中认信通
CHINA CERTIFICATION ICT CO., LTD (DONGGUAN)

ACCREDITED
TESTING LABORATORY
CERTIFICATE # 6356.01

TEST REPORT

Applicant: **Cedar Kingdom Corporation Limited**

Address: Flat/Rm05, 14/F, Lucky Centre, 165-171 Wanchai Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

FCC ID: **2AKQUVZCKVT1001**

Product Name: **FUNTAB X**

Model Number: **VT1001**

Standard(s): **47 CFR Part 2**
47 CFR Part 22, Subpart H
47 CFR Part 24, Subpart E
47 CFR Part 27
ANSI C63.26-2015
KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

Report Number: **CR21090060-00D**

Date Of Issue: **2021-11-19**

Reviewed By: **Sun Zhong**

Sun Zhong

Title: Manager

Test Laboratory: **China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)**
No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan,
Guangdong, China
Tel: +86-769-82016888

Test Facility

The Test site used by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 442868, the FCC Designation No. : CN1314.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0123.

Declarations

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol "▲". Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	FUNTAB X
EUT Model:	VT1001
Operation modes:	GSM Voice, GPRS/EDGE Data, WCDMA(R99 (Data), HSDPA,HSUPA) FDD-LTE
Operation Bands and modes:	GSM/GPRS/EDGE: 850/1900 WCDMA: Band 2/4/5 LTE: Band 2/4/5/7
Modulation Type:	GMSK,8PSK, BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM
Rated Input Voltage:	DC 3.8V from battery or DC 5V from adapter
Serial Number:	CR21090060-RF-S1/2
EUT Received Date:	2021.09.29
EUT Received Status:	Good

Accessory Information:

Accessory Description	Manufacturer	Model	Parameters
Adapter	VIRZO	VT1001	Input: AC 100-240V 50/60Hz 0.4A Max Output: DC 5V 2A
USB Cable	Unknown	Unknown	Shield, 0.8 m

1.2 Description of Test Configuration

1.2.1 EUT Operation Condition:

EUT Operation Mode:	The system was configured for testing in each operation mode.
Equipment Modifications:	No
EUT Exercise Software:	No

The maximum power was configured per 3GPP Standard for each operation modes as below setting:

GSM/GPRS/EGPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900
Press Connection control to choose the different menus
Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings
Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings
Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM
Main Service > Packet Data
Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off
MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting
> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma
> 33 dBm for GPRS 850
> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900
> 27 dBm for EGPRS 850
> 26 dBm for EGPRS 1900
BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel
Frequency Offset > + 0 Hz
Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)
BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off
P0 > 4 dB
Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)
TCH > choose desired test channel
Hopping > Off
Main Timeslot > 3
Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS) and MCS5 (EGPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream
AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input
Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

WCDMA-Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	βc / βd	8/15

WCDMA HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	βc	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	βd	1 /15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	βd (SF)	64			
	βc/ βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	βhs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
HSDPA Speci ic Settings	DACK	8			
	DNAK	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	Ahs=βhs/ βc	30/15			

WCDMA HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	**HSUPA**	**HSUPA**	**HSUPA**	**HSUPA**	**HSUPA**
	Subset	**1**	**2**		**4**	**5**
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	βc	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	βd	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
	βec	209/225	12/15	30 15	2/15	5/15
	βc/ βd	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	βhs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	Ahs=βhs/ βc	30/15				
HSUPA Specific Settings	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate k ps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCls	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	

LTE (FDD):

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in 3GPP TS36.101

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signalling Value of "NS_01".

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N_{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
			10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	See Table 6.2.4-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤ 1
				> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23[1]	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5
..					
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

Note 1: Applies to the lower block of Band 23, i.e. a carrier placed in the 2000-2010 MHz region.

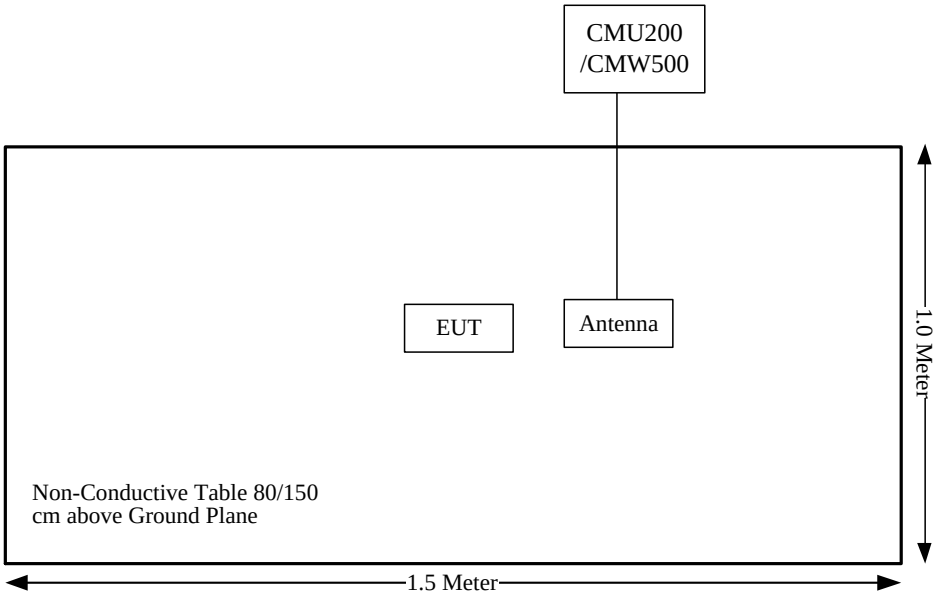
1.2.2 Support Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	149218
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	110 825
Un-Known	ANTENNA	Un-Known	ANT001

1.2.3 Support Cable List and Details

Cable Description	Shielding Type	Ferrite Core	Length (m)	From Port	To
/	/	/	/	/	/

1.2.4 Block Diagram of Test Setup



1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty. The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.

Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.61dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±0.61 dB
Unwanted Emissions, radiated	30M~200MHz: 4.15 dB,200M~1GHz: 5.61 dB,1G~6GHz: 5.14 dB, 6G~18GHz: 5.93 dB,18G~26.5G:5.47 dB,26.5G~40G:5.63 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.26 dB
Temperature	±1℃
Humidity	±5%
DC and low frequency voltages	±0.4%
Duty Cycle	1%

2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC §2.1046; § 22.913 (a); § 24.232 (c); §27.50	RF Output Power	Compliance
FCC § 2.1047	Modulation Characteristics	Not Applicable
FCC § 2.1049; § 22.905 § 22.917; § 24.238; §27.53	Occupied Bandwidth	Compliance
FCC § 2.1051, § 22.917 (a); § 24.238 (a); §27.53	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	Compliance
FCC § 22.917 (a); § 24.238 (a); §27.53	Out of band emission, Band Edge	Compliance
FCC § 2.1055 § 22.355; § 24.235; §27.54	Frequency stability vs. temperature Frequency stability vs. voltage	Compliance
FCC § 2.1053 § 22.917 (a); § 24.238 (a); §27.53	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	Compliance

3. REQUIREMENTS AND TEST PROCEDURES

3.1 Applicable Standard For Part 22 Subpart H:

3.1.1 RF Output Power

FCC §22.913(a)

(5) The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7watts.

3.1.2 Spurious Emissions and 26 dB Emission bandwidth

FCC §22.917

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a reference bandwidth as follows:
(1) In the spectrum below 1 GHz, instrumentation should employ a reference bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full required reference bandwidth (i.e., 100 kHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
(2) In the spectrum above 1 GHz, instrumentation should employ a reference bandwidth of 1 MHz

3.1.3 Frequency stability

FCC §22.355

Except as otherwise provided in this part, the carrier frequency of each transmitter in the Public Mobile Services must be maintained within the tolerances given in Table C-1 of this section.

Table C-1 - Frequency Tolerance for Transmitters in the Public Mobile Services

Frequency range (MHz)	Base, fixed (ppm)	Mobile >3 watts (ppm)	Mobile ≤3 watts (ppm)
25 to 50	20	20	50
50 to 450	5	5	50
450 to 512	2.5	5	5
821 to 896	1.5	**2.5**	**2.5**
928 to 929	5	n/a	n/a
929 to 960	1.5	n/a	n/a
2110 to 2220	10	n/a	n/a

3.2 Applicable Standard For Part 24 Subpart E:

3.2.1 RF Output Power

FCC §24.232(c)

Mobile and portable stations are limited to 2 watts EIRP and the equipment must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

3.2.2 Spurious Emissions and 26 dB Emission bandwidth

FCC §24.238

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Broadband Personal Communications Service.

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(c) Alternative out of band emission limit. Licensees in this service may establish an alternative out of band emission limit to be used at specified band edge(s) in specified geographical areas, in lieu of that set forth in this section, pursuant to a private contractual arrangement of all affected licensees and applicants. In this event, each party to such contract shall maintain a copy of the contract in their station files and disclose it to prospective assignees or transferees and, upon request, to the FCC.

(d) Interference caused by out of band emissions. If any emission from a transmitter operating in this service results in interference to users of another radio service, the FCC may require a greater attenuation of that emission than specified in this section.

3.2.3 Frequency stability

FCC §24.235

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

3.3 Applicable Standard For Part 27:

3.3.1 RF Output Power

FCC §27.50

(a)(3) *Mobile and portable stations.*
(i) For mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or the 2350-2360 MHz band, the average EIRP must not exceed 50 milliwatts within any 1 megahertz of authorized bandwidth, *except that* for mobile and portable stations compliant with 3GPP LTE standards or another advanced mobile broadband protocol that avoids concentrating energy at the edge of the operating band the average EIRP must not exceed 250 milliwatts within any 5 megahertz of authorized bandwidth but may exceed 50 milliwatts within any 1 megahertz of authorized bandwidth. For mobile and portable stations using time division duplexing (TDD) technology, the duty cycle must not exceed 38 percent in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands. Mobile and portable stations using FDD technology are restricted to transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band. Power averaging shall not include intervals in which the transmitter is off.
(ii) Mobile and portable stations are not permitted to transmit in the 2315-2320 MHz and 2345-2350 MHz bands.
(iii) *Automatic transmit power control.* Mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or in the 2350-2360 MHz band must employ automatic transmit power control when operating so the stations operate with the minimum power necessary for successful communications.
(iv) *Prohibition on external vehicle-mounted antennas.* The use of external vehicle-mounted antennas for mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or the 2350-2360 MHz band is prohibited.

(b)(10) Portable stations (hand-held devices) transmitting in the 746-757 MHz, 776-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands are limited to 3 watts ERP.

(c)(10) Portable stations (hand-held devices) in the 600 MHz uplink band and the 698-746 MHz band, and fixed and mobile stations in the 600 MHz uplink band are limited to 3 watts ERP.

(d)(4) Fixed, mobile, and portable (hand-held) stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band and mobile and portable stations operating in the 1695-1710 MHz and 1755-1780 MHz bands are limited to 1 watt EIRP. Fixed stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band are limited to a maximum antenna height of 10 meters above ground. Mobile and portable stations operating in these bands must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

(h) The following power limits shall apply in the BRS and EBS:
(2)Mobile and other user stations. Mobile stations are limited to 2.0 watts EIRP. All user stations are limited to 2.0 watts transmitter output power.

3.3.2 Spurious Emissions

FCC §27.53

(a) For operations in the 2305-2320 MHz band and the 2345-2360 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power P (with averaging performed only during periods of transmission) within the licensed band(s) of operation, in watts, by the following amounts:
(4)For mobile and portable stations operating in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands:

(i) By a factor of not less than: 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2305 and 2320 MHz and on all frequencies between 2345 and 2360 MHz that are outside the licensed band(s) of operation, not less than 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2320 and 2324 MHz and on all frequencies between 2341 and 2345 MHz, not less than 61 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2324 and 2328 MHz and on all frequencies between 2337 and 2341 MHz, and not less than 67 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2328 and 2337 MHz;

(ii) By a factor of not less than 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2300 and 2305 MHz, 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2296 and 2300 MHz, 61 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2292 and 2296 MHz, 67 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2288 and 2292 MHz, and 70 + 10 log (P) dB below 2288 MHz;

(iii) By a factor of not less than 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2360 and 2365 MHz, and not less than 70 + 10 log (P) dB above 2365 MHz.

(c)For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

(1) On any frequency outside the 746-758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB;

(2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB;

(3) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than 76 + 10 log (P) dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;

(4) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than 65 + 10 log (P) dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;

(5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;

(6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

(f) For operations in the 746-758 MHz, 775-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to − 70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and − 80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation.

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

(h) AWS emission limits

(1) ***General protection levels.*** Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10 $\log_{10}$ (P) dB.

(m)(4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than 40 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge, 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less that 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and 55 + 10 log (P) dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

3.3.3 Frequency stability

FCC §27.54

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation.

3.4 Test Method:

3.4.1 RF Output Power

According to CFR Part 2.1046, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.2.5.5 and KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01:

The relevant equation for determining the ERP or EIRP from the conducted RF output power measured using the guidance provided above is:

$$\text{ERP or EIRP} = P_{Meas} + G_T - L_C$$

where:

ERP or EIRP = effective radiated power or equivalent isotropically radiated power, respectively (expressed in the same units as P_{Meas}, typically dBW or dBm);
P_{Meas} = measured transmitter output power or PSD, in dBm or dBW;
G_T = gain of the transmitting antenna, in dBd (ERP) or dBi (EIRP);
L_C = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna, in dB.

3.4.2 Occupied Bandwidth

According to CFR Part 2.1049, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.4.4

The OBW is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission.

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99%) power bandwidth:

a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts (typically a span of 1.5 ×OBW is sufficient).

b) The nominal IF filter 3 dB bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set ≥ 3 × RBW.

c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal amplitude from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. See guidance provided in 4.2.3.
NOTE—Step a), step b), and step c) may require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.

d) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max-hold.

e) If the instrument does not have a 99% OBW function, recover the trace data points and sum directly in linear power terms. Place the recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached. Record that frequency as the lower OBW frequency. Repeat the process until 99.5% of the total is reached and record that frequency as the upper OBW frequency. The 99% power OBW can be determined by computing the difference these two frequencies.

f) The OBW shall be reported and plot(s) of the measuring instrument display shall be provided with the test report. The frequency and amplitude axis and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data can be reported in addition to the plot(s).

3.4.3 Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

According to CFR Part 2.1051, 22.917(a), 24.238(a) and/or 27.53, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.7.4, KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01:

the applicable rule part specifies the reference bandwidth for measuring unwanted emission levels (typically, 100 kHz if the authorized frequency band/block is at or below 1 GHz and 1 MHz if the authorized frequency band/block is above 1 GHz),8 effectively depicting the unwanted emission limit in terms of a power spectral density. In those cases where no reference bandwidth is explicitly specified, the values in the preceding sentence should be used.

