

FCC RF TEST REPORT

ISSUED BY
Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR Head-Mounted Virtual Reality Equipment

ISSUED TO
Chengdu Idealsee Technology Co., Ltd.

Tower B, New Hope Building, No.69, Tianfu No.3 Street, Mid Section,
Tianfu Avenue, High-Tech Zone, Chengdu, China



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Date Jul. 03, 2017

Approved by: Liao Jianming
Liao Jianming
(Technical Director)

Date Jul. 03, 2017

Report No.: BL-SZ1740297-603

EUT Name: Head-Mounted Virtual Reality Equipment

Model Name: K2+

Brand Name: IDEALENS

Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

FCC ID: 2A135-K2

Test conclusion: Pass

Test Date: May 15, 2017 ~ May 22, 2017

Date of Issue: Jul. 03, 2017

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Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions Content
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Jul. 03, 2017</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)	5
1.1	Identification of the Testing Laboratory	5
1.2	Identification of the Responsible Testing Location	5
1.3	Laboratory Condition	5
1.4	Announce	5
2	PRODUCT INFORMATION	6
2.1	Applicant Information	6
2.2	Manufacturer Information	6
2.3	Factory Information	6
2.4	General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)	6
2.5	Ancillary Equipment	7
2.6	Technical Information	8
2.7	Additional Instructions	10
3	SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	11
3.1	Test Standards	11
3.2	Verdict	11
4	GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS	12
4.1	Test Environments	12
4.2	Test Equipment List	12
4.3	Measurement Uncertainty	14
4.4	Description of Test Setup	14
4.4.1	For Antenna Port Test	14
4.4.2	For AC Power Supply Port Test	15
4.4.3	For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)	15
4.4.4	For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)	16

4.4.5	For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz).....	16
4.5	Measurement Results Explanation Example.....	17
4.5.1	For conducted test items:	17
4.5.2	For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:.....	17
5	TEST ITEMS.....	18
5.1	Antenna Requirements.....	18
5.1.1	Standard Applicable	18
5.1.2	Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction	18
5.1.3	Antenna Gain	18
5.2	Output Power	19
5.2.1	Test Limit.....	19
5.2.2	Test Setup	19
5.2.3	Test Procedure.....	19
5.2.4	Test Result	20
5.3	6dB Bandwidth	21
5.3.1	Limit.....	21
5.3.2	Test Setup	21
5.3.3	Test Procedure.....	21
5.3.4	Test Result	21
5.4	Conducted Spurious Emission	22
5.4.1	Limit.....	22
5.4.2	Test Setup	22
5.4.3	Test Procedure.....	22
5.4.4	Test Result	23
5.5	Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge).....	24
5.5.1	Limit.....	24
5.5.2	Test Setup	24
5.5.3	Test Procedure.....	24
5.5.4	Test Result	25
5.6	Conducted Emission	26
5.6.1	Limit.....	26
5.6.2	Test Setup	26

5.6.3	Test Procedure	26
5.6.4	Test Result	26
5.7	Radiated Spurious Emission	27
5.7.1	Limit.....	27
5.7.2	Test Setup	27
5.7.3	Test Procedure	27
5.7.4	Test Result	30
5.8	Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge).....	31
5.8.1	Limit.....	31
5.8.2	Test Setup	31
5.8.3	Test Procedure	31
5.8.4	Test Result	31
5.9	Power Spectral density (PSD).....	32
5.9.1	Limit.....	32
5.9.2	Test Setup	32
5.9.3	Test Procedure	32
5.9.4	Test Result	32
ANNEX A	TEST RESULT	33
A.1	Output Power	33
A.2	Bandwidth.....	34
A.3	Conducted Spurious Emissions	34
A.4	Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge).....	34
A.5	Conducted Emissions.....	34
A.6	Radiated Emission	35
A.7	Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge).....	43
A.8	Power Spectral Density (PSD)	43
ANNEX B	TEST SETUP PHOTOS	44
ANNEX C	EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS	44
ANNEX D	EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS	44

1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A-1. The laboratory has been listed by US Federal Communications Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 832625. The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.
Description	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China 518055

1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 25°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	45% - 55%
Ambient Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa

1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v5.9.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Chengdu Idealsee Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Tower B, New Hope Building, No.69, Tianfu No.3 Street, Mid Section, Tianfu Avenue, High-Tech Zone, Chengdu ,China

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Chengdu Idealens Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Room 101, Building C2, District C of Tianfu Software Park, No. 219 of Tianhua 2nd Road, High-tech Zone, Chengdu, Sichuan, China

2.3 Factory Information

Factory	Foxconn science and Ji Zhun Precision Industry(Huizhou) Co., Ltd.
Address	Ditch Village,Longxi Town,Boluo County,Huizhou City, Guangdong Province.

2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	Head-Mounted Virtual Reality Equipment
Model Name Under Test	K2+
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model name differentiation	N/A
Hardware Version	P2
Software Version	0.7.0.0
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A
Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth 3.0, Bluetooth 4.0 Low Energy (BLE), WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n(HT20/40), 802.11ac

2.5 Ancillary Equipment

Ancillary Equipment 1	Battery	
	Brand Name	IDEALENS
	Model No.	904764P
	Serial No.	N/A
	Capacitance	3800 mAh
	Rated Voltage	3.8 V
	Limited Voltage	4.35 V
Ancillary Equipment 2	Charger	
	Brand Name	IDEALENS
	Model No.	TUUS050200-L00
	Serial No.	N/A
	Rated Input	100-240 V~, 0.35 A, 50/60 Hz
	Rated Output	5 V---, 2 A
Ancillary Equipment 3	USB Data Cable	
	Length	1.0 m

2.6 Technical Information

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n(20 MHz): 2.412 GHz - 2.462 GHz $f_c = 2412 \text{ MHz} + (N-1)*5 \text{ MHz}$, where - f_c = "Operating Frequency" in MHz, - N = "Channel Number" with the range from 1 to 11. 802.11n(40 MHz): 2.422 GHz - 2.452 GHz $f_c = 2412 \text{ MHz} + (N-1)*5 \text{ MHz}$, where - f_c = "Operating Frequency" in MHz, - N = "Channel Number" with the range from 3 to 9.
Modulation Type	DSSS, OFDM
Product Type	Mobile
Antenna System (eg., MIMO, Smart Antenna)	N/A
Categorization as Correlated or Completely Uncorrelated	N/A
Antenna Type	Coupling Ceramics Antenna
Antenna Gain	3 dBi
About the Product	Only the WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n (HT20/40) was tested in this report.

