

FCC SAR Measurement and Test Report

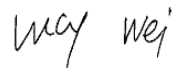
For

JALA ASIA LTD.

SUITE 1004, 10TH FLOOR, BANK OF AMERICA TOWER, 12

HARCOURT ROAD, CENTRAL, HONGKONG

FCC ID: 2AFYR-ENTELE5

Test Standards:	FCC Part 2.1093 ANSI / IEEE C95.1 :2005 ANSI / IEEE C95.3 :2002 <u>IEEE 1528 :2013</u>
Product Description:	<u>Smart phone</u>
Tested Model:	<u>Entel E5</u>
Report No.:	<u>STR15098139H</u>
Tested Date:	<u>2015-10-12 to 2015-10-16</u>
Issued Date:	<u>2015-10-20</u>
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Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen SEM. Test Technology Co., Ltd.

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1. General Information

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Client Information

Applicant: JALA ASIA LTD.
Address of applicant: SUITE 1004, 10TH FLOOR, BANK OF AMERICA TOWER, 12 HARCOURT ROAD, CENTRAL, HONGKONG
Manufacturer: JALA ASIA LTD.
Address of manufacturer: SUITE 1004, 10TH FLOOR, BANK OF AMERICA TOWER, 12 HARCOURT ROAD, CENTRAL, HONGKONG

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	Smart phone
Brand Name:	entel
Model No.:	Entel E5
Hardware version:	N316B-13
Software version:	V158.100YP.1.10092015
IMEI	353222070171361/353222070171379
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.8V Li-ion Battery
Battery Capacity:	2200mAh
Device Category:	Portable Device
<i>The EUT Main board support GSM850/900/DCS1800/PCS1900, WCDMA Band 2/5, LTE Band 4 function. It is intended for speech, Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission and Entel E5. It is equipped with GPRS/EDGE class 12 for GSM850/900/DCS1800/PCS1900, GPS, FM, Bluetooth and Wi-Fi functions. For more information see the following datasheet</i>	
<i>Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample provided by the manufacturer.</i>	

Technical Characteristics of EUT:	
2G	
Support Networks:	GSM, GPRS, EDGE
Support Band:	GSM850/PCS1900
Uplink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850: 824~849MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900: 1850~1910MHz
Downlink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850: 869~894MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900: 1930~1990MHz
Max RF Output Power:	GSM850: 32.03dBm, GSM1900: 29.47dBm
Type of Modulation:	GMSK, 8PSK
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	GSM850: -3.3dBi, GSM1900:-0.38dBi
GPRS/EDGE Class:	Class 12
3G	
Support Networks:	WCDMA, HSDPA, HSUPA
Support Band:	WCDMA Band 2, WCDMA Band 5
Uplink Frequency:	WCDMA Band 2: 1850~1910MHz WCDMA Band 5: 824~849MHz
Downlink Frequency:	WCDMA Band 2: 1930~1990MHz WCDMA Band 5: 869~894MHz
RF Output Power:	WCDMA Band 2: 22.44dBm, WCDMA Band 5: 22.22dBm
Type of Modulation:	BPSK
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	WCDMA Band 2: -0.38dBi, WCDMA Band 5: -3.3dBi
4G	
Support Networks:	FDD-LTE
Support Band:	FDD-LTE Band 4
Uplink Frequency:	FDD-LTE Band 4: Tx: 1710-1755MHz,
Downlink Frequency:	FDD-LTE Band 4: Rx: 2110-2155MHz,
RF Output Power:	FDD-LTE Band 4: 23.83dBm,
Type of Modulation:	QPSK, 16QAM
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	-0.4dBi
WIFI	
Support Standards:	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n
Frequency Range:	2412-2462MHz for 11b/g/n(HT20) 2422-2452MHz for 11n(HT40)
RF Output Power:	15.53dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Data Rate:	1-11Mbps, 6-54Mbps, up to 150Mbps

Quantity of Channels:	11/7
Channel Separation:	5MHz
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0.98dBi
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version:	V4.0
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
AV Output Power:	4.897dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 QDPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79/40
Channel Separation:	1MHz/2MHz
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0.98dBi

1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the JALA ASIA LTD. in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, ANSI / IEEE C95.3 :2002, IEEE 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures, and TCB workshop updates:

447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02

648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02

941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03

941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02

248227 D01 SAR Meas for 802 11abg v02r01

865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01

690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 2.1093 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r01. The public notice KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 for Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedure also.

1.4 Test Facility

- **FCC – Registration No.: 934118**

Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files and the Registration is 934118.

- **Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A**

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

- **CNAS Registration No.: L4062**

Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L4062. All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1/F, Building A, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C (518101)

2. Summary of Test Results

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

Frequency Band	Head SAR	Body-worn (10mm Gap)	Hotspot (10mm Gap)	SAR _{1g} Limit (W/kg)
	Maximum SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Maximum SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Maximum SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	
GSM850	0.234	0.376	0.512	1.6
GSM1900	0.118	0.389	1.116	1.6
WCDMA Band 2	0.292	0.653	0.883	1.6
WCDMA Band 5	0.203	0.319	0.319	1.6
FDD-LTE Band 4	0.212	0.723	0.723	1.6
WLAN 2.4G	0.328	0.106	0.106	1.6
Simultaneous Transmission	0.6203	0.818	1.116	1.6

Remark:

*The highest reported SAR values for head, body-worn accessory, wireless router(hotspot), and simultaneous transmission conditions are **0.328W/kg**, **0.723W/kg**, **1.116W/kg**, and **1.116W/kg** respectively.*

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r01

3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

4. SAR Measurement System

4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

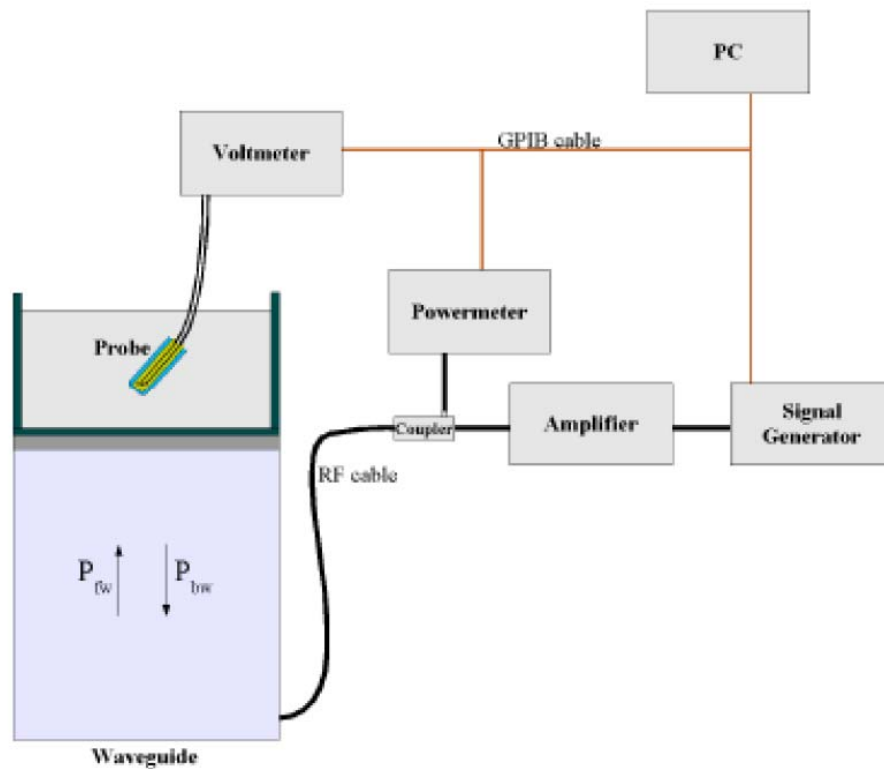
4.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE5 SN 09/13 EP168 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter : 5 mm
- Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 2.7mm

- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
 - Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
 - Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
 - Calibration range: 700 to 3000MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN 62209-1 and IEEE 1528 STD, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annex technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) c^{(2z/\delta)}$$

Where :

P_{fw} = Forward Power

P_{bw} = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

l = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage $V_{lin}(N)$ is obtained from the displayed output voltage $V(N)$ using

$$V_{lin}(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.3 Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

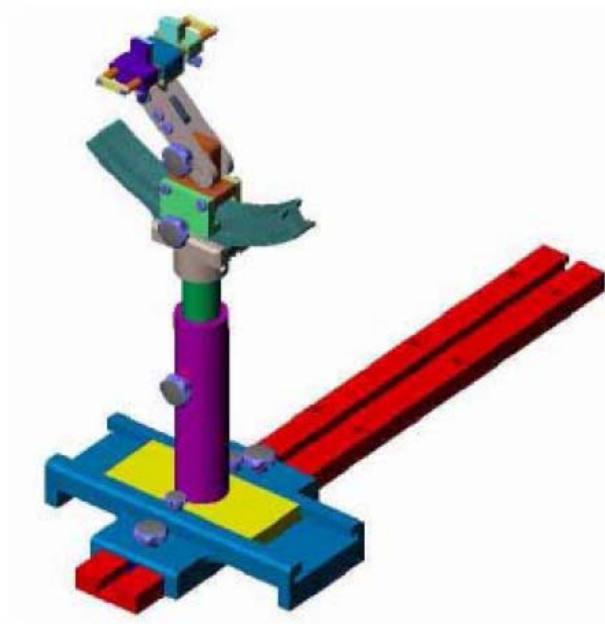
ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

4.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

4.6 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
E-Field Probe	SATIMO	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP168	2015-06-03	2016-06-02
835MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID835	SN 47/12 DIP 0G835-204	2015-03-16	2016-03-15
1800MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID1800	SN 47/12 DIP 1G800-206	2015-03-16	2016-03-15
1900MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID1900	SN 47/12 DIP 1G900-207	2015-03-16	2016-03-15
2450MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID2450	SN 13/15 DIP 2G450-364	2015-04-13	2016-04-12
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 47/12 OCPG49	2015-03-16	2016-03-15
SAM Phantom	SATIMO	SAM	SN/ 47/12 SAM95	N/A	N/A
MULTIMETER	KEITHLEY	Keithley 2000	4006367	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMR20	100047	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Universal Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	112012	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Network Analyzer	HP	8753C	2901A00831	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Data Acquisition Electronics	SATIMO	DAE4	915	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Directional Couplers	Agilent	778D	20160	2015-06-17	2016-06-16

5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



Liquid Height for Head SAR



Liquid Height for Body SAR

The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Triton (%)	HEC (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)
Head						
835	35.34	0.98	0.00	0.00	63.68	0.00
1800	55.19	0.66	30.35	0.00	0.00	13.80
1900	55.26	0.52	30.40	0.00	0.00	13.82
2450	55.44	0.32	30.50	0.00	0.00	13.74
Body						
835	52.87	1.07	0.00	0.00	46.10	0.00
1800	70.81	0.52	20.01	0.00	0.00	8.65
1900	69.99	0.41	20.66	0.00	0.00	8.93
2450	55.44	0.32	30.50	0.00	0.00	13.74

5.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
150	0.76	52.3	0.80	61.9
300	0.87	45.3	0.92	58.2
450	0.87	43.5	0.94	56.7
750	0.89	41.9	0.96	55.5
835	0.90	41.5	0.97	55.2
900	0.97	41.5	1.05	55.0
915	0.98	41.5	1.06	55.0
1450	1.20	40.5	1.30	54.0
1610	1.29	40.3	1.40	53.8
1800-2000	1.40	40.0	1.52	53.3
2450	1.80	39.2	1.95	52.7
3000	2.40	38.5	2.73	52.0
5800	5.27	35.3	6.00	48.2

5.3 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head Tissue Simulating Liquid									
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Conductivity			Permittivity			Limit (%)	Date
		Reading (σ)	Target (σ)	Delta (%)	Reading (ϵ_r)	Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (%)		
835	21.2	0.87	0.90	-3.33	41.11	41.50	-0.94	± 5	2015-10-12
1800	21.3	1.37	1.40	-2.14	39.02	40.0	-2.50	± 5	2015-10-12
1900	21.3	1.38	1.40	-1.43	38.56	40.00	-3.60	± 5	2015-10-12
2450	21.3	1.74	1.80	-3.33	38.15	39.20	-2.68	± 5	2015-10-12

Body Tissue Simulating Liquid									
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Conductivity			Permittivity			Limit (%)	Date
		Reading (σ)	Target (σ)	Delta (%)	Reading (ϵ_r)	Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (%)		
835	21.2	0.95	0.97	-2.06	54.85	55.20	-0.63	± 5	2015-10-12
1800	21.3	1.46	1.52	-3.95	51.22	53.30	-3.94	± 5	2015-10-12
1900	21.3	1.50	1.52	-1.32	52.42	53.30	-1.65	± 5	2015-10-12
2450	21.3	1.91	1.95	-2.05	52.01	52.70	-1.31	± 5	2015-10-12

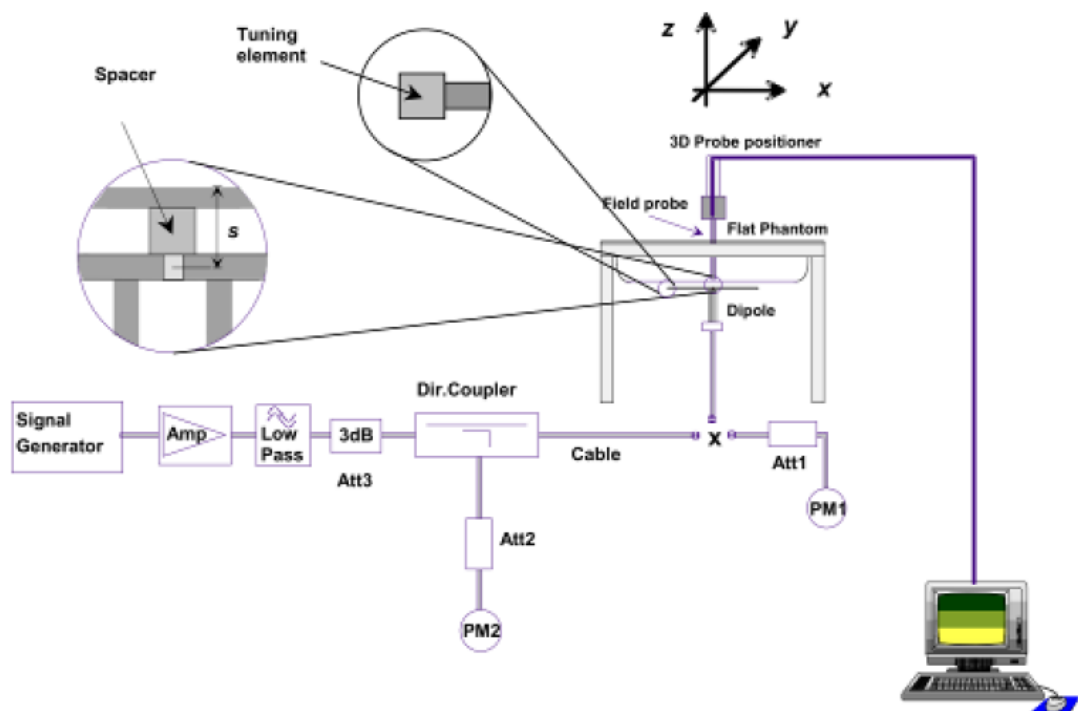
6. SAR Measurement Evaluation

6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

6.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz and 1900 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.



System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm(250 mW) before dipole is connected.

6.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 6.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g}	Measured SAR _{1g}	Normalized SAR _{1g}	Tolerance
MHz	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)
Head				
835	9.65	2.41	9.64	-0.10
1800	38.49	9.61	38.45	-0.10
1900	39.59	9.91	39.62	0.08
2450	53.76	13.45	53.78	0.04
Body				
835	9.36	2.35	9.38	0.21
1800	38.29	9.58	38.32	0.08
1900	39.01	9.78	39.10	0.23
2450	50.33	12.59	50.35	0.04

Targeted and Measurement SAR

Please refer to Annex A for the plots of system performance check.

7. EUT Testing Position

7.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines on The Handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset - the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

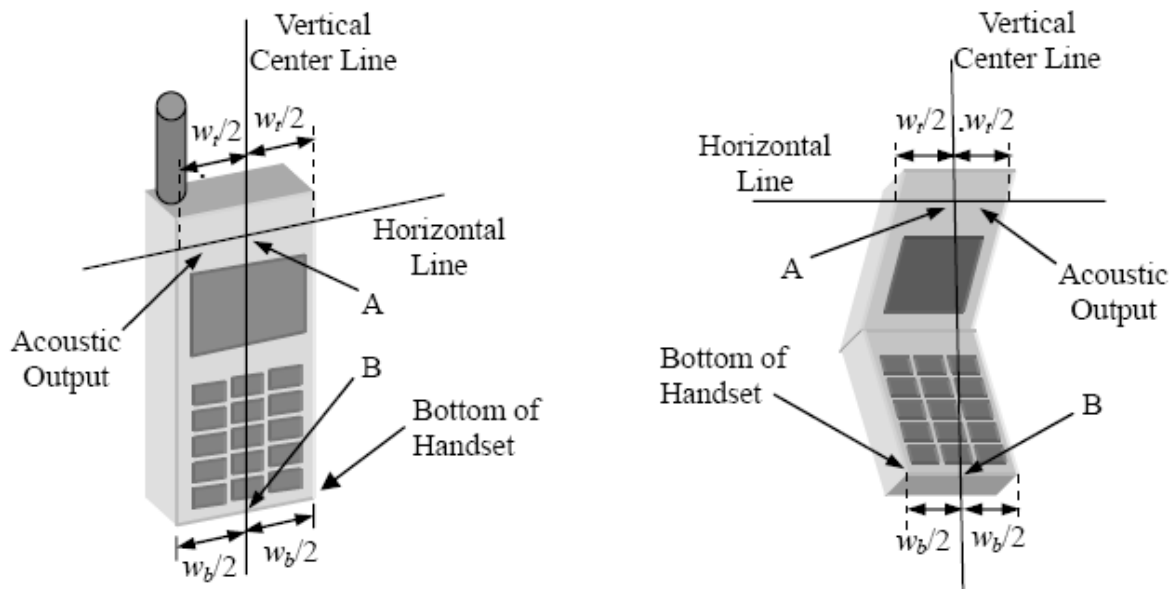


Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

7.2 Cheek Position

(a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.

(b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 7.2).

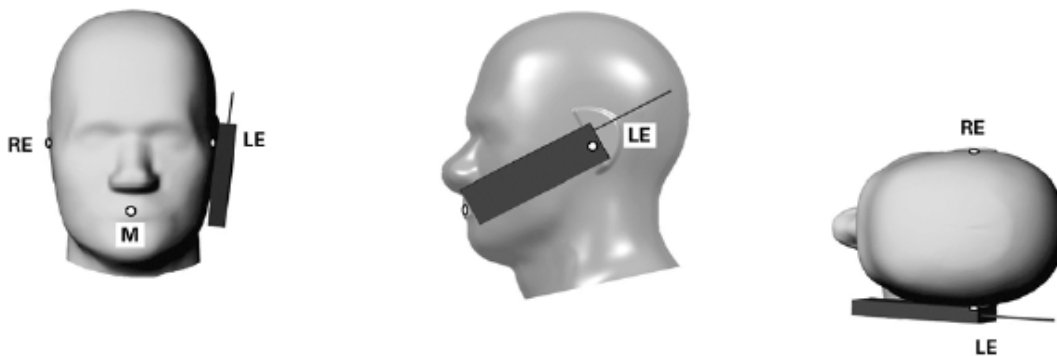


Illustration for Cheek Position

7.3 Tilted Position

(a) To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.

(b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 7.3).

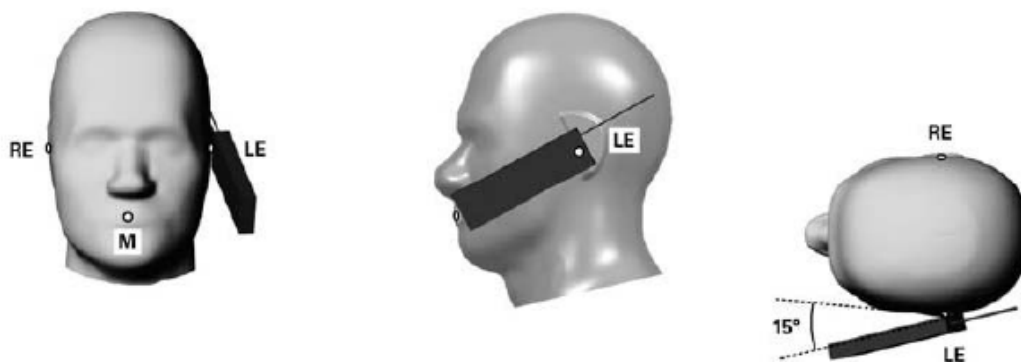


Illustration for Tilted Position

7.4 Body Position

- To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10mm.

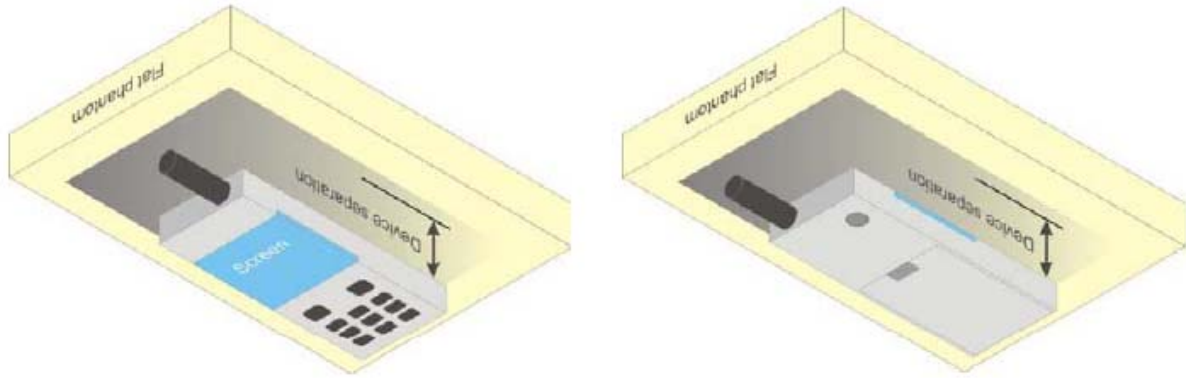
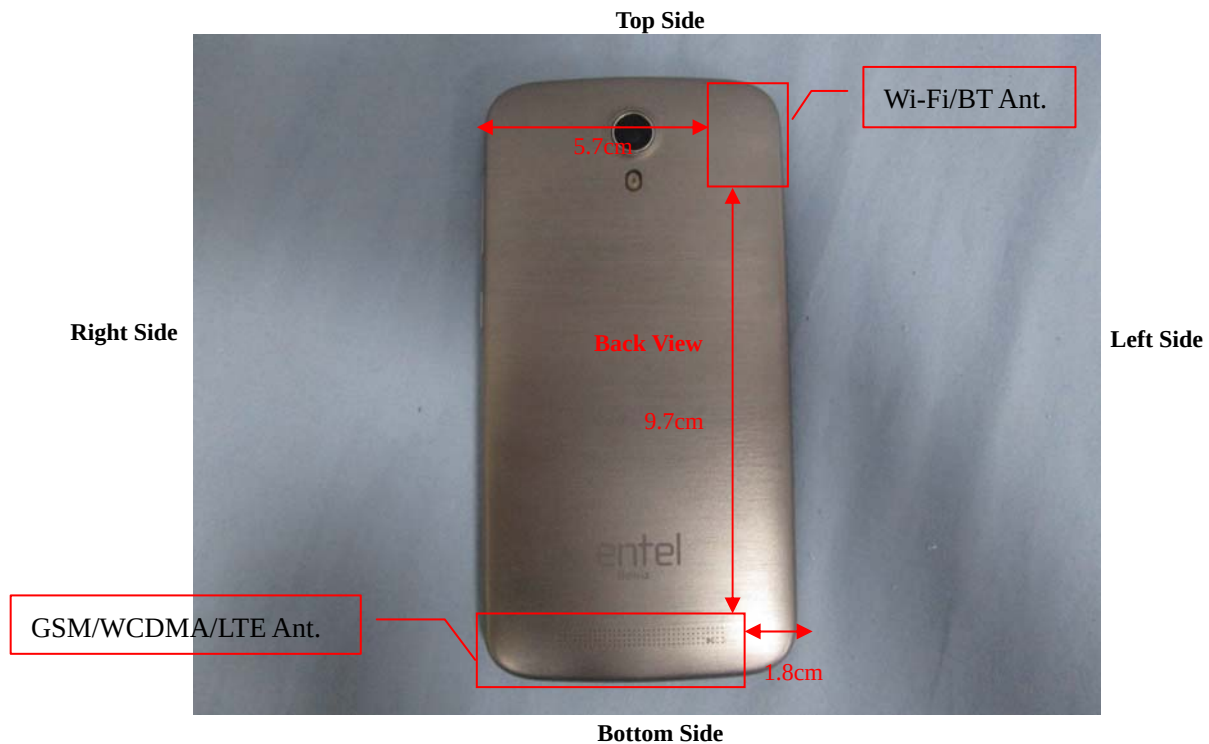


Illustration for Body Position

7.5 EUT Antenna Position



Block Diagram for EUT Antenna Position

7.6 EUT Testing Position

Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required for this device. This EUT was tested in different positions for different SAR test modes, more information as below:

Head SAR tests				
Antennas	Right Cheek	Left Cheek	Right Tilted	Left Tilted
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Hotspot SAR tests, Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Front	Back	Right Side	Left Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

Body-worn SAR tests, Test distance: 10mm		
Antennas	Front	Back
WWAN	Yes	Yes
WLAN	Yes	Yes

Remark:

1. Referring to KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test separation is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

Please refer to Annex D for the EUT test setup photos.

8. SAR Measurement Procedures

8.1 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex E demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

8.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.5 SAR Averaged Methods

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. SAR Test Result

9.1 Conducted RF Output Power

GSM - Burst Average Power (dBm)						
Band	GSM850			PCS1900		
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8
GSM	32.03	32.00	31.73	29.47	28.9	28.59
GPRS (1 slot)	31.63	31.95	31.11	29.66	29.14	28.88
GPRS (2 slots)	31.07	31.06	30.99	28.84	28.43	28.20
GPRS (3 slots)	29.57	29.55	29.39	26.75	26.50	26.52
GPRS (4 slots)	28.63	28.47	28.42	25.73	25.68	25.53
EDGE (1 slot)	27.2	27.1	26.78	25.61	25.83	25.7
EDGE (2 slots)	26.21	26.18	26	24.87	25.08	24.96
EDGE (3 slots)	24.56	24.31	24.13	23.06	23.28	23.29
EDGE (4 slots)	23.47	23.37	23.12	21.89	22.21	22.27

GSM - Source-Based Time-Average Power (dBm)						
Band	GSM850			PCS1900		
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8
GSM	23.03	23.00	22.73	20.47	19.90	19.59
GPRS (1 slot)	22.63	22.95	22.11	20.66	20.14	19.88
GPRS (2 slots)	25.07	25.06	24.99	22.84	22.43	22.20
GPRS (3 slots)	25.32	25.30	25.14	22.50	22.25	22.27
GPRS (4 slots)	25.63	25.47	25.42	22.73	22.68	22.53
EDGE (1 slot)	18.20	18.10	17.78	16.61	16.83	16.70
EDGE (2 slots)	20.21	20.18	20.00	18.87	19.08	18.96
EDGE (3 slots)	20.31	20.06	19.88	18.81	19.03	19.04
EDGE (4 slots)	20.47	20.37	20.12	18.89	19.21	19.27

Note: The source-based time-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Source based time-average power = Burst averaged power - Duty cycle factor in dB

Duty cycle factor = 9 dB for 1 Tx slot, 6 dB for 2 Tx slots, 4.25 dB for 3 Tx slots, 3 dB for 4 Tx slots

Remark:

1. For Head SAR testing, GSM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
2. For Body SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (4TX slots) for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
4. The DUT do not support DTM function.

WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)						
Band	WCDMA Band 2			WCDMA Band 5		
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6
RMC 12.2k	22.30	22.31	22.44	22.22	22.01	22.04
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.25	21.25	21.40	21.13	20.94	20.90
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.09	21.13	21.23	21.09	20.70	20.75
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.91	21.02	21.11	20.89	20.60	20.51
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.79	20.89	21.04	20.75	20.44	20.39
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.32	21.28	21.40	21.16	21.01	21.05
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.13	21.08	21.24	21.08	20.81	20.99
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.97	20.89	21.08	20.97	20.65	20.86
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.78	20.62	20.89	20.87	20.45	20.66
HSUPA Subtest-5	20.52	20.52	20.61	20.77	20.25	20.43

Remark:

1. For Head SAR, per KDB 941225 D01 v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 1/4 dB higher than RMC, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
2. For Body SAR, per KDB 941225 D01 v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA subset-1 output power is < 1/4 dB higher than RMC, and SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is $\leq 1.2\text{W/kg}$, HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.

FDD-LTE Band 4				FDD-LTE Band 5			
Modulation	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Average Power (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Average Power (dBm)
QPSK	1.4	LCH	23.44	/	/	/	/
		MCH	22.83			/	/
		HCH	23.40			/	/
	3	LCH	23.50		/	/	/
		MCH	22.85			/	/
		HCH	23.37			/	/
	5	LCH	23.60		/	/	/
		MCH	22.95			/	/
		HCH	23.43			/	/
	10	LCH	23.50		/	/	/
		MCH	22.91			/	/
		HCH	23.36			/	/
	15	LCH	23.52		/	/	/
		MCH	22.99			/	/
		HCH	23.39			/	/
	20	LCH	23.60		/	/	/
		MCH	23.13			/	/
		HCH	23.42			/	/
16QAM	1.4	LCH	23.60	/	/	/	/
		MCH	23.20			/	/
		HCH	23.53			/	/
	3	LCH	23.60		/	/	/
		MCH	23.01			/	/
		HCH	23.62			/	/
	5	LCH	23.83		/	/	/
		MCH	23.21			/	/
		HCH	23.44			/	/
	10	LCH	23.69		/	/	/
		MCH	23.14			/	/
		HCH	23.66			/	/
	15	LCH	23.68		/	/	/
		MCH	23.21			/	/
		HCH	23.56			/	/
	20	LCH	23.69		/	/	/
		MCH	23.30			/	/
		HCH	23.73			/	/

WLAN - Maximum Average Power				
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
802.11b	1Mbps	CH 01	2412	15.53
		CH 06	2437	15.19
		CH 11	2462	14.48
802.11g	54Mbps	CH 01	2412	13.95
		CH 06	2437	13.62
		CH 11	2462	12.49
802.11n (20MHz)	MCS7	CH 01	2412	12.18
		CH 06	2437	11.59
		CH 11	2462	10.66
802.11n (40MHz)	MCS7	CH 03	2422	11.5
		CH 06	2437	10.95
		CH 09	2452	10.69

Remark:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion
2. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r01, if 11g and 11n average output power is higher than 1/4 dB higher than 11b mode, SAR will be verified.
3. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. For 802.11n mode, SAR test according to the highest power channel with correspondence data rates.

Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power				
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
GFSK	1Mbps	CH 00	2402	2.12
		CH 39	2441	4.231
		CH 78	2480	4.897
Pi/4 DQPSK	2Mbps	CH 00	2402	0.875
		CH 39	2441	2.576
		CH 78	2480	3.543
8DPSK	3Mbps	CH 00	2402	0.654
		CH 39	2441	2.943
		CH 78	2480	3.734
BLE	1Mbps	CH 00	2402	0.66
		CH 19	2440	0.54
		CH 39	2480	0.51

Remark:

Bluetooth maximum output power is 4.897dBm, and Tune-Up output power is 5.0dBm. Per KDB 648474 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,16 where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation¹⁷
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Result	Limit
5.0	3.16	5	2.480	0.9953	3

The exclusion thresholds is $0.9953 < 3$, therefore, the RF exposure evaluation is not required.

9.2 Test Results for Standalone SAR Test

Head SAR

GSM850 – Head SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
1	GSM	Right Cheek	128	824.2	32.03	32.5	1.1143	0.1804	0.2010
2	GSM	Right Tilted	128	824.2	32.03	32.5	1.1143	0.1307	0.1456
3	GSM	Left Cheek	128	824.2	32.03	32.5	1.1143	0.2097	0.2337
4	GSM	Left Tilted	128	824.2	32.03	32.5	1.1143	0.1053	0.1173

GSM1900 – Head SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	M Hz					
12	GSM	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	29.47	29.5	1.0069	0.1145	0.1153
13	GSM	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	29.47	29.5	1.0069	0.0181	0.0182
14	GSM	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	29.47	29.5	1.0069	0.1168	0.1176
15	GSM	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	29.47	29.5	1.0069	0.0208	0.0209

WCDMA Band 2 – Head SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
25	RMC	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.44	22.5	1.0139	0.2881	0.2921
26	RMC	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	22.44	22.5	1.0139	0.0482	0.0489
27	RMC	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.44	22.5	1.0139	0.2315	0.2347
28	RMC	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	22.44	22.5	1.0139	0.0448	0.0454

WCDMA Band 5 – Head SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
36	RMC	Right Cheek	4132	826.4	22.22	22.5	1.0666	0.1899	0.2025
37	RMC	Right Tilted	4132	826.4	22.22	22.5	1.0666	0.1560	0.1664
38	RMC	Left Cheek	4132	826.4	22.22	22.5	1.0666	0.1794	0.1913
39	RMC	Left Tilted	4132	826.4	22.22	22.5	1.0666	0.1260	0.1344

LTE Band 4– Head SAR Test								
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency	Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
	Modulation, Bandwidth		MHz					
45	RMC,16QAM 5MHz	Right Cheek	1712.5	23.83	24.0	1.0399	0.2040	0.2121
46	RMC,16QAM 5MHz	Right Tilted	1712.5	23.83	24.0	1.0399	0.0407	0.0423
47	RMC,16QAM 5MHz	Left Cheek	1712.5	23.83	24.0	1.0399	0.1763	0.1833
48	RMC,16QAM 5MHz	Left Tilted	1712.5	23.83	24.0	1.0399	0.0318	0.0331

WLAN 2.4GHz – Head SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
54	802.11b	Right Cheek	01	2412	15.53	16.0	1.1143	0.2945	0.3282
55	802.11b	Right Tilted	01	2412	15.53	16.0	1.1143	0.1711	0.1907
56	802.11b	Left Cheek	01	2412	15.53	16.0	1.1143	0.1054	0.1174
57	802.11b	Left Tilted	01	2412	15.53	16.0	1.1143	0.0545	0.0607

Remark: Per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

Body-worn SAR

GSM850 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
5	GSM	Back	128	824.2	32.03	32.5	1.1143	0.3370	0.3755
6	GSM	Front	128	824.2	32.03	32.5	1.1143	0.2689	0.2996

GSM1900 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
16	GSM	Back	512	1850.2	29.47	29.5	1.0069	0.3859	0.3886
17	GSM	Front	512	1850.2	29.47	29.5	1.0069	0.2738	0.2757

WCDMA Band 2 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
29	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	9538	1907.6	22.44	22.5	1.0139	0.4701	0.4766
30	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	9538	1907.6	22.44	22.5	1.0139	0.6438	0.6528

WCDMA Band 5 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
40	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	4132	826.4	22.22	22.5	1.0666	0.2991	0.3190
41	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	4132	826.4	22.22	22.5	1.0666	0.2441	0.2604

LTE Band 4–Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)								
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency	Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
	Modulation, Bandwidth		MHz					
49	RMC,16QAM 5MHz	Back Side	1712.5	23.83	24.0	1.0399	0.3974	0.4133
50	RMC,16QAM 5MHz	Front Side	1712.5	23.83	24.0	1.0399	0.6953	0.7231

WLAN 2.4GHz –Body SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
58	802.11b	Back Side	01	2412	15.53	16.0	1.1143	0.0948	0.1056
59	802.11b	Front Side	01	2412	15.53	16.0	1.1143	0.0852	0.0949

Remark: Per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

Hotspot SAR

GSM850 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
7	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	0.4698	0.5116
8	GPRS_4TX	Front Side	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	0.3784	0.4121
9	GPRS_4TX	Bottom side	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	0.2486	0.2707
10	GPRS_4TX	Right side	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	0.4363	0.4751
11	GPRS_4TX	Left side	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	0.3425	0.3730

GSM1900 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
18	GPRS_2TX	Back Side	512	1850.2	28.84	29.0	1.0375	0.5105	0.5297
19	GPRS_2TX	Front Side	512	1850.2	28.84	29.0	1.0375	0.7311	0.7585
20	GPRS_2TX	Bottom side	512	1850.2	28.84	29.0	1.0375	1.0267	1.0652
21	GPRS_2TX	Bottom side	661	1880.0	28.43	29.0	1.1402	0.8951	1.0206
22	GPRS_2TX	Bottom side	810	1909.8	28.20	29.0	1.2023	0.9282	1.1159
23	GPRS_2TX	Right side	512	1850.2	28.84	29.0	1.0375	0.3187	0.3307
24	GPRS_2TX	Left side	512	1850.2	28.84	29.0	1.0375	0.1500	0.1556

WCDMA Band 2 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
29	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	9538	1907.6	22.44	22.5	1.0139	0.4701	0.4766
30	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	9538	1907.6	22.44	22.5	1.0139	0.6438	0.6528
31	RMC 12.2k	Bottom side	9538	1907.6	22.44	22.5	1.0139	0.8710	0.8831
32	RMC 12.2k	Bottom side	9262	1852.4	22.30	22.5	1.0471	0.7216	0.7556
33	RMC 12.2k	Bottom side	9400	1880.0	22.31	22.5	1.0447	0.7812	0.8161
34	RMC 12.2k	Right side	9538	1907.6	22.44	22.5	1.0139	0.3072	0.3115
35	RMC 12.2k	Left side	9538	1907.6	22.44	22.5	1.0139	0.1341	0.1360

WCDMA Band 5 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
40	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	4132	826.4	22.22	22.5	1.0666	0.2991	0.3190
41	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	4132	826.4	22.22	22.5	1.0666	0.2441	0.2604
42	RMC 12.2k	Bottom side	4132	826.4	22.22	22.5	1.0666	0.1572	0.1677
43	RMC 12.2k	Right side	4132	826.4	22.22	22.5	1.0666	0.2745	0.2928
44	RMC 12.2k	Left side	4132	826.4	22.22	22.5	1.0666	0.2272	0.2423

LTE Band 4–Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)								
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Head	Frequency	Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
	Modulation, Bandwidth		MHz					
49	RMC,16QAM 5MHz	Back Side	1712.5	23.83	24.0	1.0399	0.3974	0.4133
50	RMC,16QAM 5MHz	Front Side	1712.5	23.83	24.0	1.0399	0.6953	0.7231
51	RMC,16QAM 5MHz	Bottom side	1712.5	23.83	24.0	1.0399	0.6547	0.6808
52	RMC,16QAM 5MHz	Right side	1712.5	23.83	24.0	1.0399	0.1783	0.1854
53	RMC,16QAM 5MHz	Left side	1712.5	23.83	24.0	1.0399	0.0927	0.0964

WLAN 2.4GHz –Body SAR Test									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
58	802.11b	Back Side	01	2412	15.53	16.0	1.1143	0.0948	0.1056
59	802.11b	Front Side	01	2412	15.53	16.0	1.1143	0.0852	0.0949
60	802.11b	Left side	01	2412	15.53	16.0	1.1143	0.0585	0.0652
61	802.11b	Top Side	01	2412	15.53	16.0	1.1143	0.0515	0.0574

Remark: Per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

9.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission SAR Analysis

List of Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission

No.	Configurations	Head SAR	Body-worn SAR	Hotspot SAR
1	GSM(Voice) + WLAN(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
2	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN(Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
4	HSDPA(Data) + WLAN(Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	HSUPA(Data) + WLAN(Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
6	LTE(Data) + WLAN(Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
8	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
9	WCDMA(Voice) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
10	HSDPA(Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
11	HSUPA(Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
12	LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes

Remark:

1. GSM and WCDMA share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
3. According to the KDB 447498 D01v05r01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm) $\cdot$ [$\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}$]/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r01 as below:

Bluetooth:

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	X	SAR(1g) 5mm	SAR(1g) 10mm
5.0	3.16	5/10	2.480	7.5	0.1327	0.0664

4. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

Head SAR
WWAN and WLAN

	WWAN		WLAN	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Right Cheek	GSM850	0.2010	0.3282	0.5292
Right Tilted	GSM850	0.1456	0.1907	0.3363
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.2337	0.1174	0.3511
Left Tilted	GSM850	0.1173	0.0607	0.178
Right Cheek	GSM1900	0.1153	0.3282	0.4435
Right Tilted	GSM1900	0.0182	0.1907	0.2089
Left Cheek	GSM1900	0.1176	0.1174	0.235
Left Tilted	GSM1900	0.0209	0.0607	0.0816
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band 2	0.2921	0.3282	0.6203
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band 2	0.0489	0.1907	0.2396
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band 2	0.2347	0.1174	0.3521
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band 2	0.0454	0.0607	0.1061
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band 5	0.2025	0.3282	0.5307
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band 5	0.1664	0.1907	0.3571
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band 5	0.1913	0.1174	0.3087
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band 5	0.1344	0.0607	0.1951
Right Cheek	LTE Band 4	0.2121	0.3282	0.5403
Right Tilted	LTE Band 4	0.0423	0.1907	0.233
Left Cheek	LTE Band 4	0.1833	0.1174	0.3007
Left Tilted	LTE Band 4	0.0331	0.0607	0.0938

WWAN and Bluetooth

	WWAN		Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Right Cheek	GSM850	0.2010	0.1327	0.3337
Right Tilted	GSM850	0.1456	0.1327	0.2783
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.2337	0.1327	0.3664
Left Tilted	GSM850	0.1173	0.1327	0.25
Right Cheek	GSM1900	0.1153	0.1327	0.248
Right Tilted	GSM1900	0.0182	0.1327	0.1509
Left Cheek	GSM1900	0.1176	0.1327	0.2503
Left Tilted	GSM1900	0.0209	0.1327	0.1536
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band 2	0.2921	0.1327	0.4248
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band 2	0.0489	0.1327	0.1816
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band 2	0.2347	0.1327	0.3674
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band 2	0.0454	0.1327	0.1781
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band 5	0.2025	0.1327	0.3352
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band 5	0.1664	0.1327	0.2991
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band 5	0.1913	0.1327	0.324
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band 5	0.1344	0.1327	0.2671
Right Cheek	LTE Band 4	0.2121	0.1327	0.3448
Right Tilted	LTE Band 4	0.0423	0.1327	0.175
Left Cheek	LTE Band 4	0.1833	0.1327	0.316
Left Tilted	LTE Band 4	0.0331	0.1327	0.1658

Body-worn SAR

WWAN and WLAN

	WWAN		WLAN	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GSM850	0.3755	0.1056	0.4811
Front	GSM850	0.2996	0.0949	0.3945
Back	GSM1900	0.3886	0.1056	0.4942
Front	GSM1900	0.2757	0.0949	0.3706
Back	WCDMA Band 2	0.4766	0.1056	0.5822
Front	WCDMA Band 2	0.6528	0.0949	0.7477
Back	WCDMA Band 5	0.3190	0.1056	0.4246
Front	WCDMA Band 5	0.2604	0.0949	0.3553
Back	LTE Band 4	0.4133	0.1056	0.5189
Front	LTE Band 4	0.7231	0.0949	0.818

WWAN and Bluetooth

	WWAN		Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GSM850	0.3755	0.0664	0.4419
Front	GSM850	0.2996	0.0664	0.366
Back	GSM1900	0.3886	0.0664	0.455
Front	GSM1900	0.2757	0.0664	0.3421
Back	WCDMA Band 2	0.4766	0.0664	0.543
Front	WCDMA Band 2	0.6528	0.0664	0.7192
Back	WCDMA Band 5	0.3190	0.0664	0.3854
Front	WCDMA Band 5	0.2604	0.0664	0.3268
Back	LTE Band 4	0.4133	0.0664	0.4797
Front	LTE Band 4	0.7231	0.0664	0.7895

Hotspot SAR
WWAN and WLAN

	WWAN		WLAN	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GSM850	0.5116	0.1056	0.6172
Front	GSM850	0.4121	0.0949	0.507
Top side	GSM850	--	0.0574	0.0574
Bottom side	GSM850	0.2707	--	0.2707
Right side	GSM850	0.4751	--	0.4751
Left side	GSM850	0.3730	0.0652	0.4382
Back	GSM1900	0.5297	0.1056	0.6353
Front	GSM1900	0.7585	0.0949	0.8534
Top side	GSM1900	--	0.0574	0.0574
Bottom side	GSM1900	1.1159	--	1.1159
Right side	GSM1900	0.3307	--	0.3307
Left side	GSM1900	0.1556	0.0652	0.2208
Back	WCDMA Band 2	0.4766	0.1056	0.5822
Front	WCDMA Band 2	0.6528	0.0949	0.7477
Top side	WCDMA Band 2	--	0.0574	0.0574
Bottom side	WCDMA Band 2	0.8831	--	0.8831
Right side	WCDMA Band 2	0.3115	--	0.3115
Left side	WCDMA Band 2	0.1360	0.0652	0.2012
Back	WCDMA Band 5	0.3190	0.1056	0.4246
Front	WCDMA Band 5	0.2604	0.0949	0.3553
Top side	WCDMA Band 5	--	0.0574	0.0574
Bottom side	WCDMA Band 5	0.1677	--	0.1677
Right side	WCDMA Band 5	0.2928	--	0.2928
Left side	WCDMA Band 5	0.2423	0.0652	0.3075
Back	LTE Band 4	0.4133	0.1056	0.5189
Front	LTE Band 4	0.7231	0.0949	0.818
Top side	LTE Band 4	--	0.0574	0.0574
Bottom side	LTE Band 4	0.6808	--	0.6808
Right side	LTE Band 4	0.1854	--	0.1854
Left side	LTE Band 4	0.0964	0.0652	0.1616

WWAN and Bluetooth

	WWAN		Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GSM850	0.5116	0.0664	0.578
Front	GSM850	0.4121	0.0664	0.4785
Top side	GSM850	--	0.0664	0.0664
Bottom side	GSM850	0.2707	0.0664	0.3371
Right side	GSM850	0.4751	0.0664	0.5415
Left side	GSM850	0.3730	0.0664	0.4394
Back	GSM1900	0.5297	0.0664	0.5961
Front	GSM1900	0.7585	0.0664	0.8249
Top side	GSM1900	--	0.0664	0.0664
Bottom side	GSM1900	1.1159	0.0664	1.1823
Right side	GSM1900	0.3307	0.0664	0.3971
Left side	GSM1900	0.1556	0.0664	0.222
Back	WCDMA Band 2	0.4766	0.0664	0.543
Front	WCDMA Band 2	0.6528	0.0664	0.7192
Top side	WCDMA Band 2	--	0.0664	0.0664
Bottom side	WCDMA Band 2	0.8831	0.0664	0.9495
Right side	WCDMA Band 2	0.3115	0.0664	0.3779
Left side	WCDMA Band 2	0.1360	0.0664	0.2024
Back	WCDMA Band 5	0.3190	0.0664	0.3854
Front	WCDMA Band 5	0.2604	0.0664	0.3268
Top side	WCDMA Band 5	--	0.0664	0.0664
Bottom side	WCDMA Band 5	0.1677	0.0664	0.2341
Right side	WCDMA Band 5	0.2928	0.0664	0.3592
Left side	WCDMA Band 5	0.2423	0.0664	0.3087
Back	LTE Band 4	0.4133	0.0664	0.4797
Front	LTE Band 4	0.7231	0.0664	0.7895
Top side	LTE Band 4	--	0.0664	0.0664
Bottom side	LTE Band 4	0.6808	0.0664	0.7472
Right side	LTE Band 4	0.1854	0.0664	0.2518
Left side	LTE Band 4	0.0964	0.0664	0.1628

Remark: For BT the 1g SAR value is not being captured by the measurement system, the 1g-SAR value is conservatively used for simultaneous transmission analysis.

10. Measurement Uncertainty

10.1 Uncertainty for EUT SAR Test

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+- %)	10g Ui (+- %)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1_{Cp})^{1/2}$	$(1_{Cp})^{1/2}$	1.02	1.02	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	1.63	1.63	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2.1	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	
Output power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	12.02	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.94	6.94	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	0.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M

measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.98	12.53	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				25.32	24.43	

10.2 Uncertainty for System Performance Check

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+- %)	10g Ui (+- %)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1_{Cp})^{1/2}$	$(1_{Cp})^{1/2}$	1.02	1.02	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	1.63	1.63	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	N-1
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	12.02	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.94	6.94	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	

Liquid conductivity measurement uncertainty	-	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value		E.3.2	0.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
Liquid permittivity measurement uncertainty	-	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty				RSS				12.00	11.50	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)				K=2				23.39	22.43	

Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check

MEASUREMENT 1

For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 21 seconds

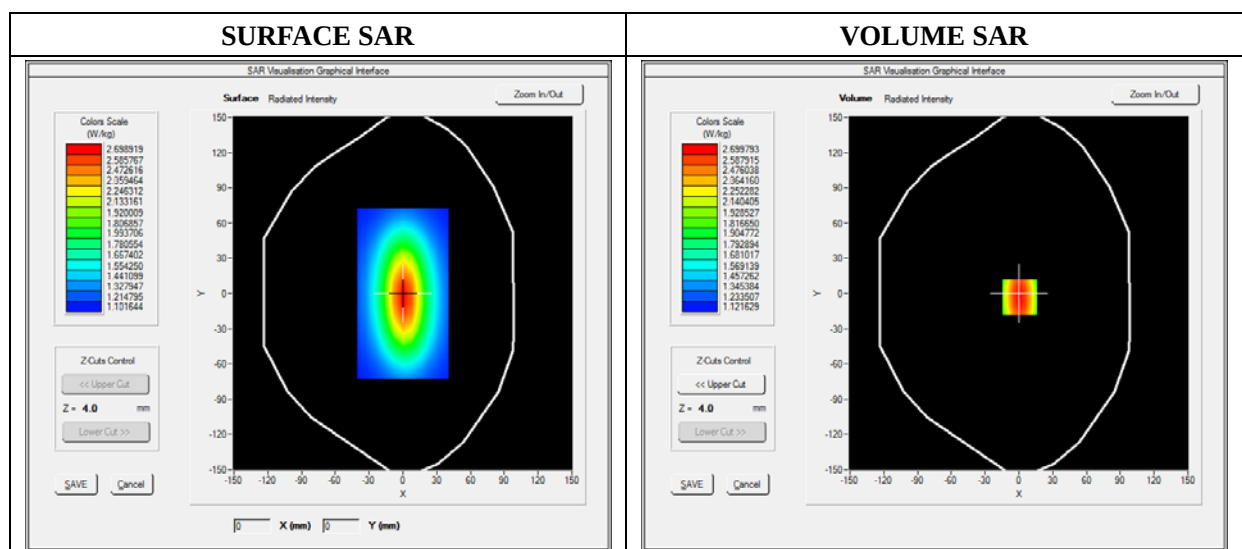
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	0.038437
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

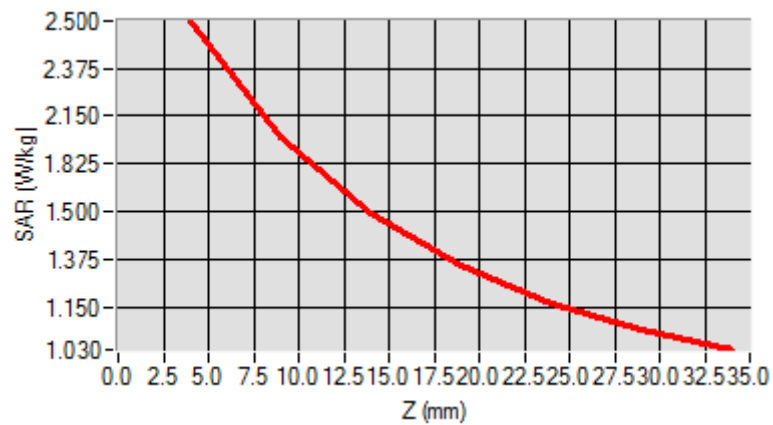


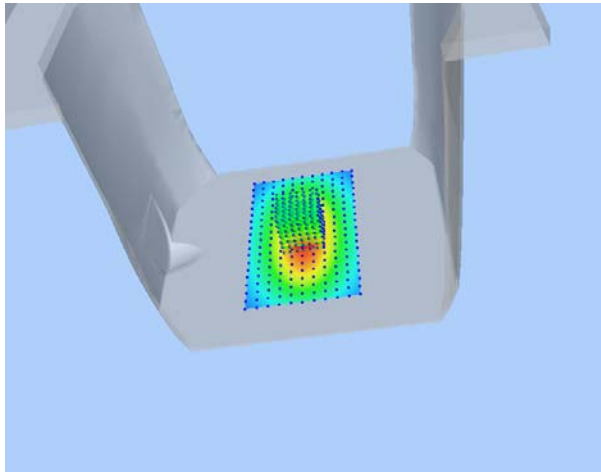
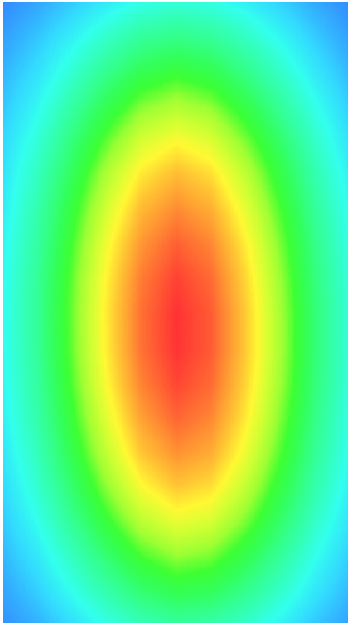
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.129489
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.411253

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.4900	1.8942	1.4811	1.3541	1.1123	1.0539



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 2

For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

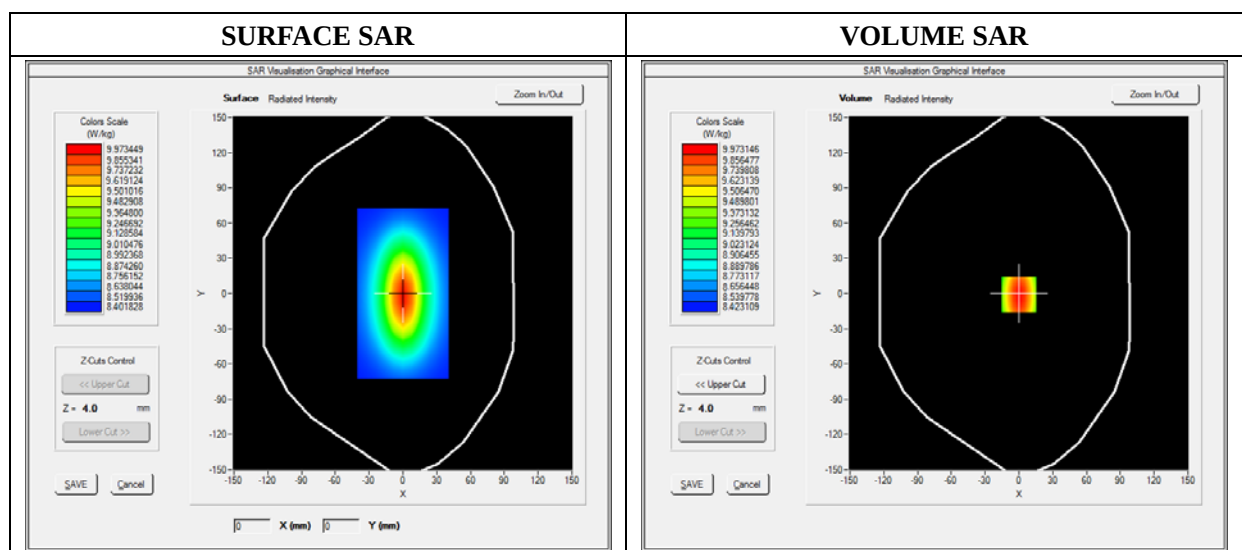
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.84; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1800
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	39.024890
Conductivity (S/m)	1.371250
Power Variation (%)	1.401232
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