3.4.4 Out of band emission

According to CFR Part 2.1051, 22.917(a), 24.238(a), 27.53, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.7.3, KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01:

Typically, a measurement (resolution) bandwidth smaller than the reference bandwidth is allowed for measurements within a specified frequency range at the edge of the authorized frequency block/band (e.g., within the first Y MHz outside of the authorized frequency band/block, where the value of Y is specified in the relevant rule part). Some FCC out-of-band emission rules permit the use of a narrower RBW (typically limited to a minimum RBW of 1 % of the OBW) for measuring the out-of-band emissions without a requirement to integrate the result over the full reference bandwidth. Beyond the specified frequency range in which this relaxation of the uniform reference bandwidth is permitted, it typically is also acceptable to use a narrower RBW (again limited to a minimum of 1 % of OBW) to increase accuracy, but the measurement result must subsequently be integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

3.4.5 Frequency stability

According to CFR Part 2.1055, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.6, KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01:

Frequency stability is a measure of the frequency drift due to temperature and supply voltage variations, with reference to the frequency measured at +20 ℃ and rated supply voltage.

The operating carrier frequency shall be set up in accordance with the manufacturer’s published operation and instruction manual prior to the commencement of these tests. No adjustment of any frequency determining circuit element shall be made subsequent to this initial set-up. Frequency stability is tested:

a) At 10 ℃ intervals of temperatures between −30 °C and +50 °C at the manufacturer’s rated supply voltage, and

b) At +20 ℃ temperature and ±15% supply voltage variations. If a product is specified to operate over a range of input voltage then the −15% variation is applied to the lowermost voltage and the +15% is applied to the uppermost voltage.

During the test all necessary settings, adjustments and control of the EUT have to be performed without disturbing the test environment, i.e., without opening the environmental chamber. The frequency stabilities can be maintained to a lesser temperature range provided that the transmitter is automatically inhibited from operating outside the lesser temperature range. For handheld equipment that is only capable of operating from internal batteries and the supply voltage cannot be varied, the frequency stability tests shall be performed at the nominal battery voltage and the battery end point voltage specified by the manufacturer. An external supply voltage can be used and set at the internal battery nominal voltage, and again at the battery operating end point voltage which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer.

If an unmodulated carrier is not available, the mean frequency of a modulated carrier can be obtained by using a frequency counter with gating time set to an appropriately large multiple of bit periods (gating time depending on the required accuracy). Full details on the choice of values shall be included in the test report.

3.4.6 Field strength of spurious radiation

According to CFR Part 2.1053, 22.917(a), 24.238(a) and/or 27.53, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.5.3:

Test setup:

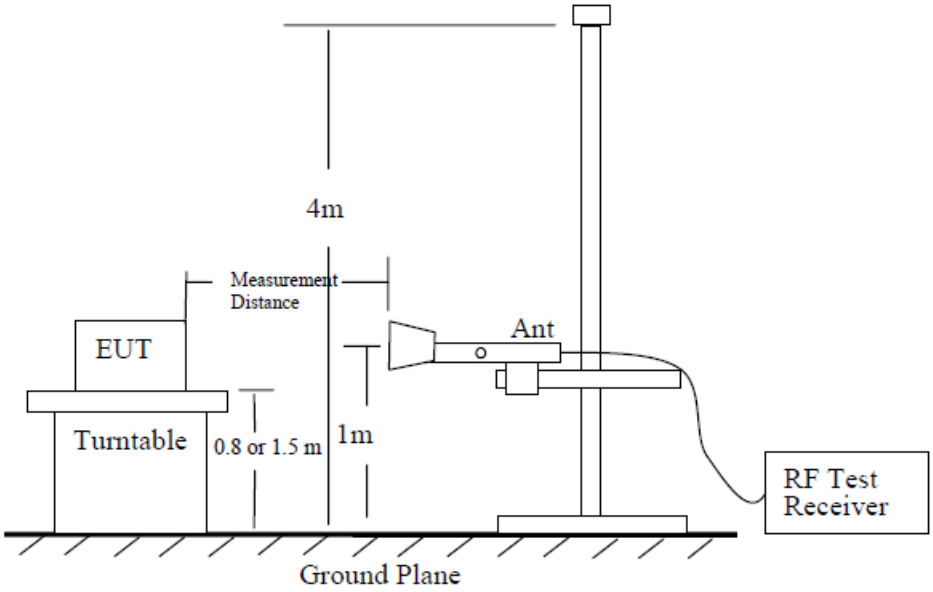


Figure 6 —Test site-up for radiated ERP and/or EIRP measurements

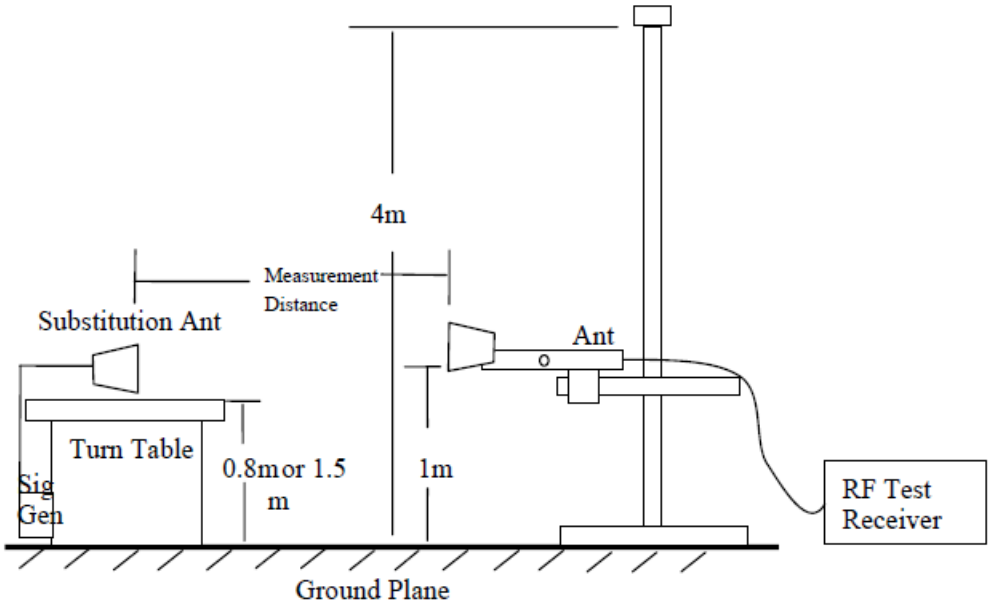


Figure 7 —Substitution method set-up for radiated emission

Test Procedure:

a) Place the EUT in the center of the turntable. The EUT shall be configured to transmit into the standard non-radiating load (for measuring radiated spurious emissions), connected with cables of minimal length unless specified otherwise. If the EUT uses an adjustable antenna, the antenna shall be positioned to the length that produces the worst case emission at the fundamental operating frequency.

b) Each emission under consideration shall be evaluated:

1) Raise and lower the measurement antenna in accordance 5.5.2, as necessary to enable detection of the maximum emission amplitude relative to measurement antenna height.

2) Rotate the EUT through 360° to determine the maximum emission level relative to the axial position.

3) Return the turntable to the azimuth where the highest emission amplitude level was observed.

4) Vary the measurement antenna height again through 1 m to 4 m again to find the height associated with the maximum emission amplitude.

5) Record the measured emission amplitude level and frequency using the appropriate RBW.

c) Repeat step b) for each emission frequency with the measurement antenna oriented in both the horizontal and vertical polarizations to determine the orientation that gives the maximum emissions amplitude.

d) Set-up the substitution measurement with the reference point of the substitution antenna located as near as possible to where the center of the EUT radiating element was located during the initial EUT measurement.

e) Maintain the previous measurement instrument settings and test set-up, with the exception that the EUT is removed and replaced by the substitution antenna.

f) Connect a signal generator to the substitution antenna; locate the signal generator so as to minimize any potential influences on the measurement results. Set the signal generator to the frequency where emissions are detected, and set an output power level such that the radiated signal can be detected by the measurement instrument, with sufficient dynamic range relative to the noise floor.

g) For each emission that was detected and measured in the initial test [i.e., in step b) and step c)]:

1) Vary the measurement antenna height between 1 m to 4 m to maximize the received (measured) signal amplitude.

2) Adjust the signal generator output power level until the amplitude detected by the measurement instrument equals the amplitude level of the emission previously measured directly in step b) and step c).

3) Record the output power level of the signal generator when equivalence is achieved in step 2).

h) Repeat step e) through step g) with the measurement antenna oriented in the opposite polarization.

i) Calculate the emission power in dBm referenced to a half-wave dipole using the following equation:

$$Pe = Ps(dBm) - \text{cable loss (dB)} + \text{antenna gain (dBd)}$$

where

Pe = equivalent emission power in dBm
Ps = source (signal generator) power in dBm

NOTE—dBd refers to the measured antenna gain in decibels relative to a half-wave dipole.

j) Correct the antenna gain of the substitution antenna if necessary to reference the emission power to a half-wave dipole. When using measurement antennas with the gain specified in dBi, the equivalent dipole-referenced gain can be determined from: gain (dBd) = gain (dBi) − 2.15 dB. If necessary, the antenna gain can be calculated from calibrated antenna factor information

k) Provide the complete measurement results as a part of the test report.

4. Test DATA AND RESULTS

4.1 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for GSM 850 band:

Serial Number:	CR21090060-RF-S1/2	Test Date:	2021/9/29~2021/10/21
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Le qiao	Test Result:	**Pass**

Environmental Conditions:					
Temperature: (℃)	25.9~28.1	Relative Humidity: (%)	51~60	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.2~100.4

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101474	2021/7/22	2022/7/21
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554403	Each time	N/A
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R60	N/A	N/A
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	110 825	2021/7/22	2022/7/21
Weinschel	Coaxial Attenuators	53-20-34	LN751	2021/8/8	2022/8/7
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150	30026	2021/7/22	2022/7/22
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	2021/8/30	2022/8/30
E-Microwave	Two-way Spliter	ODP-1-6	OE0120176	Each Time	N/A

** Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).*

EUT Information@ GSM 850 Band▲:					
Antenna Gain (dBi):	1	Antenna Gain (dBd):	-1.15	Cable Loss (dB):	0.2
Operation Voltage(V_{DC}):					
Lowest:	3.5	Normal:	3.8	Highest:	4.3

Test Frequency For Each Mode:

Operation Modes	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)
GSM	824.2	836.6	848.8
GPRS	824.2	836.6	848.8
EDGE	824.2	836.6	848.8

Test Data:

FCC §2.1046; § 22.913 (a):RF Output Power

Test Mode	Conducted Peak Output Power(dBm)			Maximum ERP (dBm)	ERP Limit (dBm)
	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel		
GSM	33.87	33.45	33.89	32.54	38.45
GPRS 1Uplink Slot	33.78	33.72	33.82	32.47	38.45
GPRS 2Uplink Slots	31.57	31.75	31.37	30.4	38.45
GPRS 3Uplink Slots	29.38	29.83	29.58	28.48	38.45
GPRS 4Uplink Slots	27.98	28.21	28.02	26.86	38.45
EDGE 1Uplink Slot	28.15	28.28	28.34	26.99	38.45
EDGE 2Uplink Slots	26.58	26.87	26.79	25.52	38.45
EDGE 3Uplink Slots	24.87	24.28	24.83	23.52	38.45
EDGE 4Uplink Slots	22.88	22.86	22.67	21.53	38.45
				Result:	**Pass**

FCC §2.1049, §22.917, §22.905:Occupied Bandwidth

Operation Mode	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		
	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
GSM	0.246	0.246	0.244	0.321	0.32	0.316
EDGE	0.246	0.246	0.244	0.319	0.321	0.312
Note: The test plots please refer to the Plots of Occupied Bandwidth						

