



TEST REPORT

No.I22N00821-HAC RF

For

HMD Global Oy

Smart Phone

Model Name: TA-1339

With

Hardware Version: V01B

Software Version: 000T_1_111

FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1339

Results Summary: M Category = M4

Issued Date: 2022-04-20

Designation Number: CN1210

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of SAICT.

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
I22N00821-HAC RF	Rev.0	1st edition	2022-04-20

This EUT is a variant product and the report of original sample is No.I21N04037-HAC RF. According to “Justification Letter” provided by applicant, we quote the test results of original sample and spot check the worst case in annex H.



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1. Summary of Test Report

1.1. Test Items

Description: Smart Phone
Model Name: TA-1339
Applicant's Name: HMD Global Oy
Manufacturer's Name: HMD Global Oy

1.2. Test Standards

ANSI C63.19-2011

1.3. Test Result

Pass

1.4. Testing Location

Address: Building G, Shenzhen International Innovation Center, No.1006 Shennan Road,
Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China

1.5. Project Data

Testing Start Date: 2021-03-02

Testing End Date: 2022-04-01

1.6. Signature

Li Yongfu

(Prepared this test report)

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(Approved this test report)



2. Client Information

2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name:	HMD Global Oy
Address:	Bertel Jungin aukio 9, 02600,
City:	Espoo
Country:	Finland
Telephone:	+393 31 6272922

2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	HMD Global Oy
Address:	Bertel Jungin aukio 9, 02600,
City:	Espoo
Country:	Finland
Telephone:	+393 31 6272922

3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1. About EUT

Description:	Smart Phone
Mode Name:	TA-1339
Condition of EUT as received:	No obvious damage in appearance
Operating mode(s) :	GSM 850/1900, WCDMA Band 2/4/5 LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/17/28/66, Bluetooth, WLAN 2.4G

3.2. Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW Version	SW Version	Receipt Date
UT05aa	357321210003827	V01	00WW_0_070	2021-03-01
UT01aa	357321211569966	V01B	000T_0_513	2022-01-05
UT05aa	357321212705049	V01B	000T_1_111	2022-04-01

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test HAC with the UT05aa & UT01aa & UT05aa.

3.3. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	BL-29CI	Fenghua Battery Co., Ltd.
AE2	Battery	BL-29CI	Shenzhen Aerospace Electronic Co., Ltd
AE3	Headset	JWEP1199-M01H (178210504)	JUWEI ELECTRONICS CO., LTD

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.4. Air Interfaces and Operating Modes

Air-interface	Band(MHz)	Type	C63.19 / tested	Simultaneous Transmissions	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
GSM	850 /1900	VO	Yes	BT,WLAN	CMRS Voice	No
EDGE	850 /1900	DT	No	BT,WLAN	NA	
WCDMA	B2 / B4/ B5	VO	Yes	BT,WLAN	CMRS Voice	No
	HSPA	DT	No	BT,WLAN	NA	
LTE (FDD)	2/4/5/7/12/17/28/66	VD	Yes	BT,WLAN	VoLTE	No
WLAN	2.4G	VD	Yes	WWAN	VoWIFI	No
Bluetooth	2.4G	DT	No	WWAN	NA	No

VO: Voice Only

VD: CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

DT: Digital Transport only (no voice)

* HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes; Non-current mode was found to represent worst case rating for both M and T rating

4. Reference Documents

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
ANSI C63.19-2011	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and Hearing Aids	2011
KDB 285076 D01	Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility	v05
KDB 285076 D02	Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services	v03

5. Operational Conditions During Test

5.1. HAC Measurement Set-up

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 1.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

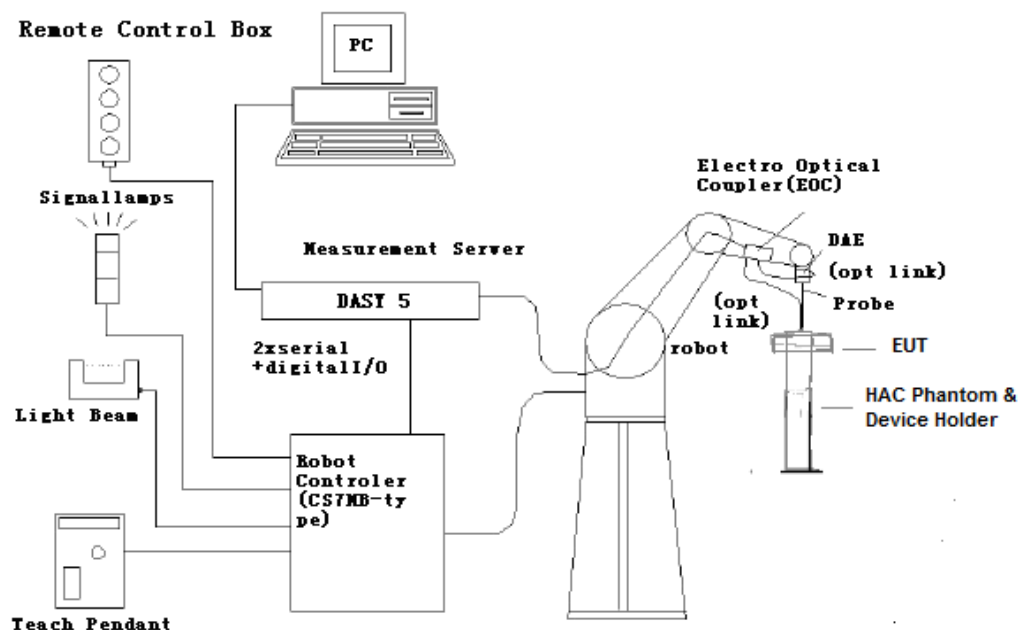


Fig. 1 HAC Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

5.2. Probe Specification

E-Field Probe Description

Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material
Calibration	In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, $k=2$)
Frequency	40 MHz to > 6 GHz (can be extended to < 20 MHz) Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to > 1000 V/m; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm
Application	General near-field measurements up to 6 GHz Field component measurements Fast automatic scanning in phantoms



[ER3DV6]

5.3. Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions: 370 x 370 x 370 mm).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field $< \pm 0.5$ dB.

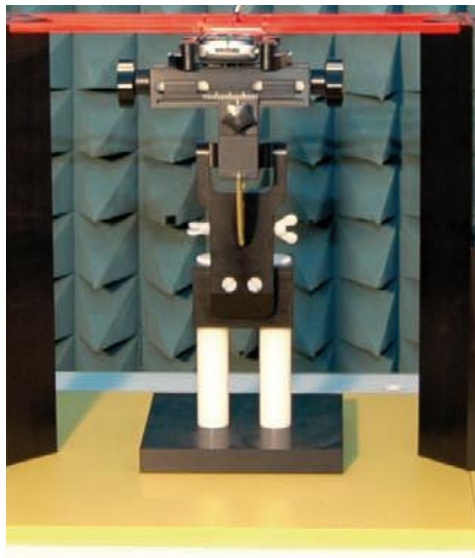


Fig. 2 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

5.4. Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160XL

Repeatability: ± 0.02 mm

No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Intel Core2

Clock Speed: 1.86 GHz

Operating System: Windows XP

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

Software: DASY5 software

Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.
Optical uplink for commands and clock

6. EUT Arrangement

6.1. WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane

Figure 4 illustrates the references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement.

