

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME : MI
MODEL NAME : M1903C3GH
FCC ID : 2AFZZ-RMSC3GH
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2013

The product was received on Oct. 18, 2018 and testing was started from Nov. 11, 2018 and completed on Nov. 14, 2018. We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Approved by: Mark Qu / Manager



Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone,
Jiangsu Province 215335, China

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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA8O1822-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Dec. 04, 2018

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd., Mobile Phone, M1903C3GH**, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Highest SAR Summary			Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.31	0.48	0.48	1.59
		GSM1900	0.36	0.35	0.34	
	WCDMA	Band V	0.37	0.62	0.62	
		Band IV	0.37	1.15	0.62	
		Band II	0.80	0.94	0.94	
	LTE	Band 5	0.33	0.57	0.57	
		Band 4	0.57	1.15	0.55	
		Band 2	0.98	0.95	0.95	
		Band 7	0.35	1.18	1.18	
		Band 38	0.26	0.69	0.69	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.86	0.14	0.14	1.59
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.18	<0.10	<0.10	1.23
Date of Testing:			2018/11/11 ~ 2018/11/14			

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone, Jiangsu Province 215335, China TEL : 86-512-57900158 FAX : 86-512-57900958

Applicant	
Company Name	Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.
Address	The Rainbow City of China Resources, NO.68, Qinghe Middle Street, Haidian District, Beijing, China

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.
Address	The Rainbow City of China Resources, NO.68, Qinghe Middle Street, Haidian District, Beijing, China

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone
Brand Name	MI
Model Name	M1903C3GH
FCC ID	2AFZZ-RMSC3GH
IMEI Code	SIM1: 864520040006688 SIM2: 864520040006696
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS/DTM RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz : 802.11b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	P2
SW Version	OPM1.171019.026 V10
GSM / (E)GPRS Dual Transfer mode	Class A – EUT can support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: 1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), and LTE supports VoLTE operation. 2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, Bluetooth supports tethering function. 3. This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class33 and supports DTM up to multi-slot class11. 4. The dual SIM card mobile has 2 SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose dual SIM1 card to perform all tests.	

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05								
FCC ID	2AFZZ-RMSC3GH							
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz							
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM							
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
LTE Release Version	R10, Cat 4							
CA support	NO							
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3							
	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)
		1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3
	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)							
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.							

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829				
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5				
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844				
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510				
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535				
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560				
LTE Band 38												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580				
M	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595				
H	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610				

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

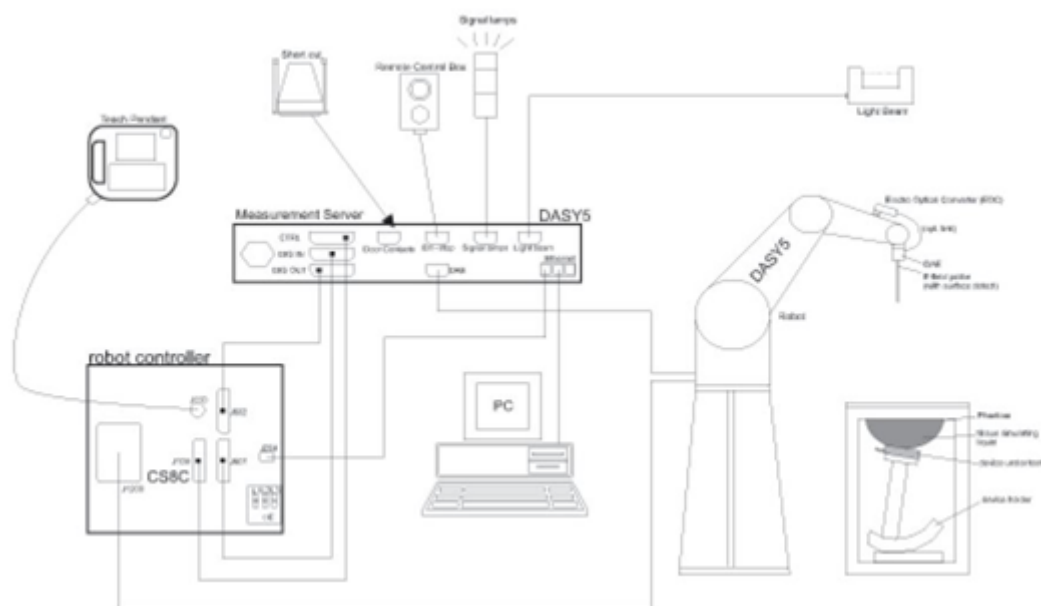
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

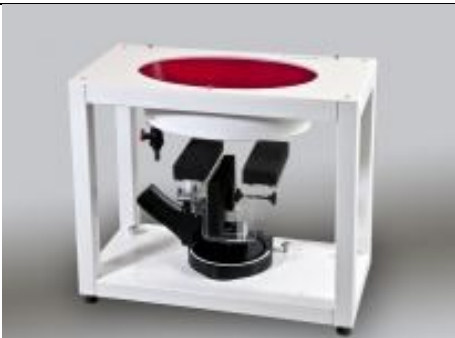
7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	2017/12/5	2018/12/4
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1069	2017/12/5	2018/12/4
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	2017/12/6	2018/12/5
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	2017/12/7	2018/12/6
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2017/12/7	2018/12/6
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1305	2018/5/11	2019/5/10
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3843	2018/9/27	2019/9/26
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1697	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1754	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201563900	2018/1/26	2019/1/25
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	2018/4/17	2019/4/16
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2018/4/17	2019/4/16
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	2017/11/28	2018/11/27
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2018/2/6	2019/2/5
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2018/1/26	2019/1/25
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2018/8/21	2019/8/20
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2018/8/8	2019/8/7
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Note	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Note	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note	

Note: Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.

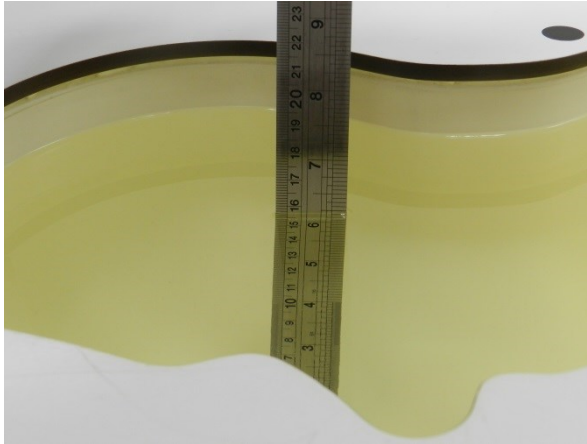


Fig 10.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

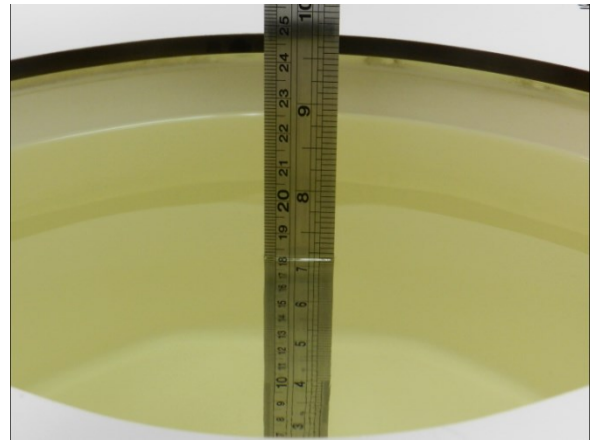


Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
For Body								
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	211.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.7	0.915	41.947	0.90	41.50	1.67	1.08	± 5	2018/11/14
1750	Head	22.8	1.353	40.644	1.37	40.10	-1.24	1.36	± 5	2018/11/14
1900	Head	22.8	1.428	41.108	1.40	40.00	2.00	2.77	± 5	2018/11/11
2450	Head	22.8	1.830	38.504	1.80	39.20	1.67	-1.78	± 5	2018/11/11
2600	Head	22.8	2.040	37.884	1.96	39.00	4.08	-2.86	± 5	2018/11/11
835	Body	22.8	0.990	55.273	0.97	55.20	2.06	0.13	± 5	2018/11/13
1750	Body	22.7	1.444	54.472	1.49	53.40	-3.09	2.01	± 5	2018/11/13
1900	Body	22.8	1.519	53.914	1.52	53.30	-0.07	1.15	± 5	2018/11/12
2450	Body	22.7	2.021	53.033	1.95	52.70	3.64	0.63	± 5	2018/11/14
2600	Body	22.8	2.165	51.256	2.16	52.50	0.23	-2.37	± 5	2018/11/13

10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2018/11/14	835	Head	250	4d091	3843	1305	2.32	9.48	9.28	-2.11
2018/11/14	1750	Head	250	1069	3843	1305	9.60	37.00	38.4	3.78
2018/11/11	1900	Head	250	5d118	3843	1305	9.64	39.70	38.56	-2.87
2018/11/11	2450	Head	250	840	3843	1305	12.60	52.60	50.4	-4.18
2018/11/11	2600	Head	250	1061	3843	1305	13.60	58.20	54.4	-6.53
2018/11/13	835	Body	250	4d091	3843	1305	2.46	9.72	9.84	1.23
2018/11/13	1750	Body	250	1069	3843	1305	9.80	38.00	39.2	3.16
2018/11/12	1900	Body	250	5d118	3843	1305	10.60	40.40	42.4	4.95
2018/11/14	2450	Body	250	840	3843	1305	12.30	51.90	49.2	-5.20
2018/11/13	2600	Body	250	1061	3843	1305	13.90	56.40	55.6	-1.42

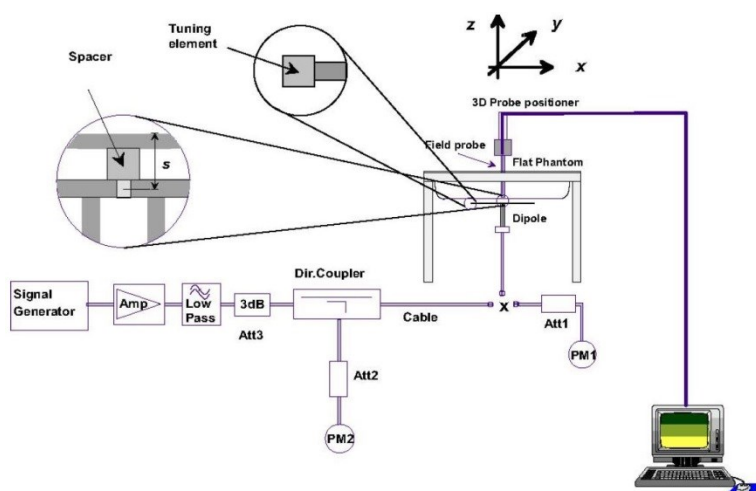


Fig 10.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 10.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 11.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 11.1.2. The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 11.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 11.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

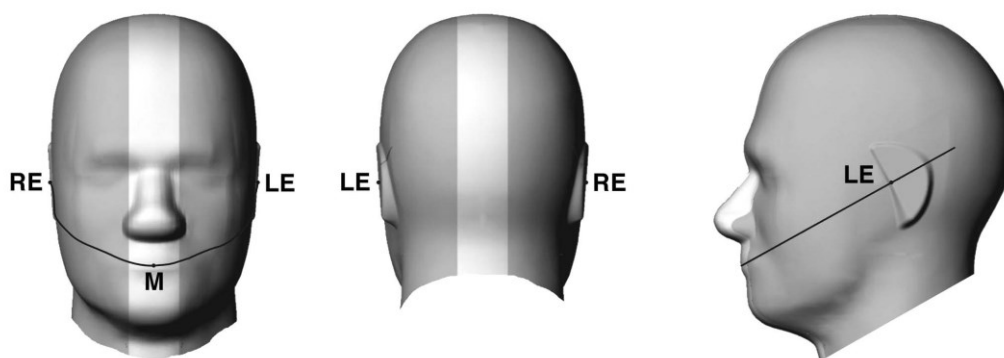


Fig 11.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

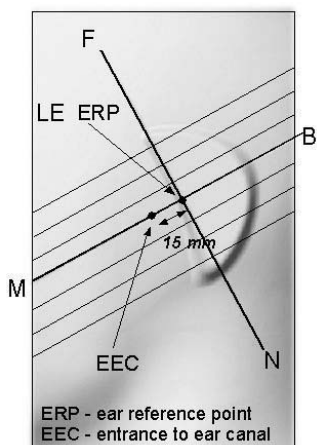


Fig 11.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

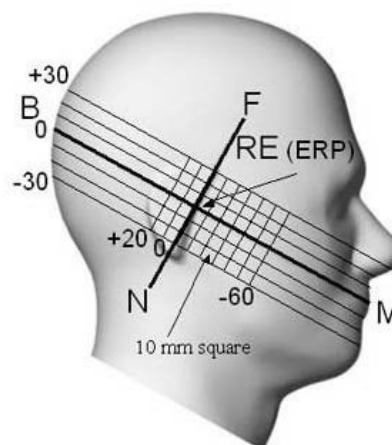


Fig 11.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 11.2.1 and Figure 11.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 11.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 11.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 11.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 11.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

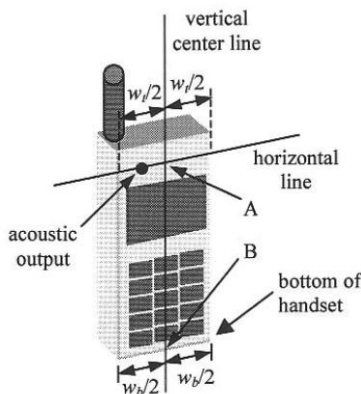


Fig 11.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case"

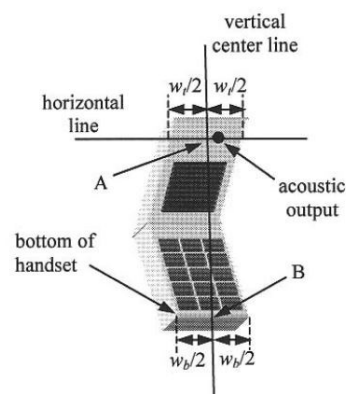


Fig 11.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

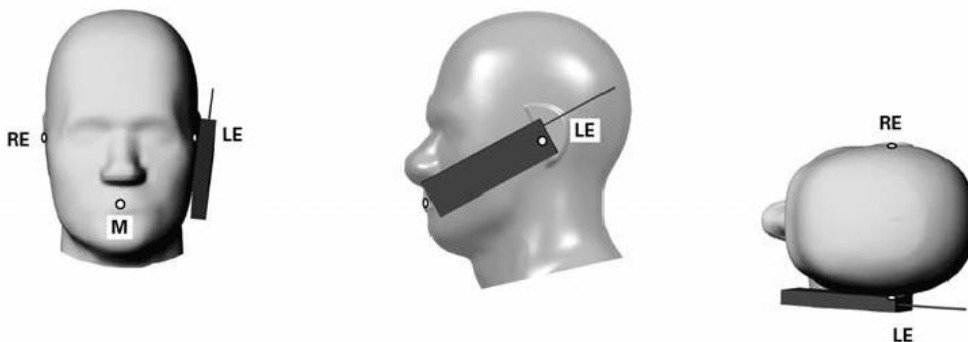


Fig 11.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 11.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

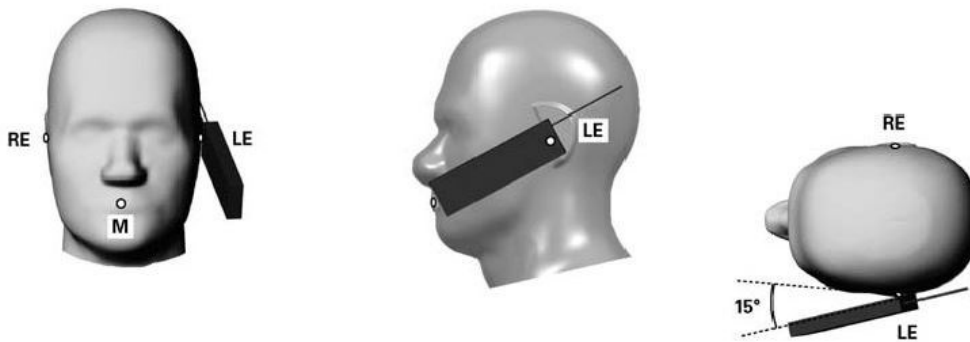


Fig 11.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 11.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

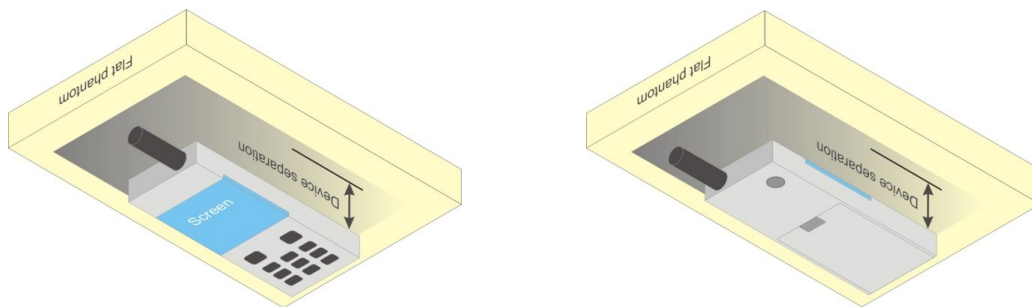


Fig 11.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE / DTM modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE / DTM are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

GSM850		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel		128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)		824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot		32.96	33.12	33.00	33.50	23.96	24.12	24.00	24.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot		32.94	33.10	32.98	33.50	23.94	24.10	23.98	24.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots		31.06	31.17	31.10	31.50	25.06	25.17	25.10	25.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots		29.42	29.46	29.45	29.50	25.16	25.20	25.19	25.24
GPRS 4 Tx slots		28.30	28.48	28.45	28.50	25.30	25.48	25.45	25.50
EDGE 1 Tx slot		25.75	25.79	25.87	27.00	16.75	16.79	16.87	18.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots		24.70	24.70	24.81	26.00	18.70	18.70	18.81	20.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots		22.55	22.59	22.67	23.00	18.29	18.33	18.41	18.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots		22.22	22.33	22.33	23.00	19.22	19.33	19.33	20.00
DTM Multi-slot class 5	GSM 1 Tx slot	29.89	30.01	30.23	30.50	23.80	23.87	24.04	24.48
	GPRS 1 Tx slot	29.76	29.77	29.88	30.50				
DTM Multi-slot class 9	GSM 1 Tx slot	30.00	30.02	30.20	30.50	23.82	23.88	23.98	24.48
	GPRS 1 Tx slot	29.67	29.77	29.80	30.50				
DTM Multi-slot class 11	GSM 1 Tx slot	28.19	28.23	28.56	29.00	23.60	23.81	23.85	24.74
	GPRS 2 Tx slots	27.68	27.99	27.86	29.00				
DTM Multi-slot class 5	GSM 1 Tx slot	31.00	31.11	31.00	31.50	22.85	22.97	22.90	23.44
	EDGE 1 Tx slot	24.50	24.69	24.78	25.50				
DTM Multi-slot class 9	GSM 1 Tx slot	30.00	30.11	30.23	31.50	22.00	22.11	22.19	23.44
	EDGE 1 Tx slot	24.27	24.39	24.30	25.50				
DTM Multi-slot class 11	GSM 1 Tx slot	29.20	29.20	29.15	30.00	21.72	21.71	21.70	22.43
	EDGE 2 Tx slots	22.50	22.49	22.55	23.00				

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

GSM1900		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel		512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)		1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot		29.70	29.56	29.92	30.50	20.70	20.56	20.92	21.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot		29.68	29.54	29.90	30.50	20.68	20.54	20.90	21.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots		28.09	28.23	28.36	28.50	22.09	22.23	22.36	22.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots		26.03	25.93	26.43	26.50	21.77	21.67	22.17	22.24
GPRS 4 Tx slots		25.42	25.48	25.45	25.50	22.42	22.48	22.45	22.50
EDGE 1 Tx slot		25.60	25.58	25.71	26.00	16.60	16.58	16.71	17.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots		24.50	24.42	24.63	25.00	18.50	18.42	18.63	19.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots		22.35	22.27	22.47	22.50	18.09	18.01	18.21	18.24
EDGE 4 Tx slots		22.10	22.10	22.45	22.50	19.10	19.10	19.45	19.50
DTM Multi-slot class 5	GSM 1 Tx slot	27.19	27.40	27.20	28.00	21.02	21.23	21.06	21.98
	GPRS 1 Tx slot	26.89	27.09	26.95	28.00				
DTM Multi-slot class 9	GSM 1 Tx slot	27.10	27.40	27.23	28.00	20.96	21.16	21.06	21.98
	GPRS 1 Tx slot	26.85	26.96	26.92	28.00				
DTM Multi-slot class 11	GSM 1 Tx slot	25.00	25.28	25.20	26.00	20.45	20.74	20.45	21.74
	GPRS 2 Tx slots	24.55	24.86	24.45	26.00				
DTM Multi-slot class 5	GSM 1 Tx slot	27.19	27.40	27.05	28.00	19.90	20.12	19.78	20.57
	EDGE 1 Tx slot	24.12	24.36	24.05	24.50				
DTM Multi-slot class 9	GSM 1 Tx slot	27.56	27.82	27.56	28.00	19.98	20.28	19.96	20.57
	EDGE 1 Tx slot	23.56	23.95	23.49	24.50				
DTM Multi-slot class 11	GSM 1 Tx slot	27.40	27.81	27.49	28.00	21.07	21.39	21.14	21.74
	EDGE 2 Tx slots	23.74	23.95	23.80	24.50				

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCCH, DPCCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_d/\beta_c = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

