

TEST REPORT



DT&C Co., Ltd.

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1. Report No : DRTFCC1611-0142(1)
2. Customer
 - Name : Asterisk Inc.
 - Address : 5-6-16 Nishinakajima, Yodogawa-ku, Shin-Osaka Dainichi Bldg 201, Osaka Japan
3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant
4. Product Name / Model Name : COMBO RFID Reader / ASR-023XD
FCC ID : 2AJXE-ASR-023D
5. Test Method Used : FCC Part 15 Subpart C 247
6. Date of Test : 2016-09-26 ~ 2016-12-05
7. Testing Environment : See appended test report
8. Test Result : Refer to the attached Test Result

Affirmation	Tested by	Technical Manager
	Name : JungWoo Kim (Signature)	Name : Geunki Son (Signature)

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Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1611-0142	Nov. 04, 2016	Initial issue
DRTFCC1611-0142(1)	Dec 08, 2016	Update the test data

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1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

DT&C Co., Ltd.			
Standard		Site number	Address
FCC	☒	165783	42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935
	☐	804488	42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935
	☐	596748	42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935
	☐	678747	683-3, Yubang-dong, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Kyeonggi-do, Korea, 449-080
IC	☐	5740A-3	42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935
	☐	5740A-2	683-3, Yubang-dong, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Kyeonggi-do, Korea, 449-080
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1.2 Details of Applicant

Applicant : Asterisk Inc.
 Address : 5-6-16 Nishinakajima, Yodogawa-ku, Shin-Osaka Dainichi Bldg 201, Osaka Japan
 Contact person : Naoki Kumamoto

1.3 Description of EUT

Product	COMBO RFID Reader
Model Name	ASR-023XD
Add Model Name	ASR-0230D-US
Serial Number	Identical prototype
Product SW version	1.0
Product HW version	1.0
Radio SW version	NA
Radio HW version	NA
Test SW HW version	NA
RF Power Setting in TEST SW	NA
Power Supply	DC 3.7 V
Frequency Range	917.10 ~ 926.90 MHz
Modulation Technique	FSK
Number of Channels	50(Channel Spacing 200kHz)
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna
Antenna Gain	Max. PK 0.09 dBi

1.4 Declaration by the manufacturer

- N/A

1.5 Test conditions

Ambient Condition	
▪ Temperature	+24 °C ~ +27 °C
▪ Relative Humidity	40 % ~ 48 %

1.6 Test Equipment List

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	16/09/09	17/09/09	MY46471248
DIGITAL MULTIMETER	Agilent	34401A	16/01/05	17/01/05	US36099541
DC Power Supply	SM techno	SDP30-5D	16/01/05	17/01/05	305DLJ204
Vector Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	16/01/05	17/01/05	255571
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMF100A	16/06/23	17/06/23	102341
Attenuator(5W 10dB)	Hefei Shunze	SS5T2.92-10-40	16/02/25	17/02/25	16012202
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	16/04/22	18/04/22	1513-128
BILOG ANTENNA(30MHz~2GHz)	SCHAFFNER	CBL6112B	16/05/23	18/05/23	2737
Double-Ridged Guide Antenna(1~18GHz)	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	16/05/03	18/05/03	00140394
PreAmplifier	Agilent	8449B	16/02/24	17/02/24	3008A00370
Low Noise Pre Amplifier(10kHz-1GHz)	tsj	MLA-010K01-B01-27	16/03/10	17/03/10	1844539
EMI TEST RECEIVER(20Hz~40GHz)	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESU	16/07/18	17/07/18	100469
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	16/02/25	17/02/25	100364
Highpass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX12-935-1000-15000-40SS	16/09/09	17/09/09	7
ARTIFICIAL MAINS NETWORK	Narda S.T.S. / PMM	PMM L2-16B	16/06/22	17/06/22	000WX20305
SINGLE-PHASE MASTER	NF	4420	16/09/08	17/09/08	3049354420023
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	16/02/25	17/02/25	1209

1.7 Summary of Test Results

FCC Part RSS Std.	Parameter	Limit (Using in 2400~ 2483.5 MHz)	Test Condition	Status Note 1
15.247(a) RSS-247(5.1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	>= 25 kHz or >= Two thirds of the 20 dB BW, whichever is greater.	Conducted	C
	Number of Hopping Frequencies	>= 25 hops		C
	20 dB Bandwidth	< 500 kHz		C
	Dwell Time	=< 0.4 seconds		C
15.247(b) RSS-247(5.4)	Transmitter Output Power	For FCC =< 1 Watt , if CHs >= 50 =< 0.25 W, if CHs >= 25, < 50 For IC if CHs >= 50 =< 1 Watt For Conducted Power =< 4 Watt For e.i.r.p, if CHs >= 25, < 50 =< 0.25 W For Conducted Power. =< 1 Watt For e.i.r.p		C
15.247(d) RSS-247(5.5)	Conducted Spurious Emissions	The radiated emission to any 100 kHz of out-band shall be at least 20 dB below the highest in-band spectral density.	Radiated	C
RSS Gen(6.6)	Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)	N/A		NA
15.247(d) 15.205 & 209 RSS-247(5.5) RSS-Gen (8.9 & 8.10)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	FCC 15.209 Limits RSS-Gen 8.9	Radiated	C ^{Note2}
15.207 RSS-Gen(8.8)	AC Conducted Emissions	FCC 15.207 Limits	AC Line Conducted	C
15.203 RSS-Gen(8.3)	Antenna Requirements	FCC 15.203	-	C

Note 1 : C = Comply NC = Not Comply NT = Not Tested NA = Not Applicable

Note 2 : This test item was performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.

Note 3 : The sample was tested according to the following specifications :

- ANSI C63.10-2013

1.8 Conclusion of worst-case and operation mode

The field strength of spurious emission was measured in three orthogonal EUT positions(X-axis, Y-axis and Z-axis).

Tested frequency information,

- Hopping Function: Enable

	TX Frequency (MHz)	RX Frequency (MHz)
Hopping Band	917.17 ~ 926.90 MHz	917.10 ~ 926.90 MHz

- Hopping Function: Disable

Channel	TX Frequency (MHz)	RX Frequency (MHz)
Lowest Channel	917.10	917.10
Middle Channel	922.10	922.10
Highest Channel	926.90	926.90

2. Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement

2.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

2.2 Limit

■ FCC Requirements

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following :

- §15.247(b)(2), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

■ IC Requirements

- RSS-247(5.4)(1), For FHSs operating in the band 902-928 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W, and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W if the hopset uses 50 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.25 W and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1 W if the hopset uses less than 50 hopping channels.

2.3 Test Procedure

- The RF output power was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, A spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.

