HCT CO.,LTD

74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA
TEL: +82-31-645-6300 FAX: +82-31-645-6401

FCC REPORT

Certification

Applicant Name:
FRTEK CO., LTD.

Address:
1001, Doosan Venture Digm, 415, Heungandaero,
Dongan-Gu, Anyang-Si, Gyeonggi-do, 431-755 Korea

Date of Issue:
September 23, 2015

Test Site/Location:
HCT CO., LTD., 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil,
Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383,
Rep. of KOREA

Report No.: HCT-R-1509-F023-2

HCT FRN: 0005866421

FCC ID:	**2AFEGFRWL40ROU19**
APPLICANT:	**FRTEK CO., LTD.**

FCC Model(s):	FRWL40ROU19
EUT Type:	MODAS(Multi-Operator DAS)
Frequency Ranges:	1 930 MHz – 1 995 MHz
Conducted Output Power:	10 W (40 dBm)
Date of Test:	August 07, 2015 ~ August 27, 2015
FCC Rule Part(s):	CFR 47, Part 24

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of Part 24 of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

Report prepared by
: Yong Hyun Lee
Test engineer of RF Team

Approved by
: Sang Jun Lee
Manager of RF Team

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Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-R-1509-F023	September 10, 2015	- First Approval Report
HCT-R-1509-F023-1	September 18, 2015	- Modified the test plots :+3dB above AGC OBW of WCDMA
HCT-R-1509-F023-2	September 23, 2015	-Revised Typographical errors

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1. CLIENT INFORMATION

The EUT has been tested by request of

Company	FRTEK CO., LTD. 1001, Doosan Venture Digm, 415, Heungandaero, Dongan-Gu, Anyang-Si, Gyeonggi-do, 431-755 Korea

FCC ID:	2AFEGFRWL40ROU19
EUT Type:	MODAS(Multi-Operator DAS)
FCC Model(s):	FRWL40ROU19
Frequency Ranges:	1 930 MHz – 1 995 MHz
Conducted Output Power:	10 W (40 dBm)
Antenna Gain(s):	Manufacturer does not provide an antenna.
Measurement standard(s):	ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004, KDB 971168 D01 v02r02 KDB 935210 D02 v03, KDB 935210 D05 v01
FCC Rule Part(s):	CFR Title 47 Part 24
Place of Tests:	HCT CO., LTD., 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA (IC Recognition No. : 5944A-3)

2. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

2.1. FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2003) and CISPR Publication 22. Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated July 07, 2015 (Registration Number: 90661).

2.2. EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.
Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.
All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, “Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods.”

3. TEST SPECIFICATIONS

3.1. STANDARDS

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FCC Part 24.

Description	Reference	Results
RF Output Power	§2.1046; §24.232	Compliant
Occupied Bandwidth	§2.1049	Compliant
Out of Band Rejection	KDB 935210 D02 v03	Compliant
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §24.238	Compliant
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§2.1053, §24.238	Compliant
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §24.235	Compliant

3.2. MODE OF OPERATION DURING THE TEST

The EUT was operated in a manner representative of the typical usage of the equipment.
During all testing, system components were manipulated within the confines of typical usage to maximize each emission.
The device does not supply antenna(s) with the system, so the dummy loads were connected to the RF output ports for radiated spurious emission testing.

4. STANDARDS ENVIRONMENTAL TEST CONDITIONS

Temperature :	**+ 15 ℃ to + 35 ℃**
Relative humidity:	**30 % to 60 %**
Air pressure	**860 mbar to 1 060 mbar**

5. TEST EQUIPMENT

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Cal Interval	Calibration Date	Serial No.
Agilent	E4438C /Signal Generator	Annual	09/11/2014	MY42082646
Agilent	N5182A /Signal Generator	Annual	04/07/2015	MY50141649
NANGYEUL CO., LTD.	NY-THR18750/ Temperature and Humidity Chamber	Annual	10/29/2014	NY-2009012201A
Agilent	N9020A /Signal Analyzer	Annual	04/10/2015	US46220219
WEINSCHEL	67-30-33 / Fixed Attenuator	Annual	11/04/2014	BU5347
Weinschel	AF9003-69-31 / Step Attenuator	Annual	10/24/2014	11787
DEAYOUNG ENT	DFSS60 / AC Power Supply	Annual	04/01/2015	1003030-1
Agilent	6674A / DC Power Supply	Annual	07/27/2015	3501A00901
Rohde & Schwarz	FSP / Spectrum Analyzer	Annual	10/21/2014	836650/016
Innco	CO3000/ Controller	N/A	N/A	842/35030115/L
ETS	2090/ Turn Table	N/A	N/A	1646
CERNEX, Inc	CBLU1183540/AMP	Annual	02/12/2015	24614
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D/ Horn Antenna	Biennial	09/01/2014	147
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160/TRILOG Antenna	Biennial	11/17/2014	3150

6. RF OUTPUT POWER

Test Requirements:

§ 2.1046 Measurements required: RF power output:

§ 2.1046 (a) For transmitters other than single sideband, independent sideband and controlled carrier radiotelephone, power output shall be measured at the RF output terminals when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure to give the values of current and voltage on the circuit elements specified in § 2.1033(c)(8).The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals when this test is made shall be stated.

§ 2.1046 (b) For single sideband, independent sideband, and single channel, controlled carrier radiotelephone transmitters, the procedure specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be employed and, in addition, the transmitter shall be modulated during the test as specified and as applicable in § 2.1046 (b) (1-5). In all tests, the input level of the modulating signal shall be such as to develop rated peak envelope power or carrier power, as appropriate, for the transmitter.

§ 2.1046 (c) For measurements conducted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, all calculations and methods used by the applicant for determining carrier power or peak envelope power, as appropriate, on the basis of measured power in the radio frequency load attached to the transmitter output terminals shall be shown. Under the test conditions specified, no components of the emission spectrum shall exceed the limits specified in the applicable rule parts as necessary for meeting occupied bandwidth or emission limitations.

§ 24.232 Power and antenna height limits. (a) Base stations are limited to 1640 watts peak equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT, except as described in paragraph (b) below. See §24.53 for HAAT calculation method. Base station antenna heights may exceed 300 meters with a corresponding reduction in power; see Table 1 of this section.

The service area boundary limit and microwave protection criteria specified in §24.236 and §24.237 apply.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.5.2 of KDB 935210 D05 v01.

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

b) Configure to generate the AWGN (broadband) test signal.

c) The frequency of the signal generator shall be set to the frequency of (f0) as determined from 3.3.

d) Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.

e) Set the signal generator output power to a level that produces an EUT output level that is just below the AGC threshold (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below.

f) Measure the output power of the EUT and record (Power measurement with a spectrum analyzer).

g) Remove the EUT from the measurement setup and using the same signal generator settings, repeat the power measurement on the input signal to the EUT and record as input power.

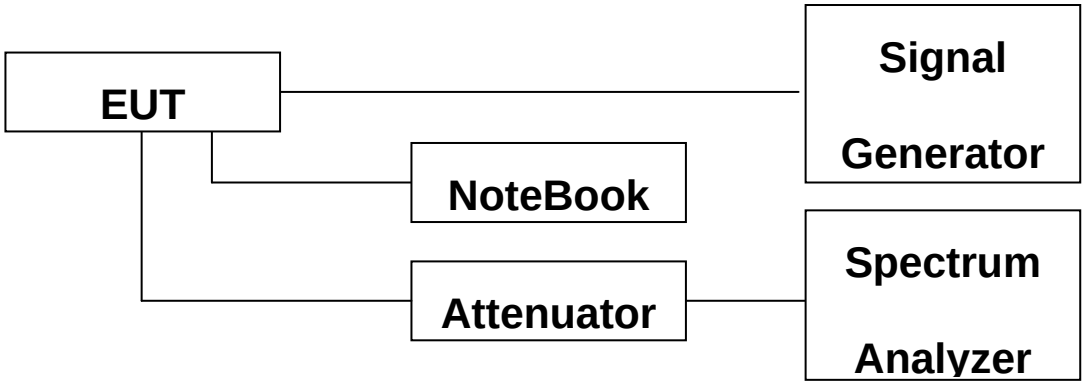
h) Repeat the procedure with the narrowband test signal.

i) Repeat the procedure for both test signals with input signal amplitude set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold level.

j) Repeat for all frequency bands authorized for use by the EUT.

Power measurement Method :

Guidance for performing input/output power measurements using a spectrum or signal analyzer is provided in 5.2 of KDB Publication 971168.



Block Diagram 1. RF Power Output Test Setup

Test Results:

PCS Band

Input Signal	Input Level (dBm)	Maximum Amp Gain
LTE 5 MHz	DL: -30 dBm	DL : 70 dB
LTE 10 MHz		
WCDMA		

[Downlink]

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power	
			(dBm)	(W)
AGC threshold LTE 5 MHz	Low	1932.50	40.06	10.139
	Middle	1962.50	40.44	11.066
	High	1992.50	40.03	10.069
AGC threshold LTE 10 MHz	Low	1935.00	40.51	11.246
	Middle	1960.00	40.80	12.023
	High	1985.00	40.61	11.508
AGC threshold WCDMA	Low	1932.50	40.00	10.000
	Middle	1962.50	40.14	10.328
	High	1992.50	40.33	10.789

[Downlink]

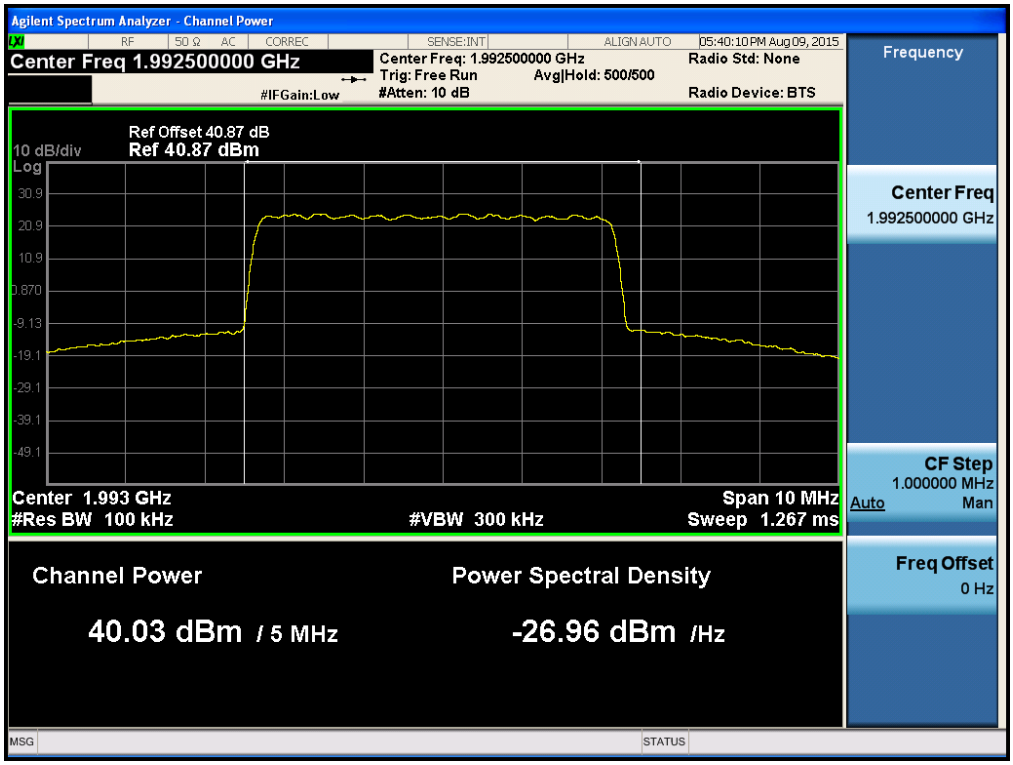
	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power	
			(dBm)	(W)
+3dB above the AGC threshold LTE 5 MHz	Low	1932.50	40.00	10.000
	Middle	1962.50	40.48	11.169
	High	1992.50	40.02	10.046
+3dB above the AGC threshold LTE 10 MHz	Low	1935.00	40.53	11.298
	Middle	1960.00	40.66	11.641
	High	1985.00	40.68	11.695
+3dB above the AGC threshold WCDMA	Low	1932.50	40.01	10.023
	Middle	1962.50	40.19	10.447
	High	1992.50	40.30	10.715

Plots of RF Output Power

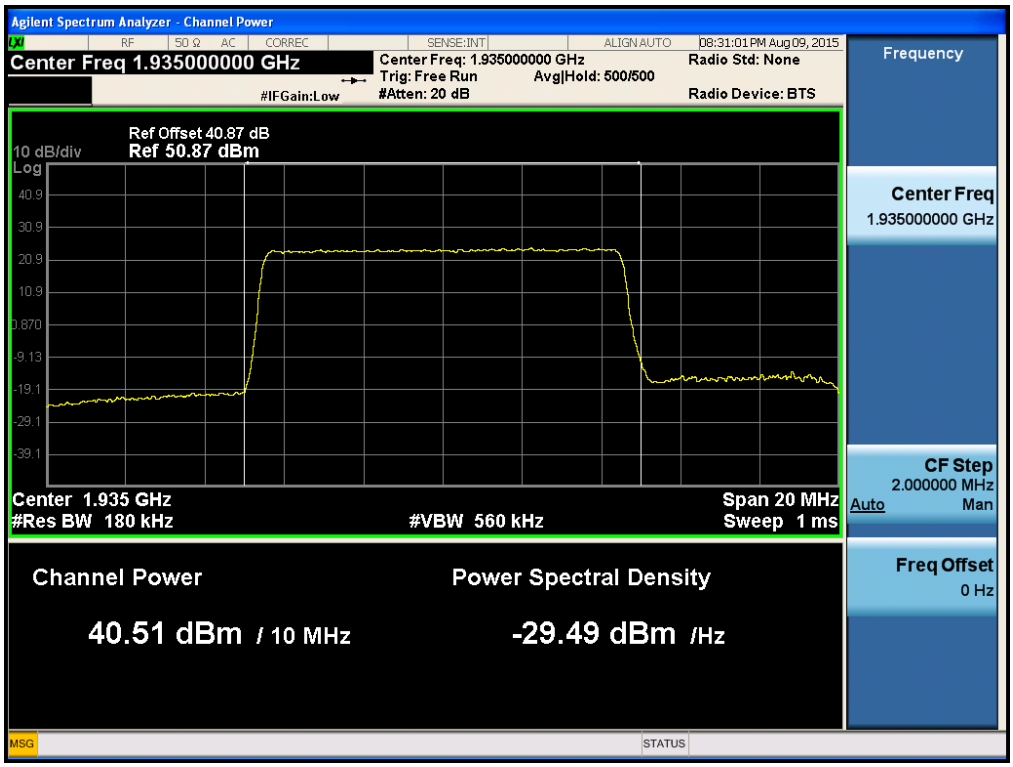
[AGC threshold Downlink LTE 5 MHz Low]

[AGC threshold Downlink LTE 5 MHz Middle]

[AGC threshold Downlink LTE 5 MHz High]

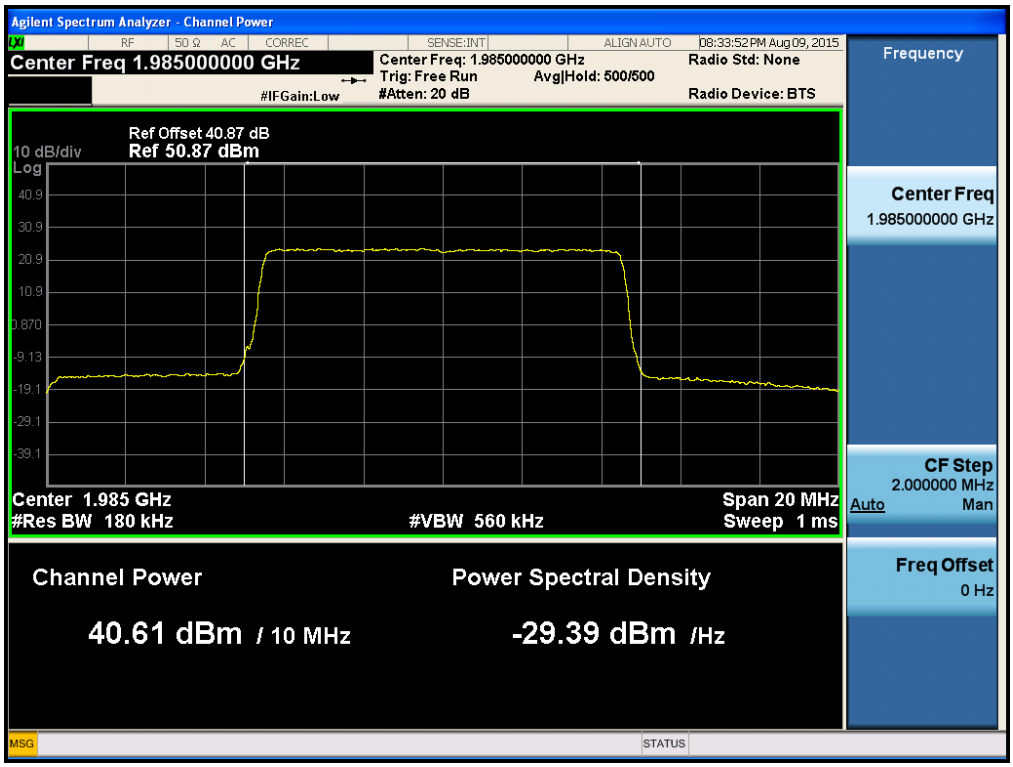


[AGC threshold Downlink LTE 10 MHz Low]

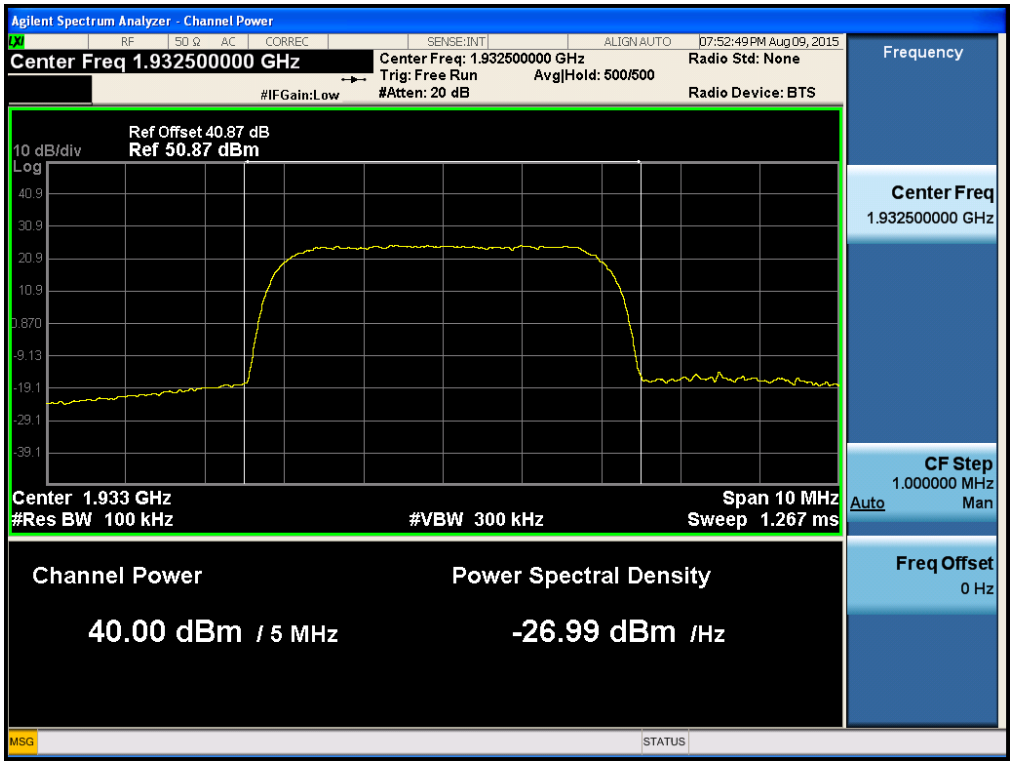


[AGC threshold Downlink LTE 10 MHz Middle]

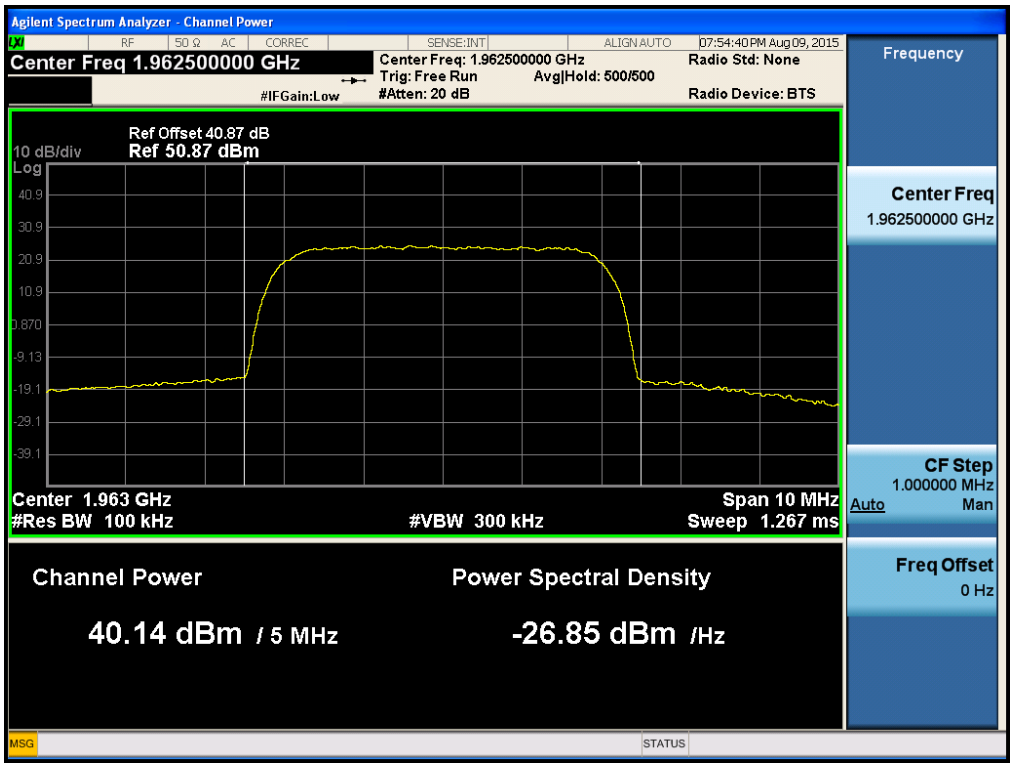
[AGC threshold Downlink LTE 10 MHz High]



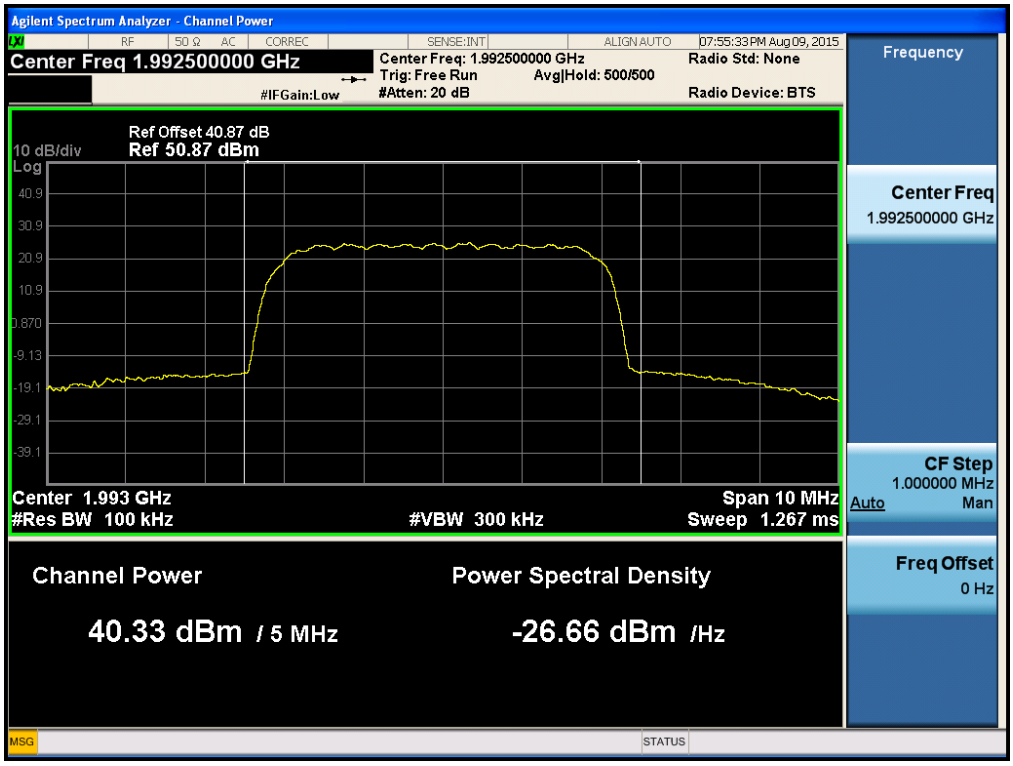
[AGC threshold Downlink WCDMA Low]



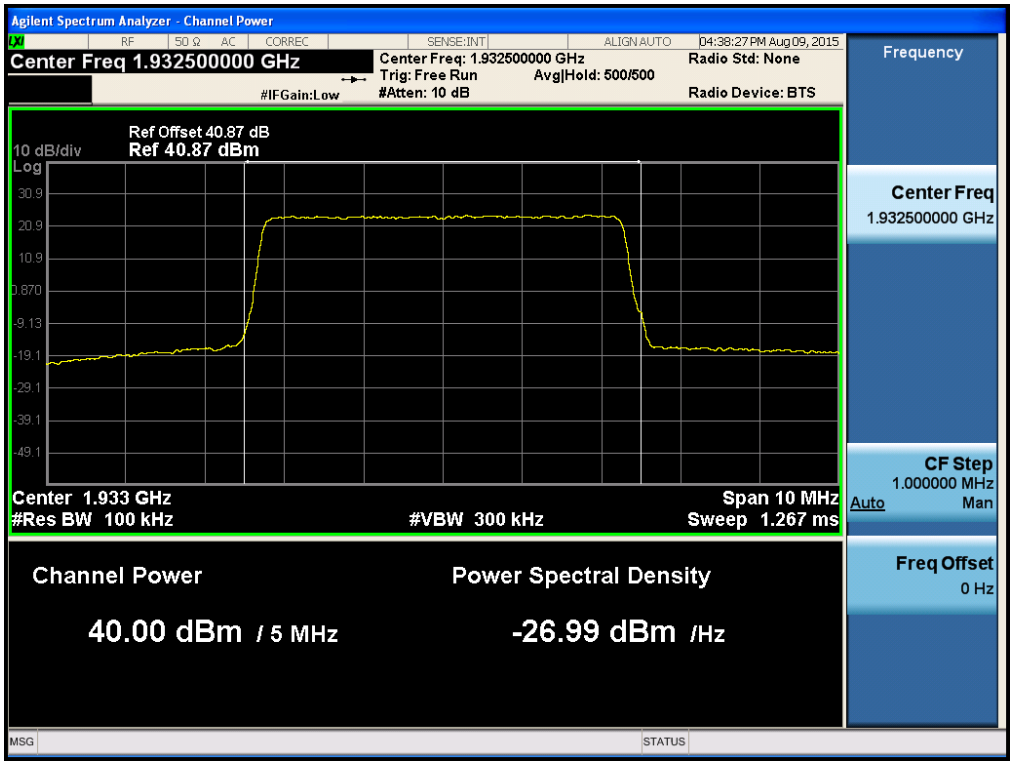
[AGC threshold Downlink WCDMA Middle]



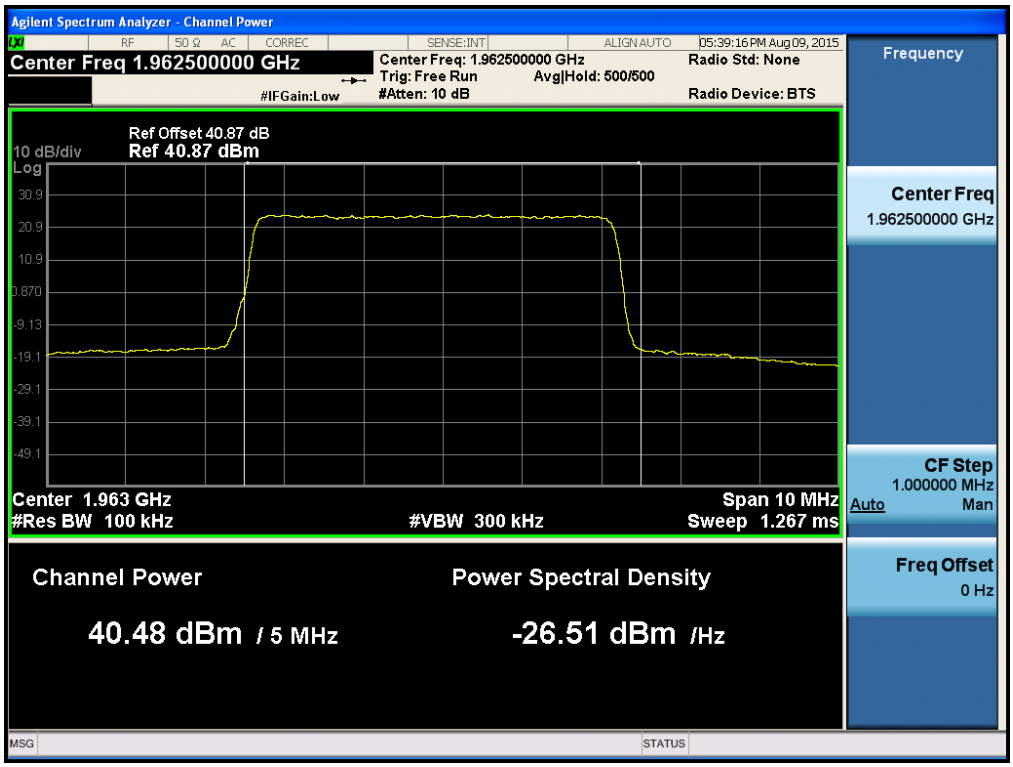
[AGC threshold Downlink WCDMA High]