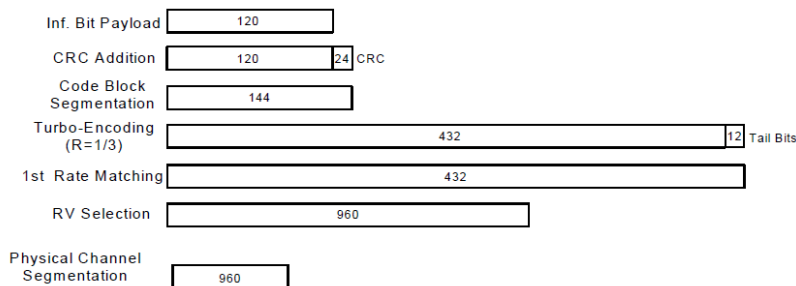


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

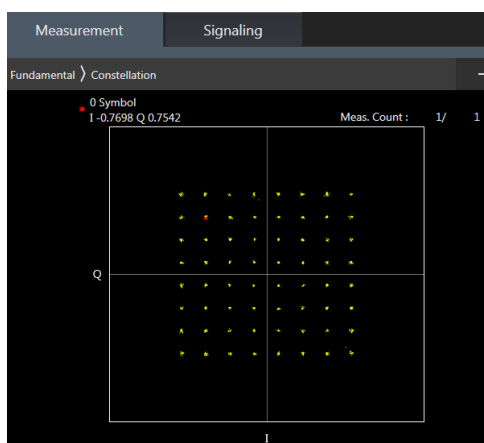
1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

Band		WCDMA Band II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA Band IV			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA Band V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel		9262	9400	9538		1312	1413	1513		4132	4182	4233	
Rx Channel		9662	9800	9938		1537	1638	1738		4357	4407	4458	
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6		826.4	836.4	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.02	23.00	23.06	24.00	23.57	23.71	23.70	24.00	23.68	23.66	23.84	24.00
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.03	23.02	23.07	24.00	23.59	23.73	23.70	24.00	23.69	23.67	23.85	24.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.83	21.85	21.81	23.00	22.64	22.81	22.83	23.00	22.42	22.43	22.60	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.86	21.97	21.93	23.00	22.61	22.83	22.85	23.00	22.53	22.53	22.58	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.37	21.48	21.44	22.50	22.06	22.31	22.31	22.50	22.06	22.06	22.24	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.37	21.48	21.44	22.50	22.10	22.34	22.29	22.50	22.07	22.07	22.13	22.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.78	21.79	21.78	23.00	22.51	22.78	22.68	23.00	22.38	22.43	22.48	23.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.81	21.78	21.78	23.00	22.63	22.69	22.71	23.00	22.41	22.41	22.43	23.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.41	21.41	21.35	22.50	22.01	22.38	22.35	22.50	22.01	22.05	22.21	22.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.36	21.43	21.41	22.50	22.05	22.28	22.28	22.50	22.06	22.01	22.11	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.03	21.75	21.60	23.00	22.58	22.74	22.74	23.00	22.02	22.00	22.06	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.61	20.77	21.00	21.00	20.57	20.73	20.76	21.00	21.47	21.43	21.51	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.70	20.78	20.64	22.00	21.60	21.78	21.80	22.00	21.16	21.17	21.33	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.97	20.96	20.92	21.00	20.55	20.77	20.75	21.00	22.01	22.10	21.68	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.10	22.10	22.00	23.00	22.60	22.80	22.80	23.00	22.40	22.50	22.60	23.00

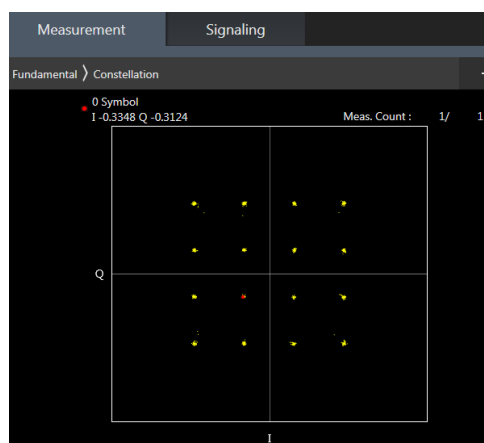
<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



64QAM



16QAM

<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.03	23.42	23.16	24	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.30	23.64	23.44		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.87	22.95	22.87		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.34	22.54	22.38	23	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.38	22.47	22.30		
20	QPSK	50	50	22.28	22.43	22.28		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.29	22.47	22.33	23	1
20	16QAM	1	0	22.11	21.68	21.64		
20	16QAM	1	49	22.46	22.19	21.90		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.97	21.51	21.72	22	2
20	16QAM	50	0	21.36	21.60	21.44		
20	16QAM	50	24	21.30	21.36	21.19		
20	16QAM	50	50	21.13	21.20	21.36	22	2
20	16QAM	100	0	21.23	21.53	21.40		
20	64QAM	1	0	21.61	22.00	21.95		
20	64QAM	1	49	22.00	21.86	21.99	22	2
20	64QAM	1	99	21.46	21.55	21.44		
20	64QAM	50	0	20.91	20.98	20.85		
20	64QAM	50	24	20.97	20.99	20.76	21	3
20	64QAM	50	50	20.77	20.87	20.83		
20	64QAM	100	0	20.88	20.94	20.89		

Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.95	23.44	23.15	24	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.44	23.51	23.53		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.92	23.26	23.13		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.32	22.52	22.36	23	1
15	QPSK	36	20	22.45	22.51	22.40		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.28	22.38	22.30		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.31	22.46	22.39	23	1
15	16QAM	1	0	22.00	22.24	22.09		
15	16QAM	1	37	22.66	22.26	22.14		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.98	21.83	21.89	22	2
15	16QAM	36	0	21.39	21.41	21.44		
15	16QAM	36	20	21.35	21.48	21.28		
15	16QAM	36	39	21.27	21.25	21.39	22	2
15	16QAM	75	0	21.39	21.45	21.38		
15	64QAM	1	0	21.64	21.81	21.96		
15	64QAM	1	37	21.93	22.00	21.98	22	2
15	64QAM	1	74	21.30	21.44	21.81		
15	64QAM	36	0	20.81	21.00	20.93		
15	64QAM	36	20	21.00	20.97	20.98	21	3
15	64QAM	36	39	20.94	20.74	20.88		
15	64QAM	75	0	20.89	20.89	20.79		
Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.15	23.23	23.03	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.37	23.43	23.44		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.07	23.00	23.00		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.36	22.44	22.39	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.36	22.47	22.41		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.35	22.41	22.30		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.34	22.45	22.28	23	1
10	16QAM	1	0	21.98	21.92	22.15		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.44	22.77	22.50		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.91	21.89	21.81	22	2
10	16QAM	25	0	21.35	21.43	21.49		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.38	21.36	21.40		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.34	21.40	21.39	22	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.44	21.45	21.37		
10	64QAM	1	0	21.96	21.55	21.92		
10	64QAM	1	25	21.85	22.00	21.97	22	2
10	64QAM	1	49	21.79	21.50	21.55		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.96	20.94	20.90		
10	64QAM	25	12	20.89	20.95	20.72	21	3
10	64QAM	25	25	20.95	20.86	20.79		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.84	20.84	20.86		

Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.03	23.36	23.11	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.43	23.50	23.25		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.09	23.29	22.95		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.31	22.38	22.24	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.36	22.42	22.29		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.36	22.42	22.21		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.42	22.40	22.24	23	1
5	16QAM	1	0	21.76	22.15	22.27		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.56	22.64	22.03		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.35	22.44	21.65	22	2
5	16QAM	12	0	21.41	21.30	21.23		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.45	21.34	21.30		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.54	21.34	21.21	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.51	21.30	21.43		
5	64QAM	1	0	21.68	21.95	21.92		
5	64QAM	1	12	21.88	22.00	21.97	22	2
5	64QAM	1	24	21.49	21.78	21.90		
5	64QAM	12	0	20.91	20.99	20.91		
5	64QAM	12	7	20.87	20.83	20.98	21	3
5	64QAM	12	13	20.86	20.83	20.90		
5	64QAM	25	0	20.93	20.99	20.94		
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	23.18	23.38	23.22	24	0
3	QPSK	1	8	23.12	23.39	23.13		
3	QPSK	1	14	23.05	23.29	23.05		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.35	22.40	22.23	23	1
3	QPSK	8	4	22.27	22.44	22.29		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.23	22.42	22.25		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.22	22.41	22.28	23	1
3	16QAM	1	0	21.80	21.80	22.47		
3	16QAM	1	8	22.47	21.94	22.36		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.44	21.88	22.36	22	2
3	16QAM	8	0	21.32	21.38	21.36		
3	16QAM	8	4	21.37	21.49	21.33		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.33	21.54	21.29	22	2
3	16QAM	15	0	21.29	21.49	21.21		
3	64QAM	1	0	21.78	22.00	21.98		
3	64QAM	1	8	21.80	21.98	21.89	22	2
3	64QAM	1	14	21.75	21.91	21.81		
3	64QAM	8	0	20.77	21.00	20.67		
3	64QAM	8	4	20.80	20.98	20.78	21	3
3	64QAM	8	7	20.78	20.90	20.73		
3	64QAM	15	0	20.75	20.89	20.93		

Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.05	23.31	23.15	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.20	23.36	23.21		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.02	23.30	23.13		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.29	23.59	23.24		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.42	23.53	23.28		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.28	23.48	23.32		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.23	22.36	22.34	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.35	22.62	21.82	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.56	22.44	22.06		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.35	21.98	21.83		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.23	22.40	22.14		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.37	22.46	22.30		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	22.11	22.32	22.16		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.12	21.25	21.20	22	2
1.4	64QAM	1	0	21.79	21.98	21.83	22	2
1.4	64QAM	1	3	21.66	21.92	21.80		
1.4	64QAM	1	5	21.63	21.97	21.75		
1.4	64QAM	3	0	21.91	21.92	21.97		
1.4	64QAM	3	1	21.88	21.90	22.00		
1.4	64QAM	3	3	21.90	21.99	21.87		
1.4	64QAM	6	0	20.61	20.90	20.69	21	3

<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.20	23.29	23.34	24	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.38	23.55	23.40		
20	QPSK	1	99	23.08	23.14	23.16		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.46	22.46	22.47	23	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.47	22.52	22.47		
20	QPSK	50	50	22.42	22.25	22.42		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.34	22.39	22.44	23	1
20	16QAM	1	0	21.88	22.13	22.17		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.76	22.66	22.53		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.86	22.38	22.56	22	2
20	16QAM	50	0	21.51	21.45	21.49		
20	16QAM	50	24	21.41	21.42	21.29		
20	16QAM	50	50	21.38	21.24	21.40	22	2
20	16QAM	100	0	21.40	21.47	21.41		
20	64QAM	1	0	21.68	21.93	21.68		
20	64QAM	1	49	22.00	21.98	21.87	22	2
20	64QAM	1	99	21.98	21.61	21.63		
20	64QAM	50	0	21.00	20.99	21.00		
20	64QAM	50	24	20.95	20.98	21.00	21	3
20	64QAM	50	50	20.90	20.93	20.86		
20	64QAM	100	0	20.89	20.80	20.79		

Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.47	23.13	23.18	24	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.44	23.51	23.73		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.14	23.11	23.26		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.49	22.47	22.32	23	1
15	QPSK	36	20	22.36	22.49	22.49		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.41	22.40	22.40		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.38	22.42	22.44	23	1
15	16QAM	1	0	22.02	22.35	22.19		
15	16QAM	1	37	22.55	22.60	22.31		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.10	22.06	22.11	22	2
15	16QAM	36	0	21.32	21.39	21.32		
15	16QAM	36	20	21.28	21.49	21.35		
15	16QAM	36	39	21.26	21.32	21.46	22	2
15	16QAM	75	0	21.42	21.41	21.38		
15	64QAM	1	0	21.69	21.71	21.94		
15	64QAM	1	37	21.84	22.00	21.89	22	2
15	64QAM	1	74	21.69	21.72	21.90		
15	64QAM	36	0	20.98	20.98	21.00		
15	64QAM	36	20	20.99	20.90	20.78	21	3
15	64QAM	36	39	20.78	20.98	20.86		
15	64QAM	75	0	20.80	20.76	20.80		
Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.16	23.11	23.08	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.51	23.90	23.51		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.08	23.15	23.25		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.42	22.52	22.40	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.42	22.53	22.43		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.39	22.48	22.39		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.39	22.49	22.38	23	1
10	16QAM	1	0	22.23	21.91	22.13		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.51	21.91	22.56		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.02	21.77	22.17	22	2
10	16QAM	25	0	21.38	21.43	21.28		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.37	21.45	21.40		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.44	21.39	21.26	22	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.45	21.49	21.36		
10	64QAM	1	0	21.66	21.91	21.83		
10	64QAM	1	25	21.86	21.98	22.00	22	2
10	64QAM	1	49	21.85	21.54	21.89		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.80	20.95	20.78		
10	64QAM	25	12	20.95	20.96	20.80	21	3
10	64QAM	25	25	20.90	20.83	20.93		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.83	20.90	20.91		

Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.13	23.37	23.29	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.11	23.69	23.39		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.19	23.44	23.51		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.27	22.51	22.40	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.31	22.54	22.41		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.37	22.50	22.38		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.28	22.49	22.47	23	1
5	16QAM	1	0	21.83	21.85	22.47		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.89	22.10	22.21		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.20	21.70	21.98	22	2
5	16QAM	12	0	21.12	21.35	21.34		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.16	21.46	21.30		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.11	21.43	21.45	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.21	21.41	21.54		
5	64QAM	1	0	21.66	21.98	21.93		
5	64QAM	1	12	21.78	21.98	22.00	22	2
5	64QAM	1	24	21.68	21.74	21.92		
5	64QAM	12	0	20.60	20.73	20.84		
5	64QAM	12	7	20.74	20.97	20.87	21	3
5	64QAM	12	13	20.70	21.00	20.83		
5	64QAM	25	0	20.82	20.83	20.83		
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	23.33	23.40	23.04	24	0
3	QPSK	1	8	23.21	23.45	23.17		
3	QPSK	1	14	23.21	23.36	23.17		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.34	22.52	22.33	23	1
3	QPSK	8	4	22.32	22.54	22.32		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.34	22.50	22.29		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.40	22.50	22.29	23	1
3	16QAM	1	0	21.92	21.89	21.64		
3	16QAM	1	8	21.91	21.95	22.61		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.84	21.84	22.48	22	2
3	16QAM	8	0	21.35	21.31	21.44		
3	16QAM	8	4	21.34	21.20	21.44		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.45	21.37	21.40	22	2
3	16QAM	15	0	21.46	21.54	21.09		
3	64QAM	1	0	21.76	21.95	21.83		
3	64QAM	1	8	21.63	21.88	21.92	22	2
3	64QAM	1	14	21.80	21.92	21.84		
3	64QAM	8	0	20.70	20.76	20.85		
3	64QAM	8	4	20.90	21.00	20.90	21	3
3	64QAM	8	7	20.81	20.94	20.87		
3	64QAM	15	0	20.93	20.93	20.85		

Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.24	23.42	23.33	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.44	23.55	23.45		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.30	23.49	23.46		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.49	23.51	23.48		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.64	23.55	23.44		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.49	23.51	23.40		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.30	22.58	22.37	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.86	22.27	22.61	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.88	22.03	22.03		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.88	22.12	21.86		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.02	22.38	22.12		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.38	22.52	22.34		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	22.21	22.37	22.28		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.16	21.49	21.40	22	2
1.4	64QAM	1	0	21.74	21.98	22.00	22	2
1.4	64QAM	1	3	21.68	21.93	21.91		
1.4	64QAM	1	5	21.42	21.78	21.91		
1.4	64QAM	3	0	21.84	22.00	21.95		
1.4	64QAM	3	1	22.00	21.90	21.87		
1.4	64QAM	3	3	21.89	21.98	21.93		
1.4	64QAM	6	0	20.74	20.85	21.00	21	3

<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20450	20525	20600		
Frequency (MHz)				829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.28	23.13	23.16	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.44	23.90	23.43		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.15	23.36	23.35		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.55	22.58	22.44	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.43	22.57	22.52		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.39	22.57	22.41		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.44	22.46	22.47	23	1
10	16QAM	1	0	21.84	21.75	21.64		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.96	22.23	22.06		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.90	22.14	22.11	22	2
10	16QAM	25	0	21.55	21.44	21.51		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.55	21.52	21.29		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.42	21.44	21.36	22	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.57	21.43	21.42		
10	64QAM	1	0	21.69	21.85	21.69	22	2
10	64QAM	1	25	21.76	21.87	21.87		
10	64QAM	1	49	21.35	21.70	21.43		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.89	20.82	20.80	21	3
10	64QAM	25	12	20.90	20.85	20.96		
10	64QAM	25	25	20.79	21.00	20.77		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.74	20.81	20.92		



Channel				20425	20525	20625	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				826.5	836.5	846.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.39	23.35	23.43	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.38	23.54	23.38		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.18	23.31	23.22		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.45	22.43	22.47	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.56	22.55	22.43		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.52	22.56	22.37		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.49	22.47	22.44	23	1
5	16QAM	1	0	22.36	21.75	22.11		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.65	22.17	22.13		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.19	22.21	21.90	22	2
5	16QAM	12	0	21.30	21.24	21.27		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.29	21.56	21.25		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.33	21.56	21.17	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.49	21.46	21.32		
5	64QAM	1	0	21.74	21.69	21.75		
5	64QAM	1	12	21.77	21.95	21.87	22	2
5	64QAM	1	24	21.57	21.72	21.32		
5	64QAM	12	0	20.78	20.90	20.96		
5	64QAM	12	7	20.76	20.94	20.82	21	3
5	64QAM	12	13	20.90	20.89	20.83		
5	64QAM	25	0	20.88	20.86	20.82		
Channel				20415	20525	20635	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				825.5	836.5	847.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	23.32	23.41	23.36	24	0
3	QPSK	1	8	23.43	23.26	23.27		
3	QPSK	1	14	23.27	23.35	23.20		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.51	22.48	22.43	23	1
3	QPSK	8	4	22.56	22.53	22.57		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.49	22.66	22.49		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.51	22.58	22.51	23	1
3	16QAM	1	0	22.15	22.70	22.33		
3	16QAM	1	8	22.02	22.70	22.40		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.77	22.31	22.30	22	2
3	16QAM	8	0	21.55	21.55	21.17		
3	16QAM	8	4	21.48	21.58	21.56		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.41	21.26	21.63	22	2
3	16QAM	15	0	21.31	21.22	21.41		
3	64QAM	1	0	21.86	21.94	21.84		
3	64QAM	1	8	21.85	21.79	21.80	22	2
3	64QAM	1	14	21.89	21.79	21.68		
3	64QAM	8	0	20.94	20.91	20.91		
3	64QAM	8	4	20.84	20.82	20.75	21	3
3	64QAM	8	7	20.91	20.86	20.66		
3	64QAM	15	0	20.97	20.87	20.89		

Channel				20407	20525	20643	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				824.7	836.5	848.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.29	23.65	23.62	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.30	23.71	23.64		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.41	23.63	23.51		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.45	23.66	23.71		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.50	23.87	23.75		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.61	23.64	23.75		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.49	22.50	22.56	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.07	22.75	22.82	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.62	22.81	22.87		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.10	22.72	21.98		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.36	22.53	22.21		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.44	22.52	22.14		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	22.41	22.43	22.41		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.25	21.35	21.27	22	2
1.4	64QAM	1	0	21.81	21.93	21.87	22	2
1.4	64QAM	1	3	21.90	22.00	21.96		
1.4	64QAM	1	5	22.00	21.97	21.50		
1.4	64QAM	3	0	21.99	21.98	21.89		
1.4	64QAM	3	1	21.89	21.95	21.80		
1.4	64QAM	3	3	21.95	21.93	21.95		
1.4	64QAM	6	0	20.93	20.87	20.98	21	3

<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.37	23.43	23.35	24	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.34	23.57	23.77		
20	QPSK	1	99	23.16	23.29	23.35		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.45	22.54	22.80	23	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.46	22.59	22.64		
20	QPSK	50	50	22.48	22.48	22.59		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.54	22.58	22.63	23	1
20	16QAM	1	0	22.57	21.82	22.40		
20	16QAM	1	49	22.72	22.02	22.75		
20	16QAM	1	99	22.19	21.99	22.37	22	2
20	16QAM	50	0	21.44	21.60	21.54		
20	16QAM	50	24	21.46	21.56	21.57		
20	16QAM	50	50	21.48	21.64	21.63	22	2
20	16QAM	100	0	21.44	21.52	21.56		
20	64QAM	1	0	21.68	21.67	21.81	22	2
20	64QAM	1	49	21.77	21.85	21.88		
20	64QAM	1	99	21.67	21.61	21.89		
20	64QAM	50	0	20.80	20.88	20.98	21	3
20	64QAM	50	24	20.84	20.84	20.96		
20	64QAM	50	50	20.84	20.81	21.00		
20	64QAM	100	0	20.73	20.82	20.87		



Channel				20825	21100	21375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.43	23.36	23.50	24	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.64	23.44	23.70		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.69	23.60	23.73		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.67	22.62	22.70	23	1
15	QPSK	36	20	22.61	22.64	22.65		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.52	22.57	22.67		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.62	22.57	22.71	23	1
15	16QAM	1	0	22.71	22.12	21.87		
15	16QAM	1	37	22.79	22.19	22.77		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.84	22.27	21.84	22	2
15	16QAM	36	0	21.54	21.56	21.52		
15	16QAM	36	20	21.50	21.51	21.70		
15	16QAM	36	39	21.58	21.46	21.51	22	2
15	16QAM	75	0	21.57	21.54	21.64		
15	64QAM	1	0	21.90	21.82	21.92		
15	64QAM	1	37	21.98	21.86	21.85	22	2
15	64QAM	1	74	21.65	21.74	21.59		
15	64QAM	36	0	20.83	20.99	20.94		
15	64QAM	36	20	20.91	20.89	21.00	21	3
15	64QAM	36	39	20.87	20.76	20.89		
15	64QAM	75	0	20.87	20.96	20.94		
Channel				20800	21100	21400	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.42	23.40	23.30	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.68	23.67	23.68		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.42	23.59	23.58		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.68	22.60	22.68	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.72	22.61	22.70		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.49	22.51	22.53		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.57	22.59	22.53	23	1
10	16QAM	1	0	22.03	21.91	22.04		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.09	22.01	22.07		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.94	22.23	22.13	22	2
10	16QAM	25	0	21.61	21.55	21.51		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.58	21.58	21.66		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.50	21.51	21.58	22	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.42	21.59	21.59		
10	64QAM	1	0	21.91	21.64	21.58		
10	64QAM	1	25	21.94	21.89	21.97	22	2
10	64QAM	1	49	21.75	21.72	21.61		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.71	20.69	20.72		
10	64QAM	25	12	20.67	20.69	20.75	21	3
10	64QAM	25	25	20.54	20.71	20.69		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.52	20.77	20.67		

Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.40	23.33	23.39	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.69	23.49	23.22		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.38	23.36	23.28		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.64	22.57	22.47	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.59	22.59	22.52		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.51	22.63	22.54		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.51	22.52	22.53	23	1
5	16QAM	1	0	22.05	21.78	22.56		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.17	22.20	22.28		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.21	21.75	22.14	22	2
5	16QAM	12	0	21.39	21.31	21.18		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.35	21.59	21.34		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.37	21.53	21.28	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.38	21.51	21.27		
5	64QAM	1	0	21.72	21.71	21.64		
5	64QAM	1	12	21.80	21.82	21.77	22	2
5	64QAM	1	24	21.80	21.63	21.58		
5	64QAM	12	0	20.87	20.88	20.80		
5	64QAM	12	7	20.95	21.00	20.85	21	3
5	64QAM	12	13	20.86	20.82	20.85		
5	64QAM	25	0	20.60	20.78	20.60		

<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- “special subframe S” contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

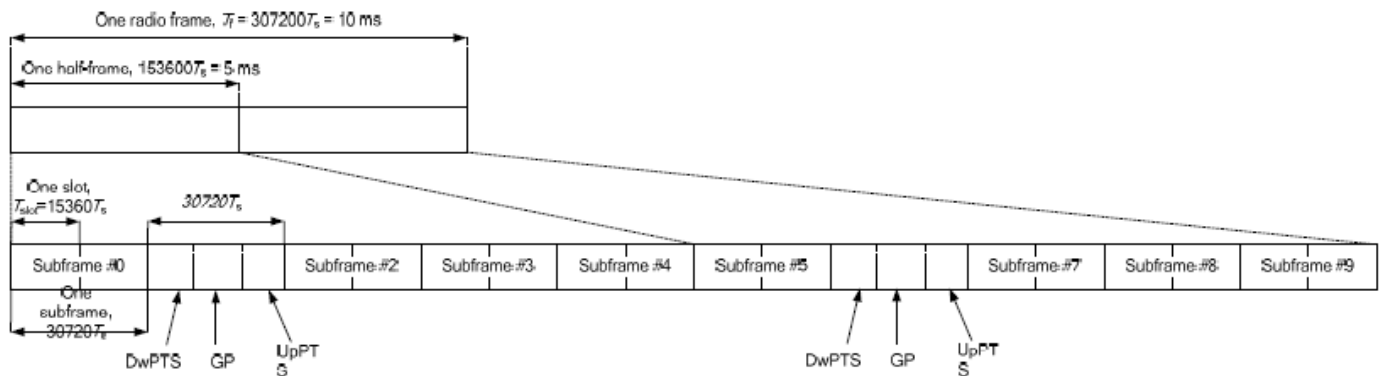


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$	-	-
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-		
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-		

Special subframe (30720·T _s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~4	7.13%	8.33%
	5~9	14.3%	16.7%

Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~3	7.13%	8.33%
	4~7	14.3%	16.7%

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

- Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subframes, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:
 $(3+0.167)/5 = 63.3\%$
- for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:
 $(3+0.143)/5 = 62.9\%$
- For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

<LTE Band 38>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				37850	38000	38150		
Frequency (MHz)				2580	2595	2610		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.36	23.30	23.35	24	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.69	23.62	23.30		
20	QPSK	1	99	23.44	23.35	23.20		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.80	22.48	22.91	23	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.79	22.58	22.74		
20	QPSK	50	50	22.60	22.49	22.35		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.49	22.49	22.49		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.20	22.29	22.07	23	1
20	16QAM	1	49	22.38	22.72	22.41		
20	16QAM	1	99	22.21	21.97	22.03		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.58	21.45	21.82	22	2
20	16QAM	50	24	21.83	21.85	21.78		
20	16QAM	50	50	21.62	21.58	21.39		
20	16QAM	100	0	21.75	21.57	21.80		
20	64QAM	1	0	20.89	20.88	20.91	22	2
20	64QAM	1	49	20.83	21.16	21.22		
20	64QAM	1	99	20.89	20.83	20.47		
20	64QAM	50	0	20.93	20.61	20.60	21	3
20	64QAM	50	24	20.97	20.91	20.91		
20	64QAM	50	50	20.68	20.64	20.43		
20	64QAM	100	0	20.72	20.73	20.79		



Channel				37825	38000	38175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2577.5	2595	2612.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.23	23.21	23.10	24	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.80	23.87	23.31		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.32	23.19	23.05		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.48	22.83	22.98	23	1
15	QPSK	36	20	22.61	22.60	22.79		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.54	22.42	22.32		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.60	22.51	22.36		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.73	21.87	21.79	23	1
15	16QAM	1	37	22.33	22.56	22.09		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.08	21.67	22.04		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.58	21.52	21.54	22	2
15	16QAM	36	20	21.80	21.46	21.80		
15	16QAM	36	39	21.50	21.54	21.42		
15	16QAM	75	0	21.65	21.56	21.76		
15	64QAM	1	0	21.02	21.18	20.89	22	2
15	64QAM	1	37	20.95	21.30	21.14		
15	64QAM	1	74	20.95	20.87	20.85		
15	64QAM	36	0	20.56	20.60	20.94	21	3
15	64QAM	36	20	20.96	20.87	20.85		
15	64QAM	36	39	20.81	20.79	20.79		
15	64QAM	75	0	20.87	20.78	20.89		
Channel				37800	38000	38200	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2575	2595	2615		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.39	23.27	23.40	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.76	23.68	23.74		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.42	23.35	23.22		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.49	22.46	22.80	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.60	22.62	22.82		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.69	22.44	22.59		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.48	22.67	22.56		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.22	22.03	21.97	23	1
10	16QAM	1	25	22.31	22.35	22.38		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.00	22.24	22.17		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.66	21.72	21.31	22	2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.91	21.78	21.67		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.71	21.70	21.70		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.50	21.47	21.44		
10	64QAM	1	0	20.89	21.03	20.79	22	2
10	64QAM	1	25	21.24	21.21	21.24		
10	64QAM	1	49	21.04	20.91	20.66		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.67	20.80	20.76	21	3
10	64QAM	25	12	20.90	20.96	20.54		
10	64QAM	25	25	20.68	20.87	20.70		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.70	20.61	20.48		

Channel				37775	38000	38225	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2572.5	2595	2617.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.52	23.27	23.16	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.80	23.50	23.40		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.52	23.25	23.09		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.82	22.54	22.41	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.81	22.76	22.39		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.90	22.80	22.37		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.76	22.72	22.33		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.23	22.34	22.21	23	1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.31	22.57	22.34		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.31	22.31	22.11		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.55	21.38	21.38	22	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.72	21.57	21.37		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.58	21.55	21.37		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.89	21.76	21.35		
5	64QAM	1	0	21.08	20.69	20.93	22	2
5	64QAM	1	12	21.11	20.98	21.19		
5	64QAM	1	24	20.70	20.93	20.96		
5	64QAM	12	0	20.66	20.68	20.67	21	3
5	64QAM	12	7	20.76	20.73	20.66		
5	64QAM	12	13	20.76	20.77	20.56		
5	64QAM	25	0	20.90	20.86	20.51		

<WLAN Conducted Power>
General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	14.27	16.00	97.94
		6	2437	17.34	17.50	
		11	2462	15.78	16.00	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	12.49	14.00	87.44
		6	2437	15.90	16.00	
		11	2462	13.76	14.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	12.61	14.00	86.27
		6	2437	15.07	16.00	
		11	2462	12.87	14.00	

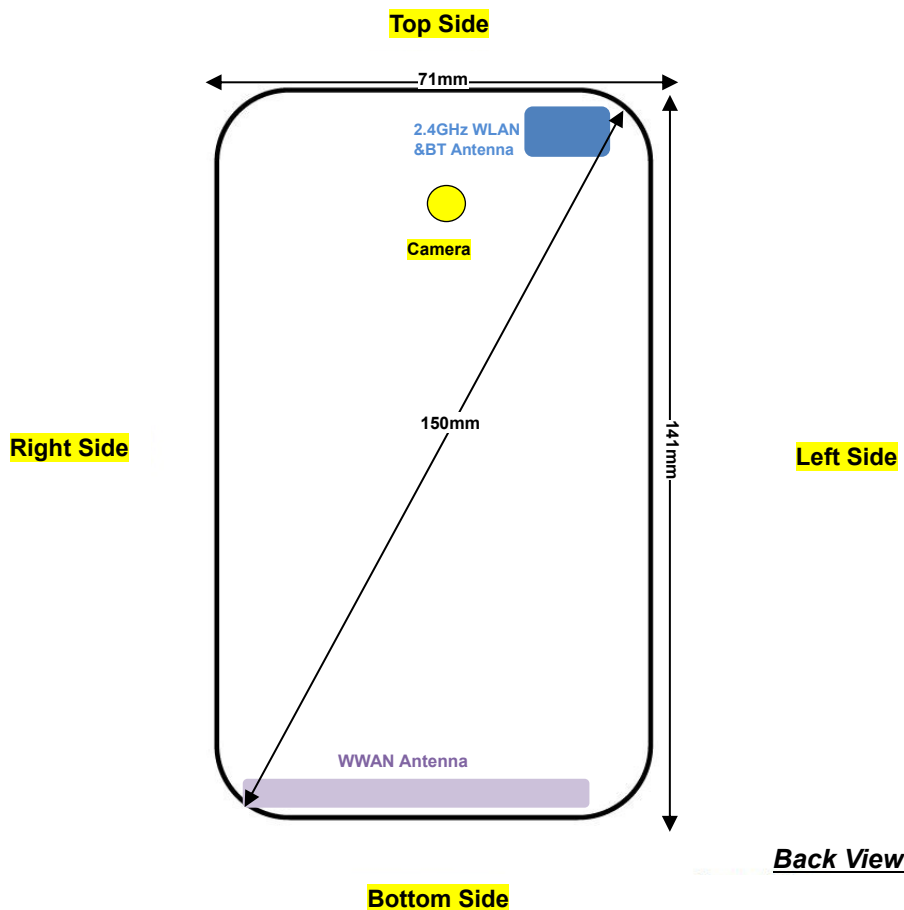
<2.4GHz Bluetooth>
General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.99%, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
			1Mbps
BR/EDR	CH 00	2402	9.56
	CH 39	2441	11.59
	CH 78	2480	10.06
Tune-up Limit (dBm)			12.00

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
			GFSK
LE	CH 00	2402	-0.74
	CH 19	2440	1.28
	CH 39	2480	-0.38
Tune-up Limit (dBm)			2.00

13. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Antenna	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
Bluetooth & WLAN Antenna	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Antenna	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bluetooth & WLAN Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
 - e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result.
The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE / DTM modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE / DTM are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than $1/4$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
3. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
4. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

**14.1 Head SAR****<GSM SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	189	836.4	28.48	28.50	1.005	0.08	0.298	0.299
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	189	836.4	28.48	28.50	1.005	0.02	0.229	0.230
01	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	189	836.4	28.48	28.50	1.005	-0.01	0.310	0.311
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	189	836.4	28.48	28.50	1.005	0.03	0.254	0.255
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	661	1880	25.48	25.50	1.005	-0.19	0.309	0.310
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	661	1880	25.48	25.50	1.005	0.02	0.174	0.175
02	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	661	1880	25.48	25.50	1.005	0.06	0.357	0.359
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	661	1880	25.48	25.50	1.005	0.03	0.263	0.264

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.85	24.00	1.035	0.01	0.344	0.356
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.85	24.00	1.035	0.03	0.265	0.274
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.85	24.00	1.035	-0.13	0.353	0.365
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.85	24.00	1.035	0.04	0.256	0.265
04	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1413	1732.6	23.73	24.00	1.064	-0.11	0.350	0.372
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	1413	1732.6	23.73	24.00	1.064	-0.01	0.121	0.129
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1413	1732.6	23.73	24.00	1.064	-0.01	0.236	0.251
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	1413	1732.6	23.73	24.00	1.064	0.04	0.173	0.184
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.07	24.00	1.239	-0.17	0.571	0.707
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.07	24.00	1.239	-0.09	0.342	0.424
05	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.01	0.642	0.795
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.07	24.00	1.239	-0.01	0.540	0.669



<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	23.90	24.00	1.023	0.12	0.320	0.327
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.02	0.236	0.260
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	23.90	24.00	1.023	0.03	0.220	0.225
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.07	0.156	0.172
06	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	23.90	24.00	1.023	0.04	0.324	0.332
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.05	0.253	0.279
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	23.90	24.00	1.023	0.01	0.211	0.216
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.05	0.159	0.175
07	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.55	24.00	1.109	-0.12	0.513	0.569
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.52	23.00	1.117	-0.18	0.404	0.451
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.01	0.129	0.143
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.52	23.00	1.117	-0.02	0.101	0.113
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.05	0.296	0.328
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.52	23.00	1.117	0.03	0.241	0.269
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.06	0.203	0.225
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.52	23.00	1.117	0.01	0.156	0.174
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	-0.11	0.675	0.733
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	18900	1880	22.54	23.00	1.112	0.05	0.589	0.655
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	-0.02	0.317	0.344
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	18900	1880	22.54	23.00	1.112	0.03	0.264	0.293
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.04	0.850	0.923
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	18700	1860	23.30	24.00	1.175	-0.01	0.731	0.859
08	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	19100	1900	23.44	24.00	1.138	-0.03	0.864	0.983
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	18900	1880	22.54	23.00	1.112	0.07	0.642	0.714
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Left Cheek	18900	1880	22.47	23.00	1.130	0.02	0.547	0.618
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	-0.06	0.490	0.532
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	18900	1880	22.54	23.00	1.112	0.05	0.383	0.426
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	21350	2560	23.77	24.00	1.054	-0.1	0.259	0.273
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	21350	2560	22.80	23.00	1.047	0.09	0.218	0.228
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	21350	2560	23.77	24.00	1.054	0.01	0.081	0.085
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	21350	2560	22.80	23.00	1.047	0.01	0.063	0.066
09	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	21350	2560	23.77	24.00	1.054	-0.03	0.327	0.345
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	21350	2560	22.80	23.00	1.047	-0.06	0.269	0.282
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	21350	2560	23.77	24.00	1.054	0.01	0.089	0.094
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	21350	2560	22.80	23.00	1.047	0.01	0.073	0.077

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	38000	2595	23.62	24.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.182	0.200
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	38000	2595	22.48	23.00	1.127	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.137	0.155
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	38000	2595	23.62	24.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.073	0.080
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	38000	2595	22.48	23.00	1.127	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.059	0.067
10	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	38000	2595	23.62	24.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.239	0.262
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	38000	2595	22.48	23.00	1.127	62.9	1.006	-0.07	0.182	0.206
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	38000	2595	23.62	24.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.071	0.078
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	38000	2595	22.48	23.00	1.127	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.066	0.074

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
11	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	6	2437	17.34	17.50	1.038	97.94	1.021	0.02	0.811	0.859
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	6	2437	17.34	17.50	1.038	97.94	1.021	-0.01	0.794	0.841
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	6	2437	17.34	17.50	1.038	97.94	1.021	0.01	0.312	0.331
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	6	2437	17.34	17.50	1.038	97.94	1.021	0.05	0.314	0.333
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	11	2462	15.78	16.00	1.052	97.94	1.021	-0.04	0.625	0.671
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	11	2462	15.78	16.00	1.052	97.94	1.021	-0.05	0.486	0.522

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
12	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	39	2441	11.59	12.00	1.099	76.99	1.082	0.07	0.155	0.184
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	39	2441	11.59	12.00	1.099	76.99	1.082	0.03	0.139	0.165
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	39	2441	11.59	12.00	1.099	76.99	1.082	0.01	0.059	0.070
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Tilted	39	2441	11.59	12.00	1.099	76.99	1.082	0.04	0.068	0.081

**14.2 Hotspot SAR****<GSM SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
13	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10	189	836.4	28.48	28.50	1.005	0.04	0.390	0.392
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	189	836.4	28.48	28.50	1.005	-0.1	0.473	0.475
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10	189	836.4	28.48	28.50	1.005	0.02	0.423	0.425
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Side	10	189	836.4	28.48	28.50	1.005	-0.03	0.416	0.418
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10	189	836.4	28.48	28.50	1.005	-0.07	0.059	0.059
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10	661	1880	25.48	25.50	1.005	-0.12	0.341	0.343
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	661	1880	25.48	25.50	1.005	0.12	0.299	0.300
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10	661	1880	25.48	25.50	1.005	0.01	0.225	0.226
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Side	10	661	1880	25.48	25.50	1.005	0.01	0.148	0.149
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10	661	1880	25.48	25.50	1.005	-0.02	0.350	0.352

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
15	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	4233	846.6	23.85	24.00	1.035	-0.05	0.463	0.479
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	4233	846.6	23.85	24.00	1.035	0.01	0.599	0.620
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	4233	846.6	23.85	24.00	1.035	0.01	0.378	0.391
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10	4233	846.6	23.85	24.00	1.035	-0.07	0.331	0.343
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	4233	846.6	23.85	24.00	1.035	-0.04	0.059	0.061
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	1413	1732.6	23.73	24.00	1.064	-0.02	0.581	0.618
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	1413	1732.6	23.73	24.00	1.064	0.01	0.531	0.565
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	1413	1732.6	23.73	24.00	1.064	0.01	0.105	0.112
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10	1413	1732.6	23.73	24.00	1.064	0.01	0.130	0.138
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	1413	1732.6	23.73	24.00	1.064	0.02	1.050	1.117
16	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	1312	1712.4	23.59	24.00	1.099	0.09	1.010	1.110
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	1513	1752.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	-0.03	1.070	1.147
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9538	1907.6	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.01	0.757	0.938
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9400	1880	23.02	24.00	1.253	-0.02	0.716	0.897
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9262	1852.4	23.03	24.00	1.250	0.01	0.663	0.829
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9538	1907.6	23.07	24.00	1.239	-0.01	0.659	0.816
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9400	1880	23.02	24.00	1.253	-0.01	0.684	0.857
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9262	1852.4	23.03	24.00	1.250	-0.03	0.659	0.824
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	9538	1907.6	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.01	0.324	0.401
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10	9538	1907.6	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.01	0.277	0.343
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	9538	1907.6	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.07	0.575	0.712



<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
18	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10	20525	836.5	23.90	24.00	1.023	-0.01	0.354	0.362
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10	20525	836.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	-0.03	0.268	0.295
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10	20525	836.5	23.90	24.00	1.023	0.01	0.553	0.566
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10	20525	836.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	-0.09	0.426	0.469
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Side	10	20525	836.5	23.90	24.00	1.023	0.16	0.376	0.385
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Side	10	20525	836.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.04	0.283	0.312
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Side	10	20525	836.5	23.90	24.00	1.023	-0.08	0.408	0.418
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	10	20525	836.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.01	0.315	0.347
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Bottom Side	10	20525	836.5	23.90	24.00	1.023	0.03	0.068	0.069
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	10	20525	836.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.02	0.051	0.057
19	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	20175	1732.5	23.55	24.00	1.109	-0.02	0.479	0.531
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10	20175	1732.5	22.52	23.00	1.117	-0.04	0.438	0.489
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	20175	1732.5	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.02	0.492	0.546
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10	20175	1732.5	22.52	23.00	1.117	0.01	0.429	0.479
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10	20175	1732.5	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.02	0.127	0.141
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.52	23.00	1.117	0.03	0.097	0.108
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10	20175	1732.5	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.01	0.114	0.126
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.52	23.00	1.117	0.03	0.092	0.103
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	20175	1732.5	23.55	24.00	1.109	-0.04	1.040	1.154
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.52	23.00	1.117	-0.09	0.722	0.806
20	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.39	23.00	1.151	-0.1	0.696	0.801
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	-0.09	0.786	0.854
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	18700	1860	23.30	24.00	1.175	-0.08	0.718	0.844
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	19100	1900	23.44	24.00	1.138	-0.1	0.836	0.951
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	18900	1880	22.54	23.00	1.112	0.02	0.579	0.644
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	10	18900	1880	22.47	23.00	1.130	0.03	0.565	0.638
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.06	0.709	0.770
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	18900	1880	22.54	23.00	1.112	-0.06	0.573	0.637
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10	18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.01	0.434	0.472
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10	18900	1880	22.54	23.00	1.112	0.02	0.330	0.367
21	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10	18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.03	0.323	0.351
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10	18900	1880	22.54	23.00	1.112	0.03	0.252	0.280
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	-0.01	0.631	0.686
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	18900	1880	22.54	23.00	1.112	0.07	0.575	0.639
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	21350	2560	23.77	24.00	1.054	-0.11	0.717	0.756
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	21350	2560	22.80	23.00	1.047	0.11	0.423	0.443
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	21350	2560	23.77	24.00	1.054	-0.02	1.050	1.107
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	20850	2510	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.05	1.000	1.164
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	21100	2535	23.57	24.00	1.104	0.02	1.070	1.181
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	21350	2560	22.80	23.00	1.047	0.03	0.657	0.688
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10	21350	2560	22.63	23.00	1.089	-0.02	0.681	0.742
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10	21350	2560	23.77	24.00	1.054	0.01	0.170	0.179
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10	21350	2560	22.80	23.00	1.047	0.03	0.127	0.133
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10	21350	2560	23.77	24.00	1.054	0.01	0.126	0.133
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10	21350	2560	22.80	23.00	1.047	0.03	0.105	0.110
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	21350	2560	23.77	24.00	1.054	0.02	0.961	1.013
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	20850	2510	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.08	0.896	1.043
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	21100	2535	23.57	24.00	1.104	-0.03	1.010	1.115
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	21350	2560	22.80	23.00	1.047	0.02	0.804	0.842
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	20850	2510	22.45	23.00	1.135	-0.01	0.760	0.863
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	21100	2535	22.54	23.00	1.112	-0.04	0.810	0.901
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	10	21350	2560	22.63	23.00	1.089	-0.05	0.804	0.875