Modulation technology	Modulation Type	Transfer Rate (Mbps)
DSSS (802.11b)	DBPSK	1
	DQPSK	2
	CCK	5.5/ 11
OFDM (802.11g)	BPSK	6 / 9
	QPSK	12 / 18
	16QAM	24 / 36
	64QAM	48 / 54
OFDM (802.11n-20MHz)	BPSK	6.5
	QPSK	13/19.5
	16QAM	26/39
	64QAM	52/58.5/65
OFDM (802.11n-40MHz)	BPSK	13.5
	QPSK	27/40.5
	16QAM	54/81/108
	64QAM	121.5/135

Note: Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate in above table to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	
Output Power	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
6dB Bandwidth	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Conducted Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Conducted Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Radiated Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Band Edge	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Power spectral density (PSD)	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9

Note: The above EUT information in section 2.4 and 2.6 was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.

2.7 Additional Instructions

EUT Software Settings:

Mode	☒ Special software is used. The software provided by client to enable the EUT under transmission condition continuously at specific channel frequencies individually.
------	--

EUT Software Settings:

Power level setup in software			
Test Software Version	N/A		
Support Units (Software installation media)	Description	Manufacturer	Model
	Laptop	Lenovo	X220
Mode	Channel	Soft Set	
802.11 b	All	TX LEVEL is built-in set parameters and cannot be changed and selected.	
802.11 g	All		
802.11 n20	All		
802.11 n40	All		

Run software:

```

Microsoft Windows [版本: 6.1.7601]
版权所有 (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation。保留所有权利。

C:\Users\NIT>cdh paramset
paramset succeeded

C:\Users\NIT>cdh shell ul rpo 0
C:\Users\NIT>cdh shell ul up
C:\Users\NIT>cdh shell ul pheng_stop rx
C:\Users\NIT>cdh shell ul pheng_stop rx
set: error parsing value "rx" as an integer for set of "pheng_stop"
war: unrecognized name, type -h for help

C:\Users\NIT>cdh shell ul country ALL
C:\Users\NIT>cdh shell ul PM H
C:\Users\NIT>cdh shell ul scan suppress 1
C:\Users\NIT>cdh shell ul band b
C:\Users\NIT>cdh shell ul channel 7
C:\Users\NIT>cdh shell ul pheng_start RH110203144:55 rx
C:\Users\NIT>pause
请按任意键继续. . .
C:\Users\NIT>

```

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C (10-1-15 Edition)	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services
2	KDB Publication 558074 D01v04	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247
3	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC PART No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203; 15.247(b)	N/A	Pass ^{Note 1}
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	ANNEX A.1	Pass ^{Note 2}
3	6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	ANNEX A.2	Pass ^{Note 2}
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	ANNEX A.3	Pass ^{Note 2}
5	Band Edge(Authorized-band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.4	Pass ^{Note 2}
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	ANNEX A.5	Pass ^{Note 2}
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.6	Pass ^{Note 2}
8	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.7	Pass ^{Note 2}
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	ANNEX A.8	Pass ^{Note 2}

Note ¹: Please refer to section 5.1.

Note ²: Because of the EUT (Test sample in this report) with the test sample (Test report No. is BL-SZ1660028-603 (which is issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. On Jul, 22. 2016) just model name, Motherboard and display changes. So the supplement differences in the test just Output Power and Radiated Emission. Other test items please refer to the report BL-SZ1660028-603 issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. On Jul, 22. 2016.

4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% - 55%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22°C to +25°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.8 V

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-30	103118	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Switch Unit with OSP-B157	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	OSP120	101270	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2016.09.09	2017.09.08
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2016.07.05	2017.07.04
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2016.07.05	2017.07.04
Bluetooth Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CBT	101005	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Power Splitter	KMW	DCPD-LDC	1305003215	--	--
Power Sensor	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP-Z21	103971	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Attenuator (20 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-201	110617091	--	--
Attenuator (6 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-61	1305003189	--	--
DC Power Supply	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	HMP2020	018141664	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Temperature Chamber	ANGELANTIONI SCIENCE	NTH64-40A	1310	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Test Antenna- Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna- Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna- Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1148	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna- Horn(15-26.5 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	9170-305	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2017.02.21	2019.02.20
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co., Ltd	20.10*11.60 *7.35m	N/A	2016.08.09	2018.08.08
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703	--	--
Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	177746	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Power Amplifier	OPHIR RF	5225F	1037	2017.02.17	2018.02.16
Power Amplifier	OPHIR RF	5273F	1016	2017.02.17	2018.02.16
Directional Coupler	Werlantone	C5982-10	109275	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Werlantone	CHP-273E	S00801z-01	N/A	N/A
Feld Strength Meter	Narda	EP601	511WX51129	2017.02.23	2018.02.22

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Mouth Simulator	B&K	4227	2423931	2016.11.15	2017.11.14
Sound Calibrator	B&K	4231	2430337	2016.11.09	2017.11.08
Sound Level Meter	B&K	NL-20	00844023	2016.11.11	2017.11.10
Ear Simulator	B&K	4185	2409449	2016.11.15	2017.11.14
Ear Simulator	B&K	4195	2418189	2016.11.15	2017.11.14
Audio analyzer	B&K	UPL 16	100129	2016.11.08	2017.11.07