- The grid is 5 cm by 5 cm area that is divided into 9 evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the WD (speaker or T-coil).
- The grid is located by reference to a reference plane. This reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the WD that normally rests against the user's ear
- The measurement plane is located parallel to the reference plane and 15 mm from it, out from the phone. The grid is located in the measurement plane.

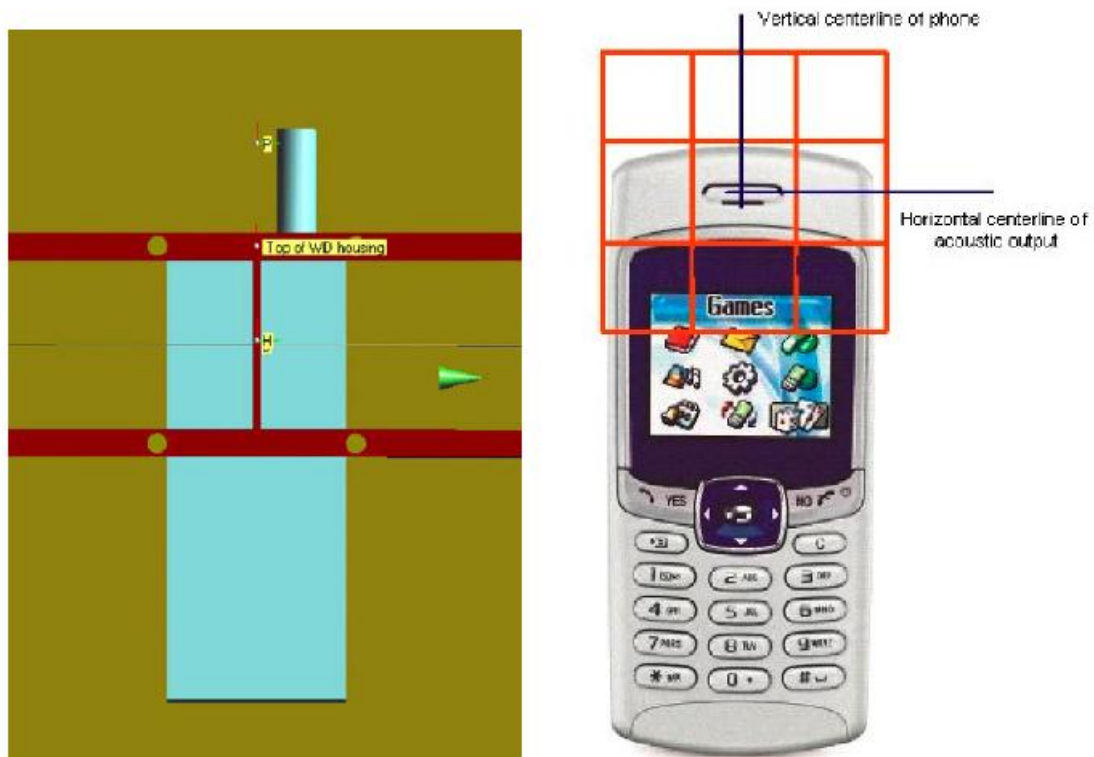


Fig. 3 WD reference and plane for RF emission measurements

7. System Validation

7.1. Validation Procedure

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI C63.19 in the position normally occupied by the WD. The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical output. Position the E-field probes so that:

- The probes and their cables are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- The probe cables and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions
- The center point of the probe element(s) are 15 mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.

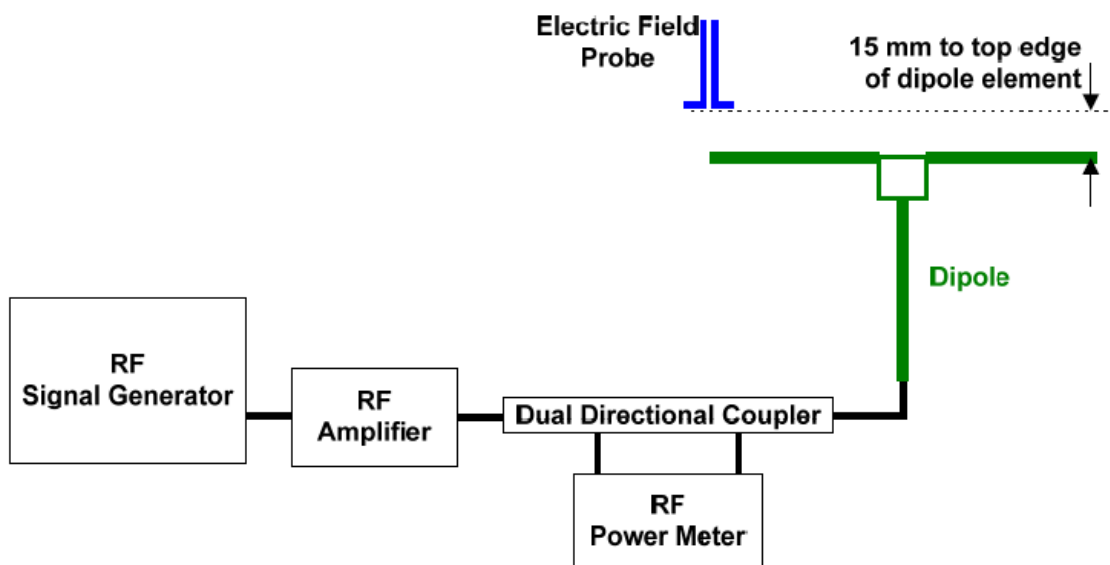


Fig. 4 Dipole Validation Setup

7.2. Validation Result

E-Field Scan							
Measurement Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Measured ¹ Value (dBV/m)	Target ² Value (dBV/m)	Deviation ³ (%)	Limit ⁴ (%)
2021-03-02	CW	835	100	44.38	40.72	9.0	±25
2021-03-02	CW	1880	100	39.89	39.06	2.1	±25
2022-01-16	CW	835	100	43.64	41.15	6.1	±25
2022-04-01	CW	835	100	44.78	41.15	8.8	±25

Notes:

1. Please refer to the attachment for detailed measurement data and plot.
2. Target value is provided by SPEAD in the calibration certificate of specific dipoles.
3. Deviation (%) = 100 * (Measured value minus Target value) divided by Target value.
4. ANSI C63.19 requires values within ± 25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty. Values independently validated for the dipole actually used in the measurements should be used, when available.