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	38000	2595	23.62	24.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.379	0.416
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	38000	2595	22.48	23.00	1.127	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.303	0.344
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	38000	2595	23.62	24.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	-0.16	0.629	0.691
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	38000	2595	22.48	23.00	1.127	62.9	1.006	-0.02	0.493	0.559
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10	38000	2595	23.62	24.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.126	0.138
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10	38000	2595	22.48	23.00	1.127	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.083	0.095
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10	38000	2595	23.62	24.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.091	0.100
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10	38000	2595	22.48	23.00	1.127	62.9	1.006	-0.02	0.070	0.079
22	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	38000	2595	23.62	24.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	-0.01	0.631	0.693
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	38000	2595	22.48	23.00	1.127	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.499	0.566

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Max Area Scan SAR	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	6	2437	17.34	17.50	1.038	97.94	1.021		0.135		
23	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	6	2437	17.34	17.50	1.038	97.94	1.021	-0.02	0.231	0.133	0.141
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	10	6	2437	17.34	17.50	1.038	97.94	1.021		0.119		
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10	6	2437	17.34	17.50	1.038	97.94	1.021		0.160		

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	10	39	2441	11.59	12.00	1.099	76.99	1.082	0.02	0.028	0.034
24	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10	39	2441	11.59	12.00	1.099	76.99	1.082	0.08	0.038	0.045
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Side	10	39	2441	11.59	12.00	1.099	76.99	1.082	0.01	0.022	0.026
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top Side	10	39	2441	11.59	12.00	1.099	76.99	1.082	0.1	0.030	0.036

**14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR****<GSM SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10	189	836.4	28.48	28.5	1.005	0.04	0.390	0.392
25	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	189	836.4	28.48	28.5	1.005	-0.1	0.473	0.475
26	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10	661	1880	25.48	25.50	1.005	-0.12	0.341	0.343
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	661	1880	25.48	25.50	1.005	0.12	0.299	0.300

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	4233	846.6	23.85	24.00	1.035	-0.05	0.463	0.479
27	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	4233	846.6	23.85	24.00	1.035	0.01	0.599	0.620
28	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	1413	1732.6	23.73	24.00	1.064	-0.02	0.581	0.618
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	1413	1732.6	23.73	24.00	1.064	0.01	0.531	0.565
29	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9538	1907.6	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.01	0.757	0.938
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9400	1880	23.02	24.00	1.253	-0.02	0.716	0.897
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9262	1852.4	23.03	24.00	1.250	0.01	0.663	0.829
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9538	1907.6	23.07	24.00	1.239	-0.01	0.659	0.816
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9400	1880	23.02	24.00	1.253	-0.01	0.684	0.857
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9262	1852.4	23.03	24.00	1.250	-0.03	0.659	0.824

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10	20525	836.5	23.90	24.00	1.023	-0.01	0.354	0.362
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10	20525	836.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	-0.03	0.268	0.295
30	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10	20525	836.5	23.90	24.00	1.023	0.01	0.553	0.566
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10	20525	836.5	22.58	23.00	1.102	-0.09	0.426	0.469
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	20175	1732.5	23.55	24.00	1.109	-0.02	0.479	0.531
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10	20175	1732.5	22.52	23.00	1.117	-0.04	0.438	0.489
31	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	20175	1732.5	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.02	0.492	0.546
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10	20175	1732.5	22.52	23.00	1.117	0.01	0.429	0.479
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	-0.09	0.786	0.854
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	18700	1860	23.30	24.00	1.175	-0.08	0.718	0.844
32	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	19100	1900	23.44	24.00	1.138	-0.1	0.836	0.951
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	18900	1880	22.54	23.00	1.112	0.02	0.579	0.644
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	10	18900	1880	22.47	23.00	1.130	0.03	0.565	0.638
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.06	0.709	0.770
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	18900	1880	22.54	23.00	1.112	-0.06	0.573	0.637
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	21350	2560	23.77	24.00	1.054	-0.11	0.717	0.756
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	21350	2560	22.80	23.00	1.047	0.11	0.423	0.443
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	21350	2560	23.77	24.00	1.054	-0.02	1.050	1.107
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	20850	2510	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.05	1.000	1.164
33	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	21100	2535	23.57	24.00	1.104	0.02	1.070	1.181
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	21350	2560	22.80	23.00	1.047	0.03	0.657	0.688
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10	21350	2560	22.63	23.00	1.089	-0.02	0.681	0.742

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	38000	2595	23.62	24.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.379	0.416
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	38000	2595	22.48	23.00	1.127	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.303	0.344
34	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	38000	2595	23.62	24.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	-0.16	0.629	0.691
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	38000	2595	22.48	23.00	1.127	62.9	1.006	-0.02	0.493	0.559

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Max Area Scan SAR	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	6	2437	17.34	17.50	1.038	97.94	1.021		0.135		
35	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	6	2437	17.34	17.50	1.038	97.94	1.021	-0.02	0.231	0.133	0.141

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	10	39	2441	11.59	12.00	1.099	76.99	1.082	0.02	0.028	0.034
36	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10	39	2441	11.59	12.00	1.099	76.99	1.082	0.08	0.038	0.045

14.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	LTE Band 2	-	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	-	19100	1900	23.44	24.00	1.138	-	-	-0.03	0.864	1	0.983
2nd	LTE Band 2	-	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	-	19100	1900	23.44	24.00	1.138	-	-	0.01	0.859	1.006	0.977
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	-	-	-	-	Right Cheek	-	6	2437	17.34	17.50	1.038	97.94	1.021	0.02	0.811	1	0.859
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	-	-	-	-	Right Cheek	-	6	2437	17.34	17.50	1.038	97.94	1.021	0.03	0.809	1.002	0.857
1st	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	-	-	-	-	Bottom Side	10	1513	1752.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	-	-	-0.03	1.070	1	1.147
2nd	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	-	-	-	-	Bottom Side	10	1513	1752.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	-	-	0.01	1.040	1.029	1.114
1st	LTE Band 7	-	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	21100	2535	23.57	24.00	1.104	-	-	0.02	1.070	1	1.181
2nd	LTE Band 7	-	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	21100	2535	23.57	24.00	1.104	-	-	0.06	1.020	1.049	1.126

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Mobile phone			Note
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	WLAN hotspot
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	WLAN hotspot
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	WLAN hotspot
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth tethering
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth tethering
8.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth tethering

General Note:

1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
2. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA, and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
4. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation, Bluetooth supports tethering function.
5. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously.
6. Chose the worst zoom scan SAR of WLAN correspondingly for co-located with WWAN analysis.
7. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
8. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\min. \text{ separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.299	0.859	0.184	1.16	0.48
		Right Tilted	0.230	0.841	0.165	1.07	0.40
		Left Cheek	0.311	0.331	0.070	0.64	0.38
		Left Tilted	0.255	0.333	0.081	0.59	0.34
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.310	0.859	0.184	1.17	0.49
		Right Tilted	0.175	0.841	0.165	1.02	0.34
		Left Cheek	0.359	0.331	0.070	0.69	0.43
		Left Tilted	0.264	0.333	0.081	0.60	0.35
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.356	0.859	0.184	1.22	0.54
		Right Tilted	0.274	0.841	0.165	1.12	0.44
		Left Cheek	0.365	0.331	0.070	0.70	0.44
		Left Tilted	0.265	0.333	0.081	0.60	0.35
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.372	0.859	0.184	1.23	0.56
		Right Tilted	0.129	0.841	0.165	0.97	0.29
		Left Cheek	0.251	0.331	0.070	0.58	0.32
		Left Tilted	0.184	0.333	0.081	0.52	0.27
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.707	0.859	0.184	1.57	0.89
		Right Tilted	0.424	0.841	0.165	1.27	0.59
		Left Cheek	0.795	0.331	0.070	1.13	0.87
		Left Tilted	0.669	0.333	0.081	1.00	0.75
LTE	Band 5	Right Cheek	0.327	0.859	0.184	1.19	0.51
		Right Tilted	0.225	0.841	0.165	1.07	0.39
		Left Cheek	0.332	0.331	0.070	0.66	0.40
		Left Tilted	0.216	0.333	0.081	0.55	0.30
	Band 4	Right Cheek	0.569	0.859	0.184	1.43	0.75
		Right Tilted	0.143	0.841	0.165	0.98	0.31
		Left Cheek	0.328	0.331	0.070	0.66	0.40
		Left Tilted	0.225	0.333	0.081	0.56	0.31
	Band 2	Right Cheek	0.733	0.859	0.184	1.59	0.92
		Right Tilted	0.344	0.841	0.165	1.19	0.51
		Left Cheek	0.983	0.331	0.070	1.31	1.05
		Left Tilted	0.532	0.333	0.081	0.87	0.61
	Band 7	Right Cheek	0.273	0.859	0.184	1.13	0.46
		Right Tilted	0.085	0.841	0.165	0.93	0.25
		Left Cheek	0.345	0.331	0.070	0.68	0.42
		Left Tilted	0.094	0.333	0.081	0.43	0.18
	Band 38	Right Cheek	0.200	0.859	0.184	1.06	0.38
		Right Tilted	0.080	0.841	0.165	0.92	0.25
		Left Cheek	0.262	0.331	0.070	0.59	0.33
		Left Tilted	0.078	0.333	0.081	0.41	0.16

15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth		
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.392	0.141	0.034	0.53	0.43
		Back	0.475	0.141	0.045	0.62	0.52
		Left side	0.425	0.141	0.026	0.57	0.45
		Right side	0.418			0.42	0.42
		Top side		0.141	0.036	0.14	0.04
		Bottom side	0.059			0.06	0.06
	GSM1900	Front	0.343	0.141	0.034	0.48	0.38
		Back	0.300	0.141	0.045	0.44	0.35
		Left side	0.226	0.141	0.026	0.37	0.25
		Right side	0.149			0.15	0.15
		Top side		0.141	0.036	0.14	0.04
		Bottom side	0.352			0.35	0.35
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.479	0.141	0.034	0.62	0.51
		Back	0.620	0.141	0.045	0.76	0.67
		Left side	0.391	0.141	0.026	0.53	0.42
		Right side	0.343			0.34	0.34
		Top side		0.141	0.036	0.14	0.04
		Bottom side	0.061			0.06	0.06
	Band IV	Front	0.618	0.141	0.034	0.76	0.65
		Back	0.565	0.141	0.045	0.71	0.61
		Left side	0.112	0.141	0.026	0.25	0.14
		Right side	0.138			0.14	0.14
		Top side		0.141	0.036	0.14	0.04
		Bottom side	0.147			0.15	0.15
	Band II	Front	0.938	0.141	0.034	1.08	0.97
		Back	0.857	0.141	0.045	1.00	0.90
		Left side	0.401	0.141	0.026	0.54	0.43
		Right side	0.343			0.34	0.34
		Top side		0.141	0.036	0.14	0.04
		Bottom side	0.712			0.71	0.71

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth		
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
LTE	Band 5	Front	0.362	0.141	0.034	0.50	0.40
		Back	0.566	0.141	0.045	0.71	0.61
		Left side	0.385	0.141	0.026	0.53	0.41
		Right side	0.418			0.42	0.42
		Top side		0.141	0.036	0.14	0.04
		Bottom side	0.069			0.07	0.07
	Band 4	Front	0.531	0.141	0.034	0.67	0.57
		Back	0.546	0.141	0.045	0.69	0.59
		Left side	0.141	0.141	0.026	0.28	0.17
		Right side	0.126			0.13	0.13
		Top side		0.141	0.036	0.14	0.04
		Bottom side	1.154			1.15	1.15
	Band 2	Front	0.951	0.141	0.034	1.09	0.99
		Back	0.770	0.141	0.045	0.91	0.82
		Left side	0.472	0.141	0.026	0.61	0.50
		Right side	0.351			0.35	0.35
		Top side		0.141	0.036	0.14	0.04
		Bottom side	0.686			0.69	0.69
	Band 7	Front	0.756	0.141	0.034	0.90	0.79
		Back	1.181	0.141	0.045	1.32	1.23
		Left side	0.179	0.141	0.026	0.32	0.21
		Right side	0.133			0.13	0.13
		Top side		0.141	0.036	0.14	0.04
		Bottom side	1.115			1.12	1.12
	Band 38	Front	0.416	0.141	0.034	0.56	0.45
		Back	0.691	0.141	0.045	0.83	0.74
		Left side	0.138	0.141	0.026	0.28	0.16
		Right side	0.100			0.10	0.10
		Top side		0.141	0.036	0.14	0.04
		Bottom side	0.693			0.69	0.69

15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth		
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.392	0.141	0.034	0.53	0.43
		Back	0.475	0.141	0.045	0.62	0.52
	GSM1900	Front	0.343	0.141	0.034	0.48	0.38
		Back	0.300	0.141	0.045	0.44	0.35
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.479	0.141	0.034	0.62	0.51
		Back	0.620	0.141	0.045	0.76	0.67
	Band IV	Front	0.618	0.141	0.034	0.76	0.65
		Back	0.565	0.141	0.045	0.71	0.61
	Band II	Front	0.938	0.141	0.034	1.08	0.97
		Back	0.857	0.141	0.045	1.00	0.90
LTE	Band 5	Front	0.362	0.141	0.034	0.50	0.40
		Back	0.566	0.141	0.045	0.71	0.61
	Band 4	Front	0.531	0.141	0.034	0.67	0.57
		Back	0.546	0.141	0.045	0.69	0.59
	Band 2	Front	0.951	0.141	0.034	1.09	0.99
		Back	0.770	0.141	0.045	0.91	0.82
	Band 7	Front	0.756	0.141	0.034	0.90	0.79
		Back	1.181	0.141	0.045	1.32	1.23
	Band 38	Front	0.416	0.141	0.034	0.56	0.45
		Back	0.691	0.141	0.045	0.83	0.74

Test Engineer : Nick Hu



16. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

17. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.



Appendix A. Plots of High System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_835MHz

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.915$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.947$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.01, 9.01, 9.01); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.75 W/kg

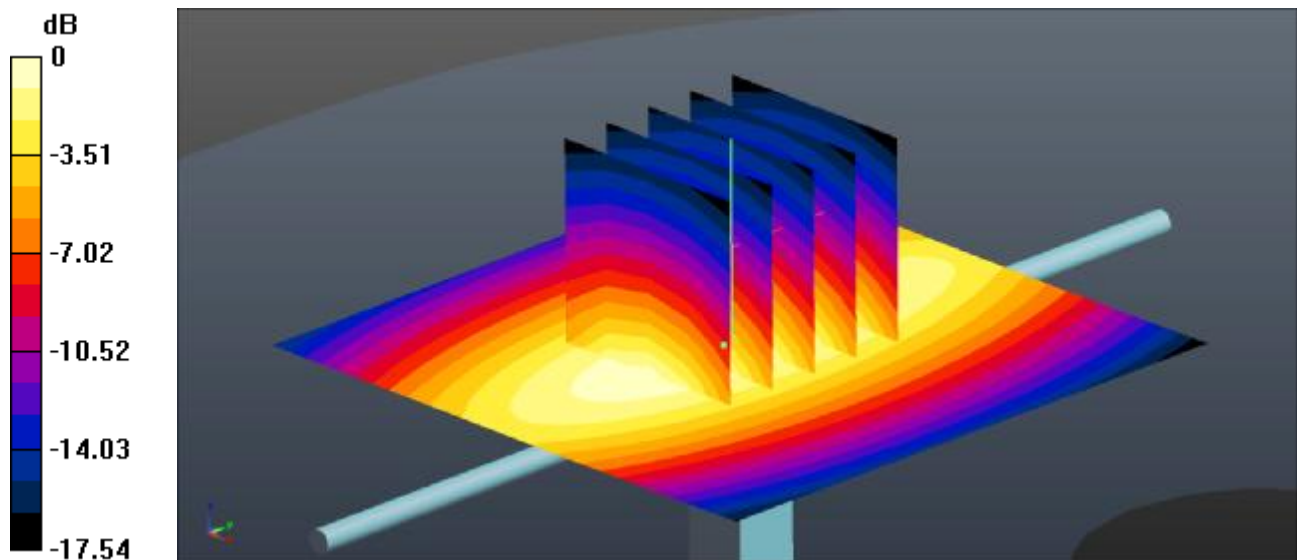
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.73 W/kg



0 dB = 2.75 W/kg = 4.39 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1750MHz**DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1069**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.353$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.644$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 W/kg

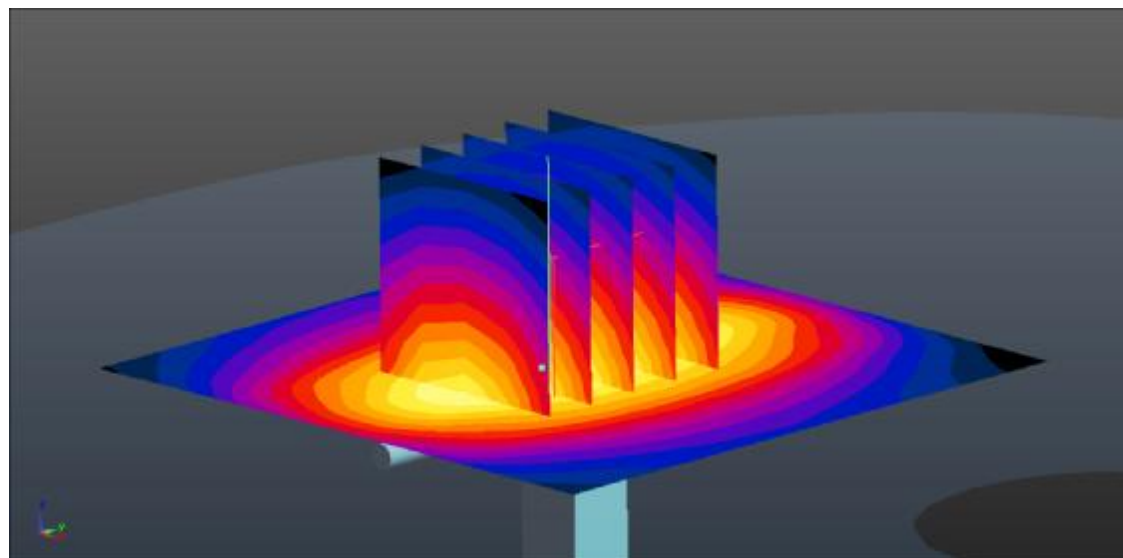
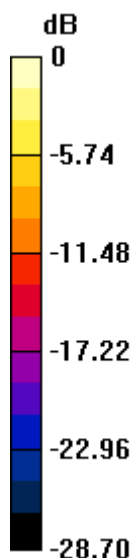
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 W/kg



0 dB = 11.8 W/kg = 10.72 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.428$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.108$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.1 W/kg

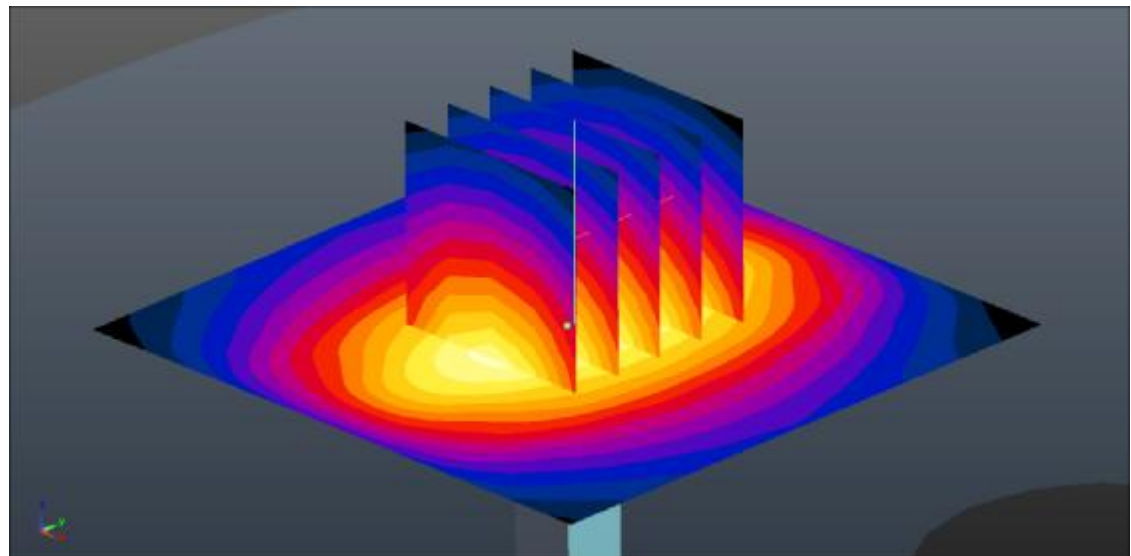
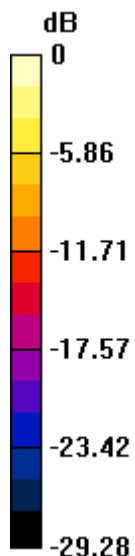
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg



0 dB = 13.1 W/kg = 11.17 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz**DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.83$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.504$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.7 W/kg

