

TEST REPORT

Report Reference No..... : 181011003RFC-1

FCC ID..... : 2AJZP-D450B

Applicant's name : Mason America, Inc.

Address..... : 506 2nd Ave, Suite 1400 Seattle, WA 98104, United States

Manufacturer..... : Mason America, Inc.

Address..... : 506 2nd Ave, Suite 1400 Seattle, WA 98104, United States

Test item description : Mobile phone

Trade Mark : MASON

Model/Type reference..... : D450B

Listed Model(s) : -

Standard : FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407

Date of receipt of test sample..... : Sep 17,2018

Date of testing..... : Sep 18,2018-Oct 08,2018

Date of issue..... : Oct 12,2018

Result..... : PASS

Tested by : Engineer: Henry Lu

Reviewed by..... : Assistant Manager : Kevin Liang

Approved by..... : Technical Director : Billy Li

Testing Laboratory Name : Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd.

Address..... : 16/F, Block A, Building 6, Baoneng Science and Technology Park, Qingxiang Road No.1, Longhua New District, Shenzhen, China

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1. TEST STANDARDS AND REPORT VERSION

1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC Rules Part 15.407](#): General technical requirements.

[ANSI C63.10-2013](#): American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

[KDB789033 D02 v02r01](#): GUIDELINES FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING OF UNLICENSED NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE (U-NII) DEVICES PART 15, SUBPART E

1.2. Report Version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2018-10-12	Original

2. TEST DESCRIPTION

Test Item	FCC Rule	Result	Test Engineer
Antenna Requirement	15.203	PASS	Henry Lu
Line Conducted Emissions (AC Main)	15.207	PASS	Andy Lin
Maximum Conducted Output Power	15.407(a)	PASS	Henry Lu
Maximum Power Spectral Density	15.407(a)	PASS	Henry Lu
26dB Bandwidth and 99% Occupancy bandwidth	15.407(a)	PASS	Henry Lu
6dB Bandwidth	15.407(a)	PASS	Henry Lu
Band edge	15.407(b)	PASS	Henry Lu
Radiated Spurious Emissions	15.209	PASS	Terence Chen
Frequency Stability	15.407(g)	PASS	Henry Lu
Dynamic Frequency Selection(DFS)	15.407(h)	PASS	Henry Lu

Remark: The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.

3. SUMMARY

3.1. Client Information

Applicant:	Mason America, Inc.
Address:	506 2nd Ave, Suite 1400 Seattle, WA 98104, United States
Manufacturer:	Mason America, Inc.
Address:	506 2nd Ave, Suite 1400 Seattle, WA 98104, United States

3.2. Product Description

Name of EUT	Mobile phone		
Trade Mark:	MASON		
Model No.:	D450B		
Listed Model(s):	-		
Power supply:	DC 3.85V		
Adapter information :	Model:TPA-10120150UU Input:100-240Va.c. 50-60Hz 0.6A Output:5.0Vd.c. 3A		
Hardware version:	X57S_PCB_V1.02		
Software version:	Mason D450A-H01B-S013		
5G WIFI			
Supported type:	☒ 802.11a ☒ 802.11ac(HT20)	☒ 802.11n(HT20) ☒ 802.11ac(HT40)	☒ 802.11n(HT40) ☒ 802.11ac(HT80)
Function:	☐ Outdoor AP ☒ Client	☐ Indoor AP	☐ Fixed P2P
DFS type:	☐ master devices	☐ Slave devices with radar detection	☒ Slave devices without radar detection
Modulation:	BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		
Operation frequency:	☒ Band I:	5150MHz~5250MHz	
	☒ Band II:	5250MHz~5350MHz	
	☒ Band III:	5470MHz~5725MHz	
	☒ Band IV:	5725MHz~5850MHz	
Supported Bandwidth	20MHz:	802.11ac, 802.11n, 802.11a	
	40MHz:	802.11ac, 802.11n	
	80MHz:	802.11ac	
Antenna type:	Integral antenna		
Antenna gain:	1.89dBi		

3.3. Operation state

➤ Frequency list

According to section 15.31(m), regards to the operating frequency range over 10 MHz, must select three channel which were tested. the Lowest frequency, the middle frequency, and the highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test, please see the above gray bottom.

Band	Test Channel	20MHz		40MHz		80MHz	
		Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
I	CH _L	36	5180	38	5190	-	-
	CH _M	44	5220	-	-	42	5210
	CH _H	48	5240	46	5230	-	-
II	CH _L	52	5260	54	5270	-	-
	CH _M	56	5280	-	-	58	5290
	CH _H	64	5320	62	5310	-	-
III	CH _L	100	5500	102	5510	106	5530
	CH _M	120	5600	118	5590	122	5610
	CH _H	140	5700	134	5670	138	5690
IV	CH _L	149	5745	151	5755	-	-
	CH _M	157	5785	-	-	155	5775
	CH _H	165	5825	159	5795	-	-

➤ Data Rated

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate, and found which the below bit rate is worst case mode, so only show data which it is a worst case mode.

Mode	Data rate (worst mode)
802.11a	6Mbps
802.11n(HT20)/ 802.11ac(HT20)	MCS0
802.11n(HT40)/ 802.11ac(HT40)	MCS0
802.11ac(HT80)	MCS0

➤ Test mode

For RF test items
The engineering test program was provided and enabled to make EUT continuous transmit (duty cycle>98%).
For AC power line conducted emissions:
The EUT was set to connect with the WLAN AP under large package sizes transmission.
For Radiated suprious emissions test item:
The engineering test program was provided and enabled to make EUT continuous transmit(duty cycle>98%). The EUT in each of three orthogonal axis emissions had been tested ,but only the worst case (X axis) data Recorded in the report.

3.4. EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

- - supplied by the manufacturer
- - supplied by the lab

●	Wireless AP	Manufacturer :	Alcatel-Lucent
		Model No.	G-240W-B
		FCC ID	2ADZRG240WB
●	Notebook	Manufacturer :	Lenovo
		Model No. :	E450

3.5. Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

4. TEST ENVIRONMENT

4.1. Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd.

Address: 16/F, Block A, Building 6, Baoneng Science and Technology Park, Qingxiang Road No.1, Longhua New District, Shenzhen, China 518109

Phone: +86 (0) 755 2823 0888 Fax: +86 (0) 755 2823 0886

4.2. Test Facility

CNAS-Lab Code: L9069

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated once a year or in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable under the ISO/IEC/EN 17025 to international or national standards. Equipment has been calibrated by accredited calibration laboratories.

IC-Registration No.: 21600-1

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 21600-1

A2LA-Lab Certificate No.: 4312.01

Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd. has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

FCC Accredited Lab

Designation Number: CN1194

Test Firm Registration Number: 25948

4.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	15~35°C
Relative Humidity:	30~60 %
Air Pressure:	950~1050mba

4.4. Statement of the measurement uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2

No.	Item	Measurement Uncertainty
1	Conducted emission 9KHz-150KHz	±3.8 dB
2	Conducted emission 150KHz-30MHz	±3.4 dB
3	Radiated emission 9KHz-30MHz	±4.9 dB
4	Radiated emission 30MHz-1GHz	±4.7 dB
5	Radiated emission 1GHz-18GHz	±5.1 dB
6	Radiated emission 18GHz-26GHz	±5.2 dB
7	Radiated emission 26GHz-40GHz	±5.2 dB

4.5. Equipments Used during the Test

5. Radiated Emission Test Equipment List						
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial Number	Cal. date (mm dd, yyyy)	Cal. Due date (mm dd, yyyy)
☒	3M Chamber & Accessory Equipment	ETS-LINDGREN	3M	N/A	Dec. 20, 2015	Dec. 19, 2018
☒	Receiver	R&S	ESIB26	100114	Dec. 10, 2017	Dec. 10, 2018
☒	EXA Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY51440197	Dec.10, 2017	Dec. 10, 2018
☒	Loop Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	6502	00202525	Dec. 22, 2017	Dec. 22, 2018
☒	Broadband Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3142E	00201566	Dec. 17, 2017	Dec. 17, 2018
☒	Preamplifier	HP	8447F	2805A02960	Dec. 10, 2017	Dec. 10, 2018
☒	Horn Antenna (Pre-amplifier)	ETS-LINDGREN	3117-PA	00201874	May 22, 2018	May 22, 2019
☒	Horn Antenna (Pre-amplifier)	ETS-LINDGREN	3116C-PA	00202652	Dec. 17, 2017	Dec. 17, 2018
☒	Multi device Controller	ETS-LINDGREN	7006-001	00160105	N/A	N/A
☒	Band Rejection Filter (5150MHz~5880MHz)	Micro-Tronics	BRM50716	G1868	N/A	N/A
☒	Test Software	Audix	e3	Software Version: 9.160323		

Conducted RF test Equipment List						
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial Number	Cal. date (mm dd, yyyy)	Cal. Due date (mm dd, yyyy)
☒	EXA Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY51440197	Dec. 10, 2017	Dec. 10, 2018
☒	Receiver	R&S	ESR7	1316.3003K07-101181-K3	Dec. 10, 2017	Dec. 10, 2018
☒	USB Wideband Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MY55430035	Dec. 10, 2017	Dec. 10, 2018
☒	MXG X-Series RF Vector Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5182B	MY51350267	Dec. 14, 2017	Dec. 14, 2018
☒	Temp & Humidity chamber	Votisch	VT4002	58566133290020	June 05, 2018	June 05, 2019
☒	DC Source	KIKUSUI	PWR400L	LK003024	Sep. 14, 2018	Sep. 13, 2019

Conducted Emission Test Equipment List						
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial Number	Cal. date (mm dd, yyyy)	Cal. Due date (mm dd, yyyy)
☒	Receiver	R&S	ESR7	1316.3003K07-101181-K3	Dec. 10, 2017	Dec. 10, 2018
☒	Pulse Limiter	R&S	ESH3-Z2	0357.8810.54	Dec. 10, 2017	Dec. 10, 2018
☒	LISN	R&S	ESH2-Z5	860014/024	Dec. 10, 2017	Dec. 10, 2018
☒	Test Software	Audix	e3	Software Version: 9.160323		

6. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

6.1. Antenna requirement

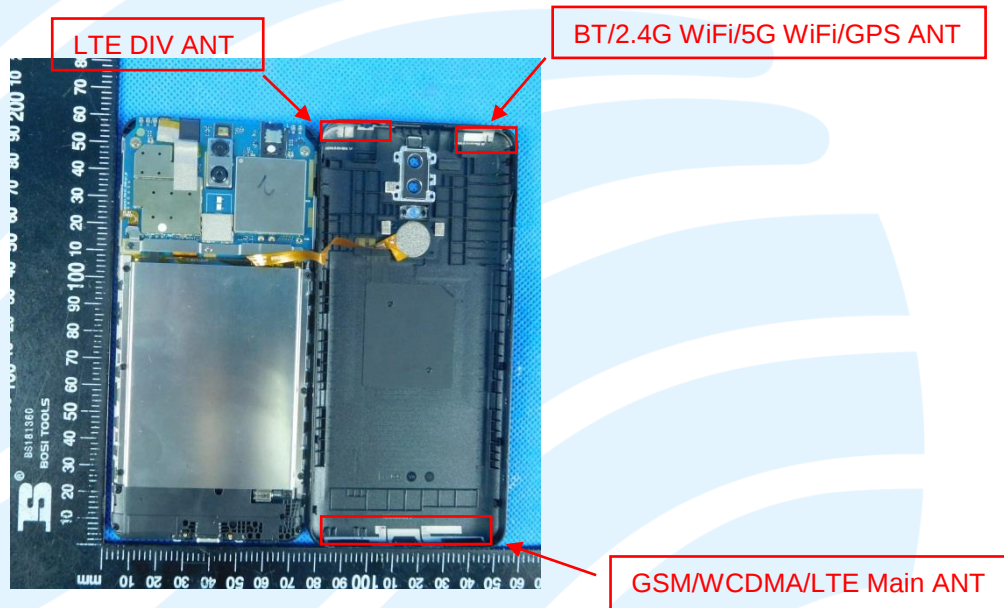
Requirement

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

Test Result:

The product has a FPC antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.
please refer to the below antenna photo.



6.2. Conducted Emissions (AC Main)

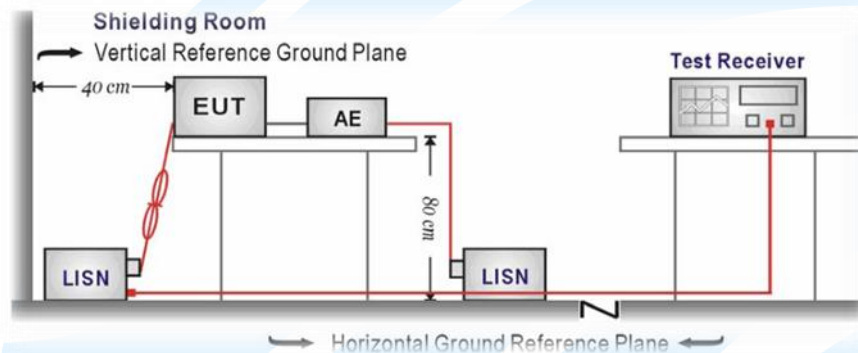
LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207:

Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was setup according to ANSI C63.10:2013 requirements.
2. The EUT was placed on a platform of nominal size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the conducting ground plane. The vertical conducting plane was located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. All other surfaces of EUT were at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface.
3. The EUT and simulators are connected to the main power through a line impedances stabilization network (LISN). The LISN provides a 50 ohm /50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment.
4. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN. (Please refer to the block diagram of the test setup and photographs)
5. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord, except the ground (safety) conductor, was individually connected through a LISN to the input power source.
6. The excess length of the power cord between the EUT and the LISN receptacle were folded back and forth at the center of the lead to form a bundle not exceeding 40 cm in length.
7. Conducted Emissions were investigated over the frequency range from 0.15MHz to 30MHz using a receiver bandwidth of 9 kHz.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

TEST MODE:

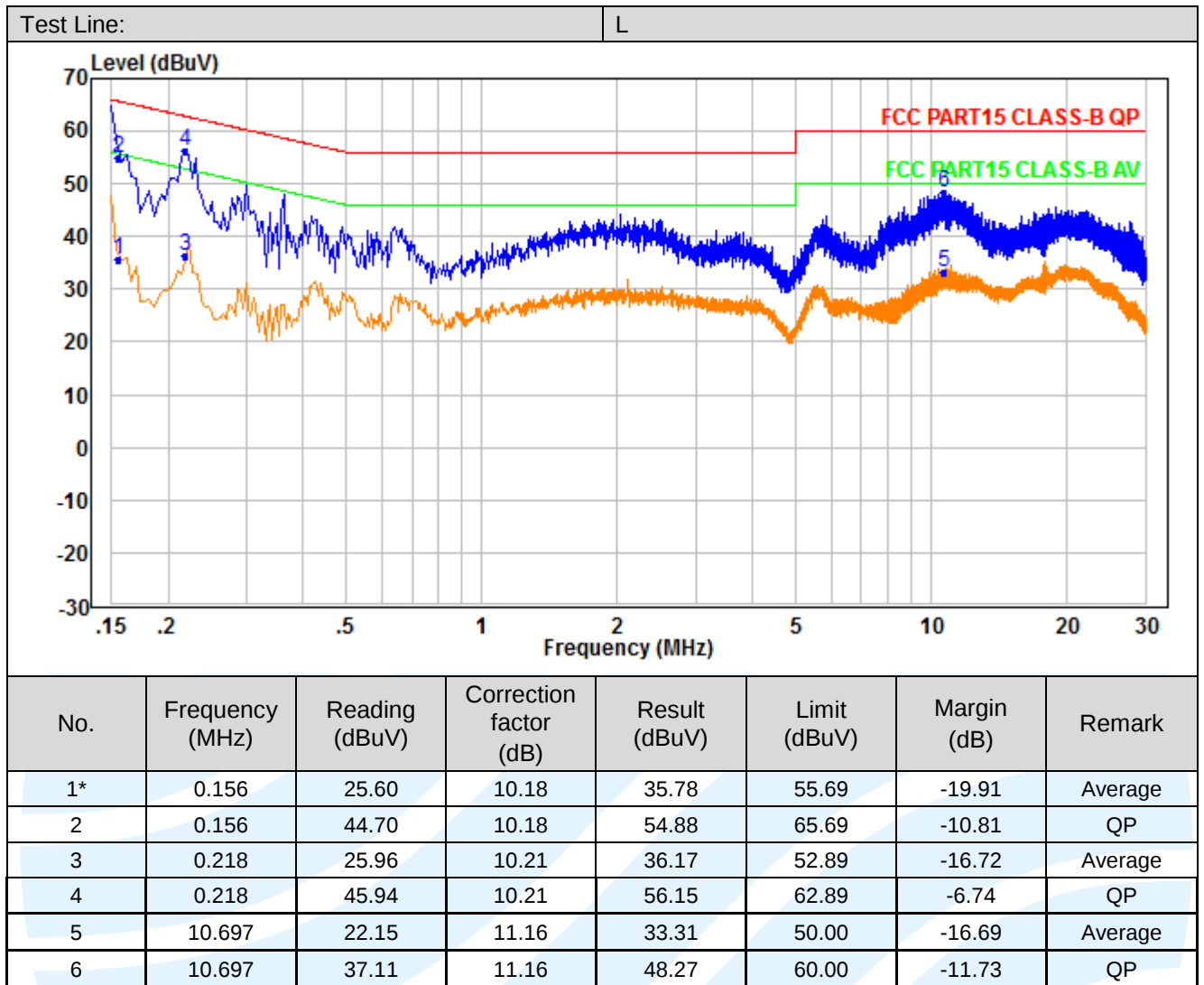
Please refer to the clause 3.3

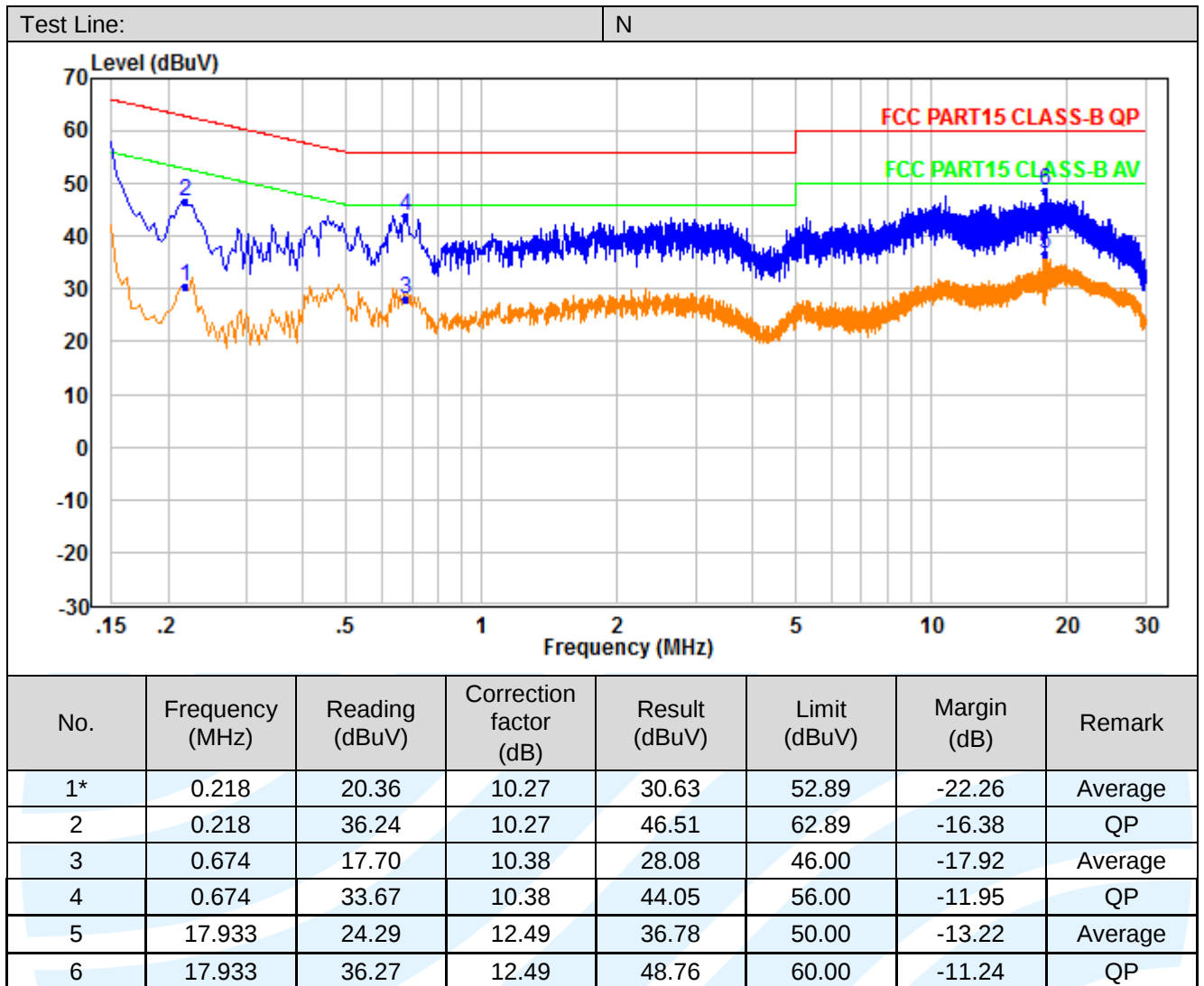
TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Note:

- 1) Transd=Cable lose+ Pulse Limiter Factor + Artificial Mains Factor
- 2) Margin= Limit -Level





6.3. Maximum Conducted Output Power

LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407(a):

For the 5.15~5.25GHz band:

- Outdoor AP
The maximum conducted output power (P_{out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 1W (30dBm).
if $G_{TX} > 6\text{dBi}$, then $P_{out} = 30 - (G_{TX} - 6)$. e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees $\leq 125\text{mW}$ (21dBm)
- Indoor AP
The maximum conducted output power (P_{out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 1W (30dBm).
if $G_{TX} > 6\text{dBi}$, then $P_{out} = 30 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.
- Point-to-point AP
The maximum conducted output power (P_{out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 1W (30dBm).
if $G_{TX} > 23\text{dBi}$, then $P_{out} = 30 - (G_{TX} - 23)$.
- Client devices
The maximum conducted output power (P_{out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 250W (24dBm).
if $G_{TX} > 6\text{dBi}$, then $P_{out} = 24 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.

For the 5.25~5.35GHz band:

The maximum conducted output power (P_{out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 250mW (24dBm) or 11dBm+10 log B, where B is the 26dB emission bandwidth in MHz.
if $G_{TX} > 6\text{dBi}$, then $P_{out} = 24 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.

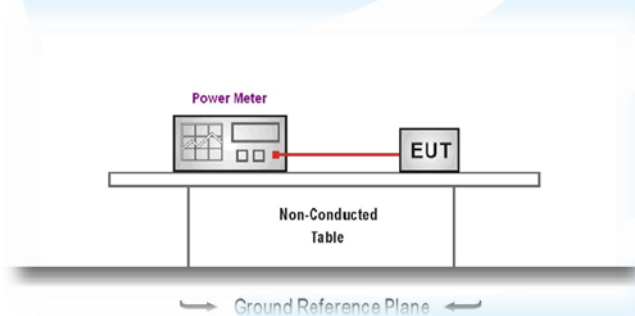
For the 5.47~5.725GHz band:

The maximum conducted output power (P_{out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 250mW (24dBm) or 11dBm+10 log B, where B is the 26dB emission bandwidth in MHz.
if $G_{TX} > 6\text{dBi}$, then $P_{out} = 24 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.

For the 5.725~5.85GHz band:

- Point-to-multipoint systems (P2M)
The maximum conducted output power (P_{out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 1W (30dBm).
if $G_{TX} > 6\text{dBi}$, then $P_{out} = 30 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.
- Point-to-point systems (P2P)
The maximum conducted output power (P_{out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 1W (30dBm).

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was tested according to KDB789033 Section E-3-b)
2. The maximum conducted output power may be measured using a broadband AVG RF power meter.
3. Average power measurements were performed only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor.
4. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter.
5. Record the measurement data.

TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

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TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed

☐ Not Applicable

Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Type	Channel	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
I	20	802.11ac	CH _L	15.39	24.00	Pass
			CH _M	15.30		
			CH _H	15.12		
		802.11n	CH _L	15.83	24.00	Pass
			CH _M	15.05		
			CH _H	15.23		
		802.11a	CH _L	16.61	24.00	Pass
			CH _M	16.23		
			CH _H	16.30		
	40	802.11ac	CH _L	14.05	24.00	Pass
			CH _H	14.10		
		802.11n	CH _L	14.58	24.00	Pass
			CH _H	14.15		
	80	802.11ac	CH _M	12.68	24.00	Pass
II	20	802.11ac	CH _L	15.48	24.00	Pass
			CH _M	15.32		
			CH _H	15.07		
		802.11n	CH _L	16.01	24.00	Pass
			CH _M	15.13		
			CH _H	15.22		
		802.11a	CH _L	17.10	24.00	Pass
			CH _M	16.42		
			CH _H	16.32		
	40	802.11ac	CH _L	14.04	24.00	Pass
			CH _H	14.01		
		802.11n	CH _L	14.53	24.00	Pass
			CH _H	14.63		
	80	802.11ac	CH _M	12.86	24.00	Pass

Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Type	Channel	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
III	20	802.11ac	CH _L	15.25	24.00	Pass
			CH _M	15.31		
			CH _H	15.19		
		802.11n	CH _L	15.46	24.00	Pass
			CH _M	15.34		
			CH _H	15.42		
		802.11a	CH _L	16.23	24.00	Pass
			CH _M	16.25		
			CH _H	16.38		
	40	802.11ac	CH _L	13.82	24.00	Pass
			CH _M	14.29		
			CH _H	14.36		
		802.11n	CH _L	14.18	24.00	Pass
			CH _M	14.39		
			CH _H	14.46		
	80	802.11ac	CH _L	12.03	24.00	Pass
			CH _M	12.65		
			CH _H	12.30		
IV	20	802.11ac	CH _L	15.24	30.00	Pass
			CH _M	15.67		
			CH _H	15.86		
		802.11n	CH _L	15.35	30.00	Pass
			CH _M	15.43		
			CH _H	15.65		
		802.11a	CH _L	16.31	30.00	Pass
			CH _M	16.56		
			CH _H	16.96		
	40	802.11ac	CH _L	14.21	30.00	Pass
			CH _H	14.33		
		802.11n	CH _L	14.63	30.00	Pass
			CH _H	14.78		
	80	802.11ac	CH _M	12.49	30.00	Pass

6.4. Maximum Power Spectral Density

LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407(a):

For the 5.15~5.25GHz band:

- Outdoor AP
The peak power spectral density (PSD) shall not exceed the lesser of 17dBm/MHz.
if $G_{TX} > 6\text{dBi}$, then $\text{PSD} = 17 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.
- Indoor AP
The peak power spectral density (PSD) shall not exceed the lesser of 17dBm/MHz.
if $G_{TX} > 6\text{dBi}$, then $\text{PSD} = 17 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.
- Point-to-point AP
The peak power spectral density (PSD) shall not exceed the lesser of 17dBm/MHz.
if $G_{TX} > 23\text{dBi}$, then $\text{PSD} = 17 - (G_{TX} - 23)$.
- Client devices
The peak power spectral density (PSD) shall not exceed the lesser of 11dBm/MHz.
if $G_{TX} > 6\text{dBi}$, then $\text{PSD} = 11 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.

For the 5.25~5.35GHz band:

The peak power spectral density (PSD) shall not exceed the lesser of 11dBm/MHz.
if $G_{TX} > 6\text{dBi}$, then $\text{PSD} = 11 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.

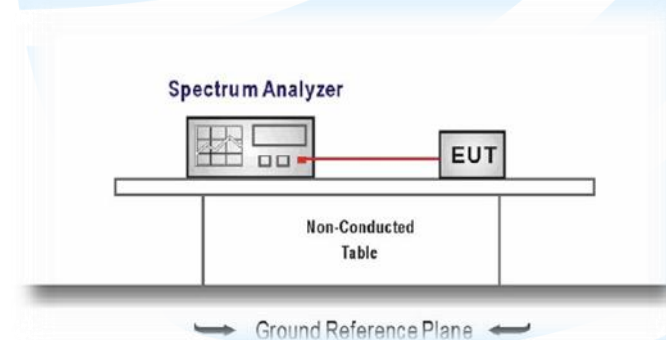
For the 5.47~5.725GHz band:

The peak power spectral density (PSD) shall not exceed the lesser of 11dBm/MHz.
if $G_{TX} > 6\text{dBi}$, then $\text{PSD} = 11 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.

For the 5.725~5.85GHz band:

- Point-to-multipoint systems (P2M)
The peak power spectral density (PSD) shall not exceed the lesser of 30dBm/500kHz.
if $G_{TX} > 6\text{dBi}$, then $\text{PSD} = 30 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.
- Point-to-point systems (P2P)
The peak power spectral density (PSD) shall not exceed the lesser of 30dBm/500kHz.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

1. According KDB 789033 D02 – Section F
2. Analyzer was setting as follow:
Center frequency: test channel
Span was set to encompass the entire emission bandwidth of the signal
RBW=1MHz for devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and 5.47-5.725 GHz
RBW=500kHz for devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz
VBW ≥ 3 RBW
Number of sweep points > 2 x (span/RBW)
Sweep time = auto
Detector = Peak
Trigger was set to free run for all modes, trace was averaged over 100 sweeps
3. The peak search function of the spectrum analyzer was used to find the peak of the spectrum.

TEST MODE:

Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd.

