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Test Report

Certification

FCC ID	2AJAC-T5IW
Equipment Under Test	T5IW8, T5IW11
Test Report Serial No	V081319_01
Dates of Test	August 20, 2025 - September 3, 2025
Report Issue Date	December 30, 2025

Test Specifications:	Applicant:
FCC Part 15, Subpart C	Snap One LLC 1800 Continental Blvd., Suite 200-300 Charlotte NC 28273 U.S.A.



Certification of Engineering Report

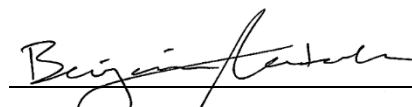
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Applicant	Snap One LLC
Manufacturer	Snap One LLC
Brand Name	Snap One
Model Number	T5IW8, T5IW11
FCC ID	2AJAC-T5IW

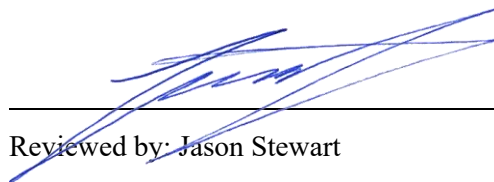
On this 30th day of December 2025, I, individually and for VPI Technology, Inc., certify that the statements made in this engineering report are true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge, and are made in good faith.

Although NVLAP has accredited the VPI Technology, Inc. EMC testing facilities, this report must not be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the US government.

VPI Technology, Inc.



Tested by: Benjamin N. Antczak



Reviewed by: Jason Stewart

Revision History		
Revision	Description	Date
01	Original Report Release	December 30, 2025

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1 Client Information

1.1 Applicant

Company Name	Snap One LLC 1800 Continental Blvd., Suite 200-300 Charlotte NC 28273 U.S.A.
Contact Name	Roger Midgley
Title	Sr. Regulatory Compliance Engineer

1.2 Manufacturer

Company Name	Snap One LLC 1800 Continental Blvd., Suite 200-300 Charlotte NC 28273 U.S.A.
Contact Name	Roger Midgley
Title	Sr. Regulatory Compliance Engineer

2 Equipment Under Test (EUT)

2.1 Identification of EUT

Brand Name	SnapOne		
Model Number	T5IW8, T5IW11		
Serial Numbers	000FFF0AB6E6	(T5IW8 Radiated Emissions)	
	000FFF0AB6EB	(T5IW11 Radiated Emissions)	
	000FFF0AB6F4	(T5IW Antenna-Port Conducted Emissions)	
Dimensions (cm)	14.5 x 20.8 x 2.5	(T5IW8)	
	18.2 x 26.6 x 2.5	(T5IW11)	
Mfr. Declared Antenna Gain (dBi)	5.1	(T5IW8)	
	4.75	(T5IW11)	

2.2 Customer Supplied Data (if applicable)

2.2.1 Disclaimer

This test report contains customer supplied data that may change the validity of the results presented. The customer maintains responsibility for the accuracy of these results.

2.3 Description of EUT

The T5IW8 and T5IW11 are home control touchscreens for use in Snap One smart home systems. The devices differ in size, 8 inch and 11 inch, respectively. All transmitter components are identical. Devices are powered via 54VDC PoE and for testing used a 54VDC 1.1A LUMA LUM-A20-POE60W. Antenna gains were evaluated in manufacturer-provided JAE Industry, Ltd. report DCF-C-447 (21,04). The devices contain a 2.4GHz transmitter capable of operating as Bluetooth FHSS or BLE DTS.

All FHSS modulation schemes utilize the following channel map:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	20	2422	40	2442	60	2462
1	2403	21	2423	41	2443	61	2463
2	2404	22	2424	42	2444	62	2464
3	2405	23	2425	43	2445	63	2465
4	2406	24	2426	44	2446	64	2466
5	2407	25	2427	45	2447	65	2467
6	2408	26	2428	46	2448	66	2468
7	2409	27	2429	47	2449	67	2469
8	2410	28	2430	48	2450	68	2470
9	2411	29	2431	49	2451	69	2471

10	2412	30	2432	50	2452	70	2472
11	2413	31	2433	51	2453	71	2473
12	2414	32	2434	52	2454	72	2474
13	2415	33	2435	53	2455	73	2475
14	2416	34	2436	54	2456	74	2476
15	2417	35	2437	55	2457	75	2477
16	2418	36	2438	56	2458	76	2478
17	2419	37	2439	57	2459	77	2479
18	2420	38	2440	58	2460	78	2480
19	2421	39	2441	59	2461		

DTS BLE modulation schemes utilize the following channel map:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
37	2402	9	2422	18	2442	28	2462
0	2404	10	2424	19	2444	29	2464
1	2406	38	2426	20	2446	30	2466
2	2408	11	2428	21	2448	31	2468
3	2410	12	2430	22	2450	32	2470
4	2412	13	2432	23	2452	33	2472
5	2414	14	2434	24	2454	34	2474
6	2416	15	2436	25	2456	35	2476
7	2418	16	2438	26	2458	36	2478
8	2420	17	2440	27	2460	39	2480

This report covers the Bluetooth and BLE modulation schemes of the circuitry of the devices subject to FCC Part 15, Subpart C. The 802.11 modulation schemes of the circuitry of the device subject to FCC Subpart C was found to be compliant and is covered in VPI Technology, Inc. report V081318_01. The circuitry of the device subject to FCC Subpart E was found to be compliant and is covered in VPI Technology, Inc. report V081322_01. The circuitry of the device subject to FCC Subpart B was not evaluated by VPI Technologies, Inc.

2.4 EUT and Support Equipment

The EUT and support equipment used during the test are listed below.

Brand Name Model Number Serial Number	Description	Name of Interface Ports / Interface Cables
BN: Snap One MN: T5IW8, T5IW11 (Note 1) SN: See Section 2.1	8 Inch and 11 Inch In-Wall Smart-Home Control Screen	See Section 2.4
BN: LUMA MN: LUM-A20-POE60W SN: ST2347002206701320	54VDC 1.1A PoE++ Injector	PoE Input / Cat5e Ethernet (Note 2)
BN: Trendnet MN: TEG-S50TXE SN: CA06225006898	Network Switch	No Connection to EUT (POE Injector's Data Port / Cat 5e Ethernet)
BN: Netgear MN: R7000 SN: 44214877A4B41	Network Router	No Connection to EUT (Network Switch / Cat 5e Ethernet)
BN: Lenovo MN: ThinkPad T460s SN: N/A	PC Laptop	No Connection to EUT (Network Switch / Cat 5e Ethernet)

Notes: (1) EUT

(2) Interface port connected to EUT (See Section 2.4)

The support equipment listed above was not modified in order to achieve compliance with this standard.

2.5 Interface Ports on EUT

EUT contains a single PoE port:

Name of Ports	No. of Ports Fitted to EUT	Cable Description/Length
PoE	1 of 1 (Radiated Emissions)	Cat 5e Ethernet / 7 meters
PoE	1 of 1 (Antenna-Port Conducted Emissions)	Cat 5e Ethernet / 1 meter

2.6 Modification Incorporated/Special Accessories on EUT

The following modifications were made to the EUT by the Client during testing to comply with the specification. This report is not complete without an accompanying signed attestation, that the product will have all of the documented modifications incorporated into the product when manufactured and placed on the market.

- RF Power level output set to maximum possible output.

2.7 Deviation from Test Standard

There were no deviations from the test specification.

3 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

3.1 Test Specification

Title	FCC PART 15, Subpart C (47 CFR 15) 15.203, 15.207, and 15.247 Limits and methods of measurement of radio interference characteristics of radio frequency devices.
Purpose of Test	The tests were performed to demonstrate initial compliance

3.2 Methods & Procedures

3.2.1 §15.203 Antenna Requirement

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

3.2.2 §15.207 Conducted Limits

(a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50*	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Table 1: Limits for conducted emissions at mains ports of Class B ITE.

3.2.3 §15.247 Operation within the bands 902 – 928 MHz, 2400 – 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 – 5850 MHz

- Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions.

- 1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudorandomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.
 - i. For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.
 - ii. Frequency hopping systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band shall use at least 75 hopping frequencies. The maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 1 MHz. The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 30 second period.
 - iii. Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 non-overlapping channels are used.
 - 2) Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.
- b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:
- 1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.
 - 2) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

- 3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725 – 5850 MHz bands: 1 watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.
 - 4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- c) Operation with directional antenna gains greater than 6 dBi.
- 1) Fixed point-to-point operation:
 - i. Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
 - ii. Systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.
 - iii. Fixed, point-to-point operation, as used in paragraphs (b)(4)(i) and (b)(4)(ii) of this section, excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.
 - 2) In addition to the provisions in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(3), (b)(4) and (c)(1)(i) of this section, transmitters operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that emit multiple directional beams, simultaneously or sequentially, for the purpose of directing signals to individual receivers or to groups of receivers provided the emissions comply with the following:
 - i. Different information must be transmitted to each receiver.

- ii. If the transmitter employs an antenna system that emits multiple directional beams but does not emit multiple directional beams simultaneously, the total output power conducted to the array or arrays that comprise the device, i.e., the sum of the power supplied to all antennas, antenna elements, staves, etc. and summed across all carriers or frequency channels, shall not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(3) of this section, as applicable. However, the total conducted output power shall be reduced by 1 dB below the specified limits for each 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna /antenna array exceeds 6 dBi. The directional antenna gain shall be computed as follows:
 - A. The directional gain shall be calculated as the sum of 10 log (number of array elements or staves) plus the directional gain of the element or staff having the highest gain.
 - B. A lower value for the directional gain than that calculated in paragraph (c)(2)(ii)(A) of this section will be accepted if sufficient evidence is presented, e.g., due to shading of the array or coherence loss in the beamforming.
 - iii. If a transmitter employs an antenna that operates simultaneously on multiple directional beams using the same or different frequency channels, the power supplied to each emission beam is subject to the power limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section. If transmitted beams overlap, the power shall be reduced to ensure that their aggregate power does not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section. In addition, the aggregate power transmitted simultaneously on all beams shall not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section by more than 8 dB.
 - iv. Transmitters that emit a single directional beam shall operate under the provisions of paragraph (c)(1) of this section.
- d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).
 - e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.
 - f) For the purposes of this section, hybrid systems are those that employ a combination of both frequency hopping and digital modulation techniques. The frequency hopping operation of the hybrid system, with the direct sequence or digital modulation operation turned off, shall have an

average time of occupancy on any frequency not to exceed 0.4 seconds within a time period in seconds equal to the number of hopping frequencies employed multiplied by 0.4. The digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

- g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.
- h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.
- i) Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this Chapter.

Note: Spread spectrum systems are sharing these bands on a noninterference basis with systems supporting critical Government requirements that have been allocated the usage of these bands, secondary only to ISM equipment operated under the provisions of Part 18 of this Chapter. Many of these Government systems are airborne radiolocation systems that emit a high EIRP which can cause interference to other users. Also, investigations of the effect of spread spectrum interference to U. S. Government operations in the 902-928 MHz band may require a future decrease in the power limits allowed for spread spectrum operation.

3.3 Test Procedure

VPI Technology, Inc. is accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP); NVLAP Lab Code: 100272-0, which is effective until September 30, 2026. VPI Technology, Inc. carries FCC Accreditation Designation Number US5263. VPI Technology main office is located at 313 W 12800 S, Suite 311, Draper, UT 84020. The testing was performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10-2013, KDB 558074, and 47 CFR Part 15.

4 Operation of EUT During Testing

4.1 Operating Environment

Power Supply	120 VAC
AC Mains Frequency	60 Hz

4.2 Operating Modes

The transmitter was tested for radiated emissions on a single axis consistent with only installation orientation on both T5IW variants while in a constant transmit mode at the upper, middle, and lower channels. The AC mains voltage to the AC adapter was varied as required by §15.31(e) with no change seen in the voltage supplied to the transmitter or in transmitter characteristics.

4.3 EUT Exercise Software

ADB with root access and Snap One FCC Test Firmware were installed on Android platform to remotely control transmitter output power, modulation scheme, and transmitting frequency.

5 Summary of Test Results

5.1 FCC Part 15, Subpart C

5.1.1 Summary of Tests

Section	Environmental Phenomena	Test Mode(s)	Frequency Range (MHz)	Result
15.203	Antenna Requirements	N/A	Structural requirement	Complied
15.207	Conducted Disturbance at Mains Ports	BLE GFSK	0.15 to 30	Complied
15.247(a)	FHSS Channel Separation	GFSK $\pi/4$ -DQPSK 8DQPSK	2400 to 2483.5	Complied
15.247(a)	FHSS 20 dB Bandwidth	GFSK $\pi/4$ -DQPSK 8DQPSK	2400 to 2483.5	Complied
15.247(a)	FHSS Time of Occupancy	GFSK $\pi/4$ -DQPSK 8DQPSK	2400 to 2483.5	Complied
15.247(b)	Peak Output Power	BLE GFSK $\pi/4$ -DQPSK 8DQPSK	2400 to 2483.5	Complied
15.247(a)	DTS 6dB Bandwidth Requirement	BLE	2400 to 2483.5	Complied
15.247(d)	Antenna Conducted Spurious Emissions	BLE GFSK $\pi/4$ -DQPSK 8DQPSK	30 - 25000	Complied
15.247(d)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	BLE GFSK	30 - 25000	Complied
15.247(e)	DTS Peak Power Spectral Density	BLE	2400 to 2483.5	Complied

5.2 Result

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

6 Measurements, Examinations and Derived Results

6.1 General Comments

This section contains the test results only. Details of the test methods used and a list of the test equipment used during the measurements can be found in Section 7 of this report.

When calculations in this report require EUT antenna gains, those values have been provided by the manufacturer unless otherwise noted.

6.2 Test Results - General

6.2.1 §15.203 Antenna Requirements

The EUT uses a printed PCB with a Microcoax cable connection to the transmitter circuitry. Antenna gains were evaluated in manufacturer-provided JAE Industry, Ltd. report DCF-C-447 (21,04).

Pk Antenna Gain (dBi)	5.1 (T5IW8)
	4.75 (T5IW11)

Result

The EUT complied with the specification.

6.3 Test Results – FHSS General Results

6.3.1 Conducted Emissions at Mains Ports Data

EUT was set to transmit continuously at 2440 MHz with RF output power set to 0 dBm.

Hot Lead, T5IW8:

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Measured Level (dBμV)	Class B Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
0.15	Peak (Note 1)	35.9	11.8	47.7	56.0	-8.3
0.16	Peak (Note 1)	37.1	11.6	48.6	55.2	-6.6
0.45	Peak (Note 1)	28.5	10.3	38.8	46.9	-8.1
18.3	Peak (Note 1)	31.7	10.8	42.4	50.0	-7.6
22.0	Peak (Note 1)	32.2	11.1	43.2	50.0	-6.8
26.0	Peak (Note 1)	32.5	11.3	43.8	50.0	-6.2

Note 1: The reference detector used for the measurements was Quasi-Peak or Peak and the data was compared to the average limit; therefore, the EUT was deemed to meet both the average and quasi-peak limits.

Note 2: The reference detector used for the measurements was quasi-peak and average and the data was compared to the respective limits.

Neutral Lead, T5IW8:

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Measured Level (dBμV)	Class B Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
0.15	Peak (Note 1)	36.0	11.9	47.9	56.0	-8.1

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Measured Level (dBμV)	Class B Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
0.16	Peak (Note 1)	38.6	11.6	50.2	55.4	-5.2
0.19	Peak (Note 1)	36.1	11.3	47.4	54.1	-6.7
0.45	Peak (Note 1)	28.4	10.3	38.7	46.9	-8.1
22.4	Peak (Note 1)	32.3	11.0	43.4	50.0	-6.6
25.9	Peak (Note 1)	33.1	11.2	44.3	50.0	-5.7
Note 1: The reference detector used for the measurements was Quasi-Peak or Peak and the data was compared to the average limit; therefore, the EUT was deemed to meet both the average and quasi-peak limits. Note 2: The reference detector used for the measurements was quasi-peak and average and the data was compared to the respective limits.						

Hot Lead, T5IW11:

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Measured Level (dBμV)	Class B Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
0.15	Peak (Note 1)	36.9	11.7	48.6	55.9	-7.3
0.17	Peak (Note 1)	37.0	11.5	48.6	55.0	-6.4
0.45	Peak (Note 1)	29.4	10.3	39.8	47.0	-7.2
26.5	Peak (Note 1)	31.9	11.3	43.3	50.0	-6.7
26.6	Peak (Note 1)	33.4	11.3	44.7	50.0	-5.3
27.0	Peak (Note 1)	31.6	11.3	42.9	50.0	-7.1
Note 1: The reference detector used for the measurements was Quasi-Peak or Peak and the data was compared to the average limit; therefore, the EUT was deemed to meet both the average and quasi-peak limits. Note 2: The reference detector used for the measurements was quasi-peak and average and the data was compared to the respective limits.						

Neutral Lead, T5IW11:

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Measured Level (dBμV)	Class B Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
0.16	Peak (Note 1)	38.9	11.6	50.6	55.4	-4.8
0.45	Peak (Note 1)	28.3	10.3	38.6	46.9	-8.3
17.7	Peak (Note 1)	31.1	10.8	41.8	50.0	-8.2
18.3	Peak (Note 1)	30.6	10.8	41.4	50.0	-8.6
26.6	Peak (Note 1)	34.2	11.3	45.4	50.0	-4.6
26.8	Peak (Note 1)	32.5	11.3	43.8	50.0	-6.2
Note 1: The reference detector used for the measurements was Quasi-Peak or Peak and the data was compared to the average limit; therefore, the EUT was deemed to meet both the average and quasi-peak limits. Note 2: The reference detector used for the measurements was quasi-peak and average and the data was compared to the respective limits.						

Result

The EUT complied with the specification limit by a margin of 4.6 dB.

6.3.2 §15.247(d) Spurious Emissions

Radiated Spurious Emissions in the Restricted Bands of §15.205

The frequency range from the lowest frequency generated or used in the device to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental emission was investigated to measure any radiated emissions in the restricted bands. The following tables show measurements of any emission that fell into the restricted bands of §15.205. The tables show the worst-case emission measured from the EUT. For frequencies above 18.0 GHz, a measurement distance of 1 meter was used. The noise floor was a minimum of 6 dB below the limit. The emissions in the restricted bands must meet the limits specified in §15.209.

Tabular data for each of the spurious emissions is shown below for each of the units while transmitting at the maximum possible output power. Plots of the band edges are also shown while transmitting at the maximum possible output power.

The dwell time per channel of the hopping signal was less than 100 ms, therefore a duty cycle correction factor may be applied. Radiated spurious emissions were found to be compliant without a duty cycle correction factor.

Result

All emissions in the restricted bands of §15.205 met the limits specified in §15.209; therefore, the EUT complies with the specification.

C4-T5IW8 Radiated Spurious Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4802.0	Peak	Vertical	37.6	5.8	43.3	74.0	-30.7
4804.1	Average	Vertical	24.0	5.8	29.8	54.0	-24.2
4803.4	Peak	Horizontal	37.7	5.8	43.5	74.0	-30.5
4804.3	Average	Horizontal	24.2	5.8	29.9	54.0	-24.1
7206.9	Peak	Vertical	35.0	10.5	45.5	74.0	-28.5
7206.3	Average	Vertical	21.5	10.5	32.0	54.0	-22.1
7206.8	Peak	Horizontal	35.7	10.5	46.1	74.0	-27.9
7207.6	Average	Horizontal	21.9	10.5	32.4	54.0	-21.6
9610.6	Peak	Vertical	35.4	12.6	47.9	74.0	-26.1
9603.6	Average	Vertical	21.7	12.6	34.3	54.0	-19.8
9604.7	Peak	Horizontal	35.8	12.6	48.4	74.0	-25.6
9608.6	Average	Horizontal	22.1	12.6	34.6	54.0	-19.4
12009.5	Peak	Vertical	33.7	17.4	51.0	74.0	-23.0
12012.5	Average	Vertical	20.1	17.4	37.5	54.0	-16.5
12009.0	Peak	Horizontal	34.7	17.4	52.0	74.0	-22.0
12013.4	Average	Horizontal	20.5	17.4	37.9	54.0	-16.1

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
14410.0	Peak	Vertical	32.6	22.3	54.9	74.0	-19.1
14416.4	Average	Vertical	19.2	22.4	41.6	54.0	-12.4
14406.1	Peak	Horizontal	33.3	22.3	55.7	74.0	-18.4
14419.1	Average	Horizontal	19.7	22.4	42.0	54.0	-12.0
16819.3	Peak	Vertical	32.1	19.5	51.6	74.0	-22.4
16821.1	Average	Vertical	18.6	19.5	38.2	54.0	-15.9
16817.3	Peak	Horizontal	32.3	19.5	51.8	74.0	-22.2
16810.1	Average	Horizontal	19.1	19.5	38.6	54.0	-15.4
19213.3	Peak	Vertical	39.2	15.9	55.2	74.0	-18.9
19210.5	Average	Vertical	25.5	16.0	41.5	54.0	-12.5
19227.1	Peak	Horizontal	39.6	15.9	55.5	74.0	-18.5
19207.6	Average	Horizontal	25.6	16.0	41.6	54.0	-12.4
21627.2	Peak	Vertical	38.0	18.7	56.6	74.0	-17.4
21619.4	Average	Vertical	24.3	18.6	43.0	54.0	-11.0
21622.8	Peak	Horizontal	38.1	18.7	56.7	74.0	-17.3
21627.4	Average	Horizontal	24.3	18.7	43.0	54.0	-11.0
24018.8	Peak	Vertical	37.5	21.9	59.4	74.0	-14.6
24024.6	Average	Vertical	24.2	21.9	46.1	54.0	-7.9
24015.4	Peak	Horizontal	37.8	21.9	59.7	74.0	-14.3
24014.8	Average	Horizontal	24.2	21.9	46.1	54.0	-8.0

Table 2: C4-T5IW8 Transmitting at the Lowest Frequency

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4880.3	Peak	Vertical	36.4	6.0	42.4	74.0	-31.6
4880.2	Average	Vertical	23.3	6.0	29.3	54.0	-24.7
4879.6	Peak	Horizontal	36.6	6.0	42.6	74.0	-31.4
4880.0	Average	Horizontal	23.2	6.0	29.1	54.0	-24.9
7323.0	Peak	Vertical	34.8	11.1	45.9	74.0	-28.1
7319.9	Average	Vertical	21.3	11.1	32.4	54.0	-21.6
7320.3	Peak	Horizontal	34.8	11.1	45.9	74.0	-28.1
7321.8	Average	Horizontal	21.3	11.1	32.4	54.0	-21.6
9759.7	Peak	Vertical	35.3	12.7	48.0	74.0	-26.0
9760.1	Average	Vertical	21.8	12.7	34.5	54.0	-19.5
9756.0	Peak	Horizontal	35.9	12.7	48.6	74.0	-25.4
9759.9	Average	Horizontal	21.9	12.7	34.6	54.0	-19.4

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
12198.9	Peak	Vertical	32.7	16.8	49.5	74.0	-24.5
12194.6	Average	Vertical	19.6	16.8	36.3	54.0	-17.7
12198.2	Peak	Horizontal	33.0	16.8	49.8	74.0	-24.2
12198.4	Average	Horizontal	19.6	16.8	36.4	54.0	-17.6
14642.9	Peak	Vertical	32.8	22.6	55.4	74.0	-18.6
14641.9	Average	Vertical	18.7	22.6	41.3	54.0	-12.7
14634.4	Peak	Horizontal	32.8	22.6	55.4	74.0	-18.6
14640.6	Average	Horizontal	18.8	22.6	41.4	54.0	-12.6
17084.6	Peak	Vertical	31.6	20.5	52.0	74.0	-22.0
17086.7	Average	Vertical	18.2	20.5	38.6	54.0	-15.4
17076.8	Peak	Horizontal	32.0	20.5	52.5	74.0	-21.5
17079.4	Average	Horizontal	18.3	20.5	38.8	54.0	-15.3
19515.2	Peak	Vertical	40.4	16.5	56.9	74.0	-17.1
19514.6	Average	Vertical	26.8	16.5	43.3	54.0	-10.8
19515.7	Peak	Horizontal	40.4	16.5	56.9	74.0	-17.2
19517.6	Average	Horizontal	26.8	16.5	43.2	54.0	-10.8
21977.6	Peak	Vertical	38.3	19.4	57.7	74.0	-16.3
21940.3	Average	Vertical	24.3	19.4	43.7	54.0	-10.3
21977.3	Peak	Horizontal	38.1	19.4	57.5	74.0	-16.5
21952.0	Average	Horizontal	24.4	19.4	43.7	54.0	-10.3
24399.1	Peak	Vertical	37.9	22.3	60.3	74.0	-13.7
24400.1	Average	Vertical	23.8	22.3	46.2	54.0	-7.9
24390.3	Peak	Horizontal	37.5	22.3	59.8	74.0	-14.2
24402.4	Average	Horizontal	23.9	22.3	46.2	54.0	-7.8

Table 3: C4-T5IW8 Transmitting at the Middle Frequency

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4960.3	Peak	Vertical	36.1	6.3	42.4	74.0	-31.6
4960.3	Average	Vertical	22.6	6.3	28.9	54.0	-25.1
4959.9	Peak	Horizontal	36.7	6.3	43.0	74.0	-31.0
4960.6	Average	Horizontal	22.6	6.3	28.9	54.0	-25.1
7441.7	Peak	Vertical	34.6	11.2	45.9	74.0	-28.1
7439.7	Average	Vertical	21.4	11.2	32.6	54.0	-21.4
7439.2	Peak	Horizontal	34.8	11.2	46.0	74.0	-28.0
7439.8	Average	Horizontal	21.3	11.2	32.5	54.0	-21.5

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
9921.1	Peak	Vertical	34.2	13.6	47.7	74.0	-26.3
9919.0	Average	Vertical	20.8	13.5	34.3	54.0	-19.7
9918.4	Peak	Horizontal	34.9	13.5	48.5	74.0	-25.5
9919.3	Average	Horizontal	20.9	13.5	34.5	54.0	-19.6
12400.4	Peak	Vertical	33.0	16.8	49.8	74.0	-24.2
12401.7	Average	Vertical	19.6	16.8	36.4	54.0	-17.6
12405.4	Peak	Horizontal	33.2	16.8	49.9	74.0	-24.1
12404.6	Average	Horizontal	19.8	16.8	36.5	54.0	-17.5
14882.1	Peak	Vertical	32.0	21.7	53.7	74.0	-20.3
14875.0	Average	Vertical	18.6	21.8	40.4	54.0	-13.7
14874.9	Peak	Horizontal	32.0	21.8	53.7	74.0	-20.3
14874.9	Average	Horizontal	18.8	21.8	40.5	54.0	-13.5
17364.1	Peak	Vertical	30.7	22.9	53.5	74.0	-20.5
17360.0	Average	Vertical	17.2	22.8	40.0	54.0	-14.0
17360.3	Peak	Horizontal	30.8	22.8	53.6	74.0	-20.4
17363.5	Average	Horizontal	17.2	22.9	40.1	54.0	-13.9
19837.6	Peak	Vertical	40.2	16.4	56.5	74.0	-17.5
19840.2	Average	Vertical	26.8	16.4	43.1	54.0	-10.9
19842.4	Peak	Horizontal	40.2	16.4	56.5	74.0	-17.5
19841.7	Average	Horizontal	26.8	16.4	43.1	54.0	-10.9
22318.2	Peak	Vertical	38.6	19.3	57.9	74.0	-16.1
22317.1	Average	Vertical	24.3	19.3	43.6	54.0	-10.5
22320.4	Peak	Horizontal	37.9	19.3	57.2	74.0	-16.8
22316.8	Average	Horizontal	24.3	19.3	43.6	54.0	-10.4
24810.7	Peak	Vertical	38.8	23.0	61.7	74.0	-12.3
24800.7	Average	Vertical	25.1	23.0	48.0	54.0	-6.0
24809.7	Peak	Horizontal	39.2	23.0	62.2	74.0	-11.8
24798.3	Average	Horizontal	25.1	23.0	48.0	54.0	-6.0

Table 4: C4-T5IW8 Transmitting at the Highest Frequency

C4-T5IW11 Radiated Spurious Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4802.1	Peak	Vertical	38.0	5.8	43.7	74.0	-30.3
4803.9	Average	Vertical	24.3	5.8	30.1	54.0	-23.9
4803.7	Peak	Horizontal	37.7	5.8	43.5	74.0	-30.5