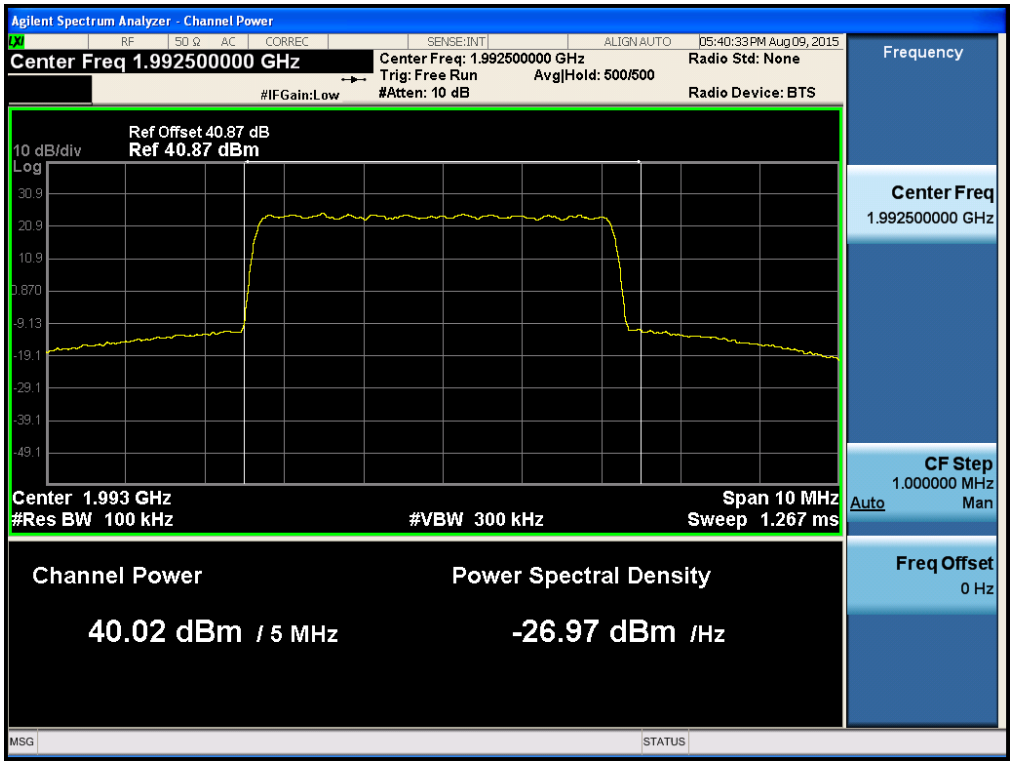
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink LTE 5 MHz Low]



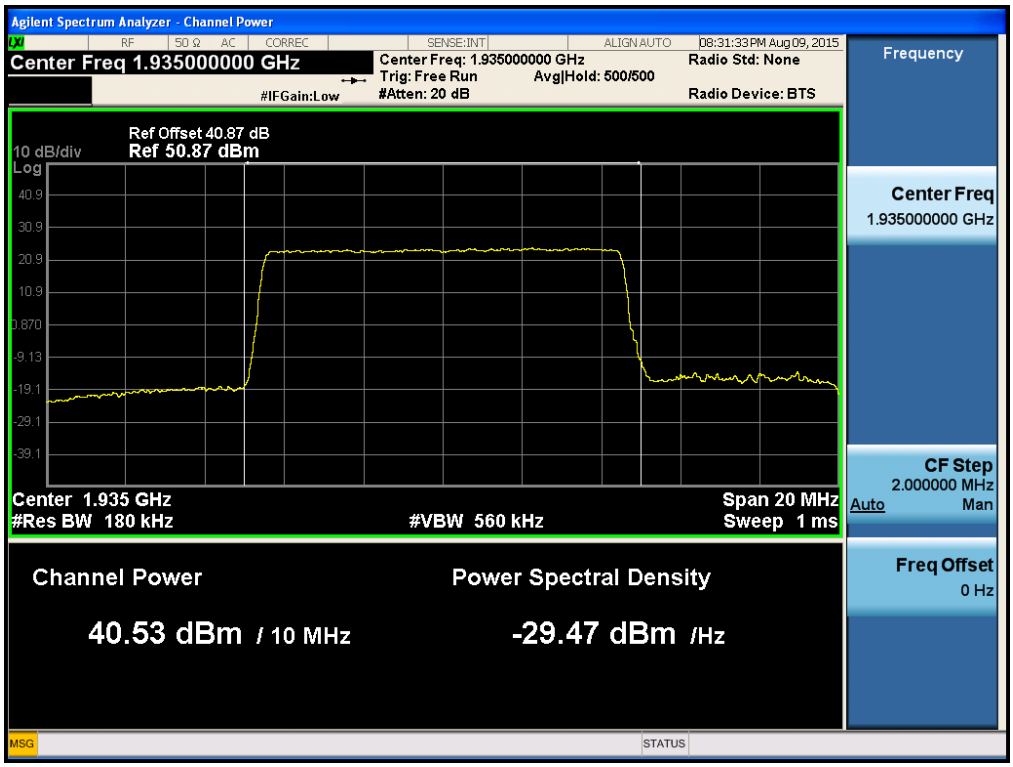
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink LTE 5 MHz Middle]



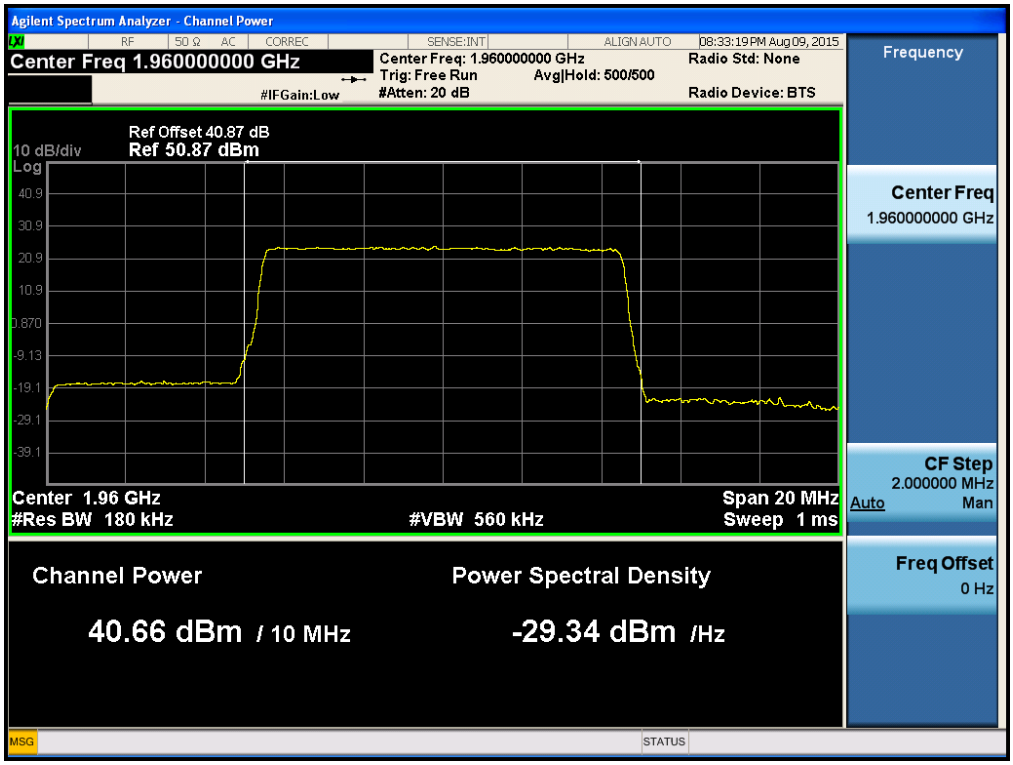
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink LTE 5 MHz High]



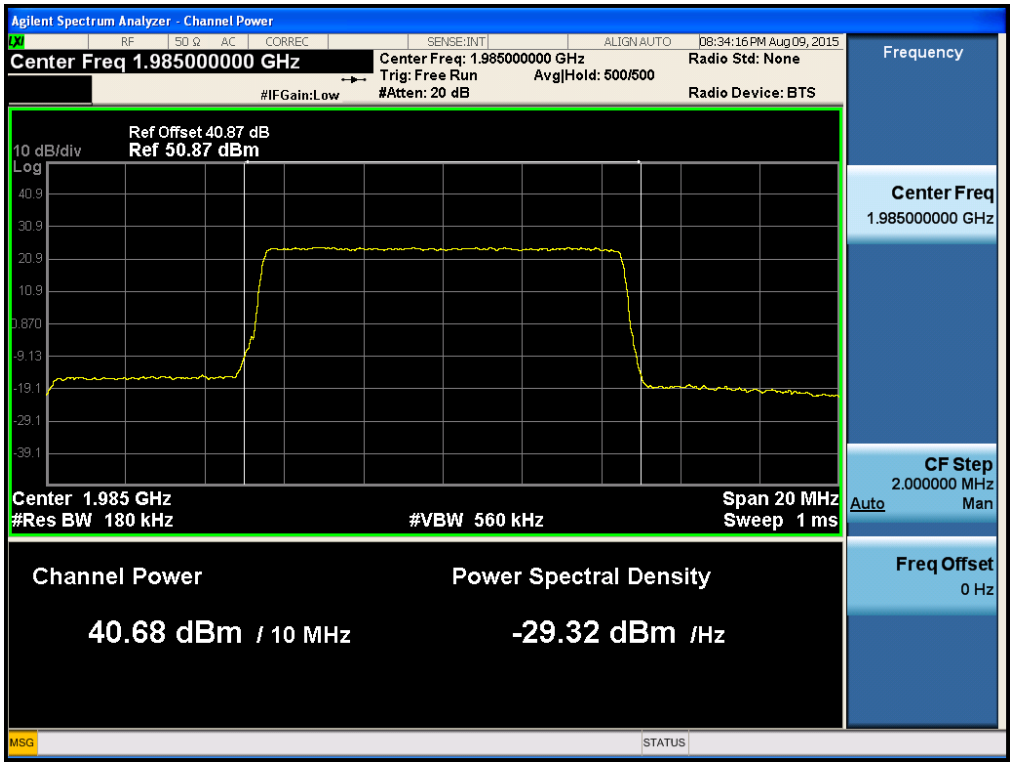
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink LTE 10 MHz Low]



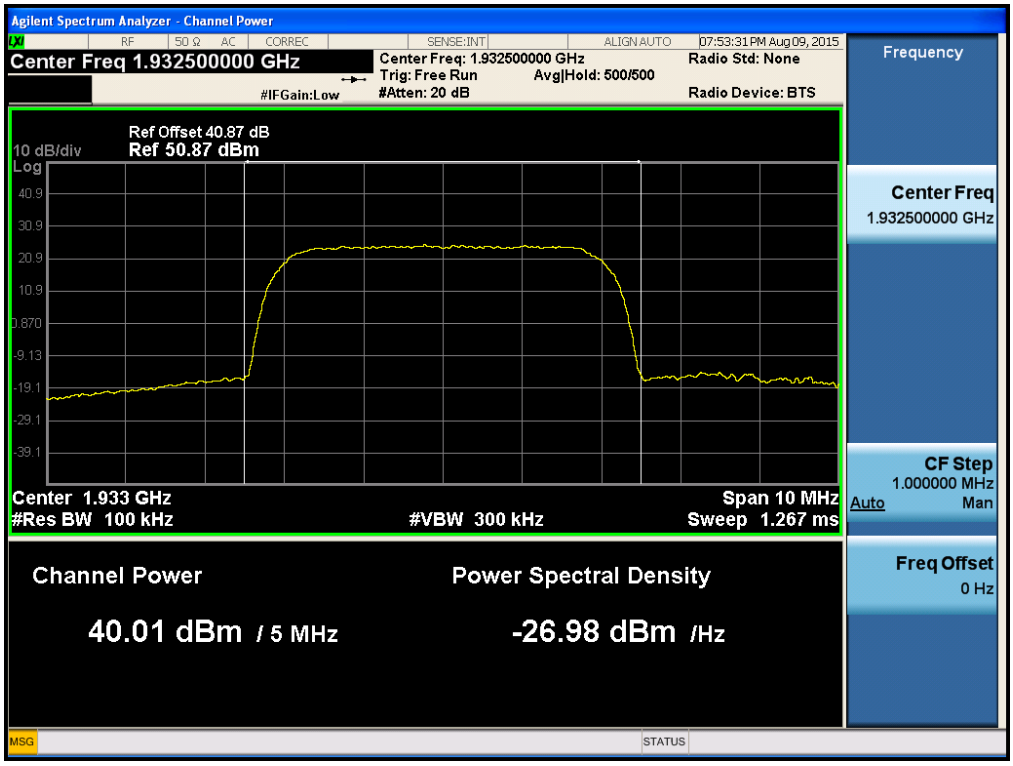
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink LTE 10 MHz Middle]



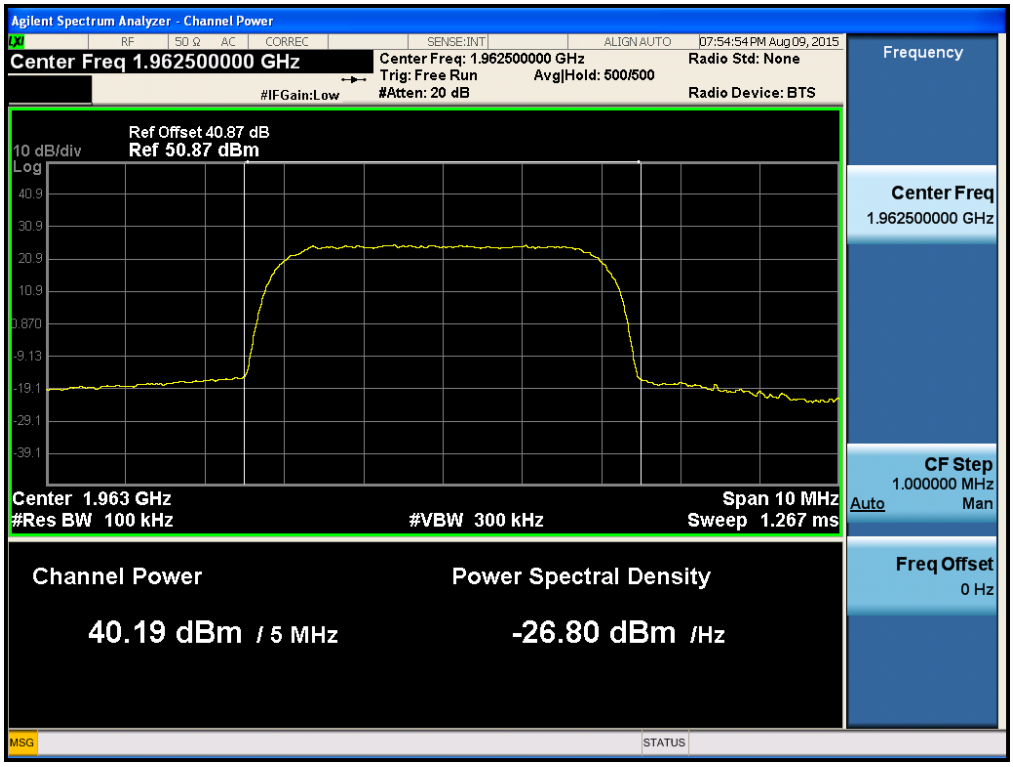
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink LTE 10 MHz High]



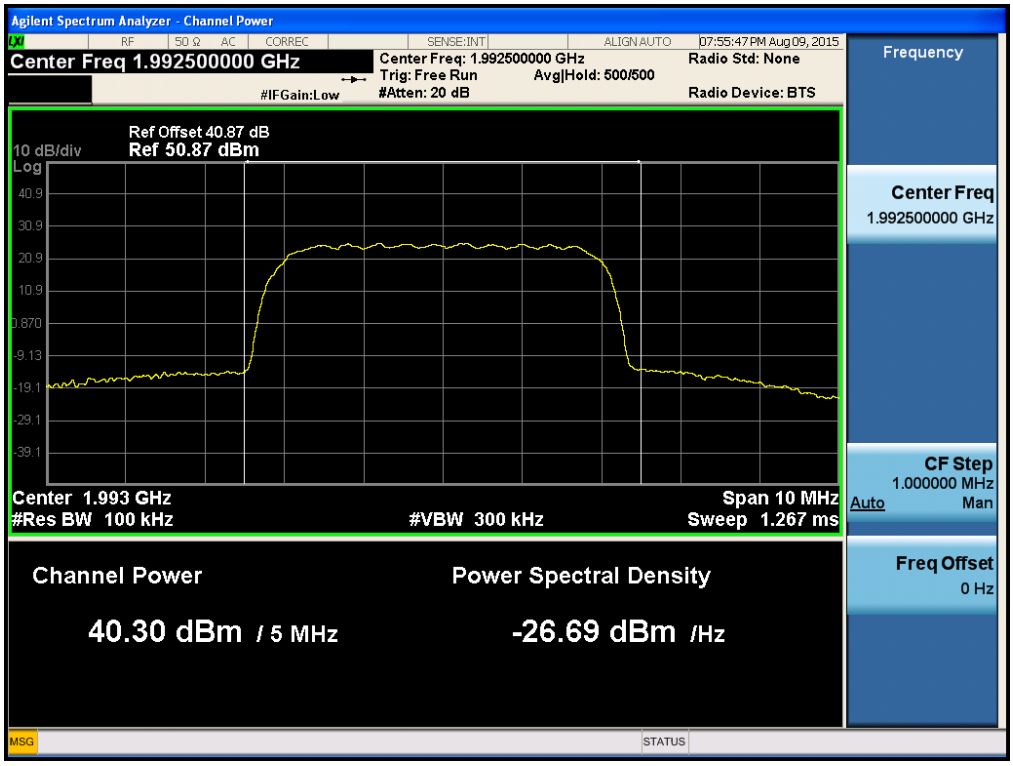
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink WCDMA Low]



[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink WCDMA Middle]



[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink WCDMA High]



7. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Test Requirement(s): § 2.1049 Measurements required: Occupied bandwidth:

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the specified conditions of § 2.1049 (a) through (i) as applicable.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.4 of KDB 935210 D05 v01 and section 4.2 of KDB 971168 D01 v02r02.

Test is 99% OBW measured and used.

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

b) Configure the signal generator to transmit the AWGN signal.

c) Configure the signal amplitude to be just below the AGC threshold level (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below.

d) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.

e) Set the spectrum analyzer center frequency to the center frequency of the operational band under test. The span range of the spectrum analyzer shall be between 2 times to 5 times the OBW.

f) The nominal resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be ≥ 3 × RBW.

g) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to preclude the signal from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope must be more than [10 log (OBW / RBW)] below the reference level.

NOTE—Steps f) and g) may require iteration to enable adjustments within the specified tolerances.

h) The noise floor of the spectrum analyzer at the selected RBW shall be at least 36 dB below the reference level.

i) Set spectrum analyzer detection function to positive peak.

j) Set the trace mode to max hold.

k) Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the spectrum analyzer (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.

l) Repeat steps e) to k) with the input signal connected directly to the spectrum analyzer (i.e., input signal measurement).

m) Compare the spectral plot of the input signal (determined from step l) to the output signal (determined from step k) to affirm that they are similar (in passband and rolloff characteristic features and relative spectral locations), and include plot(s) and descriptions in test report.

n) Repeat for all frequency bands authorized for use by the EUT.

Test Results: The EUT complies with the requirements of this section.

PCS Band

Input Signal	Input Level (dBm)	Maximum Amp Gain
LTE 5 MHz	DL: -30 dBm	DL : 70 dB
LTE 10 MHz		
WCDMA		

[Downlink Output]

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	OBW (MHz)
AGC threshold LTE 5 MHz	Low	1932.50	4.488
	Middle	1962.50	4.487
	High	1992.50	4.444
AGC threshold LTE 10 MHz	Low	1935.00	8.970
	Middle	1960.00	8.963
	High	1985.00	8.967
AGC threshold WCDMA	Low	1932.50	4.156
	Middle	1962.50	4.174
	High	1992.50	4.133

[Downlink Input]

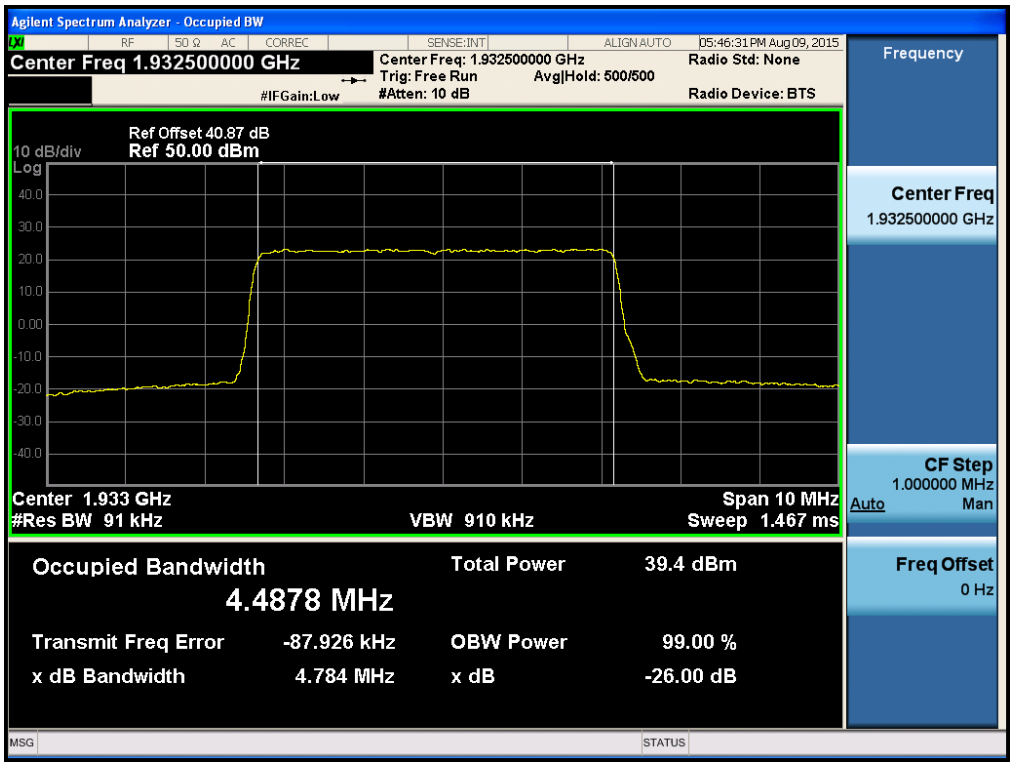
	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	OBW (MHz)
AGC threshold LTE 5 MHz	Low	1932.50	4.496
	Middle	1962.50	4.499
	High	1992.50	4.498
AGC threshold LTE 10 MHz	Low	1935.00	8.983
	Middle	1960.00	8.991
	High	1985.00	8.980
AGC threshold WCDMA	Low	1932.50	4.188
	Middle	1962.50	4.191
	High	1992.50	4.185

[Downlink Output]

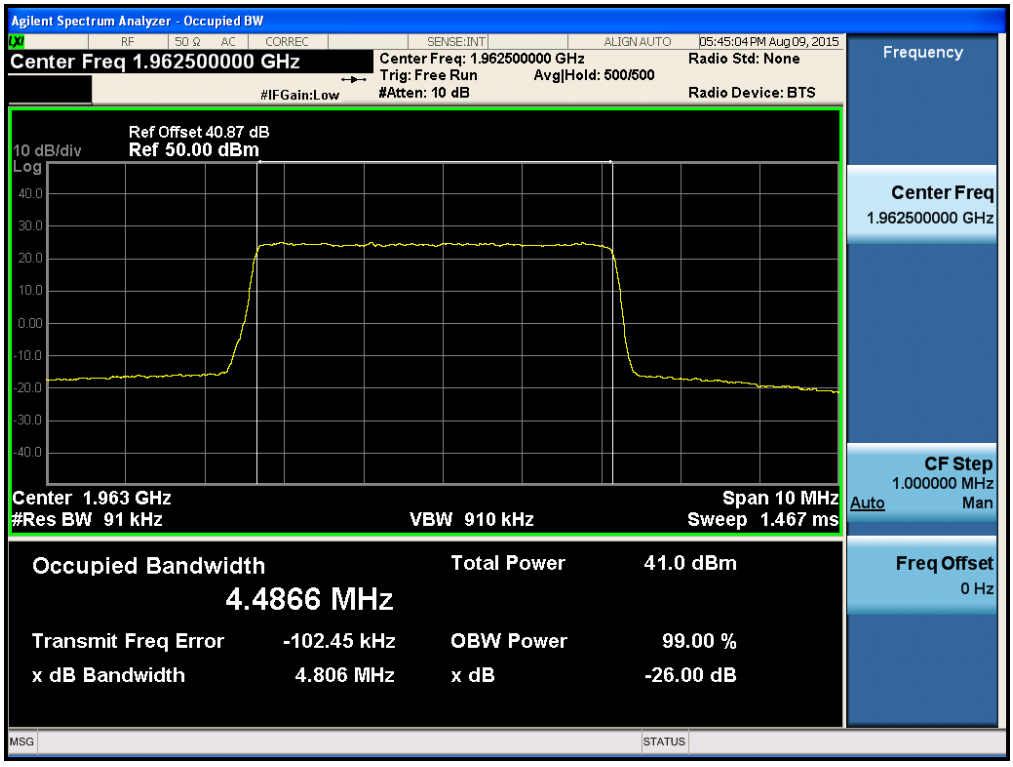
	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	OBW (MHz)
+3dB above the AGC threshold LTE 5 MHz	Low	1932.50	4.486
	Middle	1962.50	4.488
	High	1992.50	4.443
+3dB above the AGC threshold LTE 10 MHz	Low	1935.00	8.966
	Middle	1960.00	8.970
	High	1985.00	8.963
+3dB above the AGC threshold WCDMA	Low	1932.50	4.154
	Middle	1962.50	4.170
	High	1992.50	4.127

Plots of Occupied Bandwidth

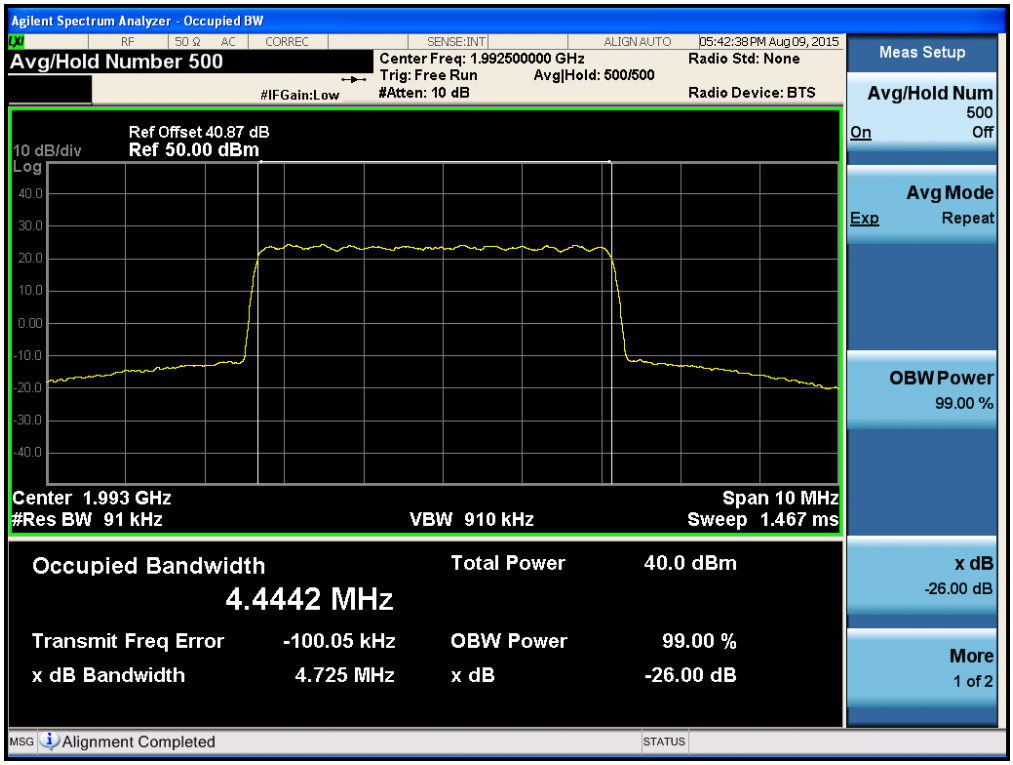
[AGC threshold Downlink Output LTE 5 MHz Low]