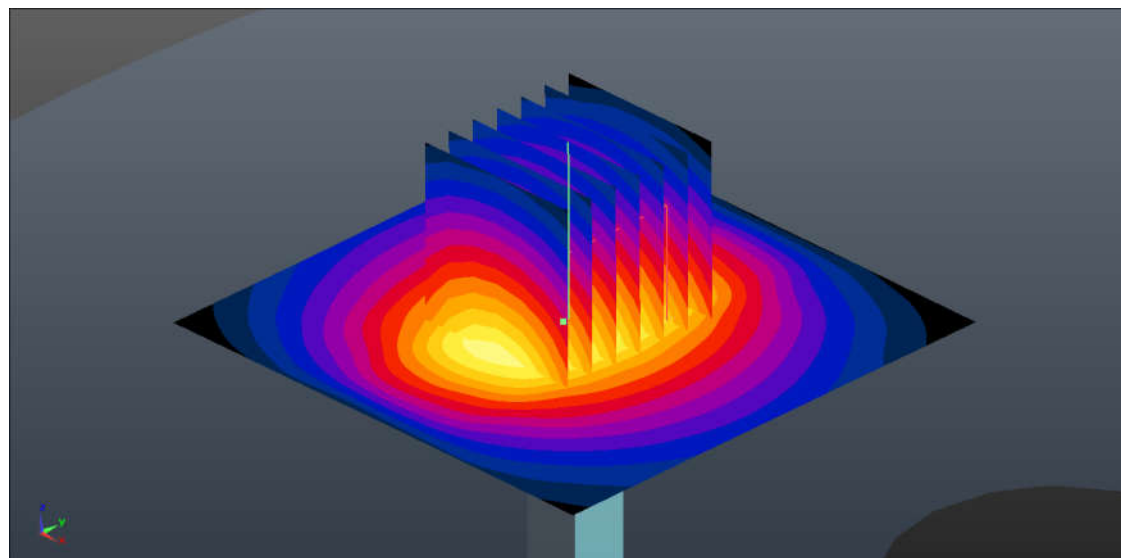
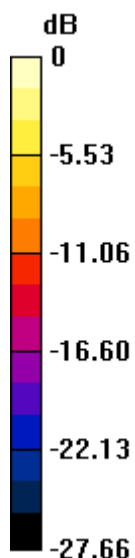
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.46 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg



0 dB = 17.7 W/kg = 12.48 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz**DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.04$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.884$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(6.86, 6.86, 6.86); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.2 W/kg

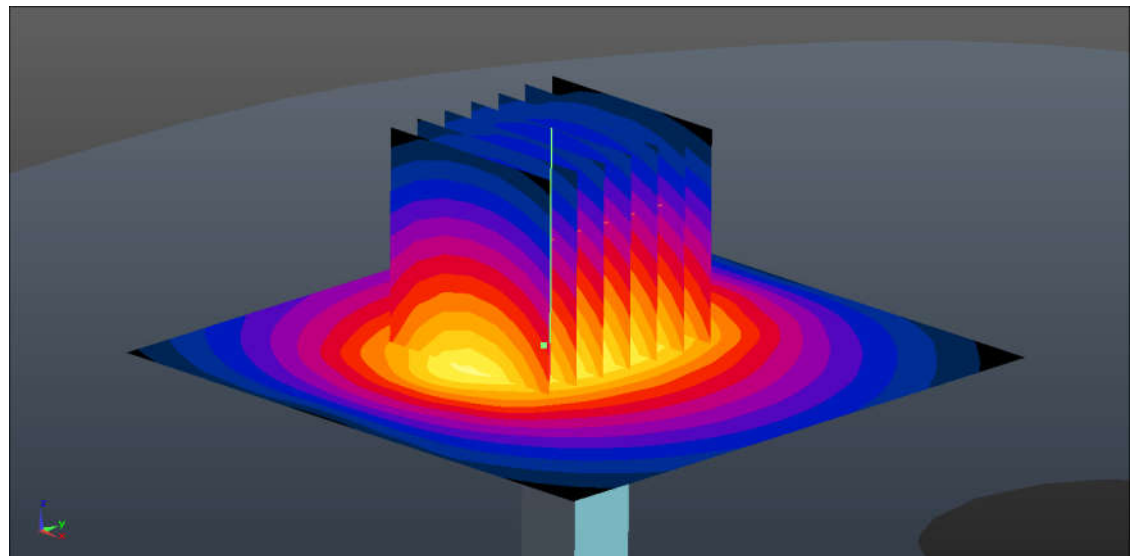
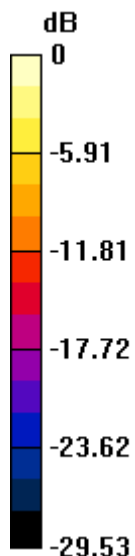
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.82 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



0 dB = 20.2 W/kg = 13.05 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_835MHz

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.273$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : $23.3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature : $22.8 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.03, 9.03, 9.03); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.33 W/kg

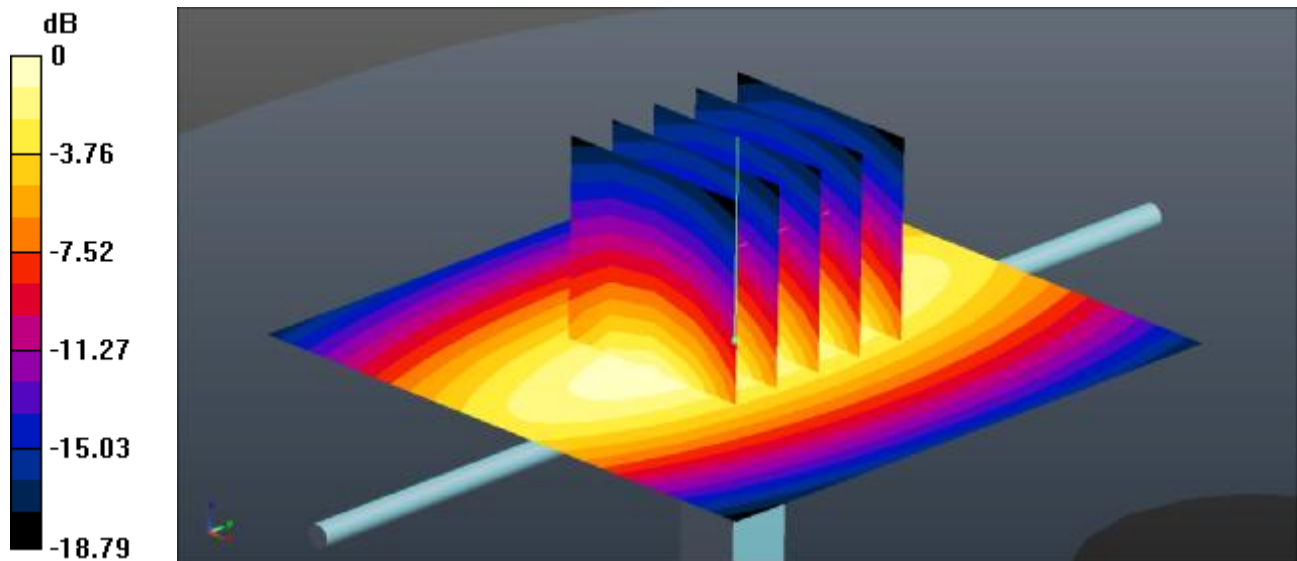
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 53.82 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.88 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.33 W/kg



0 dB = 3.33 W/kg = 5.22 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_1750MHz**DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1069**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.444$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.472$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.41, 7.41, 7.41); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.1 W/kg

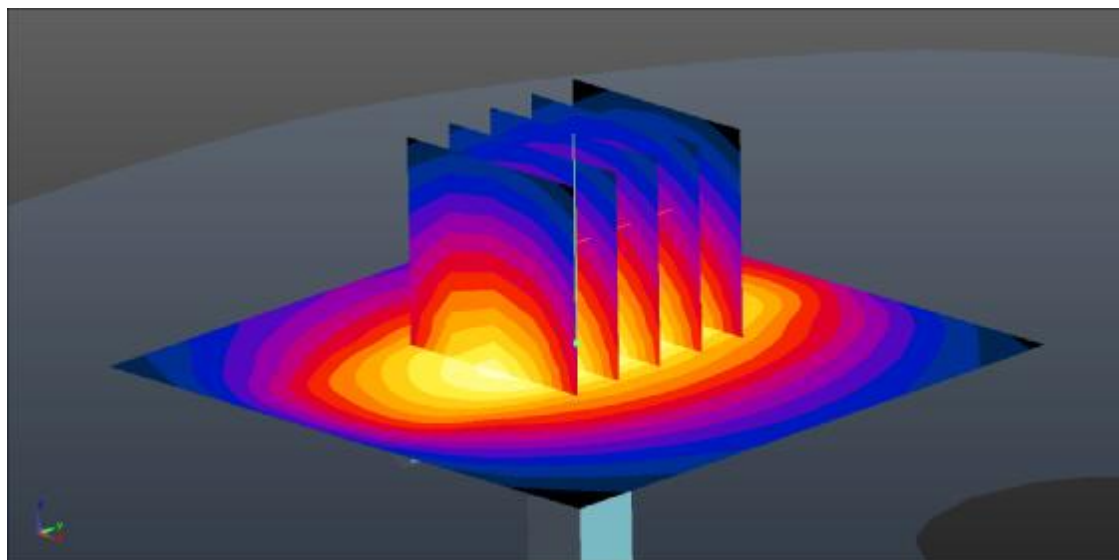
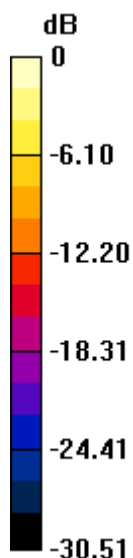
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



0 dB = 19.1 W/kg = 12.81 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.519$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.914$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.07, 7.07, 7.07); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.6 W/kg

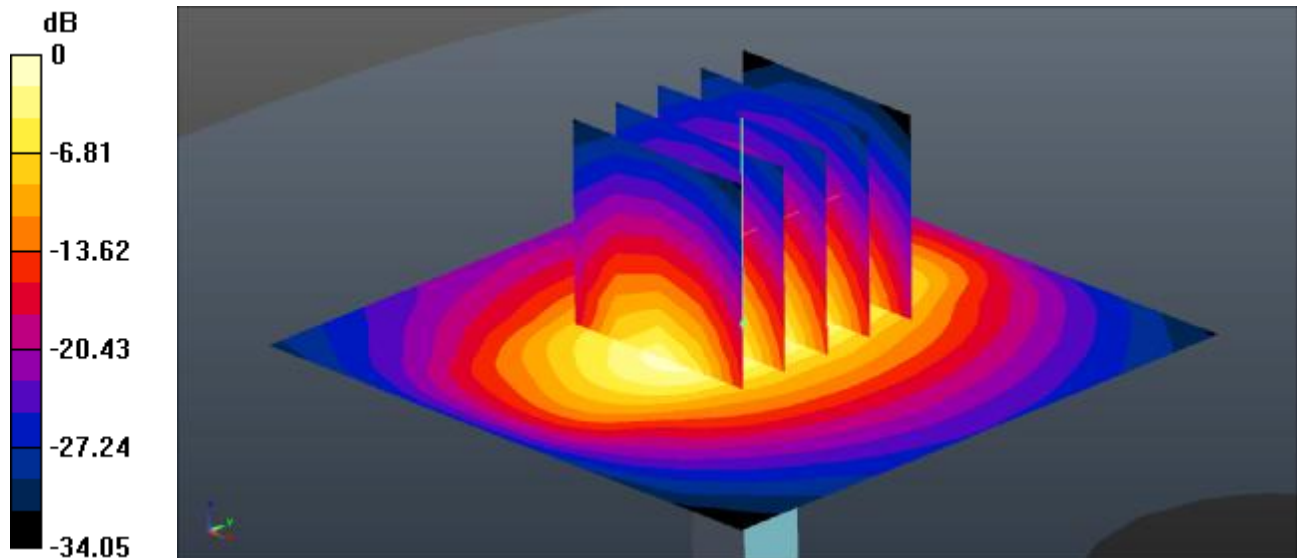
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.63 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



0 dB = 21.6 W/kg = 13.34 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_2450MHz**DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.021$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.033$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.02, 7.02, 7.02); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.3 W/kg

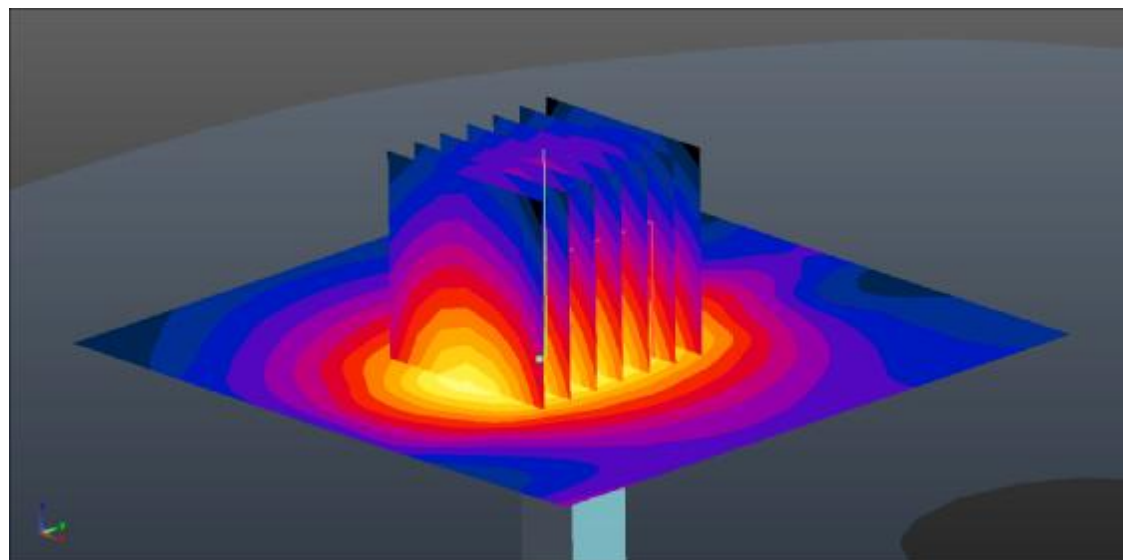
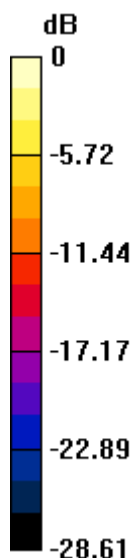
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



0 dB = 20.1 W/kg = 13.03 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_2600MHz**DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.165$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.256$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.02, 7.02, 7.02); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.7 W/kg

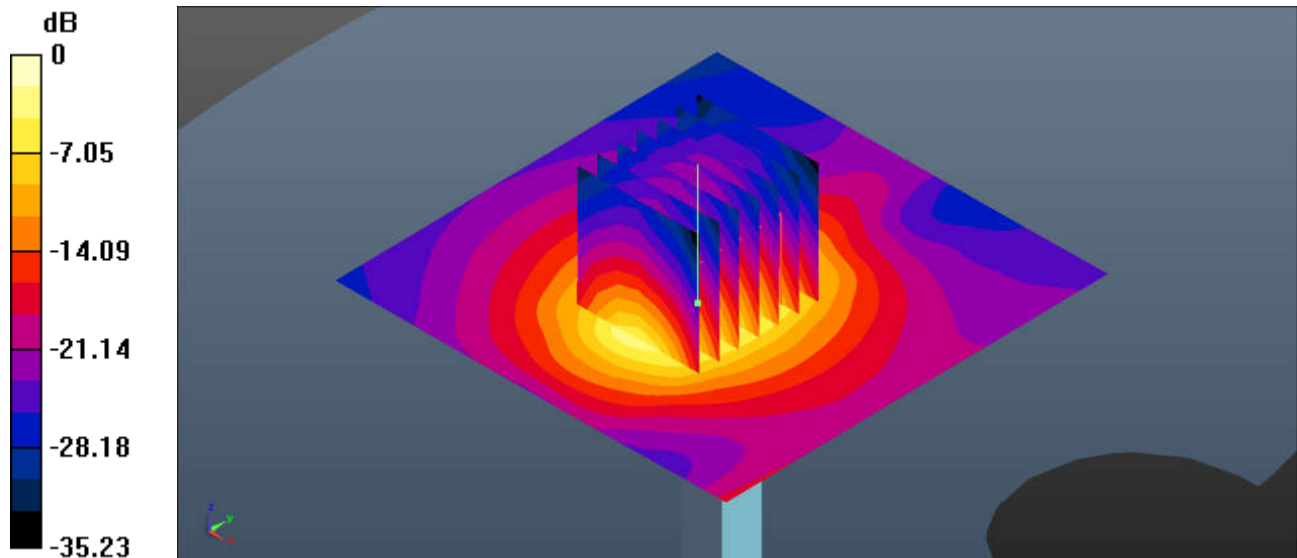
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.29 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.58 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



0 dB = 21.5 W/kg = 13.32 dBW/kg



Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

01_GSM850_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850-4UP (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.931$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

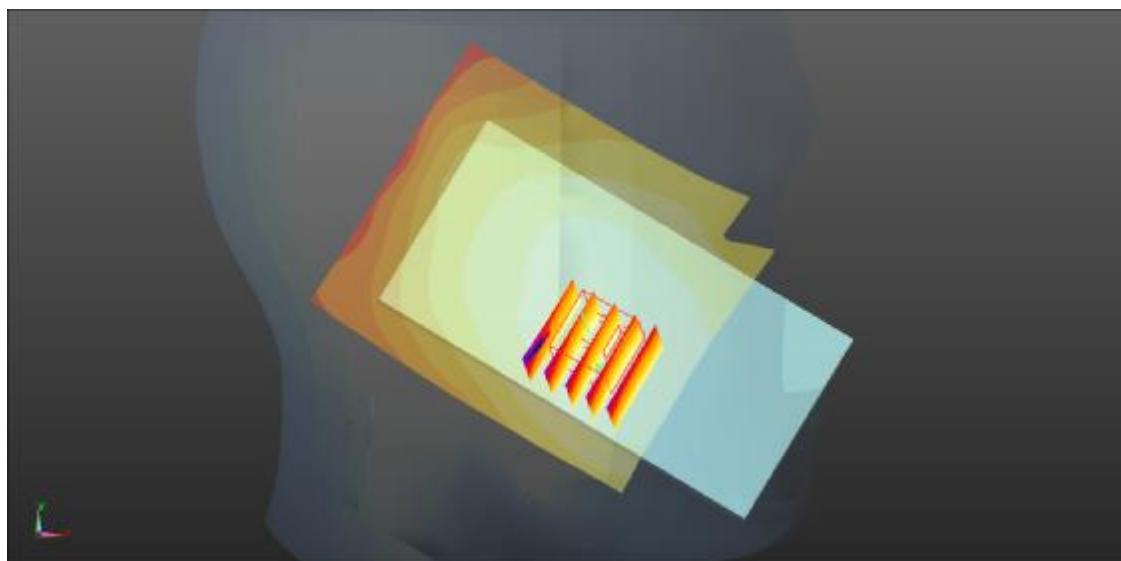
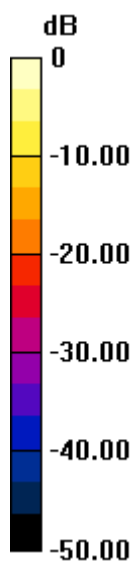
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.01, 9.01, 9.01); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch189/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.380 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 20.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.430 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.310 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.228 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.383 W/kg



0 dB = 0.380 W/kg = -4.20 dBW/kg

02_GSM1900_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch661

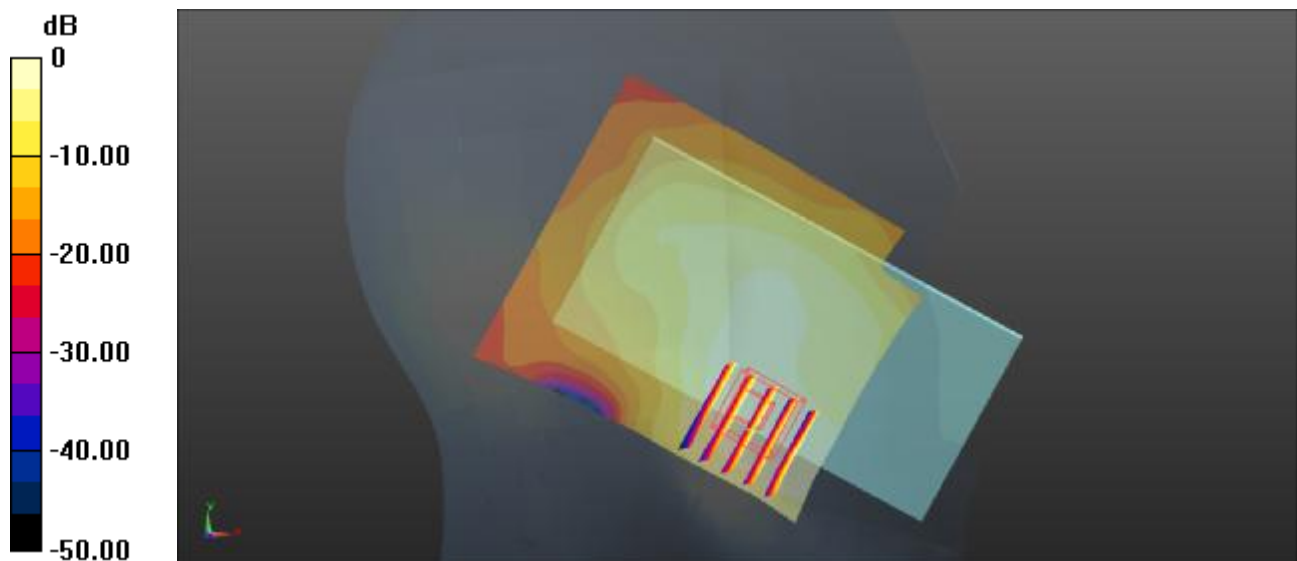
Communication System: UID 0, PCS-4UP (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.407$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.21$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch661/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.526 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 19.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.568 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.357 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.222 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.482 W/kg