FCC §2.1051, §22.917(a):Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

Result:	**Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.**

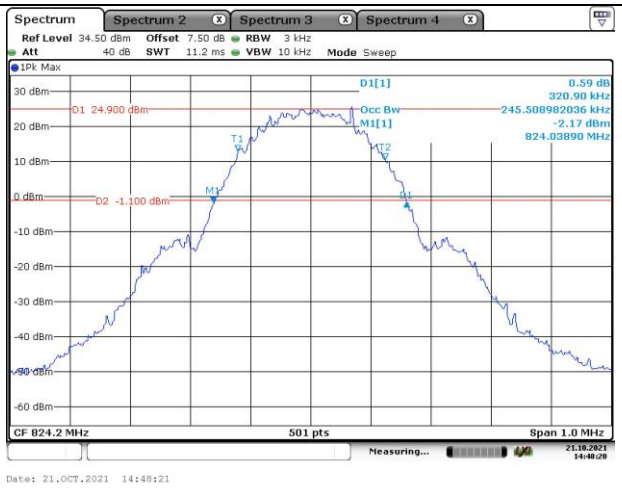
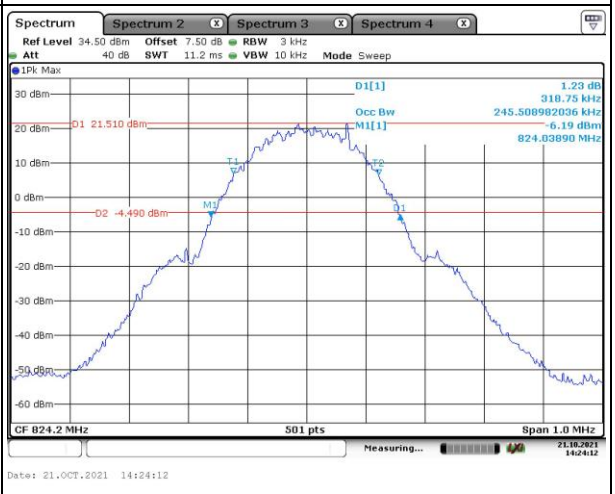
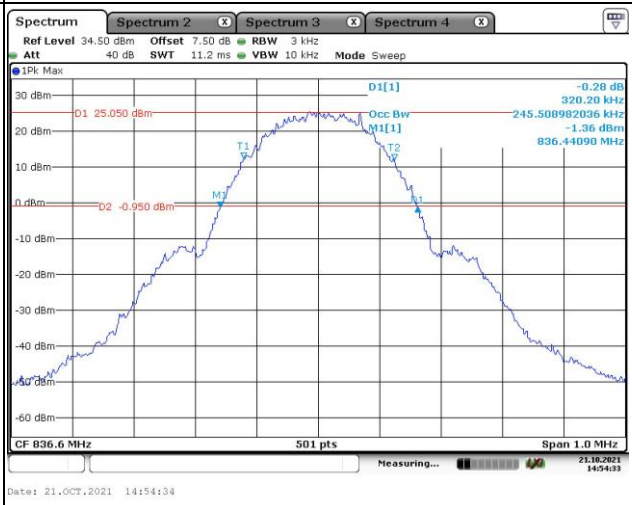
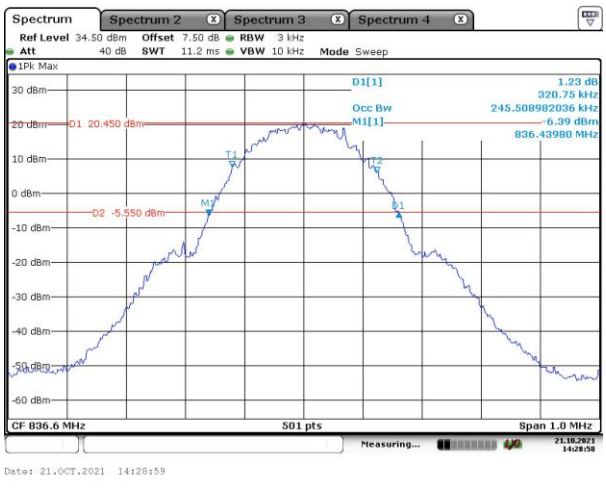
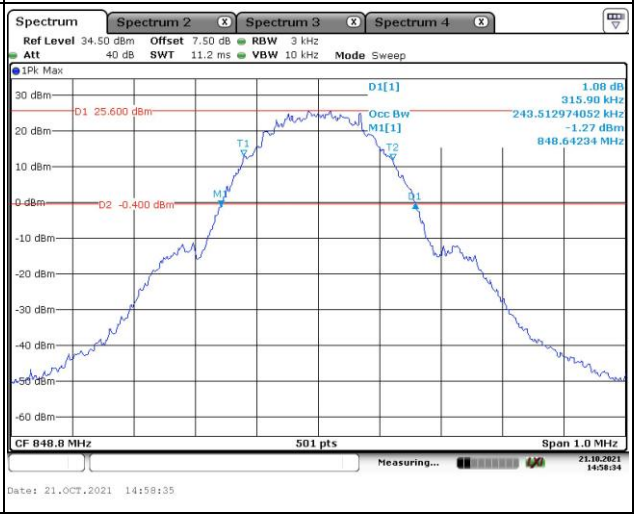
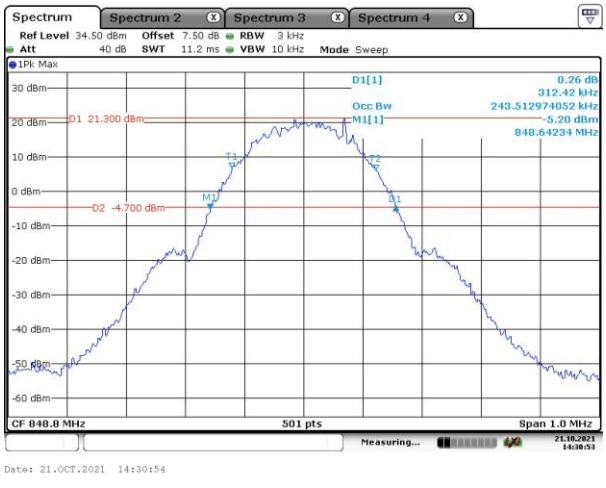
FCC §2.1051, §22.917(a):Out of band emission, Band Edge

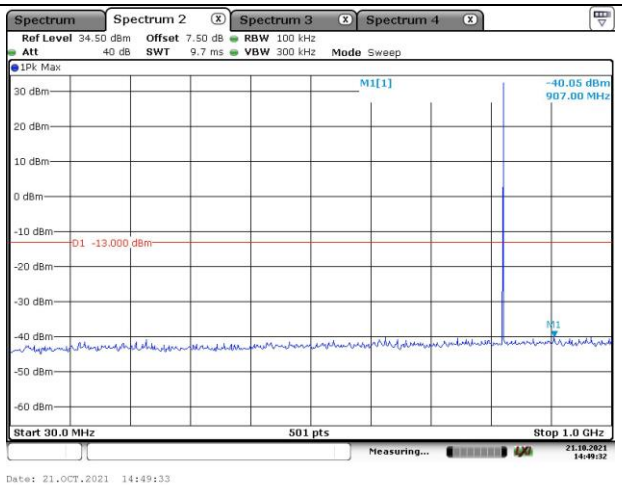
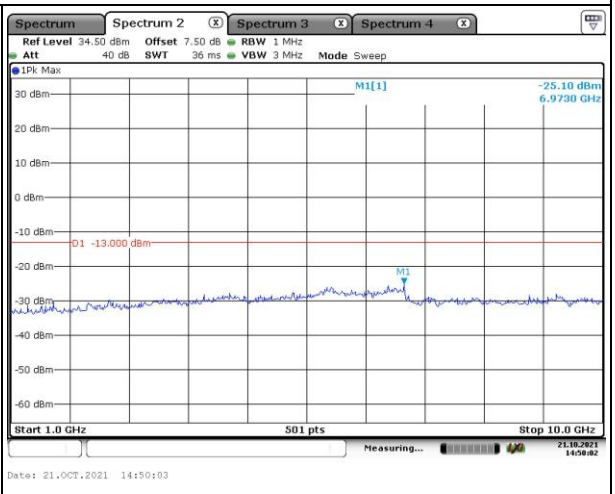
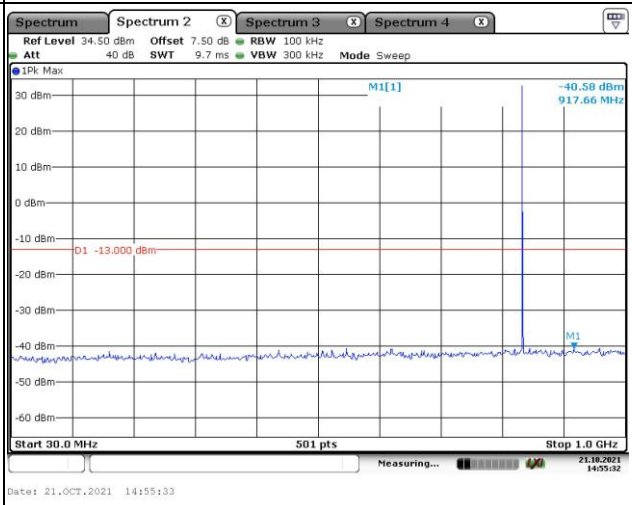
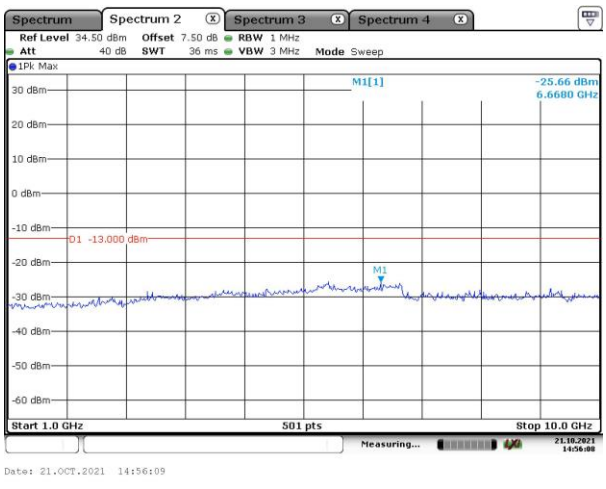
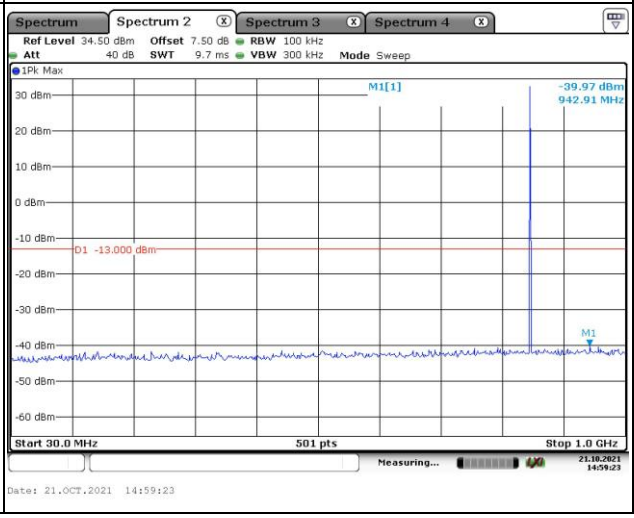
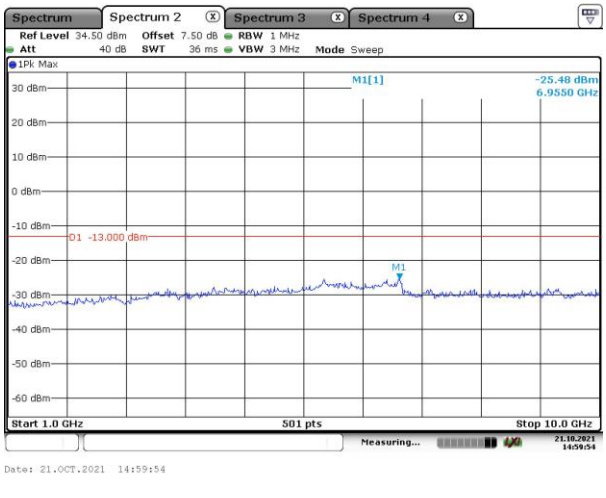
Result:	**Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.**

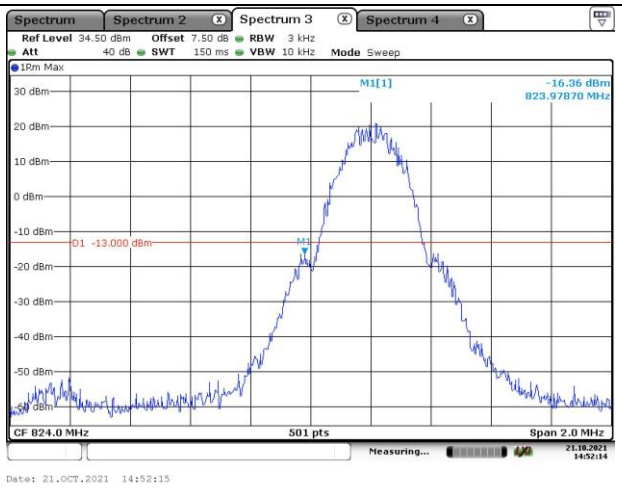
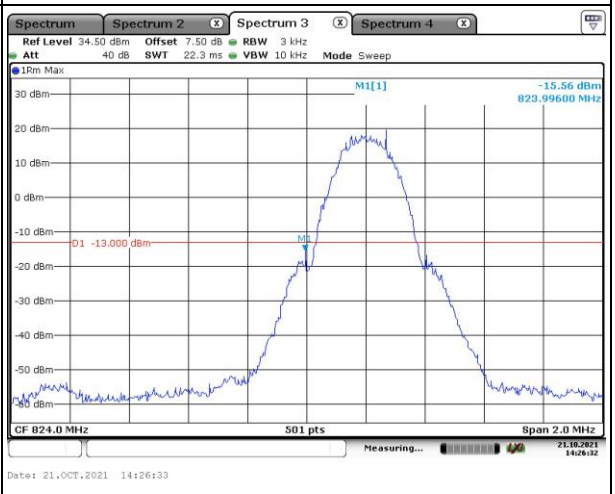
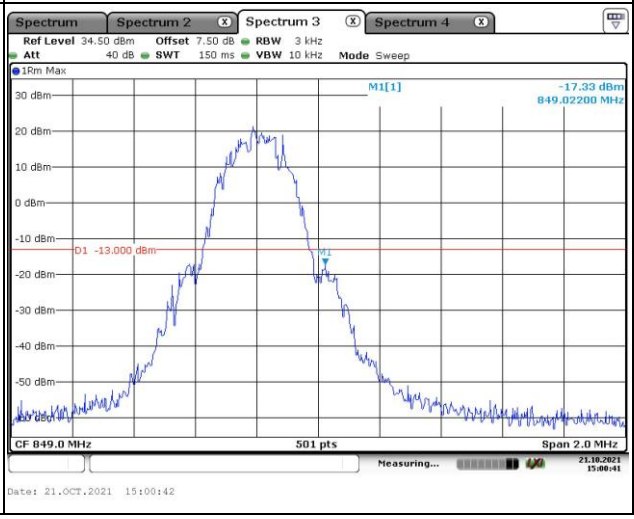
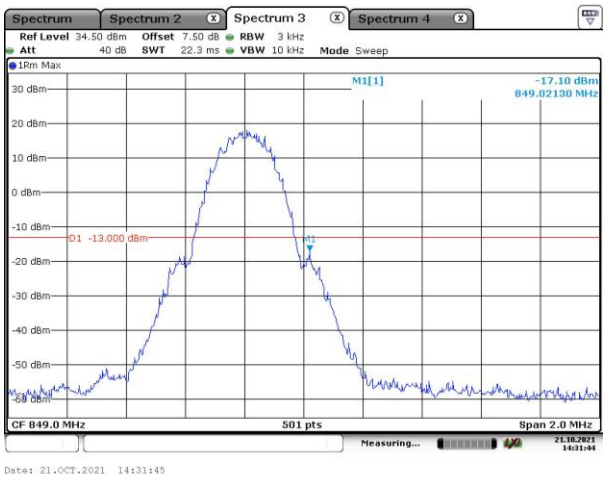
FCC §2.1055, §22.355: Frequency Stability					
Test Modulation:	GMSK		Test Channel:	836.6	MHz
Test Item	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V_{DC})	Frequency Error		Limit
			(Hz)	(ppm)	(ppm)
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	12	0.01	2.5
	-20	3.8	-10	-0.01	2.5
	-10	3.8	14	0.02	2.5
	0	3.8	12	0.01	2.5
	10	3.8	-8	-0.01	2.5
	20	3.8	12	0.01	2.5
	30	3.8	-10	-0.01	2.5
	40	3.8	12	0.01	2.5
	50	3.8	-6	-0.01	2.5
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.5	-14	-0.02	2.5
	20	4.3	13	0.02	2.5
				Result:	**Pass**