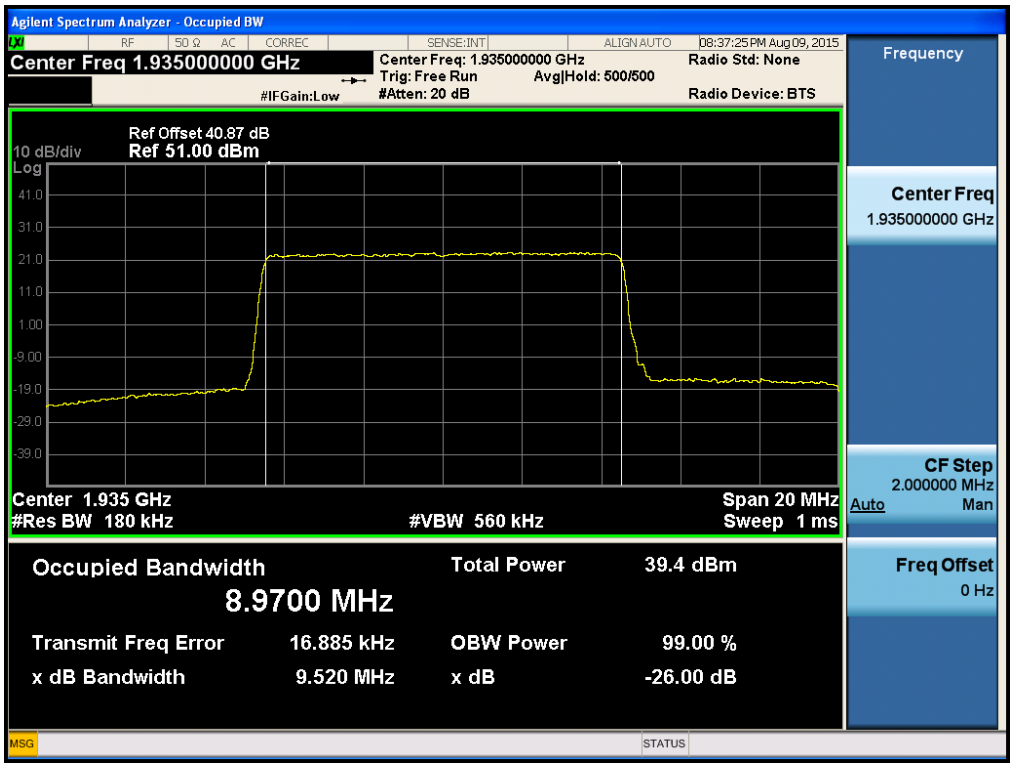
[AGC threshold Downlink Output LTE 5 MHz Middle]



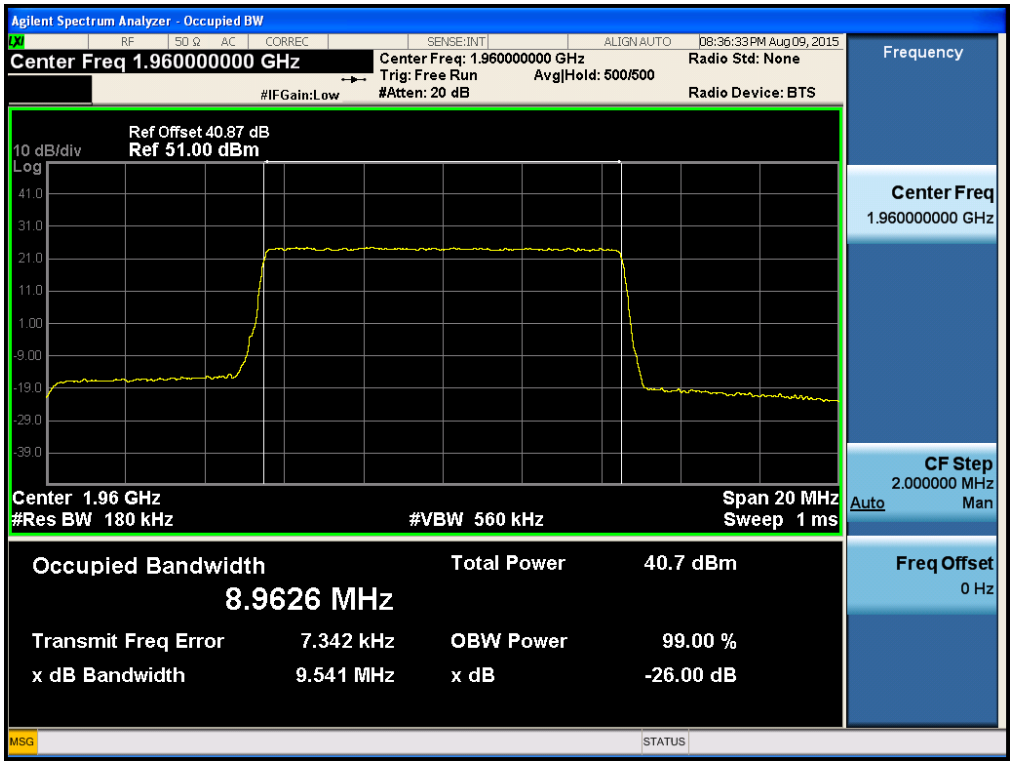
[AGC threshold Downlink Output LTE 5 MHz High]



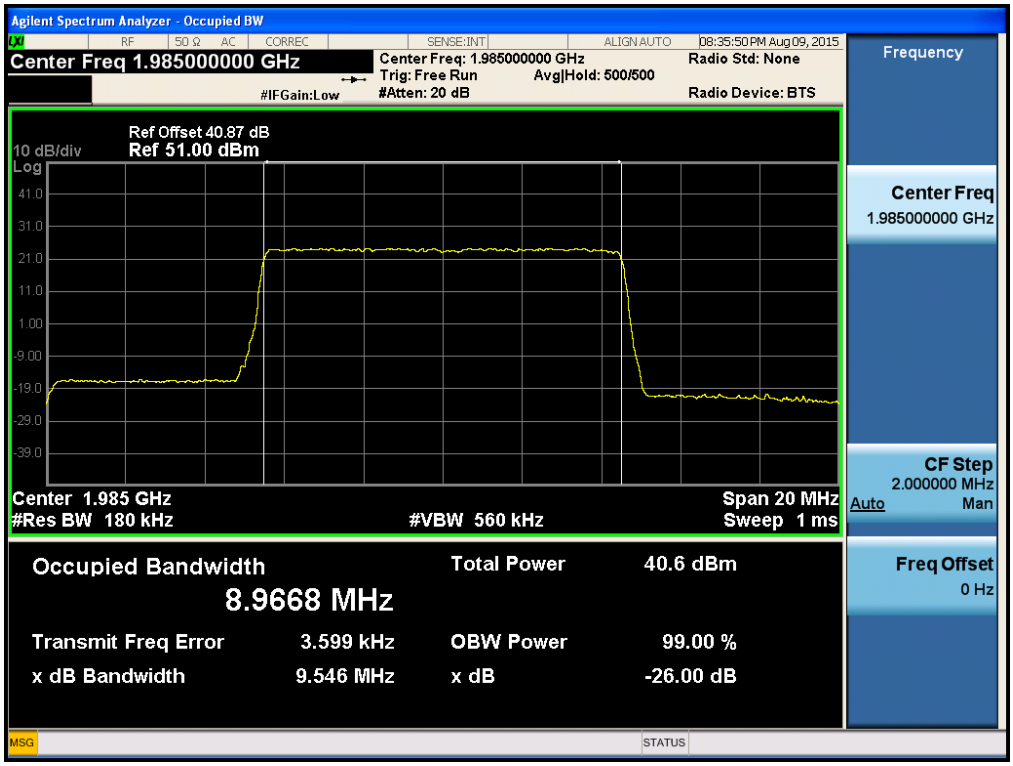
[AGC threshold Downlink Output LTE 10 MHz Low]



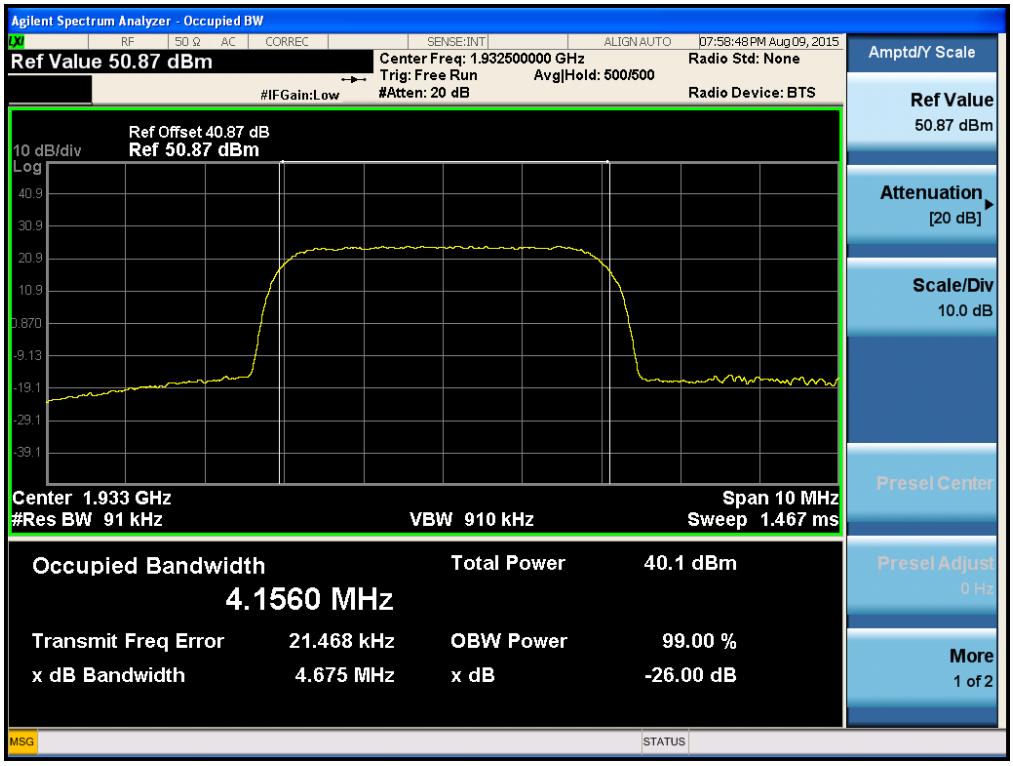
[AGC threshold Downlink Output LTE 10 MHz Middle]



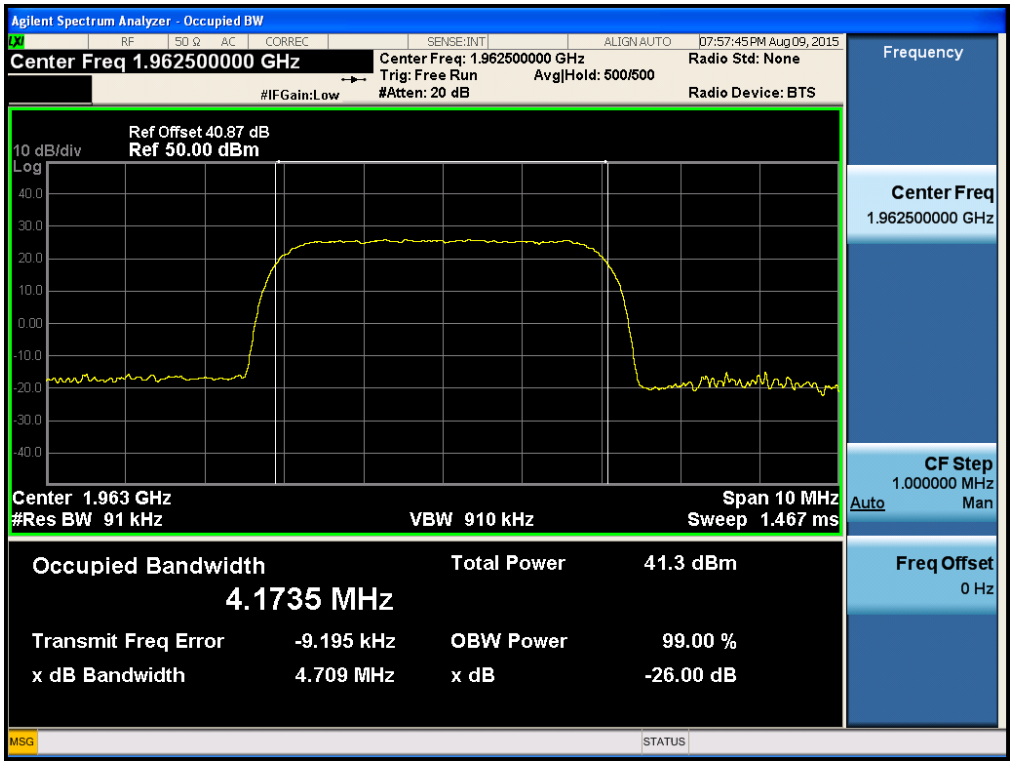
[AGC threshold Downlink Output LTE 10 MHz High]



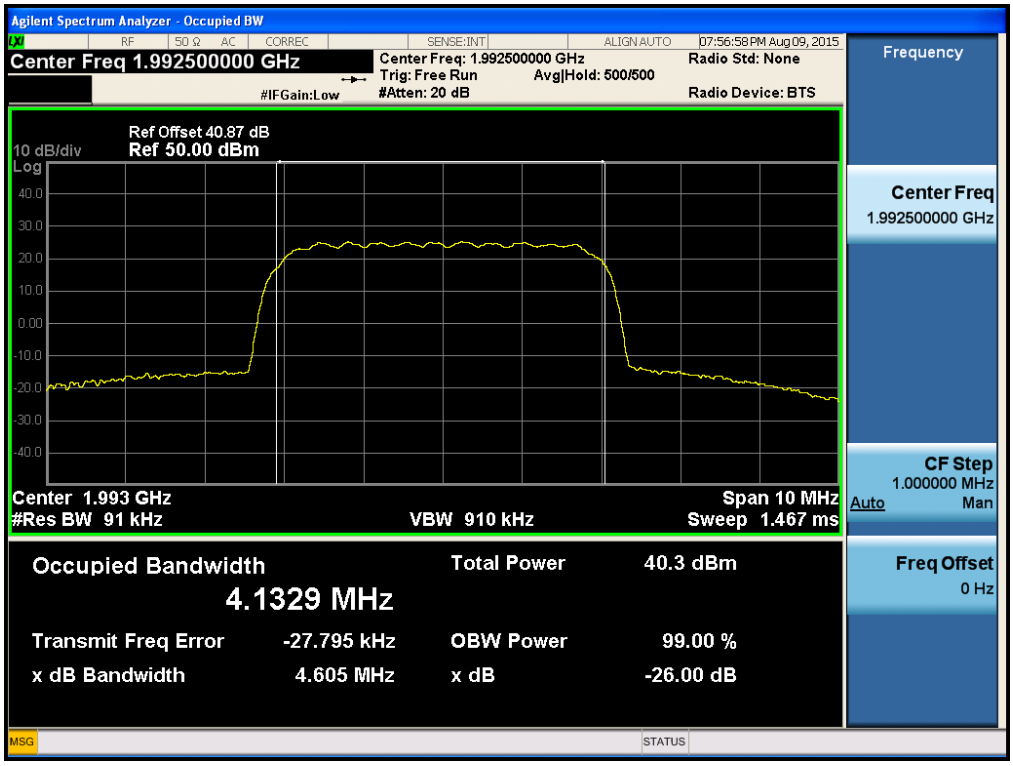
[AGC threshold Downlink Output WCDMA Low]



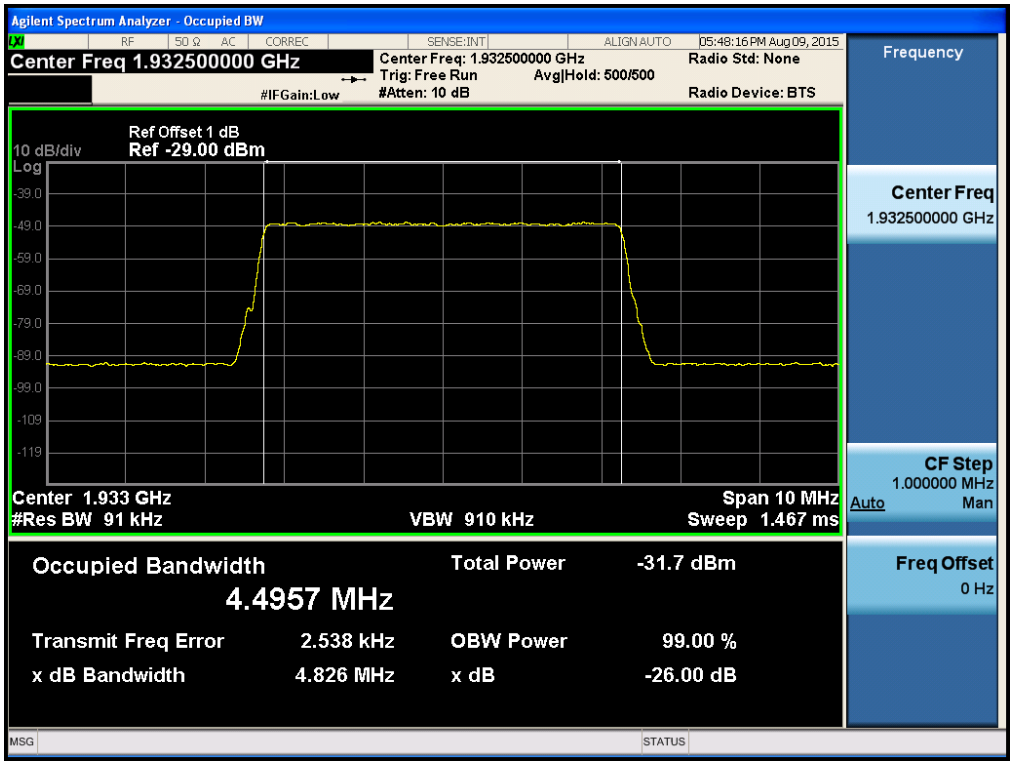
[AGC threshold Downlink Output WCDMA Middle]



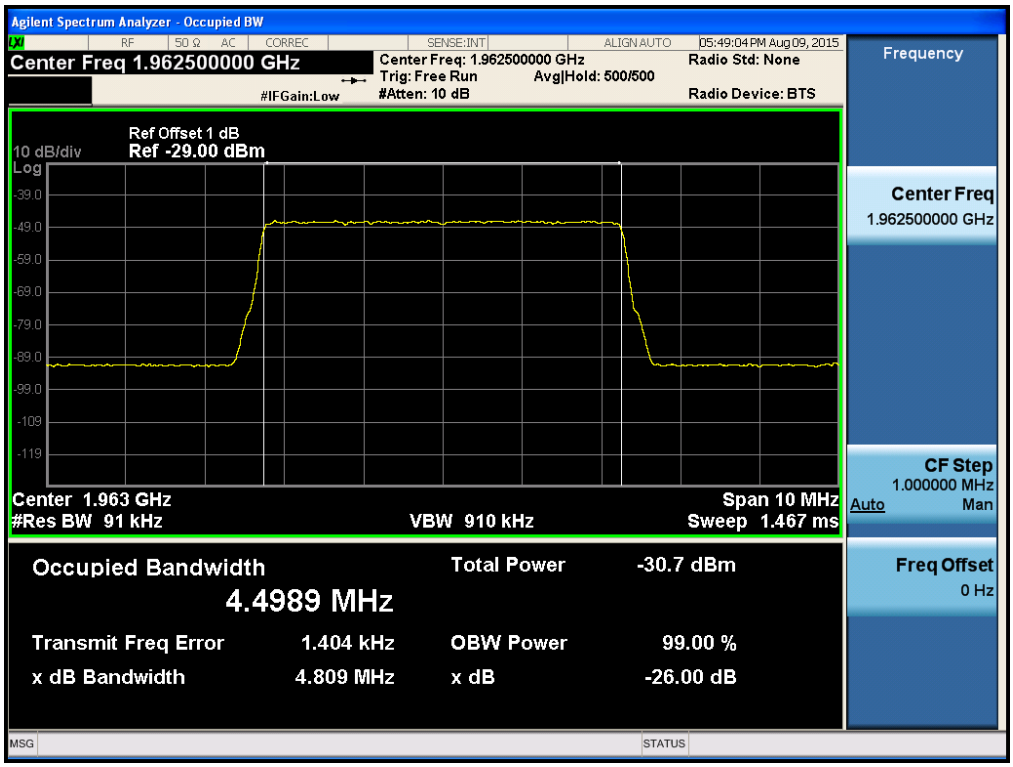
[AGC threshold Downlink Output WCDMA High]



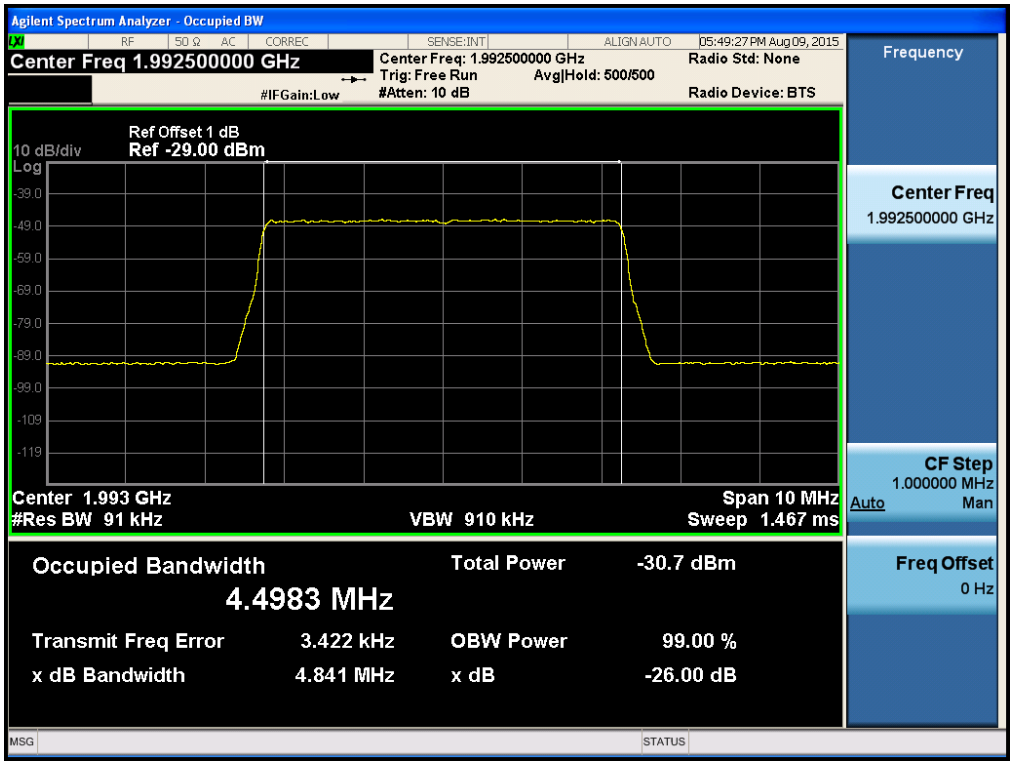
[AGC threshold Downlink Input LTE 5 MHz Low]



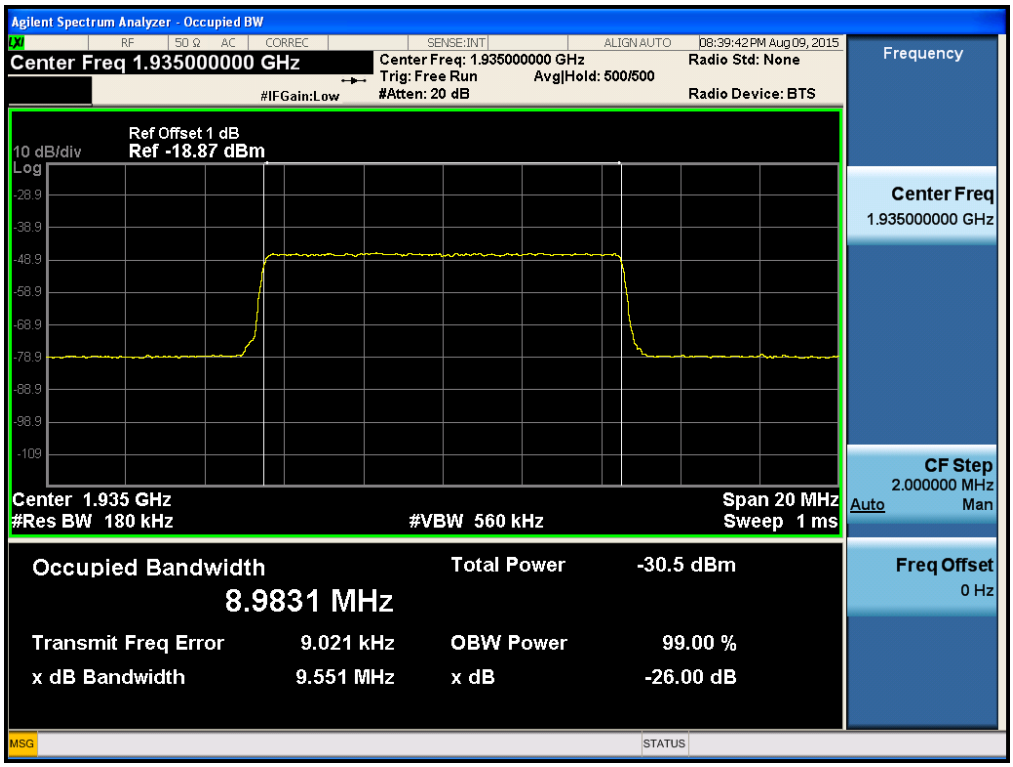
[AGC threshold Downlink Input LTE 5 MHz Middle]



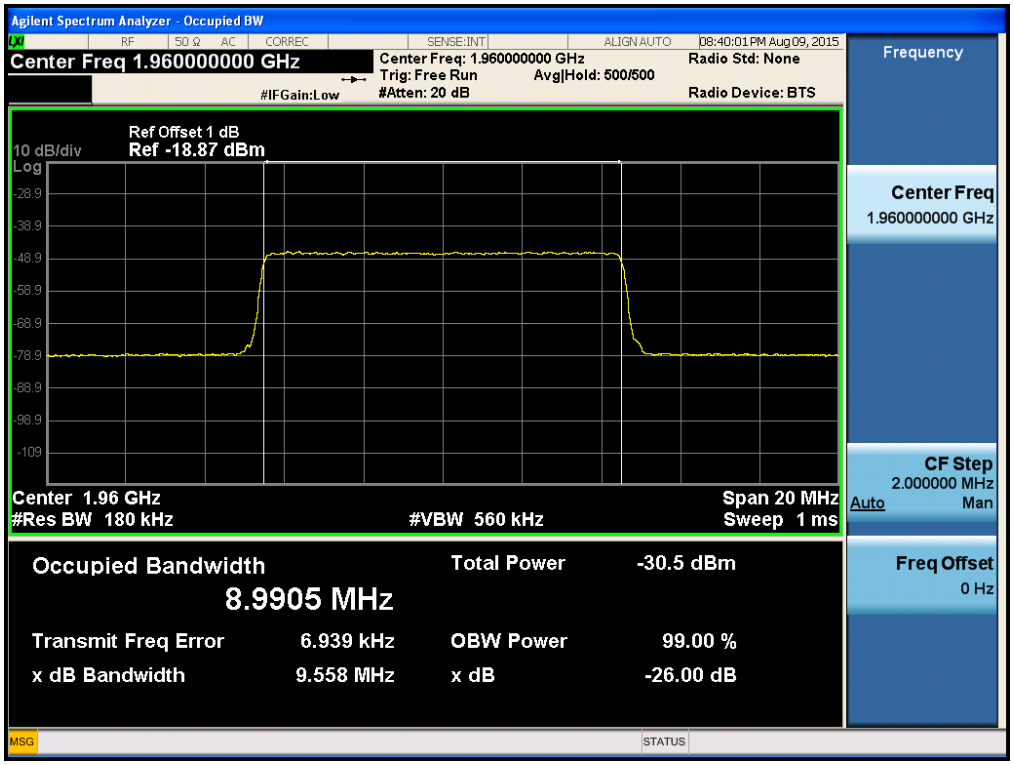
[AGC threshold Downlink Input LTE 5 MHz High]



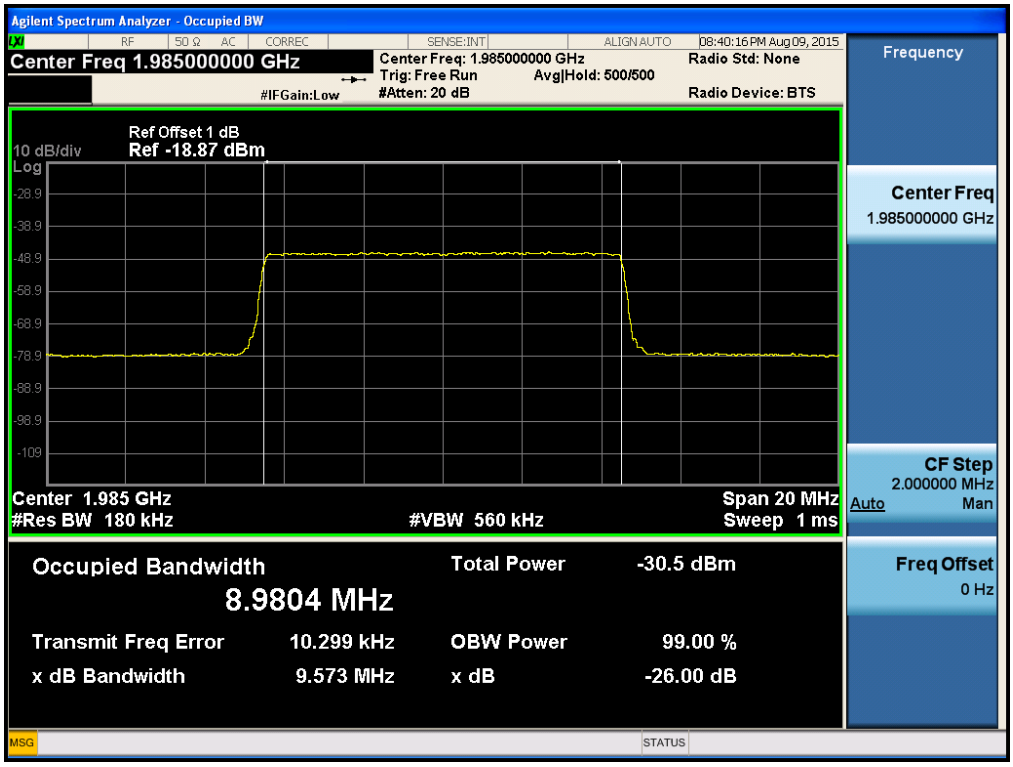
[AGC threshold Downlink Input LTE 10 MHz Low]