- The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using ;

Span = approximately 5 times of the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW $\geq$ 20 dB BW

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

2.4 Test Results

Tested Channel	Peak Output Power	
	dBm	mW
Lowest	25.220	332.660
Middle	25.150	327.341
Highest	24.960	313.329

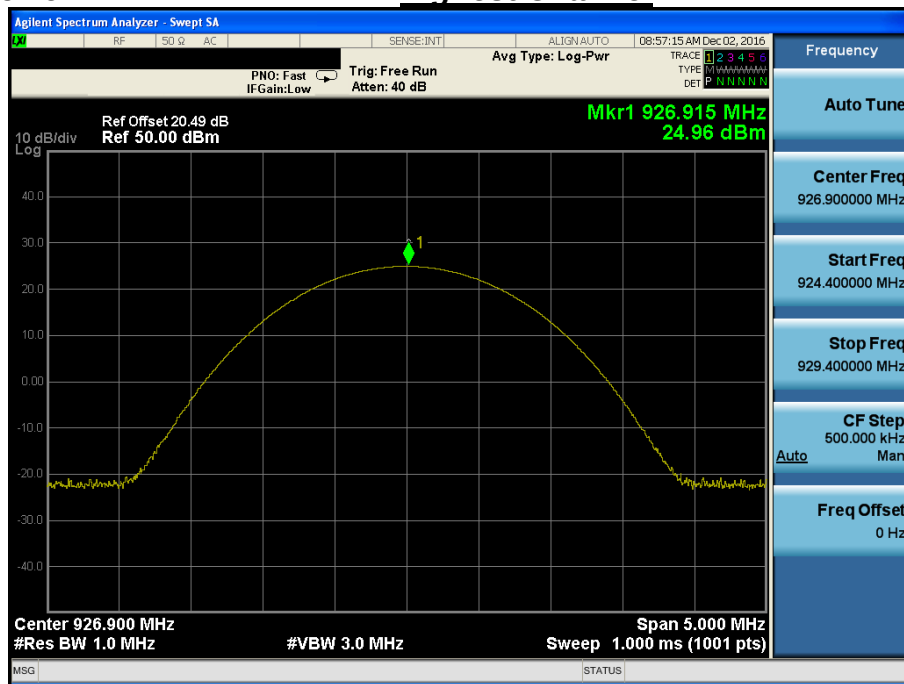
Note 1: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

Lowest Channel

Middle Channel

Peak Output Power

Highest Channel



3. 20dBc BW

3.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.2 Limit

Limit: For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.

3.3 Test Procedure

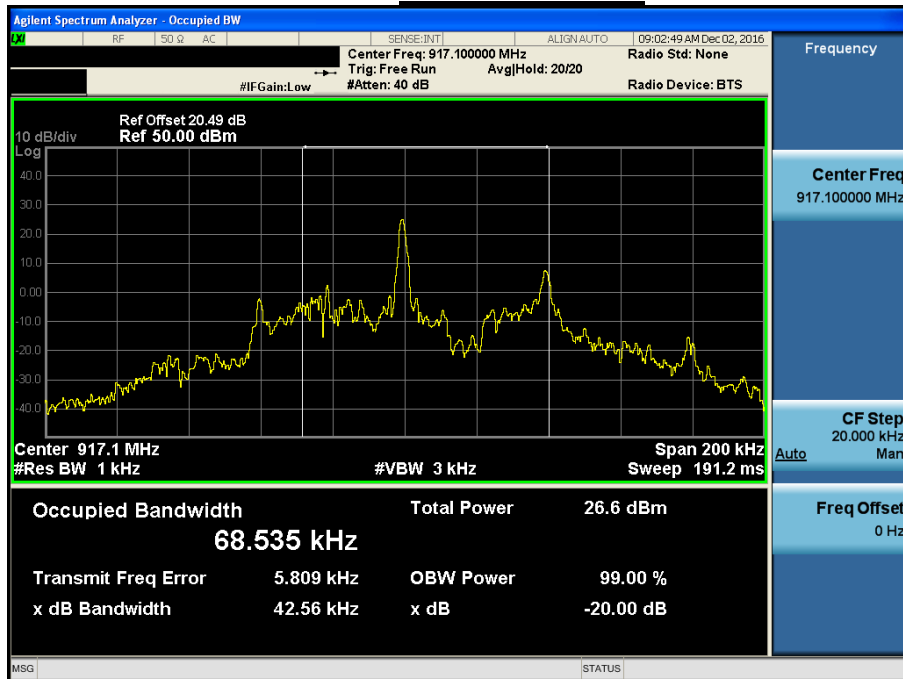
1. The 20 dB bandwidth were measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna Connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using below setting:
RBW shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the 20 dB bandwidth and VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW, Span = between two times and five times the 20 dB bandwidth.

3.4 Test Results

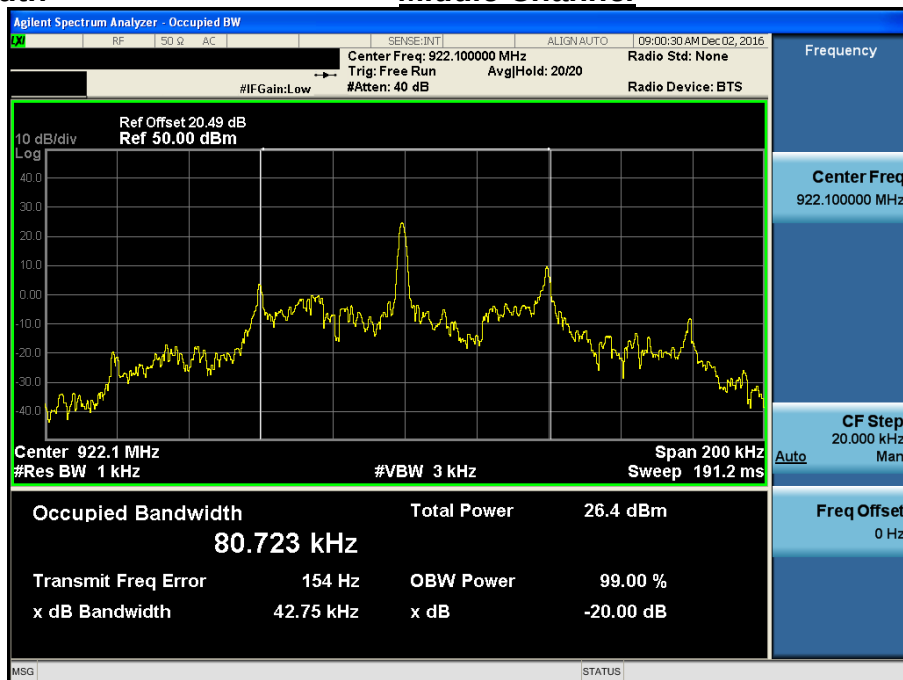
Frequency (MHz)	Tested Channel	20dBc BW (kHz)
917.10	Lowest	42.56
922.10	Middle	42.75
926.90	Highest	43.47

Note 1: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

20dBc Bandwidth

Lowest Channel

20dBc Bandwidth

Middle Channel

Highest Channel

4. Carrier Frequency Separation

4.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

4.2 Limit

Limit : ≥ 25 kHz or $\geq$ Two-Thirds of the 20 dB BW whichever is greater.

4.3 Procedure

The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker-delta function was recorded as the measurement results.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

RBW = Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

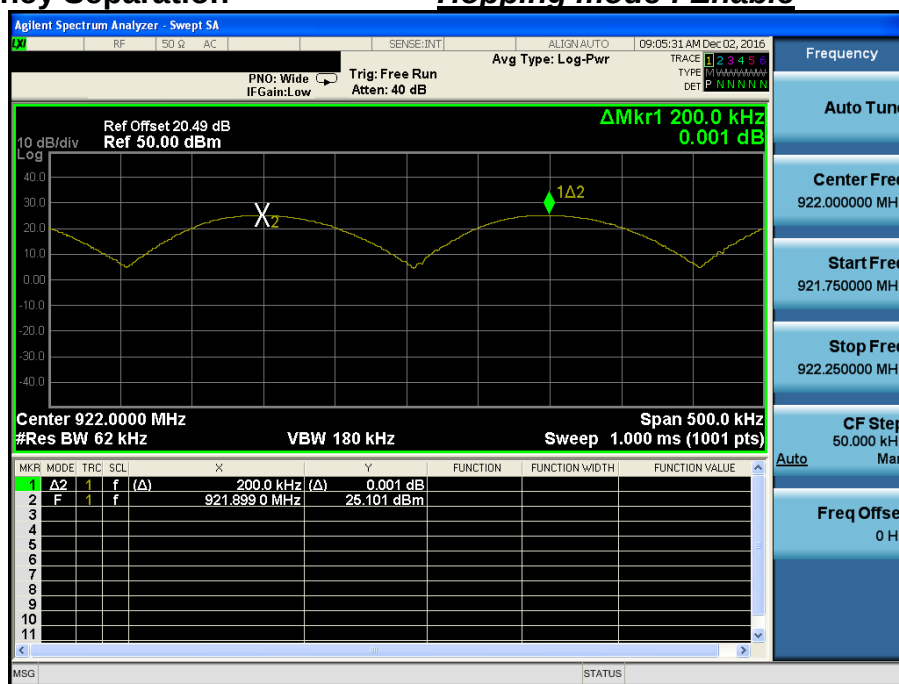
Trace = max hold

4.4 Test Results:

Hopping Mode	Peak of center channel (MHz)	Peak of adjacent Channel (MHz)	Test Result (kHz)
Enable	921.899	922.099	200