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dB μ V)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4804.2	Average	Horizontal	24.3	5.8	30.1	54.0	-23.9
7203.6	Peak	Vertical	35.2	10.5	45.7	74.0	-28.3
7205.2	Average	Vertical	21.6	10.5	32.1	54.0	-22.0
7204.9	Peak	Horizontal	35.5	10.5	46.0	74.0	-28.0
7205.8	Average	Horizontal	21.9	10.5	32.3	54.0	-21.7
9608.3	Peak	Vertical	35.1	12.6	47.7	74.0	-26.3
9606.5	Average	Vertical	21.9	12.6	34.4	54.0	-19.6
9612.4	Peak	Horizontal	36.2	12.6	48.8	74.0	-25.2
9606.5	Average	Horizontal	21.9	12.6	34.4	54.0	-19.6
12008.4	Peak	Vertical	33.6	17.4	51.0	74.0	-23.0
12006.0	Average	Vertical	20.2	17.4	37.5	54.0	-16.5
12013.1	Peak	Horizontal	33.6	17.4	50.9	74.0	-23.1
12012.1	Average	Horizontal	20.3	17.4	37.7	54.0	-16.3
14416.2	Peak	Vertical	32.9	22.3	55.3	74.0	-18.7
14416.9	Average	Vertical	19.4	22.4	41.8	54.0	-12.2
14409.4	Peak	Horizontal	33.4	22.3	55.7	74.0	-18.3
14416.8	Average	Horizontal	19.6	22.4	41.9	54.0	-12.1
16812.2	Peak	Vertical	33.0	19.5	52.5	74.0	-21.5
16817.2	Average	Vertical	18.9	19.5	38.4	54.0	-15.6
16811.9	Peak	Horizontal	33.0	19.5	52.5	74.0	-21.5
16813.8	Average	Horizontal	19.2	19.5	38.7	54.0	-15.3
19223.2	Peak	Vertical	39.5	15.9	55.4	74.0	-18.6
19210.5	Average	Vertical	25.8	16.0	41.8	54.0	-12.2
19213.7	Peak	Horizontal	39.5	15.9	55.4	74.0	-18.6
19211.6	Average	Horizontal	25.9	16.0	41.9	54.0	-12.2
21621.8	Peak	Vertical	38.0	18.7	56.6	74.0	-17.4
21614.4	Average	Vertical	24.6	18.6	43.2	54.0	-10.8
21629.4	Peak	Horizontal	38.7	18.7	57.4	74.0	-16.6
21622.2	Average	Horizontal	24.6	18.7	43.2	54.0	-10.8
24019.7	Peak	Vertical	38.1	21.9	60.0	74.0	-14.0
24025.1	Average	Vertical	24.4	21.9	46.3	54.0	-7.7
24013.7	Peak	Horizontal	38.3	21.9	60.2	74.0	-13.8
24022.3	Average	Horizontal	24.4	21.9	46.3	54.0	-7.7

Table 5: C4-T5IW11 Transmitting at the Lowest Frequency

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4879.6	Peak	Vertical	37.1	6.0	43.0	74.0	-31.0
4880.1	Average	Vertical	23.8	6.0	29.8	54.0	-24.2
4880.4	Peak	Horizontal	36.9	6.0	42.9	74.0	-31.1
4879.9	Average	Horizontal	23.7	6.0	29.6	54.0	-24.4
7317.4	Peak	Vertical	36.1	11.1	47.2	74.0	-26.8
7319.9	Average	Vertical	21.6	11.1	32.7	54.0	-21.3
7319.4	Peak	Horizontal	35.4	11.1	46.5	74.0	-27.5
7319.9	Average	Horizontal	21.9	11.1	33.0	54.0	-21.0
9759.8	Peak	Vertical	35.4	12.7	48.1	74.0	-25.9
9761.3	Average	Vertical	22.0	12.7	34.7	54.0	-19.3
9758.6	Peak	Horizontal	35.4	12.7	48.2	74.0	-25.9
9759.7	Average	Horizontal	22.1	12.7	34.8	54.0	-19.2
12198.3	Peak	Vertical	33.3	16.8	50.1	74.0	-23.9
12202.4	Average	Vertical	19.9	16.8	36.7	54.0	-17.3
12197.3	Peak	Horizontal	34.3	16.8	51.1	74.0	-22.9
12198.0	Average	Horizontal	20.2	16.8	37.0	54.0	-17.1
14638.2	Peak	Vertical	32.8	22.6	55.4	74.0	-18.6
14640.7	Average	Vertical	18.9	22.6	41.5	54.0	-12.5
14640.0	Peak	Horizontal	32.9	22.6	55.5	74.0	-18.5
14640.8	Average	Horizontal	19.1	22.6	41.7	54.0	-12.3
17079.6	Peak	Vertical	31.6	20.5	52.1	74.0	-21.9
17079.4	Average	Vertical	18.4	20.5	38.8	54.0	-15.2
17083.2	Peak	Horizontal	31.9	20.5	52.4	74.0	-21.6
17079.7	Average	Horizontal	18.5	20.5	38.9	54.0	-15.1
19521.6	Peak	Vertical	40.5	16.5	57.0	74.0	-17.1
19516.1	Average	Vertical	27.2	16.5	43.6	54.0	-10.4
19525.2	Peak	Horizontal	40.6	16.5	57.0	74.0	-17.0
19515.4	Average	Horizontal	27.2	16.5	43.7	54.0	-10.3
21955.3	Peak	Vertical	38.2	19.4	57.6	74.0	-16.4
21956.0	Average	Vertical	24.7	19.4	44.0	54.0	-10.0
21940.7	Peak	Horizontal	38.2	19.4	57.5	74.0	-16.5
21946.2	Average	Horizontal	24.8	19.4	44.2	54.0	-9.9
24399.2	Peak	Vertical	37.6	22.3	59.9	74.0	-14.1
24397.6	Average	Vertical	24.1	22.3	46.4	54.0	-7.6
24385.9	Peak	Horizontal	38.1	22.3	60.4	74.0	-13.6
24398.0	Average	Horizontal	24.3	22.3	46.6	54.0	-7.4

Table 6: C4-T5IW11 Transmitting at the Middle Frequency

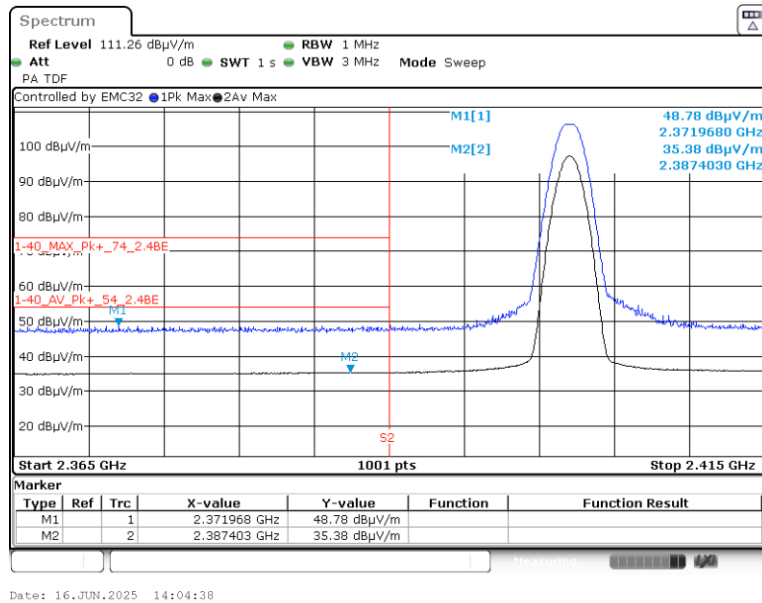
Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4959.6	Peak	Vertical	36.3	6.3	42.6	74.0	-31.4
4960.1	Average	Vertical	22.9	6.3	29.2	54.0	-24.8
4960.8	Peak	Horizontal	36.8	6.3	43.1	74.0	-30.9
4959.9	Average	Horizontal	22.9	6.3	29.2	54.0	-24.8
7437.8	Peak	Vertical	34.6	11.2	45.8	74.0	-28.2
7439.7	Average	Vertical	21.5	11.2	32.7	54.0	-21.3
7441.9	Peak	Horizontal	35.4	11.2	46.6	74.0	-27.4
7439.6	Average	Horizontal	21.6	11.2	32.9	54.0	-21.2
9919.5	Peak	Vertical	34.4	13.6	48.0	74.0	-26.0
9919.4	Average	Vertical	21.1	13.5	34.7	54.0	-19.3
9921.3	Peak	Horizontal	34.7	13.6	48.3	74.0	-25.8
9919.7	Average	Horizontal	21.2	13.6	34.7	54.0	-19.3
12399.7	Peak	Vertical	33.1	16.8	49.9	74.0	-24.1
12400.4	Average	Vertical	19.7	16.8	36.4	54.0	-17.6
12404.6	Peak	Horizontal	33.5	16.8	50.3	74.0	-23.7
12401.3	Average	Horizontal	19.8	16.8	36.5	54.0	-17.5
14878.6	Peak	Vertical	32.7	21.7	54.4	74.0	-19.6
14878.2	Average	Vertical	19.4	21.7	41.1	54.0	-12.9
14879.2	Peak	Horizontal	33.2	21.7	54.9	74.0	-19.1
14874.9	Average	Horizontal	19.5	21.8	41.3	54.0	-12.7
17360.6	Peak	Vertical	31.6	22.8	54.4	74.0	-19.6
17360.7	Average	Vertical	17.9	22.8	40.7	54.0	-13.3
17363.7	Peak	Horizontal	31.1	22.9	54.0	74.0	-20.1
17363.9	Average	Horizontal	17.9	22.9	40.8	54.0	-13.2
19836.0	Peak	Vertical	41.2	16.4	57.6	74.0	-16.5
19838.7	Average	Vertical	27.2	16.4	43.5	54.0	-10.5
19840.9	Peak	Horizontal	40.6	16.4	57.0	74.0	-17.0
19845.7	Average	Horizontal	27.2	16.4	43.6	54.0	-10.5
22321.3	Peak	Vertical	38.7	19.3	58.0	74.0	-16.0
22317.8	Average	Vertical	24.9	19.3	44.2	54.0	-9.8
22324.9	Peak	Horizontal	38.7	19.3	58.0	74.0	-16.0
22314.3	Average	Horizontal	25.0	19.3	44.3	54.0	-9.7
24803.1	Peak	Vertical	38.9	23.0	61.9	74.0	-12.1
24800.9	Average	Vertical	25.3	23.0	48.3	54.0	-5.7

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dB μ V)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
24801.3	Peak	Horizontal	39.3	23.0	62.2	74.0	-11.8
24797.9	Average	Horizontal	25.4	23.0	48.3	54.0	-5.7

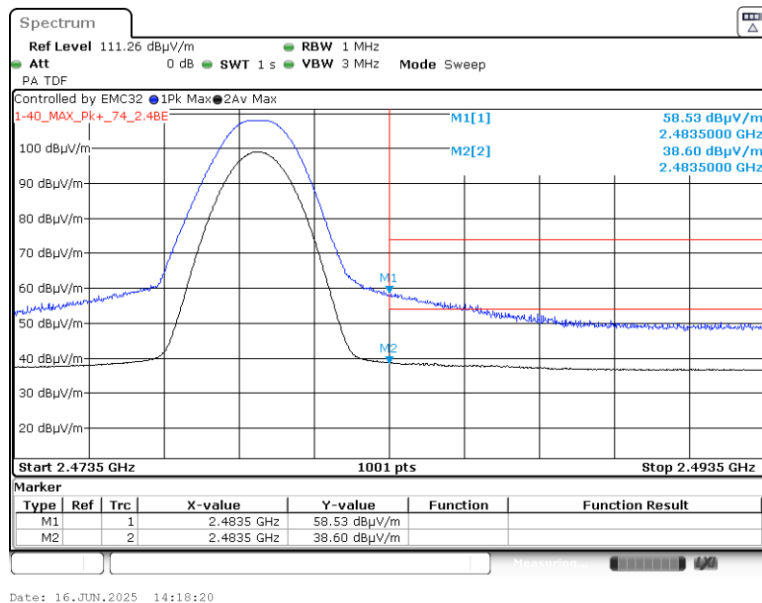
Table 7: C4-T5IW11 Transmitting at the Highest Frequency

No other emissions were seen in the restricted bands

C4-T5IW8 Radiated Band Edges

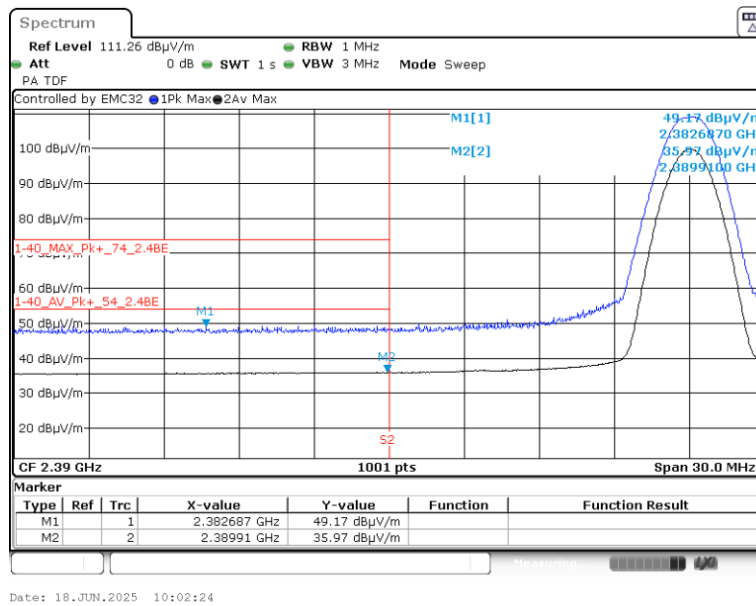


Graph 1: 2402 MHz Radiated Lower Band Edge Plot (C4-T5IW8)

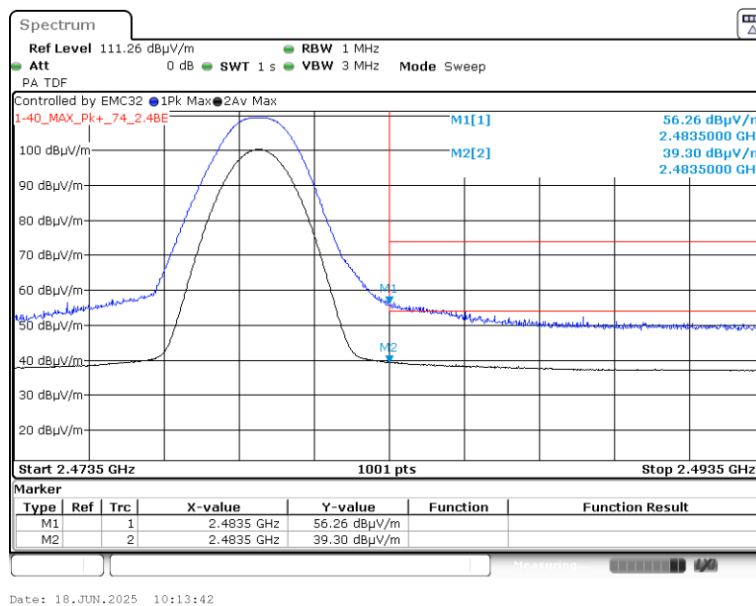


Graph 2: 2480 MHz Radiated Upper Band Edge Plot (C4-T5IW8)

C4-T5IW11 Radiated Band Edges



Graph 3: 2402 MHz Radiated Lower Band Edge Plot (C4-T5IW11)

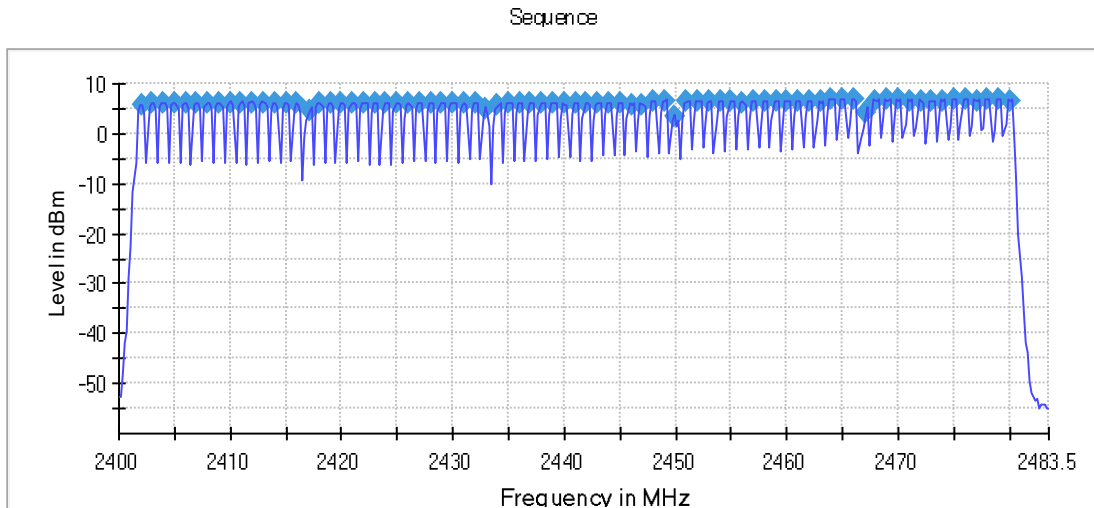


Graph 4: 2480 MHz Radiated Upper Band Edge Plot (C4-T5IW11)

6.4 Test Results – FHSS 1Mb/s GFSK

6.4.1 §15.247(a) Number of Channel

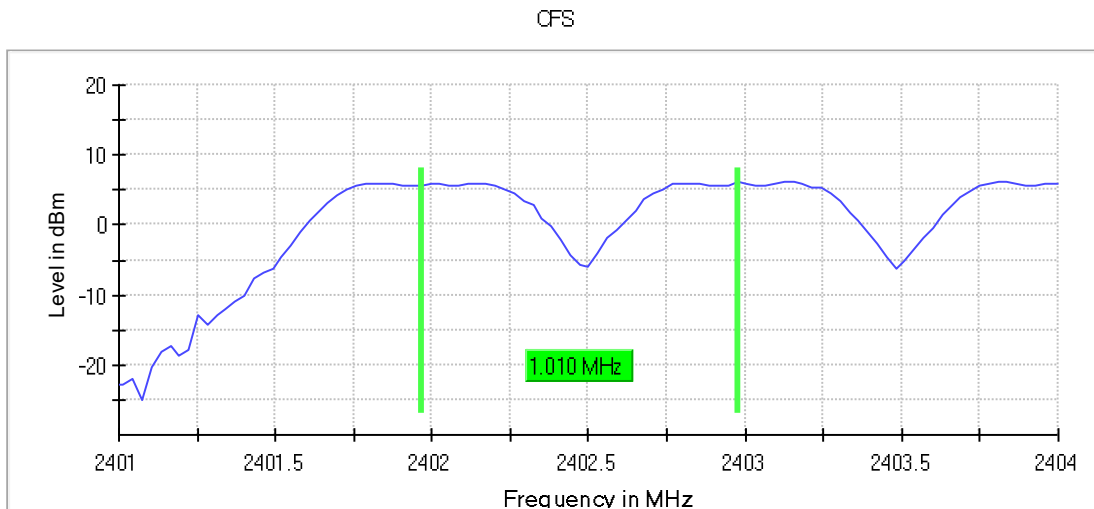
FHSS systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. EUT was found to utilize all 79 channels in the channel plan.



Graph 5: Channel Plot

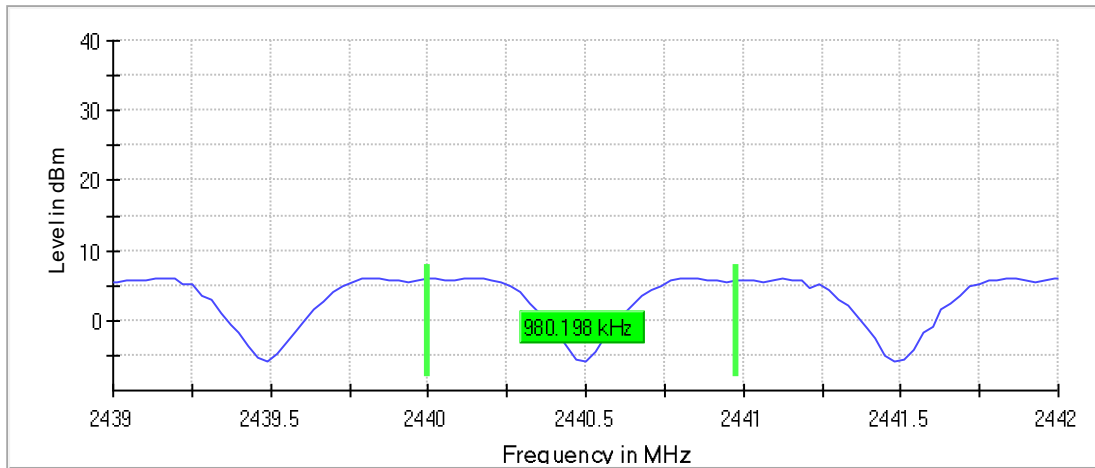
6.4.2 §15.247(a) Channel Separation

FHSS systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band may have channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. Plots showing channel separation are shown below. The 20 dB bandwidth is 1 MHz and is shown in the next section.



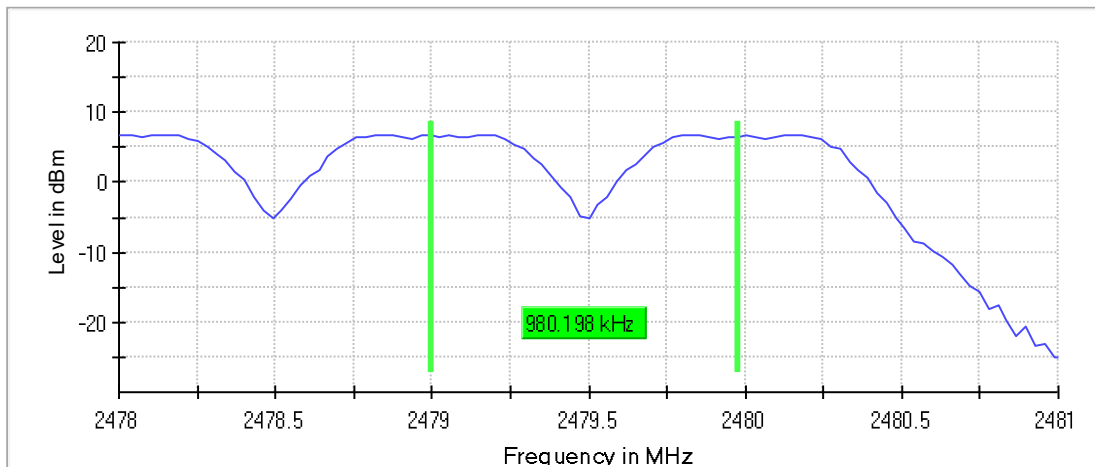
Graph 6: Channel Separation Plot 2402

CFS



Graph 7: Channel Separation Plot 2440

CFS



Graph 8: Channel Separation Plot 2480

Result

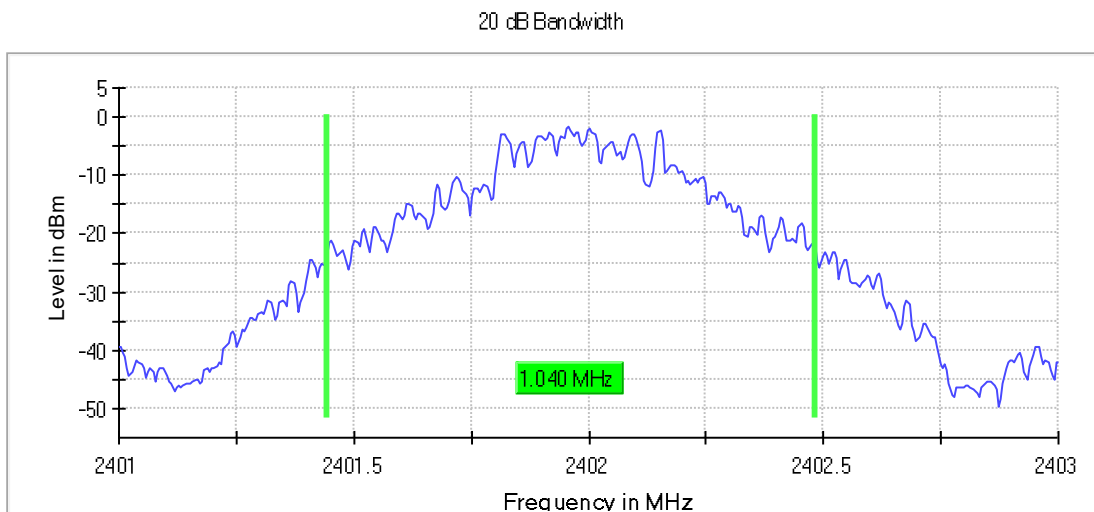
The lowest channel carrier frequency separation is 980.2 kHz, which is greater than two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth; therefore, the EUT complies with the specification.

6.4.3 §15.247(a)(2) Emissions Bandwidth

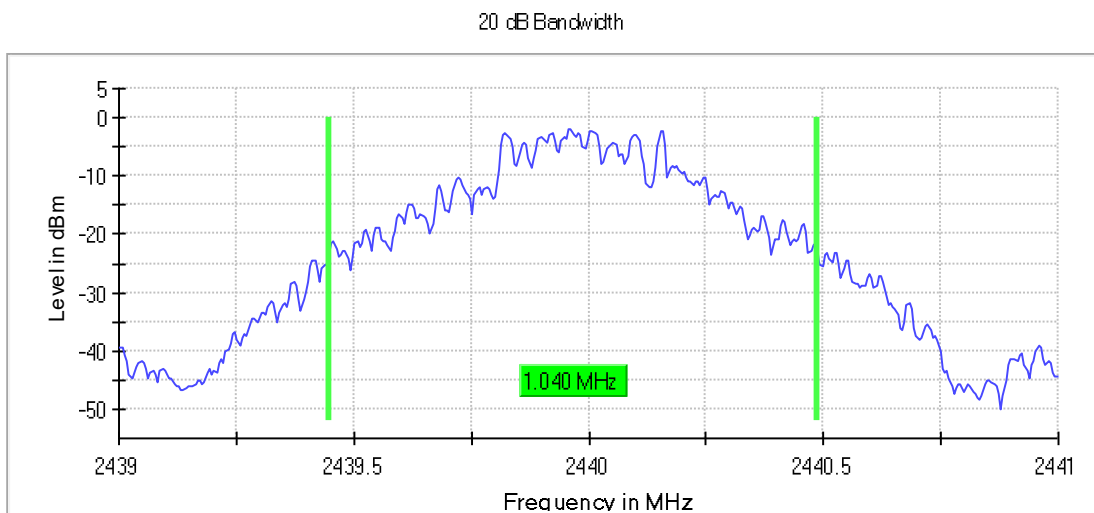
The 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channels is shown in the table and plots below.

Frequency (MHz)	Emissions 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)
2402	1.0
2440	1.0

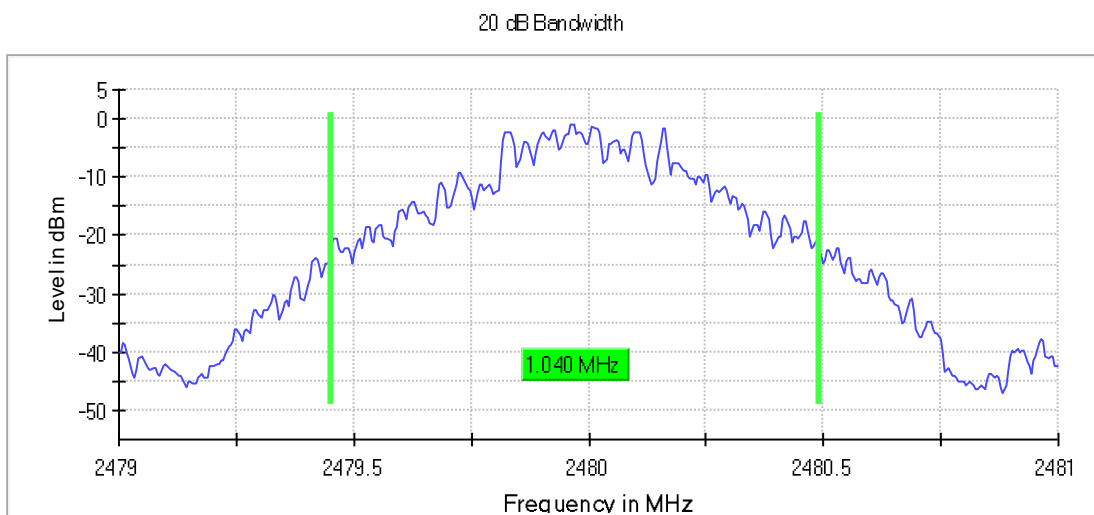
Frequency (MHz)	Emissions 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)
2480	1.0



Graph 9: Lowest Channel 20 dB Bandwidth



Graph 10: Middle Channel 20 dB Bandwidth



Graph 11: Highest Channel 20 dB Bandwidth

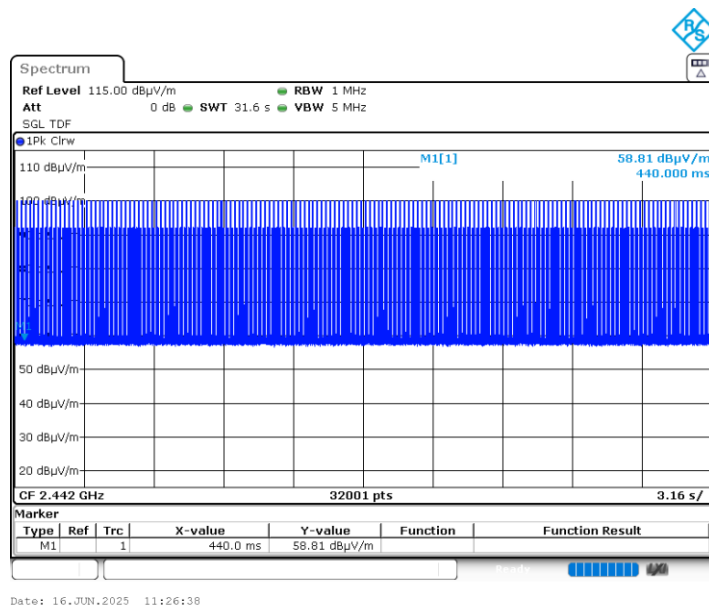
Result

In the configuration tested, the channel bandwidth allows the channel separation of 1 MHz to be compliant; therefore, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

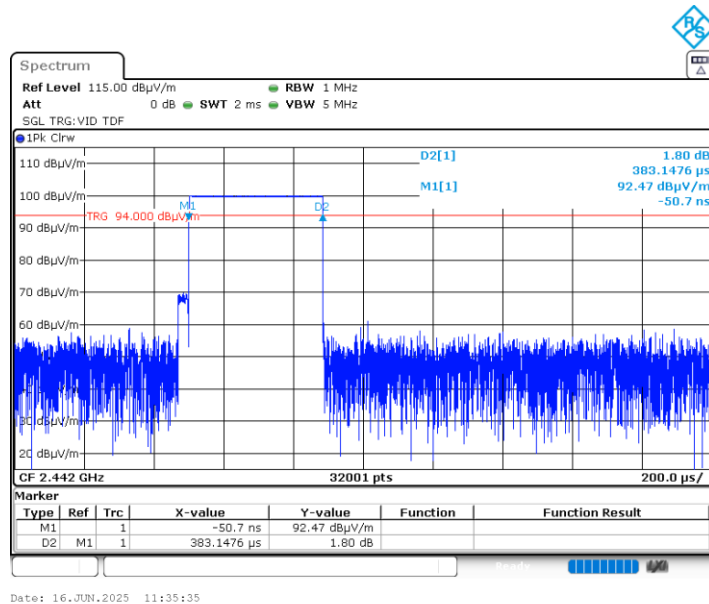
6.4.4 §15.247(a) Channel Occupancy

The EUT uses 79 channels that have a bandwidth greater than 250 kHz in the 2.4GHz ISM Band; therefore, the EUT must have an average time of occupancy on any frequency that is no greater than 0.4 seconds in a period of 31.6 seconds (0.4 seconds x 79 channels). Modulation scheme is capable of transmitting with three timing schemes (DH1, DH3, and DH5). See the plots and tabulated data below.