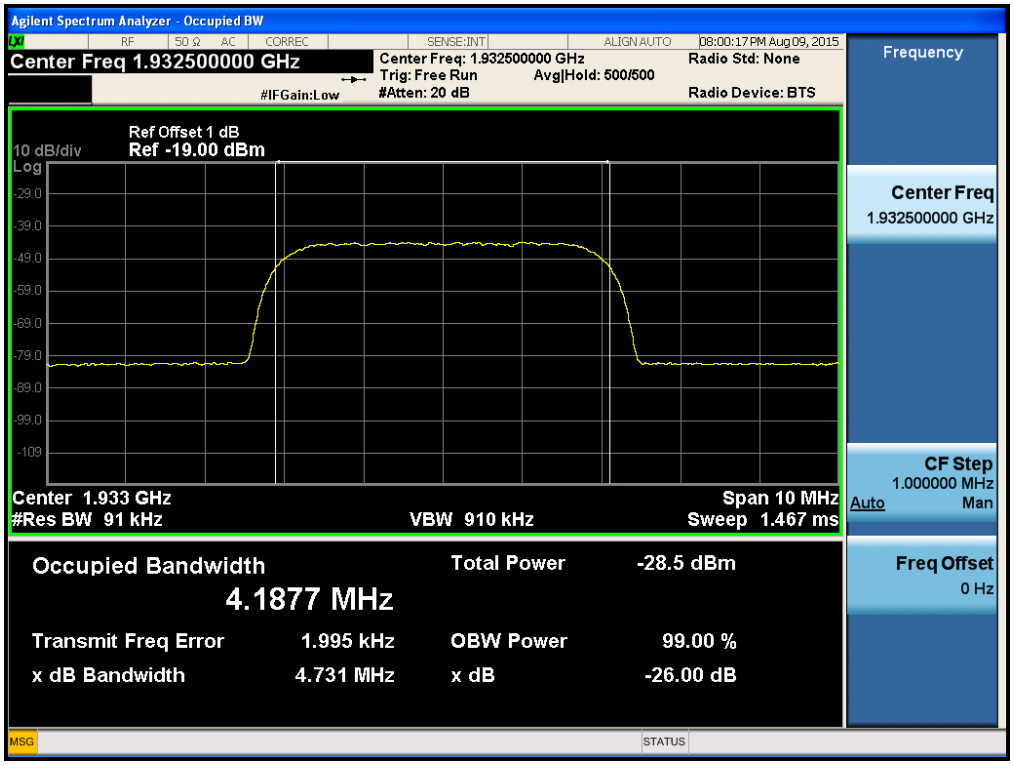
[AGC threshold Downlink Input LTE 10 MHz Middle]



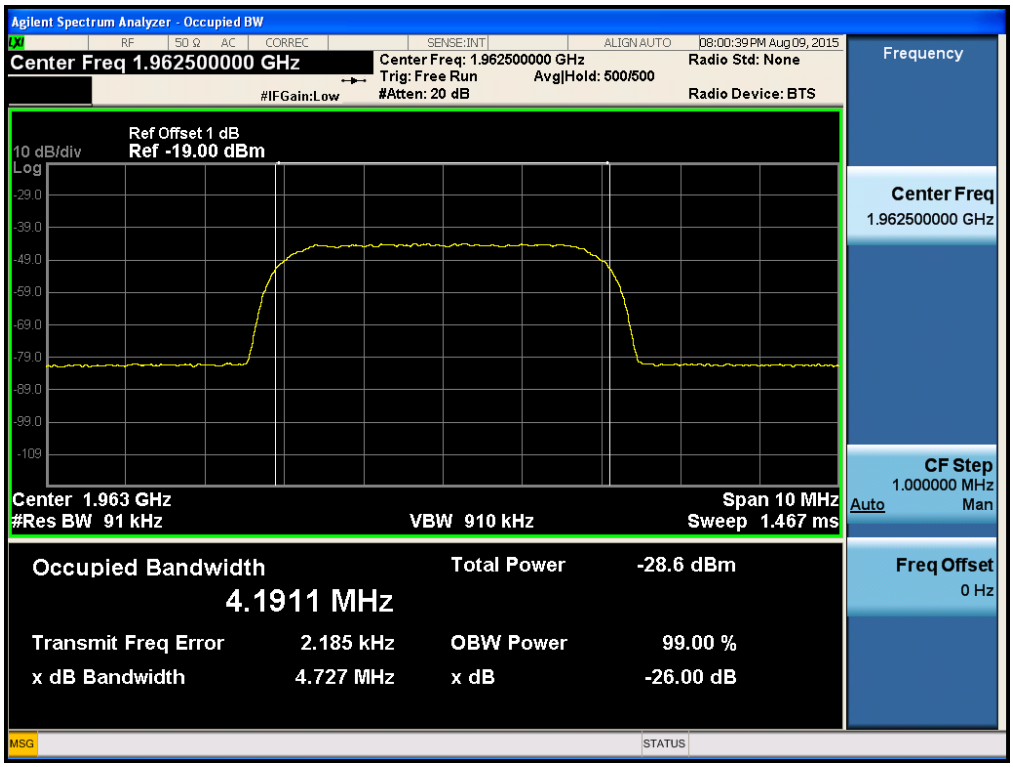
[AGC threshold Downlink Input LTE 10 MHz High]



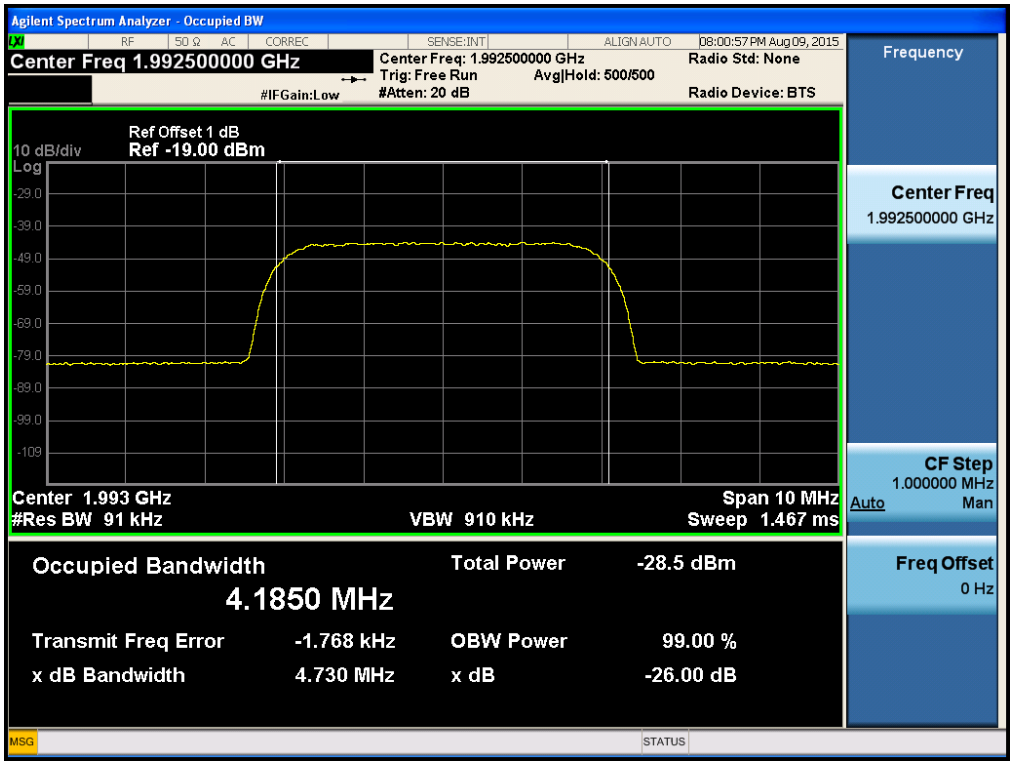
[AGC threshold Downlink Input WCDMA Low]



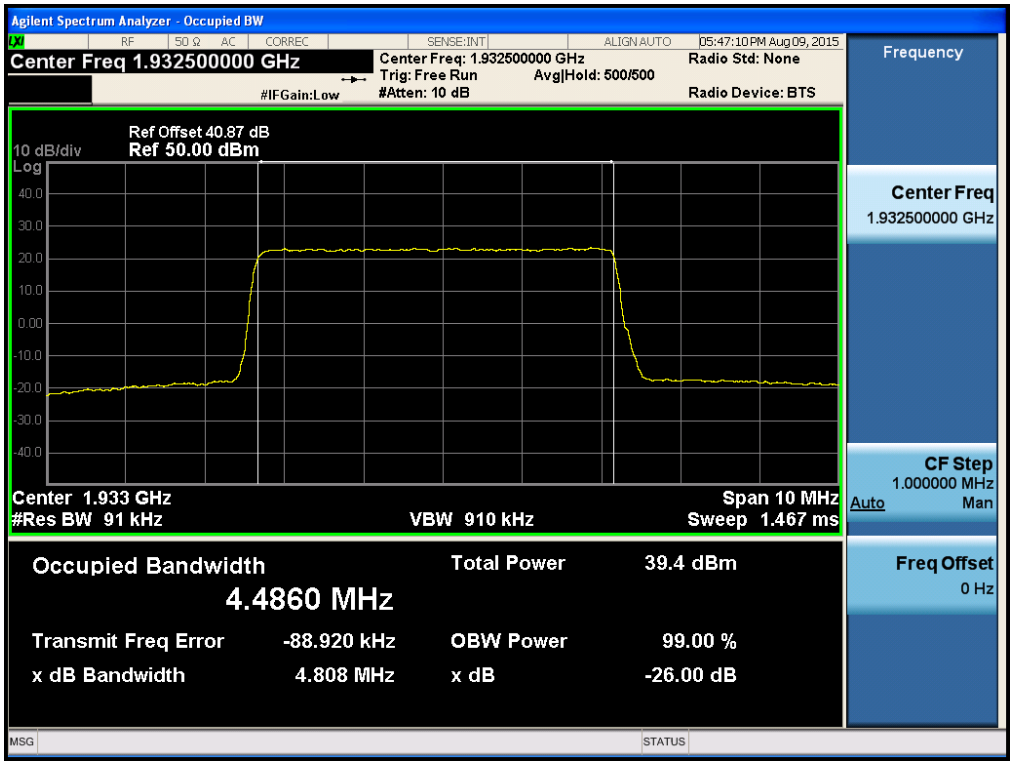
[AGC threshold Downlink Input WCDMA Middle]



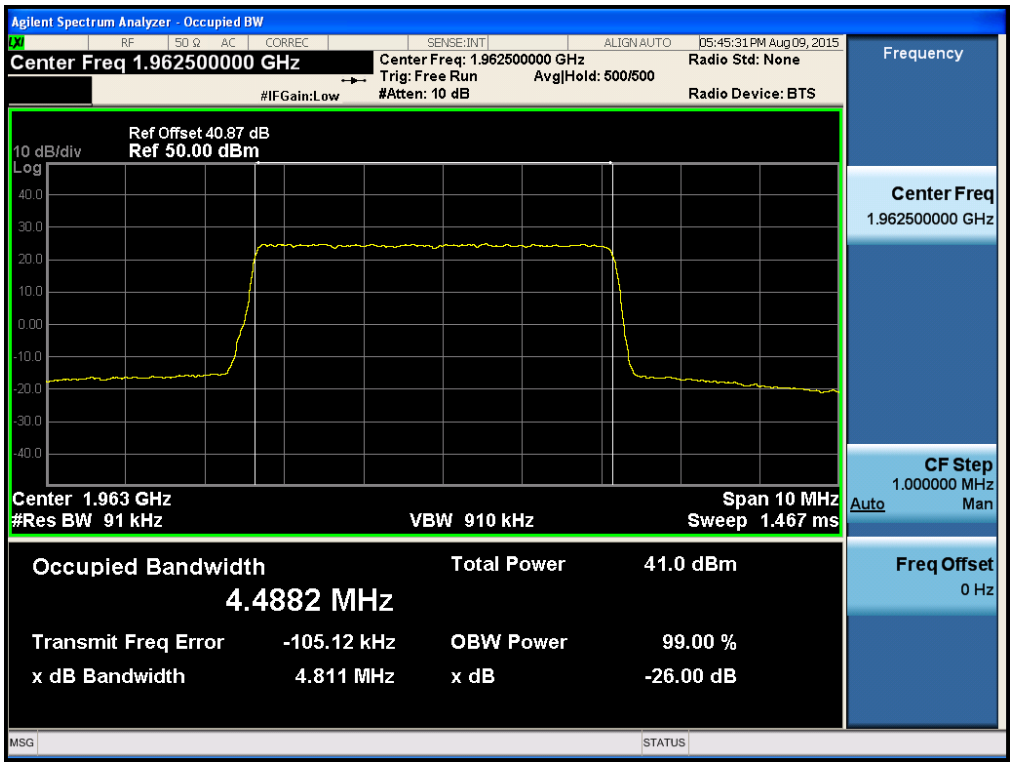
[AGC threshold Downlink Input WCDMA High]



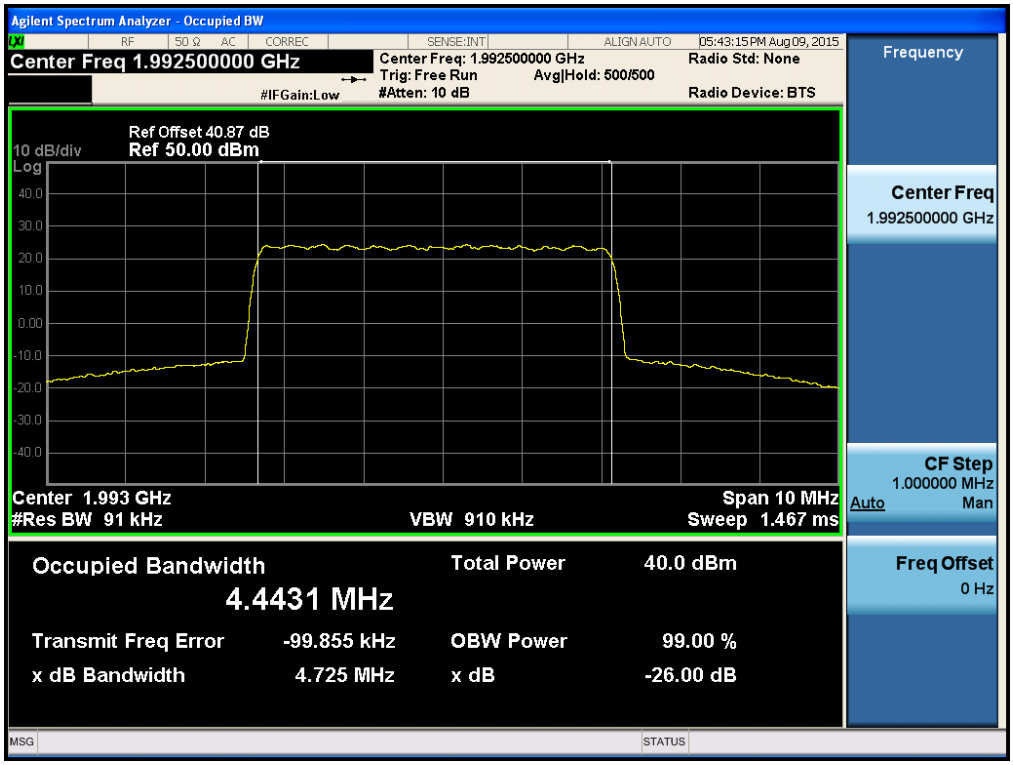
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink Output LTE 5 MHz Low]



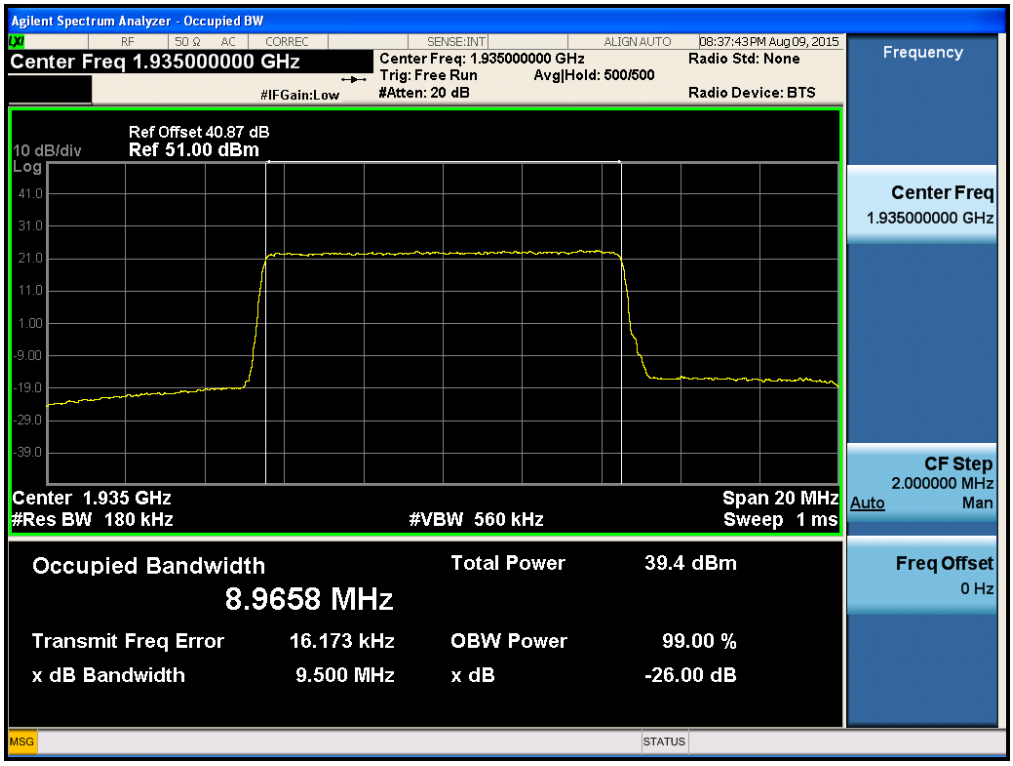
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink Output LTE 5 MHz Middle]



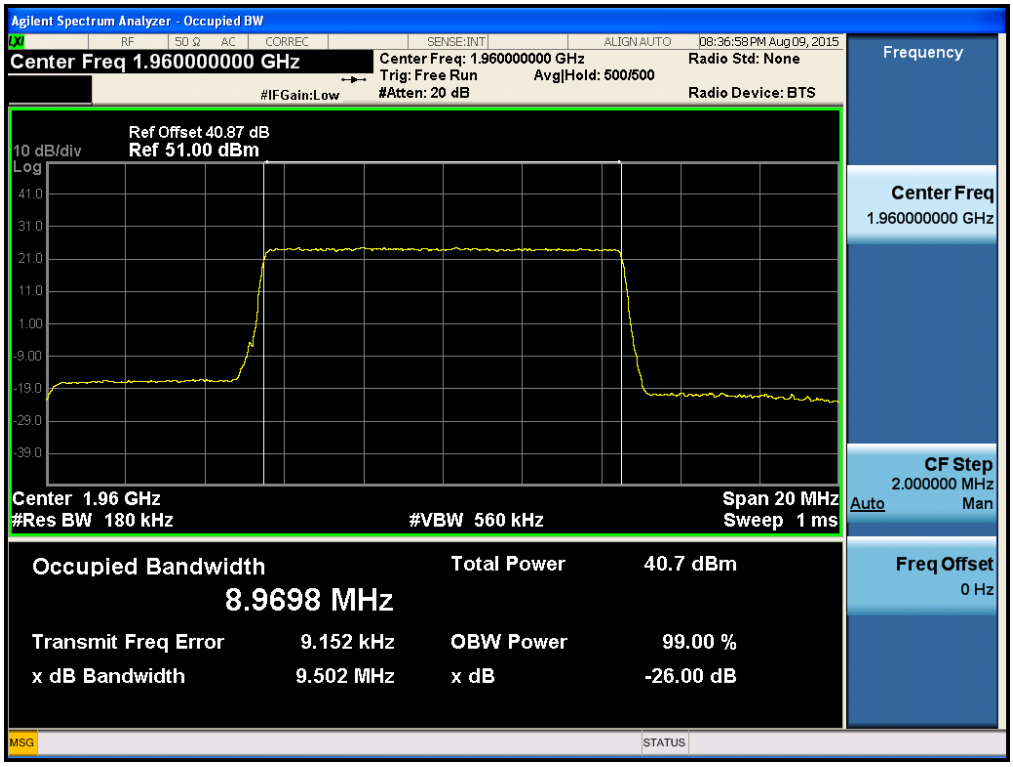
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink Output LTE 5 MHz High]



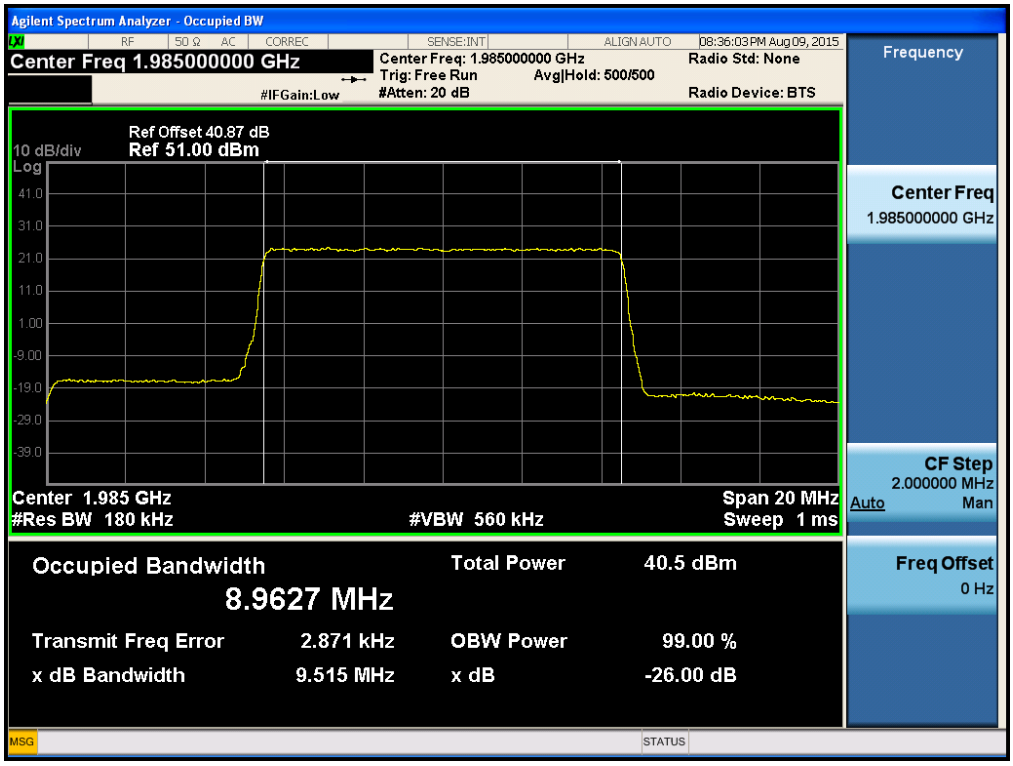
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink Output LTE 10 MHz Low]



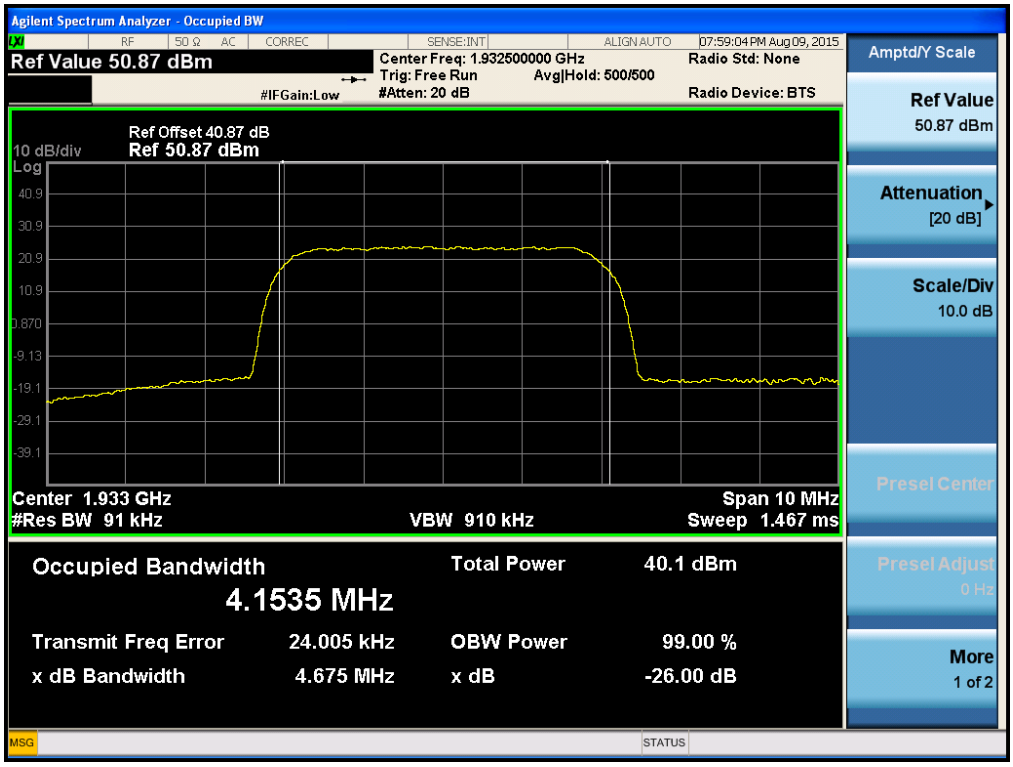
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink Output LTE 10 MHz Middle]



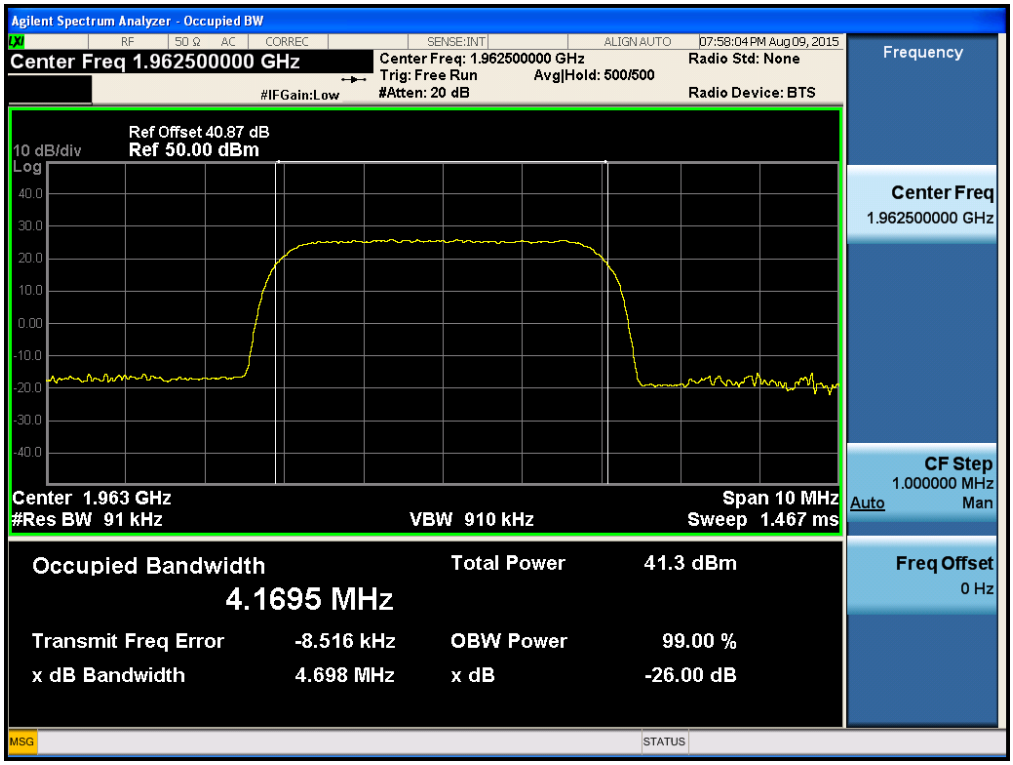
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink Output LTE 10 MHz High]



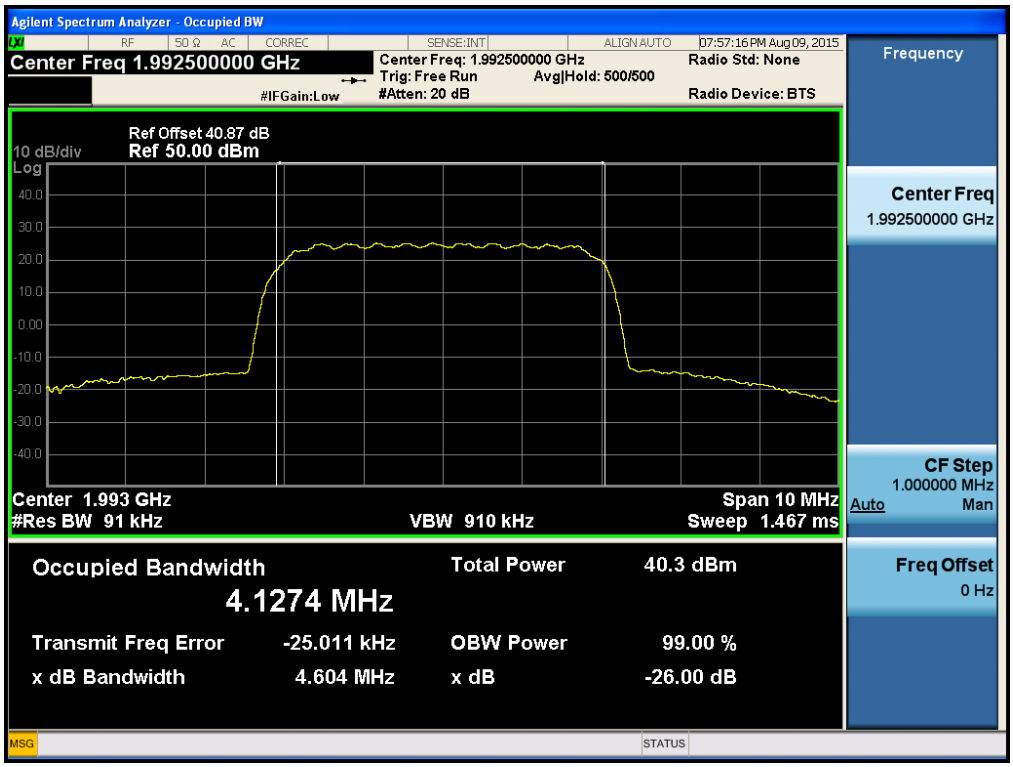
[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink Output WCDMA Low]



[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink Output WCDMA Middle]



[+3dB above the AGC threshold Downlink Output WCDMA High]



8. OUT OF BAND REJECTION

Test Requirement(s): KDB 935210 D02 v03

Out of Band Rejection – Test for rejection of out of band signals. Filter freq. response plots are acceptable.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.3 of KDB 935210 D05 v01.