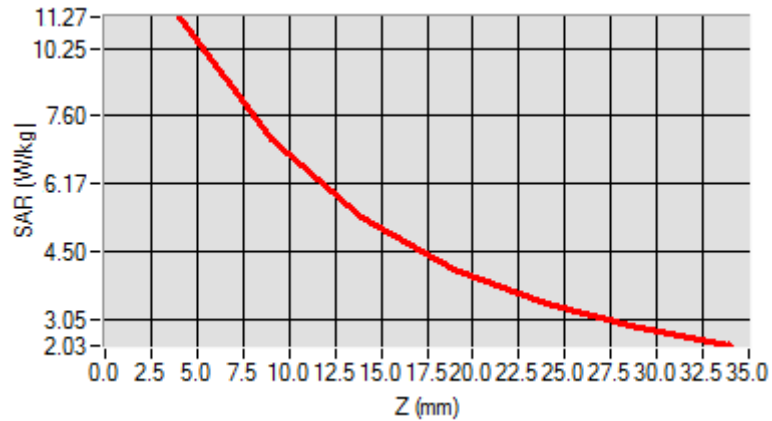


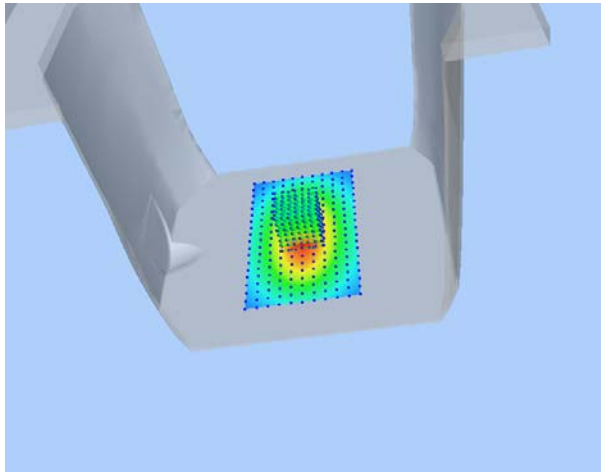
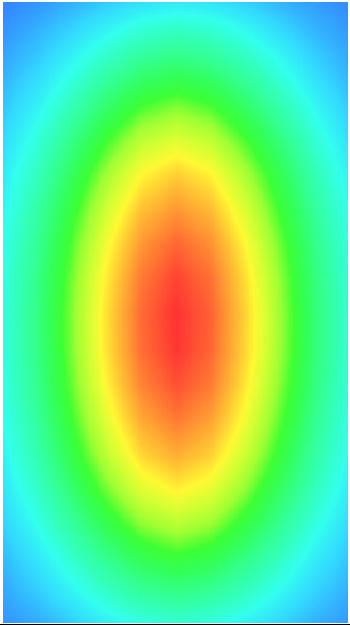
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.171252
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.611250

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.3455	7.1125	5.1026	3.425	3.0242	2.1125



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 3

For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

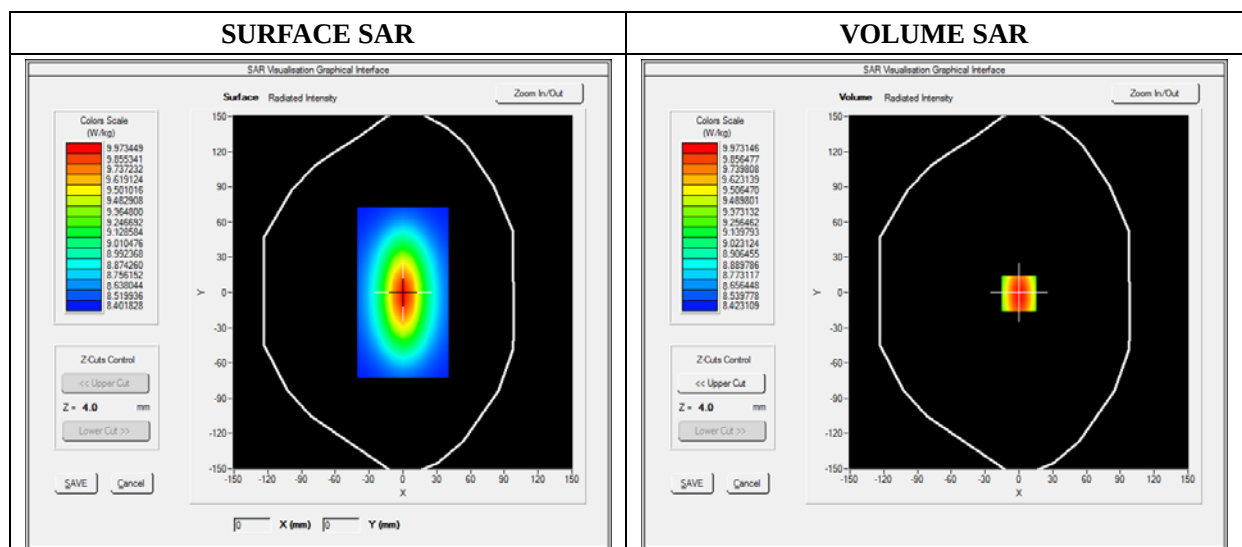
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.022540
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

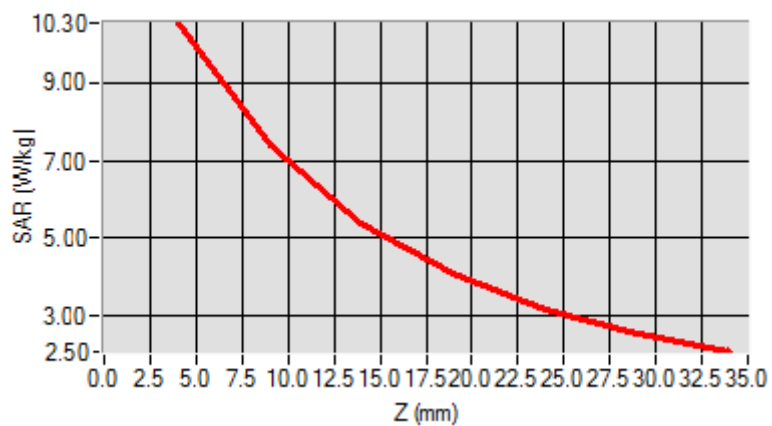


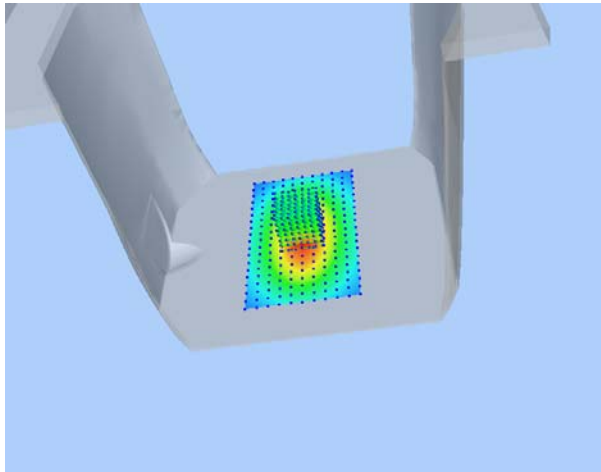
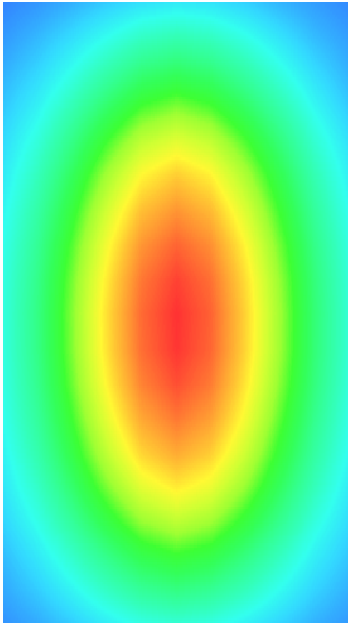
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	7.174526
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.913214

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.2354	6.8400	5.0121	4.1189	3.0522	2.8424



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 4

For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

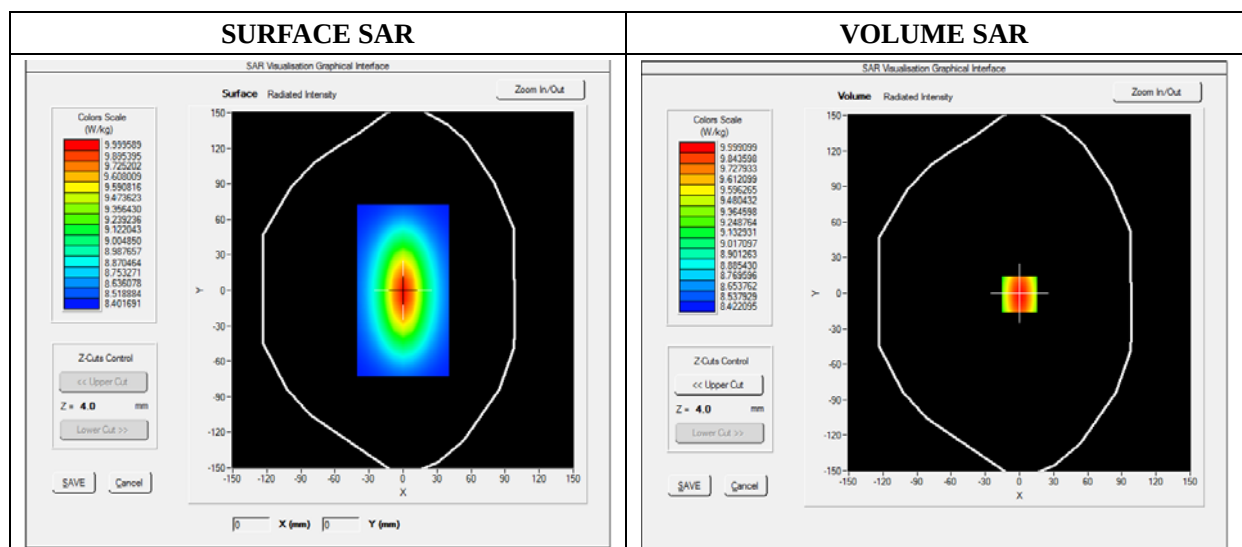
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.64; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2450
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.153660
Conductivity (S/m)	1.740236
Power Variation (%)	1.141452
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

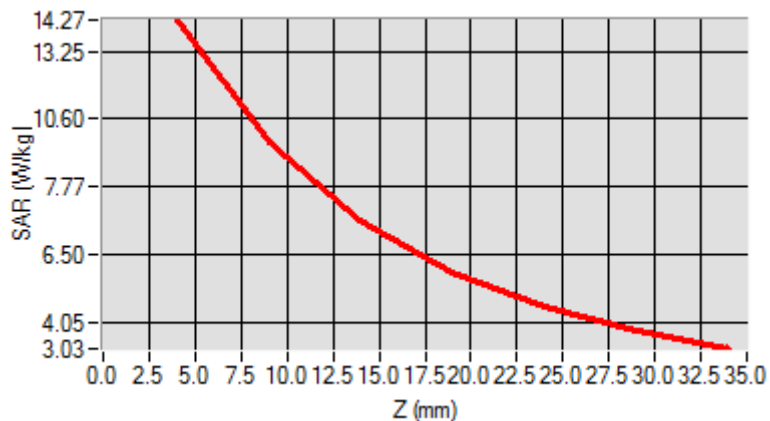


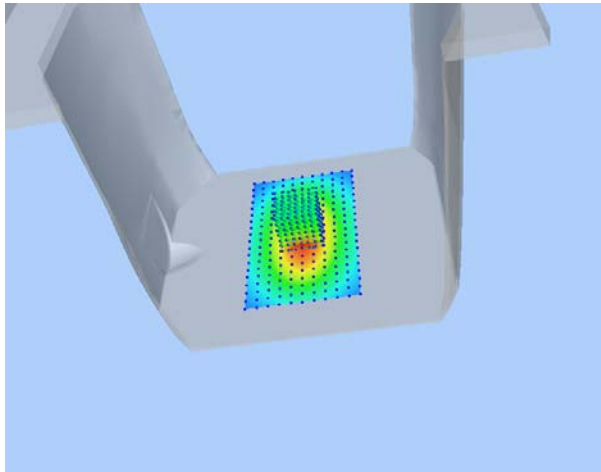
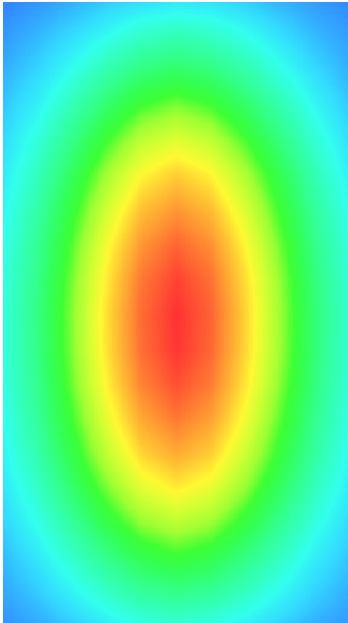
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	8.020427
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	13.452457

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	14.1034	12.0012	10.2624	7.4715	5.9022	4.5114



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 5

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

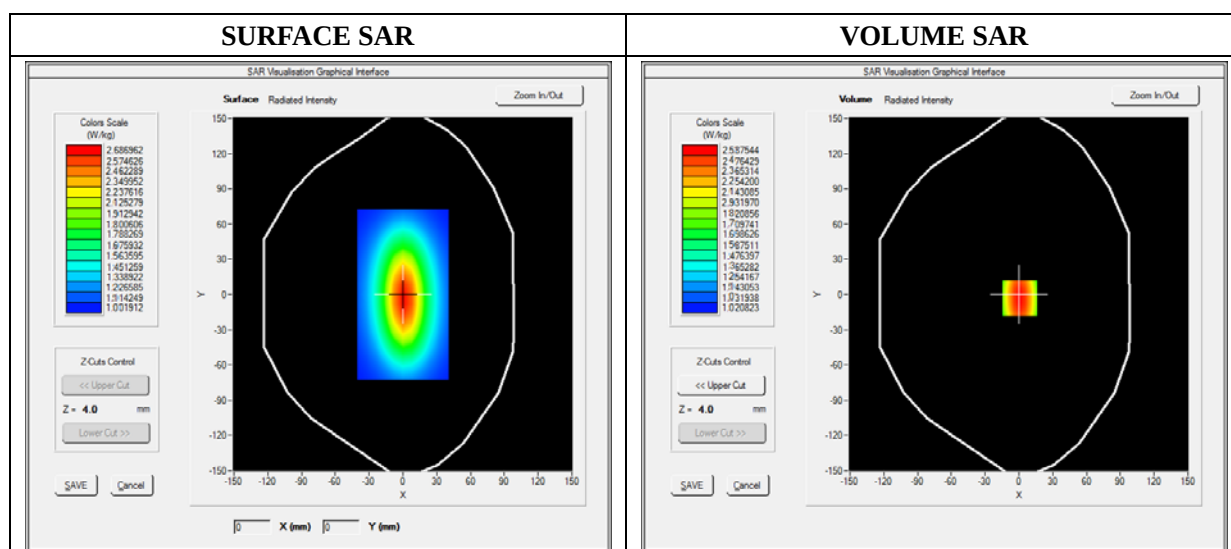
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.901472
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

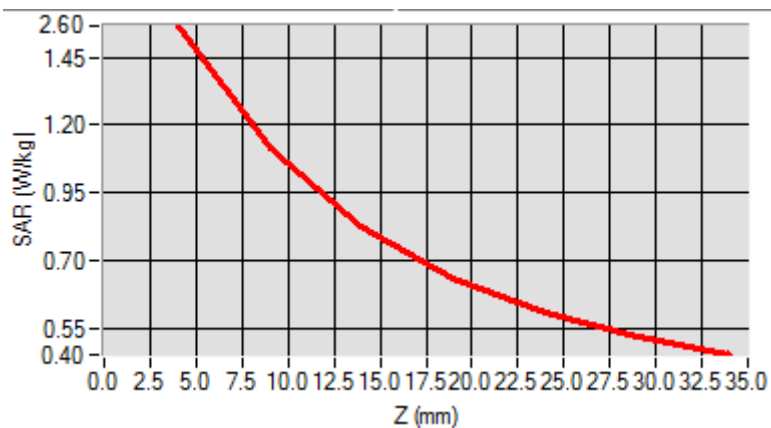


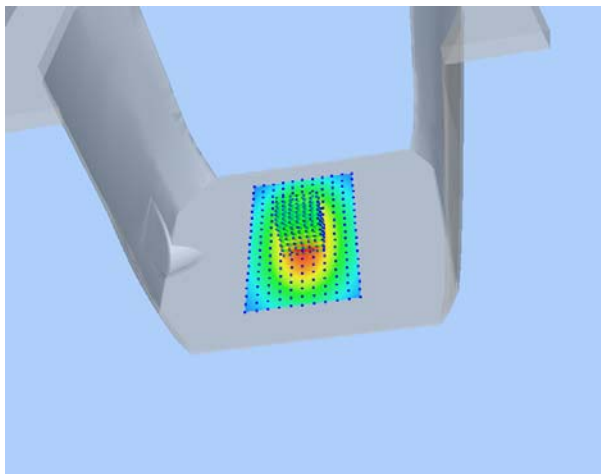
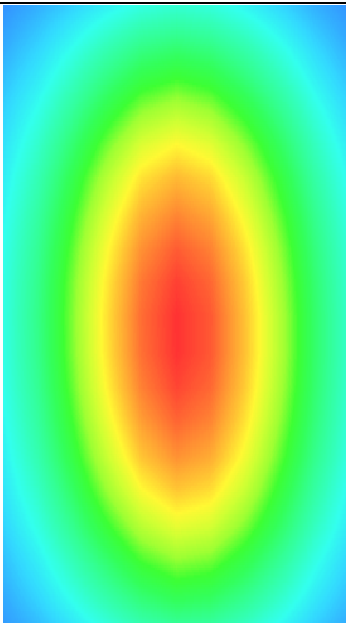
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.028956
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.354211

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5789	1.1300	0.8795	0.5940	0.5011	0.5100



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 6

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

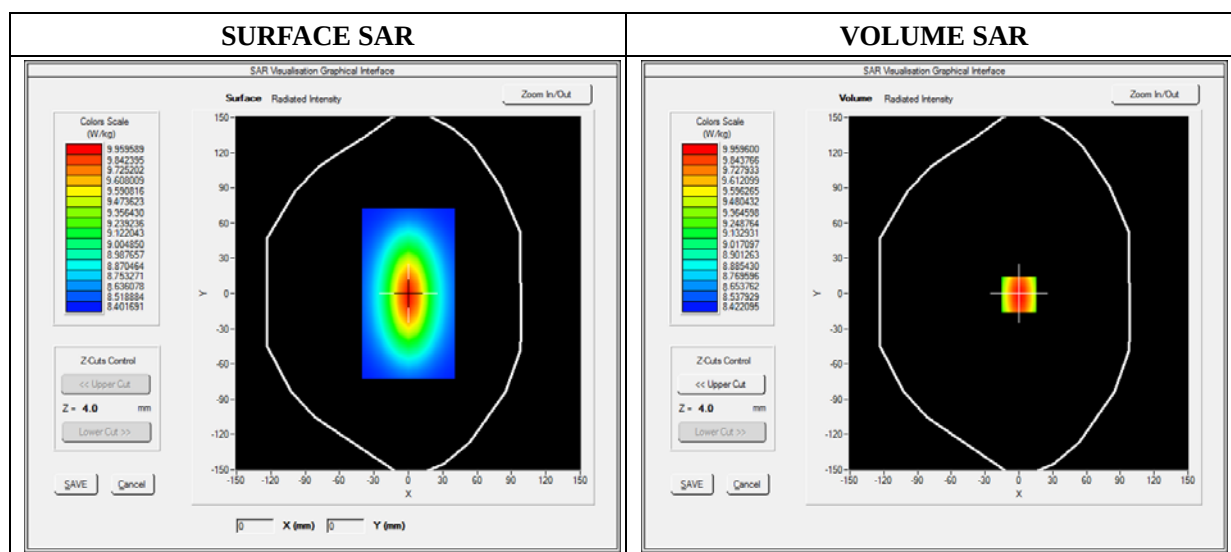
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.06; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1800
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	51.224510
Conductivity (S/m)	1.461261
Power Variation (%)	0.845690
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

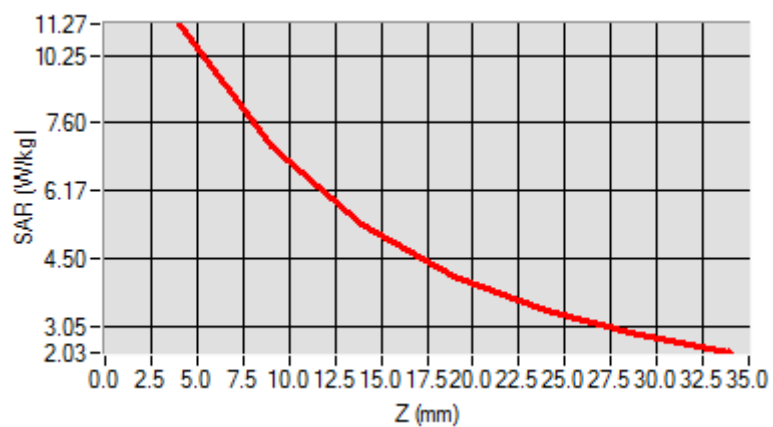


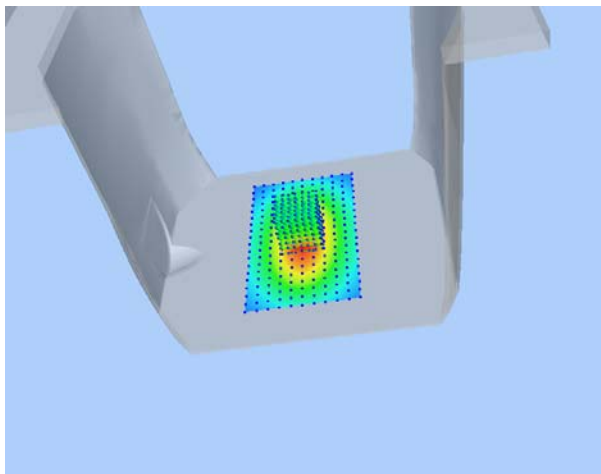
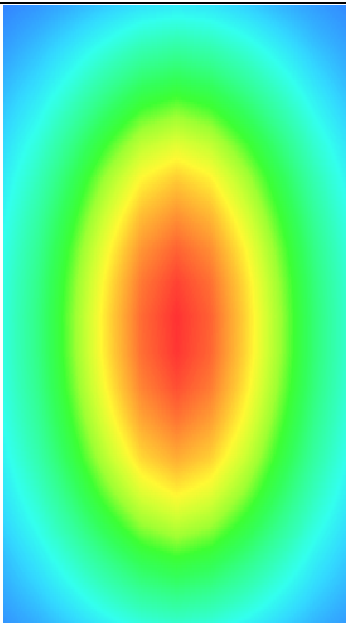
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.221202
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.582560

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	11.2425	9.4123	8.0345	6.9125	6.3092	3.9460



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 7

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

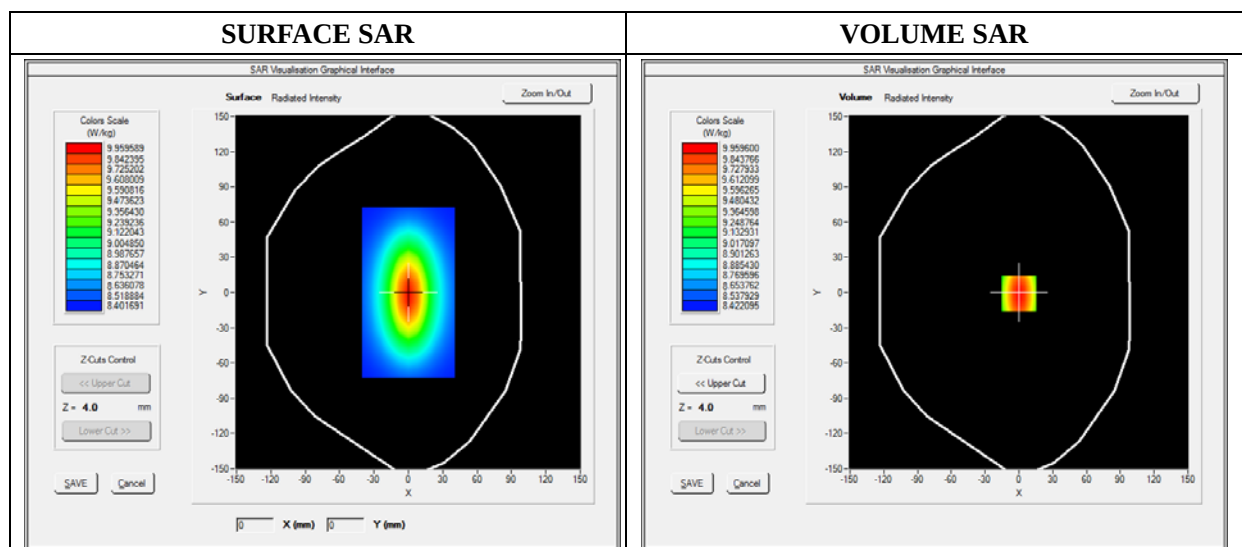
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.541872
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