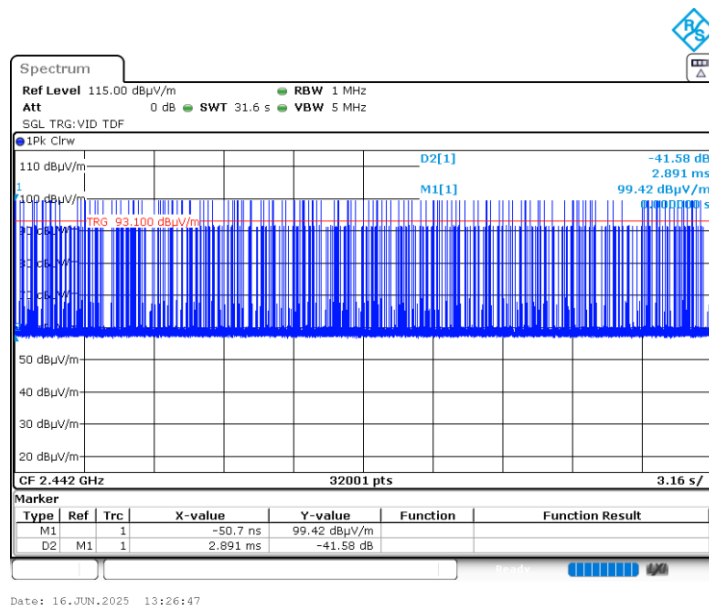
Timing Scheme	Channel Hits per 31.6 seconds	Dwell Time per Hit (μs)	Channel Occupancy (ms)
DH1	320	383.1	122.6
DH3	157	1639.7	257.4
DH5	113	2886.7	326.2



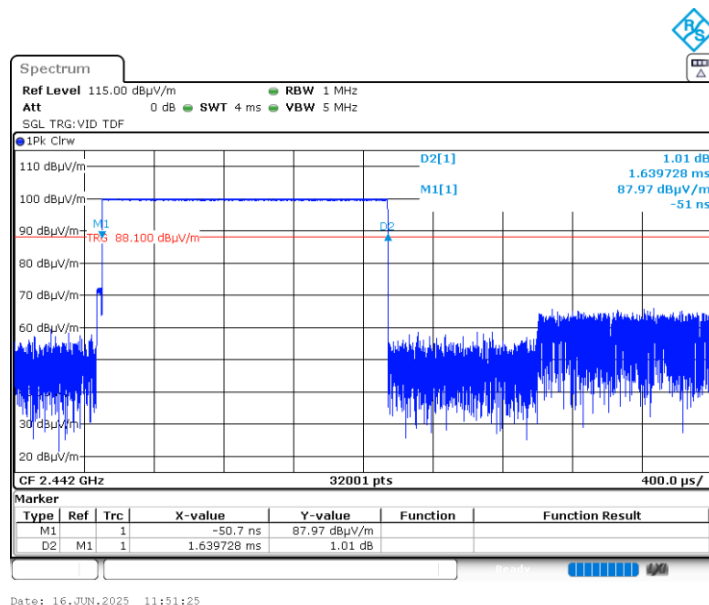
Graph 12: Timing Plot Showing Channel Hits (DH1)



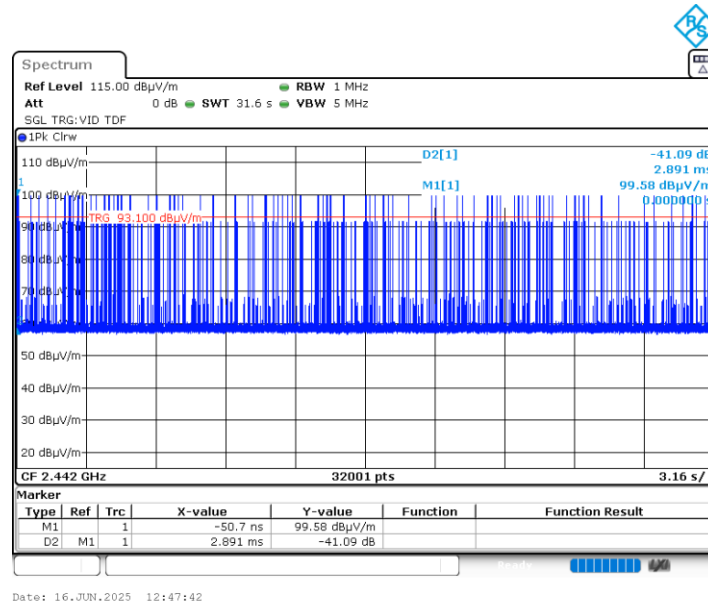
Graph 13: Timing Plot Showing Hit Duration (DH1)



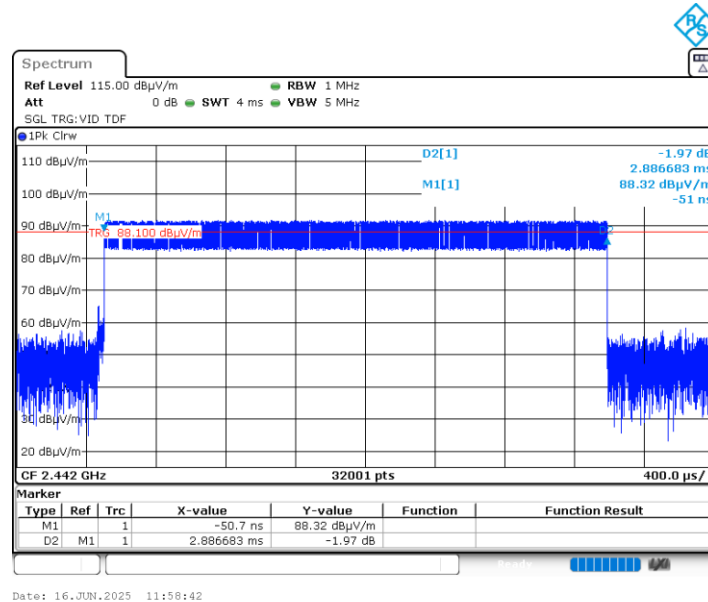
Graph 14: Timing Plot Showing Channel Hits (DH3)



Graph 15: Timing Plot Showing Hit Duration (DH3)



Graph 16: Timing Plot Showing Channel Hits (DH5)



Graph 17: Timing Plot Showing Hit Duration (DH5)

Result

The EUT complies with the specification as the EUT transmits less than the 0.4 seconds allowed by the specification.

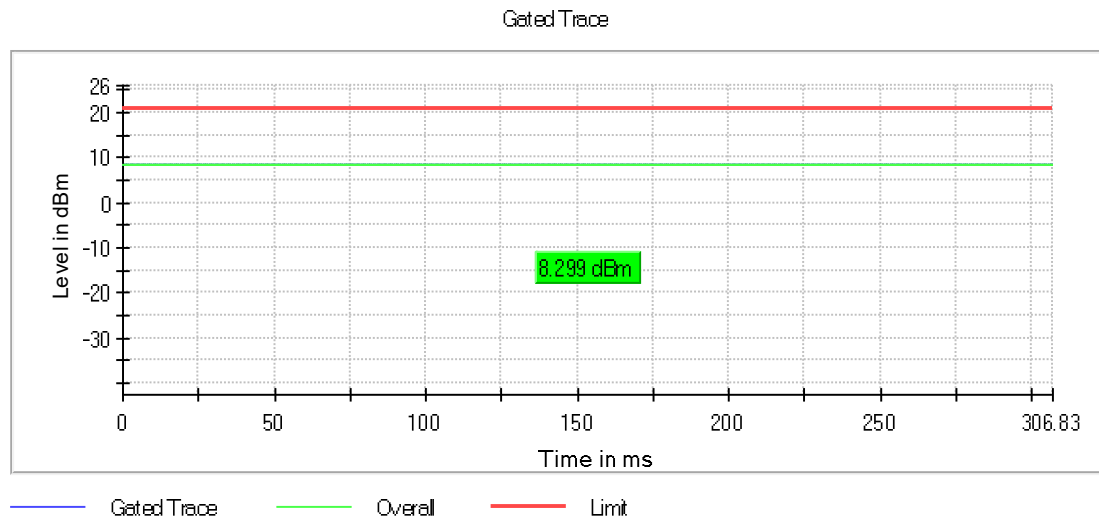
6.4.5 §15.247(b)(3) Peak Output Power

The highest gain antenna used with the EUT has a gain of 5.1 dBi. The EUT uses 79 hopping channels. The limit for this device is 125mW to comply with channel separation requirements. Plots are shown below and the results of this testing are summarized in the table.

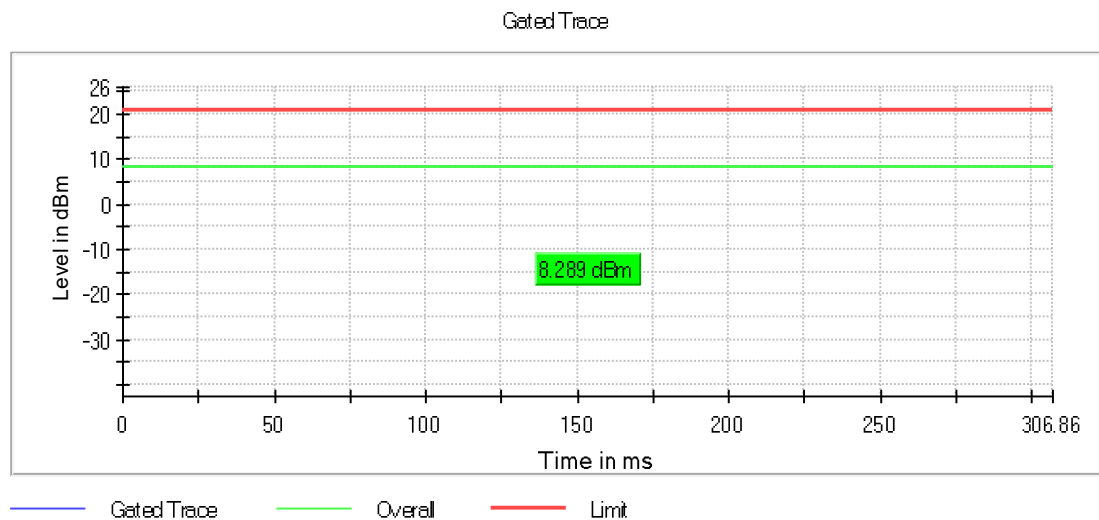
Frequency (MHz)	Measurement (dBm)	Peak Output Power (mW)
2402	8.3	6.8
2440	8.3	6.8
2480	9.0	7.9

Result

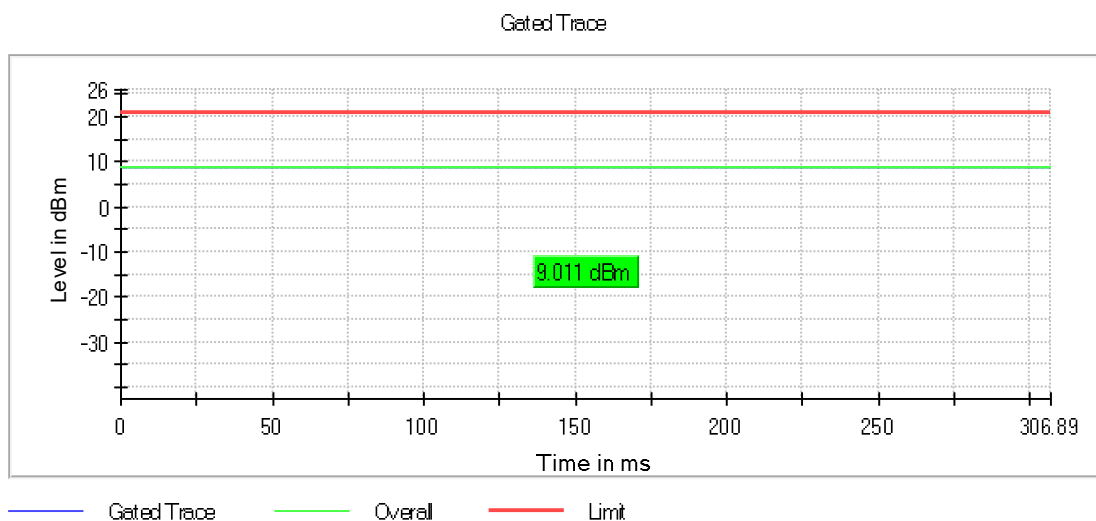
In the configuration tested, the RF peak output power was less than 125 mW; therefore, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.



Graph 18: Lowest Channel Gated Pk Pwr



Graph 19: Middle Channel Gated Pk Pwr



Graph 20: Highest Channel Gated Pk Pwr

6.4.6 §15.247(d) Spurious Emissions

Conducted Spurious Emissions

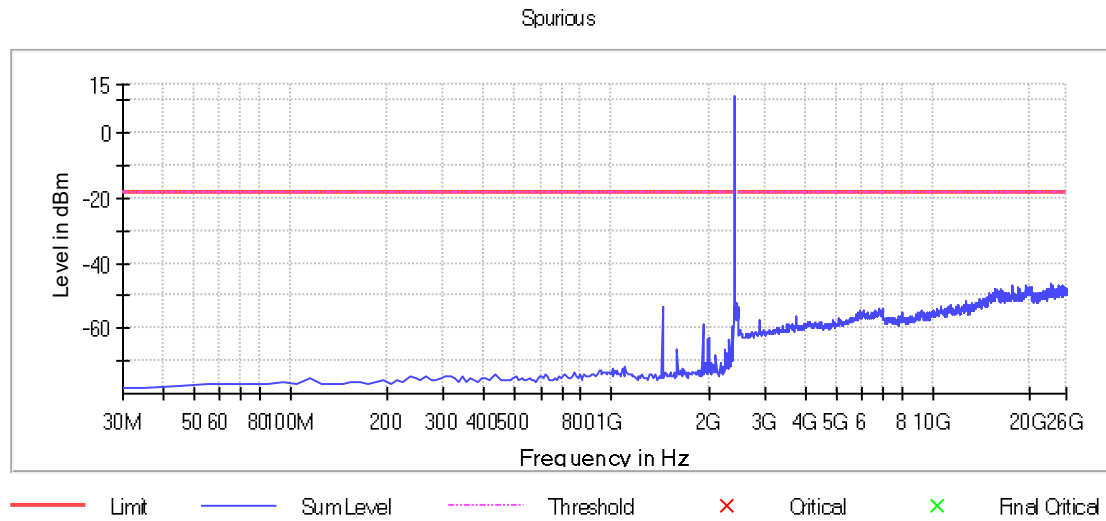
The frequency range from the lowest frequency generated or used in the device to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency was investigated to measure any antenna-conducted emissions. The plots show the measurement data from spurious emissions noted across the frequency range with a 100kHz RBW. The unit transmitted at the lowest frequency, middle frequency, and upper frequency at the highest possible power setting.

Plots below also show band-edge measurements with the EUT tuned to the upper and lower channels at the highest possible power setting. These demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this section at the band edges.

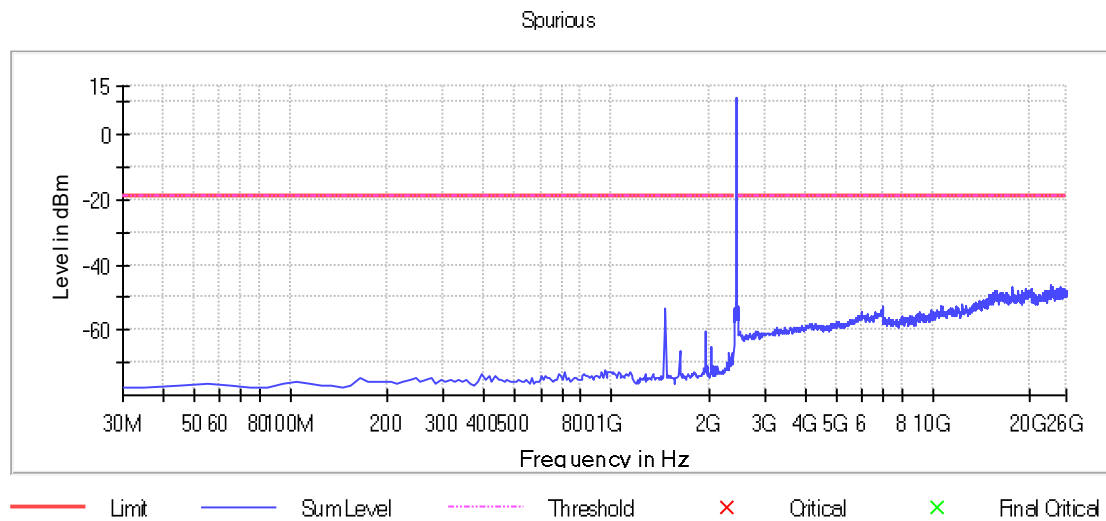
Result

Conducted spurious emissions were attenuated 20 dB or more below the fundamental; therefore, the EUT complies with the specification.

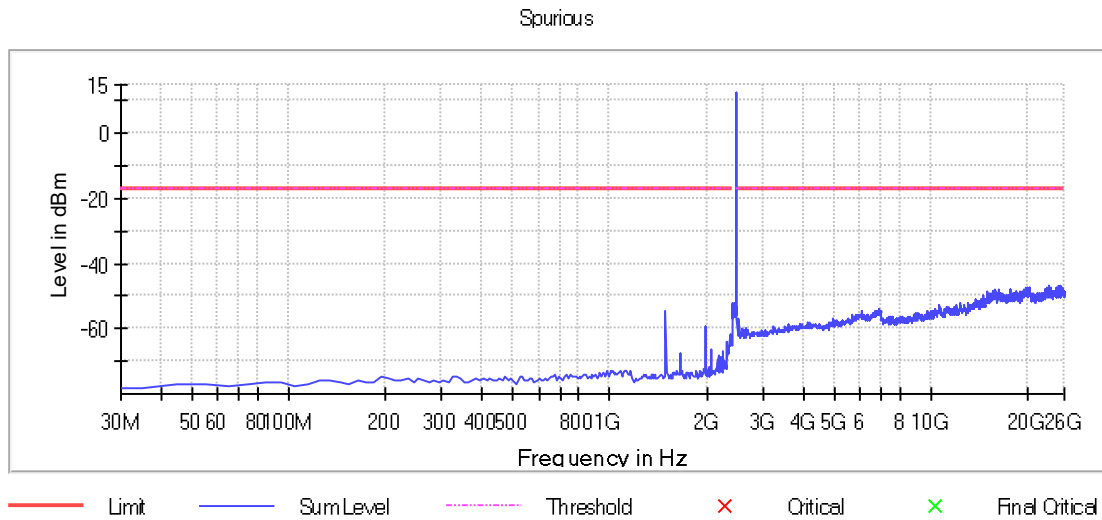
Antenna-Port Conducted Spurious Emissions



Graph 21: Transmitting on the Lowest Channel

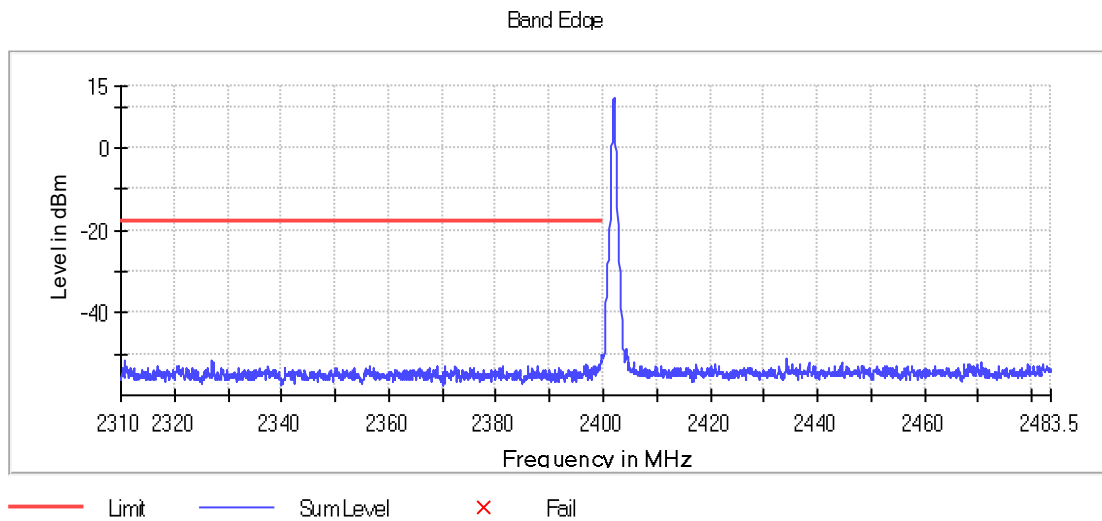


Graph 22: Transmitting on the Middle Channel



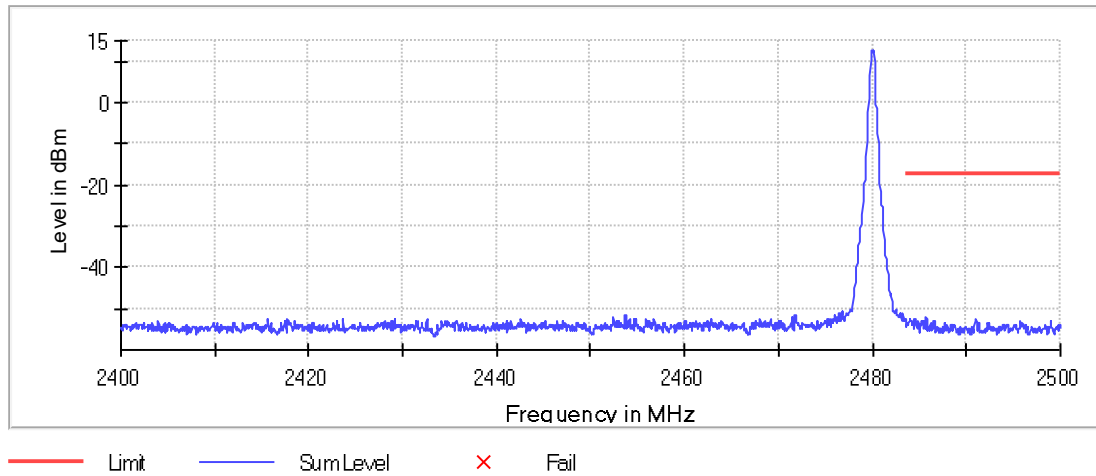
Graph 23: Transmitting on the Highest Channel

Antenna-Port Conducted Band Edges



Graph 24: Transmitting on the Lowest Channel

Band Edge

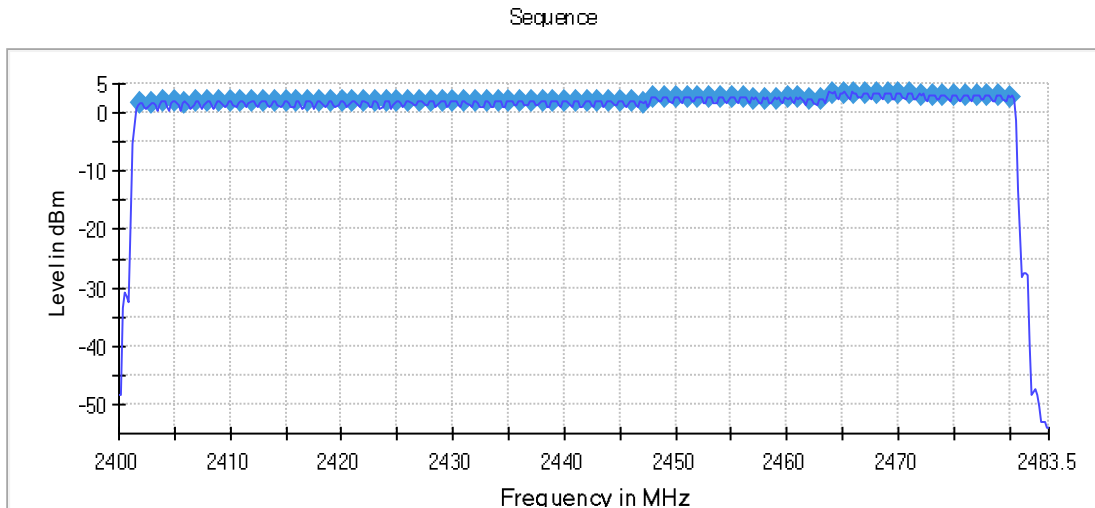


Graph 25: Transmitting on the Highest Channel

6.5 Test Results – FHSS 2Mb/s $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

6.5.1 §15.247(a) Number of Channel

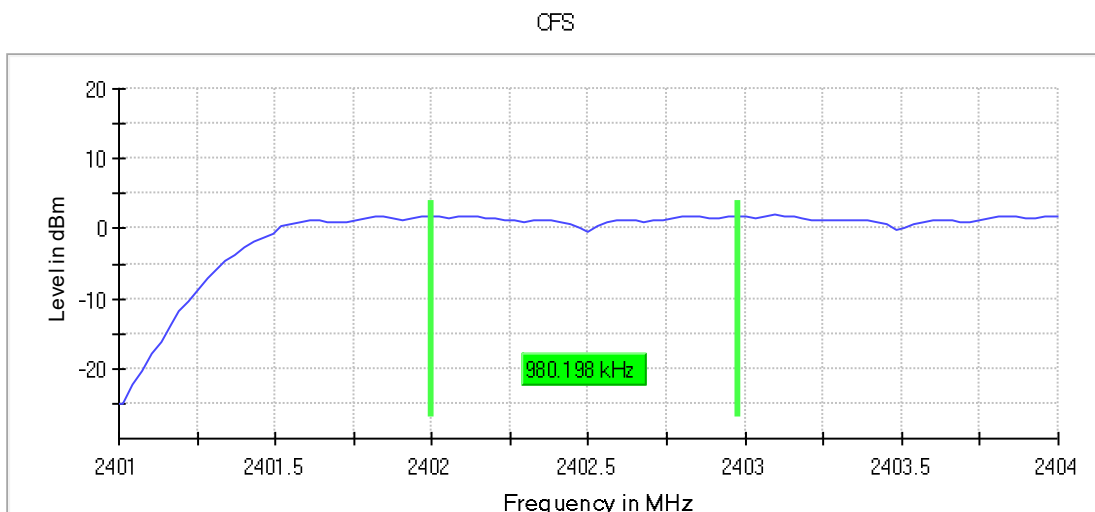
FHSS systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. EUT was found to utilize all 79 channels in the channel plan.