8. Modulation Interference Factor (MIF)

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) which replaces the need for the Articulation Weighting Factor (AWF) during the evaluation and is applicable to any modulation scheme.

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63-2007.

Definitions

ER3D, E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the “indirect” measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by probe modulation response (PMR) calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading.

The evaluation method or the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is called to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty. It may alternatively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constraint and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and is automatically applied.

MIF values were not tested by a probe or as specified in the standards but are based on analysis provided by SPEAG for all the air interfaces (GSM, WCDMA, CDMA, LTE). The data included in this report are for the worst case operating modes. The UIDs used are listed below:

UID	Communication System Name	MIF (dB)
10021	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	3.63
10011	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	-27.23
10170	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16-QAM)	-9.76
10176	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA, 1RB, 10MHz, 16-QAM)	-9.76
10061	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02



A PMR calibrated probe is linearized for the selected waveform over the full dynamic range within the uncertainty specified in its calibration certificate. ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the "indirect" measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading.

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

- 0.2 dB for MIF -7 to +5 dB,
- 0.5 dB for MIF -13 to +11 dB
- 1 dB for MIF > -20 dB

9. Evaluation for low-power exemption

9.1. Product testing threshold

There are two methods for exempting an RF air interface technology from testing. The first method requires evaluation of the MIF for the worst-case operating mode. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤ 17 dBm for any of its operating modes. The second method does not require determination of the MIF. The RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals $\leq 50 \mu s$, is ≤ 23 dBm. An RF air interface technology that is exempted from testing by either method shall be rated as M4. The first method is used to be exempt from testing for the RF air interface technology in this report.

9.2. Conducted power

Band	power (dBm)	MIF (dB)	Sum (dBm)	HAC Test
GSM 850	33.0	3.63	36.63	Yes
GSM 1900	30.0	3.63	33.63	Yes
WCDMA B2	24.5	-27.23	-2.73	No
WCDMA B4	25.0	-27.23	-2.23	No
WCDMA B5	24.5	-27.23	-2.73	No
LTE Band 2	24.0	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 4	24.0	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 5	24.0	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 7	22.5	-9.76	12.74	No
LTE Band 12	24.0	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 17	24.0	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 28	24.0	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 66	24.0	-9.76	14.24	No
WLAN 2.4G	18.5	-2.02	16.48	No

Note:

1. Power = Max tune-up limit

10. RF Test Procedures

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- 1) Confirm proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- 2) Position the WD in its intended test position. The gauge block can simplify this positioning.
- 3) Configure the WD normal operation for maximum rated RF output power, at the desired channel and other operating parameters (e.g., test mode), as intended for the test.
- 4) The center sub-grid shall be centered on the center of the T-Coil mode axial measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- 5) Record the reading.
- 6) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- 7) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- 8) Identify the maximum field reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in Step 7)
- 9) Evaluate the MIF and add to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading to obtain the RF audio interference level..
- 10) Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories and record the resulting WD category rating.

11. Measurement Results (E-Field)

Frequency		Measured Value (dBV/m)	Power Drift (dB)	Category
MHz	Channel			
GSM 850				
848.8	251	35.45	0.06	M4 (see Fig A.1)
836.6	190	35.86	0.02	M4 (see Fig A.2)
824.2	128	35.87	0.05	M4 (see Fig A.3)
GSM 1900				
1909.8	810	23.30	0.09	M4 (see Fig A.4)
1880.0	661	22.76	0.05	M4 (see Fig A.5)
1850.2	512	24.13	0.10	M4 (see Fig A.6)

12. ANSI C 63.19-2011 Limits

WD RF audio interference level categories in logarithmic units

Emission categories	< 960 MHz	
/	E-field emissions	
Category M1	50 to 55	dB (V/m)
Category M2	45 to 50	dB (V/m)
Category M3	40 to 45	dB (V/m)
Category M4	< 40	dB (V/m)
Emission categories	> 960 MHz	
/	E-field emissions	
Category M1	40 to 45	dB (V/m)
Category M2	35 to 40	dB (V/m)
Category M3	30 to 35	dB (V/m)
Category M4	< 30	dB (V/m)

13. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Error source	Type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Prob. Dist.	k	c_i E	Standard Uncertainty (%) u_i (%) E	Degree of freedom V_{eff} or v_i	source
1	System repeatability	A	0.24	N	1	1	0.24	9	Measurement
Measurement System									
2	Probe Calibration	B	10.1	N	1	1	10.1	∞	Manufacturer
3	Axial Isotropy	B	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.5	∞	Cal report
4	Sensor Displacement	B	16.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	9.5	∞	Manufacturer
5	Boundary Effects	B	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	∞	Manufacturer
6	Linearity	B	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.35	∞	Cal report
7	Scaling to Peak Envelope Power	B	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.2	∞	Standard
8	System Detection Limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞	Manufacturer
9	Readout Electronics	B	0.3	N	1	1	0.3	∞	Manufacturer
10	Response Time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.5	∞	Manufacturer
11	Integration Time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.5	∞	Manufacturer
12	RF Ambient Conditions	B	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞	Measurement
13	RF Reflections	B	12.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.9	∞	Measurement
14	Probe Positioner	A	1.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.7	∞	Manufacturer
15	Probe Positioning	A	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞	Manufacturer
16	Extra. And Interpolation	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞	Manufacturer
Test Sample Related									
17	Device Positioning Vertical	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞	Manufacturer
18	Device Positioning Lateral	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞	Manufacturer
19	Device Holder and Phantom	B	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	∞	Manufacturer
20	Power Drift	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞	Measurement
Phantom and Setup related									
21	Phantom Thickness	B	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	∞	Manufacturer
PMF related									
22	Monitor amplitude	B	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.02	∞	Manufacturer
23	Setup repeatability	A	2.3	N	1	1	2.3	9	Manufacturer
24	Sensor amplitude	B	12	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.93	∞	Manufacturer
Combined standard uncertainty (%)							18.3		
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		N	k=2		36.6		

14. Main Test Instruments

Table 14-1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Signal Generator	E8257D	MY47461211	2022-01-15	One year
02	Power meter	E4418B	MY50000366	2021-12-13	One year
03	Power sensor	E9304A	MY50000188		
04	Amplifier	VTL5400	0404	/	
05	HAC Test Arch	N/A	1150	/	
06	E-Field Probe	ER3DV6	2302	2020-06-19	Three year
07	E-Field Probe	ER3DV6	2424	2021-03-04	Three year
08	DAE	DAE4	1527	2020-11-06 & 2022-01-12	One year
09	DAE	DAE4	786	2021-04-09	One year
10	HAC Dipole	CD835V3	1165	2018-07-19 & 2021-05-18	Three year
11	HAC Dipole	CD1880V3	1149	2018-07-19	Three year
12	BTS	CMW500	152499	2021-07-16	One year
13	Software	DASY5	/	/	/