Test Modulation:	8PSK		Test Channel:	836.6	MHz
Test Item	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V_{DC})	Frequency Error		Limit
			(Hz)	(ppm)	(ppm)
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	8	0.01	2.5
	-20	3.8	10	0.01	2.5
	-10	3.8	-8	-0.01	2.5
	0	3.8	14	0.02	2.5
	10	3.8	12	0.01	2.5
	20	3.8	10	0.01	2.5
	30	3.8	14	0.02	2.5
	40	3.8	-12	-0.01	2.5
	50	3.8	-10	-0.01	2.5
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.5	12	0.01	2.5
	20	4.3	14	0.02	2.5
				Result:	**Pass**

Test Plots:

Occupied Bandwidth		
Channel	**GSM**	**EDGE**
Lowest		
Middle		
Highest		

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal		
Channel	**GSM**	
Lowest		
Middle		
Highest		

Out of band emission, Band Edge		
Channel	**GSM**	**EDGE**
Lowest		
Highest		

4.2 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for GSM 1900 band:

Serial Number:	CR21090060-RF-S1/2	Test Date:	2021/9/29~2021/10/21
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Le qiao	Test Result:	**Pass**

Environmental Conditions:					
Temperature: (℃)	25.9~28.1	Relative Humidity: (%)	51~60	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.2~100.4

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101474	2021/7/22	2022/7/21
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554403	2021/8/8	2022/8/7
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R60	N/A	N/A
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	110 825	2021/7/22	2022/7/21
Weinschel	Coaxial Attenuators	53-20-34	LN751	2021/8/8	2022/8/7
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150	30026	2021/7/22	2022/7/22
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	2021/8/30	2022/8/30
E-Microwave	Two-way Spliter	ODP-1-6	OE0120176	Each Time	N/A

** Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).*

EUT Information@PCS1900 Band▲:					
Antenna Gain (dBi):	1			Cable Loss (dB):	0.2
Operation Voltage(V_{DC}):					
Lowest:	3.5	Normal:	3.8	Highest:	4.3

Test Frequency For Each Mode:

Operation Modes	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)
GSM	1850.2	1880	1909.8
GPRS	1850.2	1880	1909.8
EDGE	1850.2	1880	1909.8

Test Data:

FCC §2.1046; § 24.232 (c):RF Output Power

Test Mode	Conducted Peak Output Power(dBm)			Maximum EIRP (dBm)	EIRP Limit (dBm)
	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel		
GSM	30.92	31.24	31.57	32.37	33
GPRS 1Uplink Slot	30.74	30.96	31.36	32.16	33
GPRS 2Uplink Slots	28.83	28.41	28.49	29.63	33
GPRS 3Uplink Slots	26.38	26.85	26.71	27.65	33
GPRS 4Uplink Slots	25.24	25.87	25.96	26.76	33
EDGE 1Uplink Slot	26.89	27.04	27.24	28.04	33
EDGE 2Uplink Slots	24.82	25.14	25.38	26.18	33
EDGE 3Uplink Slots	22.74	23.61	23.31	24.41	33
EDGE 4Uplink Slots	21.27	21.87	21.69	22.67	33
				Result:	**Pass**

FCC §2.1049, §24.238:Occupied Bandwidth

Operation Mode	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		
	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
GSM	0.244	0.246	0.244	0.314	0.312	0.316
EDGE	0.244	0.244	0.246	0.311	0.321	0.322
Note: The test plots please refer to the Plots of Occupied Bandwidth						

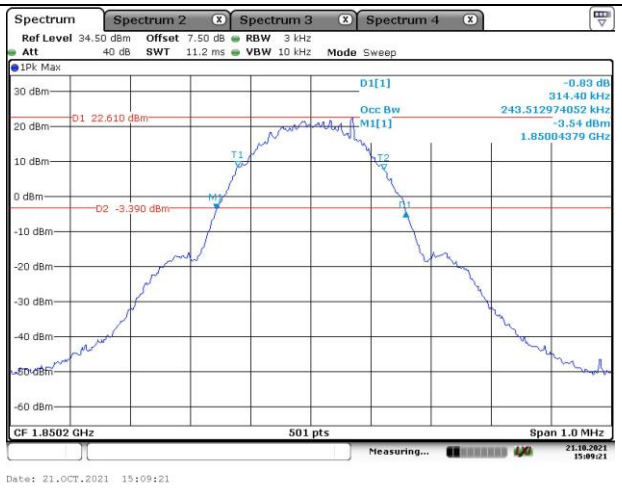
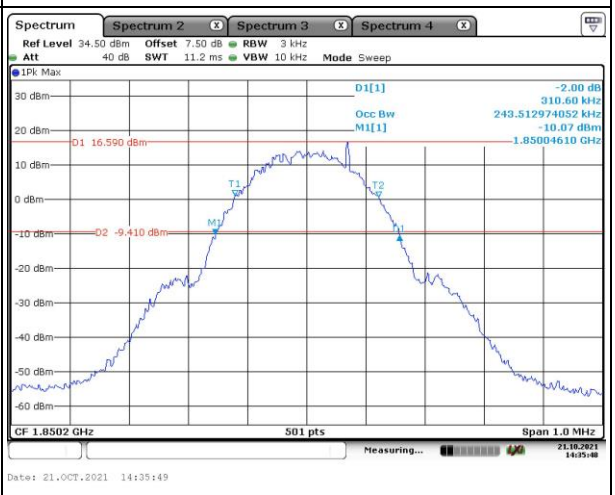
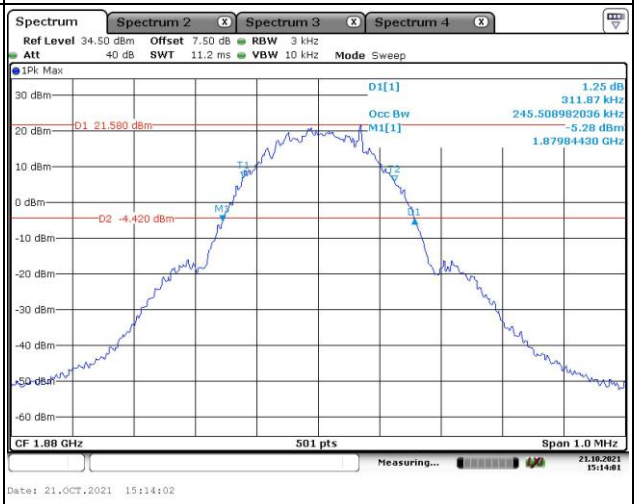
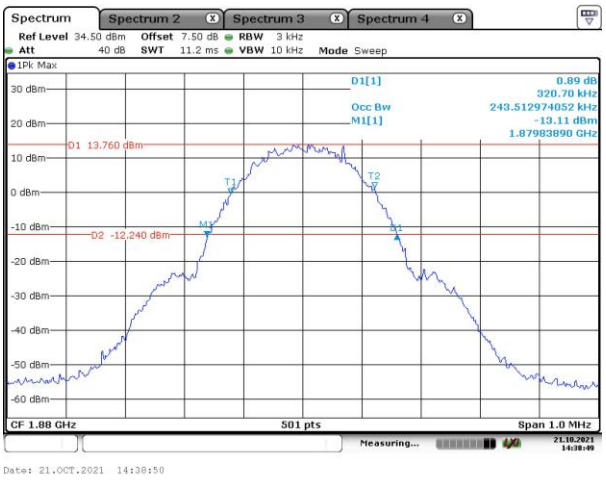
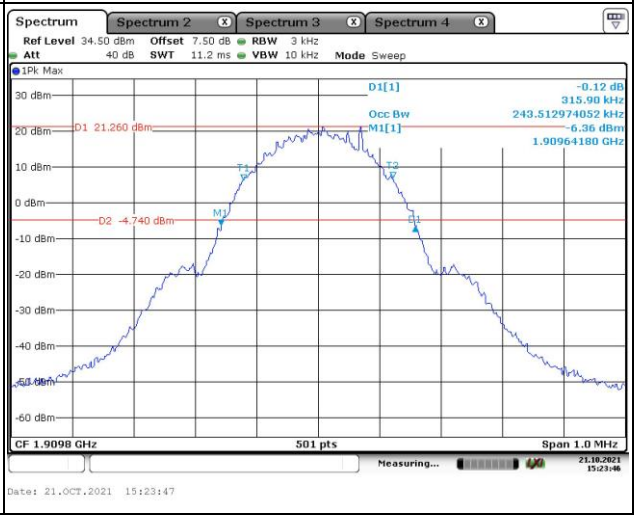
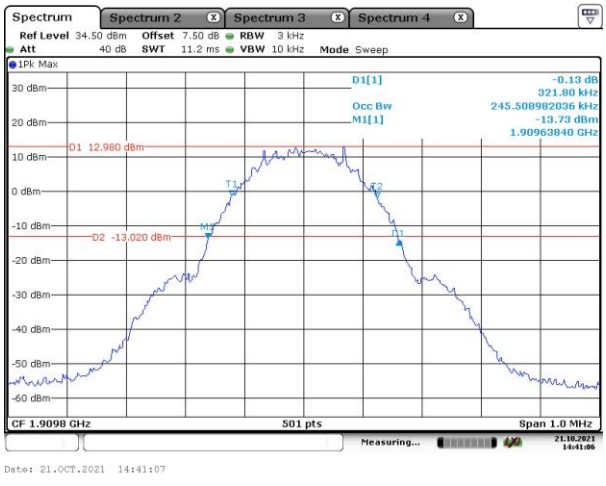
FCC §2.1051, § 24.238 (a):Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	
Result:	**Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.**

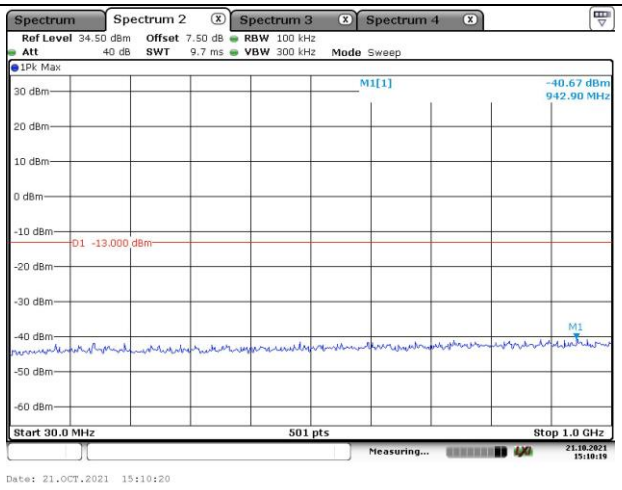
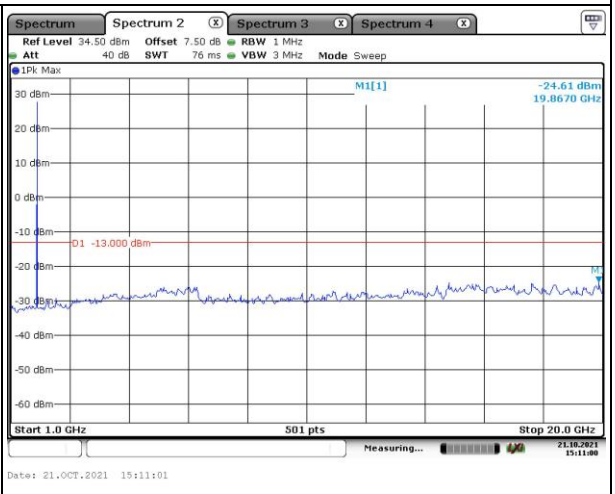
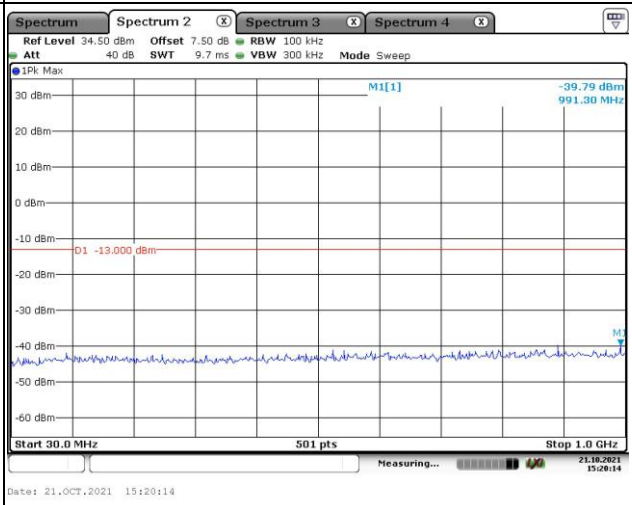
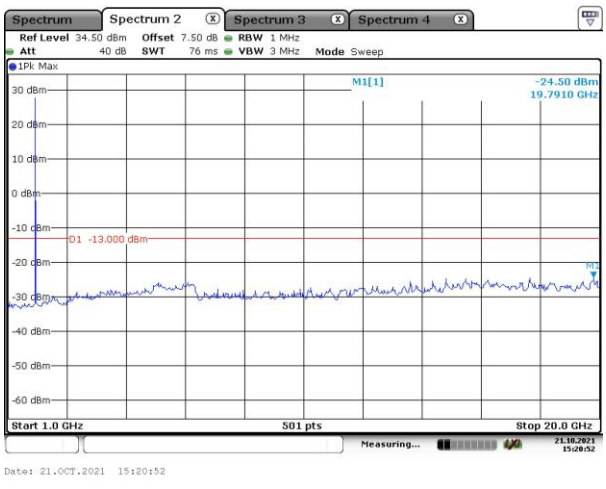
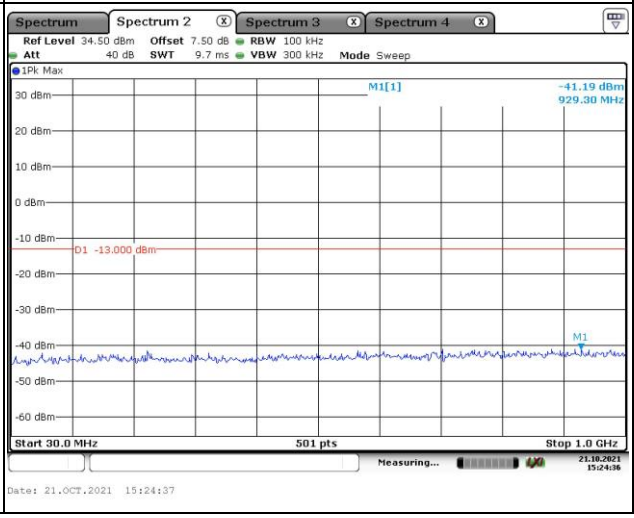
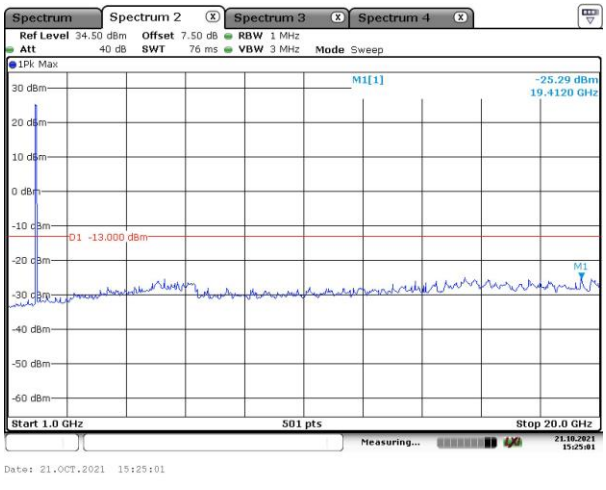
FCC §2.1051, § 24.238 (a):Out of band emission, Band Edge	
Result:	**Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.**