Graph 26: Channel Plot

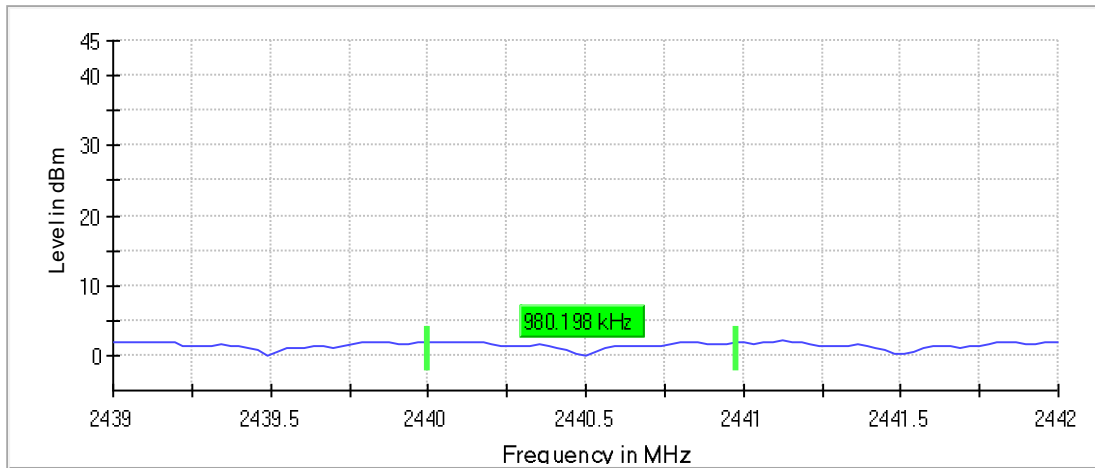
6.5.2 §15.247(a) Channel Separation

FHSS systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band may have channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. Plots showing channel separation are shown below. The 20 dB bandwidth is 1.3 MHz and is shown in the next section.



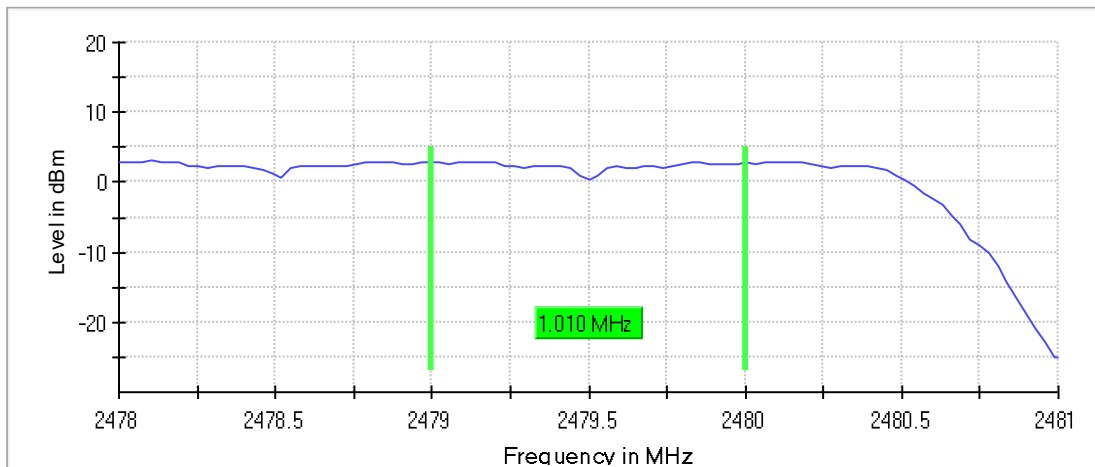
Graph 27: Channel Separation Plot 2402

CFS



Graph 28: Channel Separation Plot 2440

CFS



Graph 29: Channel Separation Plot 2480

Result

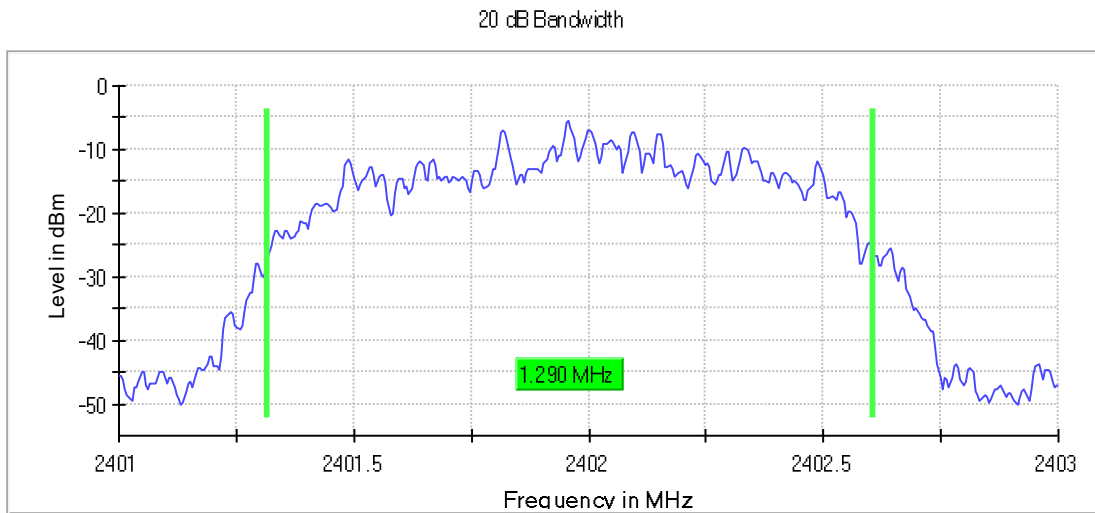
The minimum channel carrier frequency separation is 980 kHz, which is greater than two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth; therefore, the EUT complies with the specification.

6.5.3 §15.247(a)(2) Emissions Bandwidth

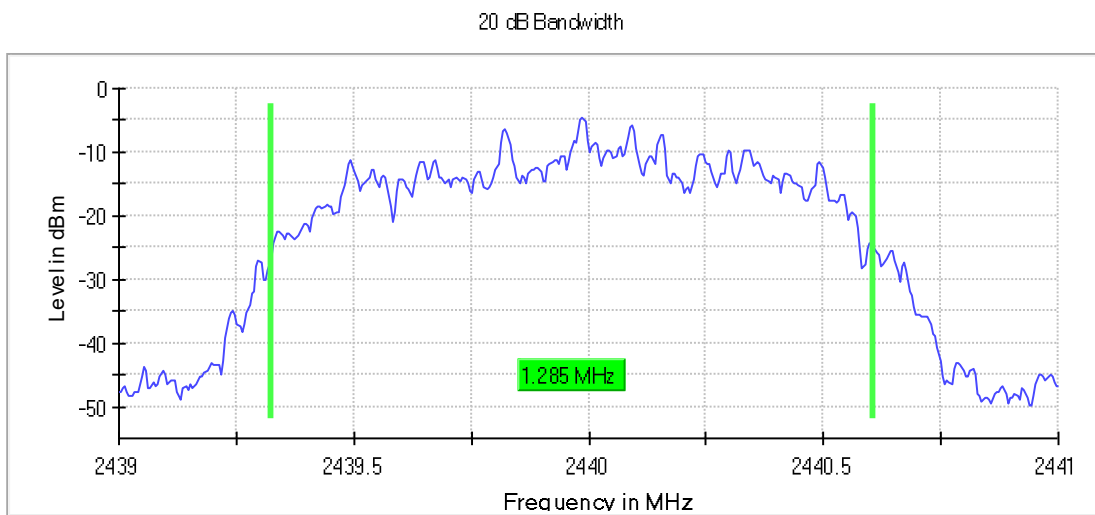
The 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channels is shown in the table and plots below.

Frequency (MHz)	Emissions 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)
2402	1.3
2440	1.3

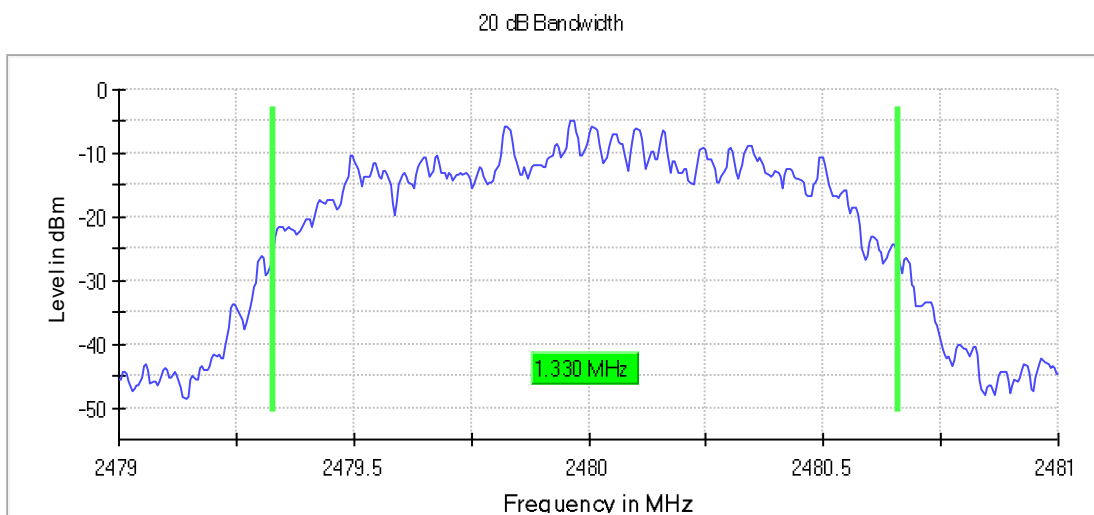
Frequency (MHz)	Emissions 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)
2480	1.3



Graph 30: Lowest Channel 20 dB Bandwidth



Graph 31: Middle Channel 20 dB Bandwidth



Graph 32: Highest Channel 20 dB Bandwidth

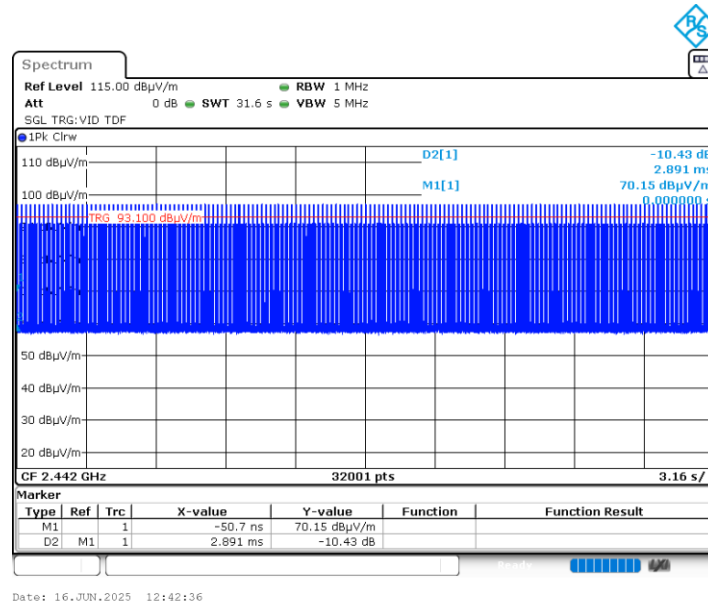
Result

In the configuration tested, the channel bandwidth allows the channel separation of 980.2 kHz to be compliant; therefore, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

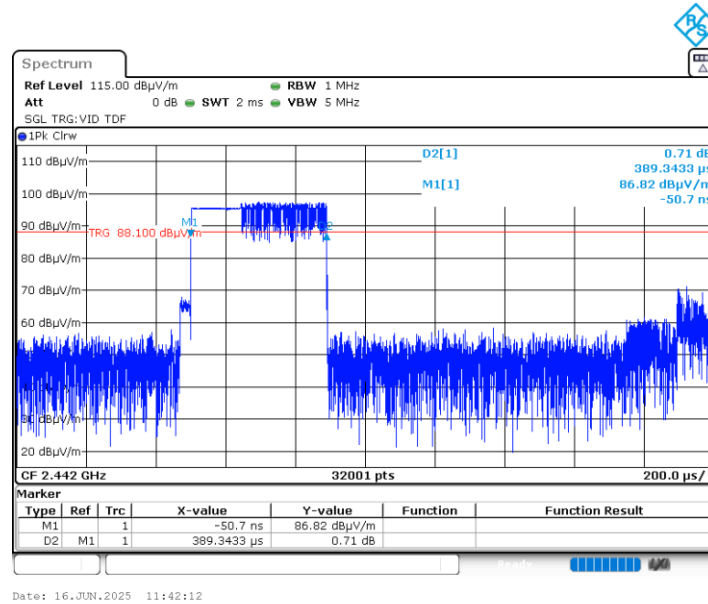
6.5.4 §15.247(a) Channel Occupancy

The EUT uses 79 channels that have a bandwidth greater than 250 kHz in the 2.4GHz ISM Band; therefore, the EUT must have an average time of occupancy on any frequency that is no greater than 0.4 seconds in a period of 31.6 seconds (0.4 seconds x 79 channels). Modulation scheme is capable of transmitting with three timing schemes (DH1, DH3, and DH5). See the plots and tabulated data below.

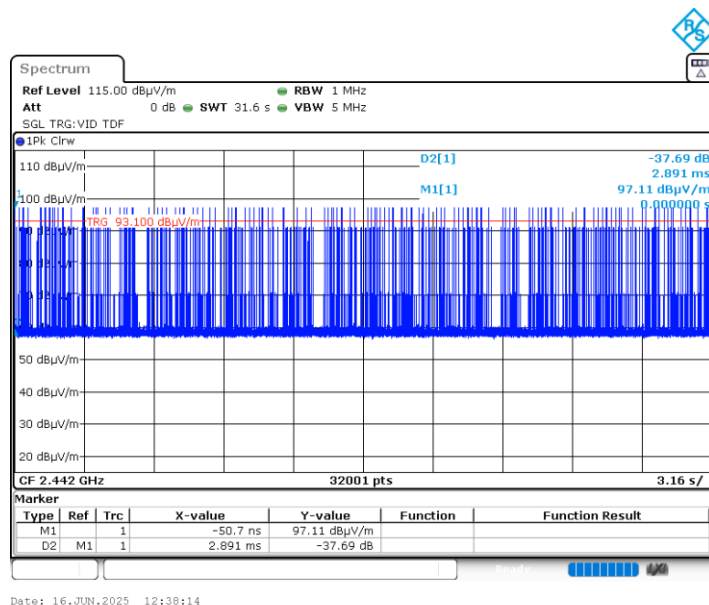
Timing Scheme	Channel Hits per 31.6 seconds	Dwell Time per Hit (μs)	Channel Occupancy (ms)
DH1	319	389.3	124.2
DH3	150	1641.4	246.2
DH5	116	2889.4	335.2



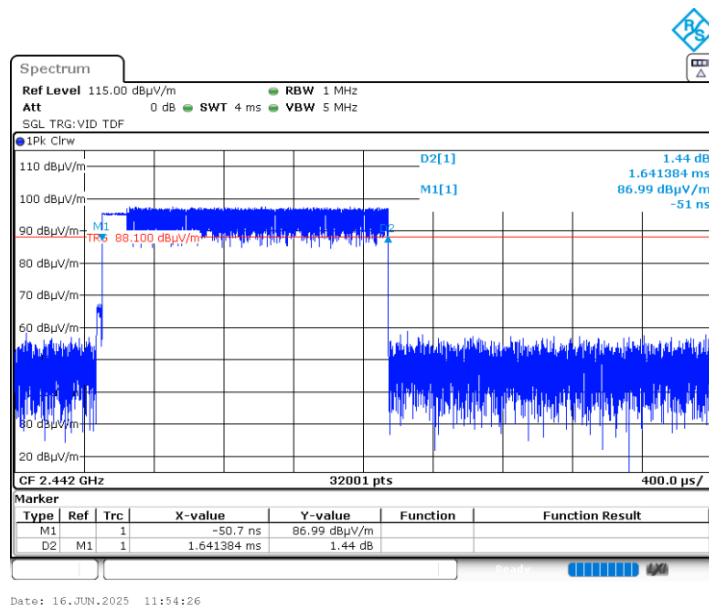
Graph 33: Timing Plot Showing Channel Hits (DH1)



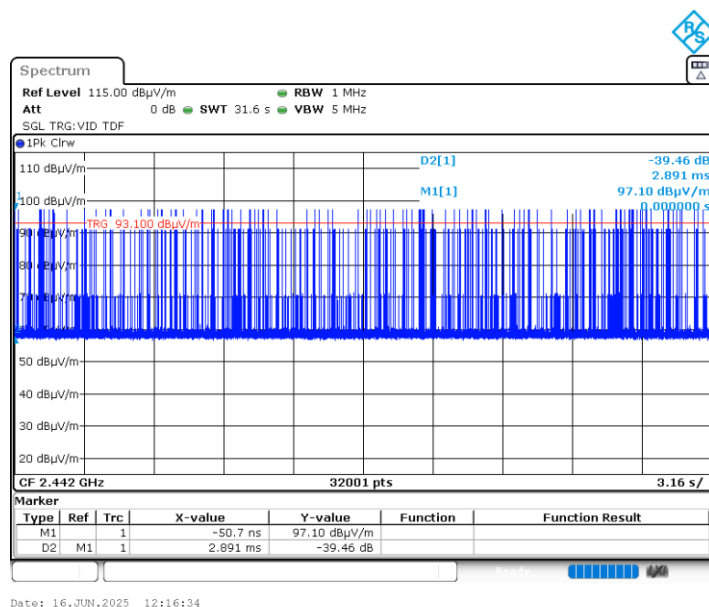
Graph 34: Timing Plot Showing Hit Duration (DH1)



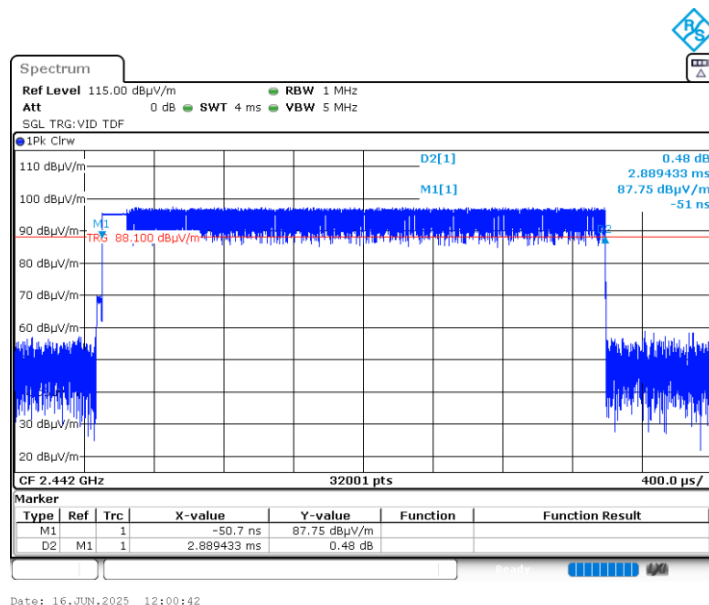
Graph 35: Timing Plot Showing Channel Hits (DH3)



Graph 36: Timing Plot Showing Hit Duration (DH3)



Graph 37: Timing Plot Showing Channel Hits (DH5)



Graph 38: Timing Plot Showing Hit Duration (DH5)

Result

The EUT complies with the specification as the EUT transmits less than the 0.4 seconds allowed by the specification.

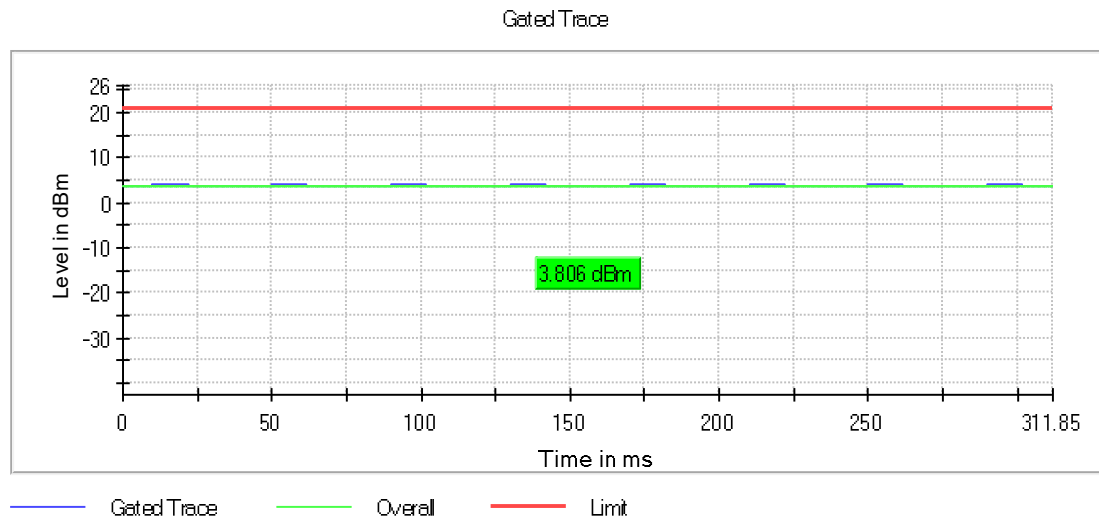
6.5.5 §15.247(b)(3) Peak Output Power

The highest gain antenna used with the EUT has a gain of 5.1 dBi. The EUT uses 79 hopping channels. The limit for this device is 125mW to comply with channel separation requirements. Plots are shown below and the results of this testing are summarized in the table.

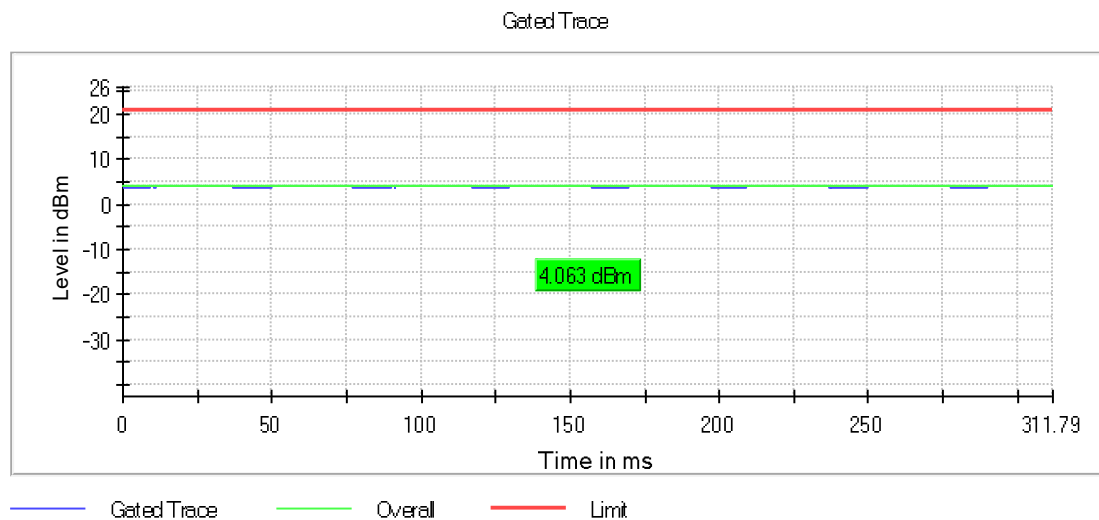
Frequency (MHz)	Measurement (dBm)	Peak Output Power (mW)
2402	3.8	2.4
2440	4.1	2.6
2480	5.0	3.2

Result

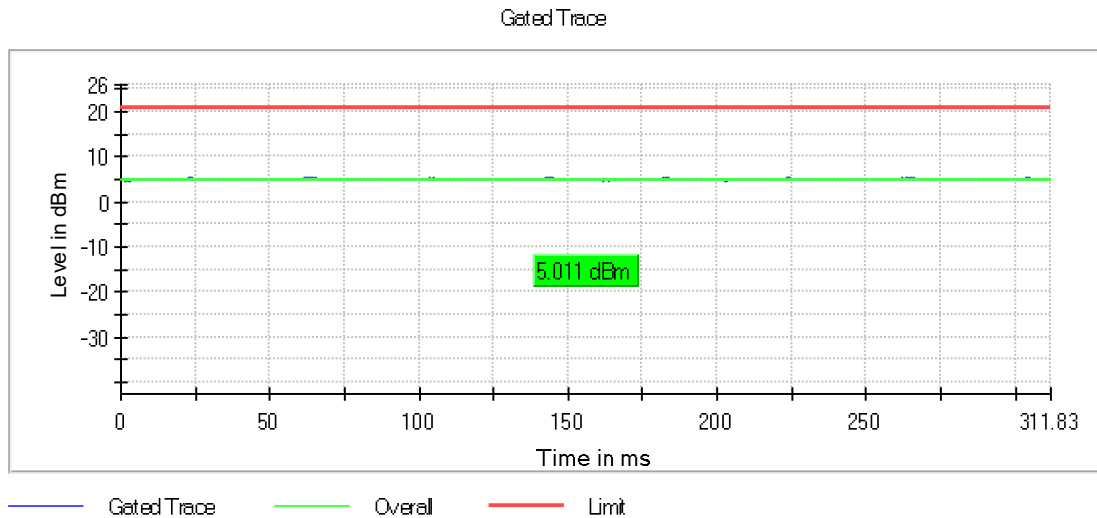
In the configuration tested, the RF peak output power was less than 125 mW; therefore, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.



Graph 39: Lowest Channel Gated Pk Pwr



Graph 40: Middle Channel Gated Pk Pwr



Graph 41: Highest Channel Gated Pk Pwr

6.5.6 §15.247(d) Spurious Emissions

Conducted Spurious Emissions

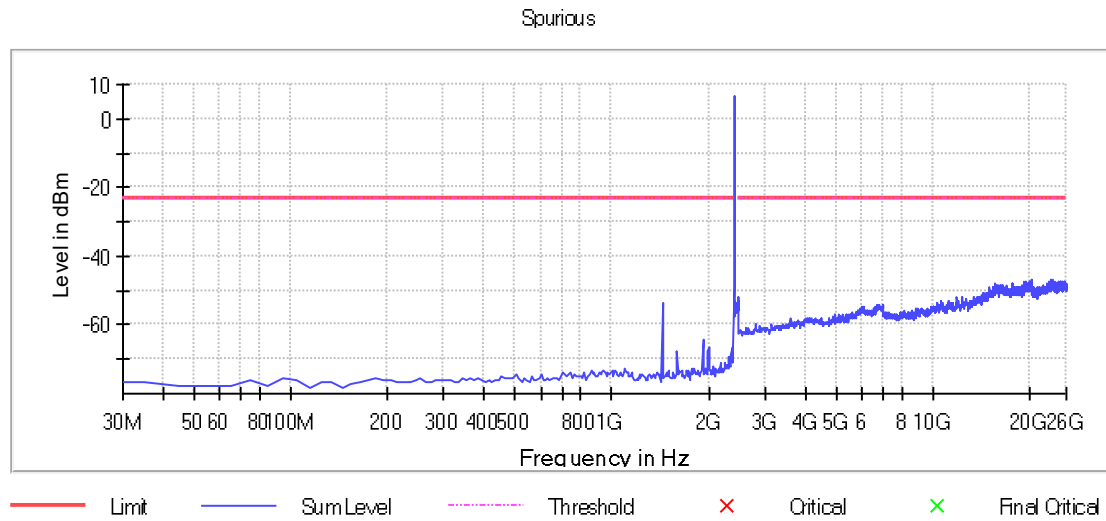
The frequency range from the lowest frequency generated or used in the device to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency was investigated to measure any antenna-conducted emissions. The plots show the measurement data from spurious emissions noted across the frequency range with a 100kHz RBW. The unit transmitted at the lowest frequency, middle frequency, and upper frequency at the highest possible power setting.

Plots below also show band-edge measurements with the EUT tuned to the upper and lower channels at the highest possible power setting. These demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this section at the band edges.

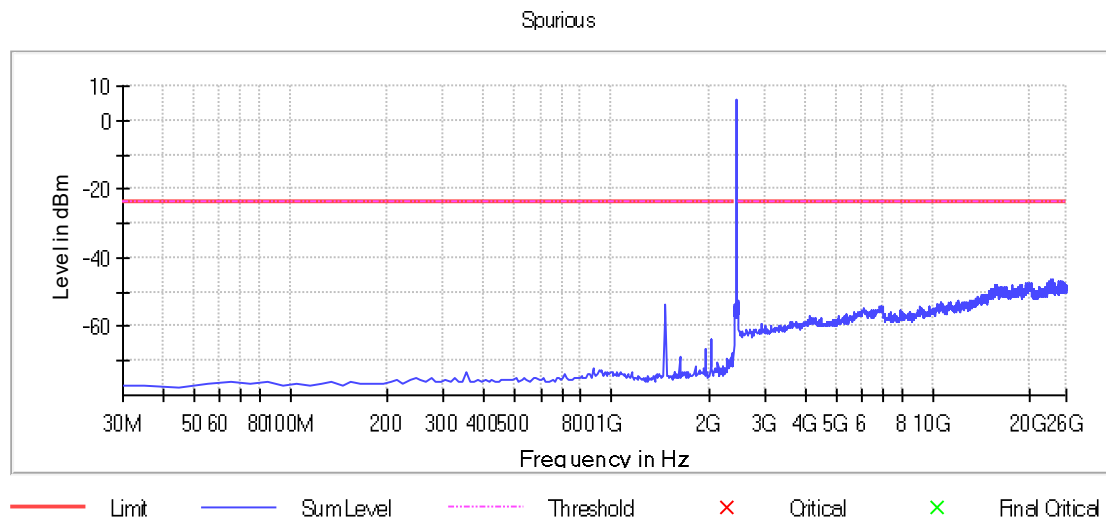
Result

Conducted spurious emissions were attenuated 20 dB or more below the fundamental; therefore, the EUT complies with the specification.