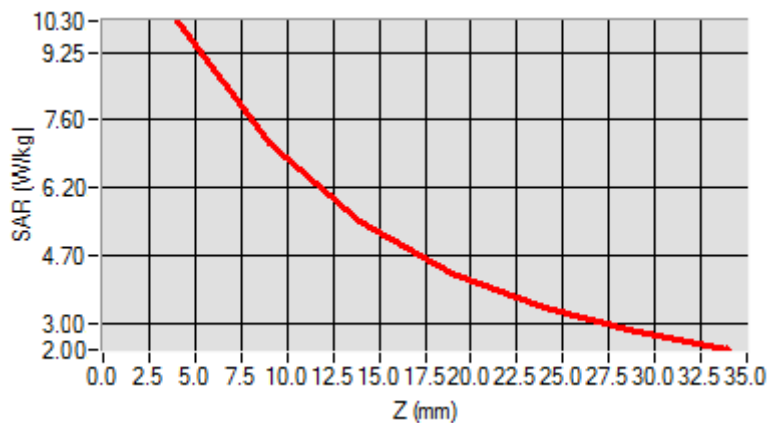


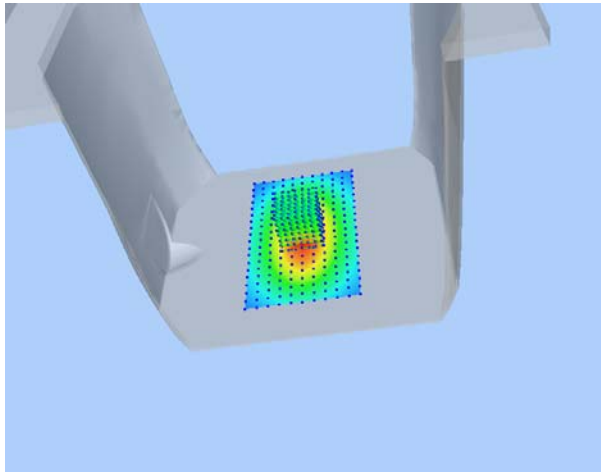
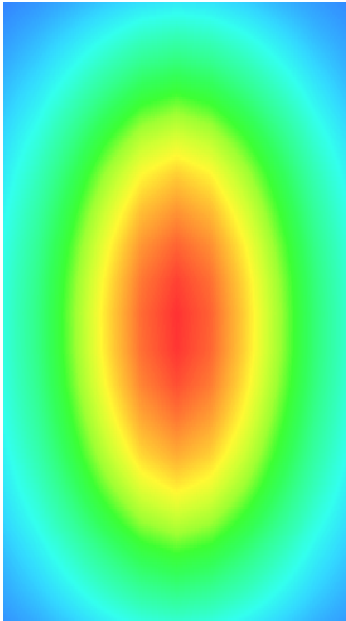
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.134651
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.781550

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.2031	6.43001	4.9011	4.5325	3.1201	2.5024



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 8

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

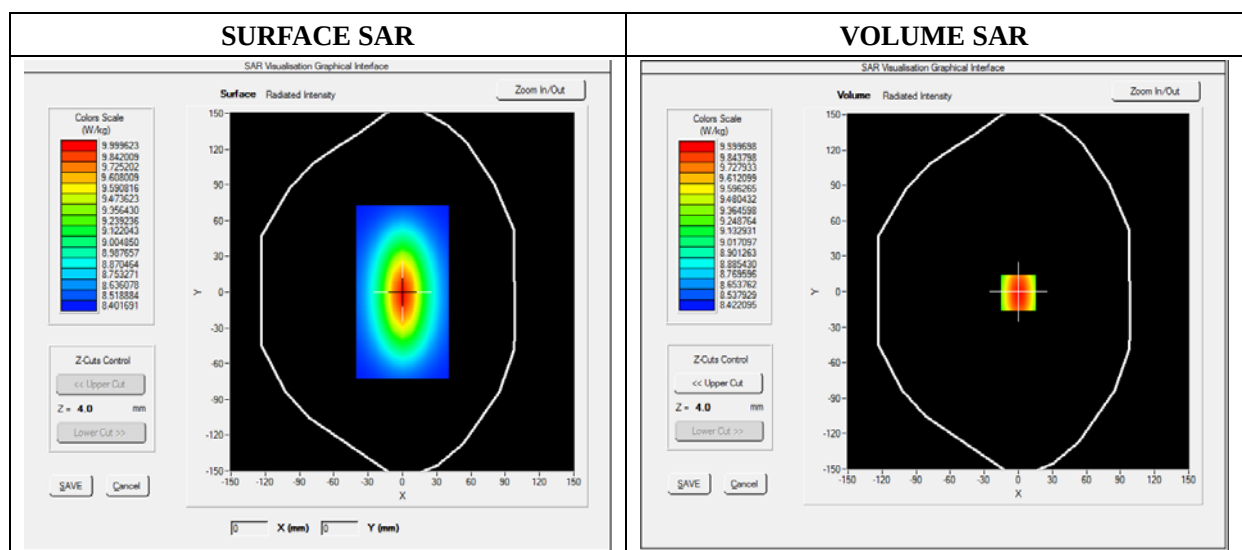
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.80; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2450
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.010212
Conductivity (S/m)	1.910255
Power Variation (%)	1.369745
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

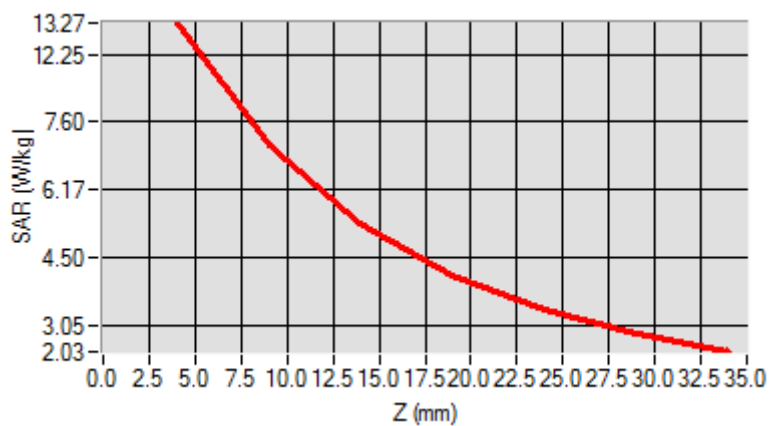


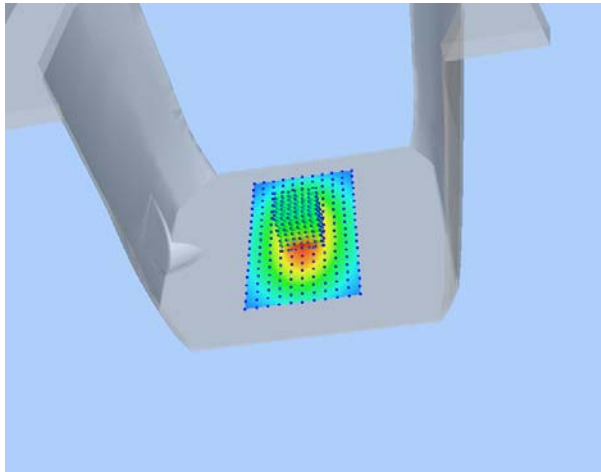
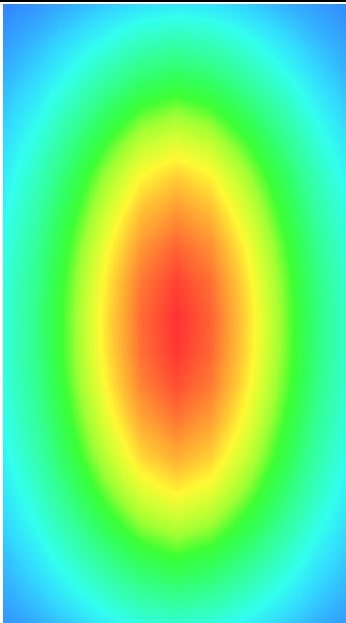
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	7.119522
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	12.592360

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	13.3911	11.7951	9.2945	8.5400	6.3712	4.6225



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

Annex B. Plots of SAR Measurement

<u>TYPE</u>	<u>BAND</u>	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Phone	GSM850	<u>Measurement 1:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM850	<u>Measurement 2:</u> Right Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM850	<u>Measurement 3:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM850	<u>Measurement 4:</u> Left Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM850	<u>Measurement 5:</u> Flat Plane with Back(Body-worn) device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM850	<u>Measurement 6:</u> Flat Plane with Front(Body-worn) device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GPRS850_4TX	<u>Measurement 7:</u> Flat Plane with Back device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS850_4TX	<u>Measurement 8:</u> Flat Plane with Front device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS850_4TX	<u>Measurement 9:</u> Flat Plane with Bottom side device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS850_4TX	<u>Measurement 10:</u> Flat Plane with Right side device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS850_4TX	<u>Measurement 11:</u> Flat Plane with Left side device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GSM1900	<u>Measurement 12:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	<u>Measurement 13:</u> Right Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	<u>Measurement 14:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	<u>Measurement 15:</u> Left Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	<u>Measurement 16:</u> Flat Plane with Back(Body-worn) device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	<u>Measurement 17:</u> Flat Plane with Front(Body-worn) device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GPRS1900_2TX	<u>Measurement 18:</u> Flat Plane with Back device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_2TX	<u>Measurement 19:</u> Flat Plane with Front device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode

Phone	GPRS1900_2TX	Measurement 20: Flat Plane with Bottom side device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_2TX	Measurement 21: Flat Plane with Bottom side device position on Middle Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_2TX	Measurement 22: Flat Plane with Bottom side device position on High Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_2TX	Measurement 23: Flat Plane with Right side device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_2TX	Measurement 24: Flat Plane with Left side device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 25: Right Head with Cheek device position on High Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 26: Right Head with Tilt device position on High Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 27: Left Head with Cheek device position on High Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 28: Left Head with Tilt device position on High Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 29: Flat Plane with Back device position on High Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 30: Flat Plane with Front device position on High Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 31: Flat Plane with Bottom side device position on High Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 32: Flat Plane with Bottom side device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 33: Flat Plane with Bottom side device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 34: Flat Plane with Right side device position on High Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 35: Flat Plane with Left side device position on High Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 36: Right Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 37: Right Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 38: Left Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 39: Left Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 40: Flat Plane with Back device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 41: Flat Plane with Front device position

		on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	<u>Measurement 42:</u> Flat Plane with Bottom side device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	<u>Measurement 43:</u> Flat Plane with Right side device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	<u>Measurement 44:</u> Flat Plane with Left side device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	LTE Band 4_RMC	<u>Measurement 45:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in LTE mode
Phone	LTE Band 4_RMC	<u>Measurement 46:</u> Right Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in LTE mode
Phone	LTE Band 4_RMC	<u>Measurement 47:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in LTE mode
Phone	LTE Band 4_RMC	<u>Measurement 48:</u> Left Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in LTE mode
Phone	LTE Band 4_RMC	<u>Measurement 49:</u> Flat Plane with Back device position on Low Channel in LTE mode
Phone	LTE Band 4_RMC	<u>Measurement 50:</u> Flat Plane with Front device position on Low Channel in LTE mode
Phone	LTE Band 4_RMC	<u>Measurement 51:</u> Flat Plane with Bottom side device position on Low Channel in LTE mode
Phone	LTE Band 4_RMC	<u>Measurement 52:</u> Flat Plane with Right side device position on Low Channel in LTE mode
Phone	LTE Band 4_RMC	<u>Measurement 53:</u> Flat Plane with Left side device position on Low Channel in LTE mode
Phone	WiFi_802.11b	<u>Measurement 54:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode
Phone	WiFi_802.11b	<u>Measurement 55:</u> Right Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode
Phone	WiFi_802.11b	<u>Measurement 56:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode
Phone	WiFi_802.11b	<u>Measurement 57:</u> Left Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode
Phone	WiFi_802.11b	<u>Measurement 58:</u> Flat Plane with Back side device position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode
Phone	WiFi_802.11b	<u>Measurement 59:</u> Flat Plane with Front side device position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode
Phone	WiFi_802.11b	<u>Measurement 60:</u> Flat Plane with Left side device position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode
Phone	WiFi_802.11b	<u>Measurement 61:</u> Flat Plane with Top side device position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode

MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

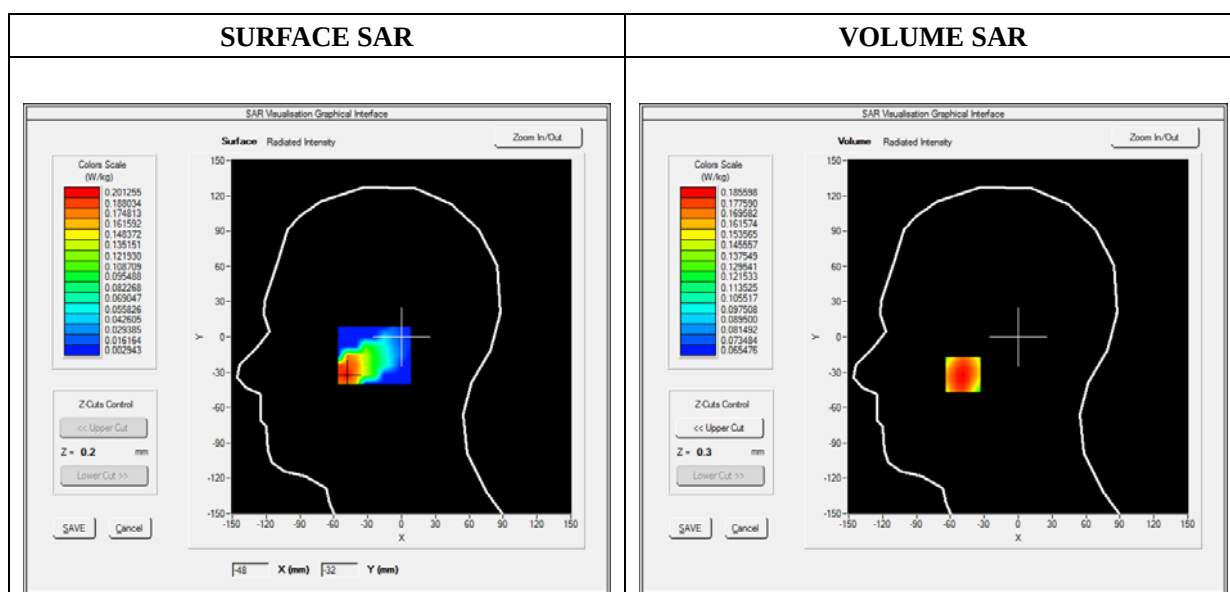
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

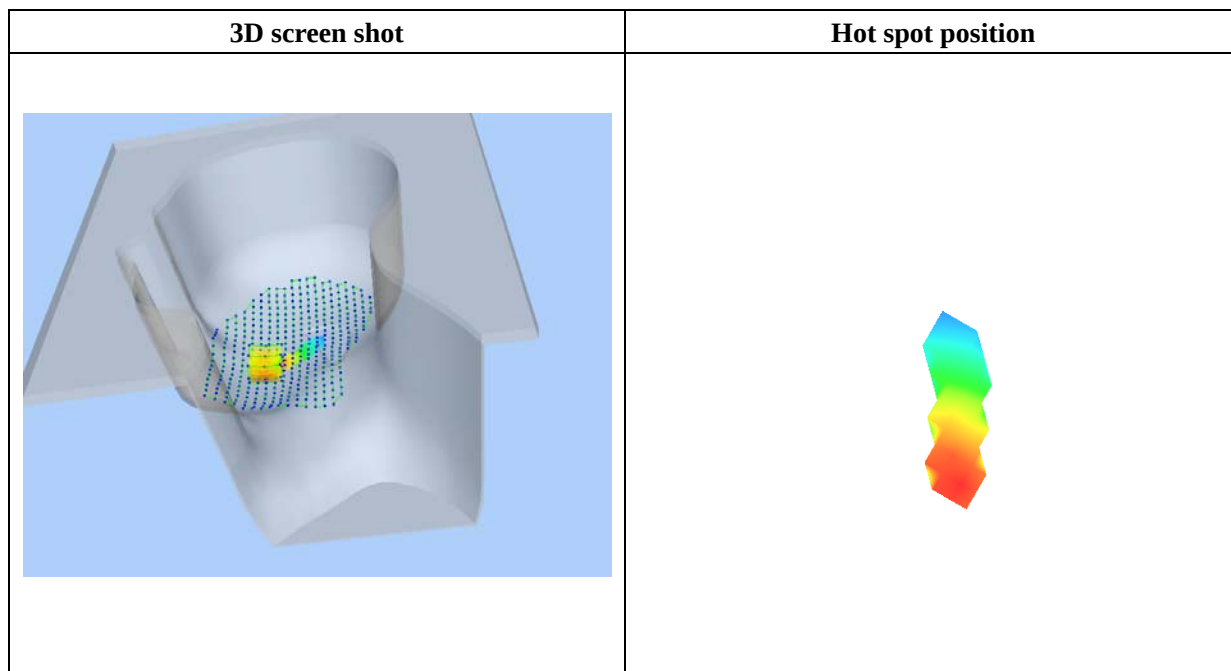
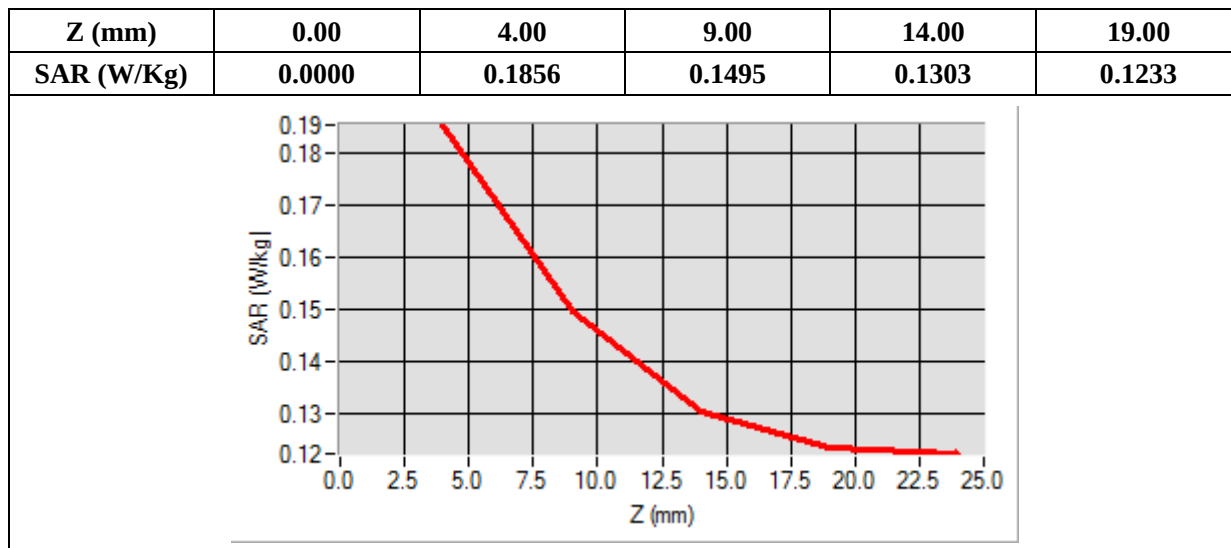
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.564544
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-32.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.144727
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.180407



MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

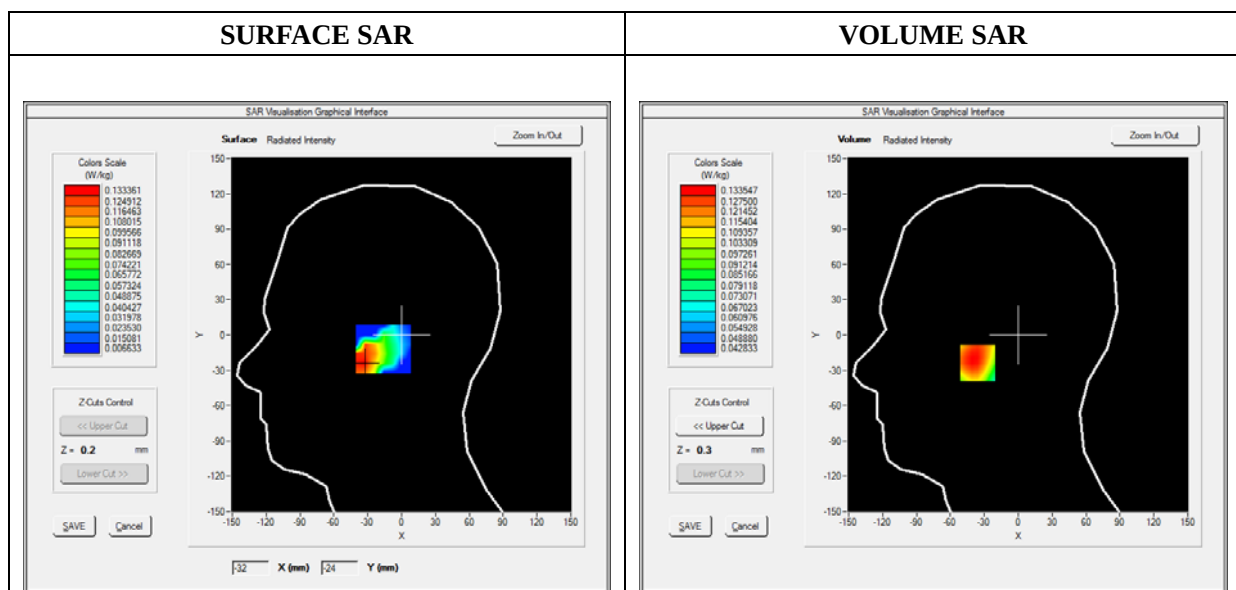
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

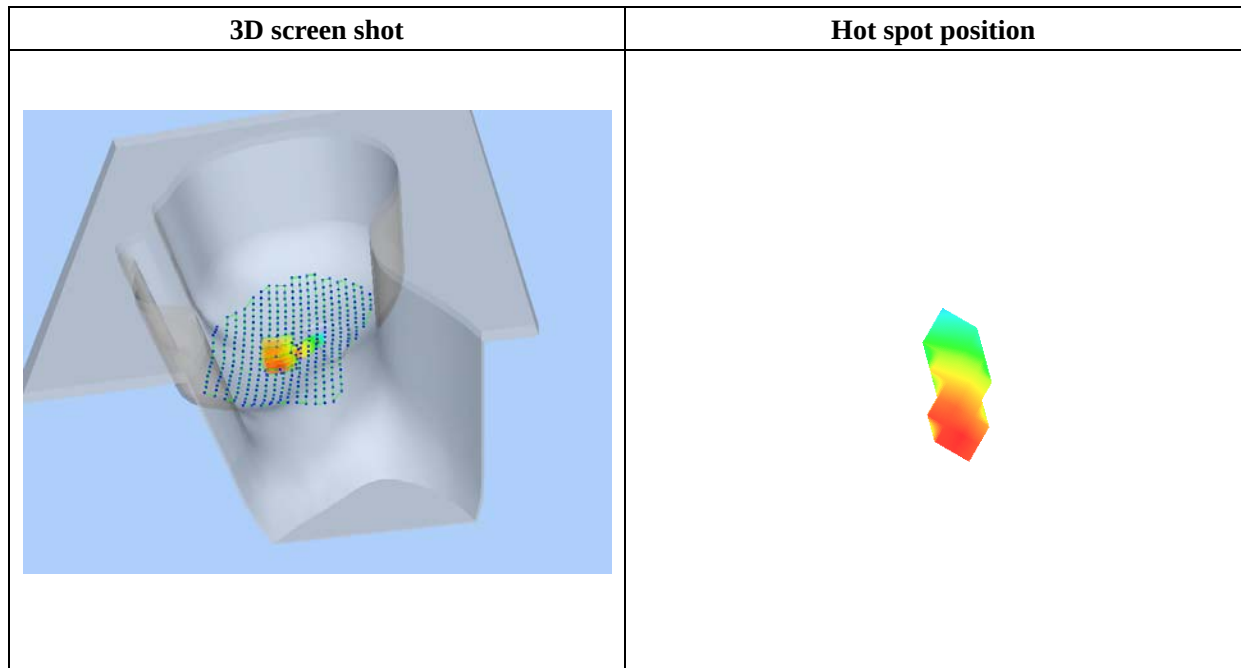
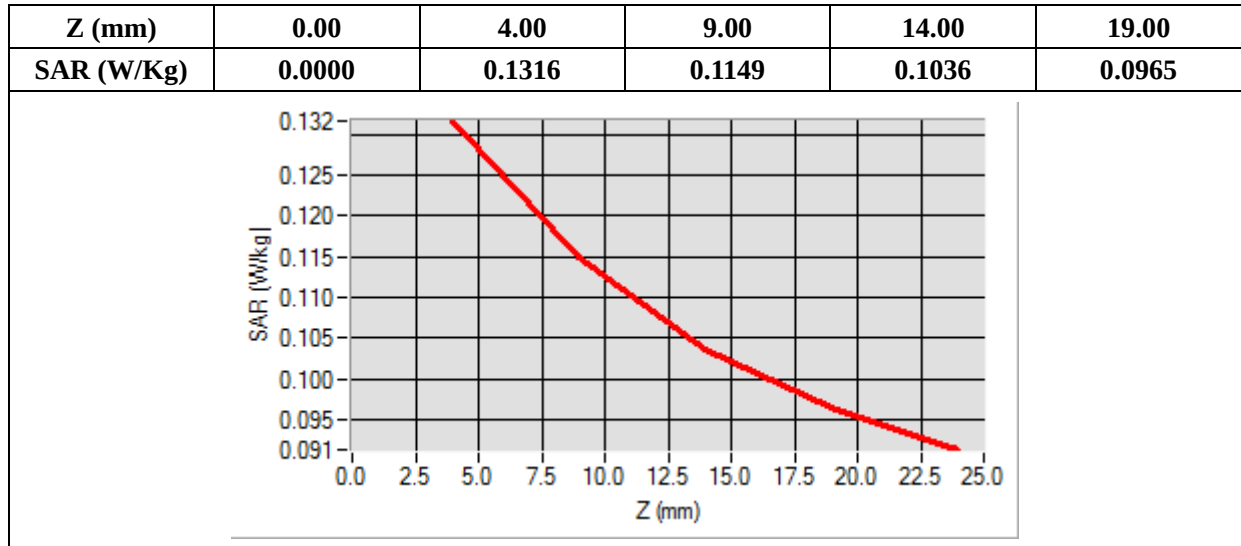
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	2.533224
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-34.00, Y=-24.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.110256
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.130663



MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 48 seconds

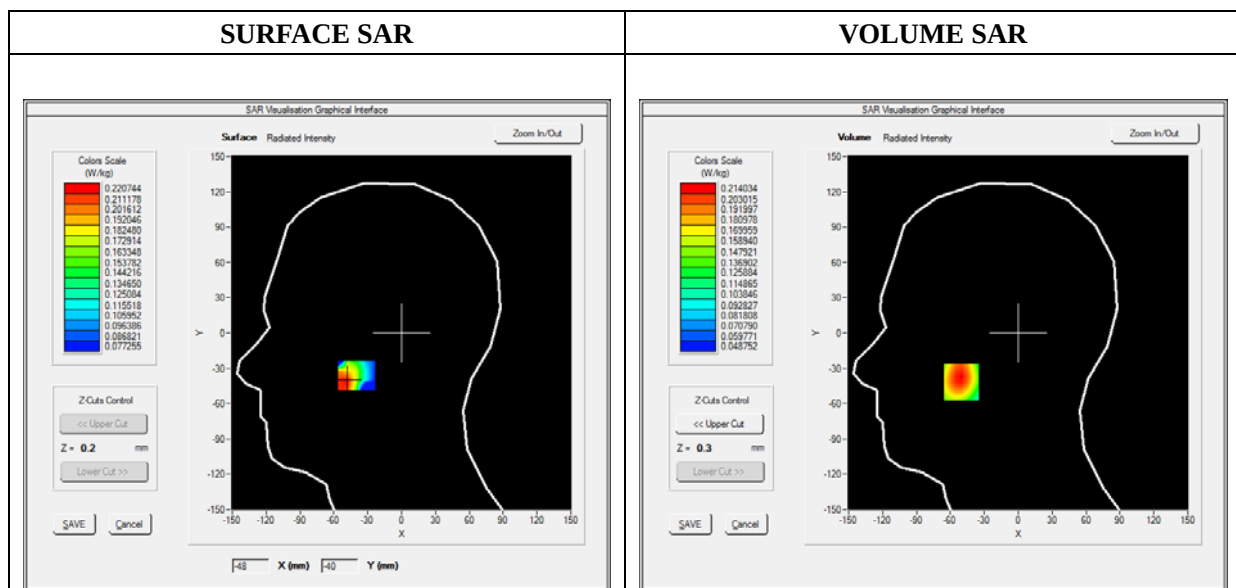
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

