

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-4219/17-01-04-A



Testing laboratory

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Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAKKS). The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-03

Applicant

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Manufacturer

SOPROD SA

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Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 15

Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices

RSS - 247 Issue 2

Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

RSS - Gen Issue 4

Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specifications - General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: Connected Wrist Watch
Model name: 915.03
FCC ID: 2AMGUFST91503
IC: 20965-FST91503
Frequency: DTS band 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz
Technology tested: Bluetooth® Low Energy
Antenna: Integrated antenna
Power supply: 3.0 V DC by DR2032 battery
Temperature range: -10°C to +55°C



This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:


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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-4219/17-01-04 and dated 2017-08-10.

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2017-06-06
Date of receipt of test item:	2017-08-09
Start of test:	2017-08-09
End of test:	2017-08-10
Person(s) present during the test:	Mr. Baptiste Solioz

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s and references

Test standard	Date	Description
47 CFR Part 15	-/-	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
RSS - Gen Issue 4	November 2014	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specifications - General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus

Guidance	Version	Description
DTS: KDB 558074 D01	V04	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American national standard for methods of measurement of radio-noise emissions from low-voltage electrical and electronic equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American national standard of procedures for compliance testing of unlicensed wireless devices

4 Test environment

Temperature	:	T _{nom} T _{max} T _{min}	+22 °C during room temperature tests No tests under extreme conditions required. No tests under extreme conditions required.
Relative humidity content	:		55 %
Barometric pressure	:		1021 hpa
Power supply	:	V _{nom} V _{max} V _{min}	3.0 V DC by USB charger No tests under extreme conditions required. No tests under extreme conditions required.

5 Test item

5.1 General description

Kind of test item	:	Connected Wrist Watch
Type identification	:	915.03
HMN	:	-/-
PMN	:	915.03
HVIN	:	915.03
FVIN	:	-/-
S/N serial number	:	Not available
HW hardware status	:	Rev. B
SW software status	:	1.33
Frequency band	:	DTS band 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz
Type of radio transmission	:	DSSS
Use of frequency spectrum	:	
Type of modulation	:	GFSK
Number of channels	:	40
Antenna	:	Integrated antenna
Power supply	:	3.0 V DC by DR2032 battery
Temperature range	:	-10°C to +55°C

5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report:

1-4219/17-01-01_AnnexA
 1-4219/17-01-01_AnnexB
 1-4219/17-01-01_AnnexD

6 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

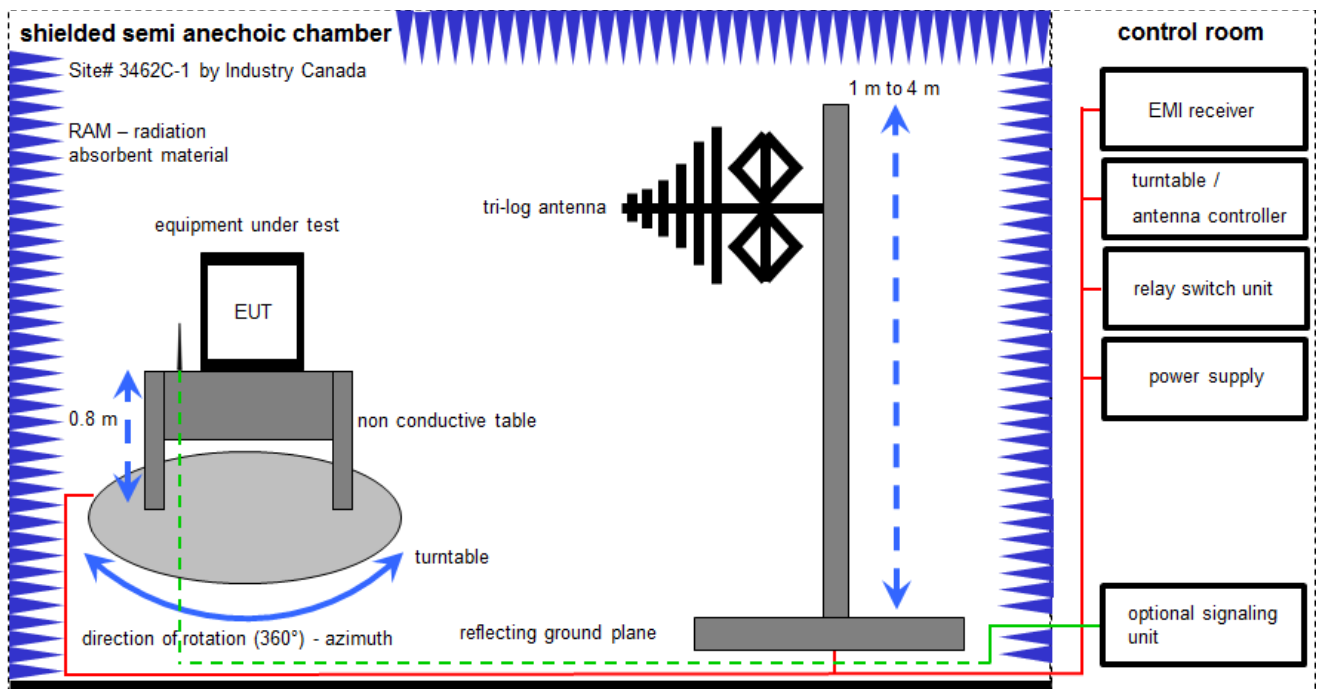
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