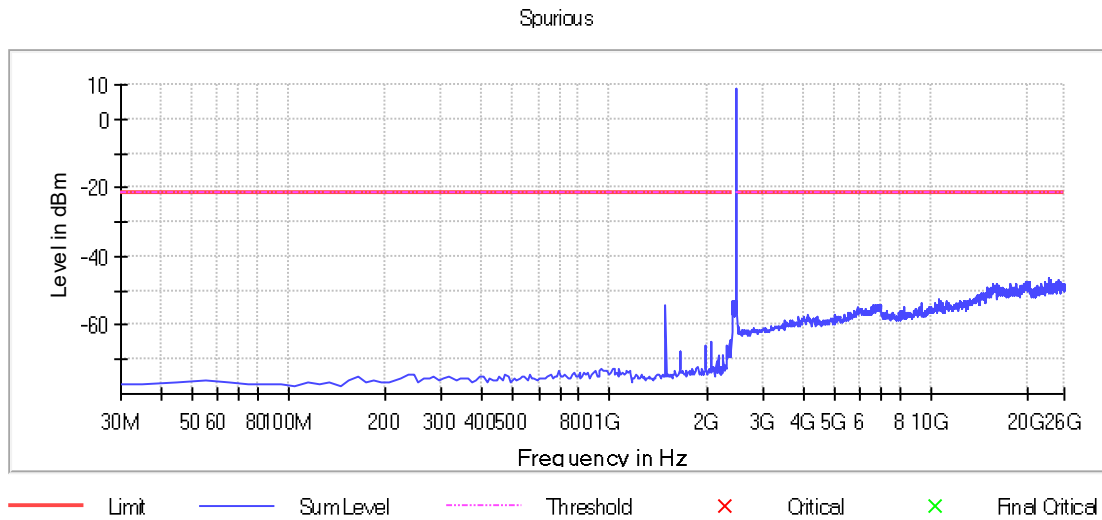
Antenna-Port Conducted Spurious Emissions



Graph 42: Transmitting on the Lowest Channel

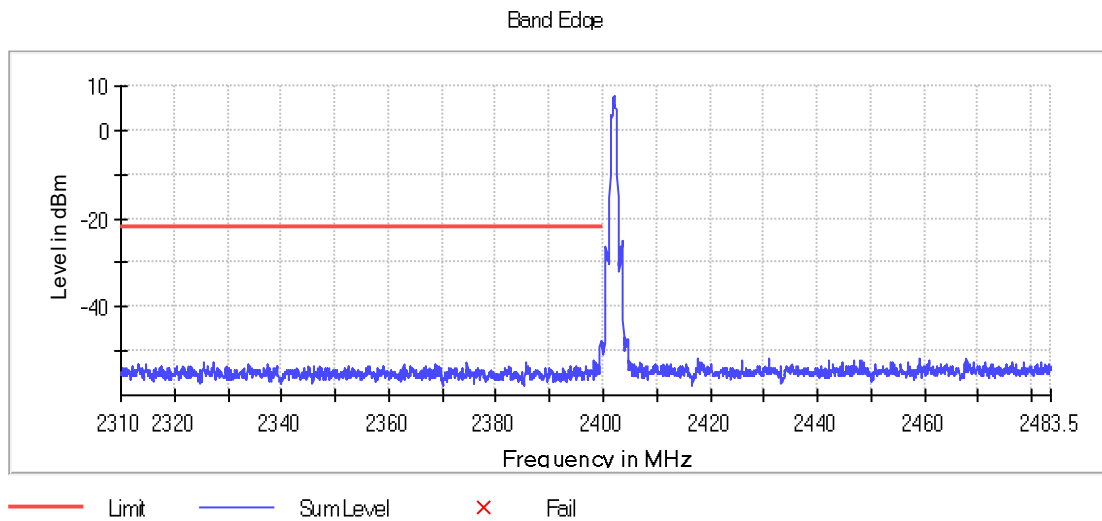


Graph 43: Transmitting on the Middle Channel



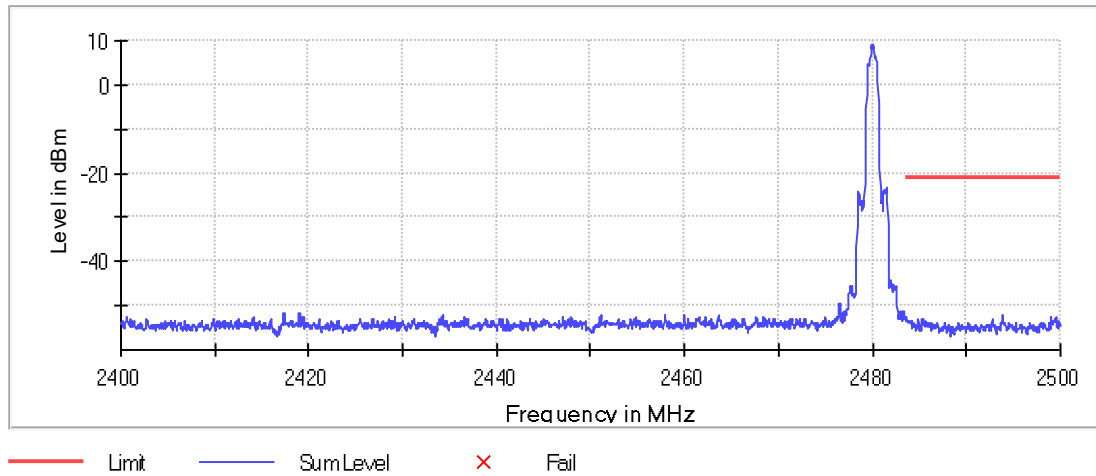
Graph 44: Transmitting on the Highest Channel

Antenna-Port Conducted Band Edges



Graph 45: Transmitting on the Lowest Channel

Band Edge

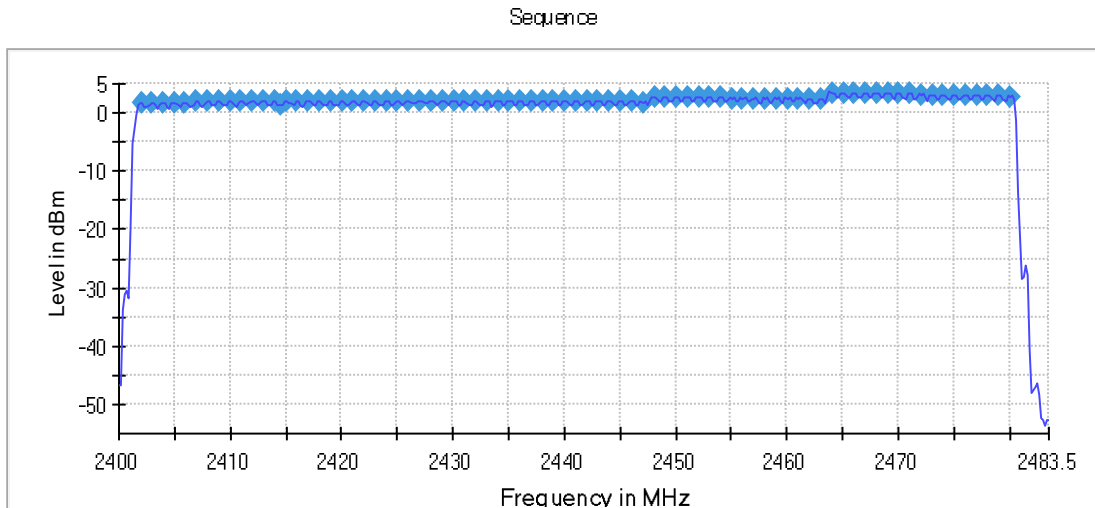


Graph 46: Transmitting on the Highest Channel

6.6 Test Results – FHSS 3Mb/s 8DQPSK

6.6.1 §15.247(a) Number of Channel

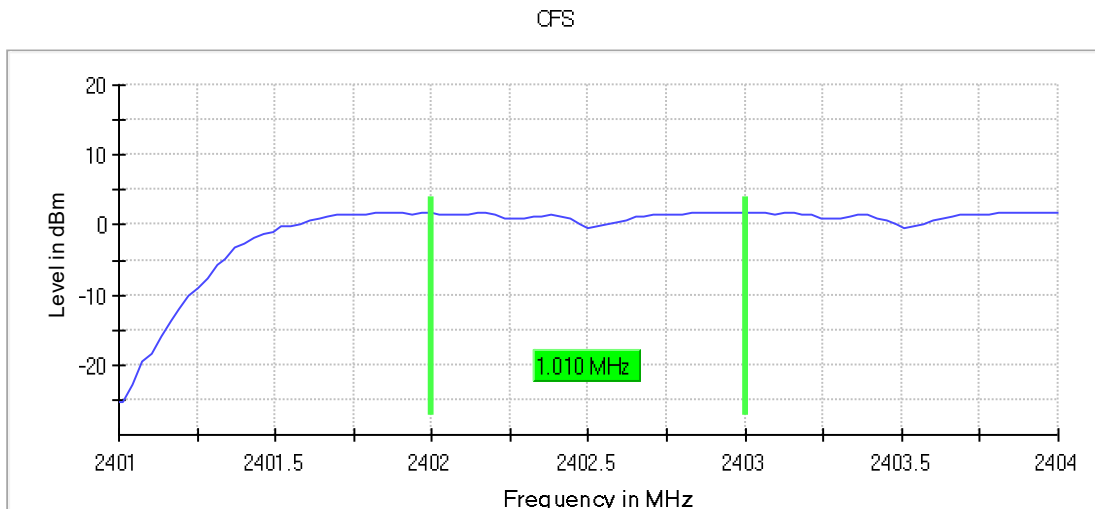
FHSS systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. EUT was found to utilize all 79 channels in the channel plan.



Graph 47: Channel Plot

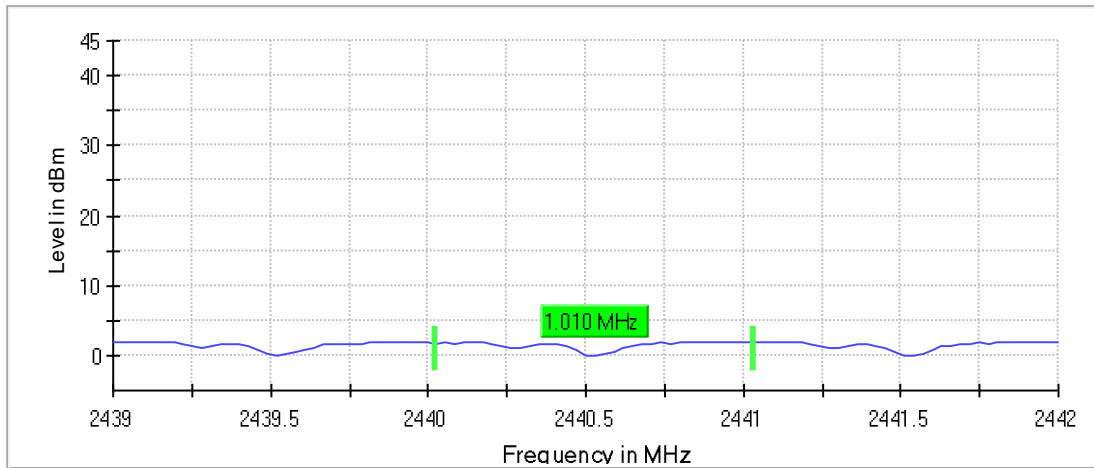
6.6.2 §15.247(a) Channel Separation

FHSS systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band may have channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. Plots showing channel separation are shown below. The 20 dB bandwidth is 1.3 MHz and is shown in the next section.



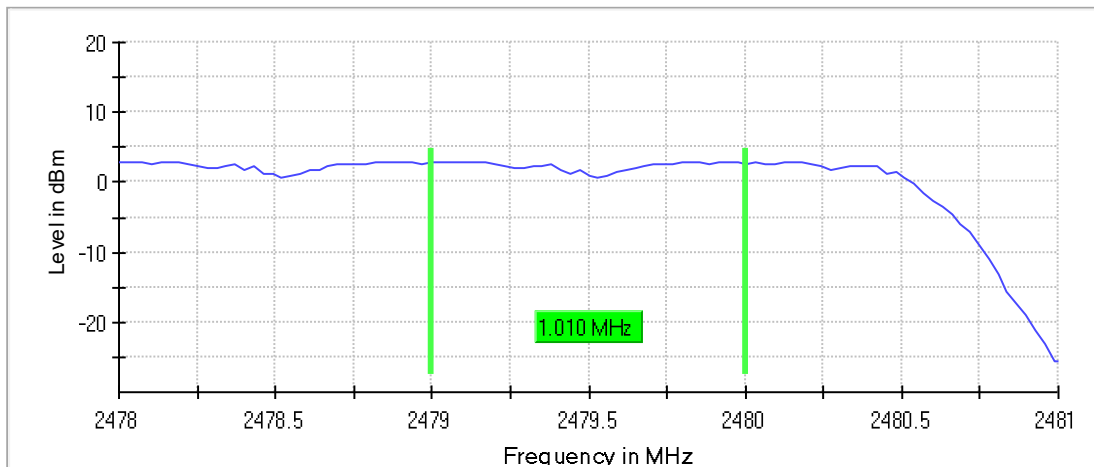
Graph 48: Channel Separation Plot 2402

CFS



Graph 49: Channel Separation Plot 2440

CFS



Graph 50: Channel Separation Plot 2480

Result

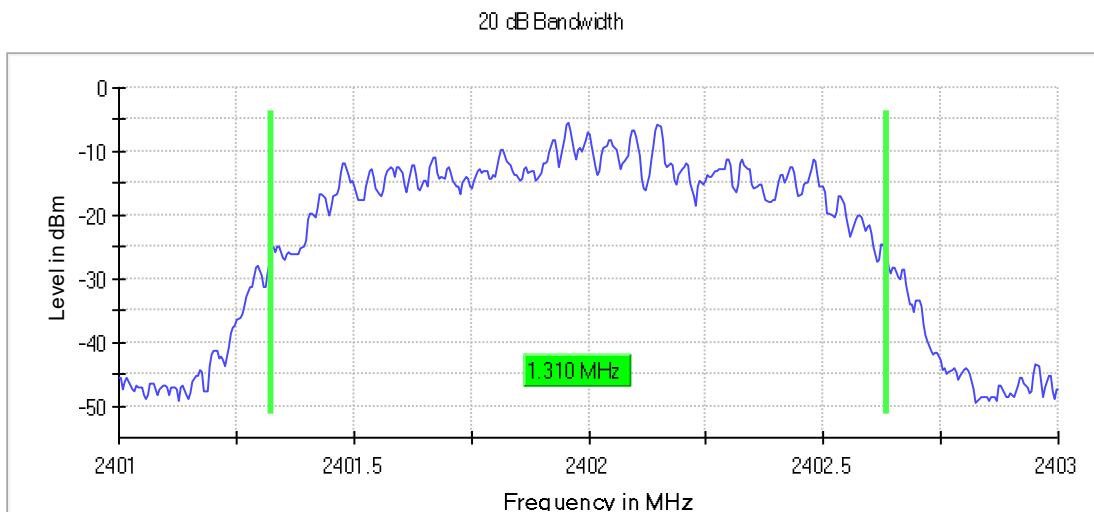
The channel carrier frequency separation is 1.0 MHz, which is greater than two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth; therefore, the EUT complies with the specification.

6.6.3 §15.247(a)(2) Emissions Bandwidth

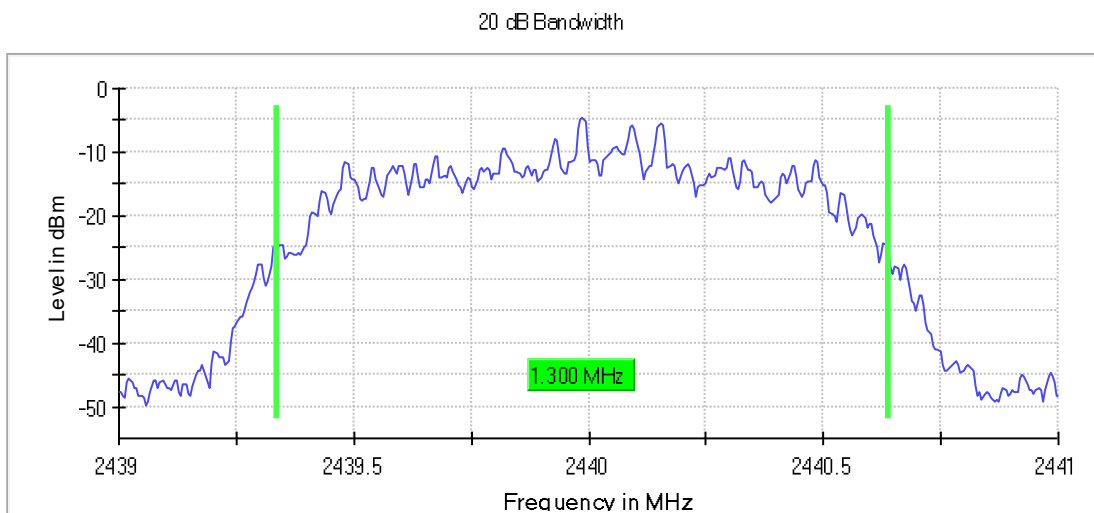
The 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channels is shown in the table and plots below.

Frequency (MHz)	Emissions 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)
2402	1.3
2440	1.3

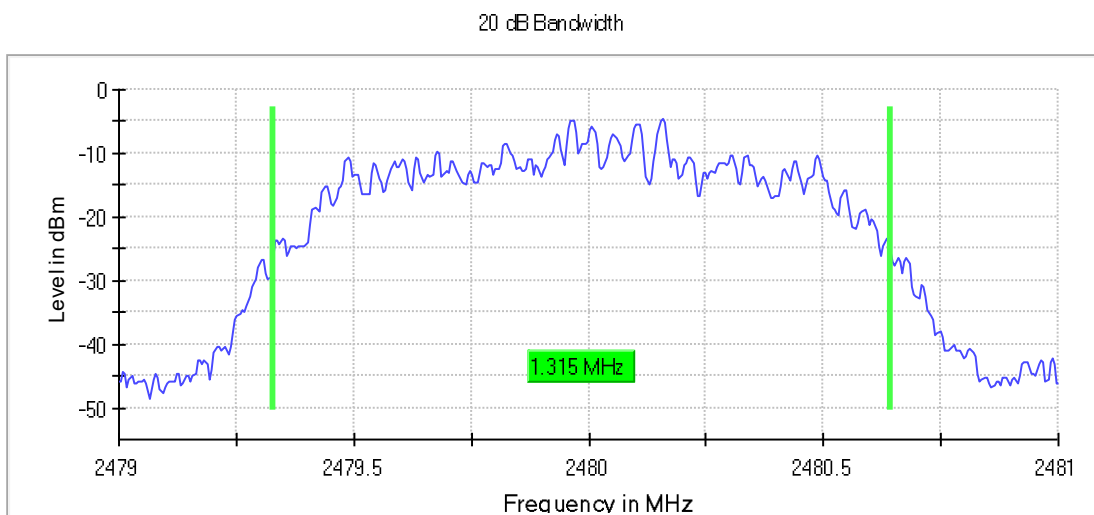
Frequency (MHz)	Emissions 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)
2480	1.3



Graph 51: Lowest Channel 20 dB Bandwidth



Graph 52: Middle Channel 20 dB Bandwidth



Graph 53: Highest Channel 20 dB Bandwidth

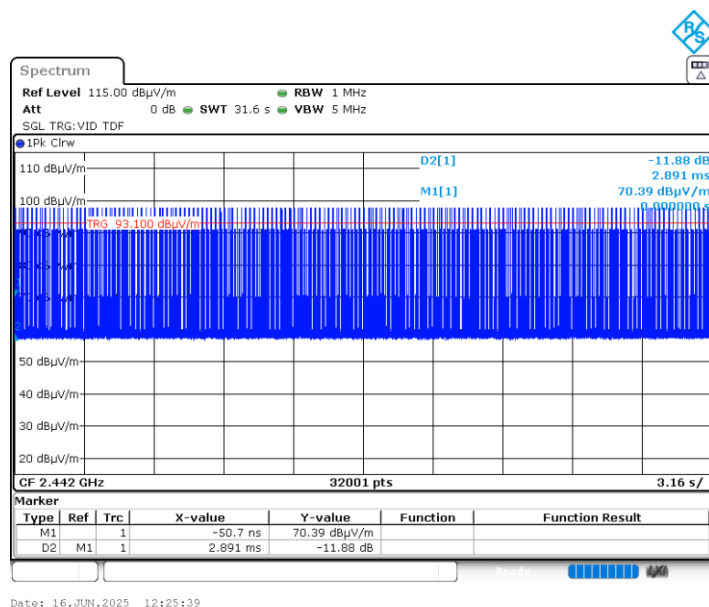
Result

In the configuration tested, the channel bandwidth allows the channel separation of 1 MHz to be compliant; therefore, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

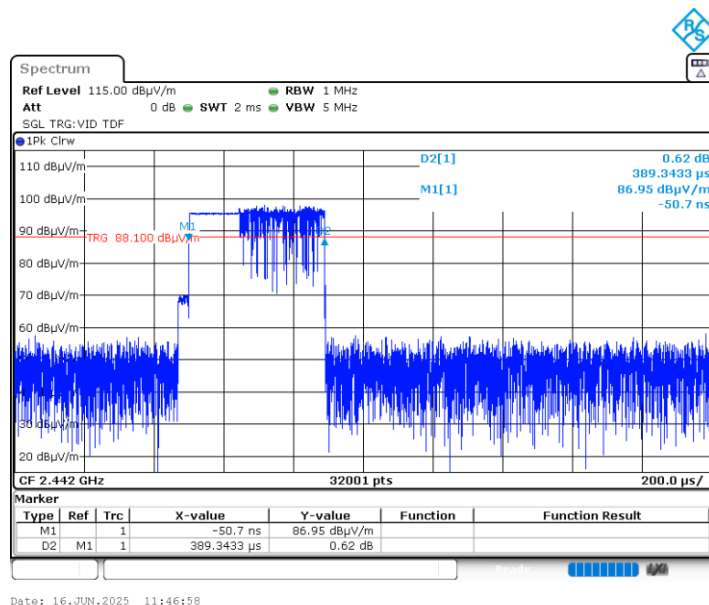
6.6.4 §15.247(a) Channel Occupancy

The EUT uses 79 channels that have a bandwidth greater than 250 kHz in the 2.4GHz ISM Band; therefore, the EUT must have an average time of occupancy on any frequency that is no greater than 0.4 seconds in a period of 31.6 seconds (0.4 seconds x 79 channels). Modulation scheme is capable of transmitting with three timing schemes (DH1, DH3, and DH5). See the plots and tabulated data below.

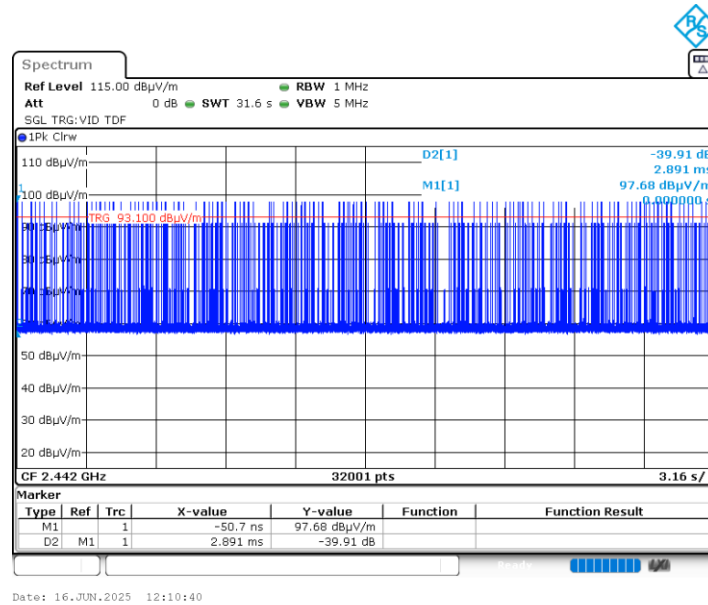
Timing Scheme	Channel Hits per 31.6 seconds	Dwell Time per Hit (µs)	Channel Occupancy (ms)
DH1	321	389.3	125.0
DH3	160	1640.5	262.5
DH5	104	2891.4	300.7



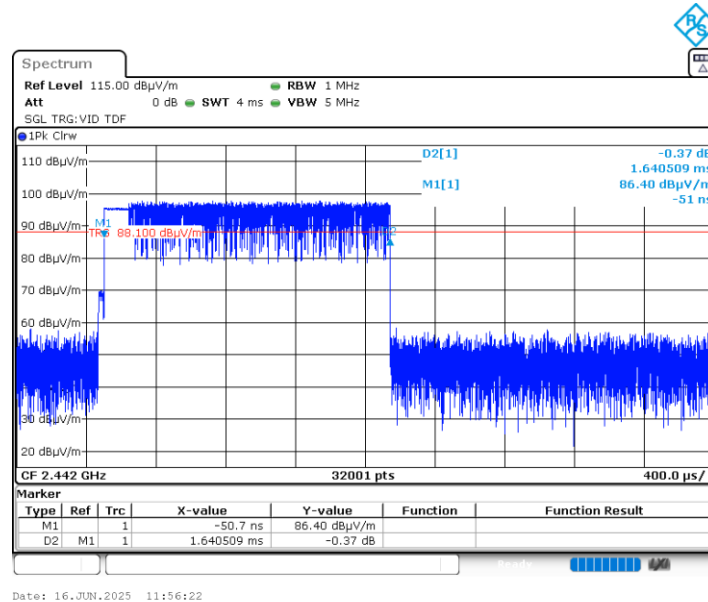
Graph 54: Timing Plot Showing Channel Hits (DH1)



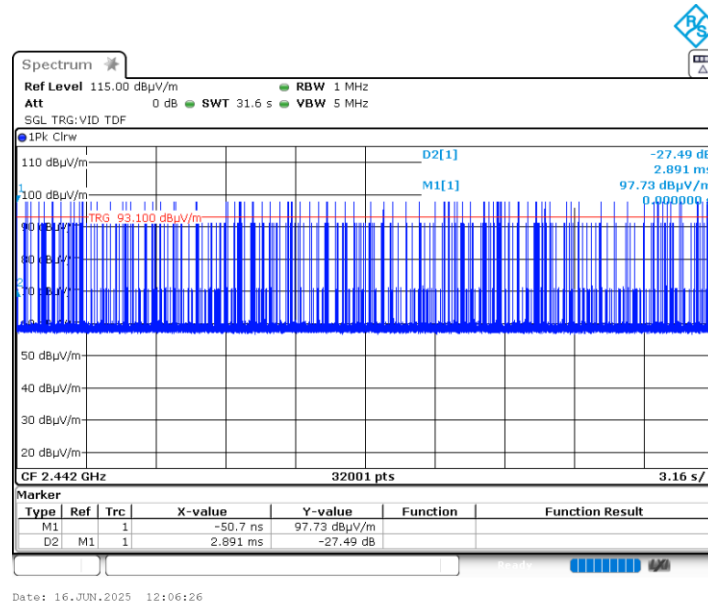
Graph 55: Timing Plot Showing Hit Duration (DH1)



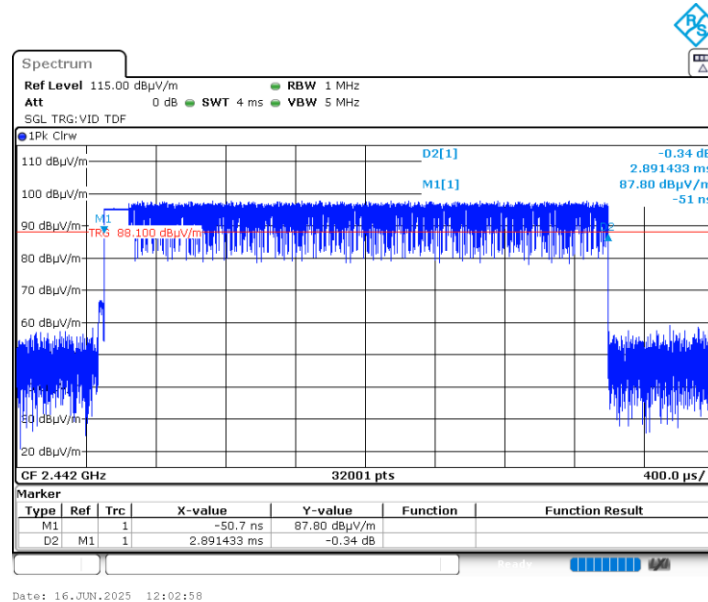
Graph 56: Timing Plot Showing Channel Hits (DH3)



Graph 57: Timing Plot Showing Hit Duration (DH3)



Graph 58: Timing Plot Showing Channel Hits (DH5)



Graph 59: Timing Plot Showing Hit Duration (DH5)

Result

The EUT complies with the specification as the EUT transmits less than the 0.4 seconds allowed by the specification.