ANNEX A: RF Emission Test Plot

HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High

Date: 2021-3-2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2302 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 49.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 35.45 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 34.65 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 35.21 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 34.69 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 34.84 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 35.45 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 35.1 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 34.79 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 35.66 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 35.33 dBV/m

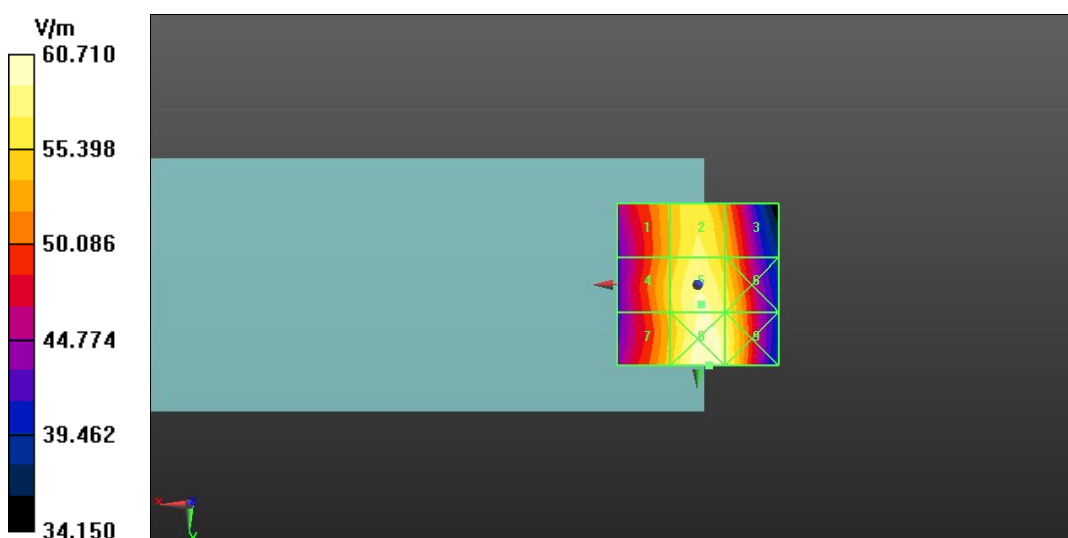


Fig A.1 HAC RF E-Field GSM850

HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Middle

Date: 2021-3-2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2302 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 52.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 35.86 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 34.98 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 35.57 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 35.05 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 35.24 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 35.86 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 35.51 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 35.22 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 36.09 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 35.74 dBV/m

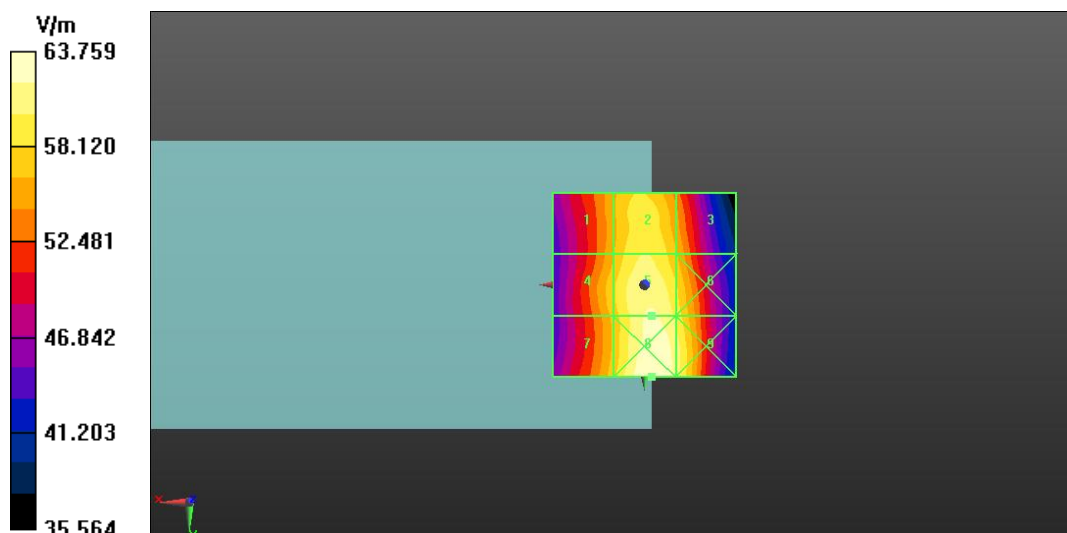


Fig A.2 HAC RF E-Field GSM850

HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Low

Date: 2021-3-2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 824.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2302 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 52.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 35.87 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 34.96 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 35.56 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 35.04 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 35.2 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 35.87 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 35.49 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 35.22 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 36.06 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 35.67 dBV/m

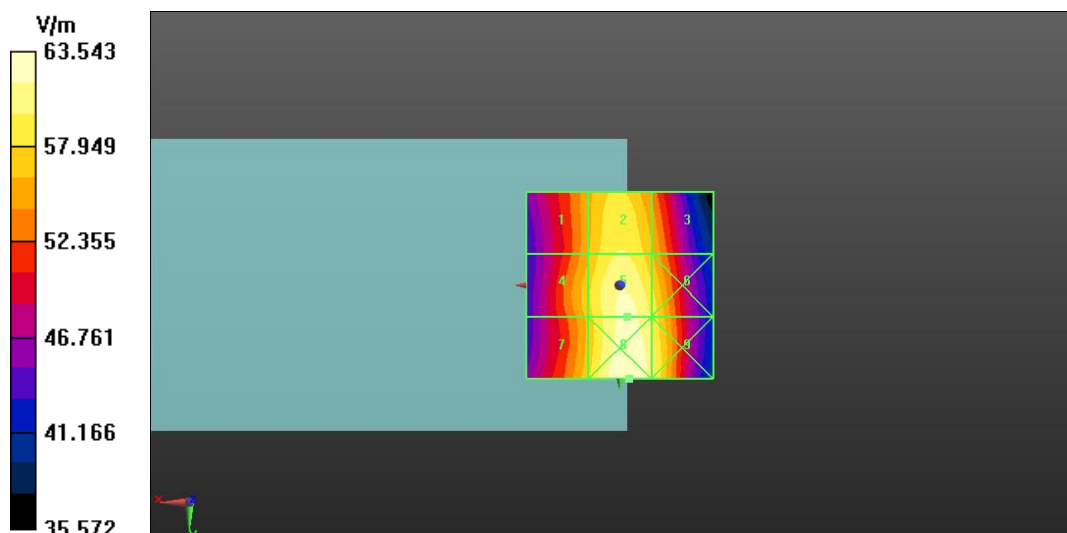


Fig A.3 HAC RF E-Field GSM850

HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 High

Date: 2021-3-2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2302 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 11.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 23.30 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 27.49 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 21.34 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 21.34 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 27.49 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 22.85 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 22.76 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 26.99 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 23.3 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 23.23 dBV/m

