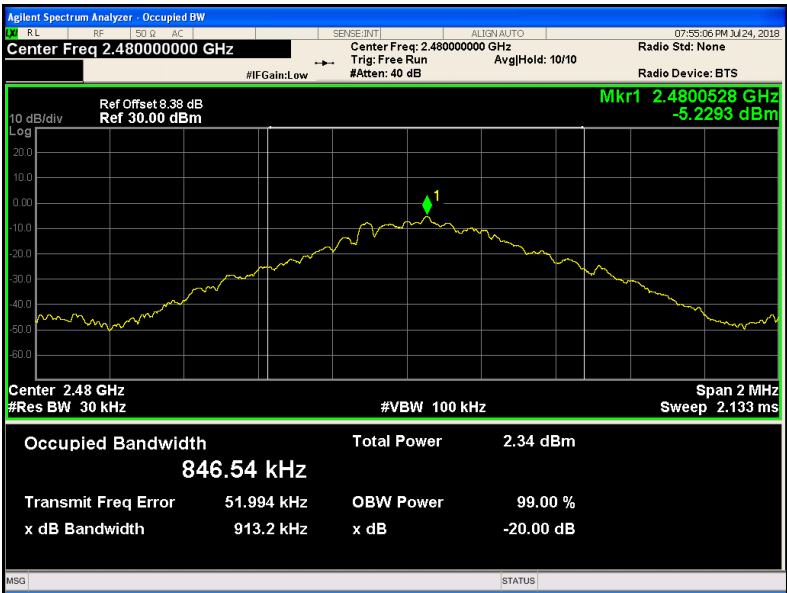
GFSK Low Channel



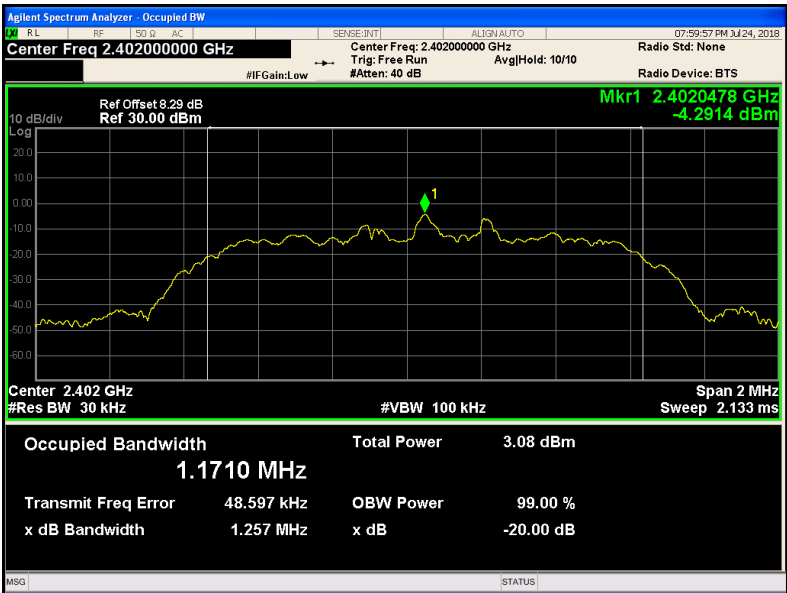
GFSK Middle Channel



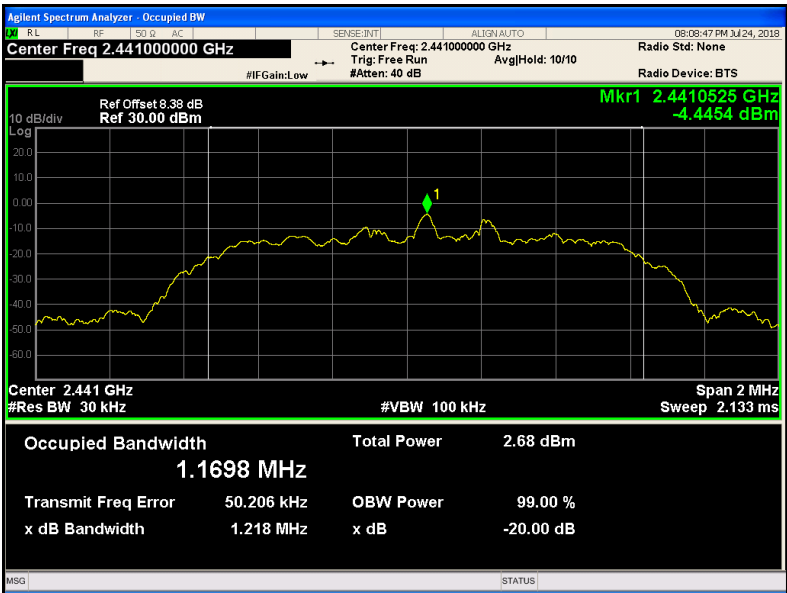
GFSK High Channel



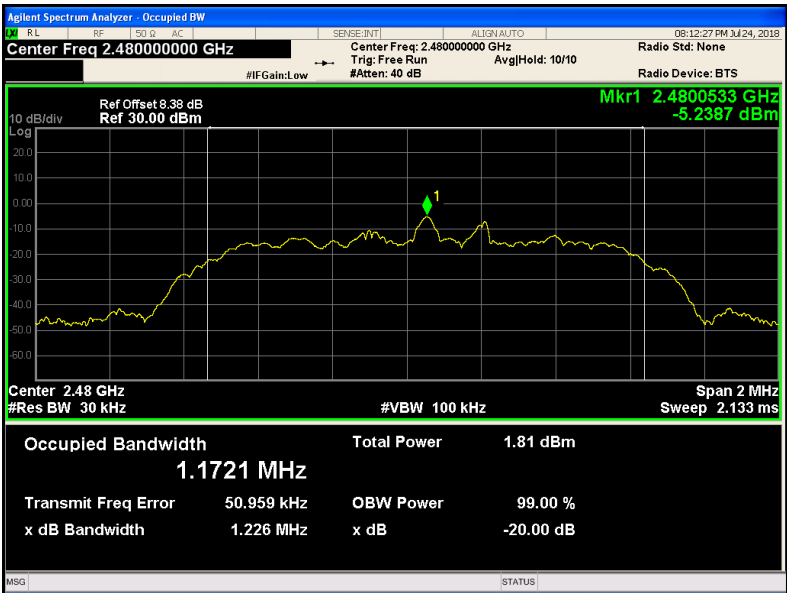
$\pi/4$ DQPSK Low Channel



$\pi/4$ DQPSK Middle Channel



$\pi/4$ DQPSK High Channel



11 Maximum Peak Output Power

Test Requirement : FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247

Test Method : ANSI C63.10:2013

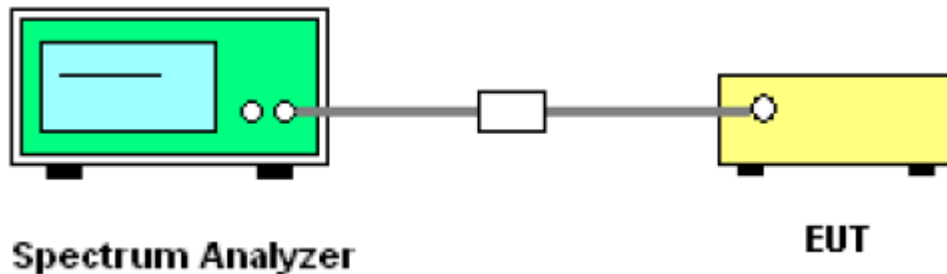
Test Limit..... : FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247, For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

Test Mode..... : Test in fixing frequency transmitting mode.

11.1 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 3MHz. VBW = 3MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak.
- 3) Keep the EUT in transmitting at lowest, medium and highest channel individually. Record the max value.