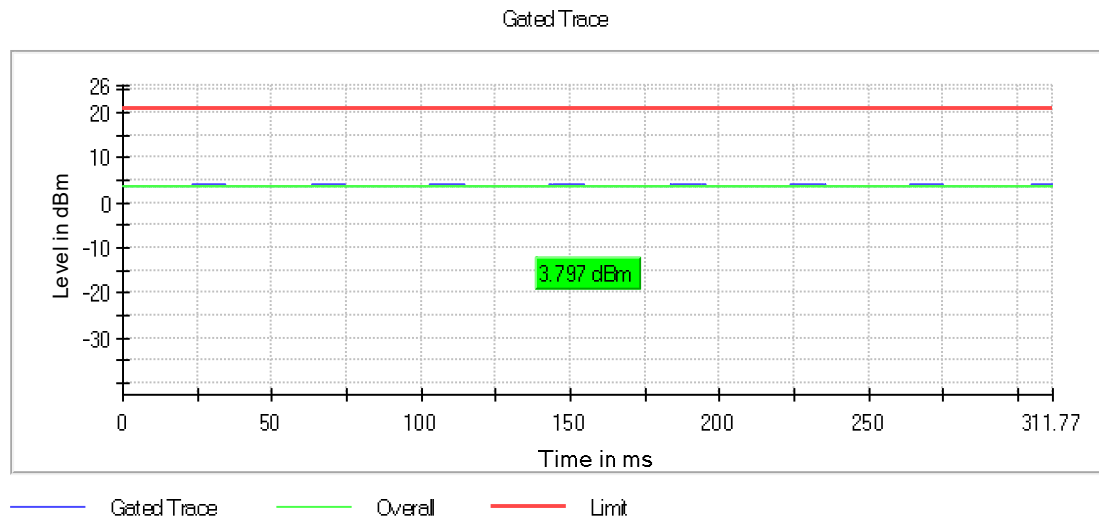
6.6.5 §15.247(b)(3) Peak Output Power

The highest gain antenna used with the EUT has a gain of 5.1 dBi. The EUT uses 79 hopping channels. The limit for this device is 125mW to comply with channel separation requirements. Plots are shown below and the results of this testing are summarized in the table.

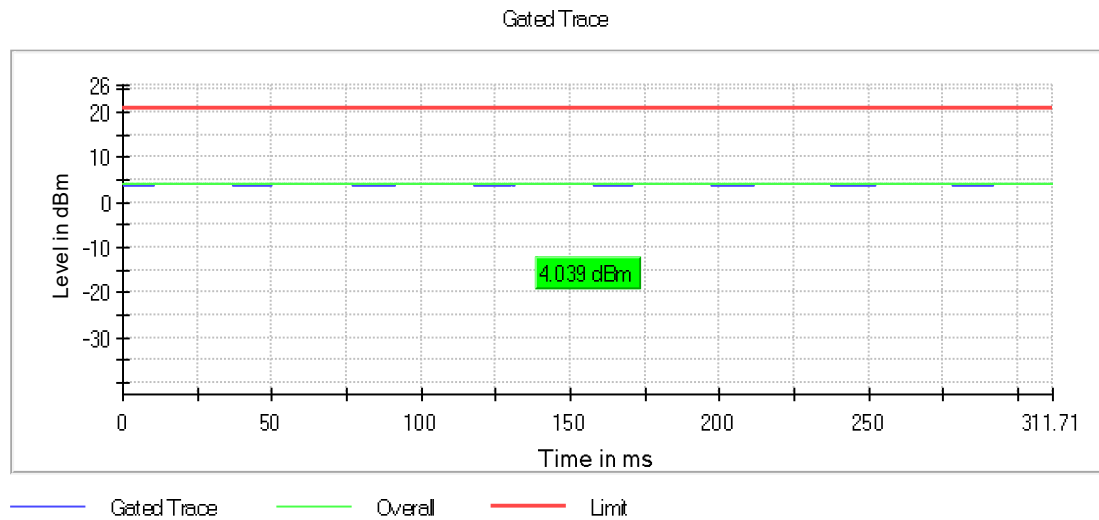
Frequency (MHz)	Measurement (dBm)	Peak Output Power (mW)
2402	3.8	2.4
2440	4.0	2.5
2480	5.0	3.2

Result

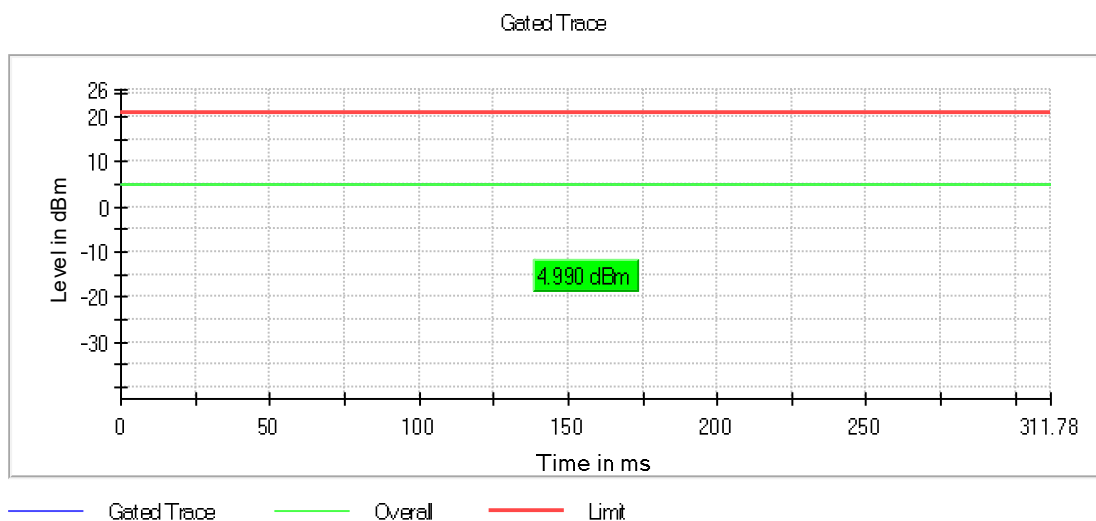
In the configuration tested, the RF peak output power was less than 125 mW; therefore, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.



Graph 60: Lowest Channel Gated Pk Pwr



Graph 61: Middle Channel Gated Pk Pwr



Graph 62: Highest Channel Gated Pk Pwr

6.6.6 §15.247(d) Spurious Emissions

Conducted Spurious Emissions

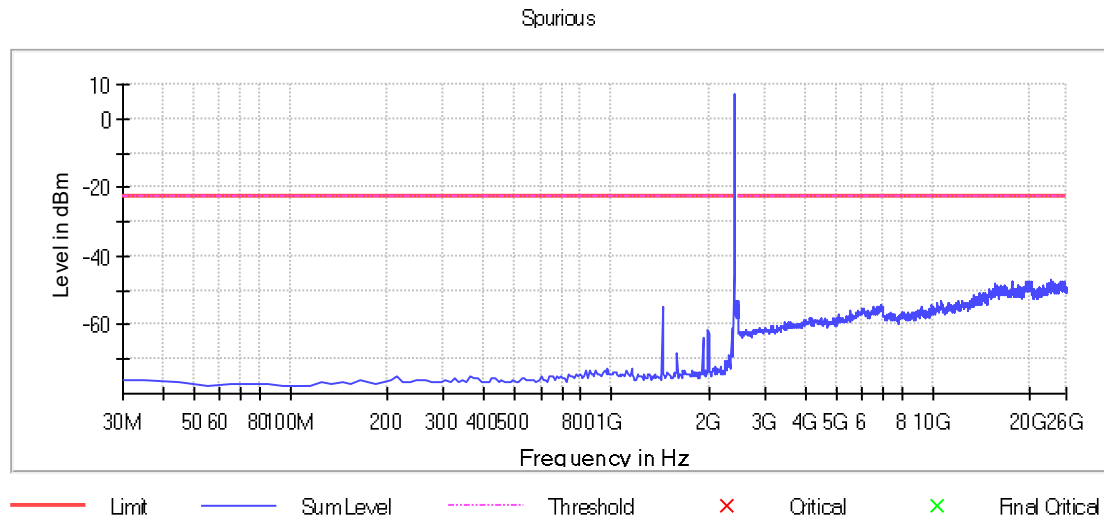
The frequency range from the lowest frequency generated or used in the device to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency was investigated to measure any antenna-conducted emissions. The plots show the measurement data from spurious emissions noted across the frequency range with a 100kHz RBW. The unit transmitted at the lowest frequency, middle frequency, and upper frequency at the highest possible power setting.

Plots below also show band-edge measurements with the EUT tuned to the upper and lower channels at the highest possible power setting. These demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this section at the band edges.

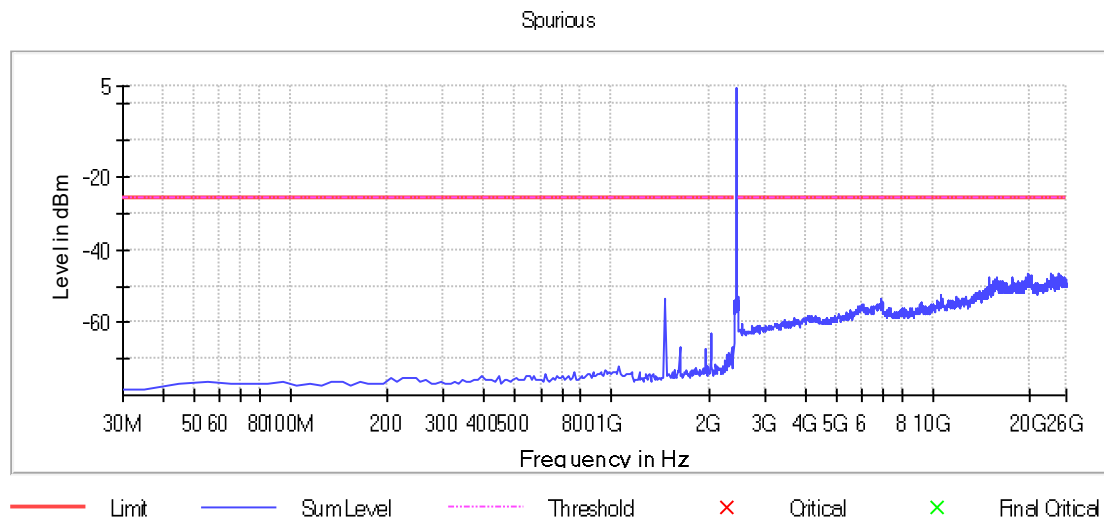
Result

Conducted spurious emissions were attenuated 20 dB or more below the fundamental; therefore, the EUT complies with the specification.

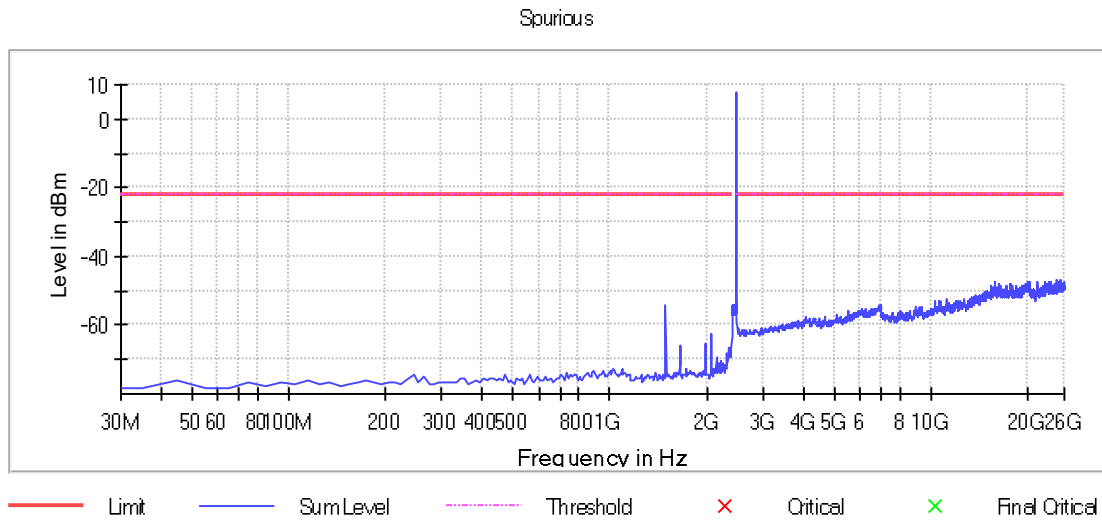
Antenna-Port Conducted Spurious Emissions



Graph 63: Transmitting on the Lowest Channel

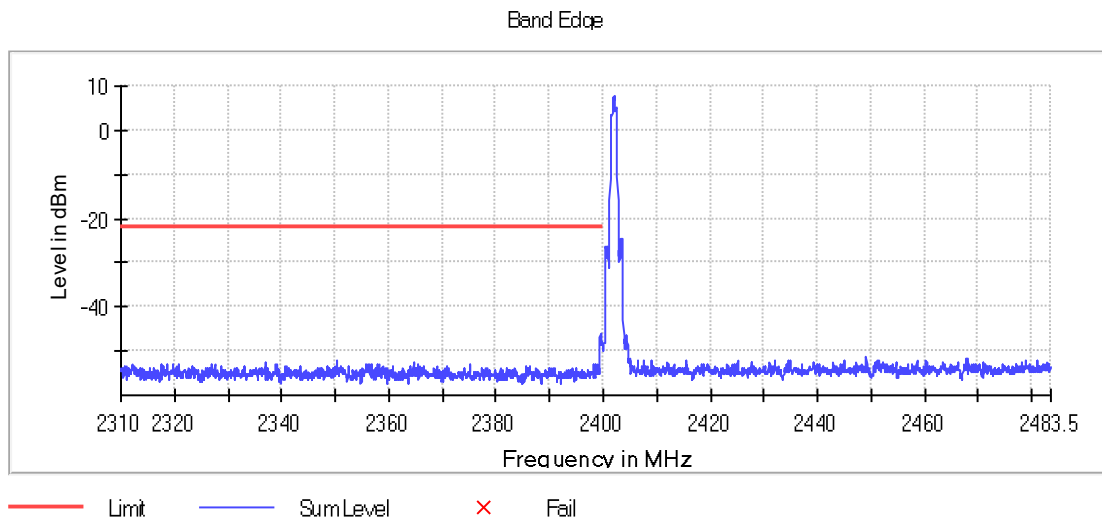


Graph 64: Transmitting on the Middle Channel

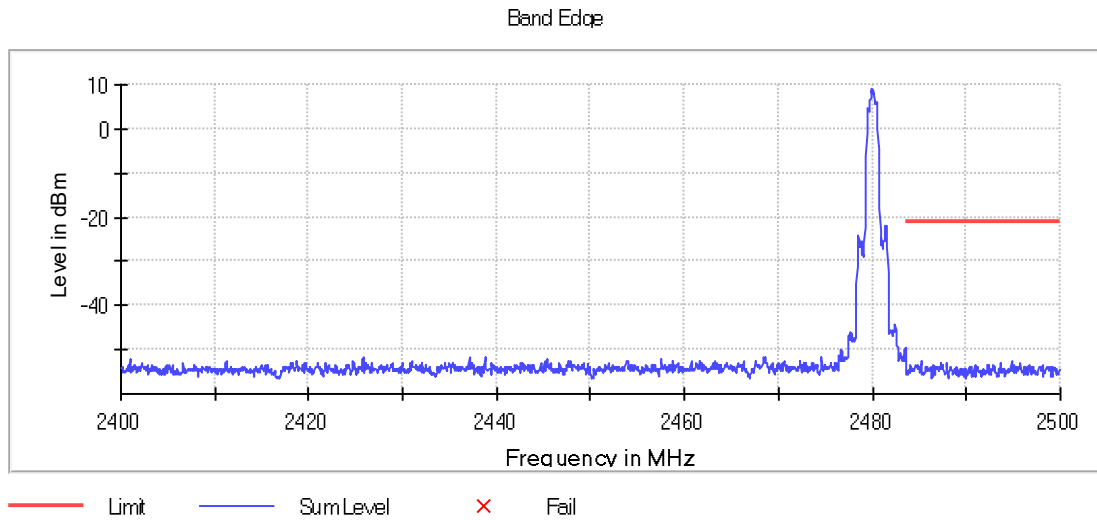


Graph 65: Transmitting on the Highest Channel

Antenna-Port Conducted Band Edges



Graph 66: Transmitting on the Lowest Channel



Graph 67: Transmitting on the Highest Channel

6.7 Test Results – DTS BLE

6.7.1 Conducted Emissions at Mains Ports Data

EUT was set to transmit continuously at 2440 MHz with RF output power set to 0 dBm.

Hot Lead, T5IW8:

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Measured Level (dBμV)	Class B Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
0.15	Peak (Note 1)	40.2	11.7	51.9	55.6	-3.7
0.16	Peak (Note 1)	40.7	11.6	52.3	55.2	-2.9
0.45	Peak (Note 1)	29.1	10.3	39.4	46.8	-7.4
17.7	Peak (Note 1)	30.7	10.8	41.5	50.0	-8.5
18.3	Peak (Note 1)	30.5	10.8	41.3	50.0	-8.8
26.3	Peak (Note 1)	29.2	11.3	40.5	50.0	-9.5

Note 1: The reference detector used for the measurements was Quasi-Peak or Peak and the data was compared to the average limit; therefore, the EUT was deemed to meet both the average and quasi-peak limits.
Note 2: The reference detector used for the measurements was quasi-peak and average and the data was compared to the respective limits.

Neutral Lead, T5IW8:

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Measured Level (dBμV)	Class B Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
0.15	Peak (Note 1)	39.5	11.7	51.1	55.6	-4.5
0.16	Peak (Note 1)	39.6	11.6	51.2	55.4	-4.1
0.22	Peak (Note 1)	34.6	11.1	45.7	53.0	-7.3
22.5	Peak (Note 1)	31.9	11.1	43.0	50.0	-7.0
23.3	Peak (Note 1)	33.1	11.1	44.2	50.0	-5.8
26.4	Peak (Note 1)	32.3	11.2	43.6	50.0	-6.4

Note 1: The reference detector used for the measurements was Quasi-Peak or Peak and the data was compared to the average limit; therefore, the EUT was deemed to meet both the average and quasi-peak limits.
Note 2: The reference detector used for the measurements was quasi-peak and average and the data was compared to the respective limits.

Hot Lead, T5IW11:

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Measured Level (dBμV)	Class B Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
0.15	Peak (Note 1)	38.8	11.7	50.4	55.5	-5.0
0.17	Peak (Note 1)	37.8	11.6	49.4	55.1	-5.7
17.7	Peak (Note 1)	31.2	10.8	42.0	50.0	-8.0
25.8	Peak (Note 1)	31.8	11.3	43.0	50.0	-7.0
26.4	Peak (Note 1)	33.1	11.3	44.5	50.0	-5.5

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Measured Level (dBμV)	Class B Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
26.9	Peak (Note 1)	32.9	11.3	44.2	50.0	-5.8
Note 1: The reference detector used for the measurements was Quasi-Peak or Peak and the data was compared to the average limit; therefore, the EUT was deemed to meet both the average and quasi-peak limits. Note 2: The reference detector used for the measurements was quasi-peak and average and the data was compared to the respective limits.						

Neutral Lead, T5IW11:

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Measured Level (dBμV)	Class B Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
0.16	Peak (Note 1)	37.1	11.6	48.6	55.2	-6.6
0.47	Peak (Note 1)	28.0	10.3	38.3	46.5	-8.2
17.7	Peak (Note 1)	30.6	10.8	41.4	50.0	-8.6
23.1	Peak (Note 1)	31.9	11.1	43.0	50.0	-7.0
25.6	Peak (Note 1)	32.0	11.2	43.2	50.0	-6.8
26.5	Peak (Note 1)	32.4	11.2	43.7	50.0	-6.3
Note 1: The reference detector used for the measurements was Quasi-Peak or Peak and the data was compared to the average limit; therefore, the EUT was deemed to meet both the average and quasi-peak limits. Note 2: The reference detector used for the measurements was quasi-peak and average and the data was compared to the respective limits.						

Result

The EUT complied with the specification limit by a margin of 2.9 dB.

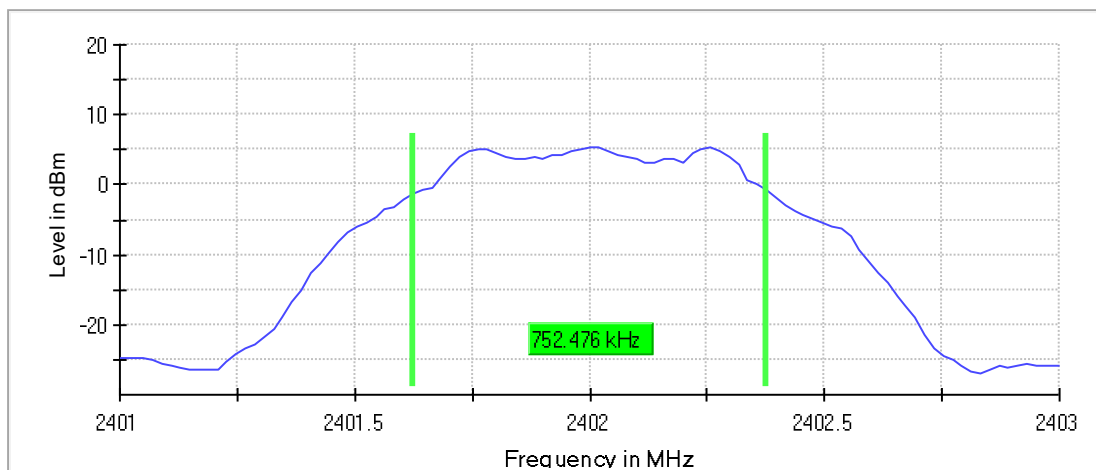
6.7.2 §15.247(a)(2) Emissions Bandwidth

Frequency (MHz)	Emissions 6 dB bandwidth (kHz)
2402	752.5
2440	732.7
2480	752.5

Result

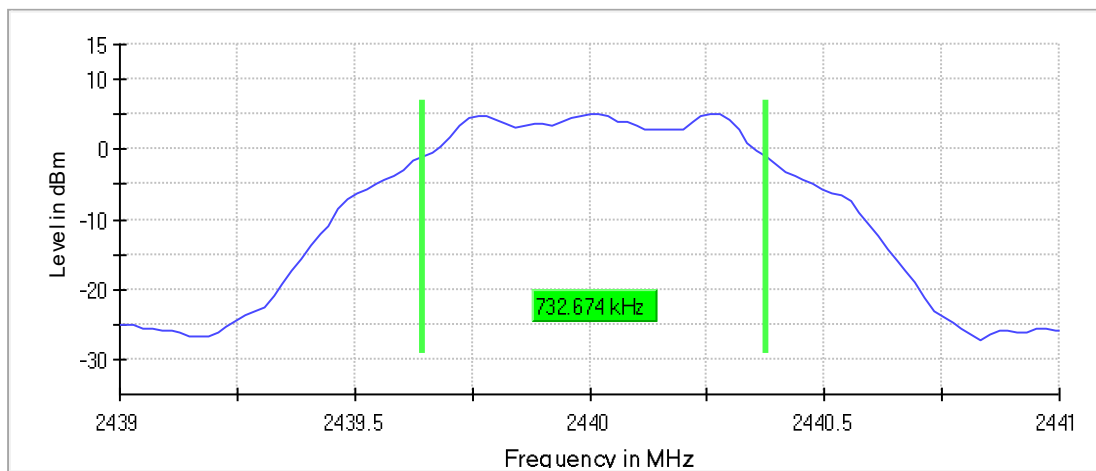
In the configuration tested, the 6 dB bandwidth was greater than 500 kHz; therefore, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

6 dB Bandwidth

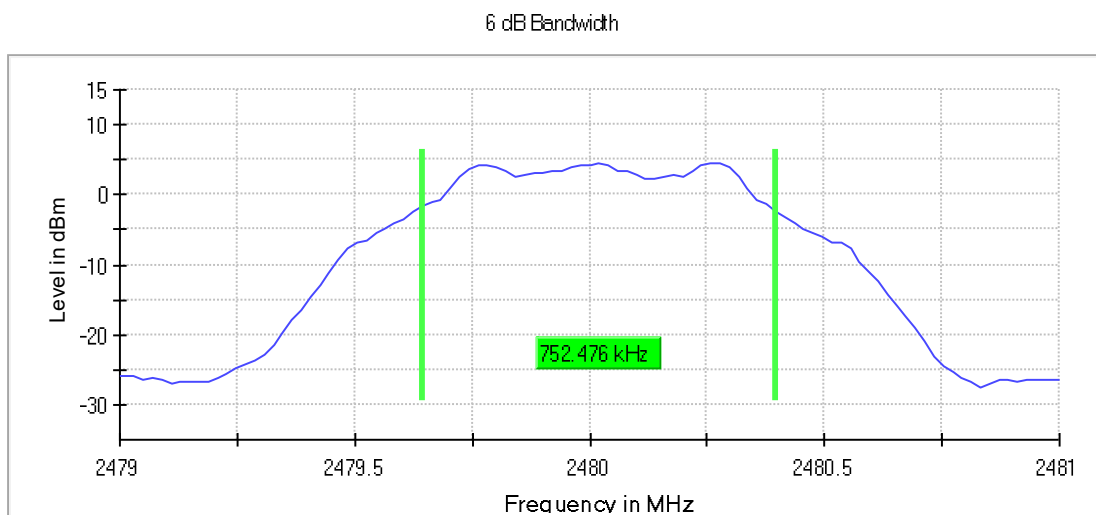


Graph 68: Lowest Channel Bandwidth

6 dB Bandwidth



Graph 69: Middle Channel Bandwidth



Graph 70: Highest Channel Bandwidth

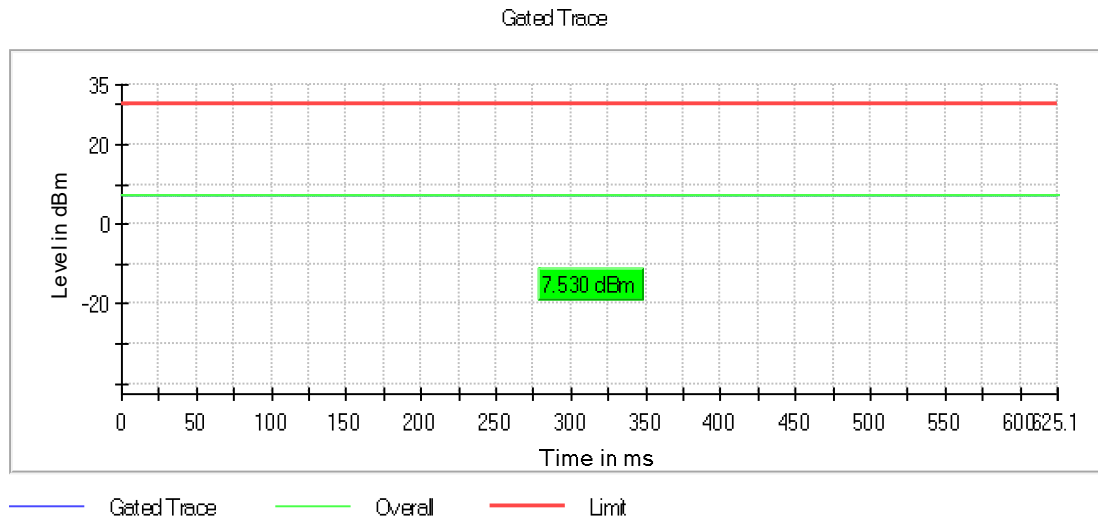
6.7.3 §15.247(b)(3) Peak Output Power

The gated peak RF Conducted output power measured for this device was 17.8 dBm or 60.3 mW. The limit is 30 dBm or 1 Watt when using antennas with 6 dBi or less gain.