4.3 Measurement Uncertainty

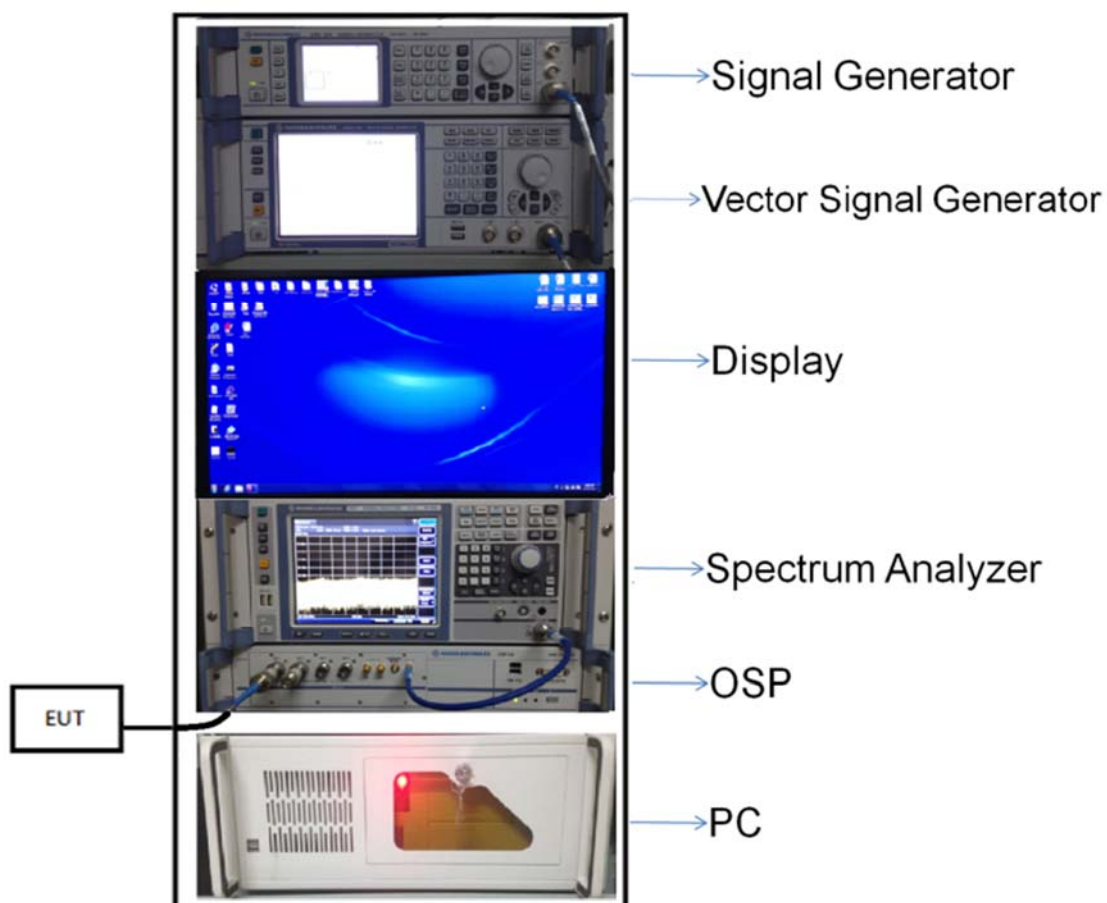
The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

Measurement	Value
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	$\pm 4\%$
RF output power, conducted	± 1.4 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	± 2.5 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	± 2.8 dB
All emissions, radiated	± 5.4 dB
Temperature	$\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$
Humidity	$\pm 4\%$

