ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992
In accordance with the requirements of FCC Report and Order:
ET Docket 93-62；FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

For

Product Name: GIGO Q6

Brand Name : GIGO

Model No.: Q6

Series Model: P7, P8, A2, A3, T5, T6, I7, I8

Test Report Number: C150326S02-SF

Issued for

SUNMAX ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY LIMITED

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Issued by

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ACCREDITED
TESTING CERT #2541.01

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Revision History

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1. CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

Product Name:	GIGO Q6
Brand Name:	GIGO
Model Name.:	Q6
Series Model:	P7, P8, A2, A3, T5, T6, I7, I8
Devices supporting GPRS:	Class B
Description Test Modes(worst case):	The product has two SIM, SIM 1 and SIM 2 sharing a chipset does not support simultaneous work, only supports a single transmitter SIM1 or SIM 2, using SIM 1, SIM 2 will be suspended until select SIM 2, stop using the SIM 1, SIM 2 only would working.
Device Category:	PROTABLE DEVICES
Exposure Category:	GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE
Date of Test:	June 24, 2015 to June 26, 2015
Applicant: Address:	**ShenZhen LiangJian technology co.,LTD** Room 4506C Block C,Electronic Technology Building,ShenNan Road,Futian District,ShenZhen
Manufacturer: Address:	**ShenZhen LiangJian technology co.,LTD** Room 4506C Block C,Electronic Technology Building,ShenNan Road,Futian District,ShenZhen
Application Type:	Certification

APPLICABLE STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES	
STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES	**TEST RESULT**
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992	No non-compliance noted
Deviation from Applicable Standard	
None	

The device was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Approved by:	***Tested by:***
Jeff fang	Luck.Fu
RF Manager Compliance Certification Services Inc.	Test Engineer Compliance Certification Services Inc.

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2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product Name:	GIGO Q6	
Brand Name:	GIGO	
Model Name.:	Q6	
Series Model:	P7, P8, A2, A3, T5, T6, I7, I8	
Model Discrepancy:	Only market segment.	
FCC ID:	2AFDM-Q6	
Power reduction:	NO	
DTM Description:	N/A	
Device Category:	Production unit	
Frequency Range:	GSM 850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz PCS1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II:1852.4~1907.6MHz WCDMA Band V:826.4~846.6 MHz WLAN 2.4G: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480 MHz	
Max. Reported SAR(1g):	Head: GSM 850: 0.223 W/kg PCS 1900: 0.306 W/kg WCDMA Band II: 0.751 W/kg WCDMA Band V: 0.260 W/kg WLAN 2.4G: 0.147 W/kg	Body: GSM 850: 0.666 W/kg PCS 1900: 1.073 W/kg WCDMA Band II: 1.099 W/kg WCDMA Band V: 0.402 W/kg WLAN 2.4G: 0.045 W/kg
Modulation Technique:	GSM/GPRS: GMSK RMC/AMR: QPSK HSDPA: QPSK HSUPA: QPSK IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK,DBPSK)+OFDM (QPSK, BPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM) IEEE 802.11n: OFDM(MCS 0-7) Bluetooth 3.0: GFSK + π/4DQPSK+8DPSK BLE 4.0: GFSK	
Accessories:	Battery(rating): Capacitance: 1400 mAh Rated Voltage:3.7V	
Antenna Specification:	GSM&WCDMA: PIFA Antenna Wifi&Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna	
Operating Mode:	Maximum continuous output	

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3. REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE FCC

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order “Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 W/Kg for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 W/Kg for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992.

4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

☒ FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
☒ ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
☒ KDB 248227 D01v02r01 SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters
☒ KDB 447498 D01v05r02 General RF Exposure Guidance v05
☒ KDB 648474 D04v01r02 Handset SAR
☒ KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
☒ KDB 865664 D02v01r01 RF Exposure Reporting
☒ KDB 941225 D01v03 3G SAR Procedures
☒ KDB 941225 D06v02 Hot Spot SAR

5. TEST CONFIGURATION

For WWAN SAR testing The device was controlled by using a base station emulator R&S CMU200. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the DUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of DUT. The DUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering test software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal and duty cycle is close to 100%.

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6. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SETUP

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY 5 from ATTENNESSA. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the E-field PROBE EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in [7] with accuracy of better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [8] and found to be better than ±0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEE P1528 and CENELEC EN 62209.

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

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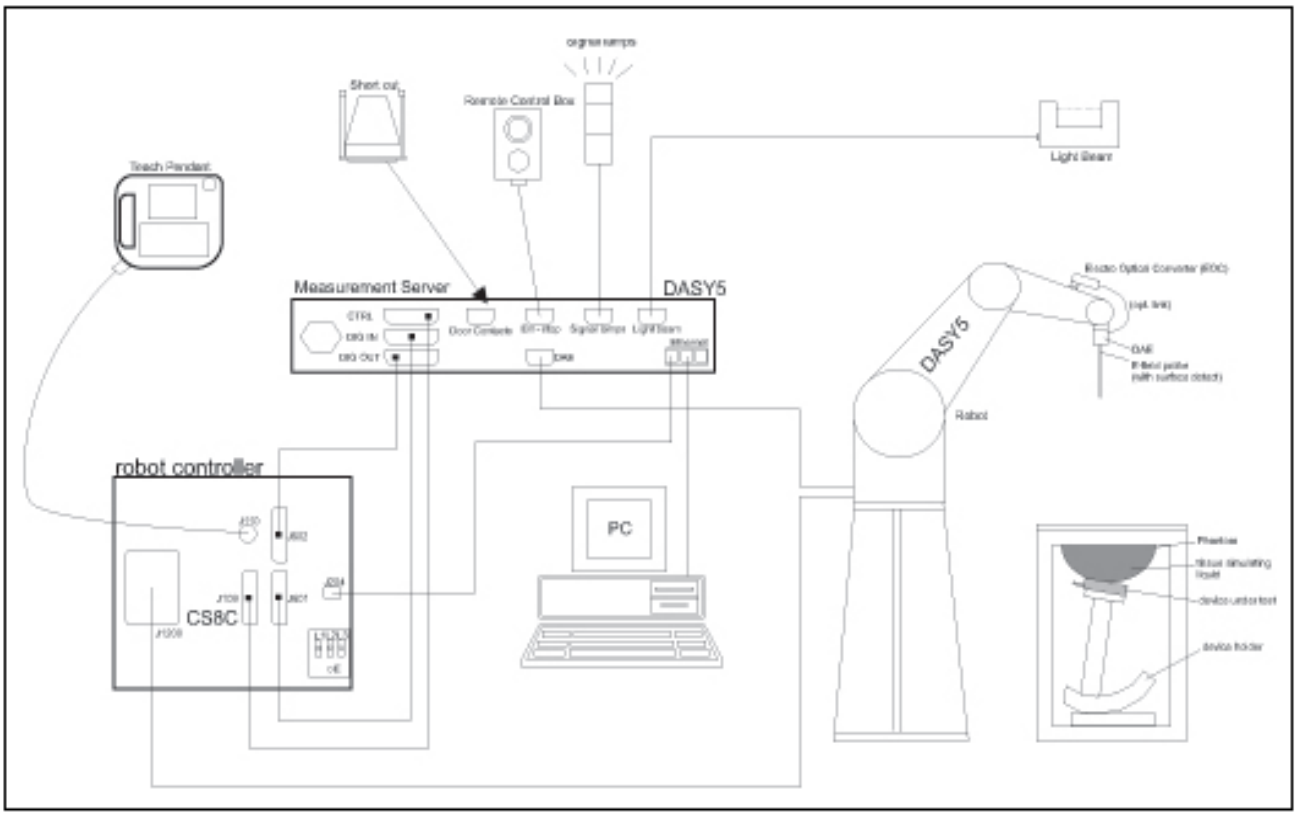
6.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM DIAGRAM



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (St¨aubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

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6.2 SYSTEM COMPONENTS

	The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE4(or DAE3) electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board. The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.
	The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pinout and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server. Calibration: No calibration required.
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	
	The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE4 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.
EX3DV4 Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements	
	Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) **Calibration:** Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz. Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800 CF-Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request. **Frequency:** 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz) **Directivity:** ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis) **Dynamic Range:** 10 µW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)

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Dimensions: Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm)
Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm)
Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

Application: High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

Interior of probe

SAM Twin Phantom

Construction:

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-200X, CENELEC 50360 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

Shell Thickness: 2 ±0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: Height: 850mm; Length: 1000mm; Width: 750mm

SAM Phantom (ELI4 v4.0)

Description Construction:

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4/DASY5.5 and higher and is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles

Shell Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: Major ellipse axis: 600 mm

Minor axis: 400 mm 500mm

Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

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Construction: In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).

System Validation Kits for SAM Twin Phantom

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with l/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 900,1800,2450,5800 MHz

ReTune loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position

Power capability: > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions:

D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm
D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm
D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm
D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm
D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300mm

System Validation Kits for ELI4 phantom

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with l/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 900, 1800, 2450, 5800 MHz

ReTune loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position

Power capability: > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions:

D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm
D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm
D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm
D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm
D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300 mm

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7. EVALUATION PROCEDURES

DATA EVALUATION

The DASY 5 post processing software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i$, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}
	- Conversion factor	$ConvF_i$
	- Diode compression point	dcp_i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY 5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
U_i = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
cf = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY 5 parameter)
dcp_i = Diode compression point (DASY 5 parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \bullet ConvF}}$$

H-field probes:

$$H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11} f + a_{i12} f^2}{f}$$

with V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
$Norm_i$ = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
$\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E0field Probes
$ConvF$ = Sensitivity enhancement in solution
aij = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f = Carrier frequency (GHz)
Ei = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

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The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm^3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm^2

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- **Power Reference Measurement**

  The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

- **Area Scan**

  The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY 5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

- **Zoom Scan**

  Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

- **Power Drift measurement**

  The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY 5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

- **Z-Scan**

  The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.

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SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1529 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g.

The DASY 5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

Boundary effect

For measurements in the immediate vicinity of a phantom surface, the field coupling effects between the probe and the boundary influence the probe characteristics. Boundary effect errors of different dosimetric probe types have been analyzed by measurements and using a numerical probe model. As expected, both methods showed an enhanced sensitivity in the immediate vicinity of the boundary. The effect strongly depends on the probe dimensions and disappears with increasing distance from the boundary. The sensitivity can be approximately given as:

$$S \approx S_o + S_b exp(-\frac{z}{a}) cos(\pi \frac{z}{\lambda})$$

Since the decay of the boundary effect dominates for small probes ($a \ll \lambda$), the cos-term can be omitted. Factors *Sb* (parameter Alpha in the DASY 5 software) and *a* (parameter Delta in the DASY 5 software) are assessed during probe calibration and used for numerical compensation of the boundary effect. Several simulations and measurements have confirmed that the compensation is valid for different field and boundary configurations.

This simple compensation procedure can largely reduce the probe uncertainty near boundaries. It works well as long as:

- the boundary curvature is small
- the probe axis is angled less than 30_ to the boundary normal
- the distance between probe and boundary is larger than 25% of the probe diameter
- the probe is symmetric (all sensors have the same offset from the probe tip)

Since all of these requirements are fulfilled in a DASY 5 system, the correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is performed in a fully automated manner via the measurement data extraction during post processing.

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8. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03,when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2003 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

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9. EXPOSURE LIMIT

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Note: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, **partial-body SAR** is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE
GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE
PARTIAL BODY LIMIT
1.6 W/kg

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10. EUT ARRANGEMENT

Please refer to IEEE1528-2003 illustration below.

10.1 ANTHROPOMORPHIC HEAD PHANTOM

Figure 7-1a shows the front, back and side views of SAM. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15 mm posterior to the entrance to ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 7-1b. The plane passing through the two ear reference points and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 7-1c). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line, the thickness of the phantom shell with the shape of an ear is a flat surface 6 mm thick at the ERPs. Anterior to the N-F line, the ear is truncated as illustrated in Figure 7-1b. The ear truncation is introduced to avoid the handset from touching the ear lobe, which can cause unstable handset positioning at the cheek.

Figure 7-1a
Front, back and side view of SAM (model for the phantom shell)

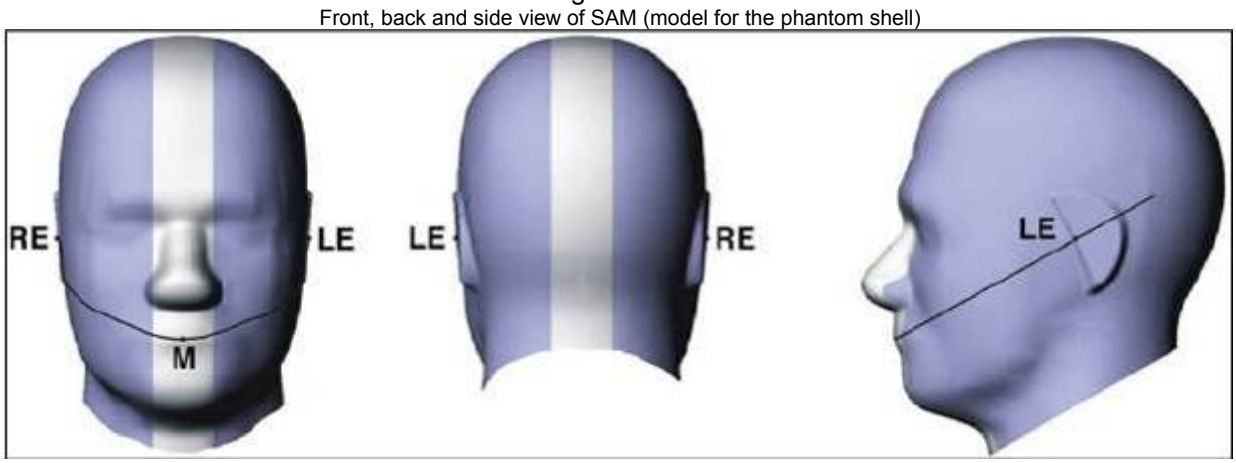

Figure 7-1b
Close up side view of phantom showing the ear region

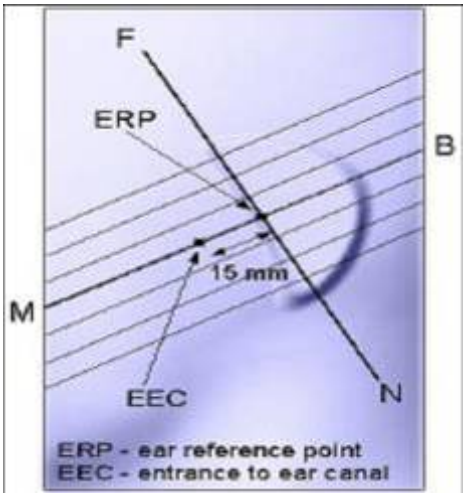

Figure 7-1c
Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and the 7 cross sectional plane locations

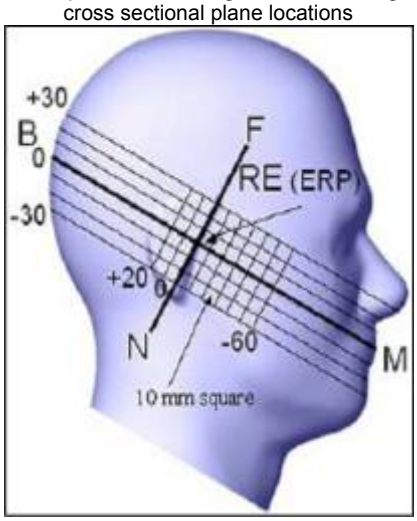

Figure 7-1b
Close up side view of phantom showing the ear region

Figure 7-1c
Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and the 7 cross sectional plane locations

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10.2 DEFINITION OF THE "CHEEK/TOUCH" POSITION

The "cheek" or "touch" position is defined as follows:

a. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover. (If the handset can also be used with the cover closed both configurations must be tested.)

b. Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 7-2a and 7-2b), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 7-2a). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 7-2b), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip pieces, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.

c. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 7-2c), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

d. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the pinna.

e. e) While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).

f. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.

g. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna (cheek). See Figure 7-2c. The physical angles of rotation should be noted.

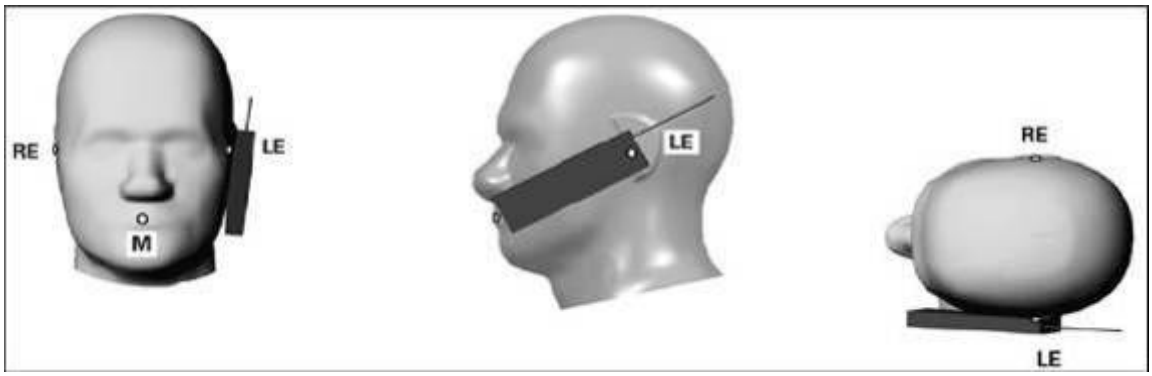

Figure 7.2c
Phone "cheek" or "touch" position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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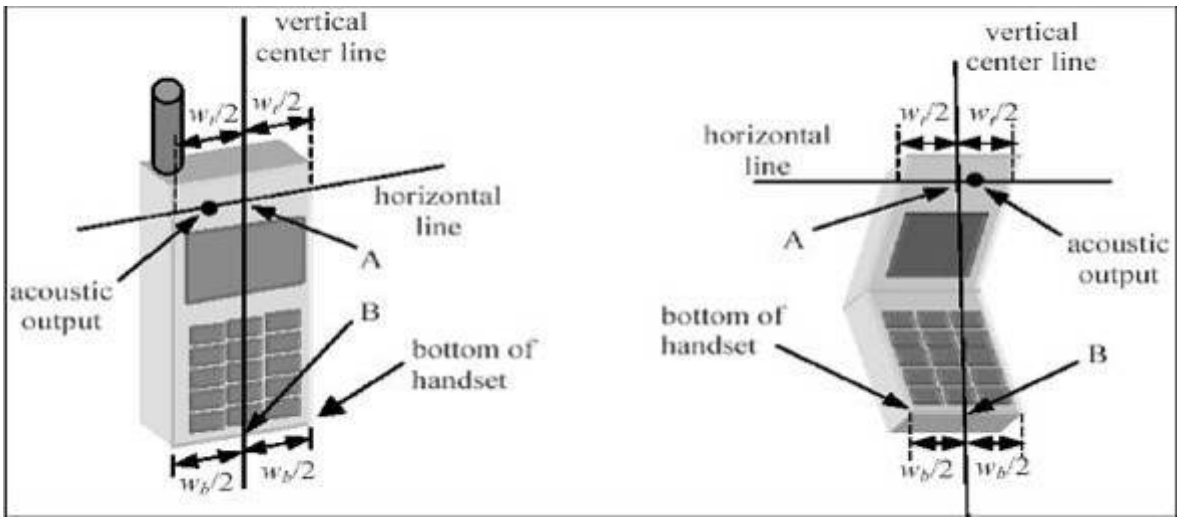

Figure 7.2a Figure 7.2b

10.3 DEFINITION OF THE "TILTED" POSITION

The "tilted" position is defined as follows:

a. Repeat steps (a) – (g) of 7.2 to place the device in the "cheek position."

b. While maintaining the orientation of the handset move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE in order to enable a rotation of the handset by 15 degrees.

c. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.

d. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on a line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna (e.g., the antenna with the back of the phantom head), the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilted position is obtained if any part of the handset is in contact with the pinna as well as a second part of the handset is contact with the phantom (e.g., the antenna with the back of the head).

