FCC SAR Test Report

Report No.	:	**ES180726003W**
Applicant	:	**AvocadoNinja B.V.**
Address	:	**Valschermkade 16, 1059CD Amsterdam The Netherlands**
Product	:	**Keezel Router**
FCC ID	:	**2AJFM-0001A**
Brand	:	**Keezel**
Model No.	:	**1.00**
Standards	:	**FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2013** **KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 / KDB 865664 D02 v01r02** **KDB 248227 D01 v02r02/ KDB 447498 D01 v06/ KDB 616217 D04 v01r01**
Sample Received Date	:	**August 02, 2018**
Date of Testing	:	**August 03,2018 to August 17,2018**

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD. Bldg 69, Majialong Industry Zone, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA or any government agencies.

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Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
ES180726003W	Initial release	August 22,2018

1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Body SAR_{1g} (0 cm Gap) (W/kg)
NII	5.2G WLAN	0.09
	5.8G WLAN	0.02
DTS	2.4G WLAN	0.19

Note:

1. The SAR limit **(Head & Body: SAR_{1g}1.6 W/kg, Extremity: SAR_{10g} 4.0 W/kg)**for general population/uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	Keezel Router
FCC ID	2AJFM-0001A
Brand Name	KEEZEL
Model Name	1.00
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	WLAN : 5180 ~ 5240,5745 ~ 5825 WLAN : 2412 ~ 2462
Uplink Modulations	802.11b : DSSS 802.11g: OFDM 802.11a/n: OFDM with BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	WLAN 2.4G : 16.49 WLAN 5.2G : 18.0 WLAN 5.8G : 17.5
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ).The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)
SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

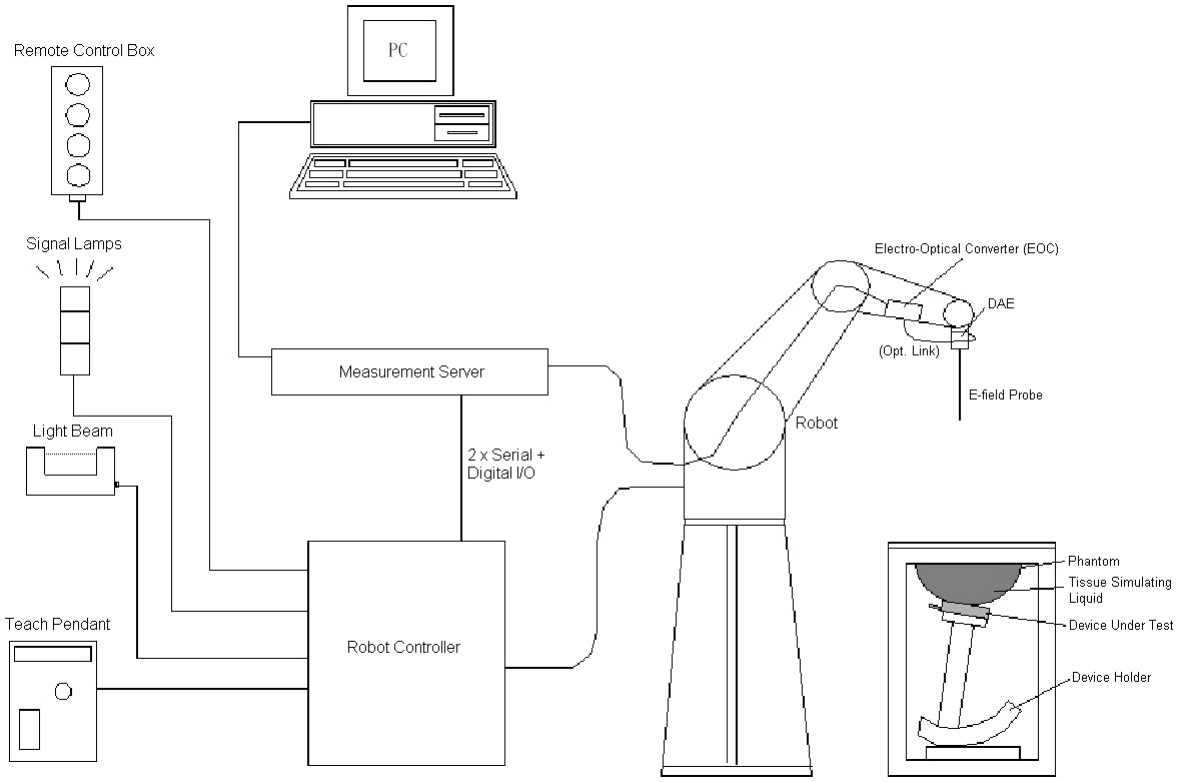


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASYsystem uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

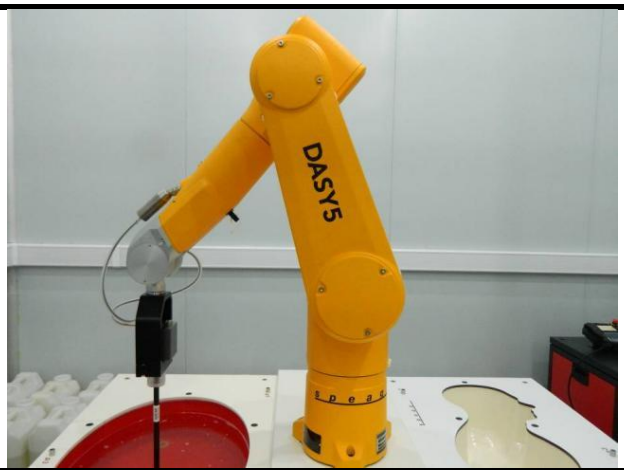


Fig-3.2 DASY5

3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	

Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	

3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with l/4 balun. Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz),> 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.

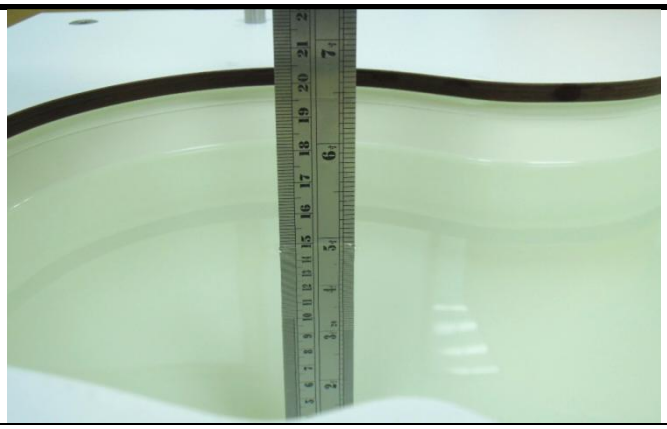
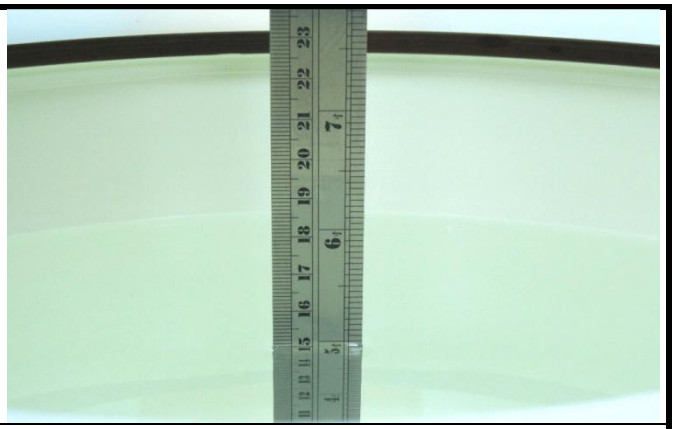
	

Photo of Liquid Height for Head Position	**Photo of Liquid Height for Body Position**

The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE1528,and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

Table-3.1Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
For Head				
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
For Body				
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.