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TEST RESULTS

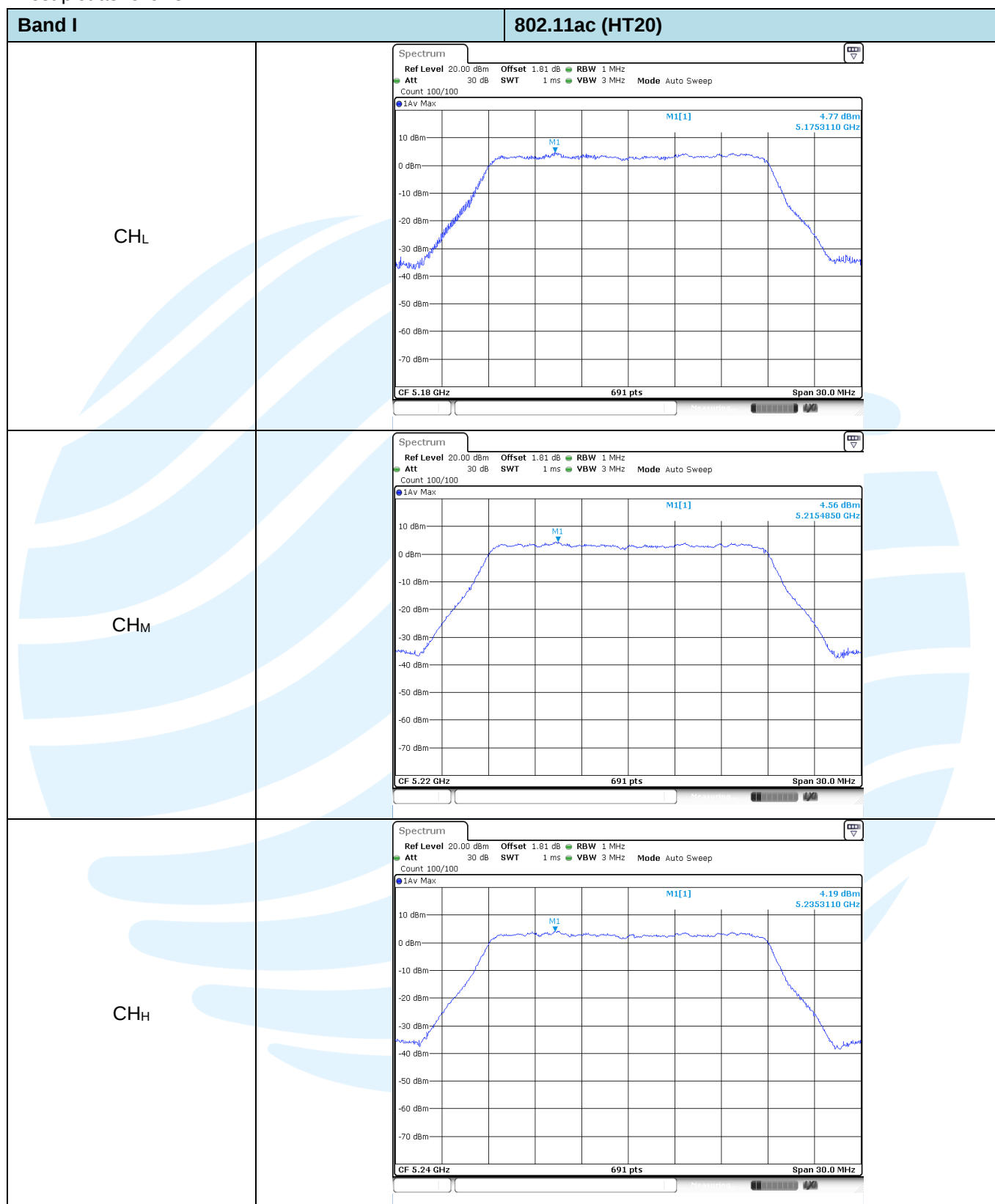
☒ Passed

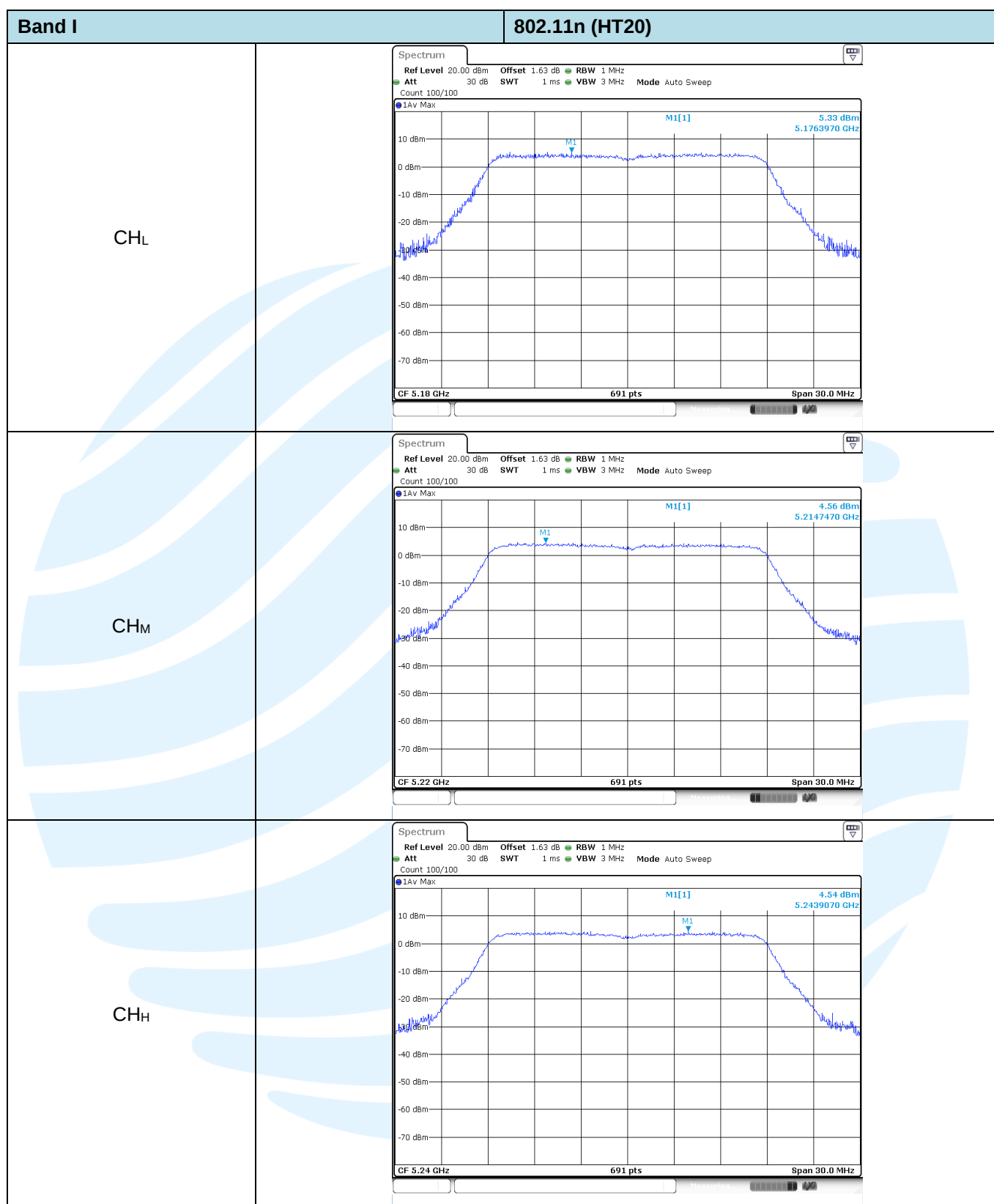
☐ Not Applicable

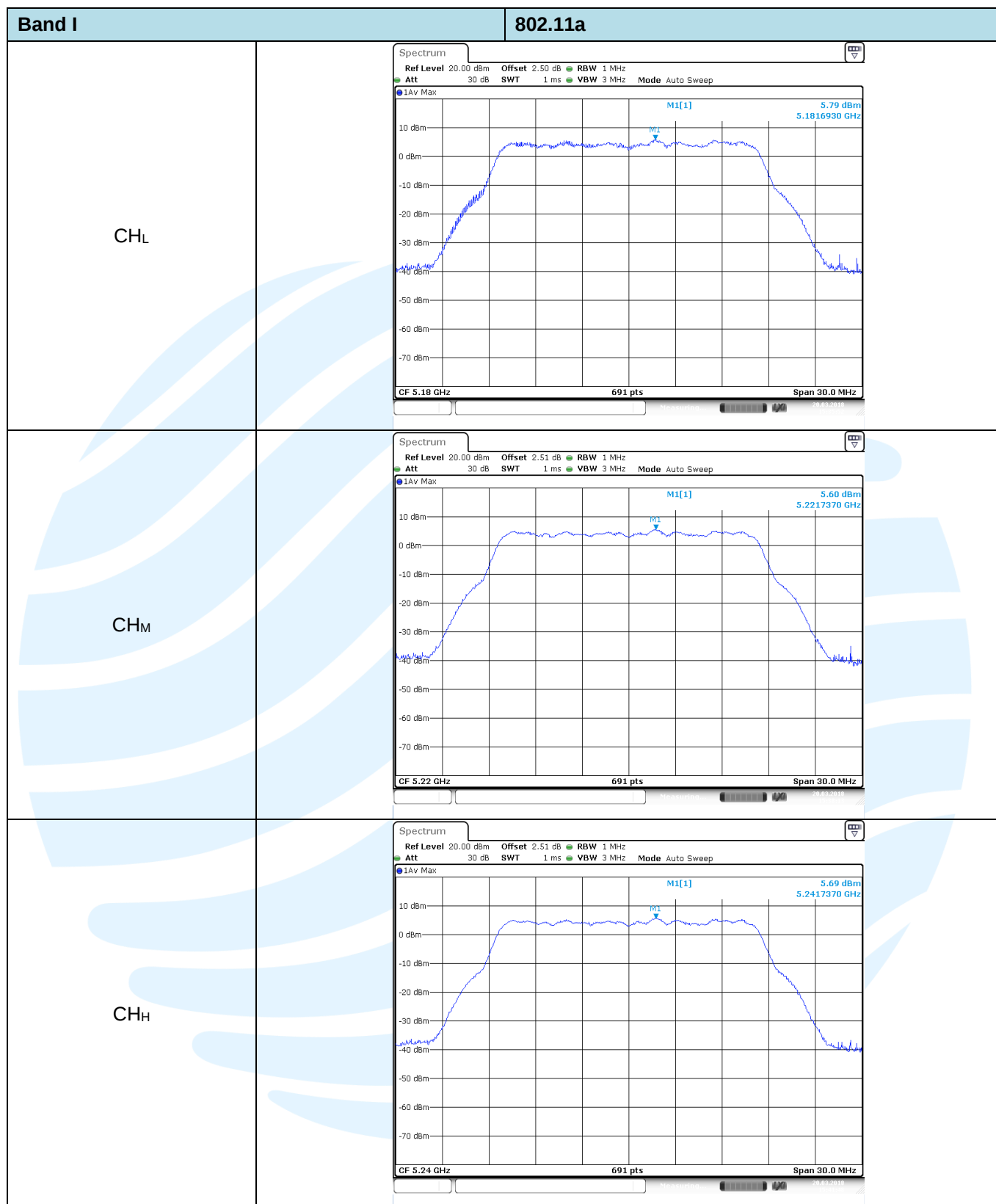
Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Type	Channel	Power Spectral Density (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Result
I	20	802.11ac	CH _L	4.77	11.00	Pass
			CH _M	4.56		
			CH _H	4.19		
		802.11n	CH _L	5.33	11.00	Pass
			CH _M	4.56		
			CH _H	4.54		
		802.11a	CH _L	6.50	11.00	Pass
			CH _M	5.36		
			CH _H	5.43		
	40	802.11ac	CH _L	0.93	11.00	Pass
			CH _H	0.92		
		802.11n	CH _L	1.09	11.00	Pass
			CH _H	0.68		
	80	802.11ac	CH _M	-3.48	11.00	Pass
II	20	802.11ac	CH _L	4.72	11.00	Pass
			CH _M	4.36		
			CH _H	4.23		
		802.11n	CH _L	5.38	11.00	Pass
			CH _M	3.93		
			CH _H	4.39		
		802.11a	CH _L	6.65	11.00	Pass
			CH _M	5.97		
			CH _H	5.34		
	40	802.11ac	CH _L	0.95	11.00	Pass
			CH _H	0.92		
		802.11n	CH _L	1.22	11.00	Pass
			CH _H	1.00		
	80	802.11ac	CH _M	-3.15	11.00	Pass

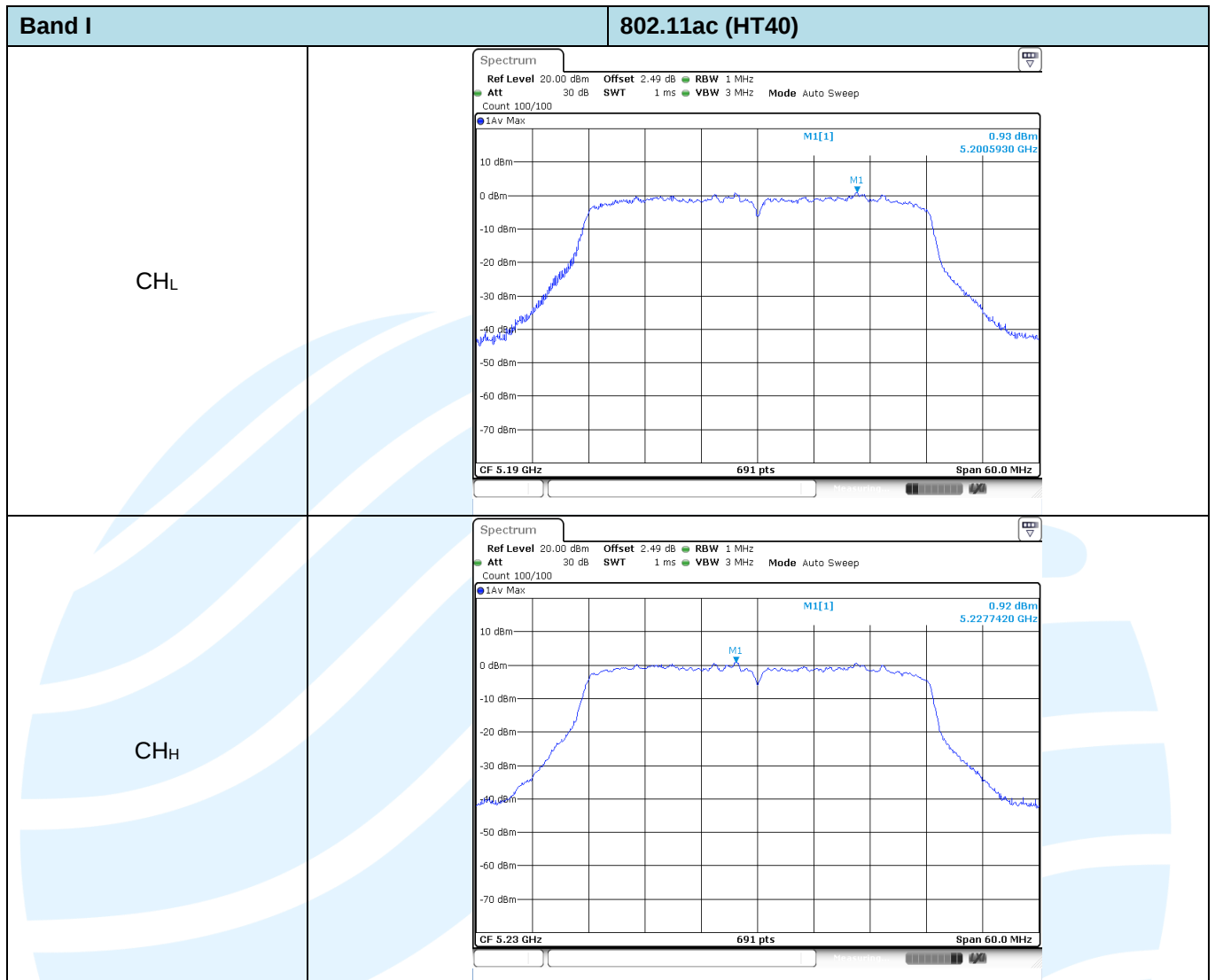
Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Type	Channel	Power Spectral Density (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Result
III	20	802.11ac	CH _L	4.54	11.00	Pass
			CH _M	4.48		
			CH _H	4.61		
		802.11n	CH _L	4.66	11.00	Pass
			CH _M	4.55		
			CH _H	4.59		
		802.11a	CH _L	5.35	11.00	Pass
			CH _M	5.98		
			CH _H	6.13		
	40	802.11ac	CH _L	0.58	11.00	Pass
			CH _M	1.19		
			CH _H	1.60		
		802.11n	CH _L	0.91	11.00	Pass
			CH _M	1.14		
			CH _H	1.73		
	80	802.11ac	CH _L	-4.02	11.00	Pass
			CH _M	-3.37		
			CH _H	-3.22		
Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Type	Channel	Power Spectral Density (dBm/500kHz)	Limit (dBm/500kHz)	Result
IV	20	802.11ac	CH _L	3.71	30.00	Pass
			CH _M	3.88		
			CH _H	4.36		
		802.11n	CH _L	3.64	30.00	Pass
			CH _M	3.85		
			CH _H	4.12		
		802.11a	CH _L	4.66	30.00	Pass
			CH _M	4.95		
			CH _H	5.57		
	40	802.11ac	CH _L	-0.17	30.00	Pass
			CH _H	0.05		
		802.11n	CH _L	-0.16	30.00	Pass
			CH _H	0.09		
	80	802.11ac	CH _M	-5.17	30.00	Pass

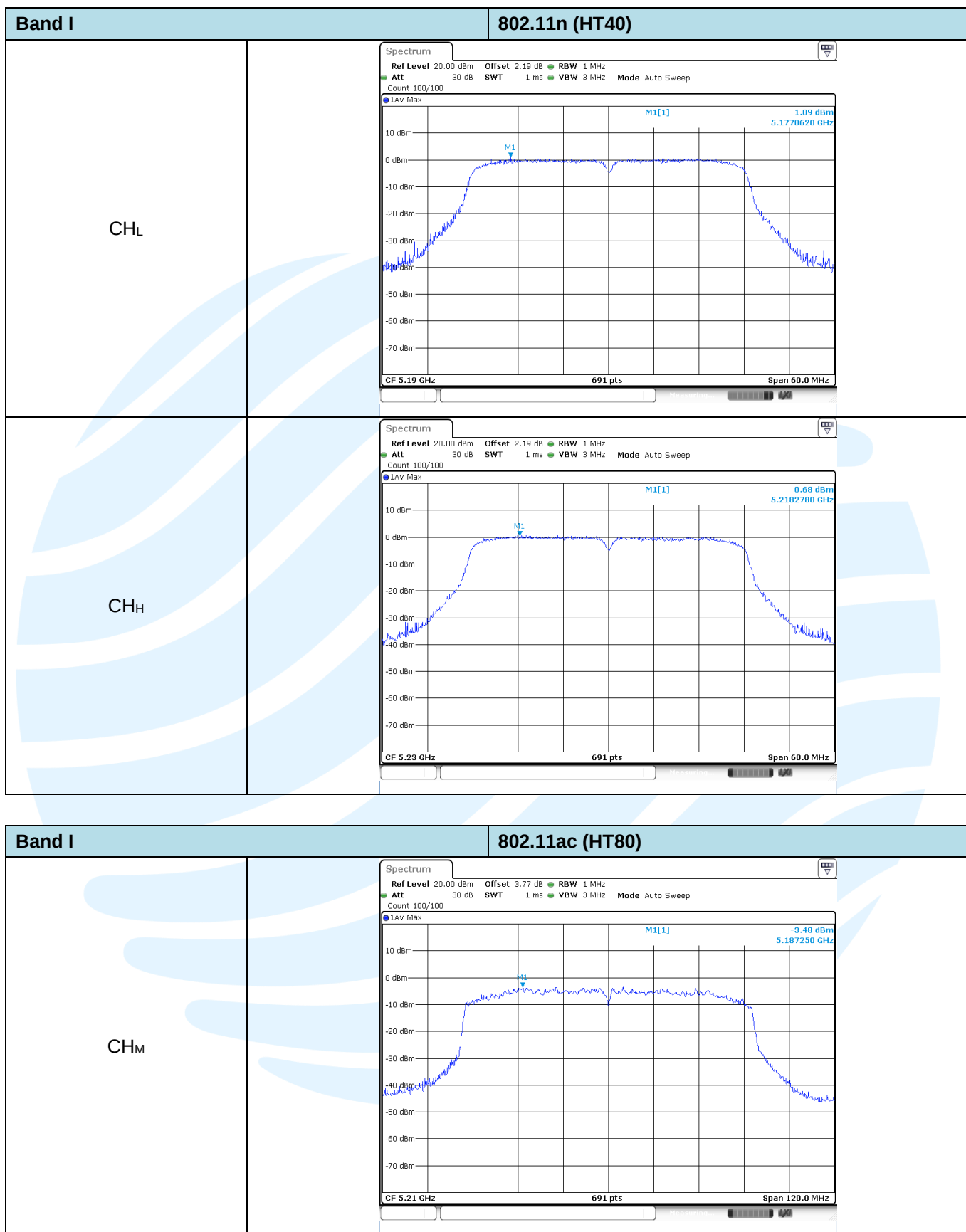
Test plot as follows:

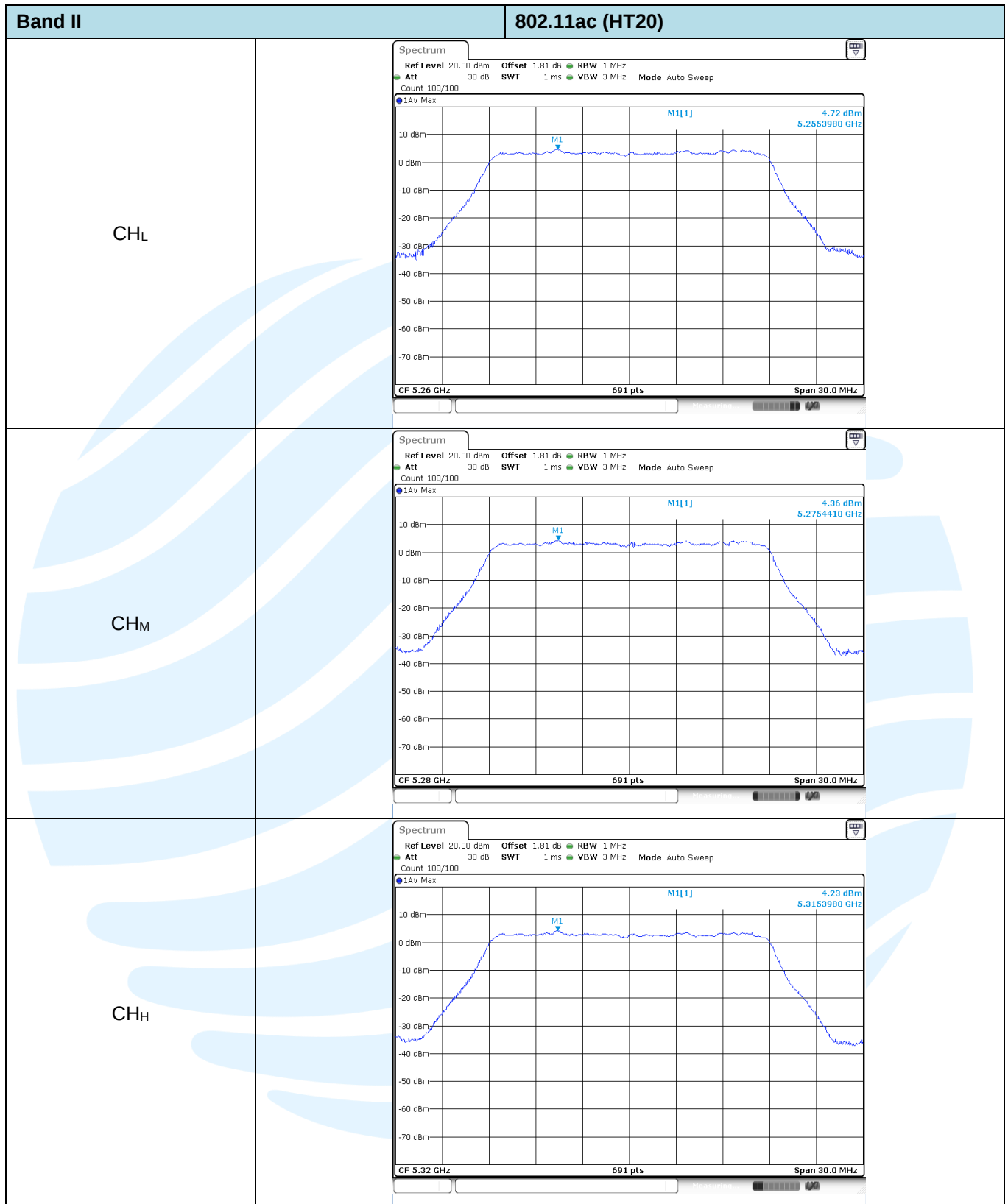


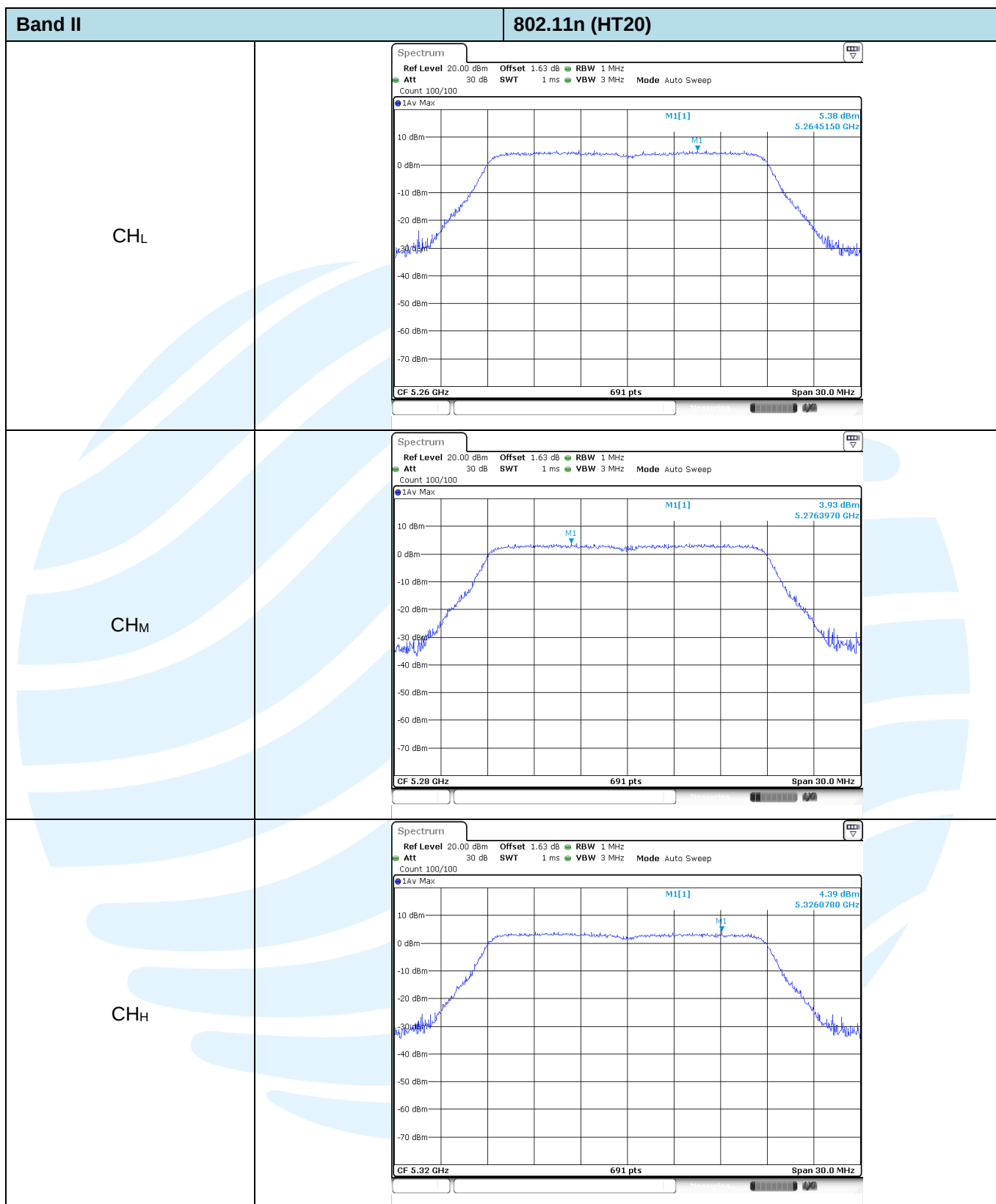


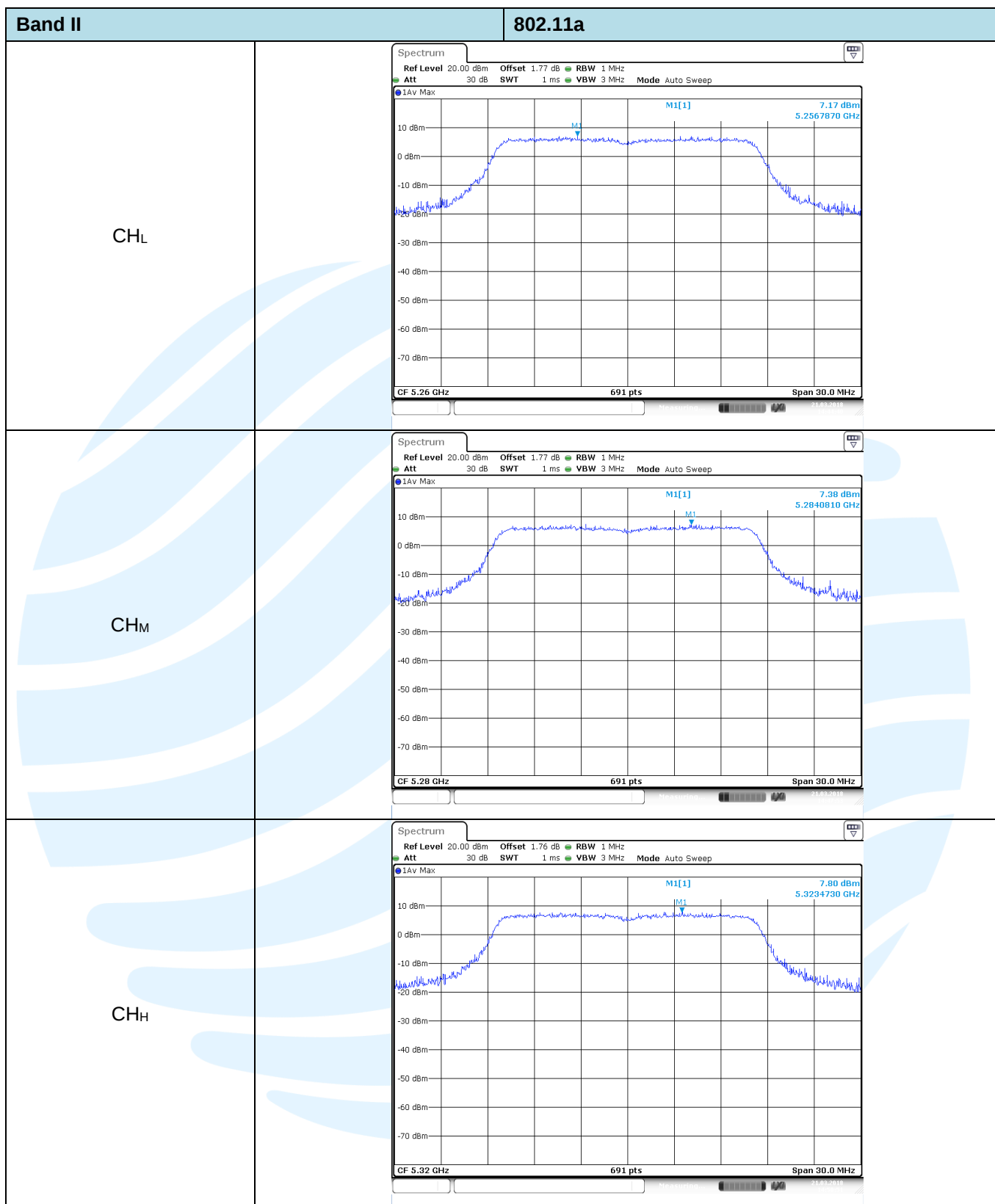


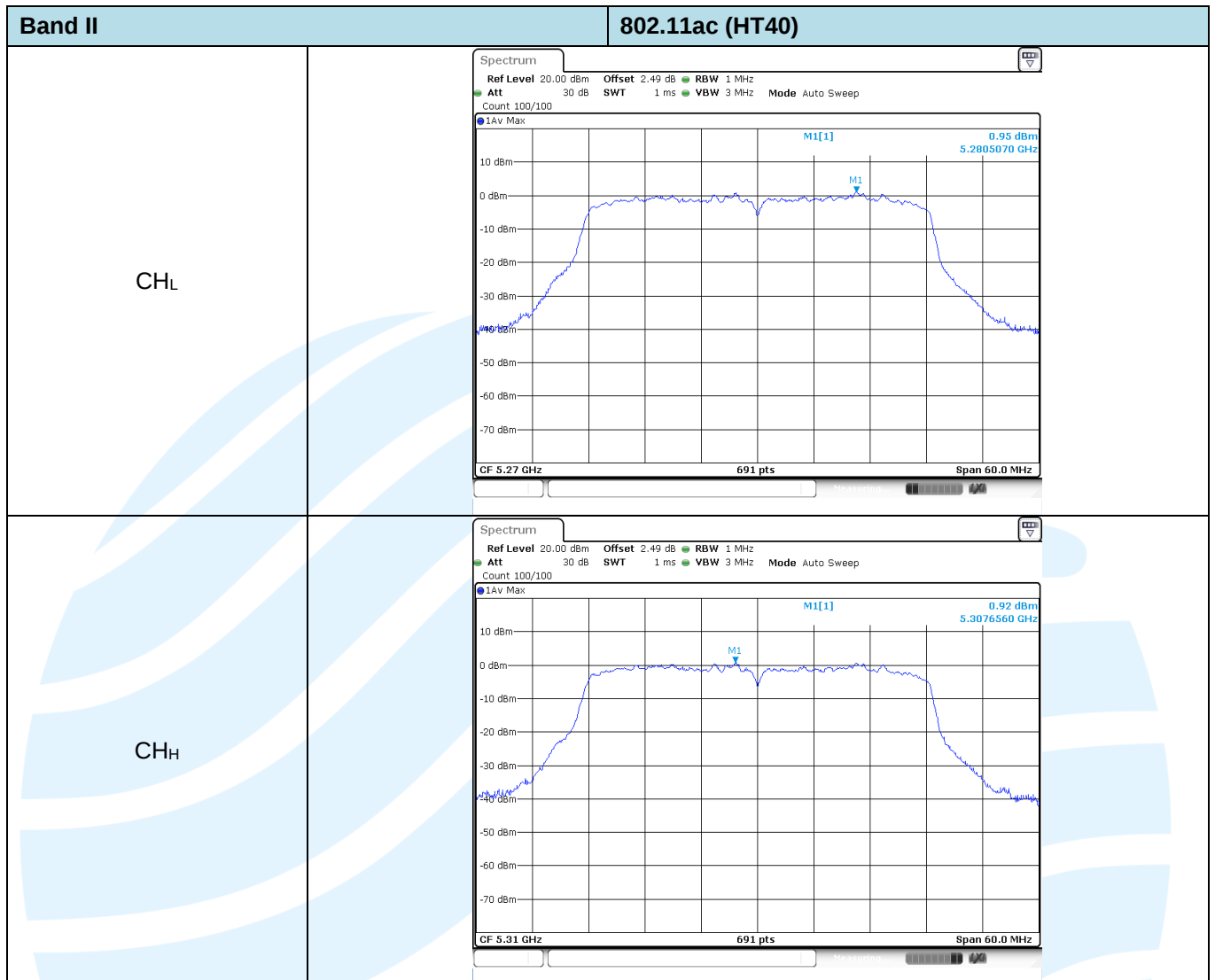


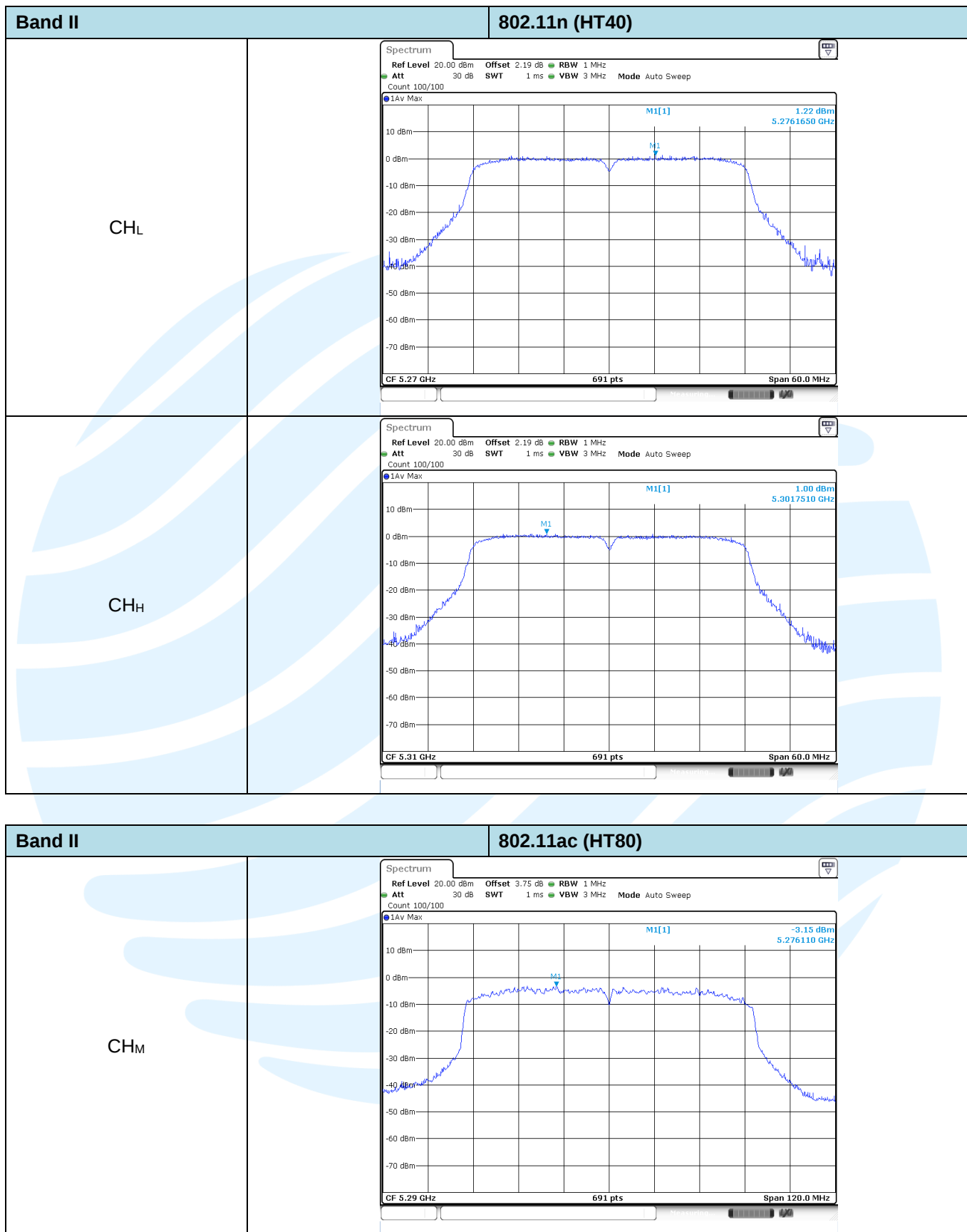


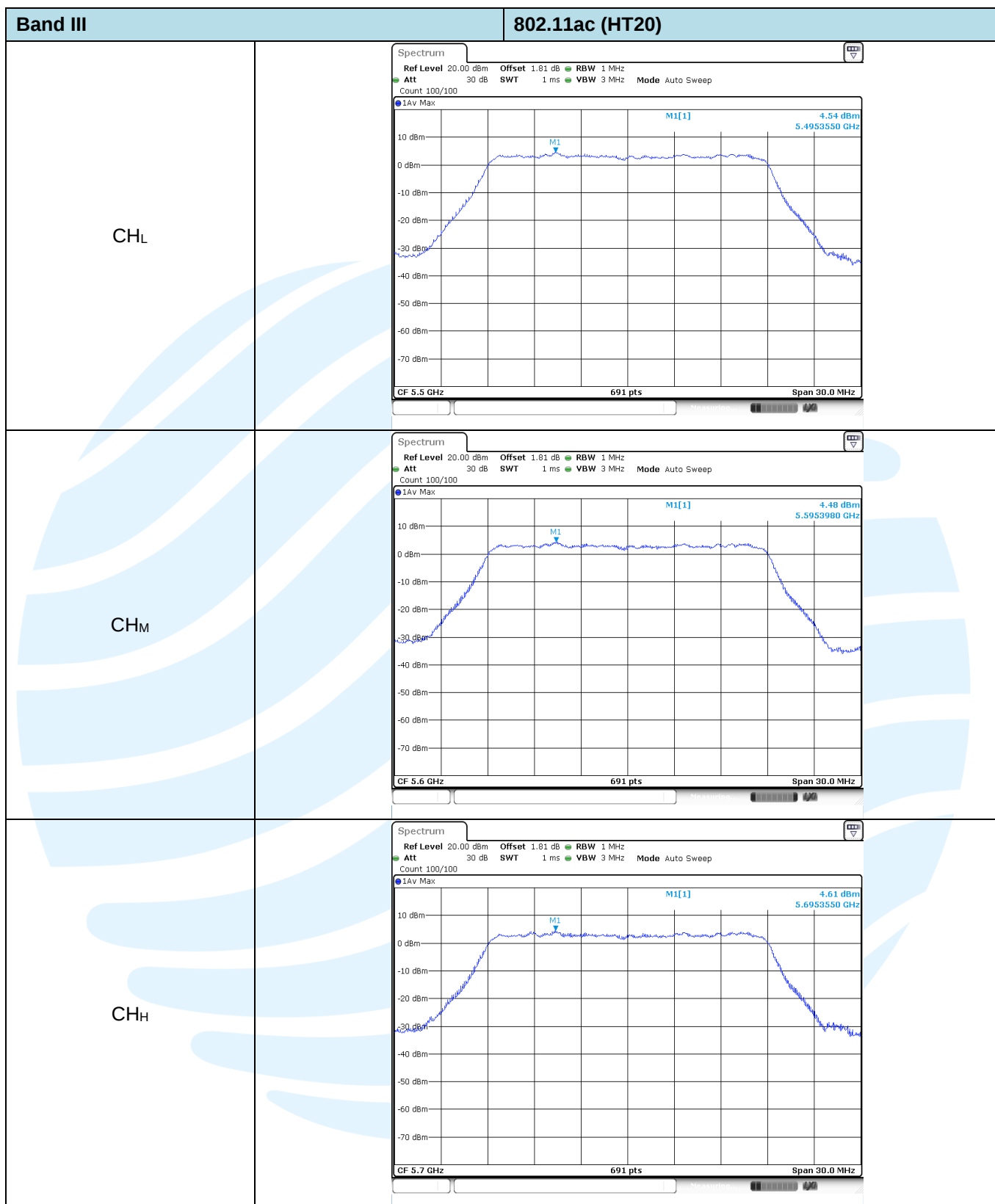


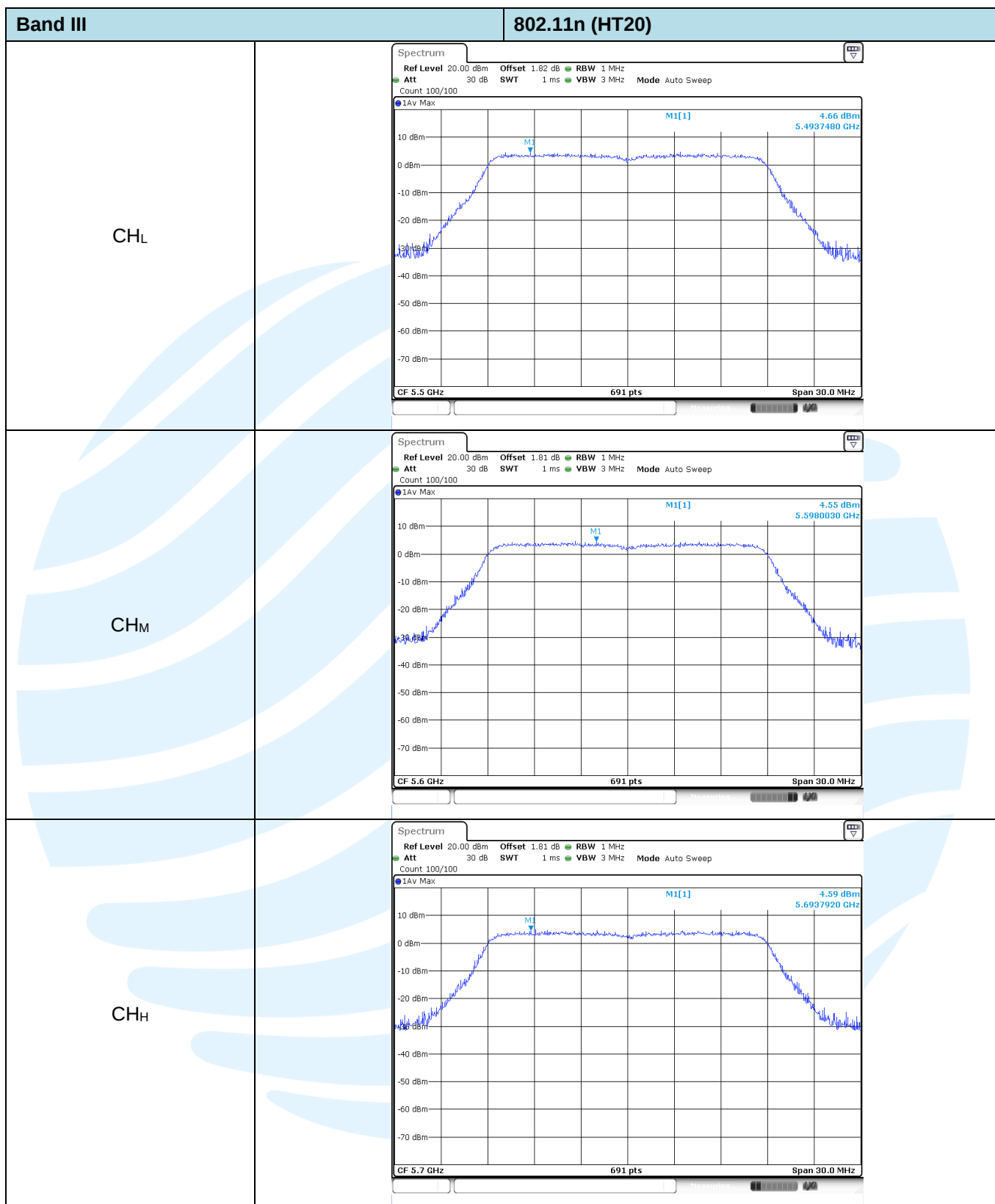


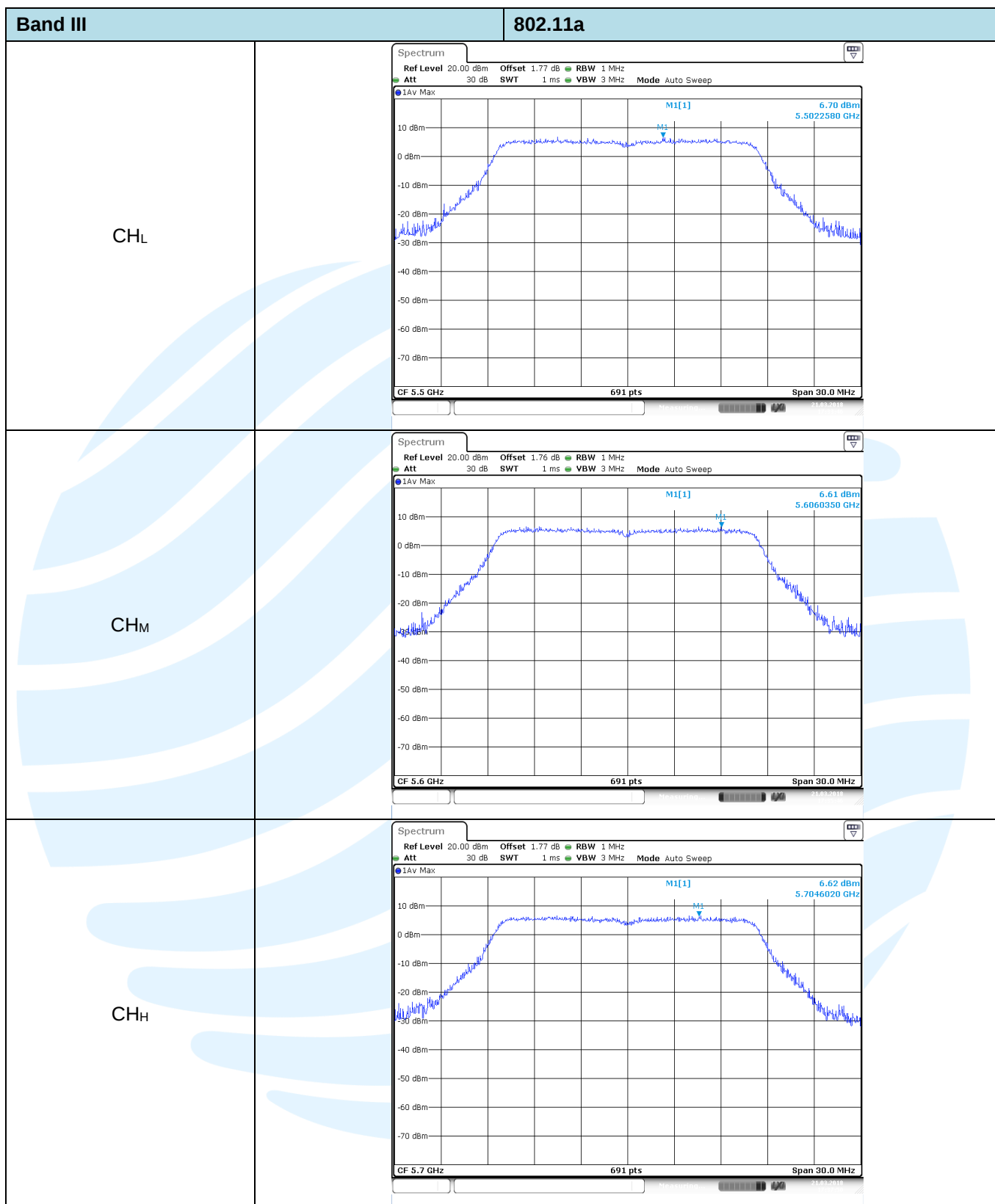


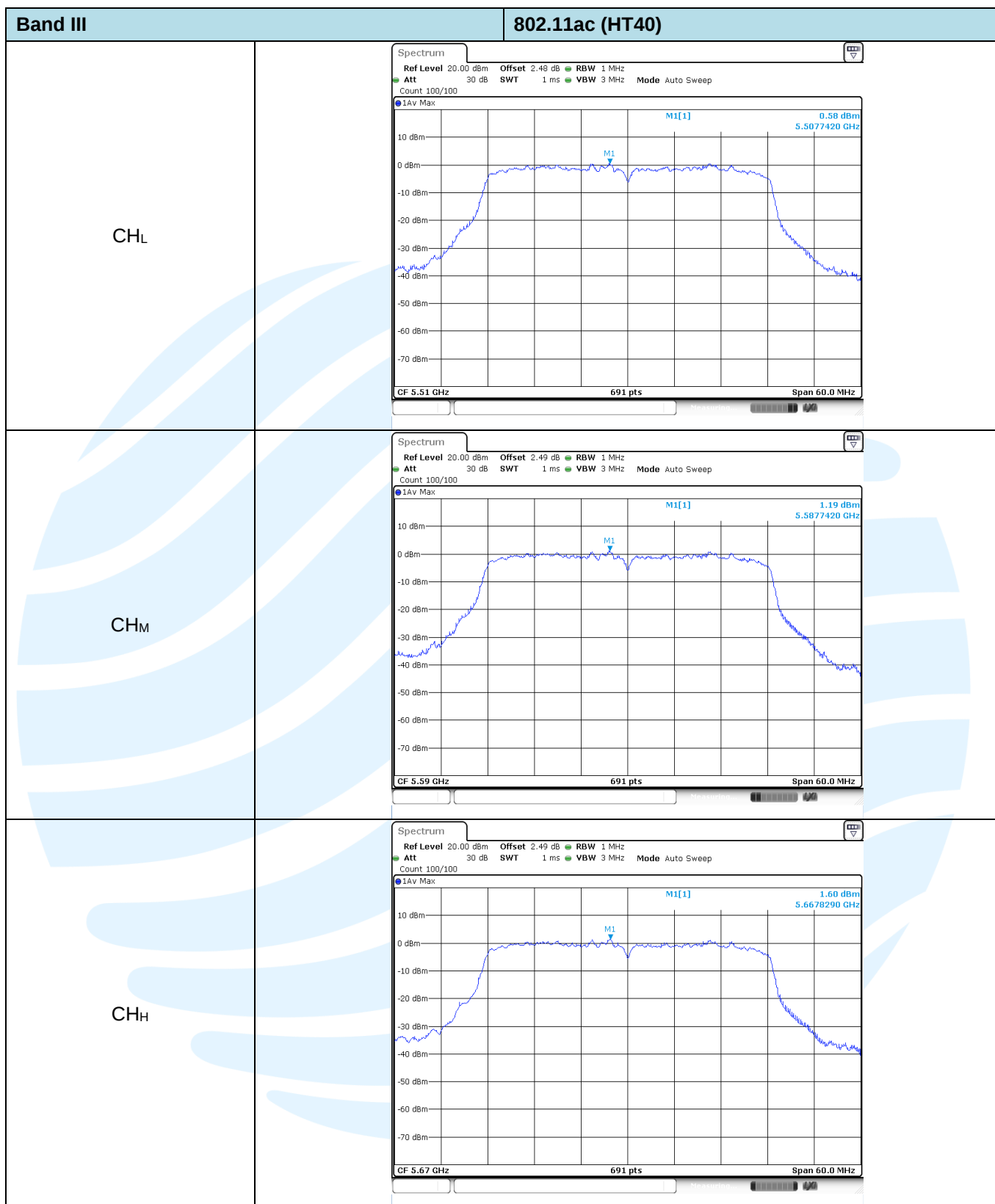


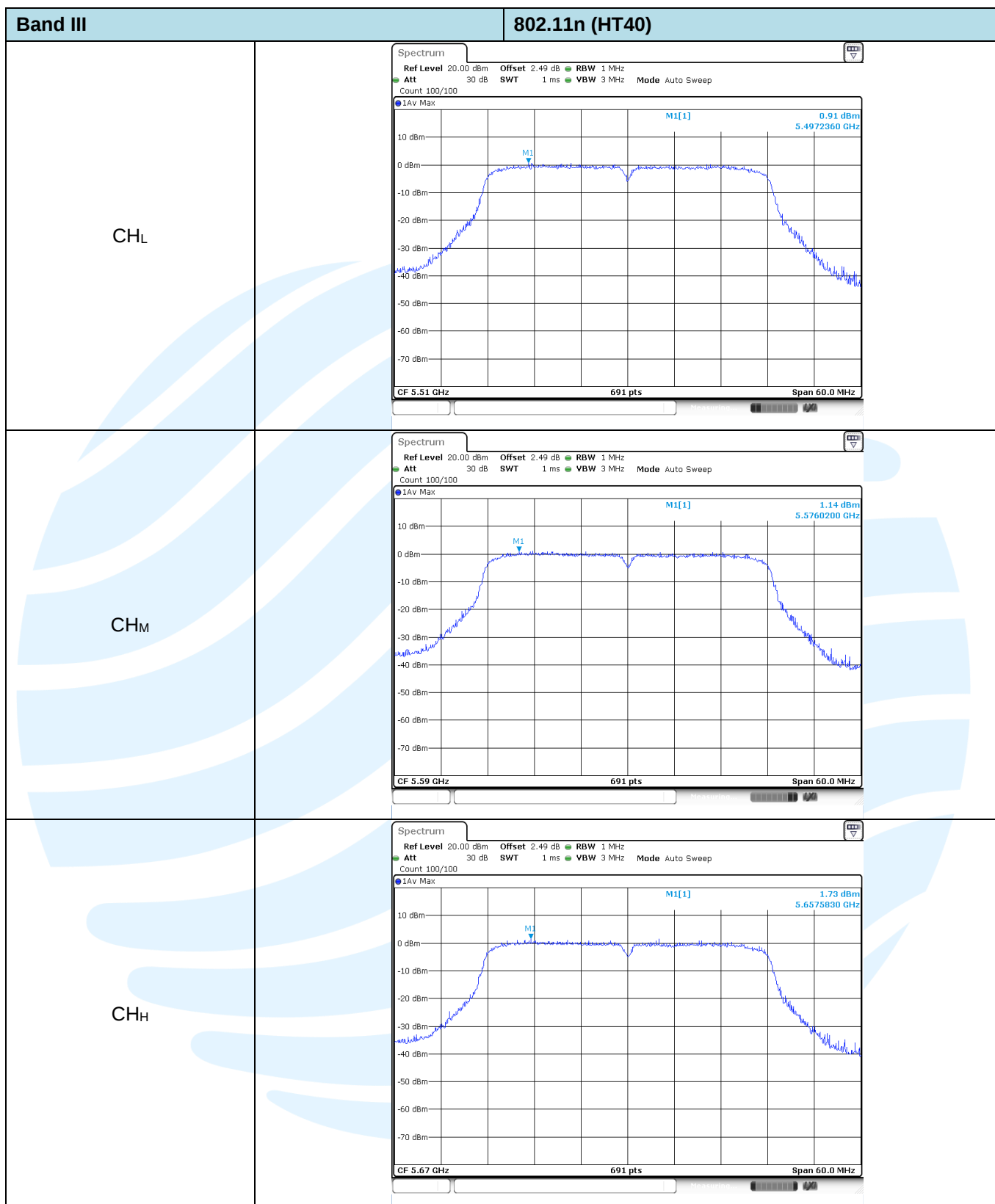


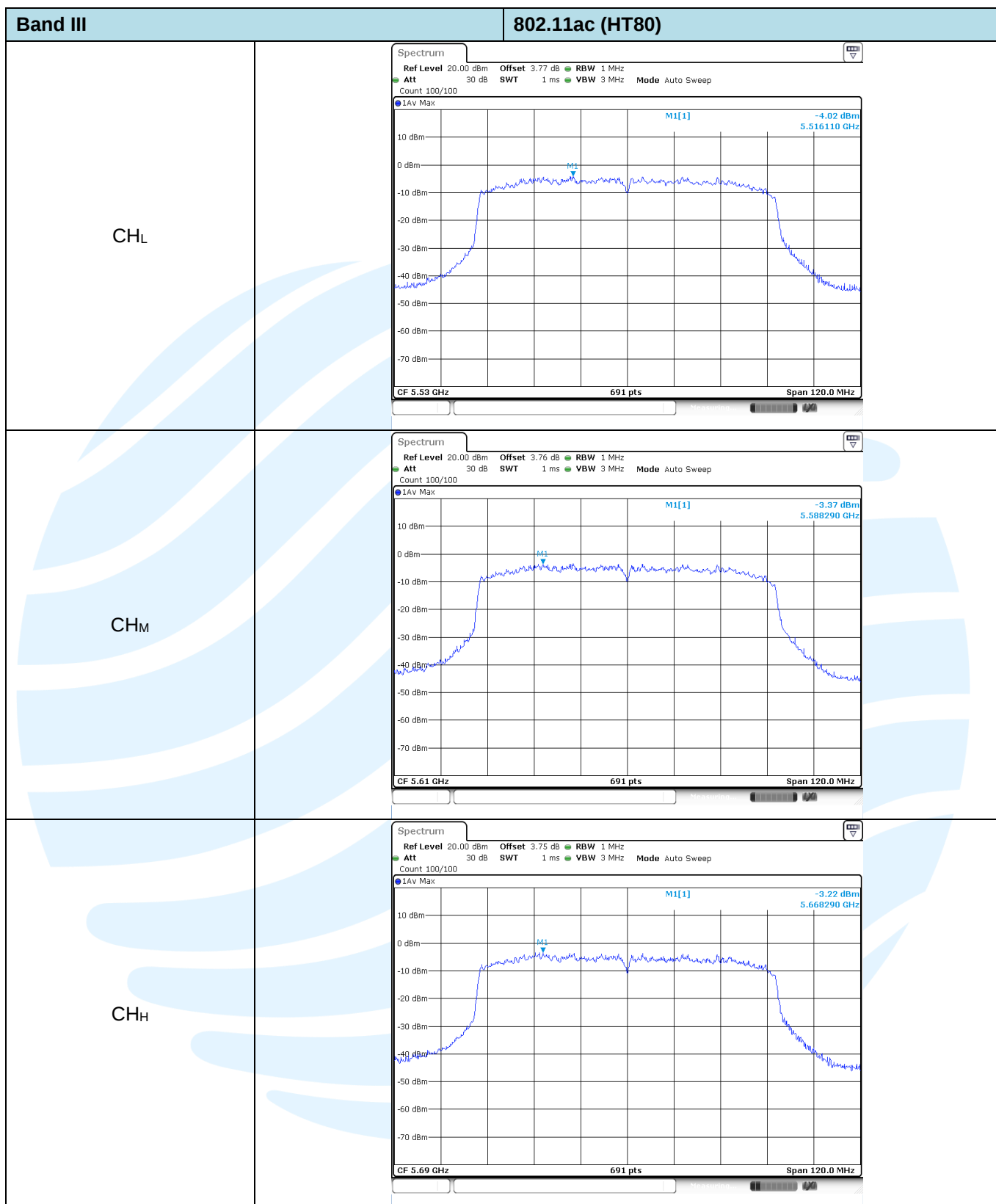


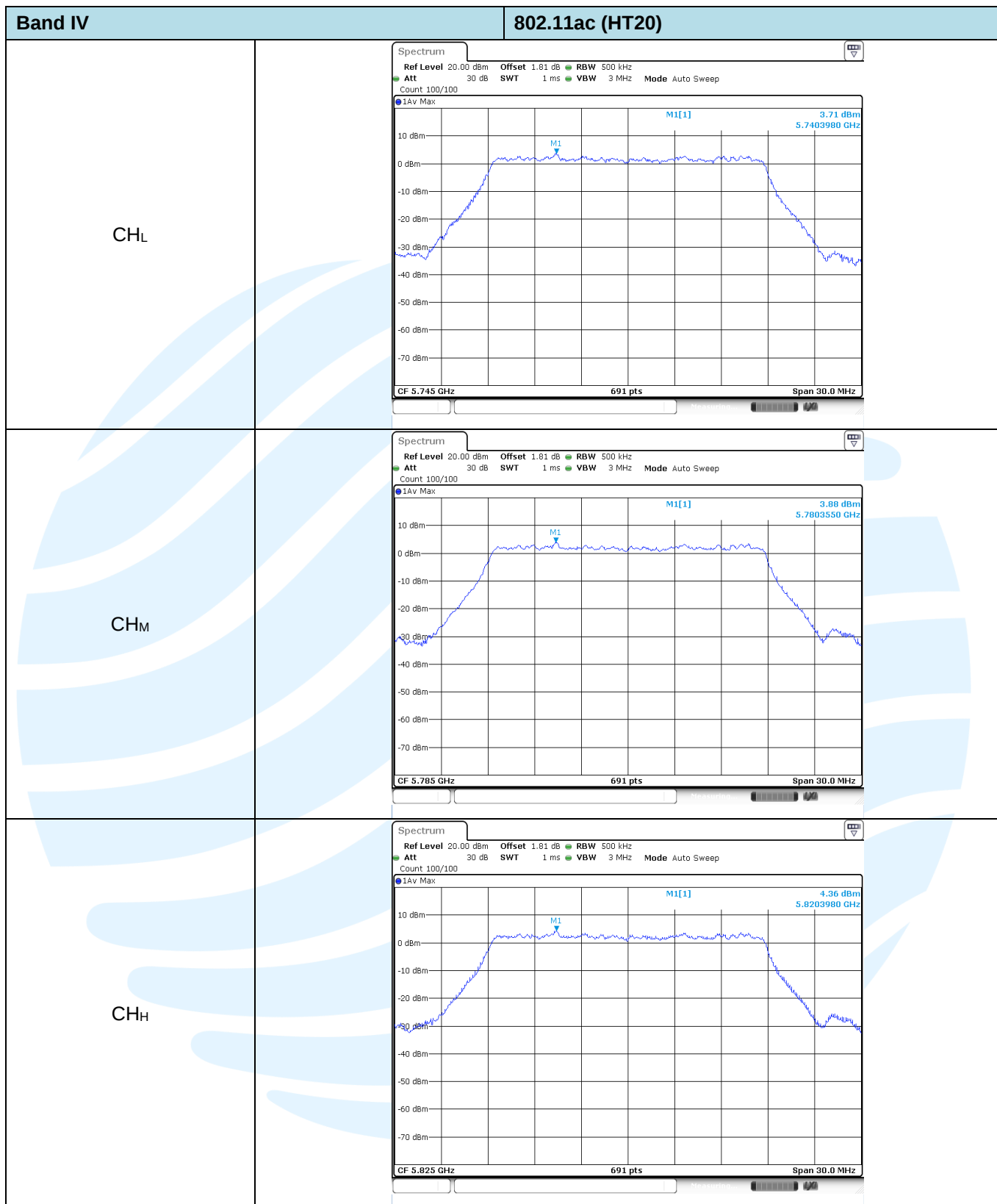


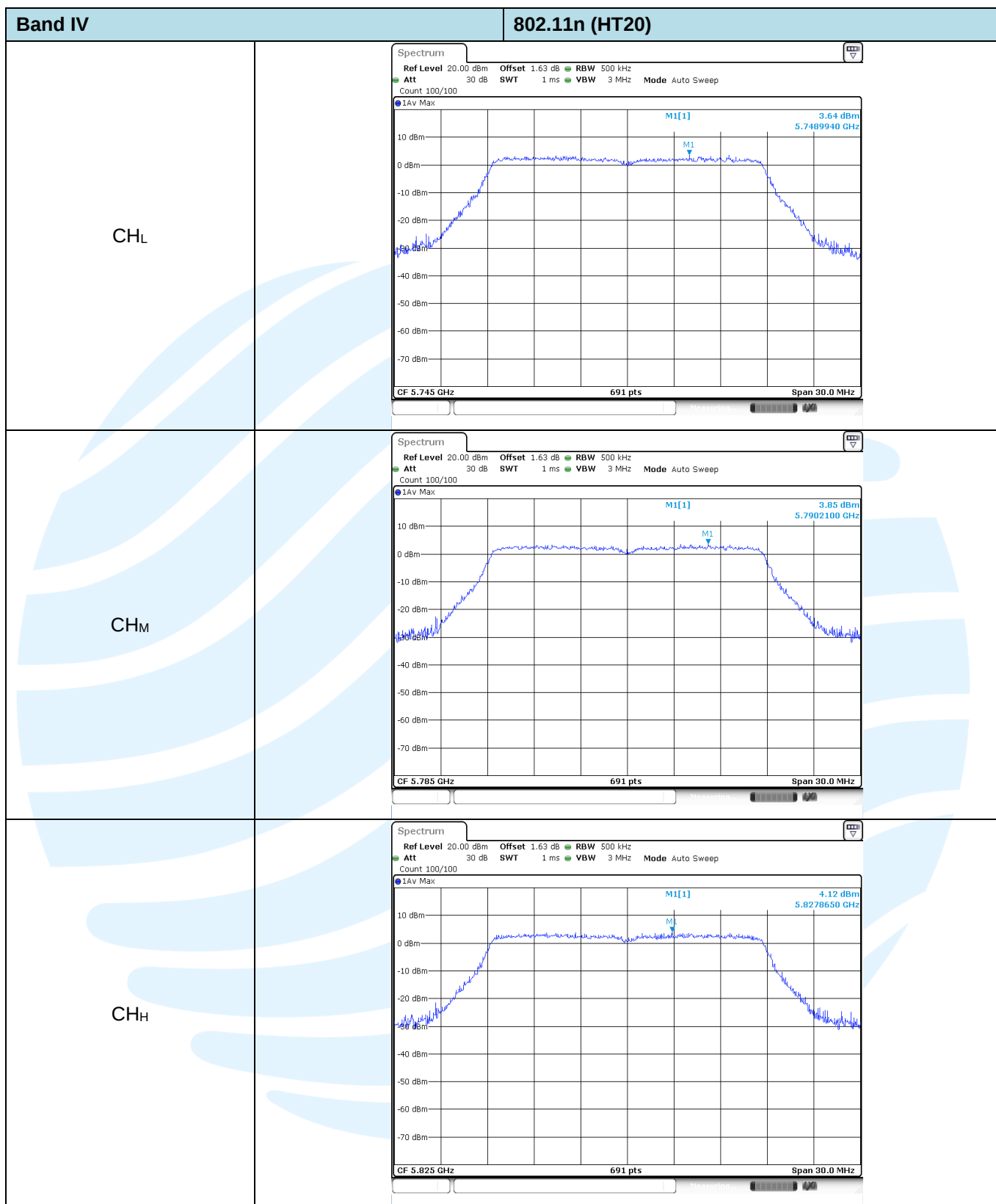


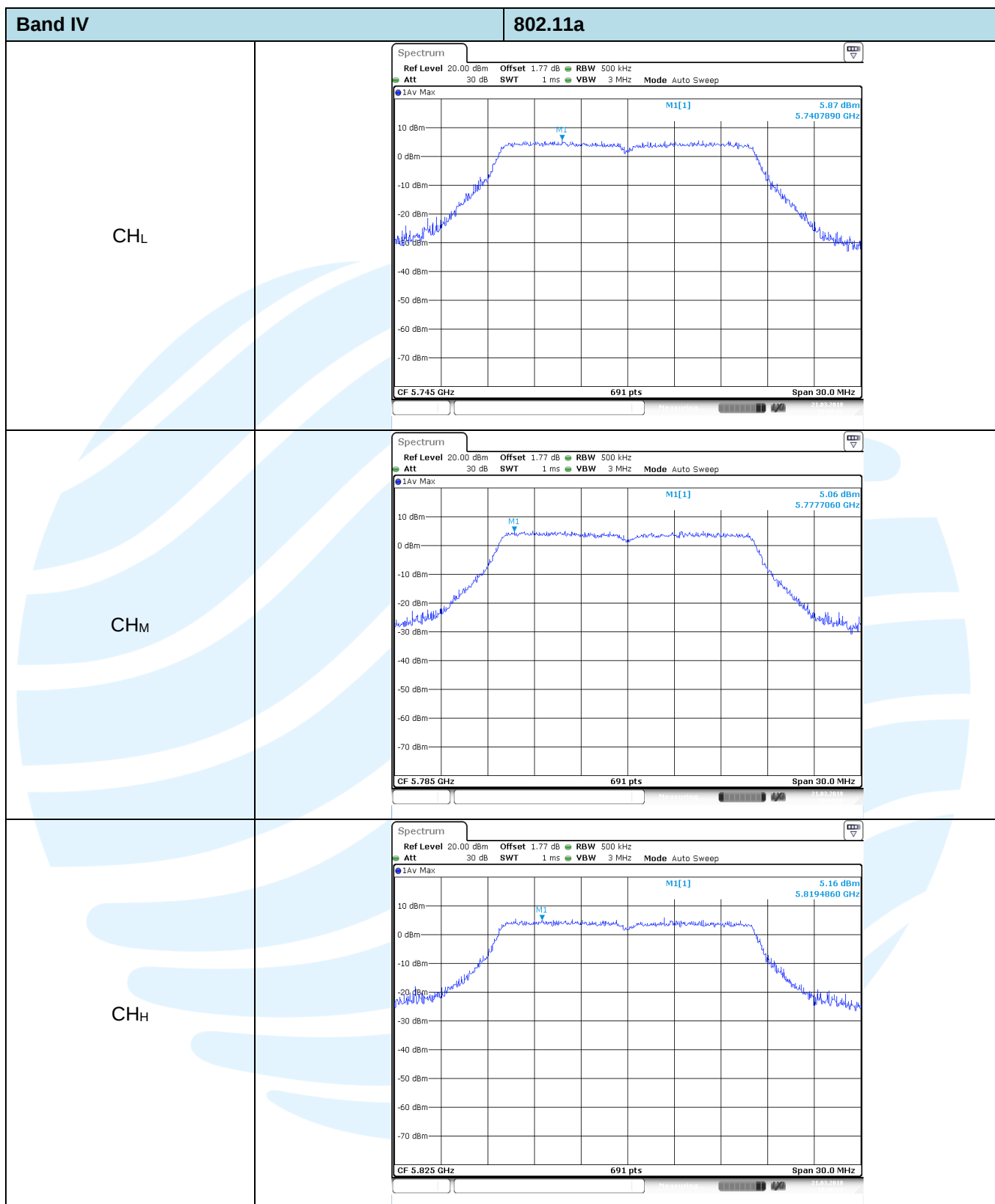


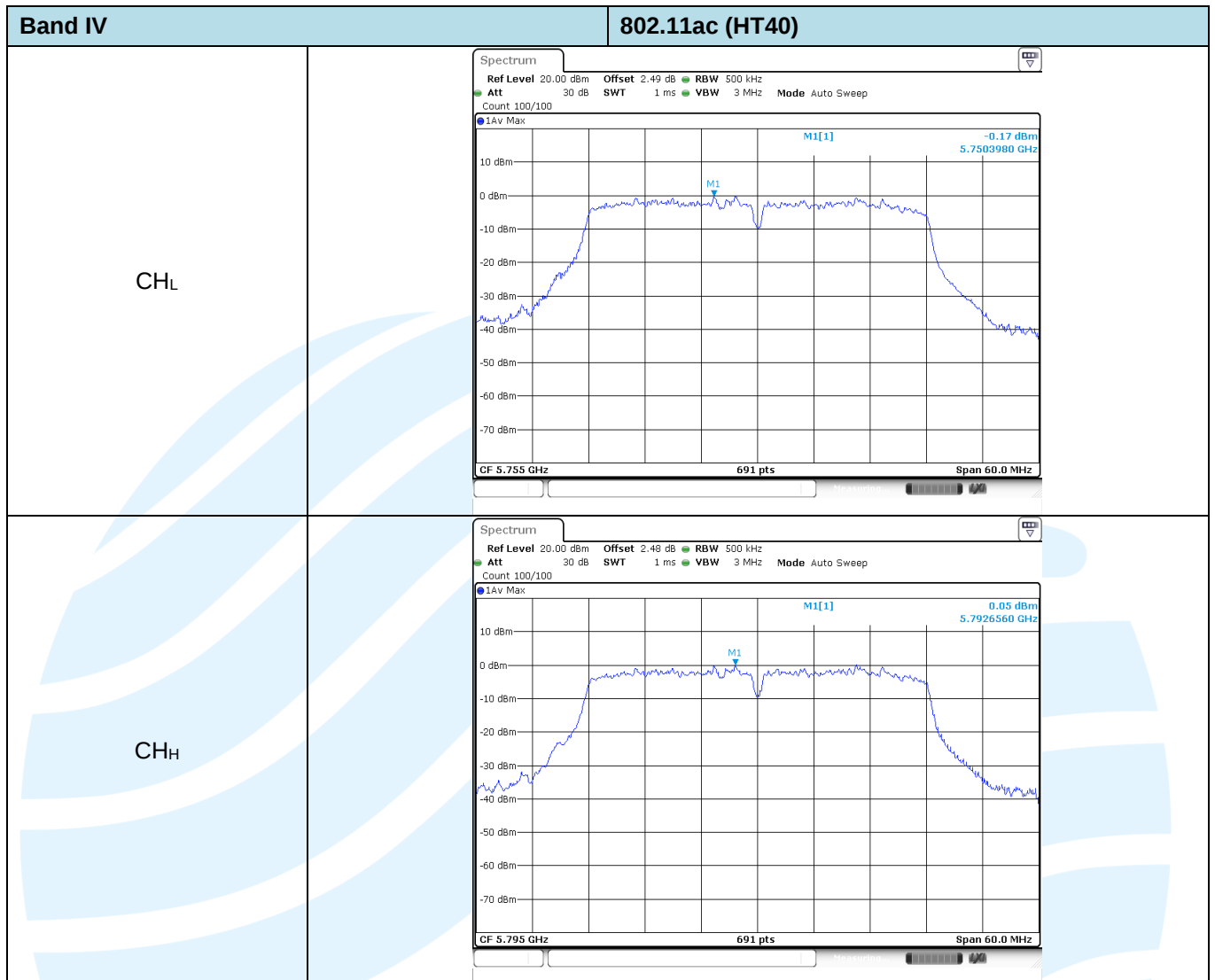


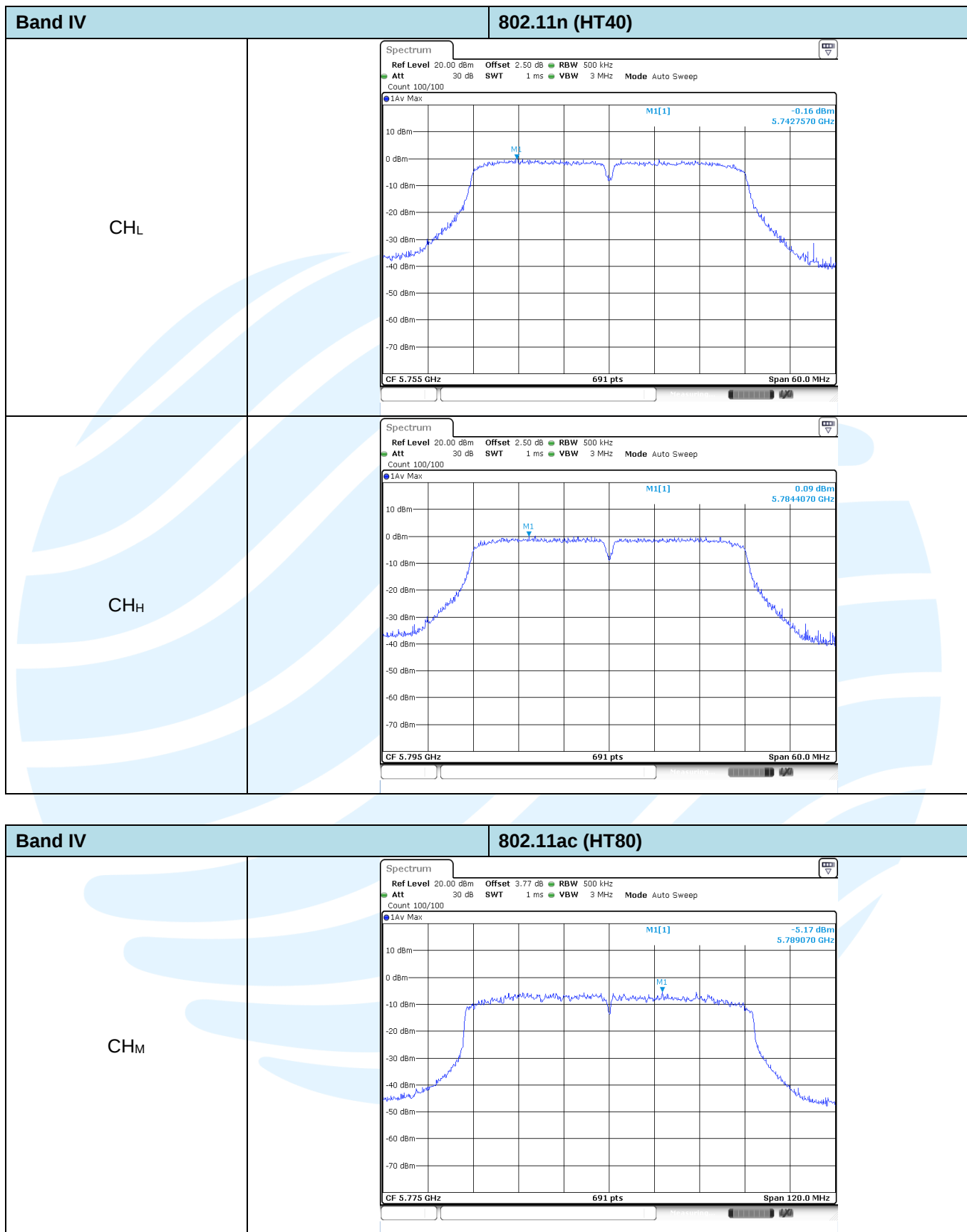










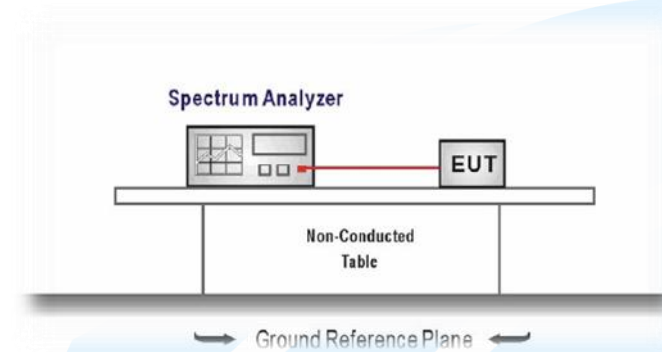


6.5. 26dB bandwidth and 99% Occupy bandwidth

LIMIT

The bandwidth at 26dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating at its maximum duty cycle, at its maximum power control level, as defined in KDB 789033 D02 , and at the appropriate frequencies. The spectrum analyzer's bandwidth measurement function is configured to measure the 26dB bandwidth.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

1. According KDB 789033 D02 – Section C
2. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input.
3. Configure the spectrum analyzer as shown below (enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
Center Frequency = Channel center frequency
Span = 2 x emission bandwidth
RBW = 1% to 5% of the emission bandwidth
VBW > 3 x RBW
Sweep time = auto couple
Detector = Peak
Trace mode = max hold
4. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode, allow the trace to stabilize, view the transmitter wave form on the spectrum analyzer.
5. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission, and use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument