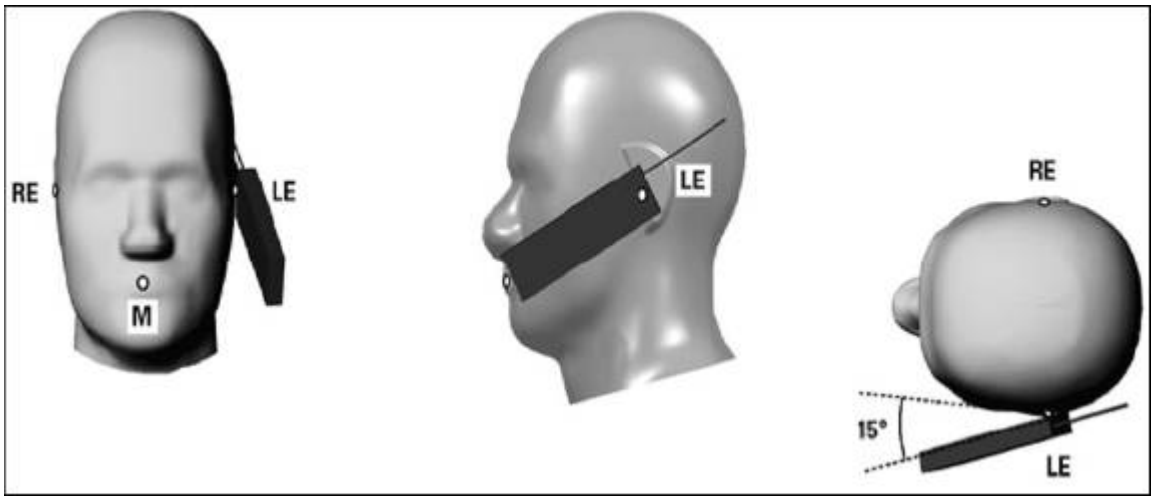

Figure 7-3
Phone "tilted" position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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11. MEASUREMENT RESULTS

11.1 TEST LIQUIDS CONFIRMATION

SIMULATED TISSUE LIQUID PARAMETER CONFIRMATION

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070C dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

KDB865664 D01 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The head and Body tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the KDB865664 D01 have been incorporated in the following table.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ε_r	σ (S/m)	ε_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)

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11.2 LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

The following table show the measuring results for simulating liquid:

Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation (%)	Limited (%)	Measured Date
Head835	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	41.50	42.63	2.72	± 5	2015-6-24
		Conductivity(σ)	0.90	0.91	0.98	± 5	
Body835	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	55.20	55.34	0.25	± 5	2015-6-24
		Conductivity(σ)	0.97	0.98	0.65	± 5	
Head1900	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	40.00	40.77	1.93	± 5	2015-6-25
		Conductivity(σ)	1.40	1.40	-0.29	± 5	
Body1900	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	53.30	52.46	-1.58	± 5	2015-6-25
		Conductivity(σ)	1.52	1.56	2.83	± 5	
Head2450	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	39.20	38.82	-0.97	± 5	2015-6-26
		Conductivity(σ)	1.80	1.80	-0.17	± 5	
Body2450	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	52.70	52.61	-0.17	± 5	2015-6-26
		Conductivity(σ)	1.95	1.89	-2.87	± 5	

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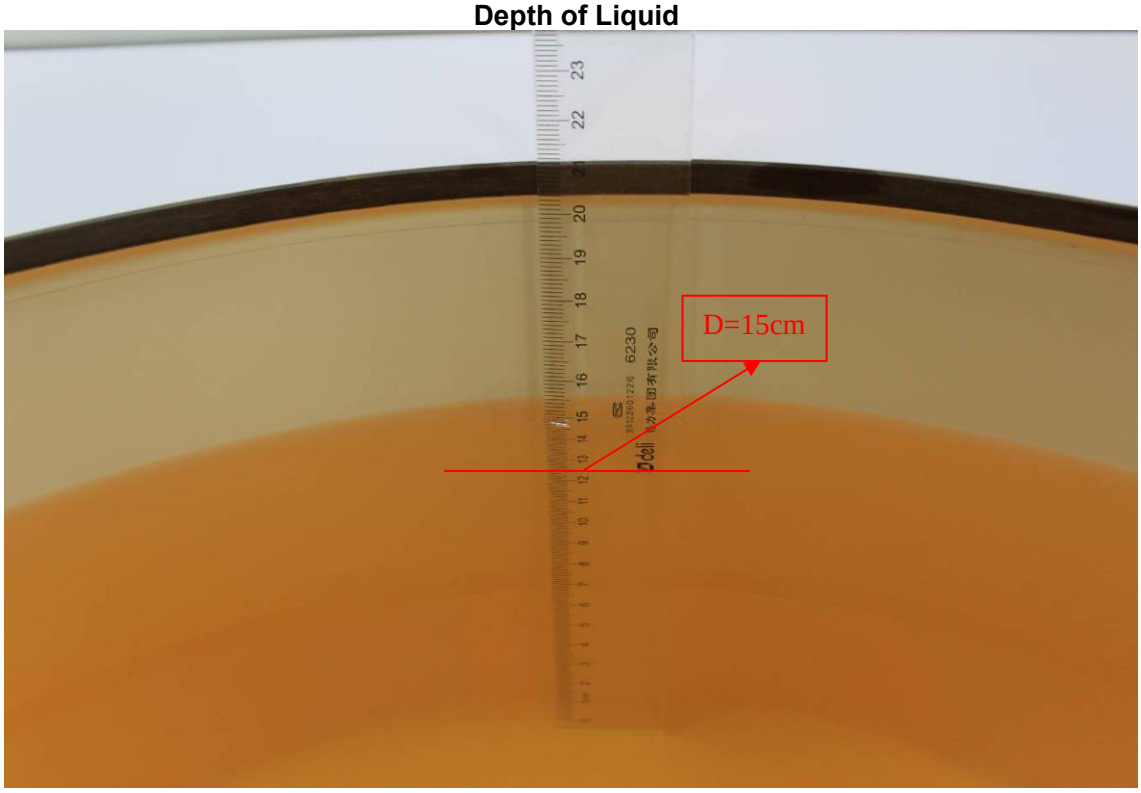
11.3 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of ±10%. The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head and body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY5 system withan E-fileld probe EX3DV4 SN: 3798 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx= 5 mm, dy= 5 mm, dz= 5 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 mm.
- The dipole input power was 250mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Depth of Liquid



- Note: For SAR testing, the depth is 15cm shown above

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SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

Liquid Type	Ambient Temp. (°C)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Input Power (W)	Measured SAR1g (W/Kg)	1W Target SAR1g(W/Kg)	1W Normalized SAR1g(W/Kg)	Deviation (%)	Limited (%)	Date
Head835	22	21.5	0.25	2.42	9.50	9.68	1.89	± 10	2015-6-24
Body835	22	21.5	0.25	2.51	9.53	10.04	5.35	± 10	2015-6-24
Head1900	22	21.5	0.25	9.77	40.40	39.08	-3.27	± 10	2015-6-25
Body1900	22	21.5	0.25	10.21	40.50	40.84	0.84	± 10	2015-6-25
Head2450	22	21.5	0.25	12.34	52.60	49.36	-6.16	± 10	2015-6-26
Body2450	22	21.5	0.25	12.47	49.20	49.88	1.38	± 10	2015-6-26

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11.4 EUT TUNE-UP PROCEDURES AND TEST MODE

The following procedure had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.
To setup the desire channel frequency and the maximum output power. A Radio Communication Tester "CMU200 " was used to program the EUT.

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. For head SAR testing, the EUT was set in GSM Voice for GSM850 and PCS1900 due to its highest frame-average power.
3. For body worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS 4 Tx slots for GSM850 and GPRS 4 Tx PCS1900 due to its highest frame-average power.
4. For hotspot SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS 4 Tx slots for GSM850 and GPRS 4 Tx PCS1900 due to its highest frame-average power.

GSM Conducted output power(dBm):

Band	GSM 850			GSM 1900		
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810
Frequency(MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power						
GSM(GMSK,1Uplink)	32.46	32.32	32.11	29.23	29.26	29.22
GPRS 8 (GMSK,1 Uplink)	32.17	32.32	32.11	29.18	29.15	29.32
GPRS 10 (GMSK,2 Uplink)	30.53	30.42	30.34	28.17	28.28	28.36
GPRS 11 (GMSK,3 Uplink)	28.82	28.75	28.53	26.21	26.52	26.25
GPRS 12 (GMSK,4 Uplink)	27.73	27.52	27.56	25.53	25.52	25.73
Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power						
GSM(GMSK,1Uplink)	23.44	23.30	23.09	20.21	20.24	20.20
GPRS 8 (GMSK,1 Uplink)	23.14	23.29	23.08	20.15	20.12	20.29
GPRS 10 (GMSK,2 Uplink)	24.50	24.39	24.31	22.14	22.25	22.33
GPRS 11 (GMSK,3 Uplink)	24.56	24.49	24.27	21.95	22.26	21.99
GPRS 12 (GMSK,4 Uplink)	**24.72**	24.51	24.55	22.52	22.51	**22.72**

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated methods are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Burst-averaged power (1 Uplink) – 9.03 dBm
Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 Uplink) – 6.02 dBm
Frame-averaged power = Burst-averaged power (3 Uplink) – 4.26 dBm
Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 Uplink) – 3.01 dBm

Note:

1. Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
2. GPRS (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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WCDMA Conducted output power(dBm):
As the SAR body tests for WCDMA **Band II and Band V** , we established the radio link through call processing. The maximum output power were verified on high, middle and low channels for each test band according to 3GPP TS 34.121 with the following configuration:a 12.2kbps RMC, 64,144,384 kbps RMC with TPC set to all "all '1's"b Test loop Mode 1
The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d *(SF)*	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} *(Note1, Note 2)*	CM (dB) *(Note 3)*	MPR (dB) *(Note 3)*
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 *(Note 4)*	15/15 *(Note 4)*	64	12/15 *(Note 4)*	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d *(SF)*	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} *(Note1)*	β_{ec}	β_{ed} *(Note 5) (Note 6)*	β_{ed} *(SF)*	β_{ed} *(Codes)*	CM *(dB)* *(Note 2)*	MPR *(dB)* *(Note 2)*	*AG Index* *(Note 6)*	*E-TFCI*
1	11/15 *(Note 3)*	15/15 *(Note 3)*	64	11/15 *(Note 3)*	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed}1: 47/15 β_{ed}2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 *(Note 4)*	15/15 *(Note 4)*	64	15/15 *(Note 4)*	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

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Band	WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band V		
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233
Frequency(MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6
RMC12.2K	**22.45**	22.36	22.36	**21.37**	21.36	21.34
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.45	22.33	21.82	21.24	20.32	20.47
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.66	21.44	21.45	20.27	20.34	20.27
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.23	21.46	21.53	20.43	20.46	20.23
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.34	21.36	21.34	20.16	20.44	20.45
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.43	22.05	21.96	20.36	20.33	20.25
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.53	21.65	21.33	20.13	20.26	20.44
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.56	21.33	21.06	20.43	20.42	20.42
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.23	21.56	21.63	20.44	20.33	20.41
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.04	21.32	21.43	20.37	20.34	20.36

Note:

Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC, HSDPA/HSUPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.

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General Note:

1 Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.

2 Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.

1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.

2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.

3 For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WLAN 2.4G Conducted output power(dBm):

Mode	Channel	Frequence	Average power(dBm)
802.11 b	1	2412 MHZ	9.42
	6	2437 MHZ	9.61
	11	2462 MHZ	9.35
802.11 g	1	2412 MHZ	8.31
	6	2437 MHZ	8.52
	11	2462 MHZ	8.28
802.11 n 20M	1	2412 MHZ	8.19
	6	2437 MHZ	8.12
	11	2462 MHZ	8.08
802.11 n 40M	3	2422 MHZ	7.44
	7	2442 MHZ	7.32
	11	2462 MHZ	7.77

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Bluetooth Conducted output power(dBm):

Channel	Frequency	Average power(dBm)		
		Date Rate		
		1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
CH00	2402MHZ	1.988	1.625	2.163
CH39	2441MHZ	2.734	2.165	2.616
CH78	2480MHZ	2.461	2.282	2.631

BLE 4.0 Conducted output power(dBm):

Channel	Frequency	Average power(dBm)
		Date Rate(1Mbps)
CH00	2402MHZ	-3.136
CH19	2440MHZ	-3.091
CH39	2480MHZ	-3.688

According to KDB447498 D01:The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
[(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)] · [$\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,[24] where

- $f_{(GHz)}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation[25]
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below
- If the test separation distance (antenna-user) is < 5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation

	Wireless Interface	Bluetooth
Tune-up Maximum power (dBm)		3
Tune-up Maximum rated power (mW)		1.995
Head	Antenna to user (mm)	5
	Frequency(GHz)	2.480
	SAR exclusion threshold	0.628
Body	Antenna to user (mm)	10
	Frequency(GHz)	2.480
	SAR exclusion threshold	0.314

Per KDB 447498 D01 exclusion thresholds is[(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance:1.995 mW*)/(*min. test separation distance: 5mm*)] · [$\sqrt{2.480}$] =0.628< 3, Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation is not required.

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Mode	The Tune-up Maximum Power(Customer Declared)(dBm)	Tune up limit	Measured Conduct Maximum Power(dBm)
GSM 850	32+/-1	33	32.46
GPRS 850-1TS	32+/-1	33	32.32
GPRS 850-2TS	30+/-1	31	30.53
GPRS 850-3TS	28+/-1	29	28.82
GPRS 850-4TS	27+/-1	28	27.73
PCS 1900	28.5+/-1	29.5	29.26
GPRS 1900-1TS	28.5+/-1	29.5	29.32
GPRS 1900-2TS	28+/-1	29	28.36
GPRS 1900-3TS	26+/-1	27	26.52
GPRS 1900-4TS	25+/-1	26	25.73
WCDMA Band II RMC 12.2K	22+/-1	23	22.45
HSDPA Band II	22+/-1	23	22.45
HSUPA Band II	22+/-1	23	22.43
WCDMA Band V RMC 12.2K	21+/-1	22	21.37
HSDPA Band V	21+/-1	22	21.24
HSUPA Band V	20+/-1	21	20.44
IEEE 802.11b	9+/-1	10	9.61
IEEE 802.11g	8+/-1	9	8.52
IEEE 802.11n(20M)	8+/-1	9	8.19
IEEE 802.11n(40M)	7+/-1	8	7.77
Bluetooth 1Mbps	2+/-1	3	2.734
Bluetooth 2Mbps	2+/-1	3	2.282
Bluetooth 3Mbps	2+/-1	3	2.631
BLE 4.0	-4+/-1	-3	-3.091

So, they are in tune-up range and complied.

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11.5 SAR TEST CONFIGURATIONS

Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required.

A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.

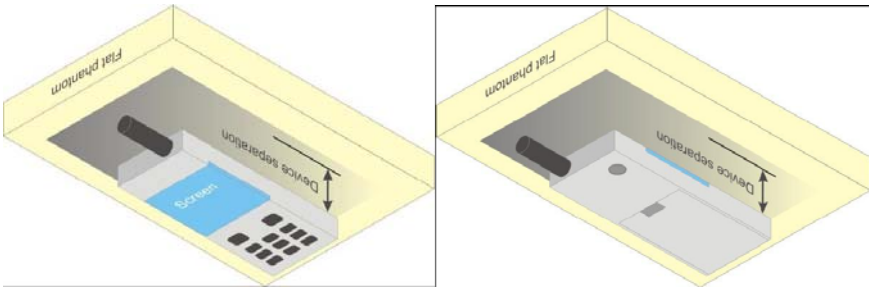
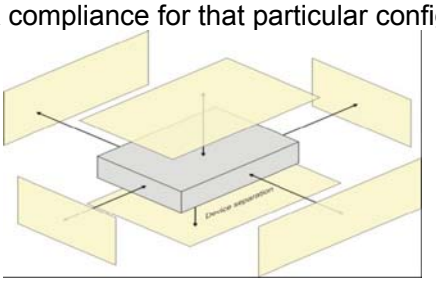


Illustration for Body Worn Position

Hotspot Mode Exposure conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225 D06. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



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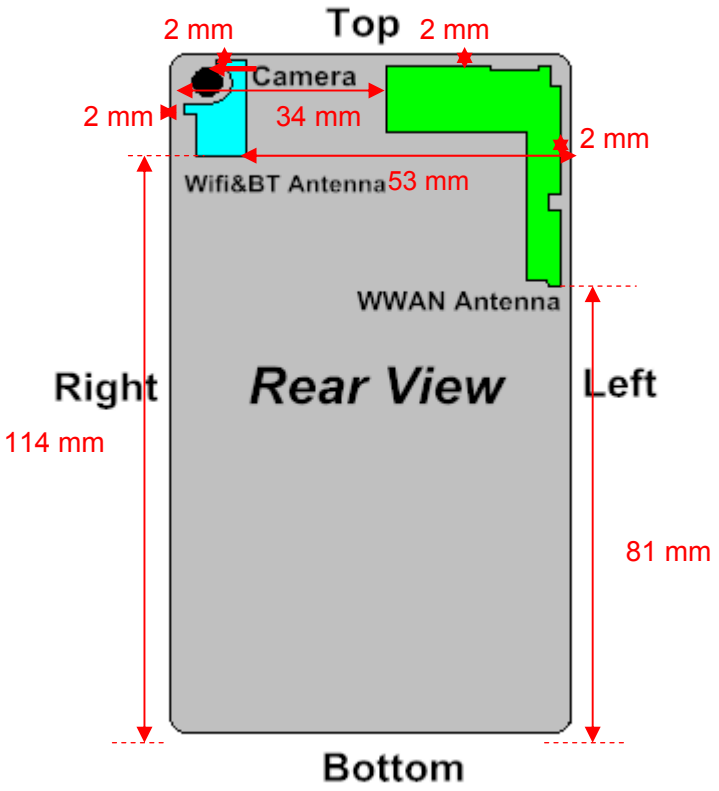
11.6 ANTENNA POSITION



Device dimensions (H x W): 145 x 69 mm

Antenna	Wireless Interface
WWAN Antenna	GSM850/PCS1900 WCDMA Band II/Band V
WiFi&BT Antenna	WLAN 2.4G Bluetooth

Test Mode

GSM 850/PCS1900	Data transmission mode(GPRS)/Voice mode(GSM)
WCDMA Band II/Band V	Data transmission mode(12.2k RMC)
IEEE 802.11b	Data transmission mode(802.11b)

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Body Exposure Condition

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge Test distance: 10 mm						
Antenna	Front（mm）	Rear（mm）	Right side（mm）	Left side（mm）	Top side（mm）	Bottom side（mm）
WWAN	4<25	2<25	34>25	2<25	2<25	81>25
WLAN	5<25	2<25	2<25	53>25	2<25	114>25

Body test position

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge Test distance: 10 mm						
Antenna	Front	Rear	Right side	Left side	Top side	Bottom side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No

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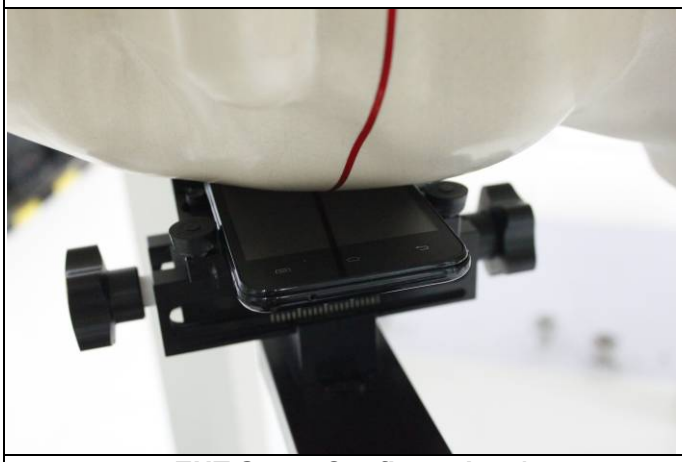
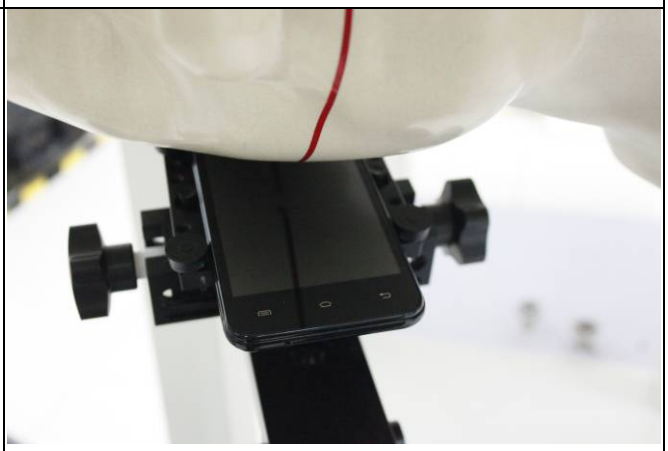
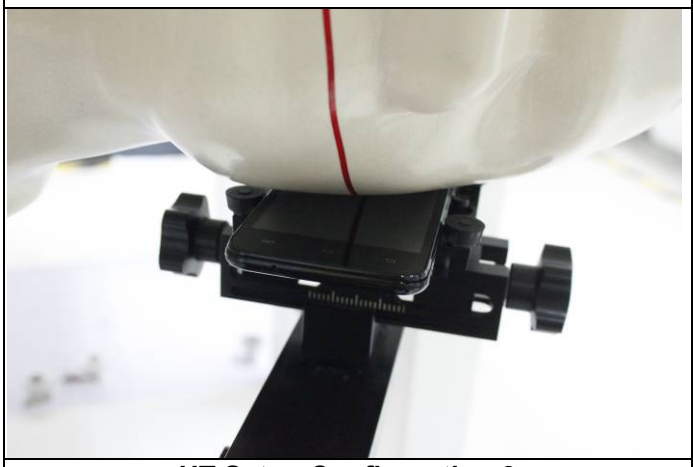
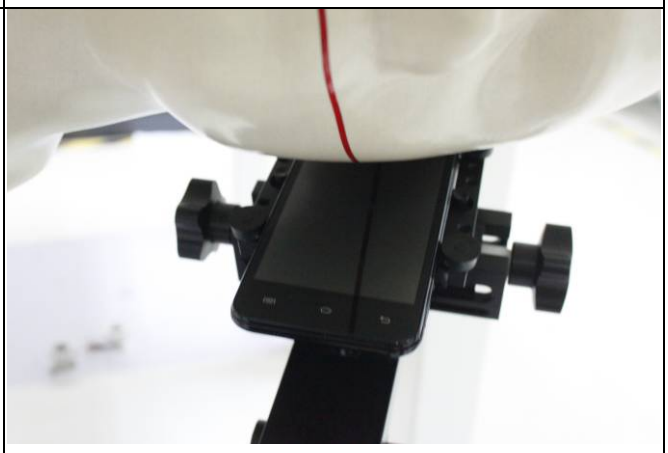
11.7 EUT SETUP PHOTOS