6.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 9 kHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter

$$FS = UR + CL + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

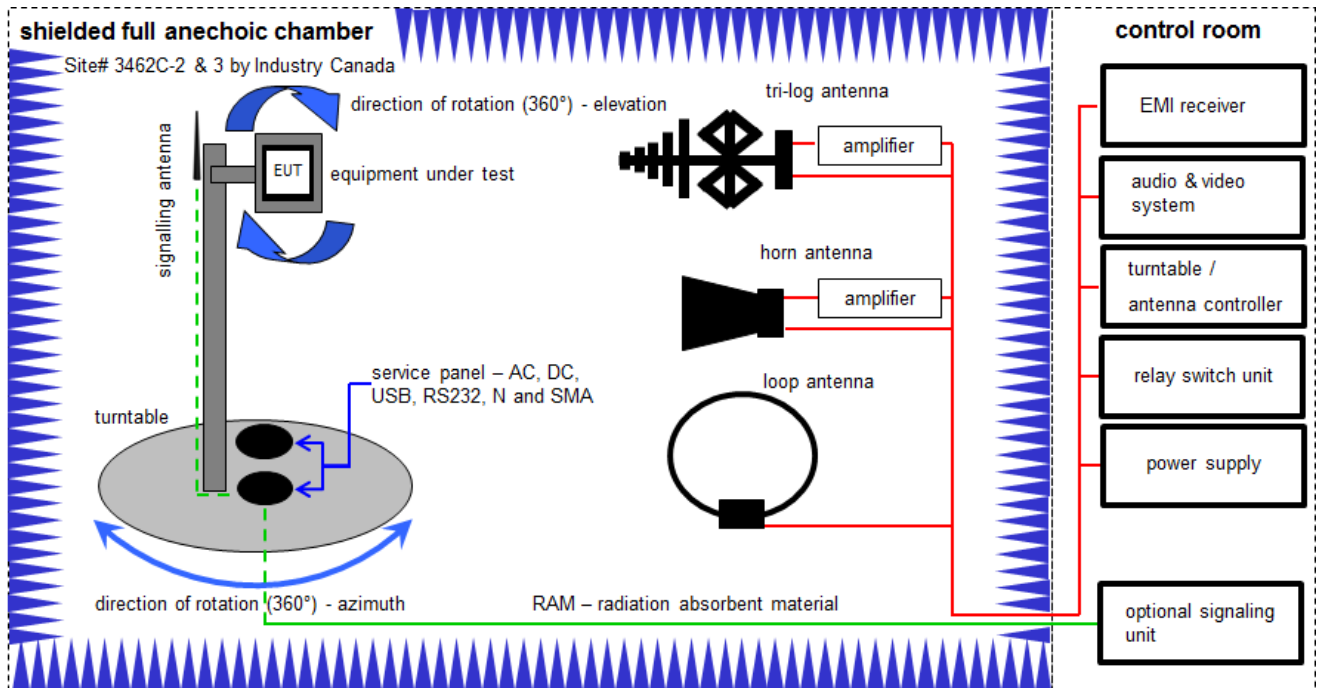
Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 12.35 [dB\mu V/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dB\mu V/m] (35.69 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023	101042	300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	01.02.2017	31.01.2018
4	A	Analyzer-Reference-System (Harmonics and Flicker)	ARS 16/1	SPS	A3509 07/0 0205	300003314	Ve	02.02.2016	02.02.2018
5	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
7	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
8	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	295	300003787	k	25.04.2016	25.04.2018

6.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna and horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter

FS = UR + CA + AF

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

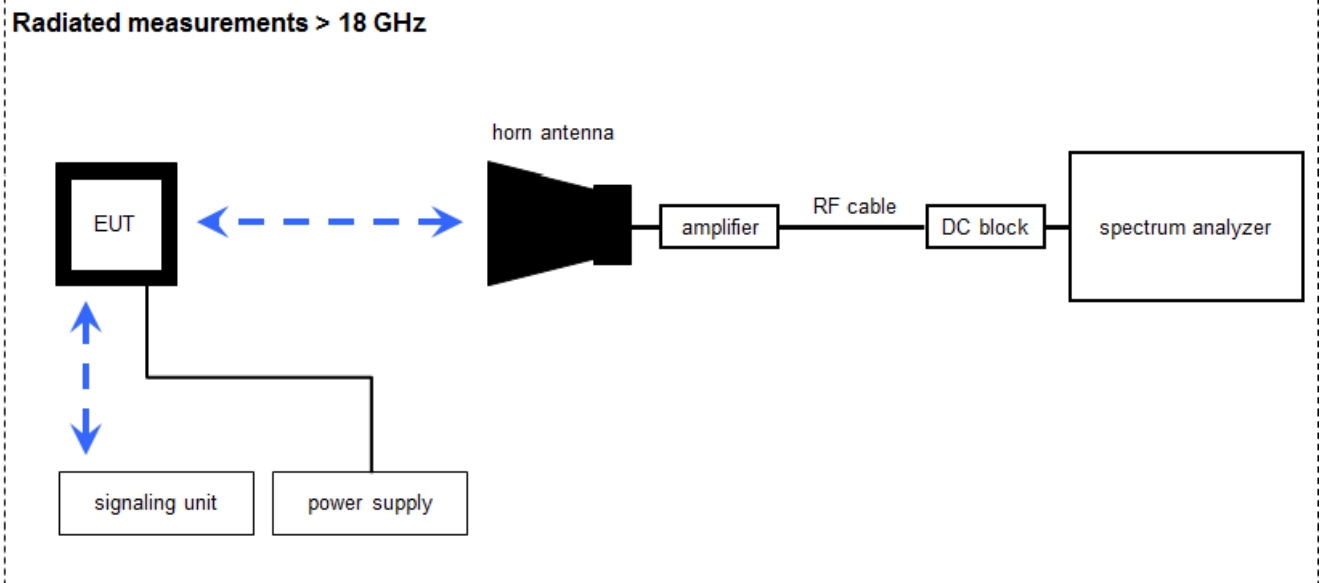
Example calculation:

FS [dBμV/m] = 40.0 [dBμV/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dBμV/m] (71.61 μV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	C	Active Loop Antenna 10 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	k	20.05.2017	20.05.2019
2	A	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9709-5290	300000212	k	13.08.2015	13.08.2017
3	A	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	37	400000148	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	18	300003789	ne	-/-	-/-
5	A	Band Reject Filter	WRCG2400/2483-2375/2505-50/10SS	Wainwright	26	300003792	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A, B	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	371	300003854	vIKI!	29.10.2014	29.10.2017
7	A	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22051	300004483	ev	-/-	-/-
8	A, B, C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY 50000032	300004510	ne	-/-	-/-
9	A, B, C	Messrechner und Monitor	Intel Core i3 3220/3,3 GHz, Prozessor	Huber & Suhner	2V2403033A54 21	300004591	ne	-/-	-/-
10	A, B, C	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.16.0.49	EMCO	Batch no. 14844	300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
11	A, B, C	Anechoic chamber	ESH3-Z5	TDK	893045/004	300003726	ne	-/-	-/-
12	A, B, C	EMI Test Receiver 9kHz-26,5GHz	ESR26	R&S	101376	300005063	vIKI!	13.09.2016	13.03.2018
13	A, B, C	Bluetooth Tester	CBT35	R&S	100635	300003907	k	01.02.2016	01.02.2018