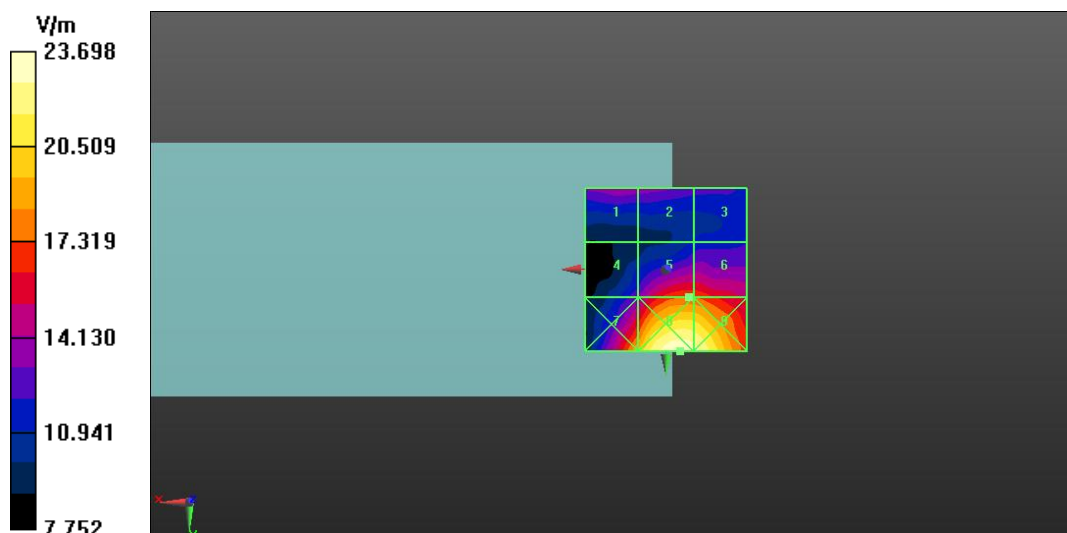


Fig A.4 HAC RF E-Field GSM1900

HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Middle

Date: 2021-3-2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2302 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 8.398 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 22.76 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 20.96 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 20.83 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 20.12 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 20.47 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 22.76 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 22.75 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 23.87 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 25.45 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 25.24 dBV/m

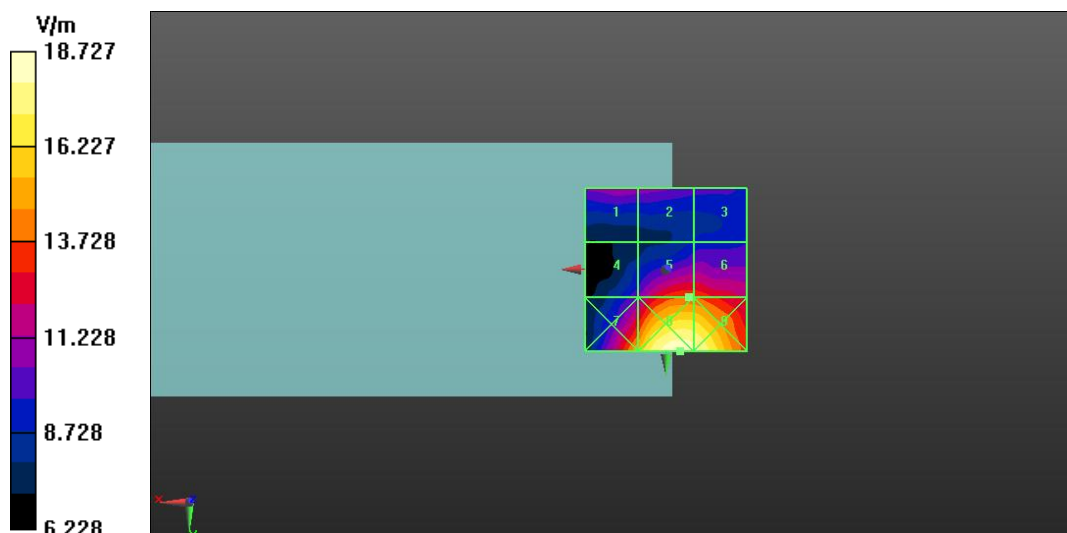


Fig A.5 HAC RF E-Field GSM1900

HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Low

Date: 2021-3-2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2302 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 6.095 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 24.13 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 23.99 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 24.13 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 23.33 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 20.97 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 23.02 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 22.99 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 26.68 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 27.86 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 27.56 dBV/m

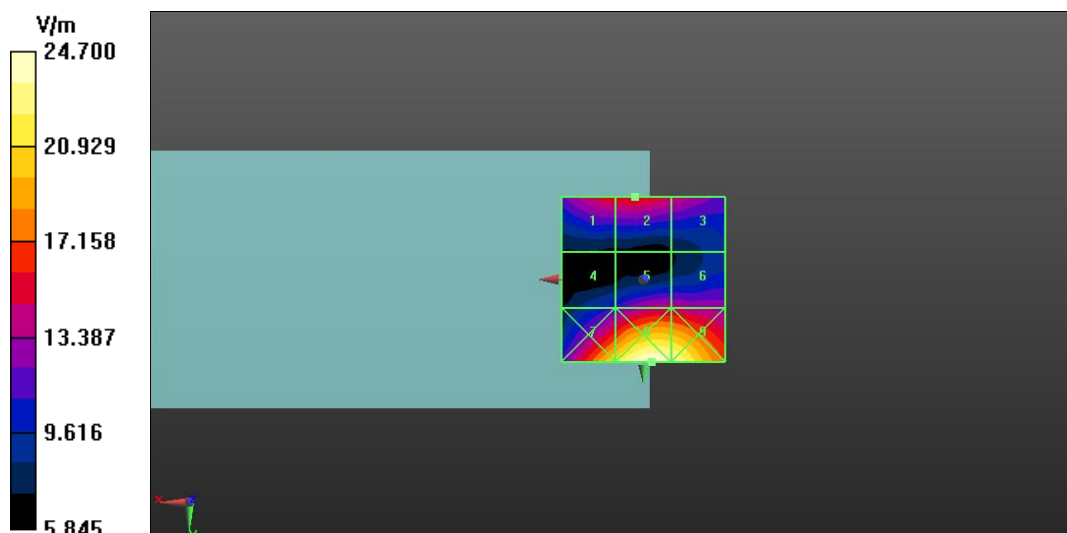


Fig A.6 HAC RF E-Field GSM1900

ANNEX B: System Validation Result

835MHz

Date: 2021-3-2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2302; ConvF (1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 Dipole = 15mm

/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 122.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

