

FCC TEST REPORT
For
FN-LINK TECHNOLOGY LIMITED.
2.4G+5G WIFI+BT Module
Test Model: 6221C-PUC
Additional Model No. : N/A

Prepared for : FN-LINK TECHNOLOGY LIMITED.
Address : No.8 Litong Road, Liuyang Economic Development Zone, Liu yang
City, Hunan Province, China

Prepared by : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
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Date of receipt of test sample : Mar. 12, 2018
Number of tested samples : 1
Serial number : Prototype
Date of Test : Mar. 12, 2018~ Mar. 23, 2018
Date of Report : Mar. 23, 2018

FCC TEST REPORT
FCC CFR 47 PART 15 E(15.407)

Report Reference No. : LCS180111037AEC

Date of Issue : Mar. 23, 2018

Testing Laboratory Name : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Address : 1/F., Xingyuan Industrial Park, Tongda Road, Bao'an Avenue,
Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Testing Location/ Procedure..... : Full application of Harmonised standards ■
Partial application of Harmonised standards □
Other standard testing method □

Applicant's Name : FN-LINK TECHNOLOGY LIMITED.

Address : No.8 Litong Road, Liuyang Economic Development Zone, Liu yang
City, Hunan Province, China

Test Specification

Standard..... : FCC CFR 47 PART 15 E(15.407): 2015 / ANSI C63.10: 2013

Test Report Form No..... : LCSEMC-1.0

TRF Originator..... : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Master TRF : Dated 2011-03

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Test Item Description..... : 2.4G+5G WIFI+BT Module

Trade Mark..... : N/A

Test Model..... : 6221C-PUC

Ratings : DC 3.3V
AC 120V 60Hz(Adapter for DSP)

Result : **Positive**

Compiled by:

Calvin Weng

Calvin Weng/ Administrators

Supervised by:

Dick Su

Dick Su/ Technique principal

Approved by:

Gavin Liang

Gavin Liang/ Manager

FCC -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. : LCS180111037AEC	<u>Mar. 23, 2018</u> Date of issue
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Test Model.....	: 2.4G+5G WIFI+BT Module
EUT.....	: 6221C-PUC
Applicant.....	: FN-LINK TECHNOLOGY LIMITED.
Address.....	: No.8 Litong Road, Liuyang Economic Development Zone, Liu yang City, Hunan Province, China
Telephone.....	:
Fax.....	:
Manufacturer.....	: FN-LINK TECHNOLOGY LIMITED.
Address.....	: No.8 Litong Road, Liuyang Economic Development Zone, Liu yang City, Hunan Province, China
Telephone.....	:
Fax.....	:
Factory.....	: FN-LINK TECHNOLOGY LIMITED.
Address.....	: No.8 Litong Road, Liuyang Economic Development Zone, Liu yang City, Hunan Province, China
Telephone.....	:
Fax.....	:

Test Result	Positive
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	Mar. 23, 2018	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Description of Device (EUT)

Name of EUT	2.4G+5G WIFI+BT Module
Model Number	6221C-PUC
Antenna Gain	2dBi (max.) For BT, 2.4G WLAN & 5G WLAN
Hardware version	V1.0
Software version	V1.0
WLAN FCC Modulation Type	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n HT20:OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,BPSK) IEEE 802.11n HT40:OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,BPSK) IEEE 802.11a: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac VHT20:OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac VHT40:OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac VHT80:OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,BPSK)
WLAN FCC Operation frequency	IEEE 802.11b:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11g:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11n HT20:2412-2462MHz,5180-5240MHz,5745-5825MHz IEEE 802.11n HT40:2422-2452MHz,5190-5230MHz,5755-5795MHz IEEE 802.11a:5180-5240MHz, 5745-5825MHz IEEE 802.11ac VHT20:5180-5240MHz, 5745-5825MHz IEEE 802.11ac VHT40:5190-5230MHz, 5755-5795MHz IEEE 802.11ac VHT80: 5210MHz 5775MHz
Antenna Type	PIFI Antenna for BT/WIFI
BT Modulation Type	GFSK,8-DPSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK(BT V4.2)
Extreme temp. Tolerance	-30°C to +85°C
Extreme vol. Limits	3.15VDC to 3.45VDC (nominal: 3.30VDC)

1.2. Support Equipment List

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate
Lenovo	ADAPTER for EUT's DSP	Sp-888	---	FCC VoC

1.3. External I/O

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable
USB Port	1	N/A
PCIe	1	N/A

1.4. Description of Test Facility

FCC Registration Number. is 254912.

Industry Canada Registration Number. is 9642A-1.

ESMD Registration Number. is ARCB0108.

UL Registration Number. is 100571-492.

TUV SUD Registration Number. is SCN1081.

TUV RH Registration Number. is UA 50296516-001

There is one 3m semi-anechoic chamber and one line conducted labs for final test. The Test Sites meet the requirements in documents ANSI C63.4: 2014, CISPR 32/EN 55032 and CISPR16-1-4 SVSWR requirements.

1.5. Statement of The Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 “Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements” and is documented in the LCS quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

1.6. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Frequency Range	Uncertainty	Note
Radiation Uncertainty	9KHz~30MHz	3.10dB	(1)
	30MHz~200MHz	2.96dB	(1)
	200MHz~1000MHz	3.10dB	(1)
	1GHz~26.5GHz	3.80dB	(1)
	26.5GHz~40GHz	3.90dB	(1)
Conduction Uncertainty	150kHz~30MHz	1.63dB	(1)
Power disturbance	30MHz~300MHz	1.60dB	(1)

(1). This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

1.7. Description of Test Modes

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.

The EUT was set to transmit at 100% duty cycle. This test was performed with EUT in X, Y, Z position and the worst case was found when EUT in Y position.

For pre-testing, when performed power line conducted emission measurement, the input Voltage/Frequency AC 120V/60Hz and AC 240V/50Hz were used. Only recorded the worst case in this report.

Worst-case mode and channel used for 150 KHz-30 MHz power line conducted emissions was determined to be IEEE 802.11a mode (Low Channel, 5180-5240MHz Band).

Worst-case mode and channel used for 9 KHz-1000 MHz radiated emissions was determined to be IEEE 802.11a mode (Low Channel, 5180-5240MHz Band).

Worst-Case data rates were utilized from preliminary testing of the Chipset, worst-case data rates used during the testing are as follows:

IEEE 802.11a Mode: 6 Mbps, OFDM.

IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode: MCS0, OFDM.

IEEE 802.11n HT40 Mode: MCS0, OFDM.

IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 Mode: MCS0, OFDM.

IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 Mode: MCS0, OFDM.

IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 Mode: MCS0, OFDM.

Support Bandwidth For 5G WIFI Part:

Bandwidth Mode	20MHz	40MHz	80MHz
IEEE 802.11a	☒	☐	☐
IEEE 802.11n HT20	☒	☐	☐
IEEE 802.11n HT40	☐	☒	☐
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	☒	☐	☐
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40	☐	☒	☐
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	☐	☐	☒

Channel & Frequency:

Frequency Band	Channel No.	Frequency(MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency(MHz)
5180~5240MHz	36	5180	44	5220
	38	5190	46	5230
	40	5200	48	5240
	42	5210	/	/
For IEEE 802.11a/n HT20/ac VHT20, Channel 36, 40 and 48 were tested. For IEEE 802.11n HT40/ac VHT40, Channel 38 and 46 were tested. For IEEE 802.11ac VHT80, Channel 42 was tested.				
5745~5825MHz	149	5745	155	5775
	151	5755	159	5795
	153	5765	161	5805
	157	5785	165	5825
For 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20), Channel 149, 157 and 165 were tested. For 802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40), Channel 151 and 159 were tested. For 802.11ac(VHT80), Channel 155 was tested.				

1.8. List Of Measuring Equipment

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Next Cal.
1	Power Meter	R&S	NRVS	100444	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
2	Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z81	100458	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
3	Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z32	10057	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
4	ESA-E SERIES SPECTRUM ANALYZER	Agilent	E4407B	MY41440754	2017-11-17	2018-11-16
5	MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100040	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
6	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	R&S	FSP	100503	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
7	3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SIDT FRANKONIA	SAC-3M	03CH03-HY	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
8	Positioning Controller	MF	MF-7082	/	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
9	EMI Test Software	AUDIX	E3	N/A	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
10	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR 7	101181	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
11	AMPLIFIER	QuieTek	QTK-A2525G	CHM10809065	2017-11-17	2018-11-16
12	Active Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519B	00005	2017-06-23	2018-06-22
13	By-log Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-470	2017-05-02	2018-05-01
14	Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	6741	2017-06-23	2018-06-22
15	Broadband Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	791	2017-09-21	2018-09-20
16	Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9719	9719-025	2017-09-21	2018-09-20
17	RF Cable-R03m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB021	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
18	RF Cable-HIGH	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 106	03CH03-HY	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
19	TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	101142	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
20	RF Cable-CON	UTIFLEX	3102-26886-4	CB049	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
21	10dB Attenuator	SCHWARZBECK	MTS-IMP136	261115-001-00 32	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
22	Artificial Mains	R&S	ENV216	101288	2017-06-17	2018-06-16
23	RF Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	178060073	2017-10-28	2018-10-27
24	BT/WIFI Test Software	Tonscend	JS1120-3	/	N/A	N/A

Note: All equipment is calibrated through GUANGZHOU LISAI CALIBRATION AND TEST CO.,LTD.

2. TEST METHODOLOGY

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10: 2013, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz

The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters. All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

2.1. EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2. EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to FCC's request, Test Procedure KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 is required to be used for this kind of FCC 15.407 Ull device.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E.

2.3. General Test Procedures

2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10: 2013, AC power-line conducted emissions shall be measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table and the turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10: 2013.

3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmit condition.

3.2. EUT Exercise Software

The sample will be controlled by RFTest tool to enter RF test mode to control sample change channel, modulation and so on;

3.3. Special Accessories

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Length	shielded/ unshielded	Notes
1	PC	DELL	L180AS-03	00021778	/	/	DOC
2	Power adapter	Lenovo	SP-888	/	0.5m	unshielded	DOC

3.4 Antenna Information

Ant.	Brand	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain(dBi)	Application Range
1	Xingka	XK-W5515A-PC B-2.4-5.8-150	PCB	Iplex	2	2400MHz~2483.5MHz
					2	5150MHz~5250MHz
					2	5745MHz~5850MHz

Note: The EUT has only one type antenna.

3.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document

3.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. has not done any modification on the EUT.

3.6. Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.

4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart E		
FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.407(a)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.407(a)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
§15.407(a)	26dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.407(a)	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.407(e)	6dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.407(b)	Radiated Emissions	Compliant
§15.407(b)	Band edge Emissions	Compliant
§15.205	Emissions at Restricted Band	Compliant
§15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	N/A
§15.207(a)	Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirements	Compliant
§2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant

Note: 1) The customer declared frequency stability is better than 20ppm which ensures that the signal remains in the allocated bands under all operational conditions stated in the user manual.

2) This EUT has two antenna ports, but it's SISO, we test both antennas, but only record worst case on Antenna 1.

5. TEST RESULT

5.1. On Time and Duty Cycle

5.1.1. Standard Applicable

None; for reporting purpose only.

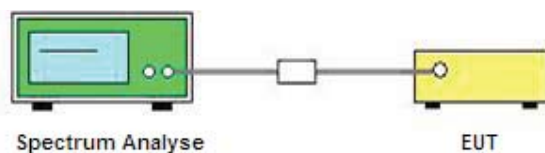
5.1.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

5.1.3. Test Procedures

- 1). Set the Centre frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the transmitting frequency;
- 2). Set the span=0MHz, RBW=8MHz, VBW=50MHz, Sweep time=5ms;
- 3). Detector = peak;
- 4). Trace mode = Single hold.