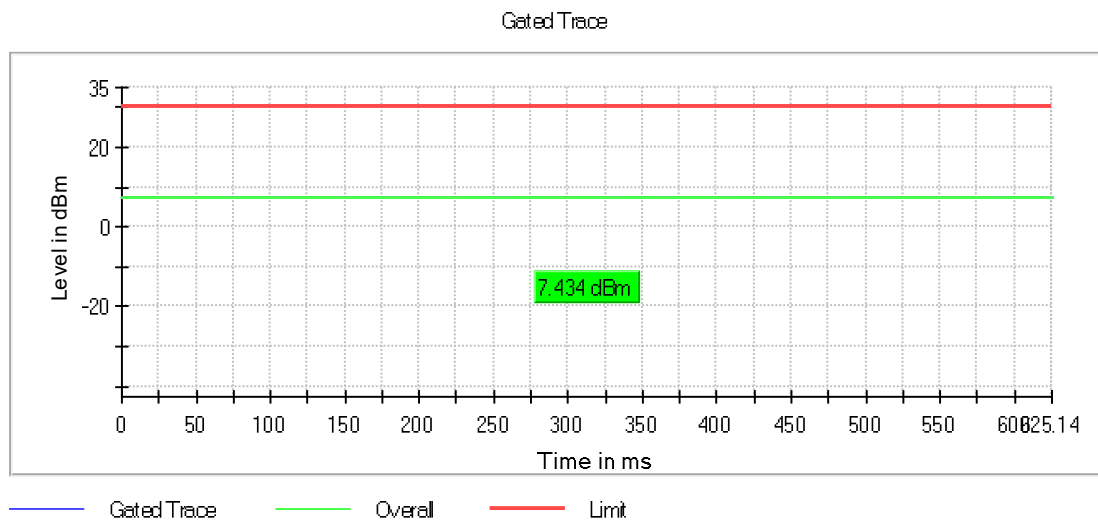
Frequency (MHz)	Measured Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
2402	7.5	5.6
2440	7.4	5.5
2480	7.1	5.1

Result

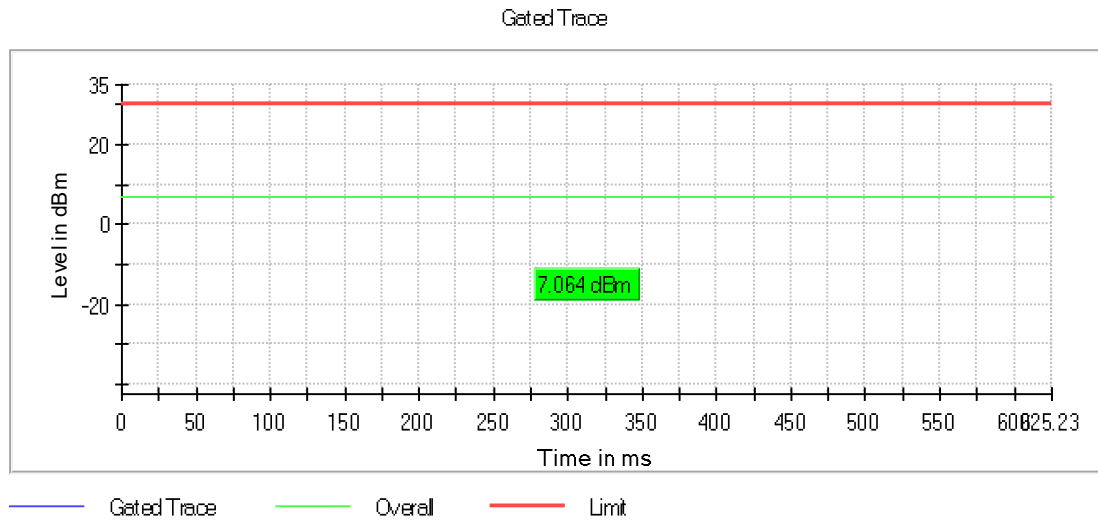
In the configuration tested, the RF peak output power was less than 1 Watt; therefore, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification (see spectrum analyzer plots below).



Graph 71: 2402 MHz Output Power Plot



Graph 72: 2440 MHz Output Power Plot



Graph 73: 2480 MHz Output Power Plot

6.7.4 §15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

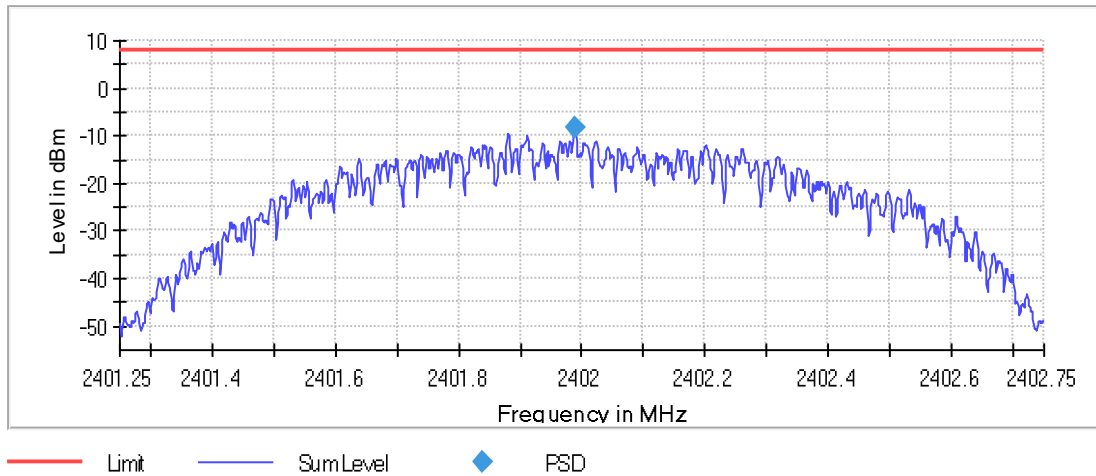
The peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any minimum 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. Results of this test are summarized.

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement (dBm)	Criteria (dBm)
2402	-8.1	8.0
2440	-8.3	8.0
2480	-8.9	8.0

Result

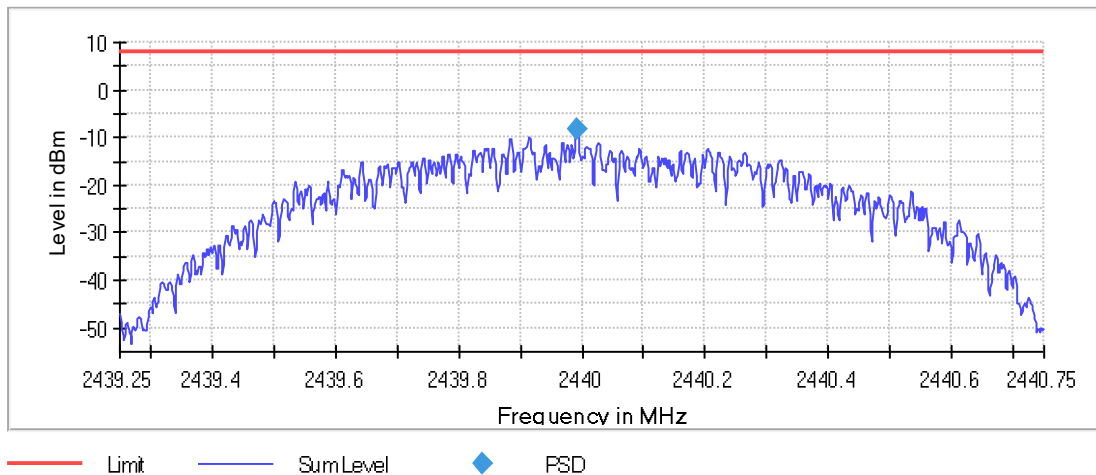
The maximum peak power spectral density was less than the limit of 8 dBm; therefore, the EUT complies with the specification.

Peak Power Spectral Density



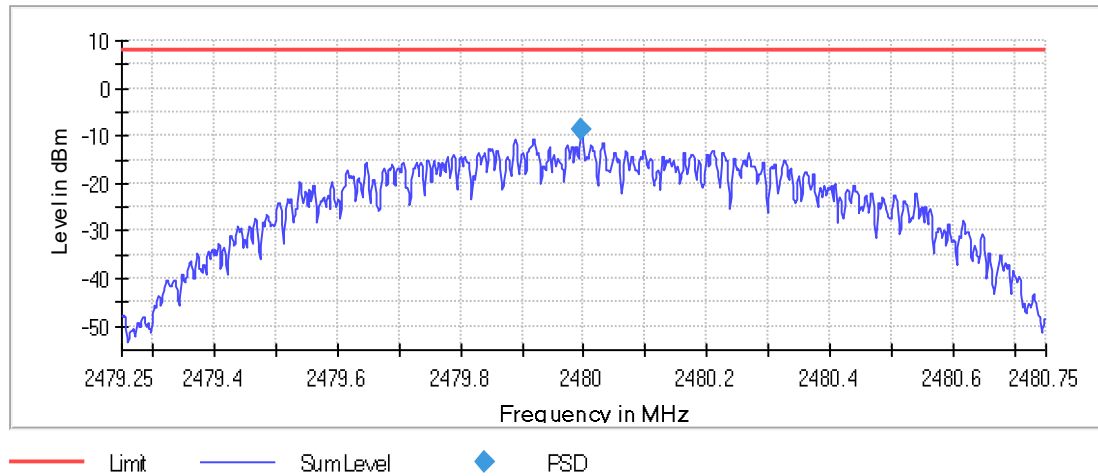
Graph 74: 2402 MHz PSD Plot

Peak Power Spectral Density



Graph 75: 2440 MHz PSD Plot

Peak Power Spectral Density



Graph 76: 2480 MHz 3 kHz PSD Plot

6.7.5 §15.247(d) Spurious Emissions

Conducted Spurious Emissions

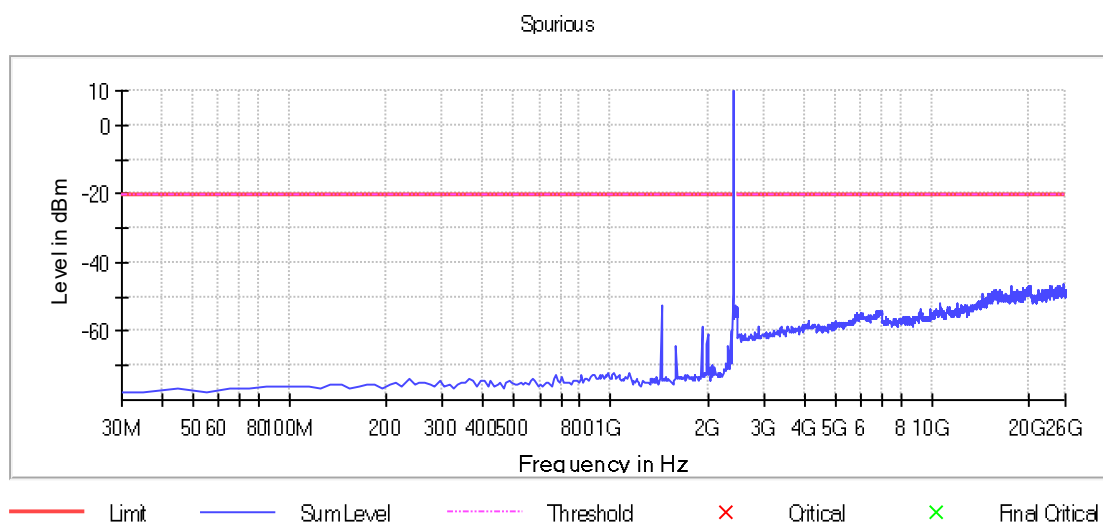
The frequency range from the lowest frequency generated or used in the device to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency was investigated to measure any antenna-conducted emissions. The plots show the measurement data from spurious emissions noted across the frequency range with a 100kHz RBW. The unit transmitted at the lowest frequency, middle frequency, and upper frequency at the highest possible power setting.

Plots below also show band-edge measurements with the EUT tuned to the upper and lower channels at the highest possible power setting. These demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this section at the band edges.

Result

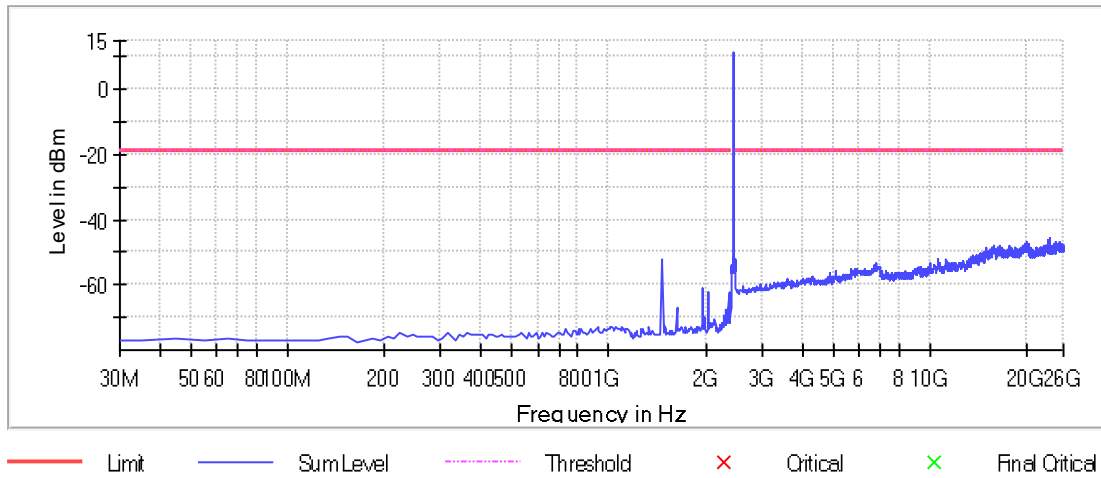
Conducted spurious emissions were attenuated 20 dB or more below the fundamental; therefore, the EUT complies with the specification.

Antenna-Port Conducted Spurious Emissions



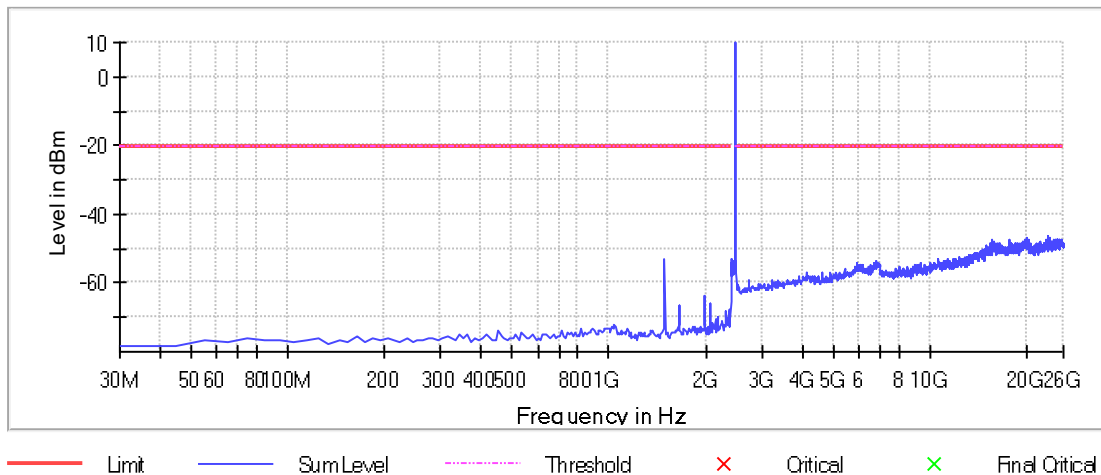
Graph 77: Transmitting on the Lowest Channel

Spurious



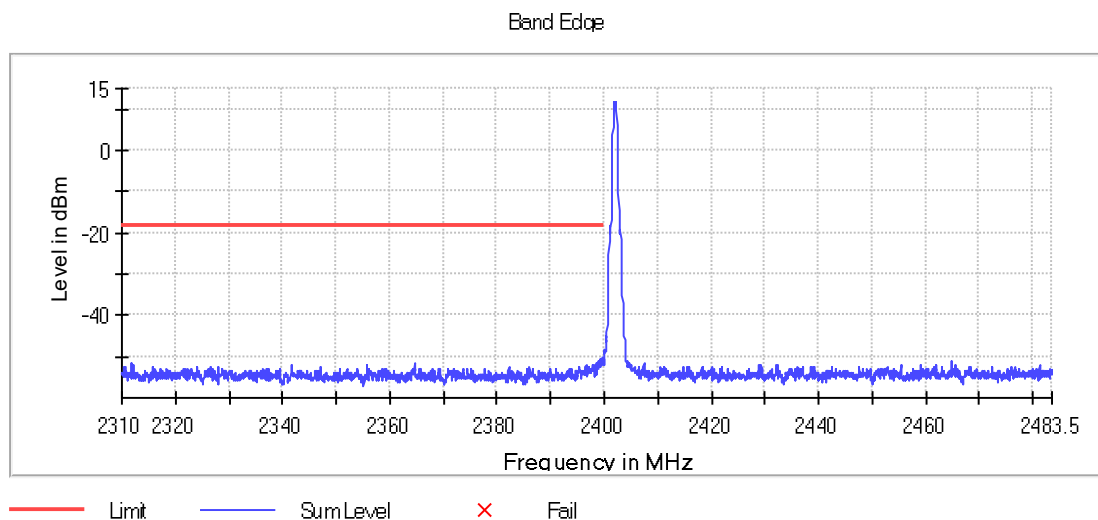
Graph 78: Transmitting on the Middle Channel

Spurious

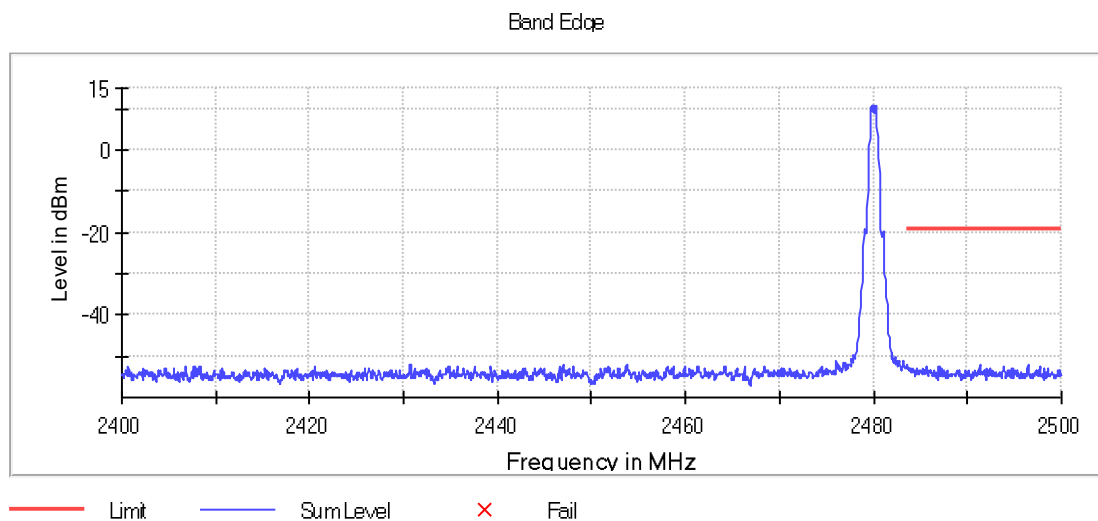


Graph 79: Transmitting on the Highest Channel

Antenna-Port Conducted Band Edges



Graph 80: Transmitting on the Lowest Channel



Graph 81: Transmitting on the Highest Channel

Radiated Spurious Emissions in the Restricted Bands of §15.205

The frequency range from the lowest frequency generated or used in the device to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental emission was investigated to measure any radiated emissions in the restricted bands. The following tables show measurements of any emission that fell into the restricted bands of §15.205. The tables show the worst-case emission measured from the EUT. For frequencies above 18.0 GHz, a measurement distance of 1 meter was used. The noise floor was a minimum of 6 dB below the limit. The emissions in the restricted bands must meet the limits specified in §15.209.

Tabular data for each of the spurious emissions is shown below for each of the units while transmitting at the maximum possible output power. Plots of the band edges are also shown while transmitting at the maximum possible output power.

Result

All emissions in the restricted bands of §15.205 met the limits specified in §15.209; therefore, the EUT complies with the specification.

C4-T5IW8 Radiated Spurious Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4803.7	Peak	Vertical	39.0	5.8	44.8	74.0	-29.2
4803.9	Average	Vertical	25.8	5.8	31.5	54.0	-22.5
4802.7	Peak	Horizontal	39.9	5.8	45.7	74.0	-28.3
4804.0	Average	Horizontal	25.9	5.8	31.6	54.0	-22.4
7205.2	Peak	Vertical	36.0	10.5	46.5	74.0	-27.5
7208.0	Average	Vertical	22.9	10.5	33.4	54.0	-20.6
7205.2	Peak	Horizontal	36.8	10.5	47.2	74.0	-26.8
7205.0	Average	Horizontal	23.1	10.5	33.6	54.0	-20.4
9604.7	Peak	Vertical	36.8	12.6	49.4	74.0	-24.6
9607.4	Average	Vertical	23.4	12.6	35.9	54.0	-18.1
9607.6	Peak	Horizontal	37.6	12.6	50.2	74.0	-23.8
9606.9	Average	Horizontal	23.8	12.6	36.3	54.0	-17.7
12007.9	Peak	Vertical	35.4	17.4	52.7	74.0	-21.3
12006.5	Average	Vertical	22.2	17.4	39.5	54.0	-14.5
12006.2	Peak	Horizontal	35.7	17.4	53.0	74.0	-21.0
12010.0	Average	Horizontal	22.4	17.4	39.7	54.0	-14.3
14416.2	Peak	Vertical	34.4	22.3	56.7	74.0	-17.3
14411.6	Average	Vertical	20.8	22.3	43.1	54.0	-10.9
14410.1	Peak	Horizontal	34.8	22.3	57.2	74.0	-16.9
14417.6	Average	Horizontal	21.2	22.4	43.6	54.0	-10.5
16816.6	Peak	Vertical	34.6	19.5	54.1	74.0	-19.9
16813.2	Average	Vertical	20.6	19.5	40.1	54.0	-13.9
16815.9	Peak	Horizontal	34.3	19.5	53.8	74.0	-20.2
16816.4	Average	Horizontal	20.9	19.5	40.4	54.0	-13.6
19210.6	Peak	Vertical	38.9	16.0	54.9	74.0	-19.1
19210.9	Average	Vertical	25.4	16.0	41.4	54.0	-12.6
19208.6	Peak	Horizontal	39.4	16.0	55.3	74.0	-18.7
19213.9	Average	Horizontal	25.5	15.9	41.4	54.0	-12.6
21620.9	Peak	Vertical	37.5	18.6	56.1	74.0	-17.9
21616.0	Average	Vertical	24.2	18.6	42.8	54.0	-11.2
21609.0	Peak	Horizontal	37.5	18.6	56.1	74.0	-17.9
21618.9	Average	Horizontal	24.2	18.6	42.8	54.0	-11.2

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
24023.3	Peak	Vertical	37.4	21.9	59.3	74.0	-14.8
24022.6	Average	Vertical	24.0	21.9	45.9	54.0	-8.1
24022.7	Peak	Horizontal	37.4	21.9	59.3	74.0	-14.7
24017.9	Average	Horizontal	24.1	21.9	46.0	54.0	-8.1

Table 8: C4-T5IW8 Transmitting at the Lowest Frequency

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4881.6	Peak	Vertical	38.3	6.0	44.2	74.0	-29.8
4880.6	Average	Vertical	24.8	6.0	30.7	54.0	-23.3
4880.5	Peak	Horizontal	38.3	6.0	44.3	74.0	-29.7
4879.9	Average	Horizontal	24.8	6.0	30.7	54.0	-23.3
7320.9	Peak	Vertical	36.1	11.1	47.2	74.0	-26.8
7321.8	Average	Vertical	22.7	11.1	33.8	54.0	-20.2
7321.8	Peak	Horizontal	36.3	11.1	47.5	74.0	-26.6
7319.0	Average	Horizontal	22.9	11.1	34.0	54.0	-20.0
9761.4	Peak	Vertical	36.8	12.7	49.5	74.0	-24.5
9759.0	Average	Vertical	23.1	12.7	35.8	54.0	-18.2
9756.4	Peak	Horizontal	37.0	12.7	49.7	74.0	-24.3
9761.3	Average	Horizontal	23.3	12.7	36.0	54.0	-18.0
12200.4	Peak	Vertical	35.3	16.8	52.0	74.0	-22.0
12197.3	Average	Vertical	21.6	16.8	38.4	54.0	-15.6
12204.3	Peak	Horizontal	35.0	16.8	51.8	74.0	-22.2
12201.8	Average	Horizontal	21.9	16.8	38.7	54.0	-15.3
14643.9	Peak	Vertical	34.6	22.6	57.2	74.0	-16.8
14644.5	Average	Vertical	20.8	22.6	43.4	54.0	-10.6
14645.9	Peak	Horizontal	34.6	22.6	57.2	74.0	-16.8
14644.5	Average	Horizontal	21.1	22.6	43.7	54.0	-10.3
17080.7	Peak	Vertical	33.3	20.5	53.8	74.0	-20.2
17081.1	Average	Vertical	19.9	20.5	40.3	54.0	-13.7
17084.1	Peak	Horizontal	33.7	20.5	54.2	74.0	-19.9
17077.7	Average	Horizontal	20.2	20.5	40.6	54.0	-13.4
19524.3	Peak	Vertical	40.4	16.5	56.9	74.0	-17.1
19520.9	Average	Vertical	26.8	16.5	43.2	54.0	-10.8
19511.7	Peak	Horizontal	40.5	16.5	56.9	74.0	-17.1
19511.6	Average	Horizontal	26.7	16.5	43.2	54.0	-10.8

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dB μ V)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
21971.3	Peak	Vertical	37.7	19.4	57.0	74.0	-17.0
21967.9	Average	Vertical	24.3	19.4	43.6	54.0	-10.4
21961.4	Peak	Horizontal	37.9	19.4	57.3	74.0	-16.7
21964.7	Average	Horizontal	24.2	19.4	43.5	54.0	-10.5
24390.3	Peak	Vertical	37.2	22.3	59.6	74.0	-14.5
24391.6	Average	Vertical	23.7	22.3	46.0	54.0	-8.0
24396.5	Peak	Horizontal	37.6	22.3	59.9	74.0	-14.1
24395.6	Average	Horizontal	23.7	22.3	46.0	54.0	-8.0

Table 9: C4-T5IW8 Transmitting at the Middle Frequency

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dB μ V)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4962.1	Peak	Vertical	37.8	6.3	44.1	74.0	-29.9
4959.8	Average	Vertical	24.0	6.3	30.3	54.0	-23.7
4960.4	Peak	Horizontal	38.0	6.3	44.3	74.0	-29.7
4961.0	Average	Horizontal	24.1	6.3	30.4	54.0	-23.6
7440.0	Peak	Vertical	35.5	11.2	46.7	74.0	-27.3
7439.8	Average	Vertical	22.1	11.2	33.3	54.0	-20.7
7437.1	Peak	Horizontal	36.1	11.2	47.4	74.0	-26.6
7440.3	Average	Horizontal	22.3	11.2	33.5	54.0	-20.5
9921.5	Peak	Vertical	36.4	13.6	49.9	74.0	-24.1
9921.4	Average	Vertical	22.5	13.6	36.1	54.0	-17.9
9922.2	Peak	Horizontal	36.6	13.6	50.1	74.0	-23.9
9919.7	Average	Horizontal	22.7	13.6	36.3	54.0	-17.8
12403.1	Peak	Vertical	34.8	16.8	51.6	74.0	-22.4
12401.1	Average	Vertical	20.8	16.8	37.5	54.0	-16.5
12403.0	Peak	Horizontal	34.0	16.8	50.8	74.0	-23.2
12401.4	Average	Horizontal	21.0	16.8	37.7	54.0	-16.3
14878.4	Peak	Vertical	35.0	21.7	56.7	74.0	-17.3
14874.2	Average	Vertical	21.3	21.8	43.1	54.0	-10.9
14876.2	Peak	Horizontal	35.1	21.8	56.9	74.0	-17.2
14876.8	Average	Horizontal	21.5	21.8	43.3	54.0	-10.7
17362.8	Peak	Vertical	33.4	22.8	56.3	74.0	-17.7
17360.6	Average	Vertical	19.8	22.8	42.6	54.0	-11.4
17366.8	Peak	Horizontal	34.4	22.9	57.3	74.0	-16.8
17360.3	Average	Horizontal	20.1	22.8	42.9	54.0	-11.1

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
19841.7	Peak	Vertical	40.1	16.4	56.4	74.0	-17.6
19843.1	Average	Vertical	26.7	16.4	43.1	54.0	-10.9
19833.2	Peak	Horizontal	40.6	16.4	56.9	74.0	-17.1
19844.0	Average	Horizontal	26.8	16.4	43.1	54.0	-10.9
22320.9	Peak	Vertical	37.9	19.3	57.2	74.0	-16.9
22316.4	Average	Vertical	24.2	19.3	43.4	54.0	-10.6
22329.7	Peak	Horizontal	38.1	19.3	57.4	74.0	-16.6
22317.4	Average	Horizontal	24.2	19.3	43.5	54.0	-10.5
24809.7	Peak	Vertical	38.7	23.0	61.6	74.0	-12.4
24799.9	Average	Vertical	25.0	23.0	48.0	54.0	-6.1
24808.2	Peak	Horizontal	38.6	23.0	61.6	74.0	-12.4
24804.5	Average	Horizontal	25.0	23.0	48.0	54.0	-6.0

Table 10: C4-T5IW8 Transmitting at the Highest Frequency

C4-T5IW11 Radiated Spurious Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4804.3	Peak	Vertical	37.3	5.8	43.0	74.0	-31.0
4803.5	Average	Vertical	23.8	5.8	29.6	54.0	-24.4
4804.5	Peak	Horizontal	37.4	5.8	43.1	74.0	-30.9
4803.8	Average	Horizontal	23.9	5.8	29.6	54.0	-24.4
7206.8	Peak	Vertical	35.0	10.5	45.5	74.0	-28.5
7208.1	Average	Vertical	21.3	10.5	31.7	54.0	-22.3
7208.4	Peak	Horizontal	35.1	10.5	45.6	74.0	-28.4
7208.4	Average	Horizontal	21.4	10.5	31.9	54.0	-22.2
9610.4	Peak	Vertical	35.1	12.6	47.7	74.0	-26.3
9607.9	Average	Vertical	21.4	12.6	34.0	54.0	-20.0
9609.7	Peak	Horizontal	35.2	12.6	47.7	74.0	-26.3
9607.3	Average	Horizontal	21.5	12.6	34.1	54.0	-19.9
12006.6	Peak	Vertical	33.7	17.4	51.0	74.0	-23.0
12008.8	Average	Vertical	19.9	17.4	37.3	54.0	-16.7
12005.9	Peak	Horizontal	33.6	17.4	50.9	74.0	-23.1
12006.1	Average	Horizontal	20.0	17.4	37.4	54.0	-16.6
14411.8	Peak	Vertical	33.0	22.3	55.3	74.0	-18.7
14413.0	Average	Vertical	19.1	22.3	41.4	54.0	-12.6
14415.3	Peak	Horizontal	32.8	22.3	55.2	74.0	-18.8