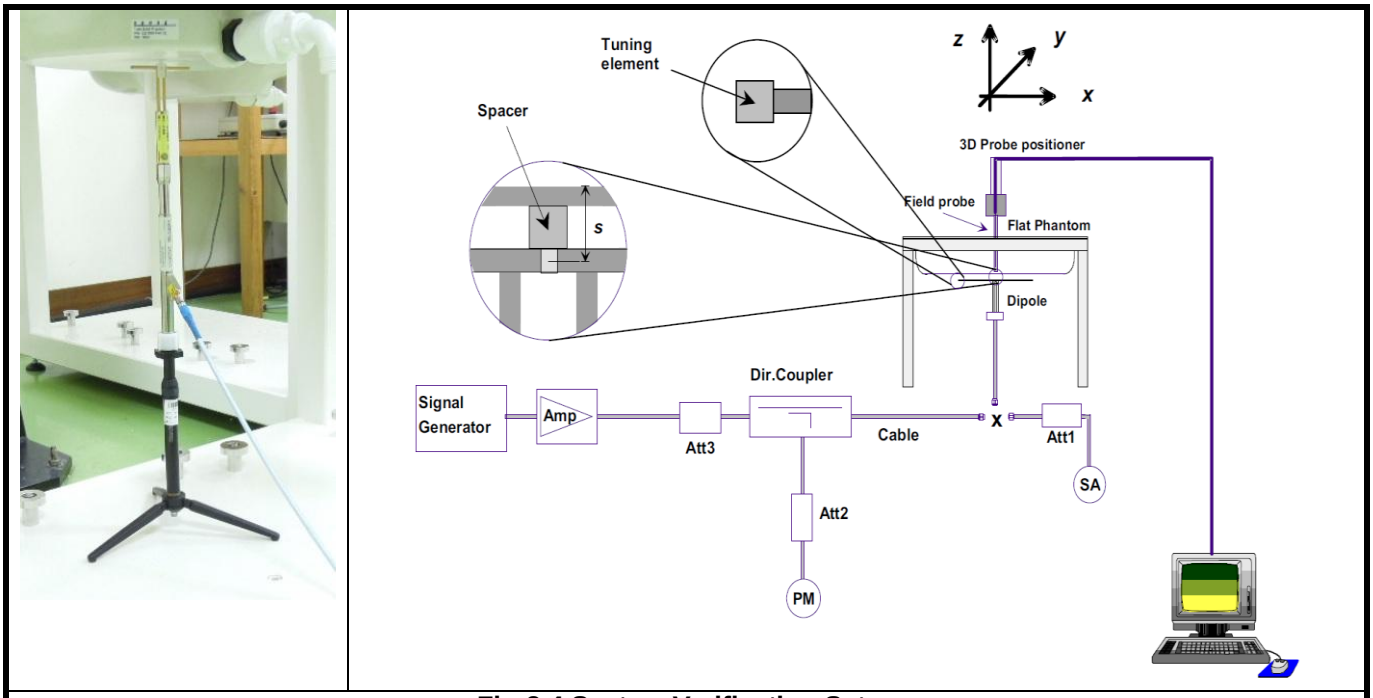


Fig-3.4 System Verification Setup

The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

(a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
(b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
(c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
(d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
(e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <=1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of Δx / Δy (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 VolumeScan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

<Considerations Related to WLAN for Setup and Testing>

In general, various vendor specific external test software and chipset based internal test modes are typically used for SAR measurement. These chipset based test mode utilities are generally hardware and manufacturer dependent, and often include substantial flexibility to reconfigure or reprogram a device. A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

According to KDB 248227 D01,this device has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During WLAN SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

Initial Test Configuration

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

Subsequent Test Configuration

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection

When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is using largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate, and lowest order 802.11 mode (i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n).After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following.

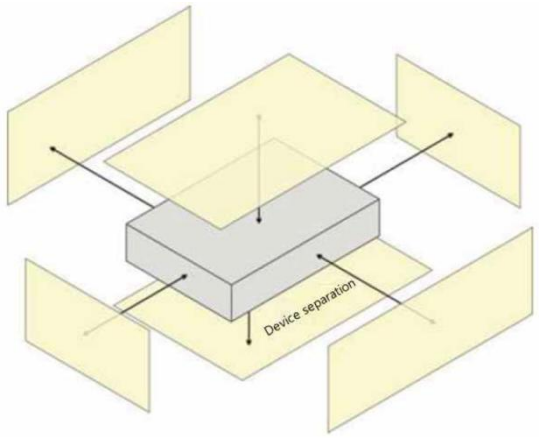
1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.

2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

4.2 EUT Testing Position

4.2.1 Body Exposure Conditions

For this device, We will evaluate SAR testing All surfaces and the separation distance between EUT and phantom is 0 cm.



4.2.2 SAR Test Exclusion Evaluations

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

1. For the test separation distance <= 50 mm

$$\frac{\textbf{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\textbf{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \leq 3.0 \text{ for SAR-1g, } \leq 7.5 \text{ for SAR-10g}$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

2. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

$$\left[(\text{Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1}) + (\text{Test Separation Distance} - 50\text{ mm}) \times \left(\frac{f_{(MHz)}}{150}\right)\right]_{(mW)}$$

3. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at > 1500 MHz to 6 GHz

$$[(\text{Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1}) + (\text{Test Separation Distance} - 50\text{ mm}) \times 10]_{(mW)}$$

Mode	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Rear Face			Left Side			Right Side			Top Side			Bottom Side		
			Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?
WLAN 2.4G	16.49	44.57	5	13.8	Yes	158	1172 mW	No	53	126	No	5	13.8	Yes	150	1096 mW	No
WLAN 5.2G	12.0	15.85	5	7.3	Yes	158	1146 mW	No	53	96 mW	No	5	7.3	Yes	150	1066 mW	No
WLAN 5.8G	10.0	10.00	5	4.8	Yes	158	1142 mW	No	53	92 mW	No	5	4.8	Yes	150	1062 mW	No

Note:

1. When separation distance <= 50 mm and the calculated result shown in above table is <= 3.0 for SAR-1g exposure condition, or <= 7.5 for SAR-10g exposure condition, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.
2. When separation distance > 50 mm and the device output power is less than the calculated result (power threshold, mW) shown in above table, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.

4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε_r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Dec. 29, 2017	Body	5200	22.2	5.137	48.164	5.36	48.90	-4.16	-1.51
Dec. 29, 2017	Body	5800	22.2	5.868	46.994	6.00	48.20	-2.20	-2.50
Dec. 29, 2017	Body	2450	22.1	2.026	53.063	1.95	52.70	3.90	0.69

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within ±5% of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within ±2 ℃.

4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibration Point		Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε_r)	Validation for CW			Validation for Modulation		
						Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
Dec. 29, 2017	3970	Body	5200	5.137	48.164	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Dec. 29, 2017	3970	Body	5800	5.868	46.994	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Dec. 29, 2017	3970	Body	2450	2.026	53.063	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Dec. 29, 2017	Body	5200	74.20	7.82	78.20	5.39	1040	3970	1418
Dec. 29, 2017	Body	5800	76.90	8.12	81.20	5.59	1040	3970	1418
Dec. 29, 2017	Body	2450	50.40	13.20	52.80	4.76	835	3970	1418

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Mode	5.2G WLAN	5.8G WLAN	2.4G WLAN
802.11b			16.49
802.11g			14.04
802.11a	Ant 0 Ch36~Ch48: 17.5 Ant 1 Ch36~Ch48: 14	Ant 0 Ch149~Ch165: 15.5 Ant 1 Ch149~Ch165: 15.5	
802.11n HT20	Ant 0 Ch36~Ch48: 16 Ant 1 Ch36~Ch48: 13 Ant 0+1 Ch36~Ch48:18	Ant 0 Ch149~Ch165: 14.5 Ant 1 Ch149~Ch165: 14 Ant 0+1 Ch149~Ch165:17.5	13.56
802.11n HT40	Ant 0 Ch38~Ch46: 15 Ant 1 Ch38~Ch46: 12.5 Ant 0+1 Ch38~Ch46:17	Ant 0 Ch151~Ch159: 13.5 Ant 1 Ch151~Ch159: 14 Ant 0+1 Ch151~Ch159:16.5	11.75

4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

All data rate have been tested, and max average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