5.1.4. Test Setup Layout



5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

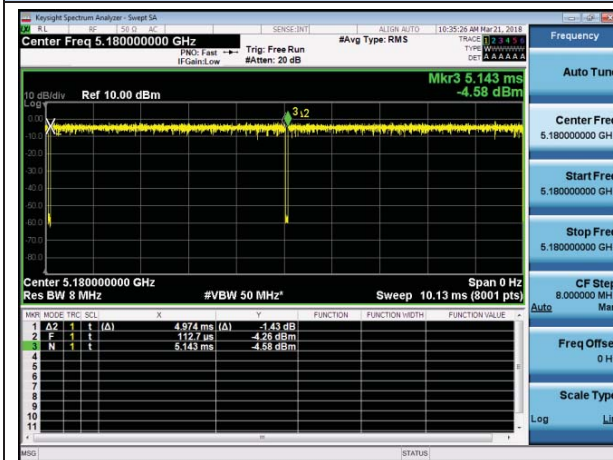
The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.1.6. Test result

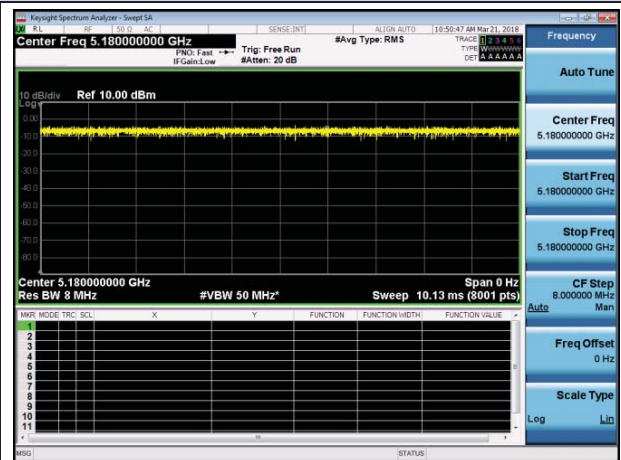
5.1.6.1 Band 1

Mode	On Time B (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty Cycle x (Linear)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	1/B Minimum VBW(KHz)
IEEE 802.11a	4.974	5.03	0.9989	99.89	0	0.01
IEEE 802.11n HT20	10.13	10.13	1	1	0	0.01
IEEE 802.11n HT40	10.13	10.13	1	1	0	0.01
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	3.35	3.406	0.9836	98.36	0	0.01
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40	4.061	4.117	0.9864	98.64	0	0.01
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	4.417	4.474	0.9873	98.73	0	0.01
Note: Duty Cycle Correction Factor=10log(1/Duty cycle)						

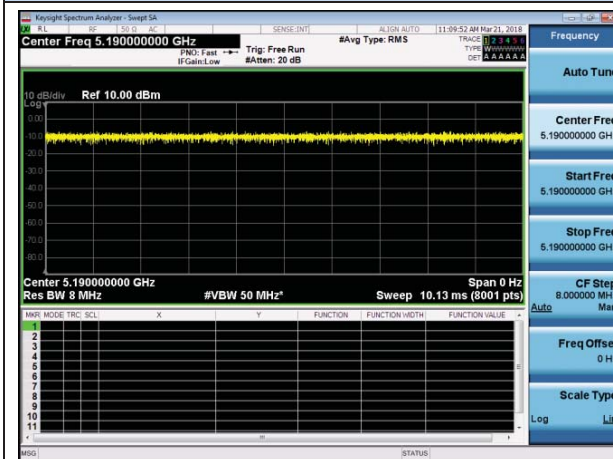
On Time and Duty Cycle-band 1



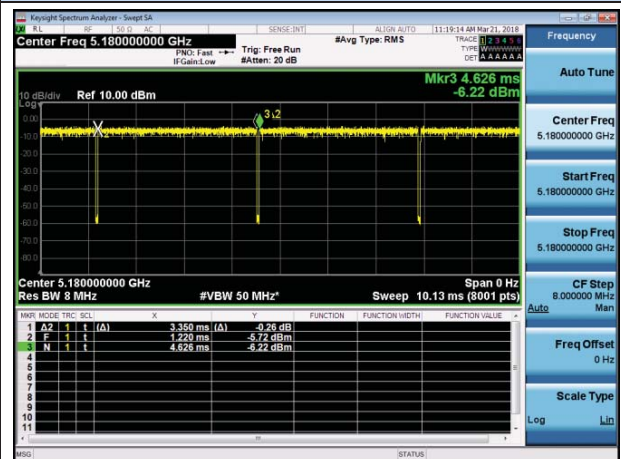
IEEE 802.11a



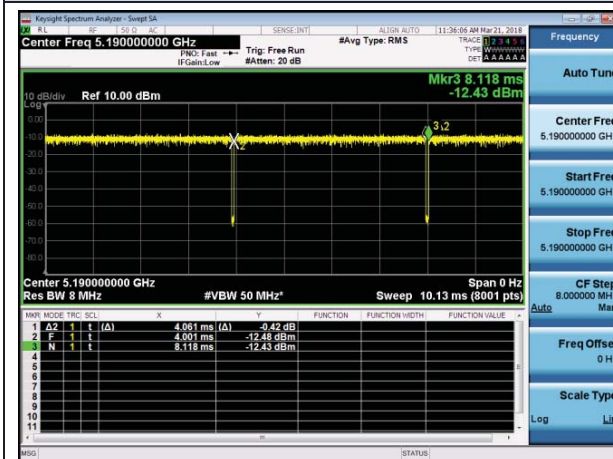
IEEE 802.11n HT20



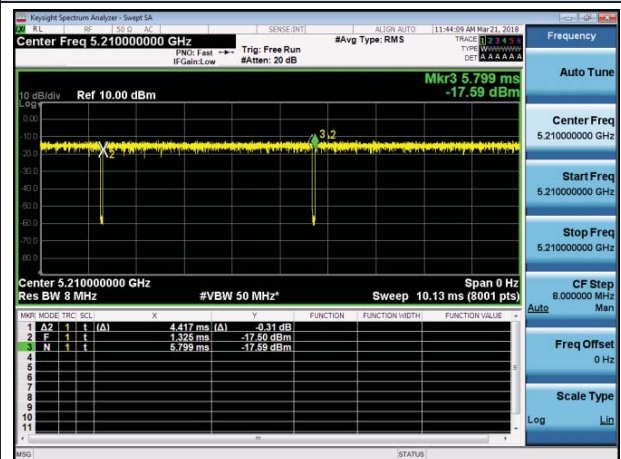
IEEE 802.11n HT40



IEEE 802.11ac VHT20



IEEE 802.11ac VHT40



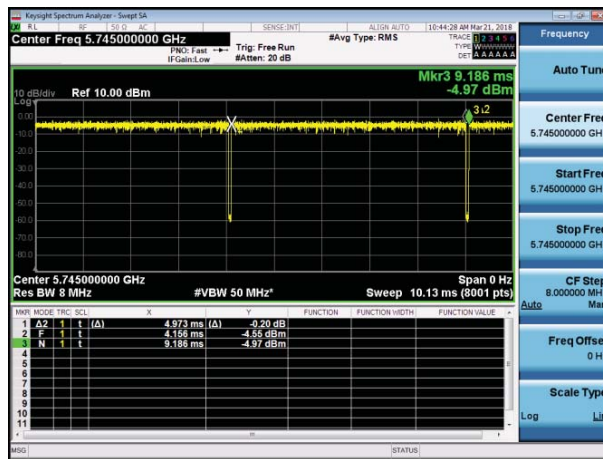
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80

5.1.6.2 Band3

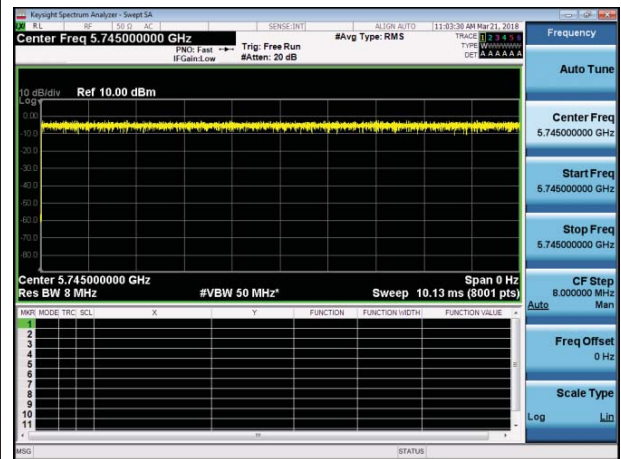
Mode	On Time B (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty Cycle x (Linear)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	1/B Minimum VBW(KHz)
IEEE 802.11a	4.973	5.030	0.9887	98.87	0	0.01
IEEE 802.11n HT20	10.13	10.13	1	1	0	0.01
IEEE 802.11n HT40	10.13	10.13	1	1	0	0.01
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	3.35	3.406	0.9836	98.36	0	0.01
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40	4.061	4.116	0.9866	98.66	0	0.01
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	4.418	4.473	0.9877	98.77	0	0.01

Note: Duty Cycle Correction Factor= $10\log(1/\text{Duty cycle})$

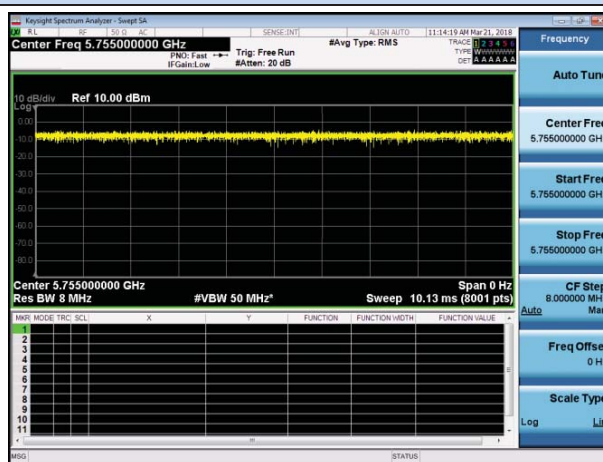
On Time and Duty Cycle-band 3



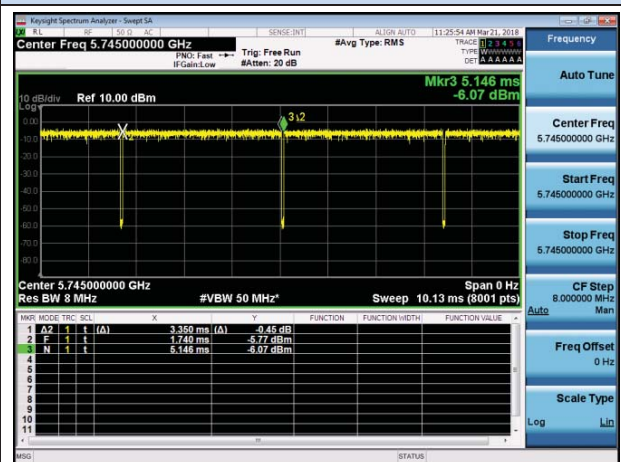
IEEE 802.11a



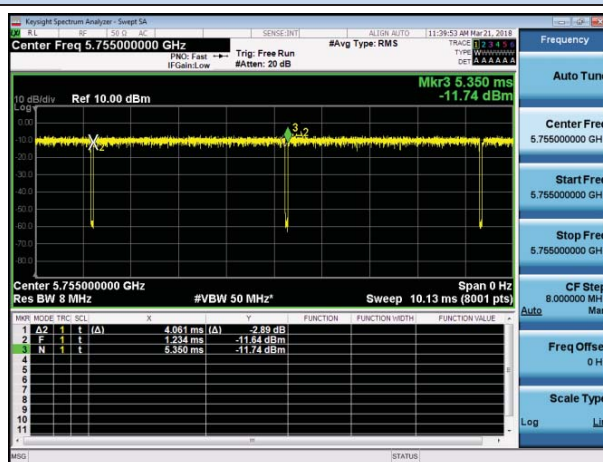
IEEE 802.11n HT20



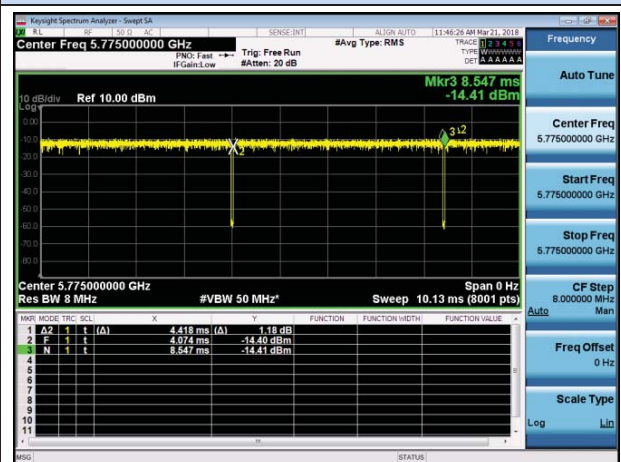
IEEE 802.11n HT40



IEEE 802.11ac VHT20



IEEE 802.11ac VHT40



IEEE 802.11ac VHT80

5.2. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

5.2.1. Standard Applicable

(1) For the band 5.15~5.25GHz

- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1dB reduction in maximum conducted output power is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.2.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the power meter.

5.2.3. Test Procedures

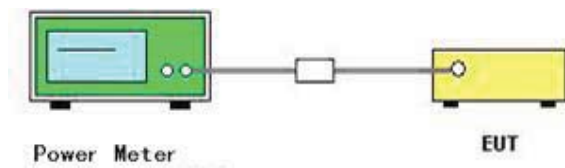
The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the power meter.

According to KDB 789033 D02 Section 3 (a) Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):

- (i) Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
 - The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
 - At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 - The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- (ii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.
- (iii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (iv) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10 \log (1/x)$ where x is the duty cycle (e.g., $10 \log (1/0.25)$ if

the duty cycle is 25%).

5.2.4. Test Setup Layout



5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.2.6. Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power

5.2.6.1 Band 1

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	AVG Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Report Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Result
IEEE 802.11a	36	5180	13.69	0.00	13.69	24	Complies
	40	5200	13.25	0.00	13.25		
	48	5240	13.17	0.00	13.17		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	36	5180	12.50	0.00	12.50	24	Complies
	40	5200	12.12	0.00	12.12		
	48	5240	12.93	0.00	12.93		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	38	5190	12.41	0.00	12.41	24	Complies
	46	5230	12.71	0.00	12.71		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	36	5180	12.59	0.00	12.59	24	Complies
	40	5200	11.85	0.00	11.85		
	48	5240	12.64	0.00	12.64		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40	38	5190	11.56	0.00	11.56	24	Complies
	46	5230	11.88	0.00	11.88		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	10.94	0.00	10.94	24	Complies

Remark:

1. Measured output power at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
4. Report conducted power = Measured conducted average power + Duty Cycle factor;

5.2.6.2 Band 3

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	AVG Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Report Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Result
IEEE 802.11a	149	5745	14.60	0.00	14.60	30	Complies
	157	5785	14.56	0.00	14.56		
	165	5825	13.92	0.00	13.92		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	149	5745	13.88	0.00	13.88	30	Complies
	157	5785	13.84	0.00	13.84		
	165	5825	12.35	0.00	12.35		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	151	5755	12.58	0.00	12.58	30	Complies
	159	5795	12.12	0.00	12.12		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	149	5745	13.81	0.00	13.81	30	Complies
	157	5785	13.52	0.00	13.52		
	165	5825	11.88	0.00	11.88		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40	151	5755	13.52	0.00	13.52	30	Complies
	159	5795	13.05	0.00	13.05		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	11.03	0.00	11.03	30	Complies

Remark:

1. Measured output power at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
4. Report conducted power = Measured conducted average power + Duty Cycle factor;

5.3. Power Spectral Density Measurement

5.3.1. Standard Applicable

For 5.15~5.25GHz

- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band.note1
- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band.note1
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 - 5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. note1

Note1: If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For 5725~5850MHz

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

5.3.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

5.3.3. Test Procedures

5.3.3.1 UNII Band 1

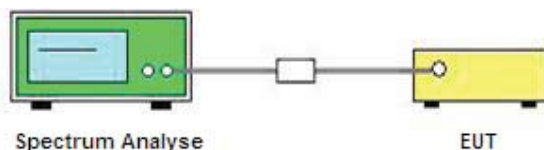
- 1). The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple.
- 2). The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
- 3). Set the RBW = 1MHz.
- 4). Set the VBW $\geq$ 3MHz
- 5). Span=Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- 6). Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\leq \text{RBW}/2$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- 7). Manually set sweep time $\geq 10 \times (\text{number of points in sweep}) \times (\text{total on/off period of the transmitted signal})$.
- 8). Set detector = power averaging (rms).
- 9). Sweep time = auto couple.
- 10). Trace mode = max hold.
- 11). Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 12). Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively,

- 13). Add $10 \log (1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add $10 \log (1/0.25) = 6 \text{ dB}$ if the duty cycle is 25%.
- 14). Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 1MHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.