Head position

Cheek device with right head phantom.	Tilt device with right head phantom
	
EUT Setup Configuration 1	**EUT Setup Configuration 2**
Cheek device with left head phantom.	**Tilt device with left head phantom**
	
UT Setup Configuration 3	**EUT Setup Configuration 4**

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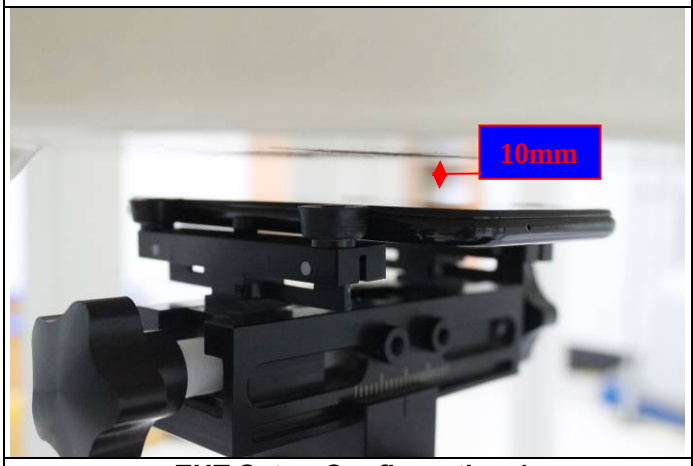
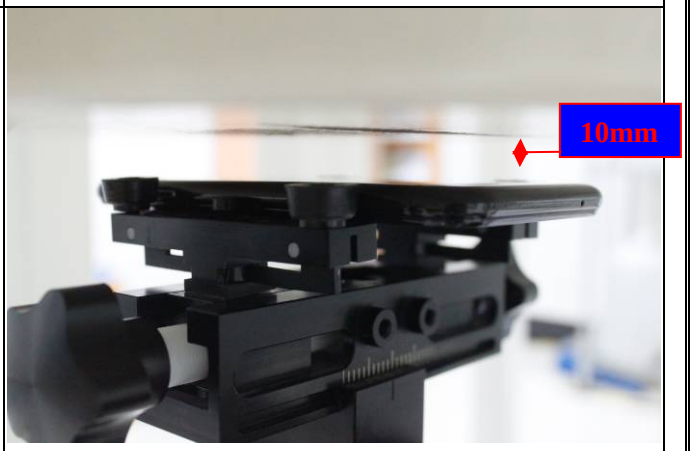
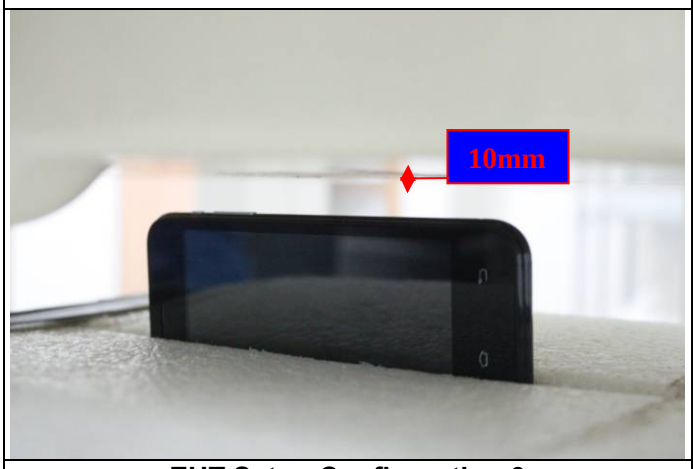
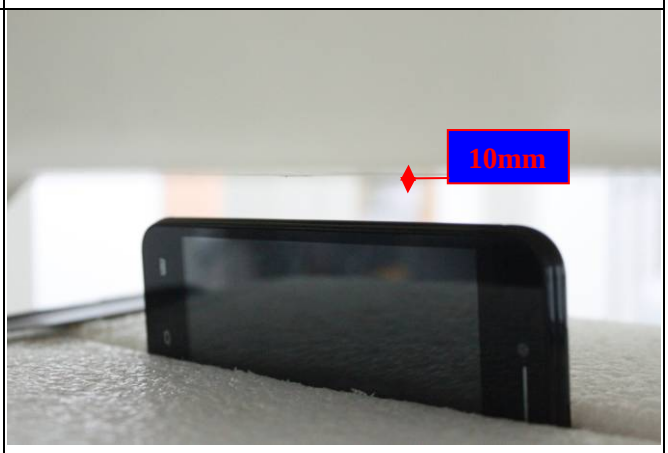
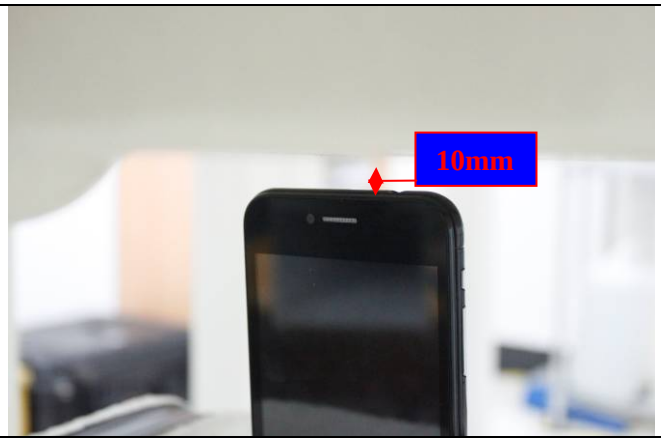
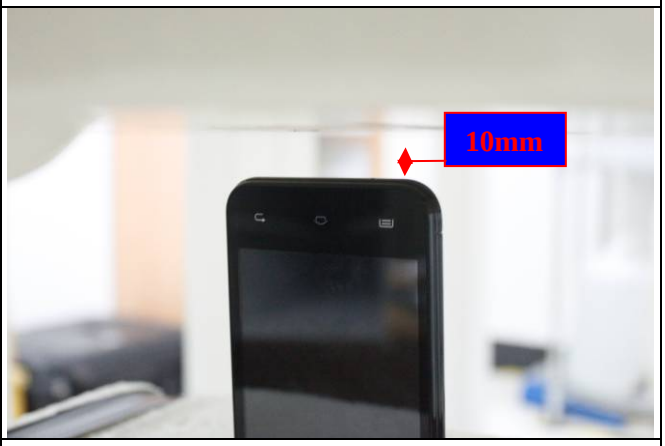
Body position

Front in body position	Rear in body position
	
EUT Setup Configuration 1	**EUT Setup Configuration 2**
Right Side in body position	**Left Side in body position**
	
EUT Setup Configuration 3	**EUT Setup Configuration 4**
Top Side in body position	**Bottom Side in body position**
	
EUT Setup Configuration 5	**EUT Setup Configuration 6**

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11.8 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Head SAR Test Records
WWAN SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHZ)	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
GSM850	Voice	Right Cheek	128	824.2	32.46	33	1.132	-0.11	0.197	0.223
GSM850	Voice	Right Tilted	128	824.2	32.46	33	1.132	-0.15	0.104	0.118
GSM850	Voice	Left Cheek	128	824.2	32.46	33	1.132	0.06	0.138	0.156
GSM850	Voice	Left Tilted	128	824.2	32.46	33	1.132	-0.02	0.071	0.080
PCS1900	Voice	Right Cheek	661	1880	29.26	29.5	1.057	0.14	0.265	0.280
PCS1900	Voice	Right Tilted	661	1880	29.26	29.5	1.057	0.05	0.290	0.306
PCS1900	Voice	Left Cheek	661	1880	29.26	29.5	1.057	0.16	0.177	0.187
PCS1900	Voice	Left Tilted	661	1880	29.26	29.5	1.057	0.06	0.215	0.227
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	22.45	23	1.135	0.14	0.562	0.638
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	22.45	23	1.135	0.17	0.662	0.751
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Left Cheek	9262	1852.4	22.45	23	1.135	0.04	0.386	0.438
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	22.45	23	1.135	0.05	0.511	0.580
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2k	Right Cheek	4132	826.4	21.37	22	1.156	0.01	0.225	0.260
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2k	Right Tilted	4132	826.4	21.37	22	1.156	-0.01	0.168	0.194
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2k	Left Cheek	4132	826.4	21.37	22	1.156	-0.02	0.144	0.166
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2k	Left Tilted	4132	826.4	21.37	22	1.156	0.01	0.120	0.139
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Right Cheek	6	2437	9.61	10	1.094	-0.06	0.017	0.019
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Right Tilted	6	2437	9.61	10	1.094	-0.08	0.028	0.031
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Left Cheek	6	2437	9.61	10	1.094	0.09	0.134	0.147
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Left Tilted	6	2437	9.61	10	1.094	0.05	0.072	0.079

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SAR for Body-Worn Test Records
WWAN SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHZ)	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
GSM850	GPRS 4slots	Front	10	128	824.2	27.73	28	1.064	0.12	0.229	0.244
GSM850	GPRS 4slots	Rear	10	128	824.2	27.73	28	1.064	0.06	0.626	0.666
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Front	10	810	1909.8	25.73	26	1.064	0.08	0.111	0.118
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Rear	10	512	1850.5	25.53	26	1.064	0.08	0.909	1.013
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Rear	10	661	1880	25.52	26	1.064	-0.01	0.958	1.070
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Rear	10	810	1909.8	25.73	26	1.064	0.04	0.892	0.949
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Front	10	9262	1852.4	22.45	23	1.135	0.10	0.198	0.225
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Rear	10	9262	1852.4	22.45	23	1.135	0.07	0.845	0.959
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Rear	10	9400	1880	22.36	23	1.135	0.10	0.912	1.057
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Rear	10	9538	1907.6	22.36	23	1.135	-0.10	0.948	1.099
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2k	Front	10	4132	826.4	21.37	22	1.156	-0.02	0.073	0.084
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2k	Rear	10	4132	826.4	21.37	22	1.156	0.09	0.348	0.402
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Front	10	6	2437	9.61	10	1.094	-0.04	0.015	0.016
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Rear	10	6	2437	9.61	10	1.094	0.03	0.041	0.045

Note:
According to October 2013TCB Workshop, For GSM / GPRS , the number of time slots to test for SAR should correspond to the highest source-based time-averaged maximum output power configuration, Considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.

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SAR for Hotspot Test Records

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHZ)	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
GSM850	GPRS 4slots	Front	10	128	824.2	27.73	28	1.064	0.12	0.229	0.244
GSM850	GPRS 4slots	Rear	10	128	824.2	27.73	28	1.064	0.06	0.626	0.666
GSM850	GPRS 4slots	Left	10	128	824.2	27.73	28	1.064	-0.06	0.312	0.332
GSM850	GPRS 4slots	Top	10	128	824.2	27.73	28	1.064	0.02	0.128	0.136
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Front	10	810	1909.8	25.73	26	1.064	0.08	0.111	0.118
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Rear	10	512	1850.5	25.53	26	1.114	0.08	0.909	1.013
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Rear	10	661	1880	25.52	26	1.117	-0.01	0.958	1.070
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Rear	10	810	1909.8	25.73	26	1.064	0.04	0.892	0.949
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Left	10	810	1909.8	25.73	26	1.064	0.17	0.250	0.266
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Top	10	810	1909.8	25.73	26	1.064	0.09	0.313	0.333
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Front	10	9262	1852.4	22.45	23	1.135	0.10	0.198	0.225
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Rear	10	9262	1852.4	22.45	23	1.135	0.07	0.845	0.959
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Rear	10	9400	1880	22.36	23	1.159	0.10	0.912	1.057
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Rear	10	9538	1907.6	22.36	23	1.159	-0.10	0.948	1.099
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Left	10	9262	1852.4	22.45	23	1.135	0.08	0.299	0.339
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Top	10	9262	1852.4	22.45	23	1.135	0.00	0.577	0.655
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2k	Front	10	4132	826.4	21.37	22	1.156	-0.02	0.073	0.084
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2k	Rear	10	4132	826.4	21.37	22	1.156	0.09	0.348	0.402
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2k	Left	10	4132	826.4	21.37	22	1.156	-0.06	0.181	0.209
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2k	Top	10	4132	826.4	21.37	22	1.156	0.05	0.087	0.101
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Front	10	6	2437	9.61	10	1.094	-0.04	0.015	0.016
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Rear	10	6	2437	9.61	10	1.094	0.03	0.041	0.045
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Right	10	6	2437	9.61	10	1.094	-0.08	0.013	0.014
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Top	10	6	2437	9.61	10	1.094	-0.06	0.00741	0.008

Repeated SAR Results

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHZ)	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Rear	10	661	1880	25.52	26	1.117	0.02	0.961	1.073
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Rear	10	9538	1907.6	22.36	23	1.159	0.06	0.947	1.098

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11.9 REPEATED SAR MEASUREMENT

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Original Measured SAR1g (mW/g)	1st Repeated SAR1g (mW/g)	Ratio	Original Measured SAR1g (mW/g)	2nd Repeated SAR1g (mW/g)	Ratio
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Rear	10	661	0.958	0.961	1.003	--	--	--
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2k	Rear	10	9538	0.948	0.947	1.001	--	--	--

Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01,for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/Kg
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01,if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤1.2 and the measured SAR ＜1.45W/Kg,only one repeated measurement is required.
3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg
4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.

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12. SAR HANDSETS MULTI XMITER ASSESSMENT

	Position	Applicable Combination
Simultaneous Transmission	Head	WWAN + WLAN
		WWAN + BT
	Body-worn	WWAN + WLAN
		WWAN + BT
	Hotspot	WWAN + WLAN
		WWAN + BT

Note:

1. 2.4GHz WLAN and BT share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
3. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05 based on the formula below.
   (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
   0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth:

	Max power	Head (5mm distance)	Body (10mm distance)
Estimated SAR (W/kg)	3 dBm	0.084 W/kg	0.042 W/kg

4. Bluetooth estimated SAR is conservatively determined by 5mm separation, for all applicable exposure positions
5. Per KDB 447498 D01v05, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
   1) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
   2) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan
   If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR is compliant
   3) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg

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Result of SUM ∑SAR1g of Head

SUM ∑SAR1g (GSM850+WLAN(2.4G) or Bluetooth)						
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	GSM850	WLAN 2.4G	Bluetooth	WWAN + WLAN(2.4G)	WWAN + Bluetooth
Right Cheek	0	0.223	0.019	0.084	0.242	0.307
Right Tilted	0	0.118	0.031	0.084	0.149	0.202
Left Cheek	0	0.156	0.147	0.084	0.303	0.240
Left Tilted	0	0.080	0.079	0.084	0.159	0.164

SUM ∑SAR1g (PCS1900+WLAN(2.4G) or Bluetooth)						
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	PCS 1900	WLAN 2.4G	Bluetooth	WWAN + WLAN(2.4G)	WWAN + Bluetooth
Right Cheek	0	0.280	0.019	0.084	0.299	0.364
Right Tilted	0	0.306	0.031	0.084	0.337	0.390
Left Cheek	0	0.187	0.147	0.084	0.334	0.271
Left Tilted	0	0.227	0.079	0.084	0.306	0.311

SUM ∑SAR1g (WCDMA Band II+WLAN(2.4G) or Bluetooth)						
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	WCDMA II	WLAN 2.4G	Bluetooth	WWAN + WLAN(2.4G)	WWAN + Bluetooth
Right Cheek	0	0.638	0.019	0.084	0.657	0.722
Right Tilted	0	0.751	0.031	0.084	0.782	0.835
Left Cheek	0	0.438	0.147	0.084	0.585	0.522
Left Tilted	0	0.580	0.079	0.084	0.659	0.664

SUM ∑SAR1g (WCDMA Band V+WLAN(2.4G) or Bluetooth)						
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	WCDMA V	WLAN 2.4G	Bluetooth	WWAN + WLAN(2.4G)	WWAN + Bluetooth
Right Cheek	0	0.260	0.019	0.084	0.279	0.344
Right Tilted	0	0.194	0.031	0.084	0.225	0.278
Left Cheek	0	0.166	0.147	0.084	0.313	0.250
Left Tilted	0	0.139	0.079	0.084	0.218	0.223

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Result of SUM ∑SAR1g for Body worn

SUM ∑SAR1g (GSM850+WLAN(2.4G) or Bluetooth)						
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	GSM850	WLAN 2.4G	Bluetooth	WWAN + WLAN(2.4G)	WWAN + Bluetooth
Front	10	0.244	0.016	0.042	0.260	0.286
Rear	10	0.666	0.045	0.042	0.711	0.708

SUM ∑SAR1g (PCS1900+WLAN(2.4G) or Bluetooth)						
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	PCS1900	WLAN 2.4G	Bluetooth	WWAN + WLAN(2.4G)	WWAN + Bluetooth
Front	10	0.118	0.016	0.042	0.134	0.160
Rear	10	1.073	0.045	0.042	1.118	1.115

SUM ∑SAR1g (WCDMA Band II+WLAN(2.4G) or Bluetooth)						
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	WCDMA II	WLAN 2.4G	Bluetooth	WWAN + WLAN(2.4G)	WWAN + Bluetooth
Front	10	0.225	0.016	0.042	0.241	0.267
Rear	10	1.099	0.045	0.042	1.144	1.141

SUM ∑SAR1g (WCDMA Band V+WLAN(2.4G) or Bluetooth)						
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	WCDMA V	WLAN 2.4G	Bluetooth	WWAN + WLAN(2.4G)	WWAN + Bluetooth
Front	10	0.084	0.016	0.042	0.100	0.126
Rear	10	0.402	0.045	0.042	0.447	0.444

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Result of SUM ∑SAR1g for Hotspot

SUM ∑SAR1g (GSM850+WLAN(2.4G) or Bluetooth)						
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	GPRS850	WLAN 2.4G	Bluetooth	WWAN + WLAN(2.4G)	WWAN + Bluetooth
Front	10	0.244	0.016	0.042	0.260	0.286
Rear	10	0.666	0.045	0.042	0.711	0.708
Right Side	10	--	0.014	0.042	0.014	0.042
Left Side	10	0.332	--	0.042	0.332	0.374
Top side	10	0.136	0.008	0.042	0.144	0.178
Bottom side	10	--	--	0.042	--	0.042

SUM ∑SAR1g (PCS1900+WLAN(2.4G) or Bluetooth)						
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	GPRS 1900	WLAN 2.4G	Bluetooth	WWAN + WLAN(2.4G)	WWAN + Bluetooth
Front	10	0.118	0.016	0.042	0.134	0.160
Rear	10	1.073	0.045	0.042	1.118	1.115
Right Side	10	--	0.014	0.042	0.014	0.042
Left Side	10	0.266	--	0.042	0.266	0.308
Top side	10	0.333	0.008	0.042	0.341	0.375
Bottom side	10	--	--	0.042	--	0.042

SUM ∑SAR1g (WCDMA Band II+WLAN(2.4G) or Bluetooth)						
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	WCDMA II	WLAN 2.4G	Bluetooth	WWAN + WLAN(2.4G)	WWAN + Bluetooth
Front	10	0.225	0.016	0.042	0.241	0.267
Rear	10	1.099	0.045	0.042	1.144	1.141
Right Side	10	--	0.014	0.042	0.014	0.042
Left Side	10	0.339	--	0.042	0.339	0.381
Top side	10	0.655	0.008	0.042	0.663	0.697
Bottom side	10	--	--	0.042	--	0.042

SUM ∑SAR1g (WCDMA Band V+WLAN(2.4G) or Bluetooth)						
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	WCDMA V	WLAN 2.4G	Bluetooth	WWAN + WLAN(2.4G)	WWAN + Bluetooth
Front	10	0.084	0.016	0.042	0.100	0.126
Rear	10	0.402	0.045	0.042	0.447	0.444
Right Side	10	--	0.014	0.042	0.014	0.042
Left Side	10	0.209	--	0.042	0.209	0.251
Top side	10	0.101	0.008	0.042	0.109	0.143
Bottom side	10	--	--	0.042	--	0.042