6.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



Measurement distance: horn antenna 50 cm

$$FS = U_R + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; U_R -voltage at the receiver; CA-loss signal path & distance correction; AF-antenna factor)

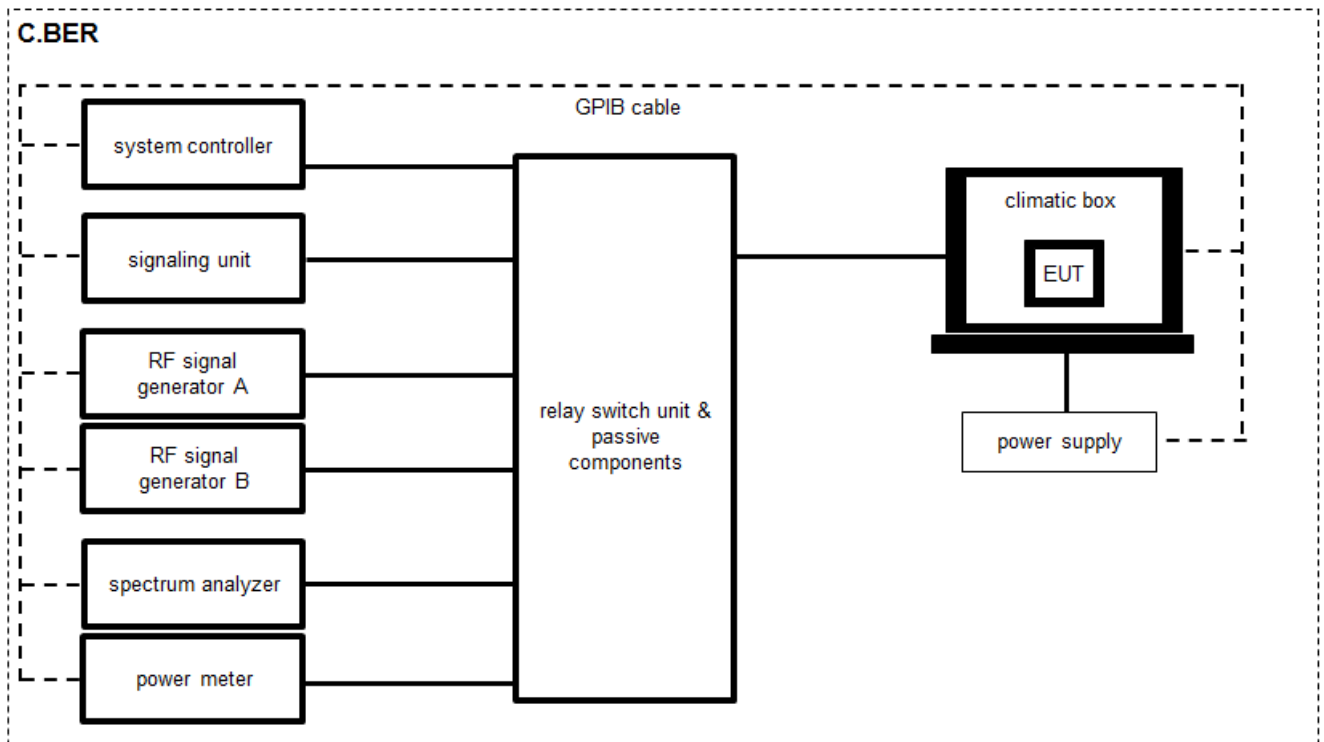
Example calculation:

$$FS \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = 40.0 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + (-60.1) \text{ [dB]} + 36.74 \text{ [dB/m]} = 16.64 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} \text{ (6.79 } \mu\text{V/m)}$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0 to 26.5 GHz	638	Narda	-/-	300000486	k	10.09.2015	10.09.2017
2	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	27.01.2017	26.01.2018
3	A	Microwave System Amplifier, 0.5-26.5 GHz	83017A	HP	00419	300002268	ev	-/-	-/-
4	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 127377	400001183	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet	-/-	400001185	ev	-/-	-/-

6.4 Conducted measurements C.BER system



OP = AV + CA
 (OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	-/-	300001691	ne	-/-	-/-
2	A	Directional Coupler	101020010	Krytar	70215	300002840	ev	-/-	-/-
3	A	DC-Blocker	8143	Inmet Corp.	none	300002842	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A	Powersplitter	6005-3	Inmet Corp.	-/-	300002841	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	USB/GPIB interface	82357B	Agilent Technologies	MY 52103346	300004390	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A	Messplatzrechner	Tecline	F+W	-/-	300003580	ne	-/-	-/-
7	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAM/SMAM/72	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 605505	400001187	ev	-/-	-/-
8	A	RF-Cable	Sucoflex 104	Huber & Suhner	147636/4	400001188	ev	-/-	-/-
9	A	Signal Analyzer 30GHz	FSV30	R&S	103170	300004855	k	30.01.2017	29.01.2019

7 Sequence of testing

7.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. In case of the 2-axis positioner is used the elevation axis is also rotated from 0° to 360°.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

7.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position $\pm 45^\circ$ and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

8 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty	
Test case	Uncertainty
Antenna gain	± 3 dB
Spectrum bandwidth	± 21.5 kHz absolute; ± 15.0 kHz relative
Maximum output power	± 1 dB
Detailed conducted spurious emissions @ the band edge	± 1 dB
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions conducted	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB
Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	± 2.6 dB

9 Summary of measurement results

☒	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☐	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 15 RSS - 247, Issue 2	See table!	2018-03-20	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	Guideline	Temperature conditions	Power source voltages	Mode	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(b)(4) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (4)	System gain	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(e) RSS - 247 / 5.2 (b)	Power spectral density	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 10.6	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(a)(2) RSS - 247 / 5.2 (a)	DTS bandwidth – 6 dB bandwidth	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.1	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
RSS Gen clause 4.6.1	Occupied bandwidth	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(b)(3) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (4)	Maximum output power	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 9.1.1	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS - Gen	Band edge compliance radiated	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 13.3.2	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	TX spurious emissions conducted	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 11.1 & 11.2 11.3	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.209(a) RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	-/-	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted emissions below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☐	☐	☒	☐	Only battery powered

Note: C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

10 Additional comments

The Bluetooth® word mark and logos are owned by the Bluetooth SIG Inc. and any use of such marks by CTC advanced GmbH is under license.