5.3.3.2 UNII Band 3

- 1). The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional coupler.
- 2). The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
- 3). Set the RBW = 300 kHz
- 4). Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
- 5). Span=Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal
- 6). Detector = RMS.
- 7). Sweep time = auto couple.
- 8). Trace mode = max hold.
- 9). Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 10). If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add $10 \log (500 \text{ kHz}/\text{RBW})$ to the measured result, whereas RBW ($< 500 \text{ kHz}$) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- 11). If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add $10 \log (1\text{MHz}/\text{RBW})$ to the measured result, whereas RBW ($< 1 \text{ MHz}$) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- 12). Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

5.3.4. Test Setup Layout



5.3.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.3.6. Test Result of Power Spectral Density

5.3.6.1 UNII Band 1

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Density (dBm/MHz)	Duty cycle factor (dB)	Report conducted PSD (dBm/MHz)	Max. Limit (dBm/MHz)	Result
IEEE 802.11a	36	5180	3.208	0.00	3.208	11.00	Complies
	40	5200	3.015	0.00	3.015		
	48	5240	3.482	0.00	3.482		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	36	5180	2.431	0.00	2.431	11.00	Complies
	40	5200	2.646	0.00	2.646		
	48	5240	2.710	0.00	2.710		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	38	5190	-0.693	0.00	-0.693	11.00	Complies
	46	5230	-0.250	0.00	-0.250		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	36	5180	2.133	0.00	2.133	11.00	Complies
	40	5200	1.601	0.00	1.601		
	48	5240	2.331	0.00	2.331		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40	38	5190	-1.551	0.00	-1.551	11.00	Complies
	46	5230	-1.182	0.00	-1.182		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	-4.558	0.00	-4.558	11.00	Complies

Remark:

1. Measured power spectrum density at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
4. Report conducted PSD = Measured conducted average power + Duty Cycle factor;
5. Please refer to following test plots;

Power Spectral Density

IEEE 802.11a



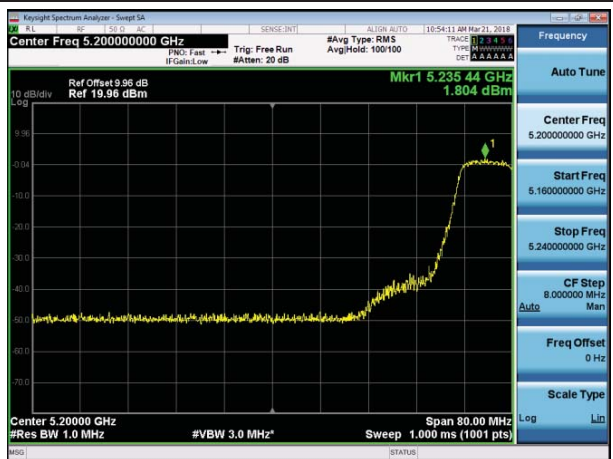
IEEE 802.11n HT20



Channel 36 / 5180 MHz



Channel 36 / 5180 MHz



Channel 40 / 5200 MHz



Channel 40 / 5200 MHz

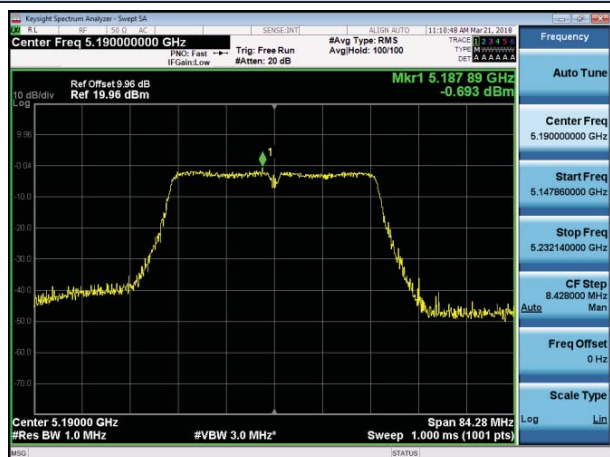


Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Power Spectral Density

IEEE 802.11n HT40



IEEE 802.11ac VHT20



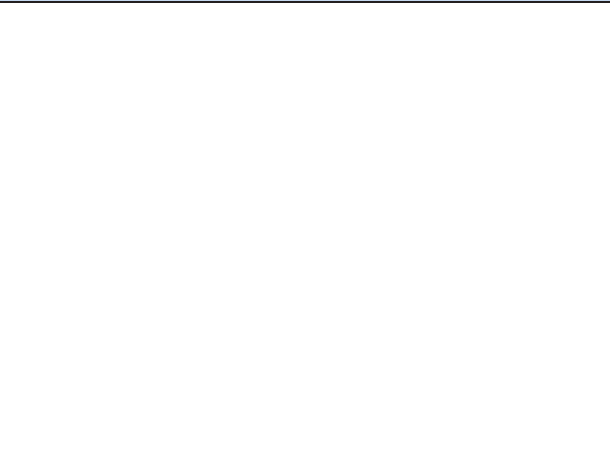
Channel 38 / 5190 MHz



Channel 36 / 5180 MHz



Channel 46 / 5230 MHz



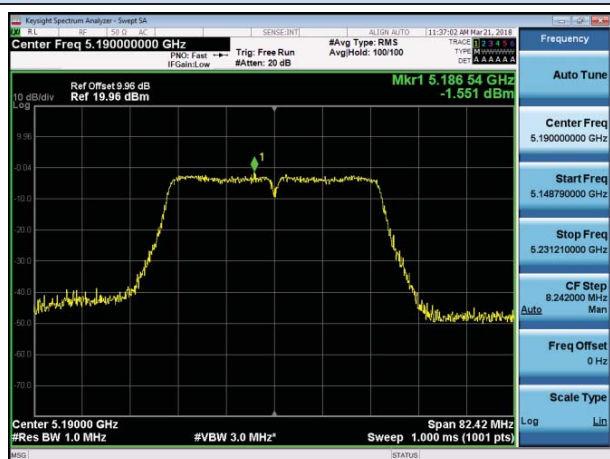
Channel 40 / 5200 MHz



Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Power Spectral Density

IEEE 802.11ac VHT40



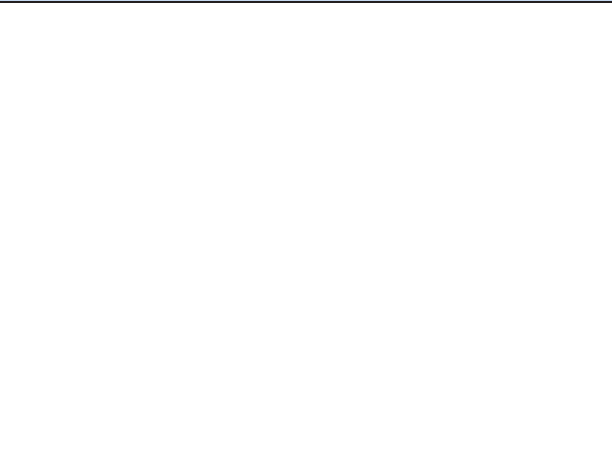
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80



Channel 38 / 5190 MHz



Channel 42 / 5210 MHz



Channel 46 / 5230 MHz

5.3.6.2 UNII Band 3

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Density (dBm/500KHz)	Duty cycle factor (dB)	RBW factor (dB)	Report conducted PSD dBm/500KHz)	Maximum Limit (dBm/500KHz)	Result
IEEE 802.11a	149	5745	1.896	0.00	2.22	1.896	30	Complies
	157	5785	1.670	0.00	2.22	1.670		
	165	5825	0.034	0.00	2.22	0.034		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	149	5745	0.868	0.00	2.22	0.868	30	Complies
	157	5785	-0.289	0.00	2.22	-0.289		
	165	5825	-1.946	0.00	2.22	-1.946		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	151	5755	-0.693	0.00	2.22	-0.693	30	Complies
	159	5795	-0.250	0.00	2.22	-0.250		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	149	5745	-0.825	0.00	2.22	-0.825	30	Complies
	157	5785	-0.653	0.00	2.22	-0.653		
	165	5825	-2.606	0.00	2.22	-2.606		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40	151	5755	-3.887	0.00	2.22	-3.887	30	Complies
	159	5795	-3.792	0.00	2.22	-3.792		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	-6.529	0.00	2.22	-6.529	30	Complies

Remark:

1. Measured power spectrum density at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
4. Report conducted PSD = measured conducted PSD + Duty Cycle factor + RBW factor;
5. RBW factor = $10 \log (500 \text{ KHz} / 300 \text{ KHz}) = 2.218 \text{ dB}$;
6. Please refer to following test plots;

Power Spectral Density

IEEE 802.11a



IEEE 802.11n HT20



Channel 149 / 5745 MHz



Channel 149 / 5745 MHz



Channel 157 / 5785 MHz



Channel 157 / 5785 MHz

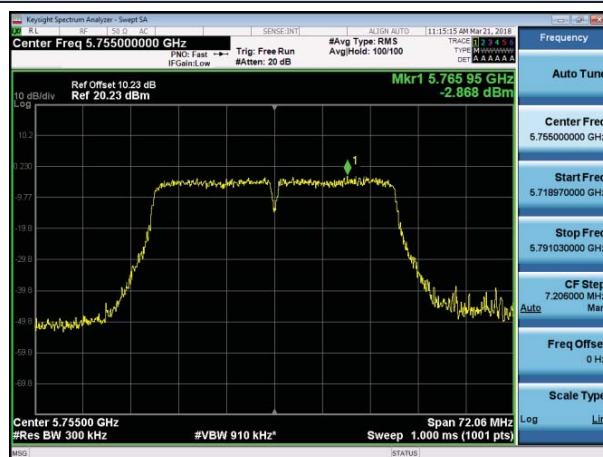


Channel 165 / 5825 MHz

Channel 165 / 5825 MHz

Power Spectral Density

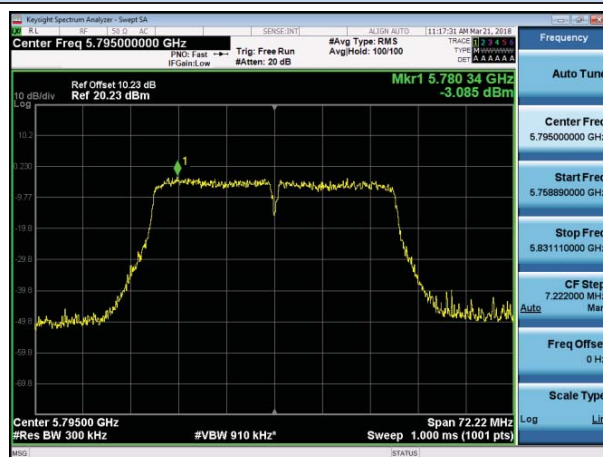
IEEE 802.11n HT40



IEEE 802.11ac VHT20



Channel 151 / 5755 MHz



Channel 149 / 5745 MHz



Channel 159 / 5795 MHz



Channel 157 / 5785 MHz



Channel 165 / 5825 MHz

Power Spectral Density

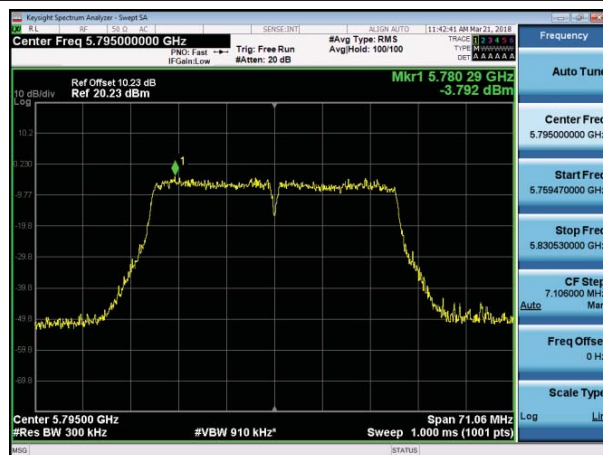
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40



IEEE 802.11ac VHT80



Channel 151 / 5755 MHz



Channel 155 / 5775 MHz

Channel 159 / 5795 MHz

5.4. 99% and 26dB Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

5.4.1. Standard Applicable

No restriction limits. But resolution bandwidth within band edge measurement is 1% of the 99% occupied bandwidth.