Carrier Frequency Separation

Hopping mode : Enable



5. Number of Hopping Frequencies

5.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

5.2 Limit

Limit: ≥ 25 hops

5.3 Procedure

The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

To get higher resolution, two frequency ranges for FH mode within the 902 ~ 928 MHz were examined.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

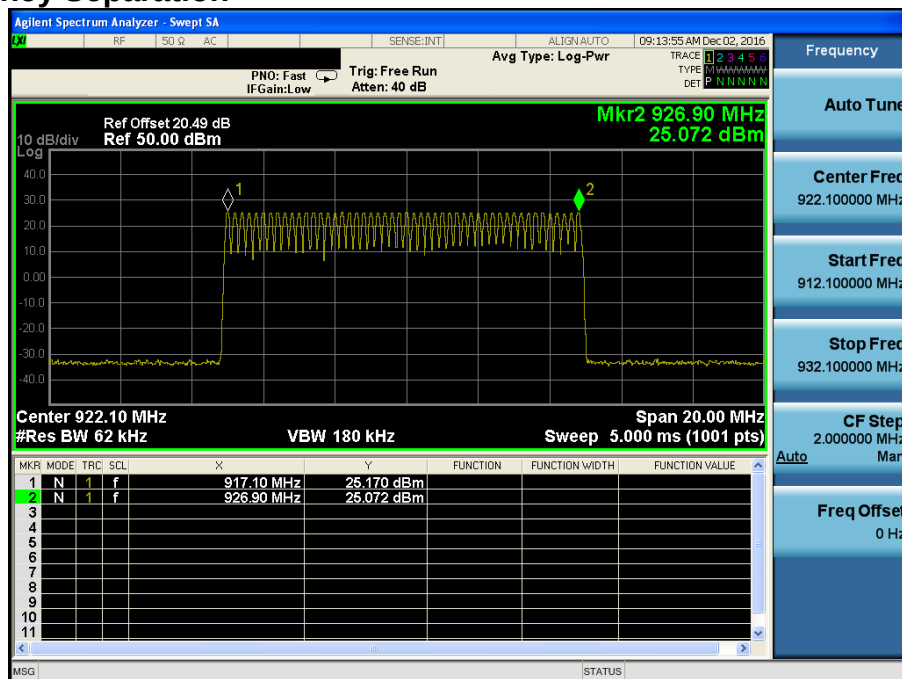
Span for FH mode = 10 MHz Start Frequency = 915.0 MHz, Stop Frequency = 920.0 MHz
 RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
 VBW $\geq$ RBW Sweep = auto
 Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

5.4 Test Results:

Hopping mode	Test Result (Total Hops)
Enable	50

Carrier Frequency Separation

Hopping mode : Enable



6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

6.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

6.2 Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.

6.3 Test Procedure

The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Center frequency = 915 MHz

Span = zero

RBW = 100 kHz (RBW shall be $\leq$ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1 / T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel)

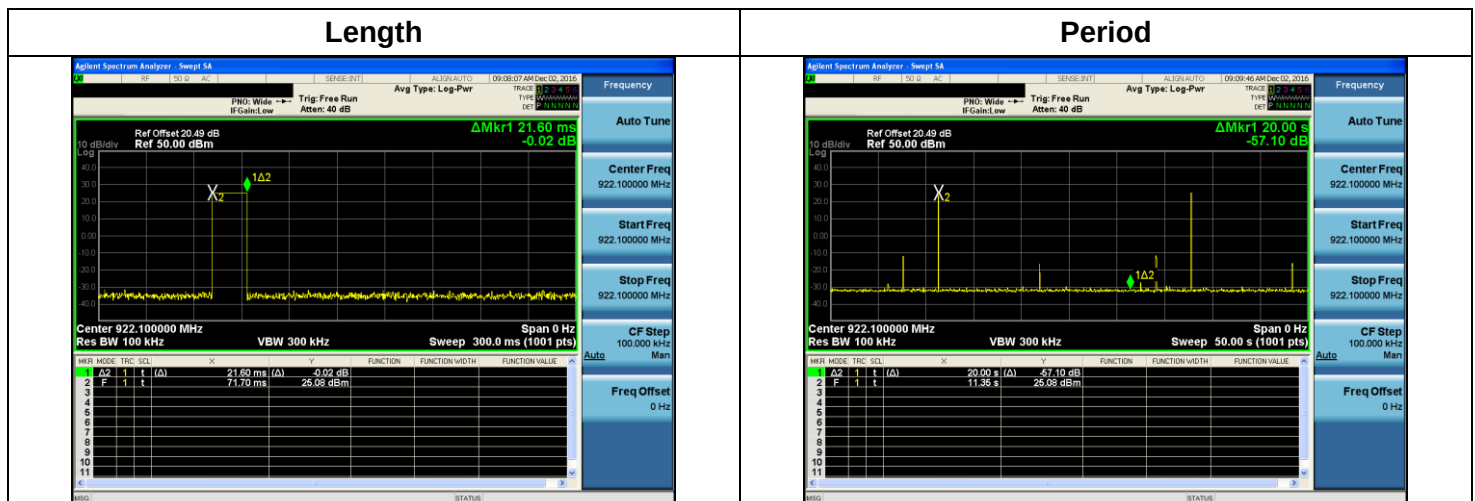
VBW $\geq$ RBW

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

6.4 Test Results

Channel Frequency (MHz)	Length (ms)	Number	Dwell Time (ms)
922.10	21.6	1	21.6



7. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

7.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

7.2 Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (meter)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100 **	3
88 ~ 216	150 **	3
216 ~ 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 - 72 MHz, 76 - 88 MHz, 174 - 216 MHz or 470 - 806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	8.41425 ~ 8.41475	108 ~ 121.94	1300 ~ 1427	4.5 ~ 5.15	14.47 ~ 14.5
0.495 ~ 0.505	12.29 ~ 12.293	123 ~ 138	1435 ~ 1626.5	5.35 ~ 5.46	15.35 ~ 16.2
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	12.51975 ~ 12.52025	149.9 ~ 150.05	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	7.25 ~ 7.75	17.7 ~ 21.4
4.125 ~ 4.128	12.57675 ~ 12.57725	156.52475 ~ 156.52525	1660 ~ 1710	8.025 ~ 8.5	22.01 ~ 23.12
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	13.36 ~ 13.41	156.7 ~ 156.9	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	9.0 ~ 9.2	23.6 ~ 24.0
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	16.42 ~ 16.423	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2200 ~ 2300	9.3 ~ 9.5	31.2 ~ 31.8
6.215 ~ 6.218	16.69475 ~ 16.69525	167.72 ~ 173.2	2310 ~ 2390	10.6 ~ 12.7	36.43 ~ 36.5
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	16.80425 ~ 16.80475	240 ~ 285	2483.5 ~ 2500	13.25 ~ 13.4	Above 38.6
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	25.5 ~ 25.67	322 ~ 335.4	2655 ~ 2900		
8.291 ~ 8.294	37.5 ~ 38.25	399.90 ~ 410	3260 ~ 3267		
8.362 ~ 8.366	73 ~ 74.6	608 ~ 614	3332 ~ 3339		
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	74.8 ~ 75.2	960 ~ 1240	3345.8 ~ 3358		
			3600 ~ 4400		

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

7.3 Test Procedures

7.3.1 Test Procedures for Radiated Spurious Emissions

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m.
The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 1 or 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
3. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 GHz, the absorbers are removed.
4. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
5. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
6. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
7. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

NOTE 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.