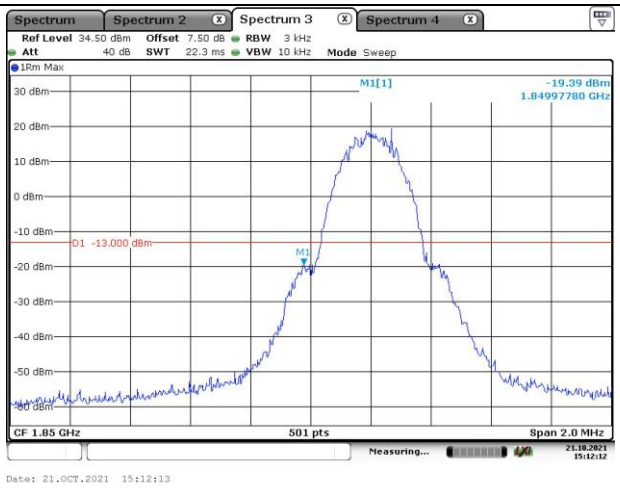
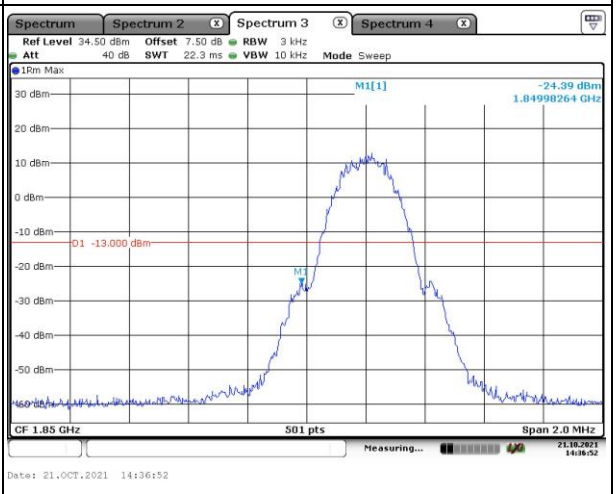
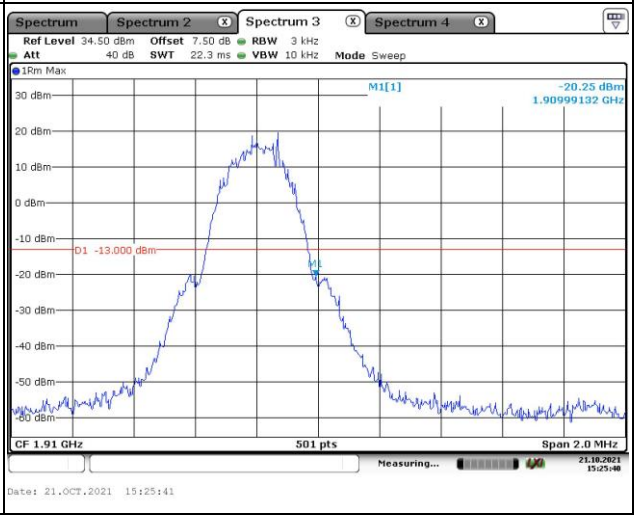
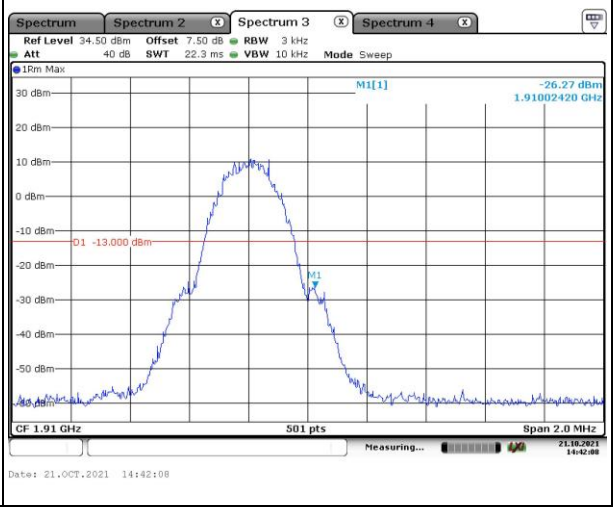
FCC §2.1055, §24.235: Frequency Stability					
Test Modulation:	GMSK		Test Channel:	1880	MHz
Test Item	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V_{DC})	Frequency Error		Result
			(Hz)	(ppm)	
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	14	0.01	Pass
	-20	3.8	-12	-0.01	Pass
	-10	3.8	16	0.01	Pass
	0	3.8	-10	-0.01	Pass
	10	3.8	-12	-0.01	Pass
	20	3.8	16	0.01	Pass
	30	3.8	14	0.01	Pass
	40	3.8	16	0.01	Pass
	50	3.8	14	0.01	Pass
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.5	10	0.01	Pass
	20	4.3	12	0.01	Pass
				Result:	**Pass**

Test Modulation:	8PSK		Test Channel:	1880	MHz
Test Item	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V_{DC})	Frequency Error		Result
			(Hz)	(ppm)	
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	14	0.01	Pass
	-20	3.8	12	0.01	Pass
	-10	3.8	10	0.01	Pass
	0	3.8	-12	-0.01	Pass
	10	3.8	12	0.01	Pass
	20	3.8	14	0.01	Pass
	30	3.8	16	0.01	Pass
	40	3.8	14	0.01	Pass
	50	3.8	-10	-0.01	Pass
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.5	16	0.01	Pass
	20	4.3	-14	-0.01	Pass
				Result:	**Pass**

Test Plots:

Occupied Bandwidth		
Channel	**GSM**	**EDGE**
Lowest		
Middle		
Highest		

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal		
Channel	**GSM**	
Lowest		
Middle		
Highest		

Out of band emission, Band Edge		
Channel	**GSM**	**EDGE**
Lowest		
Highest		

4.3 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for WCDMA Band 2:

Serial Number:	CR21090060-RF-S1/2	Test Date:	2021/9/29~2021/10/21
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Le qiao	Test Result:	**Pass**

Environmental Conditions:					
Temperature: (℃)	25.9~28.1	Relative Humidity: (%)	51~60	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.2~100.4

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101474	2021/7/22	2022/7/21
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554403	2021/8/8	2022/8/7
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R60	N/A	N/A
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	110 825	2021/7/22	2022/7/21
Weinschel	Coaxial Attenuators	53-20-34	LN751	2021/8/8	2022/8/7
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150	30026	2021/7/22	2022/7/22
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	2021/8/30	2022/8/30
E-Microwave	Two-way Spliter	ODP-1-6	OE0120176	Each Time	N/A

** Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).*

EUT Information@ WCDMA Band II▲:					
Antenna Gain (dBi):	1			Cable Loss (dB):	0.2
Operation Voltage(V_{DC}):					
Lowest:	3.5	Normal:	3.8	Highest:	4.3

Test Frequency For Each Mode:

Operation Modes	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)
WCDMA	1852.4	1880	1907.6

Test Data:

FCC §2.1046; § 24.232 (c)
RF Output Power:

Test Mode	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)			Maximum EIRP (dBm)	EIRP Limit (dBm)
	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel		
WCDMA R99 Subtest 1	22.25	22.38	22.25	23.18	33
HSDPA Subtest 1	22.59	22.59	22.59	23.39	33
HSDPA Subtest 2	22.27	22.01	22.01	23.07	33
HSDPA Subtest 3	21.54	21.67	21.41	22.47	33
HSDPA Subtest 4	21.66	21.66	21.66	22.46	33
HSUPA Subtest 1	22.58	22.58	22.45	23.38	33
HSUPA Subtest 2	22.07	22.33	22.07	23.13	33
HSUPA Subtest 3	21.93	21.67	21.67	22.73	33
HSUPA Subtest 4	21.35	21.09	21.22	22.15	33
HSUPA Subtest 5	21.04	21.04	21.78	22.58	33
				Result:	**Pass**

Peak-to-average Ratio(PAR)

Test Mode	Peak-to-average Ratio(dB)			Limit (dB)
	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	
WCDMA R99	2.75	2.64	2.64	13
HSDPA	2.93	2.87	3.16	13
HSUPA	3.3	2.93	2.93	13
			Result:	**Pass**

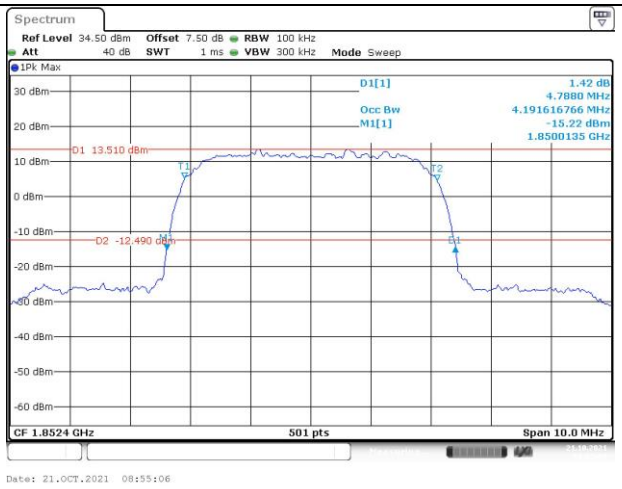
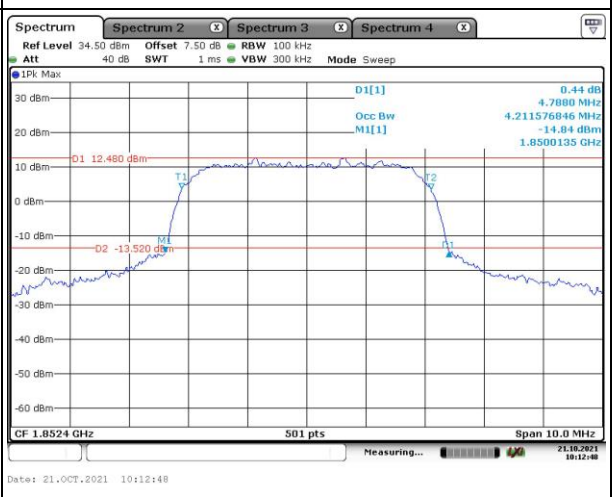
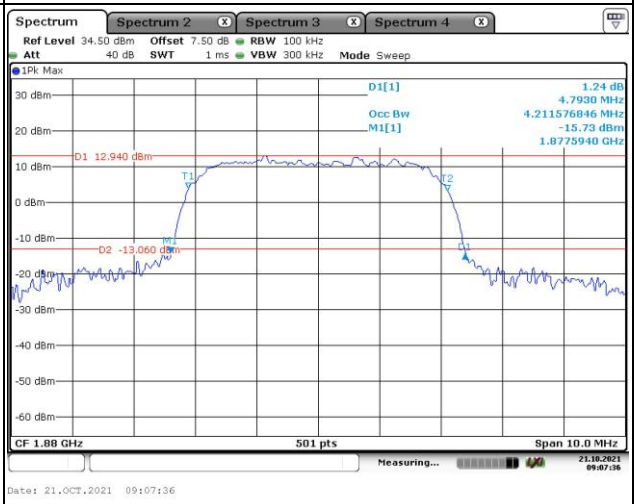
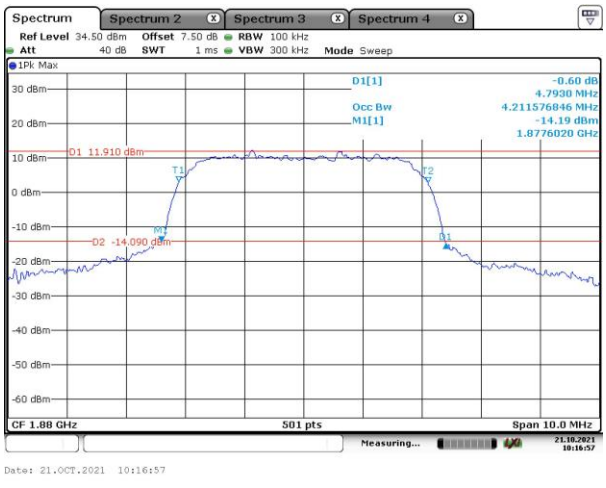
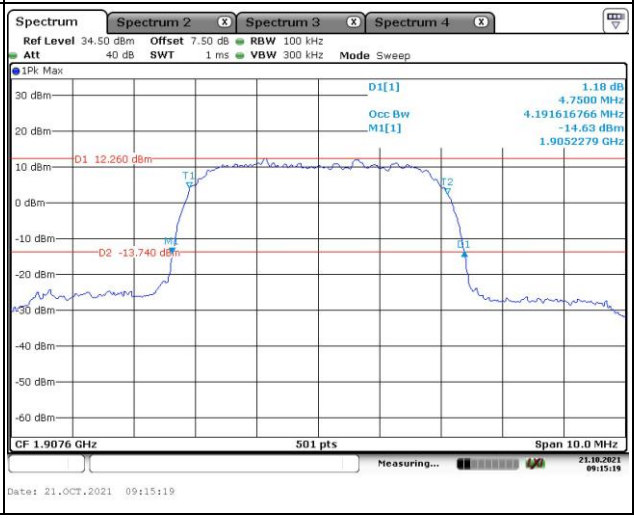
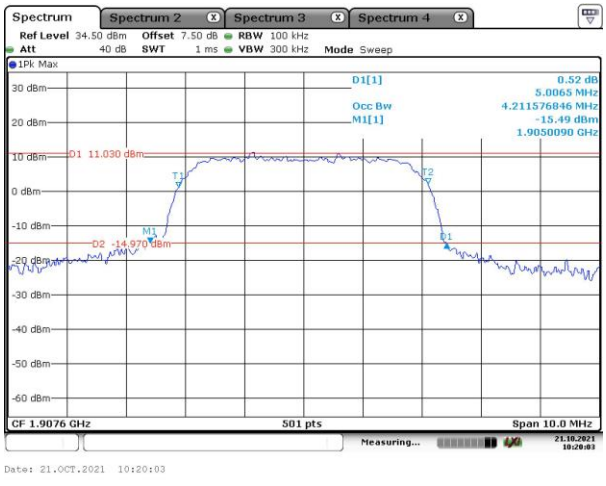
FCC §2.1049, §24.238:Occupied Bandwidth						
Operation Mode	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		
	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
WCDMA R99	4.192	4.212	4.192	4.788	4.793	4.75
HSDPA	4.212	4.212	4.212	4.788	4.793	5.007
HSUPA	4.192	4.212	4.212	4.739	4.75	5.037
Note: The test plots please refer to the Plots of Occupied Bandwidth						