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

b) Configure a swept CW signal with the following parameters:

1) Frequency range = ± 250 % of the passband from the center of the passband.

2) Level = a sufficient level to affirm that the out-of-band rejection is > 20 dB above the noise floor and will not engage the AGC during the entire sweep.

3) Dwell time = approx. 10 ms.

4) Number of points = SPAN/(RBW/2).

c) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.

d) Set the span of the spectrum analyzer to the same as the frequency range of the signal generator.

e) Set the resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer to be 1 % to 5 % of the passband and the video bandwidth shall be set to ≥ 3 × RBW.

f) Set the detector to Peak Max-Hold and wait for the spectrum analyzer's spectral display to fill.

g) Place a marker to the peak of the frequency response and record this frequency as f0.

h) Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below the −20 dB down amplitude to determine the 20 dB bandwidth. Capture the frequency response of the EUT.

Test Results: The EUT complies with the requirements of this section.

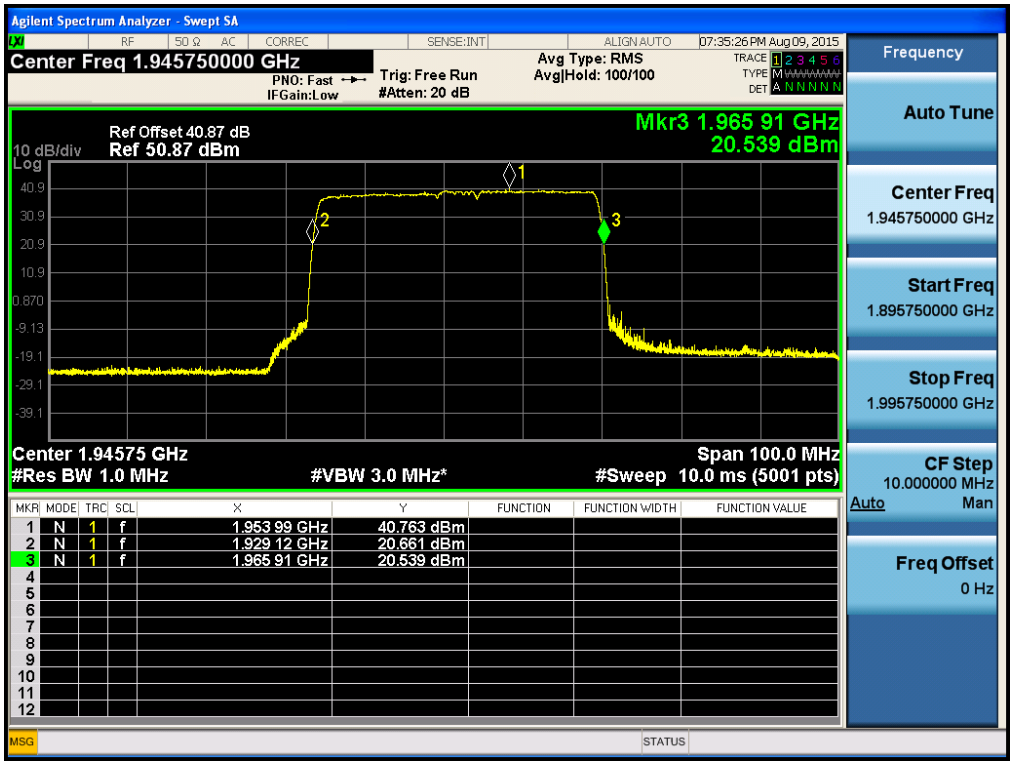
Input Level (dBm) Input Signal : Sinusoidal	Maximum Amp Gain
DL: -30 dBm	DL : 70 dB

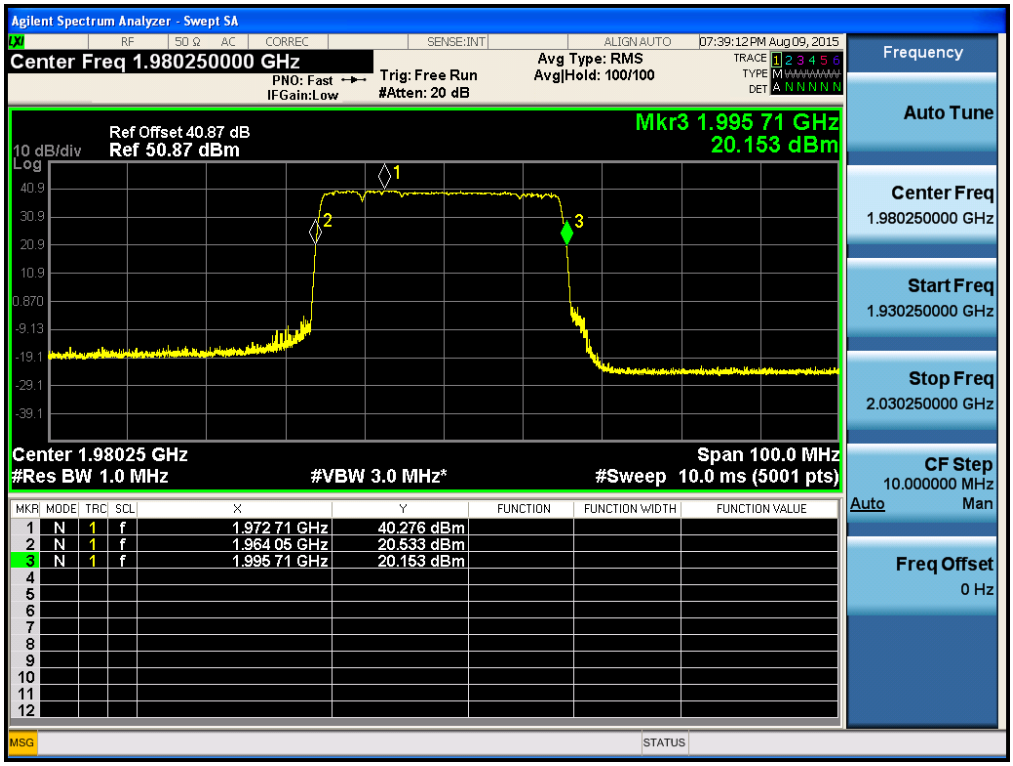
[Downlink]

20 dB point frequency (MHz)	Output power (dBm)	Gain (dB)
1929.120 MHz ~ 1965.910 MHz	40.76	70.76
1964.050 MHz ~ 1995.710 MHz	40.28	70.28

Plots of Out of Band Rejection

[Downlink]





9. SPURIOUS AND HARMONIC EMISSION AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

Test Requirement(s):

§ 2.1051 Measurements required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals:

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in § 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

§ 24.238 Emission limitations for Broadband PCS equipment.

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Broadband Personal Communications Service.

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(c) Alternative out of band emission limit. Licensees in this service may establish an alternative out of band emission limit to be used at specified band edge(s) in specified geographical areas, in lieu of that set forth in this section, pursuant to a private contractual arrangement of all affected licensees and applicants. In this event, each party to such contract shall maintain a copy of the contract in their station files and disclose it to prospective assignees or transferees and, upon request, to the FCC.

(d) Interference caused by out of band emissions. If any emission from a transmitter operating in this service results in interference to users of another radio service, the FCC

may require a greater attenuation of that emission than specified in this section.

Test Procedures: Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.6 of KDB 935210 D05 v01.

1. General

Spurious emissions shall be measured using a single test signal sequentially tuned to the low, middle and high channels or frequencies within each authorized frequency band of operation.

Out-of-band/block emissions (including intermodulation products) shall be measured under each of the following two stimulus conditions:

a) two adjacent test signals sequentially tuned to the lower and upper frequency band/block edges;

b) a single test signal, sequentially tuned to the lowest and highest frequencies or channels within the frequency band/block under examination.

NOTE—Single channel boosters that cannot accommodate two simultaneous signals within the passband, can be excluded from the test stipulated in step a).

2. EUT out-of-band/block emissions conducted measurement

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

NOTE—If the signal generator is not capable of generating two modulated carriers simultaneously, then two discrete signal generators can be connected with an appropriate combining network to support the two-tone test.

b) Set the signal generator to produce two AWGN signals as previously described (e.g., 4.1 MHz OBW).

c) Set the center frequencies such that the AWGN signals occupy adjacent channels, as defined by industry standards such as 3GPP or 3GPP2, at the upper edge of the frequency band or block of interest.

d) Set the composite power levels such that the input signal is just below the AGC threshold (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below. The composite power can be measured using the procedures provided in KDB Publication 971168, but it will be necessary to expand the power integration bandwidth so as to include both of the transmit channels. Alternatively, the composite power can be measured using an average power meter as described in KDB Publication 971168.

e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.

f) Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band (typically 1 % of the emission bandwidth, 100 kHz, or 1 MHz)

g) Set the VBW = 3 × RBW.

h) Set the detector to power averaging (rms) detector.
i) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.
j) Set the analyzer start frequency to the upper block edge frequency and the stop frequency to the upper block edge frequency plus 300 kHz or 3 MHz for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively.
k) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.
l) Use the marker function to find the maximum power level.
m) Capture the spectrum analyzer trace of the power level for inclusion in the test report.
n) Repeat the procedure with the composite input power level set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.
o) Reset the input signals frequencies to the lower edge of the frequency block or band under examination.
p) Reset the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the lower block edge frequency minus 300 kHz, or 3 MHz (for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively), and the stop frequency to the lower band or block edge frequency.
q) Repeat steps k) to n).
r) Repeat steps a) to q) with the signal generator configured for a single test signal tuned as close as possible to the block edges.
s) Repeat steps a) to r) with the narrowband test signal.
t) Repeat steps a) to s) for all authorized frequency bands or blocks used by the EUT.

3. EUT spurious emissions conducted measurement
a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
b) Set the signal generator to produce the broadband test signal as previously described (e.g., 4.1 MHz OBW AWGN).
c) Set the center frequency of the test signal to the lowest available channel within the frequency band or block.
d) Set the EUT input power to a level that is just below the AGC threshold (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below.
e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
f) Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band of operation (e.g., reference bandwidth is typically 100 kHz or 1 MHz).
g) Set the VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.
h) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.
i) Set the analyzer start frequency to the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, and the stop frequency to the lower band/block edge frequency minus 100 kHz or 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part.

NOTE—The number of measurement points in each sweep must be ≥ (2 × span/RBW) which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.

j) Select the power averaging (rms) detector function.

k) Trace average at least 10 traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.

l) Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each measured frequency range. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report.

m) Reset the analyzer start frequency to the upper band/block edge frequency plus 100 kHz or 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part, and the analyzer stop frequency to 10 times the highest frequency of the fundamental emission (see §2.1057). Note that the number of measurement points in each sweep must be ≥ (2 × span/RBW) which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.

n) Trace average at least 10 traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.

o) Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each of the measured frequency ranges. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report and provide tabular data, if required.

p) Repeat the procedure with the input test signals tuned to a middle band/block frequency/channel and then a high band/block frequency/channel.

q) Repeat entire procedure with the narrowband test signal.

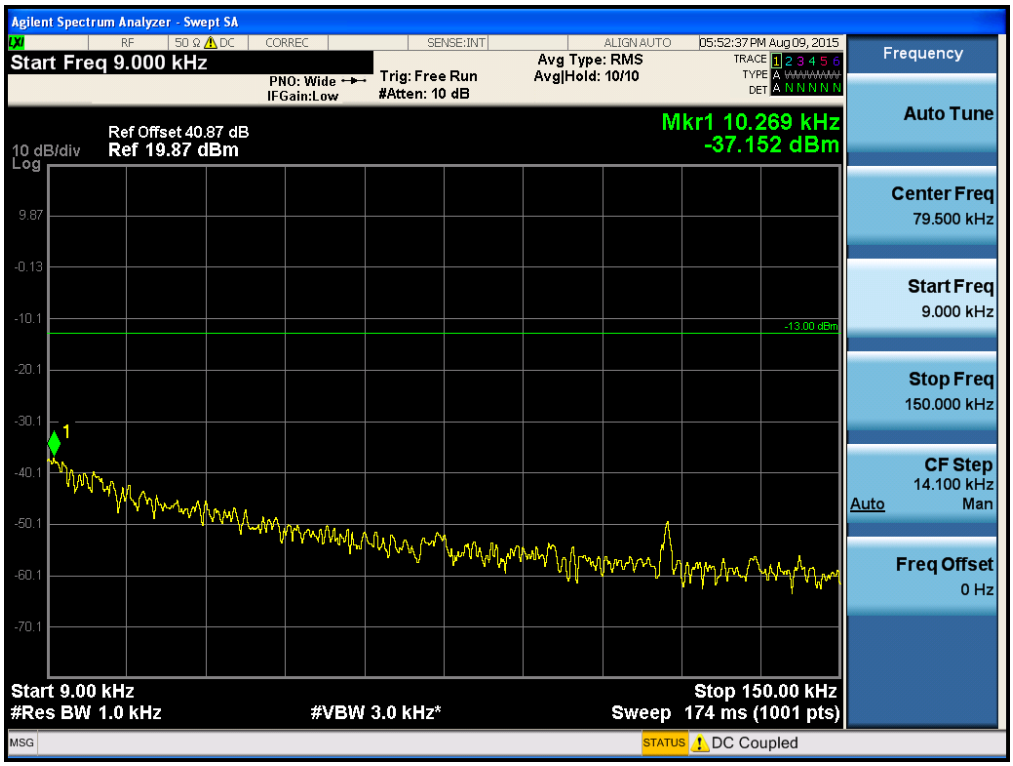
r) Repeat for all authorized frequency bands/blocks used by the EUT.

Test Results: The EUT complies with the requirements of this section. There were no Detectable Spurious emissions for this EUT.

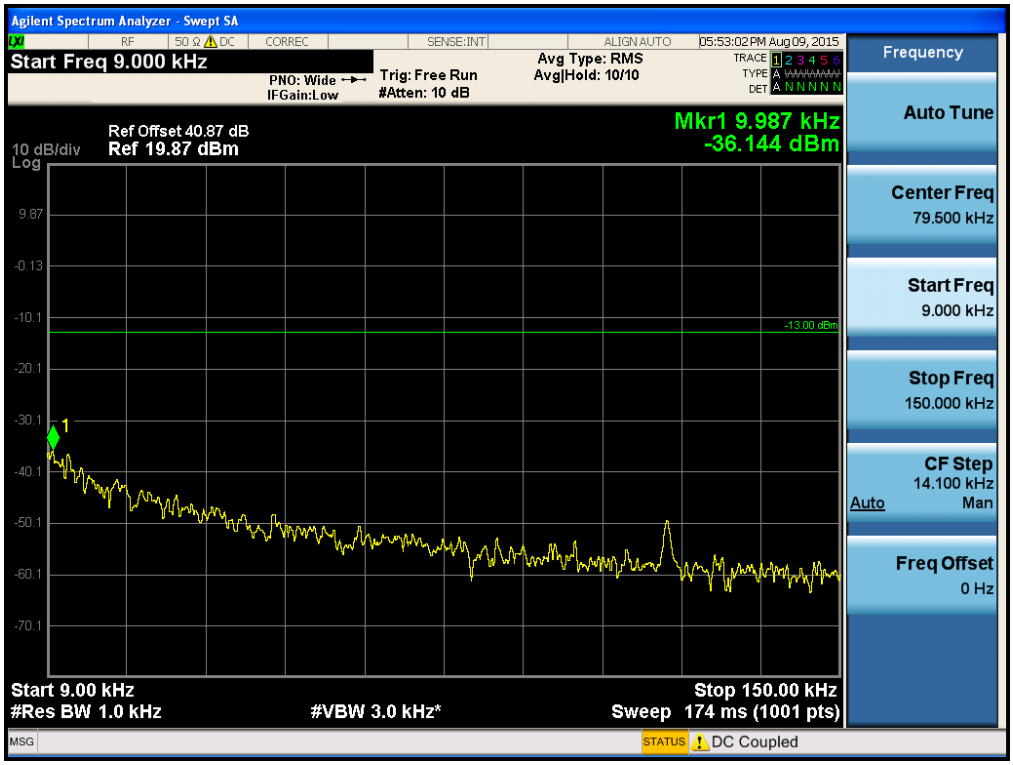
Plots of Spurious Emission

Conducted Spurious Emissions (9 kHz – 150 kHz)

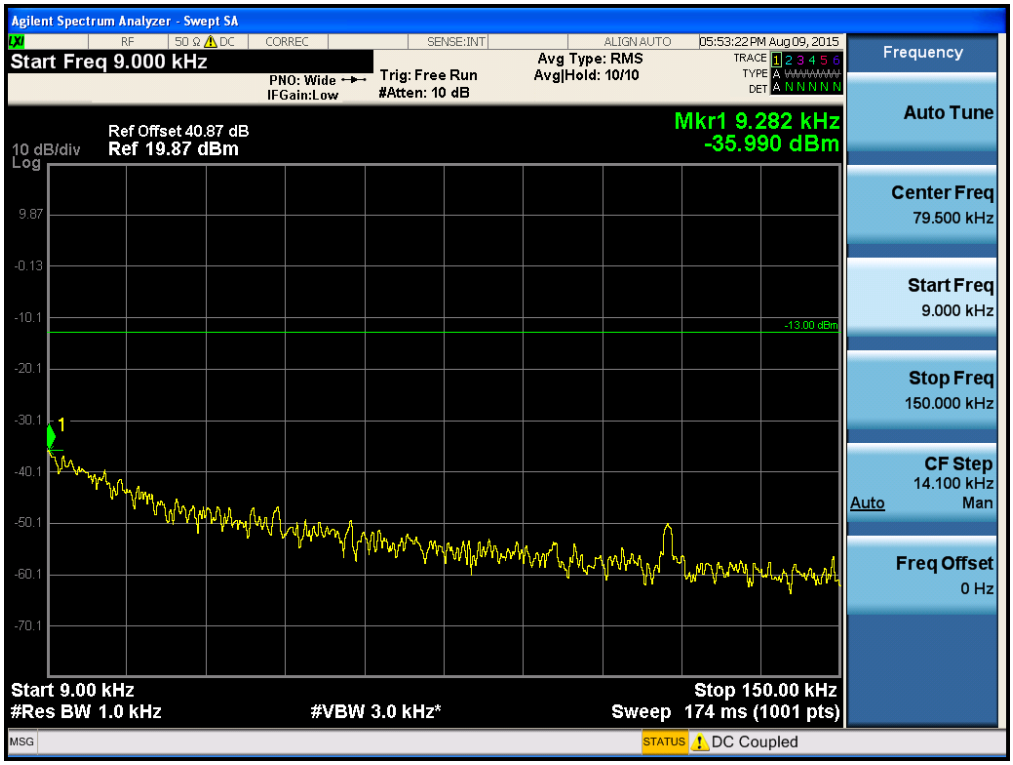
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink Low]



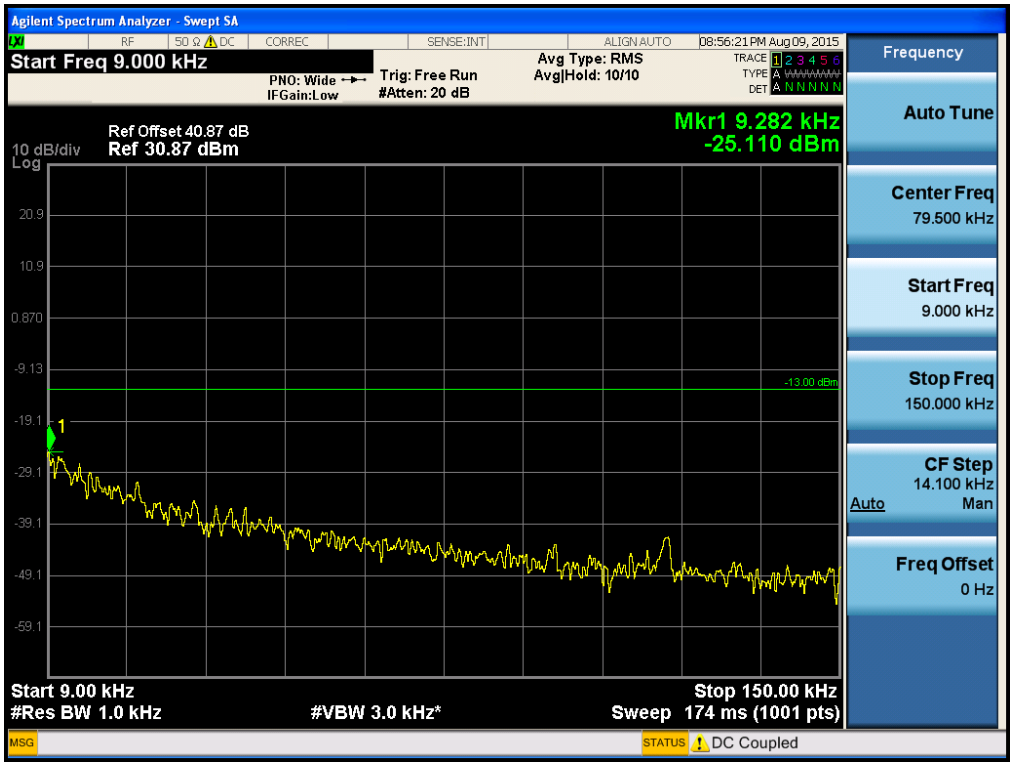
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink Middle]



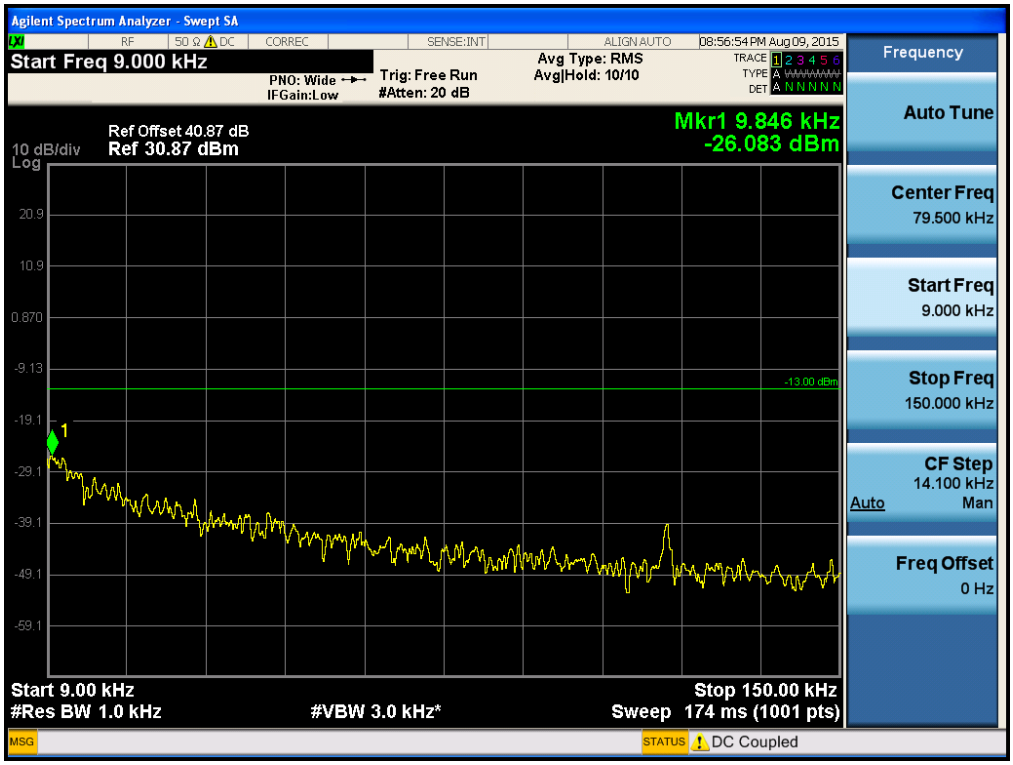
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink High]



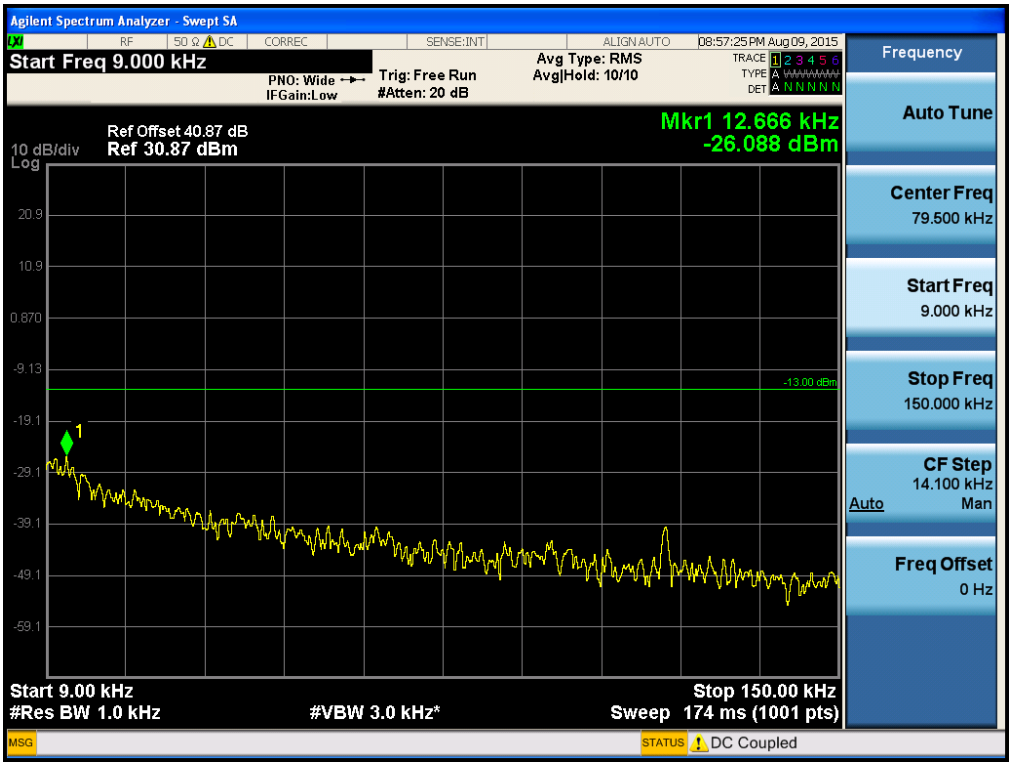
[LTE 10 MHz Downlink Low]



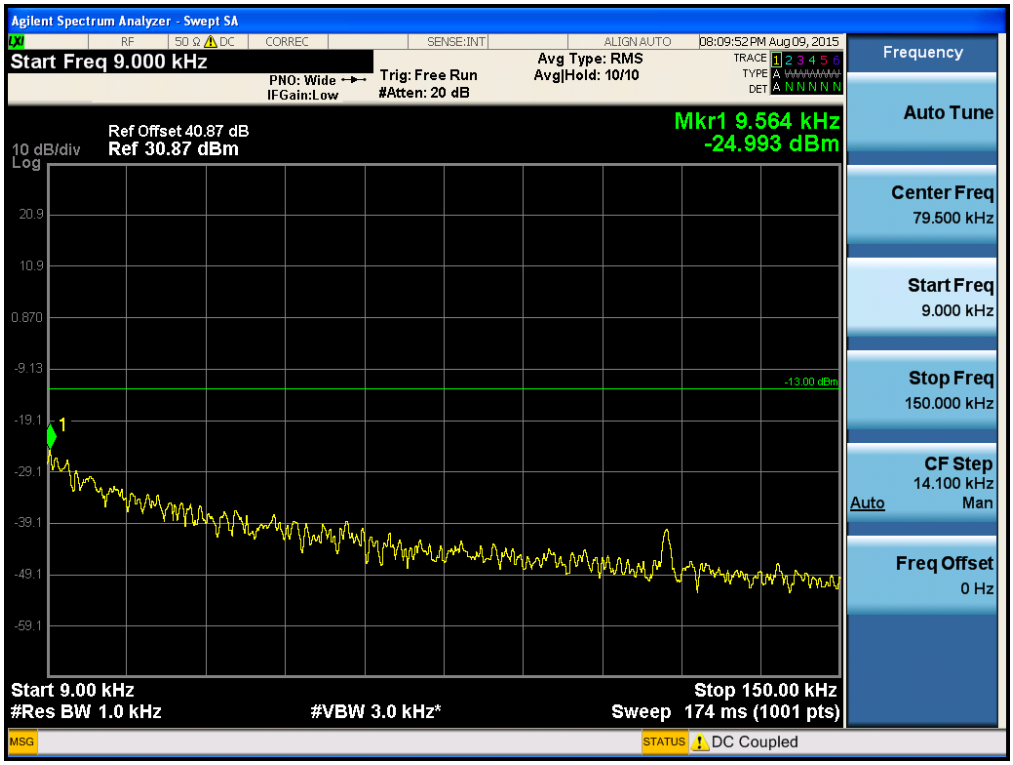
[LTE 10 MHz Downlink Middle]