Reference documents: Customer Questionnaire 915.03.docx

Special test descriptions: None

Configuration descriptions: TX tests: were performed with LE packets (37 byte payload) and static PRBS pattern.
RX/Standby tests: BT enabled, TX Idle
Tested frequencies: lowest: 2402 MHz
middle: 2440 MHz
- highest: 2480 MHz

Test mode:

- ☐ Bluetooth LE Test mode enabled
(EUT is controlled over CBT)
- ☒ Special software is used.
EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

Antennas and transmit
operating modes:

- ☒ Operating mode 1 (single antenna)
- Equipment with 1 antenna,
 - Equipment with 2 diversity antennas operating in switched diversity mode by which at any moment in time only 1 antenna is used,
 - Smart antenna system with 2 or more transmit/receive chains, but operating in a mode where only 1 transmit/receive chain is used)
- ☐ Operating mode 2 (multiple antennas, no beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously but without beamforming.
- ☐ Operating mode 3 (multiple antennas, with beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously with beamforming.
In addition to the antenna assembly gain (G), the beamforming gain (Y) may have to be taken into account when performing the measurements.

11 Measurement results

11.1 System gain

Measurement:

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module. For normal Bluetooth® devices, the GFSK modulation is used.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Span	5 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 B (radiated) See sub clause 6.4 A (conducted)
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
6 dBi / > 6 dBi output power and power density reduction required	

Results:

T _{nom}	V _{nom}	2402 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
Conducted power [dBm] Measured with GFSK modulation		-8.7	-7.5	-5.4
Radiated power [dBm] Measured with GFSK modulation		-3.5	-5.1	-3.8
Gain [dBi] Calculated		5.2	2.4	1.6

11.2 Power spectral density

Description:

Measurement of the power spectral density of a digital modulated system.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 kHz
Video bandwidth	10 kHz
Span	≥ EBW
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

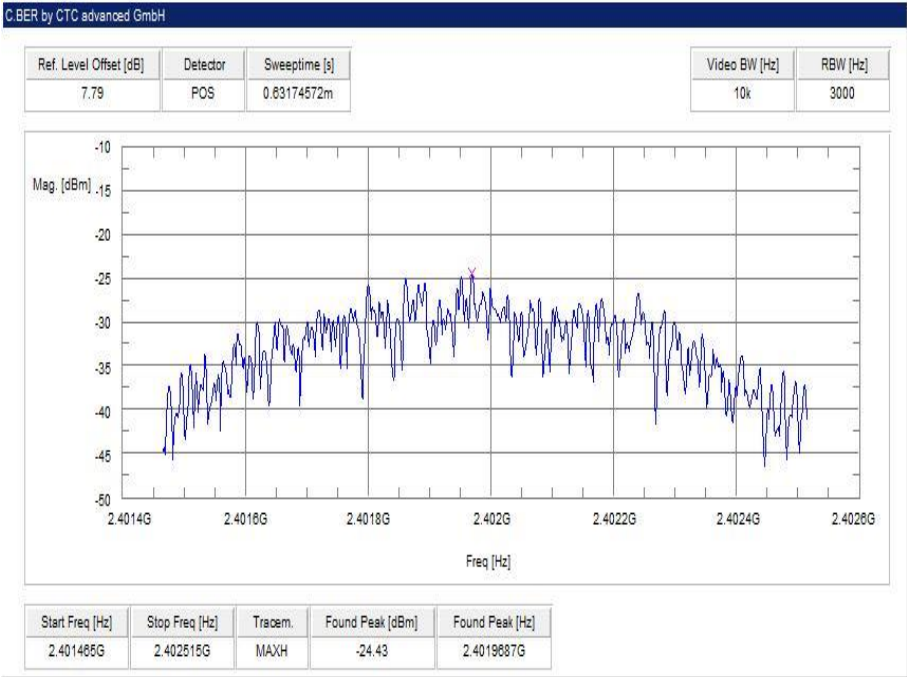
FCC	IC
Power spectral density	
For digitally modulated systems the transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission or over 1.0 second if the transmission exceeds 1.0-second duration.	

Results:

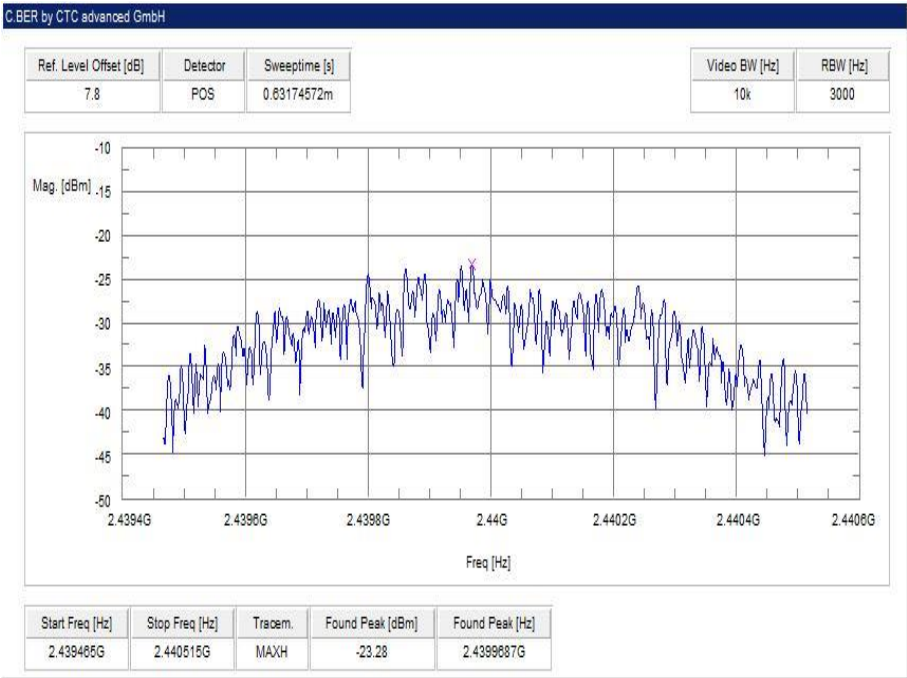
	Frequency		
	2402 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
Power spectral density [dBm / 3kHz]	-24.4	-23.3	-21.2