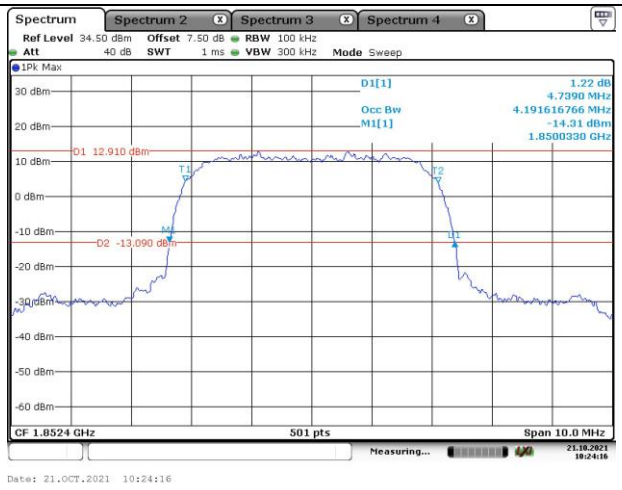
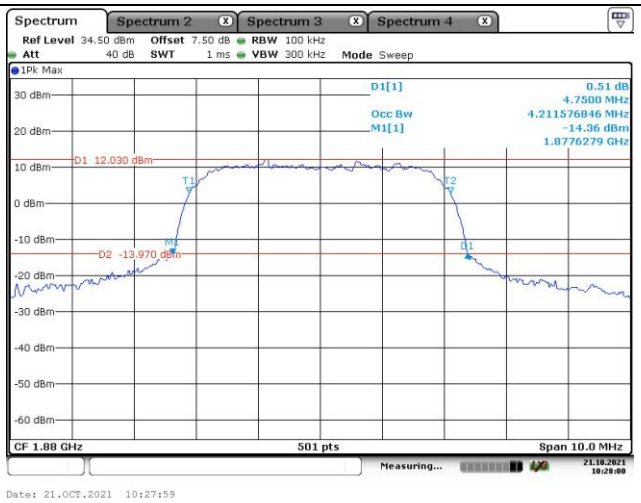
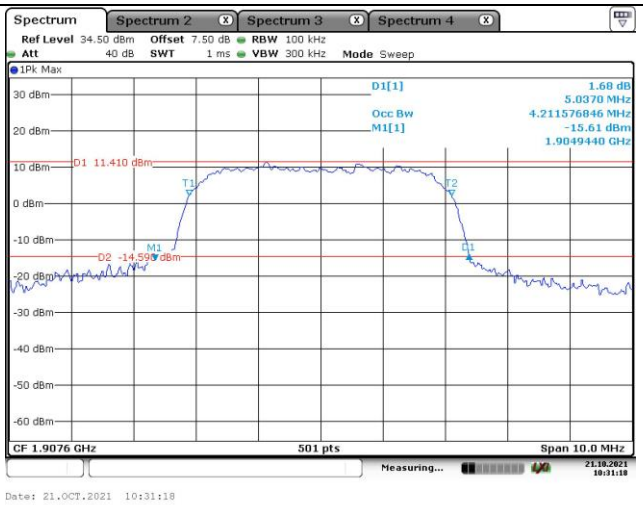
FCC §2.1051, § 24.238 (a):Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	
Result:	**Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.**

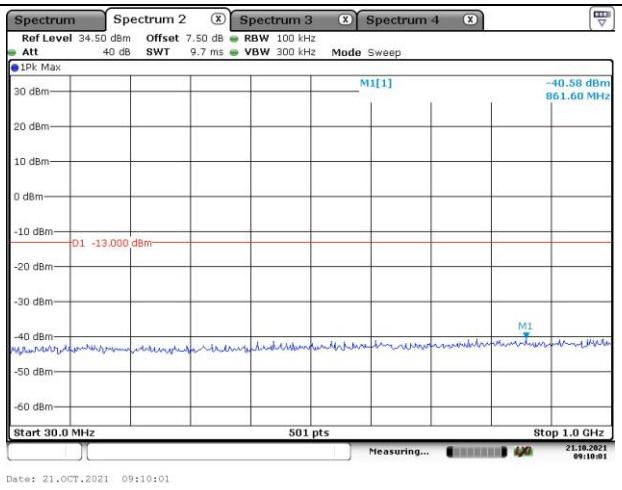
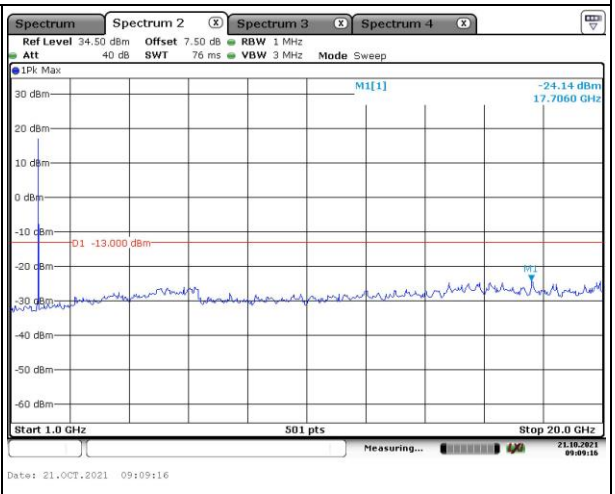
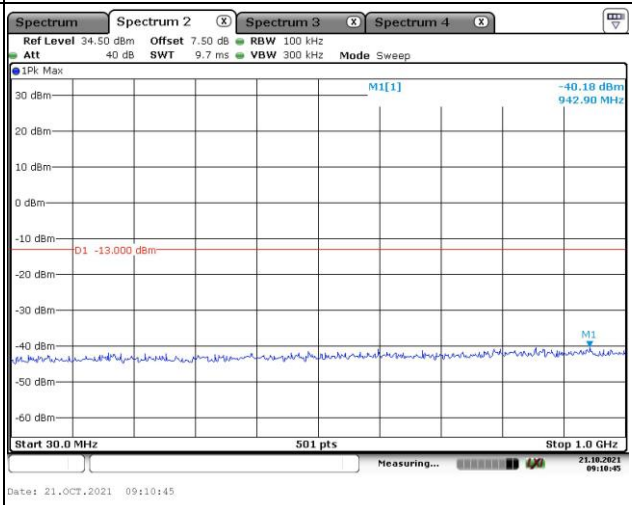
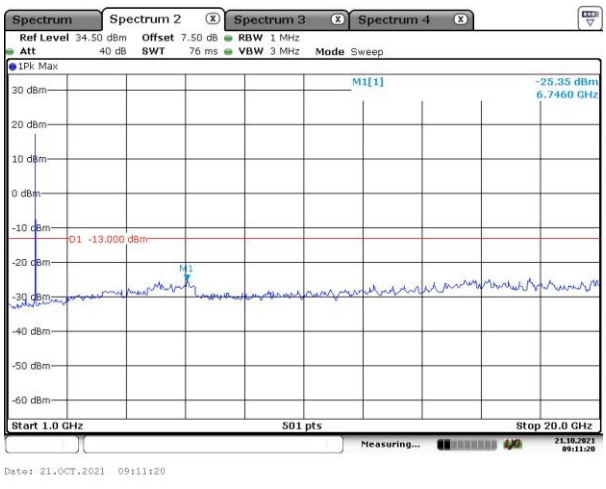
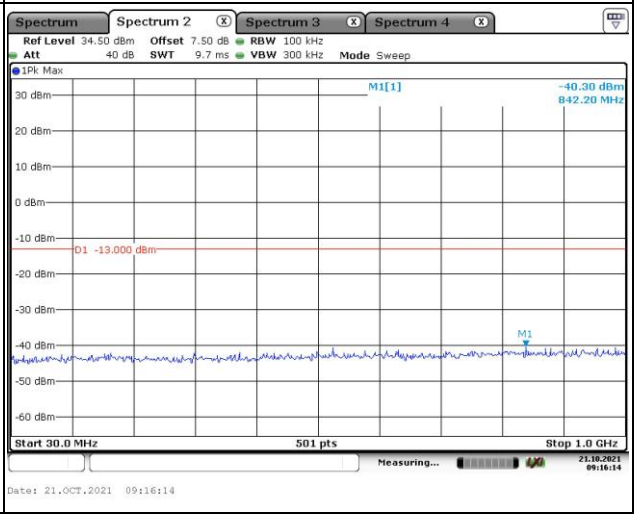
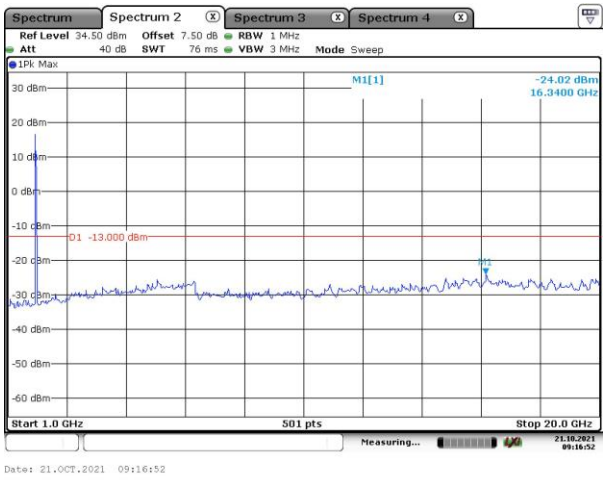
FCC §2.1051, § 24.238 (a):Out of band emission, Band Edge	
Result:	**Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.**

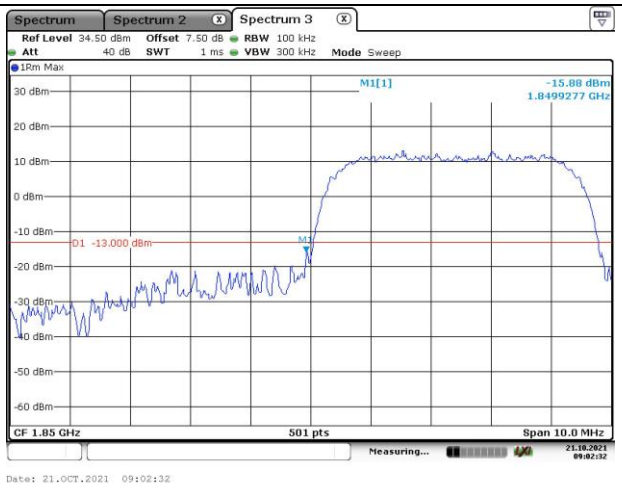
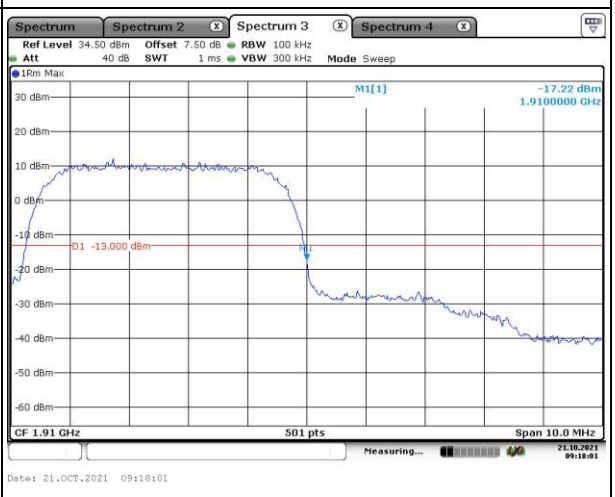
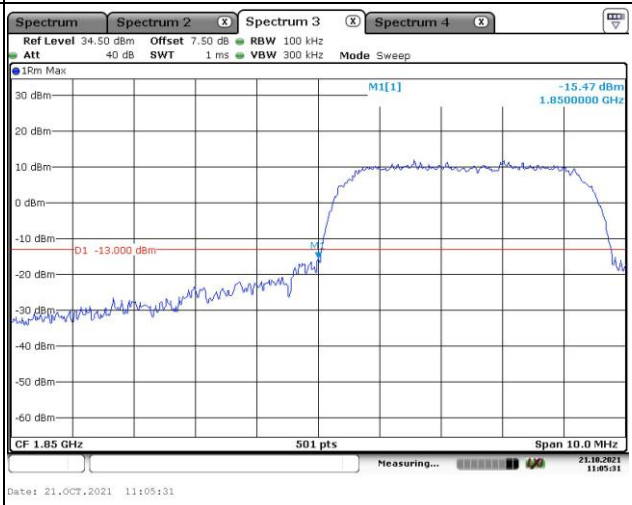
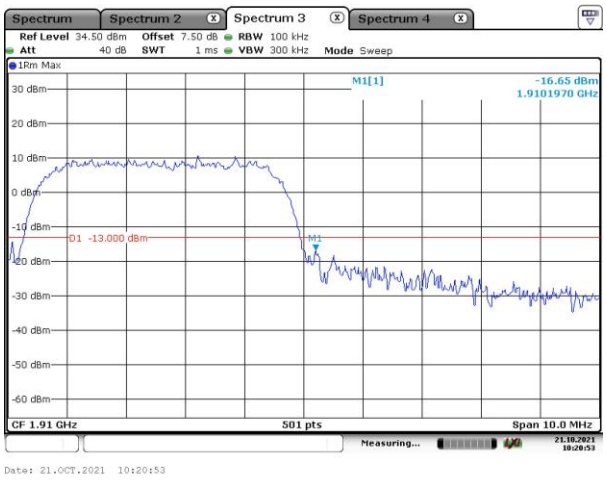
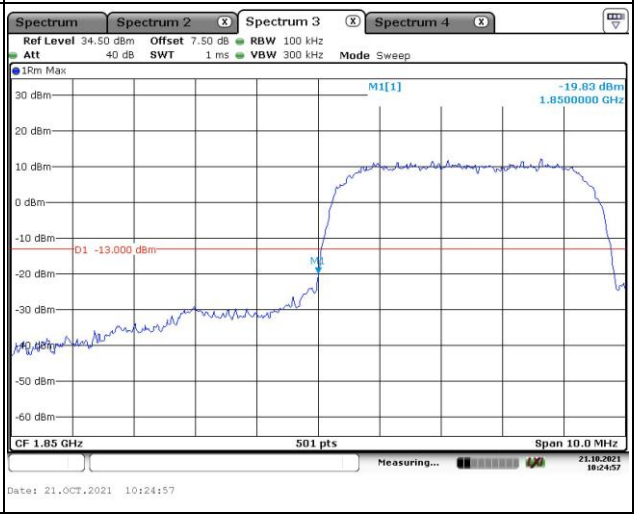
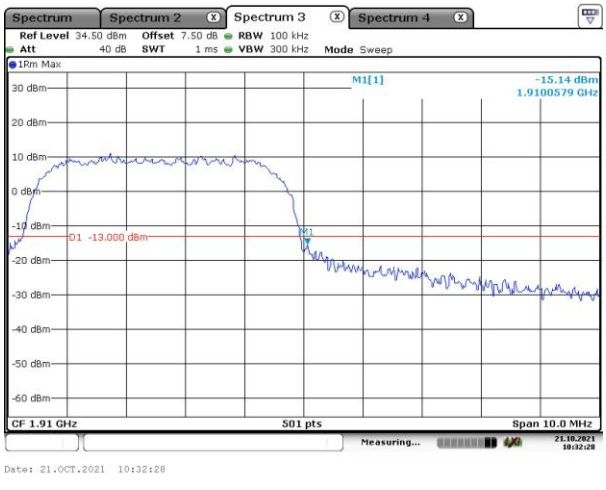
FCC §2.1055, §24.235: Frequency Stability					
Test Modulation:	WCDMA R99		Test Channel:	1880	MHz
Test Item	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V_{DC})	Frequency Error		Result
			(Hz)	(ppm)	
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	20	0.01	Pass
	-20	3.8	16	0.01	Pass
	-10	3.8	22	0.01	Pass
	0	3.8	20	0.01	Pass
	10	3.8	18	0.01	Pass
	20	3.8	24	0.01	Pass
	30	3.8	-14	-0.01	Pass
	40	3.8	20	0.01	Pass
	50	3.8	22	0.01	Pass
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.5	-18	-0.01	Pass
	20	4.3	22	0.01	Pass
				Result:	**Pass**