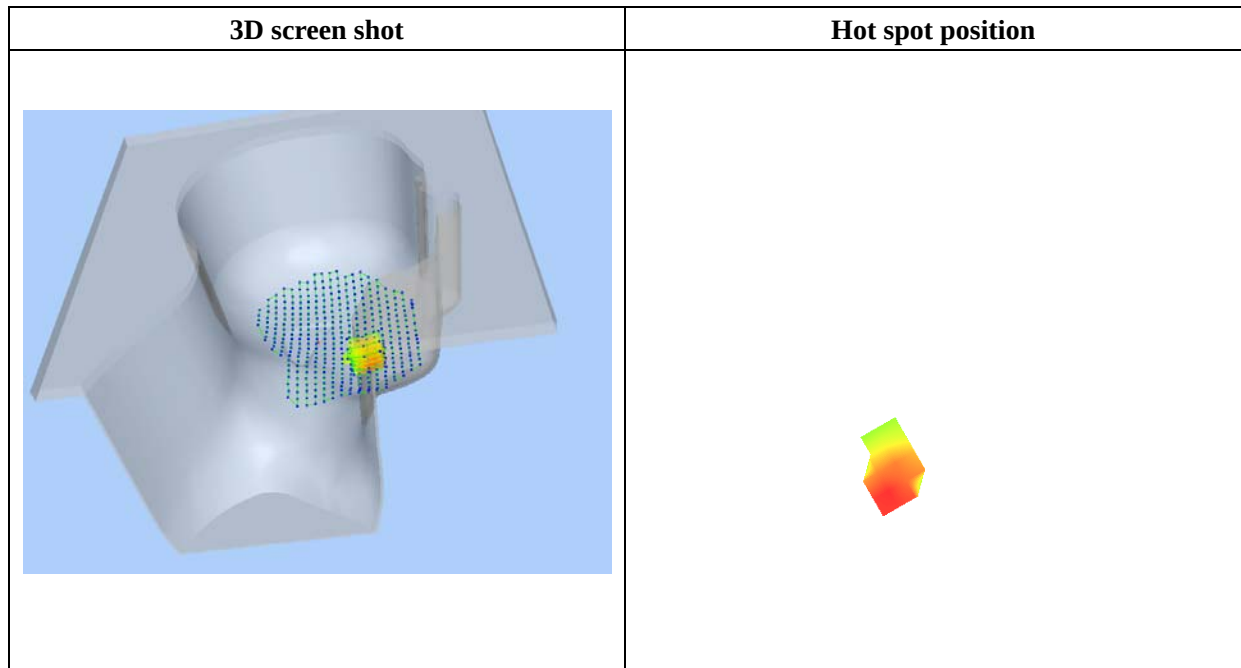
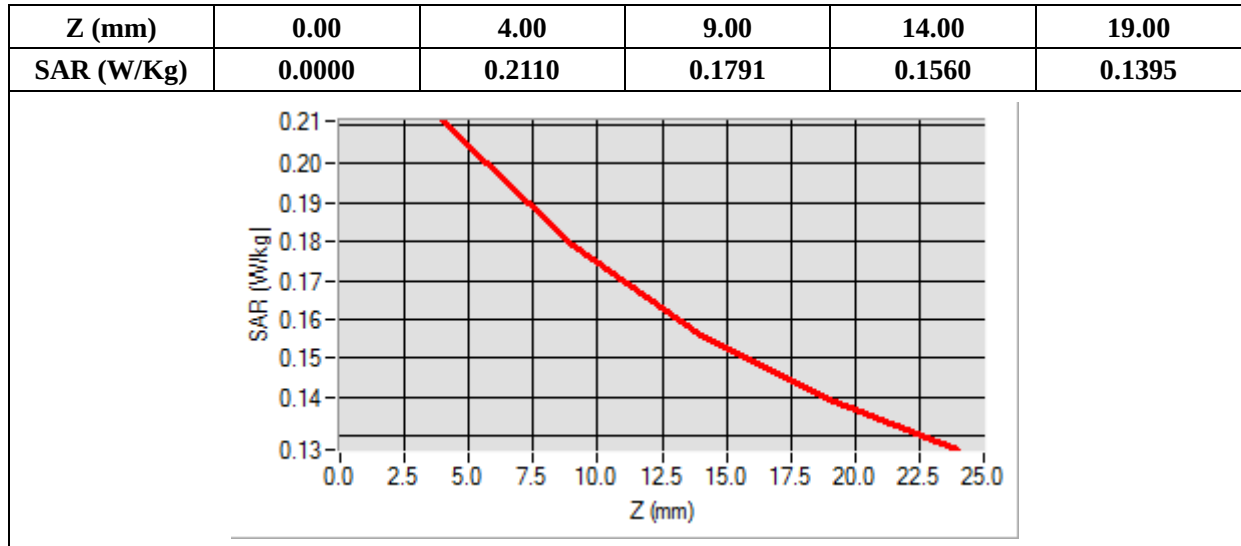
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.144536
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=-42.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.165350
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.209672



MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

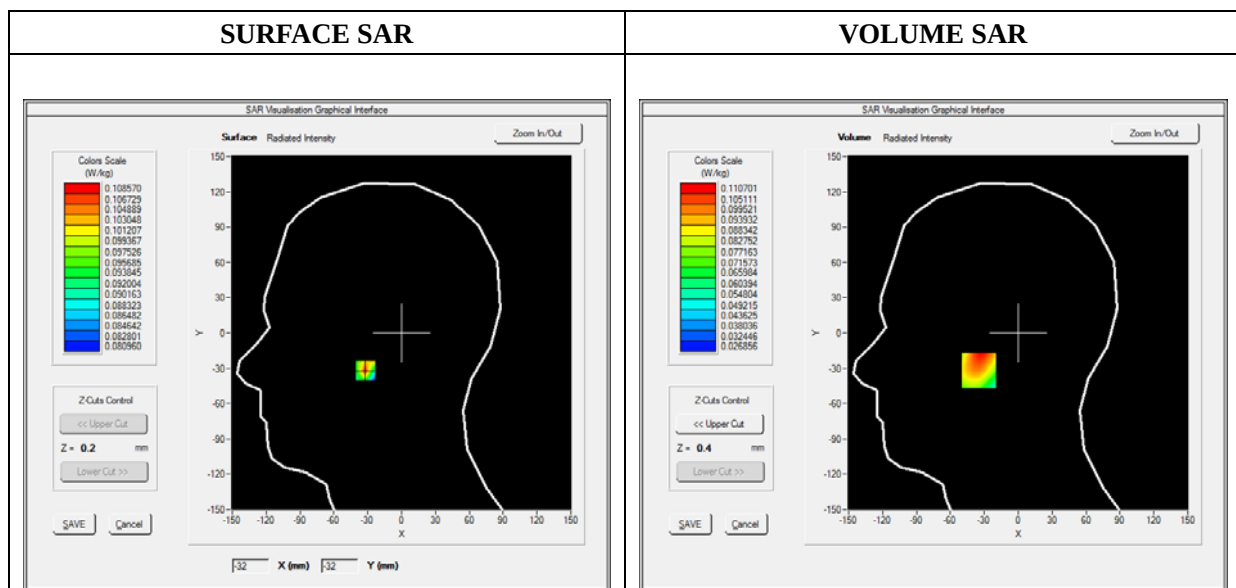
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

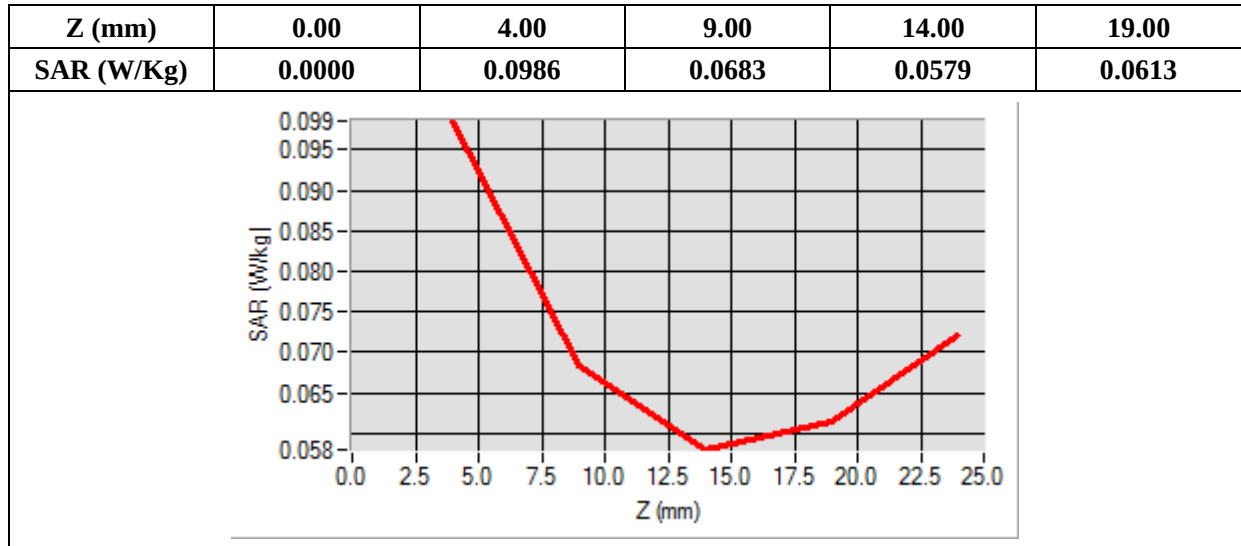
B. SAR Measurement Results

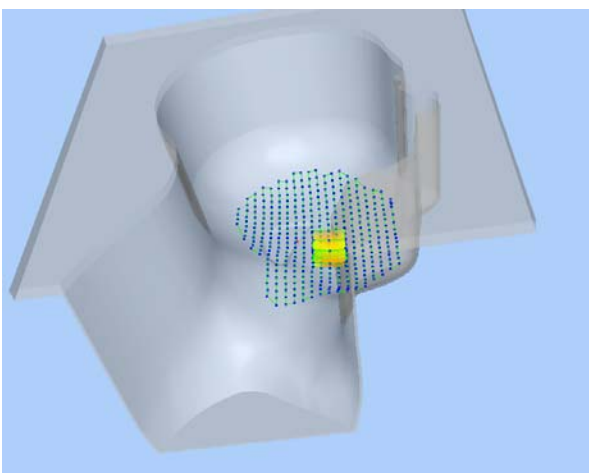
Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.045578
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-32.00, Y=-32.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.076183
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.105328



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 5

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

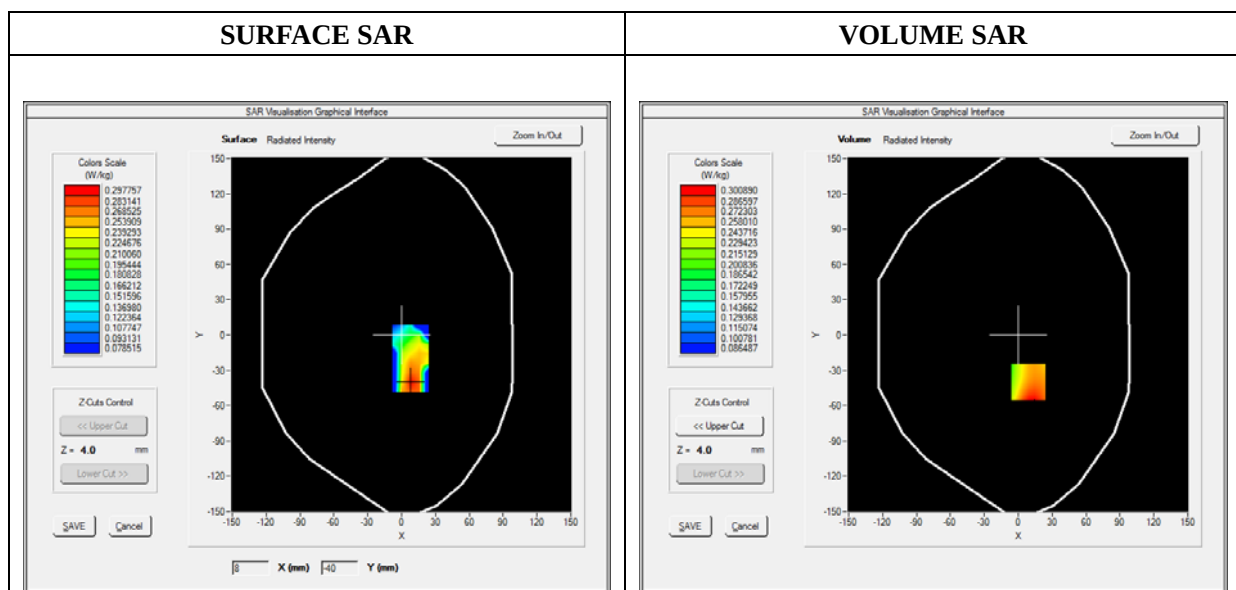
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back(Body-worn)
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

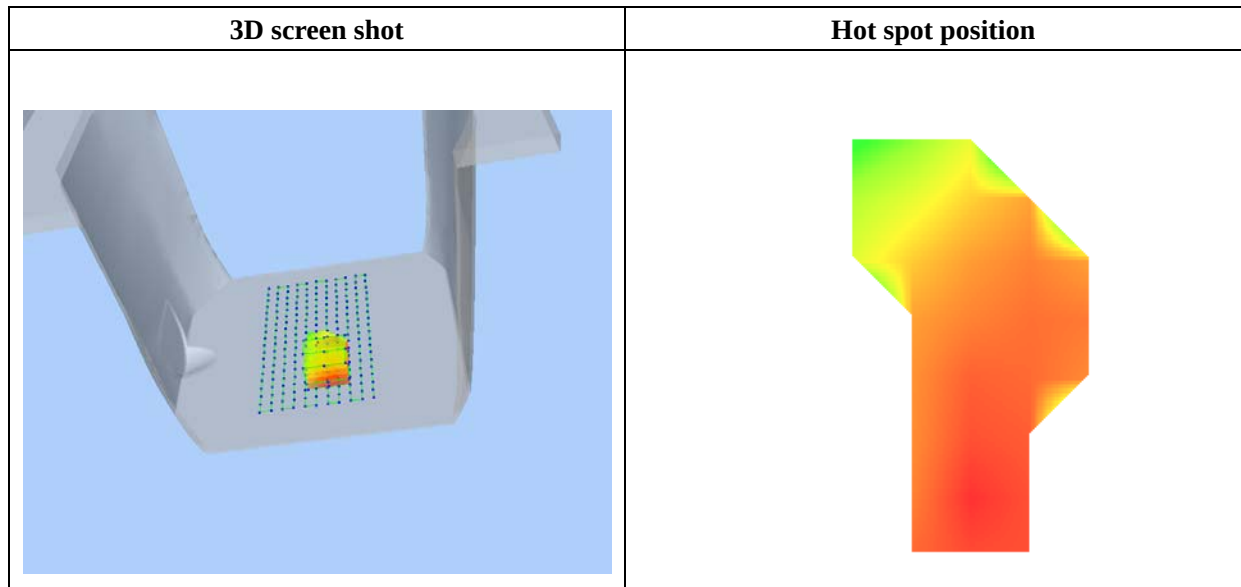
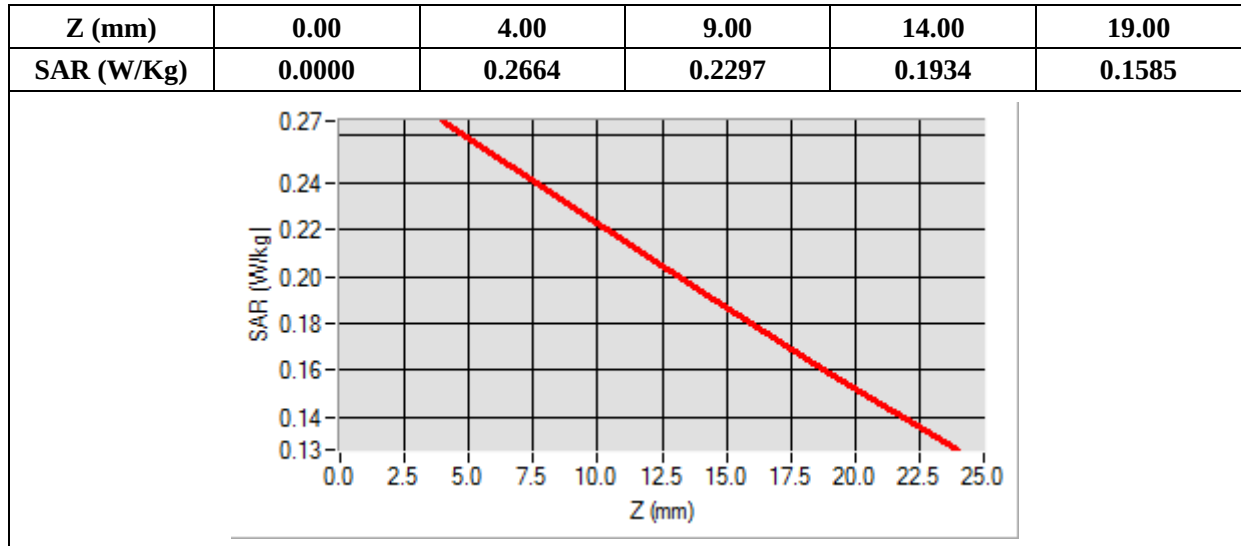
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.901472
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=-40.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.261545
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.336994



MEASUREMENT 6

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

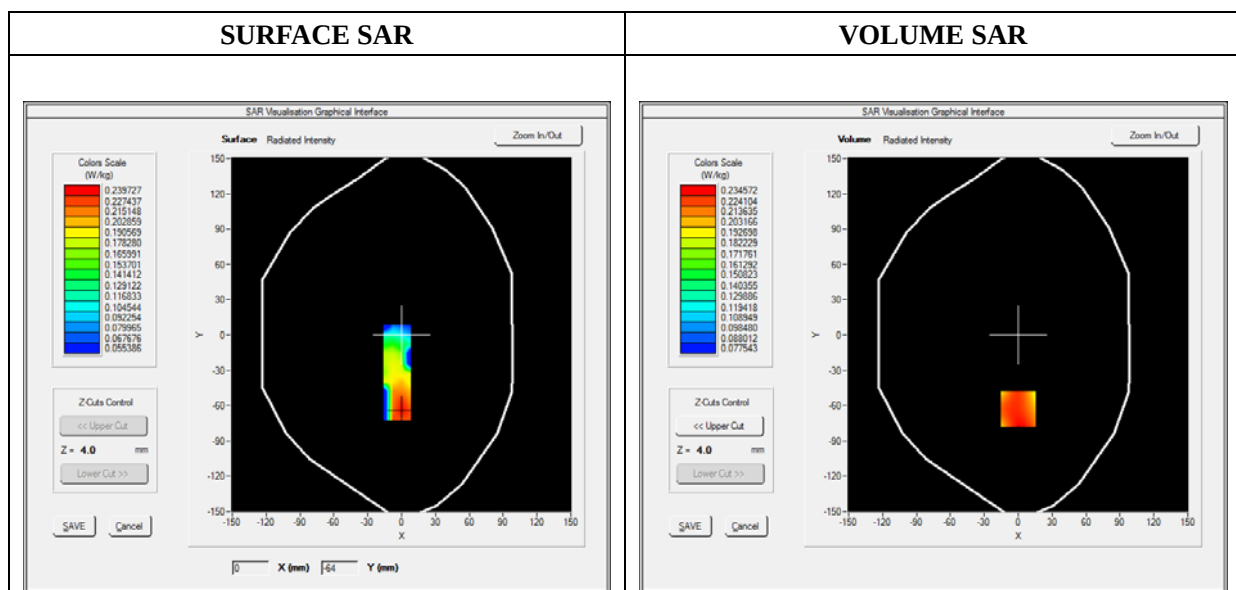
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Front(Body-worn)
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

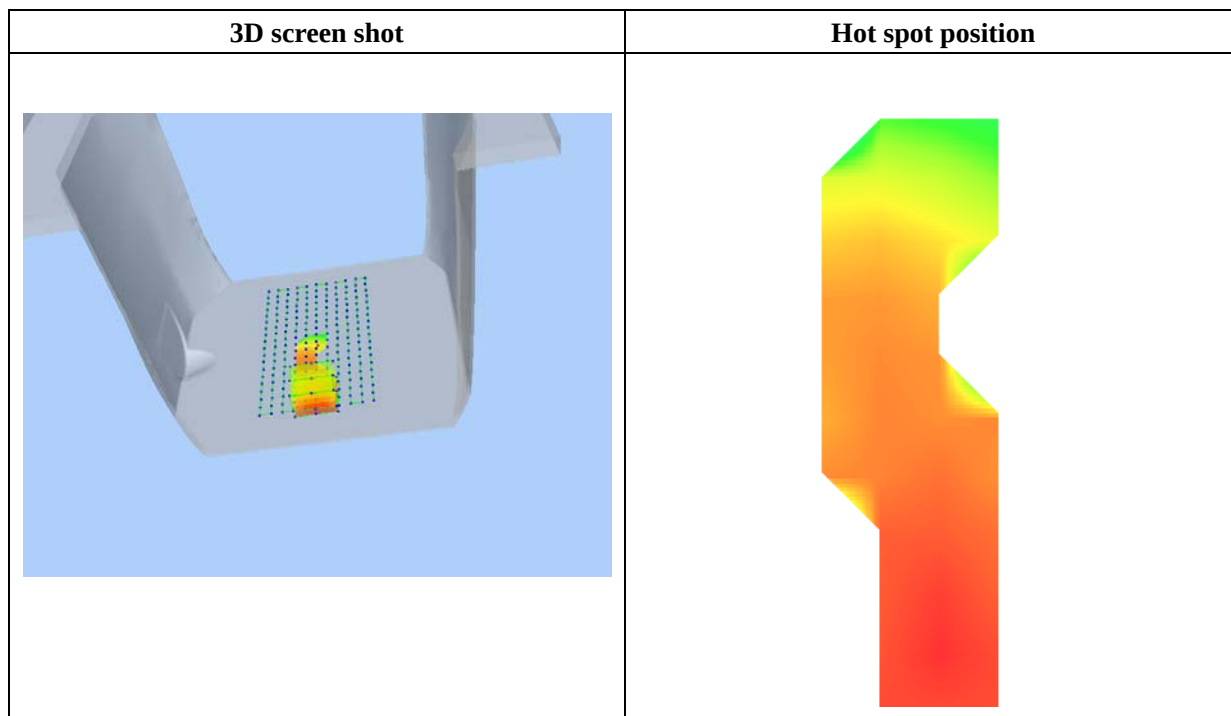
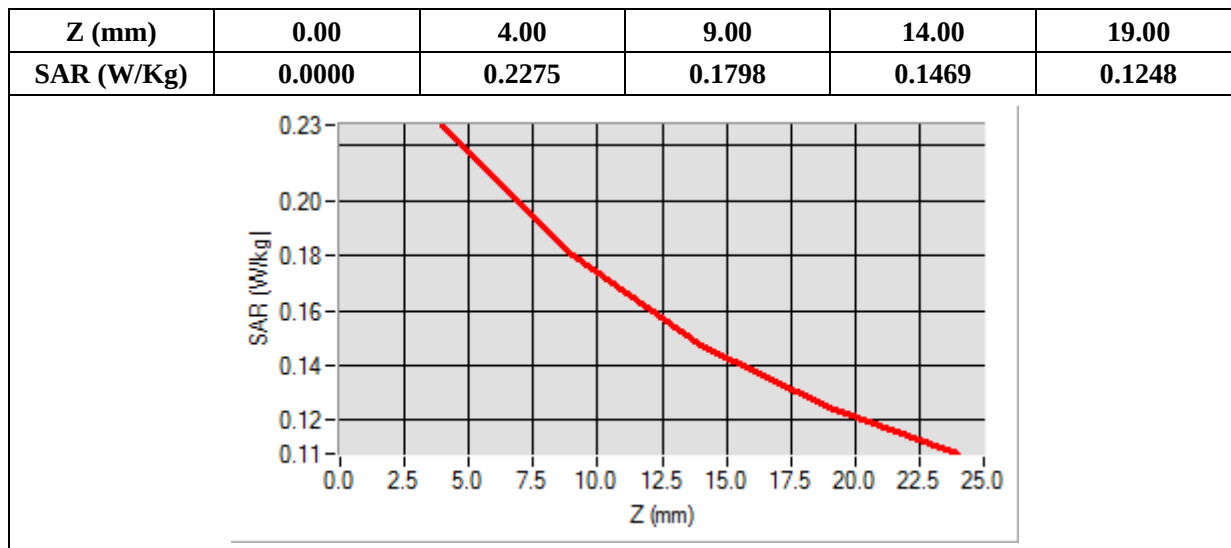
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	1.483222
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-63.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.209956
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.268915



MEASUREMENT 7

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

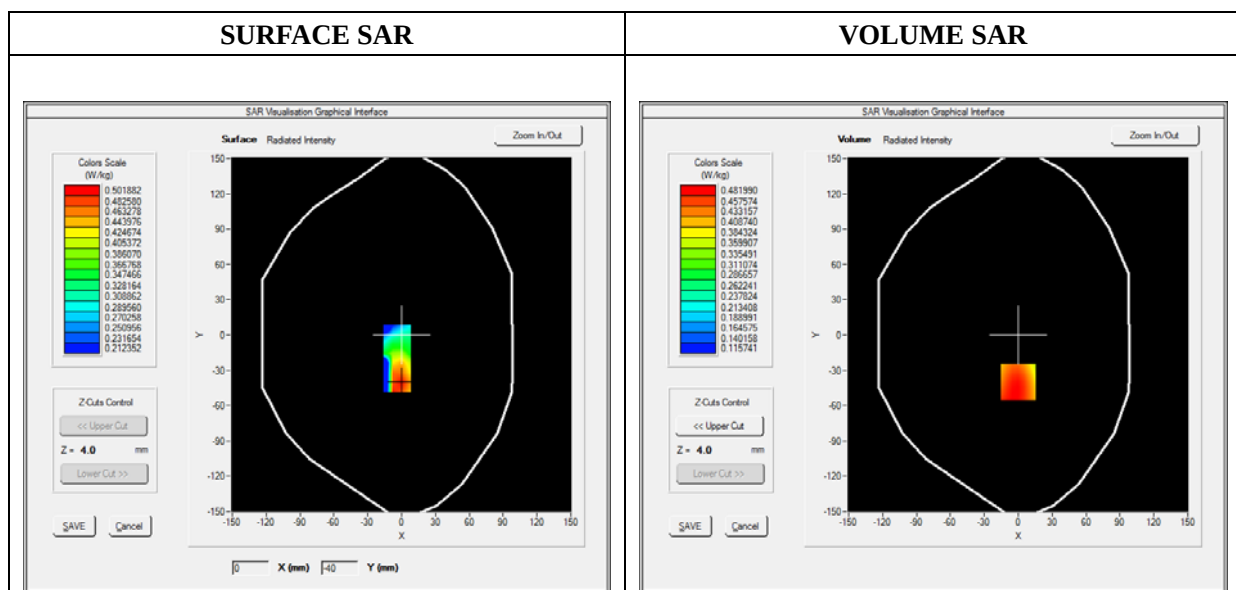
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GPRS850_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