Plots:

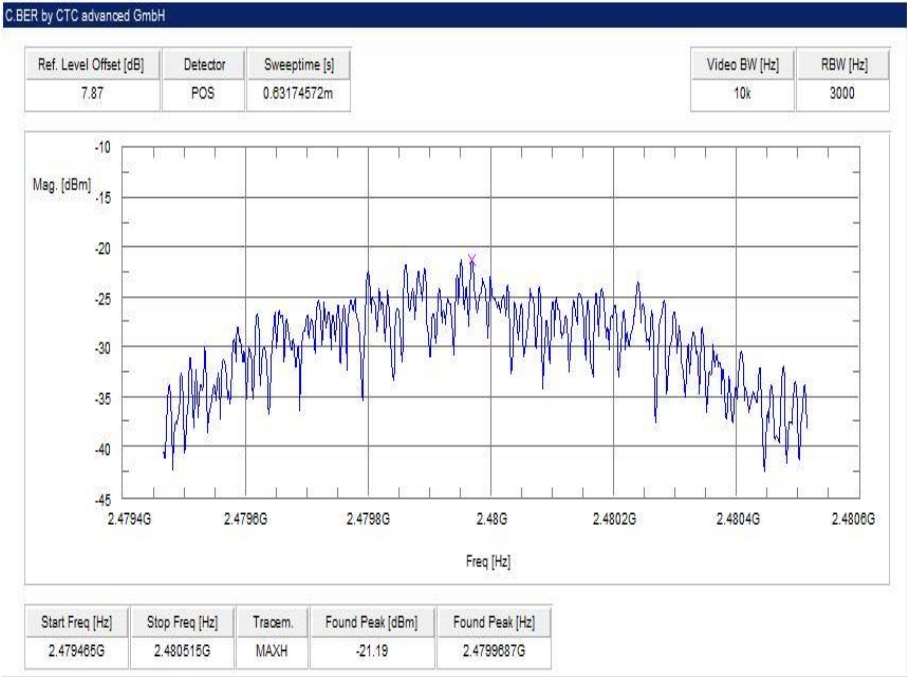
Plot 1: lowest channel



Plot 2: mid channel



Plot 3: highest channel



11.3 DTS bandwidth – 6 dB bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 6 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement parameters	
According to DTS clause: 8.1	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Span	5 MHz
Measurement procedure	Using 3 marker (max + 2x-6dB)
Trace mode	Max hold (allow trace to stabilize)
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
DTS bandwidth – 6 dB bandwidth	
Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.	

Results:

	Frequency		
	2402 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
6 dB bandwidth [kHz]	700	700	700

Plots:

Plot 1: lowest channel



Plot 2: mid channel



Plot 3: highest channel



11.4 Occupied bandwidth – 99% emission bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal acc. RSS-GEN.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	30 kHz
Video bandwidth	100 kHz
Span	5 MHz
Measurement procedure	Measurement of the 99% bandwidth using the integration function of the analyzer
Trace mode	Max hold (allow trace to stabilize)
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Usage:

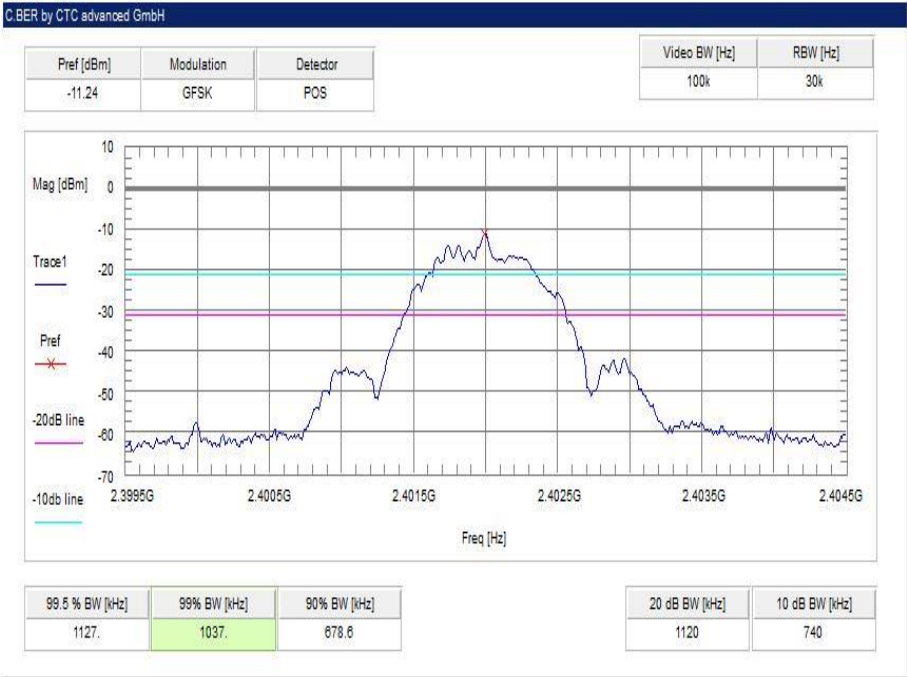
-/-	IC
Occupied bandwidth – 99% emission bandwidth	
OBW is necessary for emission designator	

Results:

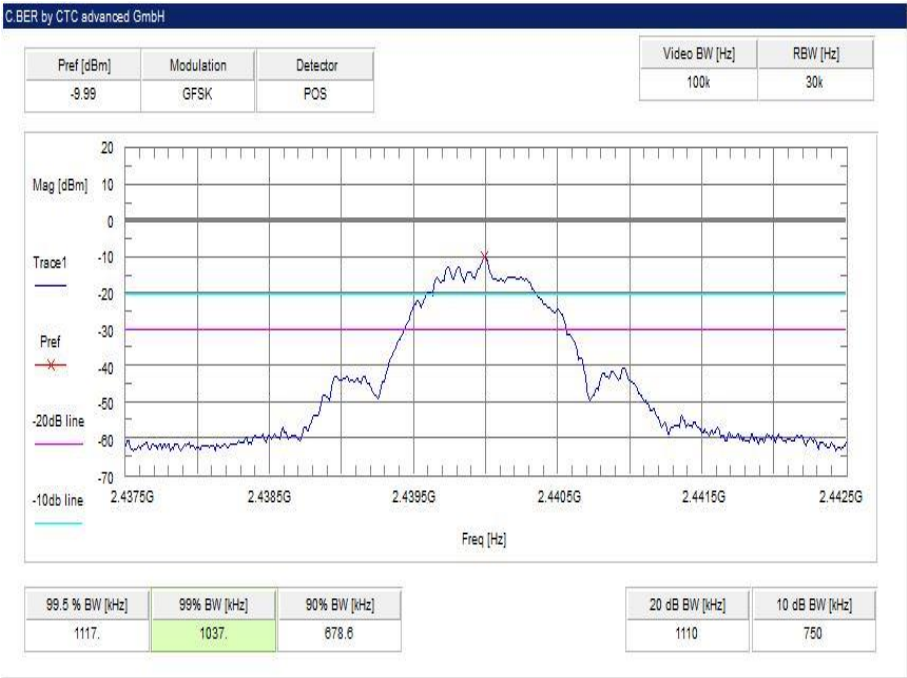
	Frequency		
	2402 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
99% bandwidth [kHz]	1037	1037	1037

Plots:

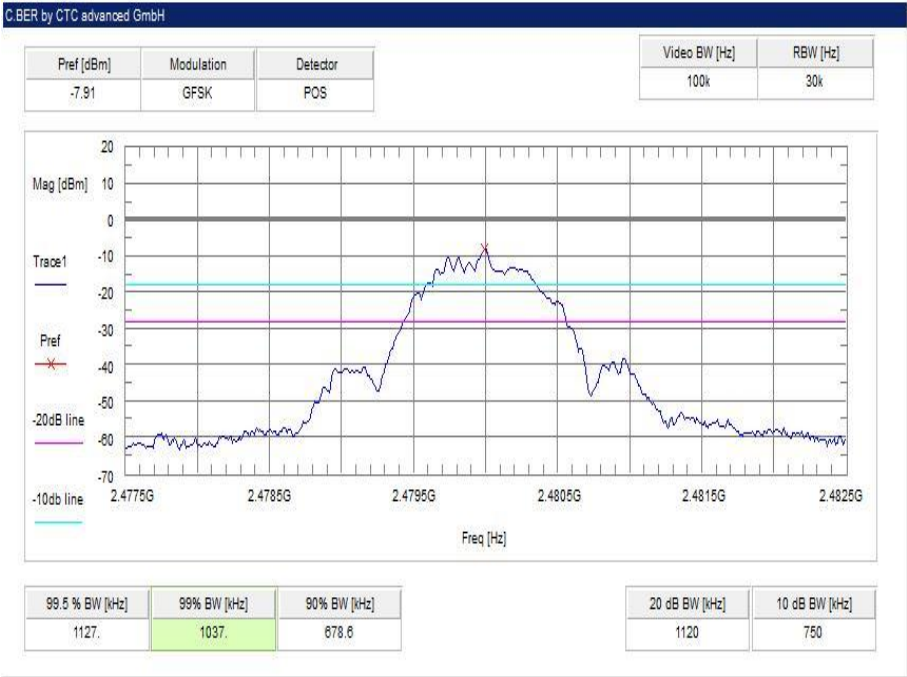
Plot 1: lowest channel



Plot 2: mid channel



Plot 3: highest channel



11.5 Maximum output power

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conducted and radiated. EUT in single channel mode.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 MHz
Video bandwidth	10 MHz
Span	10 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

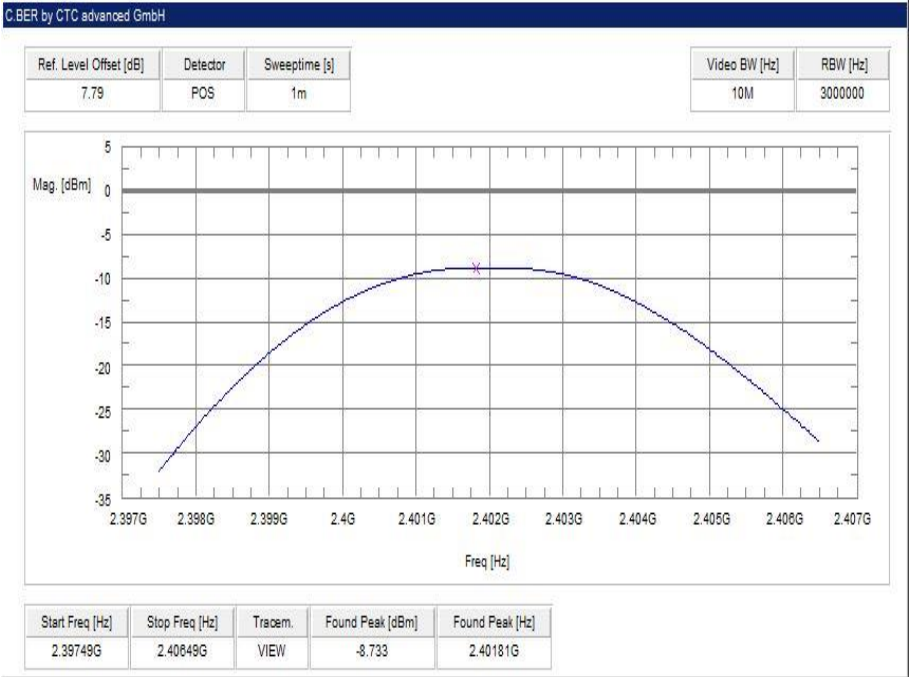
FCC	IC
Maximum output power	
[Conducted: 0.125 W – antenna gain max. 6 dBi] Systems using more than 75 hopping channels: Conducted: 1.0 W – antenna gain max. 6 dBi	