Test Plots:

Occupied Bandwidth		
Channel	WCDMA R99	HSDPA
Lowest		
Middle		
Highest		

Occupied Bandwidth	
Channel	HSUPA
Lowest	
Middle	
Highest	

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal		
Channel	WCDMA R99	
Lowest		
Middle		
Highest		

Out of band emission, Band Edge		
Mode	**Lowest**	**Highest**
R99		
HSUPA		
HSDPA		

4.4 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for WCDMA Band 4:

Serial Number:	CR21090060-RF-S1/2	Test Date:	2021/9/29~2021/10/21
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Le qiao	Test Result:	**Pass**

Environmental Conditions:					
Temperature: (℃)	25.9~28.1	Relative Humidity: (%)	51~60	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.2~100.4

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101474	2021/7/22	2022/7/21
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R60	N/A	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554403	2021/8/8	2022/8/7
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	110 825	2021/7/22	2022/7/21
Weinschel	Coaxial Attenuators	53-20-34	LN751	2021/8/8	2022/8/7
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150	30026	2021/7/22	2022/7/22
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	2021/8/30	2022/8/30
E-Microwave	Two-way Spliter	ODP-1-6	OE0120176	Each Time	N/A

** Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).*

EUT Information@ WCDMA Band IV▲:					
Antenna Gain (dBi):	1			Cable Loss (dB):	0.2
Operation Voltage(V_{DC}):					
Lowest:	3.5	Normal:	3.8	Highest:	4.3

Test Frequency For Each Mode:

Operation Modes	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)
WCDMA	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6

Test Data:

FCC §2.1046; §27.50(d)(4)
RF Output Power:

Test Mode	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)			Maximum EIRP (dBm)	EIRP Limit (dBm)
	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel		
WCDMA R99 Subtest 1	22.32	22.32	22.06	23.12	30
HSDPA Subtest 1	22.58	22.84	22.84	23.64	30
HSDPA Subtest 2	22.15	22.02	21.89	22.95	30
HSDPA Subtest 3	21.24	21.24	21.37	22.17	30
HSDPA Subtest 4	21.92	21.92	21.66	22.72	30
HSUPA Subtest 1	22.69	22.43	22.43	23.49	30
HSUPA Subtest 2	22.28	22.15	22.15	23.08	30
HSUPA Subtest 3	21.57	21.83	21.57	22.63	30
HSUPA Subtest 4	21.52	21.52	21.26	22.32	30
HSUPA Subtest 5	21.09	21.96	21.96	22.76	30
				Result:	**Pass**

Peak-to-average Ratio(PAR)

Test Mode	Peak-to-average Ratio(dB)			Limit (dB)
	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	
WCDMA R99	2.84	3.1	2.84	13
HSDPA	3.45	3.25	2.99	13
HSUPA	3.13	3.65	2.99	13
			Result:	**Pass**

FCC §2.1049, §27.53:Occupied Bandwidth						
Operation Mode	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		
	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
WCDMA R99	4.192	4.192	4.192	4.75	4.75	4.739
HSDPA	4.192	4.192	4.192	4.744	4.851	4.75
HSUPA	4.192	4.212	4.192	4.75	4.82	4.739
Note: The test plots please refer to the Plots of Occupied Bandwidth						

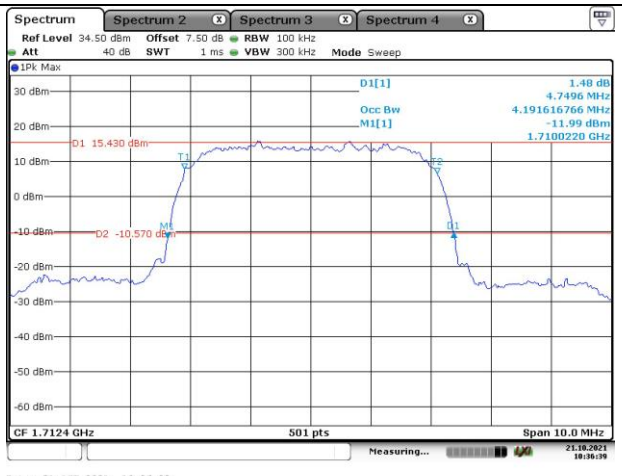
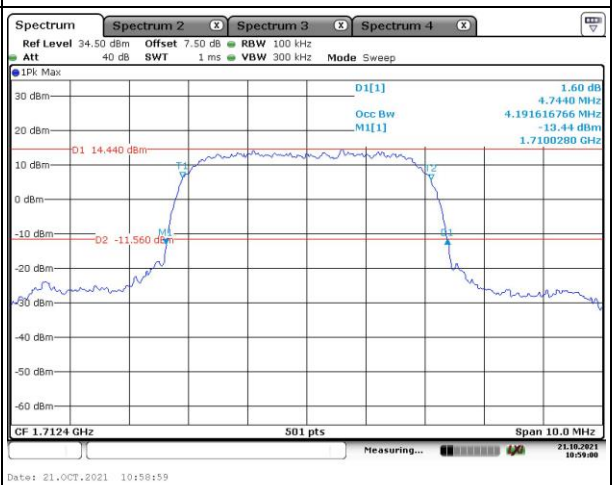
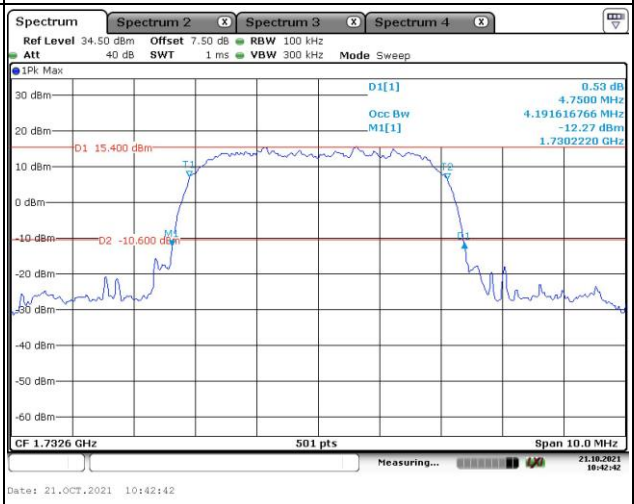
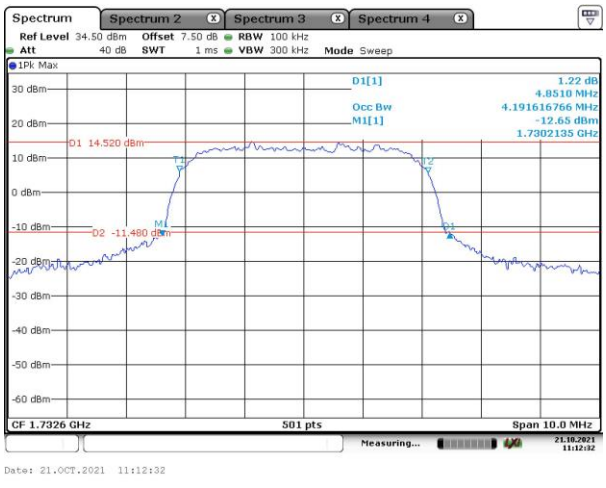
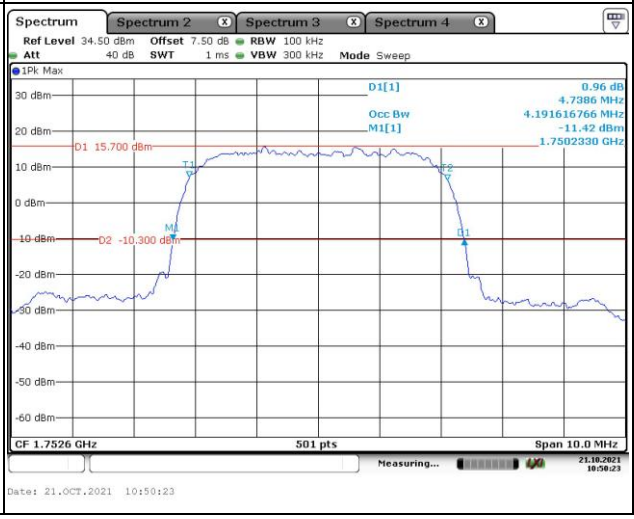
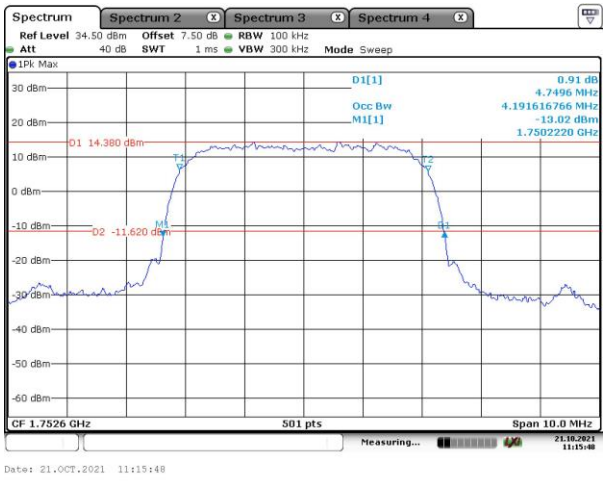
FCC §2.1051, §27.53:Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	
Result:	**Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.**

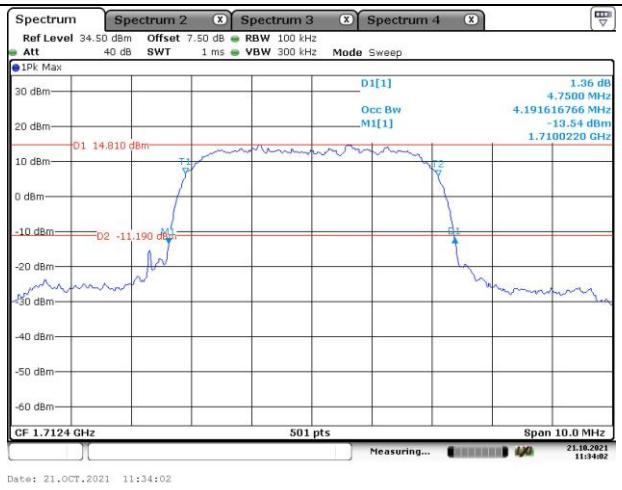
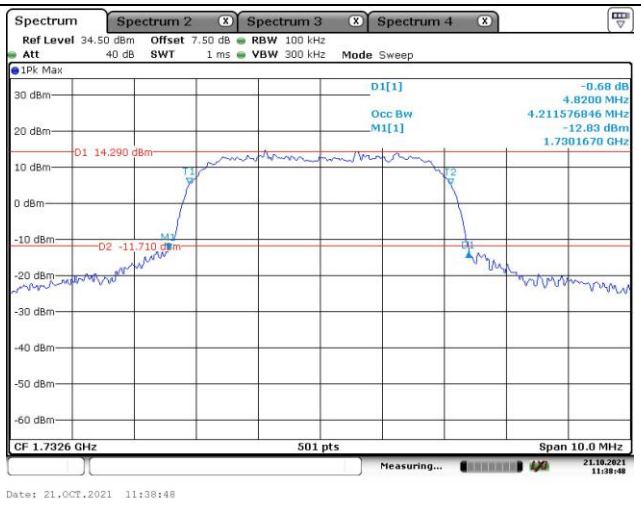
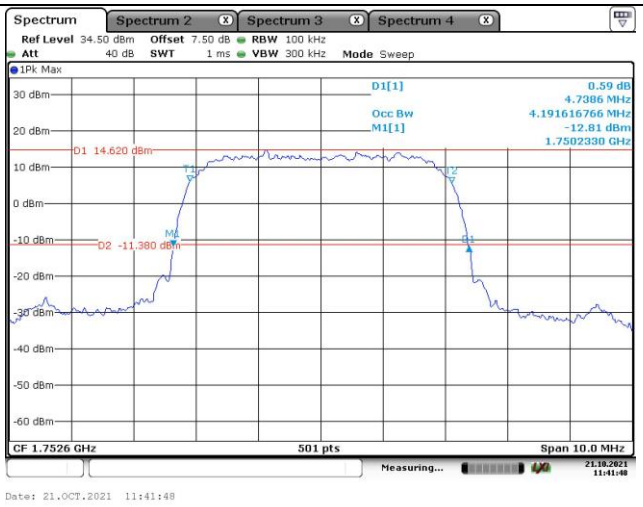
FCC §2.1051, §27.53:Out of band emission, Band Edge	
Result:	**Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.**