TEST MODE:

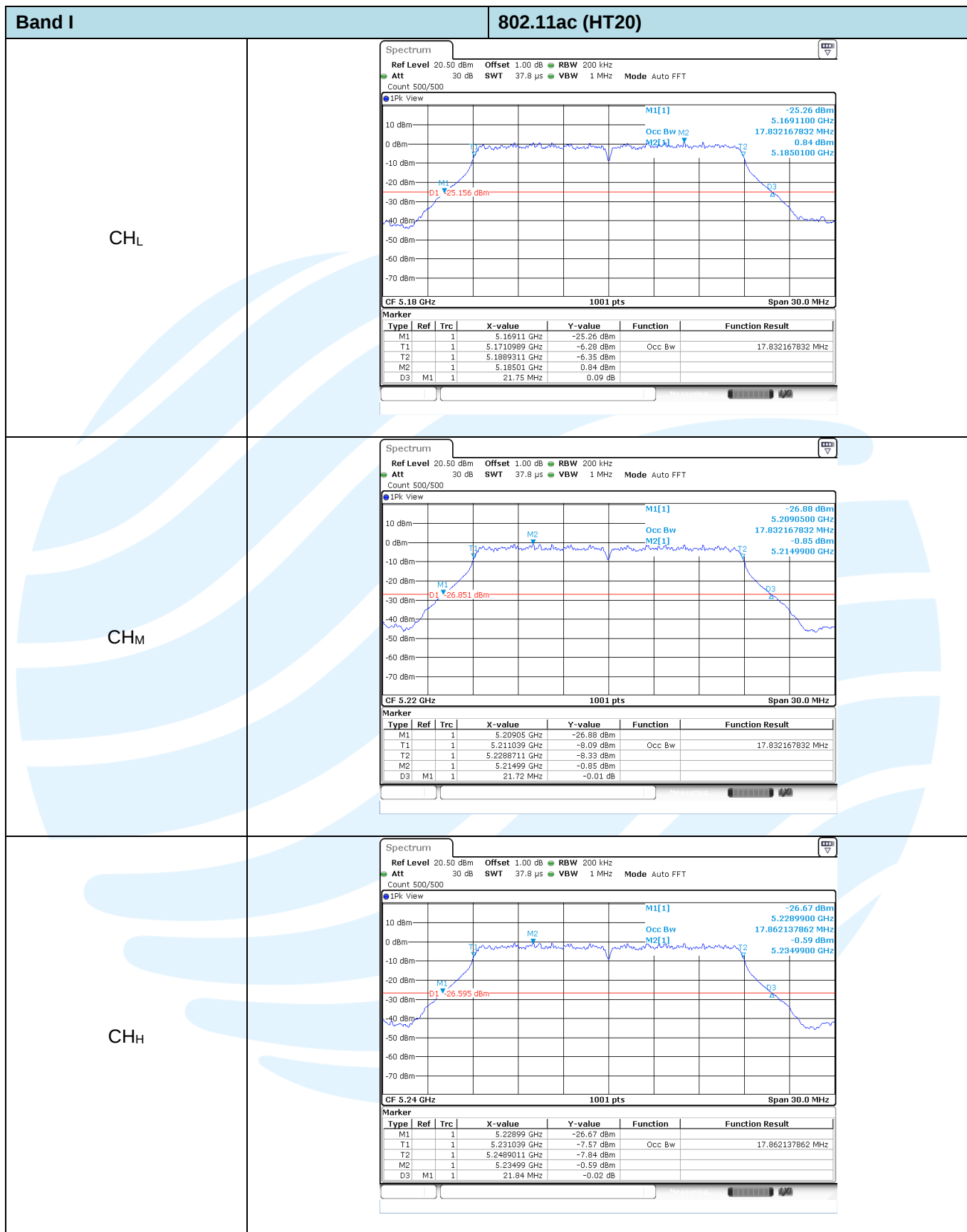
Please refer to the clause 3.3

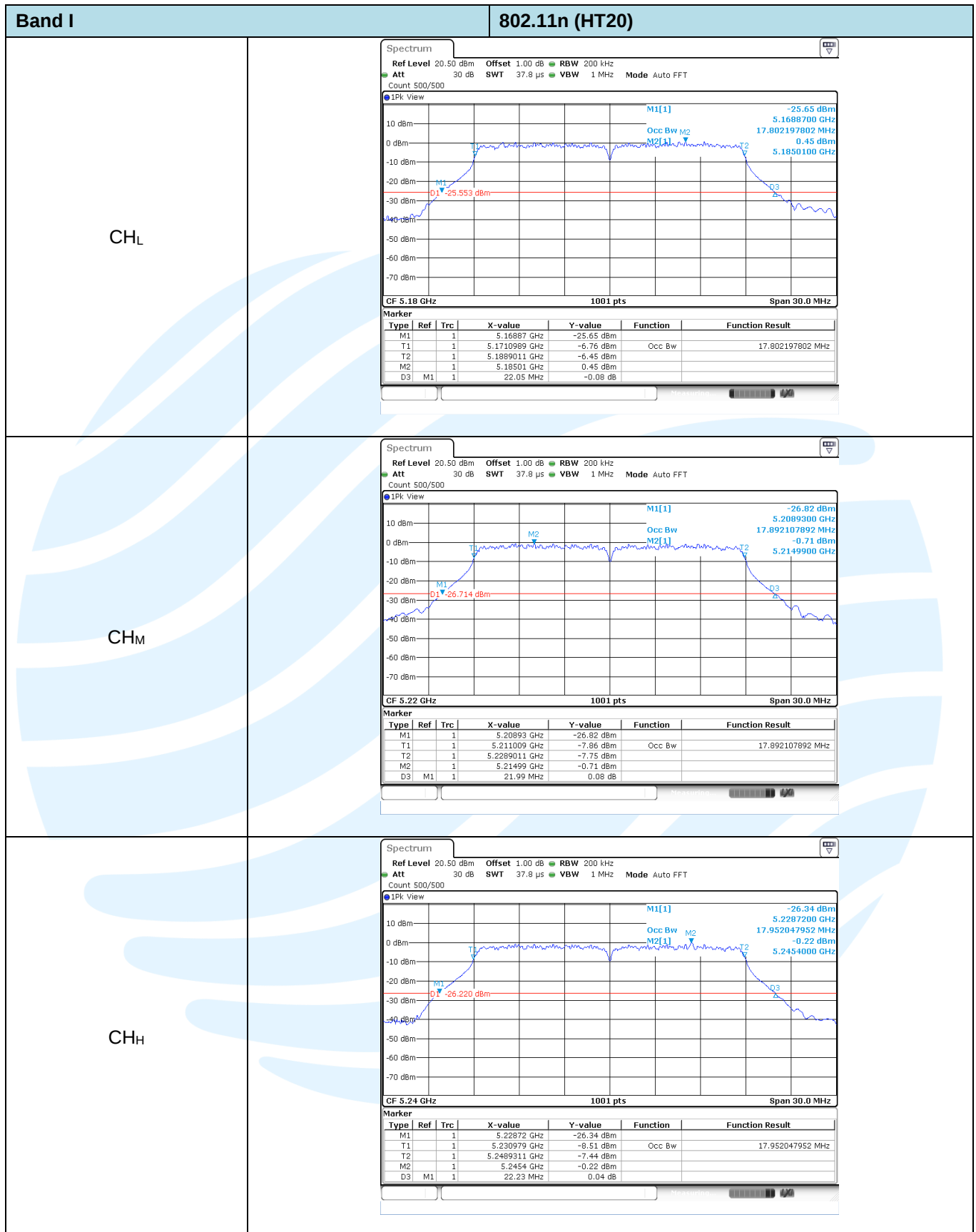
TEST RESULTS

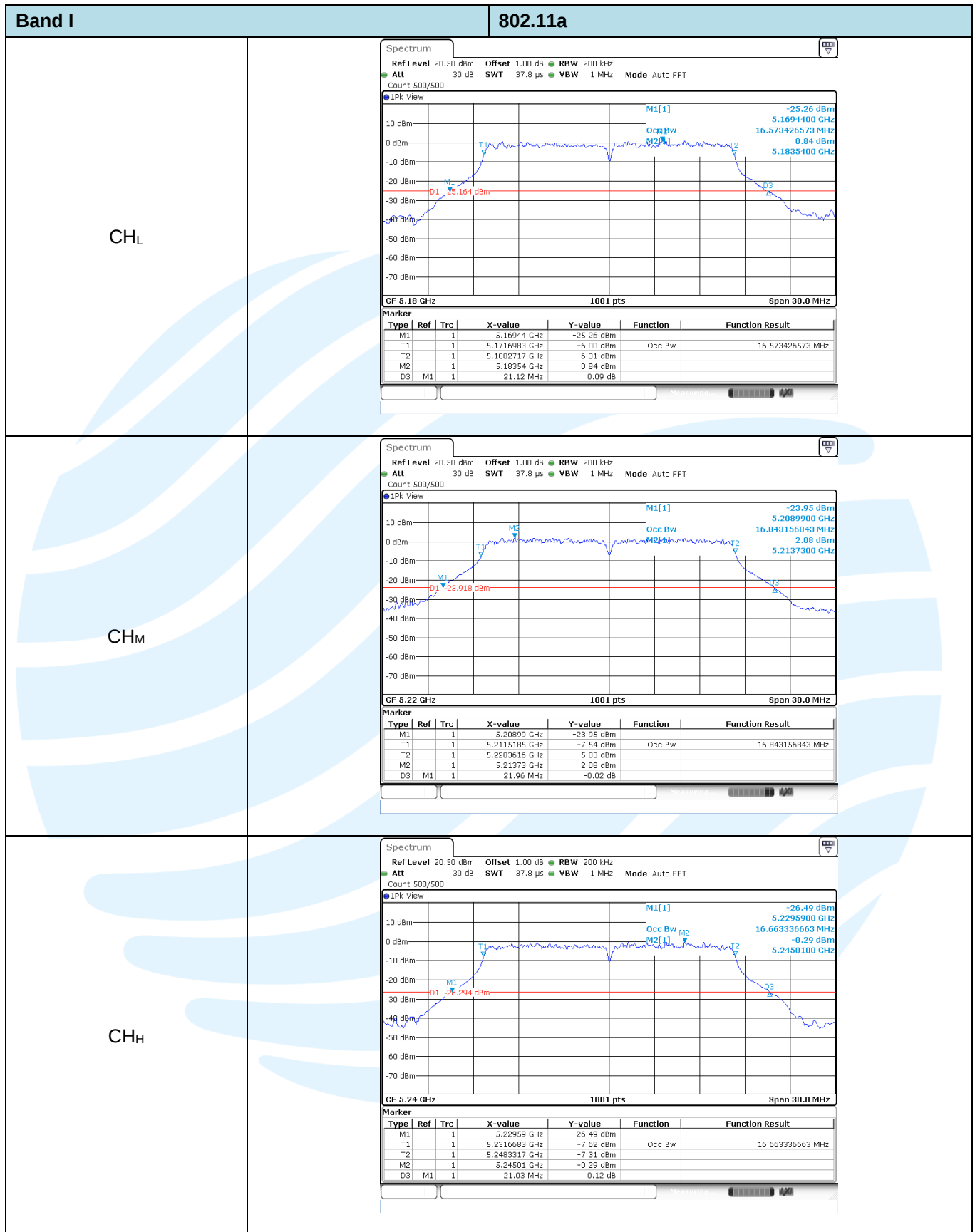
☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

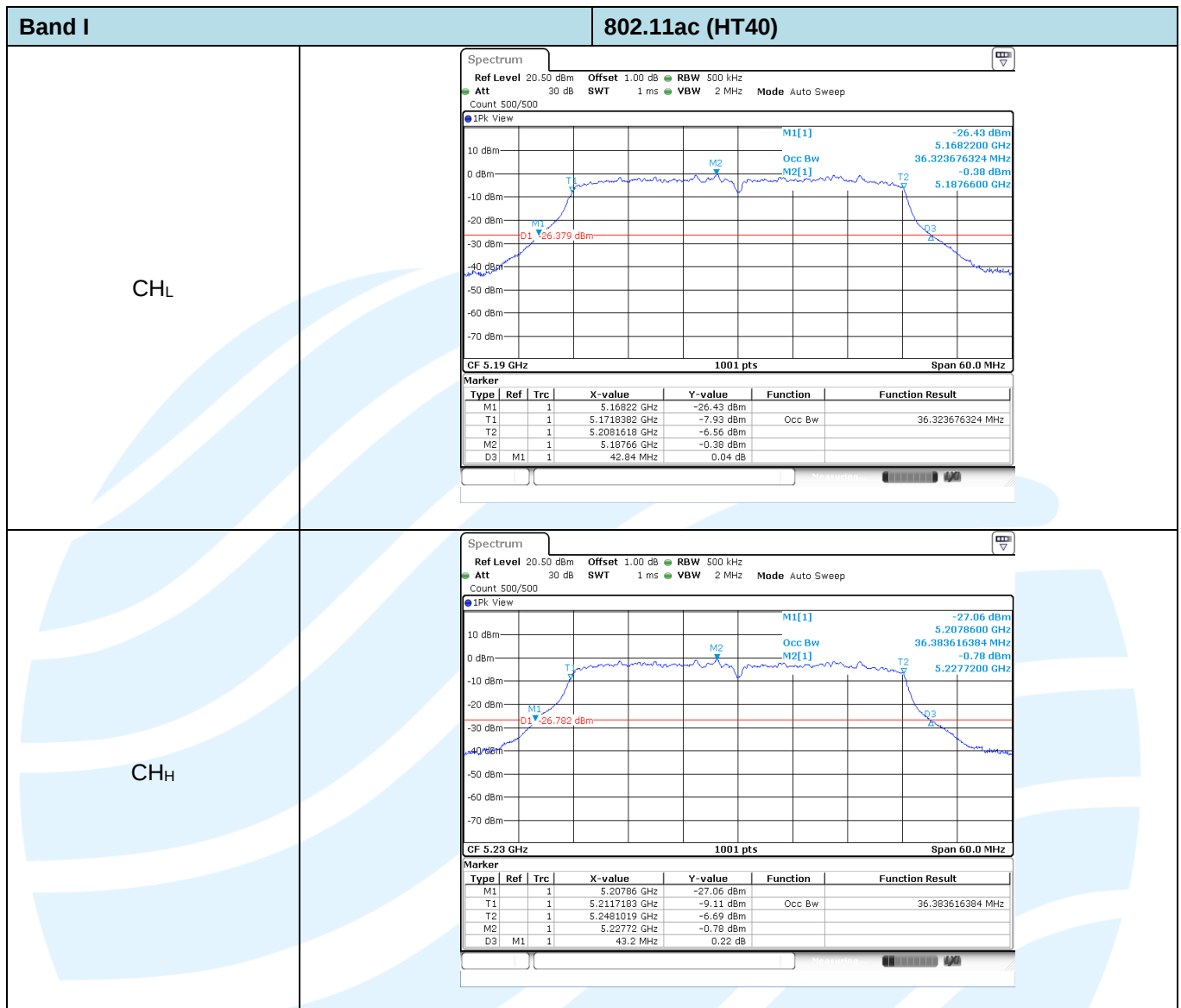
Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Type	Channel	99% Occupy bandwidth (MHz)	26dB bandwidth (MHz)	Result
I	20	802.11ac	CH _L	17.83	21.75	Pass
			CH _M	17.83	21.72	
			CH _H	17.86	21.84	
		802.11n	CH _L	17.80	22.05	Pass
			CH _M	17.89	21.99	
			CH _H	17.95	22.23	
		802.11a	CH _L	16.57	21.12	Pass
			CH _M	16.84	21.96	
			CH _H	16.66	21.03	
	40	802.11ac	CH _L	36.32	42.84	Pass
			CH _H	36.38	43.20	
		802.11n	CH _L	36.32	44.28	Pass
			CH _H	36.38	44.94	
	80	802.11ac	CH _M	74.69	86.28	Pass
II	20	802.11ac	CH _L	17.80	21.78	Pass
			CH _M	17.86	21.75	
			CH _H	17.83	21.87	
		802.11n	CH _L	17.83	22.23	Pass
			CH _M	17.92	22.29	
			CH _H	17.89	22.38	
		802.11a	CH _L	16.84	21.84	Pass
			CH _M	16.78	21.96	
			CH _H	16.78	22.14	
	40	802.11ac	CH _L	36.32	43.14	Pass
			CH _H	36.38	43.14	
		802.11n	CH _L	36.32	44.04	Pass
			CH _H	36.44	44.64	
	80	802.11ac	CH _M	74.81	86.52	Pass

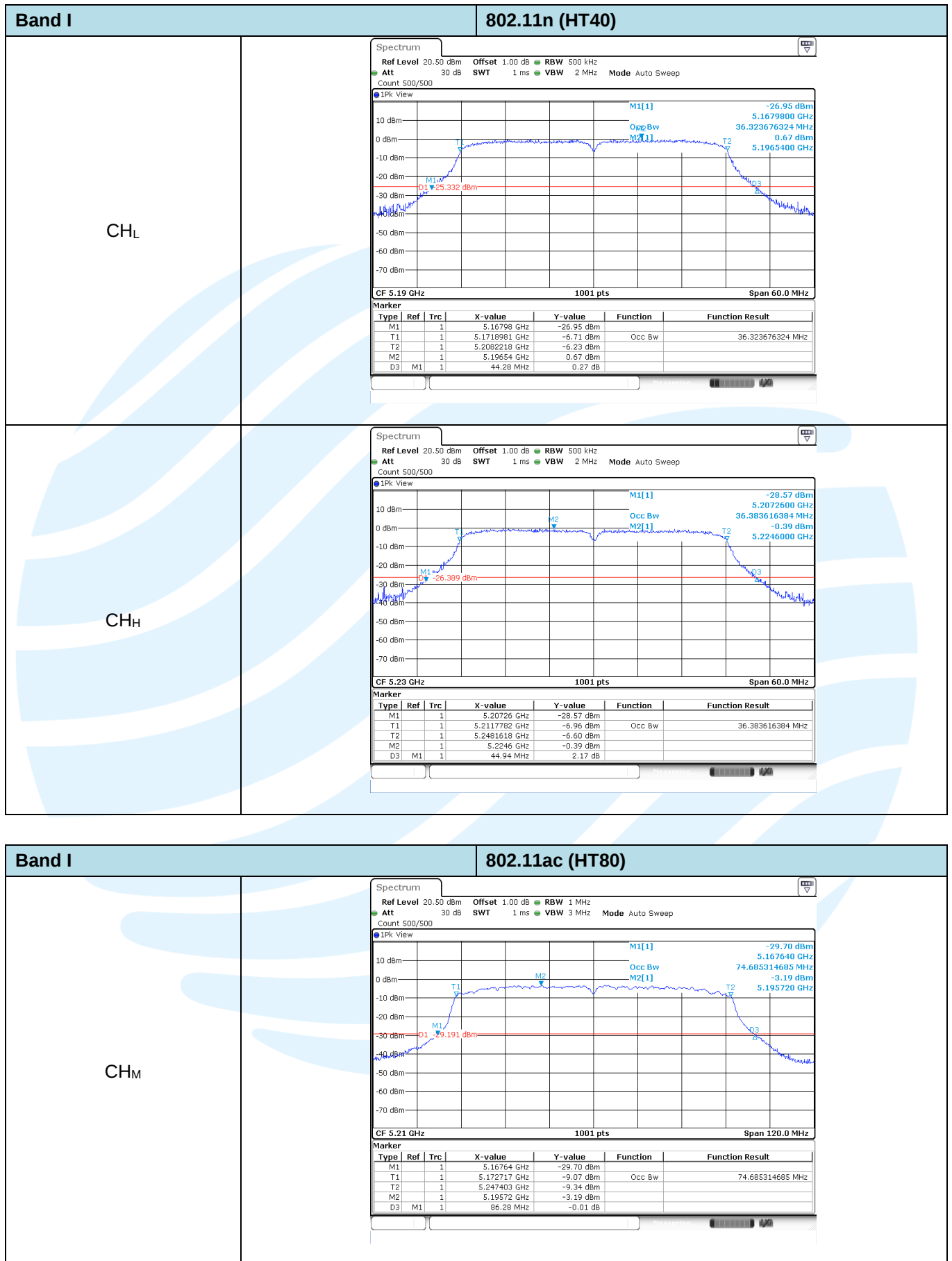
Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Type	Channel	99% Occupy bandwidth (MHz)	26dB bandwidth (MHz)	Result
III	20	802.11ac	CH _L	17.86	21.87	Pass
			CH _M	17.86	21.90	
			CH _H	17.86	21.87	
		802.11n	CH _L	17.86	22.23	Pass
			CH _M	17.89	22.32	
			CH _H	18.01	22.56	
		802.11a	CH _L	16.87	21.84	Pass
			CH _M	16.90	22.08	
			CH _H	16.93	22.17	
	40	802.11ac	CH _L	36.44	43.26	Pass
			CH _M	36.48	43.29	
			CH _H	36.38	43.14	
		802.11n	CH _L	36.44	45.24	Pass
			CH _M	36.38	45.96	
			CH _H	36.32	44.28	
	80	802.11ac	CH _L	74.81	86.40	Pass
			CH _M	74.81	86.28	
			CH _H	74.93	87.00	