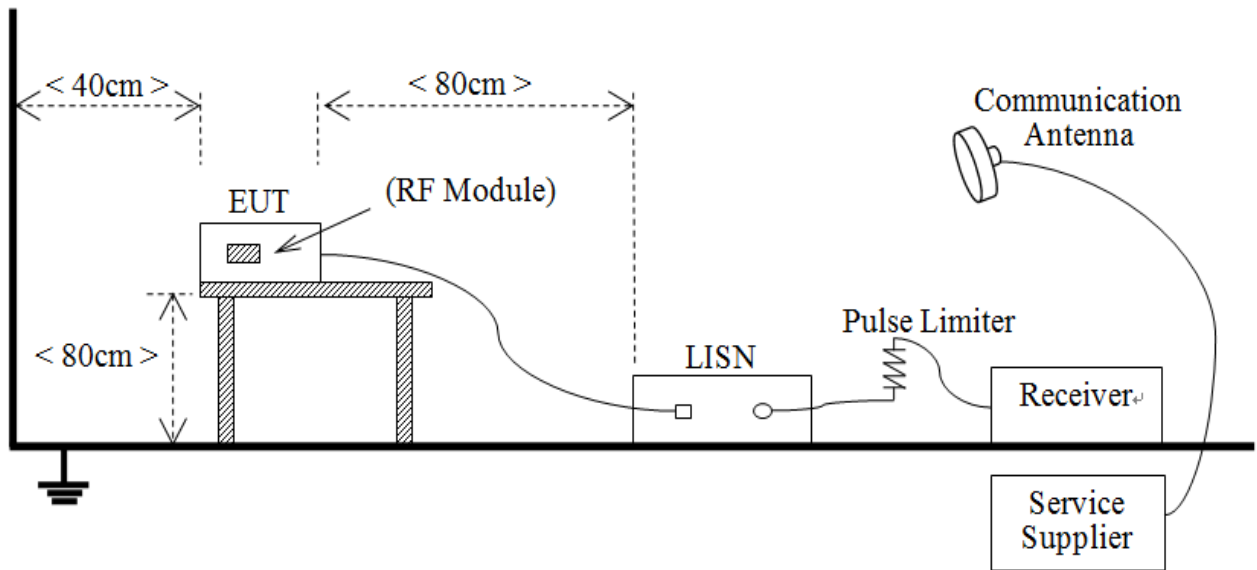
4.4 Description of Test Setup

4.4.1 For Antenna Port Test



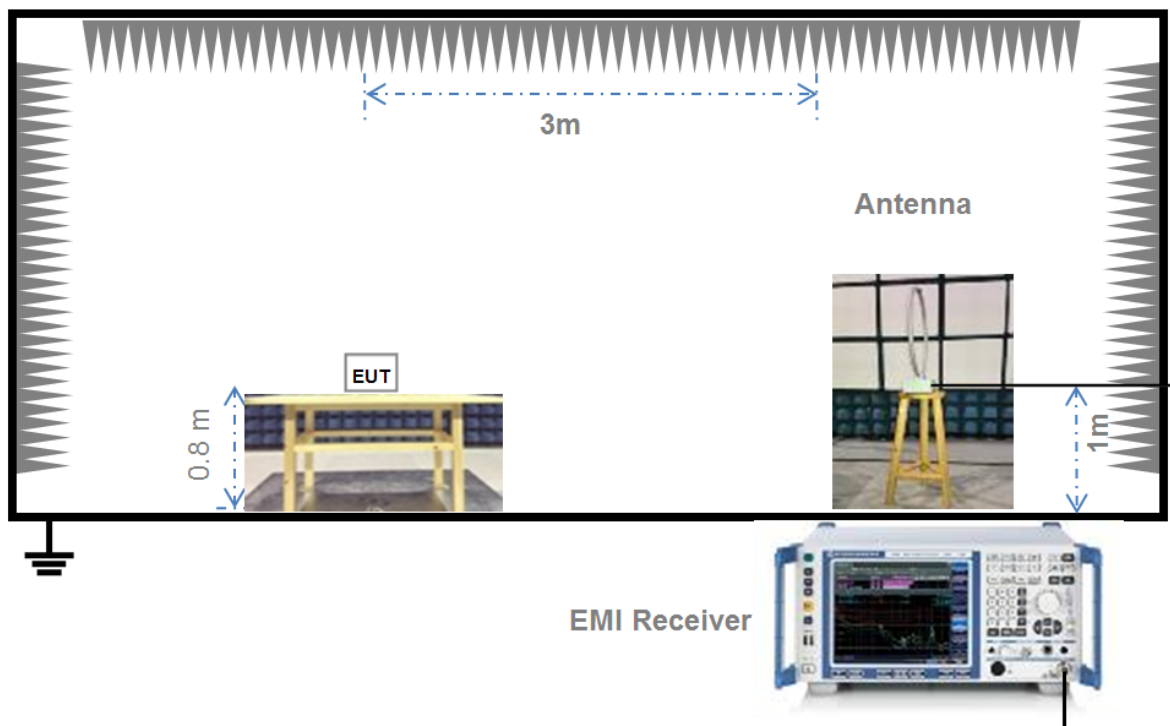
(Diagram 1)

4.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



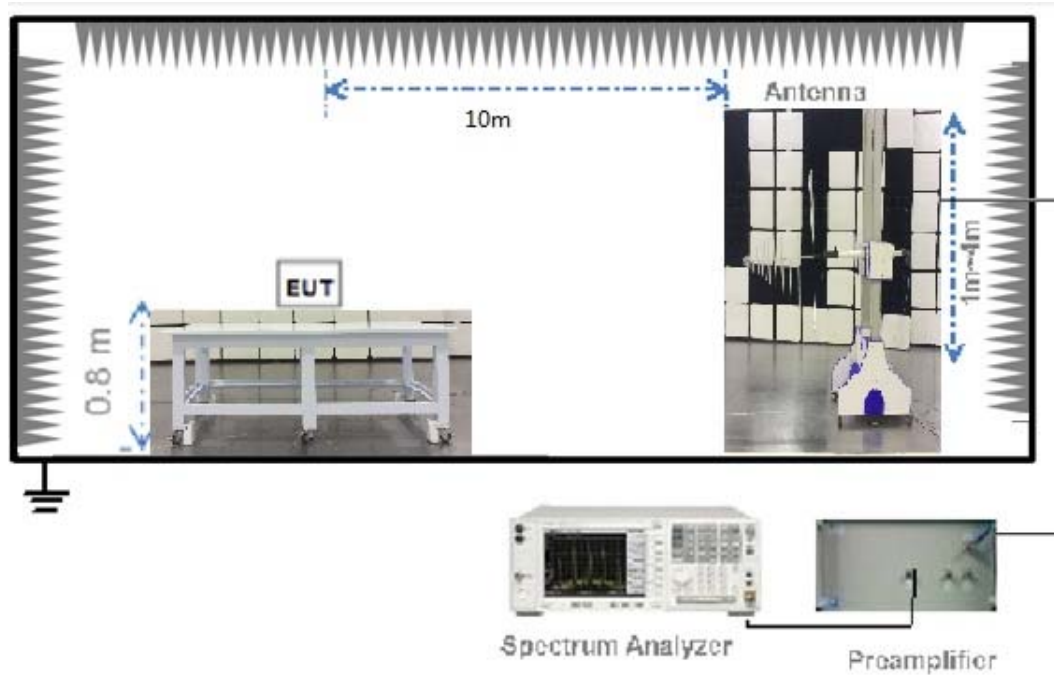
(Diagram 2)

4.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



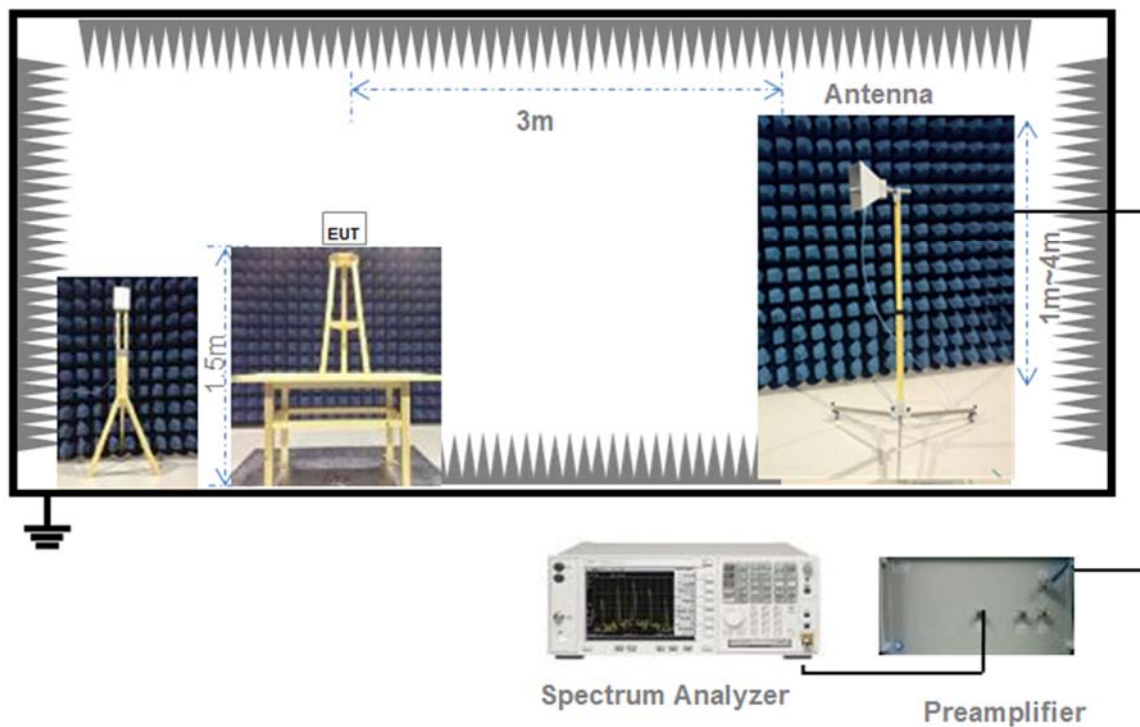
(Diagram 3)