<WLAN 2.4G>

Antenna 0

Mode	802.11b		
Data Rate	1Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	**16.49**	15.77	15.69
Mode	802.11g		
Data Rate	6Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	14.04	**14.52**	13.77
Mode	802.11n (HT20)		
Data Rate	MCS0 6.5Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	**10.68**	9.55	9.36
Mode	802.11n (HT40)		
Data Rate	MCS0 13.5Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	3 (2422)	6 (2437)	9 (2452)
Average Power	**8.42**	8.03	7.35

Antenna 1

Mode	802.11b		
Data Rate	1Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	15.22	14.38	**15.46**
Mode	802.11g		
Data Rate	6Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	**13.76**	13.49	12.87
Mode	802.11n (HT20)		
Data Rate	MCS0 6.5Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	10.42	**10.91**	7.95
Mode	802.11n (HT40)		
Data Rate	MCS0 13.5Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	3 (2422)	6 (2437)	9 (2452)
Average Power	**9.03**	8.51	8.13

Antenna 0+1

Mode	802.11n (HT20)		
Data Rate	MCS0 6.5Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	**13.56**	13.29	11.72

Mode	802.11n (HT40)		
Data Rate	MCS0 13.5Mbps		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	3 (2422)	6 (2437)	9 (2452)
Average Power	**11.75**	11.29	10.77

<WLAN 5.2G>

Antenna 0

Mode	802.11a			
Data Rate	6Mbps			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)
Average Power	**17.05**	15.88	16.37	16.29
Mode	802.11n(HT20)			
Data Rate	6.5Mbps			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)
Average Power	**15.76**	15.73	15.63	15.37

Mode	802.11n(HT40)	
Data Rate	13.5Mbps	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	38（5190）	46（5230）
Average Power	14.35	**14.72**

Antenna 1

Mode	802.11a			
Data Rate	6Mbps			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)
Average Power	**13.75**	13.52	13.69	13.57
Mode	802.11n(HT20)			
Data Rate	6.5Mbps			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)
Average Power	**12.72**	10.77	12.25	12.26

Mode	802.11n(HT40)	
Data Rate	13.5Mbps	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	38（5190）	46（5230）
Average Power	11.76	**12.35**

Antenna 0+1

Mode	802.11n(HT20)			
Data Rate	6.5Mbps			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)
Average Power	17.51	16.93	17.27	17.10

Mode	802.11n(HT40)	
Data Rate	13.5Mbps	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	38（5190）	46（5230）
Average Power	16.26	16.71

<WLAN 5.8G>

Antenna 0

Mode	802.11a				
Data Rate	6Mbps				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)
Average Power	14.62	14.42	14.74	15.15	**15.20**
Mode	802.11n(HT20)				
Data Rate	6.5Mbps				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)
Average Power	**14.25**	13.67	13.44	13.78	14.20

Mode	802.11n(HT40)	
Data Rate	13.5Mbps	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	151（5755）	159（5795）
Average Power	12.45	**13.11**

Antenna 1

Mode	802.11a				
Data Rate	6Mbps				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)
Average Power	14.22	14.79	14.65	15.20	**15.26**
Mode	802.11n(HT20)				
Data Rate	6.5Mbps				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)
Average Power	13.24	13.28	13.48	12.90	13.89

Mode	802.11n(HT40)	
Data Rate	13.5Mbps	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	151（5755）	159（5795）
Average Power	13.52	**13.69**

Antenna 0+1

Mode	802.11n(HT20)				
Data Rate	6.5Mbps				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)
Average Power	16.78	16.49	16.47	16.37	17.06

Mode	802.11n(HT40)	
Data Rate	13.5Mbps	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	151（5755）	159（5795）
Average Power	16.03	16.42

4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

(1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz

(2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz

(3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

<KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

(1) For WLAN 5GHz, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR of initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for the subsequent highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR result is <=1.2 W/kg or all required channels are measured. For other transmission modes, SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.

4.7.2 SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Ant Status	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	36	0	17.5	17.05	1.11	-0.12	0.004	<0.01
	802.11a	-	Front Face	36	0	17.5	17.05	1.11	0.09	0.044	0.05
	802.11a	-	Font Face-1	36	0	17.5	17.05	1.11	0.04	0.081	**0.09**
	802.11a	-	Top Side	36	0	17.5	17.05	1.11	0.08	0.054	0.06
	802.11a	-	Top Side-1	36	0	17.5	17.05	1.11	-0.03	0.059	0.07
	802.11a	-	Right Side	36	0	17.5	17.05	1.11	-0.08	0.003	<0.01
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	36	1	14.0	13.75	1.06	0.12	0.002	<0.01
	802.11a	-	Front Face	36	1	14.0	13.75	1.06	0.04	0.019	0.02
	802.11a	-	Font Face-1	36	1	14.0	13.75	1.06	0.08	0.034	0.04
	802.11a	-	Bottom Side	36	1	14.0	13.75	1.06	0.15	0.013	0.01
	802.11a	-	Bottom Side-1	36	1	14.0	13.75	1.06	0.03	0.018	0.02
	802.11a	-	Right Side	36	1	14.0	13.75	1.06	0.16	0.002	<0.01
	802.11n	nHT20	Rear Face	36	0+1	18.0	17.51	1.12	0.06	0.003	<0.01
	802.11n	nHT20	Front Face	36	0+1	18.0	17.51	1.12	0.07	0.039	0.04
	802.11n	nHT20	Font Face-1	36	0+1	18.0	17.51	1.12	0.11	0.069	0.08
	802.11n	nHT20	Front Face-2	36	0+1	18.0	17.51	1.12	0.06	0.032	0.04
	802.11n	nHT20	Top Side	36	0+1	18.0	17.51	1.12	0.04	0.048	0.05
	802.11n	nHT20	Top Side-1	36	0+1	18.0	17.51	1.12	0.09	0.054	0.06
	802.11n	nHT20	Bottom Side	36	0+1	18.0	17.51	1.12	0.02	0.012	0.01
	802.11n	nHT20	Bottom Side-1	36	0+1	18.0	17.51	1.12	0.08	0.016	0.02
	802.11n	nHT20	Right Side	36	0+1	18.0	17.51	1.12	0.12	0.003	<0.01
	802.11b	-	Rear Face	1	0	16.5	16.15	1.11	0.02	0.031	0.03
	802.11b	-	Front Face	1	0	16.5	16.15	1.11	0.05	0.048	0.05
	802.11b	-	Font Face-1	1	0	16.5	16.15	1.11	0.06	0.191	**0.19**
	802.11b	-	Top Side	1	0	16.5	16.15	1.11	0.10	0.038	0.04
	802.11b	-	Top Side-1	1	0	16.5	16.15	1.11	0.03	0.072	0.07
	802.11b	-	Right Side	1	0	16.5	16.15	1.11	0.04	0.005	<0.01
	802.11b	-	Rear Face	1	1	15.0	14.75	1.06	0.12	0.015	0.02
	802.11b	-	Front Face	1	1	15.0	14.75	1.06	0.05	0.038	0.04
	802.11b	-	Font Face-1	1	1	15.0	14.75	1.06	0.09	0.055	0.06
	802.11b	-	Top Side	1	1	15.0	14.75	1.06	0.12	0.025	0.03
	802.11b	-	Top Side-1	1	1	15.0	14.75	1.06	0.05	0.018	0.02
	802.11b	-	Right Side	1	1	15.0	14.75	1.06	0.18	0.008	0.01
	802.11g	-	Rear Face	1	0	14.5	14.10	1.11	0.11	0.009	0.01
	802.11g	-	Front Face	1	0	14.5	14.10	1.11	0.06	0.088	0.09
	802.11g	-	Font Face-1	1	0	14.5	14.10	1.11	0.03	0.044	0.04
	802.11g	-	Top Side	1	0	14.5	14.10	1.11	0.05	0.077	0.08
	802.11g	-	Top Side-1	1	0	14.5	14.10	1.11	0.04	0.043	0.04
	802.11g	-	Right Side	1	0	14.5	14.10	1.11	-0.02	0.006	<0.01
	802.11g	-	Rear Face	1	1	14.0	13.51	1.06	0.08	0.009	<0.01
	802.11g	-	Front Face	1	1	14.0	13.51	1.06	0.05	0.025	0.03
	802.11g	-	Font Face-1	1	1	14.0	13.51	1.06	0.09	0.033	0.03
	802.11g	-	Top Side	1	1	14.0	13.51	1.06	0.13	0.087	0.09
	802.11g	-	Top Side-1	1	1	14.0	13.51	1.06	0.04	0.027	0.03
	802.11g	-	Right Side	1	1	14.0	13.51	1.06	0.12	0.047	0.05