99% and 26dB occupied bandwidth not applicable for UNII Band 3;

5.4.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

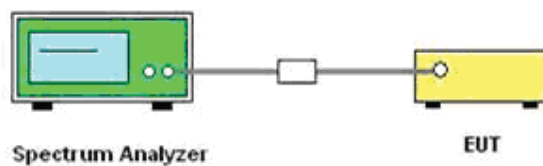
Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span	> 26dB Bandwidth
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	Auto

5.4.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. The RBW = 1% - 3% of occupied bandwidth, VBW = 3*RBW;
3. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 26dB below carrier.

5.4.4. Test Setup Layout



5.4.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.4.6. Test Result of 99% and 26dB Occupied Bandwidth

5.4.6.1 UNII Band 1

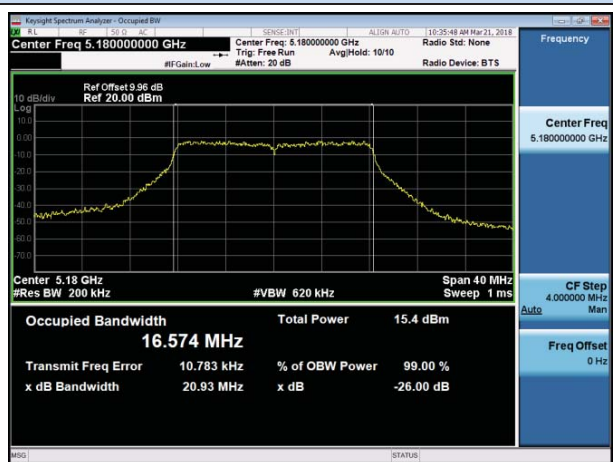
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (MHz)	Verdict
IEEE 802.11a	36	5180	20.93	16.57	No Limit	PASS
	40	5200	20.75	16.62		
	48	5240	20.56	16.62		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	36	5180	21.41	17.72	No Limit	PASS
	40	5200	21.27	17.70		
	48	5240	21.33	17.72		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	38	5190	42.14	36.24	No Limit	PASS
	46	5230	41.73	36.27		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	36	5180	21.08	17.65	No Limit	PASS
	40	5200	20.68	17.66		
	48	5240	20.82	17.65		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40	38	5190	41.21	36.19	No Limit	PASS
	46	5230	41.84	36.27		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	82.36	75.70	No Limit	PASS

Remark:

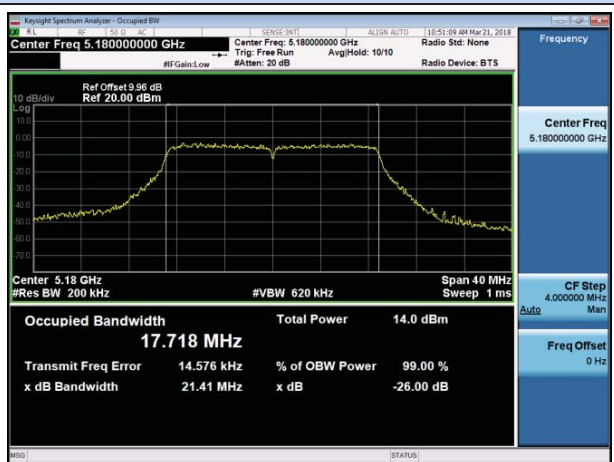
1. Measured 99% and 26dB bandwidth at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
4. Please refer to following test plots;

99% and 26dB Occupied Bandwidth

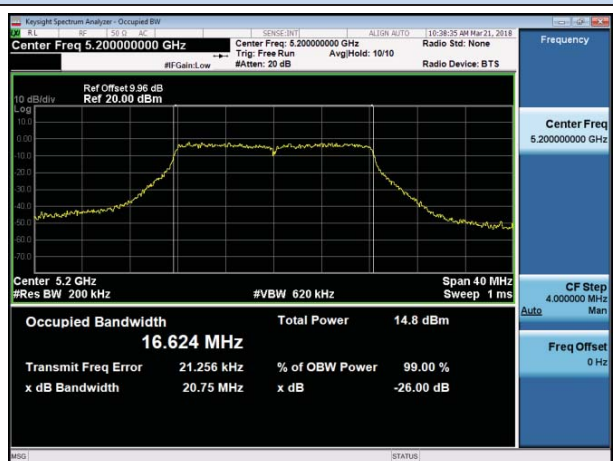
IEEE 802.11a



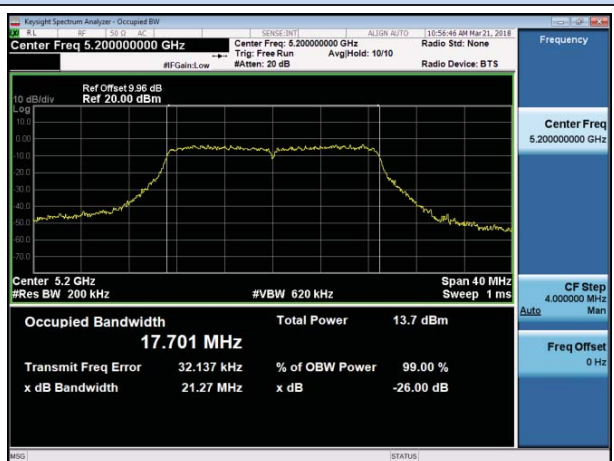
IEEE 802.11n HT20



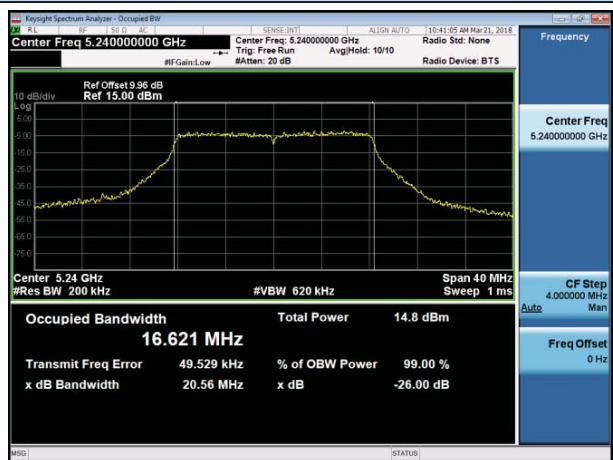
Channel 36 / 5180 MHz



Channel 36 / 5180 MHz



Channel 40 / 5200 MHz



Channel 40 / 5200 MHz



Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

99% and 26dB Occupied Bandwidth

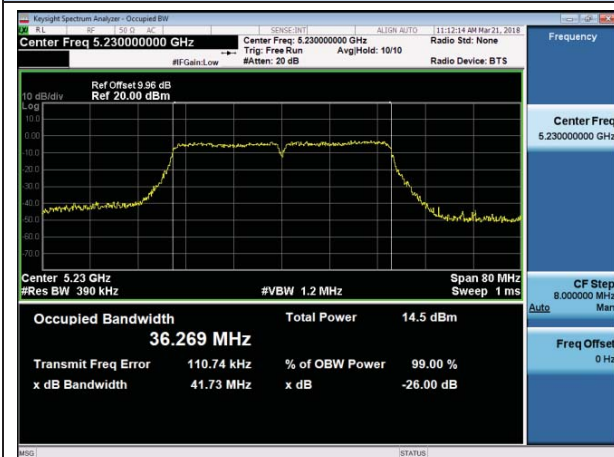
IEEE 802.11n HT40



IEEE 802.11ac VHT20



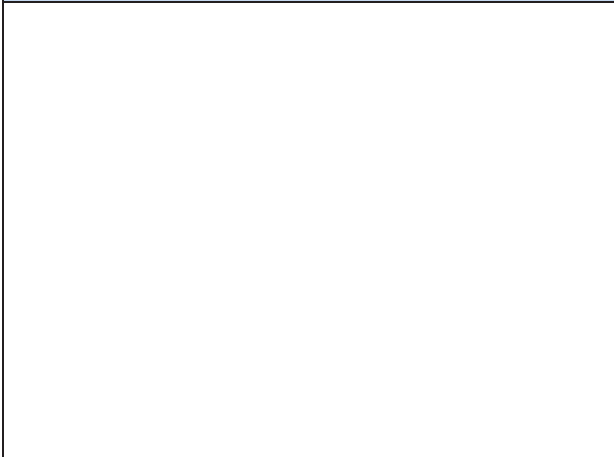
Channel 38 / 5190 MHz



Channel 36 / 5180 MHz



Channel 46 / 5230 MHz



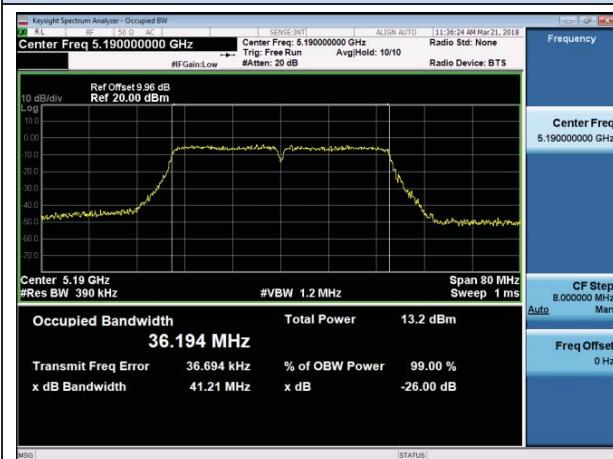
Channel 40 / 5200 MHz



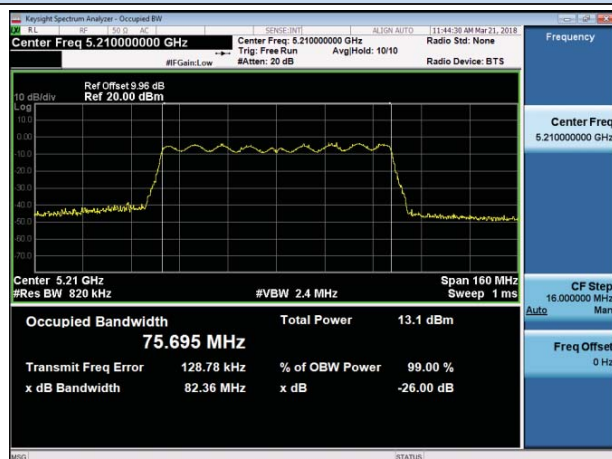
Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

99% and 26dB Occupied Bandwidth

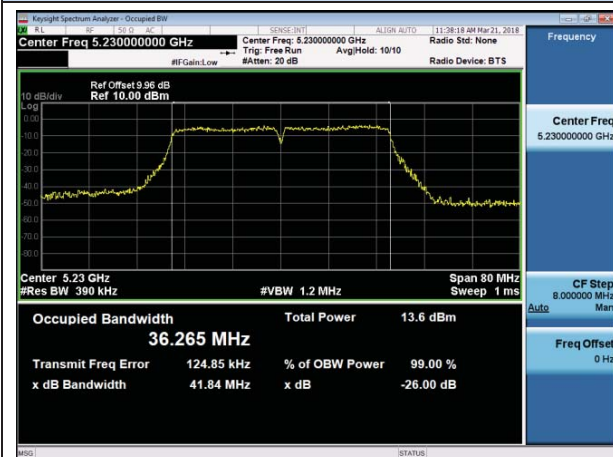
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40



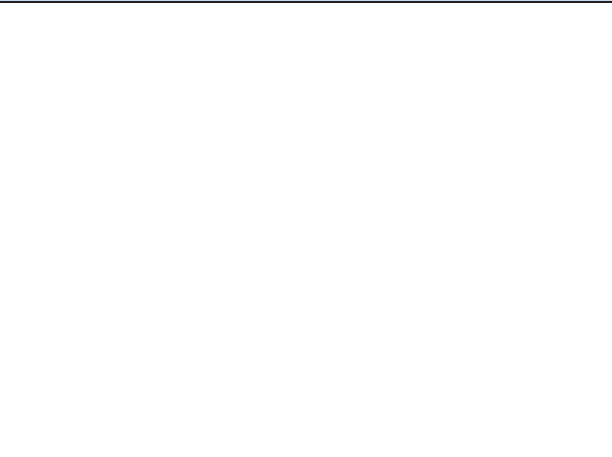
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80



Channel 38 / 5190 MHz



Channel 42 / 5210 MHz



Channel 46 / 5230 MHz

5.5. 6dB Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

5.5.1. Standard Applicable

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

5.5.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

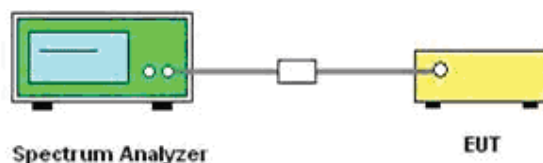
Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span	> 26dB Bandwidth
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	Auto

5.5.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. The resolution bandwidth of 100 KHz and the video bandwidth of 300 KHz were used.
3. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 6dB below carrier.

