

RF Exposure evaluation

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$\left[\frac{\text{(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)}}{\text{(min. test separation distance, mm)}} \right] \cdot \left[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \right] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case is as below: [2480 MHz 6.19dBm (4.16 mW) output power]

$$\left(\frac{4.16\text{mW}}{5\text{mm}} \right) \cdot \left[\sqrt{2.480(\text{GHz})} \right] = 1.3 < 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR

Then SAR evaluation is not required