11.2 Test Setup

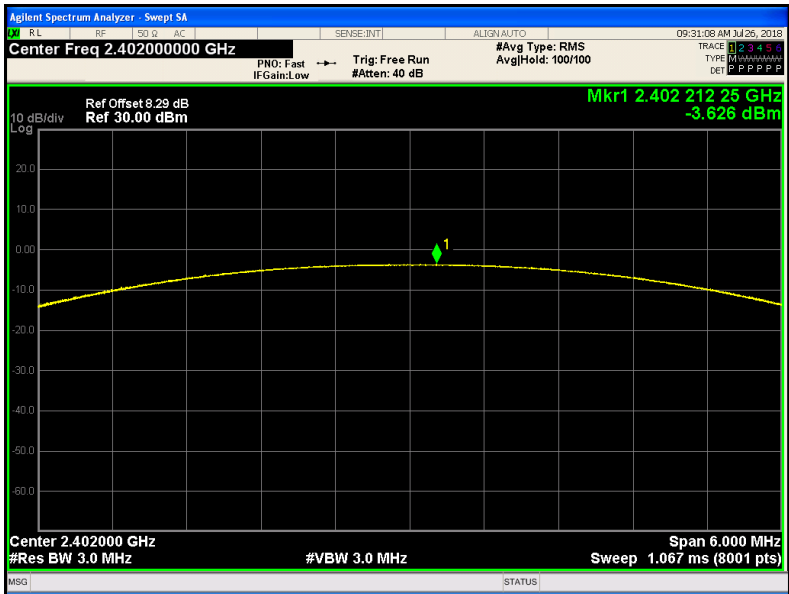


11.3 Test Result

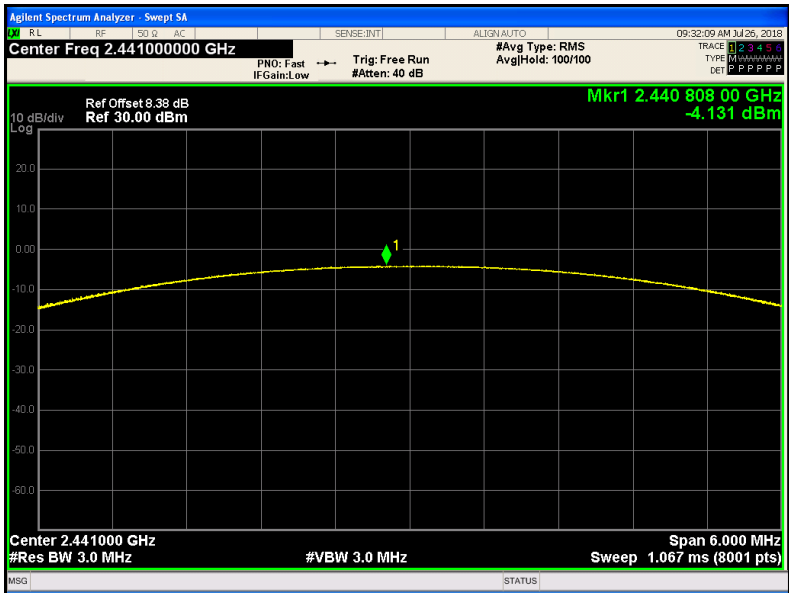
Modulation	Test Channel	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
GFSK	Low	-3.626	30
GFSK	Middle	-4.131	30
GFSK	High	-4.811	30
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Low	-2.611	30
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Middle	-3.087	30
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	High	-3.829	30

Test result plot as follow:

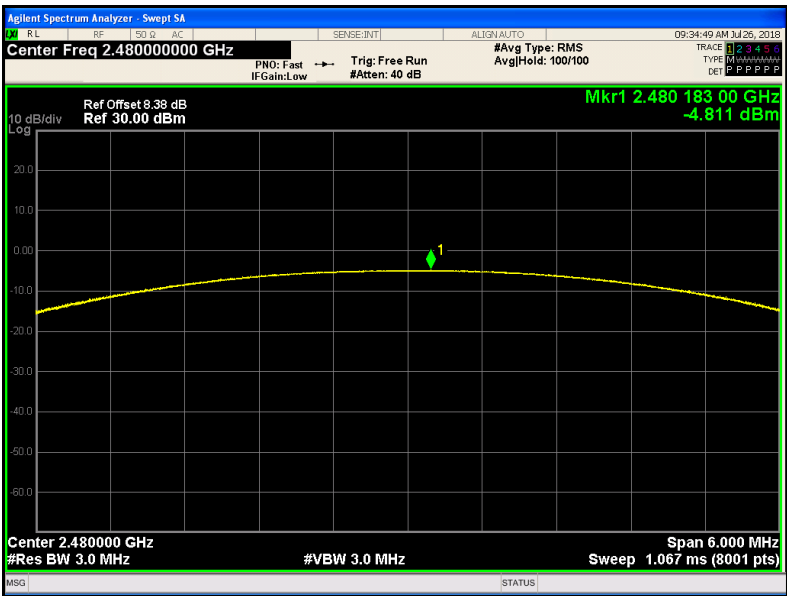
GFSK Low Channel



GFSK Middle Channel



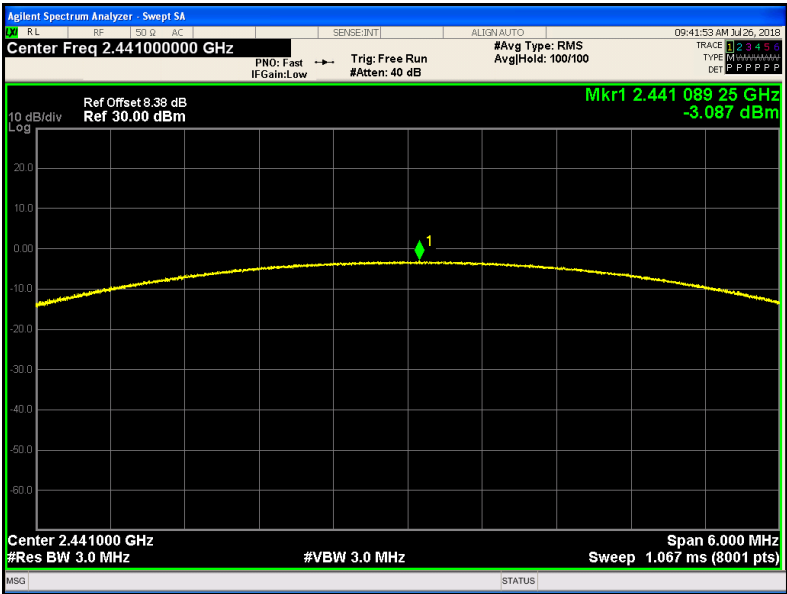
GFSK High Channel



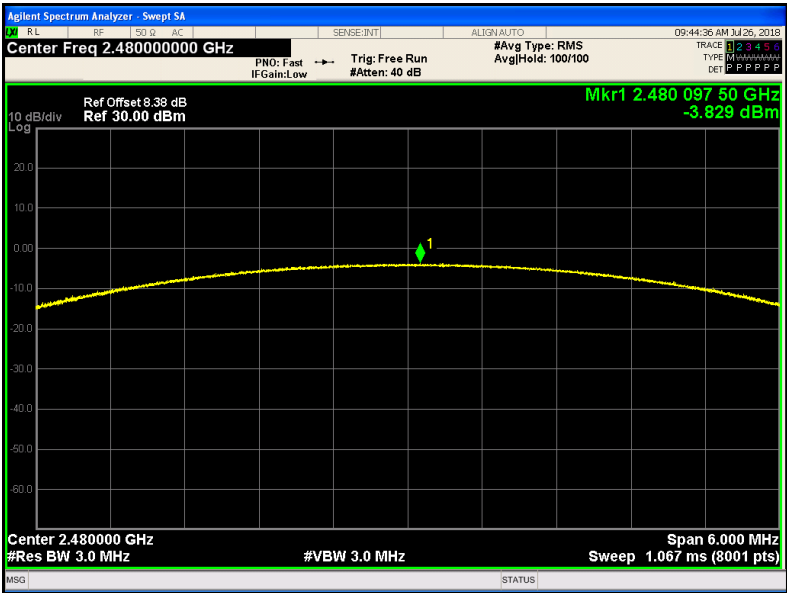
$\pi/4$ DQPSK Low Channel



$\pi/4$ DQPSK Middle Channel



$\pi/4$ DQPSK High Channel



12 Hopping Channel Separation

Test Requirement : FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247

Test Method : ANSI C63.10:2013

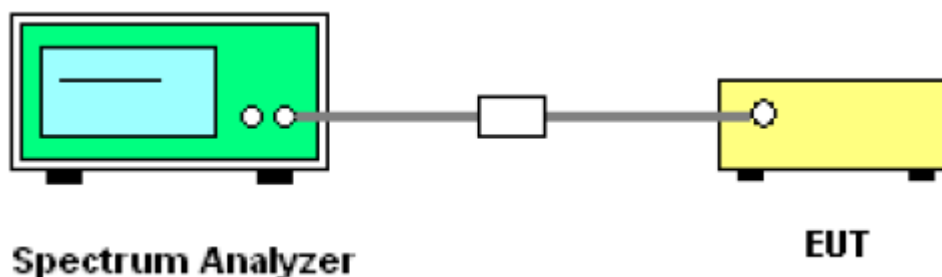
Test Limit..... : FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247, Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test Mode..... : Test in hopping transmitting operating mode.