NOTE 2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz.

NOTE 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 1 kHz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.

7.3.2 Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
2. The **reference level** of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz.
3. The conducted spurious emission was tested each ranges were set as below.

Frequency range : 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT : 40001

Frequency range : 30 MHz ~ 10 GHz

RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT : 40001

LIMIT LINE = 20 dB below of the reference level of above measurement procedure Step 2. (RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz)

If the emission level with above setting was close to the limit (ie, less than 3 dB margin) then zoom scan is required using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SPAN = 100 MHz and BINS = 2001 to get accurate emission level within 100 kHz BW.

Also the path loss for conducted measurement setup was used as described on the Appendix I of this test report.

7.4 Test Results

7.4.1 Radiated Emission

Note 1: Attached plot of worst data(A channel of the least margin), refer to the APPENDIX II.

9kHz ~ 10GHz Data

▪ Lowest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F. (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
1834.102	H	Z	PK	54.41	-2.16	N/A	52.25	76.26	24.01
2751.338	V	Y	PK	48.25	1.47	N/A	49.72	74.00	24.28
2751.388	V	Y	AV	42.36	1.47	N/A	43.83	54.00	10.17
3668.515	H	Z	PK	50.29	3.74	N/A	54.03	74.00	19.97
3668.415	H	Z	AV	46.52	3.74	N/A	50.26	54.00	3.74
4585.573	H	Z	PK	48.05	6.09	N/A	54.14	74.00	19.86
4585.417	H	Z	AV	42.50	6.09	N/A	48.59	54.00	5.41

Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were reported greater than listed emissions above table.
2. Above listed point data is the worst case data.
3. The limit is applied as below,
Restricted band = FCC Part 15.209
Non-restricted band = Fundamental level – 20dB
*= Non-restricted band
4. Sample Calculation.

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} \quad / \quad \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCF} \quad / \quad \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor

▪ Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F. (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
1844.352	H	Z	PK	53.47	-2.11	N/A	51.36	75.47	24.11
2766.392	V	Y	PK	48.22	1.56	N/A	49.78	74.00	24.22
2766.328	V	Y	AV	43.48	1.56	N/A	45.04	54.00	8.96
3688.540	H	Z	PK	50.40	4.04	N/A	54.44	74.00	19.56
3688.407	H	Z	AV	45.74	4.04	N/A	49.78	54.00	4.22
4610.540	H	Z	PK	48.18	6.16	N/A	54.34	74.00	19.66
4610.530	H	Z	AV	41.53	6.16	N/A	47.69	54.00	6.31

Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were reported greater than listed emissions above table.
2. Above listed point data is the worst case data.
3. The limit is applied as below,
Restricted band = FCC Part 15.209
Non-restricted band = Fundamental level – 20dB
*= Non-restricted band
4. Sample Calculation.

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} \quad / \quad \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCF} \quad / \quad \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor

▪ Highest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F. (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
1854.053	H	Z	PK	52.28	-2.05	N/A	50.23	75.02	24.79
2780.657	V	Y	PK	48.58	1.65	N/A	50.23	74.00	23.77
2780.748	V	Y	AV	42.19	1.65	N/A	43.84	54.00	10.16
3707.693	H	Z	PK	49.94	4.33	N/A	54.27	74.00	19.73
3707.608	H	Z	AV	44.99	4.33	N/A	49.32	54.00	4.68
4634.427	H	Z	PK	47.64	6.22	N/A	53.86	74.00	20.14
4634.580	H	Z	AV	40.03	6.22	N/A	46.25	54.00	7.75

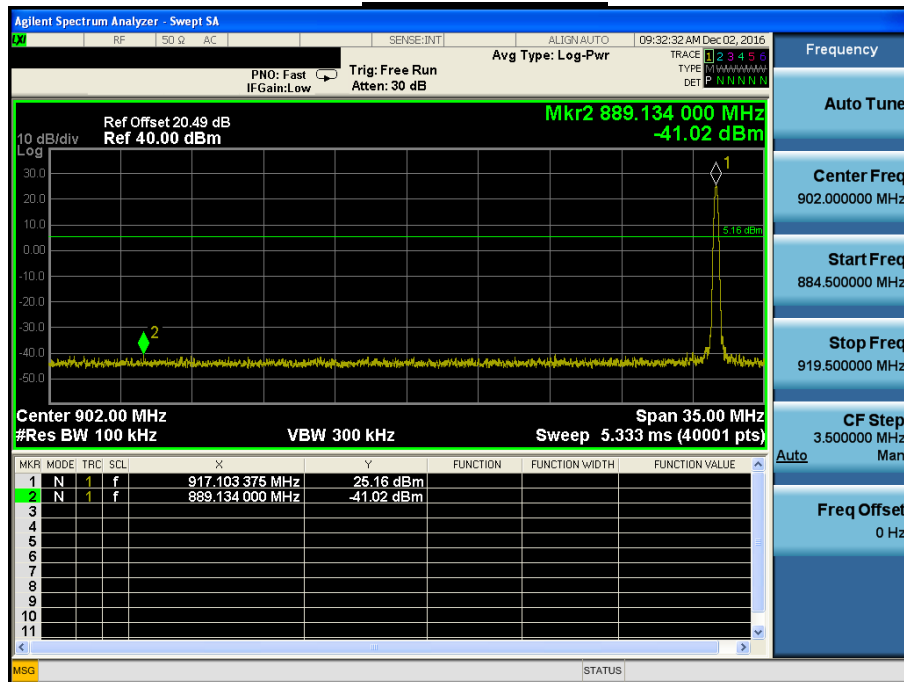
Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were reported greater than listed emissions above table.
- Above listed point data is the worst case data.
- The limit is applied as below,
Restricted band = FCC Part 15.209
Non-restricted band = Fundamental level – 20dB
*= Non-restricted band
- Sample Calculation.