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13. EUT PHOTO

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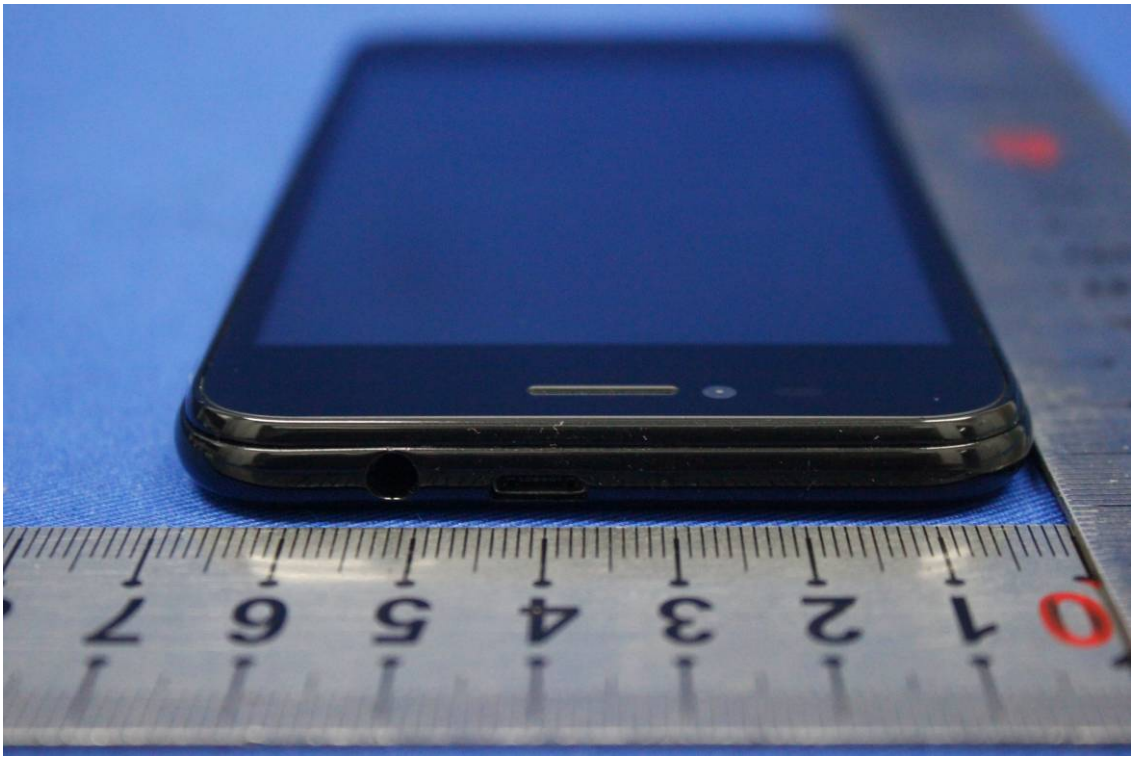

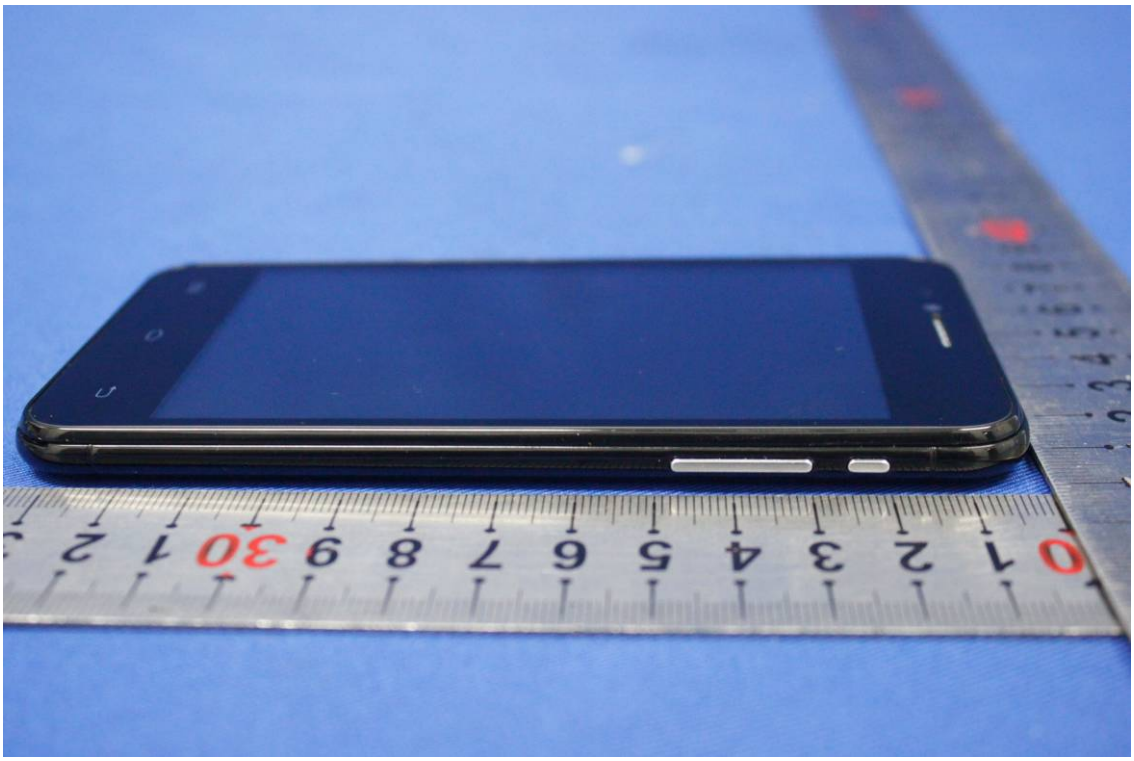

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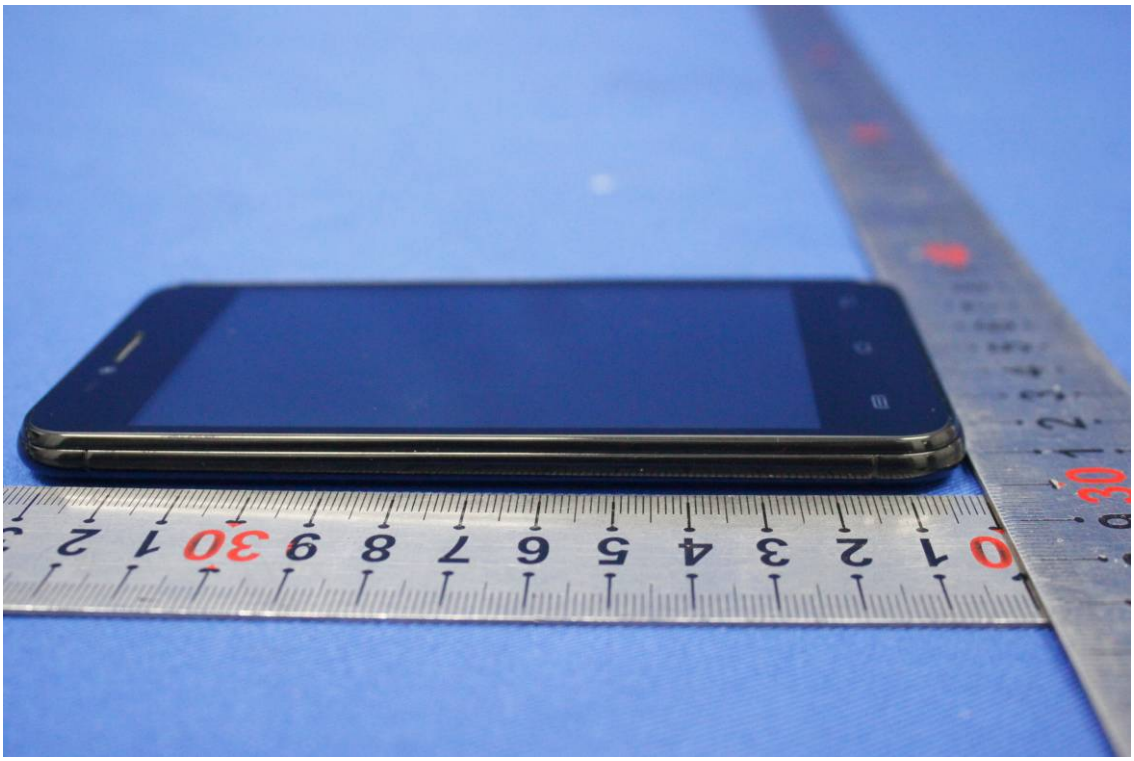

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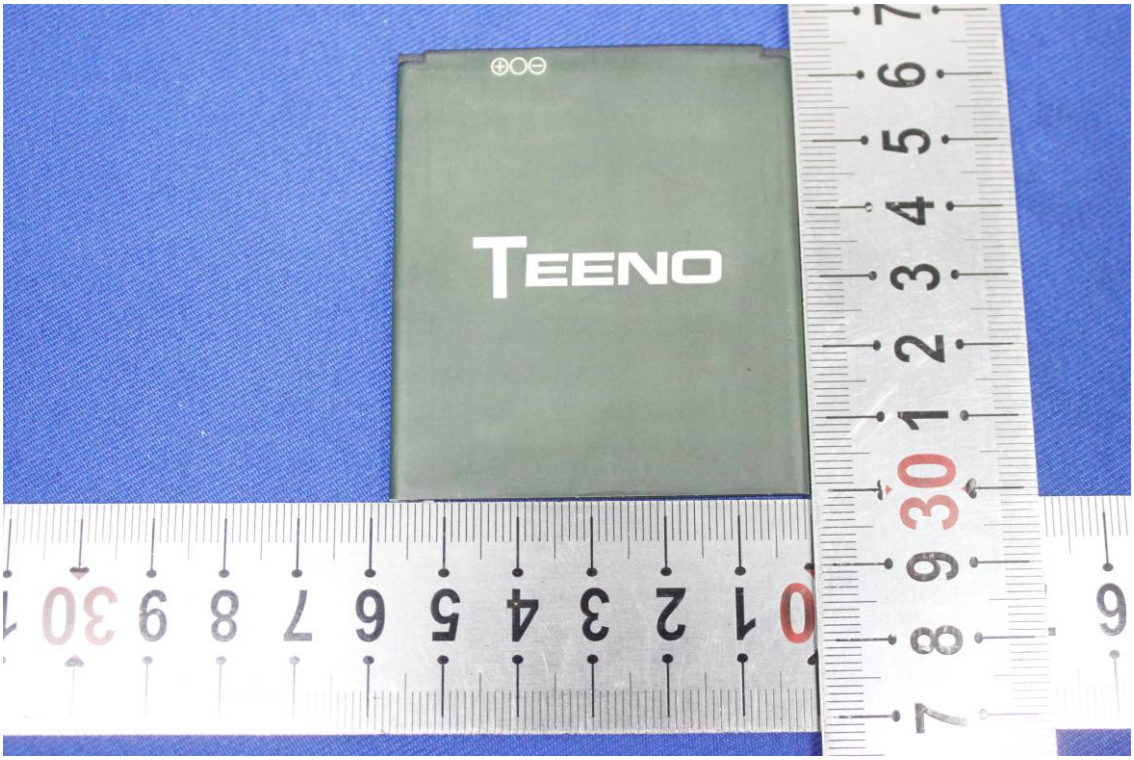

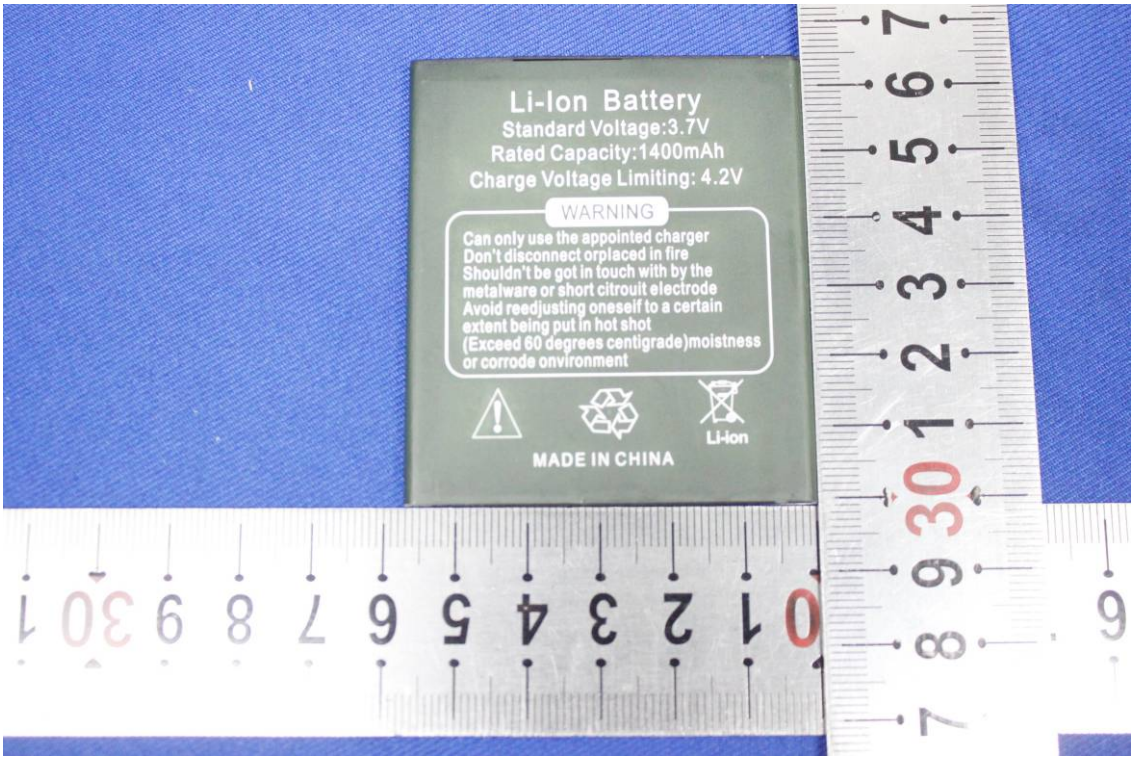

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14. EQUIPMENT LIST & CALIBRATION STATUS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
P C	HP	Core(rm)3.16G	CZCO48171H	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257C	US37101915	11/21/2014	11/20/2015
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42301382	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMU200	SN:109525	01/12/2015	01/11/2016
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41292714	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
Peak & Average sensor	Agilent	E9327A	us40441788	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
E-field PROBE	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3798	07/28/2014	07/27/2015
DAE	SPEAG	DEA4	1245	07/22/2014	07/23/2015
DIPOLE 835MHZ ANTENNA	SPEAG	D835V2	4d114	07/30/2013	07/28/2015
DIPOLE 1900MHZ ANTENNA	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d136	07/22/2013	07/20/2015
DIPOLE 2450MHZ ANTENNA	SPEAG	D2450V2	817	07/31/2013	07/29/2015
DUMMY PROBE	SPEAG	DP_2	SPDP2001AA	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM (ELI4 v4.0)	SPEAG	QDOVA001BB	1102	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	1609	N/A	N/A
ROBOT	SPEAG	TX60	F10/5E6AA1/A101	N/A	N/A
ROBOT KRC	SPEAG	CS8C	F10/5E6AA1/C101	N/A	N/A
LIQUID CALIBRATION KIT	ANTENNESSA	41/05 OCP9	00425167	N/A	N/A

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15. FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

☒ No.10, Weiye Rd., Innovation Park, Eco & Tec. Development Part, Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, China.

16. REFERENCES

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APPENDIX A: PLOTS OF PERFORMANCE CHECK

The plots are showing as followings.

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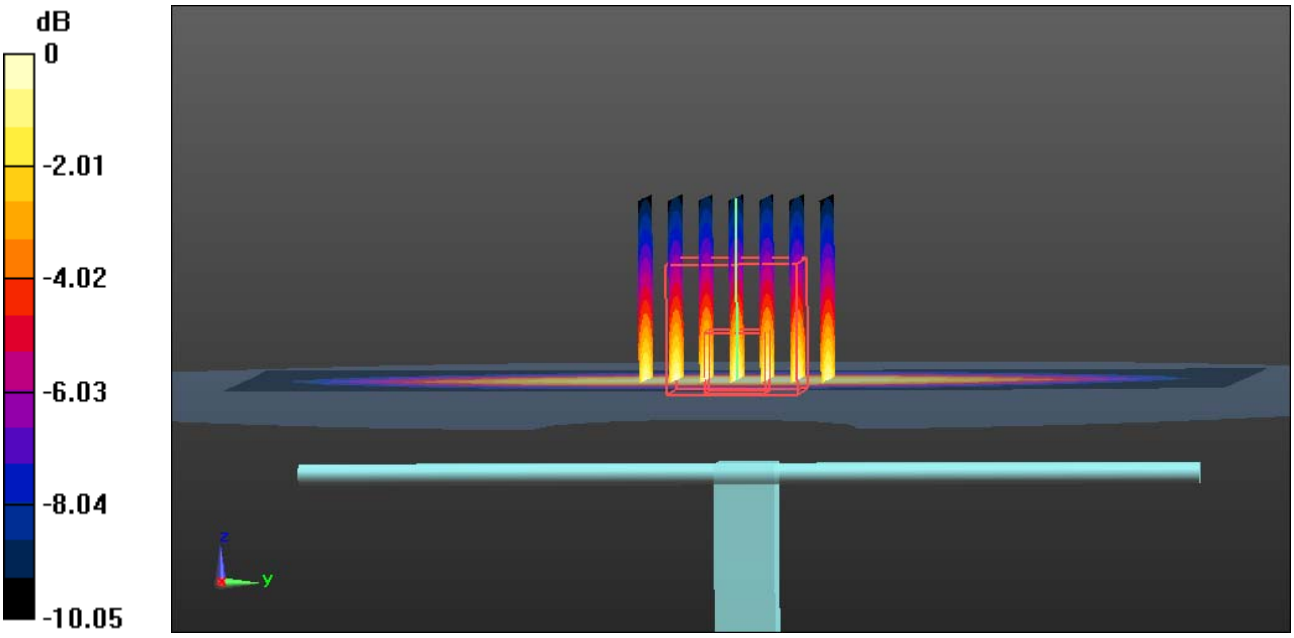
Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date: 6/24/2015
System Performance Check-Head D835
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz ; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d114
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.9088 S/m; ε_r = 42.63; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 7/28/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2014
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: 1609
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies Low 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=15 mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.92 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies Low 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=15 mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 58.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.42 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.93 W/kg



0 dB = 2.93 W/kg = 4.67 dBW/kg

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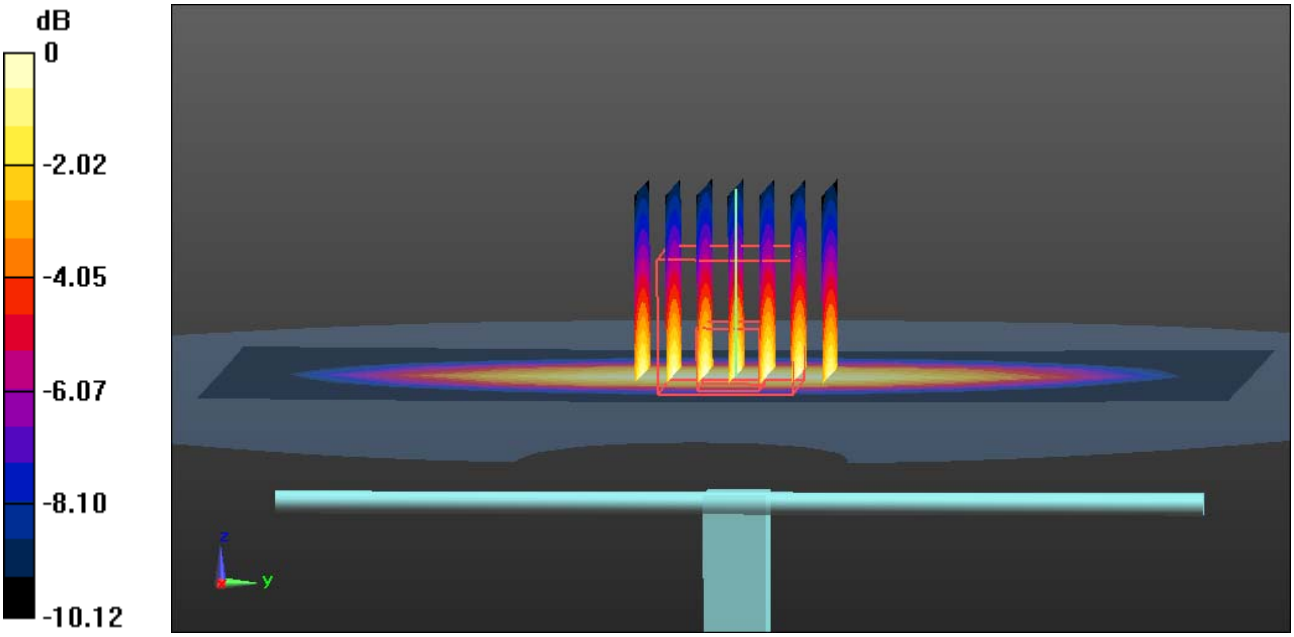
Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date: 6/24/2015
System Performance Check-Body D835
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d114
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.9763 S/m; ε_r = 55.34; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 7/28/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2014
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: 1609
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies Low 1 GHz/dist=15mm, Pin=250 mW(EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.04 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies Low 1 GHz/dist=15mm, Pin=250 mW(EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 56.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.62 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.10 W/kg