5.5.4. Test Setup Layout



5.5.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.5.6. Test Result of 6dB Occupied Bandwidth

5.5.6.1 UNII Band 3

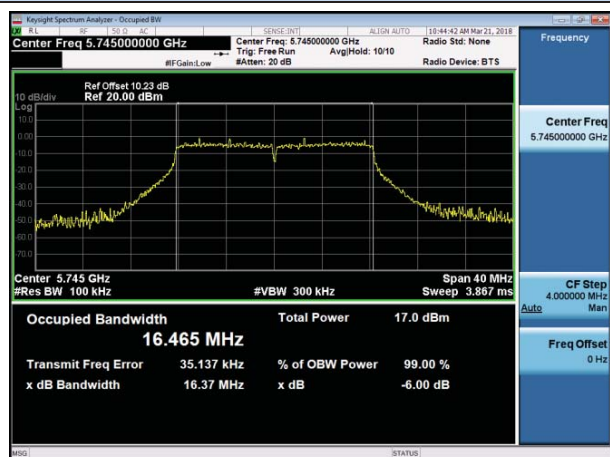
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (MHz)	Verdict
IEEE 802.11a	149	5745	16.37	≥0.500	Complies
	157	5785	16.35		
	163	5825	16.47		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	149	5745	17.38	≥0.500	Complies
	157	5785	17.64		
	163	5825	17.78		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	151	5755	36.03	≥0.500	Complies
	159	5795	36.11		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT20	149	5745	17.21	≥0.500	Complies
	157	5785	17.53		
	165	5825	17.30		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40	151	5755	35.52	≥0.500	Complies
	159	5795	35.53		
IEEE 802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	74.53	≥0.500	Complies

Remark:

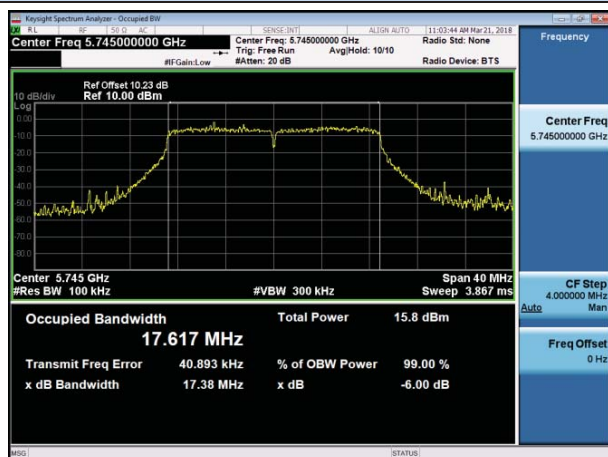
- 1. Measured 6dB bandwidth at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
- 2. Test results including cable loss;*
- 3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;*
- 4. Please refer to following test plots;*

6dB Occupied Bandwidth

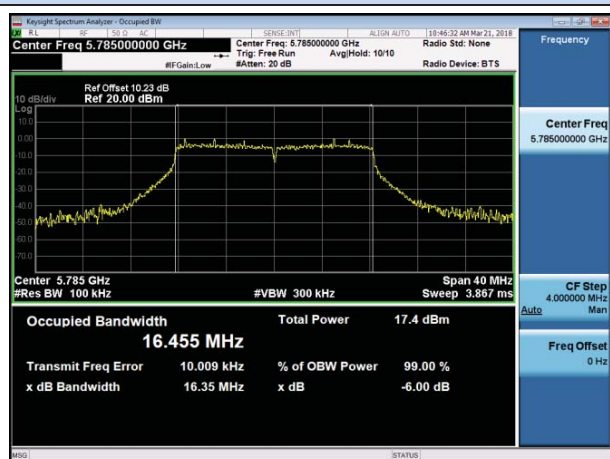
IEEE 802.11a



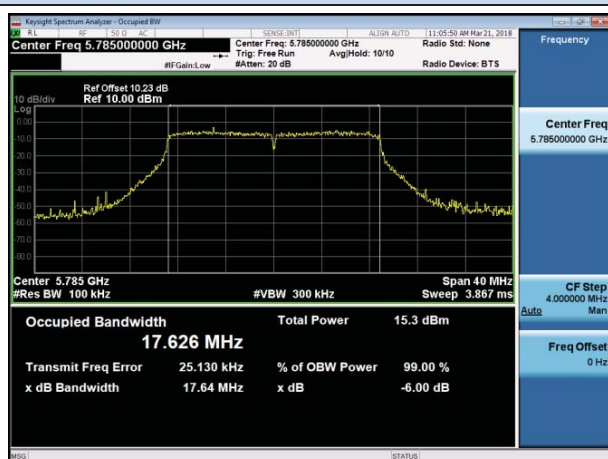
IEEE 802.11n HT20



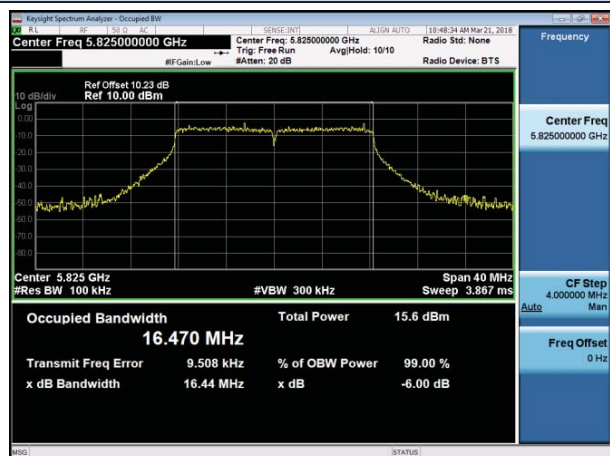
Channel 149 / 5745 MHz



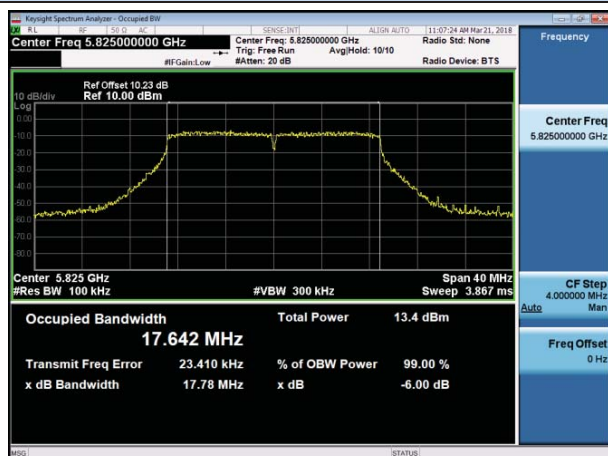
Channel 149 / 5745 MHz



Channel 157 / 5785 MHz



Channel 157 / 5785 MHz

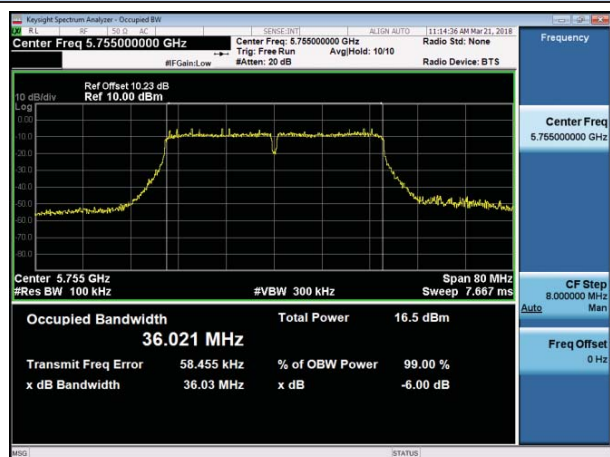


Channel 165 / 5825 MHz

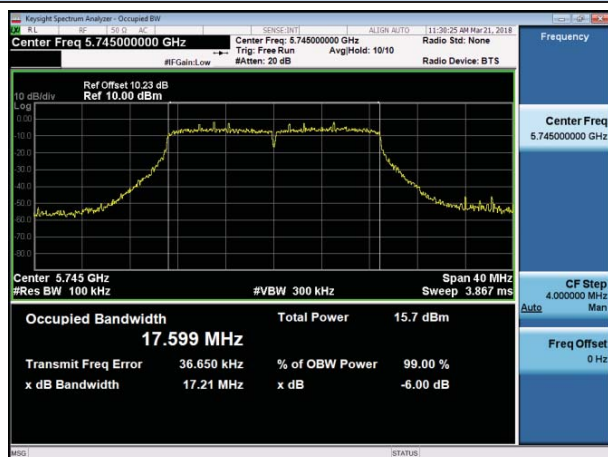
Channel 165 / 5825 MHz

6dB Occupied Bandwidth

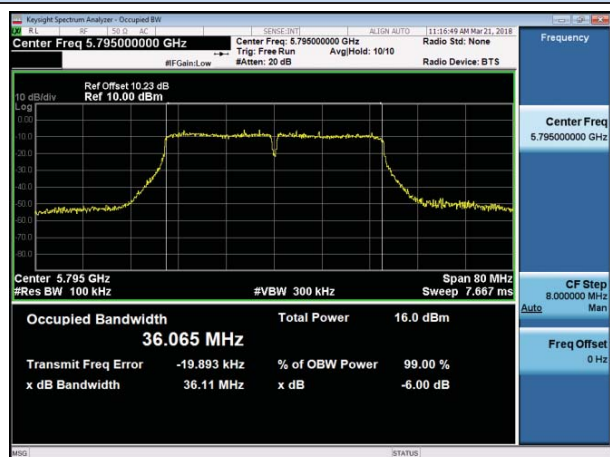
IEEE 802.11n HT40



IEEE 802.11ac VHT20



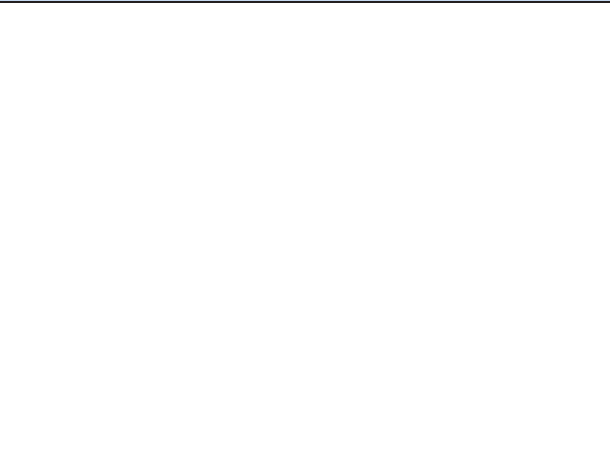
Channel 151 / 5755 MHz



Channel 149 / 5745 MHz



Channel 159 / 5795 MHz



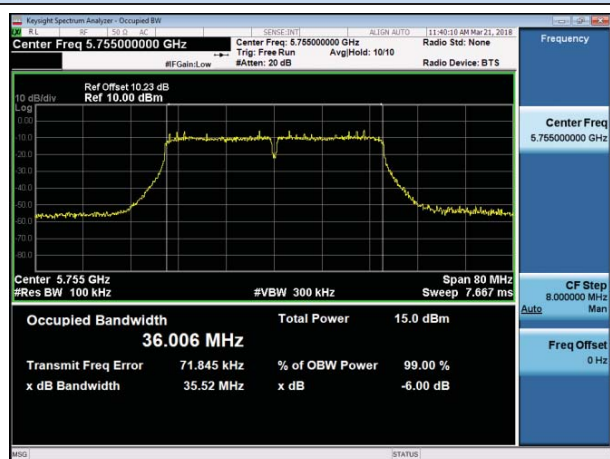
Channel 157 / 5785 MHz



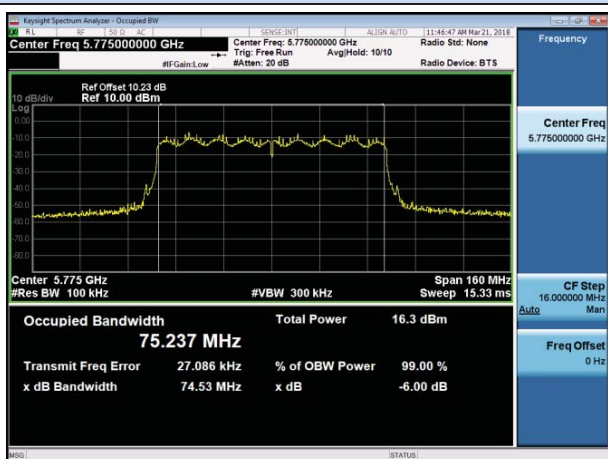
Channel 165 / 5825 MHz

6dB Occupied Bandwidth

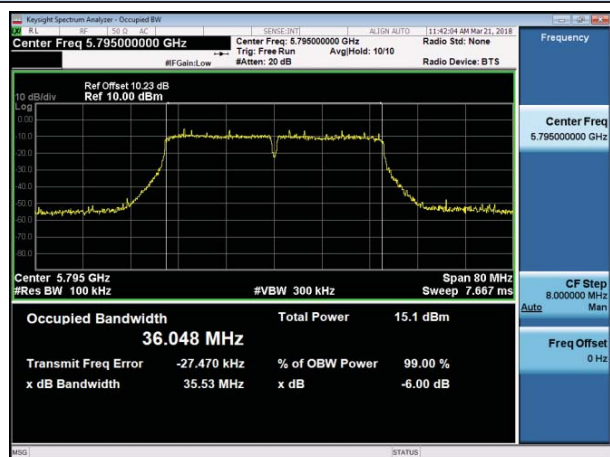
IEEE 802.11ac VHT40



IEEE 802.11ac VHT80



Channel 151 / 5755 MHz



Channel 155 / 5775 MHz



Channel 159 / 5795 MHz



5.6. Radiated Emissions Measurement

5.6.1. Standard Applicable

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
\1\ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(\2\)
13.36-13.41			

\1\ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

\2\ Above 38.6

For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz (68.2dBuV/m at 3m).