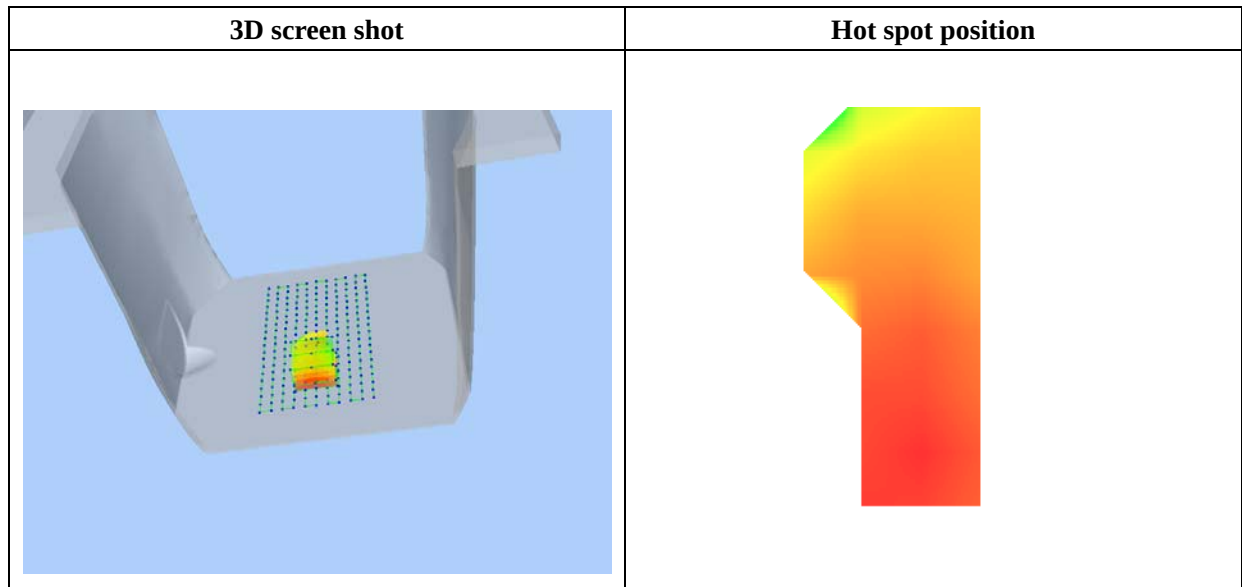
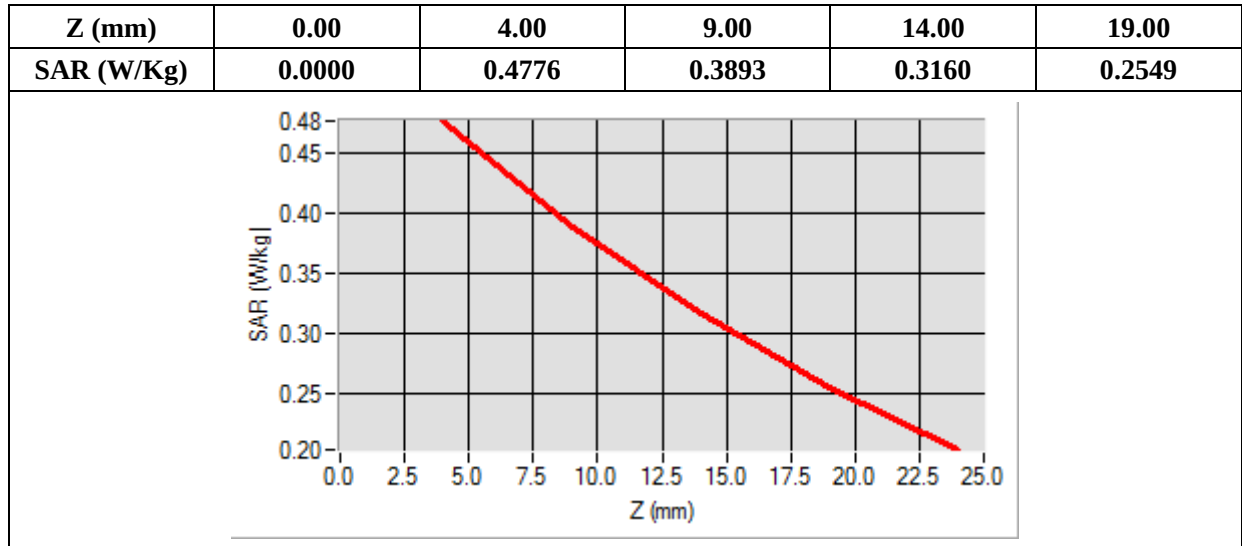
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.901472
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-40.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.364603
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.469822



MEASUREMENT 8

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

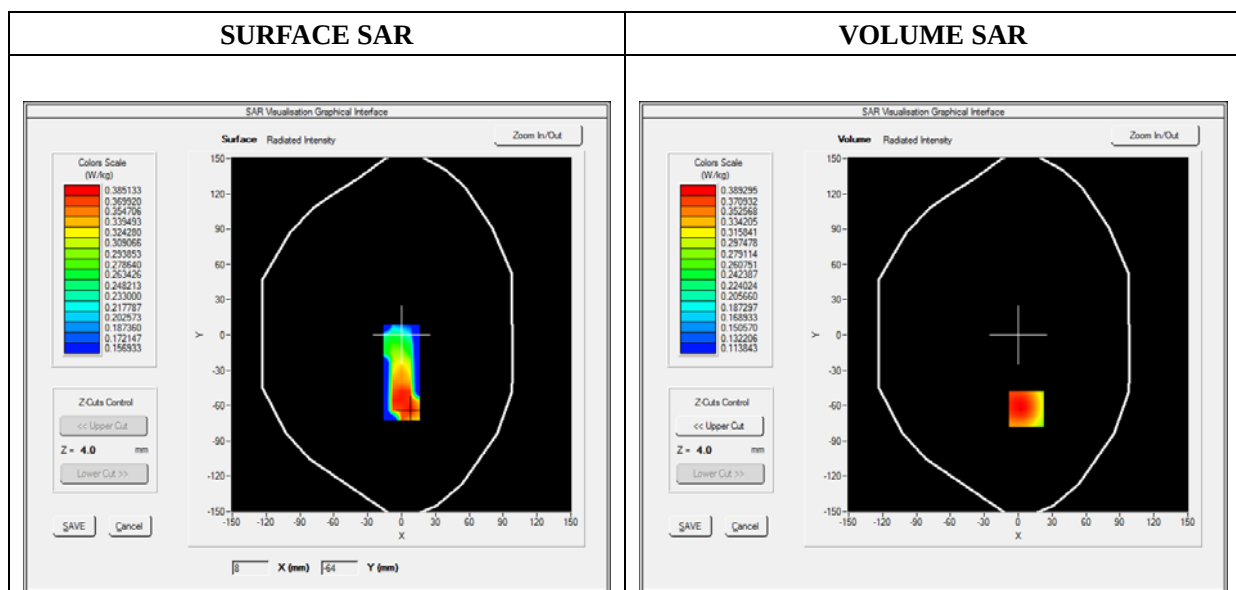
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Front
Band	GPRS850_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

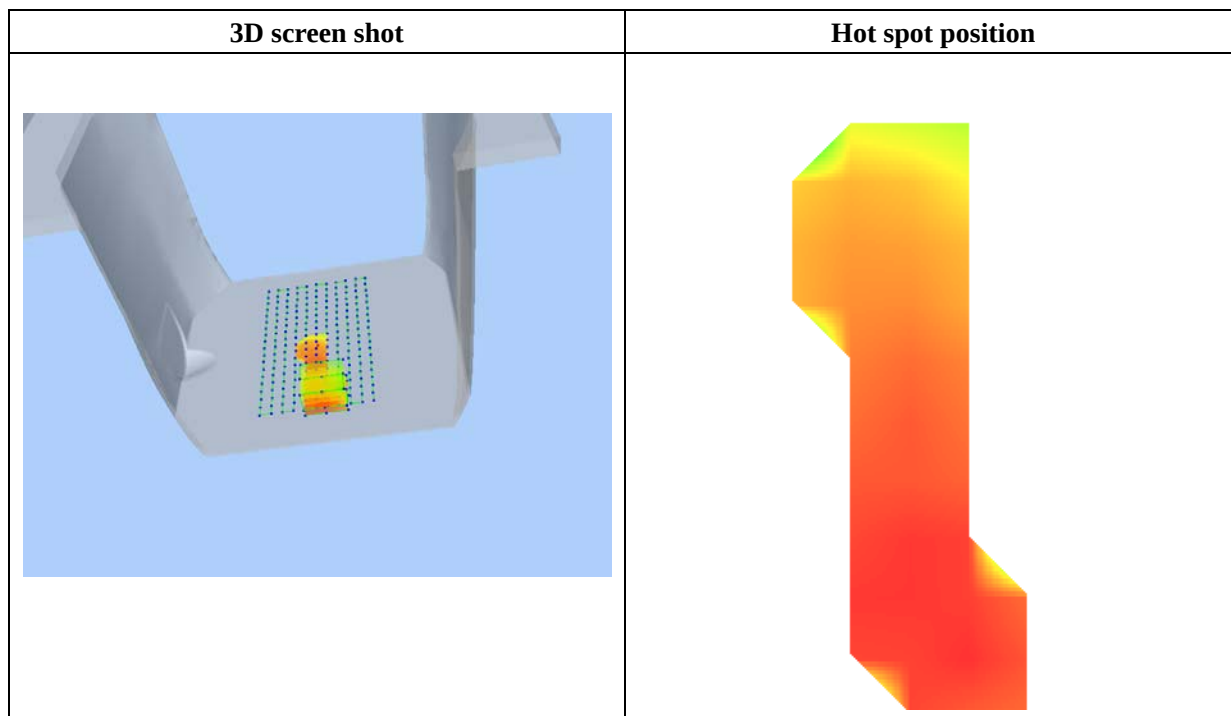
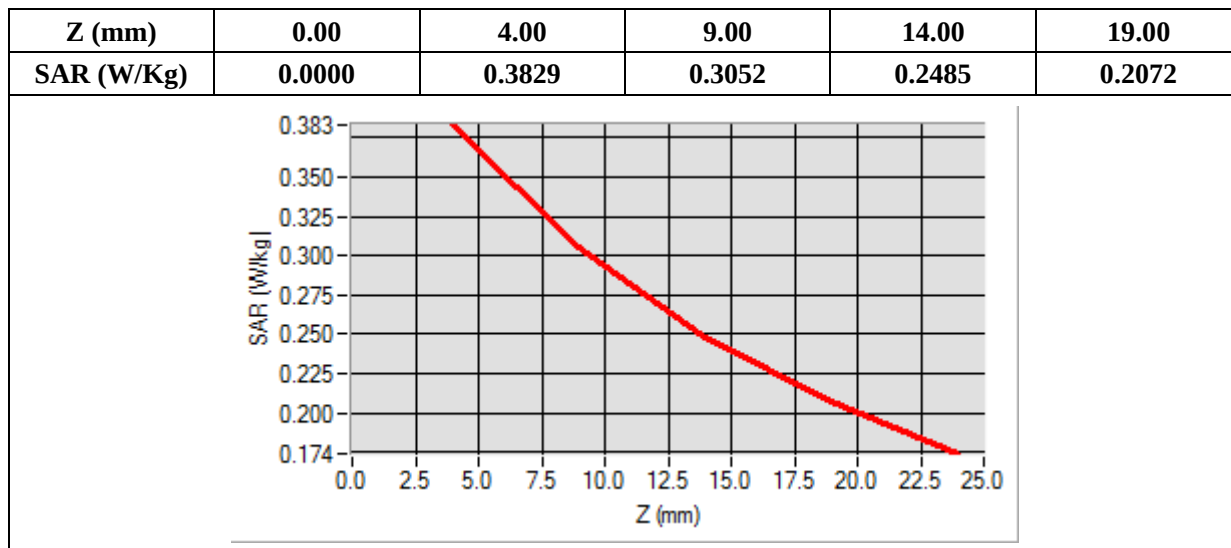
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.757758
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-63.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.295949
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.378441



MEASUREMENT 9

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

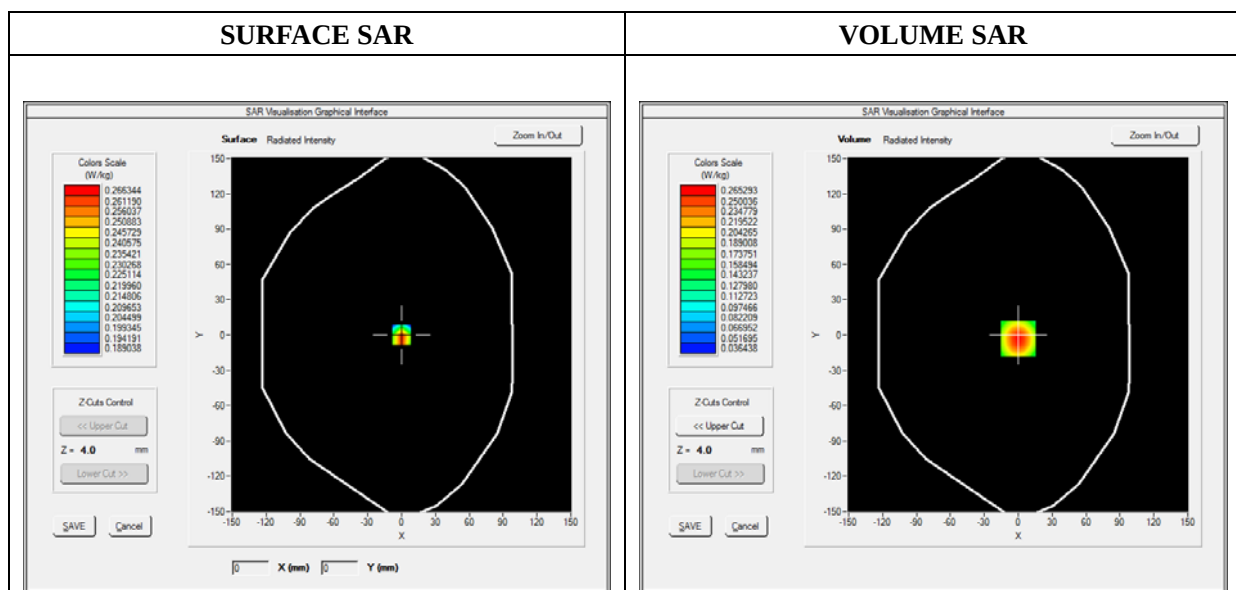
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Bottom
Band	GPRS850_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

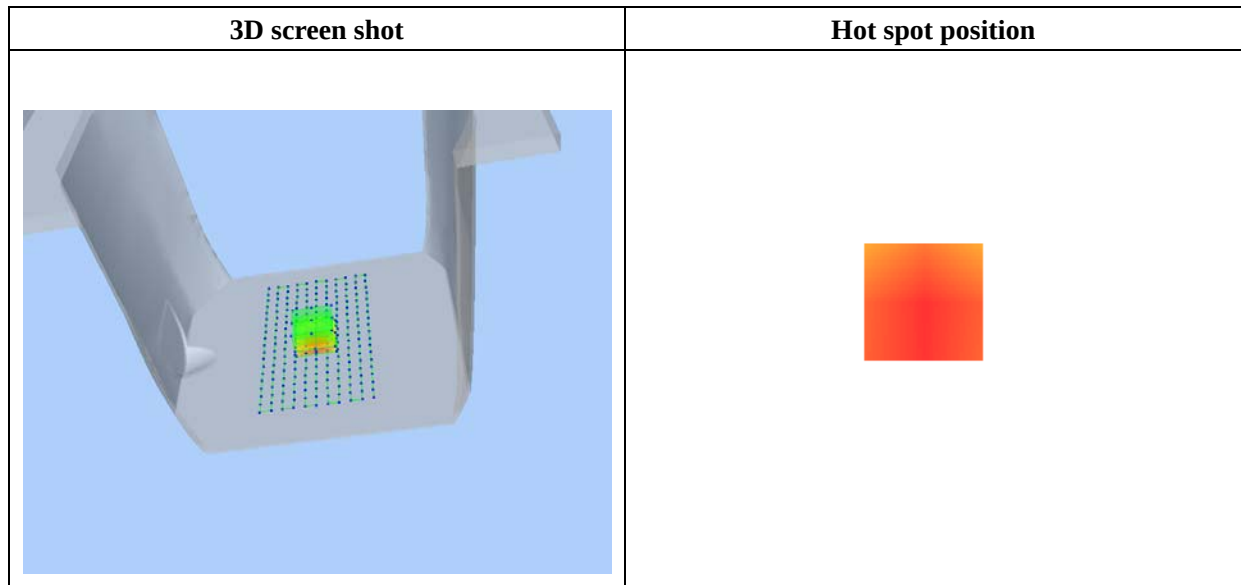
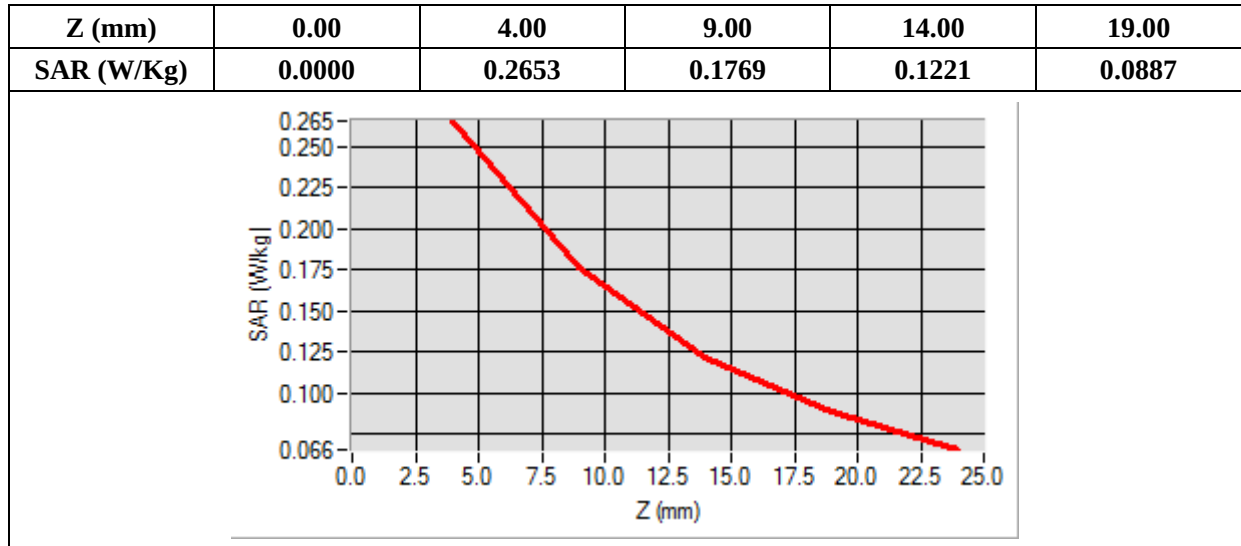
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	2.103734
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-3.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.160421
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.248604



MEASUREMENT 10

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

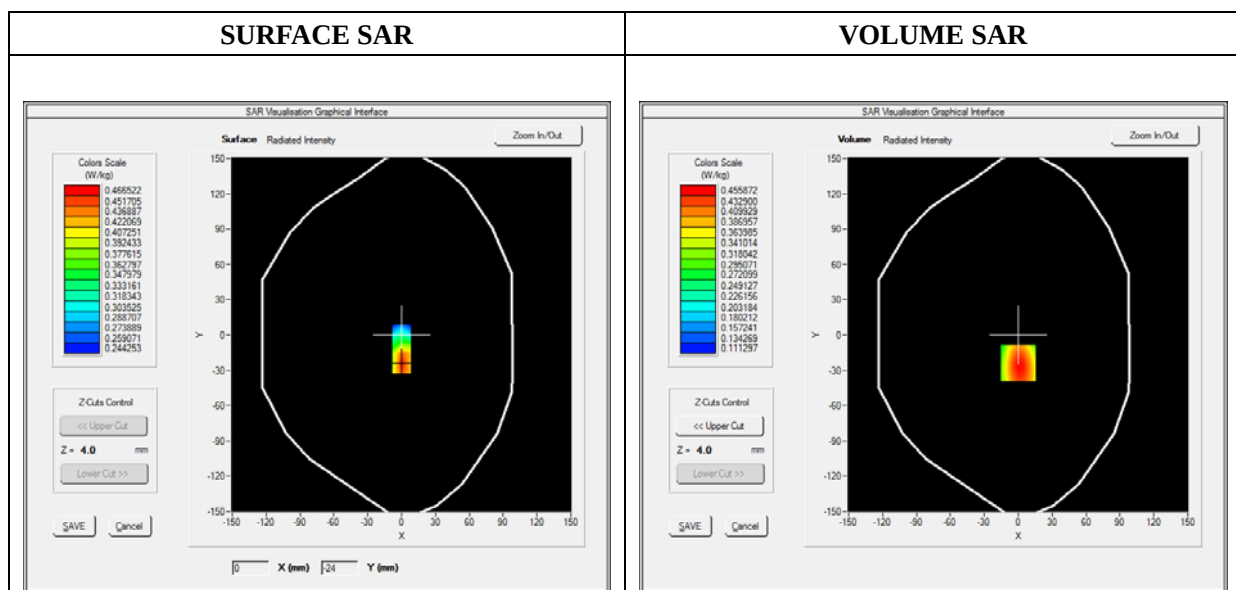
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Right side
Band	GPRS850_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

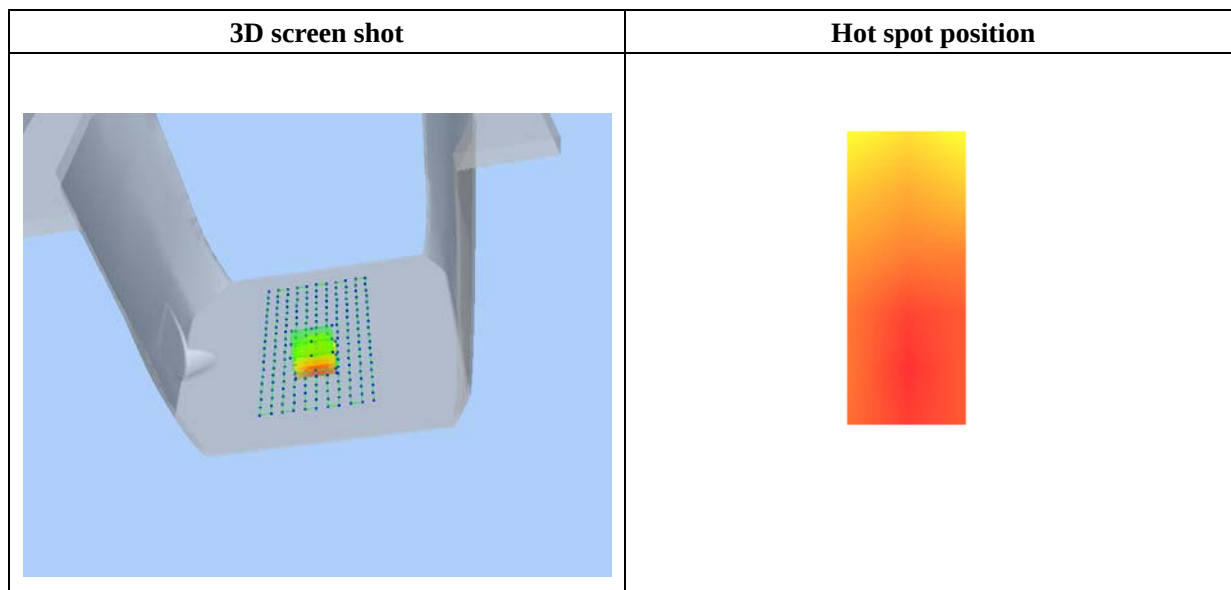
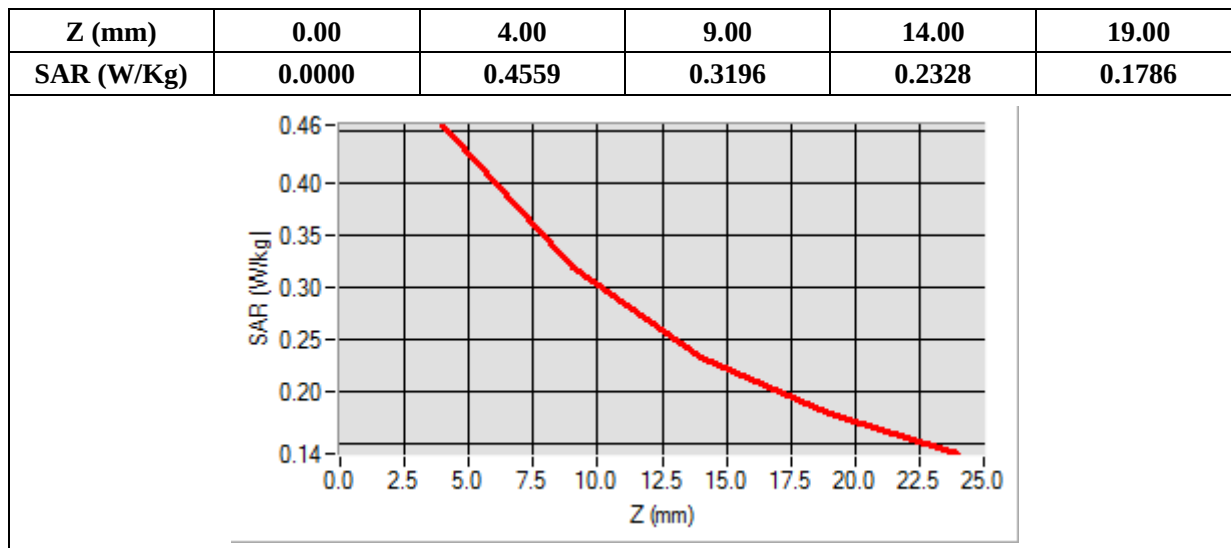
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	1.446333
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-24.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.304926
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.436346



MEASUREMENT 11

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

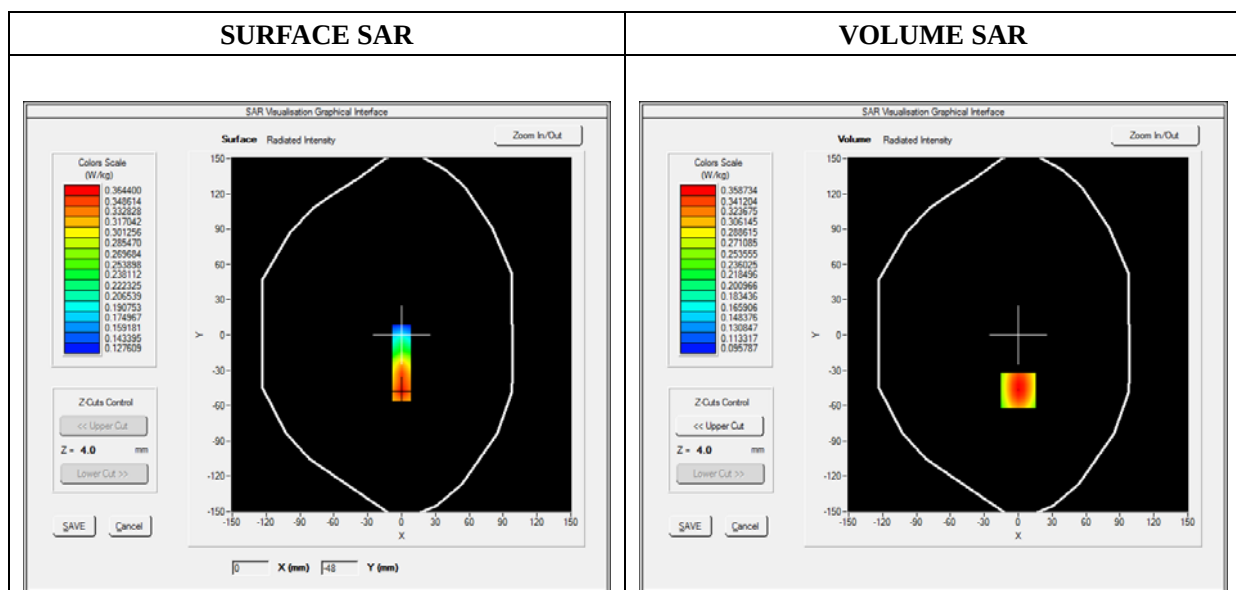
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Left side
Band	GPRS850_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