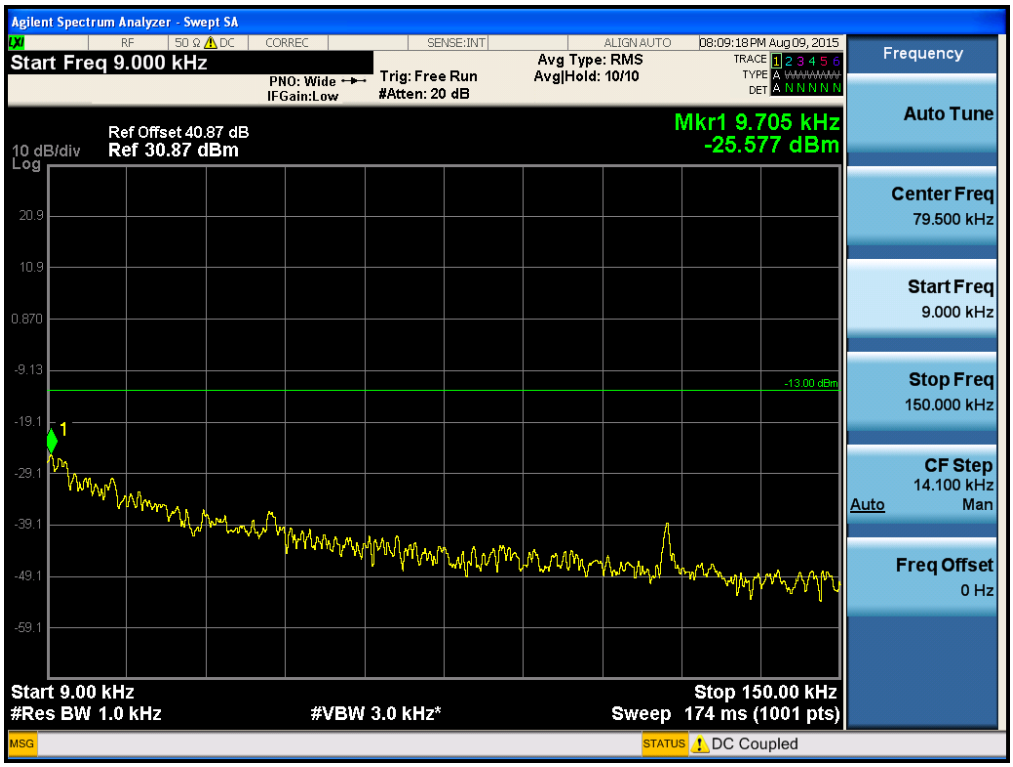
[LTE 10 MHz Downlink High]



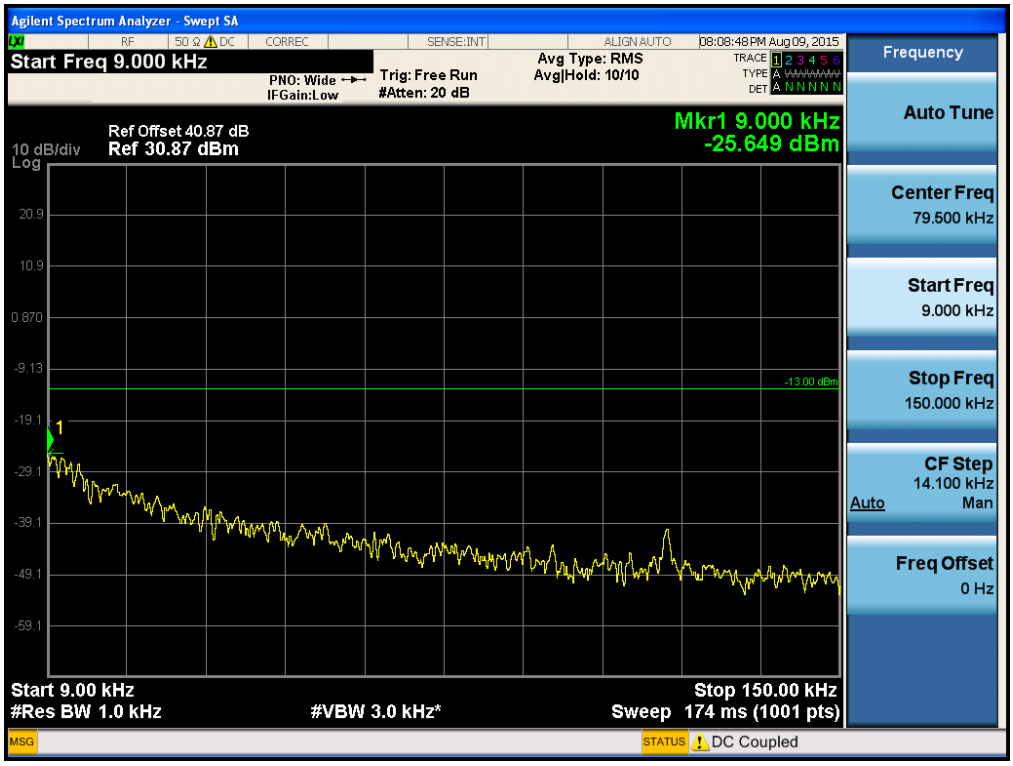
[WCDMA Downlink Low]



[WCDMA Downlink Middle]

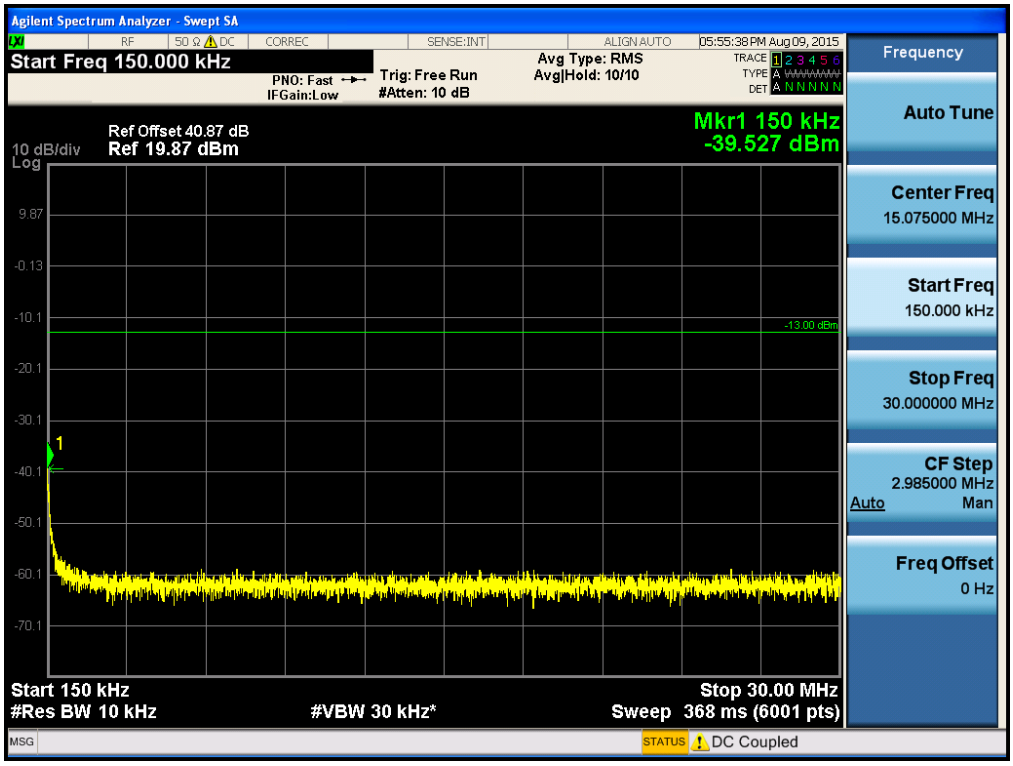


[WCDMA Downlink High]

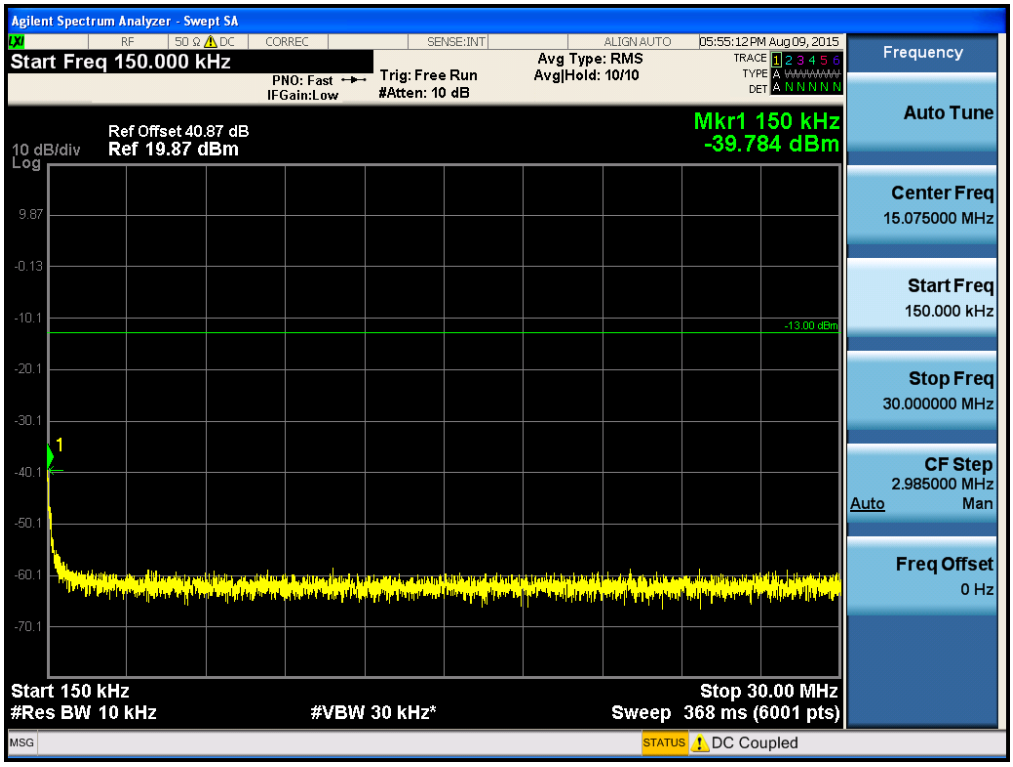


Conducted Spurious Emissions (150 kHz – 30 MHz)

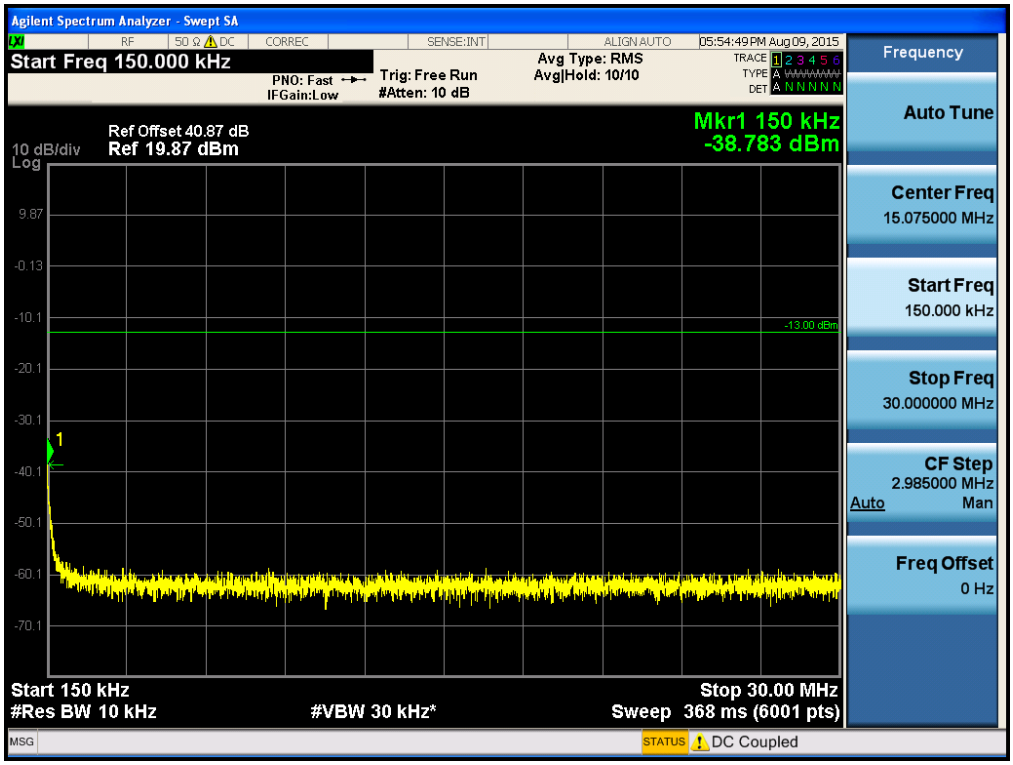
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink Low]



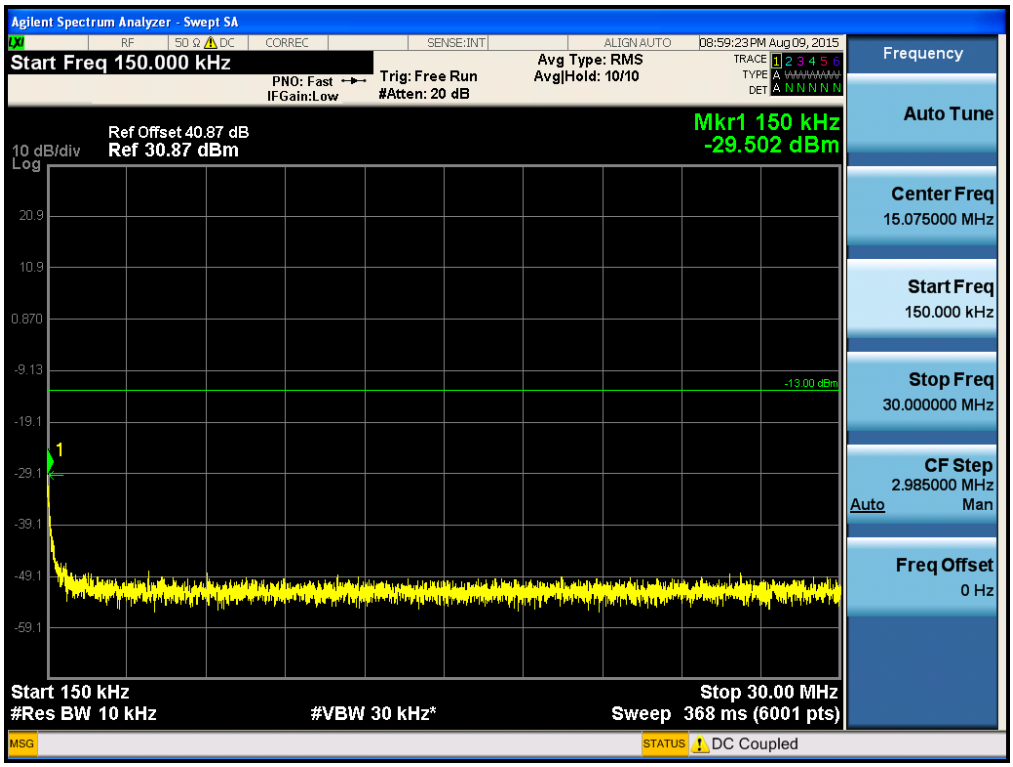
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink Middle]



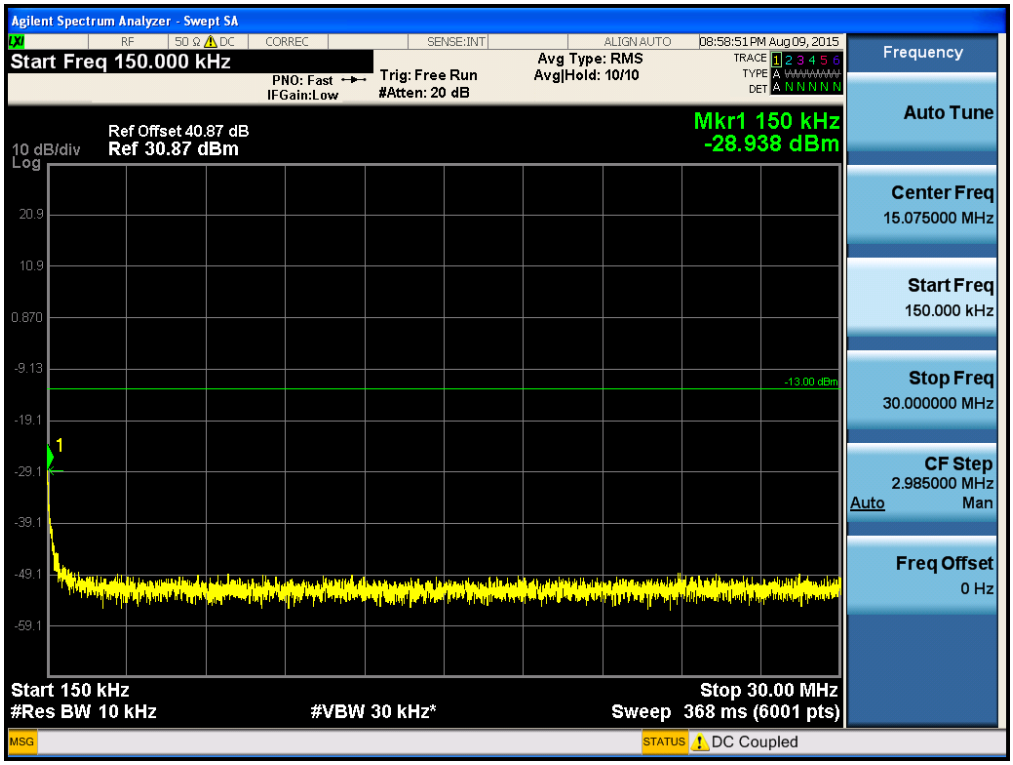
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink High]



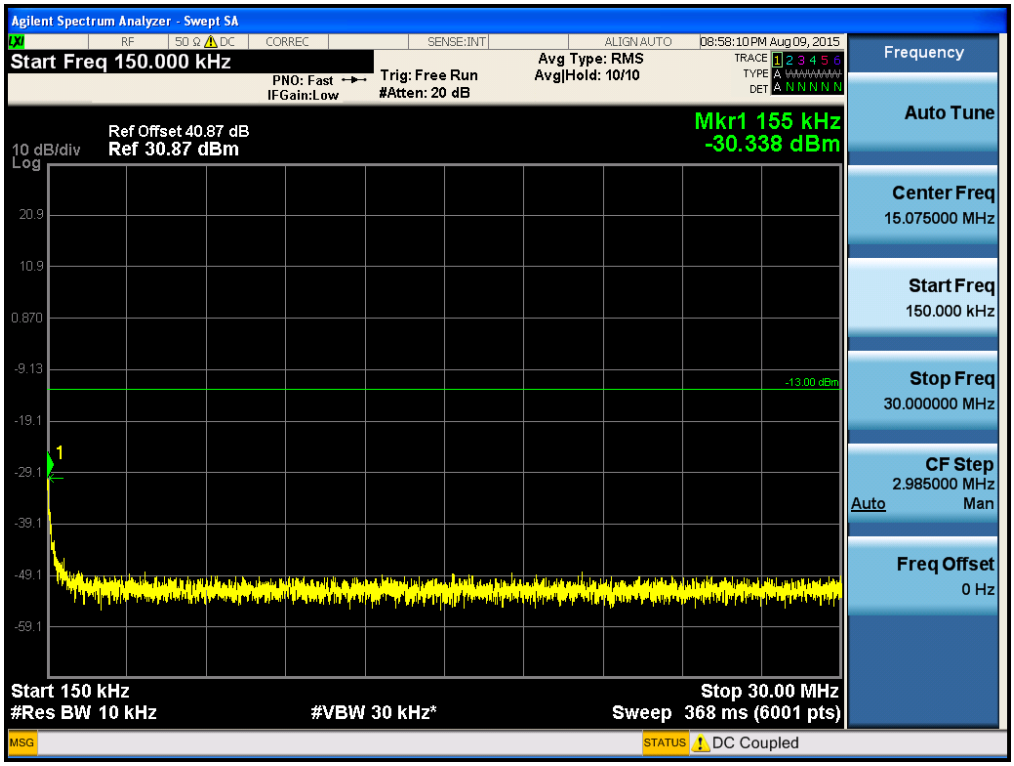
[LTE 10 MHz Downlink Low]



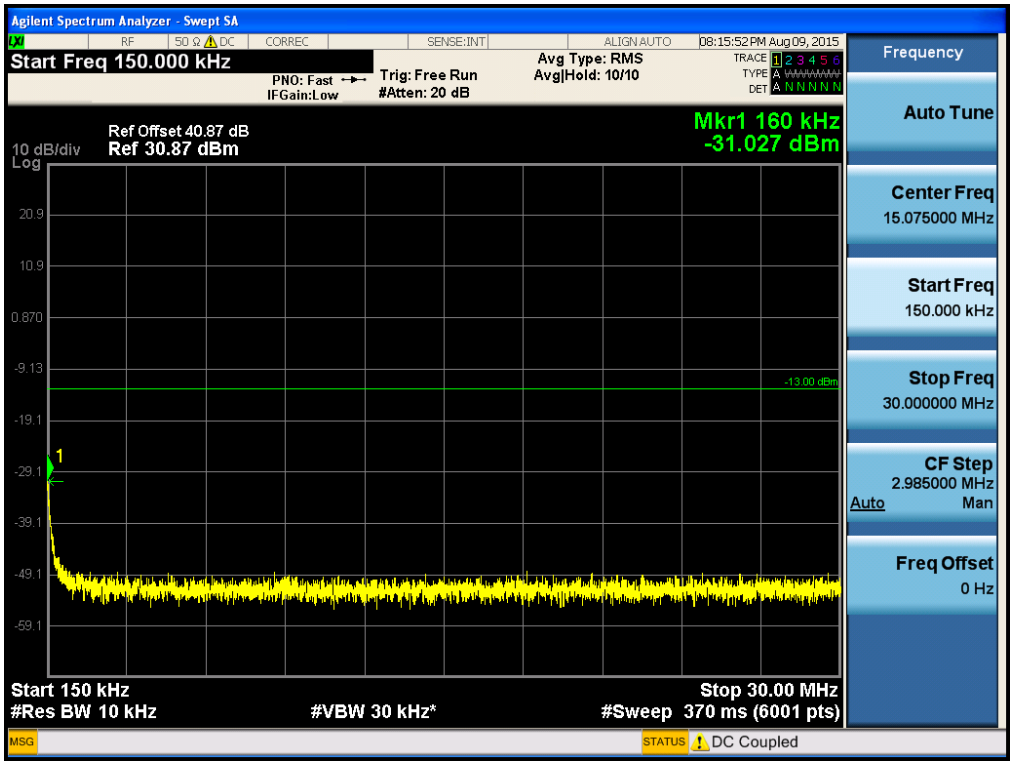
[LTE 10 MHz Downlink Middle]



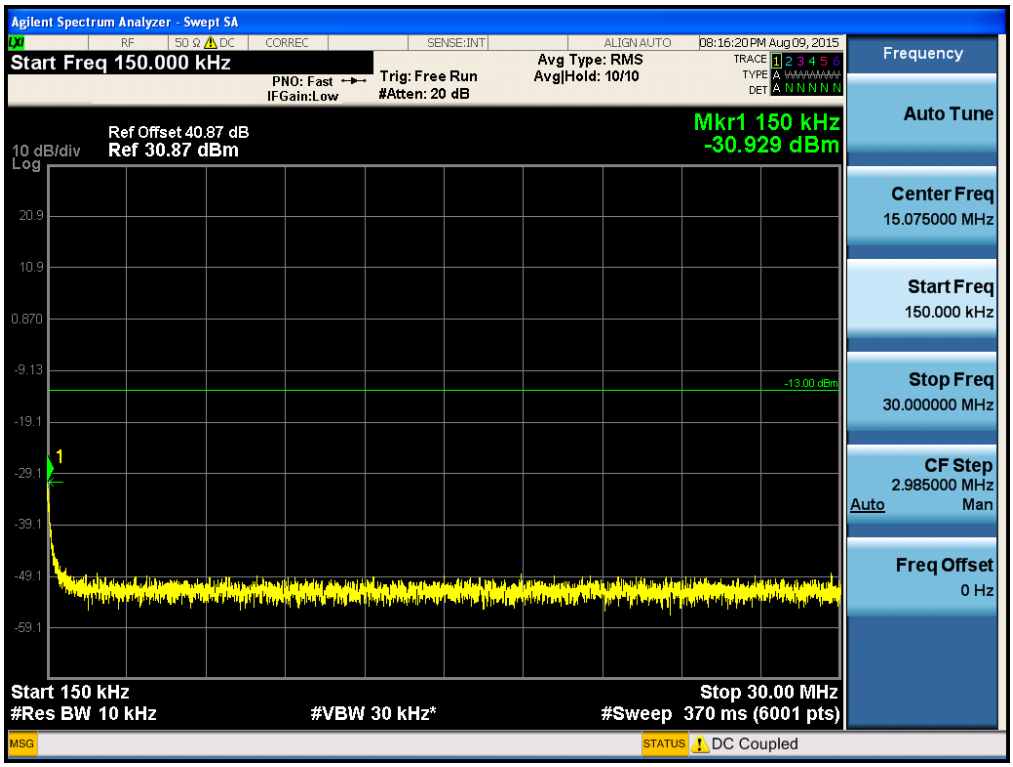
[LTE 10 MHz Downlink High]



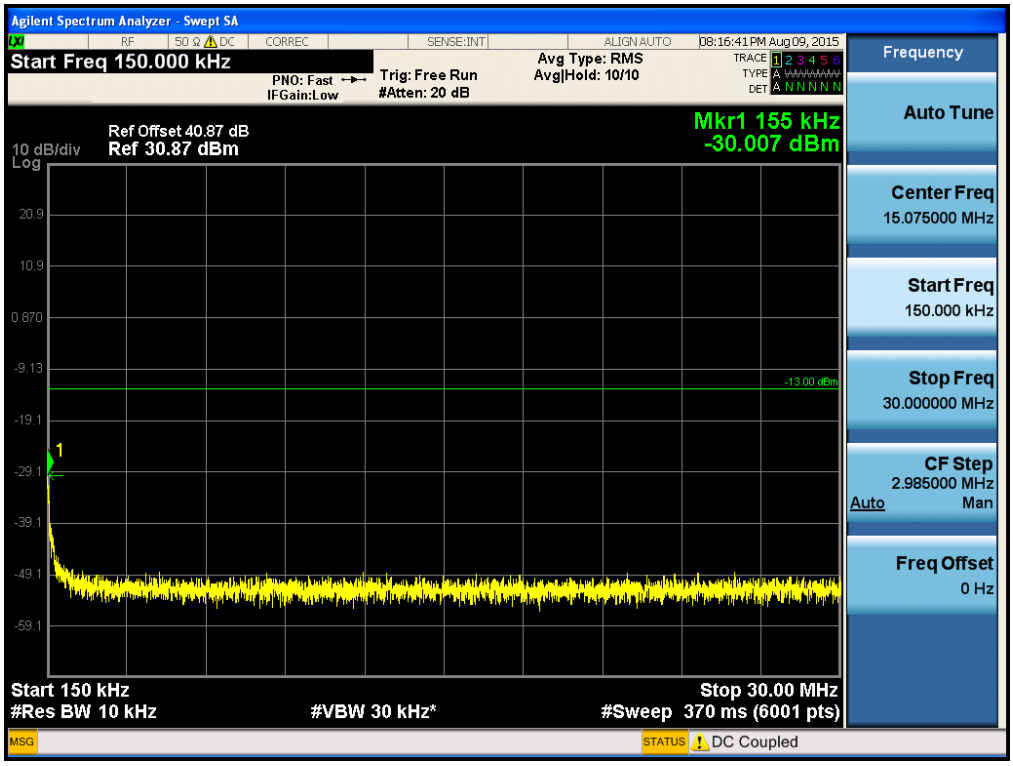
[WCDMA Downlink Low]



[WCDMA Downlink Middle]