0 dB = 3.10 W/kg = 4.91 dBW/kg

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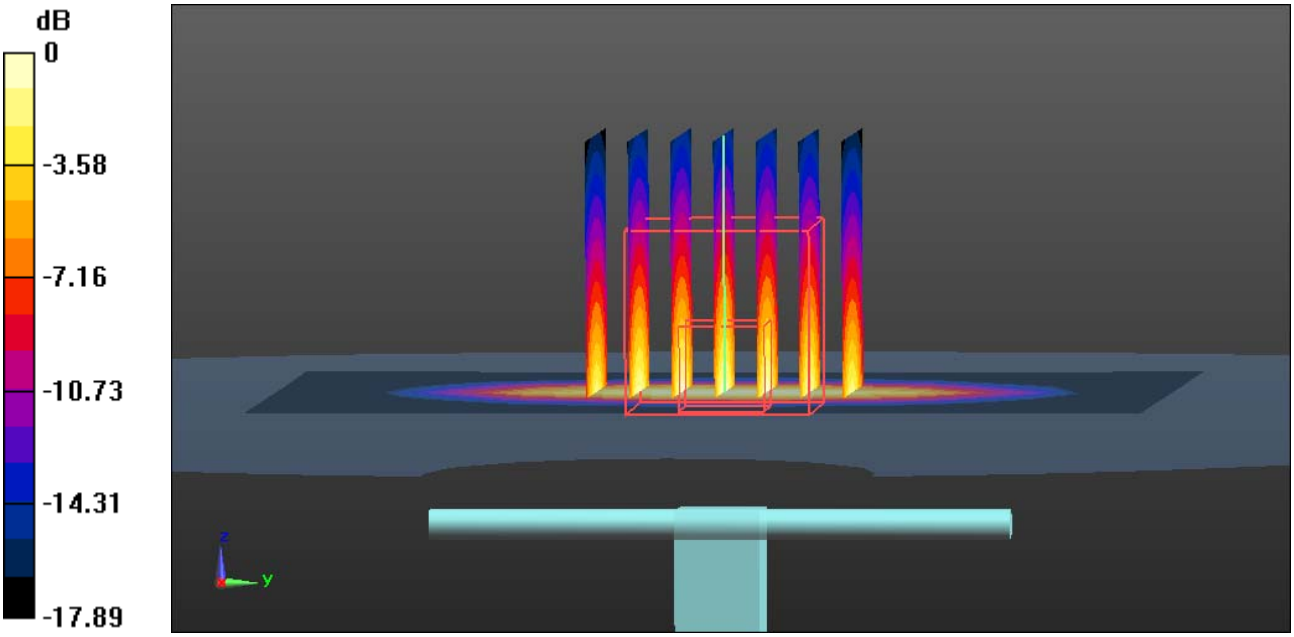
Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date: 6/25/2015
System Performance Check-Head D1900
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d136
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.396 S/m; ε_r = 40.77; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(7.75, 7.75, 7.75); Calibrated: 7/28/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2014
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: 1609
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 101.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.02 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 W/kg



0 dB = 14.1 W/kg = 11.49 dBW/kg

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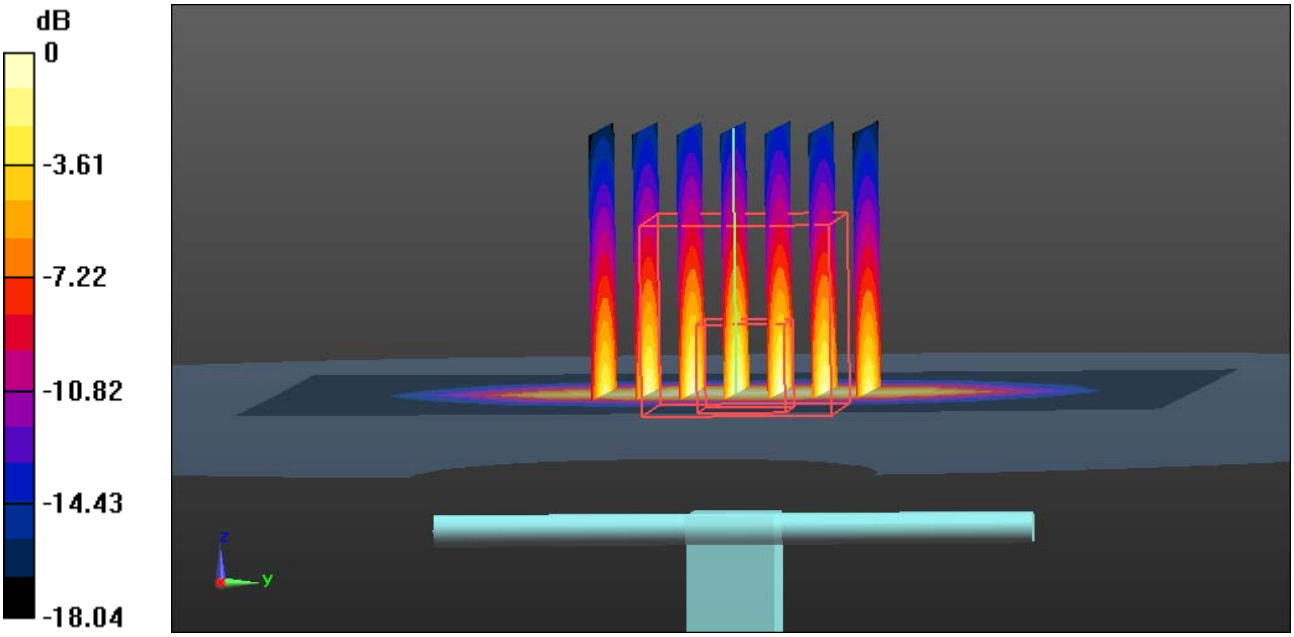
Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date: 6/25/2015
System Performance Check-Body D1900
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d136
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.563 S/m; ε_r = 52.46; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(7.09, 7.09, 7.09); Calibrated: 7/28/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2014
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: 1609
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 101.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.56 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 W/kg



0 dB = 15.4 W/kg = 11.88 dBW/kg

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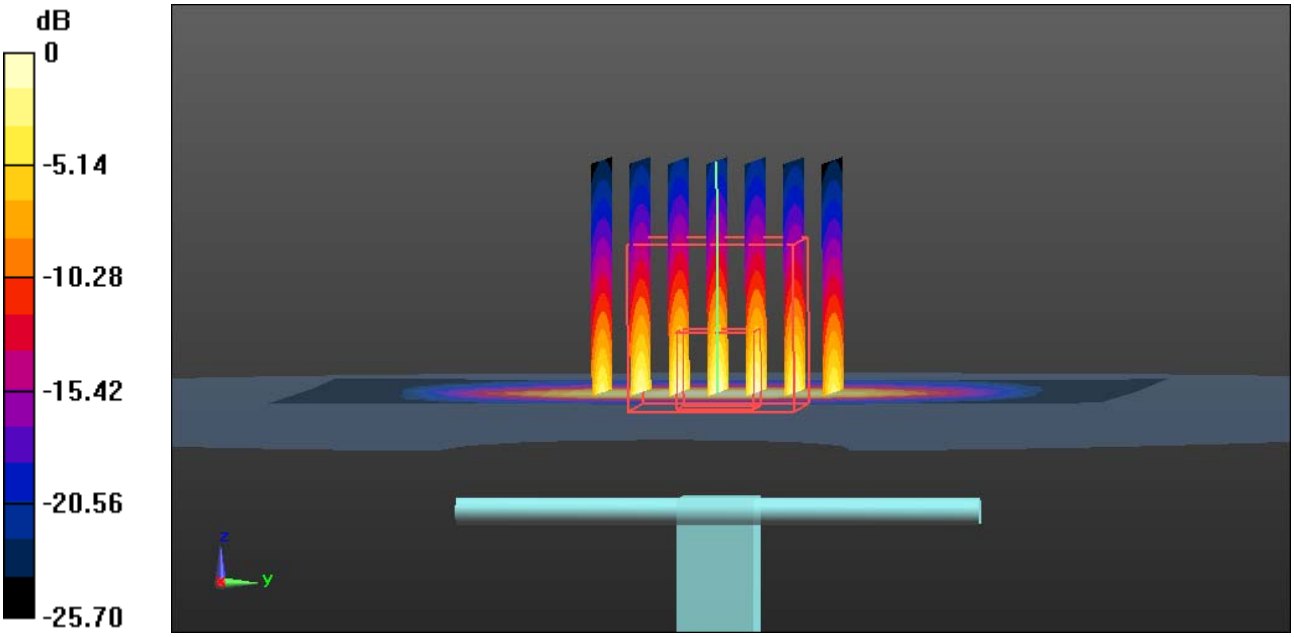
Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date: 6/26/2015
System Performance Check-Head D2450
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 817
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.797 S/m; ε_r = 38.82; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 7/28/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2014
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: 1609
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 109.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.65 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.4 W/kg



0 dB = 20.4 W/kg = 13.10 dBW/kg

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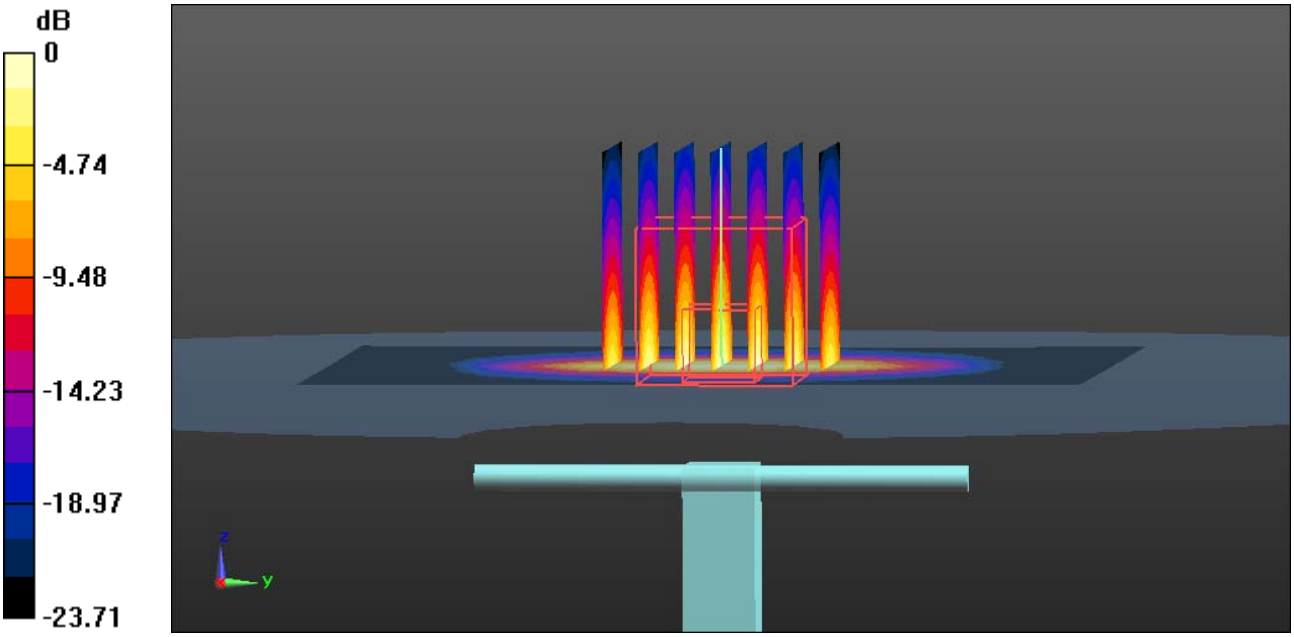
Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date: 6/26/2015
System Performance Check-Body D2450
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 817
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.894 S/m; ε_r = 52.61; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 7/28/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2014
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: 1609
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 102.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.58 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



0 dB = 19.5 W/kg = 12.90 dBW/kg

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APPENDIX B: DASY CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

The DASY Calibration Certificates are showing as followings .

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **CCS-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d114_Jul13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d114
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	July 30, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 30, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d114_Jul13 Page 1 of 8

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.8 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.50 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.58 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.24 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.9 ± 6 %	1.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.44 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.53 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.61 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.32 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1 Ω - 1.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 32.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.2 Ω - 3.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.399 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 29, 2010

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 30.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d114

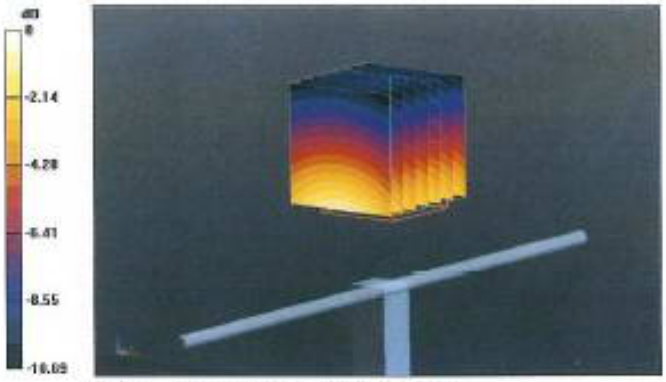
Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ε_r = 41.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.05, 6.05, 6.05); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 56.702 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.81 W/kg



0 dB = 2.81 W/kg = 4.49 dBW/kg

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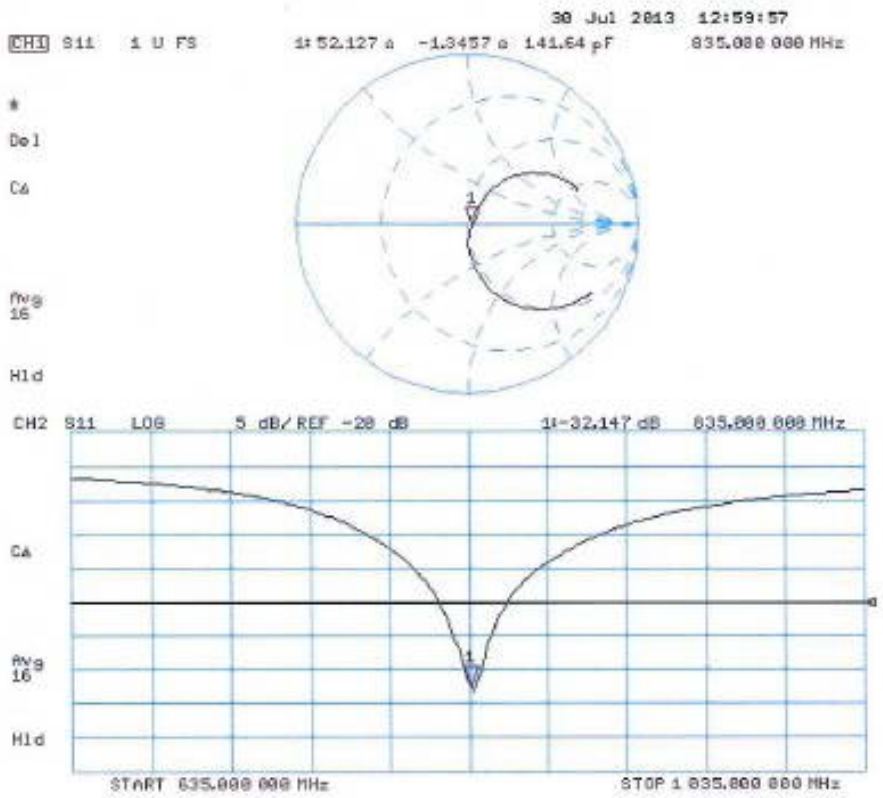
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 22.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d114

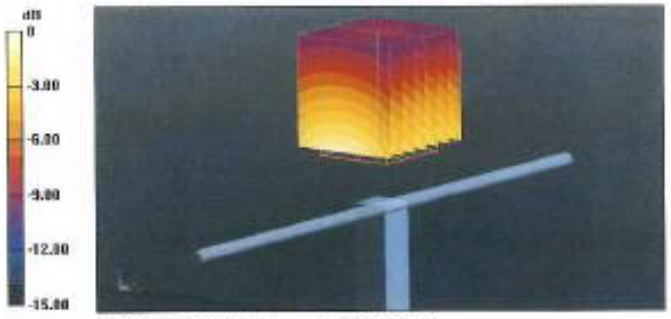
Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 1 S/m; ε_r = 54.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 54.853 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.56 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.83 W/kg



0 dB = 2.83 W/kg = 4.52 dBW/kg

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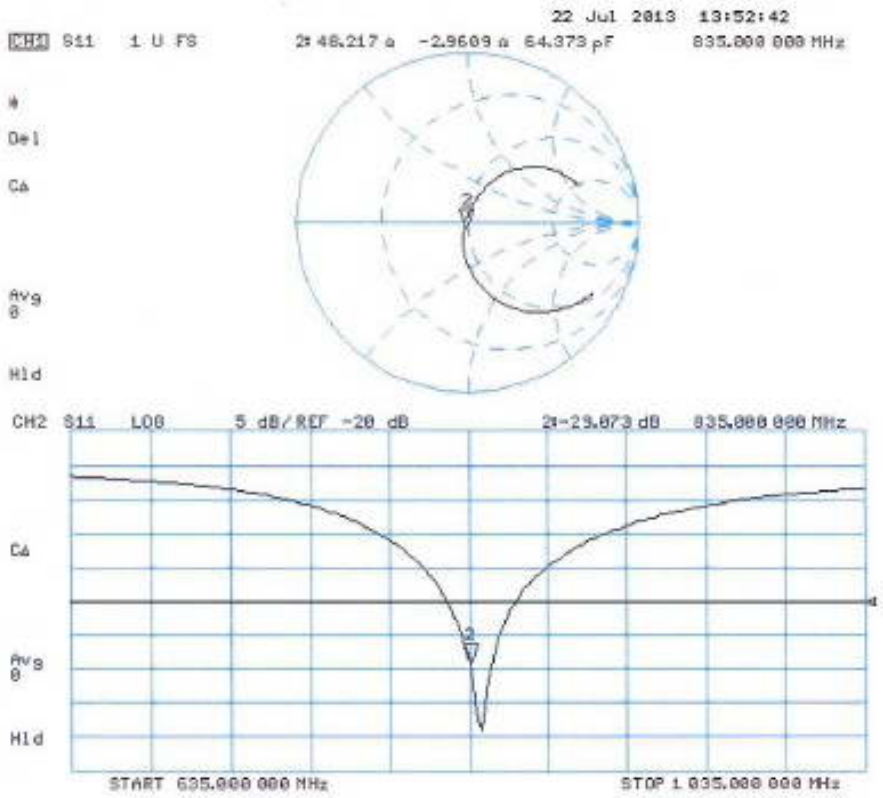
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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D835V2, Serial No.4d114 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003,the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement
Per KDB 865664 D01,if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB,within 20% of prior calibration),and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration),the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

D850V2 Serial No.4d114						
850 Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.30.2013	-32.147	--	52.127	--	-1.346	--
7.29.2014	-32.293	0.45	48.878	3.249	-2.134	0.788

D850V2 Serial No.4d114						
850 Body						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.30.2013	-29.073	--	48.217	--	-2.961	--
7.29.2014	-27.435	5.63	46.911	1.306	-2.689	0.272