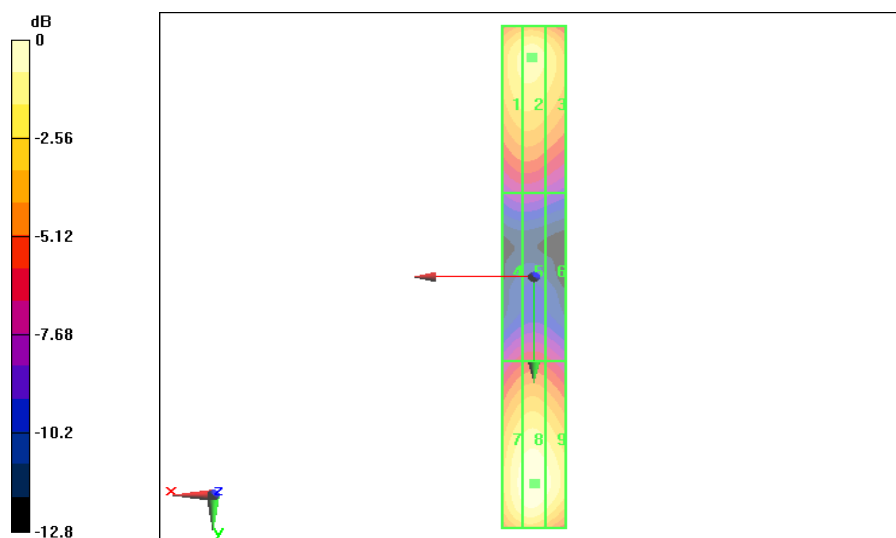
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 44.38 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3 43.74 dBV/m	Grid 2 M3 44.29 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 44.15 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 39.29 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 39.64 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 39.58 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3 43.81 dBV/m	Grid 8 M3 44.38 dBV/m	Grid 9 M3 44.22 dBV/m



0 dB = 44.38 dBV/m

1880MHz

Date: 2021-3-2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2302; ConvF (1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 Dipole = 15mm

/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 137.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

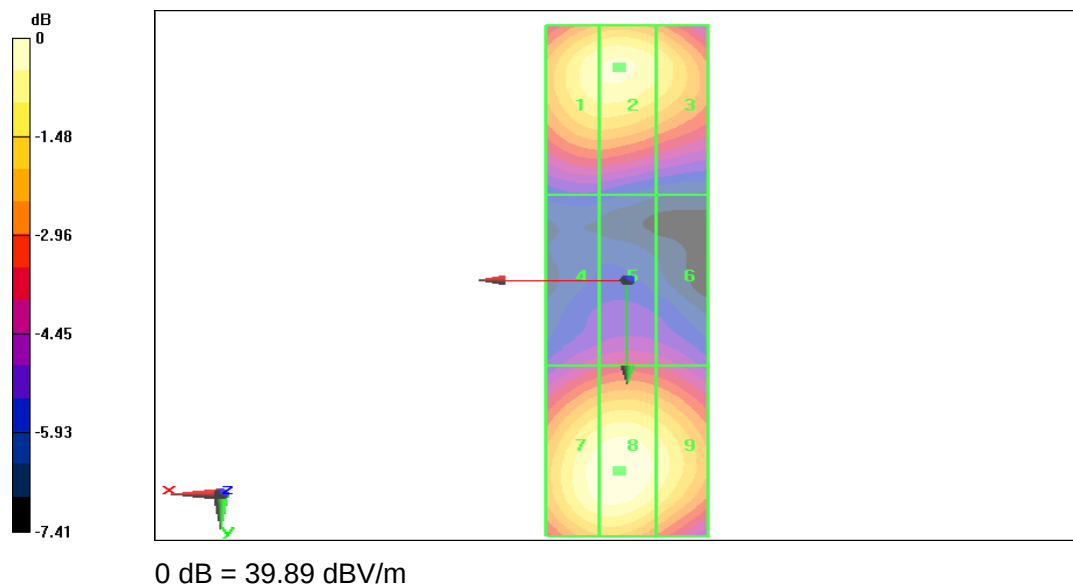
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.89 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 39.43 dBV/m	Grid 2 M2 39.89 dBV/m	Grid 3 M2 39.78 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2 37.81 dBV/m	Grid 5 M2 37.95 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 37.89 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2 39.37 dBV/m	Grid 8 M2 39.83 dB V/m	Grid 9 M2 39.72 dBV/m



ANNEX C: Probe Calibration Certificate

ER3DV6-SN: 2302 (2020)

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: **ER3-2302_Jun20**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ER3DV6- SN:2302**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-02.v9, QA CAL-25.v7
Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field
evaluations in air**

Calibration date: **June 19, 2020**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
DAE4	SN: 789	18-Jun-20 (No. DAE4-789_Jun20)	Jun-21
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	05-Oct-19 (No. ER3-2328_Oct19)	Oct-20
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20

Calibrated by:	Name Jeffrey Katzman	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

Issued: June 25, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
En	incident E-field orientation normal to probe axis
Ep	incident E-field orientation parallel to probe axis
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.1.1, May 2017

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ for XY sensors and $\vartheta = 90$ for Z sensor ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).



ER3DV6 – SN:2302

June 19, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2302**Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	1.49	1.35	1.40	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) ^B	99.1	99.4	104.0	

Calibration results for Frequency Response (30 MHz – 3 GHz)

Frequency MHz	Target E-Field V/m	Measured E-field (En) V/m	Deviation E-normal in %	Measured E-field (Ep) V/m	Deviation E-normal in %	Unc (k=2) %
30	77.2	76.8	-0.6%	77.5	0.4%	$\pm 5.1 \%$
100	77.4	78.7	1.7%	78.1	0.9%	$\pm 5.1 \%$
450	77.1	78.5	1.8%	77.7	0.8%	$\pm 5.1 \%$
600	77.1	78.1	1.2%	77.5	0.5%	$\pm 5.1 \%$
750	77.1	77.9	1.0%	77.5	0.4%	$\pm 5.1 \%$
1800	143.0	141.7	-1.0%	140.8	-1.6%	$\pm 5.1 \%$
2000	135.0	134.3	-0.5%	133.4	-1.2%	$\pm 5.1 \%$
2200	127.5	125.9	-1.2%	127.4	-0.1%	$\pm 5.1 \%$
2500	125.6	126.0	0.3%	127.2	1.3%	$\pm 5.1 \%$
3000	79.5	78.4	-1.4%	81.3	2.3%	$\pm 5.1 \%$