For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:

All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz(68.2dBuV/m at 3m) at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz(105.2dBuV/m at 3m) at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6(110.8dBuV/m at 3m) dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz(122.2dBuV/m at 3m) at the band edge

In addition, In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

5.6.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	10 th carrier harmonic
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB 200Hz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB 9kHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB 100kHz for QP

5.6.3. Test Procedures

1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 0.8 meter.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

Final measurement:

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ($\pm 45^\circ$) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ($\pm 45^\circ$) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

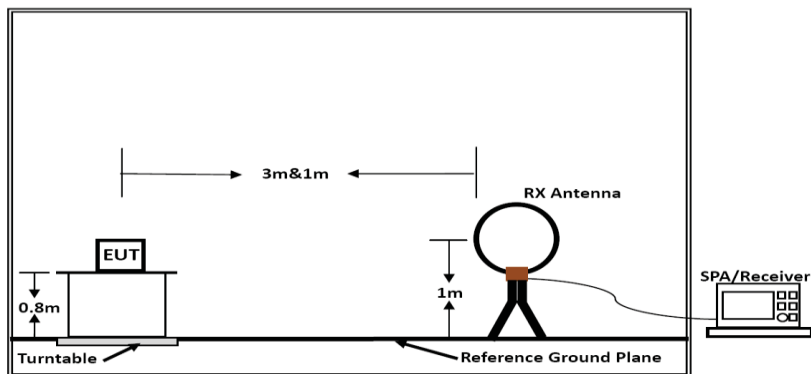
- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement:

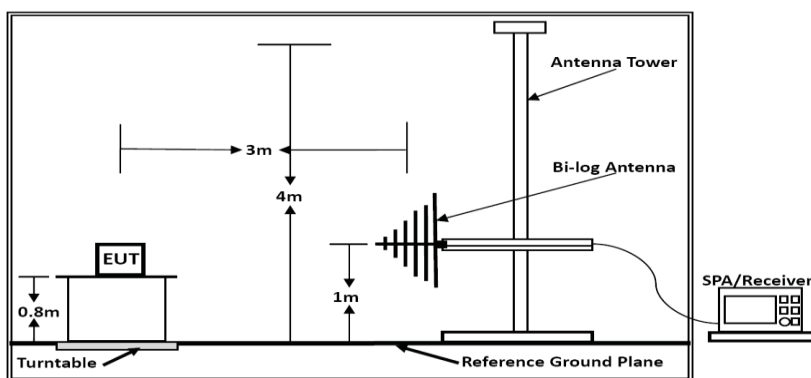
- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

5.6.4. Test Setup Layout

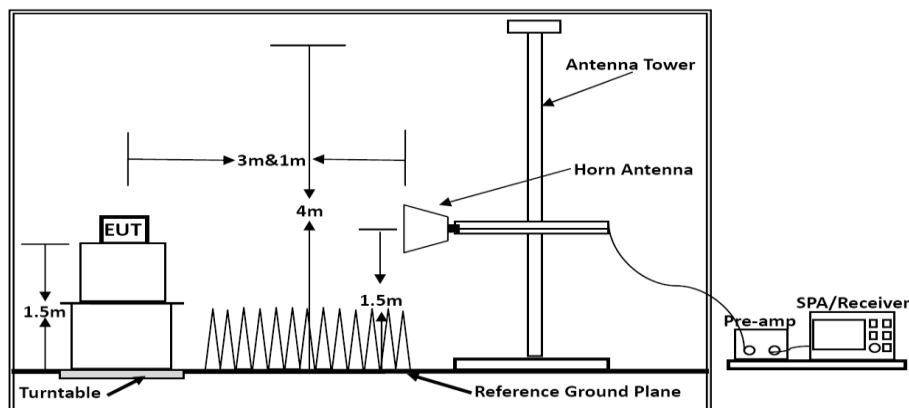
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



Below 30MHz



Below 1GHz



Above 1GHz

Above 18 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade from 3m to 1m.

Distance extrapolation factor = $20 \log (\text{specific distance [3m]} / \text{test distance [1.5m]})$ (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].

5.6.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.6.6. Results of Radiated Emissions (9 KHz~30MHz)

Temperature	25°C	Humidity	60%
Test Engineer	Jayden Zhuo	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac

Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBUV)	Over Limit (dB)	Over Limit (dB)	Remark
-	-	-	-	See Note

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor = $40 \log(\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$ (dB);

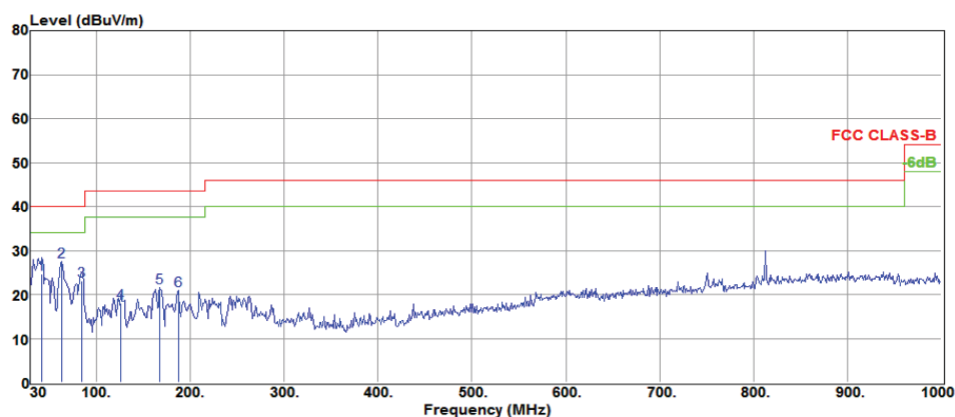
Limit line = specific limits (dBUV) + distance extrapolation factor.

5.6.7. Results of Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1GHz)

Test result for IEEE 802.11a

Vertical

Data : 2



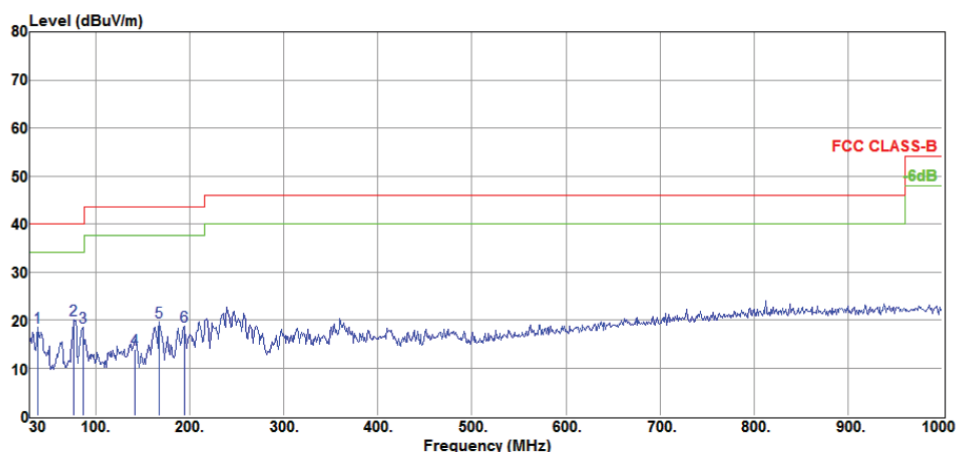
Item (Mark)	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBUV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Result Level (dBUV/m)	Limit Line (dBUV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	41.64	56.30	0.00	32.43	0.78	24.65	40.00	-15.35	QP	HORIZONTAL
2	62.98	58.67	0.00	32.43	1.24	27.48	40.00	-12.52	QP	HORIZONTAL
3	84.32	54.08	0.00	32.49	1.46	23.05	40.00	-16.95	QP	HORIZONTAL
4	126.03	48.60	0.00	32.47	1.89	18.02	43.50	-25.48	QP	HORIZONTAL
5	167.74	51.71	0.00	32.35	2.20	21.56	43.50	-21.94	QP	HORIZONTAL
6	187.14	50.88	0.00	32.30	2.39	20.97	43.50	-22.53	QP	HORIZONTAL

Note: 1. Result Level = Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable loss - PRM Factor

2. If QP Result comply with AV limit, AV Result is deemed to comply with AV limit

Horizontal

Data : 1



Item (Mark)	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Result Level (dBμV/m)	Limit Line (dBμV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	38.73	36.25	13.92	32.44	0.71	18.44	40.00	-21.56	QP	VERTICAL
2	76.56	41.30	9.82	32.47	1.39	20.04	40.00	-19.96	QP	VERTICAL
3	86.26	40.16	9.43	32.50	1.48	18.57	40.00	-21.43	QP	VERTICAL
4	141.55	30.62	13.61	32.42	2.01	13.82	43.50	-29.68	QP	HORIZONTAL
5	167.74	36.37	13.43	32.35	2.20	19.65	43.50	-23.85	QP	VERTICAL
6	193.93	38.35	10.26	32.28	2.44	18.77	43.50	-24.73	QP	VERTICAL

Note: 1. Result Level = Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable loss - PRM Factor
 2. If QP Result comply with AV limit, AV Result is deemed to comply with AV limit

***Note:

Pre-scan all mode and recorded the worst case results in this report (IEEE 802.11a mode (Low Channel, 5180 MHz).

Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level = Level.

Only recorded the worst test case data in this report.

5.6.8. Results for Radiated Emissions (Above 1GHz)

Note: Only recorded the worst test result in this report.

5.6.8.1 UNII Band 1

IEEE 802.11a

Channel 36 / 5180 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.36	46.31	33.21	35.82	9.52	53.22	74.00	-20.78	Peak	Horizontal
10.36	35.12	33.21	35.82	9.52	42.03	54.00	-11.97	Average	Horizontal
10.36	47.56	32.82	35.82	9.52	54.08	74.00	-19.92	Peak	Vertical
10.36	35.77	32.82	35.82	9.52	42.29	54.00	-11.71	Average	Vertical

Channel 40 / 5200 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.44	46.41	33.21	35.82	9.52	53.32	74.00	-20.68	Peak	Horizontal
10.44	35.89	33.21	35.82	9.52	42.80	54.00	-11.20	Average	Horizontal
10.44	47.99	32.82	35.82	9.52	54.51	74.00	-19.49	Peak	Vertical
10.44	36.19	32.82	35.82	9.52	42.71	54.00	-11.29	Average	Vertical

Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.48	47.26	33.21	35.82	9.52	54.17	74.00	-19.83	Peak	Horizontal
10.48	35.94	33.21	35.82	9.52	42.85	54.00	-11.15	Average	Horizontal
10.48	48.29	32.82	35.82	9.52	54.81	74.00	-19.19	Peak	Vertical
10.48	36.77	32.82	35.82	9.52	43.29	54.00	-10.71	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n HT20

Channel 36 / 5180 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.36	45.88	33.21	35.82	9.52	52.79	74.00	-21.21	Peak	Horizontal
10.36	34.53	33.21	35.82	9.52	41.44	54.00	-12.56	Average	Horizontal
10.36	46.88	32.82	35.82	9.52	53.40	74.00	-20.60	Peak	Vertical
10.36	35.06	32.82	35.82	9.52	41.58	54.00	-12.42	Average	Vertical

Channel 40 / 5200 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.44	46.51	33.21	35.82	9.52	53.42	74.00	-20.58	Peak	Horizontal
10.44	35.25	33.21	35.82	9.52	42.16	54.00	-11.84	Average	Horizontal
10.44	47.70	32.82	35.82	9.52	54.22	74.00	-19.78	Peak	Vertical
10.44	36.41	32.82	35.82	9.52	42.93	54.00	-11.07	Average	Vertical

Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.48	46.59	33.21	35.82	9.52	53.50	74.00	-20.50	Peak	Horizontal
10.48	35.77	33.21	35.82	9.52	42.68	54.00	-11.32	Average	Horizontal
10.48	47.89	32.82	35.82	9.52	54.41	74.00	-19.59	Peak	Vertical
10.48	36.06	32.82	35.82	9.52	42.58	54.00	-11.42	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n HT40

Channel 38 / 5190 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.38	46.34	33.21	35.82	9.52	53.25	68.20	-14.95	Peak	Horizontal
10.38	35.15	33.21	35.82	9.52	42.06	54.00	-11.94	Average	Horizontal
10.38	47.53	32.82	35.82	9.52	54.05	68.20	-14.15	Peak	Vertical
10.38	35.54	32.82	35.82	9.52	42.06	54.00	-11.94	Average	Vertical

Channel 46 / 5230 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.46	46.00	33.21	35.82	9.52	52.91	68.20	-15.29	Peak	Horizontal
10.46	35.92	33.21	35.82	9.52	42.83	54.00	-11.17	Average	Horizontal
10.46	47.93	32.82	35.82	9.52	54.45	68.20	-13.75	Peak	Vertical
10.46	35.67	32.82	35.82	9.52	42.19	54.00	-11.81	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11ac VHT20

Channel 36 / 5180 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.36	45.73	33.21	35.82	9.52	52.64	74.00	-21.36	Peak	Horizontal
10.36	34.85	33.21	35.82	9.52	41.76	54.00	-12.24	Average	Horizontal
10.36	46.77	32.82	35.82	9.52	53.29	74.00	-20.71	Peak	Vertical
10.36	35.87	32.82	35.82	9.52	42.39	54.00	-11.61	Average	Vertical

Channel 40 / 5200 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.44	46.29	33.21	35.82	9.52	53.20	74.00	-20.80	Peak	Horizontal
10.44	35.61	33.21	35.82	9.52	42.52	54.00	-11.48	Average	Horizontal
10.44	46.98	32.82	35.82	9.52	53.50	74.00	-20.50	Peak	Vertical
10.44	35.84	32.82	35.82	9.52	42.36	54.00	-11.64	Average	Vertical

Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.48	47.15	33.21	35.82	9.52	54.06	74.00	-19.94	Peak	Horizontal
10.48	36.05	33.21	35.82	9.52	42.96	54.00	-11.04	Average	Horizontal
10.48	47.95	32.82	35.82	9.52	54.47	74.00	-19.53	Peak	Vertical
10.48	36.12	32.82	35.82	9.52	42.64	54.00	-11.36	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11ac VHT40

Channel 38 / 5190 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.38	45.71	33.21	35.82	9.52	52.62	68.20	-15.58	Peak	Horizontal
10.38	34.89	33.21	35.82	9.52	41.80	54.00	-12.20	Average	Horizontal
10.38	47.12	32.82	35.82	9.52	53.64	68.20	-14.56	Peak	Vertical
10.38	35.66	32.82	35.82	9.52	42.18	54.00	-11.82	Average	Vertical