Results:

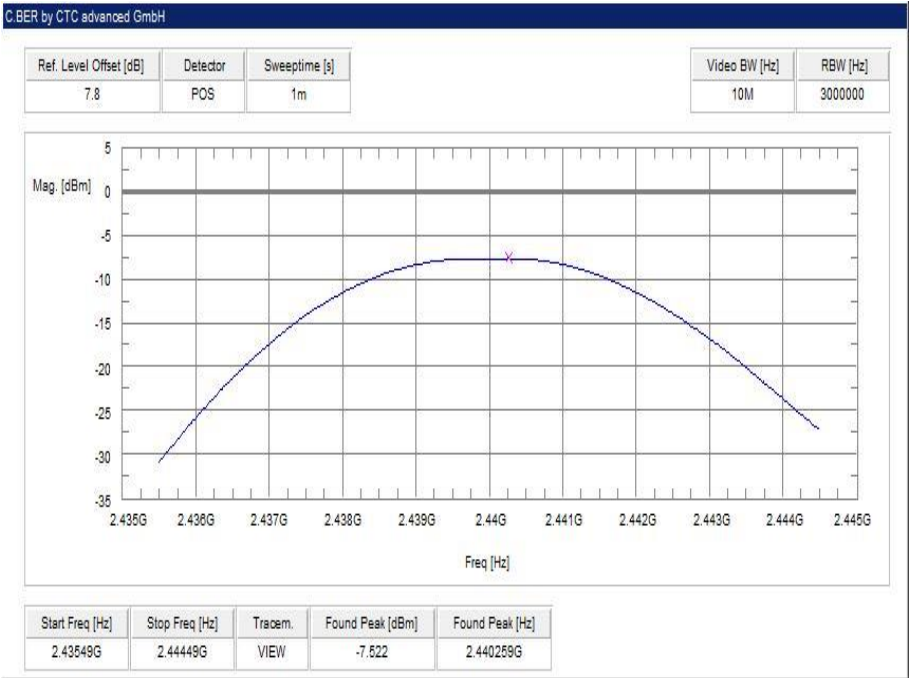
	Frequency		
	2402 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
Maximum output power conducted [dBm]	-8.7	-7.5	-5.4

Plots:

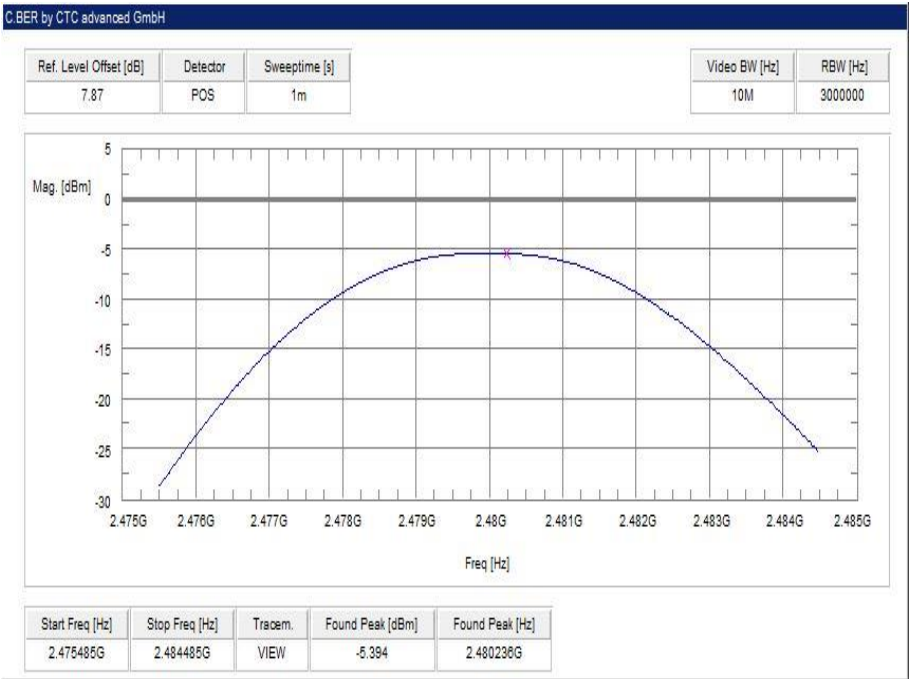
Plot 1: lowest channel



Plot 2: mid channel



Plot 3: highest channel



11.6 Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted

Description:

Measurement of the conducted band edge compliance. EUT is measured at the lower and upper band edge in single channel.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz / 500 kHz
Span	Lower Band Edge: 2395 – 2405 MHz higher Band Edge: 2478 – 2489 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

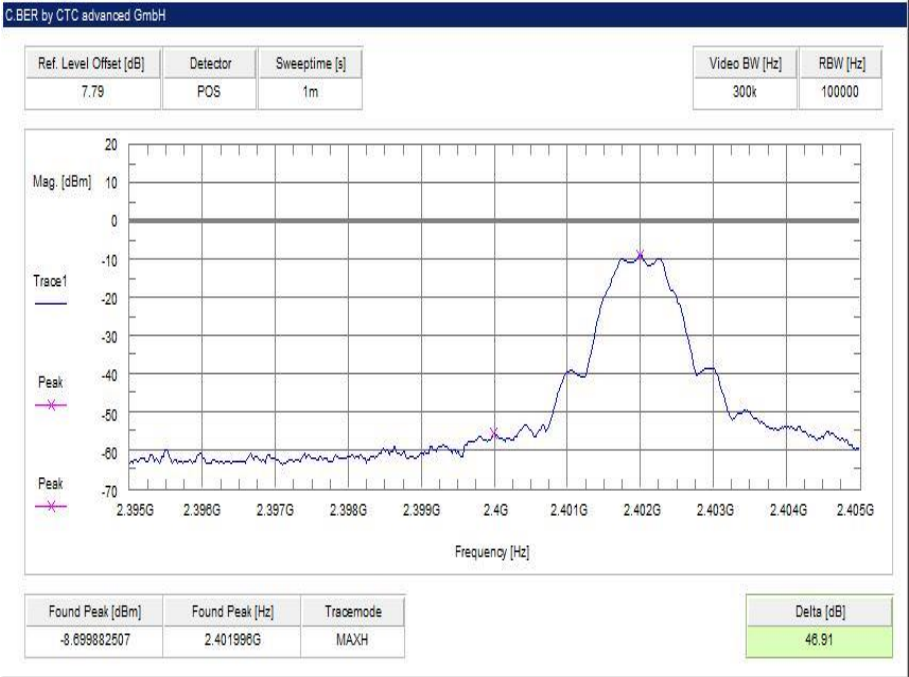
FCC	IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.	