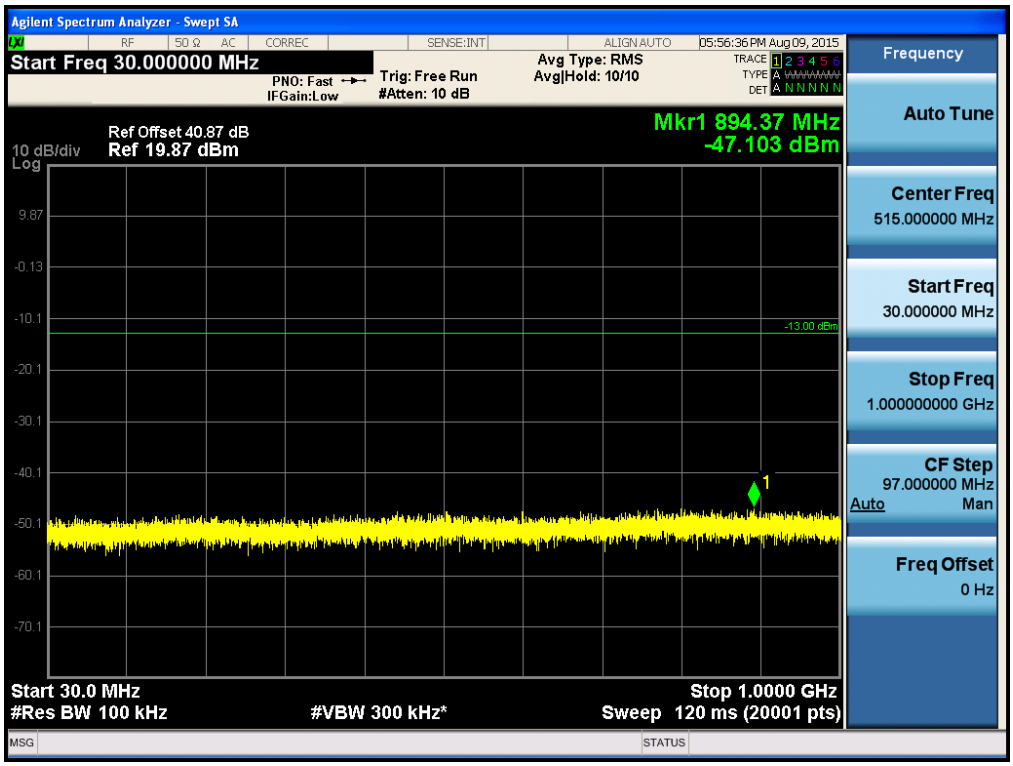


[WCDMA Downlink High]

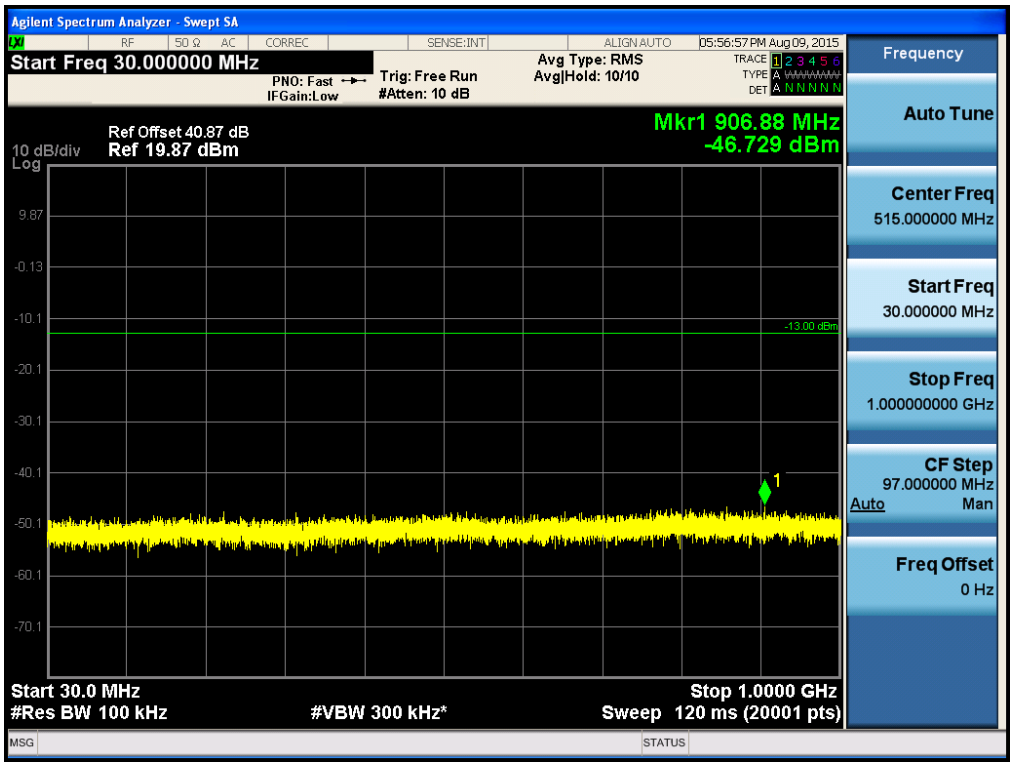


Conducted Spurious Emissions (30 MHz – 1 GHz)

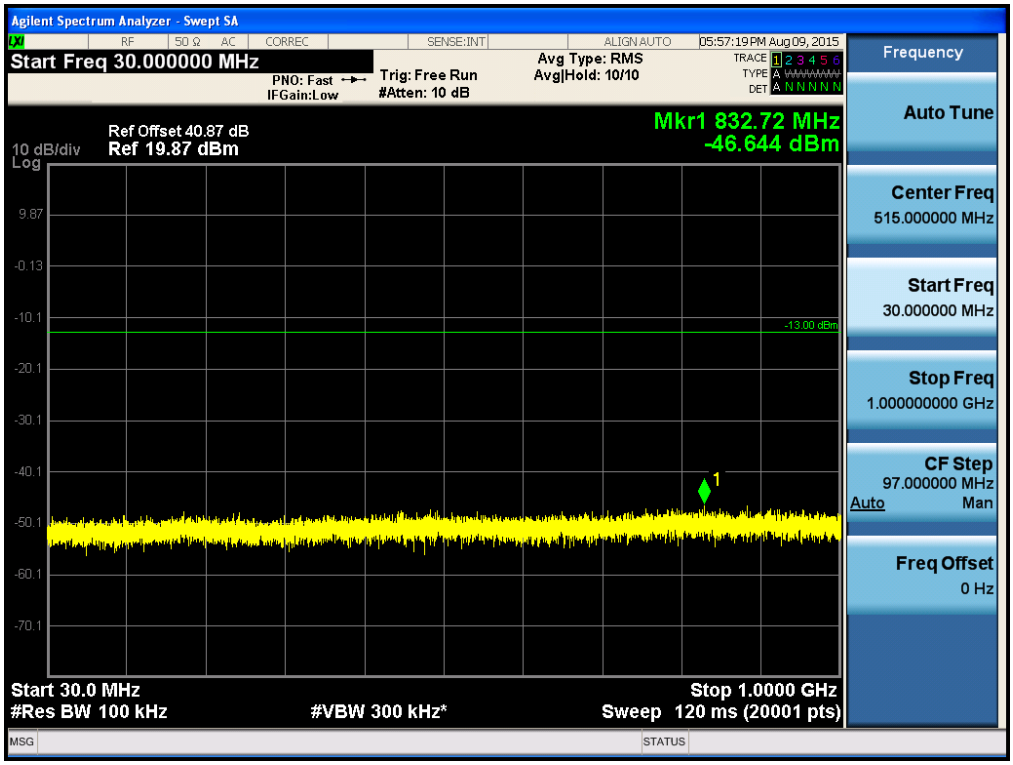
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink Low]



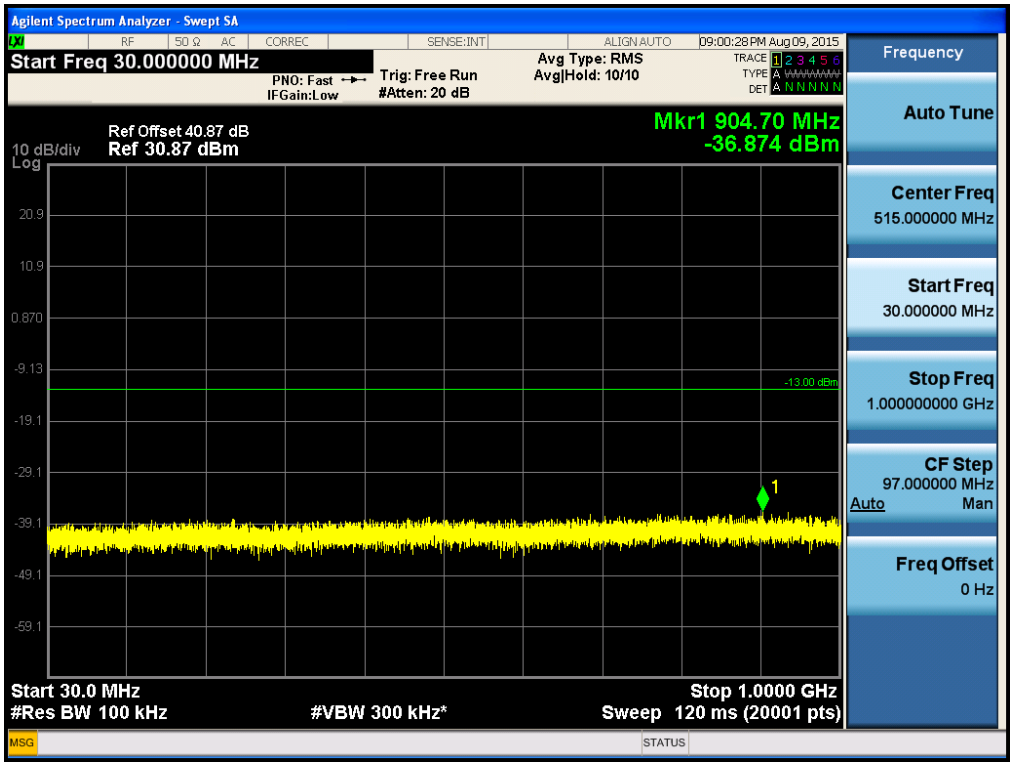
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink Middle]



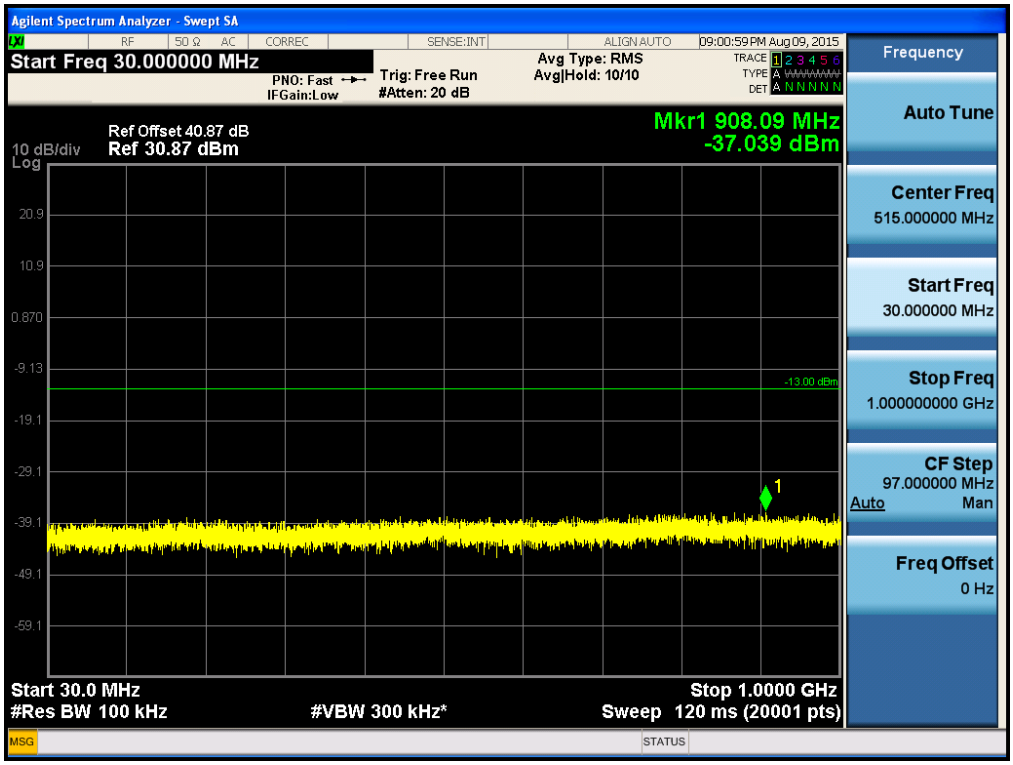
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink High]



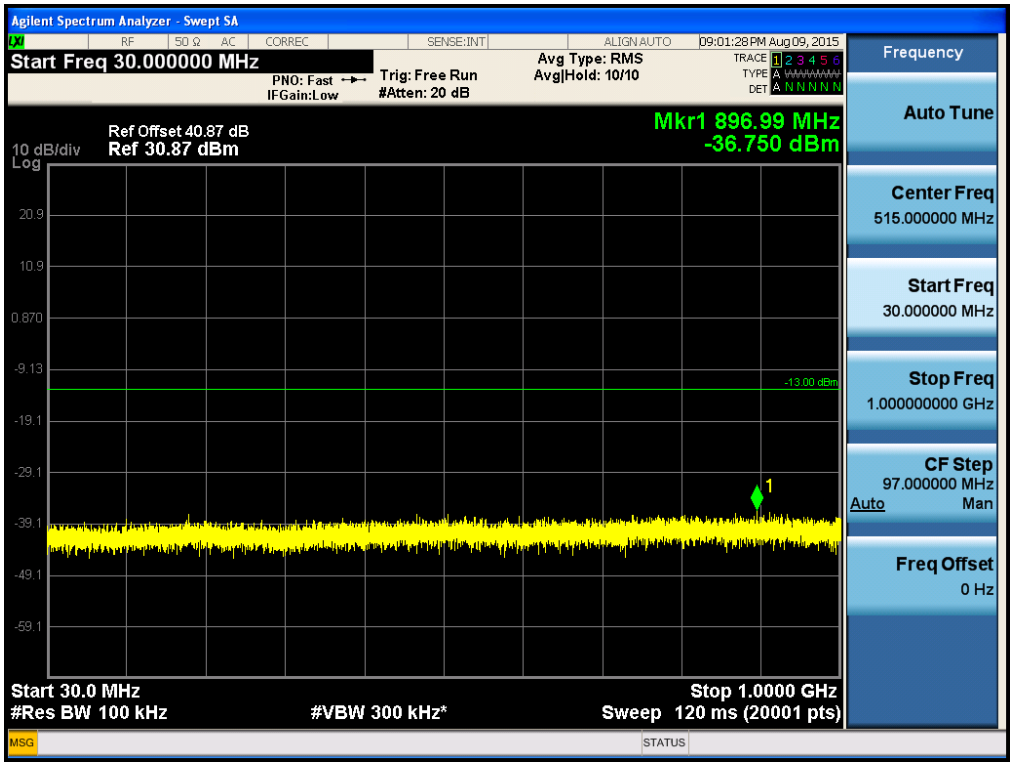
[LTE 10 MHz Downlink Low]



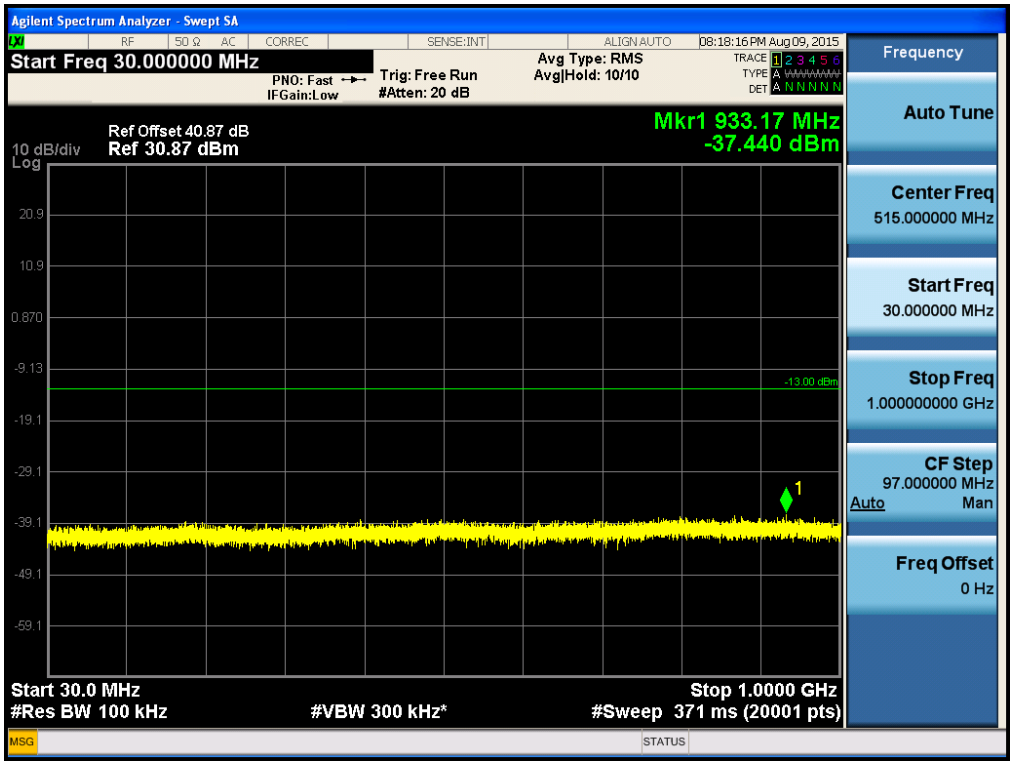
[LTE 10 MHz Downlink Middle]



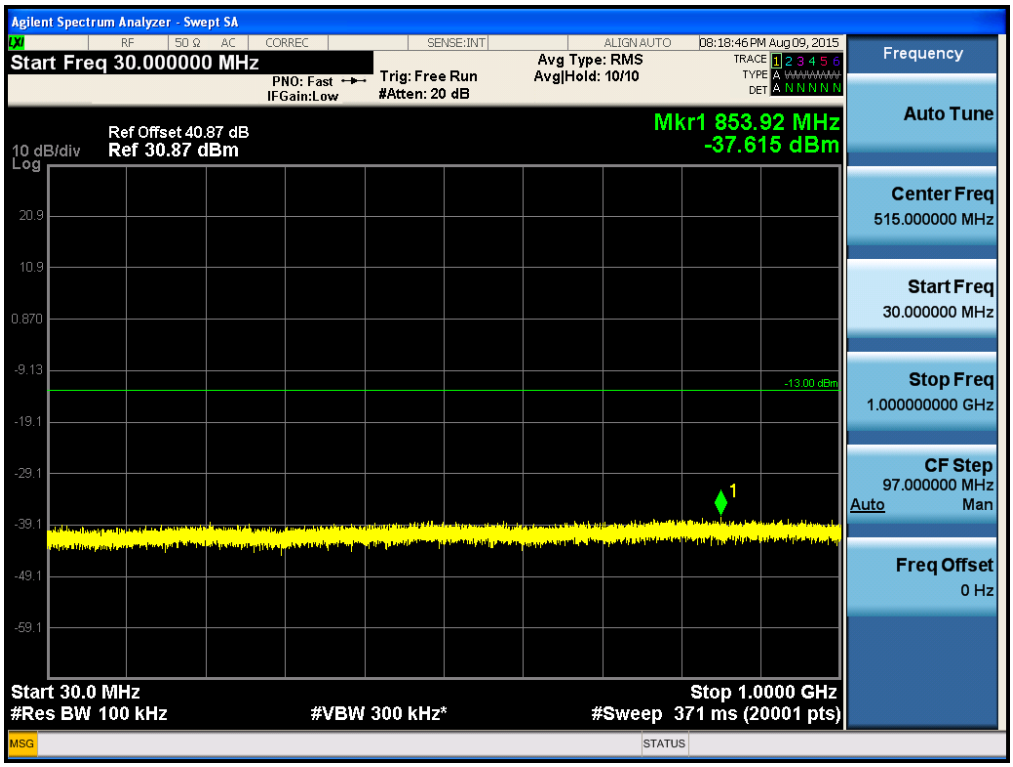
[LTE 10 MHz Downlink High]



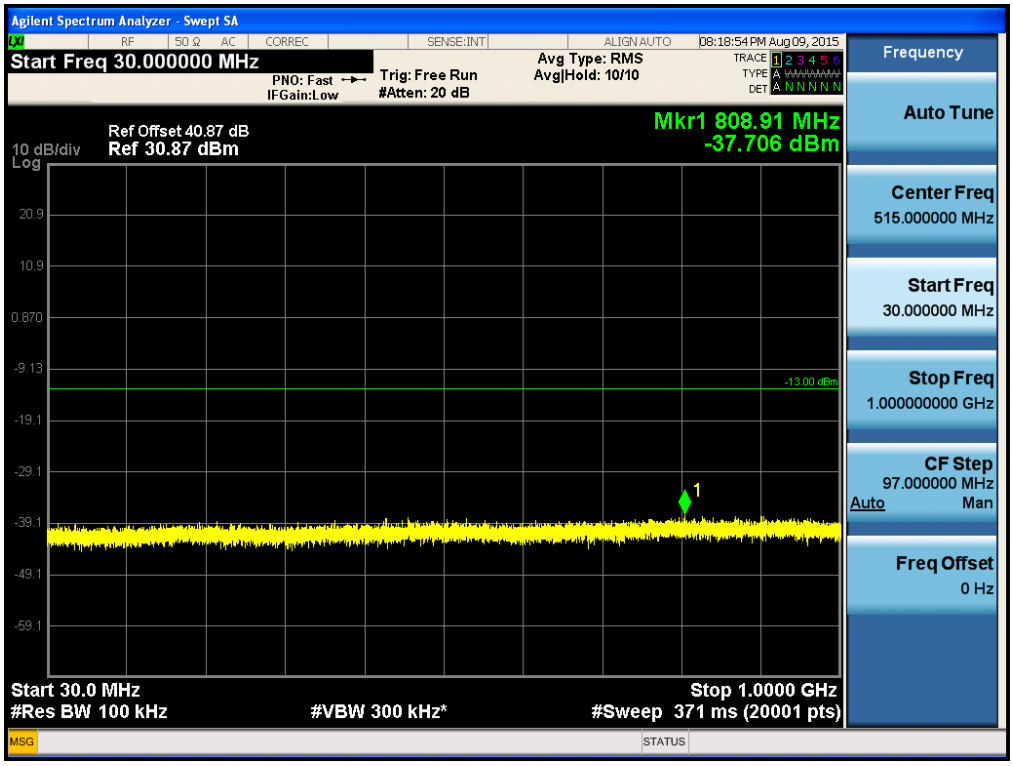
[WCDMA Downlink Low]



[WCDMA Downlink Middle]



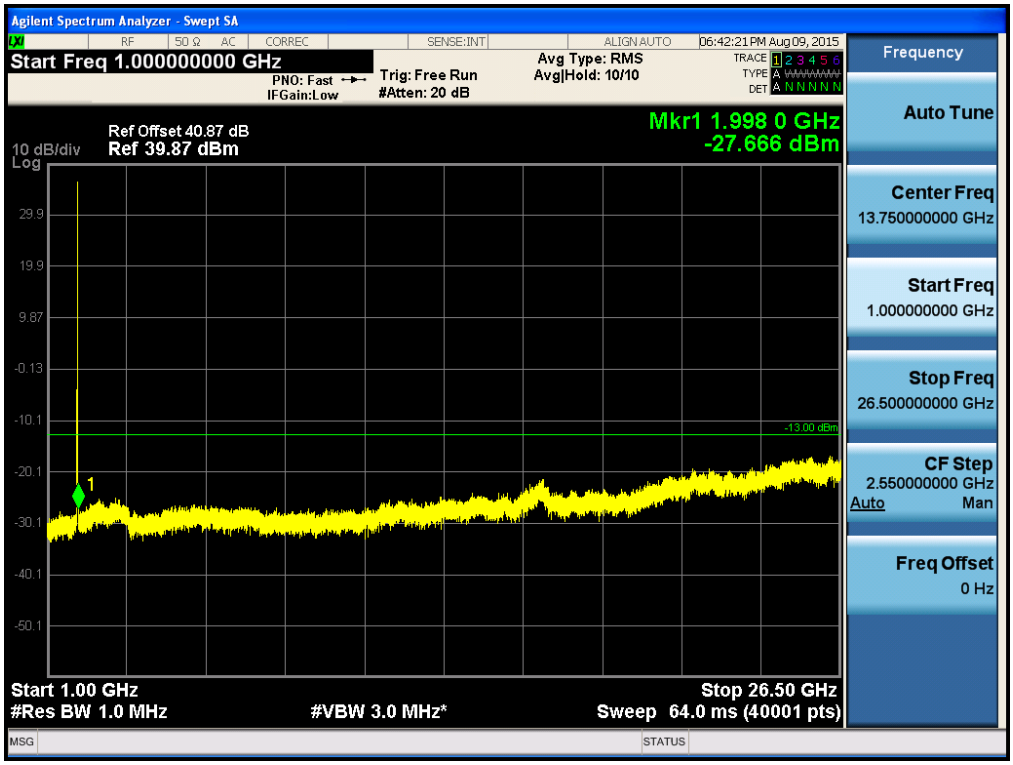
[WCDMA Downlink High]



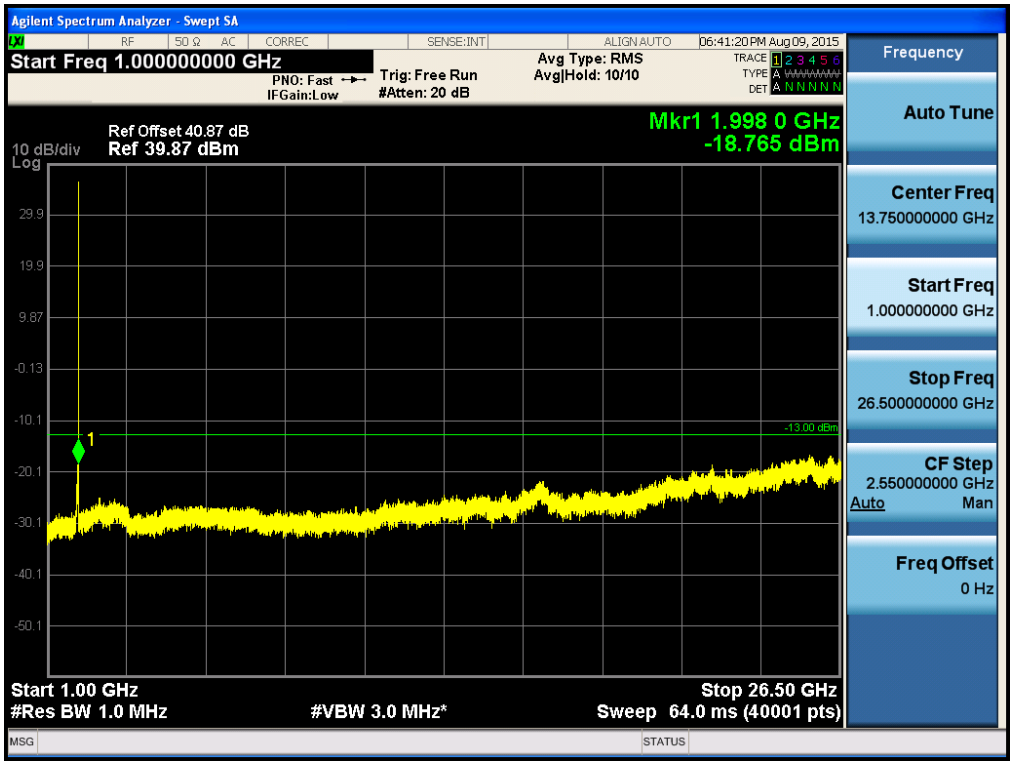
Conducted Spurious Emissions (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz)

[LTE 5 MHz Downlink Low]

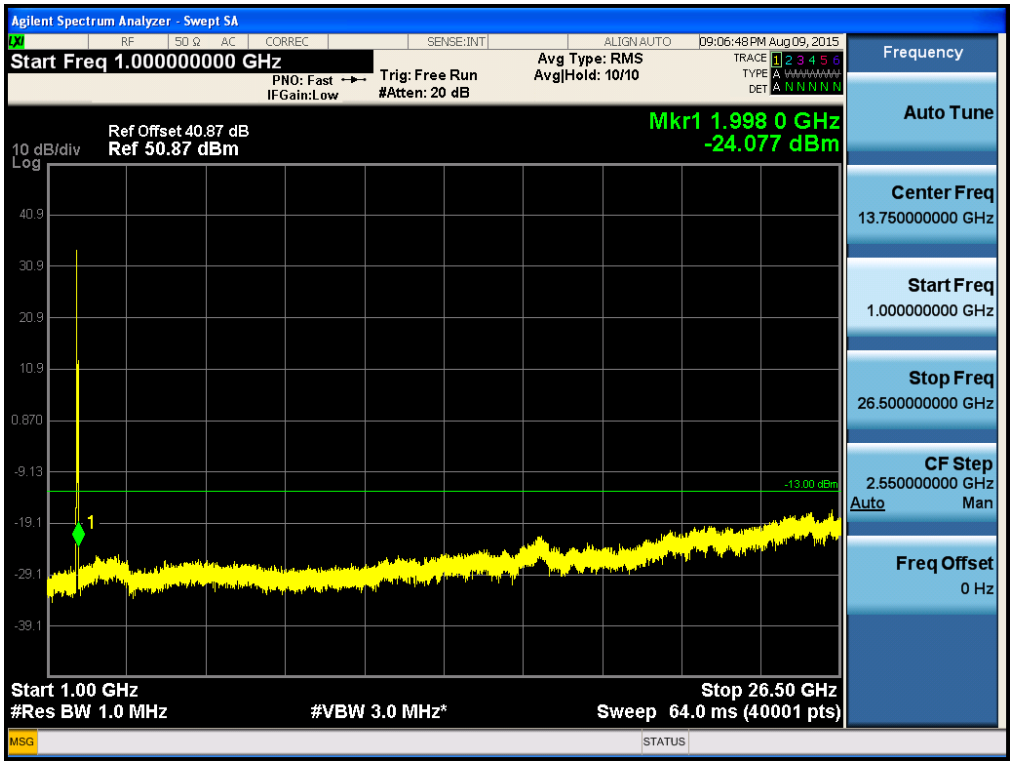
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink Middle]