12.1 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port
- 2) to the spectrum.
- 3) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 30kHz. VBW = 100kHz , Span = 3.0MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
- 4) Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section Submit this plot.

12.2 Test Setup

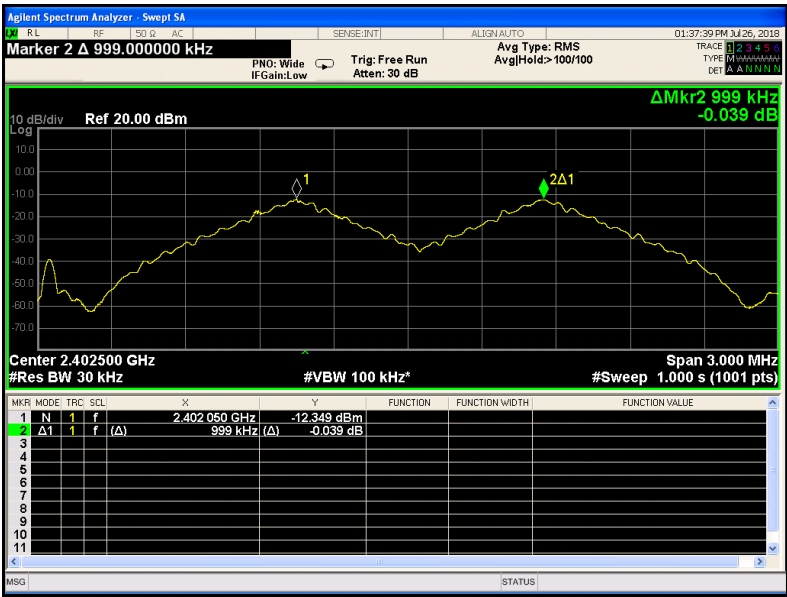


12.3 Test Result

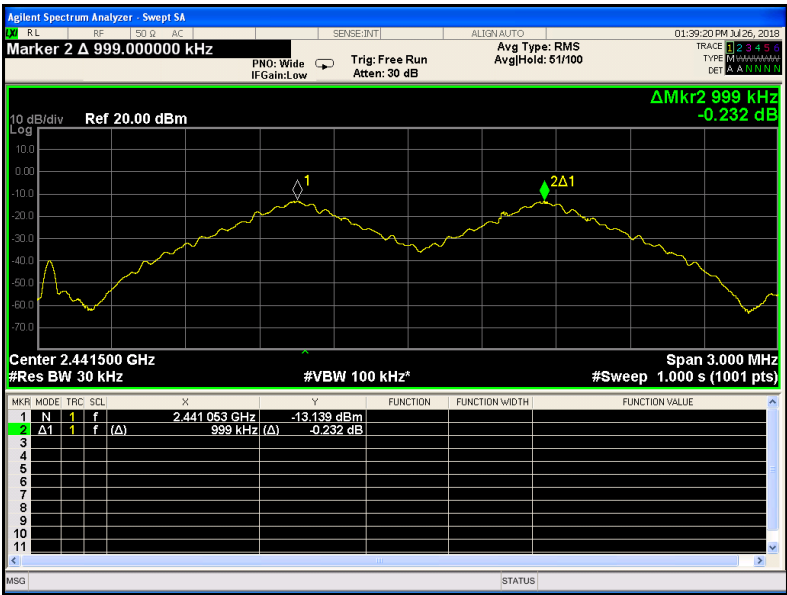
Modulation	Test Channel	Separation (MHz)	Result
GFSK	Low	1.000	PASS
GFSK	Middle	1.000	PASS
GFSK	High	1.000	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Low	1.000	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Middle	1.000	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	High	1.000	PASS

Test result plot as follow:

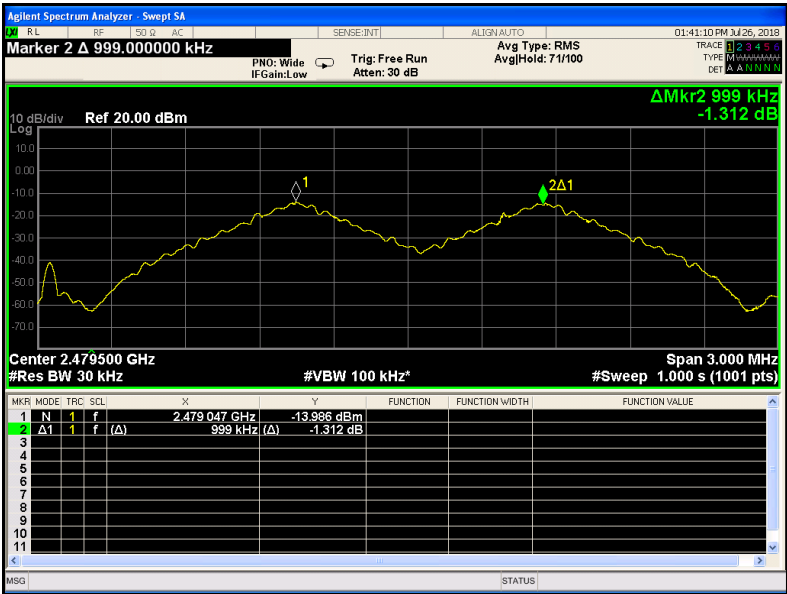
GFSK Low Channel



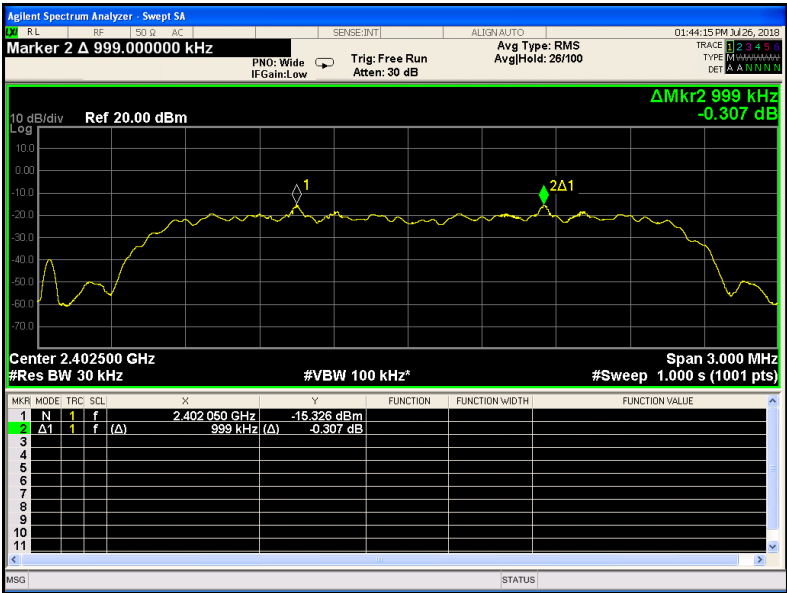
GFSK Middle Channel



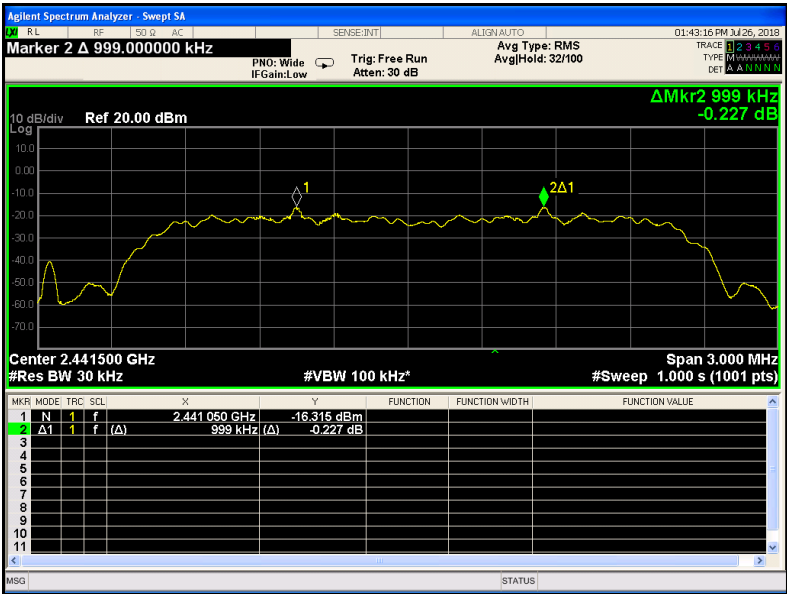
GFSK High Channel



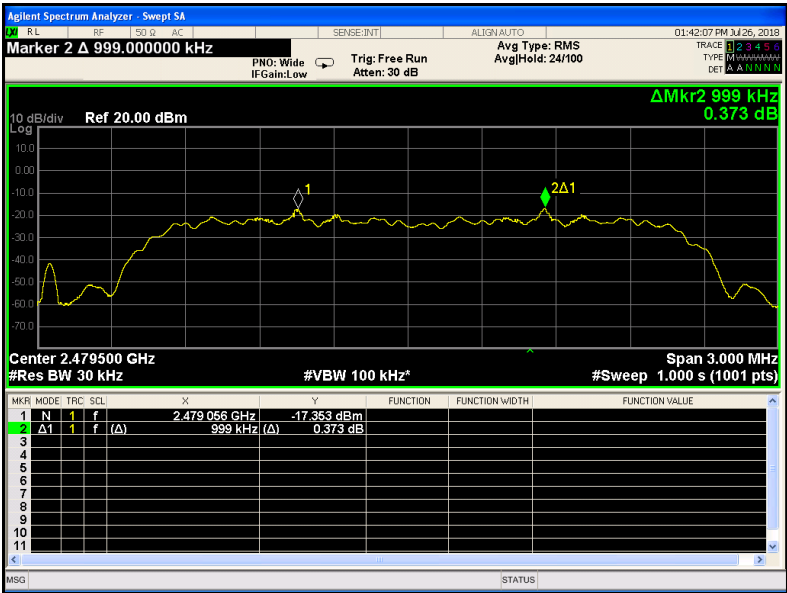
$\pi/4$ DQPSK Low Channel



$\pi/4$ DQPSK Middle Channel



$\pi/4$ DQPSK High Channel



13 Number of Hopping Frequency

Test Requirement : FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247

Test Method : ANSI C63.10:2013

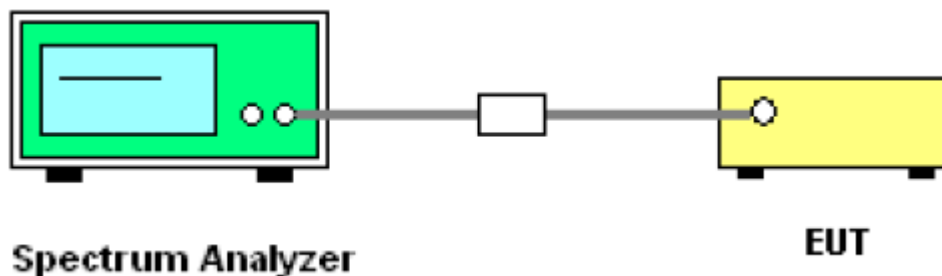
Test Limit..... : FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247. Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels

Test Mode..... : Test in hopping transmitting operating mode.

13.1 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 KHz. VBW = 300 KHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
- 3) Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.
- 4) Set the spectrum analyzer: Start Frequency = 2.4GHz, Stop Frequency = 2.483GHz. Sweep=auto.

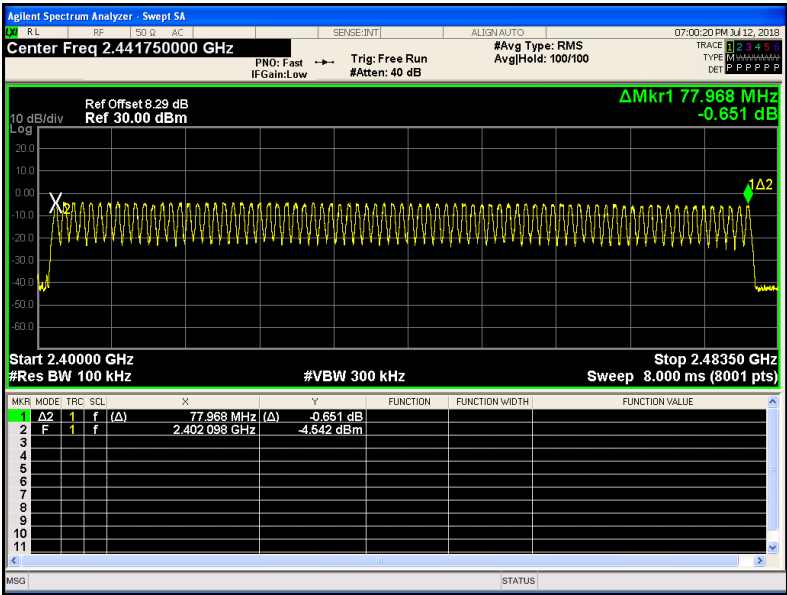
13.2 Test Setup



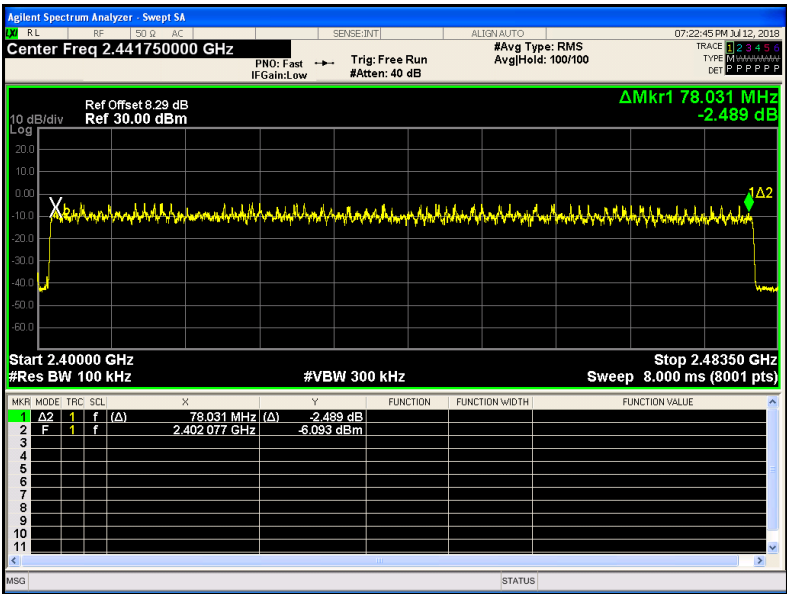
13.3 Test Result

Test result plot as follow:

79 Channels in total GFSK



79 Channels in total Π/4 DQPSK



14 Dwell Time

Test Requirement : FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247

Test Method : ANSI C63.10:2013

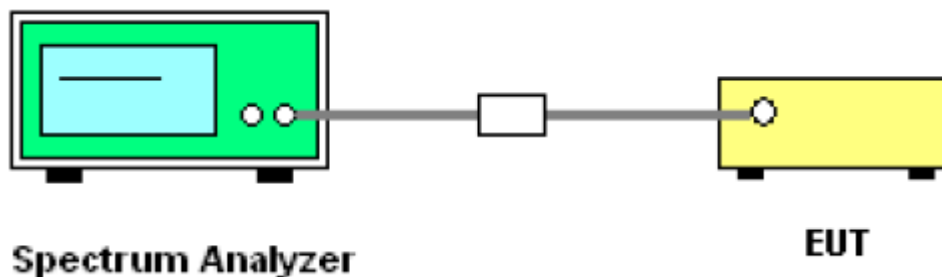
Test Limit..... : FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247. Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test Mode..... : Test in hopping transmitting operating mode.