0 dB = 0.526 W/kg = -2.79 dBW/kg

03_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.927$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.803$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.01, 9.01, 9.01); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.449 W/kg

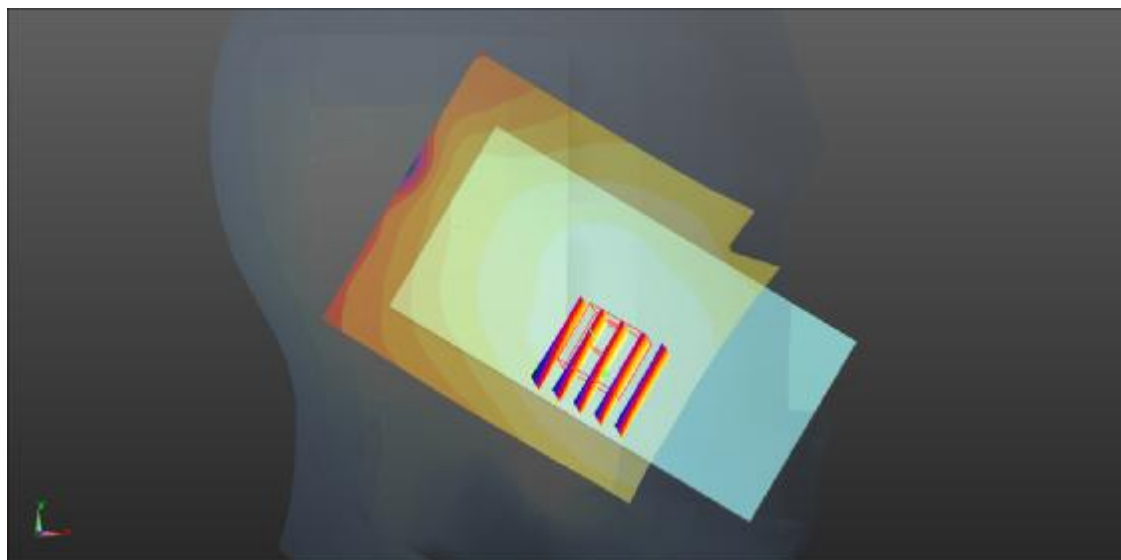
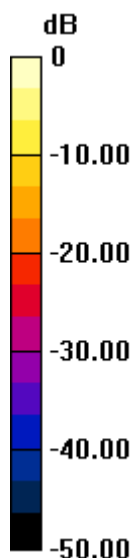
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.489 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.353 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.259 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.436 W/kg



0 dB = 0.449 W/kg = -3.48 dBW/kg

04_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.335$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.703$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch1413/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.472 W/kg

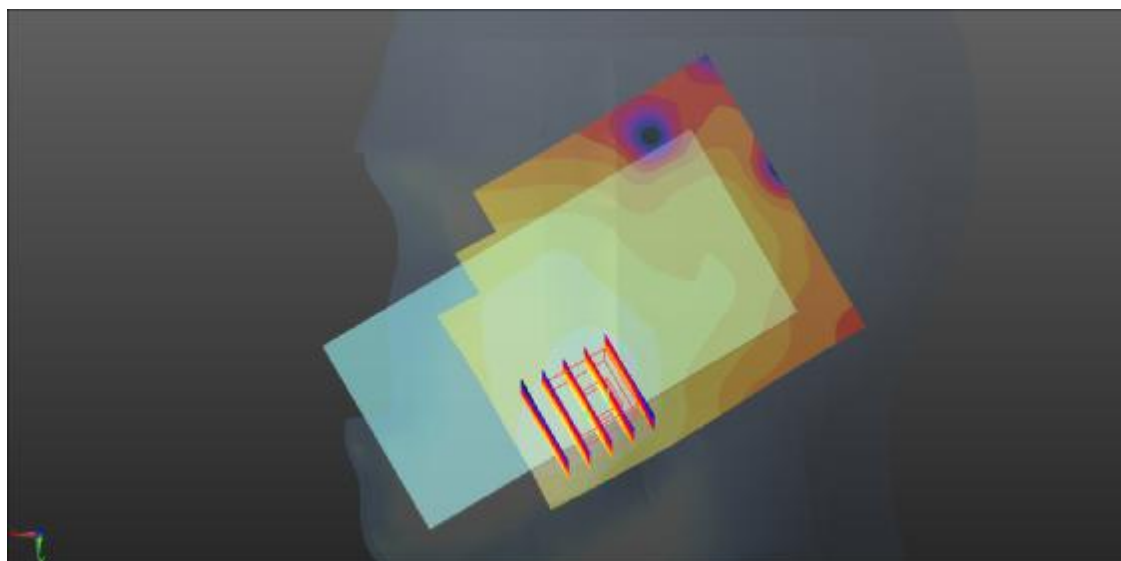
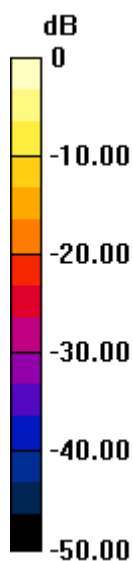
Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.580 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.350 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.489 W/kg



0 dB = 0.472 W/kg = -3.26 dBW/kg

05_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch9538

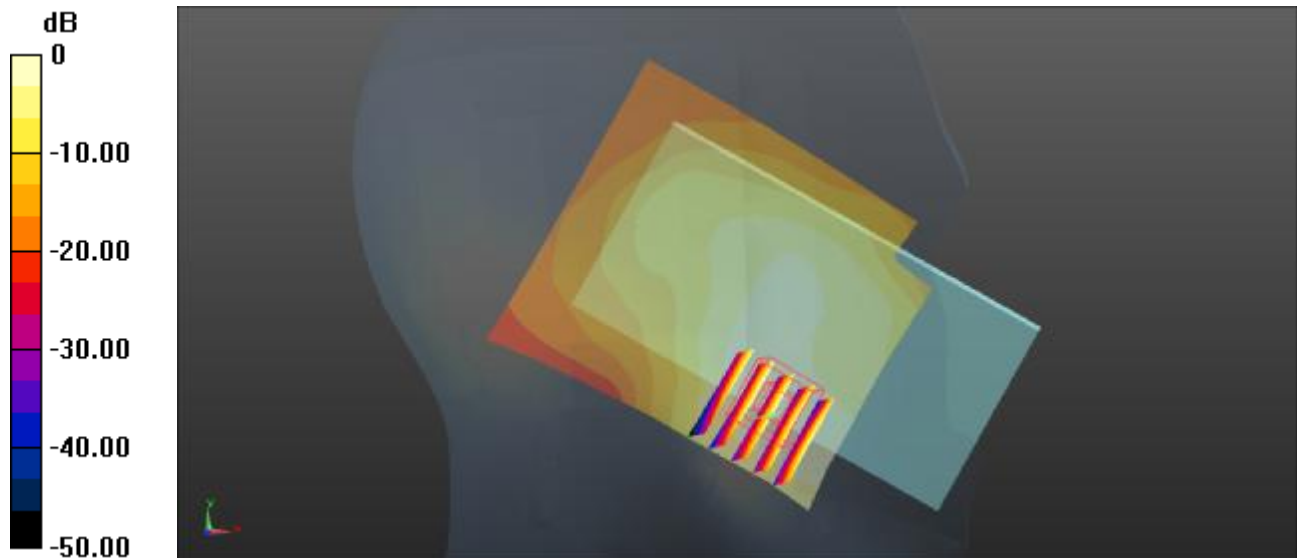
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.437$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.069$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch9538/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.995 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 26.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.642 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.406 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.920 W/kg



0 dB = 0.995 W/kg = -0.02 dBW/kg

06_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch20525

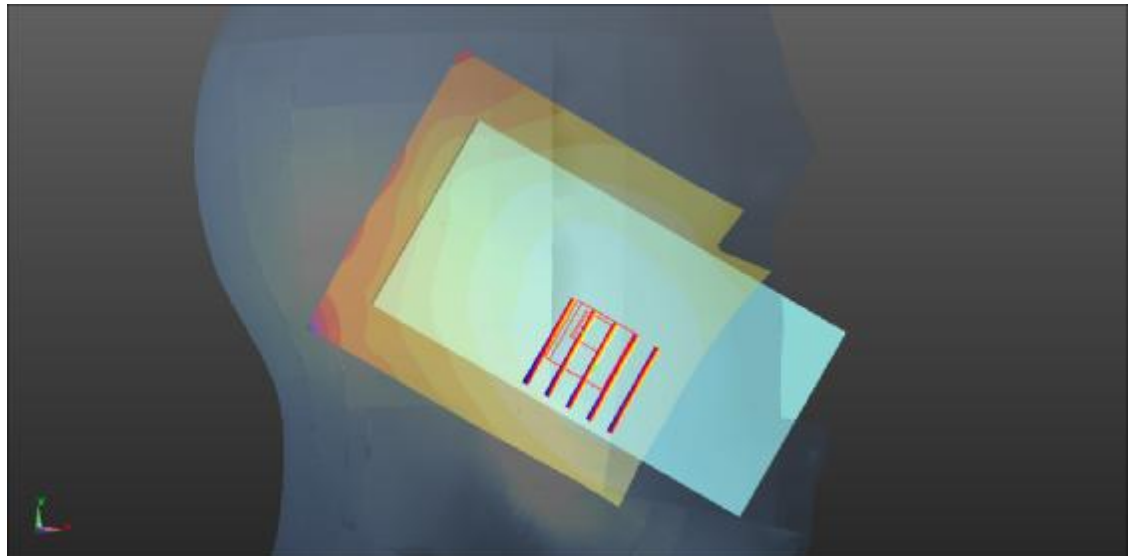
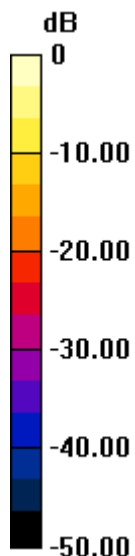
Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.93$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.01, 9.01, 9.01); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.399 W/kg

Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.439 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.324 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.241 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.396 W/kg



0 dB = 0.399 W/kg = -3.99 dBW/kg

07_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch20175

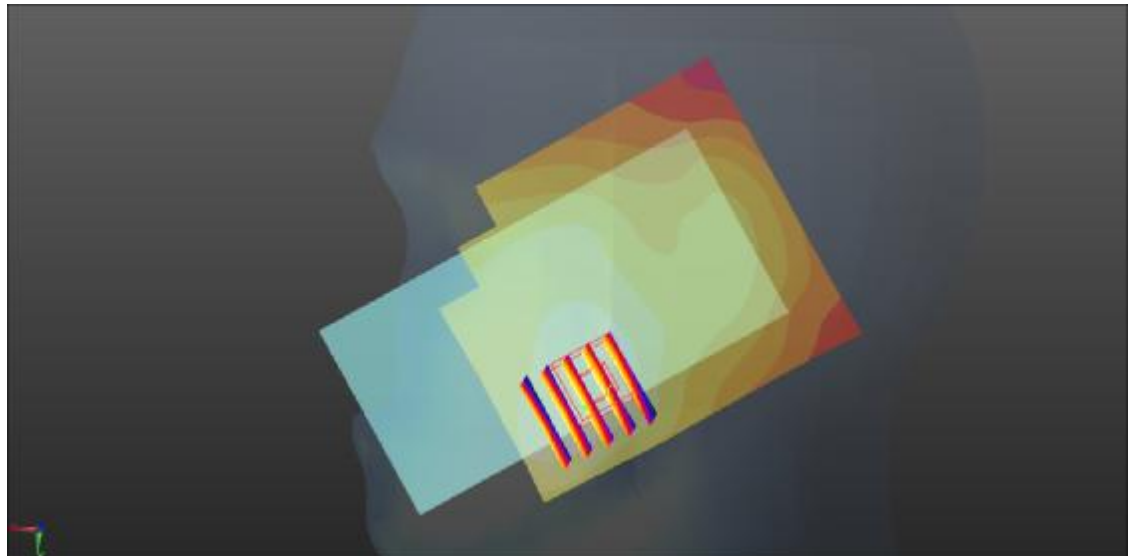
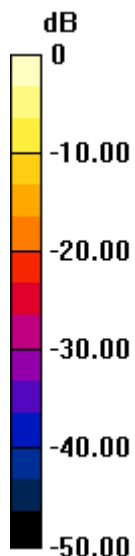
Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.335$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.703$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.654 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 22.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.845 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.513 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.323 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.698 W/kg



0 dB = 0.654 W/kg = -1.84 dBW/kg

08_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch19100

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.428$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.108$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch19100/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.29 W/kg

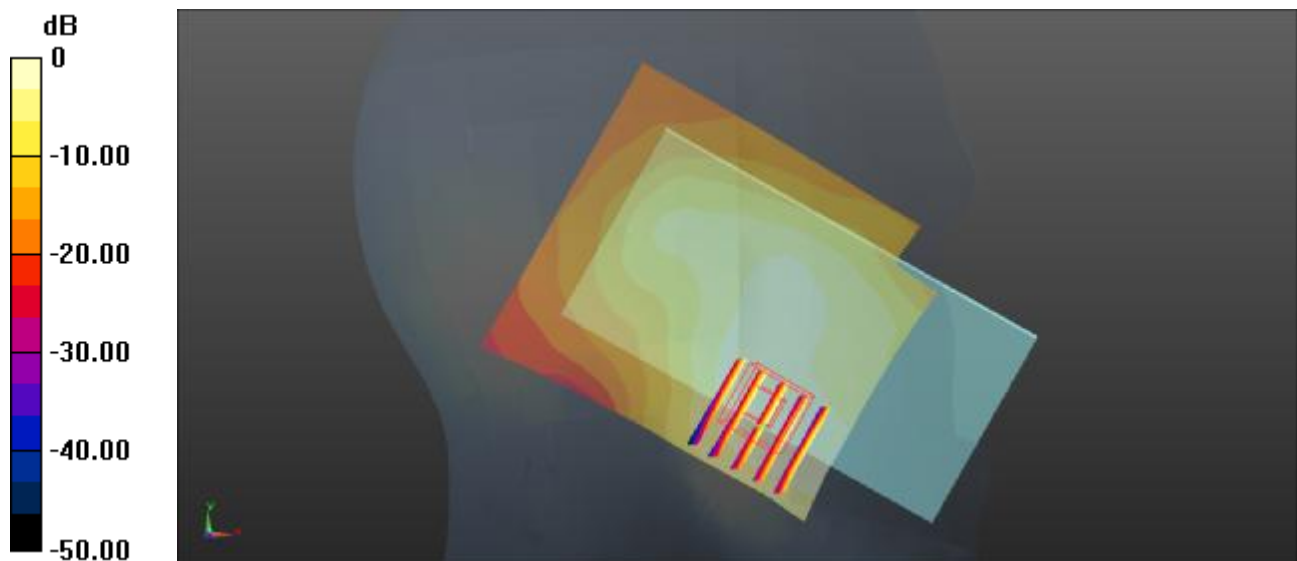
Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.864 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.534 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg



0 dB = 1.29 W/kg = 1.11 dBW/kg

09_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch21350

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2560$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.992$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.195$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(6.86, 6.86, 6.86); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch21350/Area Scan (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.516 W/kg

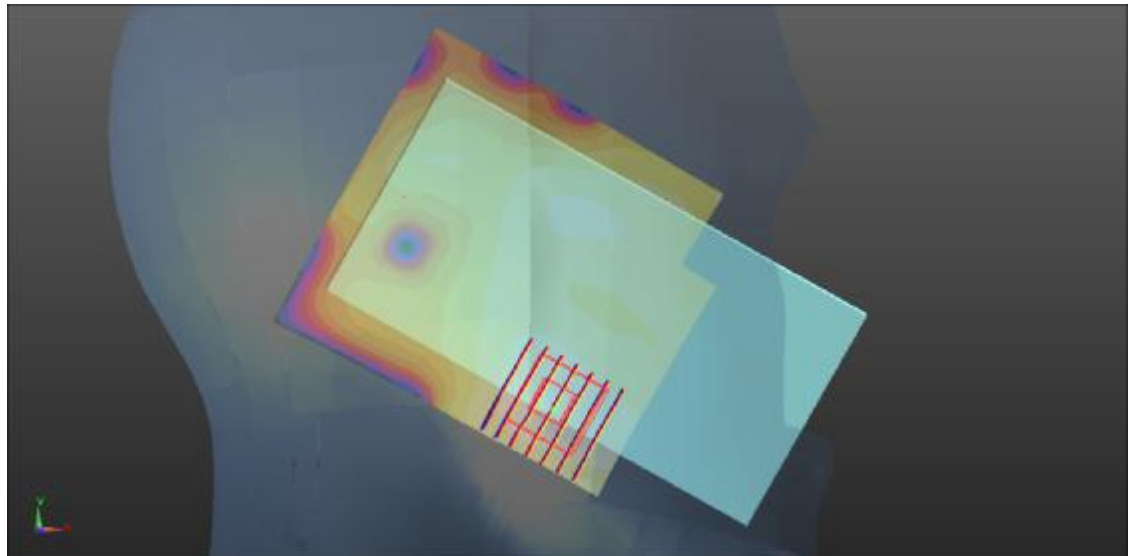
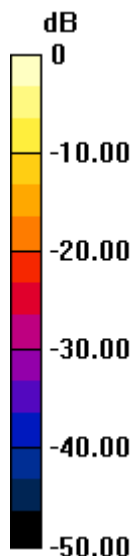
Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.636 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.327 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.516 W/kg



0 dB = 0.516 W/kg = -2.87 dBW/kg

10_LTE Band 38_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch38000

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD (0); Frequency: 2595 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2595$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.032$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.055$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(6.86, 6.86, 6.86); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch38000/Area Scan (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.385 W/kg

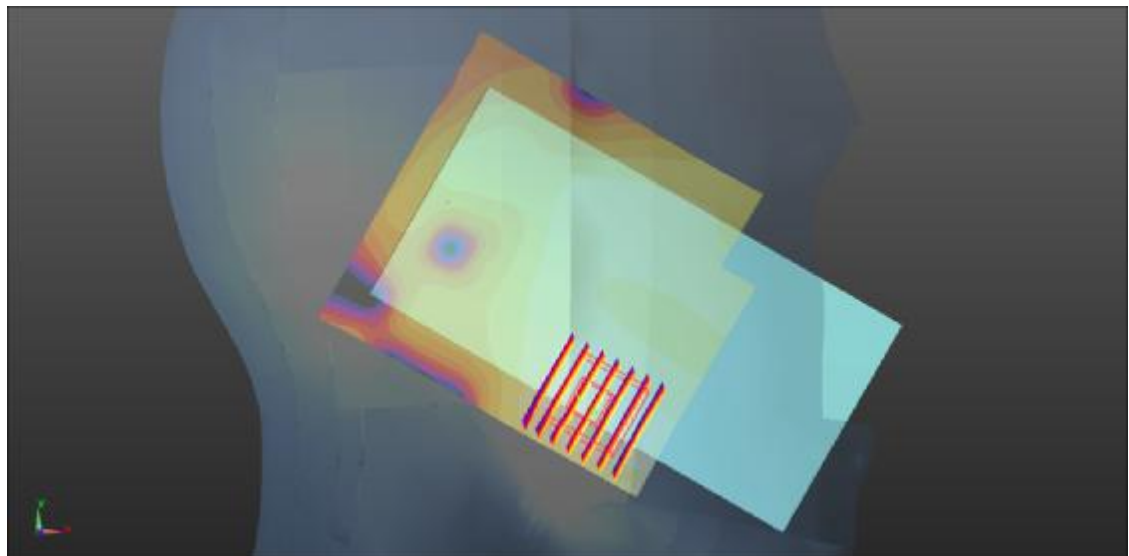
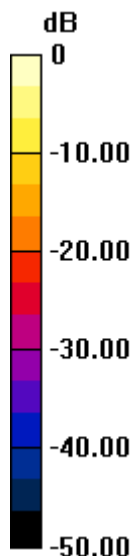
Ch38000/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.464 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.239 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.376 W/kg



0 dB = 0.385 W/kg = -4.15 dBW/kg

11_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.021

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.445$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

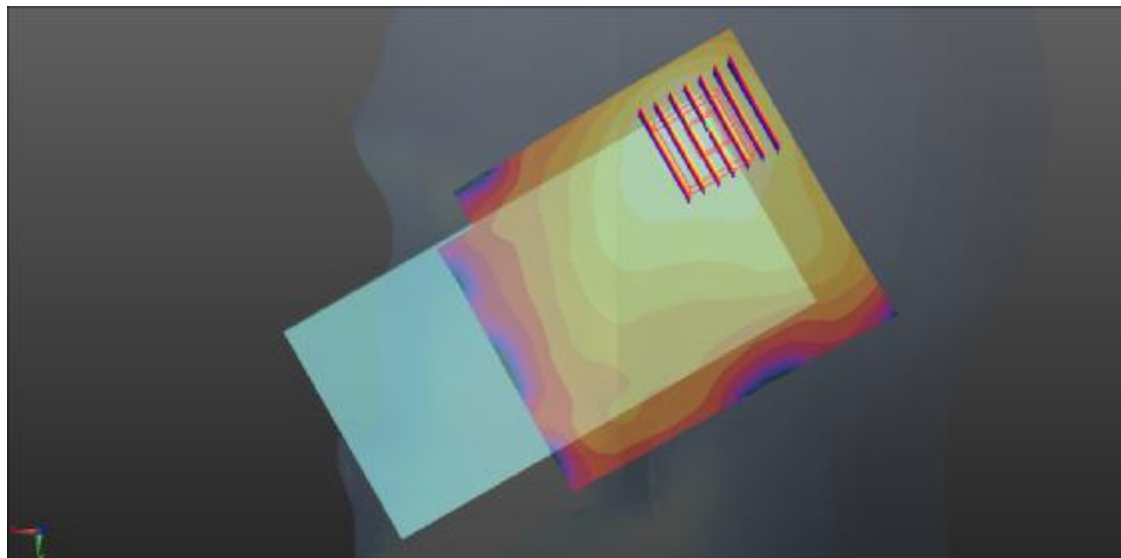
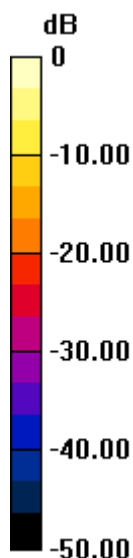
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.87 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.811 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.43 W/kg