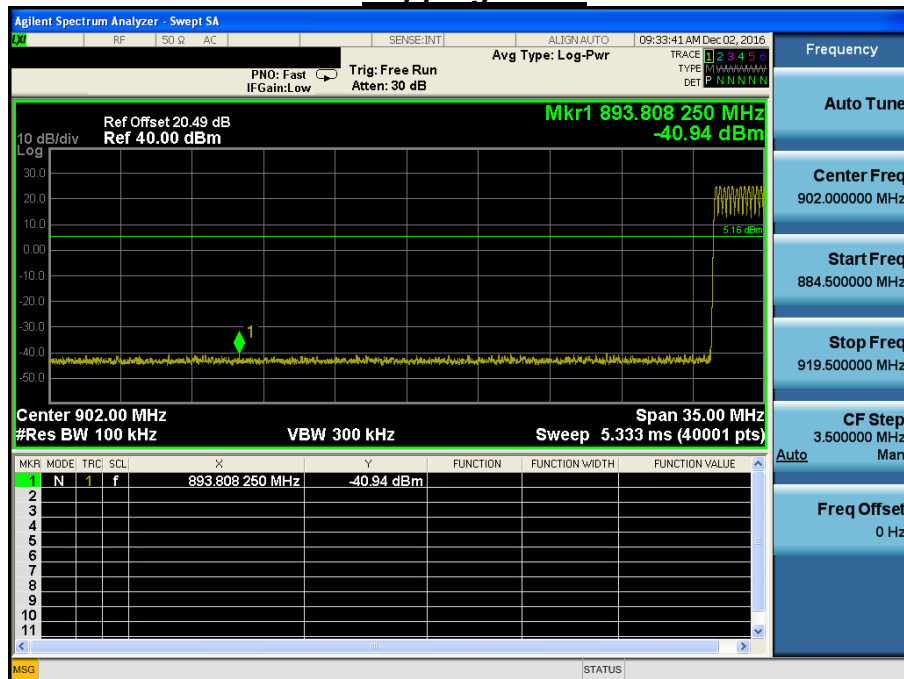
$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} \quad / \quad \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCF} \quad / \quad \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor

7.4.2 Conducted Spurious Emissions

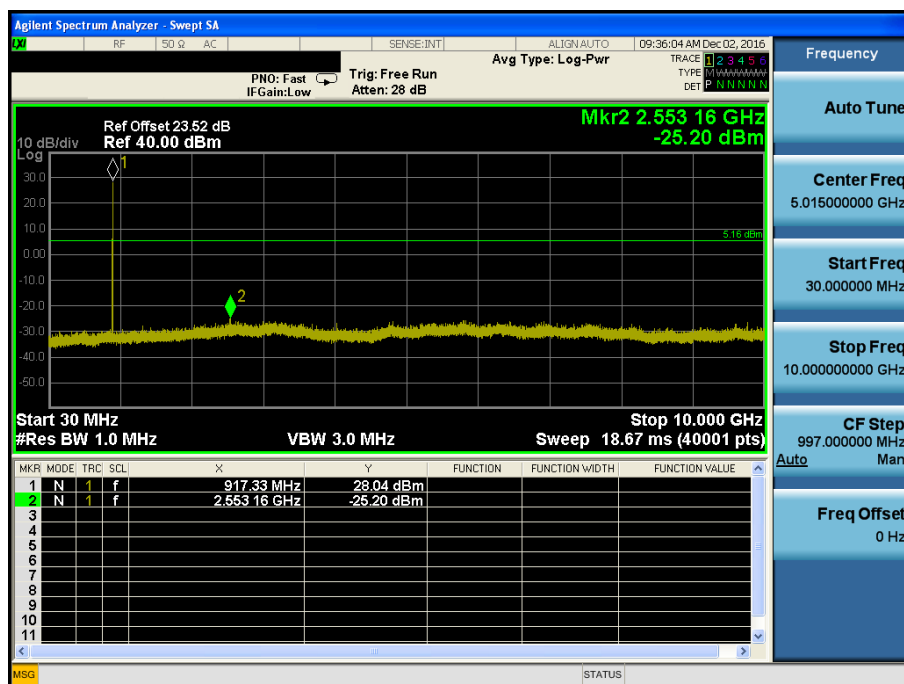
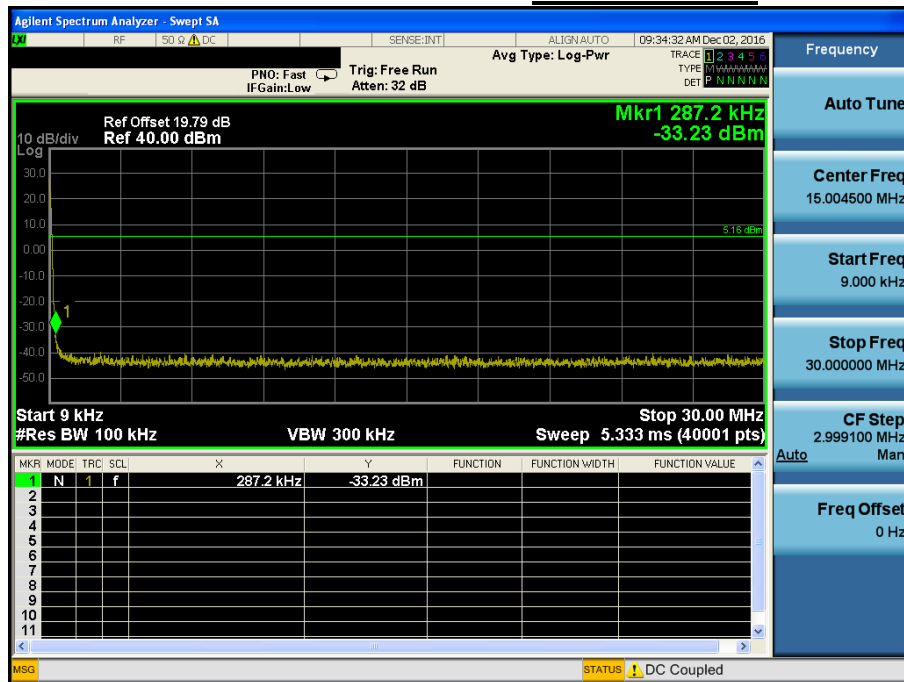
Low Band-edge

Lowest Channel

Low Band-edge

Hopping mode

Conducted Spurious Emissions

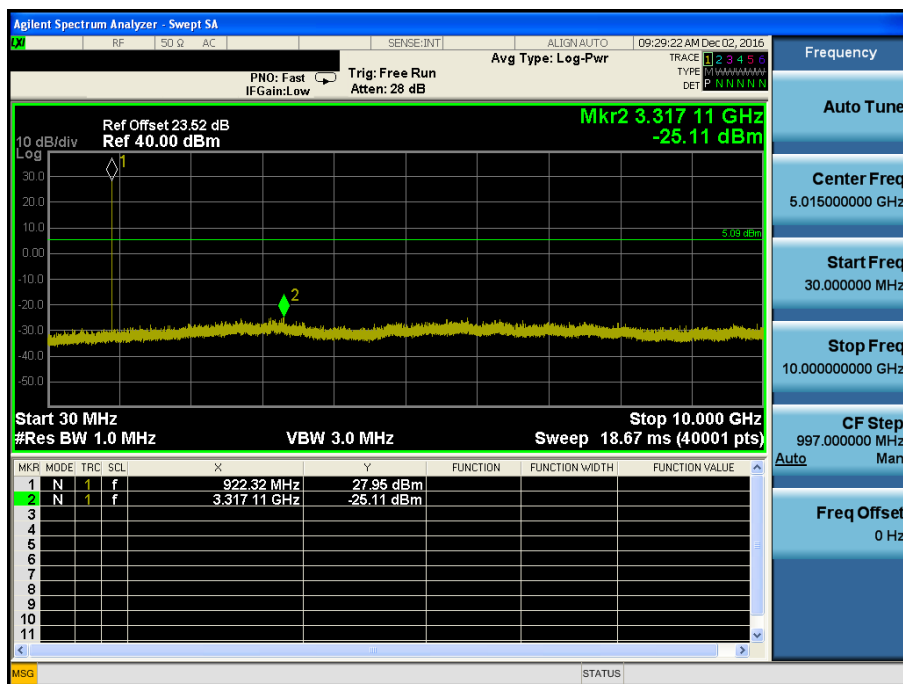
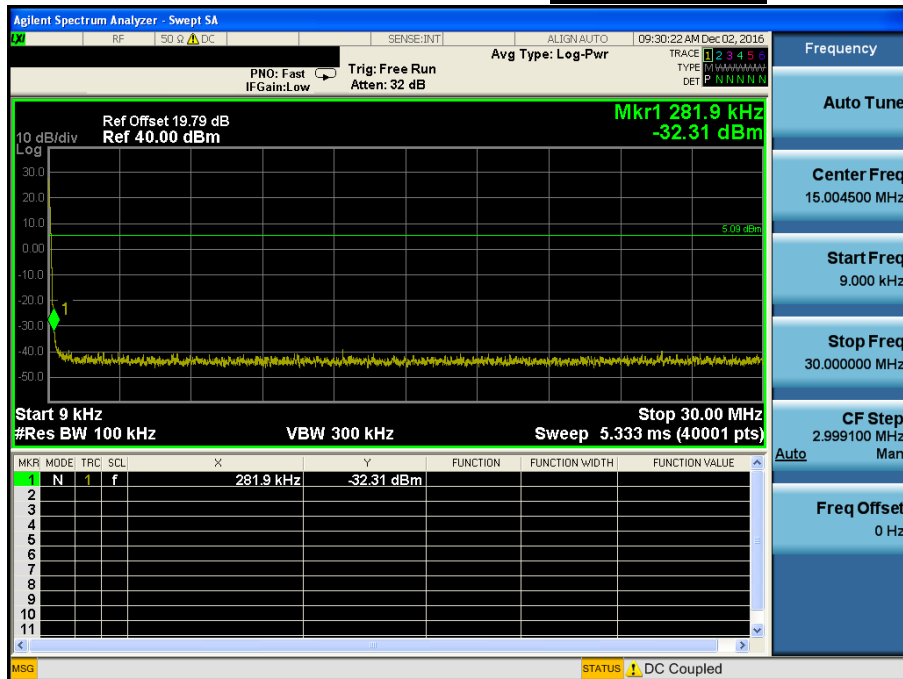
Lowest Channel