14.1 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2) Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. Centred on a hopping channel;
- 3) Set RBW = 1MHz and VBW = 3MHz. Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel. Set the EUT for DH5, DH3 and DH1 packet transmitting.
- 4) Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g.. data rate. modulation format. etc.). repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s).

14.2 Test Setup



14.3 Test Result

DH5 Packet permit maximum $1600 / 79 / 6$ hops per second in each channel (5 time slots RX, 1 time slot TX).

DH3 Packet permit maximum $1600 / 79 / 4$ hops per second in each channel (3 time slots RX, 1 time slot TX).

DH1 Packet permit maximum $1600 / 79 / 2$ hops per second in each channel (1 time slot RX, 1 time slot TX).
So, the Dwell Time can be calculated as follows:

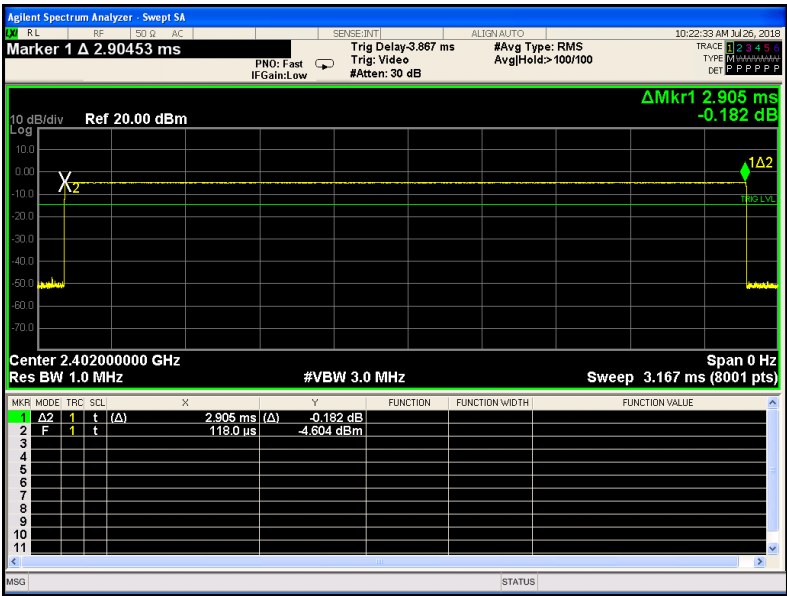
Data Packet	Dwell Time(s)
DH5	$1600/79/6*0.4*79*(MkrDelta)/1000$
DH3	$1600/79/4*0.4*79*(MkrDelta)/1000$
DH1	$1600/79/2*0.4*79*(MkrDelta)/1000$
Remark: Mkr Delta is once pulse time.	

Modulation	Data Packet	Channel	pulse time(ms)	Dwell Time(s)	Limits(s)
GFSK	DH5	Low	2.905	0.310	0.4
		Middle	2.909	0.310	0.4
		High	2.915	0.310	0.4
Pi/4DQPSK	2DH5	Low	2.906	0.311	0.4
		Middle	2.910	0.311	0.4
		High	2.903	0.311	0.4

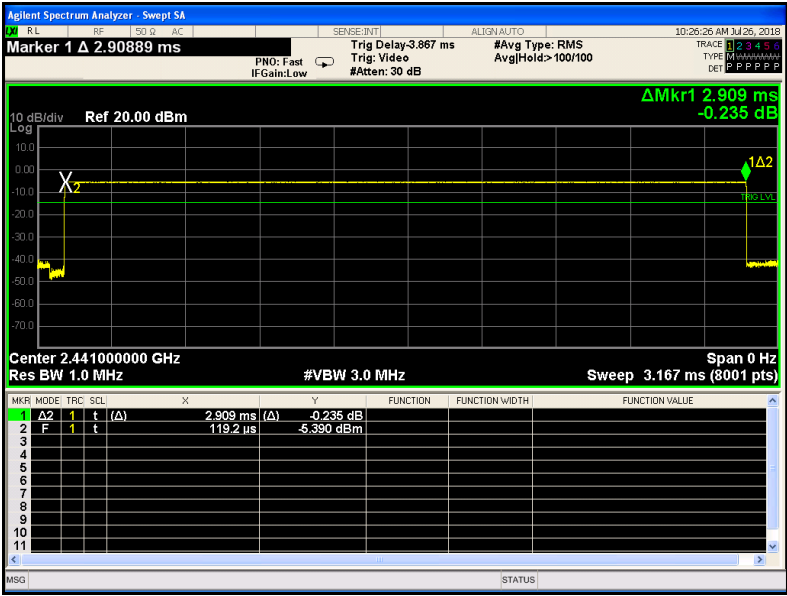
Remark: only the worst data were recorded.

Test result plot as follow:

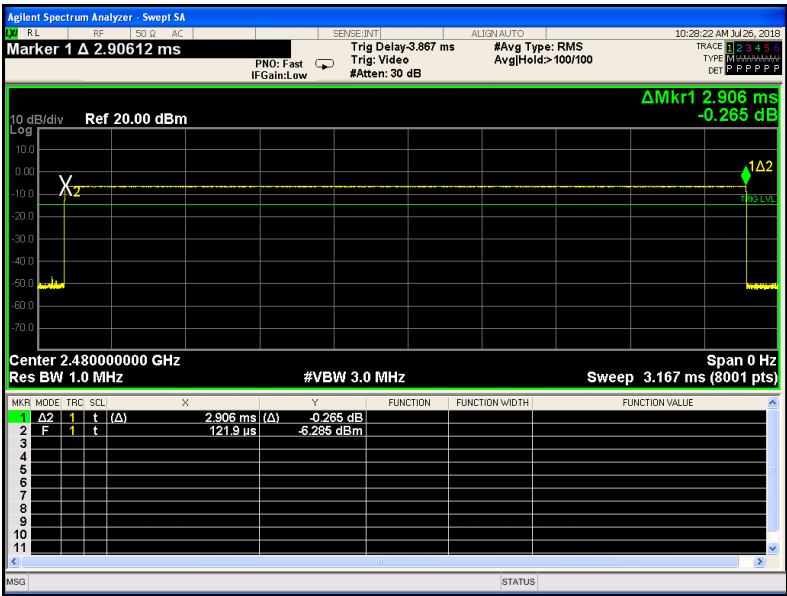
GFSK DH5 Low Channel



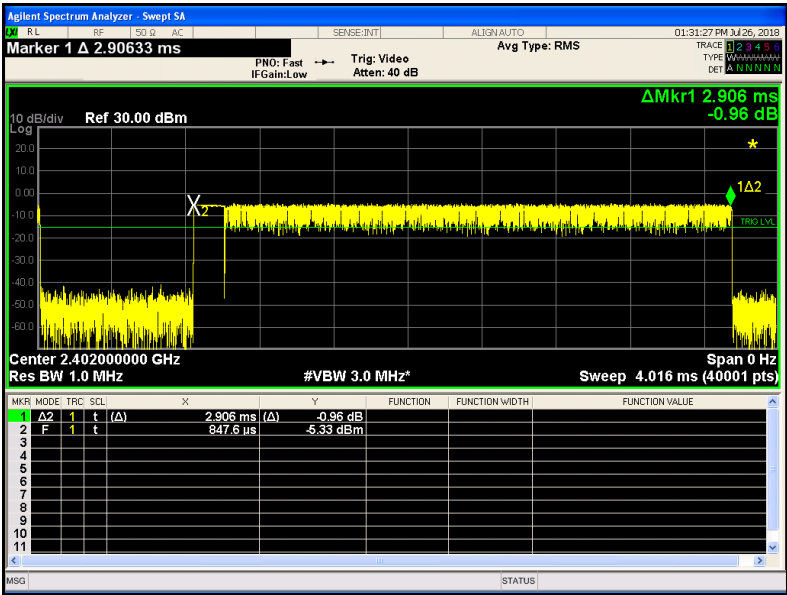
GFSK DH5 Middle Channel



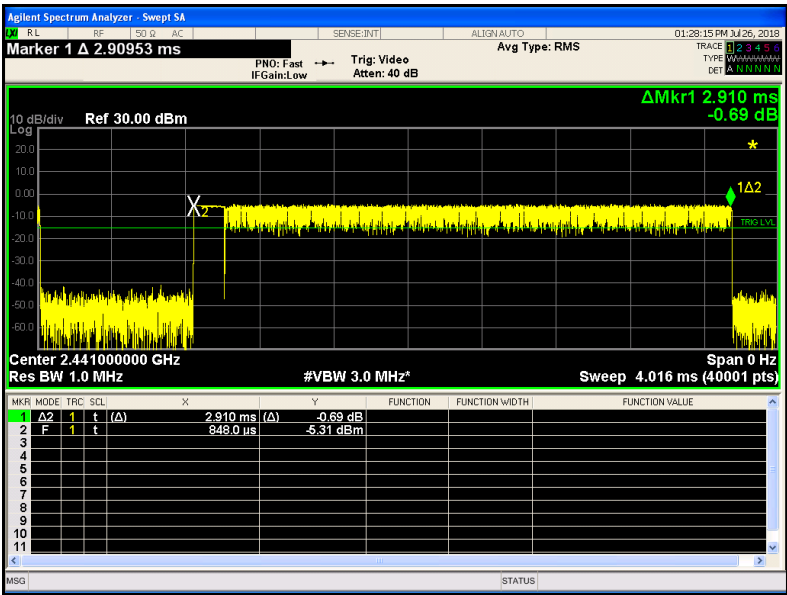
GFSK DH5 High Channel



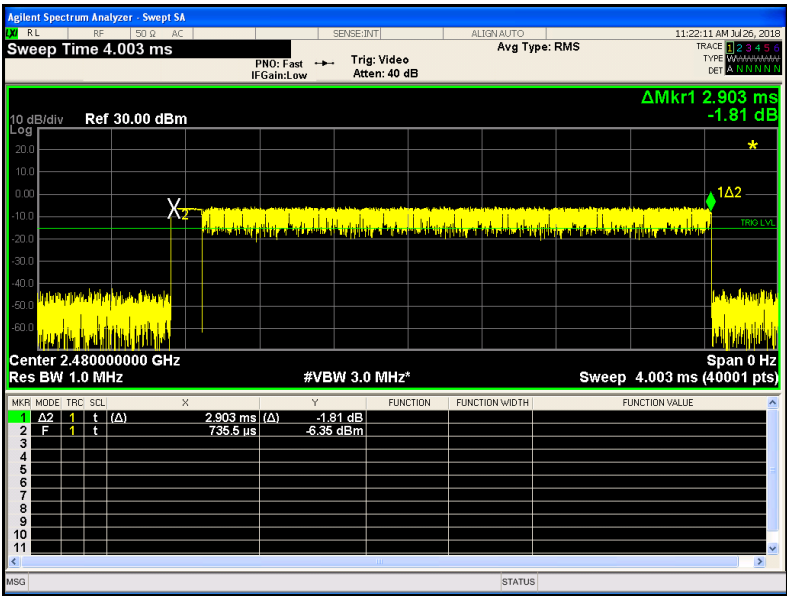
$\pi/4$ DQPSK DH5 Low Channel



$\pi/4$ DQPSK DH5 Middle Channel



$\pi/4$ DQPSK DH5 High Channel



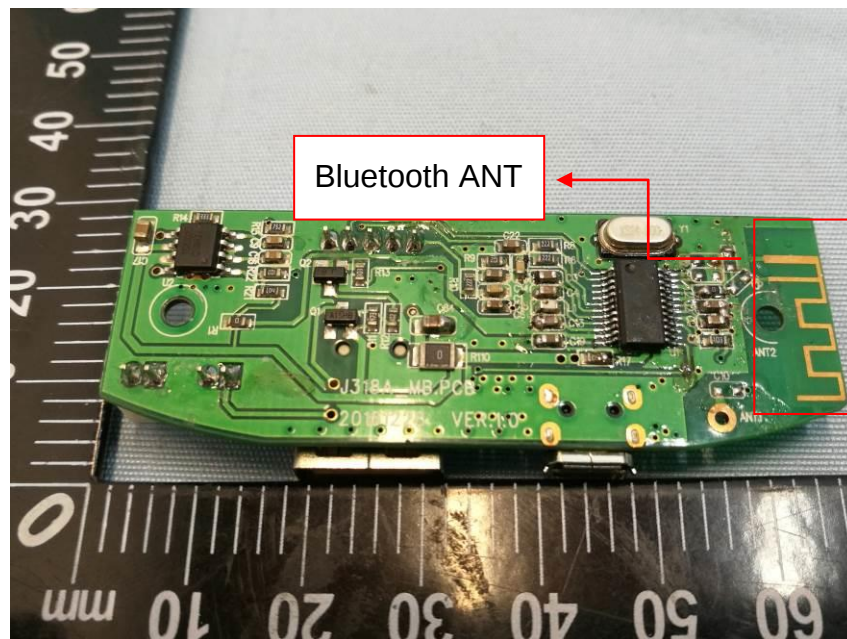
15 Antenna Requirement

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacture may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §15.211, §15.213, §15.217, §15.219, or §15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Subpart C Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

Result:

The EUT has one Built-in IFA, the gain is -0.58dBi meets the requirements of FCC Subpart C 15.203.



16 FCC ID: 2AEOP-S639 RF Exposure

Test Requirement : FCC Part 1.1307

Test Method : FCC Part2.1093 & KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure
Guidance v06

16.1 Requirements

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2 m normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

16.2 The procedures / limit

(A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm ²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			F/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6

(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm ²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz ; *Plane-wave equivalent power density

16.3 MPE Calculation Method

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times R^2}$$

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²)

P = output power to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain.

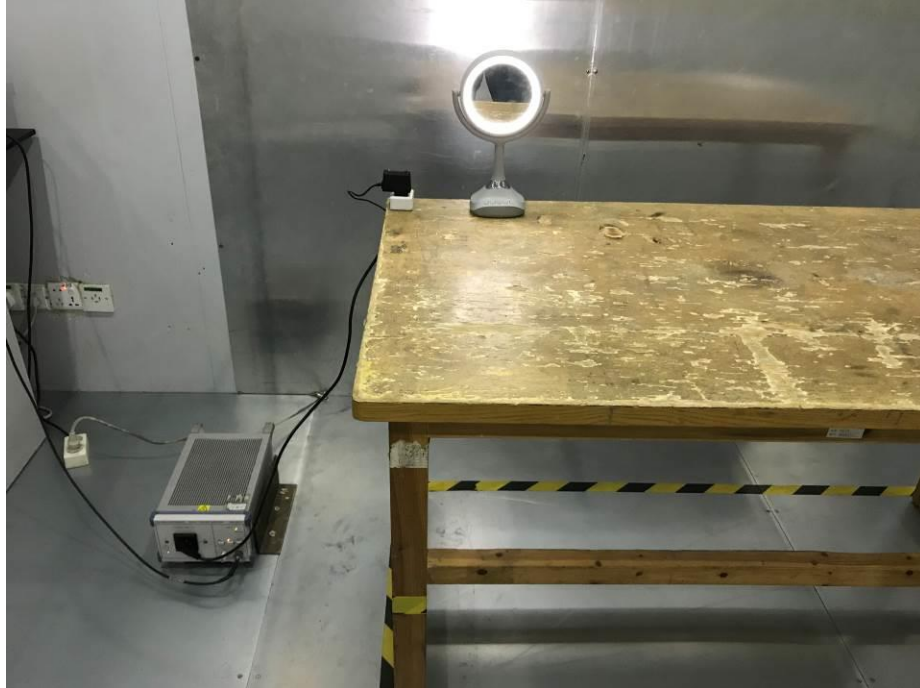
R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, R=20cm, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained

Antenna Gain (numeric)	Max. Peak Output Power (dBm)	Peak Output Power (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
0.87	-2.611	0.55	0.000095	1