[LTE 5 MHz Downlink High]



[LTE 10 MHz Downlink Low]



[LTE 10 MHz Downlink Middle]

[LTE 10 MHz Downlink High]

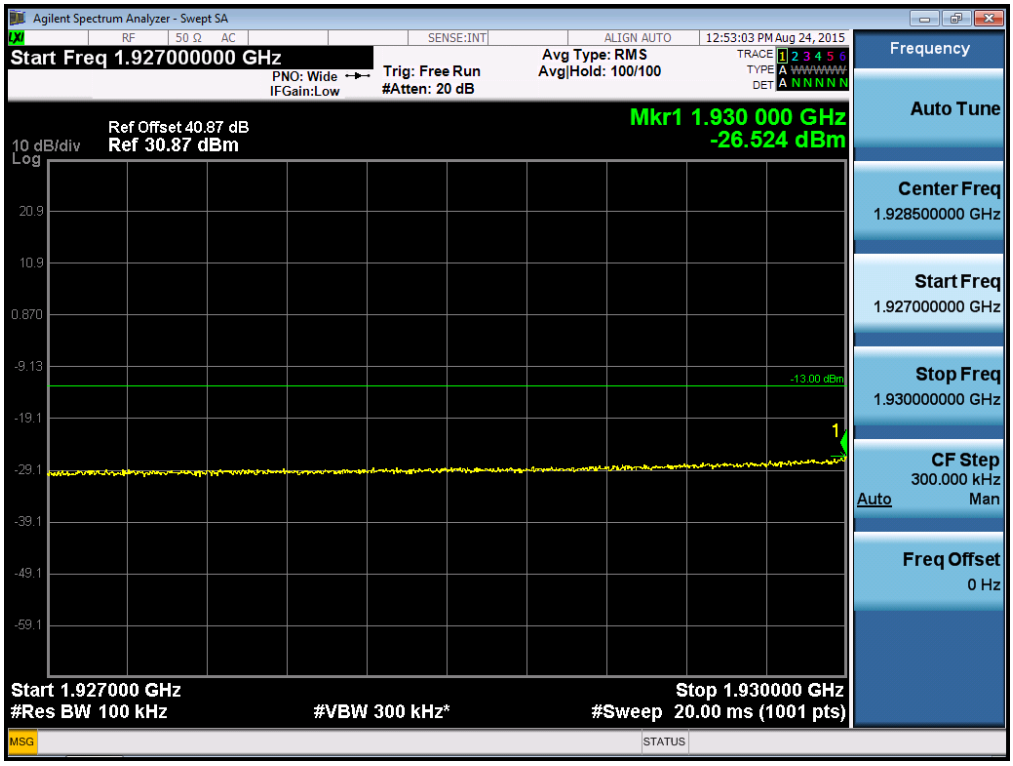
[WCDMA Downlink Low]

[WCDMA Downlink Middle]

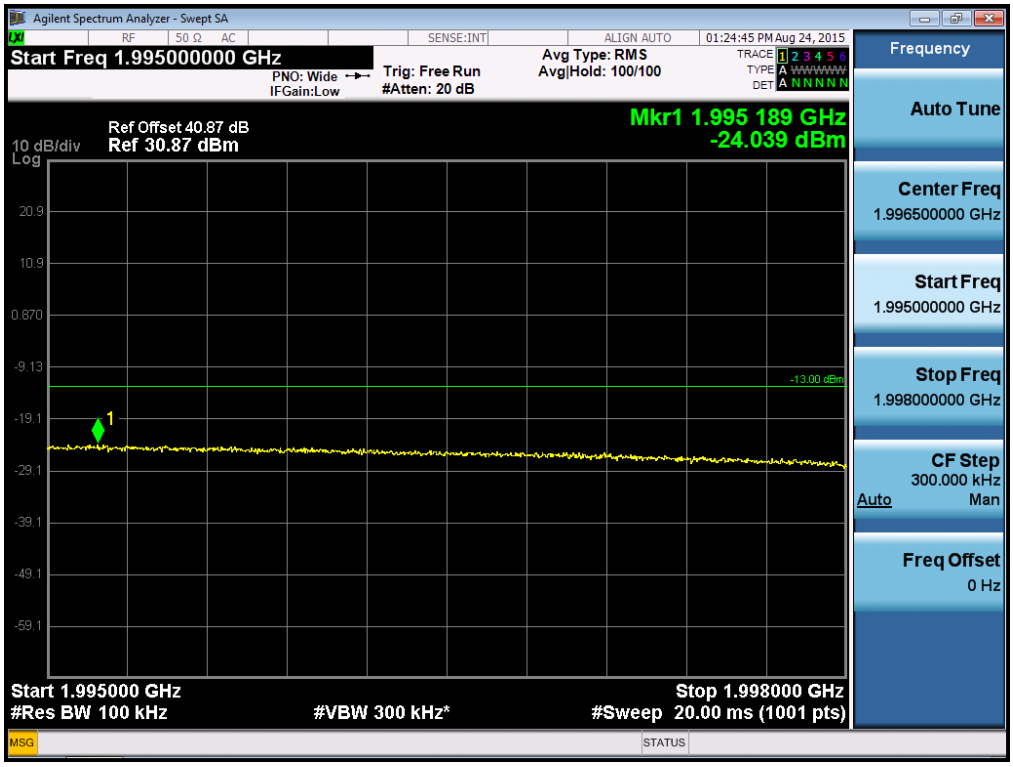
[WCDMA Downlink High]

Intermodulation Spurious Emissions

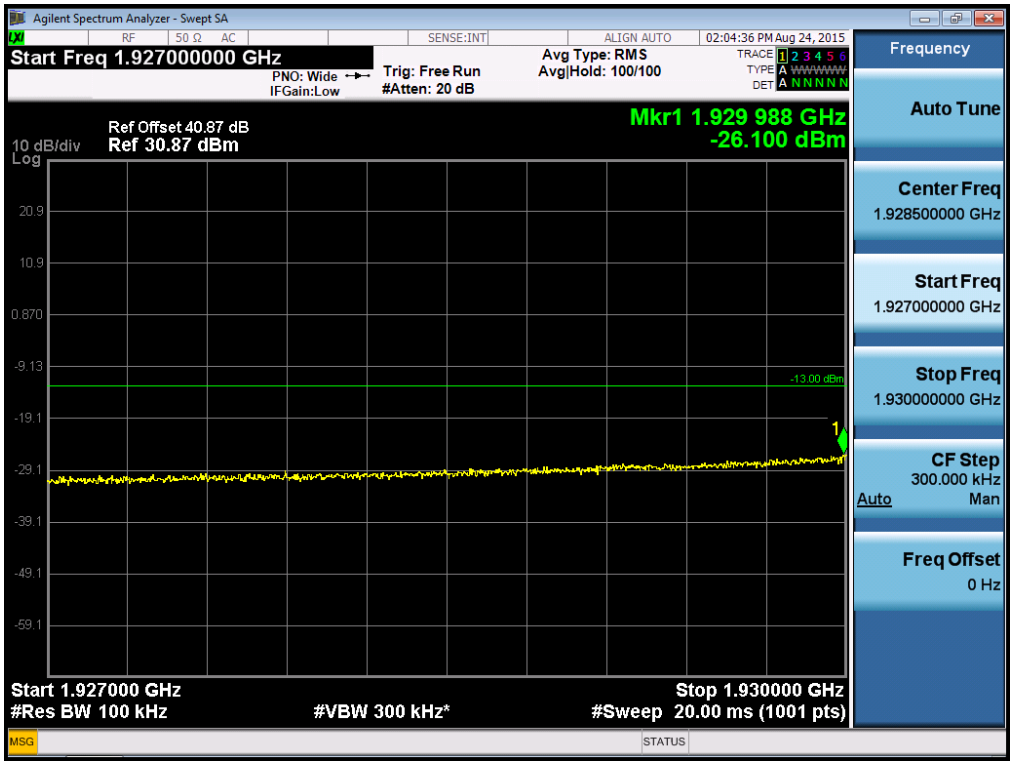
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink Low]



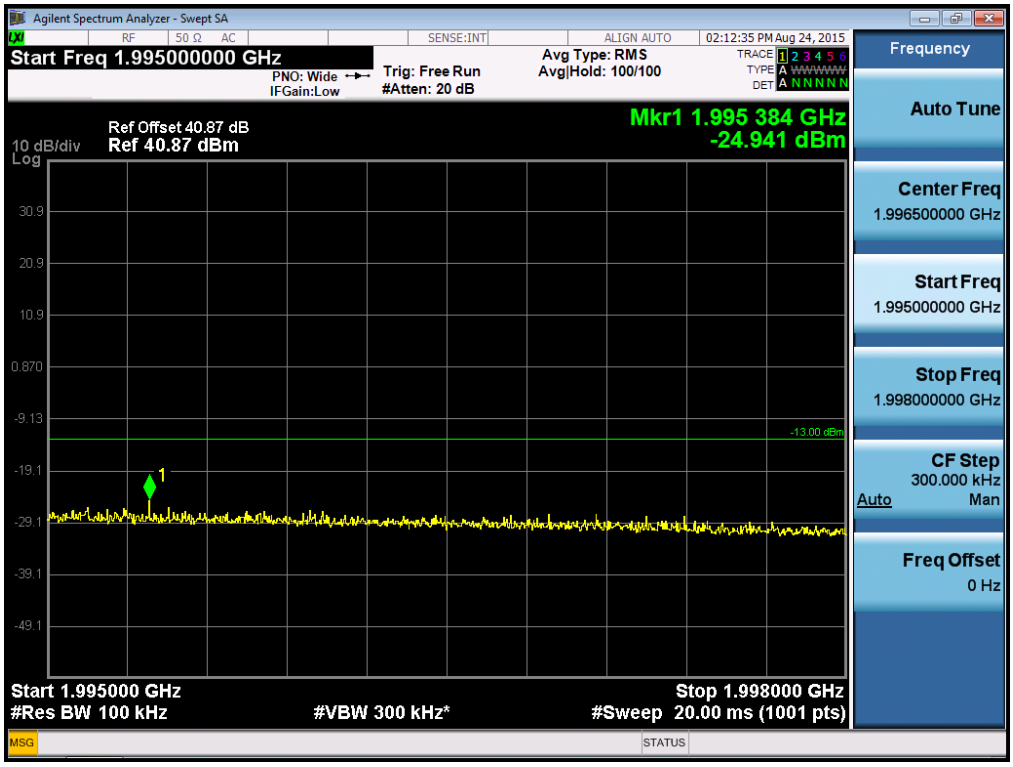
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink High]



[WCDMA Downlink Low]

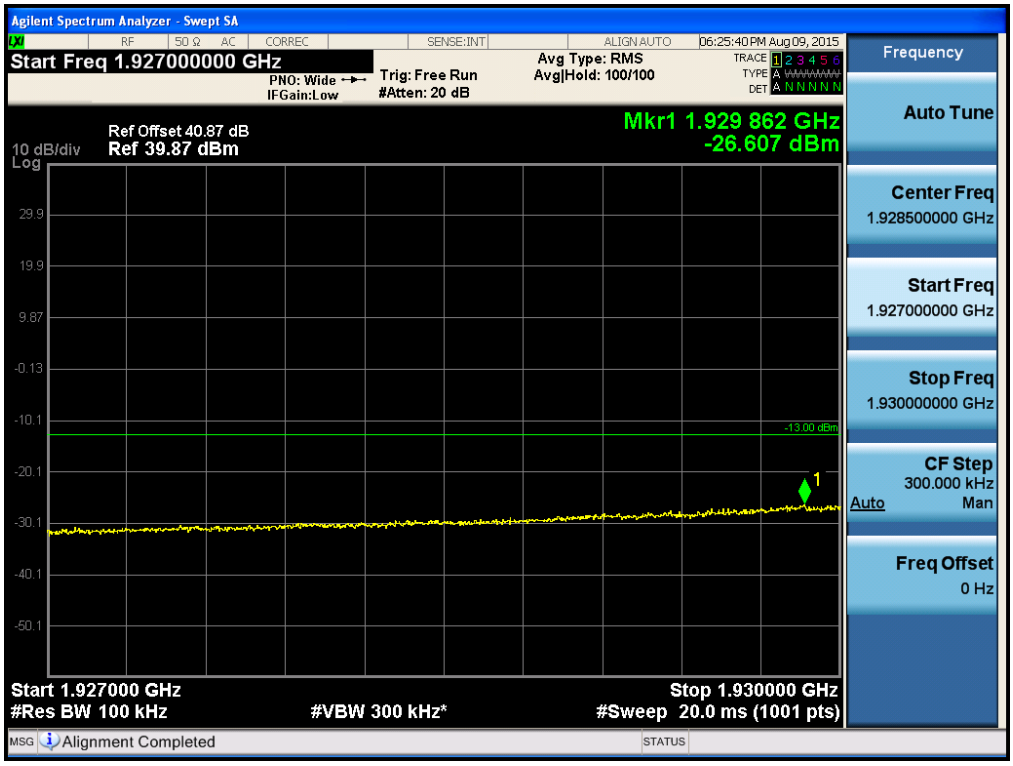


[WCDMA Downlink High]

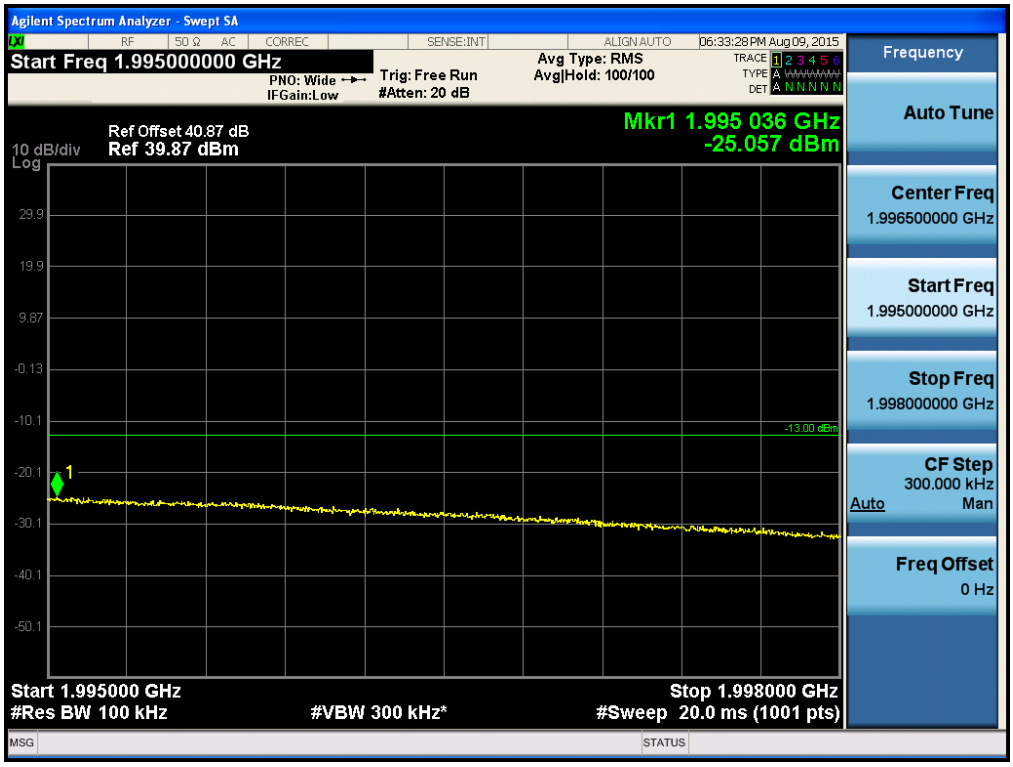


Band Edge

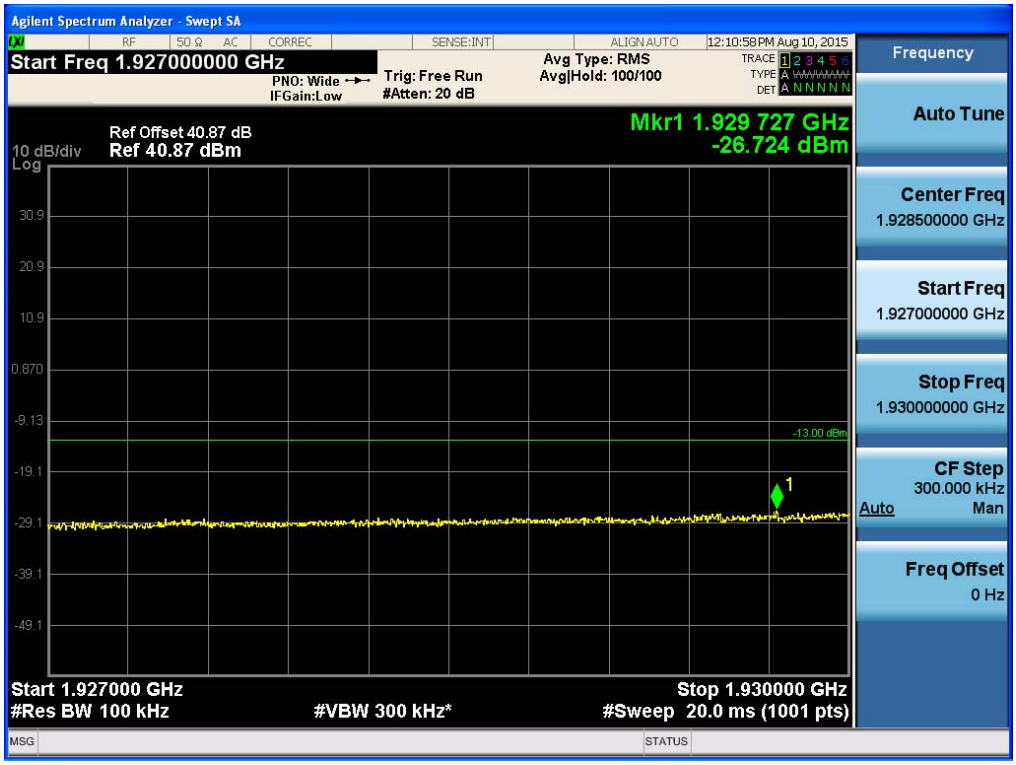
[LTE 5 MHz Downlink Low]



[LTE 5 MHz Downlink High]

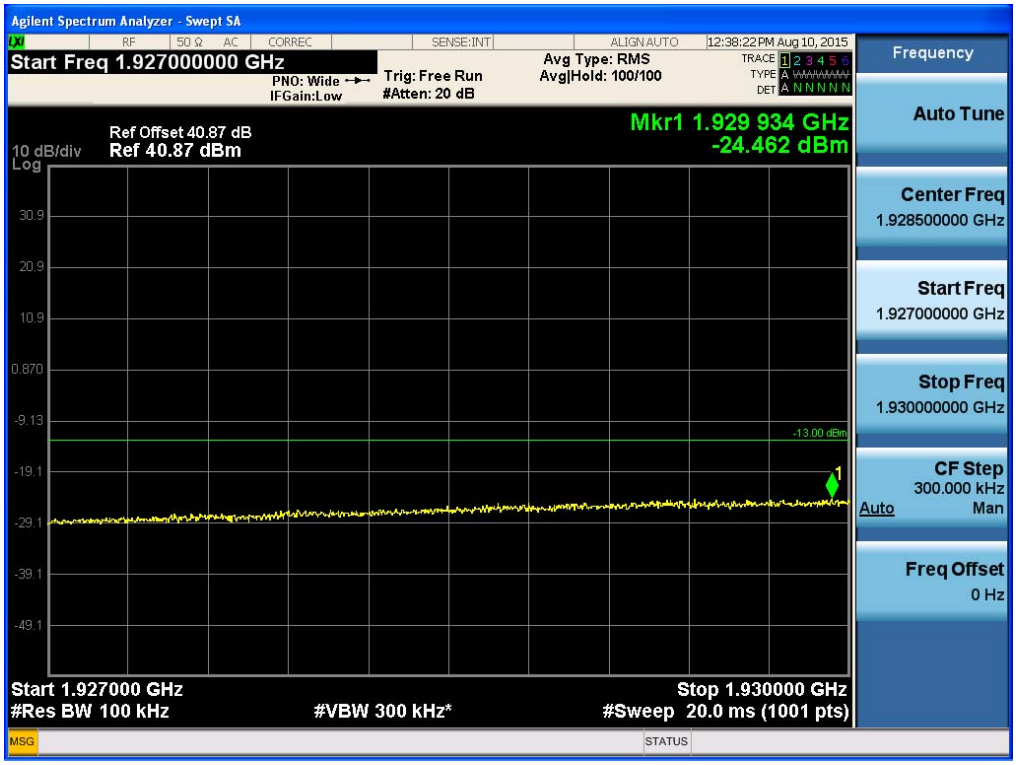


[LTE 10 MHz Downlink Low]



[LTE 10 MHz Downlink High]

[WCDMA Downlink Low]



[WCDMA Downlink High]

10. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Requirement(s): § 2.1053 Measurements required: Field strength of spurious radiation.

§ 2.1053 (a) Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be Radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of § 2.1049, as appropriate. For equipment operating on frequencies below 890 MHz, an open field test is normally required with the measuring instrument antenna located in the far-field at all test frequencies. In the event it is either impractical or impossible to make open field measurements (e.g. a broadcast transmitter installed in a building) measurements will be accepted of the equipment as installed. Such measurements must be accompanied by a description of the site where the measurements were made showing the location of any possible source of reflections which might distort the field strength measurements. Information submitted shall include the relative radiated power of each spurious emission with reference to the rated power output of the transmitter, assuming all emissions are radiated from half-wave dipole antennas.

§ 2.1053 (b): The measurements specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be made for the following equipment:

(1) Those in which the spurious emissions are required to be 60 dB or more below the mean power of the transmitter.

(2) All equipment operating on frequencies higher than 25 MHz.

(3) All equipment where the antenna is an integral part of, and attached directly to The transmitter.

(4) Other types of equipment as required, when deemed necessary by the Commission.

Test Procedures: As required by 47 CFR 2.1053, *field strength of radiated spurious measurements* were made in accordance with the procedures of ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004 "Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards".

Radiated emission measurements were performed inside a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The EUT was set at a distance of 3m from the receiving antenna. The EUT's RF ports were terminated to 50ohm load. The EUT was set to transmit at the low, mid and high channels of the transmitter frequency range at its maximum power level. The EUT was rotated about

360 and the receiving antenna scanned from 1-3m in order to capture the maximum emission. A calibrated antenna source was positioned in place of the EUT and the previously recorded signal was duplicated. The maximum EIRP of the emission was calculated by adding the forward power to the calibrated source plus its appropriate gain value. These steps were carried. out with the receiving antenna in both vertical and horizontal polarization. Harmonic emissions up to the 10th or 40GHz, whichever was the lesser, were investigated.

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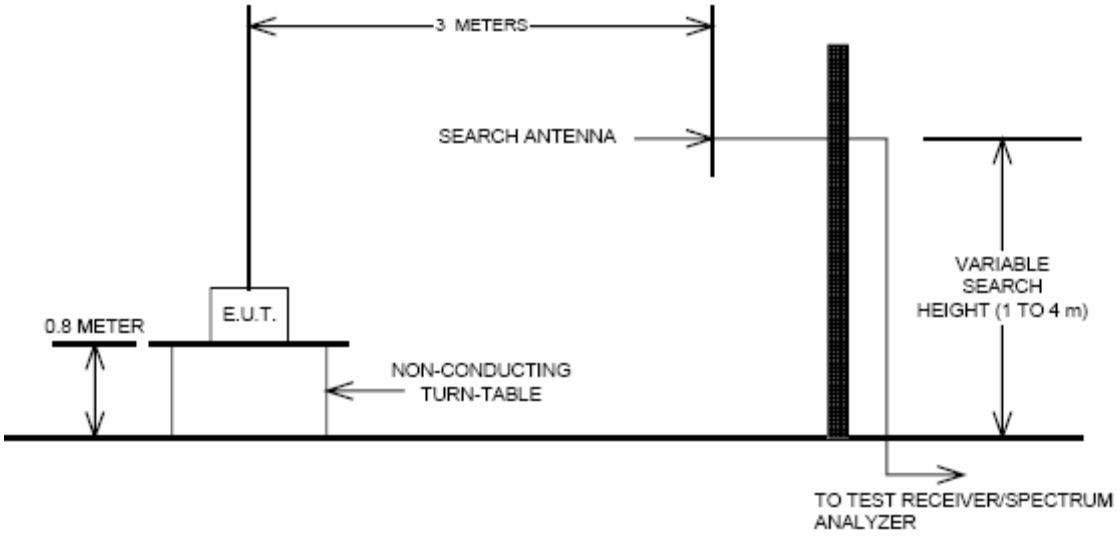
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup



Test Result:

Note.

Input signal is the CW signal.

Harmonics were not found.

[Downlink]

Voltage supplied to EUT	Tx Freq.(MHz)	Freq.(MHz)	Substitute Level [dBm]	Ant. Gain (dBd)	C.L	Pol.	ERP (dBm)	Margin (dB)
120 Vac	1932.5	No Peak Found						
	1962.5							
	1992.5							

11. FREQUENCY STABILITY OVER TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE VARIATIONS

Test Requirement(s): §2.1055(a)(1), § 24.235

Test Procedures:

As required by 47 CFR 2.1055, *Frequency Stability measurements* were made at the RF output terminals using a Spectrum Analyzer.

The EUT was placed in the Environmental Chamber.

A CW signal was injected into the EUT at the appropriate RF level. The frequency counter option on the Spectrum Analyzer was used to measure frequency deviations.

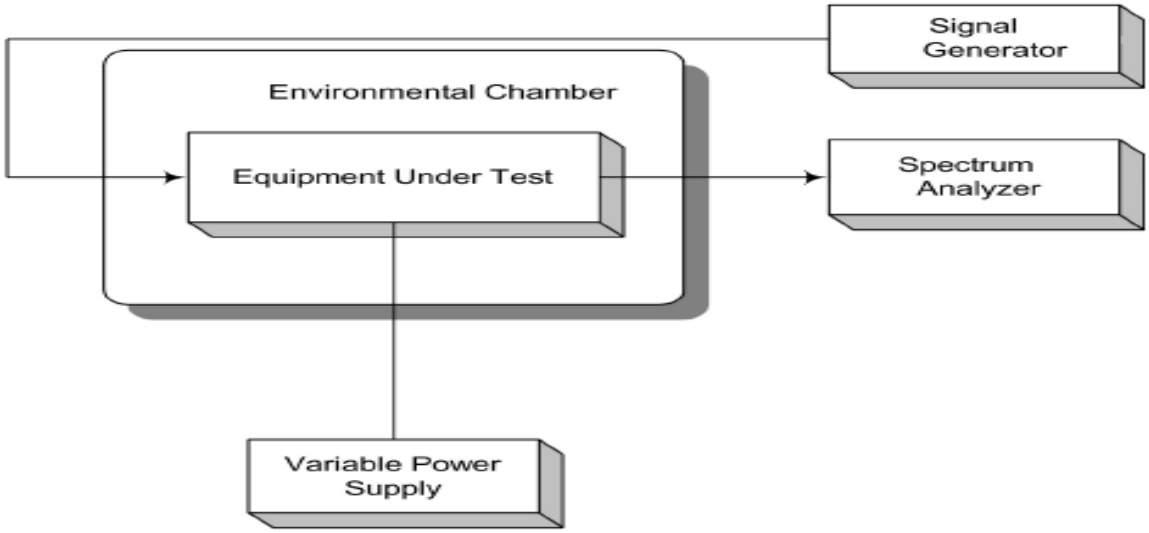
The frequency drift was investigated for every 10 °C increment until the unit is stabilized then recorded the reading in tabular format with the temperature range of -30 to 50 °C.

Voltage supplied to EUT is 120 Vac, reference temperature was done at 20°C.

The voltage was varied by ± 15 % of nominal

§ 24.235 Frequency tolerance. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

Test Setup:



Test Results:

The E.U.T was found in compliance for Frequency Stability and Voltage Test

Frequency Stability and Voltage Test Results

[LTE5 MHz, WCDMA]

Reference: 120 Vac at 20°C **Freq.** = 1962.5 MHz

Voltage (%)	Temp. (℃)	Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Deviation (Hz)	ppm
100%	+20(Ref)	1962 500 001	0.9	0.0	0.0
	-30	1962 500 000	-0.2	-1.1	-0.0
	-20	1962 500 000	-0.1	-1.0	-0.0
	-10	1962 500 000	-0.1	-1.0	-0.0
	0	1962 499 999	-0.6	-1.5	-0.0
	+10	1962 500 000	-0.1	-1.0	-0.0
	+30	1962 500 001	0.9	0.0	0.0
	+40	1962 500 000	-0.5	-1.4	-0.0
	+50	1962 500 000	-0.1	-1.0	-0.0
115%	+20	1962 500 000	0.2	-0.7	-0.0
85%	+20	1962 500 001	0.7	-0.2	-0.0

[LTE10 MHz]

Reference: 120 Vac at 20°C **Freq.** = 1960.0 MHz

Voltage (%)	Temp. (℃)	Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Deviation (Hz)	ppm
100%	+20(Ref)	1960 000 000	0.3	0.0	0.0
	-30	1960 000 001	0.5	0.2	0.0
	-20	1960 000 000	−0.4	−0.7	−0.0
	-10	1960 000 000	−0.3	−0.6	−0.0
	0	1960 000 001	0.7	0.4	0.0
	+10	1960 000 000	0.0	−0.3	−0.0
	+30	1960 000 000	0.1	−0.2	−0.0
	+40	1960 000 000	0.2	−0.1	−0.0
	+50	1960 000 001	0.9	0.6	0.0
115%	+20	1960 000 000	0.2	−0.1	−0.0
85%	+20	1960 000 000	0.3	0.0	0.0