Middle Channel

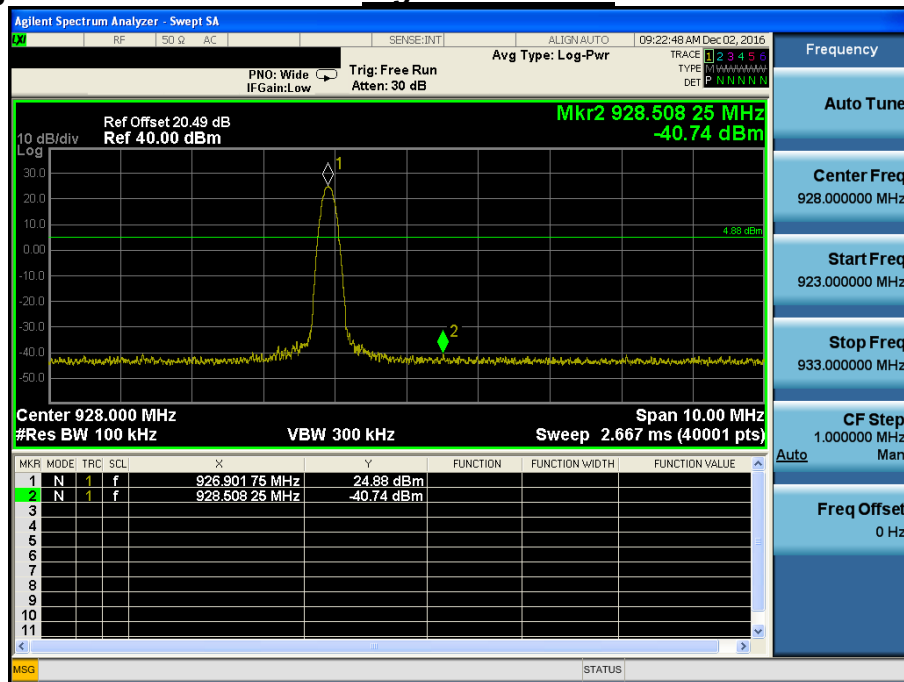
MR	MODE	TRC	SCL	X	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE
1	N	1	f	922.100 25 MHz	25.09 dBm			
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								

Conducted Spurious Emissions

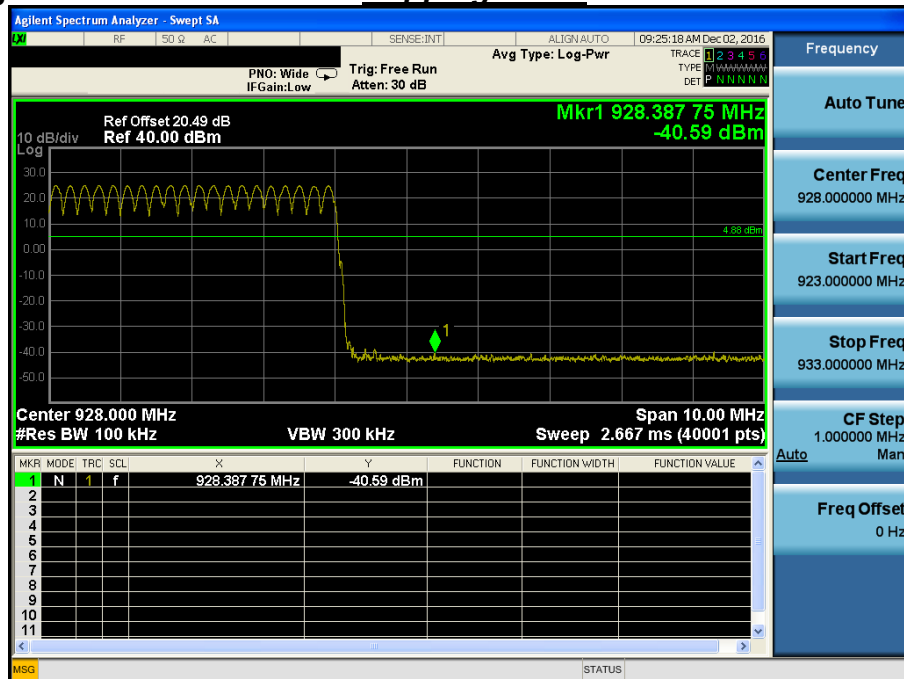
Middle Channel



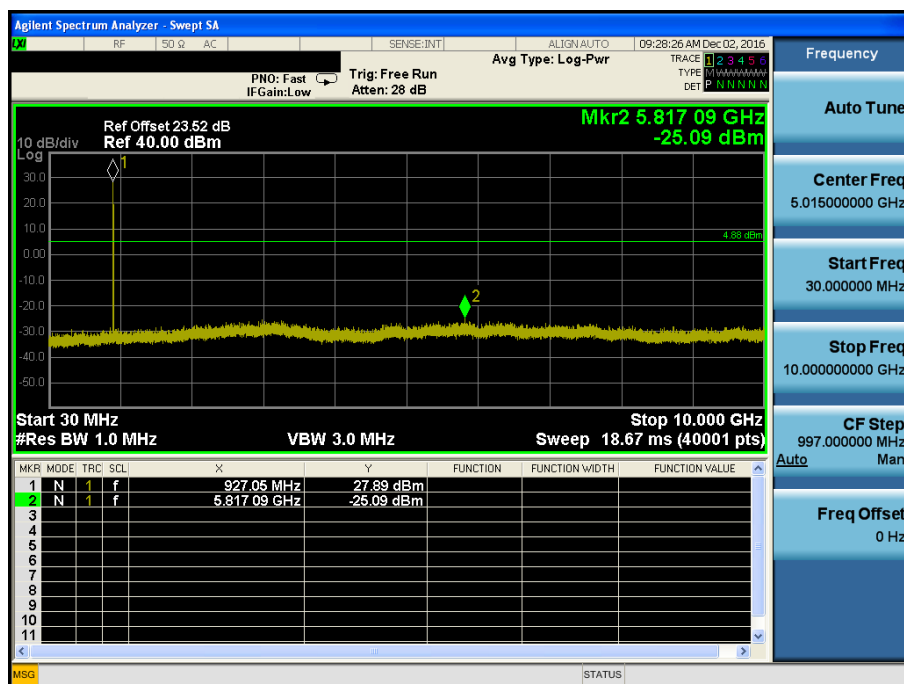
High Band-edge

Highest Channel

High Band-edge

Hopping mode

Highest Channel



8. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission

8.1 Test Setup

Comply

8.2 Limit

According to §15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

8.3 Test Procedures

Conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the ANSI C63.10.