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Ant Status	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	165	0	15.5	15.20	1.07	0.03	0.002	<0.01
	802.11a	-	Front Face	165	0	15.5	15.20	1.07	0.01	0.012	0.01
	802.11a	-	Front Face-1	165	0	15.5	15.20	1.07	0.09	0.018	**0.02**
	802.11a	-	Top Side	165	0	15.5	15.20	1.07	0.08	0.013	0.01
	802.11a	-	Top Side-1	165	0	15.5	15.20	1.07	0.12	0.012	0.01
	802.11a	-	Right Side	165	0	15.5	15.20	1.07	0.14	0.002	<0.01
	802.11a	-	Rear Face	165	1	15.5	15.26	1.06	0.13	0.003	<0.01
	802.11a	-	Front Face	165	1	15.5	15.26	1.06	0.05	0.004	<0.01
	802.11a	-	Front Face-1	165	1	15.5	15.26	1.06	0.11	0.009	0.01
	802.11a	-	Bottom Side	165	1	15.5	15.26	1.06	-0.03	0.005	0.01
	802.11a	-	Bottom Side-1	165	1	15.5	15.26	1.06	0.05	0.004	<0.01
	802.11a	-	Right Side	165	1	15.5	15.26	1.06	0.17	0.002	<0.01
	802.11n	nHT20	Rear Face	165	0+1	17.5	17.05	1.11	0.15	0.001	<0.01
	802.11n	nHT20	Front Face	165	0+1	17.5	17.05	1.11	0.11	0.011	0.01
	802.11n	nHT20	Front Face-1	165	0+1	17.5	17.05	1.11	0.13	0.013	0.01
	802.11n	nHT20	Front Face-2	165	0+1	17.5	17.05	1.11	-0.11	0.009	0.01
	802.11n	nHT20	Top Side	165	0+1	17.5	17.05	1.11	0.12	0.013	0.01
	802.11n	nHT20	Top Side-1	165	0+1	17.5	17.05	1.11	0.05	0.012	0.01
	802.11n	nHT20	Bottom Side	165	0+1	17.5	17.05	1.11	0.12	0.005	0.01
	802.11n	nHT20	Bottom Side-1	165	0+1	17.5	17.05	1.11	0.07	0.007	0.01
	802.11n	nHT20	Right Side	165	0+1	17.5	17.05	1.11	0.09	0.002	<0.01
	802.11b	-	Rear Face	1	0	14.5	14.05	1.07	0.01	0.003	<0.01
	802.11b	-	Front Face	1	0	14.5	14.05	1.07	-0.05	0.002	<0.01
	802.11b	-	Font Face-1	1	0	14.5	14.05	1.07	0.02	0.056	**0.06**
	802.11b	-	Top Side	1	0	14.5	14.05	1.07	-0.10	0.007	<0.01
	802.11b	-	Top Side-1	1	0	14.5	14.05	1.07	-0.03	0.015	0.02
	802.11b	-	Right Side	1	0	14.5	14.05	1.07	0.05	0.018	0.02
	802.11b	-	Rear Face	1	1	14.5	14.05	1.06	0.04	0.009	0.01
	802.11b	-	Front Face	1	1	14.5	14.05	1.06	0.02	0.012	0.01
	802.11b	-	Font Face-1	1	1	14.5	14.05	1.06	0.12	0.013	0.01
	802.11b	-	Top Side	1	1	14.5	14.05	1.06	0.05	0.005	0.01
	802.11b	-	Top Side-1	1	1	14.5	14.05	1.06	0.03	0.009	0.01
	802.11b	-	Right Side	1	1	14.5	14.05	1.06	0.02	0.004	<0.01
	802.11g	-	Rear Face	1	0	13.0	12.51	1.07	0.01	0.011	0.01
	802.11g	-	Front Face	1	0	13.0	12.51	1.07	-0.06	0.010	0.01
	802.11g	-	Font Face-1	1	0	13.0	12.51	1.07	-0.07	0.023	0.02
	802.11g	-	Top Side	1	0	13.0	12.51	1.07	0.13	0.005	0.01
	802.11g	-	Top Side-1	1	0	13.0	12.51	1.07	0.05	0.007	0.01
	802.11g	-	Right Side	1	0	13.0	12.51	1.07	-0.04	0.008	0.01
	802.11g	-	Rear Face	1	1	13.0	12.51	1.06	0.09	0.012	0.01
	802.11g	-	Front Face	1	1	13.0	12.51	1.06	-0.02	0.014	0.01
	802.11g	-	Font Face-1	1	1	13.0	12.51	1.06	0.08	0.022	0.02
	802.11g	-	Top Side	1	1	13.0	12.51	1.06	0.11	0.005	0.01
	802.11g	-	Top Side-1	1	1	13.0	12.51	1.06	0.05	0.009	0.01
	802.11g	-	Right Side	1	1	13.0	12.51	1.06	0.04	0.007	0.01

4.7.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10, the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium maybe used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

Since all the measured 1-g SAR are less than 0.8 W/kg, the repeated measurement is not required.

Test Engineer： Yihu Xiong

5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	835	Jun. 27, 2018	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1040	Jul. 13, 2018	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3970	Nov. 02, 2017	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1418	Oct. 09, 2017	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404246	May. 20, 2018	1 Year
Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	My53470879	May. 21, 2018	1Year
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50145187	May. 21, 2018	1 Year
Power Meter	BOONTON	4232A	10539	May. 21, 2018	1 Year
Power Sensor	BOONTON	51011EMC	34236/34238	May. 21, 2018	1 Year
Temp. & Humi. Recorder	CLOCK	HTC-1	EE-334	Jul. 15, 2018	1 Year
Electronic Thermometer	FeiHong	HY	TP101	May. 20, 2018	1 Year
Coupler	Woken	0110A056020	COM27RW1A3	Sep. 27, 2017	1 Year

6. Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.65	6.65	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	1.5 / 0.7	Normal	1	1	1	1.5	0.7	32
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.2 / 1.8	Normal	1	1	1	4.2	1.8	32
Output Power Variation - SAR Drift Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.2	4.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - Deviation from Target Values	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - Measurement Uncertainty	1.0	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	0.6	0.4	25
Liquid Permittivity - Deviation from Target Values	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - Measurement Uncertainty	0.5	Normal	1	0.60	0.49	0.3	0.2	25
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.2 %	± 10.4 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						**± 22.4 %**	**± 20.8 %**	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD., were founded in 2000 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

Site Description

EMC Lab. : Accredited by CNAS,2016.10.24
The certificate is valid until 2022.10.28
The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01:2006 (identical to ISO/IEC 17025:2005)
The Certificate Registration Number is L2291.

Accredited by TUV Rheinland Shenzhen 2016.5.19
The Laboratory has been assessed according to the requirements ISO/IEC 17025.

Accredited by FCC, August 06, 2018
Designation Number: CN1204
Test Firm Registration Number: 882943
Accredited by A2LA, July 31, 2017
The Certificate Registration Number is 4321.01.