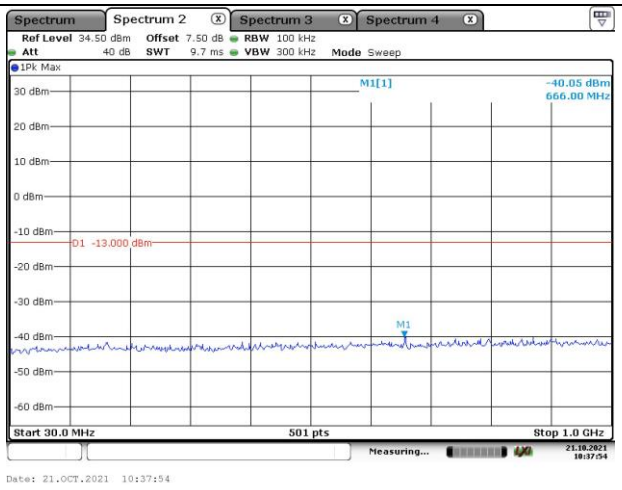
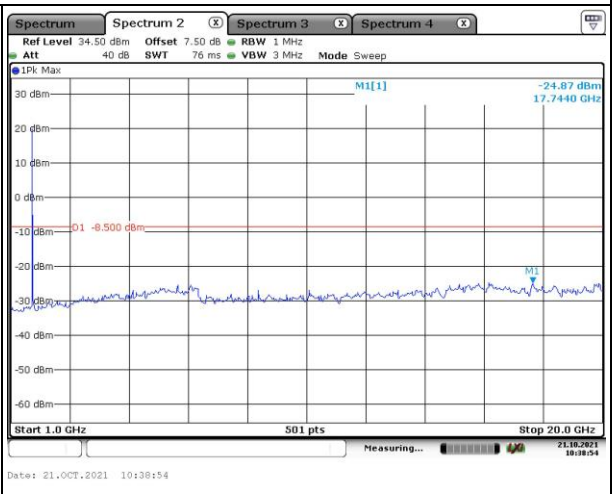
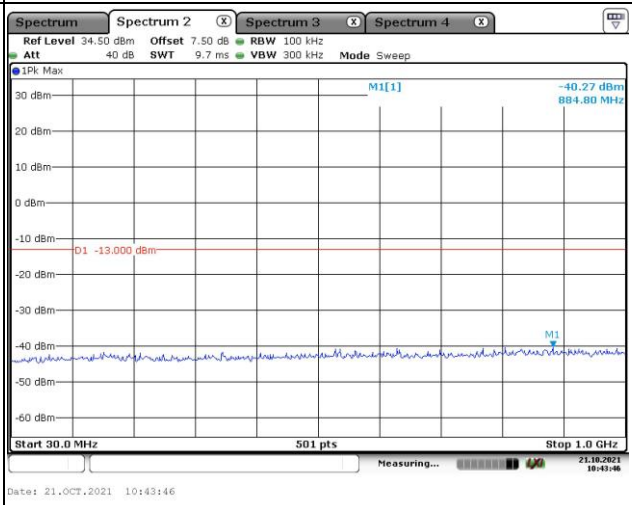
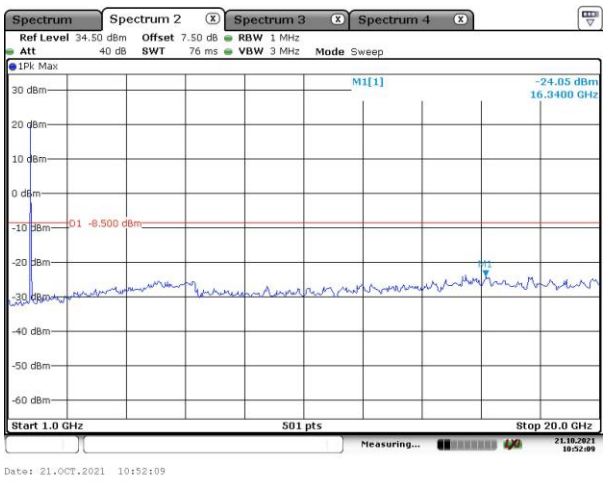
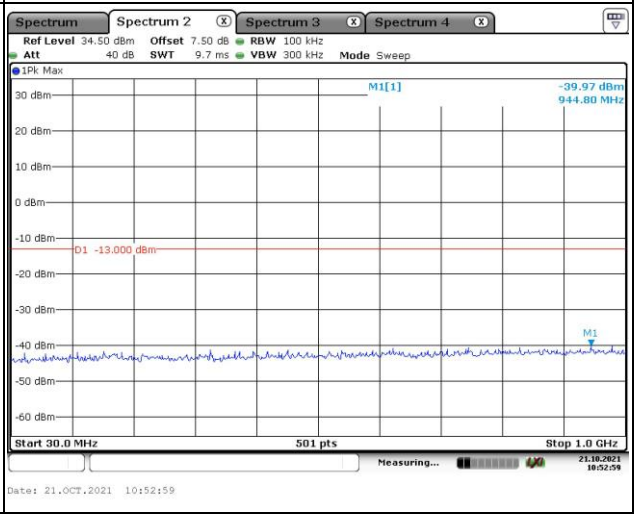
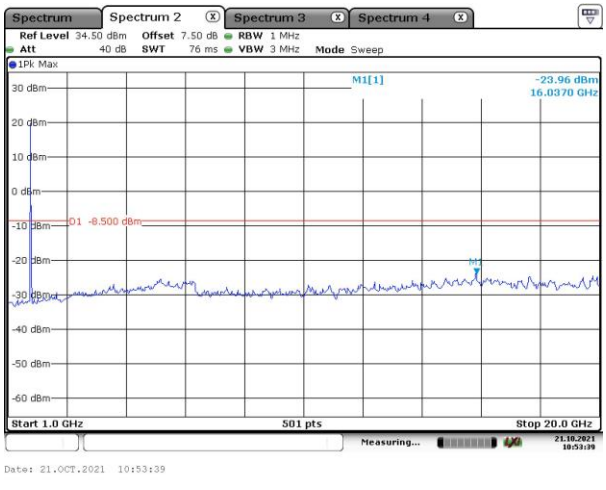
FCC §2.1055, §27.54: Frequency Stability

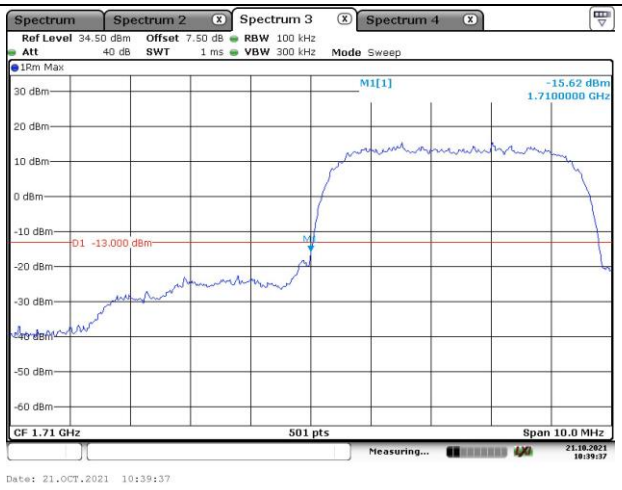
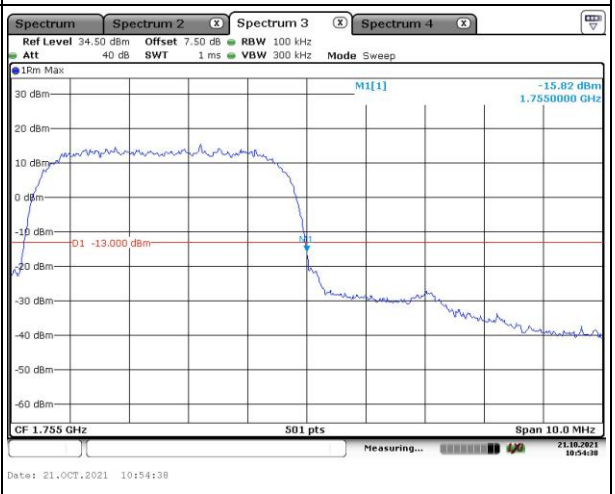
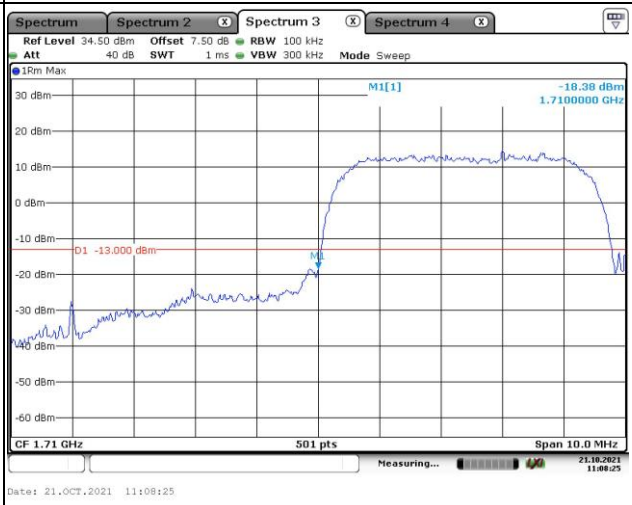
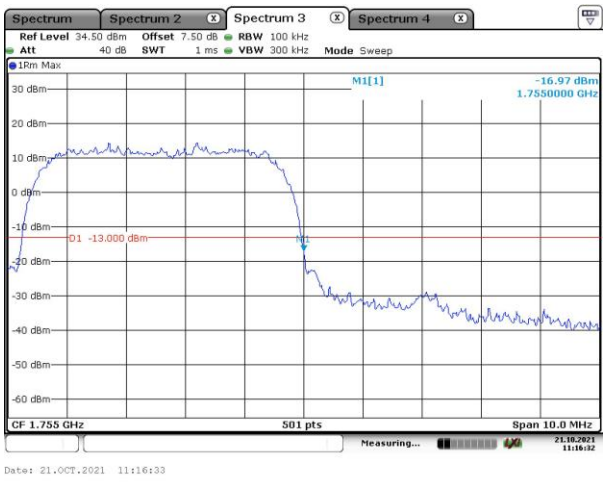
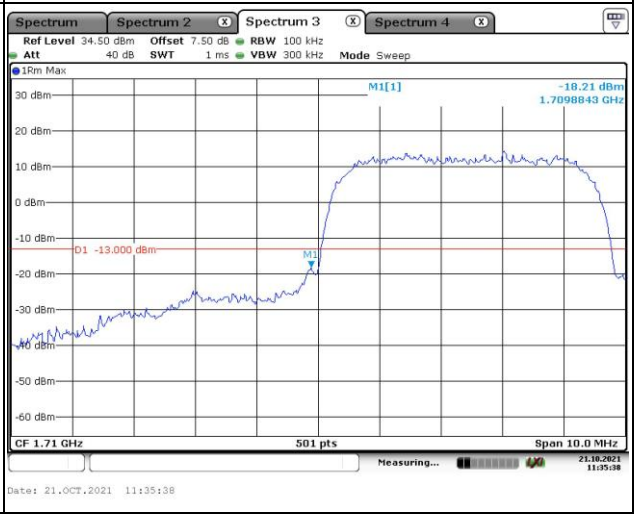
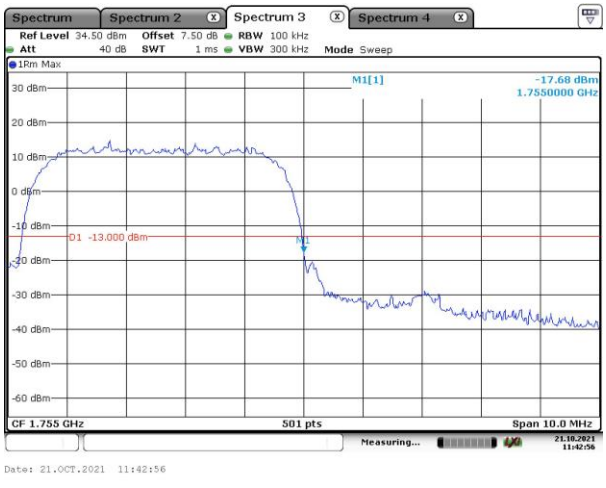
Test Mode:	WCDMA R99	Test Channel: Lowest for Lower Edge,Highest for Upper Edge				
Test Item	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V_{DC})	Lower Edge (MHz)		Upper Edge (MHz)	
			Result	Limit	Result	Limit
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	1710.2469	1710.00	1754.7531	1755
	-20	3.8	1710.5289	1710.00	1754.4711	1755
	-10	3.8	1710.0823	1710.00	1754.5885	1755
	0	3.8	1710.4115	1710.00	1754.4239	1755
	10	3.8	1710.4938	1710.00	1754.9177	1755
	20	3.8	1710.5289	1710.00	1754.4311	1755
	30	3.8	1710.6584	1710.00	1754.3416	1755
	40	3.8	1710.2469	1710.00	1754.5062	1755
	50	3.8	1710.1646	1710.00	1754.4239	1755
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.5	1710.4115	1710.00	1754.8354	1755
	20	4.3	1710.5761	1710.00	1754.2593	1755
					Result:	**Pass**

Test Plots:

Occupied Bandwidth		
Channel	WCDMA R99	HSDPA
Lowest		
Middle		
Highest		

Occupied Bandwidth	
Channel	HSUPA
Lowest	
Middle	
Highest	

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal		
Channel	WCDMA R99	
Lowest		
Middle		
Highest		

Out of band emission, Band Edge		
Mode	**Lowest**	**Highest**
R99		
HSUPA		
HSDPA		

4.5 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for WCDMA Band 5:

Serial Number:	CR21090060-RF-S1/2	Test Date:	2021/9/29~2021/10/21
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Le qiao	Test Result:	**Pass**

Environmental Conditions:					
Temperature: (℃)	25.9~28.1	Relative Humidity: (%)	51~60	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.2~100.4

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101474	2021/7/22	2022/7/21
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554403	2021/8/8	2022/8/7
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R60	N/A	N/A
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	110 825	2021/7/22	2022/7/21
Weinschel	Coaxial Attenuators	53-20-34	LN751	2021/8/8	2022/8/7
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150	30026	2021/7/22	2022/7/22
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	2021/8/30	2022/8/30
E-Microwave	Two-way Spliter	ODP-1-6	OE0120176	Each Time	N/A

** Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).*

EUT Information@ WCDMA Band V▲:					
Antenna Gain (dBi):	1	Antenna Gain (dBd):	-1.15	Cable Loss (dB):	0.2
Operation Voltage(V_{DC}):					
Lowest:	3.5	Normal:	3.8	Highest:	4.3