1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

8.4. Test Results

Results of Conducted Emission

DTNC

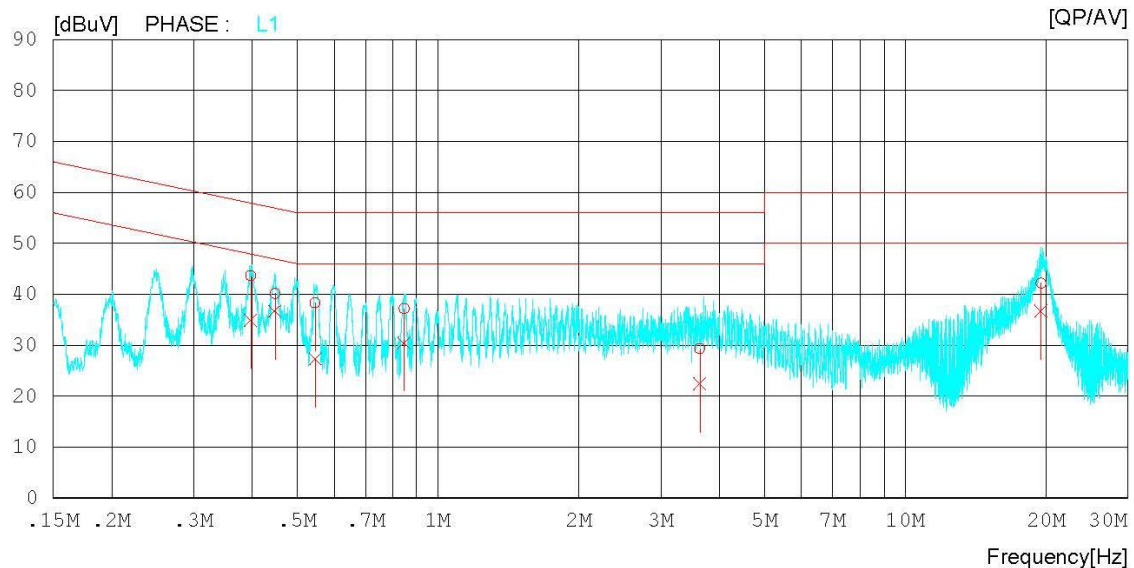
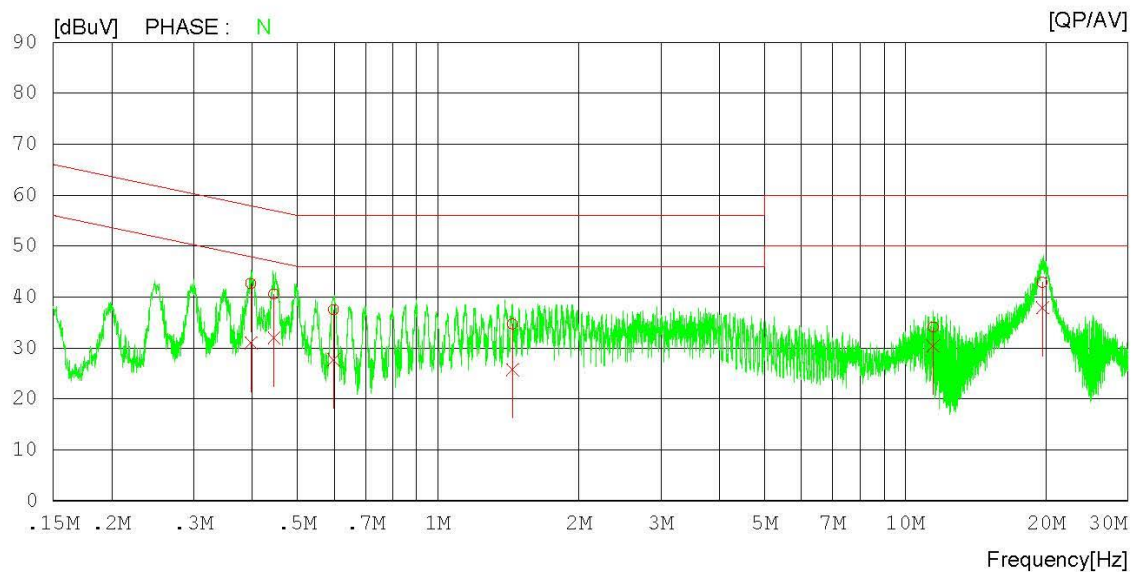
Date : 2016-12-05

Order No. : DTNC1607-04510
Model No. : ASR-023XD
Serial No. :
Test Condition : 900MHz RFID

Reference No. :
Power Supply : 120V 60Hz
Temp/Humi. : 24°C 40 % R.H
Operator : J.W, Kim

Memo :

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV



Results of Conducted Emission

DTNC

Date : 2016-12-05

Order No. : DTNC1607-04510
Model No. : ASR-023XD
Serial No. :
Test Condition : 900MHz RFID

Reference No. :
Power Supply : 120V 60Hz
Temp/Humi. : 24°C 40 % R.H
Operator : J.W, Kim

Memo :

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV

NO	FREQ [MHz]	READING		C.FACTOR [dB]	RESULT		LIMIT		MARGIN		PHASE
		QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]		QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	
1	0.39761	32.6	20.8	10.1	42.7	30.9	57.9	47.9	15.2	17.0	N
2	0.44550	30.5	21.9	10.1	40.6	32.0	57.0	47.0	16.4	15.0	N
3	0.59749	27.4	17.5	10.1	37.5	27.6	56.0	46.0	18.5	18.4	N
4	1.44260	24.5	15.6	10.2	34.7	25.8	56.0	46.0	21.3	20.2	N
5	11.47920	23.4	19.7	10.7	34.1	30.4	60.0	50.0	25.9	19.6	N
6	19.67760	31.5	26.5	11.4	42.9	37.9	60.0	50.0	17.1	12.1	N
7	0.39674	33.5	24.8	10.1	43.6	34.9	57.9	47.9	14.3	13.0	L1
8	0.44723	30.0	26.6	10.1	40.1	36.7	56.9	46.9	16.8	10.2	L1
9	0.54550	28.2	17.2	10.1	38.3	27.3	56.0	46.0	17.7	18.7	L1
10	0.84619	26.9	20.2	10.2	37.1	30.4	56.0	46.0	18.9	15.6	L1
11	3.63200	19.0	12.1	10.3	29.3	22.4	56.0	46.0	26.7	23.6	L1
12	19.52880	30.8	25.3	11.4	42.2	36.7	60.0	50.0	17.8	13.3	L1

9. Antenna Requirement

9.1 Procedure

Describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that either its antenna is permanently attached, or that it employs a unique antenna connector, for every antenna proposed for use with the EUT.