0 dB = 1.30 W/kg = 1.14 dBW/kg

12_BlueTooth_DH5 1Mbps_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch39

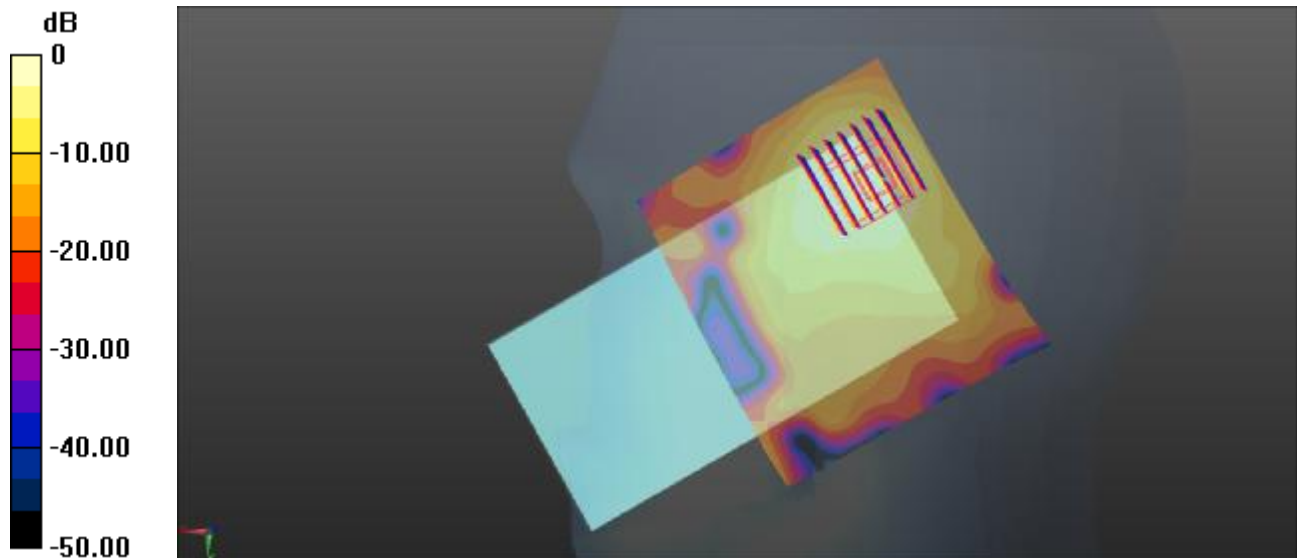
Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.299
 Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2441$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.826$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.428$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch39/Area Scan (91x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.285 W/kg

Ch39/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 12.14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.362 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.155 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.274 W/kg



0 dB = 0.285 W/kg = -5.45 dBW/kg

13_GSM850_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850-4UP (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.991$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

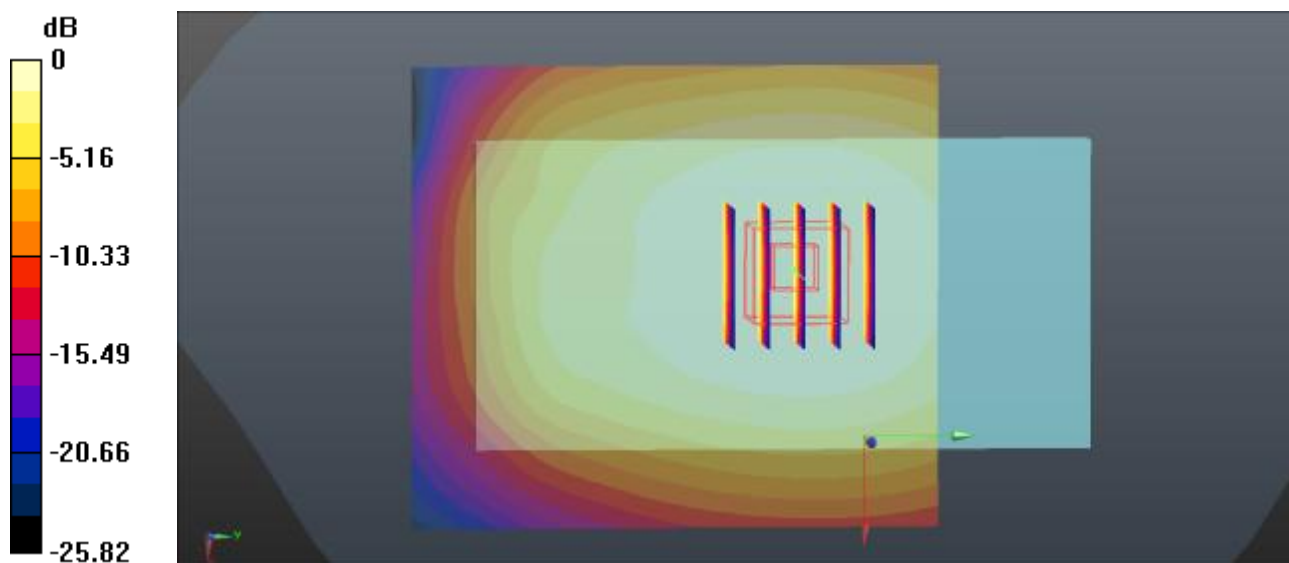
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.03, 9.03, 9.03); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch189/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.579 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 24.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.638 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.473 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.363 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.575 W/kg



0 dB = 0.579 W/kg = -2.37 dBW/kg

14_GSM1900_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, PCS-4UP (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.495$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.992$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.07, 7.07, 7.07); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch661/Area Scan (31x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.506 W/kg

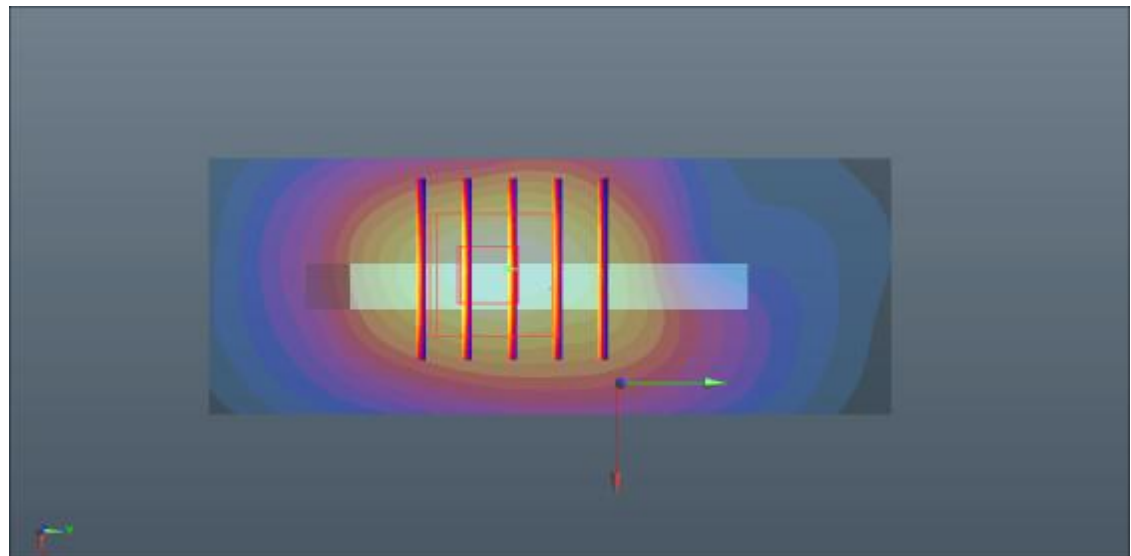
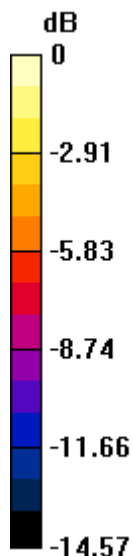
Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.606 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.350 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.189 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.506 W/kg



0 dB = 0.506 W/kg = -2.96 dBW/kg

15_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.002$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.154$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.03, 9.03, 9.03); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.722 W/kg

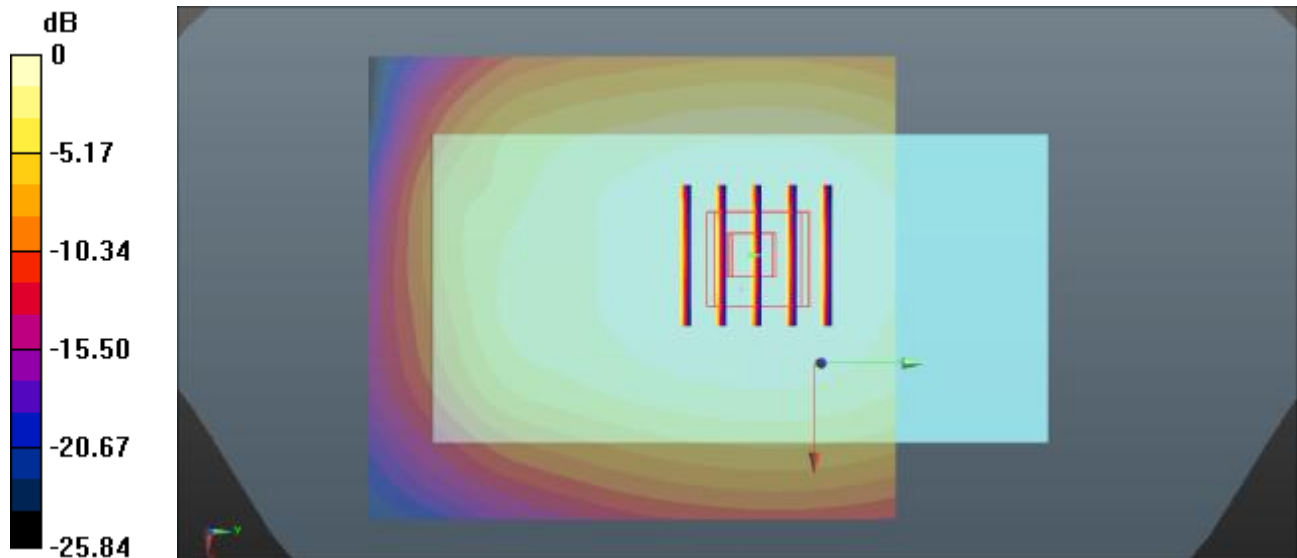
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.807 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.599 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.458 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.729 W/kg



0 dB = 0.722 W/kg = -1.41 dBW/kg

16_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch1513-full

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.448$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.466$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.41, 7.41, 7.41); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch1513/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 W/kg

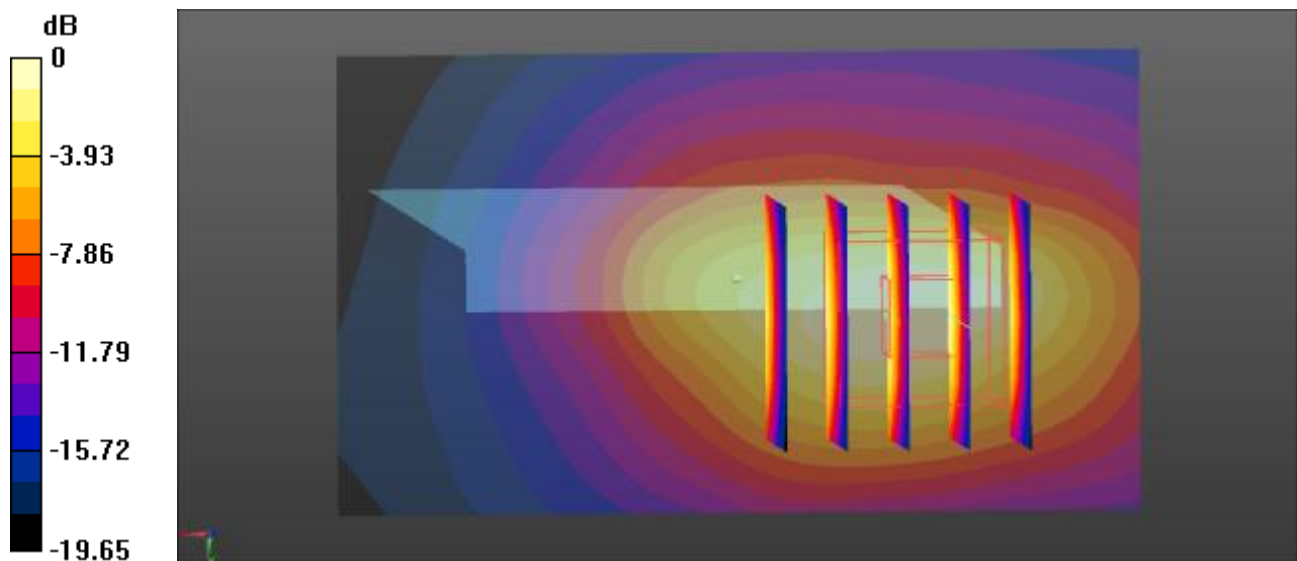
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.574 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg



0 dB = 1.31 W/kg = 1.17 dBW/kg

17_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Front_10mm_Ch9538

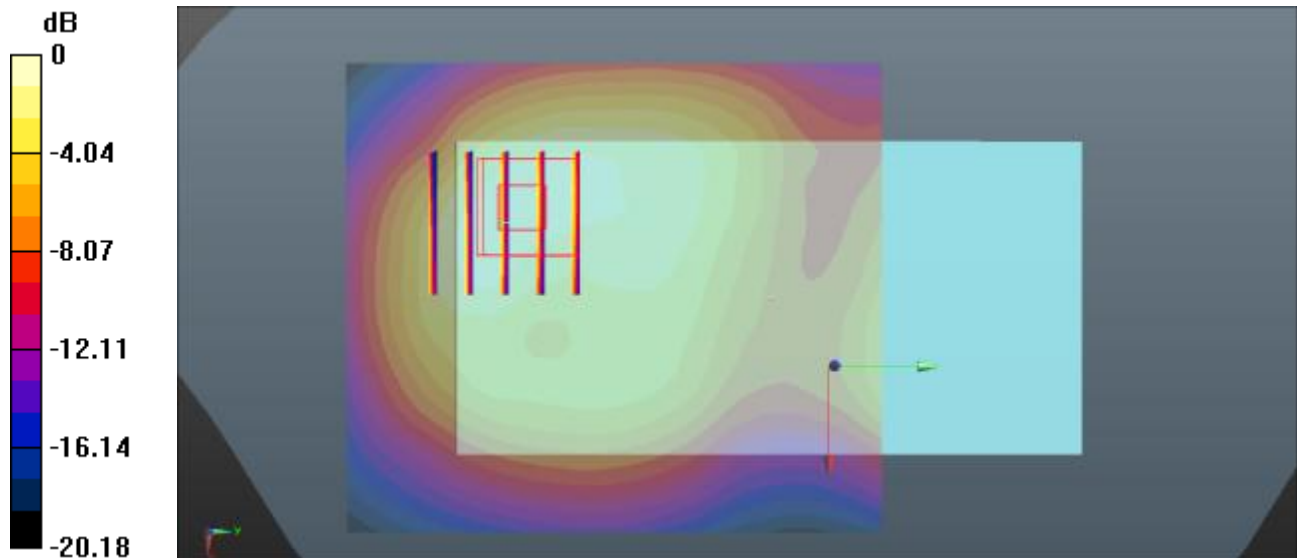
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.528$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.878$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.07, 7.07, 7.07); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch9538/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 28.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.38 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.757 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.442 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



0 dB = 1.12 W/kg = 0.49 dBW/kg

18_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Back_10mm_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.991$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.03, 9.03, 9.03); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.685 W/kg

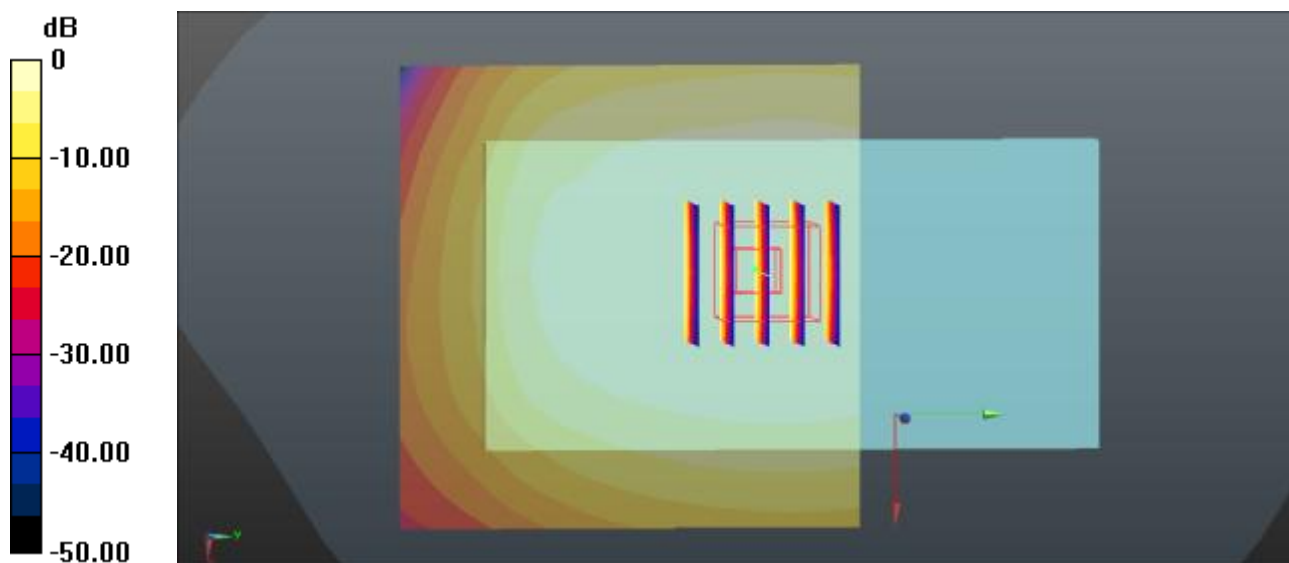
Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.742 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.553 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.425 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.674 W/kg



19_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch20175

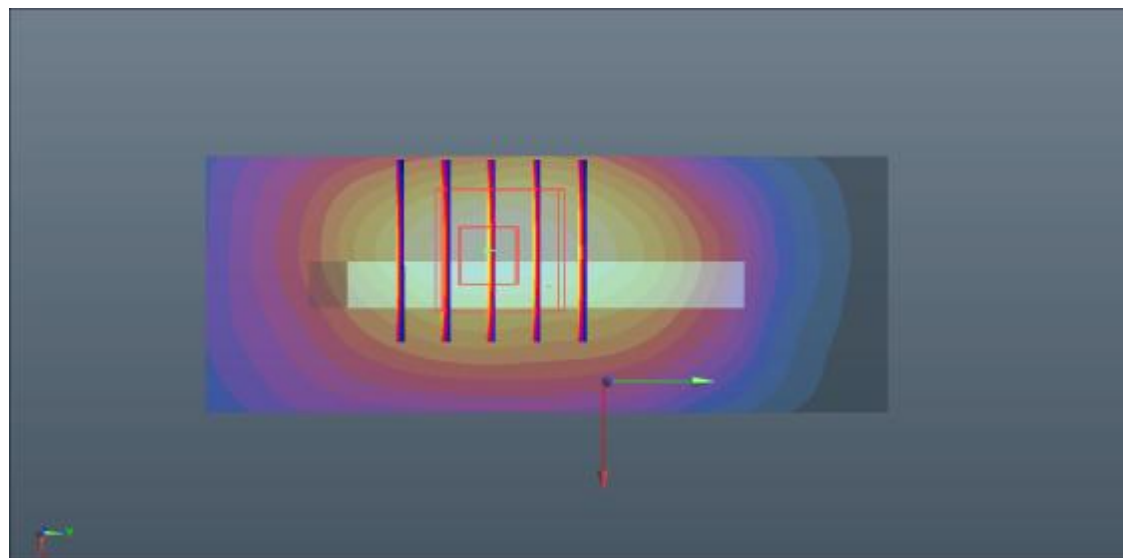
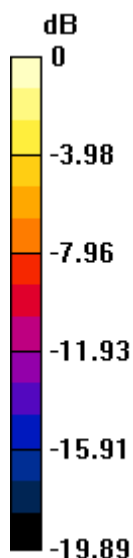
Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.426$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.525$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.41, 7.41, 7.41); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch20175/Area Scan (31x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.49 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 33.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.77 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.569 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.54 W/kg



0 dB = 1.49 W/kg = 1.73 dBW/kg

20_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Front_10mm_Ch19100

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.519$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.914$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.07, 7.07, 7.07); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch19100/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