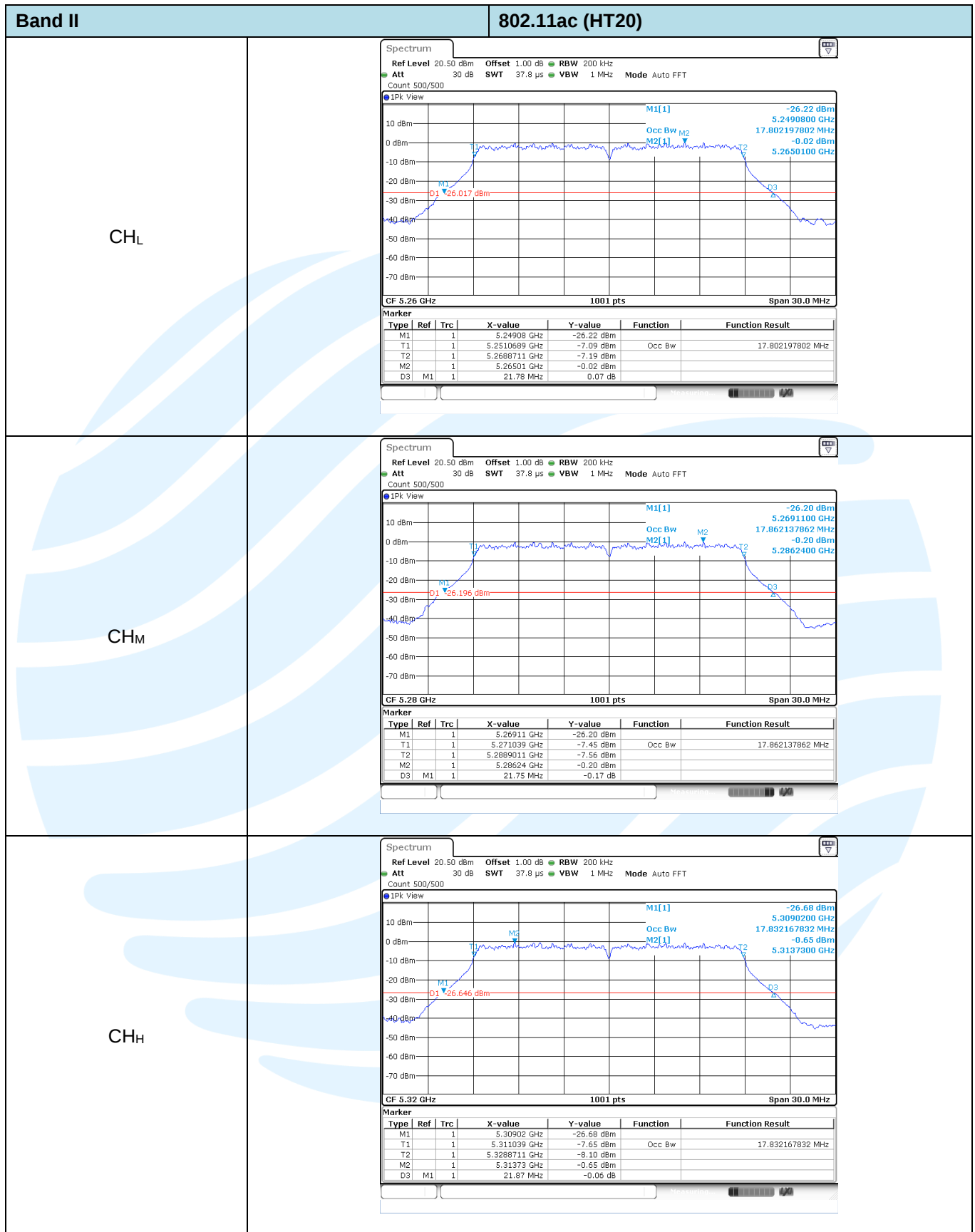


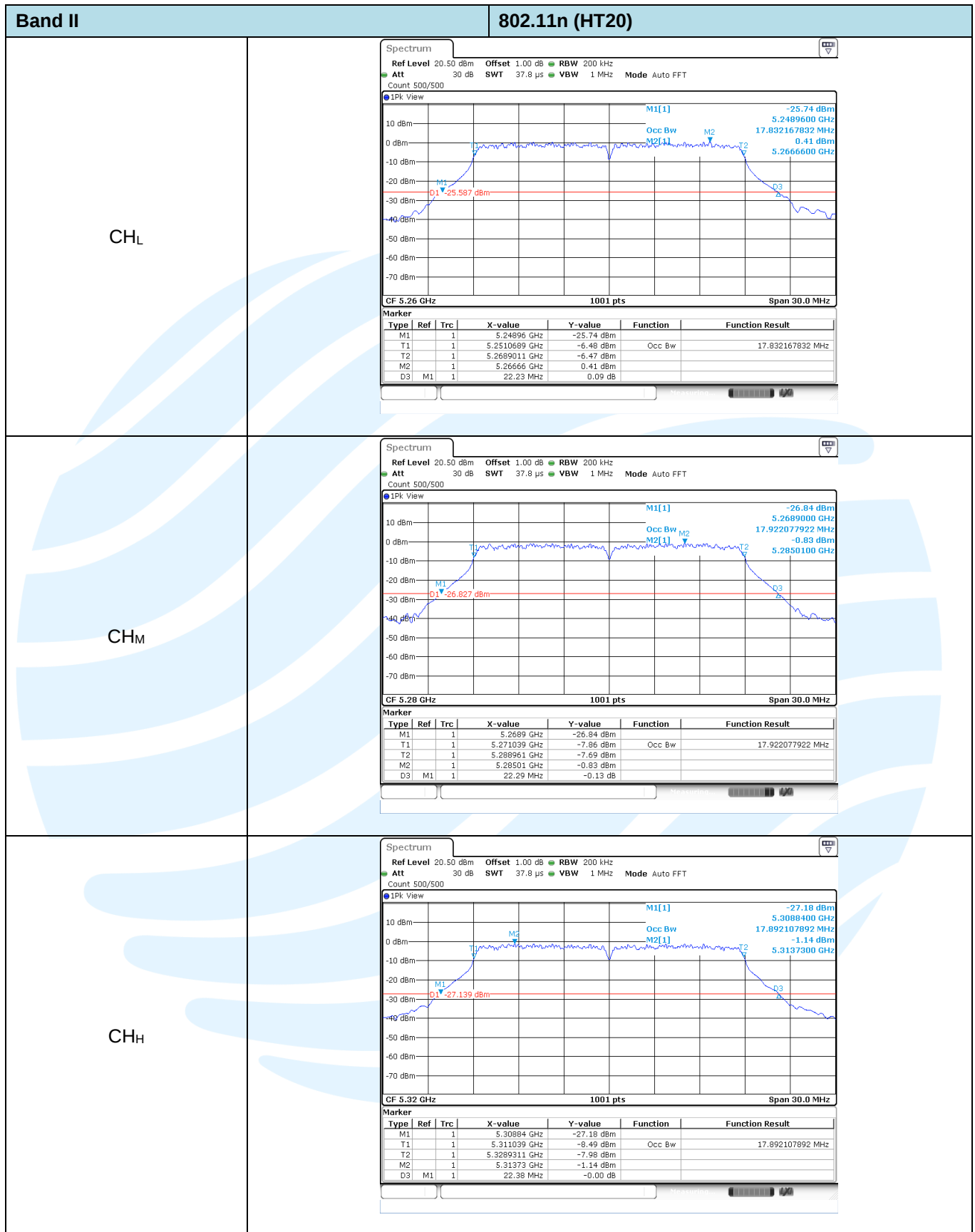


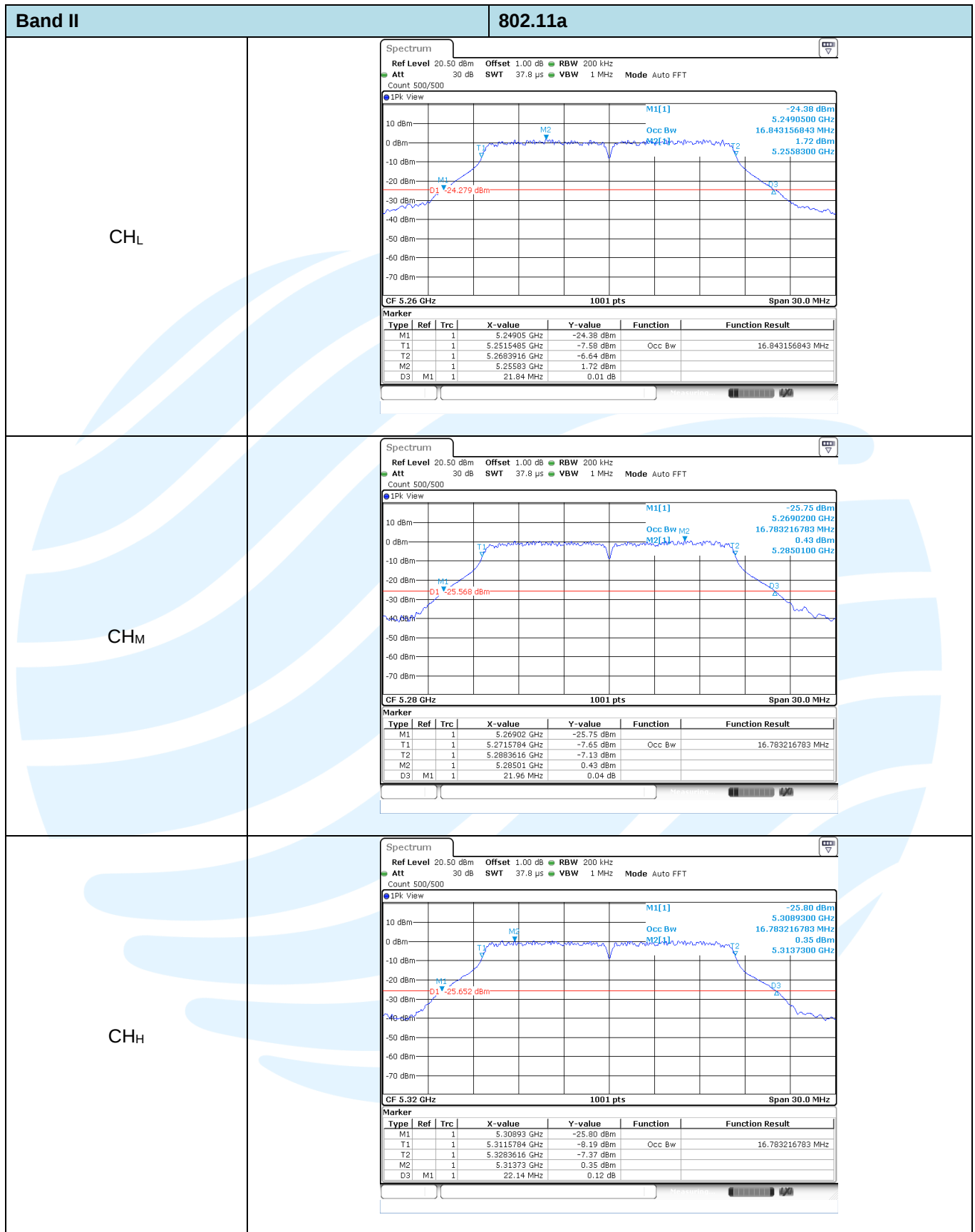


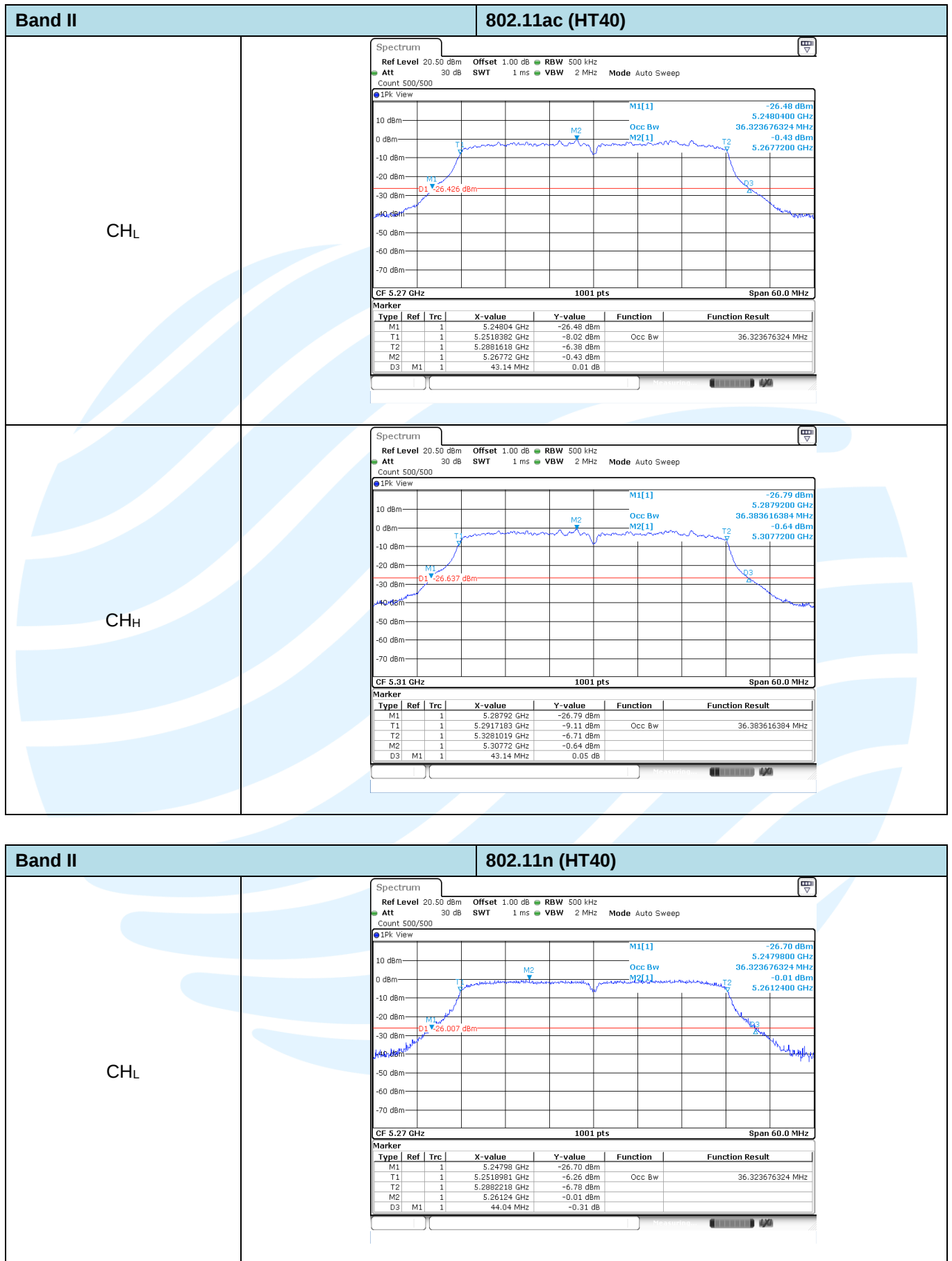


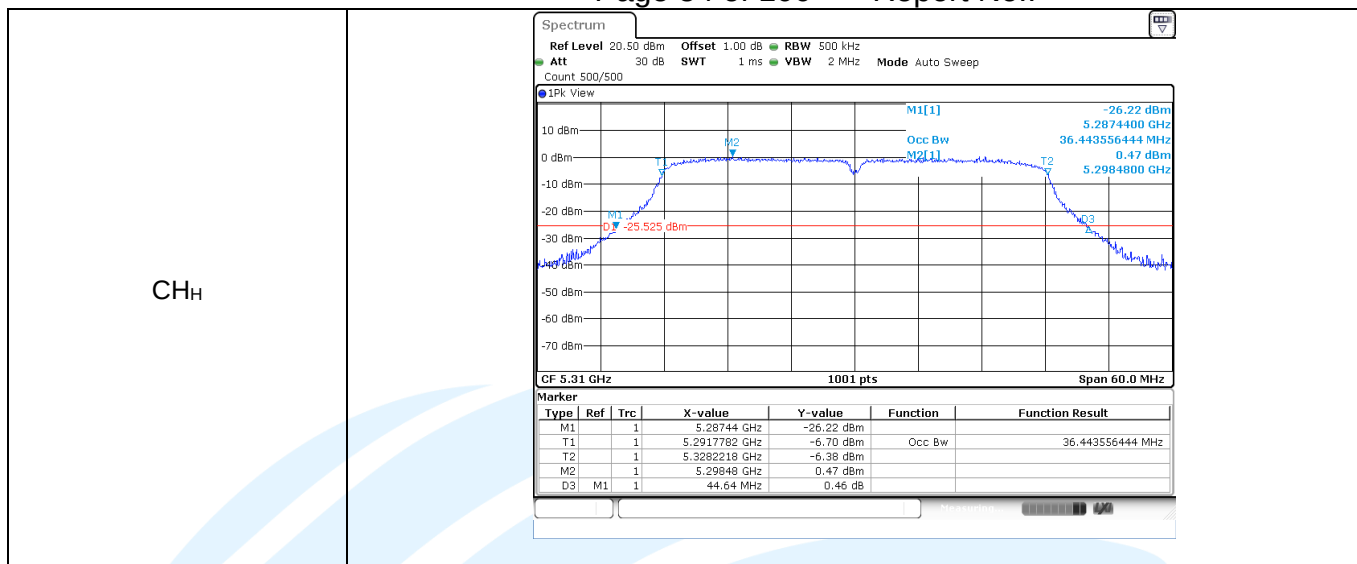


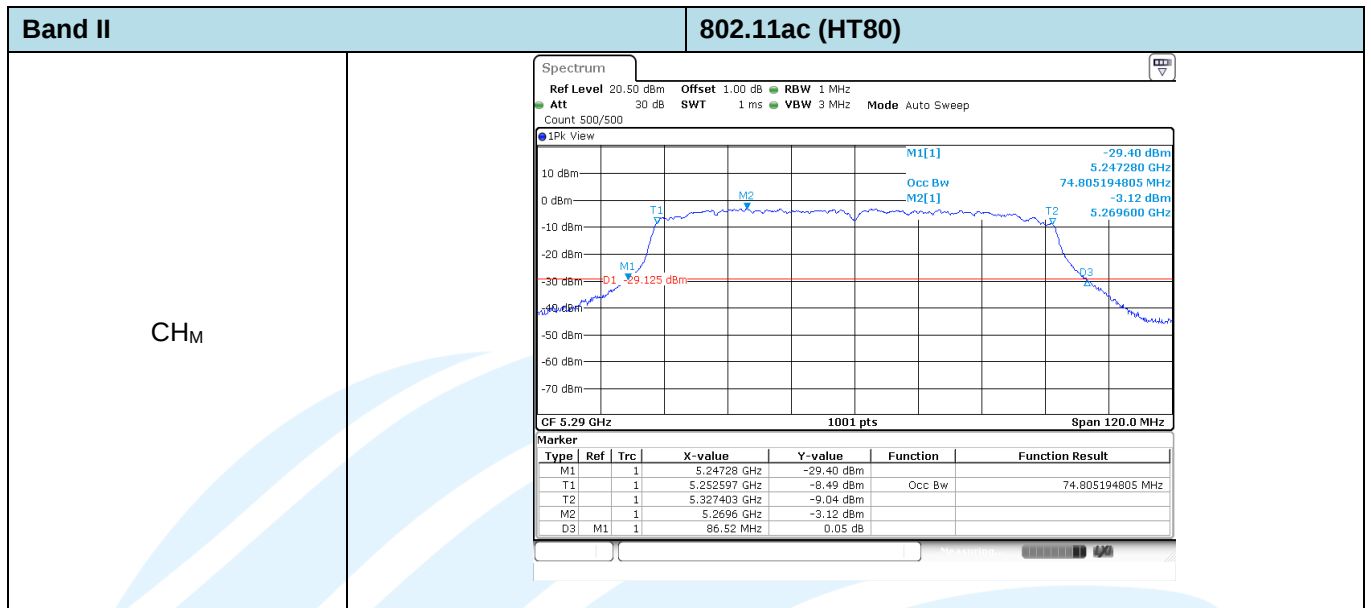


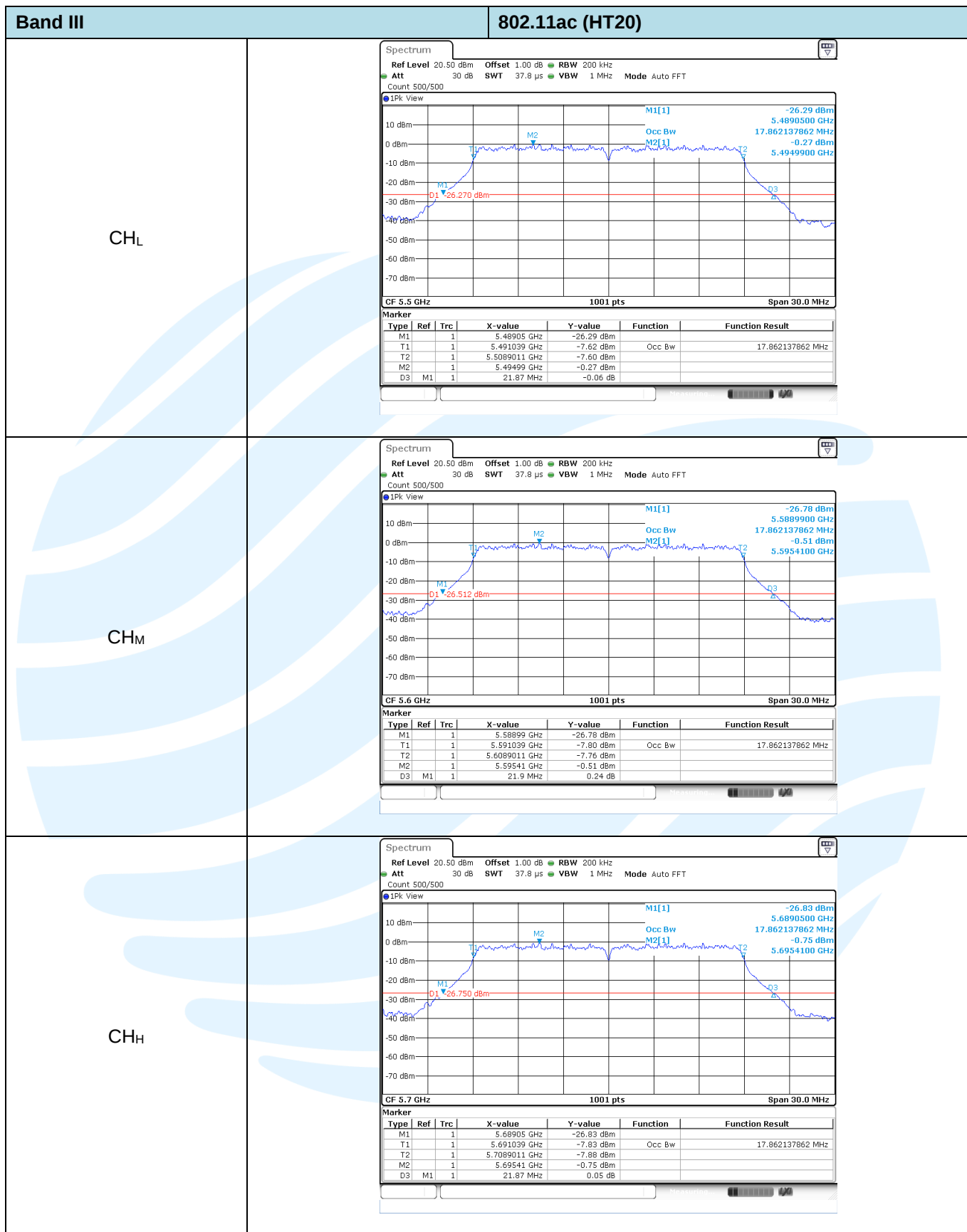


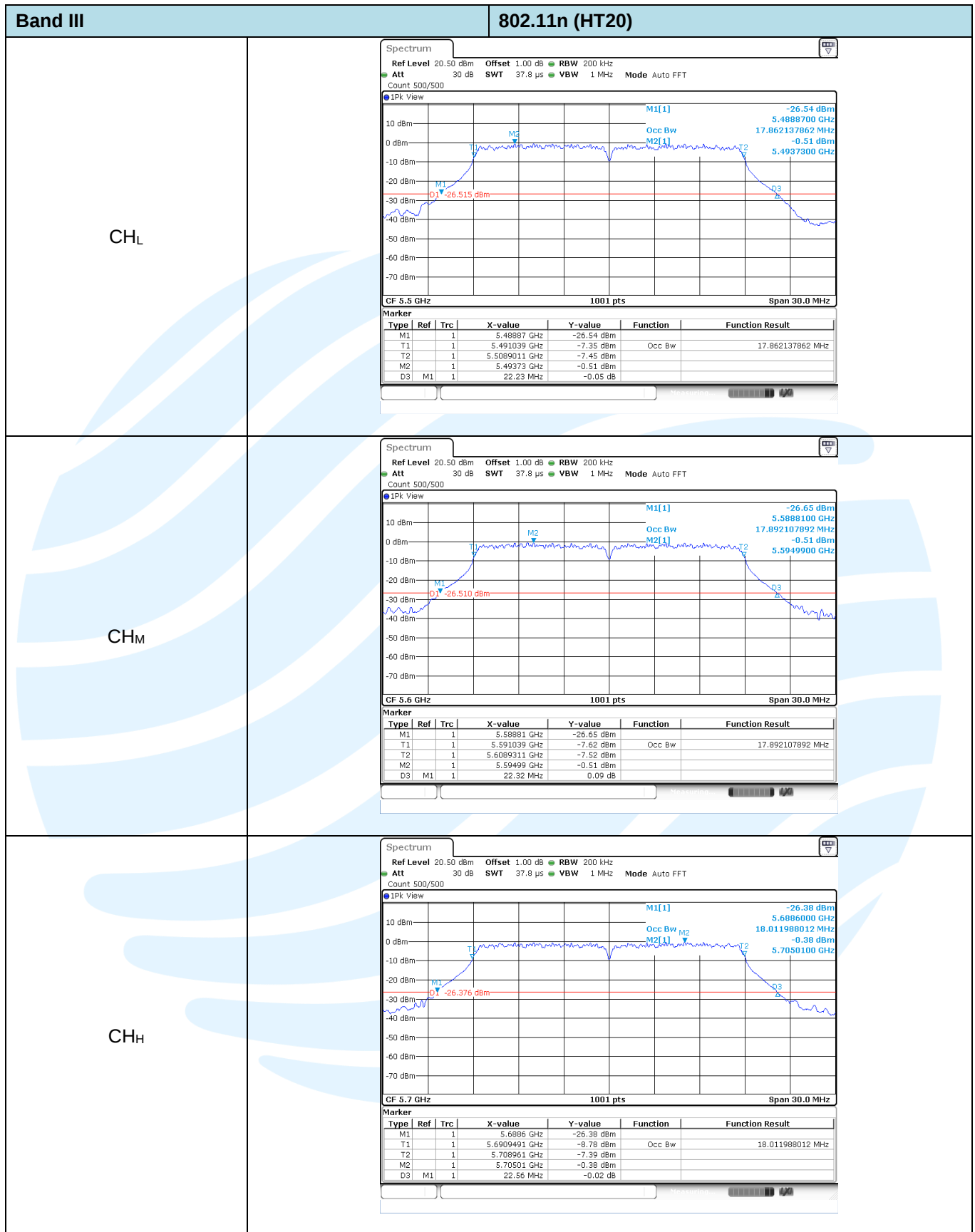


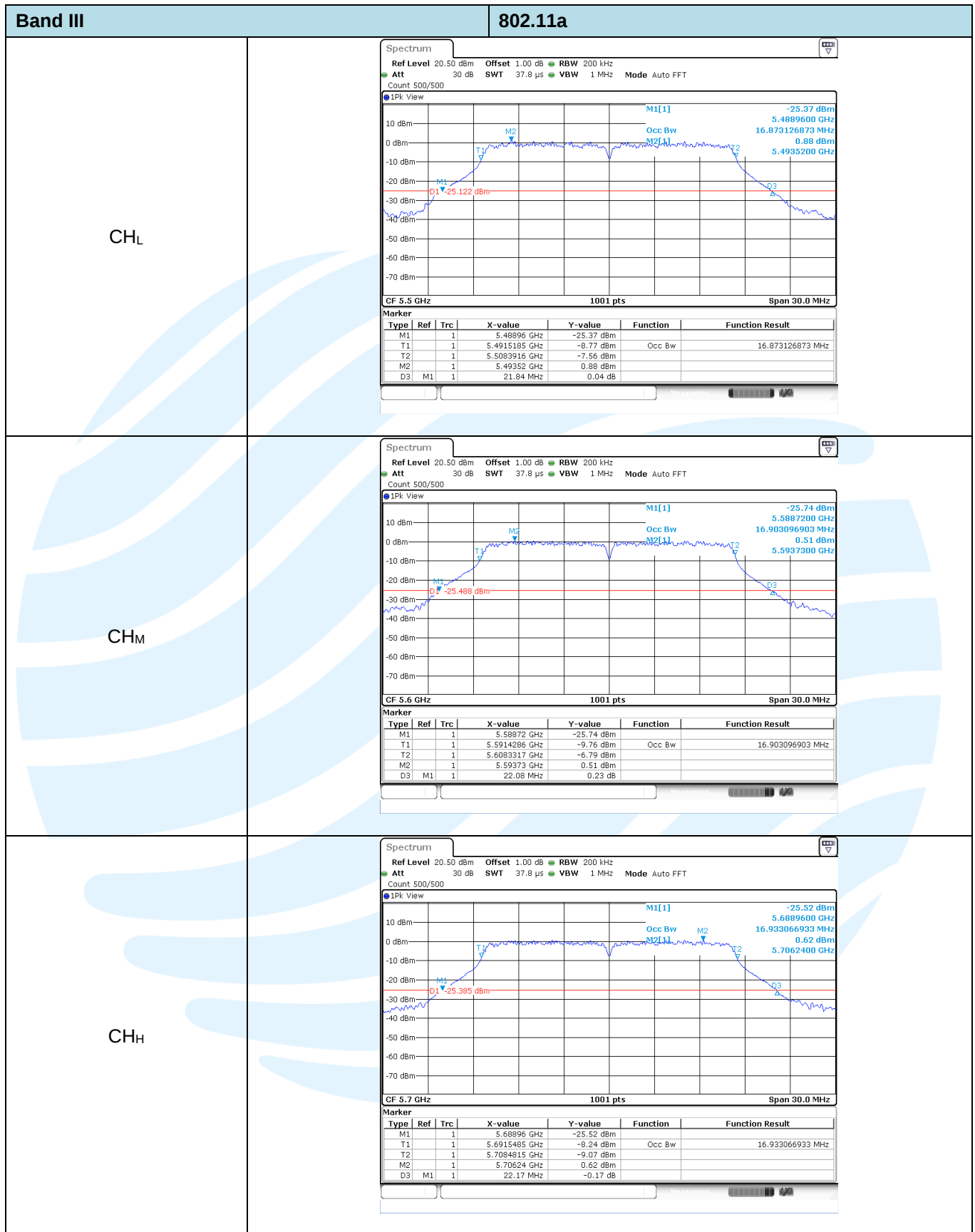


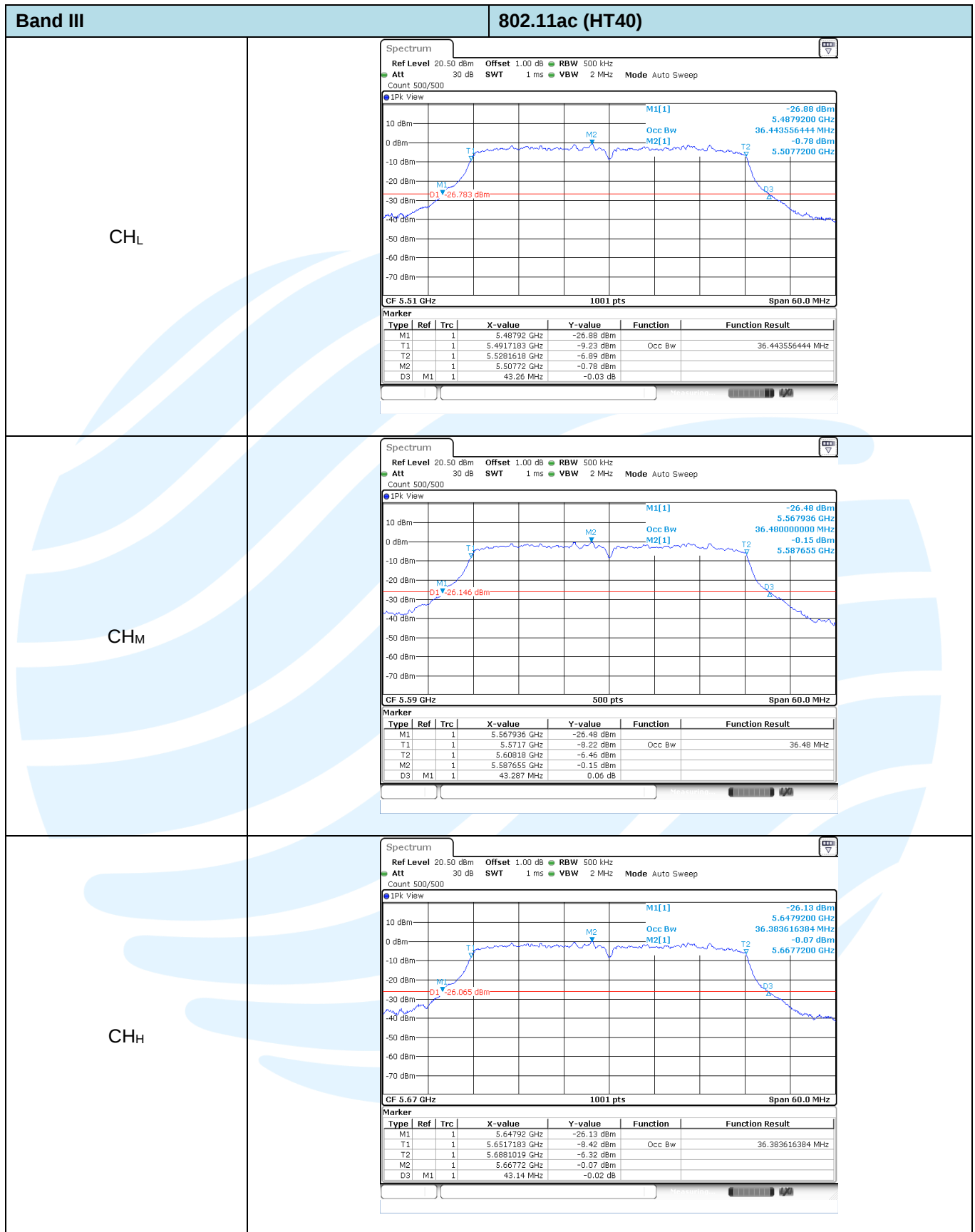


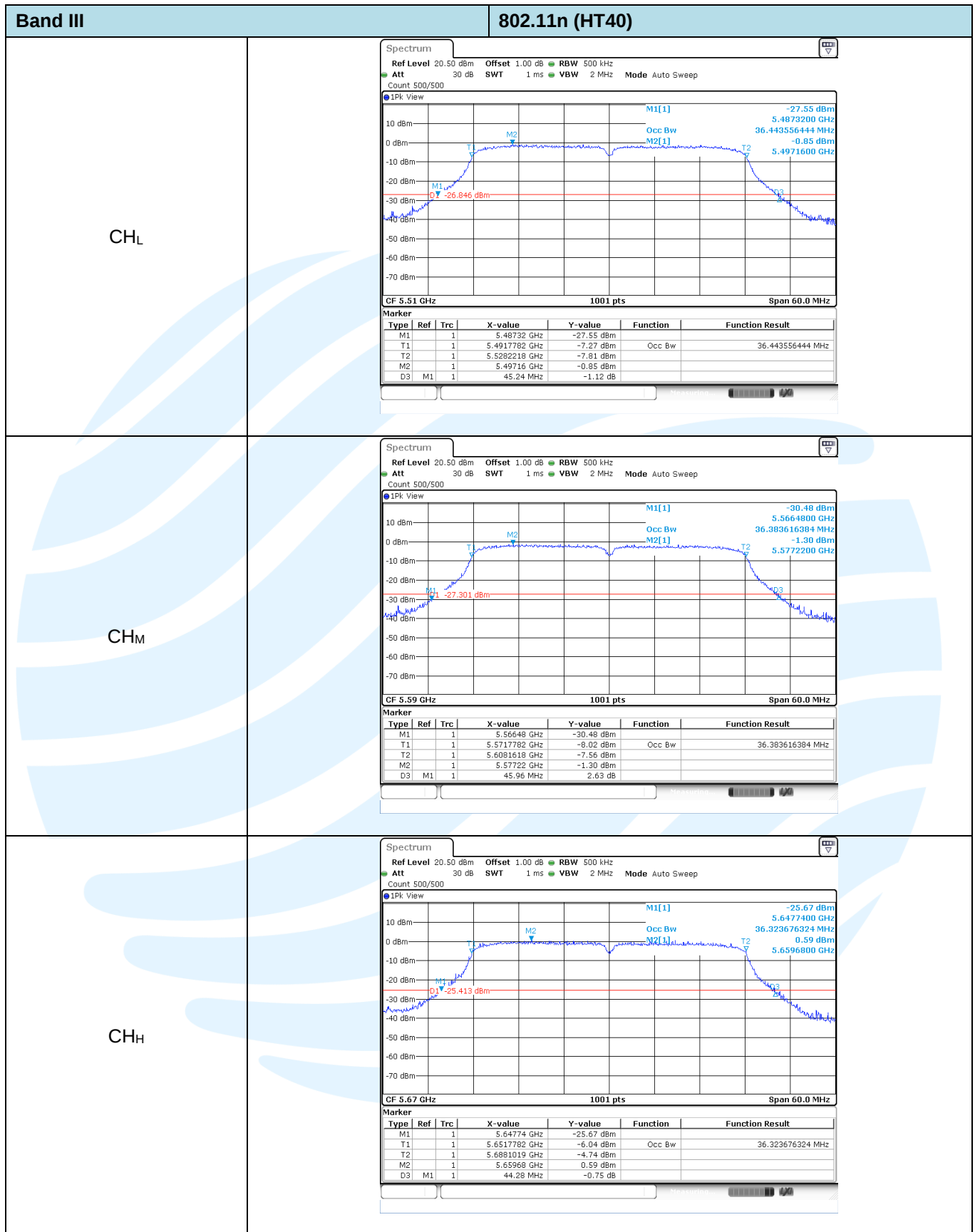


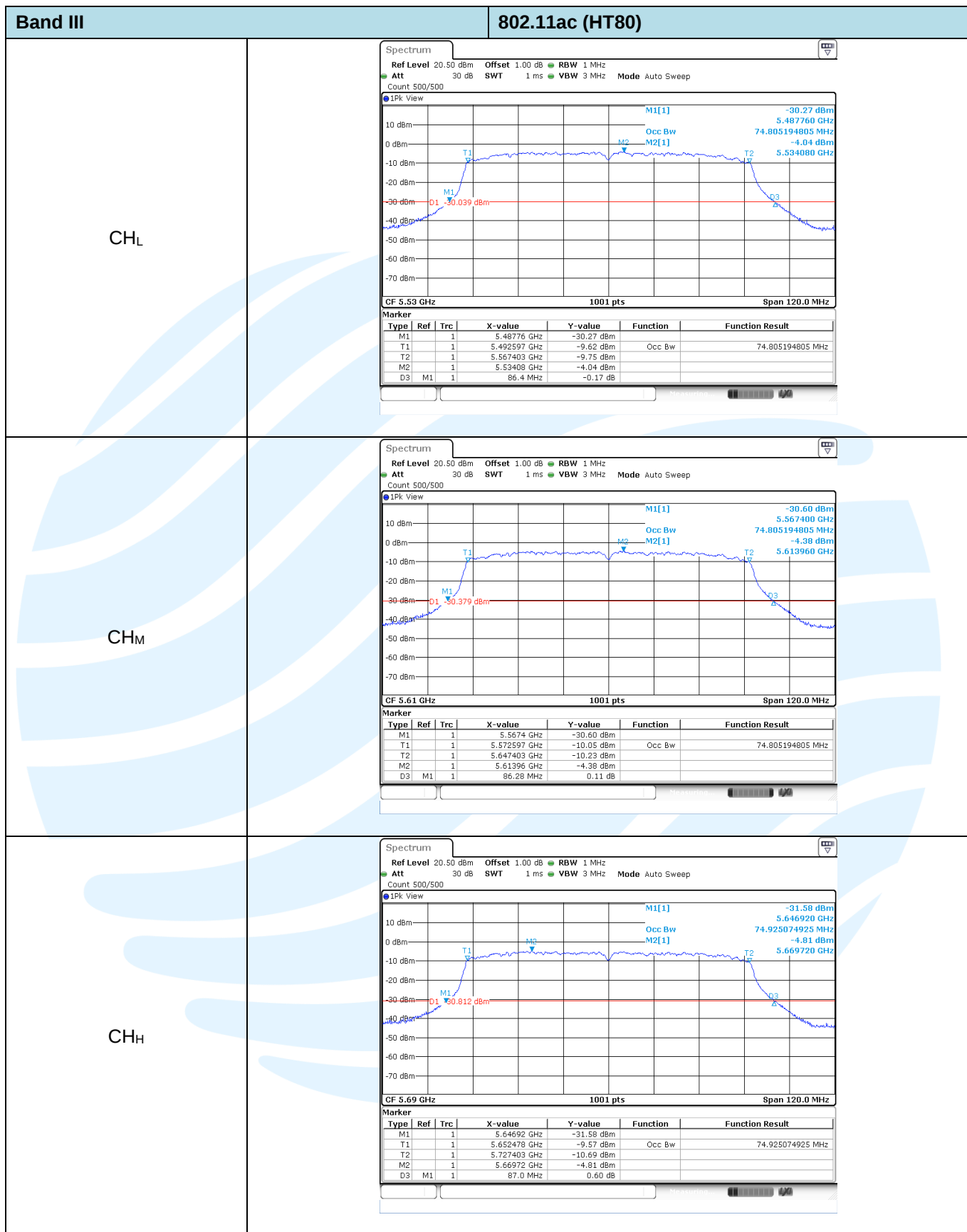












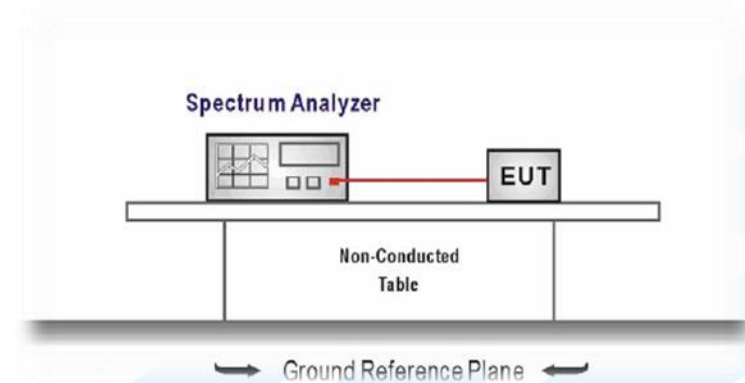
6.6. 6dB Bandwidth

LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407(e)

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input.
2. Configure the spectrum analyzer as shown below (enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
Center Frequency = test channel center frequency
Span = 2 x emission bandwidth
RBW = 100 kHz, VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
Sweep time = auto couple
Detector = Peak
Trace mode = max hold
3. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode, allow the trace to stabilize, view the transmitter wave form on the spectrum analyzer.
4. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission, and record the pertinent measurements.

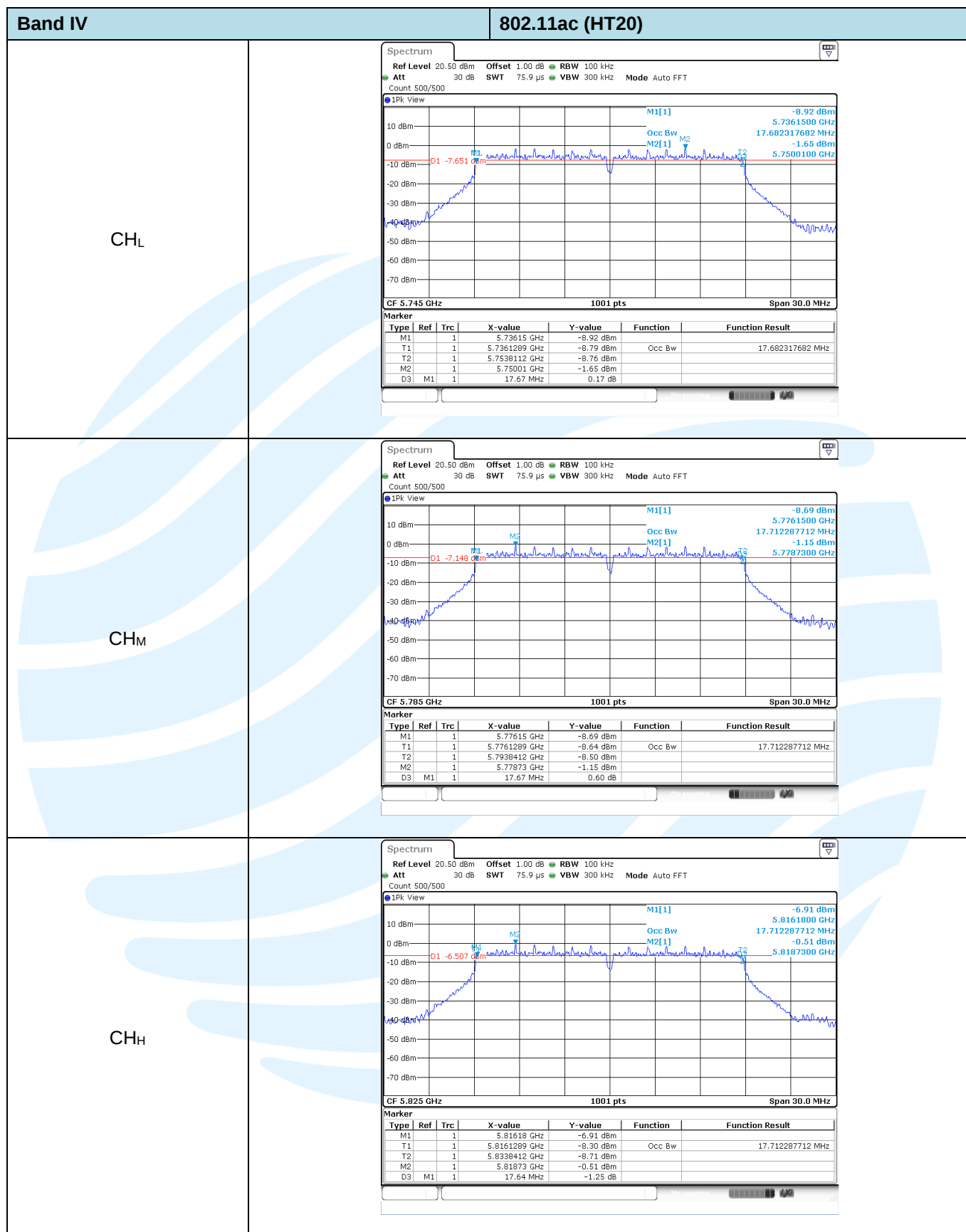
TEST MODE:

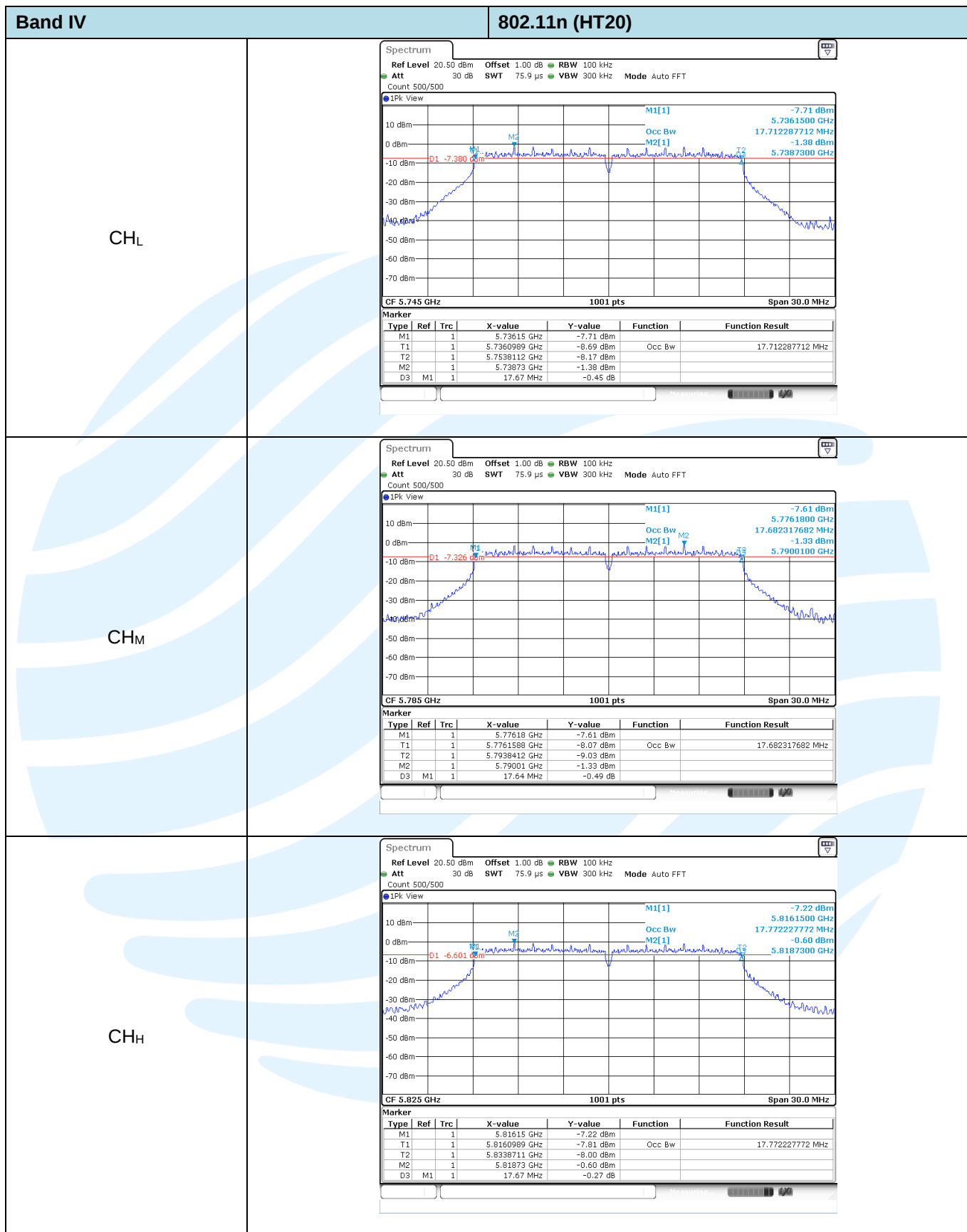
Please refer to the clause 3.3

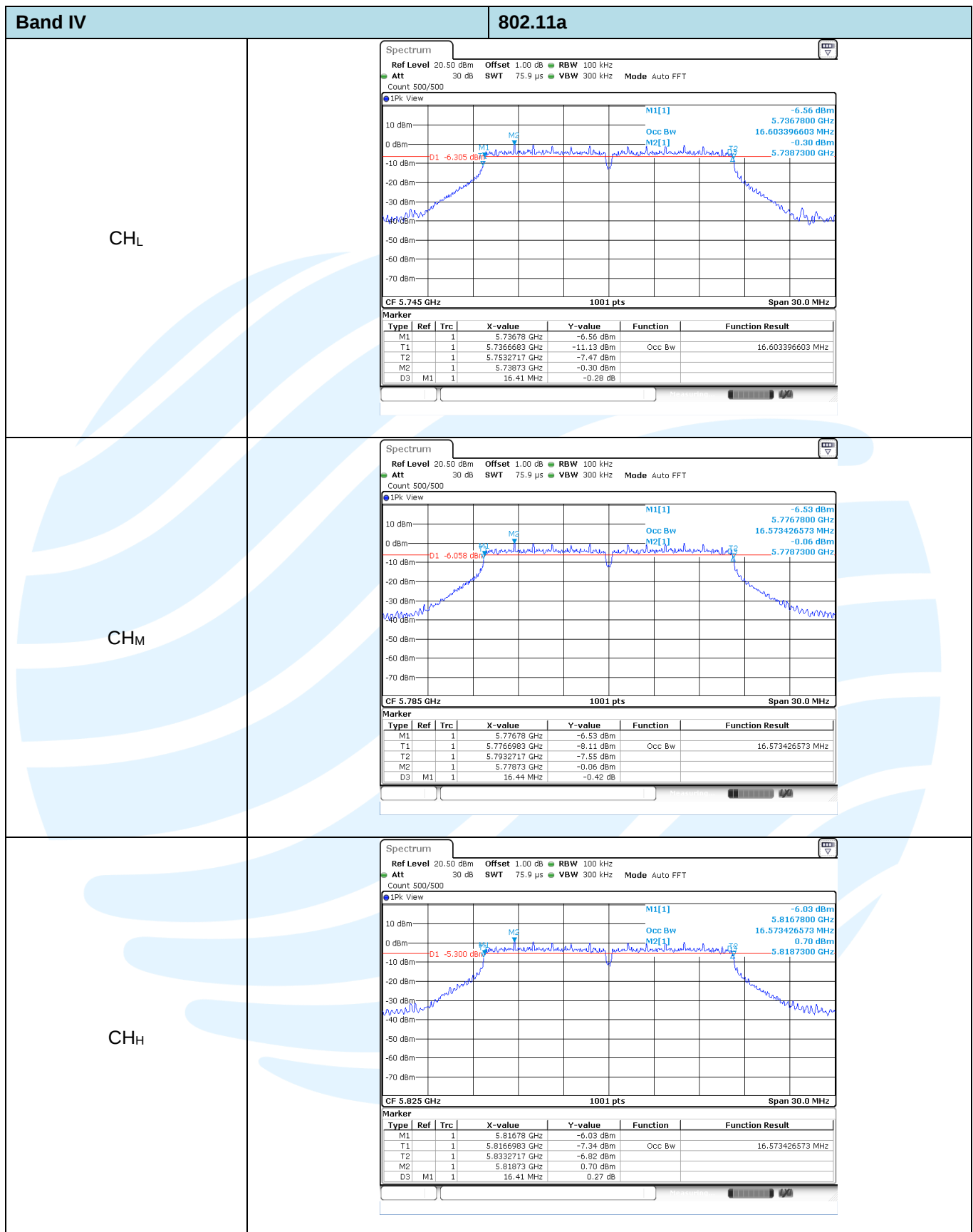
TEST RESULTS

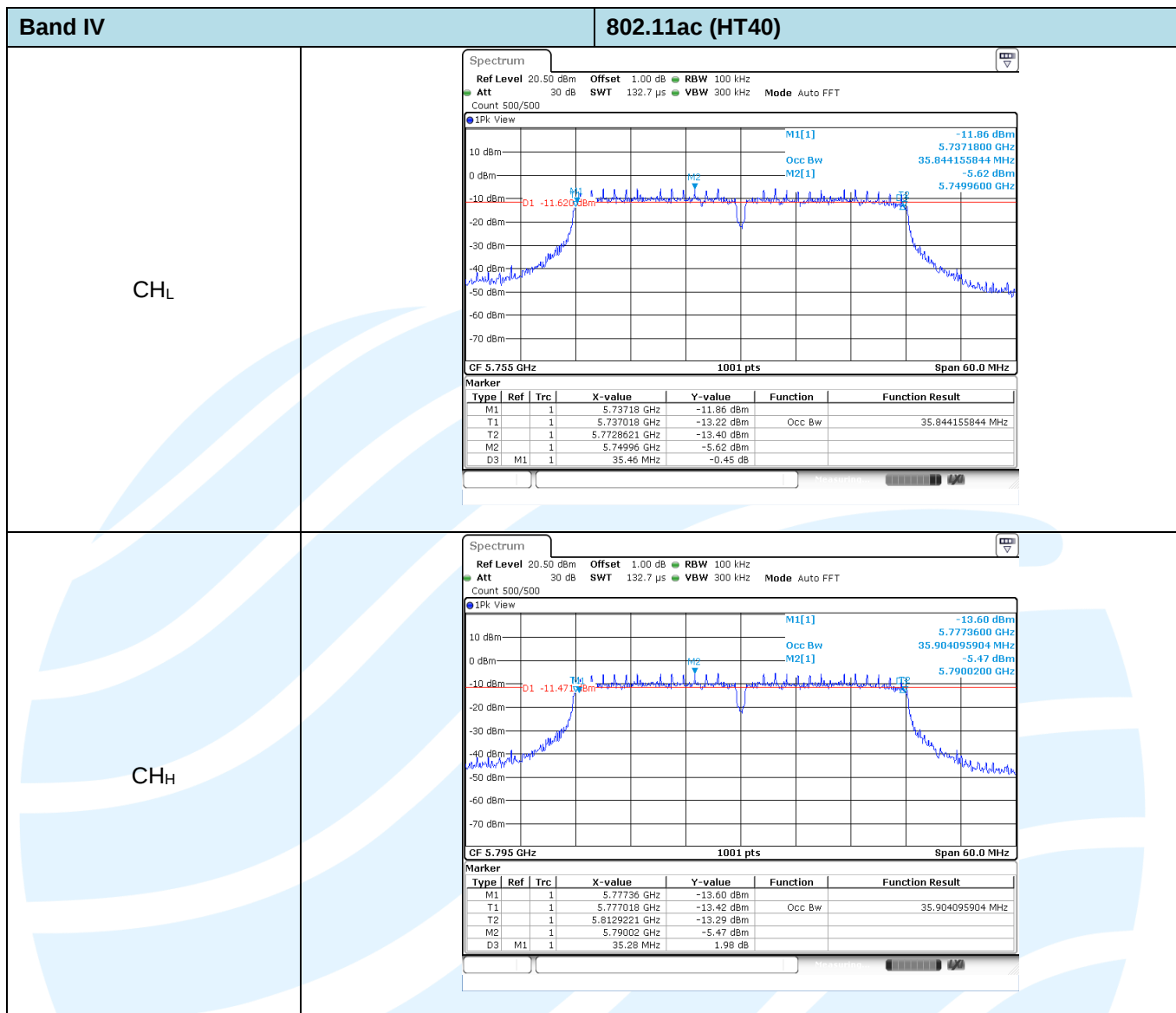
☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

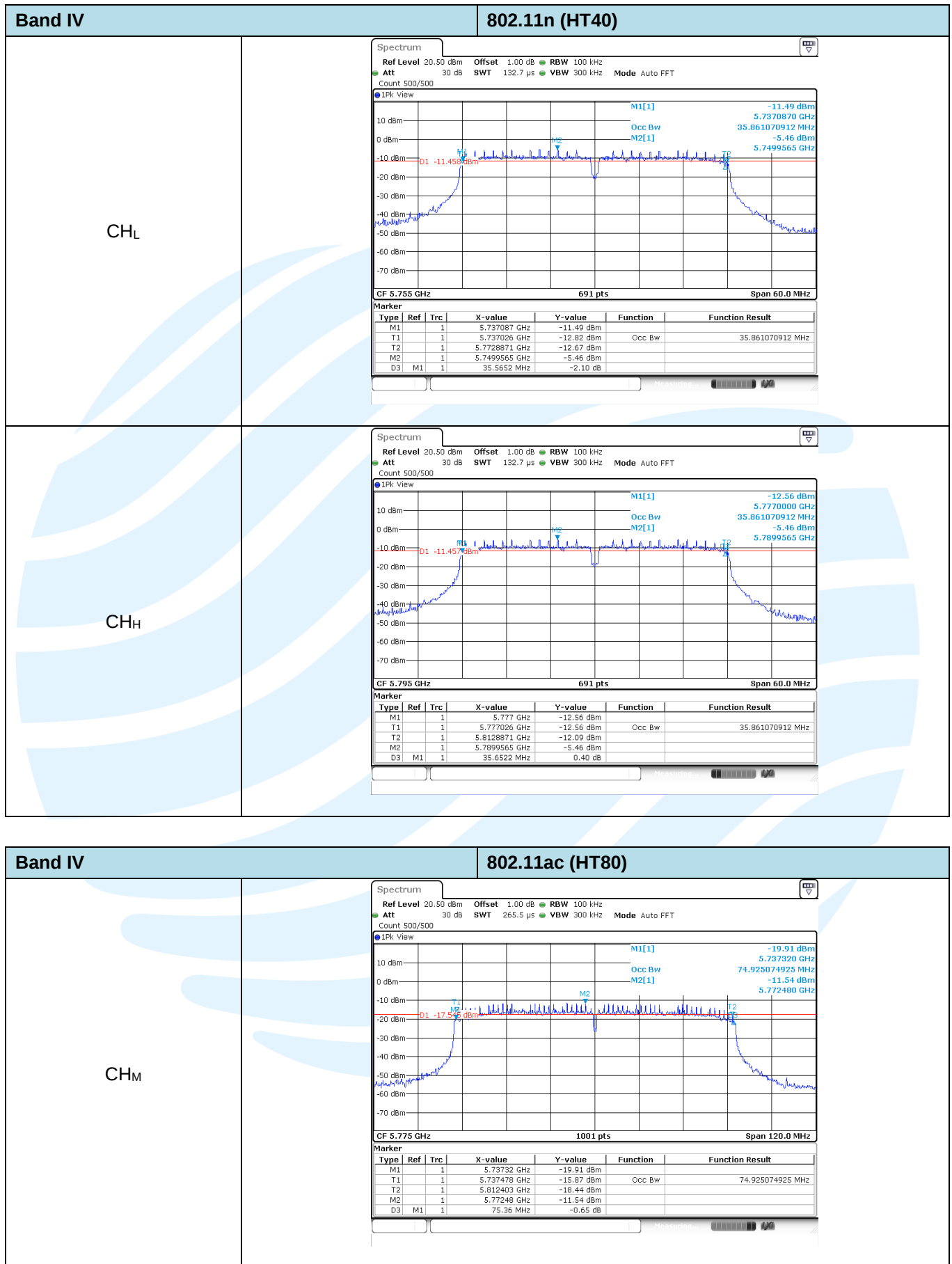
Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Type	Channel	6dB bandwidth (MHz)	99% Occupy bandwidth (MHz)	Result
IV	20	802.11ac	CH _L	17.67	17.68	Pass
			CH _M	17.67	17.71	
			CH _H	17.64	17.71	
		802.11n	CH _L	17.67	17.71	Pass
			CH _M	17.64	17.68	
			CH _H	17.67	17.77	
		802.11a	CH _L	16.41	16.60	Pass
			CH _M	16.44	16.57	
			CH _H	16.41	16.57	
	40	802.11ac	CH _L	35.46	35.84	Pass
			CH _H	35.28	35.90	
		802.11n	CH _L	35.57	35.86	Pass
			CH _H	35.65	35.86	
	80	802.11ac	CH _M	75.36	74.93	Pass











6.7. Band edge

LIMIT

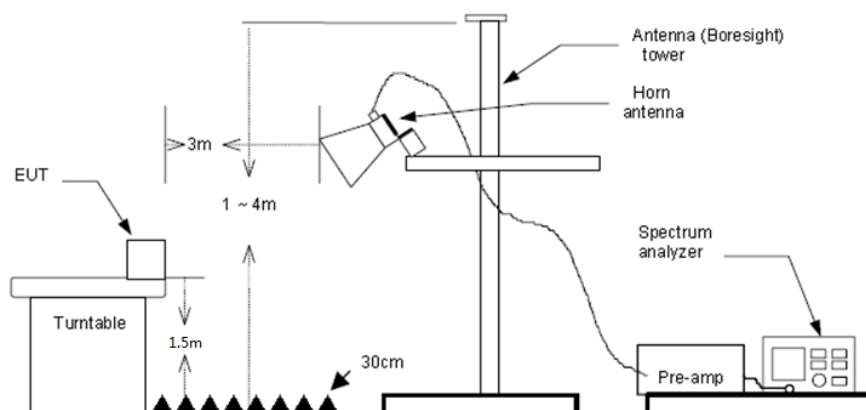
FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407(b)

Un-restricted band emissions above 1GHz			
Operating Band	Frequency	EIRP Limit	Value
5150-5250MHz	Above 1GHz	-27dBm/MHz (68.2dBuV/m@3m)	Peak
5250-5350MHz	Above 1GHz	-27dBm/MHz (68.2dBuV/m@3m)	Peak
5470-5725MHz	Above 1GHz	-27dBm/MHz (68.2dBuV/m@3m)	Peak
5725-5850 MHz	1GHz-5.65GHz	-27dBm/MHz (68.2dBuV/m@3m)	Peak
	5.65GHz-5.7GHz	-27*dBm/MHz to 10dBm/MHz (68.2* dBuV/m to 105.6dBuV/m@3m)	Peak
	5.7GHz-5.72GHz	10*dBm/MHz to 15.6dBm/MHz (105.6*dBuV/m to 110.8dBuV/m@3m)	Peak
	5.72GHz-5.725GHz	15.6*dBm/MHz to 27dBm/MHz (110.8dBuV/m to* 122.2dBuV/m@3m)	Peak
	5.85GHz-5.855GHz	27dBm/MHz to 15.6*dBm/MHz (122.2dBuV/m to110.8* dBuV/m@3m)	Peak
	5.855GHz-5.875GHz	15.6dBm/MHz to 10*dBm/MHz (110.8dBuV/m to 105.6* dBuV/m@3m)	Peak
	5.875GHz-5.925GHz	10dBm/MHz to -27*dBm/MHz (105.6dBuV/m to 68.2* dBuV/m@3m)	Peak
	Above 5.925GHz	-27dBm/MHz (68.2dBuV/m@3m)	Peak

* Increase/Decreases with the linearity of the frequency.

For emission above 1GHz and in restricted band, according to FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure, all emission that complies with both the average and peak limits of Section 15.209 is not required to satisfy the -27 dBm/MHz peak emission limit. $E[dBuV/m] = EIRP[dBm] + 95.2$, for $d = 3$ meters.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was setup and tested according to ANSI C63.10:2013 requirements.
2. The EUT is placed on a turn table which is 1.5 meter above ground. The turn table is rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level.
3. The EUT was positioned such that the distance from antenna to the EUT was 3 meters.
4. The antenna is scanned from 1 meter to 4 meters to find out the maximum emission level. This is repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarization of the antenna. In order to find the maximum emission, all of the interface cables were manipulated according to ANSI C63.10:2013 on radiated measurement.
5. The receiver set as follow:
RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz PEAK detector for Peak value.
RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz RMS detector for Average value.

TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Band: I&II					Worst mode: 802.11a		Test channel: CH _L		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
5150.00	18.54	31.70	9.79	0.00	60.03	68.20	-8.17	Horizontal	Peak
5150.00	19.48	31.70	9.79	0.00	60.97	68.20	-7.23	Vertical	Peak
5150.00	11.95	31.70	9.79	0.00	53.44	54.00	-0.56	Horizontal	Average
5150.00	11.76	31.70	9.79	0.00	53.25	54.00	-0.75	Vertical	Average

Band: I&II					Worst mode: 802.11a		Test channel: CH _H		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
5350.00	19.33	31.40	10.05	0.00	60.78	68.20	-7.42	Horizontal	Peak
5350.00	20.65	31.40	10.05	0.00	62.10	68.20	-6.10	Vertical	Peak
5350.00	10.53	31.40	10.05	0.00	51.98	54.00	-2.02	Horizontal	Average
5350.00	11.38	31.40	10.05	0.00	52.83	54.00	-1.17	Vertical	Average

Remark:

1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
3. Test 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac mode, all modulations have been tested, only worst case is reported

Band: III				Worst mode: 802.11a			Test channel: CH _L		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
5470.00	19.19	31.78	10.18	0.00	61.15	68.20	-7.05	Horizontal	Peak
5470.00	19.58	31.78	10.18	0.00	61.54	68.20	-6.66	Vertical	Peak
5470.00	8.37	31.78	10.18	0.00	50.33	54.00	-3.67	Horizontal	Average
5470.00	8.66	31.78	10.18	0.00	50.62	54.00	-3.38	Vertical	Average

Band: III				Worst mode: 802.11a			Test channel: CH _H		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
5725.00	18.65	31.73	10.47	0.00	60.85	68.20	-7.35	Horizontal	Peak
5725.00	18.60	31.73	10.47	0.00	60.80	68.20	-7.40	Vertical	Peak
5725.00	7.73	31.73	10.47	0.00	49.93	54.00	-4.07	Horizontal	Average
5725.00	7.97	31.73	10.47	0.00	50.17	54.00	-3.83	Vertical	Average

Remark:

1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
3. Test 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac mode, all modulations have been tested, only worst case is reported

Band: IV					Worst mode: 802.11a		Test channel: CH _L		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
5725.00	20.92	31.73	10.47	0.00	63.12	68.20	-5.08	Horizontal	Peak
5725.00	20.73	31.73	10.47	0.00	62.93	68.20	-5.27	Vertical	Peak
5725.00	9.55	31.73	10.47	0.00	51.75	54.00	-2.25	Horizontal	Average
5725.00	8.56	31.73	10.47	0.00	50.76	54.00	-3.24	Vertical	Average

Band: IV					Worst mode: 802.11a		Test channel: CH _H		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
5850.00	14.79	32.20	10.61	0.00	57.60	68.20	-10.60	Horizontal	Peak
5850.00	16.69	32.20	10.61	0.00	59.50	68.20	-8.70	Vertical	Peak
5850.00	7.46	32.20	10.61	0.00	50.27	54.00	-3.73	Horizontal	Average
5850.00	7.71	32.20	10.61	0.00	50.52	54.00	-3.48	Vertical	Average

Remark:

1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
3. Test 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac mode, all modulations have been tested, only worst case is reported

6.8. Radiated Spurious Emissions

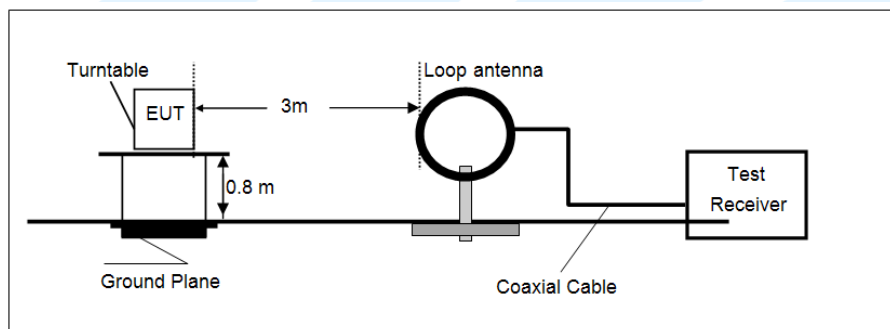
LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.209 and Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407

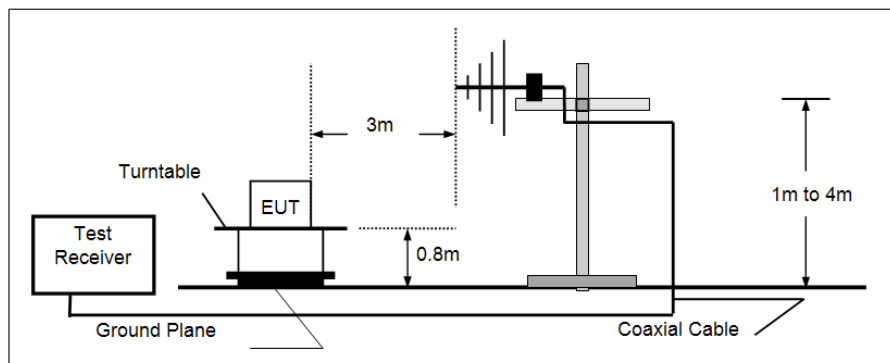
Unwanted emissions below 1GHz and Restricted band emissions above 1GHz		
Frequency	Limit (dBuV/m @3m)	Value
30MHz-88MHz	40.00	Quasi-peak
88MHz-216MHz	43.50	Quasi-peak
216MHz-960MHz	46.00	Quasi-peak
960MHz-1GHz	54.00	Quasi-peak
Above 1GHz	54.00	Average
	74.00	Peak

TEST CONFIGURATION

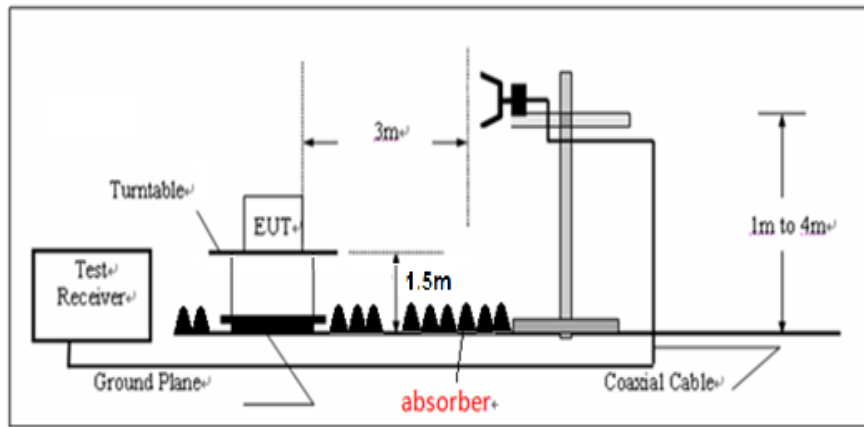
- 9KHz ~30MHz



- 30MHz ~ 1GHz



- Above 1GHz



TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was setup and tested according to ANSI C63.10:2013
2. The EUT is placed on a turn table which is 0.8 meter above ground for below 1 GHz, and 1.5 m for above 1 GHz. The turn table is rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level.
3. The EUT was set 3 meters from the receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the Antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level to comply with the guidelines.
5. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
6. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings
 - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
 - (2) Below 1 GHz:
 - RBW=120 kHz, VBW=300 kHz, Sweep=auto, Detector function=peak, Trace=max hold;
 - If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported. Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.
 - (3) From 1 GHz to 10th harmonic:
 - RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz Peak detector for Peak value.
 - RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz RMS detector for Average value.

TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

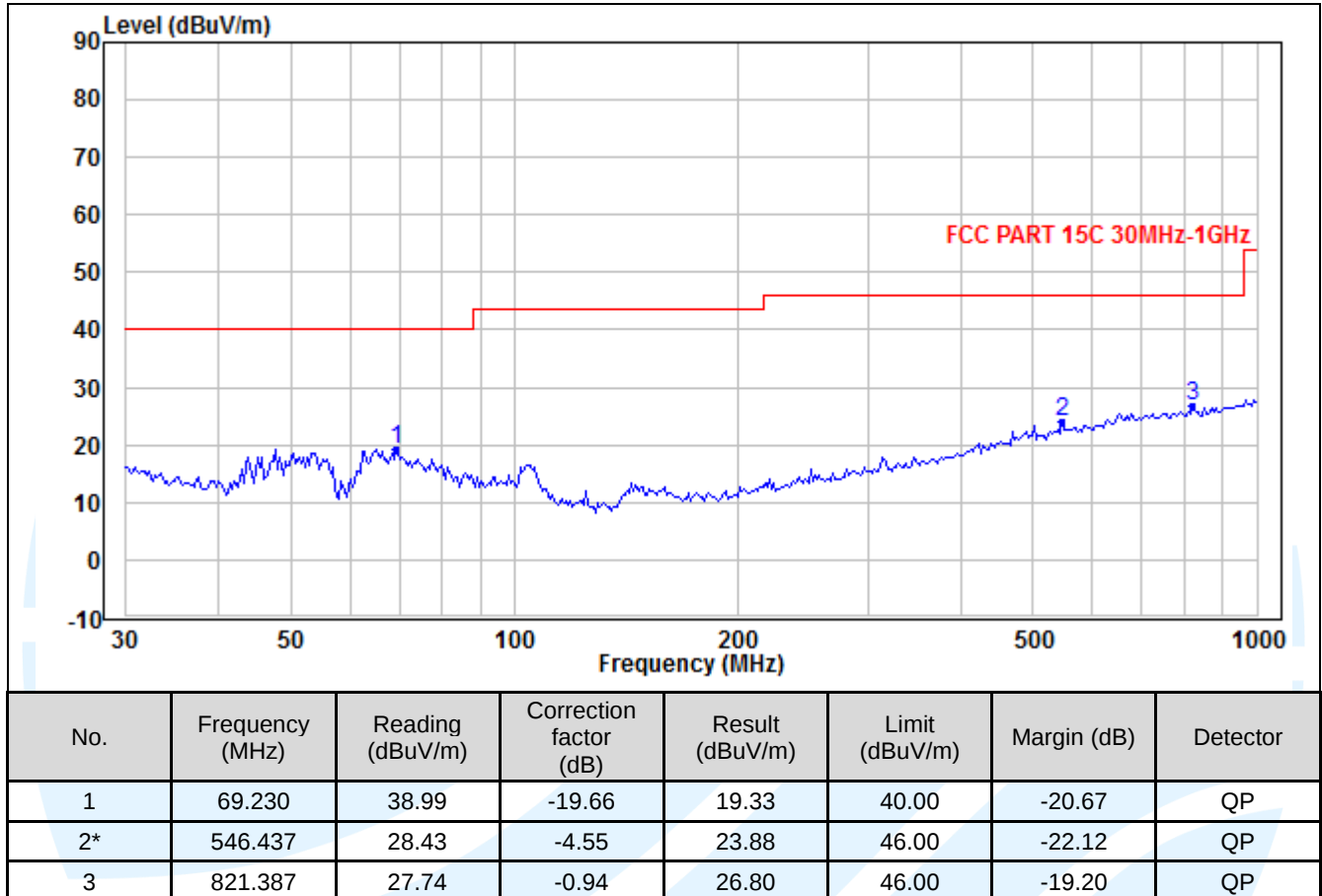
Measurement data:

■ 9kHz ~ 30MHz

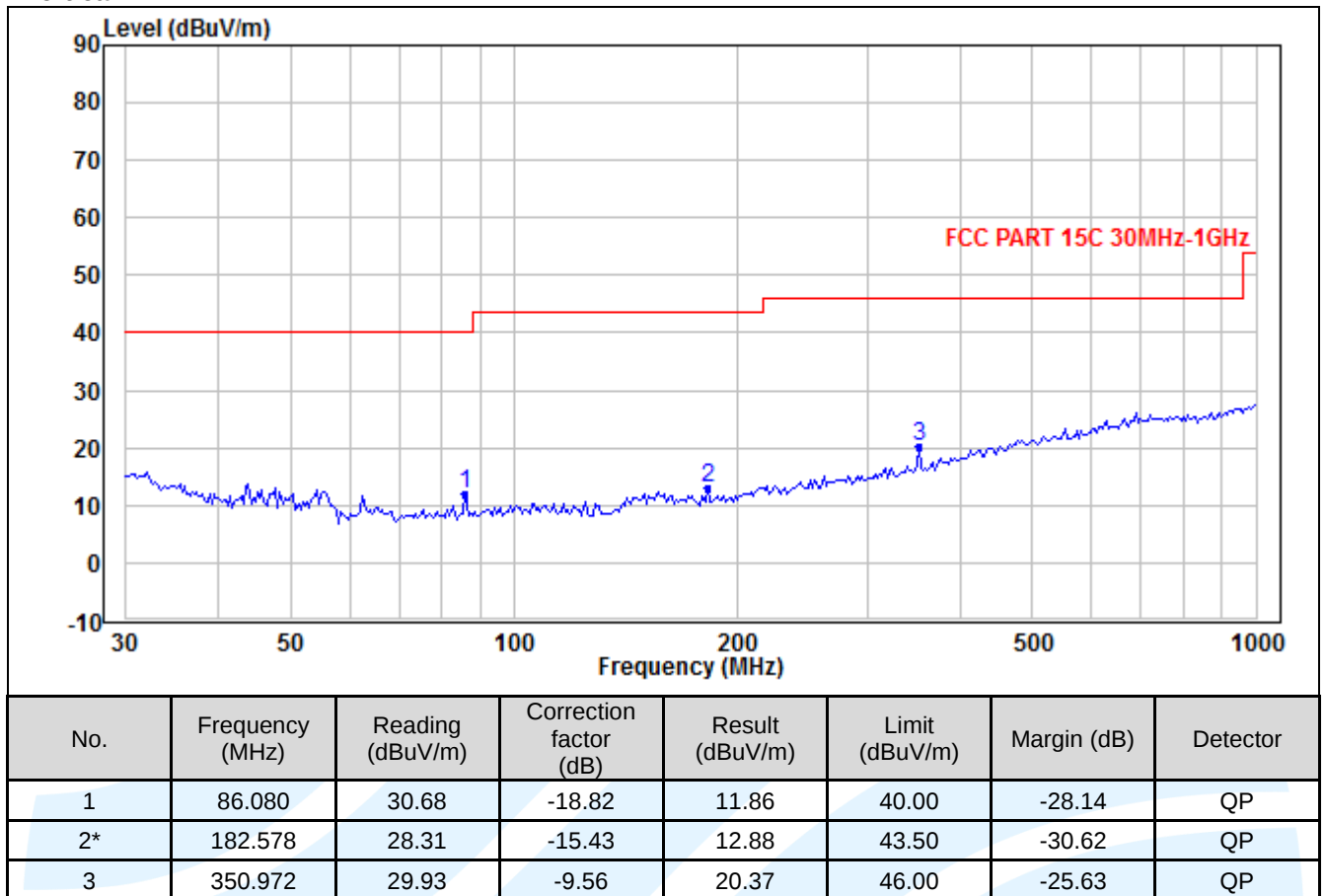
The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

■ 30MHz ~ 1GHz

Horizontal



Vertical



Remark:

Transd=Cable lose+ Antenna factor- Pre-amplifier; Margin=Limit -Level

■ Above 1GHz

Band: I					Worst mode: 802.11a		Test channel: CH _L		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
2468.63	32.39	27.32	6.82	37.88	28.65	68.20	-39.55	Horizontal	Peak
2832.39	33.72	28.23	7.39	38.34	31.00	68.20	-37.20	Horizontal	Peak
6412.43	30.09	33.39	11.01	35.31	39.18	68.20	-29.02	Horizontal	Peak
7547.01	31.81	36.15	12.55	34.94	45.57	68.20	-22.63	Horizontal	Peak
3233.26	36.08	28.60	7.76	38.26	34.18	68.20	-34.02	Vertical	Peak
3662.78	35.64	29.30	8.34	38.26	35.02	68.20	-33.18	Vertical	Peak
6063.19	30.93	32.50	10.78	35.40	38.81	68.20	-29.39	Vertical	Peak
7489.60	30.78	36.12	12.36	34.89	44.37	68.20	-23.83	Vertical	Peak

Band: I					Worst mode: 802.11a		Test channel: CH _M		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
2980.33	34.82	28.58	7.47	38.24	32.63	68.20	-35.57	Horizontal	Peak
3913.39	32.95	29.70	8.66	38.16	33.15	68.20	-35.05	Horizontal	Peak
6992.14	30.70	35.25	11.84	34.80	42.99	68.20	-25.21	Horizontal	Peak
9204.60	30.98	38.63	13.50	35.84	47.27	68.20	-20.93	Horizontal	Peak
2832.39	34.79	28.23	7.39	38.34	32.07	68.20	-36.13	Vertical	Peak
3393.48	34.64	28.20	7.95	38.54	32.25	68.20	-35.95	Vertical	Peak
7154.17	31.91	35.93	11.86	35.01	44.69	68.20	-23.51	Vertical	Peak
8292.38	31.00	36.42	12.81	34.42	45.81	68.20	-22.39	Vertical	Peak

Remark:

1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
3. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to 40GHz.
4. Test 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac mode, all modulations have been tested, only worst case is reported

Band: I					Worst mode: 802.11a		Test channel: CH _H		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
2726.28	32.28	28.10	7.20	38.17	29.41	68.20	-38.79	Horizontal	Peak
3662.78	34.62	29.30	8.34	38.26	34.00	68.20	-34.20	Horizontal	Peak
8659.10	31.18	37.66	12.95	34.45	47.34	68.20	-20.86	Horizontal	Peak
9935.05	30.43	39.10	13.57	33.97	49.13	68.20	-19.07	Horizontal	Peak
3176.16	35.80	28.80	7.69	38.20	34.09	68.20	-34.11	Vertical	Peak
4086.46	33.62	29.87	8.85	37.91	34.43	68.20	-33.77	Vertical	Peak
6267.19	31.59	33.03	11.00	35.30	40.32	68.20	-27.88	Vertical	Peak
8355.94	31.51	36.51	12.83	34.32	46.53	68.20	-21.67	Vertical	Peak

Band: II					Worst mode: 802.11a		Test channel: CH _L		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
2950.14	33.61	28.55	7.45	38.26	31.35	68.20	-36.85	Horizontal	Peak
4004.08	33.12	29.71	8.78	38.10	33.51	68.20	-34.69	Horizontal	Peak
6938.94	30.35	34.93	11.77	34.85	42.20	68.20	-26.00	Horizontal	Peak
11515.68	29.87	40.22	13.54	33.58	50.05	68.20	-18.15	Horizontal	Peak
2987.92	34.78	28.59	7.47	38.24	32.60	68.20	-35.60	Vertical	Peak
3681.47	34.68	29.30	8.36	38.25	34.09	68.20	-34.11	Vertical	Peak
7063.69	30.52	35.49	11.85	34.88	42.98	68.20	-25.22	Vertical	Peak
11370.05	29.47	40.30	13.42	34.05	49.14	68.20	-19.06	Vertical	Peak

Remark:

1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
3. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to 40GHz.
4. Test 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac mode, all modulations have been tested, only worst case is reported

Band: II Worst mode: 802.11a					Test channel: CH _M				
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
3003.17	36.00	28.61	7.48	38.23	33.86	68.20	-34.34	Horizontal	Peak
3561.64	34.47	29.19	8.21	38.32	33.55	68.20	-34.65	Horizontal	Peak
8042.90	32.36	37.06	12.40	34.53	47.29	68.20	-20.91	Horizontal	Peak
11486.41	30.49	40.24	13.51	33.73	50.51	68.20	-17.69	Horizontal	Peak
3057.17	36.31	28.72	7.55	38.22	34.36	68.20	-33.84	Vertical	Peak
3588.94	35.08	29.27	8.25	38.29	34.31	68.20	-33.89	Vertical	Peak
6903.71	32.08	34.72	11.73	34.89	43.64	68.20	-24.56	Vertical	Peak
11842.69	28.15	39.81	14.26	33.56	48.66	68.20	-19.54	Vertical	Peak

Band: II Worst mode: 802.11a					Test channel: CH _H				
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
3018.50	35.59	28.64	7.50	38.23	33.50	68.20	-34.70	Horizontal	Peak
3662.78	34.62	29.30	8.34	38.26	34.00	68.20	-34.20	Horizontal	Peak
7860.74	31.43	36.47	12.97	34.91	45.96	68.20	-22.24	Horizontal	Peak
11428.08	29.51	40.28	13.44	34.03	49.20	68.20	-19.00	Horizontal	Peak
3160.03	36.10	28.80	7.67	38.21	34.36	68.20	-33.84	Vertical	Peak
4202.50	34.36	30.01	8.94	37.65	35.66	68.20	-32.54	Vertical	Peak
6347.47	32.29	33.20	11.00	35.30	41.19	68.20	-27.01	Vertical	Peak
11515.68	29.86	40.22	13.54	33.58	50.04	68.20	-18.16	Vertical	Peak

Remark:

1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
3. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to 40GHz.
4. Test 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac mode, all modulations have been tested, only worst case is reported

Band: III					Worst mode: 802.11a		Test channel: CH _L		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
2987.92	33.89	28.59	7.47	38.24	31.71	68.20	-36.49	Horizontal	Peak
4288.96	33.62	30.18	9.02	37.61	35.21	68.20	-32.99	Horizontal	Peak
7470.56	30.75	36.16	12.30	34.88	44.33	68.20	-23.87	Horizontal	Peak
11283.55	30.00	40.30	13.46	33.70	50.06	68.20	-18.14	Horizontal	Peak
3120.06	36.42	28.80	7.62	38.21	34.63	68.20	-33.57	Vertical	Peak
3766.79	33.91	29.50	8.46	38.24	33.63	68.20	-34.57	Vertical	Peak
6764.54	31.28	34.07	11.56	35.06	41.85	68.20	-26.35	Vertical	Peak
9809.40	32.33	39.10	13.64	35.57	49.50	68.20	-18.70	Vertical	Peak

Band: III					Worst mode: 802.11a		Test channel: CH _M		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
2468.63	32.39	27.32	6.82	37.88	28.65	68.20	-39.55	Horizontal	Peak
3863.90	33.78	29.66	8.59	38.19	33.84	68.20	-34.36	Horizontal	Peak
6544.35	31.05	34.09	11.26	35.35	41.05	68.20	-27.15	Horizontal	Peak
11782.55	29.20	39.93	14.10	33.58	49.65	68.20	-18.55	Horizontal	Peak
3241.50	35.35	28.55	7.77	38.27	33.40	68.20	-34.80	Vertical	Peak
3983.75	34.96	29.70	8.76	38.12	35.30	68.20	-32.90	Vertical	Peak
7099.75	31.29	35.60	11.85	34.93	43.81	68.20	-24.39	Vertical	Peak
8814.77	32.38	37.71	13.12	34.29	48.92	68.20	-19.28	Vertical	Peak

Remark:

1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
3. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to 40GHz.
4. Test 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac mode, all modulations have been tested, only worst case is reported

Band: III			Worst mode: 802.11a				Test channel: CH _H		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
3291.39	34.66	28.25	7.83	38.36	32.38	68.20	-35.82	Horizontal	Peak
4490.05	32.48	30.68	9.28	37.41	35.03	68.20	-33.17	Horizontal	Peak
7682.70	31.09	36.12	12.94	35.02	45.13	68.20	-23.07	Horizontal	Peak
11812.58	29.00	39.87	14.18	33.60	49.45	68.20	-18.75	Horizontal	Peak
3350.56	35.13	28.20	7.90	38.46	32.77	68.20	-35.43	Vertical	Peak
4377.20	32.60	30.43	9.11	37.57	34.57	68.20	-33.63	Vertical	Peak
6267.19	31.59	33.03	11.00	35.30	40.32	68.20	-27.88	Vertical	Peak
11872.88	28.32	39.75	14.34	33.52	48.89	68.20	-19.31	Vertical	Peak

Band: IV			Worst mode: 802.11a				Test channel: CH _L		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
2726.28	32.28	28.10	7.20	38.17	29.41	68.20	-38.79	Horizontal	Peak
3410.80	34.95	28.29	7.98	38.53	32.69	68.20	-35.51	Horizontal	Peak
7547.01	31.81	36.15	12.55	34.94	45.57	68.20	-22.63	Horizontal	Peak
12178.98	28.63	39.61	14.54	32.85	49.93	68.20	-18.27	Horizontal	Peak
2972.75	35.60	28.57	7.47	38.25	33.39	68.20	-34.81	Vertical	Peak
3933.37	34.18	29.70	8.69	38.15	34.42	68.20	-33.78	Vertical	Peak
6577.75	31.64	34.16	11.32	35.35	41.77	68.20	-26.43	Vertical	Peak
11692.92	29.00	40.10	13.87	33.37	49.60	68.20	-18.60	Vertical	Peak

Remark:

1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
3. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to 40GHz.
4. Test 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac mode, all modulations have been tested, only worst case is reported

Band: IV					Worst mode: 802.11a		Test channel: CH _M		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
2564.71	34.19	27.59	6.89	37.85	30.82	68.20	-37.38	Horizontal	Peak
3308.19	33.49	28.20	7.85	38.39	31.15	68.20	-37.05	Horizontal	Peak
7117.84	30.96	35.71	11.86	34.96	43.57	68.20	-24.63	Horizontal	Peak
8166.69	30.10	36.80	12.69	34.55	45.04	68.20	-23.16	Horizontal	Peak
3192.37	35.78	28.80	7.71	38.20	34.09	68.20	-34.11	Vertical	Peak
4213.21	34.31	30.03	8.95	37.64	35.65	68.20	-32.55	Vertical	Peak
7702.28	30.82	36.10	13.00	35.03	44.89	68.20	-23.31	Vertical	Peak
12178.98	29.16	39.61	14.54	32.85	50.46	68.20	-17.74	Vertical	Peak

Band: IV					Worst mode: 802.11a		Test channel: CH _H		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamplifier Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	Test value
2935.15	35.45	28.54	7.44	38.27	33.16	68.20	-35.04	Vertical	Peak
4149.35	35.14	29.95	8.90	37.77	36.22	68.20	-31.98	Vertical	Peak
6713.08	32.33	34.17	11.50	35.15	42.85	68.20	-25.35	Vertical	Peak
11056.09	30.44	40.37	13.55	33.76	50.60	68.20	-17.60	Vertical	Peak
2818.01	33.54	28.17	7.38	38.35	33.54	68.20	-34.66	Horizontal	Peak
3728.63	33.80	29.39	8.42	38.24	33.80	68.20	-34.40	Horizontal	Peak
6628.18	31.87	34.20	11.39	35.31	31.87	68.20	-36.33	Horizontal	Peak
11545.04	29.48	40.20	13.57	33.43	29.48	68.20	-38.72	Horizontal	Peak

Remark:

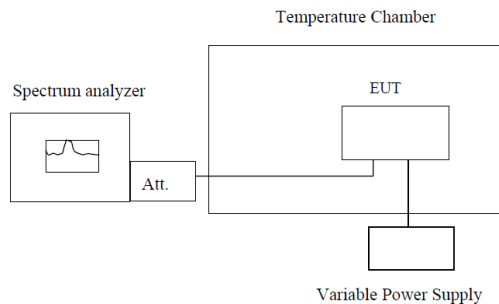
1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
3. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to 40GHz.
4. Test 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac mode, all modulations have been tested, only worst case is reported

6.9. Frequency stability

LIMIT

Within Operation Band

TEST CONFIGURATION



Note : Measurement setup for testing on Antenna connector

TEST PROCEDURE

1. The equipment under test was connected to an external power supply.
2. RF output was connected to a frequency counter or spectrum analyzer via feed through attenuators.
3. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and measure EUT 25°C operating frequency as reference frequency.
5. Turn EUT off and set the chamber temperature to -20°C. After the temperature stabilized for approximately 30 minutes recorded the frequency.
6. Repeat step measure with 10°C increased per stage until the highest temperature of +50°C reached.

TEST MODE:

Transmitting with unmodulation

TEST RESULTS

☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

Voltage VS Frequency stability

Band: I			Test Frequency: 5180.00MHz	
Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V)	Frequency Deviation (Hz)	Frequency Deviation (ppm)	Result
25	3.60	-8000.00	-1.54440	PASS
25	3.85	-8000.00	-1.54440	PASS
25	4.20	-9000.00	-1.73745	PASS

Band: II			Test Frequency: 5260.00MHz	
Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V)	Frequency Deviation (Hz)	Frequency Deviation (ppm)	Result
25	3.60	-7000.00	-1.33080	PASS
25	3.85	-4000.00	-0.76046	PASS
25	4.20	-8000.00	-1.52091	PASS

Band: III			Test Frequency: 5500.00MHz	
Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V)	Frequency Deviation (Hz)	Frequency Deviation (ppm)	Result
25	3.60	-7000.00	-1.27273	PASS
25	3.85	-4000.00	-0.72727	PASS
25	4.20	-8000.00	-1.45455	PASS

Band: IV			Test Frequency: 5745.00MHz	
Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V)	Frequency Deviation (Hz)	Frequency Deviation (ppm)	Result
25	3.60	-8000.00	-1.39252	PASS
25	3.85	-5000.00	-0.87032	PASS
25	4.20	-9000.00	-1.56658	PASS

Temperature VS Frequency stability

Band: I			Test Frequency: 5180.00MHz	
Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Frequency Deviation (Hz)	Frequency Deviation (ppm)	Result
3.85	-20	-9000.00	-1.73745	PASS
3.85	-10	-9000.00	-1.73745	PASS
3.85	0	-9000.00	-1.73745	PASS
3.85	10	-9000.00	-1.73745	PASS
3.85	20	-9000.00	-1.73745	PASS
3.85	30	-9000.00	-1.73745	PASS
3.85	40	-9000.00	-1.73745	PASS
3.85	50	-9000.00	-1.73745	PASS

Band: II			Test Frequency: 5260.00MHz	
Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Frequency Deviation (Hz)	Frequency Deviation (ppm)	Result
3.85	-20	-9000.00	-1.71103	PASS
3.85	-10	-9000.00	-1.71103	PASS
3.85	0	-9000.00	-1.71103	PASS
3.85	10	-9000.00	-1.71103	PASS
3.85	20	-9000.00	-1.71103	PASS
3.85	30	-9000.00	-1.71103	PASS
3.85	40	-9000.00	-1.71103	PASS
3.85	50	-9000.00	-1.71103	PASS

Band: III			Test Frequency: 5500.00MHz	
Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Frequency Deviation (Hz)	Frequency Deviation (ppm)	Result
3.85	-20	-9000.00	-1.63636	PASS
3.85	-10	-9000.00	-1.63636	PASS
3.85	0	-9000.00	-1.63636	PASS
3.85	10	-9000.00	-1.63636	PASS
3.85	20	-9000.00	-1.63636	PASS
3.85	30	-9000.00	-1.63636	PASS
3.85	40	-9000.00	-1.63636	PASS
3.85	50	-9000.00	-1.63636	PASS

Band: IV			Test Frequency: 5745.00MHz	
Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Frequency Deviation (Hz)	Frequency Deviation (ppm)	Result
3.85	-20	-10000.00	-1.74064	PASS
3.85	-10	-10000.00	-1.74064	PASS
3.85	0	-10000.00	-1.74064	PASS
3.85	10	-10000.00	-1.74064	PASS
3.85	20	-10000.00	-1.74064	PASS
3.85	30	-10000.00	-1.74064	PASS
3.85	40	-10000.00	-1.74064	PASS
3.85	50	-10000.00	-1.74064	PASS

6.10. Dynamic Frequency Selection(DFS)

Requirement

Table 1: Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master	Client Without Radar Detection	Client With Radar Detection
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes

Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

Requirement	Operational Mode	
	Master Device or Client with Radar Detection	Client Without Radar Detection
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master Device or Client with Radar Detection	Client Without Radar Detection
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.		

LIMIT

1. DFS Detection Thresholds

Table 3: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices With Radar Detection

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)
EIRP $\geq$ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
EIRP $<$ 200 milliwatt and power spectral density $<$ 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm
EIRP $<$ 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.

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2. DFS Response Requirements

Table 4: DFS Response Requirement Values

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission power bandwidth. See Note 3.
Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst. Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required facilitating a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions. Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.	

RADAR TEST WAVEFORMS

This section provides the parameters for required test waveforms, minimum percentage of successful detections, and the minimum number of trials that must be used for determining DFS conformance. Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test waveforms.

Table 5 Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a	$\text{Roundup} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{360} \right)^* \right\}$	60%	30
		Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 μsec, with a minimum increment of 1 μsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A	$\left\{ \frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{\text{PRI}_{\mu\text{sec}}} \right\}$		
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30

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Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)	80%	120
Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.		

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Type 1, then each additional waveform is generated with Test B and must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms in Tests A or B.

For example if in Short Pulse Radar Type 1 Test B a PRI of 3066 μ sec is selected, the number of pulses

$$\left\{ \left(\frac{1}{360} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{3066} \right) \right\}$$
 would be Round up $\left\{ \left(\frac{1}{360} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{3066} \right) \right\} = \text{Round up } \{17.2\} = 18$.

Table 5a - Pulse Repetition Intervals Values for Test A

Pulse Repetition Frequency Number	Pulse Repetition Frequency (Pulses Per Second)	Pulse Repetition Interval (Microseconds)
1	1930.5	518
2	1858.7	538
3	1792.1	558
4	1730.1	578
5	1672.2	598
6	1618.1	618
7	1567.4	638
8	1519.8	658
9	1474.9	678
10	1432.7	698
11	1392.8	718
12	1355	738
13	1319.3	758
14	1285.3	778
15	1253.1	798
16	1222.5	818
17	1193.3	838
18	1165.6	858
19	1139	878
20	1113.6	898
21	1089.3	918
22	1066.1	938
23	326.2	3066

Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses per Burst	Number of Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

The parameters for this waveforms are randomly chosen. Thirty unique waveforms are required for the Long Pulse Radar Type waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for the Long Pulse Radar Type wave forms, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.