4.4.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

4.5 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.5.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.5.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP= Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)

5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Standard Applicable

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (6)

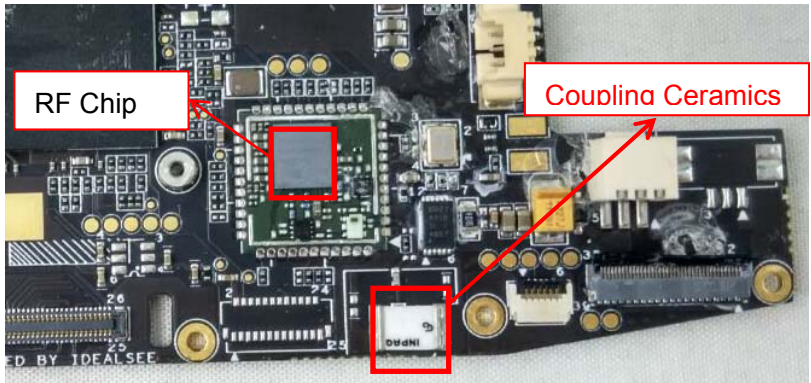
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is An embedded-in	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (4)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
 - 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 - 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.

d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set $RBW \geq OBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.

5.36dB Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-GEN, 6.6

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.

5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9, RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle $\geq 98\%$). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) ± 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission ± 0.5 MHz.

Standard method(The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band):

Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.

Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).

Sweep time: Coupled.

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.

Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.

Detector: Peak.

Trace: Max hold.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.

5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.

5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
2. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3 to 4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20 \log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz

> 1000 MHz	1 MHz
------------	-------

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle ≥ 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if $\text{span}/(\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq (\text{RBW}/2)$. Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.

5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.

5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.2 (2)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.

ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle	T (ms)	1/T(kHz)
802.11b	1.00	20.00	0.05
802.11g	0.94	1.36	0.74
802.11n-20 MHz	0.94	1.28	0.78
802.11n-40 MHz	0.86	0.89	1.12

Peak Power Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	12.49	17.74	30	1000	Pass
Middle	12.44	17.54			Pass
High	12.50	17.78			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	11.75	14.96	30	1000	Pass
Middle	11.72	14.86			Pass
High	11.87	15.38			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	10.03	10.07	30	1000	Pass
Middle	9.96	9.91			Pass
High	9.99	9.98			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	8.18	6.58	30	1000	Pass
Middle	8.19	6.59			Pass
High	8.10	6.46			Pass

A.2 Bandwidth

Note: Bandwidth result reference from original test report: BL-SZ1660028-603 (issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. On Jul, 22. 2016) A.2 Bandwidth.

A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Note: Conducted Spurious Emissions result reference from original test report: BL-SZ1660028-603 (issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. On Jul, 22. 2016) A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions.

A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge) result reference from original test report: BL-SZ1660028-603 (issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. On Jul, 22. 2016) A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge).

A.5 Conducted Emissions

Note: Conducted Emissions result reference from original test report: BL-SZ1660028-603 (issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. On Jul, 22. 2016) A.5 Conducted Emissions.

A.6 Radiated Emission

Note¹: The symbol of “--” in the table which means not application.

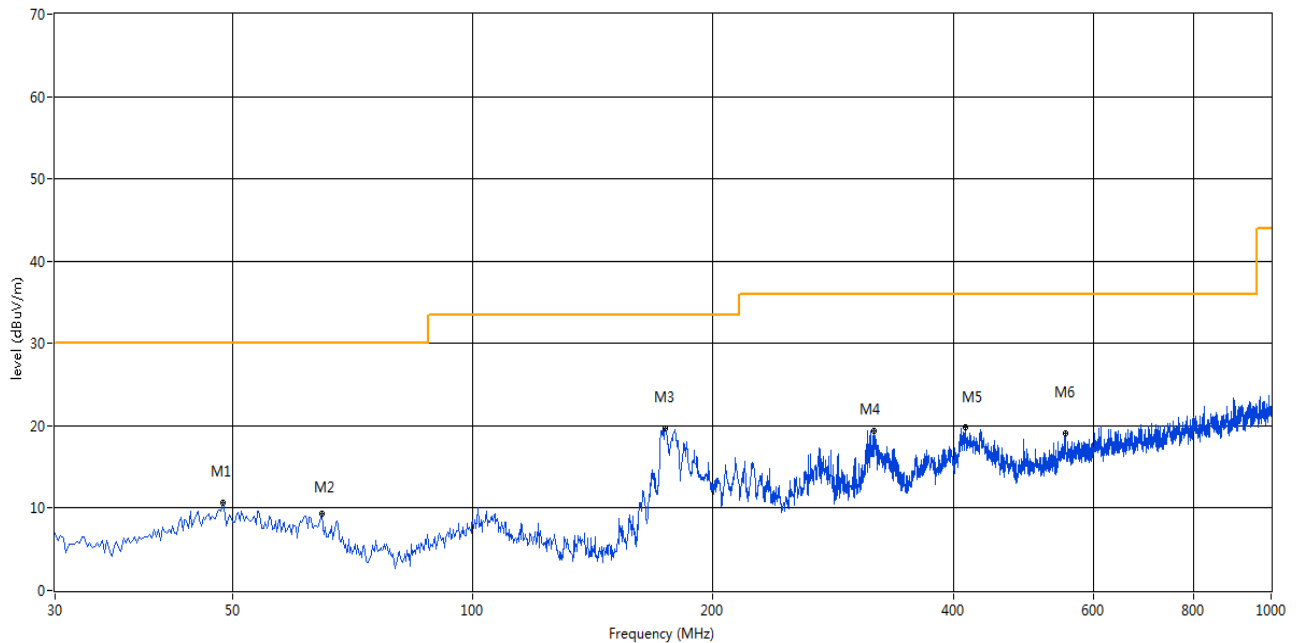
Note²: For the test data above 1 GHz, According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note³: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note⁴: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz.