17 Photographs S639_Test Setup

17.1 Photographs S639_Conducted Emission Test Setup

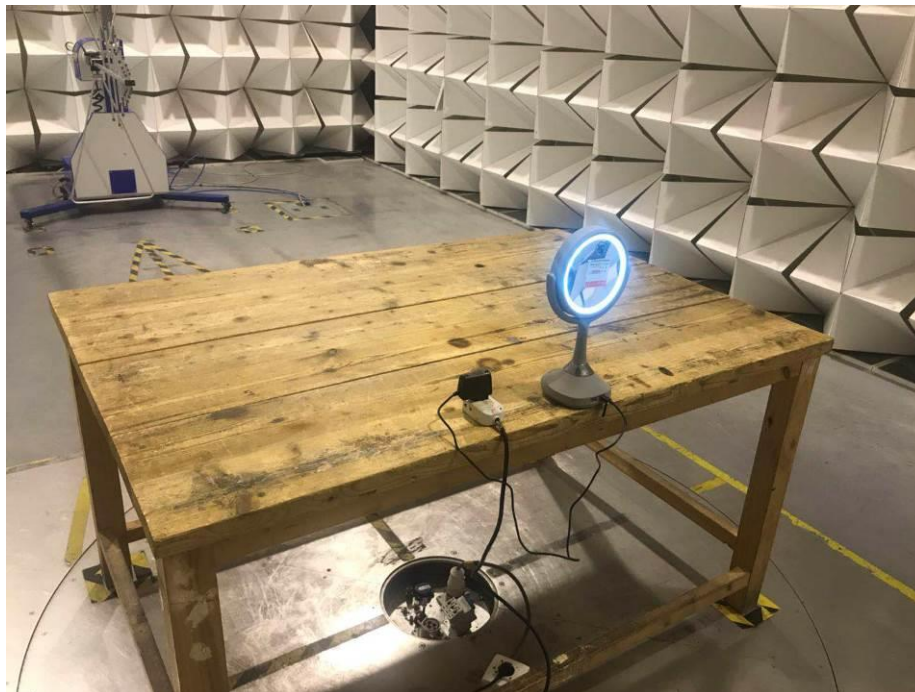


17.2 Photographs S639_Radiated Emission Test Setup

9kHz-30MHz



30MHz-1GHz



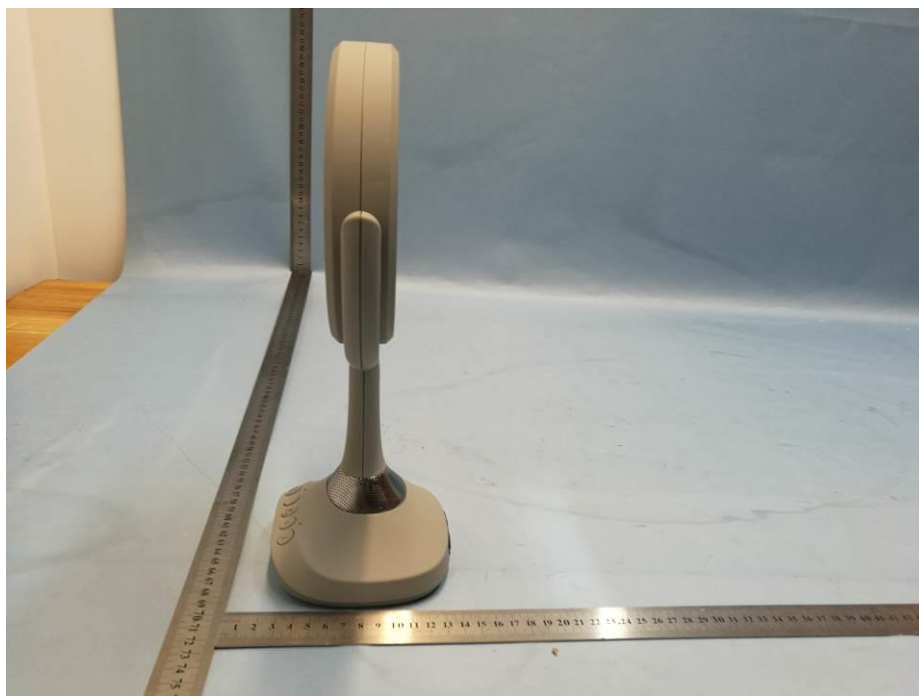
Above 1GHz

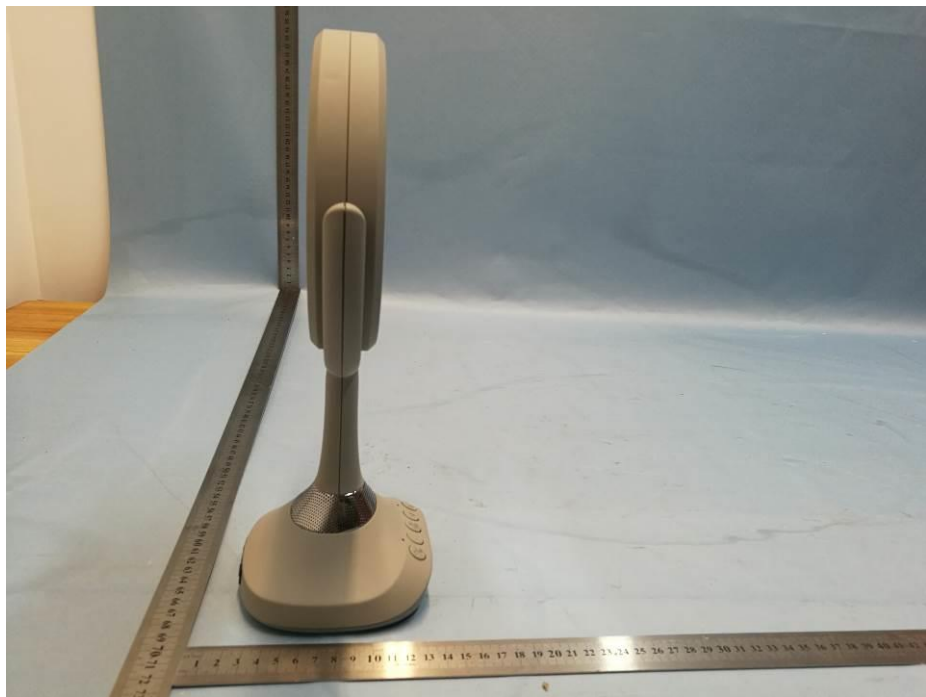
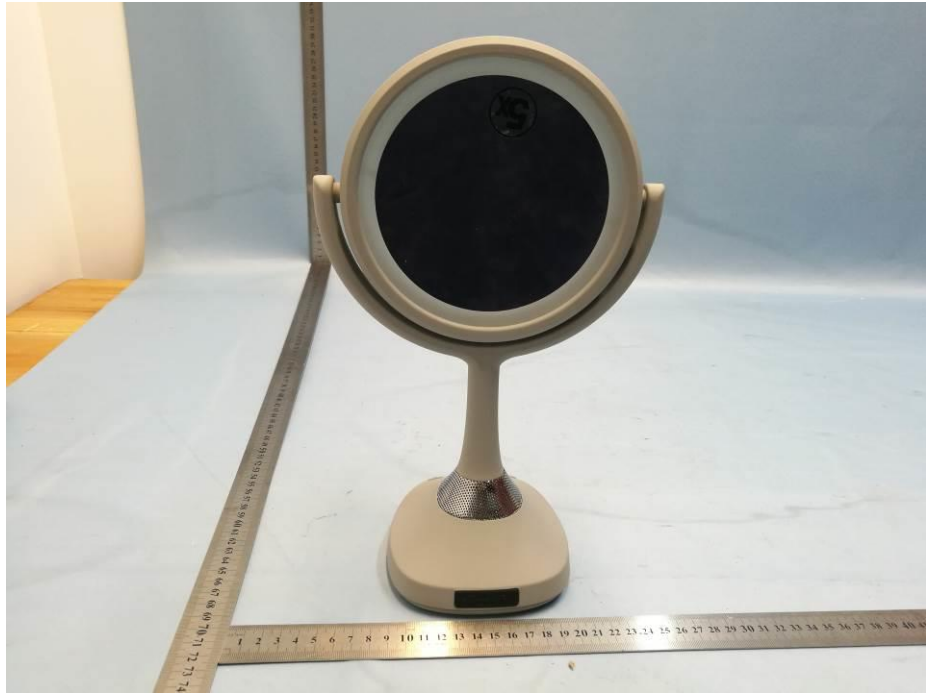