Table 7 – Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (μsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (msec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

For the Frequency Hopping Radar Type, the same Burst parameters are used for each wave form. The hopping sequence is different for each wave form and a 100-length segment is selected from the hopping sequence defined by the following algorithm:

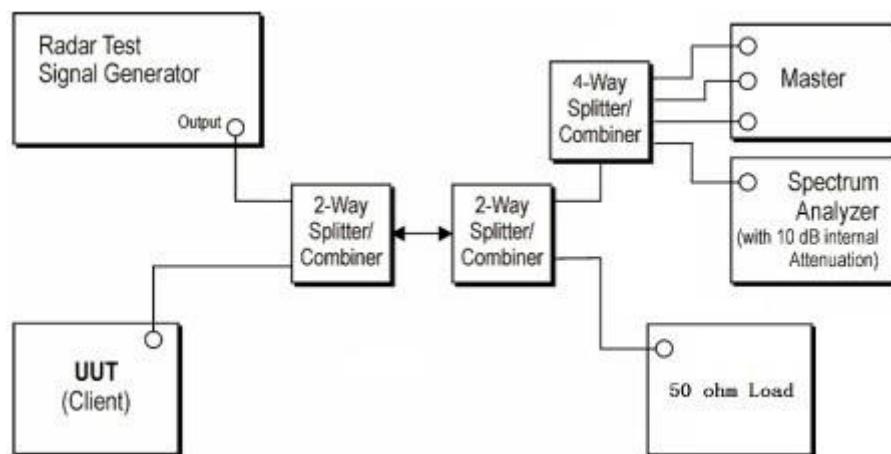
The first frequency in a hopping sequence is selected randomly from the group of 475 integer frequencies from 5250–5724MHz. Next, the frequency that was just chosen is removed from the group and a frequency is randomly selected from the remaining 474 frequencies in the group. This process continues until all 475 frequencies are chosen for the set. For selection of a random frequency, the frequencies remaining within the group are always treated as equally likely.

Calibration of Radar Waveform

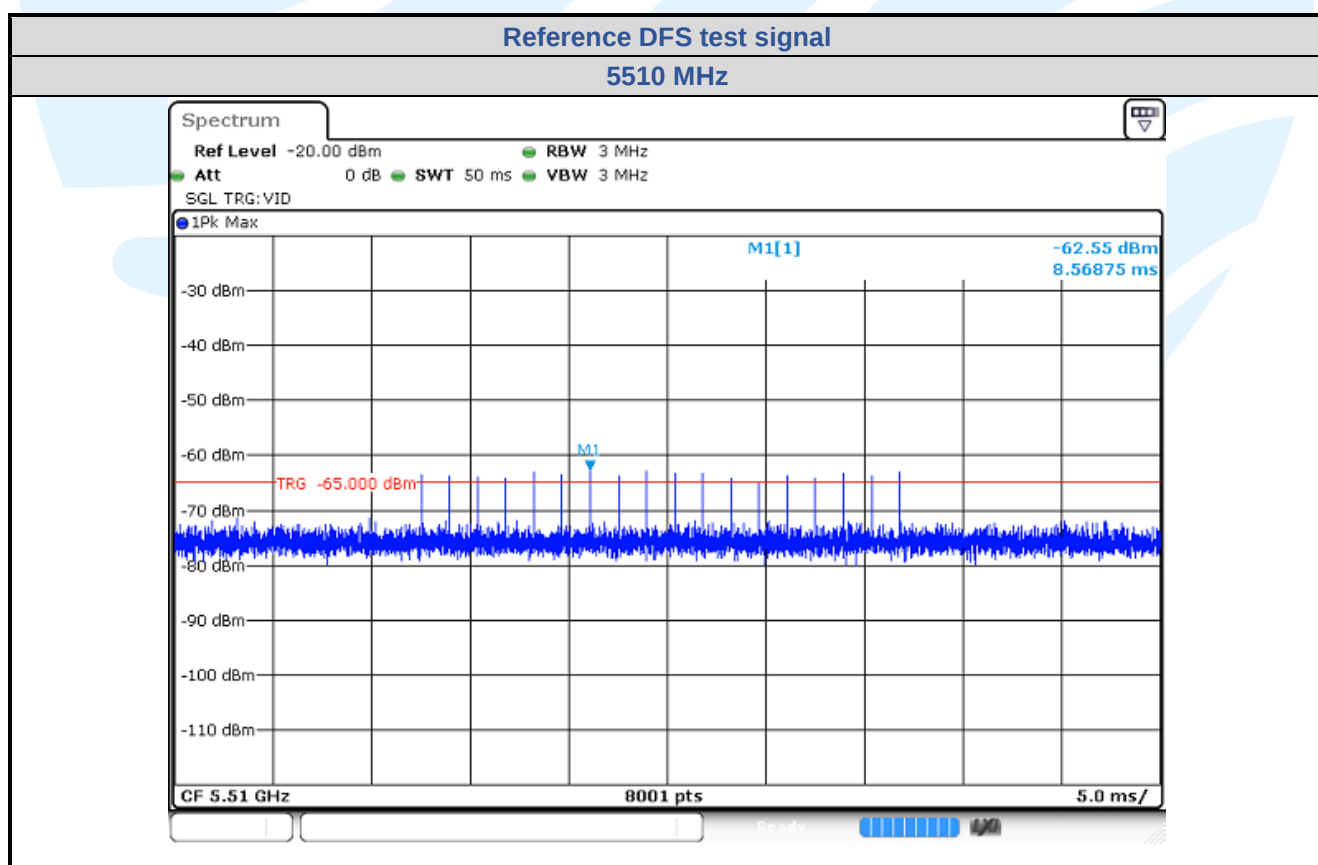
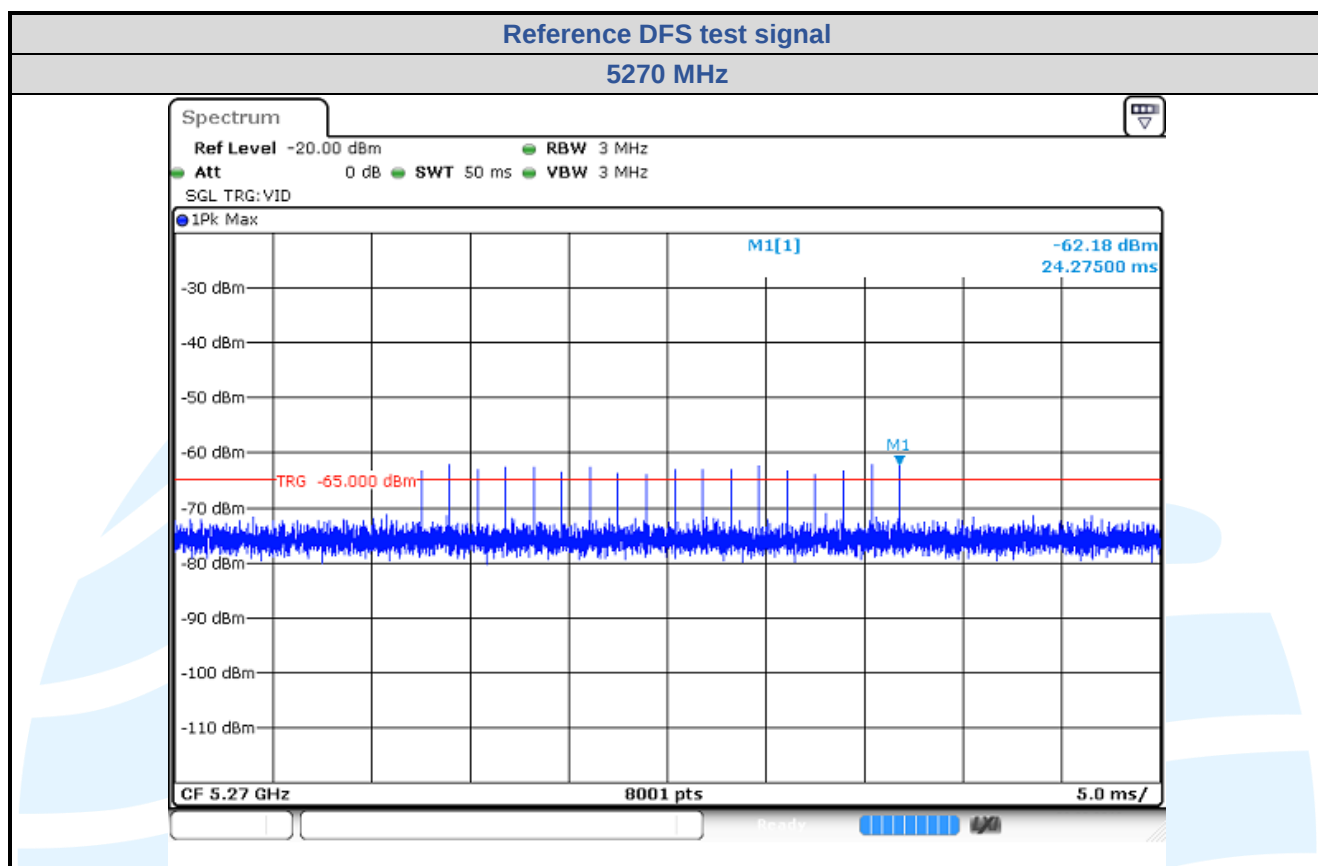
Radar Waveform Calibration Procedure

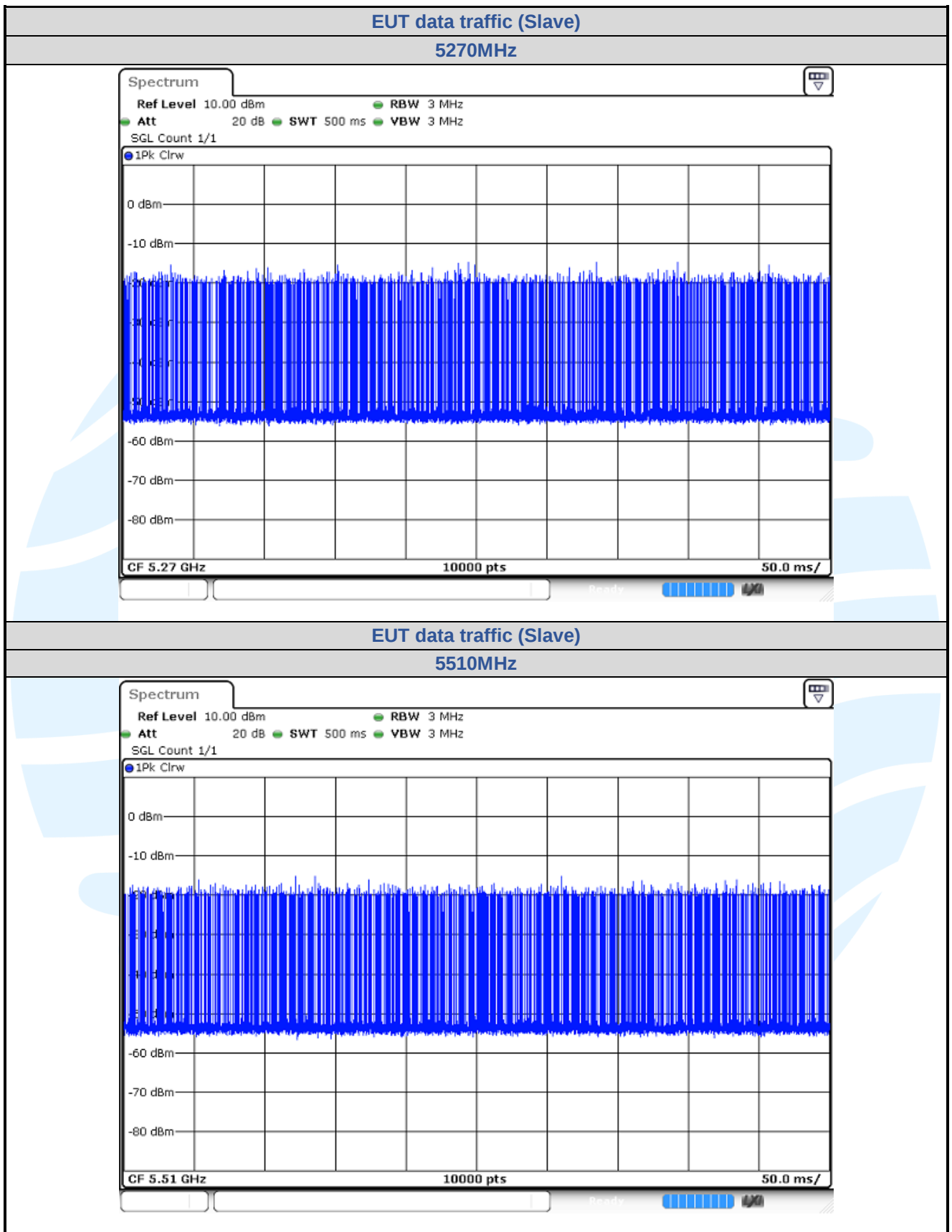
- 1) A 50 ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected to place of the master
- 2) The interference Radar Detection Threshold Level is $-62\text{dBm} + 0\text{dBi} + 1\text{dB} = -61\text{dBm}$ that had been taken into account the output power range and antenna gain.
- 3) The following equipment setup was used to calibrate the conducted radar waveform. A vector signal generator was utilized to establish the test signal level for radar type 0. During this process there were no transmissions by either the master or client device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero spans (time domain) at the frequency of the radar waveform generator. Peak detection was used. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to 3 MHz. The spectrum analyzer had offset -1.0dB to compensate RF cable loss 1.0dB .
- 4) The vector signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was $-62\text{dBm} + 0\text{dBi} + 1\text{dB} = -61\text{dBm}$. Capture the spectrum analyzer plots on short pulse radar waveform.

Conducted Calibration Setup



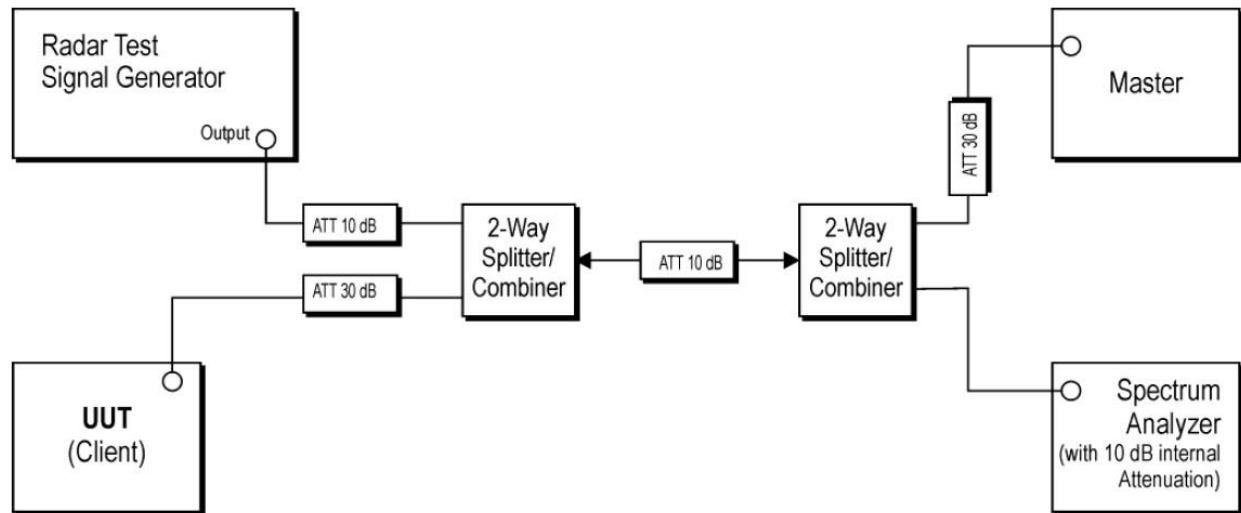
Radar Waveform Calibration Result





TEST CONFIGURATION

Setup for Client with injection at the Master



TEST PROCEDURE

1. The radar pulse generator is setup to provide a pulse at frequency that the master and client are operating. A type 0 radar pulse with a 1us pulse width and a 1428us PRI is used for the testing.
2. The vector signal generator is adjusted to provide the radar burst (18 pulses) at the level of approximately -61dBm at the antenna port of the master device
3. A trigger is provided from the pulse generator to the DFS monitoring system in order to capture the traffic and the occurrence of the radar pulse.
4. EUT will associate with the master at channel. The file "iperf.exe" specified by the FCC is streamed from the PC 2 through the master and the client device to the PC 1 and played in full motion video using Media Player Classic Ver. 6.4.8.6 in order to properly load the network for the entire period of the test.
5. When radar burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold +1dB is generated on the operating channel of the U-NII device. At time T0 the radar waveform generator sends a burst of pulse of the radar waveform at Detection Threshold +1dB.
6. Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel Measure and record the transmissions from the UUT during the observation time (Channel Move Time). One 15 seconds plot is reported for the Short Pulse Radar Type 0. The plot for the Short Pulse Radar Types start at the end of the radar burst. The Channel Move Time will be calculated based on the zoom in 600ms plot of the Short Pulse Radar Type
7. Measurement of the aggregate duration of the Channel Closed Transmission Time method. With the spectrum analyzer set to zero span tuned to the center frequency of the EUT operating channel at the radar simulated frequency, peak detection, and max hold, the dwell time per bin is given by: $Dwell (0.3ms) = S (12000ms) / B (4000)$; where Dwell is the dwell time per spectrum analyzer sampling bin, S is sweep time and B is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins. An upper bound of the aggregate duration of the intermittent control signals of Channel Closing Transmission Time is

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calculated by: $C (ms) = N \times Dwell (0.3ms)$; where C is the Closing Time, N is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins (intermittent control signals) showing a U-NII transmission and Dwell is the dwell time per bin.

8. Measurement the EUT for more than 30 minutes following the channel move time to verify that no transmission or beacons occur on this channel.

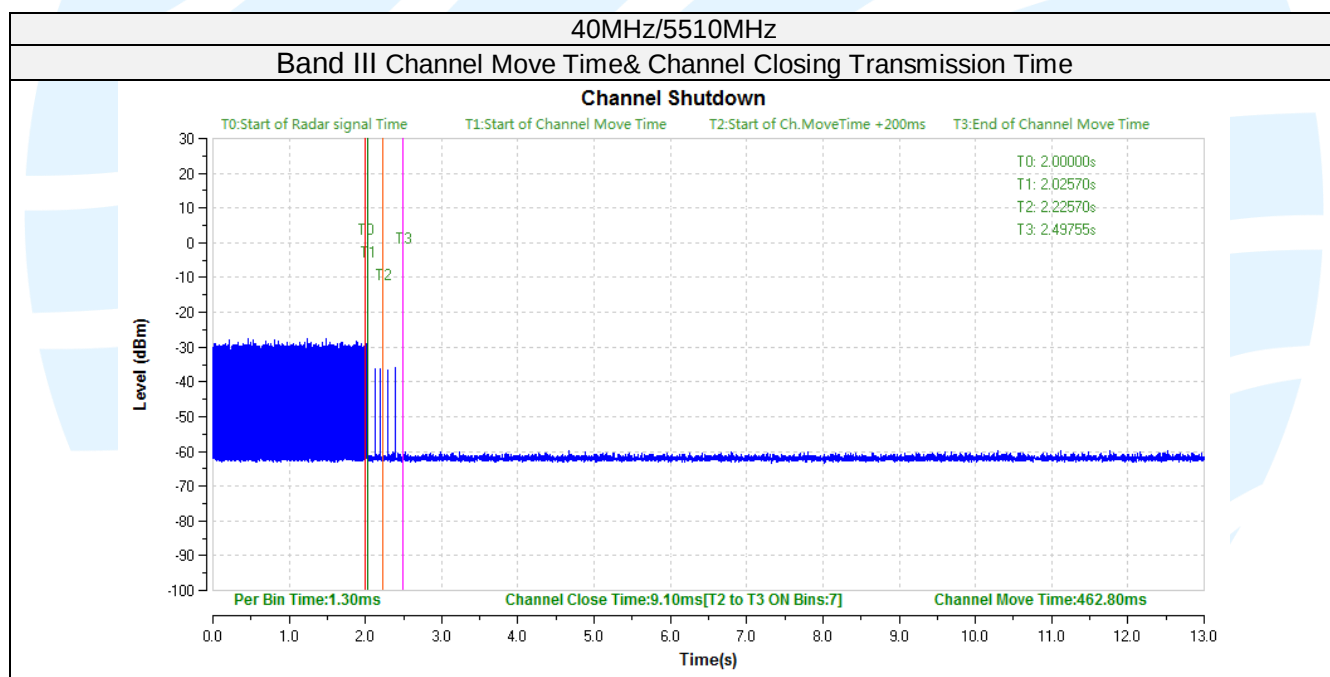
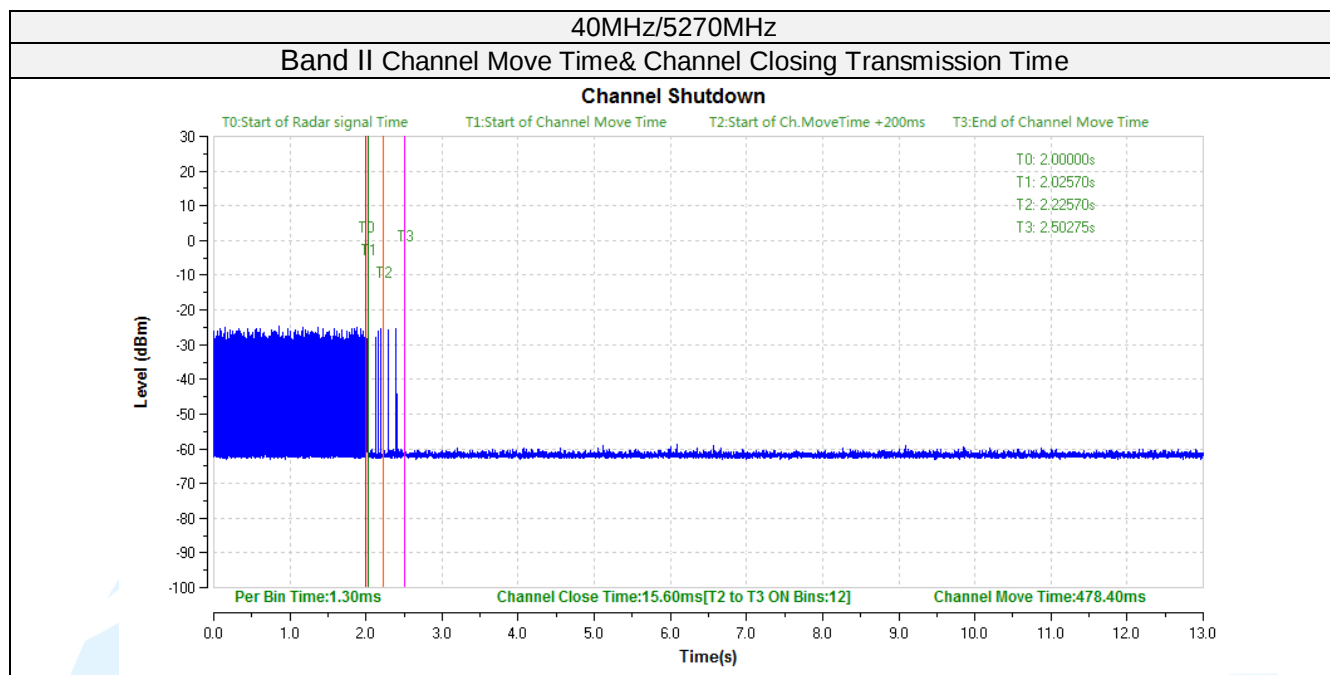
TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

TEST RESULTS

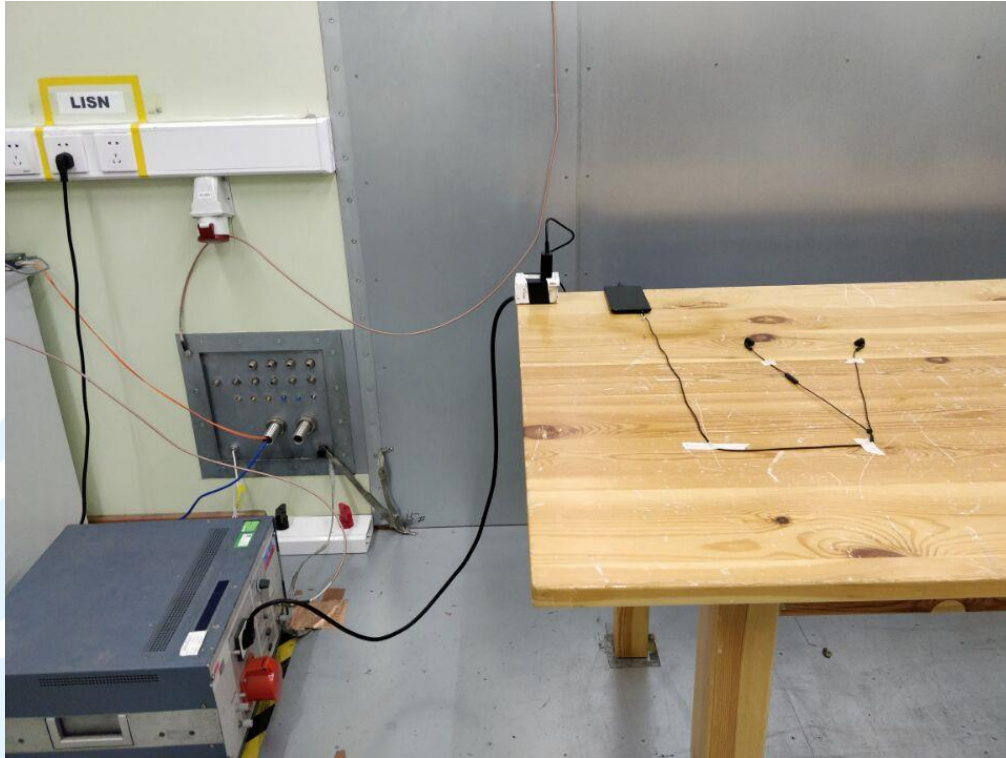
☒ Passed ☐ Not Applicable

BW/ Channel	Maximum EIRP Power(dBm)	Test Item	Test Result	Limit	Result
40MHz/ 5270MHz	14.63	Channel Move Time	0.478s	<10s	Pass
		Channel Closing Transmission Time	15.60ms	<60ms	Pass
40MHz/ 5510MHz	14.46	Channel Move Time	0.463s	<10s	Pass
		Channel Closing Transmission Time	9.10ms	<60ms	Pass

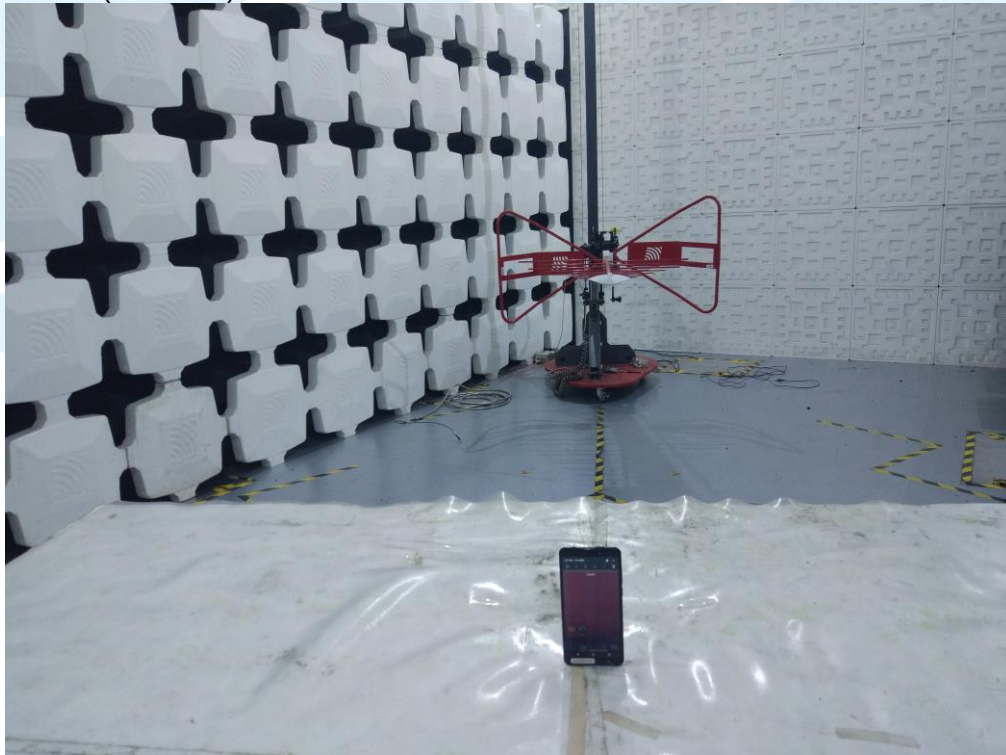


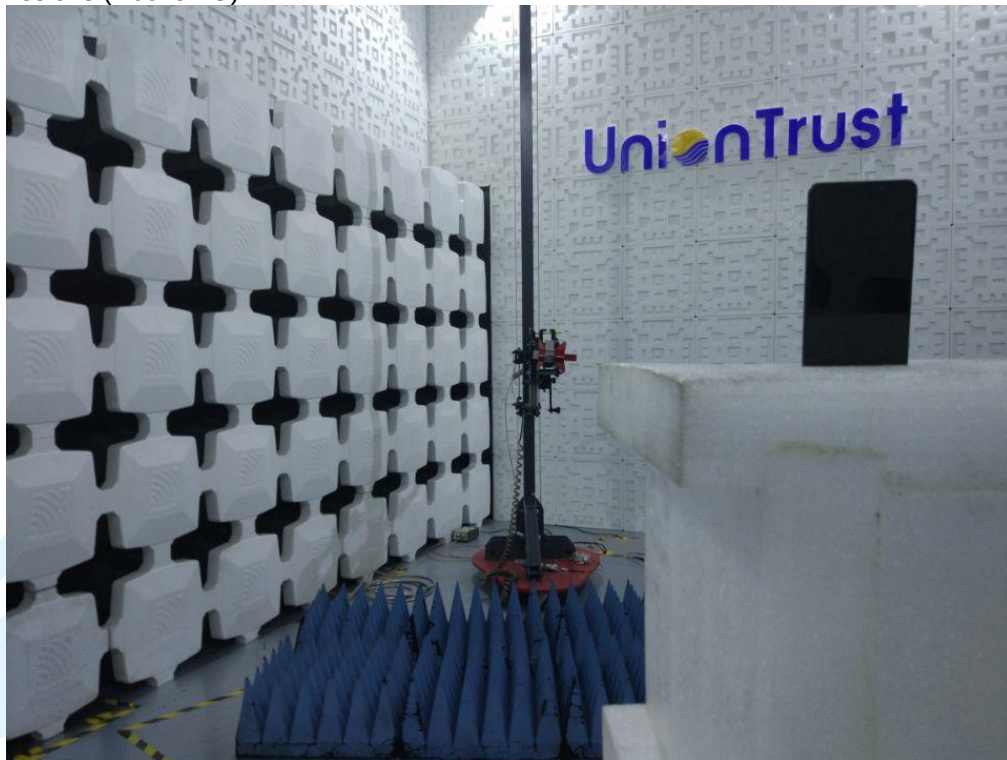
7. Test Setup Photos of the EUT

Conducted Emissions

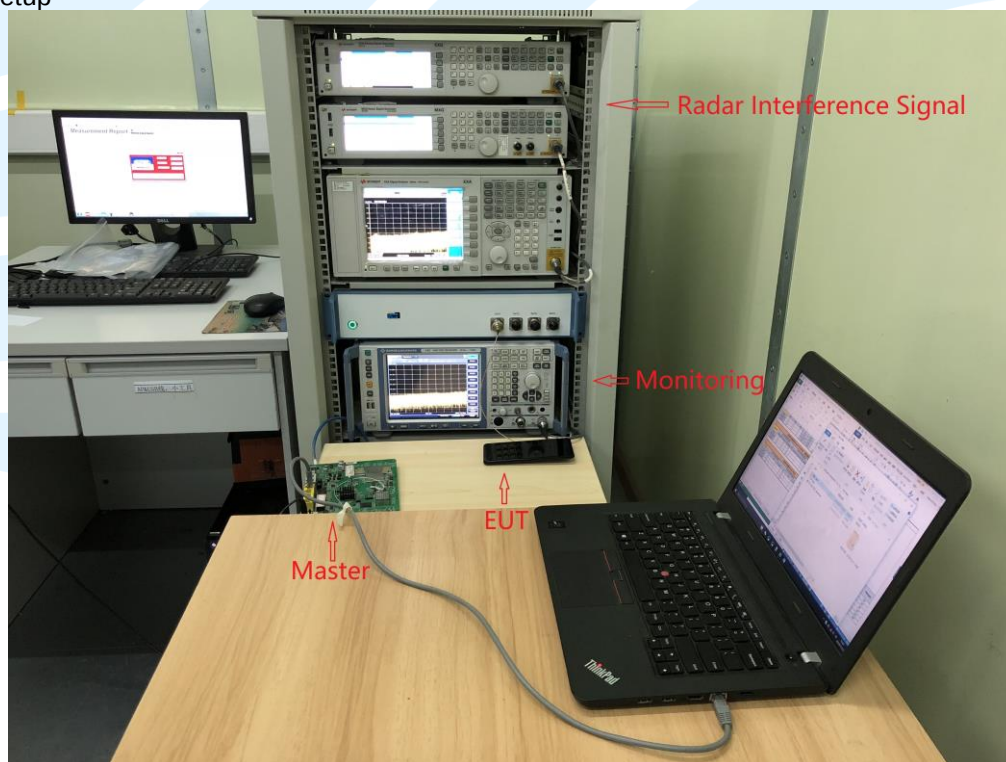


Radiated Emissions (Below 1G)





DFS Test Setup



8. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Reference to the test report No. TRE1809007001.

-----End of Report-----