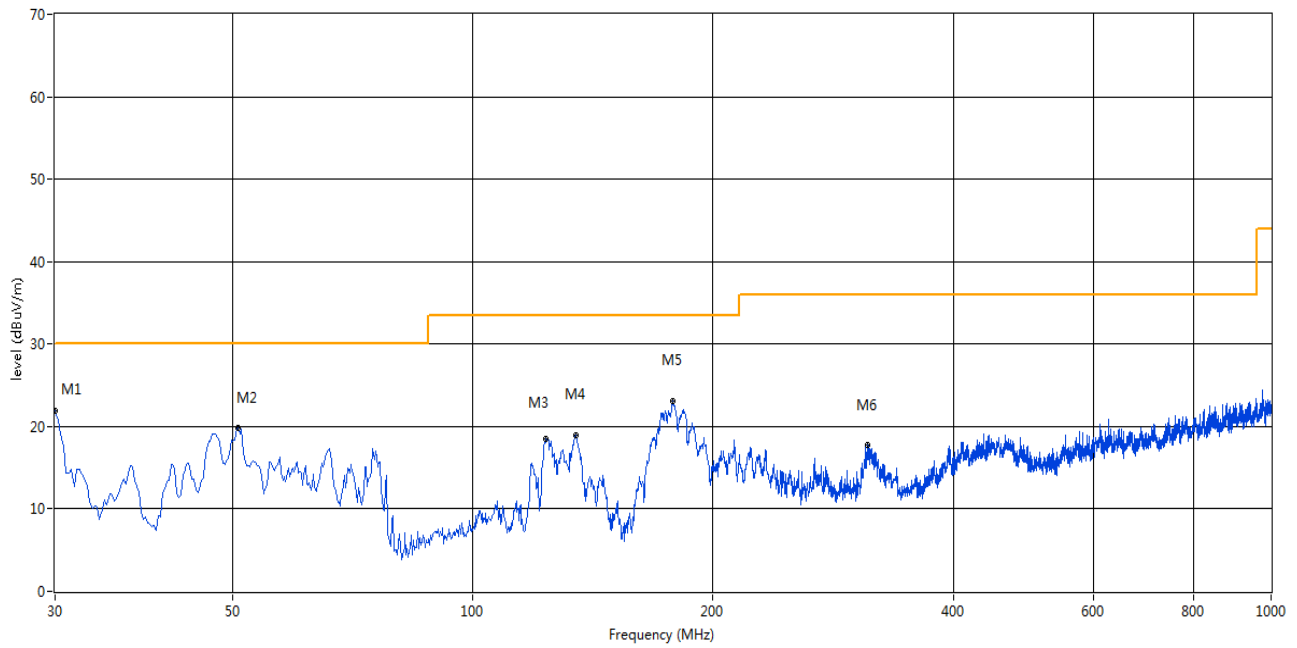
Test Data and Plots

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	48.668	10.62	-13.28	30.0	19.38	Peak	66.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	64.669	9.34	-15.69	30.0	20.66	Peak	0.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	174.494	19.63	-17.41	33.5	13.87	Peak	234.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
4	317.776	19.46	-11.89	36.0	16.54	Peak	264.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5	414.509	19.89	-9.37	36.0	16.11	Peak	73.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6	553.427	19.09	-6.65	36.0	16.91	Peak	210.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	30.000	21.94	-16.39	30.0	8.06	Peak	360.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2	50.850	19.77	-13.38	30.0	10.23	Peak	299.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	123.339	18.53	-17.71	33.5	14.97	Peak	150.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	134.734	18.93	-18.76	33.5	14.57	Peak	108.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	178.373	23.05	-17.10	33.5	10.45	Peak	144.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	312.199	17.72	-12.06	36.0	18.28	Peak	299.00	100	Vertical	Pass