Channel 46 / 5230 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.46	46.32	33.21	35.82	9.52	53.23	68.20	-14.97	Peak	Horizontal
10.46	35.52	33.21	35.82	9.52	42.43	54.00	-11.57	Average	Horizontal
10.46	48.04	32.82	35.82	9.52	54.56	68.20	-13.64	Peak	Vertical
10.46	36.17	32.82	35.82	9.52	42.69	54.00	-11.31	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11ac VHT80

Channel 42 / 5210 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
10.42	45.44	33.21	35.82	9.52	52.35	68.20	-15.85	Peak	Horizontal
10.42	35.10	33.21	35.82	9.52	42.01	54.00	-11.99	Average	Horizontal
10.42	46.92	32.82	35.82	9.52	53.44	68.20	-14.76	Peak	Vertical
10.42	35.02	32.82	35.82	9.52	41.54	54.00	-12.46	Average	Vertical

Notes:

- 1). Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz ~ 40 GHz, No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30MHz.
- 2). Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9 KHz ~ 40 GHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3). 18~40GHz at least have 20dB margin. No recording in the test report.
- 4). Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
- 5). Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

5.6.8.2 UNII Band 3

IEEE 802.11a

Channel 149 / 5745 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.49	47.08	33.92	36.09	10.26	55.17	74.00	-18.83	Peak	Horizontal
11.49	36.41	33.92	36.09	10.26	44.50	54.00	-9.50	Average	Horizontal
11.49	48.16	33.99	35.99	10.26	56.42	74.00	-17.58	Peak	Vertical
11.49	36.93	33.99	35.99	10.26	45.19	54.00	-8.81	Average	Vertical

Channel 157 / 5785 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.57	46.54	33.92	36.09	10.26	54.63	74.00	-19.37	Peak	Horizontal
11.57	35.82	33.92	36.09	10.26	43.91	54.00	-10.09	Average	Horizontal
11.57	47.66	33.99	35.99	10.26	55.92	74.00	-18.08	Peak	Vertical
11.57	36.44	33.99	35.99	10.26	44.70	54.00	-9.30	Average	Vertical

Channel 163 / 5825 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.65	46.56	33.92	36.09	10.26	54.65	74.00	-19.35	Peak	Horizontal
11.65	35.78	33.92	36.09	10.26	43.87	54.00	-10.13	Average	Horizontal
11.65	47.44	33.99	35.99	10.26	55.70	74.00	-18.30	Peak	Vertical
11.65	35.92	33.99	35.99	10.26	44.18	54.00	-9.82	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n HT20

Channel 149 / 5745 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.49	46.89	33.92	36.09	10.26	54.98	74.00	-19.02	Peak	Horizontal
11.49	36.06	33.92	36.09	10.26	44.15	54.00	-9.85	Average	Horizontal
11.49	47.96	33.99	35.99	10.26	56.22	74.00	-17.78	Peak	Vertical
11.49	36.79	33.99	35.99	10.26	45.05	54.00	-8.95	Average	Vertical

Channel 157 / 5785 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.57	46.95	33.92	36.09	10.26	55.04	74.00	-18.96	Peak	Horizontal
11.57	36.38	33.92	36.09	10.26	44.47	54.00	-9.53	Average	Horizontal
11.57	48.13	33.99	35.99	10.26	56.39	74.00	-17.61	Peak	Vertical
11.57	36.82	33.99	35.99	10.26	45.08	54.00	-8.92	Average	Vertical

Channel 163 / 5825 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.65	46.50	33.92	36.09	10.26	54.59	74.00	-19.41	Peak	Horizontal
11.65	35.77	33.92	36.09	10.26	43.86	54.00	-10.14	Average	Horizontal
11.65	47.61	33.99	35.99	10.26	55.87	74.00	-18.13	Peak	Vertical
11.65	36.32	33.99	35.99	10.26	44.58	54.00	-9.42	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n HT40

Channel 151 / 5755 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.51	50.21	33.92	36.09	10.26	58.30	74.00	-15.70	Peak	Horizontal
11.51	39.72	33.92	36.09	10.26	47.81	54.00	-6.19	Average	Horizontal
11.51	51.75	33.99	35.99	10.26	60.01	74.00	-13.99	Peak	Vertical
11.51	40.44	33.99	35.99	10.26	48.70	54.00	-5.30	Average	Vertical

Channel 159 / 5795 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.59	49.90	33.92	36.09	10.26	57.99	74.00	-16.01	Peak	Horizontal
11.59	39.84	33.92	36.09	10.26	47.93	54.00	-6.07	Average	Horizontal
11.59	50.97	33.99	35.99	10.26	59.23	74.00	-14.77	Peak	Vertical
11.59	40.23	33.99	35.99	10.26	48.49	54.00	-5.51	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11ac VHT20

Channel 149 / 5745 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.49	50.31	33.92	36.09	10.26	58.40	74.00	-15.60	Peak	Horizontal
11.49	38.89	33.92	36.09	10.26	46.98	54.00	-7.02	Average	Horizontal
11.49	50.74	33.99	35.99	10.26	59.00	74.00	-15.00	Peak	Vertical
11.49	39.72	33.99	35.99	10.26	47.98	54.00	-6.02	Average	Vertical

Channel 157 / 5785 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.57	50.29	33.92	36.09	10.26	58.38	74.00	-15.62	Peak	Horizontal
11.57	39.25	33.92	36.09	10.26	47.34	54.00	-6.66	Average	Horizontal
11.57	50.28	33.99	35.99	10.26	58.54	74.00	-15.46	Peak	Vertical
11.57	39.56	33.99	35.99	10.26	47.82	54.00	-6.18	Average	Vertical

Channel 163 / 5825 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.65	49.94	33.92	36.09	10.26	58.03	74.00	-15.97	Peak	Horizontal
11.65	38.91	33.92	36.09	10.26	47.00	54.00	-7.00	Average	Horizontal
11.65	50.46	33.99	35.99	10.26	58.72	74.00	-15.28	Peak	Vertical
11.65	39.56	33.99	35.99	10.26	47.82	54.00	-6.18	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11ac VHT40

Channel 151 / 5755 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.51	50.13	33.92	36.09	10.26	58.22	74.00	-15.78	Peak	Horizontal
11.51	39.15	33.92	36.09	10.26	47.24	54.00	-6.76	Average	Horizontal
11.51	51.40	33.99	35.99	10.26	59.66	74.00	-14.34	Peak	Vertical
11.51	39.76	33.99	35.99	10.26	48.02	54.00	-5.98	Average	Vertical

Channel 159 / 5795 MHz

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.59	49.41	33.92	36.09	10.26	57.50	74.00	-16.50	Peak	Horizontal
11.59	38.63	33.92	36.09	10.26	46.72	54.00	-7.28	Average	Horizontal
11.59	50.31	33.99	35.99	10.26	58.57	74.00	-15.43	Peak	Vertical
11.59	39.06	33.99	35.99	10.26	47.32	54.00	-6.68	Average	Vertical

*IEEE 802.11ac VHT80**Channel 155 / 5775 MHz*

Freq. GHz	Reading Level dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
11.51	49.56	33.92	36.09	10.26	57.65	74.00	-16.35	Peak	Horizontal
11.51	38.98	33.92	36.09	10.26	47.07	54.00	-6.93	Average	Horizontal
11.51	50.41	33.99	35.99	10.26	58.67	74.00	-15.33	Peak	Vertical
11.51	39.39	33.99	35.99	10.26	47.65	54.00	-6.35	Average	Vertical

Notes:

- 1). Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz ~ 40 GHz, No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30MHz.
- 2). Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9 KHz ~ 40 GHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3). 18~40GHz at least have 20dB margin. No recording in the test report.
- 4). Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
- 5). Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

5.7. Power line conducted emissions

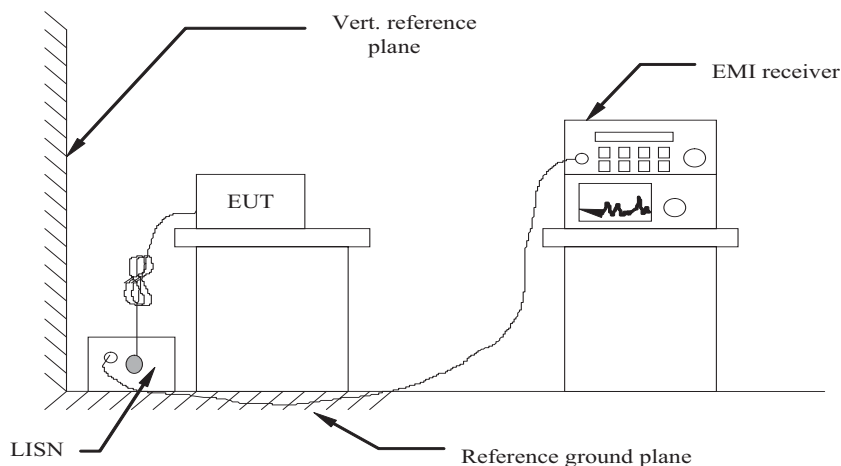
5.7.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range are listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

5.7.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



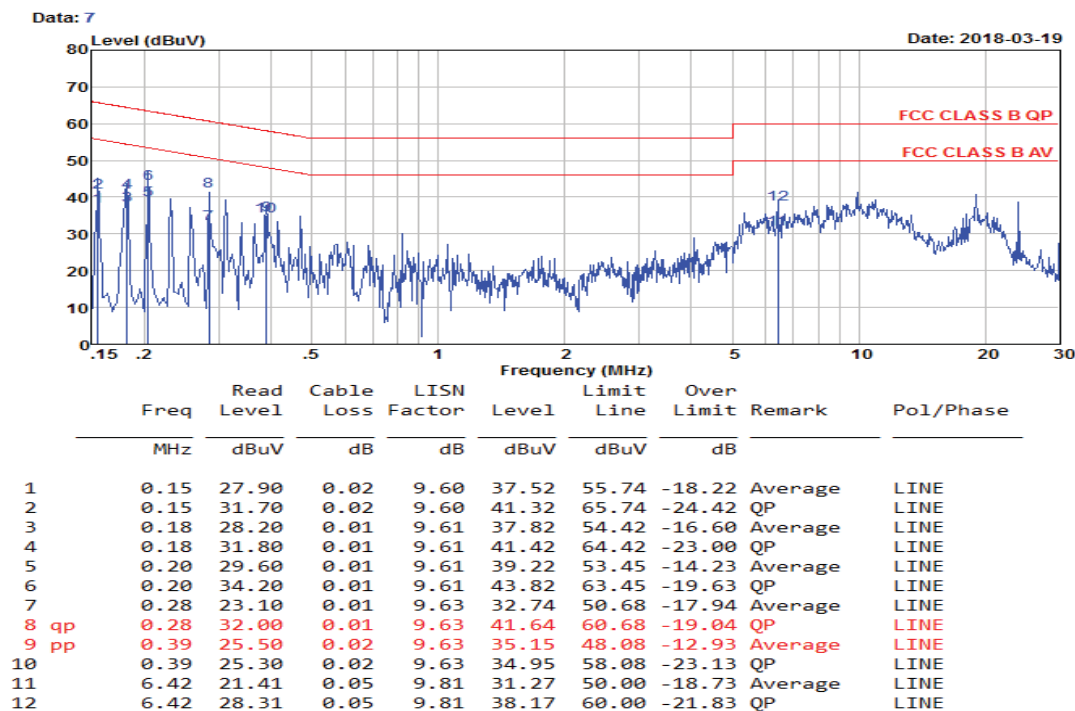
5.7.3 Test Results

PASS.

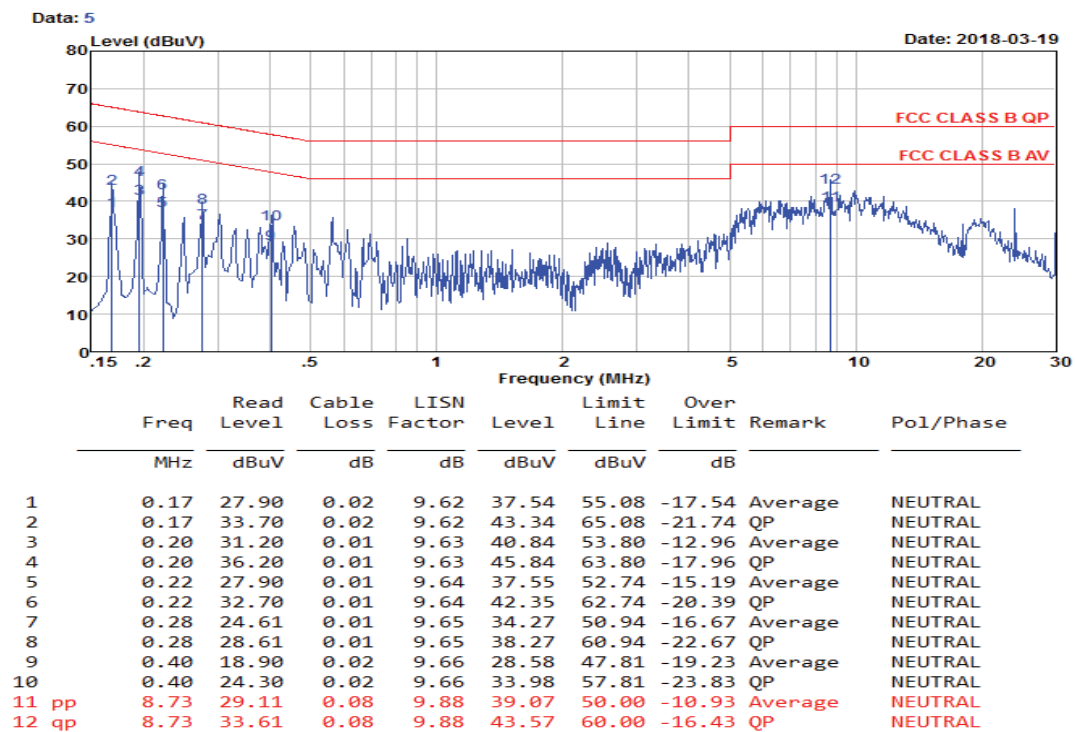
The test data please refer to following page.