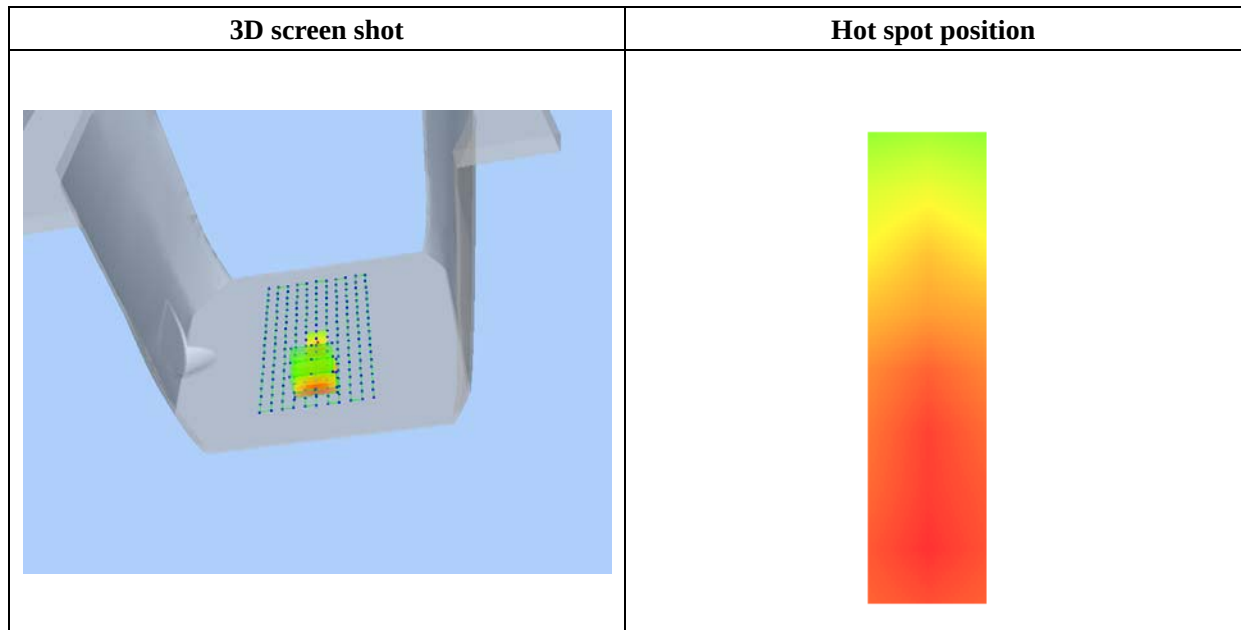
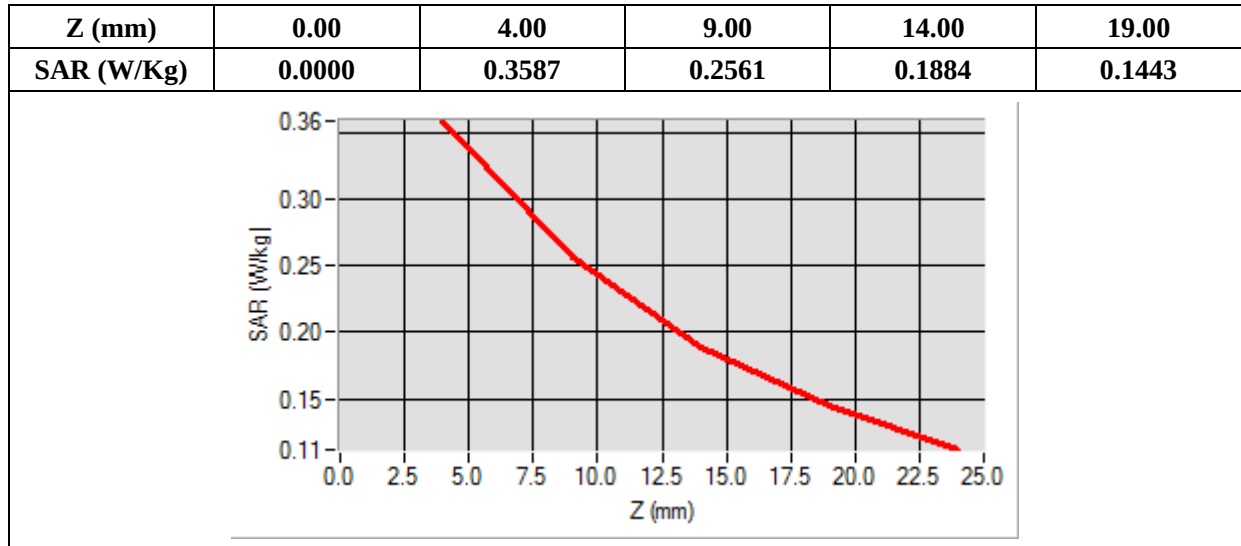
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	1.274632
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-47.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.240049
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.342455



MEASUREMENT 12

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

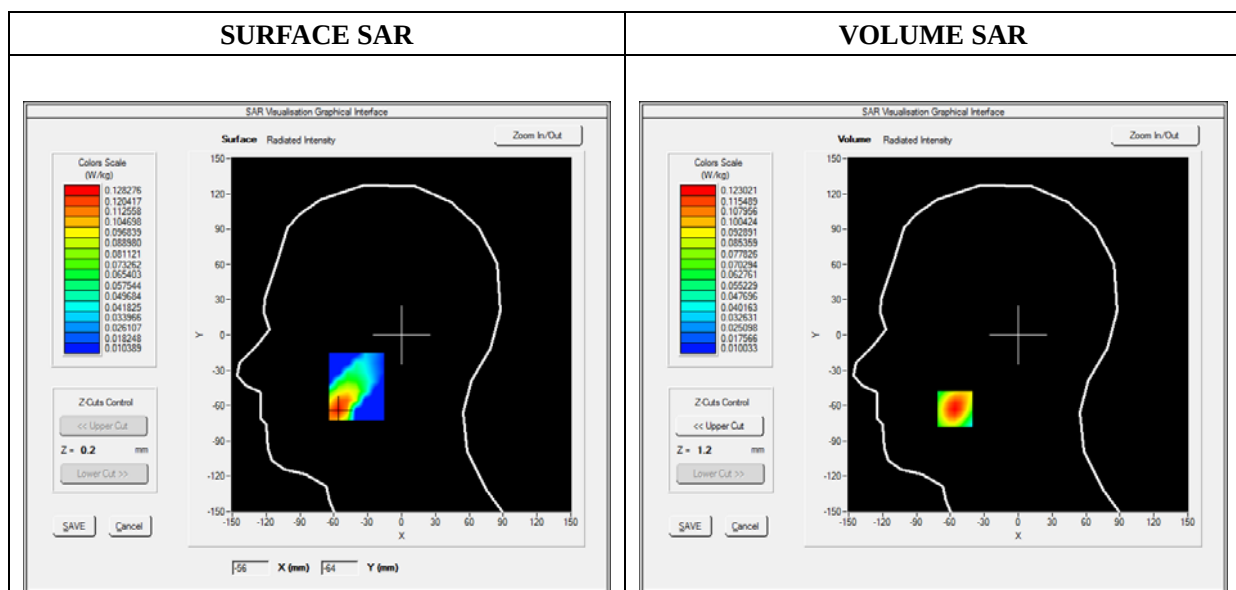
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

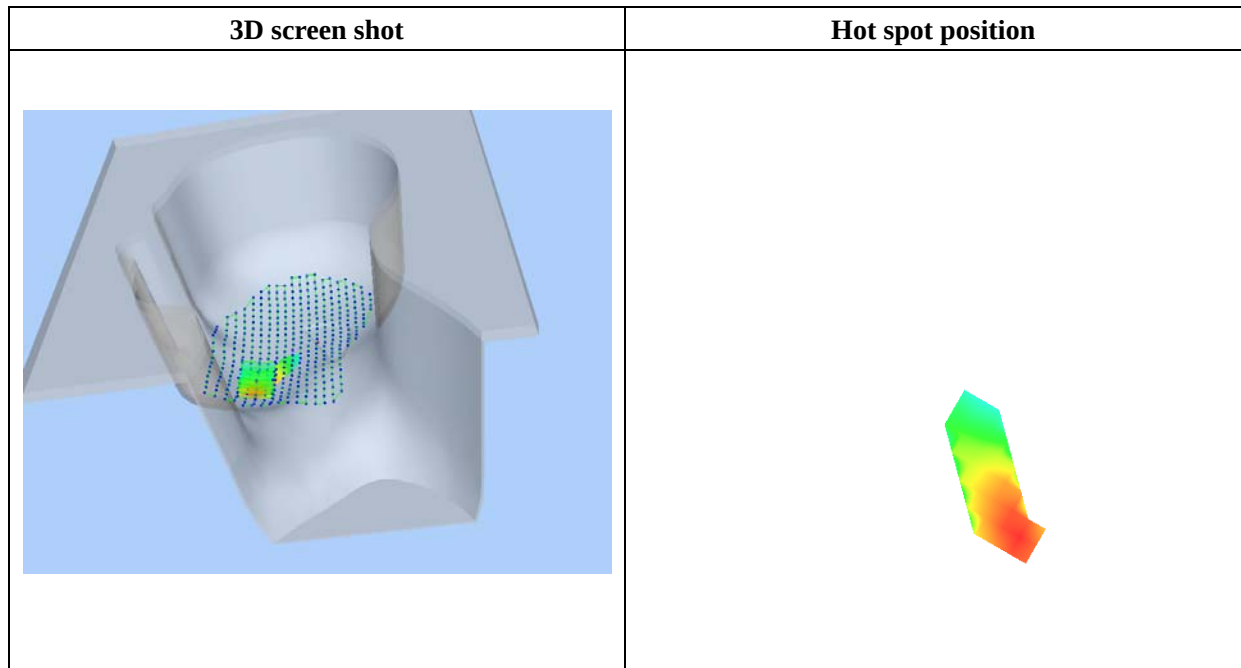
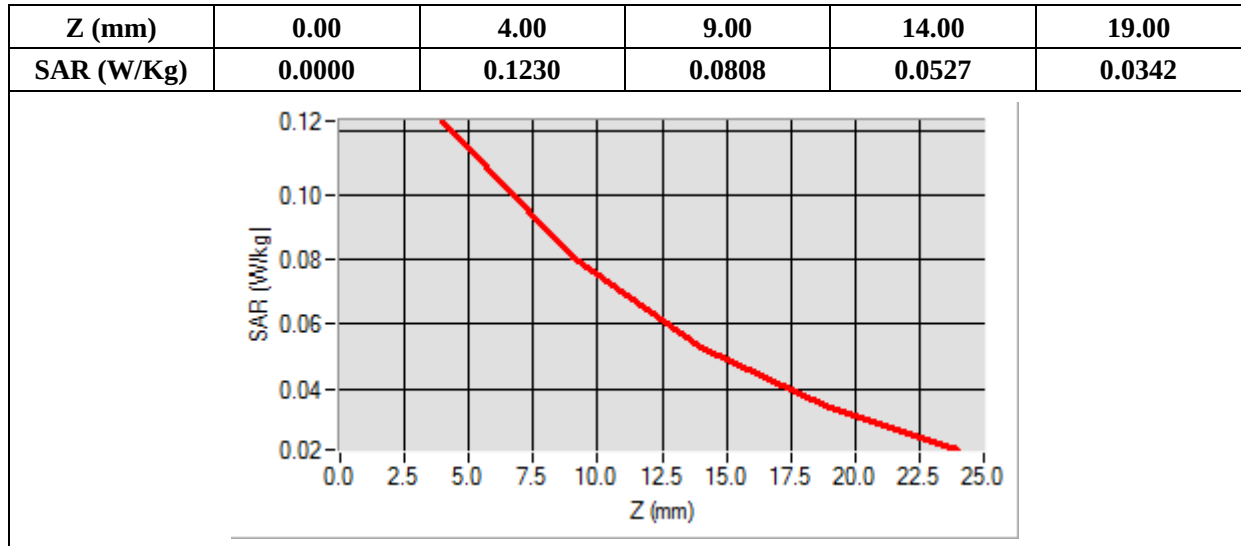
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.199951
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.314523
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-63.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.069478
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.114464



MEASUREMENT 13

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

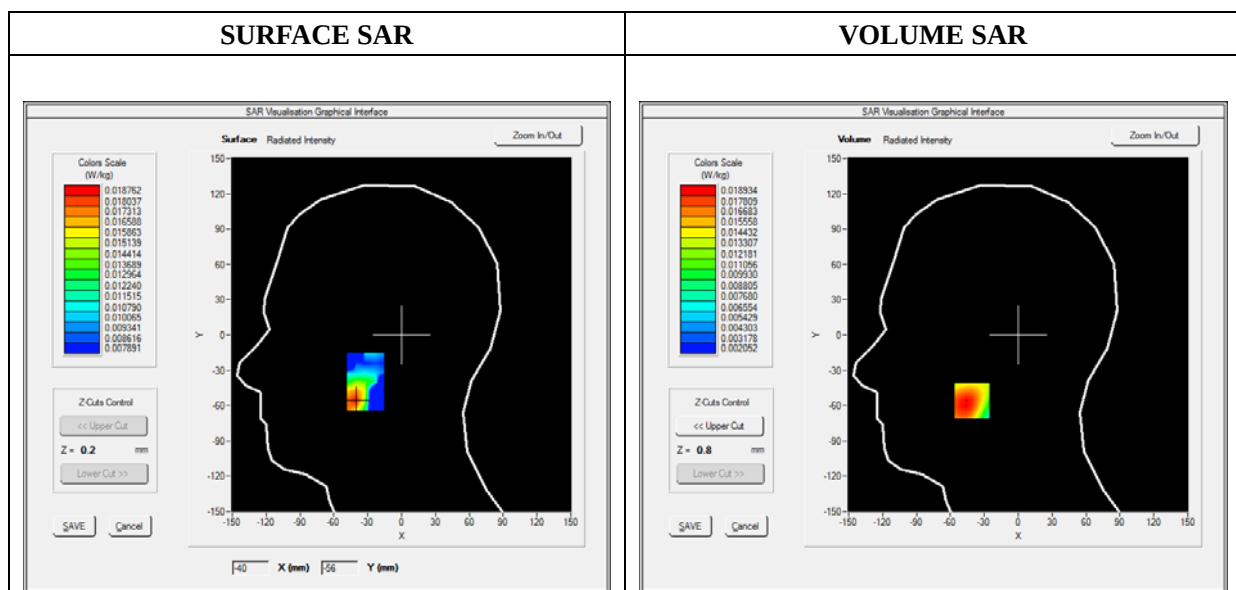
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

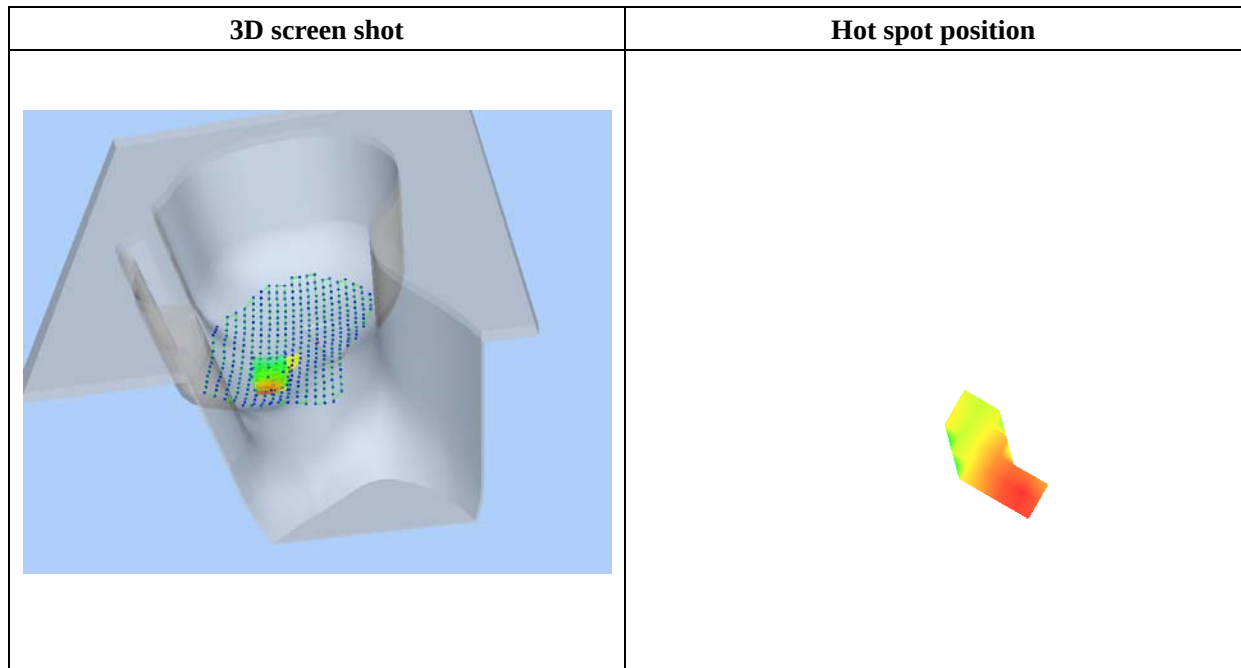
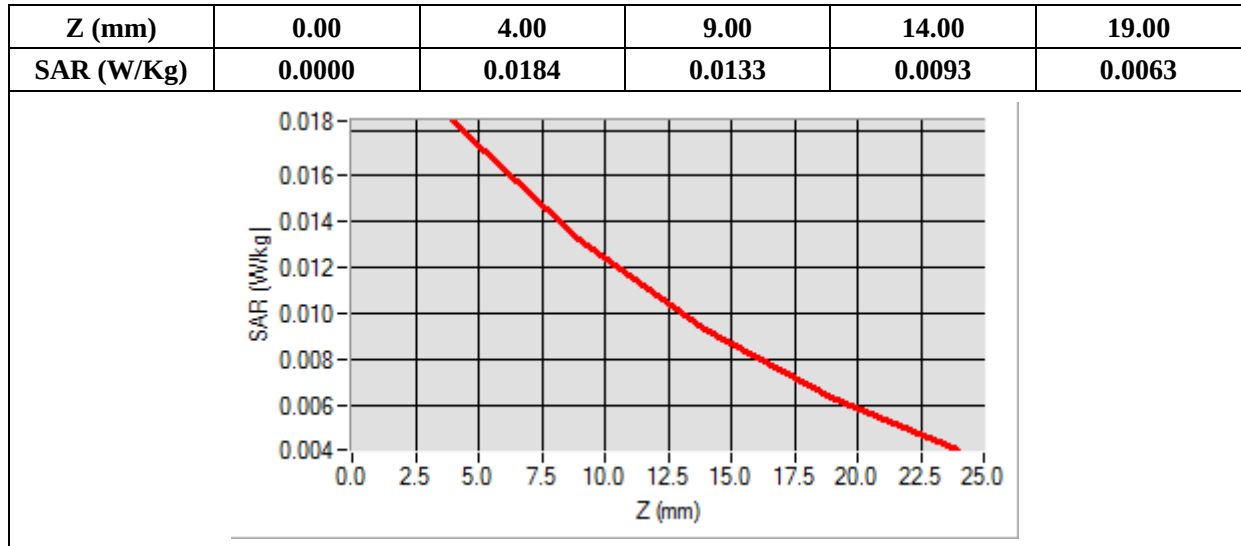
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.199951
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.104384
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-41.00, Y=-56.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.011861
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.018149



MEASUREMENT 14

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 48 seconds

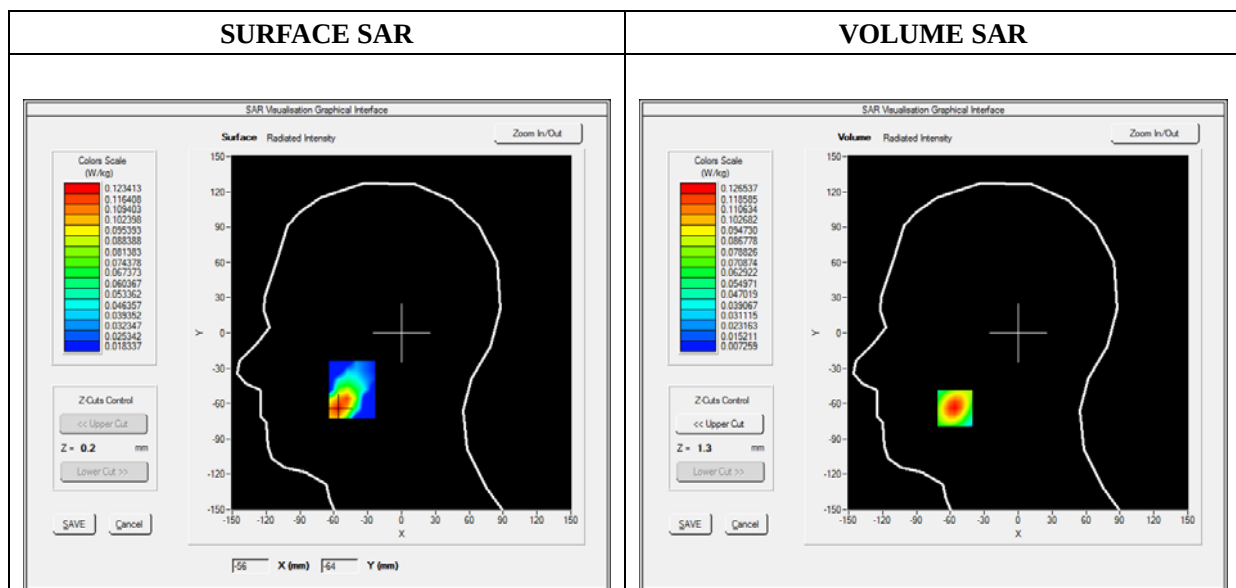
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

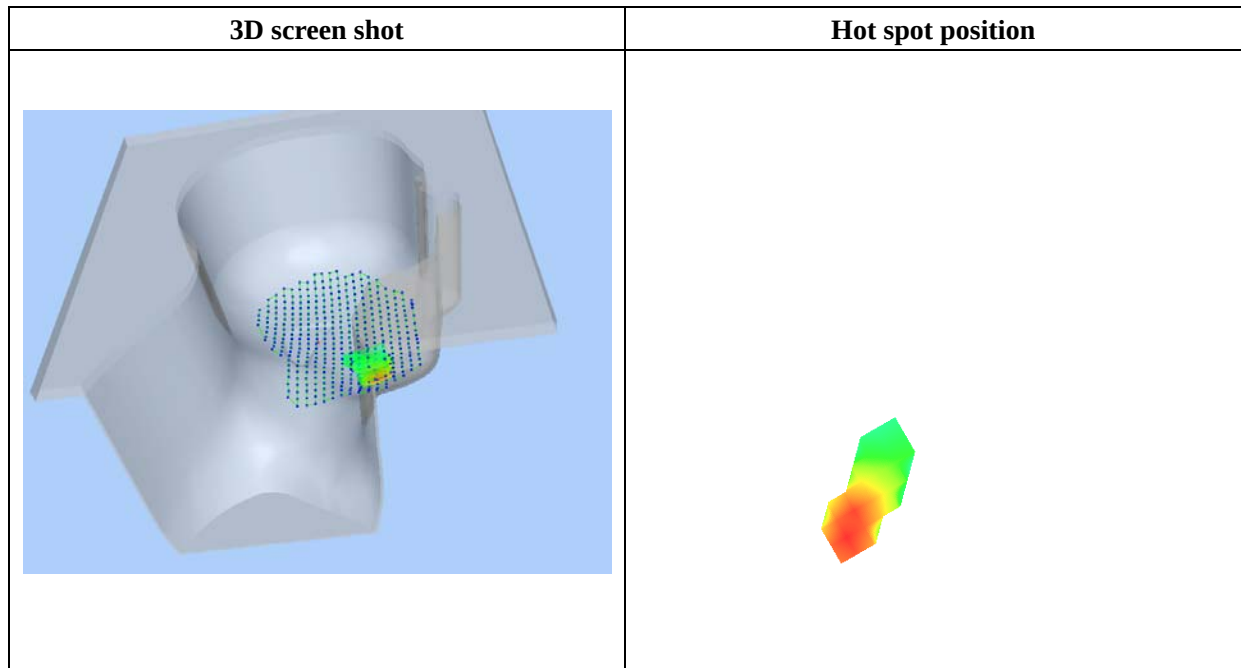
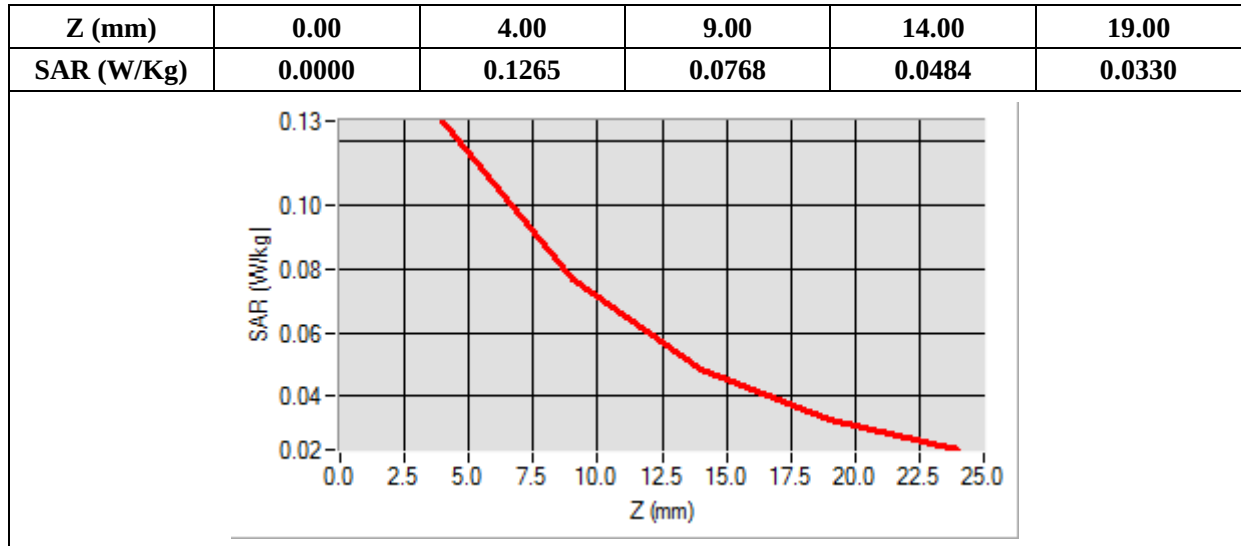
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.199951
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.442440
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-64.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.067759
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.116830