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

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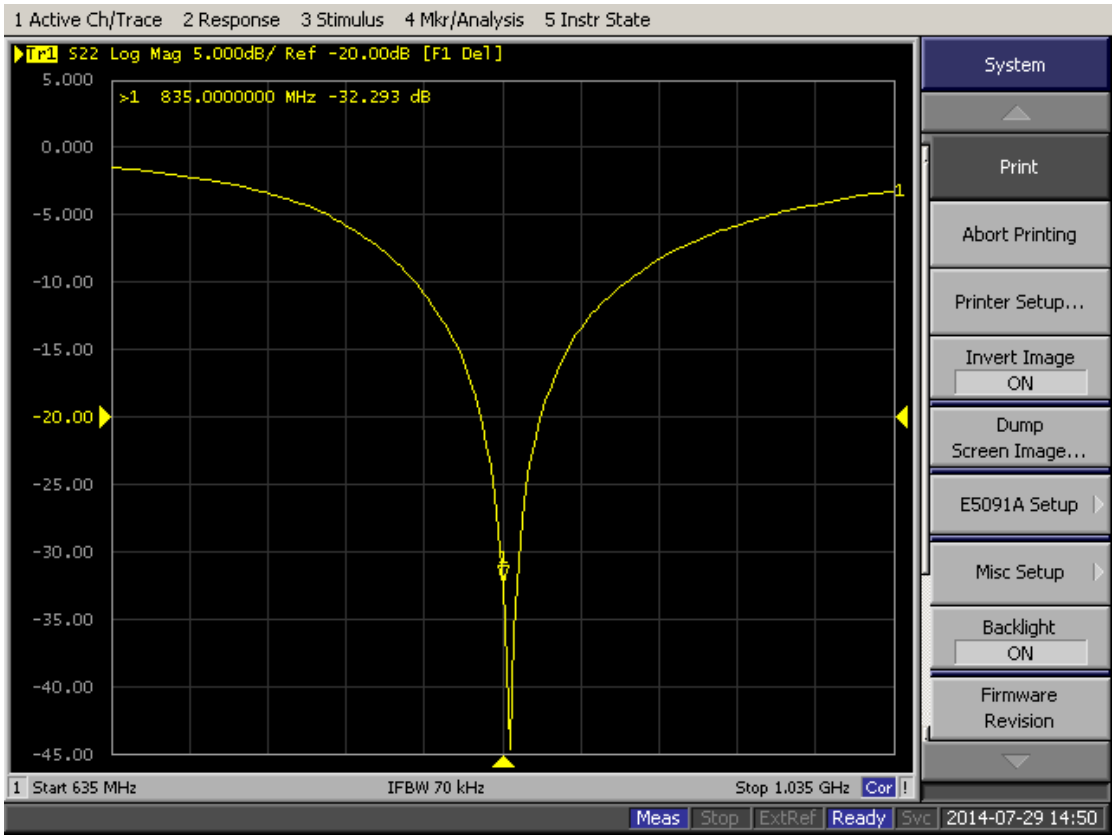
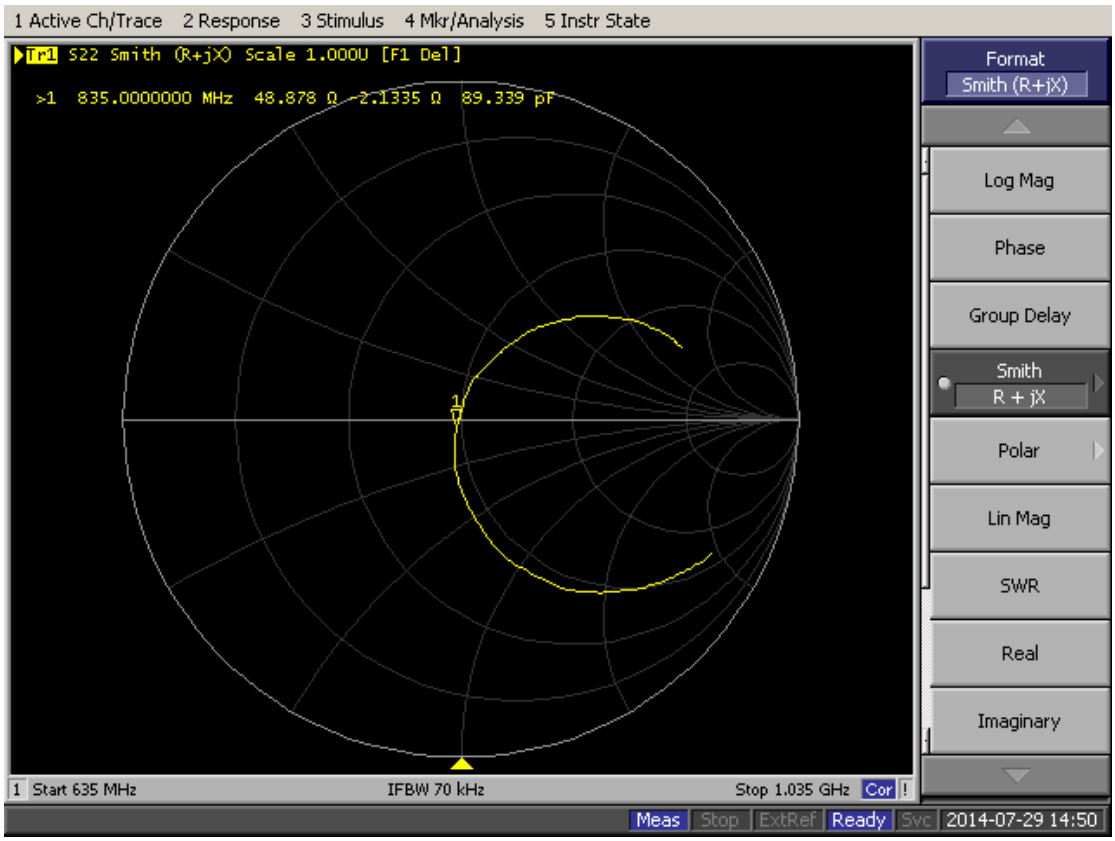
Dipole Verification Data D850V2 Serial No.4d114
850MHz-Head





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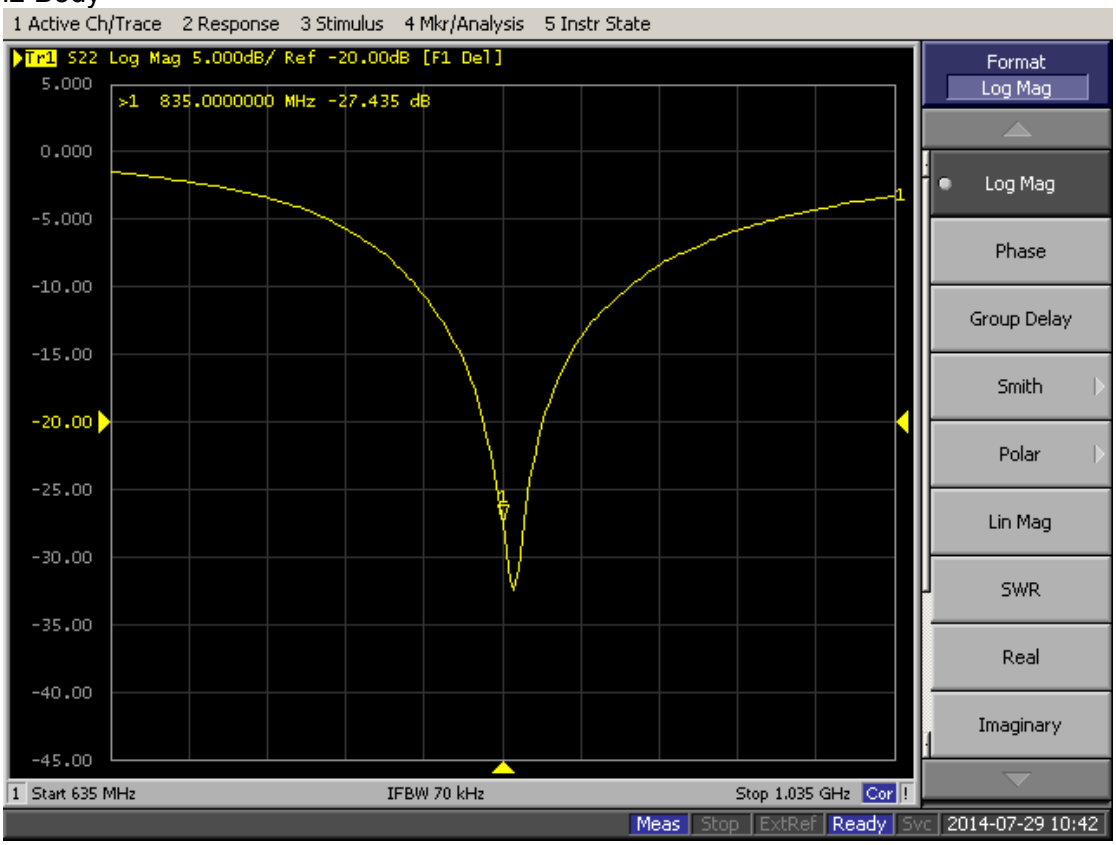
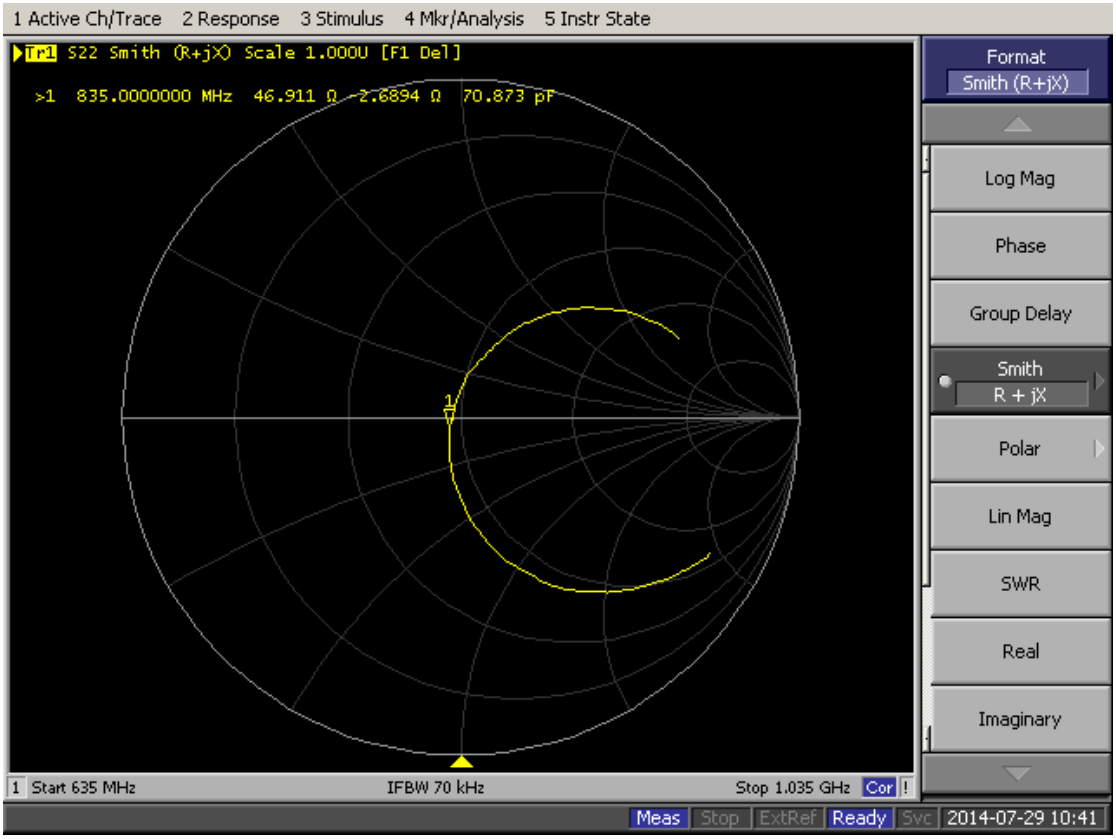
850MHz-Body





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Calibration Laboratory of
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S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **CCS-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d136_Jul13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5d136
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	July 22, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 22, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.36 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**40.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.4 ± 6 %	1.49 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**40.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.9 Ω + 7.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.7 Ω + 7.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.203 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	April 14, 2010

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 22.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d136

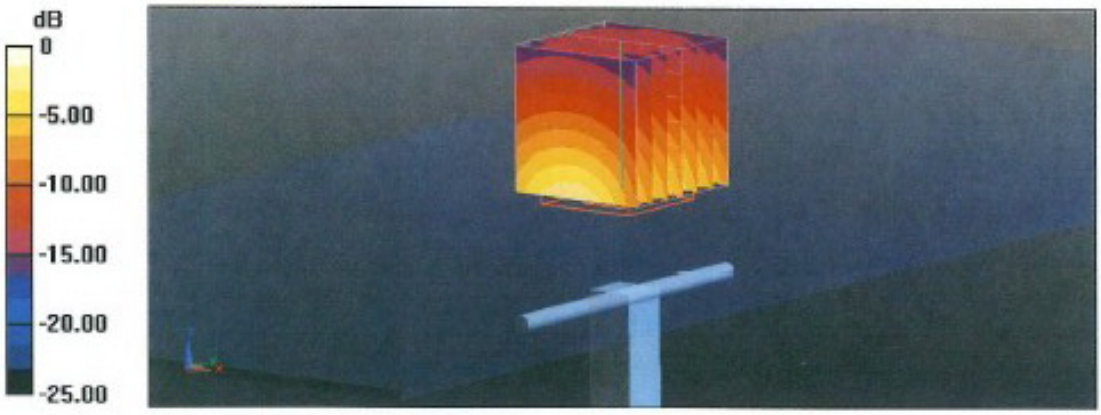
Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.36 S/m; ε_r = 38.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.803 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 W/kg



0 dB = 12.4 W/kg = 10.93 dBW/kg

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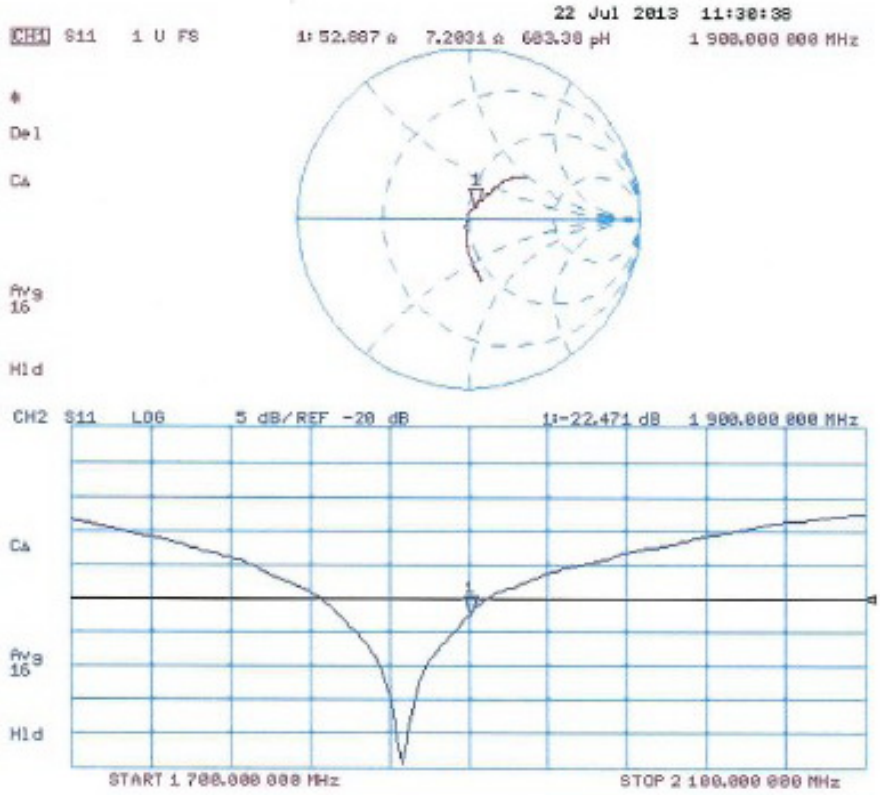
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 22.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

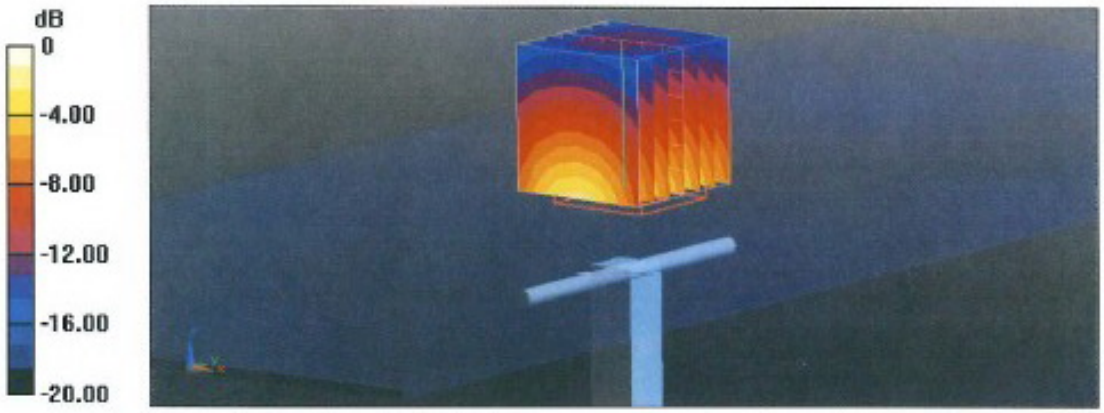
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d136

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.49 S/m; ε_r = 53.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.803 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.37 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 W/kg



0 dB = 12.5 W/kg = 10.97 dBW/kg

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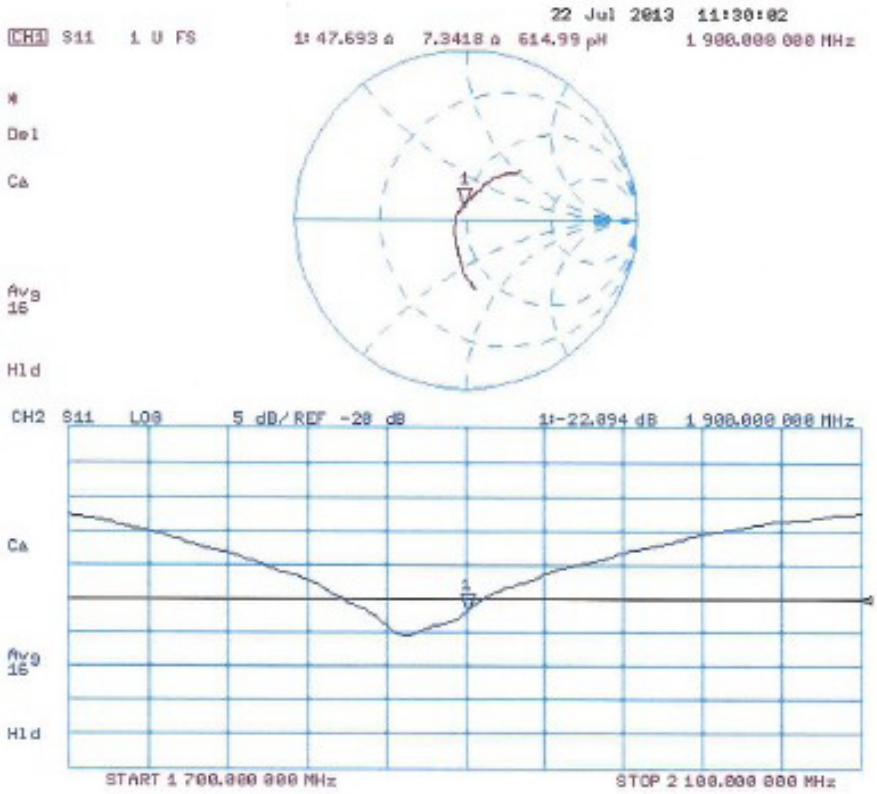
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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D1900V2,Serial No.5d136 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003,the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement
Per KDB 865664 D01,if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB,within 20% of prior calibration),and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration),the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

D1900V2 Serial No.5d136						
1900 Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.22.2013	-22.471	--	52.887	--	7.2031	--
7.21.2014	-23.930	6.49	51.667	1.22	6.2513	0.9518

D1900V2 Serial No.5d136						
1900 Body						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.22.2013	-22.094	--	47.693	--	7.3418	--
7.21.2014	-22.704	2.76	47.761	0.068	6.8096	0.5322