AC Conducted Emission of power by adapter @ AC 120V/60Hz @ IEEE 802.11a (worst case)

Line



Neutral



***Note: Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (IEEE 802.11a).

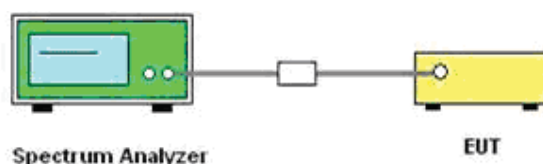
5.8 Undesirable Emissions Measurement

5.8.1 Limit

According to §15.407 (b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (a) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (b) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (c) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (d) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:
 - (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
 - (ii) Devices certified before March 2, 2017 with antenna gain greater than 10 dBi may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease by March 2, 2018. Devices certified before March 2, 2018 with antenna gain of 10 dBi or less may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease before March 2, 2020.
- (e) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (f) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.
- (g) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- (h) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

5.8.2 Test Configuration



5.8.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules Section G: Unwanted Emission Measurement

1. Unwanted Emissions in the Restricted Bands

- a) For all measurements, follow the requirements in section II.G.3. "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements."
- b) At frequencies below 1000 MHz, use the procedure described in section II.G.4. "Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements below 1000 MHz."
- c) At frequencies above 1000 MHz, measurements performed using the peak and average measurement procedures described in sections II.G.5. and II.G.6, respectively, must satisfy the respective peak and average limits. If all peak measurements satisfy the average limit, then average measurements are not required.
- d) For conducted measurements above 1000 MHz, EIRP shall be computed as specified in section II.G.3.b) and then field strength shall be computed as follows (see KDB Publication 412172):
 - i) $E[\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] - 20 \log(d[\text{meters}]) + 104.77$, where E = field strength and d = distance at which field strength limit is specified in the rules;
 - ii) $E[\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2$, for $d = 3$ meters

- e) For conducted measurements below 1000 MHz, the field strength shall be computed as specified in d), above, and then an additional 4.7 dB shall be added as an upper bound on the field strength that would be observed on a test range with a ground plane for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, or an additional 6 dB shall be added for frequencies below 30 MHz.
2. Unwanted Emissions that fall Outside of the Restricted Bands
- a) For all measurements, follow the requirements in section II.G.3. "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements."
- b) At frequencies below 1000 MHz, use the procedure described in section II.G.4. "Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements below 1000 MHz."
- c) At frequencies above 1000 MHz, use the procedure for maximum emissions described in section II.G.5., "Procedure for Unwanted Maximum Unwanted Emissions Measurements Above 1000 MHz."
- d) Section 15.407(b) (1-3) specifies the unwanted emissions limit for the U-NII-1 and 2 bands. As specified, emissions above 1000 MHz that are outside of the restricted bands are subject to a peak emission limit of -27 dBm/MHz. However, an out-of-band emission that complies with both the average and peak limits of Section 15.209 is not required to satisfy the -27 dBm/MHz dBm/MHz peak emission limit.
- i) Section 15.407(b) (4) specifies the unwanted emissions limit for the U-NII-3 band. A band emissions mask is specified in Section 15.407(b) (4) (i). An alternative to the band emissions mask is specified in Section 15.407(b) (4) (ii). The alternative limits are based on the highest antenna gain specified in the filing. There are also marketing and importation restrictions for the alternative limit.
- e) If radiated measurements are performed, field strength is then converted to EIRP as follows:
- i) $EIRP = ((E \times d)^2) / 30$
Where:
- E is the field strength in V/m;
 - d is the measurement distance in meters;
 - EIRP is the equivalent isotopically radiated power in watts;
- ii) Working in dB units, the above equation is equivalent to:
- $$EIRP [dBm] = E [dB\mu V/m] + 20 \log (d [meters]) - 104.77$$
- iii) Or, if d is 3 meters:
- $$EIRP [dBm] = E [dB\mu V/m] - 95.23$$
- 3) Radiated versus Conducted Measurements.
- The unwanted emission limits in both the restricted and non-restricted bands are based on radiated measurements; however, as an alternative, antenna-port conducted measurements in conjunction with cabinet emissions tests will be permitted to demonstrate compliance provided that the following steps are performed:
- (i) Cabinet emissions measurements. A radiated test shall be performed to ensure that cabinet emissions are below the emission limits. For the cabinet-emission measurements the antenna may be replaced by a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna.
- (ii) Impedance matching. Conducted tests shall be performed using equipment that matches the nominal impedance of the antenna assembly used with the EUT.
- (iii) EIRP calculation. A value representative of an upper bound on out-of-band antenna gain (in dBi) shall be added to the measured antenna-port conducted emission power to compute EIRP within the specified measurement bandwidth. (For emissions in the restricted bands, additional calculations are required to convert EIRP to field strength at the specified distance.) The upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands or 2 dBi, whichever is greater.³ However, for devices that operate in multiple bands using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest to the out-of-band frequency being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when measuring emissions at frequencies within 20% of the absolute frequency at the nearest edge of that band, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be selected.
- (iv) EIRP adjustments for multiple outputs. For devices with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band (e.g., MIMO or beamforming devices), compute the total EIRP as follows:
- Compute EIRP for each output, as described in (iii), above.
 - Follow the procedures specified in KDB Publication 662911 for summing emissions across the outputs or adjusting emission levels measured on individual outputs by $10 \log (N_{ANT})$, where N_{ANT} is the number of outputs.
 - Add the array gain term specified in KDB Publication 662911 for out-of-band and spurious signals.
- (v) Direction of maximum emission.
- For all radiated emissions tests, measurements shall correspond to the direction of maximum emission level for each measured emission (see ANSI C63.10 for guidance).

5.8.4 Test Results

5.8.4.1 UNII Band 1

IEEE 802.11a							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Convert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
4500.000	-37.532	2.00	0.00	59.668	Peak	74.00	PASS
4500.000	-48.961	2.00	0.00	48.239	Average	54.00	PASS
5150.000	-37.254	2.00	0.00	59.946	Peak	74.00	PASS
5150.000	-47.267	2.00	0.00	49.933	Average	54.00	PASS
5350.000	-38.601	2.00	0.00	58.599	Peak	74.00	PASS
5350.000	-48.919	2.00	0.00	48.281	Average	54.00	PASS
5460.000	-38.988	2.00	0.00	58.212	Peak	74.00	PASS
5460.000	-48.856	2.00	0.00	48.344	Average	54.00	PASS

IEEE 802.11n HT20							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Convert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
4500.000	-39.036	2.00	0.00	58.164	Peak	74.00	PASS
4500.000	-48.973	2.00	0.00	48.227	Average	54.00	PASS
5150.000	-36.853	2.00	0.00	60.347	Peak	74.00	PASS
5150.000	-47.325	2.00	0.00	49.875	Average	54.00	PASS
5350.000	-38.727	2.00	0.00	58.473	Peak	74.00	PASS
5350.000	-48.898	2.00	0.00	48.302	Average	54.00	PASS
5460.000	-37.231	2.00	0.00	59.969	Peak	74.00	PASS
5460.000	-48.853	2.00	0.00	48.347	Average	54.00	PASS

IEEE 802.11n HT40							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Convert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
4500.000	-37.716	2.00	0.00	59.484	Peak	74.00	PASS
4500.000	-48.957	2.00	0.00	48.243	Average	54.00	PASS
5150.000	-35.621	2.00	0.00	61.579	Peak	74.00	PASS
5150.000	-46.831	2.00	0.00	50.369	Average	54.00	PASS
5350.000	-38.120	2.00	0.00	59.08	Peak	74.00	PASS
5350.000	-48.873	2.00	0.00	48.327	Average	54.00	PASS
5460.000	-38.717	2.00	0.00	58.483	Peak	74.00	PASS
5460.000	-48.852	2.00	0.00	48.348	Average	54.00	PASS

IEEE 802.11ac VHT20							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Convert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
4500.000	-38.707	2.00	0.00	58.493	Peak	74.00	PASS
4500.000	-48.997	2.00	0.00	48.203	Average	54.00	PASS
5150.000	-36.228	2.00	0.00	60.972	Peak	74.00	PASS
5150.000	-47.270	2.00	0.00	49.930	Average	54.00	PASS
5350.000	-37.749	2.00	0.00	59.451	Peak	74.00	PASS
5350.000	-48.859	2.00	0.00	48.341	Average	54.00	PASS
5460.000	-37.191	2.00	0.00	60.009	Peak	74.00	PASS
5460.000	-48.888	2.00	0.00	48.312	Average	54.00	PASS

IEEE 802.11ac VHT40							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Convert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
4500.000	-36.801	2.00	0.00	60.399	Peak	74.00	PASS
4500.000	-48.969	2.00	0.00	48.231	Average	54.00	PASS
5150.000	-36.646	2.00	0.00	60.554	Peak	74.00	PASS
5150.000	-47.017	2.00	0.00	50.183	Average	54.00	PASS
5350.000	-39.886	2.00	0.00	57.314	Peak	74.00	PASS
5350.000	-48.797	2.00	0.00	48.403	Average	54.00	PASS
5460.000	-39.638	2.00	0.00	57.562	Peak	74.00	PASS
5460.000	-48.837	2.00	0.00	48.363	Average	54.00	PASS

IEEE 802.11ac VHT80							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Convert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
4500.000	-38.152	2.00	0.00	59.048	Peak	74.00	PASS
4500.000	-48.971	2.00	0.00	48.229	Average	54.00	PASS
5150.000	-35.356	2.00	0.00	61.844	Peak	74.00	PASS
5150.000	-47.064	2.00	0.00	50.136	Average	54.00	PASS
5350.000	-40.017	2.00	0.00	57.183	Peak	74.00	PASS
5350.000	-48.882	2.00	0.00	48.318	Average	54.00	PASS
5460.000	-38.043	2.00	0.00	59.157	Peak	74.00	PASS
5460.000	-48.835	2.00	0.00	48.365	Average	54.00	PASS

Remark:

1. Measured Undesirable emission at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
4. Covert Radiated E Level At 3m = Conducted average power + Directional Gain + $104.77 - 20 \cdot \log(3)$;
5. Please refer to following test plots;

Undesirable emission

IEEE 802.11a



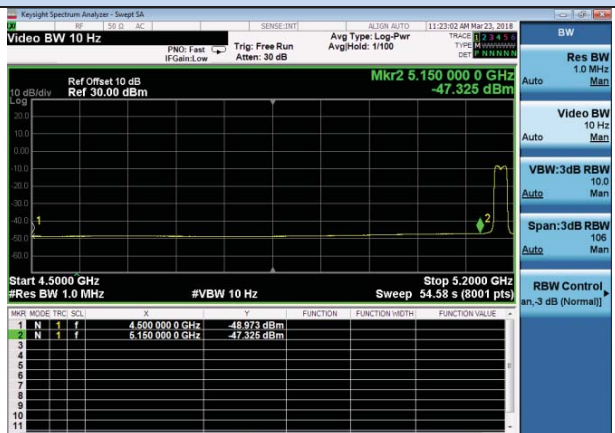
IEEE 802.11n HT20



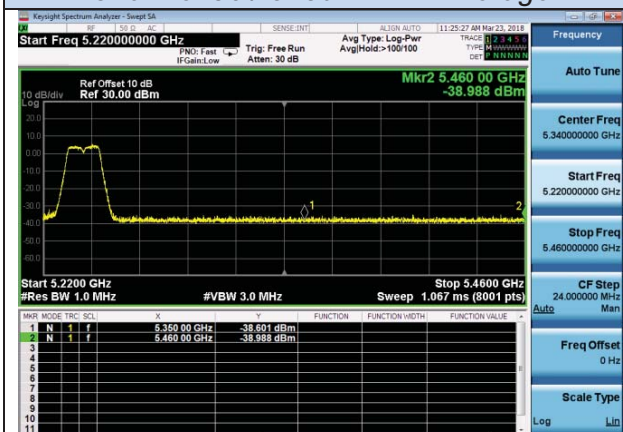
Channel 36 / 5180 MHz – Peak



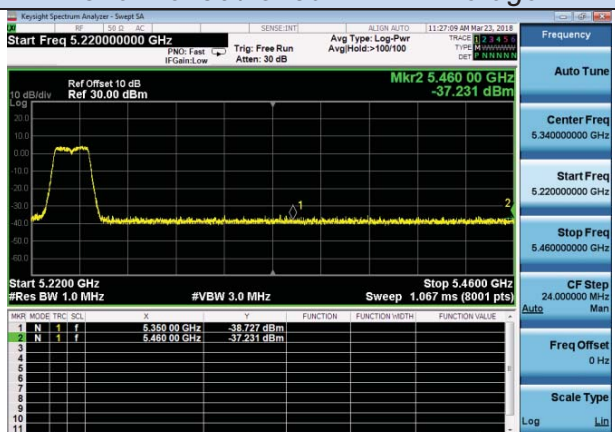
Channel 36 / 5180 MHz – Peak



Channel 36 / 5180 MHz – Average



Channel 36 / 5180 MHz – Average



Channel 48 / 5240 MHz – Peak

Channel 48 / 5240 MHz – Peak