9.2 Conclusion

: **Comply**

The antenna is permanently attached.(Refer to Internal Photo file.)

Minimum Standard:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions.

10. Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

10.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

10.2 Limit

Limit : Not Applicable

10.3 Test Procedure

The 99 % power bandwidth was measured with a calibrated spectrum analyzer.

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately $3 \times \text{RBW}$.

Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

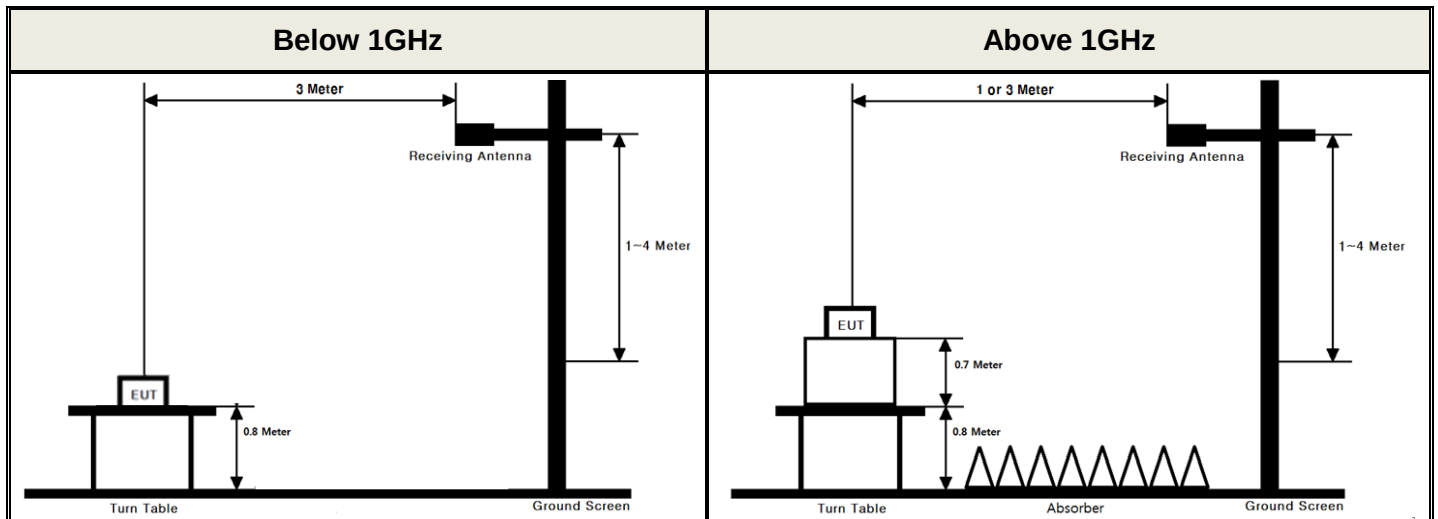
10.4 Test Results

Not Applicable

APPENDIX I

Test set up diagrams

▪ Radiated Measurement



▪ Conducted Measurement



Path loss information

Frequency (MHz)	Path Loss (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Path Loss (dB)
30	10.14	1000	10.42
500	10.31	5000	10.87
910.92 & 915.00 & 919.08	10.42	10000	11.42
-	-	-	-

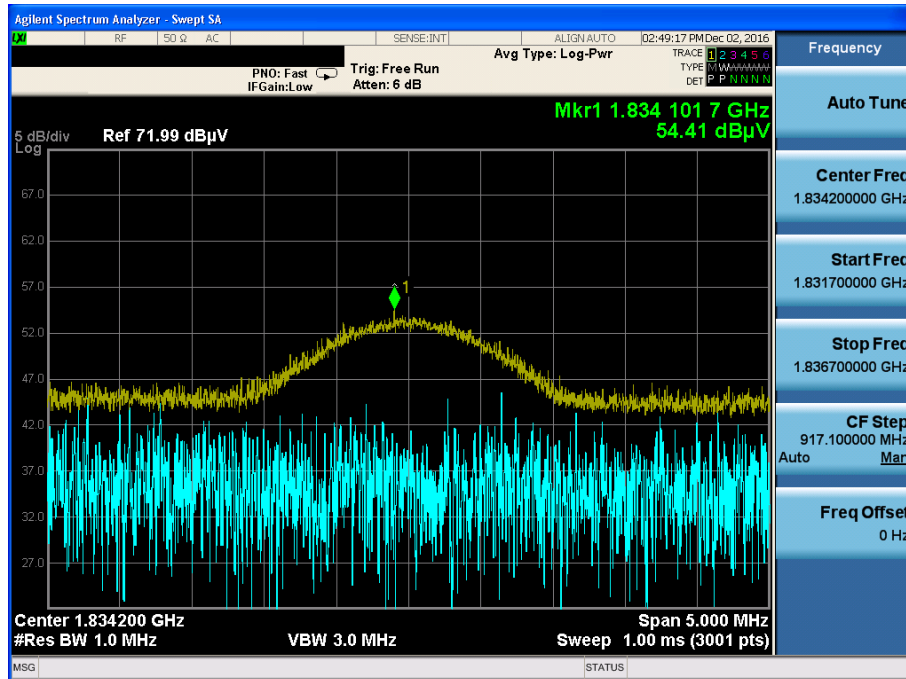
Note 1 : The path loss from EUT to Spectrum analyzer were measured and used for test.

Path loss (S/A's Correction factor) = Cable A + Attenuator

APPENDIX II

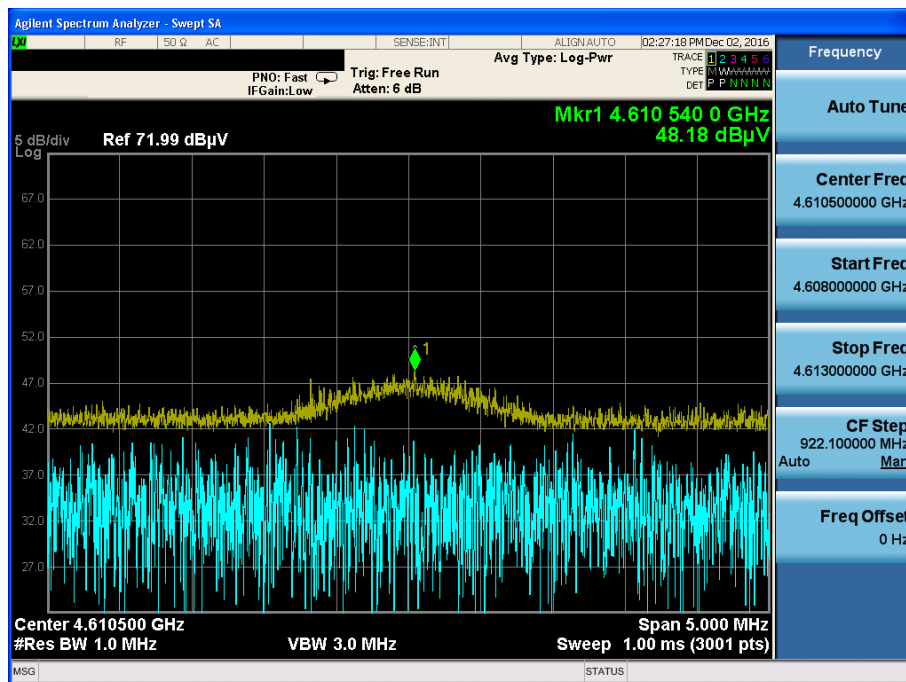
Lowest & Z & Hor

Detector Mode : PK



Middle & Z & Hor

Detector Mode : PK



Lowest & Z & Hor

Detector Mode : AV