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ER3DV6 – SN:2302

June 19, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2302

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB·μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	155.0	± 2.2 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		135.4		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		179.2		
10352- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	12.46	86.55	21.46	10.00	60.0	± 1.8 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	14.84	89.50	22.33		60.0		
		Z	16.90	92.38	23.74		60.0		
10353- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	19.62	92.77	22.05	6.99	80.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	93.24	22.09		80.0		
		Z	20.00	94.16	22.81		80.0		
10354- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	92.96	20.47	3.98	95.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	93.40	20.60		95.0		
		Z	20.00	94.94	21.61		95.0		
10355- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	91.16	18.11	2.22	120.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	90.60	17.76		120.0		
		Z	20.00	94.14	19.77		120.0		
10387- AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.95	67.16	15.70	1.00	150.0	± 1.8 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.97	67.59	15.99		150.0		
		Z	1.89	68.38	16.15		150.0		
10388- AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.46	68.81	15.86	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.52	69.39	16.26		150.0		
		Z	2.41	69.51	16.53		150.0		
10396- AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	5.03	80.38	23.79	3.01	150.0	± 0.7 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.87	74.73	21.01		150.0		
		Z	4.29	76.86	21.62		150.0		
10399- AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.56	67.03	15.65	0.00	150.0	± 1.3 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.59	67.29	15.84		150.0		
		Z	3.51	67.31	15.92		150.0		
10414- AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.99	65.56	15.47	0.00	150.0	± 3.0 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.01	65.71	15.57		150.0		
		Z	4.83	65.68	15.56		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



ER3DV6 – SN:2302

June 19, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2302**Sensor Frequency Model Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z
Frequency Corr. (LF)	-1.43	-1.13	0.41
Frequency Corr. (HF)	0.00	0.00	0.00

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V^{-1}	T1 $ms.V^{-2}$	T2 $ms.V^{-1}$	T3 ms	T4 V^{-2}	T5 V^{-1}	T6
X	89.6	427.93	36.17	25.21	1.13	5.10	0.00	0.51	1.02
Y	87.2	413.40	35.84	24.12	0.97	5.10	0.41	0.48	1.01
Z	65.7	304.60	34.59	23.50	1.08	5.10	1.21	0.34	1.01

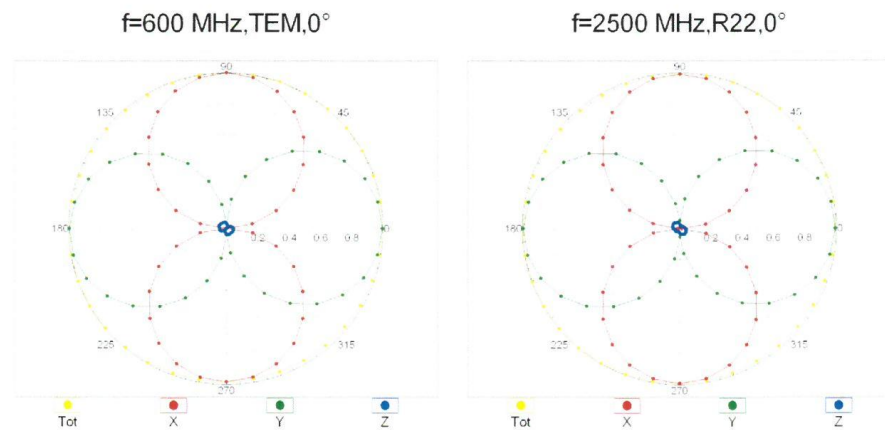
Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	-178.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm

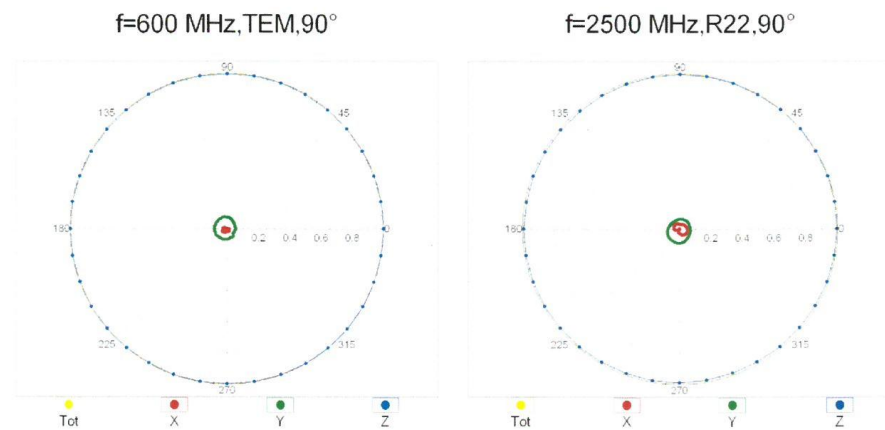
ER3DV6 – SN:2302

June 19, 2020

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



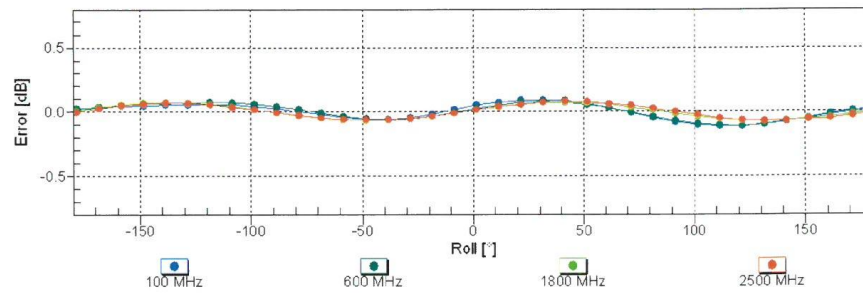
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$