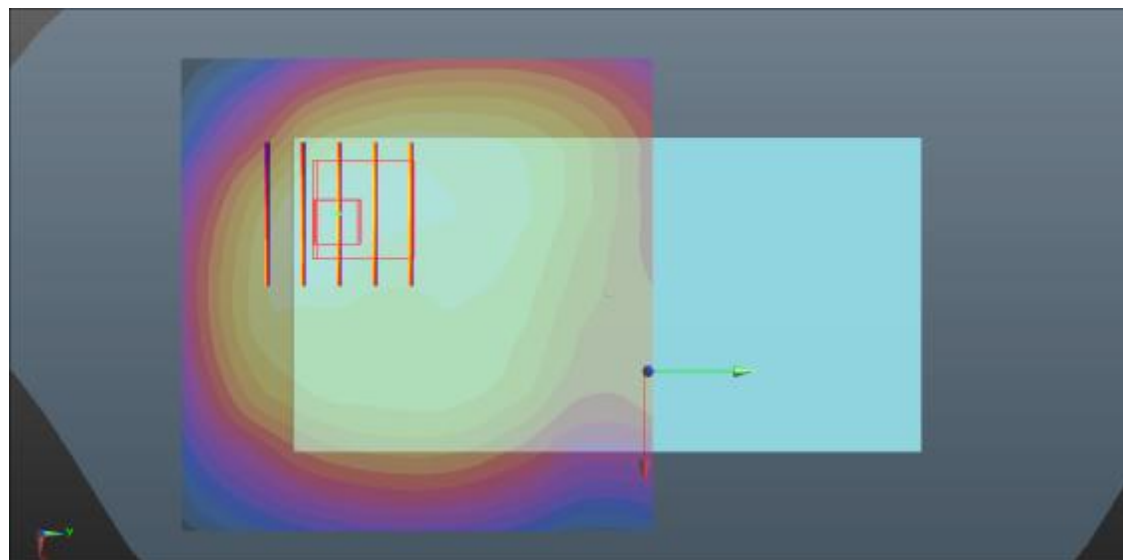
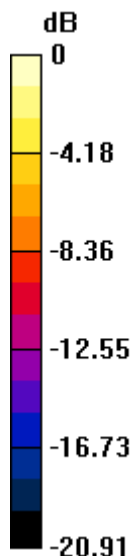
Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.836 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.493 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg



0 dB = 1.23 W/kg = 0.90 dBW/kg

21_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Back_10mm_Ch21100

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.124$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.767$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.02, 7.02, 7.02); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch21100/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.61 W/kg

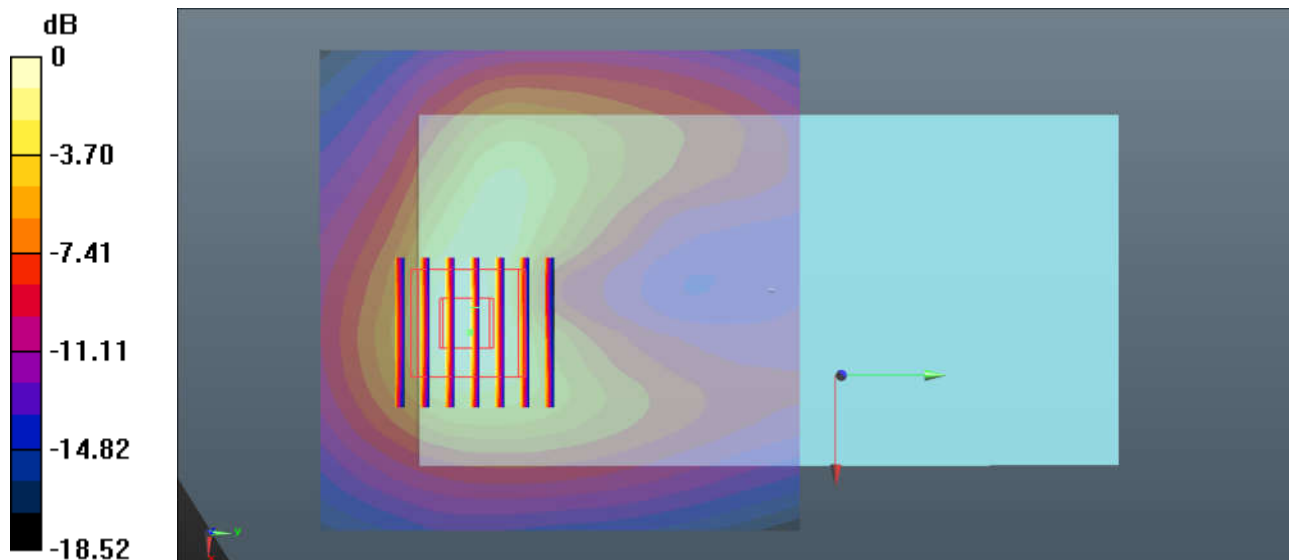
Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.497 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.75 W/kg



0 dB = 1.61 W/kg = 2.07 dBW/kg

22_LTE Band 38_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch38000

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD (0); Frequency: 2595 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: MSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2595$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.21$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.527$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.02, 7.02, 7.02); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch38000/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.955 W/kg

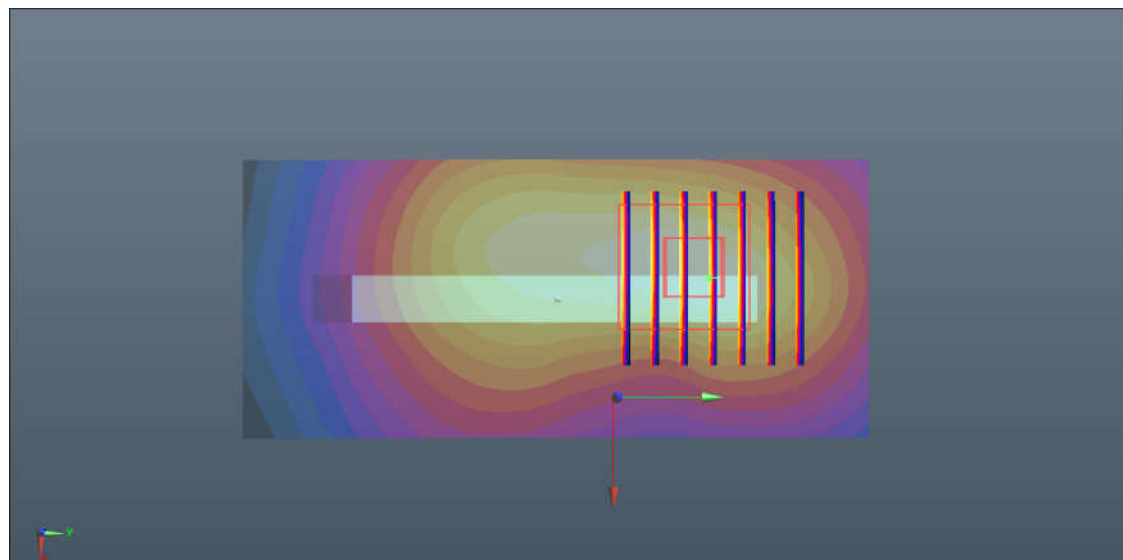
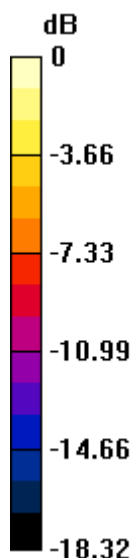
Ch38000/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.631 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg



0 dB = 0.955 W/kg = -0.20 dBW/kg

23_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.021

Medium: MSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.004$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.091$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.02, 7.02, 7.02); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.231 W/kg

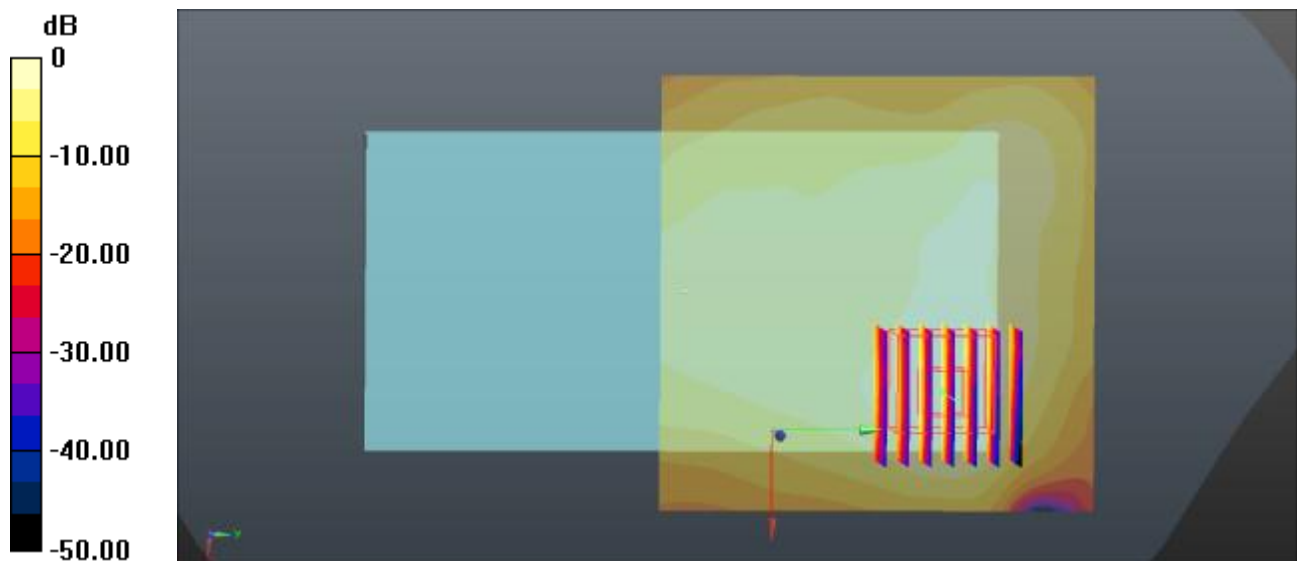
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.280 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.133 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.068 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.220 W/kg



0 dB = 0.231 W/kg = -6.36 dBW/kg

24_BlueTooth_DH5 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch39

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.299

Medium: MSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2441$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.009$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.074$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.02, 7.02, 7.02); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch39/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0671 W/kg

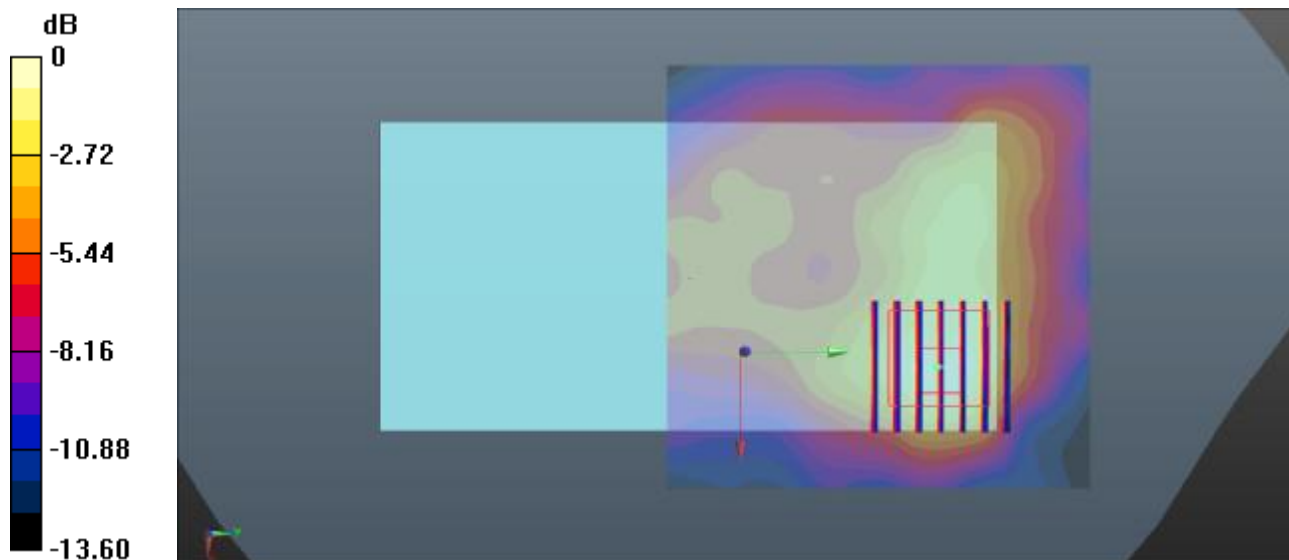
Ch39/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.826 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0840 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.038 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0626 W/kg



25_GSM850_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850-4UP (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.991$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.03, 9.03, 9.03); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch189/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.579 W/kg

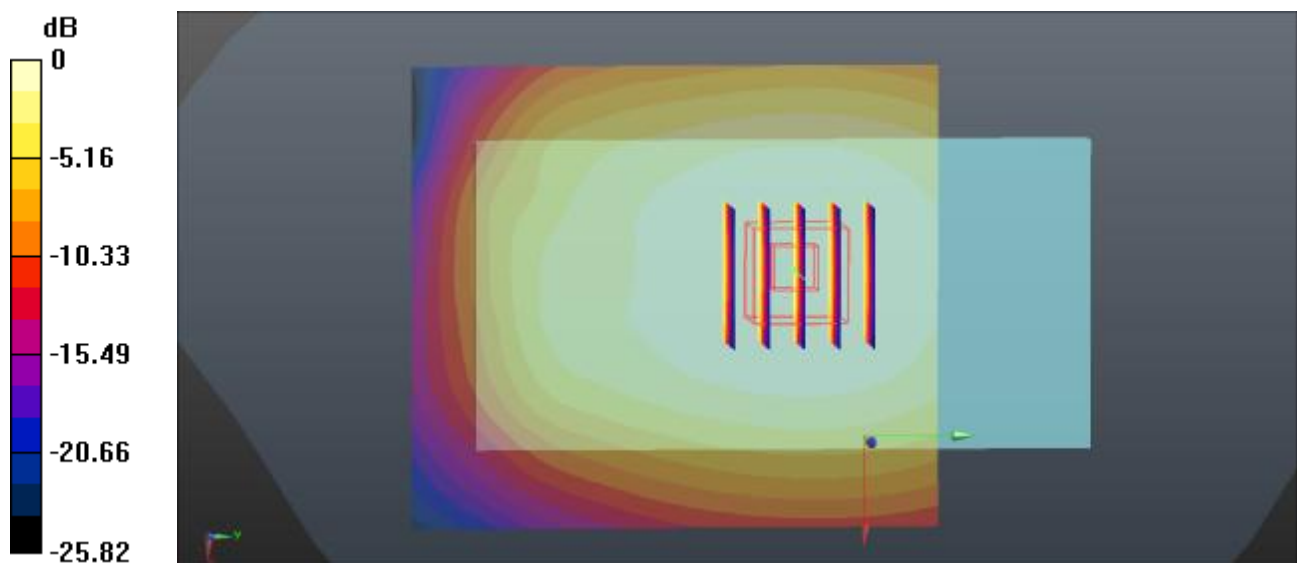
Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.638 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.473 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.363 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.575 W/kg



0 dB = 0.579 W/kg = -2.37 dBW/kg

26_GSM1900_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Front_10mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, PCS-4UP (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.495$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.992$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.07, 7.07, 7.07); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch661/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.536 W/kg

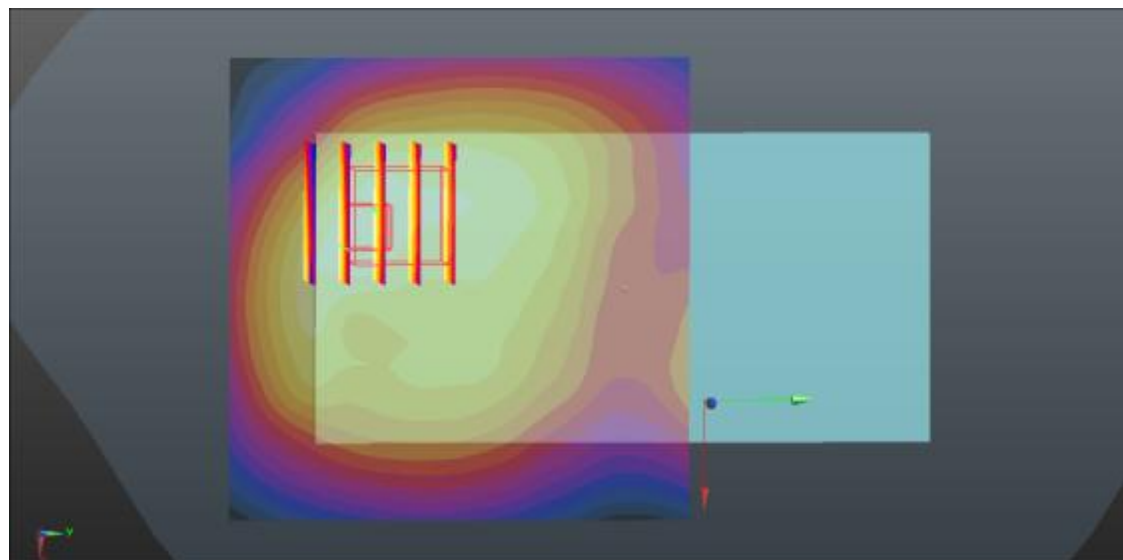
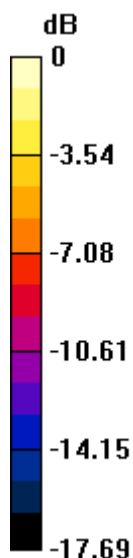
Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.611 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.341 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.495 W/kg



0 dB = 0.536 W/kg = -2.71 dBW/kg

27_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.002$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.154$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.03, 9.03, 9.03); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.722 W/kg

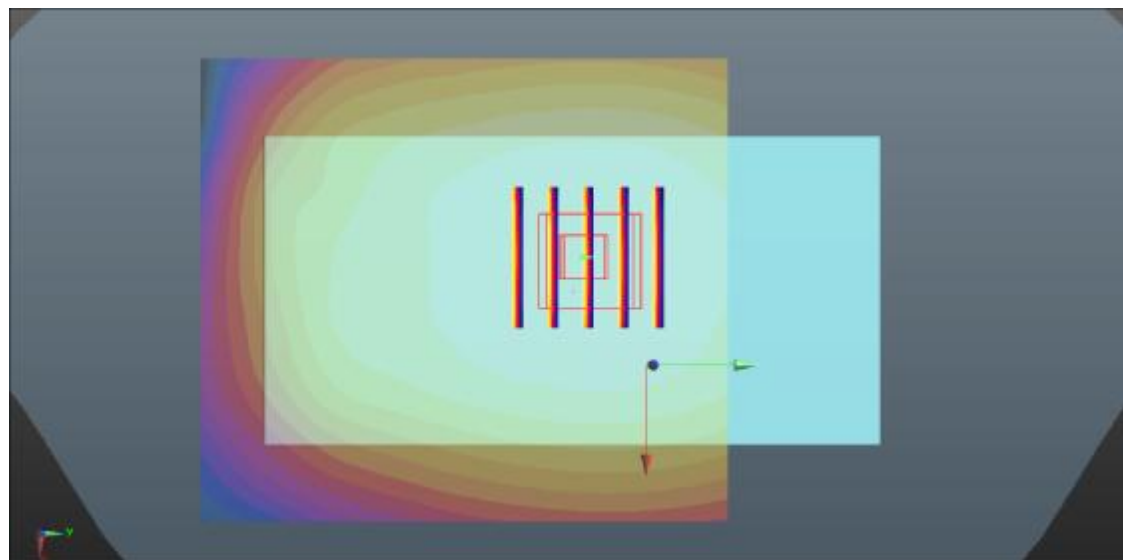
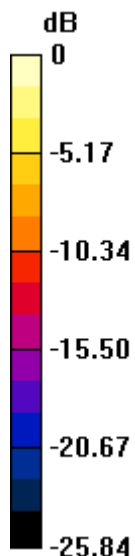
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.807 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.599 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.458 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.729 W/kg



0 dB = 0.722 W/kg = -1.41 dBW/kg

28_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Front_10mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.426$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.525$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.41, 7.41, 7.41); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1305; Calibrated: 2018.5.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch1413/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.856 W/kg

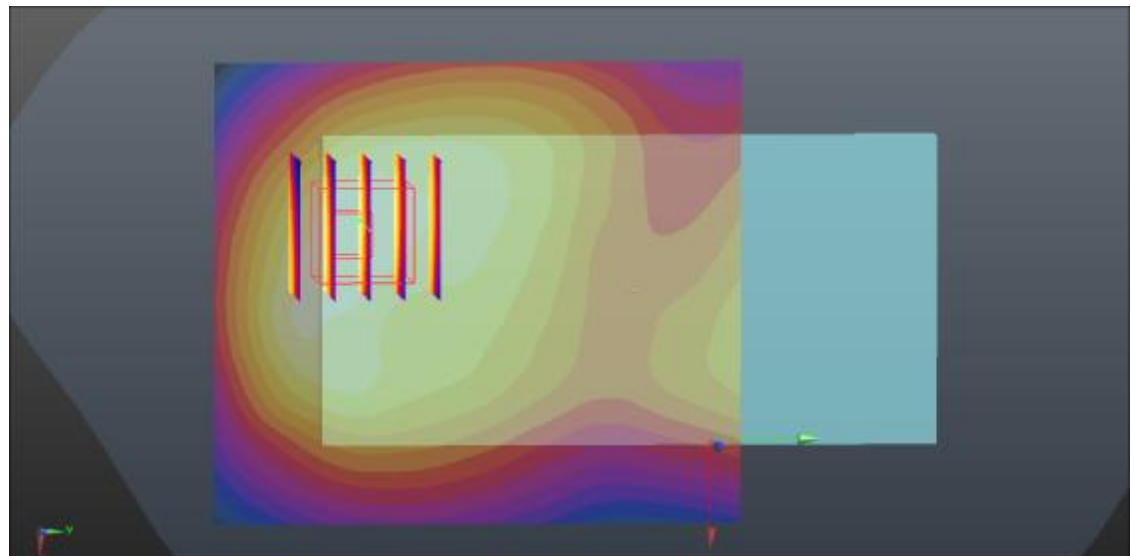
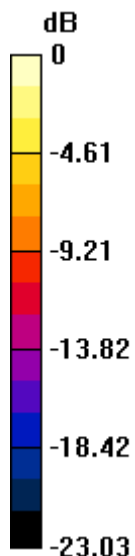
Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.984 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.581 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.347 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.816 W/kg



0 dB = 0.856 W/kg = -0.68 dBW/kg