

Radio Frequency Exposure Report

On Behalf of

BUNCH UP TECHNOLOGY CORP LIMITED

Room 1205, 12/F., No.345 Nathan Road, Kowloon Hong Kong

Product Name:	Portable Bluetooth speaker
Model/Type No.:	IK501MF, NYNE J20, PA-5 DC06, TSP-203
FCC ID:	2AKZW-IK501MF
Prepared By:	Shenzhen Hongcai Testing Technology Co., Ltd. 1st-3rd Floor, Building C, Shuanghuan Xin Yi Dai Hi-Tech Industrial Park, No.8 Baoqing Road, Baolong Industrial Zone, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-86337020 Fax: +86-755-86337028
Report Number:	HCT17BR034E-2
Tested Date:	February 23~March 9, 2017
Issued Date:	March 9, 2017
Tested By:	Jerry Zhao/

Reviewed By:

Approved By:

Owen.Yang
EMC Technical Supervisor

Tony Wu
EMC Technical Manager

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 - GENERAL INFORMATION	3
1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	3
1.2 OBJECTIVE	4
1.3 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF TEST	4
1.4 HUMAN EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT RESULTS	5



1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Applicant:	BUNCH UP TECHNOLOGY CORP LIMITED
Address of Applicant:	Room 1205, 12/F., No.345 Nathan Road, Kowloon Hong Kong
Manufacturer 1:	BUNCH UP TECHNOLOGY CORP LIMITED
Address of manufacturer:	Room 1205, 12/F., No.345 Nathan Road, Kowloon Hong Kong

General Description of E.U.T

Items	Description
EUT Description:	Portable Bluetooth speaker
Model No.:	IK501MF
Supplementary model:	IK501MF, NYNE J20, PA-5 DC06, TSP-203
Trade Mark:	NYNE, SANKEY, INTERSALES
BT Module	3.0
Frequency Band:	2402~2480MHz
Number of Channels:	79
Type of Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8-DPSK
Antenna Gain	0 dBi
Antenna Type:	PCB Antenna
Rated Voltage:	Adapter : HB40-1501004SPA Input: AC100~240V, 50/60Hz, 0.8A Output: DC 15V, 1A

Remark: * The test data gathered are from the production sample provided by the manufacturer.
 *Supplementary models have the same circuit, only the appearance different.
 *We test all modes, and we chose the worst data for the report.

1.2 Objective

The objective of the following report is used to demonstrate that EUT operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the relative provisions of FCC 47CFR Part 1.1307

1.3 General Description of Test

Items	Description
EUT Frequency band	☒ FHSS: 2.400GHz ~ 2.483GHz ☐ WLAN: 2.400GHz ~ 2.483GHz ☐ WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz ☐ WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz ☐ Others: _____
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☒ Mobile (>20cm separation) ☐ Others _____
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm ²) ☒ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm ²) ☐ Others: _____
Antenna diversity	☒ Single antenna ☐ Multiple antennas: ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	2.15dBm (0.0016W)
Antenna gain (Max)	0dBi (Numeric gain:1)
Evaluation applied	☒ MPE Evaluation ☐ SAR Evaluation
Note: 1. The maximum output power is 2.15dBm (0.0016W) at 2441MHz (with 1 numeric antenna gain.) 2. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum separation generally be used is at least 20 cm, even if the calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be lesser.	

1.4 Human Exposure Assessment Results

Calculation

Given $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$ & $S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$

Where E = Field Strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770 d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P \text{ (mW)} = P \text{ (W)} / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d \text{ (cm)} = 100 * d \text{ (m)}$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$

Equation 1

Where d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

S = Power Density in mW / cm²

EUT parameter (data from the separate report)	
Given $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \text{ \& \; } S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$	Where G: numerical gain of transmitting antenna; TP: Transmitted power in watt; d: distance from the transmitting antenna in meter
Max average output power in Watt (TP)	2.15dBm (0.0016W)
Antenna gain (G)	0 dBi (Numeric gain: 1)
Exposure classification	S=1mW/cm ²
Minimum distance in meter (d) (from transmitting structure to the human body)	20cm (0.2m)

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770 d^2}, \quad P=0.0016W, G=1, d=0.2$$

$$S=0.0003mW/cm^2$$

Or

$$d = \sqrt{\frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770 S}}, \quad S=0.0003, P=0.0016W, G=1$$

$$d=0.0424m$$

Conclusion:

$S=0.0003mW/cm^2$ is significant lower than the General Population Exposure Power Density Limit $1mW/cm^2$ or except the distance when human body proximity to the antenna is less than 4.24cm then will reach the General Population Exposure Power Density Limit

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is $1.0 mW / cm^2$ even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