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
14416.3	Average	Horizontal	19.2	22.3	41.6	54.0	-12.4
16816.6	Peak	Vertical	32.4	19.5	51.9	74.0	-22.1
16810.4	Average	Vertical	18.6	19.5	38.1	54.0	-16.0
16807.5	Peak	Horizontal	32.5	19.5	52.0	74.0	-22.0
16813.5	Average	Horizontal	18.7	19.5	38.3	54.0	-15.8
19211.0	Peak	Vertical	39.5	16.0	55.5	74.0	-18.5
19208.2	Average	Vertical	25.8	16.0	41.7	54.0	-12.3
19216.2	Peak	Horizontal	39.2	15.9	55.1	74.0	-18.9
19217.6	Average	Horizontal	25.8	15.9	41.7	54.0	-12.3
21627.6	Peak	Vertical	37.9	18.7	56.5	74.0	-17.5
21627.1	Average	Vertical	24.4	18.7	43.1	54.0	-10.9
21617.3	Peak	Horizontal	38.7	18.6	57.3	74.0	-16.7
21623.0	Average	Horizontal	24.5	18.7	43.2	54.0	-10.8
24021.6	Peak	Vertical	38.2	21.9	60.1	74.0	-13.9
24023.0	Average	Vertical	24.3	21.9	46.2	54.0	-7.8
24011.8	Peak	Horizontal	37.9	21.9	59.8	74.0	-14.2
24020.3	Average	Horizontal	24.4	21.9	46.3	54.0	-7.7

Table 11: C4-T5IW11 Transmitting at the Lowest Frequency

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4880.2	Peak	Vertical	36.7	6.0	42.6	74.0	-31.4
4879.5	Average	Vertical	23.4	6.0	29.3	54.0	-24.7
4878.9	Peak	Horizontal	36.6	6.0	42.6	74.0	-31.4
4880.2	Average	Horizontal	23.2	6.0	29.2	54.0	-24.8
7322.2	Peak	Vertical	34.8	11.1	45.9	74.0	-28.1
7318.8	Average	Vertical	21.3	11.1	32.4	54.0	-21.6
7321.8	Peak	Horizontal	35.1	11.1	46.2	74.0	-27.8
7318.8	Average	Horizontal	21.4	11.1	32.5	54.0	-21.5
9758.2	Peak	Vertical	35.4	12.7	48.1	74.0	-25.9
9761.8	Average	Vertical	21.7	12.7	34.4	54.0	-19.6
9756.6	Peak	Horizontal	35.8	12.7	48.5	74.0	-25.5
9760.7	Average	Horizontal	21.8	12.7	34.5	54.0	-19.5
12197.9	Peak	Vertical	33.0	16.8	49.7	74.0	-24.3
12198.0	Average	Vertical	19.6	16.8	36.4	54.0	-17.6
12202.6	Peak	Horizontal	33.5	16.8	50.3	74.0	-23.7

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
12198.4	Average	Horizontal	19.7	16.8	36.5	54.0	-17.5
14636.6	Peak	Vertical	32.3	22.6	54.9	74.0	-19.1
14642.3	Average	Vertical	18.7	22.6	41.3	54.0	-12.7
14645.9	Peak	Horizontal	32.5	22.6	55.1	74.0	-18.9
14644.8	Average	Horizontal	18.8	22.6	41.4	54.0	-12.6
17076.0	Peak	Vertical	31.8	20.5	52.3	74.0	-21.7
17080.3	Average	Vertical	18.1	20.5	38.6	54.0	-15.4
17080.0	Peak	Horizontal	31.7	20.5	52.2	74.0	-21.8
17080.7	Average	Horizontal	18.3	20.5	38.7	54.0	-15.3
19512.6	Peak	Vertical	41.1	16.5	57.5	74.0	-16.5
19517.5	Average	Vertical	27.0	16.5	43.4	54.0	-10.6
19531.1	Peak	Horizontal	40.7	16.4	57.1	74.0	-16.9
19514.6	Average	Horizontal	27.0	16.5	43.5	54.0	-10.6
21962.7	Peak	Vertical	38.0	19.4	57.4	74.0	-16.6
21958.3	Average	Vertical	24.5	19.4	43.9	54.0	-10.1
21952.9	Peak	Horizontal	38.0	19.4	57.4	74.0	-16.6
21949.1	Average	Horizontal	24.5	19.4	43.9	54.0	-10.1
24398.4	Peak	Vertical	37.7	22.3	60.1	74.0	-13.9
24399.2	Average	Vertical	23.9	22.3	46.3	54.0	-7.7
24393.3	Peak	Horizontal	37.8	22.3	60.1	74.0	-13.9
24406.8	Average	Horizontal	23.9	22.3	46.3	54.0	-7.7

Table 12: C4-T5IW1 Transmitting at the Middle Frequency

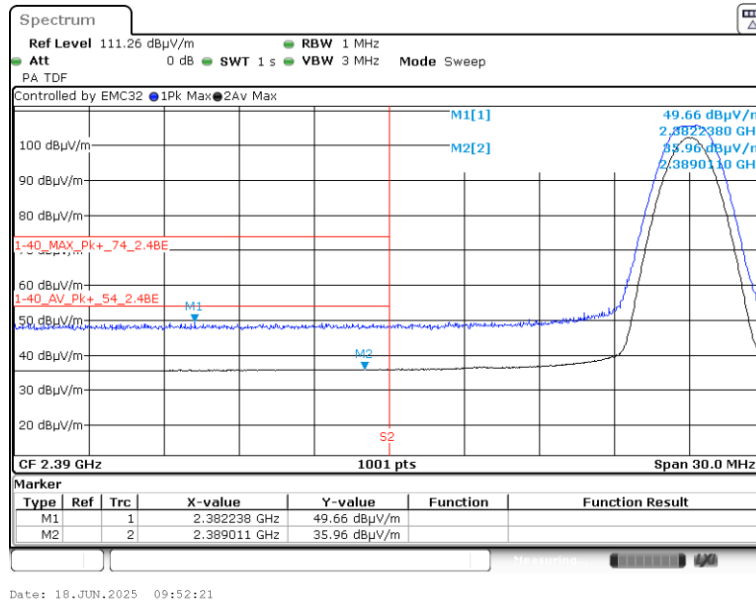
Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4961.1	Peak	Vertical	36.3	6.3	42.6	74.0	-31.4
4959.7	Average	Vertical	22.8	6.3	29.1	54.0	-24.9
4961.6	Peak	Horizontal	36.4	6.3	42.7	74.0	-31.3
4961.2	Average	Horizontal	22.7	6.3	29.0	54.0	-25.0
7440.7	Peak	Vertical	34.4	11.2	45.6	74.0	-28.4
7439.5	Average	Vertical	21.2	11.2	32.4	54.0	-21.6
7436.9	Peak	Horizontal	34.7	11.2	46.0	74.0	-28.0
7439.3	Average	Horizontal	21.2	11.2	32.4	54.0	-21.6
9917.2	Peak	Vertical	34.5	13.5	48.0	74.0	-26.0
9920.3	Average	Vertical	20.9	13.6	34.4	54.0	-19.6
9917.3	Peak	Horizontal	34.9	13.5	48.4	74.0	-25.6

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dB μ V)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
9920.0	Average	Horizontal	20.9	13.6	34.5	54.0	-19.5
12401.2	Peak	Vertical	32.9	16.8	49.7	74.0	-24.3
12401.0	Average	Vertical	19.6	16.8	36.4	54.0	-17.6
12401.0	Peak	Horizontal	33.2	16.8	50.0	74.0	-24.0
12401.1	Average	Horizontal	19.6	16.8	36.4	54.0	-17.7
14884.6	Peak	Vertical	32.5	21.7	54.2	74.0	-19.8
14875.5	Average	Vertical	18.9	21.8	40.6	54.0	-13.4
14878.8	Peak	Horizontal	32.3	21.7	54.0	74.0	-20.0
14875.4	Average	Horizontal	19.1	21.8	40.8	54.0	-13.2
17361.2	Peak	Vertical	30.8	22.8	53.6	74.0	-20.4
17363.2	Average	Vertical	17.4	22.8	40.2	54.0	-13.8
17360.8	Peak	Horizontal	31.0	22.8	53.9	74.0	-20.2
17361.5	Average	Horizontal	17.5	22.8	40.3	54.0	-13.7
19841.1	Peak	Vertical	40.4	16.4	56.7	74.0	-17.3
19841.5	Average	Vertical	27.0	16.4	43.4	54.0	-10.7
19846.1	Peak	Horizontal	40.7	16.4	57.1	74.0	-16.9
19844.7	Average	Horizontal	26.9	16.4	43.3	54.0	-10.7
22313.3	Peak	Vertical	38.2	19.3	57.5	74.0	-16.5
22319.8	Average	Vertical	24.5	19.3	43.8	54.0	-10.2
22314.8	Peak	Horizontal	38.3	19.3	57.6	74.0	-16.4
22327.0	Average	Horizontal	24.5	19.3	43.8	54.0	-10.2
24796.8	Peak	Vertical	38.5	23.0	61.4	74.0	-12.6
24805.3	Average	Vertical	25.1	23.0	48.1	54.0	-5.9
24802.5	Peak	Horizontal	38.7	23.0	61.7	74.0	-12.3
24805.4	Average	Horizontal	25.1	23.0	48.1	54.0	-5.9

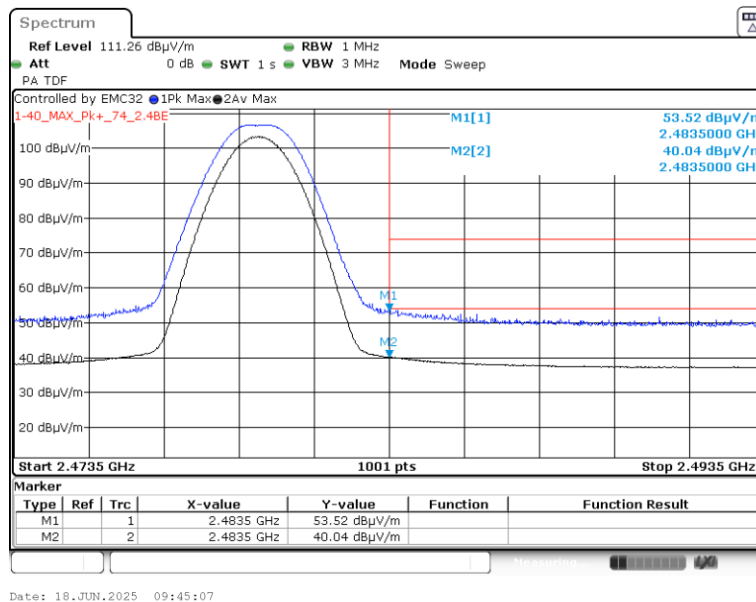
Table 13: C4-T5IW11 Transmitting at the Highest Frequency

No other emissions were seen in the restricted bands

C4-T5IW8 Radiated Band Edges

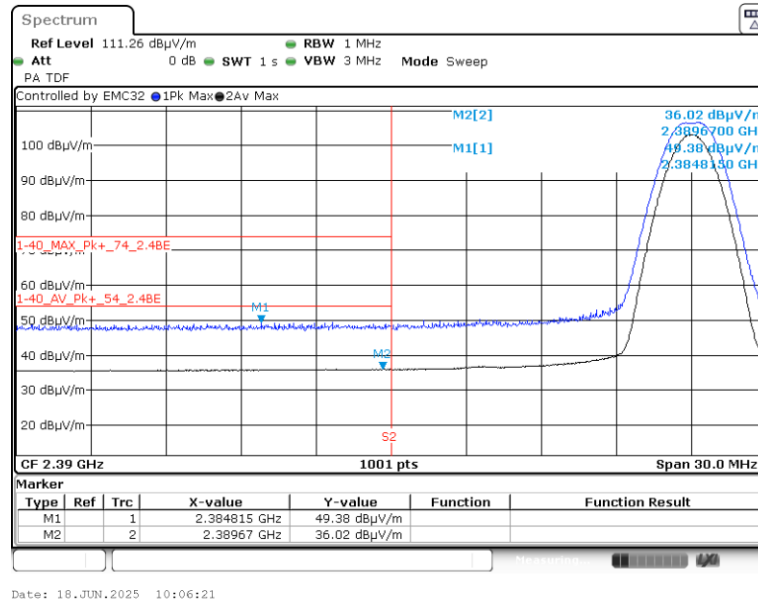


Graph 82: Radiated Lower Band Edge Plot (C4-T5IW8)

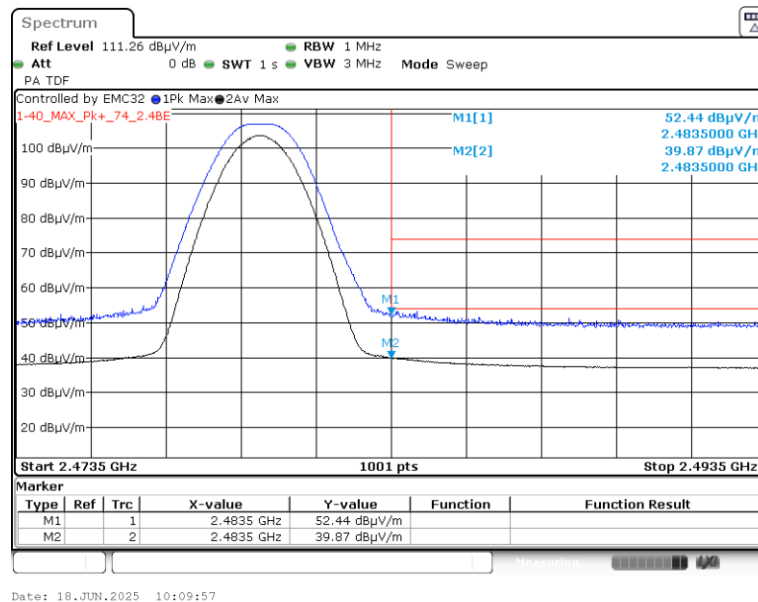


Graph 83: Radiated Upper Band Edge Plot (C4-T5IW8)

C4-T5IW11 Radiated Band Edges



Graph 84: Radiated Lower Band Edge Plot (C4-T5IW11)



Graph 85: Radiated Upper Band Edge Plot (C4-T5IW11)

6.8 Sample Measurement Calculations

6.8.1 Field Strength Calculations

The field strength is calculated by adding the *Correction Factor* (*Antenna Factor* + *Cable Factor*), to the measured level from the receiver. The receiver amplitude reading is compensated for any amplifier gain. When an average measurement requires an average measurement correction value, it is also accounted for. The basic equation with a sample calculation is shown below:

$$\text{Receiver Amplitude Reading} = \text{Receiver Reading} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

$$\text{Correction Factor} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Factor}$$

$$\text{Field Strength} = \text{Receiver Amplitude Reading} + \text{Correction Factor} [+ \text{Average Correction Value}]$$

Example

Assuming a *Receiver Reading* of 42.5 dBμV is obtained from the receiver, the *Amplifier Gain* is 26.5 dB, the *Antenna Factor* is 4.5 dB, and the *Cable Factor* is 4.0 dB. The *Field Strength* is calculated by subtracting the *Amplifier Gain* and adding the *Correction Factor*, giving a *Field Strength* of 24.5 dBμV/m.

$$\text{Receiver Amplitude Reading} = 42.5 - 26.5 = 16.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$$

$$\text{Correction Factor} = 4.5 + 4.0 = 8.5 \text{ dB}$$

$$\text{Field Strength} = 16.0 + 8.5 = 24.5 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$$

6.8.2 Conducted Measurement Value Calculations

A conducted emission value is calculated by adding the *Correction Factor* (*LISN Transducer Factor* + *Cable Factor*) to the measured value from the receiver. The LISN contains an internal 10dB (nominal) attenuation accounted for in the LISN Transducer Factor. Amplifiers are not utilized for this measurement. The basic equation with a sample calculation is shown below:

$$\text{Correction Factor} = \text{LISN Transducer Factor} + \text{Cable Factor}$$

$$\text{Conducted Emission Value} = \text{Receiver Amplitude Reading} + \text{Correction Factor}$$

Example

Assuming a *Receiver Reading* of 20.8 dBμV is obtained from the receiver, *LISN Transducer Factor* is 10.1 dB, and the *Cable Factor* is 0.3 dB. The *Conducted Emissions Value* is calculated by adding the *Correction Factor*, giving a *Conducted Emissions Value* of 31.2 dBμV.

$$\text{Receiver Amplitude Reading} = 20.8 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$$

$$\text{Correction Factor} = 10.1 + 0.3 = 10.4 \text{ dB}$$

$$\text{Conducted Emissions Value} = 20.8 + 10.4 = 31.2 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$$

7 Test Procedures and Test Equipment

7.1 Conducted Emissions at Mains Ports

The conducted emissions at mains and telecommunications ports from the EUT were measured using a spectrum analyzer with a quasi-peak adapter for peak, quasi-peak and average readings. The quasi-peak adapter uses a bandwidth of 9 kHz, with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth set at 100 kHz, for readings in the 150 kHz to 30 MHz frequency ranges.

The conducted emissions at mains ports measurements are performed in a screen room using a (50 Ω /50 μ H) Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN).

Where mains flexible power cords are longer than 1 m, the excess cable is folded back and forth as far as possible so as to form a bundle not exceeding 0.4 m in length.

Where the EUT is a collection of devices with each device having its own power cord, the point of connection for the LISN is determined from the following rules:

- Each power cord, which is terminated in a mains supply plug, shall be tested separately.
- Power cords, which are not specified by the manufacturer to be connected via a host unit, shall be tested separately.
- Power cords which are specified by the manufacturer to be connected via a host unit or other power supplying equipment shall be connected to that host unit and the power cords of that host unit connected to the LISN and tested.
- Where a special connection is specified, the necessary hardware to effect the connection is supplied by the manufacturer for the testing purpose.
- When testing equipment with multiple mains cords, those cords not under test are connected to an artificial mains network (AMN) different than the AMN used for the mains cord under test.

For testing, desktop EUT are placed on a non-conducting table at least 0.8 meters from the metallic floor and placed 40 cm from the vertical coupling plane (copper plating in the wall behind EUT table). Floor standing equipment is placed directly on the earth grounded floor.

Type of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Asset Number	Date of Last Calibration	Due Date of Calibration
Spectrum Analyzer/Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	V033119	12/02/2024	12/02/2025
LISN	Teseq	NNB 51	V045406	12/19/2024	12/19/2025
Conductance Cable Wanship Upper Site	VPI Labs	Cable J	V034832	12/19/2024	12/19/2025
EMC32 Measurement Software	Rohde & Schwarz	10.60.20	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 14: List of equipment used for conducted emissions testing at mains ports.

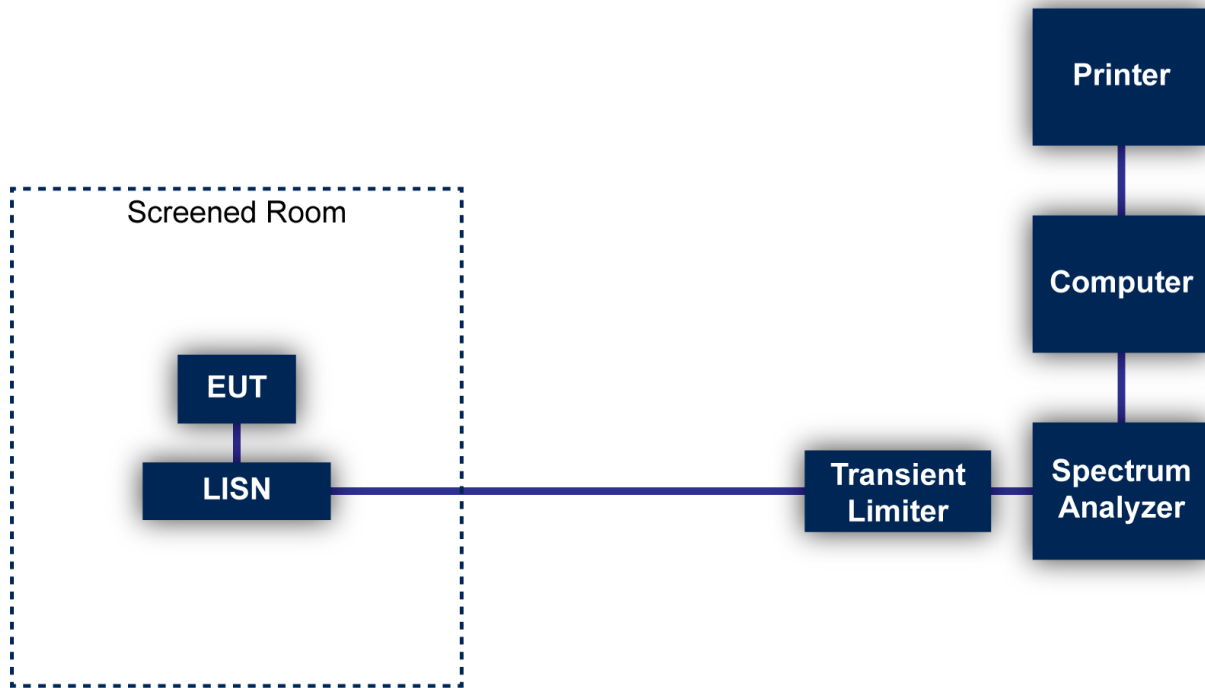


Figure 1: Conducted Emissions Test

7.2 Direct Connection at the Antenna Port Tests

Type of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Asset Number	Date of Last Calibration	Due Date of Calibration
40GHz Switch Extension	Rohde & Schwarz	OSP-150	V044486	09/25/2023	09/25/2026
40GHz Switch Base Unit	Rohde & Schwarz	OSP-120	V044487	03/23/2022	12/31/2025
Spectrum Analyzer/ Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	V044352	03/05/2024	03/05/2026
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMB100A	V044485	04/03/2023	12/31/2025
Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	V044217	03/08/2022	12/31/2025
6' High Frequency Cable	Microcoax	UFB197C-0-0720-000000	V033638	12/19/2024	12/19/2025

7.2.1 Test Configuration Block Diagram



Figure 2: Direct Connection at the Antenna Port Test

7.3 Radiated Emissions

The radiated emissions from the EUT were measured using a spectrum analyzer with a quasi-peak adapter for peak and quasi-peak readings.

A preamplifier with a fixed gain was used to increase the sensitivity of the measuring instrumentation. The quasi-peak adapter uses a bandwidth of 120 kHz, with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth set at 1 MHz, for readings in the 30 to 1000 MHz frequency ranges. For frequencies below 30 MHz, a 9 kHz resolution Bandwidth was used.

A loop antenna was used to measure frequencies below 30 MHz. A biconilog antenna was used to measure the frequency range of 30 to 1000 MHz, at a distance of 3 meters from the EUT. The readings obtained by these antennas are correlated to the levels obtained with a tuned dipole antenna by adding antenna factors. A double-ridged guide antenna was used to measure the emissions at frequencies above 1000 MHz at a distance of 3 and/or 1 meter from the EUT.

The configuration of the EUT was varied to find the maximum radiated emission. The EUT was connected to the peripherals listed in Section 2.3 via the interconnecting cables listed in Section 2.4. A technician manually manipulated these interconnecting cables to obtain worst-case radiated emissions. The EUT was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters to find the maximum radiated emission. Where there were multiple interface ports all of the same type, cables are either placed on all of the ports or cables added to these ports until the emissions do not increase by more than 2 dB.

Desktop EUT are measured on a non-conducting table 0.8 meters above the ground plane. For frequencies above 1000 MHz, the EUT is placed on a table 1.5 meters above the ground plane. The table is placed on a turntable, which is level with the ground plane. For equipment normally placed on floors, the equipment shall be placed directly on the turntable.

For radiated emissions testing that is performed at distances closer than the specified distance; an inverse proportionality factor of 20 dB per decade is used to normalize the measured data for determining compliance.

Type of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Asset Number	Date of Last Calibration	Due Date of Calibration
Spectrum Analyzer/Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	V033119	12/02/2024	12/02/2025
Spectrum Analyzer/Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	V044352	03/05/2024	03/05/2026
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3142E	V035736	07/08/2025	07/08/2027

Type of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Asset Number	Date of Last Calibration	Due Date of Calibration
Power Amplifier	HP	8447E	V034189	12/19/2024	12/19/2025
Double Ridged Guide Antenna	EMCO	3115	V034194	06/25/2025	06/25/2027
Standard Gain Horn	ETS-Lindgren	3160-09	V034223	ICO	ICO
High Frequency Amplifier	Miteq	AFS4-001018000-35-10P-4	V033997	12/19/2024	12/19/2025
900 MHz High Pass Filter	Micro-Tronics	HPM50108-03	V034185	12/19/2024	12/19/2025
2.4 GHz High Pass Filter	Micro-Tronics	HPM50111-03	V034183	12/19/2024	12/19/2025
2.4 GHz Notch Filter	Micro-Tronics	BRM50702-03	V034213	12/19/2024	12/19/2025
6' High Frequency Cable	Microcoax	UFB197C-0-0720-000000	V033638	12/19/2024	12/19/2025
20' High Frequency Cable	Microcoax	UFB197C-1-3120-000000	V033979	12/19/2024	12/19/2025
3 Meter Radiated Emissions Cable Wanship Upper Site	Microcoax	UFB205A-0-4700-000000	V033639	12/19/2024	12/19/2025
EMC32 Test Software	Rohde & Schwarz	10.60.20	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 15: List of equipment used for radiated emissions testing.

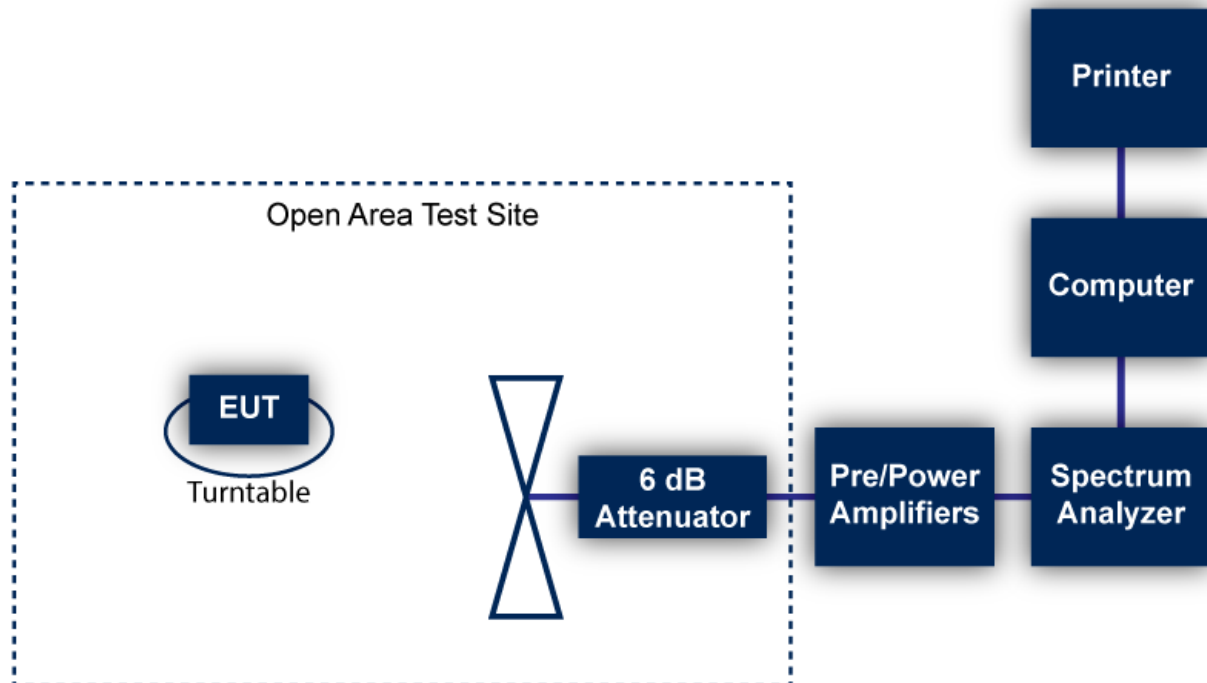


Figure 3: Radiated Emissions Test

7.4 Equipment Calibration

All applicable equipment is calibrated using either an independent calibration laboratory or VPI Technology, Inc. personnel at intervals defined in ANSI C63.4:2014 following outlined calibration procedures. All measurement instrumentation is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Supporting documentation relative to tractability is on file and is available for examination upon request.

7.5 Measurement Uncertainty

Test	Uncertainty ($\pm$ dB)	Confidence (%)
Conducted Emissions	2.8	95
Radiated Emission (9 kHz to 30 MHz)	3.3	95
Radiated Emissions (30 MHz to 1 GHz)	3.4	95
Radiated Emissions (1 GHz to 18 GHz)	5.0	95
Radiated Emissions (18 GHz to 40 GHz)	4.1	95

8 Photographs

Photographs will be provided in an external appendix

--- End of Report ---