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

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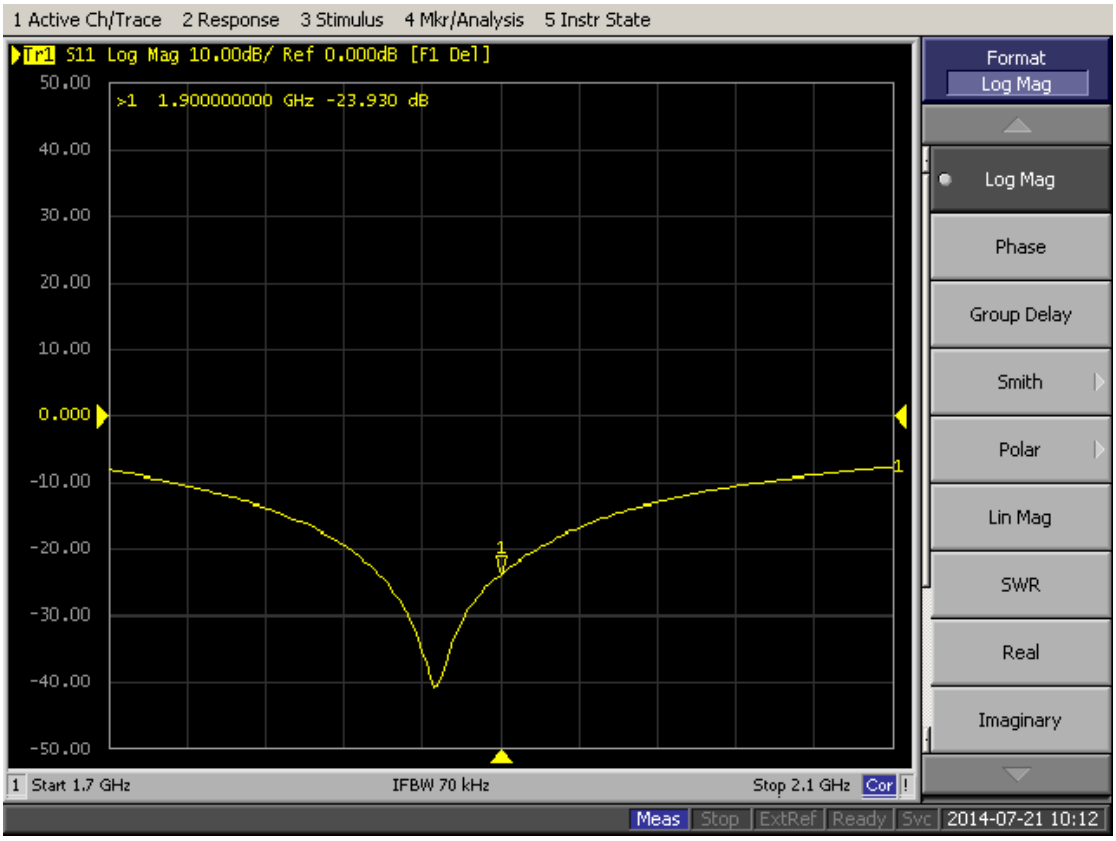
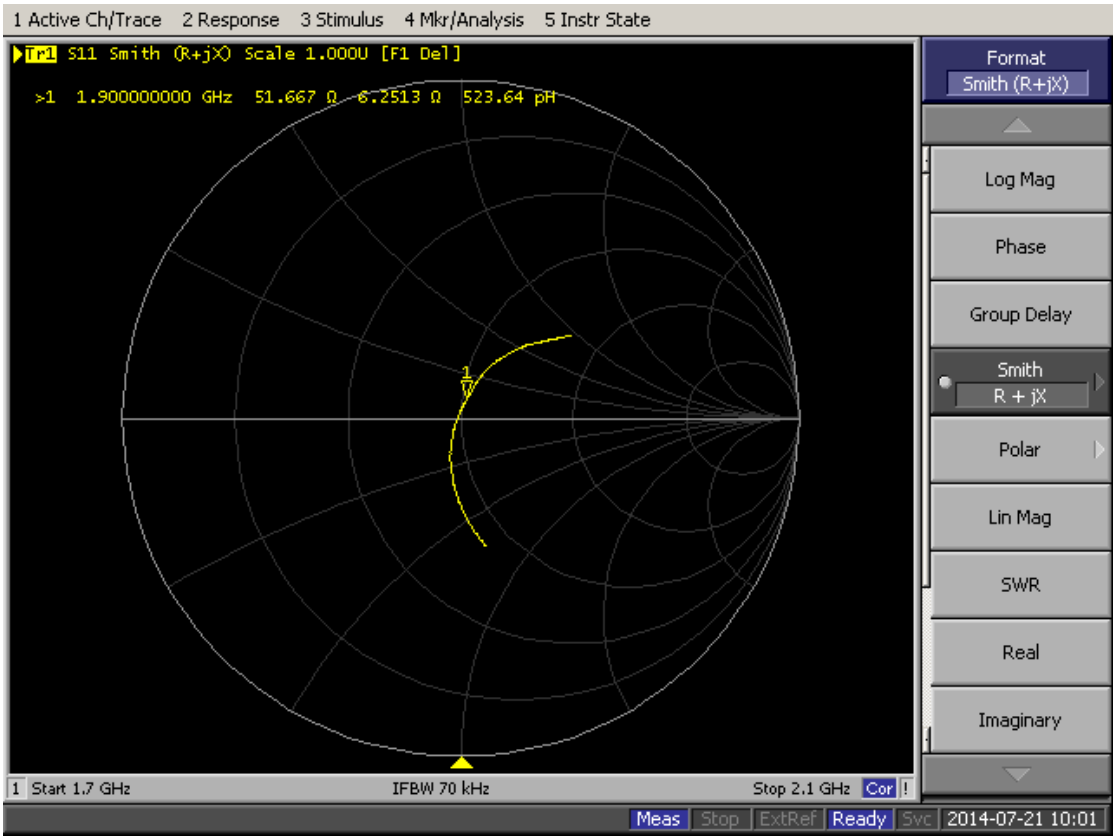
Dipole Verification Data D1900V2 Serial No.5d136
1900MHz-Head





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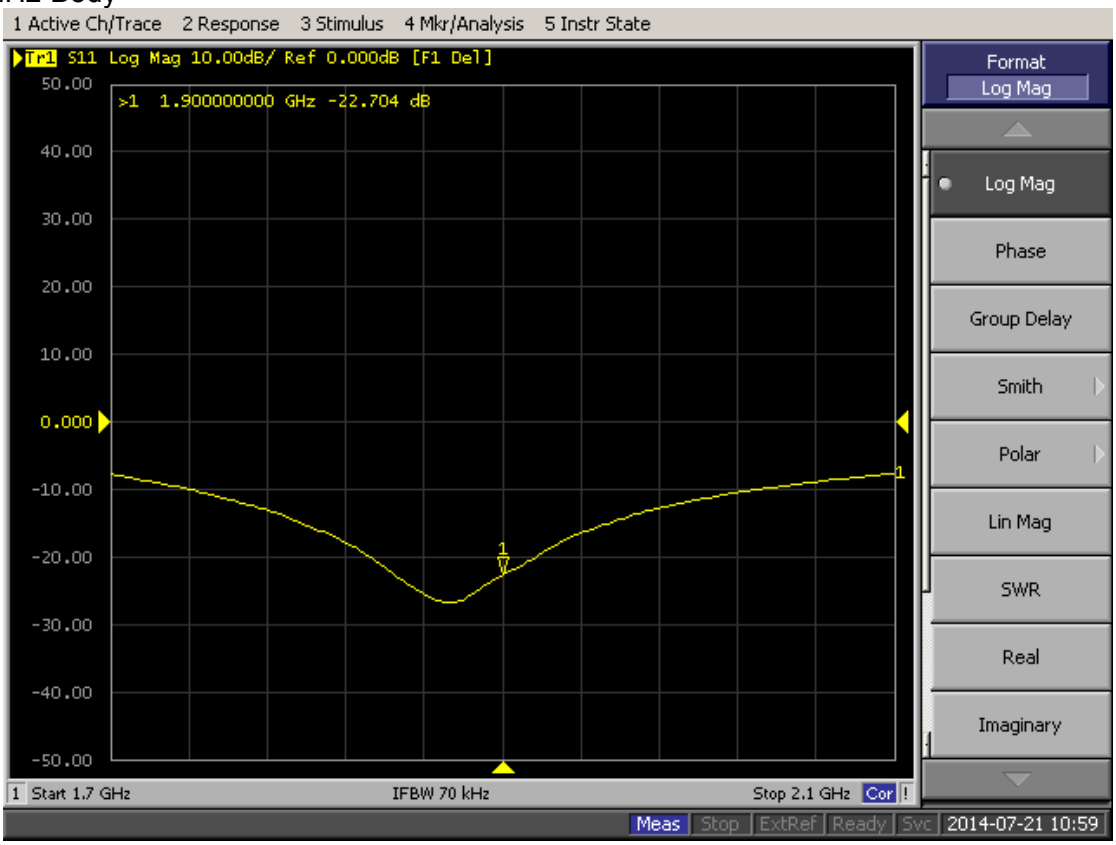
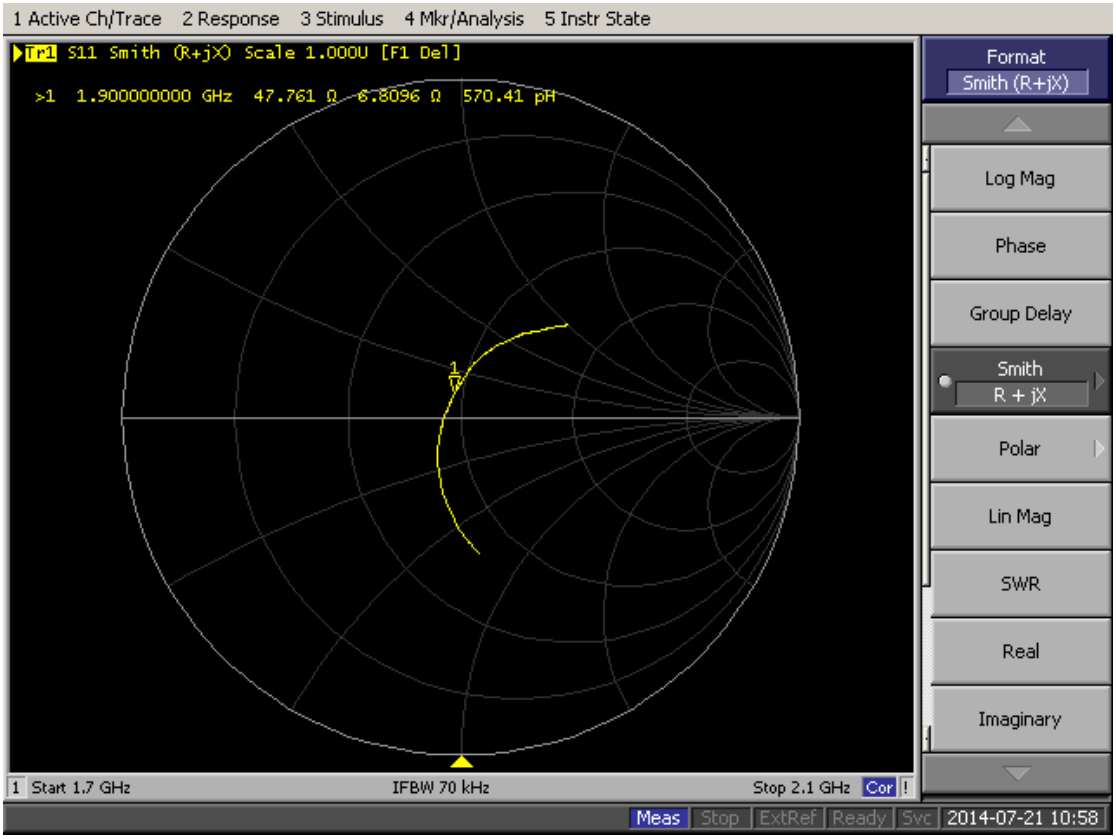
1900MHz-Body





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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client CCS-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: D2450V2-817_Jul13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 817
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	July 31, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	Israe El-Naouq
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 31, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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S Swiss Calibration Service

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	1.81 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**52.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.18 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.5 ± 6 %	2.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**49.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.87 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.5 Ω + 2.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.7 Ω + 4.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.159 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 23, 2007

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 31.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 817

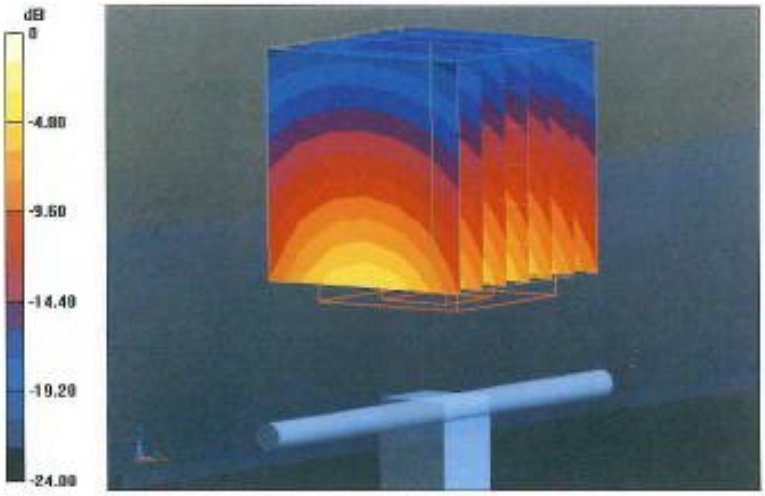
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.81 S/m; ε_r = 37.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 99.781 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg



0 dB = 16.8 W/kg = 12.25 dBW/kg

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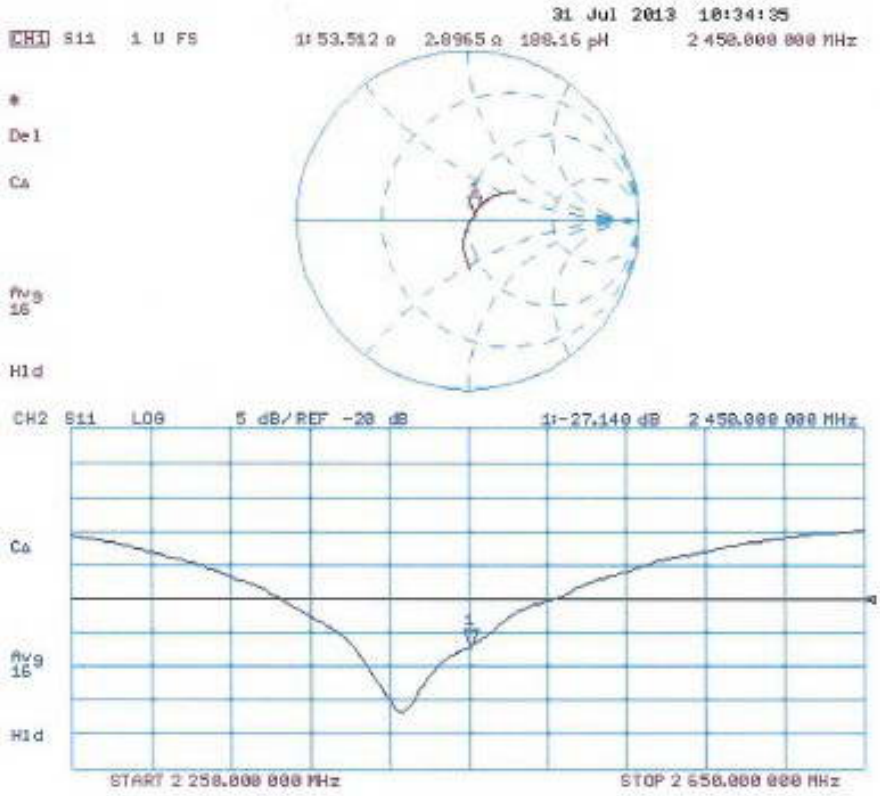
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 31.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 817

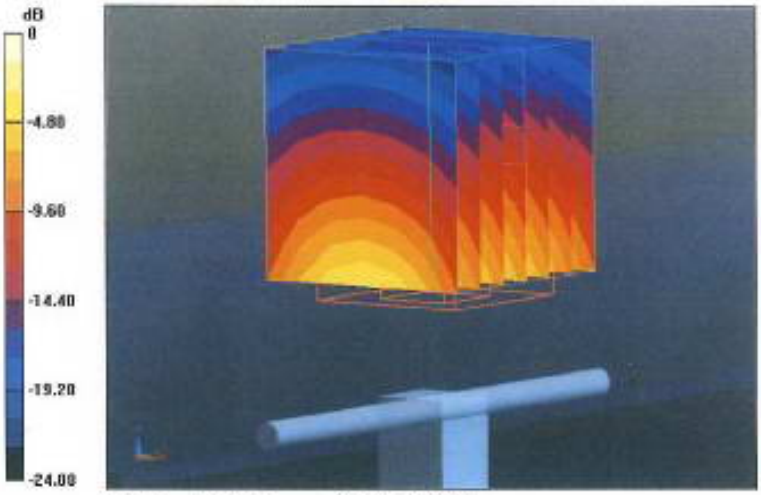
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.01 S/m; ε_r = 50.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 94.151 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg



0 dB = 16.7 W/kg = 12.23 dBW/kg

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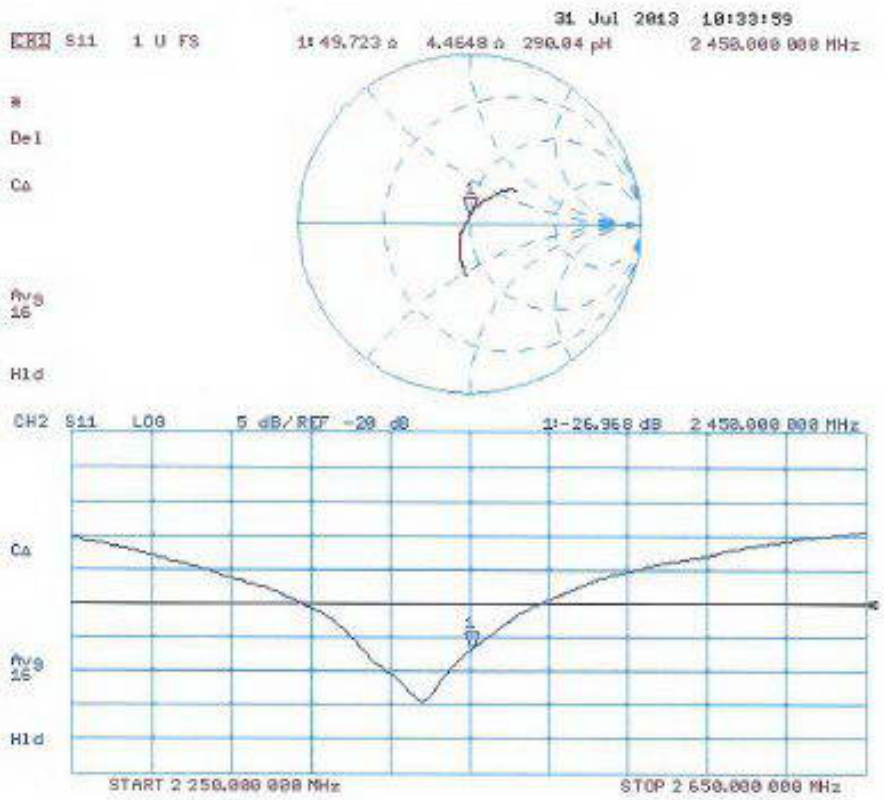
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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D2450V2, Serial No.817 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003,the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement.
Per KDB 865664 D01,if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB,within 20% of prior calibration),and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration),the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

D2450V2 Serial No.817						
2450 Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.31.2013	-27.140	--	53.512	--	2.897	--
7.30.2014	-26.620	1.92	52.828	0.684	3.898	0.911

D2450V2 Serial No.817						
2450 Body						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.31.2013	-26.968	--	49.723	--	4.465	--
7.30.2014	-25.469	5.56	49.237	0.486	5.234	0.769

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

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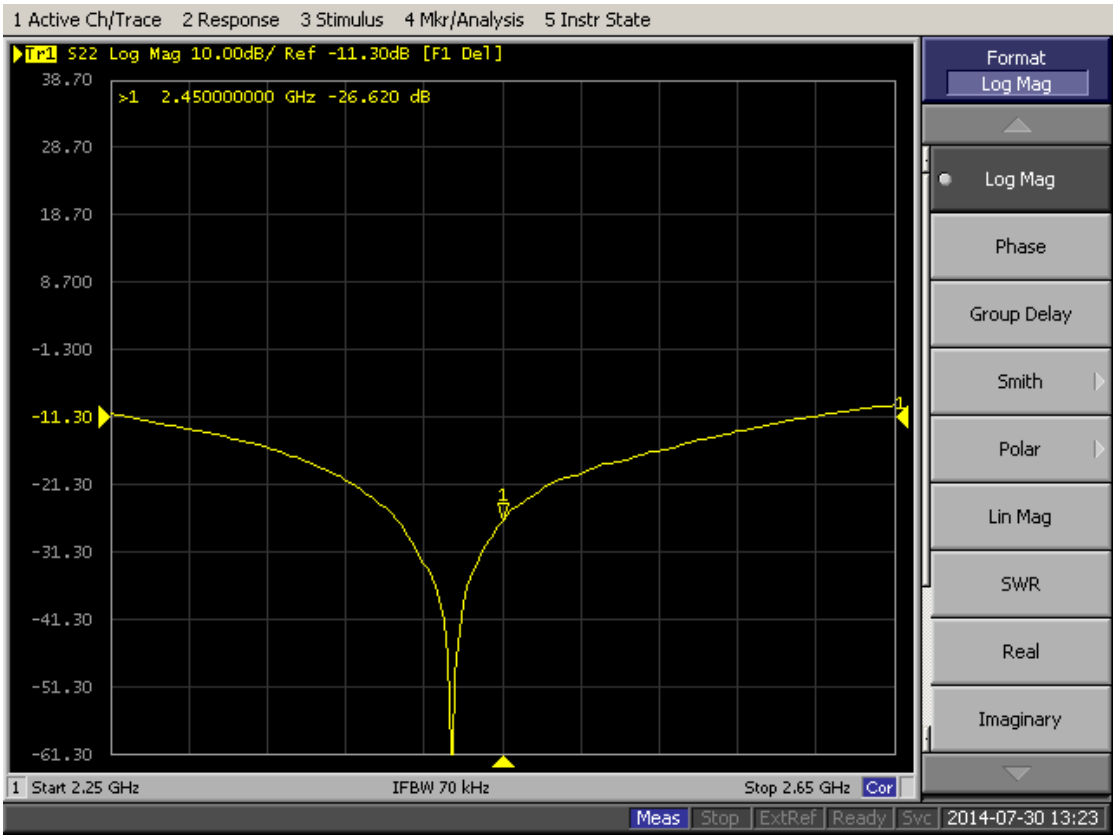
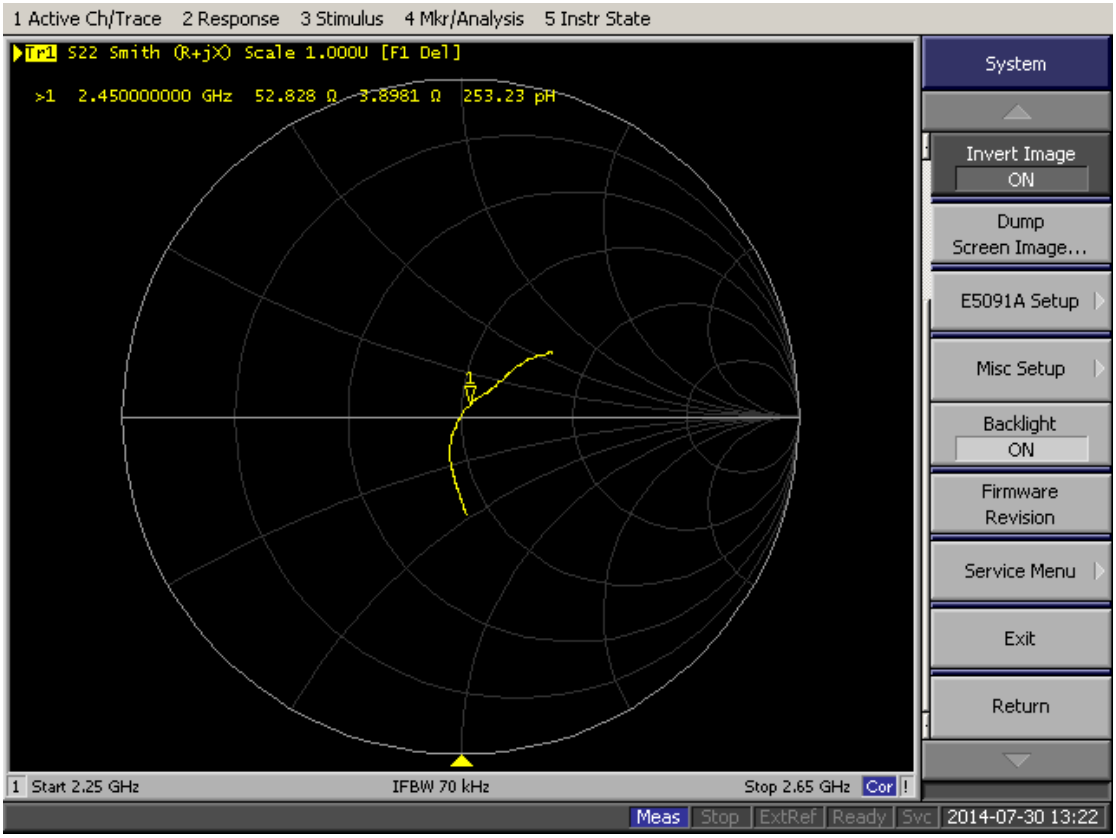
Dipole Verification Data D2450V2 Serial No.817
2450 MHz-Head