MEASUREMENT 15

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

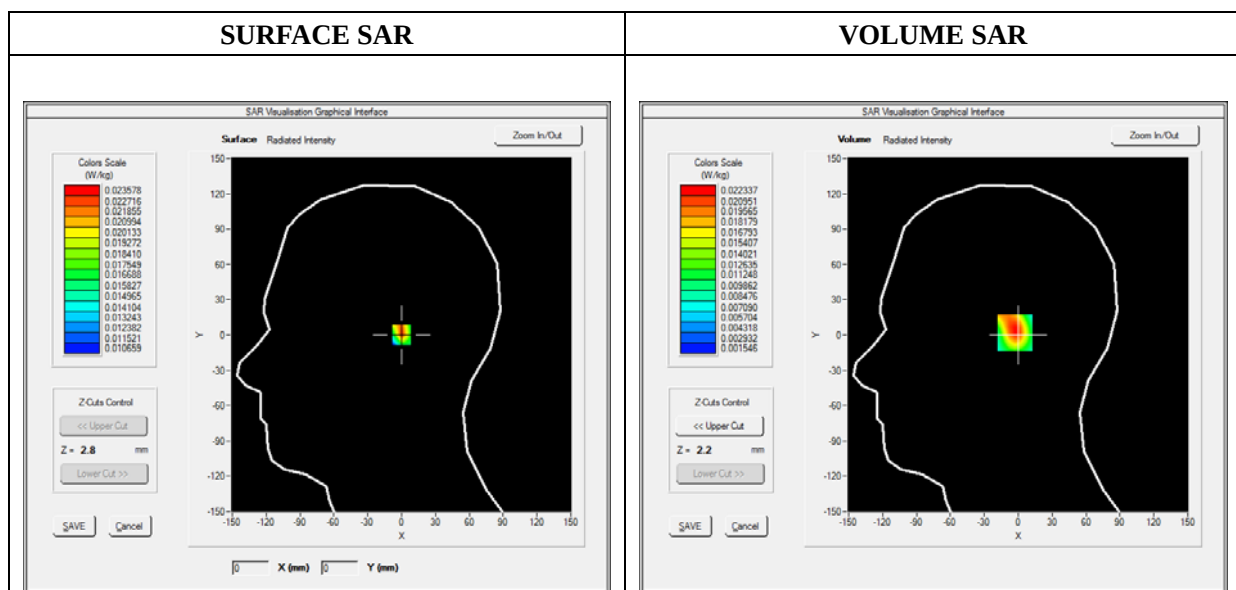
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

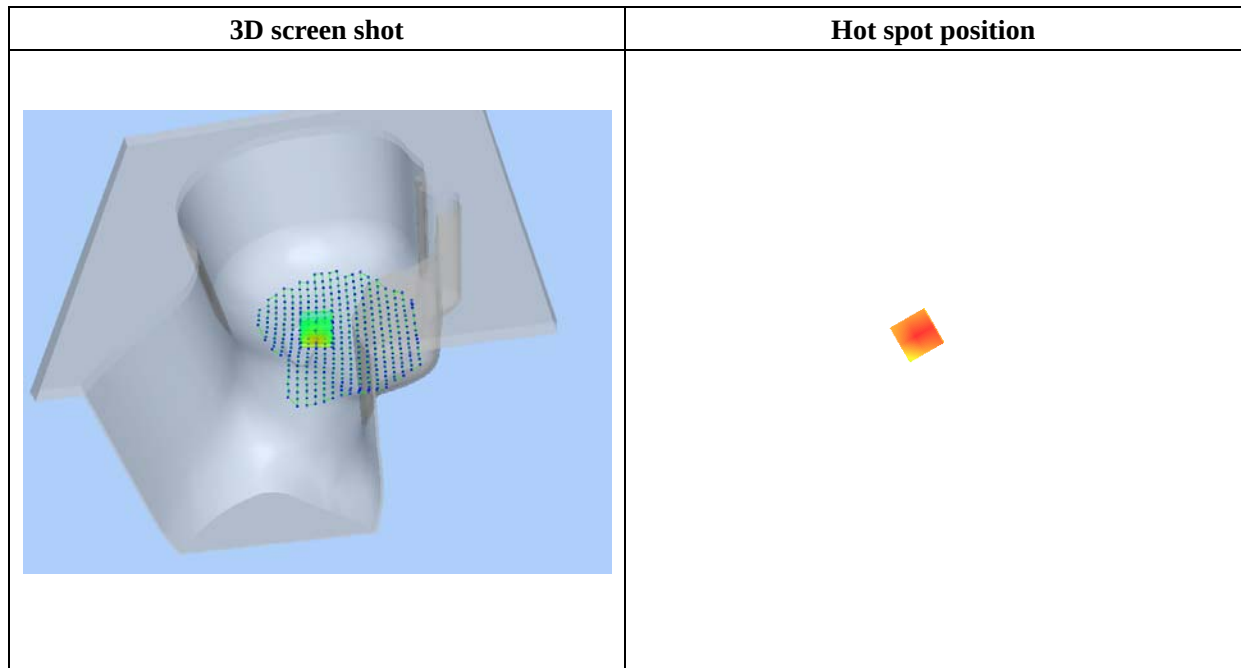
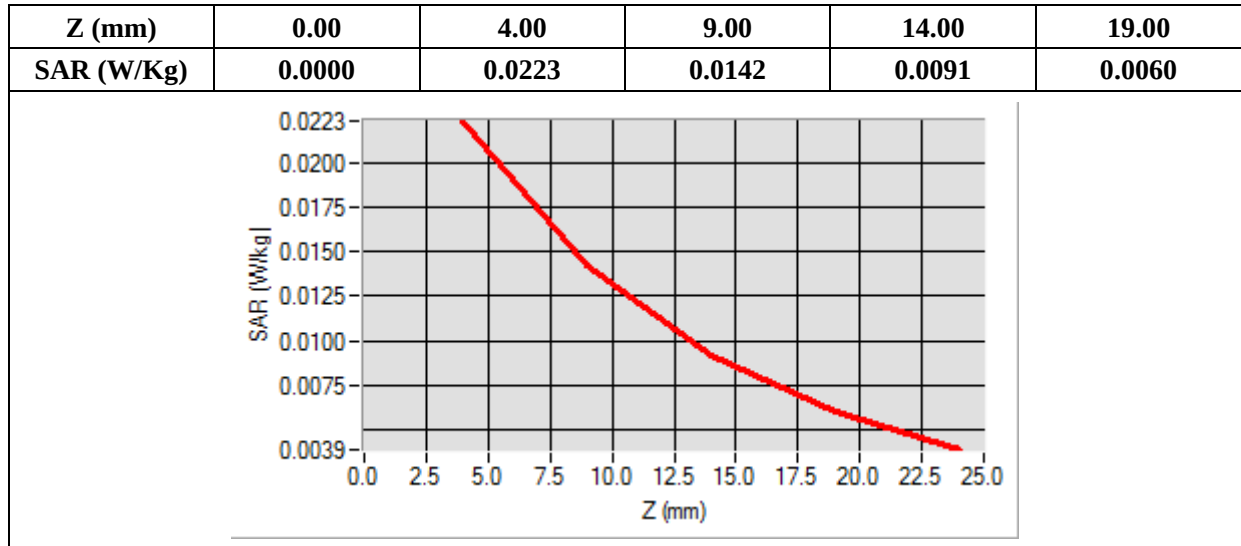
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.199951
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.543453
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.012172
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.020792



MEASUREMENT 16

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

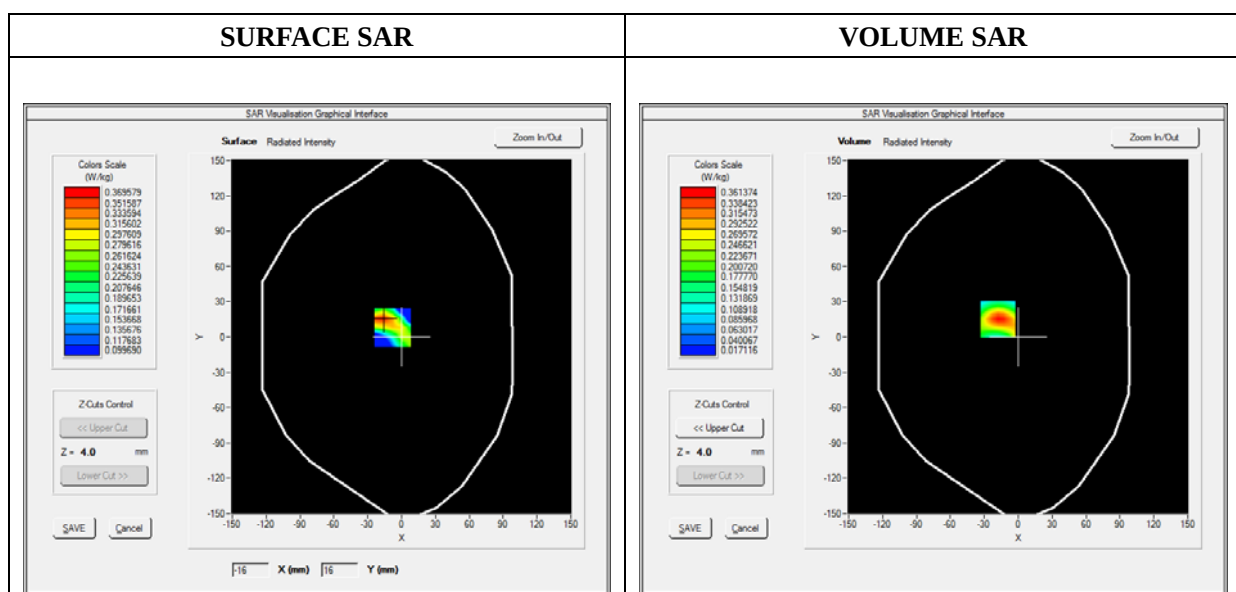
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back(Body-worn)
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

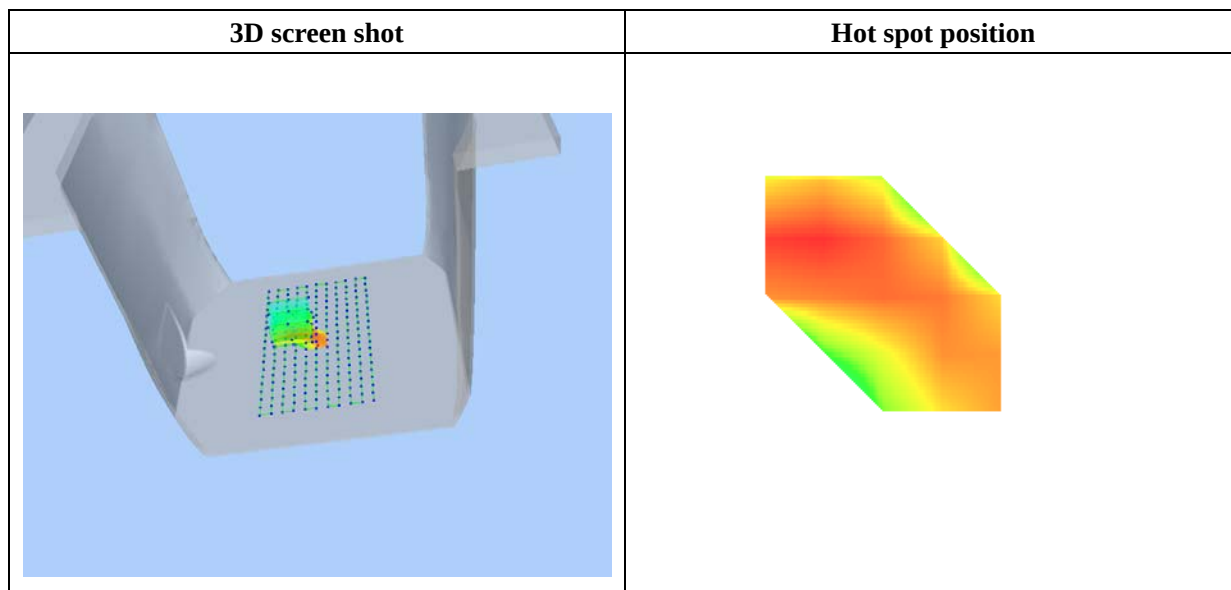
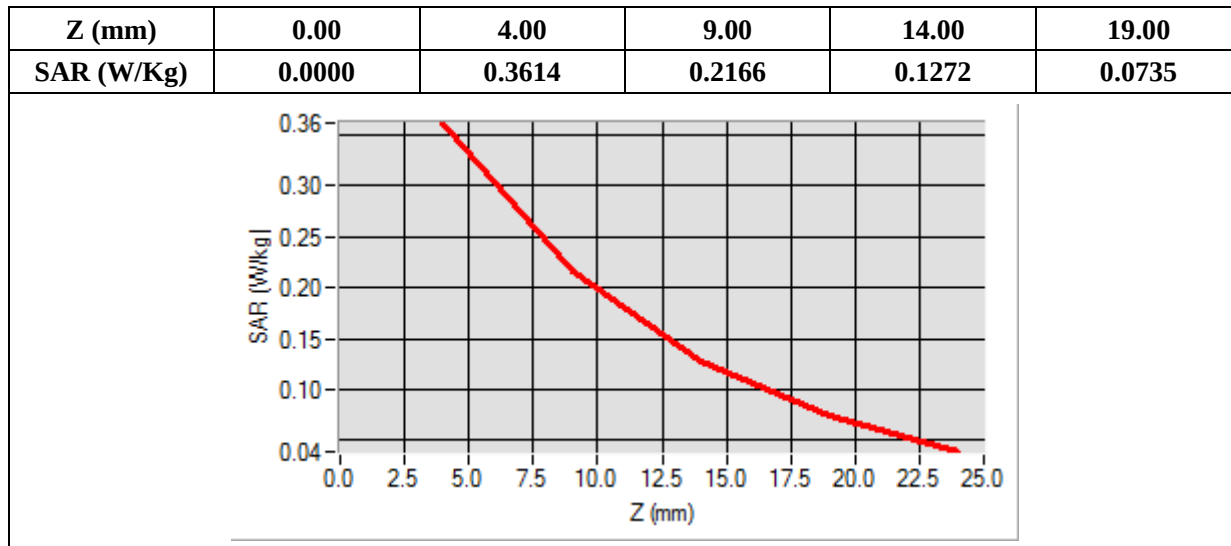
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.199951
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	1.474622
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-18.00, Y=15.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.208361
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.385862



MEASUREMENT 17

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

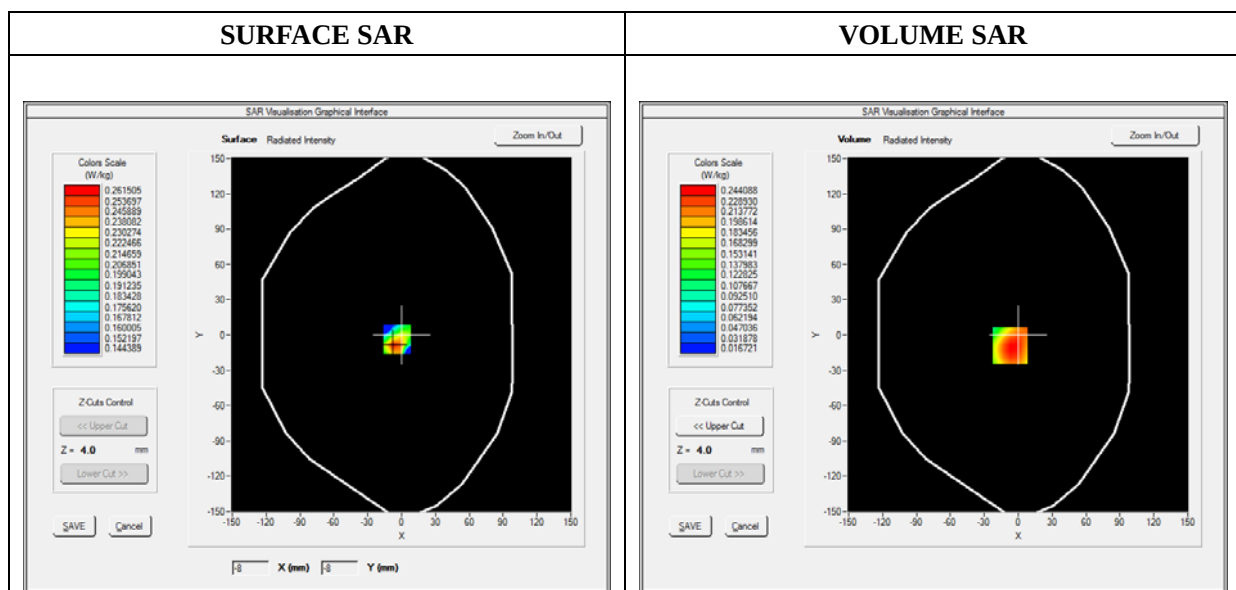
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Front(Body-worn)
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

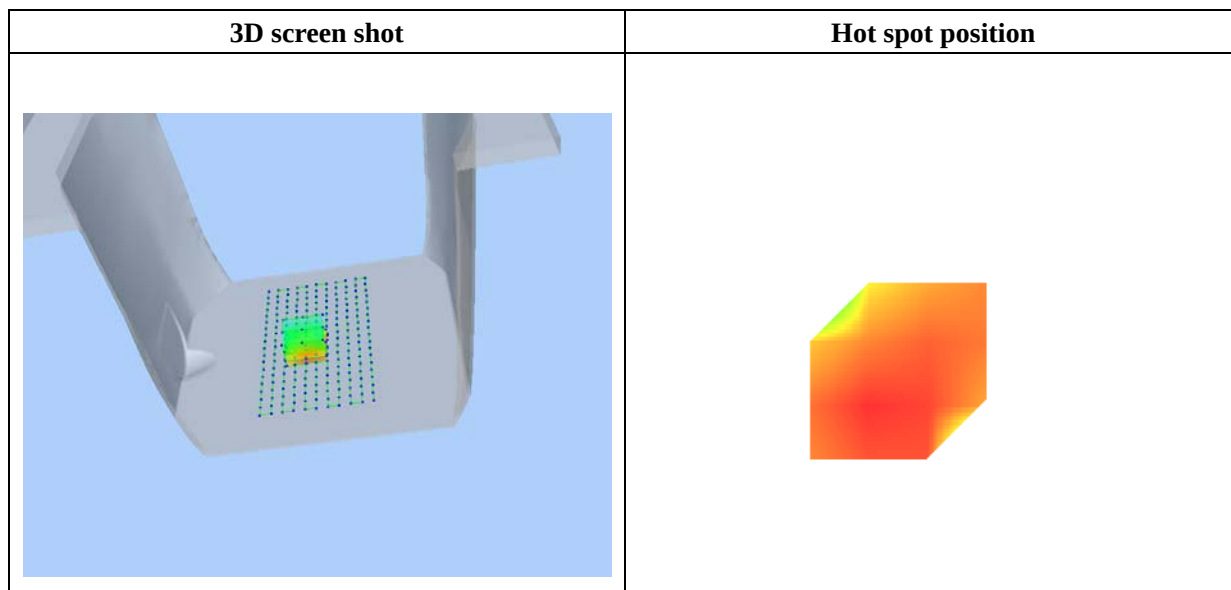
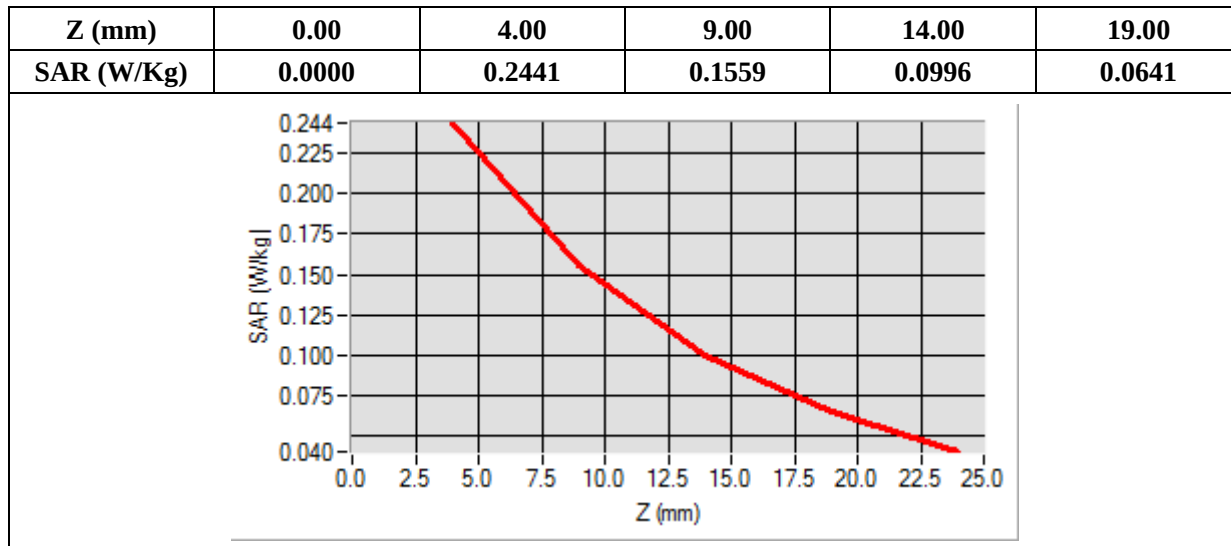
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.199951
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.553453
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.167688
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.273843



MEASUREMENT 18

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

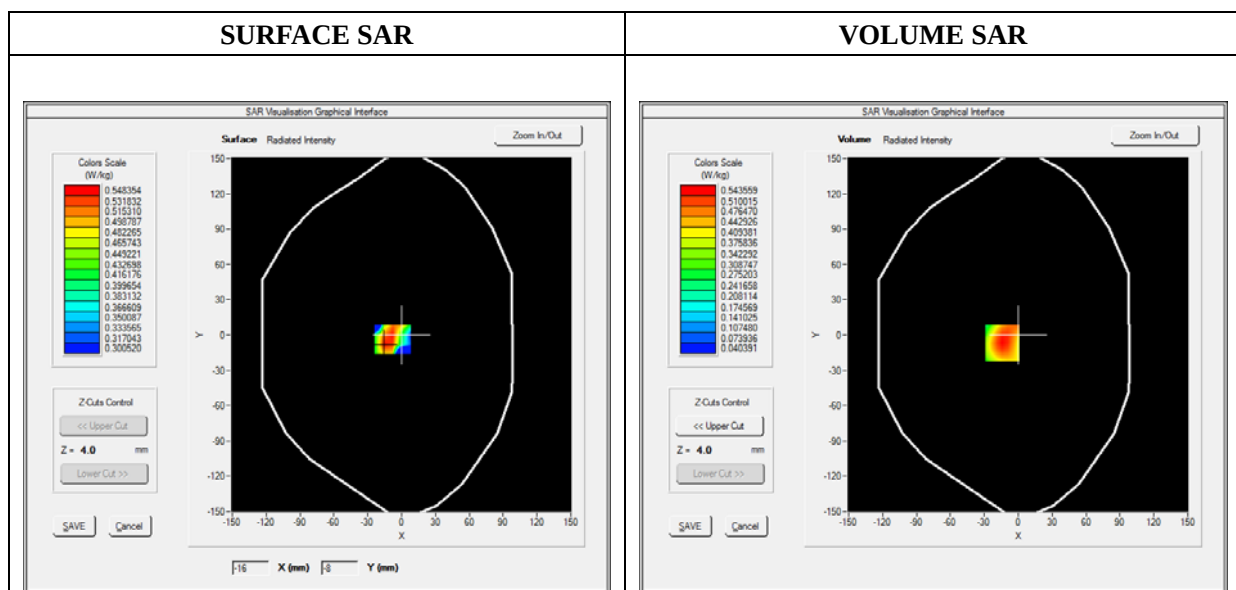
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GPRS1900_2TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:4

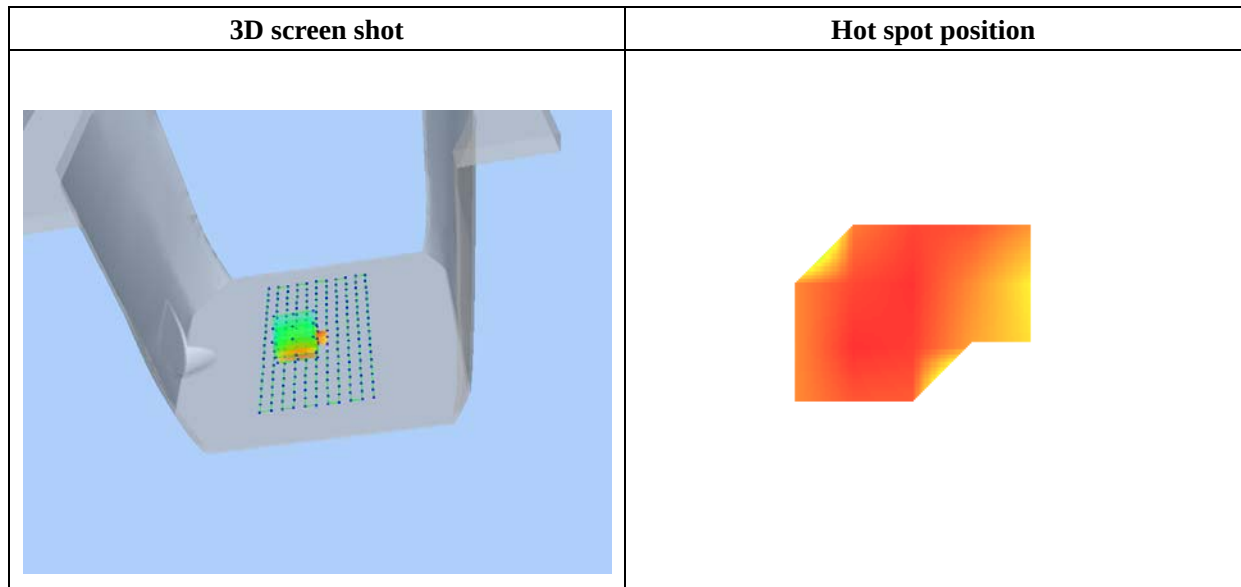
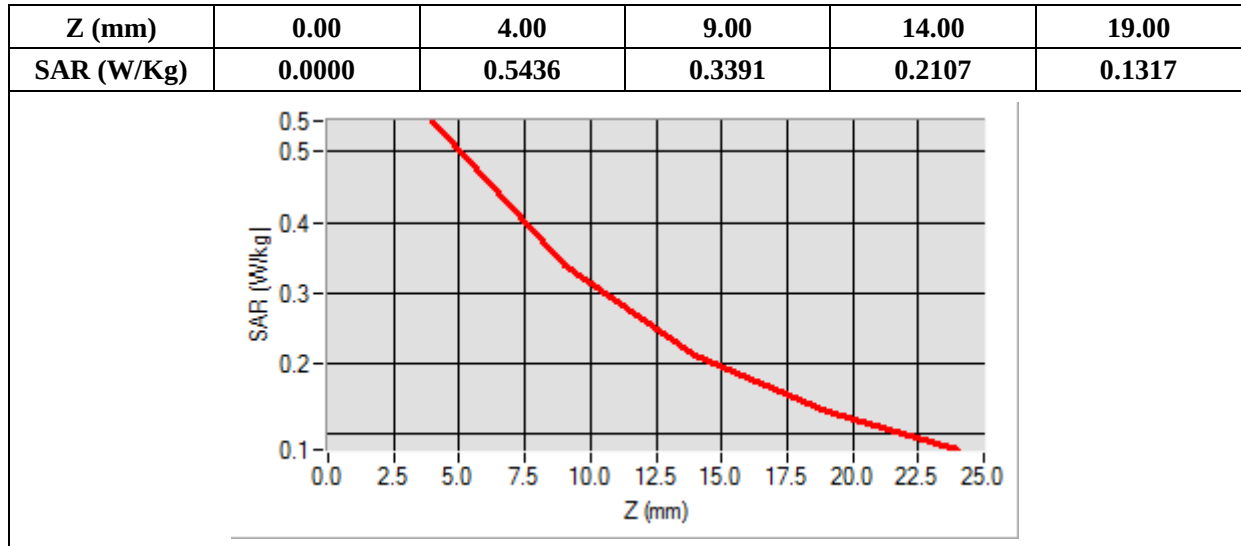
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.199951
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	1.534645
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-14.00, Y=-7.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.307250
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.510531



MEASUREMENT 19

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/12/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/03/2015

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Front
Band	GPRS1900_2TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:4

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.199951
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.967457
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