Accredited by Industry Canada, November 24, 2015
The Certificate Registration Number is 4480A

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Add: Bldg 69, Majialong Industry Zone, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
TEL: 86-755-26954280
FAX: 86-755-26954282

Email: csg@emtek.com.cn
Web Site: www.emtek.com.cn

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Shenzhen EMTEK Co.,Ltd. Date: 2018/08/17

System Check_B5200_180817

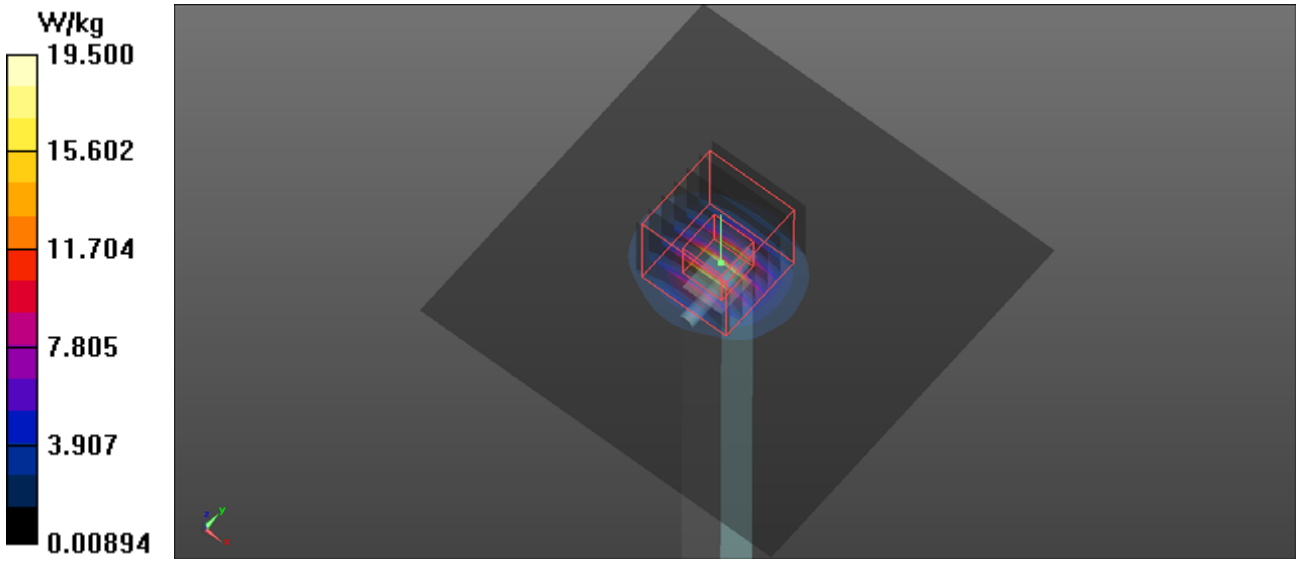
DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type:D5GHzV2; SN:1133

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_0817 Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.137 S/m; ε_r = 48.164; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3970; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19); Calibrated: 2017/11/02;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1418; Calibrated: 2017/10/09
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1231
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.5 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm
Reference Value = 61.611 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Shenzhen EMTEK Co.,Ltd. Date: 2018/08/19

System Check_B5800_180819

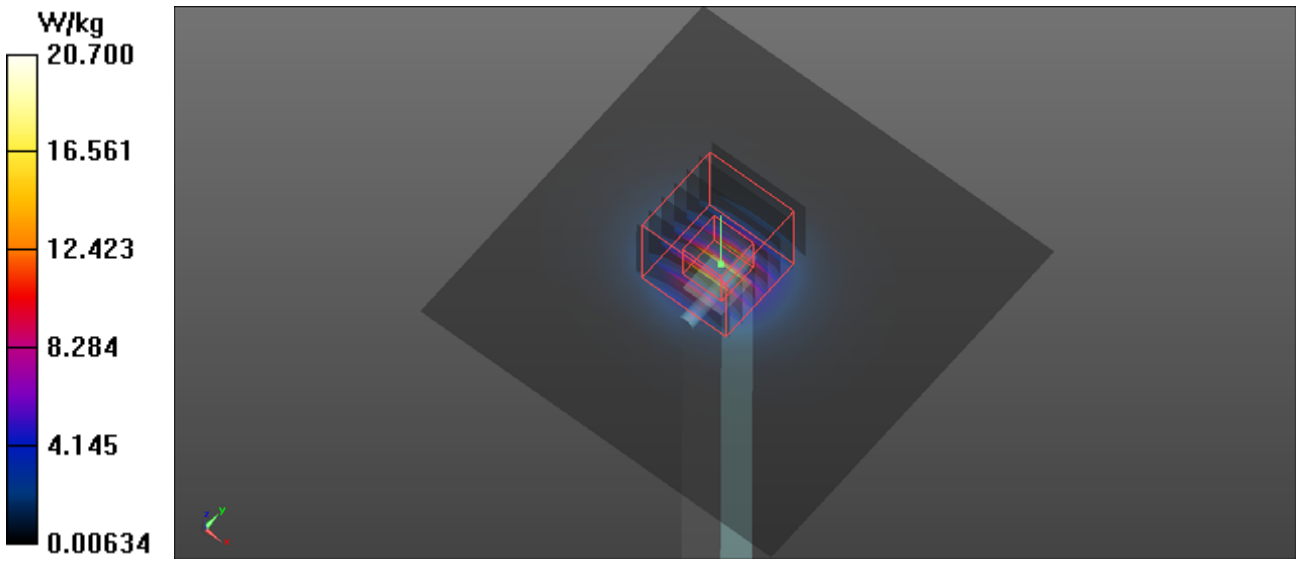
DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type:D5GHzV2; SN:1133

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_0819 Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 5.868 S/m; ε_r = 46.994; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3970; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2017/11/02;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1418; Calibrated: 2017/10/09
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1231
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.7 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm
Reference Value = 58.001 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg



Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Shenzhen EMTEK Co.,Ltd. Date: 2018/08/17

P01 802.11a_Front Face-1_0cm_Ch36_Antenna-0

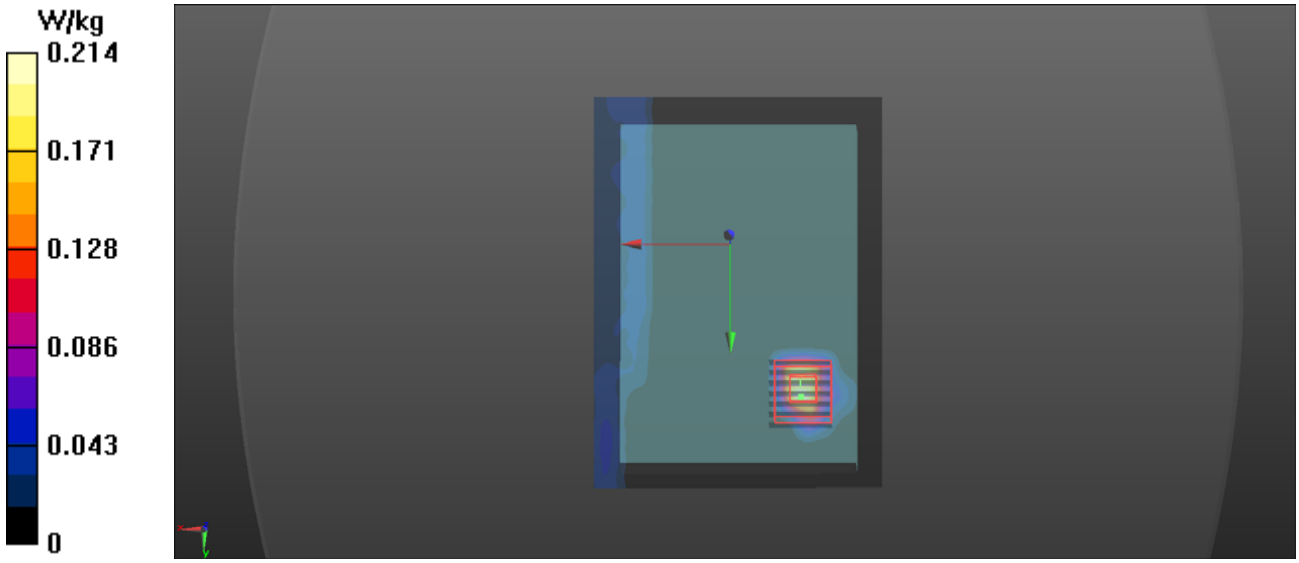
DUT: 1

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5180 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_0817 Medium parameters used: f = 5180 MHz; σ = 5.117 S/m; ε_r = 48.256; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3970; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19); Calibrated: 2017/11/02;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1418; Calibrated: 2017/10/09
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1231
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

- Area Scan (111x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.214 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 1.791 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.934 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.081 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.211 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Shenzhen EMTEK Co.,Ltd. Date: 2018/08/19