Note: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11b Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2412.63	98.72	-3.35	74	-24.72	Peak	304.9	150	Vertical	N/A
2	2509.75	49.83	-2.97	74	24.17	Peak	230.4	150	Vertical	PASS
3	6178.39	49.44	10.30	74	24.56	Peak	352.9	150	Vertical	PASS
4	10739.60	45.64	13.77	74	28.36	Peak	141	150	Vertical	PASS
5	17876.87	45.93	9.11	74	28.07	Peak	264.9	150	Vertical	PASS
6	23312.81	44.70	12.31	74	29.30	Peak	13.4	150	Vertical	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11b Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2412.66	95.21	-3.35	74	-21.21	Peak	34	150	Horizontal	N/A
2	2512.90	49.47	-2.99	74	24.53	Peak	107.7	150	Horizontal	PASS
3	6601.21	50.52	11.16	74	23.48	Peak	54.7	150	Horizontal	PASS
4	8549.50	45.65	14.42	74	28.35	Peak	352.8	150	Horizontal	PASS
5	12469.22	45.58	9.65	74	28.42	Peak	167.6	150	Horizontal	PASS
6	23622.30	44.15	13.97	74	29.85	Peak	52.1	150	Horizontal	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11b Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2436.74	99.79	-3.40	74	-25.79	Peak	47.5	150	Vertical	N/A
2	2513.99	49.75	-3.15	74	24.25	Peak	2.6	150	Vertical	PASS
3	6174.31	49.98	10.31	74	24.02	Peak	9.5	150	Vertical	PASS
4	6292.01	47.18	20.20	74	26.82	Peak	67.7	150	Vertical	PASS
5	14434.69	42.93	12.16	74	31.07	Peak	276.6	150	Vertical	PASS
6	21036.61	44.77	10.83	74	29.23	Peak	304.1	150	Vertical	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11b Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2438.25	95.80	-3.35	74	-21.80	Peak	307.8	150	Horizontal	N/A
2	2513.82	49.50	-2.97	74	24.50	Peak	222.3	150	Horizontal	PASS
3	6602.10	49.79	11.16	74	24.21	Peak	346.7	150	Horizontal	PASS
4	6527.87	46.38	19.10	74	27.62	Peak	270.1	150	Horizontal	PASS
5	12750.00	43.73	9.46	74	30.27	Peak	146.8	150	Horizontal	PASS
6	21745.42	44.55	8.32	74	29.45	Peak	245.8	150	Horizontal	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11b High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2461.74	98.64	-3.31	74	-24.64	Peak	125.2	150	Vertical	N/A
2	2510.50	50.62	-3.15	74	23.38	Peak	301	150	Vertical	PASS
3	6172.00	49.26	10.30	74	24.74	Peak	317.1	150	Vertical	PASS
4	11975.04	49.68	14.33	74	24.32	Peak	333.1	150	Vertical	PASS
5	12833.20	45.22	9.73	74	28.78	Peak	348.7	150	Vertical	PASS
6	23292.85	46.13	11.74	74	27.87	Peak	185.6	150	Vertical	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11b High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2461.66	96.59	-3.35	74	-22.59	Peak	127.1	150	Horizontal	N/A
2	2514.52	49.69	-2.97	74	24.31	Peak	12.2	150	Horizontal	PASS
3	6600.83	50.57	11.26	74	23.43	Peak	201	150	Horizontal	PASS
4	7257.90	45.92	13.72	74	28.08	Peak	133.3	150	Horizontal	PASS
5	15225.04	46.03	12.44	74	27.97	Peak	156.4	150	Horizontal	PASS
6	22643.93	43.76	8.98	74	30.24	Peak	264.5	150	Horizontal	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11g Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2411.22	98.64	-3.36	74	-24.64	Peak	273.7	150	Vertical	N/A
2	2512.61	50.87	-3.02	74	23.13	Peak	157.3	150	Vertical	PASS
3	6171.98	49.86	10.30	74	24.14	Peak	113.5	150	Vertical	PASS
4	8291.18	48.85	18.58	74	25.15	Peak	330.4	150	Vertical	PASS
5	16878.54	47.81	9.53	74	26.19	Peak	32.5	150	Vertical	PASS
6	18552.83	42.79	10.02	74	31.21	Peak	146.1	150	Vertical	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11g Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2413.70	95.75	-3.19	74	-21.75	Peak	39.2	150	Horizontal	N/A
2	2897.63	49.31	-0.57	74	24.69	Peak	206.6	150	Horizontal	PASS
3	6206.10	50.03	10.45	74	23.97	Peak	229.3	150	Horizontal	PASS
4	9111.07	45.48	17.02	74	28.52	Peak	244.9	150	Horizontal	PASS
5	16920.13	42.90	9.76	74	31.10	Peak	59.6	150	Horizontal	PASS
6	20697.17	49.32	11.22	74	24.68	Peak	274.1	150	Horizontal	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11g Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2436.38	98.77	-3.31	74	-24.77	Peak	214.6	150	Vertical	N/A
2	2510.59	51.19	-3.12	74	22.81	Peak	15.3	150	Vertical	PASS
3	6170.16	49.89	10.31	74	24.11	Peak	346.1	150	Vertical	PASS
4	10009.57	46.19	18.90	74	27.81	Peak	357.9	150	Vertical	PASS
5	14621.88	43.10	9.75	74	30.90	Peak	302.9	150	Vertical	PASS
6	18303.25	46.25	13.16	74	27.75	Peak	9.4	150	Vertical	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11g Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2437.29	96.34	-3.32	74	-22.34	Peak	185.7	150	Horizontal	N/A
2	2894.95	48.45	-0.56	74	25.55	Peak	92.6	150	Horizontal	PASS
3	6204.16	49.16	10.55	74	24.84	Peak	177.2	150	Horizontal	PASS
4	9234.61	44.98	20.22	74	29.02	Peak	354.1	150	Horizontal	PASS
5	13041.18	43.18	9.51	74	30.82	Peak	247.3	150	Horizontal	PASS
6	21545.76	45.90	11.13	74	28.10	Peak	347.2	150	Horizontal	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11g High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2462.00	99.68	-3.36	74	-25.68	Peak	170.7	150	Vertical	N/A
2	2511.50	50.97	-2.97	74	23.03	Peak	242.4	150	Vertical	PASS
3	6174.00	49.28	10.36	74	24.72	Peak	216	150	Vertical	PASS
4	6539.10	42.84	15.05	74	31.16	Peak	177.7	150	Vertical	PASS
5	13561.15	49.19	9.21	74	24.81	Peak	306	150	Vertical	PASS
6	20257.90	44.01	11.00	74	29.99	Peak	193.8	150	Vertical	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11g High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2462.22	95.49	-3.25	74	-21.49	Peak	46.4	150	Horizontal	N/A
2	2898.94	48.55	-0.69	74	25.45	Peak	199.4	150	Horizontal	PASS
3	6206.42	50.08	10.44	74	23.92	Peak	4.8	150	Horizontal	PASS
4	10009.57	43.01	19.10	74	30.99	Peak	70.2	150	Horizontal	PASS
5	12603.99	45.37	8.70	74	28.63	Peak	280.6	150	Horizontal	PASS
6	23203.00	45.89	9.82	74	28.11	Peak	80.2	150	Horizontal	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2412.07	95.87	-3.37	74	-21.87	Peak	190.7	150	Vertical	N/A
2	2802.98	48.32	-0.91	74	25.68	Peak	19.4	150	Vertical	PASS
3	6103.62	50.29	10.77	74	23.71	Peak	227	150	Vertical	PASS
4	11323.63	41.15	19.56	74	32.85	Peak	283	150	Vertical	PASS