18 Photographs - Constructional Details

18.1 Model S639- External View

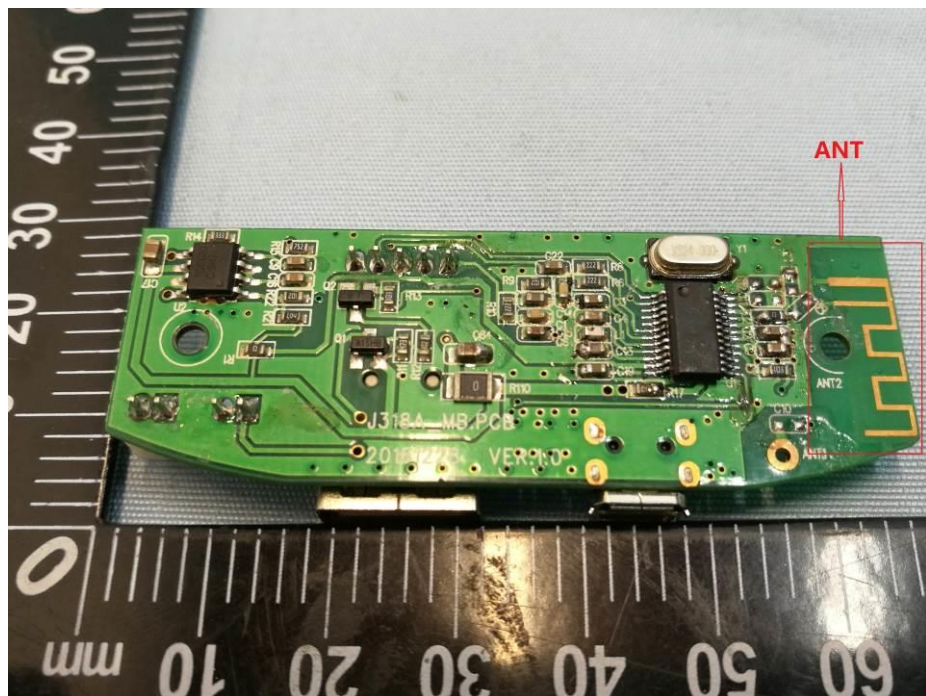
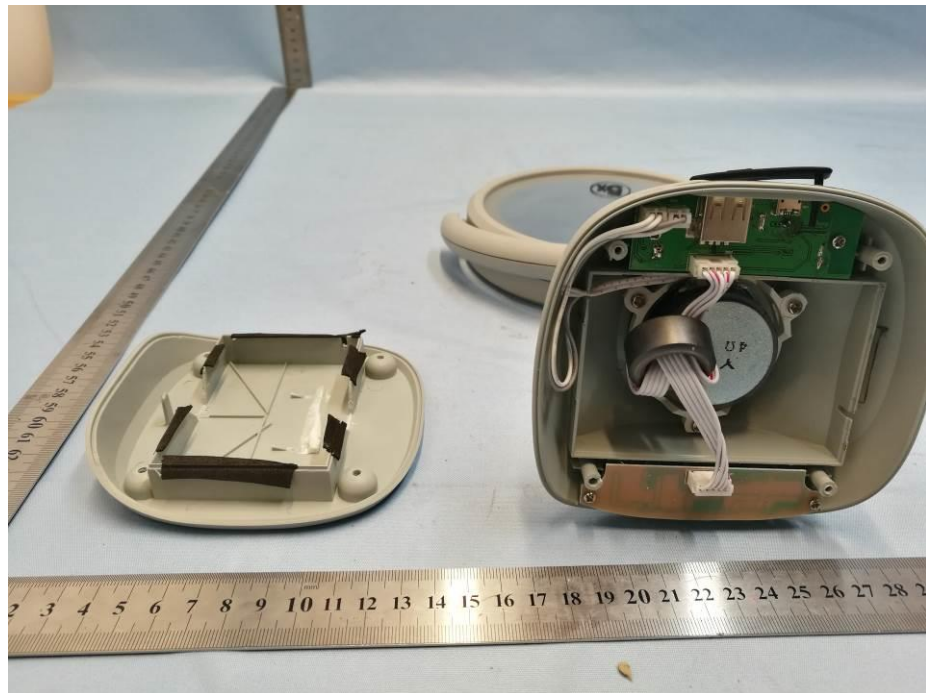


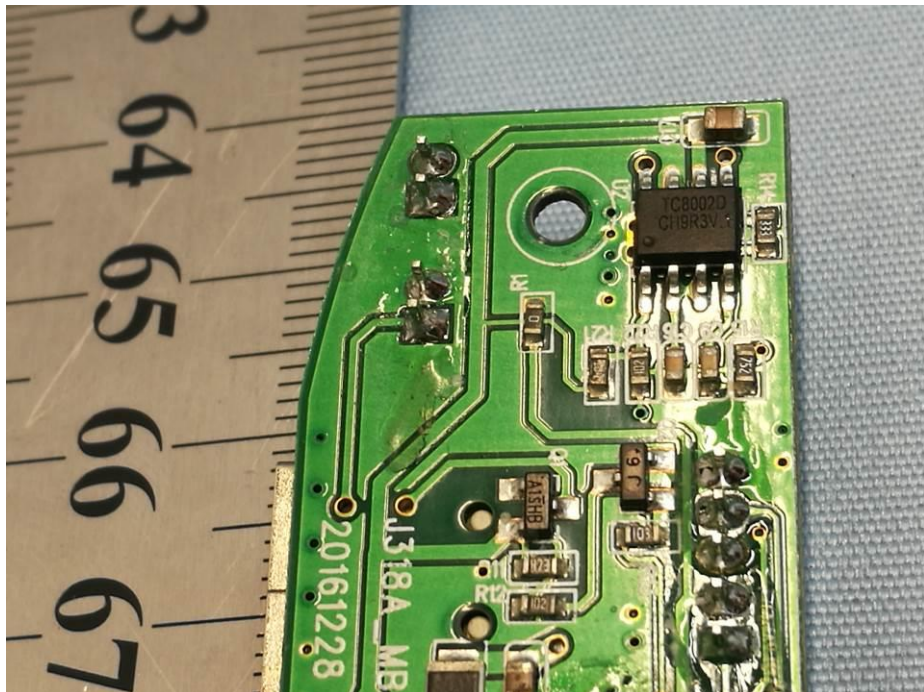
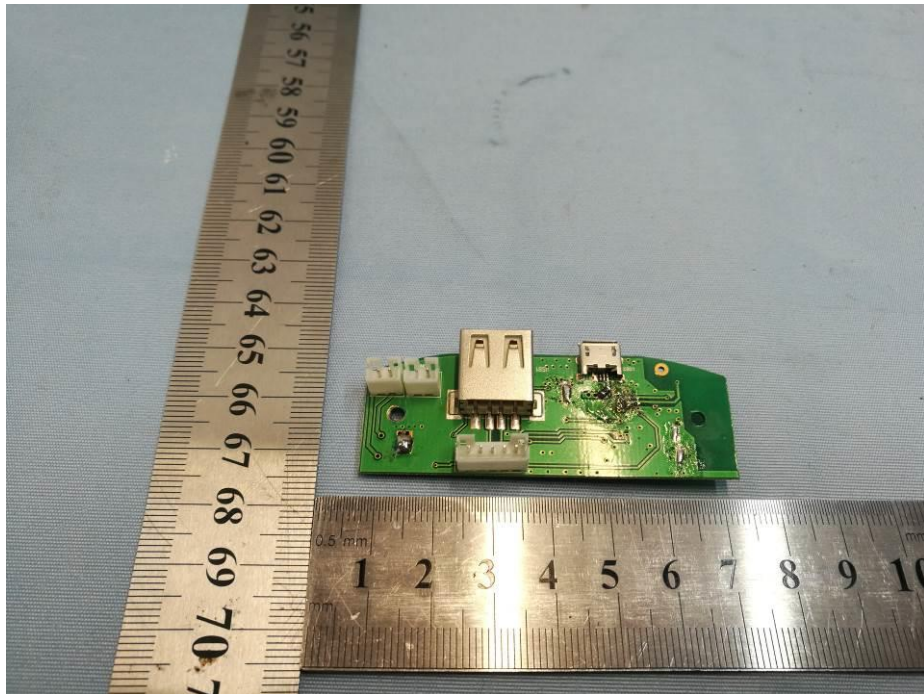






18.2 Model S639- Internal View





=====End of Report=====