P02 802.11a_Front Face-1_0cm_Ch165_Antenna-0

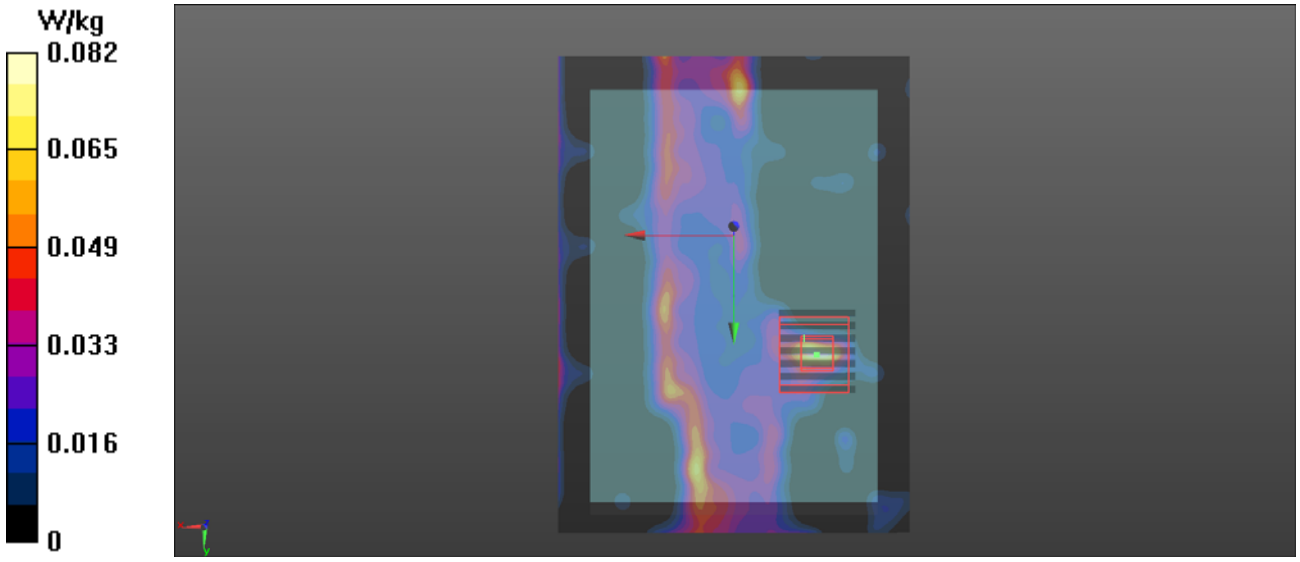
DUT: 1

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5825 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_0819 Medium parameters used: f = 5825 MHz; σ = 5.918 S/m; ε_r = 47.027; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3970; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2017/11/02;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1418; Calibrated: 2017/10/09
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1231
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

- Area Scan (111x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0816 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 1.671 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.190 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.018 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00432 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0719 W/kg



Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client ADT-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1133_Sep17

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D5GHzV2 - SN:1133
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v2 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz
Calibration date:	September 18, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	31-Dec-16 (No. EX3-3503_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 601	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)	Mar-18

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 18, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.7 ± 6 %	4.59 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.82 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**78.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**22.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)**

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.2 ± 6 %	4.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**82.1 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)**

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.9 ± 6 %	5.17 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**80.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.27 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**22.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.36 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.0 ± 6 %	5.49 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.72 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**76.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.4 ± 6 %	5.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.94 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**78.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**22.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.0 ± 6 %	6.24 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.78 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**77.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9 Ω - 5.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.0 Ω + 1.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.2 Ω - 2.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0 Ω - 4.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.8 Ω + 1.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.9 Ω - 1.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.208 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 07, 2012

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 15.09.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1133

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.59 S/m; ε_r = 36.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 4.95 S/m; ε_r = 36.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 5.17 S/m; ε_r = 35.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

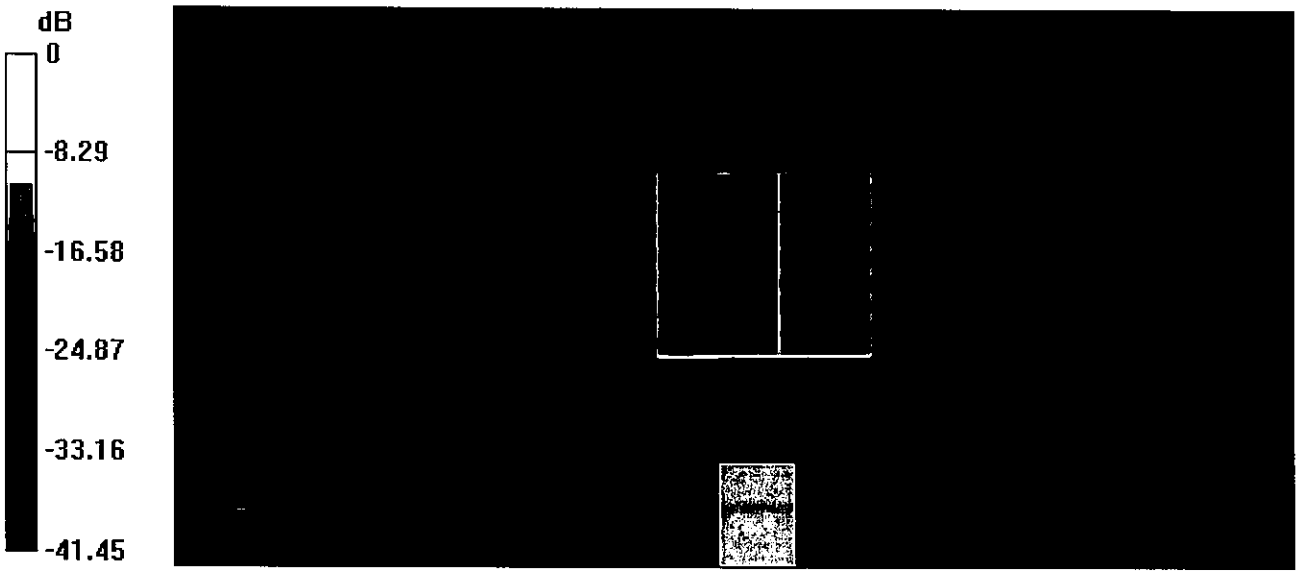
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.58, 5.58, 5.58); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 31.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 69.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg

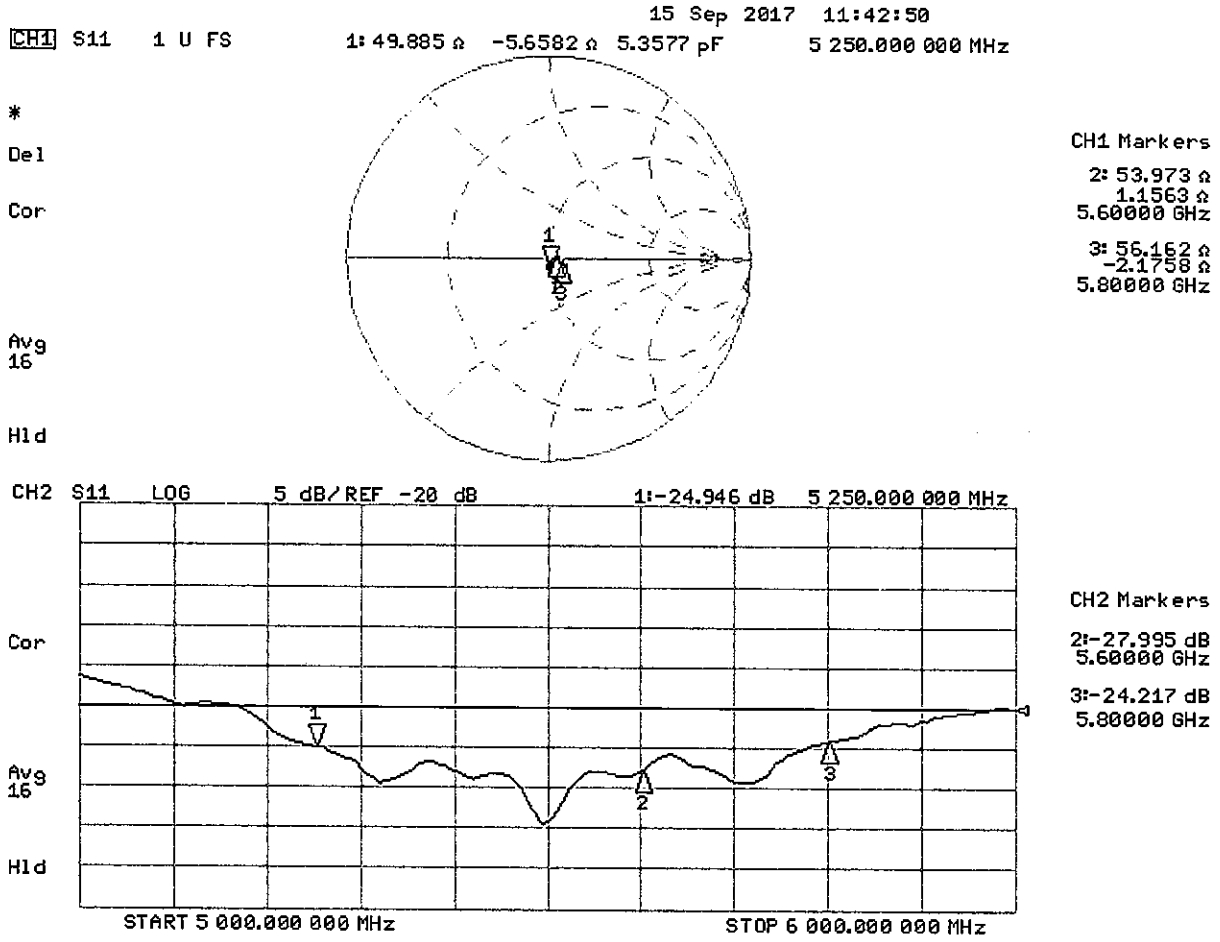
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 70.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.19 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 68.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg



0 dB = 18.1 W/kg = 12.58 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 18.09.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1133

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 5.49 S/m; ε_r = 47.0; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.96 S/m; ε_r = 46.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 6.24 S/m; ε_r = 46; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

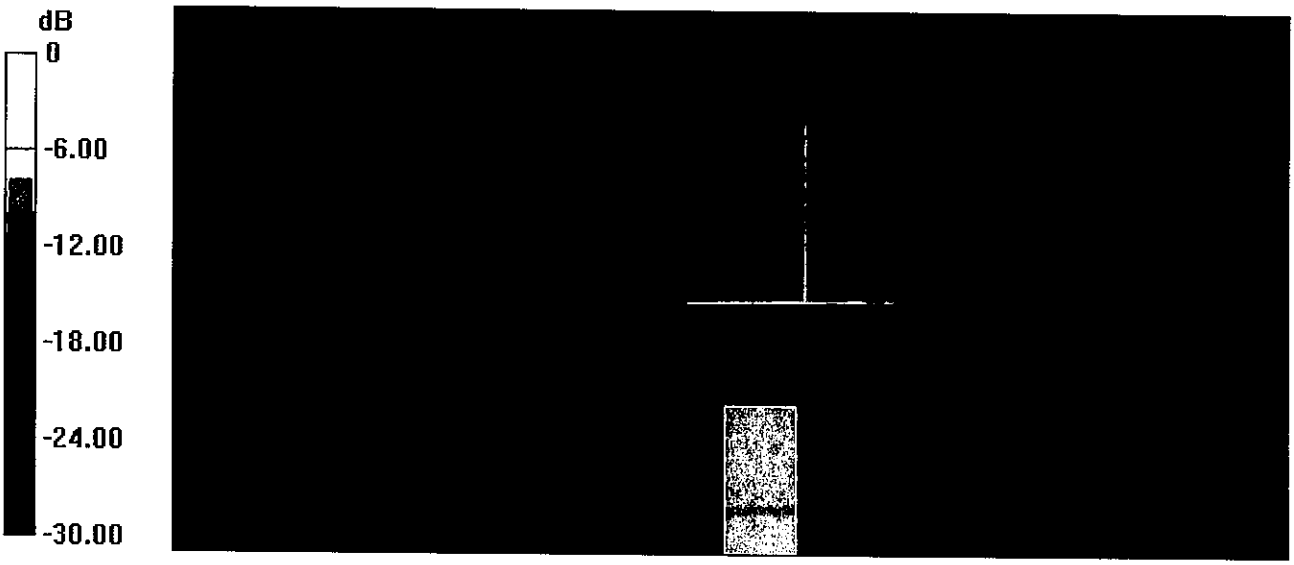
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 31.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 60.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg

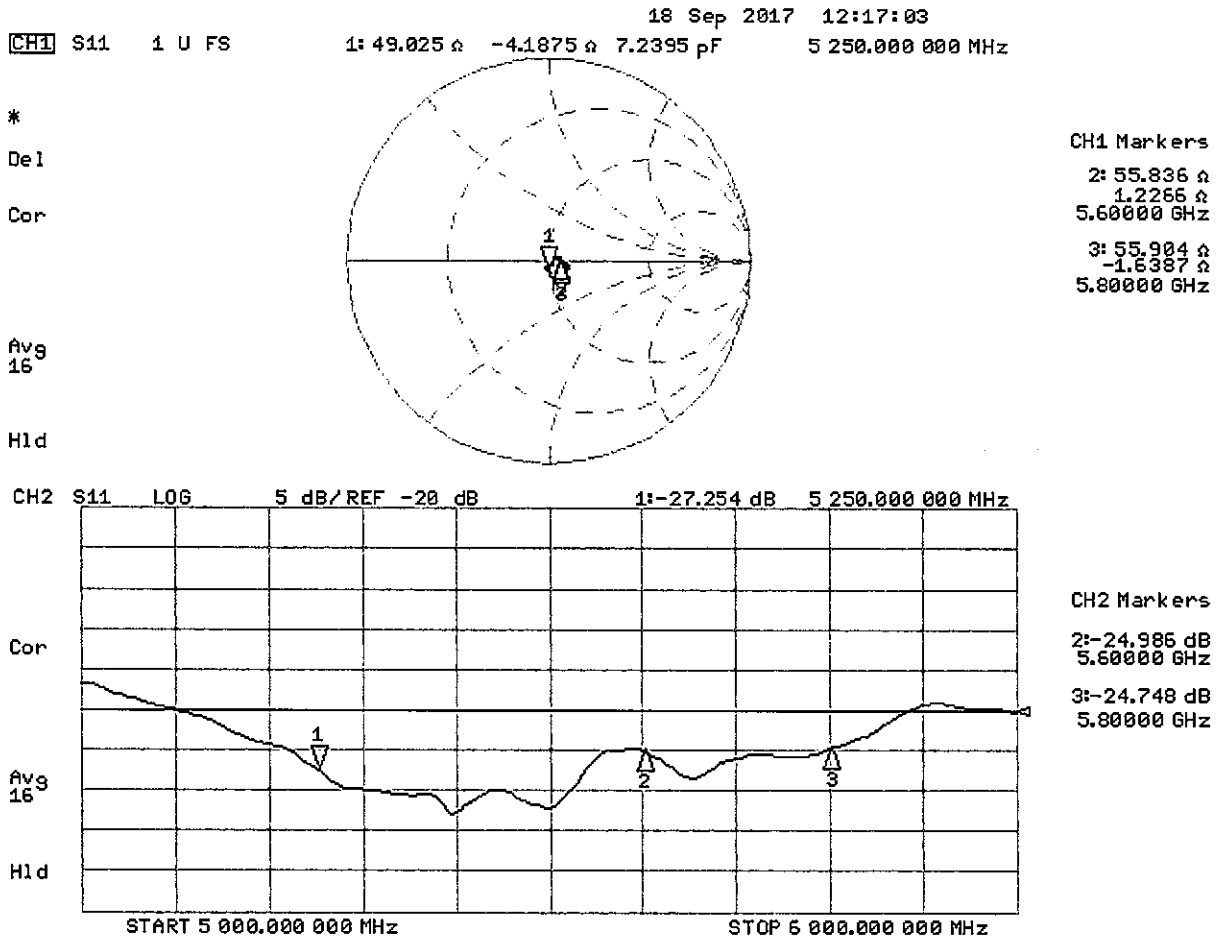
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 60.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 59.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg



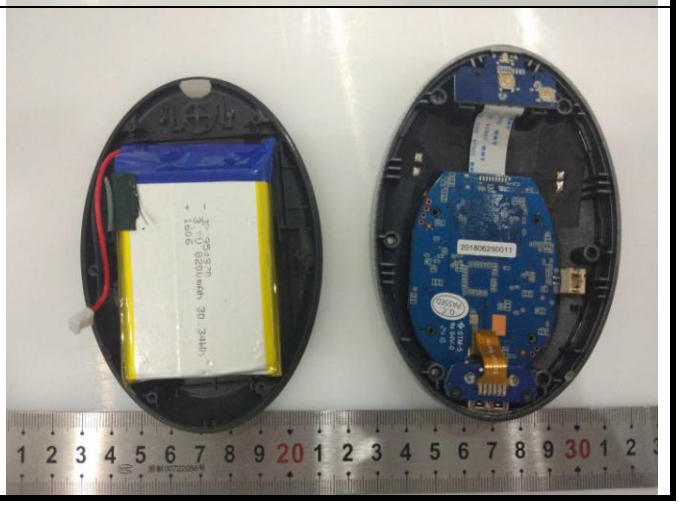
0 dB = 17.8 W/kg = 12.50 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

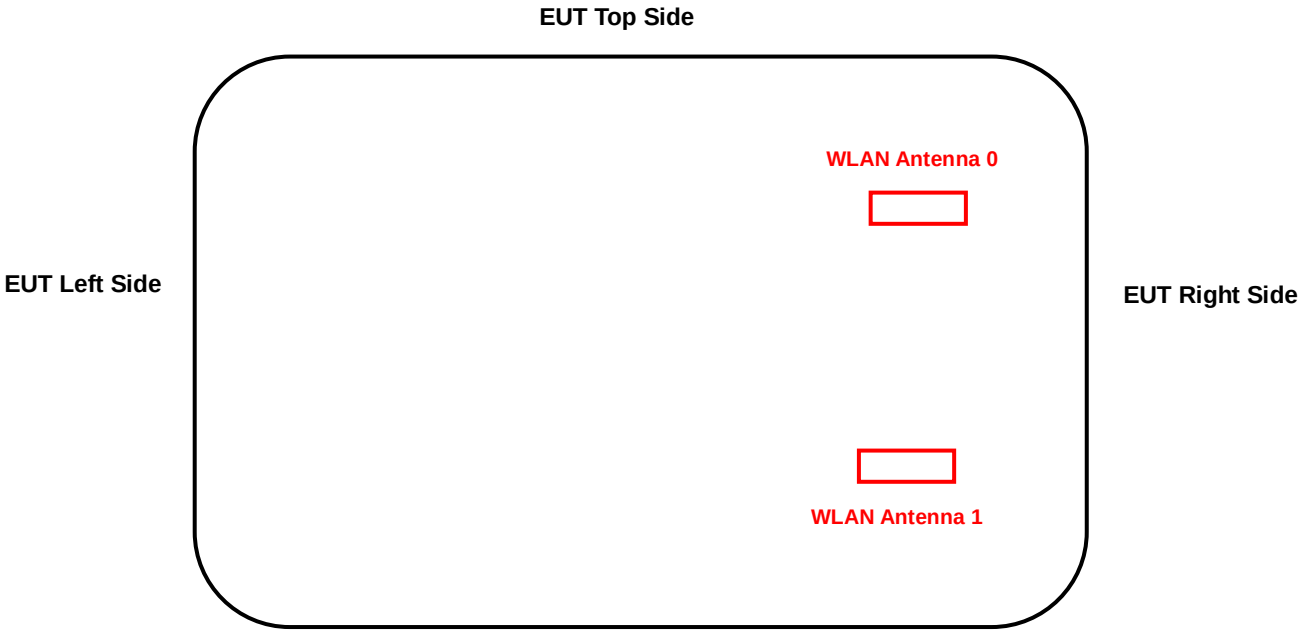


Appendix D. Photographs of EUT and Setup

<Photographs of EUT>



<Antenna Location>



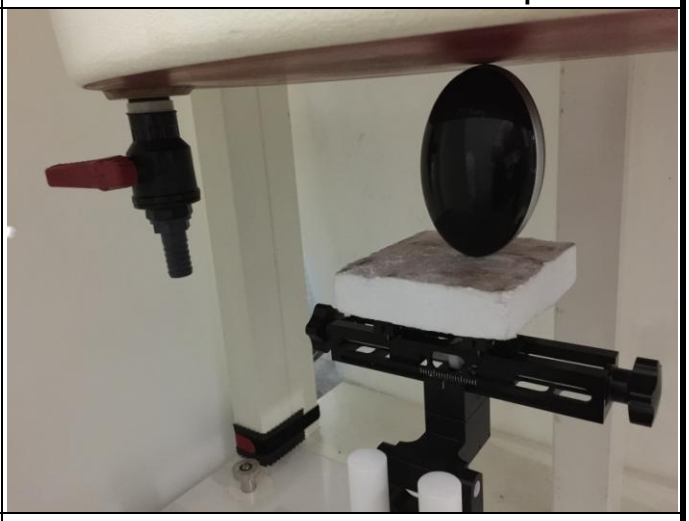
<EUT top View>

<Photographs of SAR Setup>

Front face of EUT with 0 cm Gap

Rear face of EUT with 0cm Gap

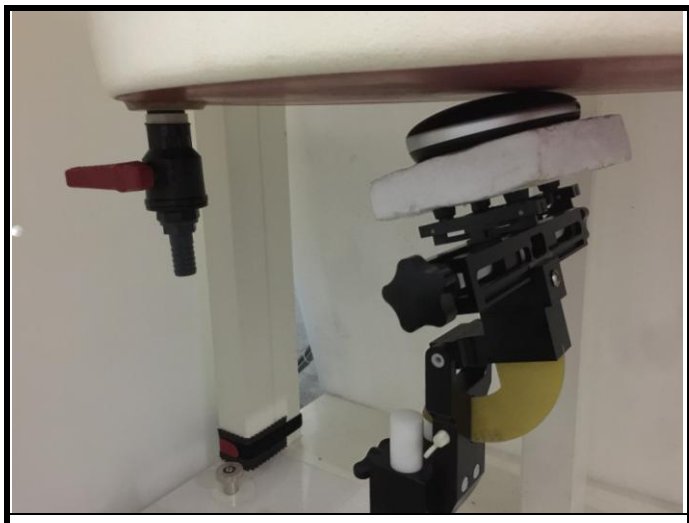
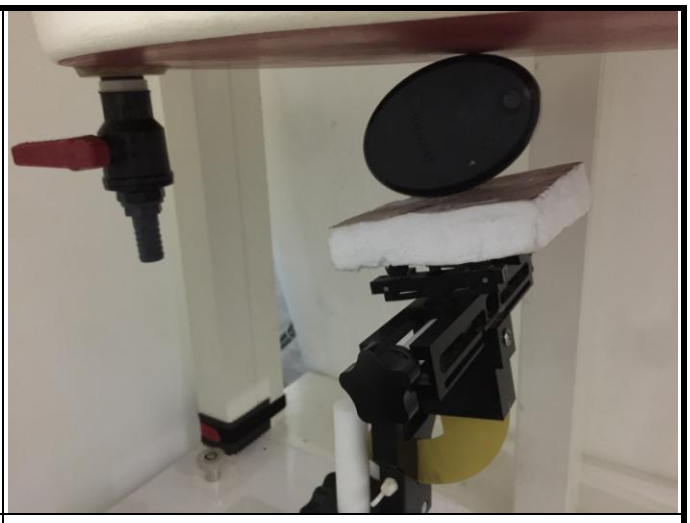
Top side of EUT with 0 cm Gap



Right side of EUT with 0cm Gap

Top side -1 of EUT with 0 cm Gap

Bottom side of EUT with 0cm Gap

	
Front face-1 of EUT with 0 cm Gap	**Bottom side-1 of EUT with 0cm Gap**