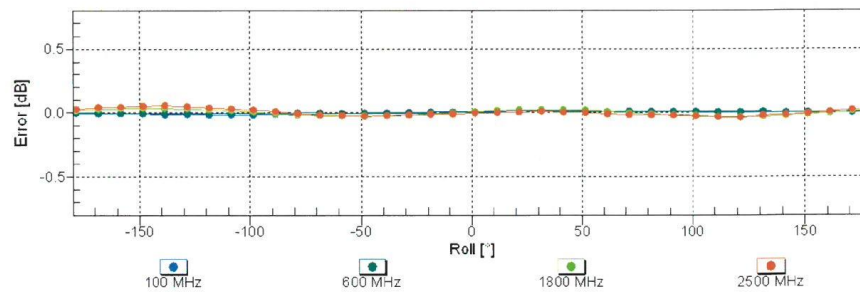
ER3DV6 – SN:2302

June 19, 2020

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

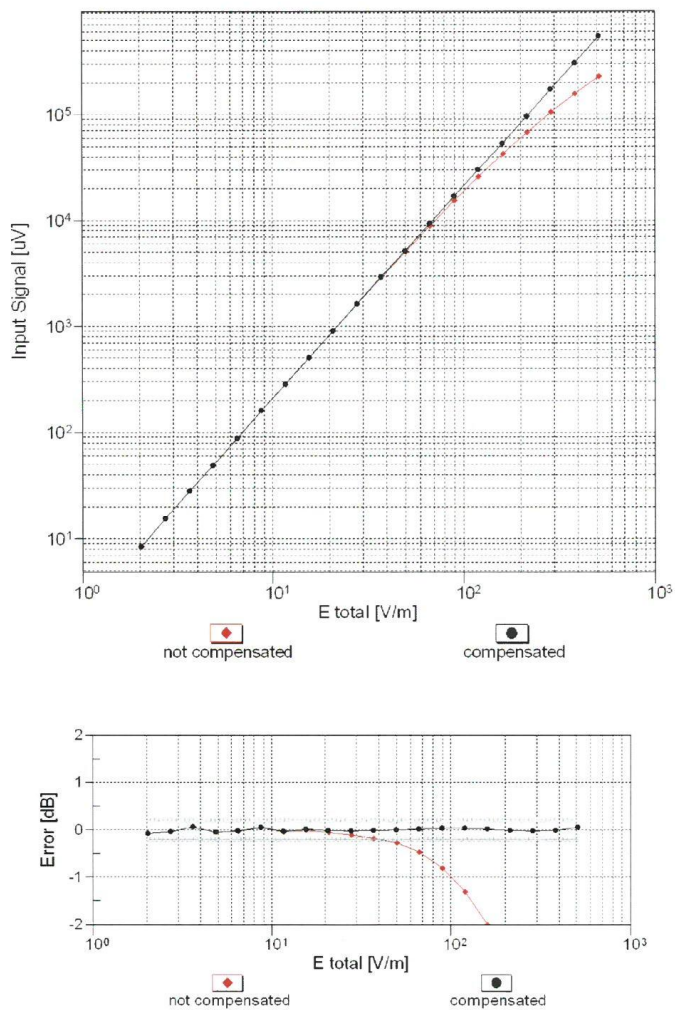
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 90^\circ$


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

ER3DV6 – SN:2302

June 19, 2020

Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



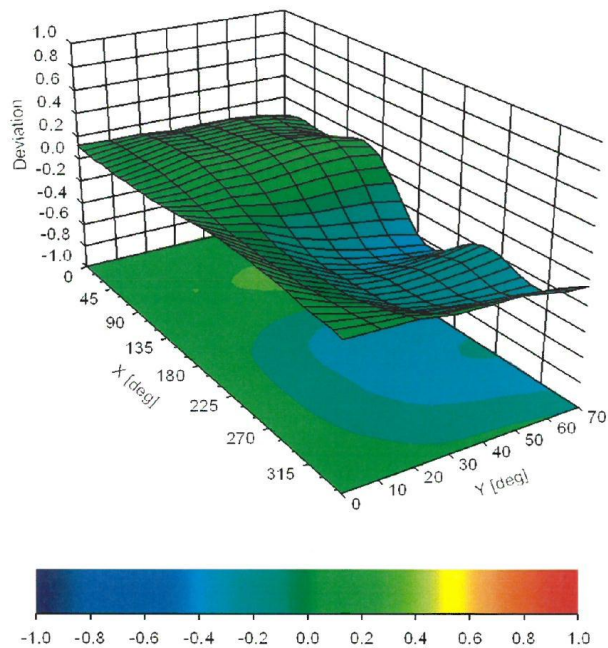
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ (k=2)

ER3DV6 – SN:2302

June 19, 2020

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (ϕ , θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)



ER3DV6 – SN:2302

June 19, 2020

Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	Unc ^E (k=2)
0		CW	CW	0.00	± 4.7 %
10010	CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10011	CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	WCDMA	2.91	± 9.6 %
10012	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	WLAN	1.87	± 9.6 %
10013	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	9.46	± 9.6 %
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	GSM	9.39	± 9.6 %
10023	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	9.57	± 9.6 %
10024	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	GSM	12.62	± 9.6 %
10026	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10027	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	4.80	± 9.6 %
10028	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	3.55	± 9.6 %
10029	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	7.78	± 9.6 %
10030	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	5.30	± 9.6 %
10031	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	1.87	± 9.6 %
10032	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	1.16	± 9.6 %
10033	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	7.74	± 9.6 %
10034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.53	± 9.6 %
10035	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	3.83	± 9.6 %
10036	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	8.01	± 9.6 %
10037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.77	± 9.6 %
10038	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	4.10	± 9.6 %
10039	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	CDMA2000	4.57	± 9.6 %
10042	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	AMPS	7.78	± 9.6 %
10044	CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	AMPS	0.00	± 9.6 %
10048	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	DECT	13.80	± 9.6 %
10049	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	DECT	10.79	± 9.6 %
10056	CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	TD-SCDMA	11.01	± 9.6 %
10058	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	6.52	± 9.6 %
10059	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	WLAN	2.12	± 9.6 %
10060	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	WLAN	2.83	± 9.6 %
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	WLAN	3.60	± 9.6 %
10062	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	8.68	± 9.6 %
10063	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10064	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.09	± 9.6 %
10065	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.00	± 9.6 %
10066	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	9.38	± 9.6 %
10067	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	± 9.6 %
10068	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.24	± 9.6 %
10069	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	10.56	± 9.6 %
10071	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	9.83	± 9.6 %
10072	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.62	± 9.6 %
10073	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.94	± 9.6 %
10074	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	± 9.6 %
10075	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.77	± 9.6 %
10076	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.94	± 9.6 %
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	11.00	± 9.6 %
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	CDMA2000	3.97	± 9.6 %
10082	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	AMPS	4.77	± 9.6 %
10090	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10097	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10098	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10099	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10100	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.67	± 9.6 %
10101	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10102	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10103	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10104	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10105	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.01	± 9.6 %
10108	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.80	± 9.6 %

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10109	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10110	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10111	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.44	± 9.6 %
10112	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.59	± 9.6 %
10113	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10114	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10115	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.46	± 9.6 %
10116	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.15	± 9.6 %
10117	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.07	± 9.6 %
10118	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10119	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10140	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10141	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.53	± 9.6 %
10142	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10143	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.35	± 9.6 %
10144	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.65	± 9.6 %
10145	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.76	± 9.6 %
10146	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.41	± 9.6 %
10147	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.72	± 9.6 %
10149	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10150	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10151	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.28	± 9.6 %
10152	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10153	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.05	± 9.6 %
10154	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10155	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10156	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.79	± 9.6 %
10157	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10158	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10159	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.56	± 9.6 %
10160	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.82	± 9.6 %
10161	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10162	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.58	± 9.6 %
10166	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.46	± 9.6 %
10167	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.21	± 9.6 %
10168	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.79	± 9.6 %
10169	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10170	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10171	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10172	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10173	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10174	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10175	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10176	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10177	CAI	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10178	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10179	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10180	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10181	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10182	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10183	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10184	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10185	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.51	± 9.6 %
10186	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10187	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10188	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10189	AAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10193	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.09	± 9.6 %
10194	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.12	± 9.6 %
10195	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.21	± 9.6 %
10196	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10197	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10198	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10219	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.03	± 9.6 %

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