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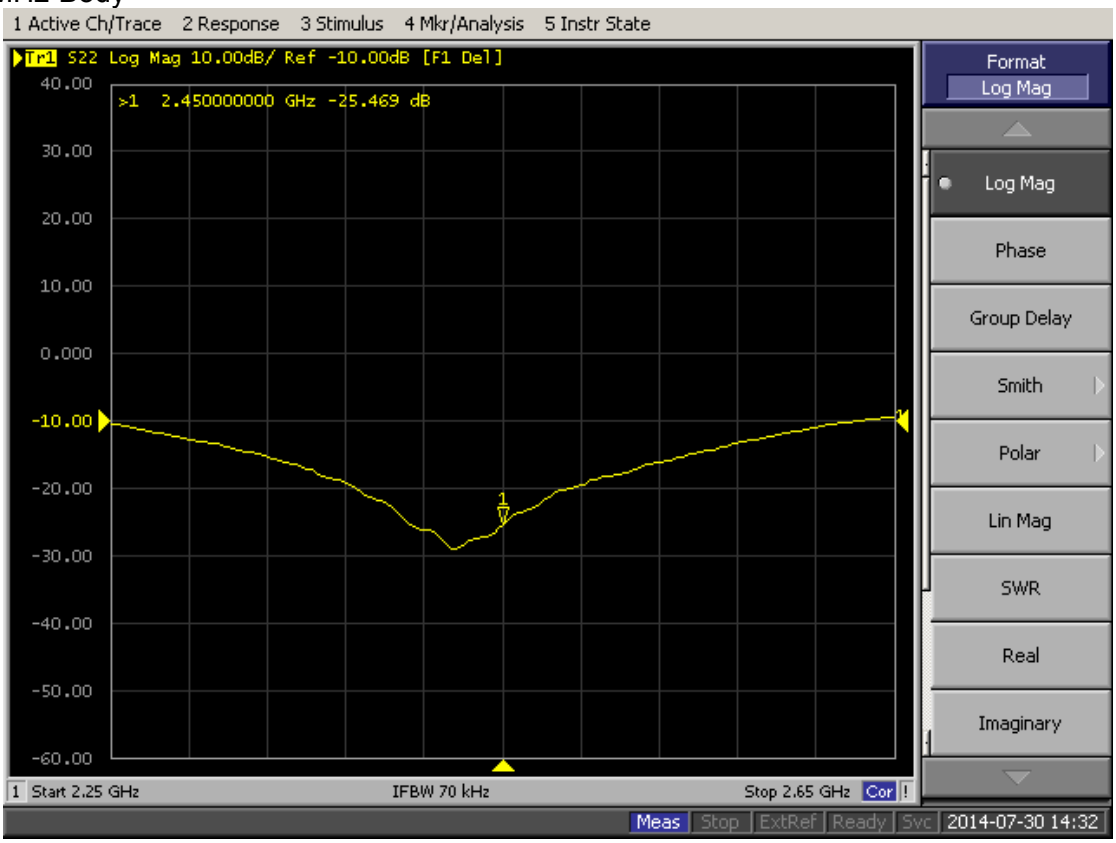
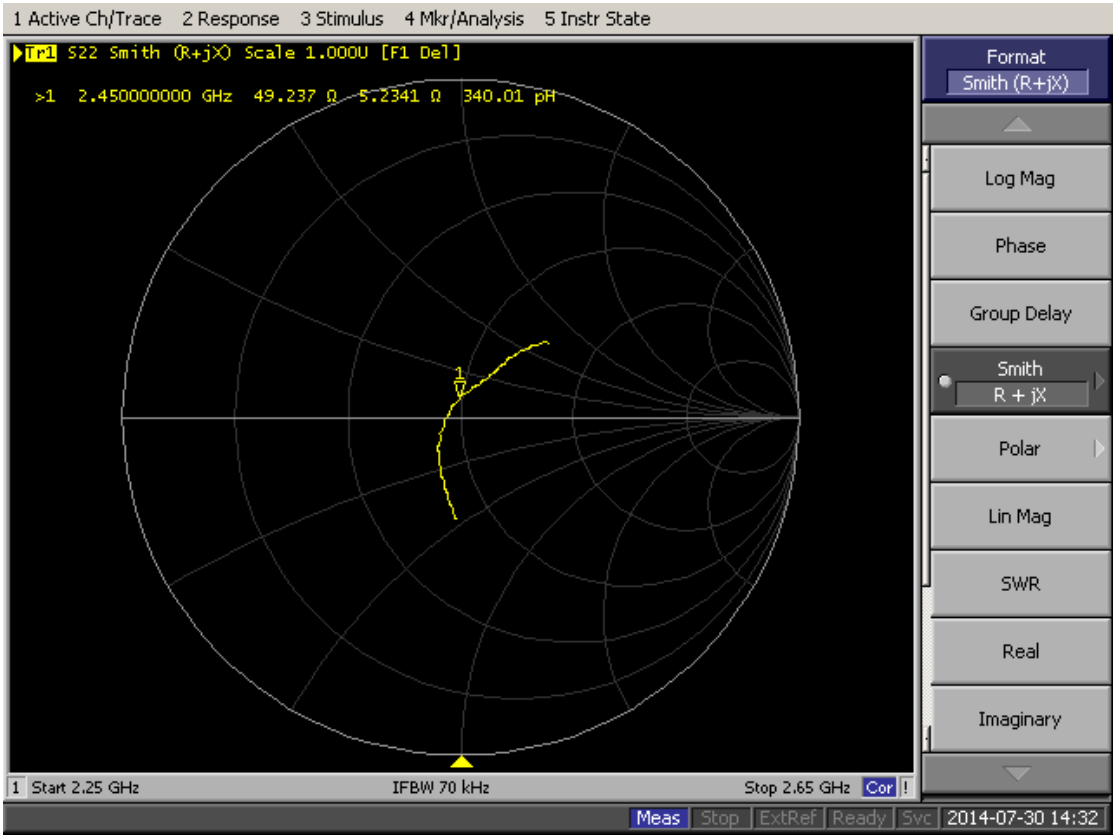
2450 MHz-Body





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Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

1245

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE 4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:
Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:
Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:
To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering

TN_BR040315AD DAE4.doc 11.12.2009

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client CCS-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-1245_Jul14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1245
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v26 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	July 22, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	01-Oct-13 (No:13976)	Oct-14
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	R.Mayoraz	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	i.v.

Issued: July 22, 2014

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Certificate No: DAE4-1245_Jul14 Page 1 of 5

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1μV ,	full range =	-100...+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV ,	full range =	-1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.988 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.710 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.849 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	4.00335 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98492 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4.02547 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	30.5 ° ± 1 °

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199996.75	-0.27	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20001.39	1.15	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20000.78	0.74	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	199998.13	1.27	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000.37	0.12	0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20002.24	-0.66	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199998.24	1.21	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20000.36	0.20	0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20001.75	-0.03	0.00

Low Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.33	-0.09	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	200.90	0.40	0.20
Channel X	- Input	-198.83	0.46	-0.23
Channel Y	+ Input	2000.00	-0.26	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199.61	-0.91	-0.45
Channel Y	- Input	-200.08	-0.81	0.41
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.30	1.40	0.07
Channel Z	+ Input	200.05	-0.31	-0.15
Channel Z	- Input	-200.89	-1.31	0.66

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	-7.83	-9.32
	- 200	10.88	9.44
Channel Y	200	-7.71	-8.33
	- 200	5.77	5.63
Channel Z	200	-5.90	-5.96
	- 200	4.79	4.74

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	2.85	-2.60
Channel Y	200	9.53	-	4.34
Channel Z	200	9.98	6.64	-

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15875	16740
Channel Y	16455	16504
Channel Z	15939	16860

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (µV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	1.16	-0.50	2.34	0.49
Channel Y	-0.81	-2.25	0.40	0.49
Channel Z	-0.59	-1.82	0.83	0.56

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	–0.01	-8	-9

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **CCS-CN (Auden)** Certificate No: **EX3-3798_Jul14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3798
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	July 28, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	**ID**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 28, 2014

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Certificate No: EX3-3798_Jul14 Page 1 of 11

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

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Probe EX3DV4

SN:3798

Manufactured: April 5, 2011
Calibrated: July 28, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	0.54	0.51	0.59	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	97.6	99.3	96.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB$\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	145.7	±2.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		142.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		132.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	9.30	9.30	9.30	0.28	1.12	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.13	9.13	9.13	0.58	0.68	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.82	7.82	7.82	0.41	0.81	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.75	7.75	7.75	0.40	0.83	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.04	7.04	7.04	0.33	0.92	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	9.22	9.22	9.22	0.32	1.07	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.96	8.96	8.96	0.55	0.76	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.09	7.09	7.09	0.38	0.87	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.77	0.58	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.91	3.91	3.91	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.75	3.75	3.75	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.09	4.09	4.09	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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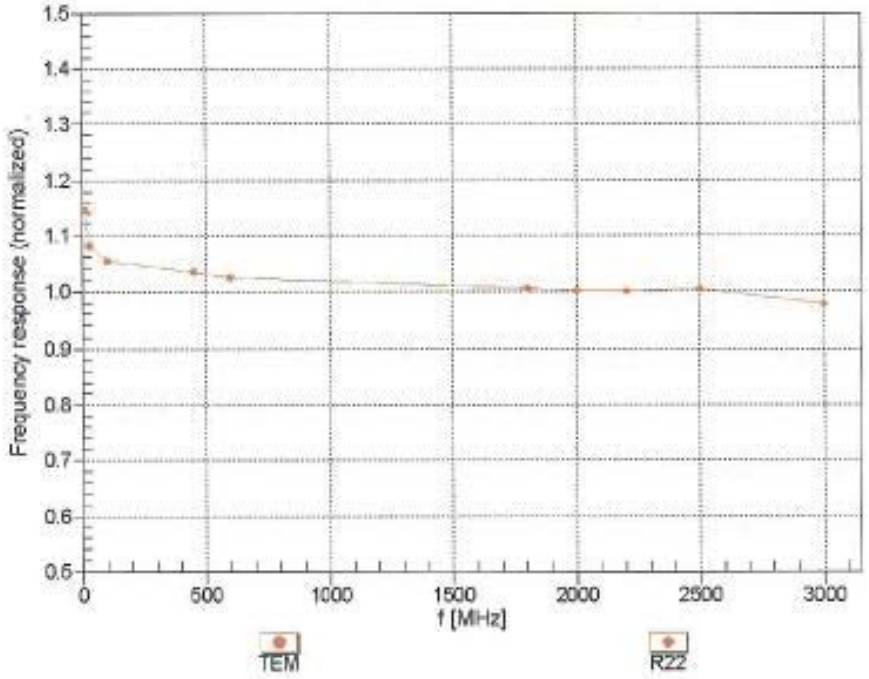
EX3DV4– SN:3798 July 28, 2014

Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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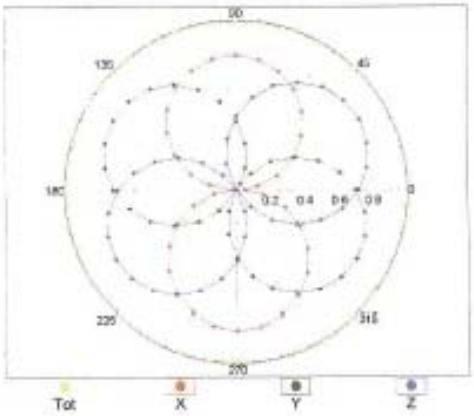
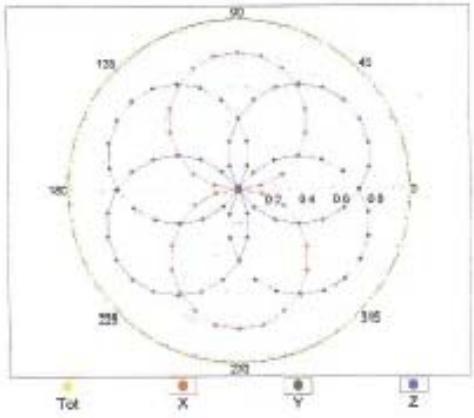
EX3DV4– SN:3798 July 28, 2014

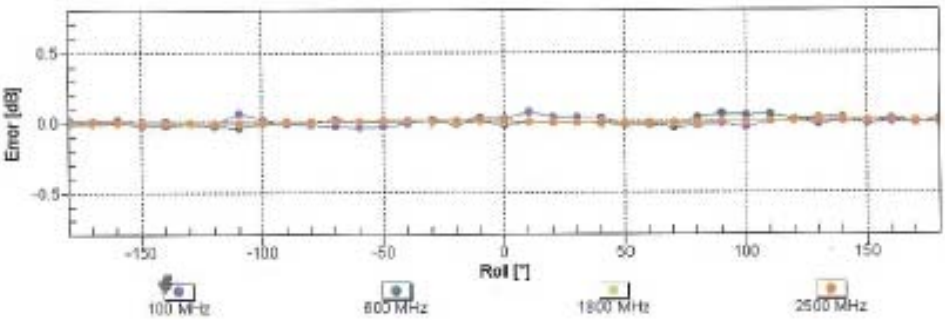
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM



f=1800 MHz,R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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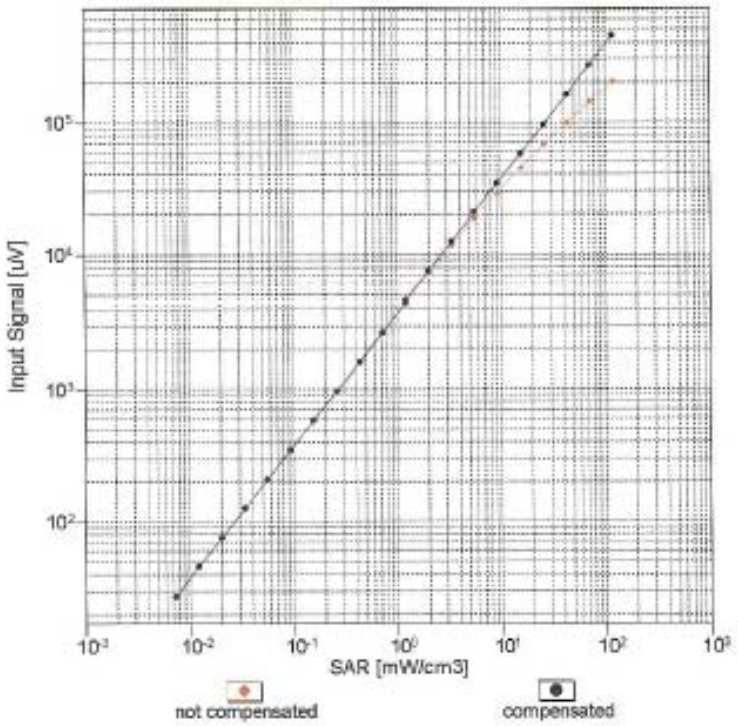
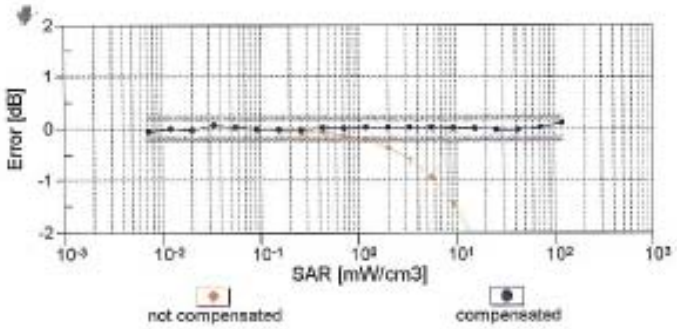
EX3DV4– SN:3798 July 28, 2014

Dynamic Range f(SAR$_{head}$)
(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3798_Jul14 Page 9 of 11

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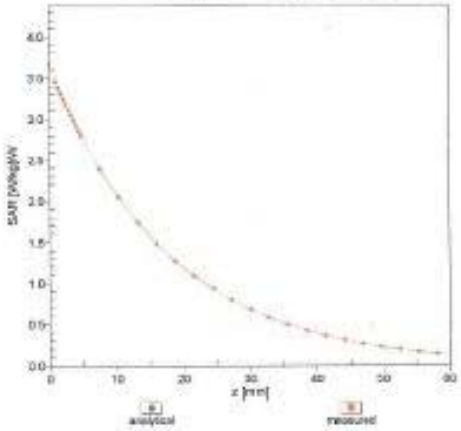
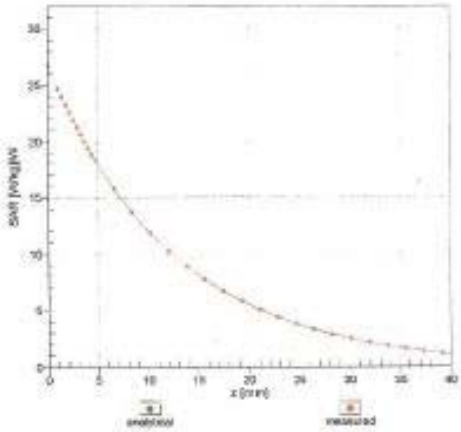
EX3DV4– SN:3798 July 28, 2014

Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 900 MHz,WGLS R9 (H_convF)

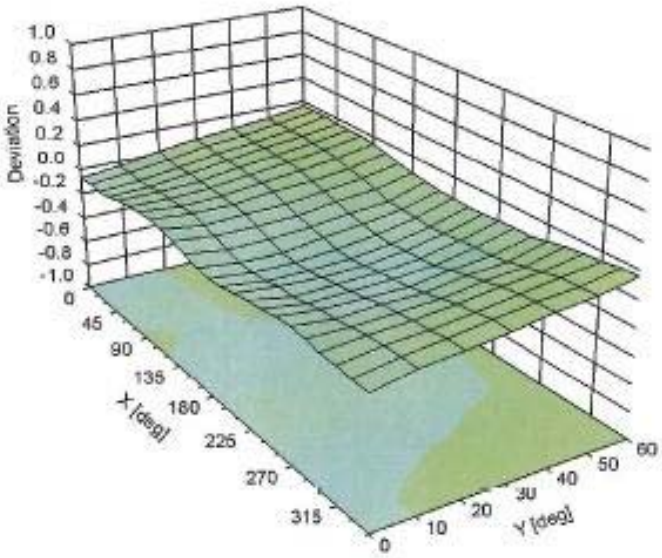


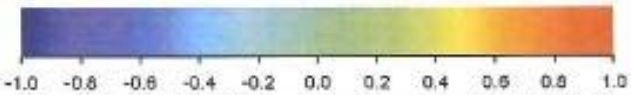
f = 1810 MHz,WGLS R22 (H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-39.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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APPENDIX C: PLOTS OF SAR TEST RESULT

The plots are showing in the file named Appendix C Plots of SAR Test Result

END REPORT

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