5	17627.29	43.90	11.00	74	30.10	Peak	123.8	150	Vertical	PASS
6	19958.40	47.91	12.09	74	26.09	Peak	141.4	150	Vertical	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2412.26	92.64	-3.25	74	-18.64	Peak	336.1	150	Horizontal	N/A
2	2891.25	47.97	-0.50	74	26.03	Peak	339.2	150	Horizontal	PASS
3	6164.04	49.11	10.46	74	24.89	Peak	339.4	150	Horizontal	PASS
4	7987.94	43.93	13.99	74	30.07	Peak	309.1	150	Horizontal	PASS
5	17564.89	49.62	9.31	74	24.38	Peak	349.6	150	Horizontal	PASS
6	22763.73	45.06	8.20	74	28.94	Peak	346.8	150	Horizontal	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2438.29	96.25	-3.19	74	-22.25	Peak	156.1	150	Vertical	N/A
2	2801.59	48.64	-0.91	74	25.36	Peak	48	150	Vertical	PASS
3	6104.32	50.02	10.77	74	23.98	Peak	180.7	150	Vertical	PASS
4	10739.60	43.20	13.77	74	30.80	Peak	348	150	Vertical	PASS
5	17679.29	46.78	10.80	74	27.22	Peak	337.7	150	Vertical	PASS
6	22823.63	45.11	13.90	74	28.89	Peak	175.1	150	Vertical	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2438.91	93.28	-3.24	74	-19.28	Peak	22.5	150	Horizontal	N/A
2	2893.34	49.31	-0.44	74	24.69	Peak	220.9	150	Horizontal	PASS
3	6162.60	49.14	10.44	74	24.86	Peak	100.8	150	Horizontal	PASS
4	10425.13	44.62	18.37	74	29.38	Peak	325.3	150	Horizontal	PASS
5	17252.91	46.51	10.13	74	27.49	Peak	42.8	150	Horizontal	PASS
6	20198.00	45.36	9.28	74	28.64	Peak	307.3	150	Horizontal	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2460.72	96.27	-3.44	74	-22.27	Peak	188.6	150	Vertical	N/A
2	2802.50	48.87	-1.00	74	25.13	Peak	143	150	Vertical	PASS
3	6107.00	50.39	10.83	74	23.61	Peak	138.9	150	Vertical	PASS
4	6494.18	45.23	14.51	74	28.77	Peak	250.1	150	Vertical	PASS
5	17024.13	45.16	9.08	74	28.84	Peak	346.8	150	Vertical	PASS
6	21166.39	46.63	9.48	74	27.37	Peak	315.1	150	Vertical	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2461.66	91.99	-3.33	74	-17.99	Peak	167.6	150	Horizontal	N/A
2	2891.36	49.31	-0.04	74	24.69	Peak	161.6	150	Horizontal	PASS
3	6162.24	50.26	10.46	74	23.74	Peak	118.3	150	Horizontal	PASS
4	8493.34	43.00	14.81	74	31.00	Peak	208.4	150	Horizontal	PASS
5	14101.91	47.21	8.64	74	26.79	Peak	89.4	150	Horizontal	PASS
6	20687.19	46.89	12.19	74	27.11	Peak	122.3	150	Horizontal	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n40 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2422.32	92.01	-3.36	74	-18.01	Peak	244.9	150	Vertical	N/A
2	2705.03	48.59	-1.19	74	25.41	Peak	299.5	150	Vertical	PASS
3	6051.69	48.59	10.75	74	25.41	Peak	159.6	150	Vertical	PASS
4	11705.49	47.06	20.65	74	26.94	Peak	113.8	150	Vertical	PASS
5	17055.32	48.91	9.47	74	25.09	Peak	253.2	150	Vertical	PASS
6	23402.66	46.22	10.28	74	27.78	Peak	123.2	150	Vertical	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n40 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2421.15	88.85	-3.42	74	-14.85	Peak	246.8	150	Horizontal	N/A
2	2718.71	48.59	-1.25	74	25.41	Peak	221.1	150	Horizontal	PASS
3	6097.98	49.57	10.82	74	24.43	Peak	42.8	150	Horizontal	PASS
4	6123.54	41.84	16.73	74	32.16	Peak	137.6	150	Horizontal	PASS
5	17065.72	45.99	9.28	74	28.01	Peak	261.8	150	Horizontal	PASS
6	23252.91	46.58	12.24	74	27.42	Peak	140.2	150	Horizontal	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n40 Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2439.27	92.14	-3.35	74	-18.14	Peak	348.1	150	Vertical	N/A
2	2706.06	47.96	-1.22	74	26.04	Peak	225.9	150	Vertical	PASS
3	6050.69	49.34	10.78	74	24.66	Peak	343.9	150	Vertical	PASS
4	9414.31	47.88	15.51	74	26.12	Peak	8.1	150	Vertical	PASS
5	14549.09	49.42	9.29	74	24.58	Peak	211.2	150	Vertical	PASS
6	24530.78	43.77	11.23	74	30.23	Peak	105.2	150	Vertical	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n40 Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2435.20	87.42	-3.37	74	-13.42	Peak	16.2	150	Horizontal	N/A
2	2717.95	49.88	-0.97	74	24.12	Peak	205.1	150	Horizontal	PASS
3	6096.44	49.96	10.82	74	24.04	Peak	150.4	150	Horizontal	PASS
4	6595.26	45.18	13.88	74	28.82	Peak	58.7	150	Horizontal	PASS
5	17107.32	45.54	12.03	74	28.46	Peak	134.5	150	Horizontal	PASS
6	24001.66	48.60	10.14	74	25.40	Peak	358.2	150	Horizontal	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V 802.11n40 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2452.30	92.10	-3.35	74	-18.10	Peak	230.4	150	Vertical	N/A
2	2706.00	49.21	-1.19	74	24.79	Peak	31.9	150	Vertical	PASS
3	6049.00	48.24	10.75	74	25.76	Peak	244.9	150	Vertical	PASS
4	10256.66	45.89	17.05	74	28.11	Peak	190	150	Vertical	PASS
5	16961.73	45.30	9.02	74	28.70	Peak	46.9	150	Vertical	PASS
6	23163.06	44.16	9.67	74	29.84	Peak	224.3	150	Vertical	PASS

1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H 802.11n40 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	2452.78	88.02	-3.37	74	-14.02	Peak	144.2	150	Horizontal	N/A
2	2721.70	48.99	-1.05	74	25.01	Peak	44.6	150	Horizontal	PASS
3	6099.97	50.11	10.80	74	23.89	Peak	54.4	150	Horizontal	PASS
4	7943.01	46.43	18.86	74	27.57	Peak	81.6	150	Horizontal	PASS
5	16358.57	45.17	9.04	74	28.83	Peak	254.7	150	Horizontal	PASS
6	19439.27	45.70	10.18	74	28.30	Peak	154	150	Horizontal	PASS

A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note: Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge) result reference from original test report: BL-SZ1660028-603 (issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. On Jul, 22. 2016) A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge).

A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Note: Power Spectral Density (PSD) result reference from original test report: BL-SZ1660028-603 (issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. On Jul, 22. 2016) A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD).

ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ1740297-AR.pdf”.

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ1740297-AW.pdf”.

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ1740297-AI.pdf”.

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