Result:

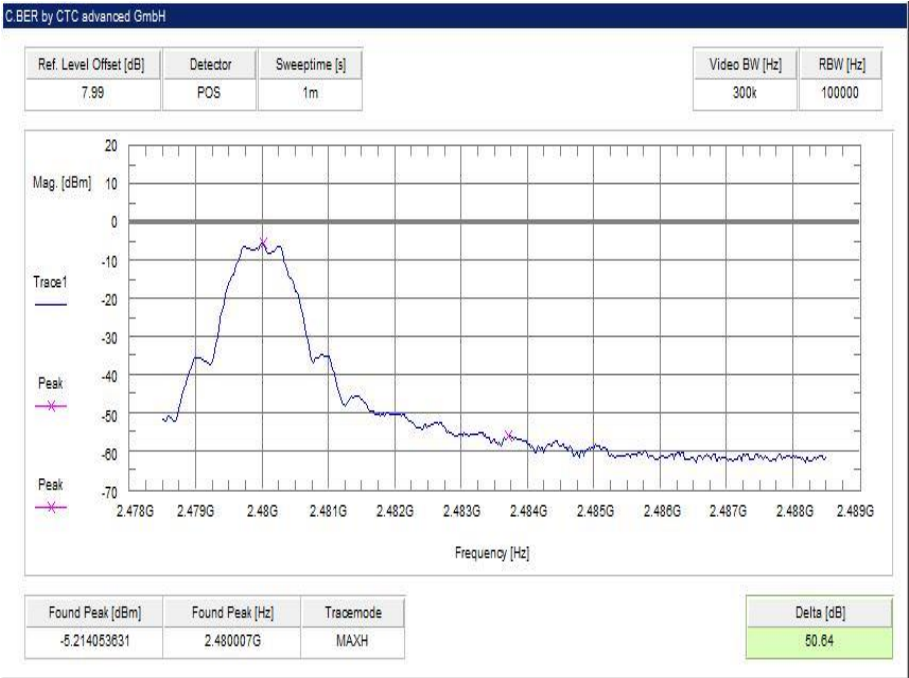
Scenario	Spurious band edge conducted [dB]
Modulation	GFSK
Lower band edge – hopping off	> 20 dB
Upper band edge – hopping off	> 20 dB

Plots:

Plot 1: Lower band edge



Plot 2: Upper band edge



11.7 Band edge compliance radiated

Description:

Measurement of the radiated band edge compliance. The EUT is turned in the position that results in the maximum level at the band edge. Then a sweep over the corresponding restricted band is performed. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit frequency 2402 MHz for the lower restricted band and 2480 MHz for the upper restricted band. Measurement distance is 3m.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / RMS
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Span	Lower Band: 2300 – 2400 MHz higher Band: 2480 – 2500 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 B
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

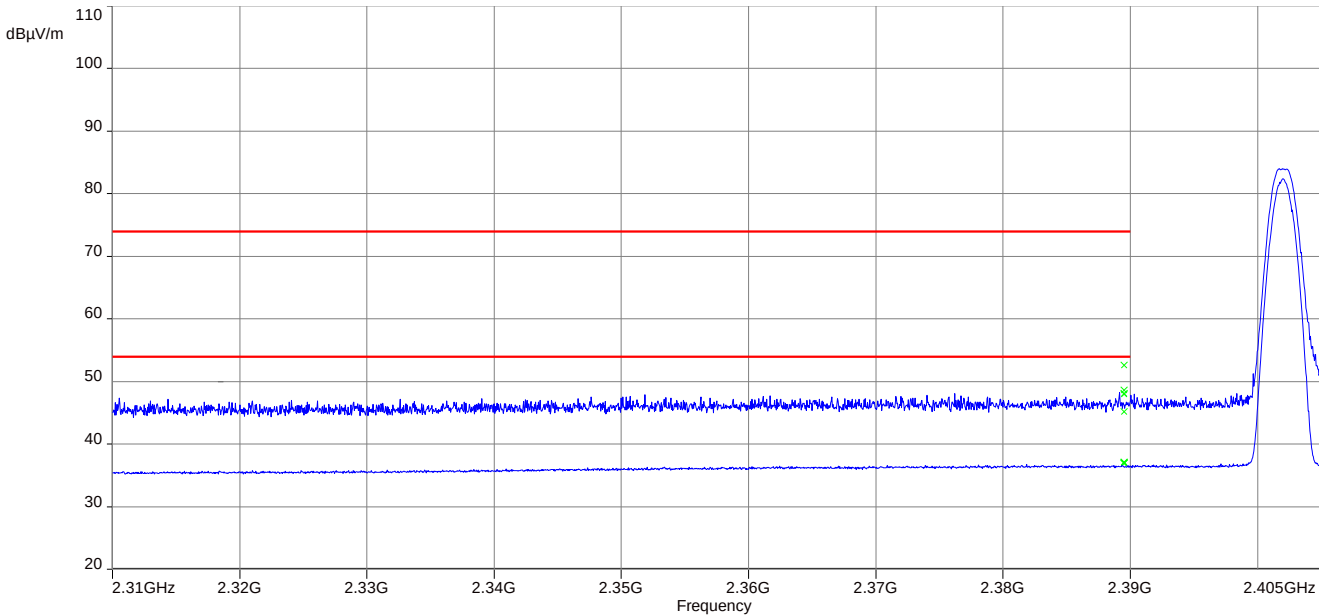
FCC	IC
Band edge compliance radiated	
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 5.205(c)).	
54 dBµV/m AVG 74 dBµV/m Peak	

Result:

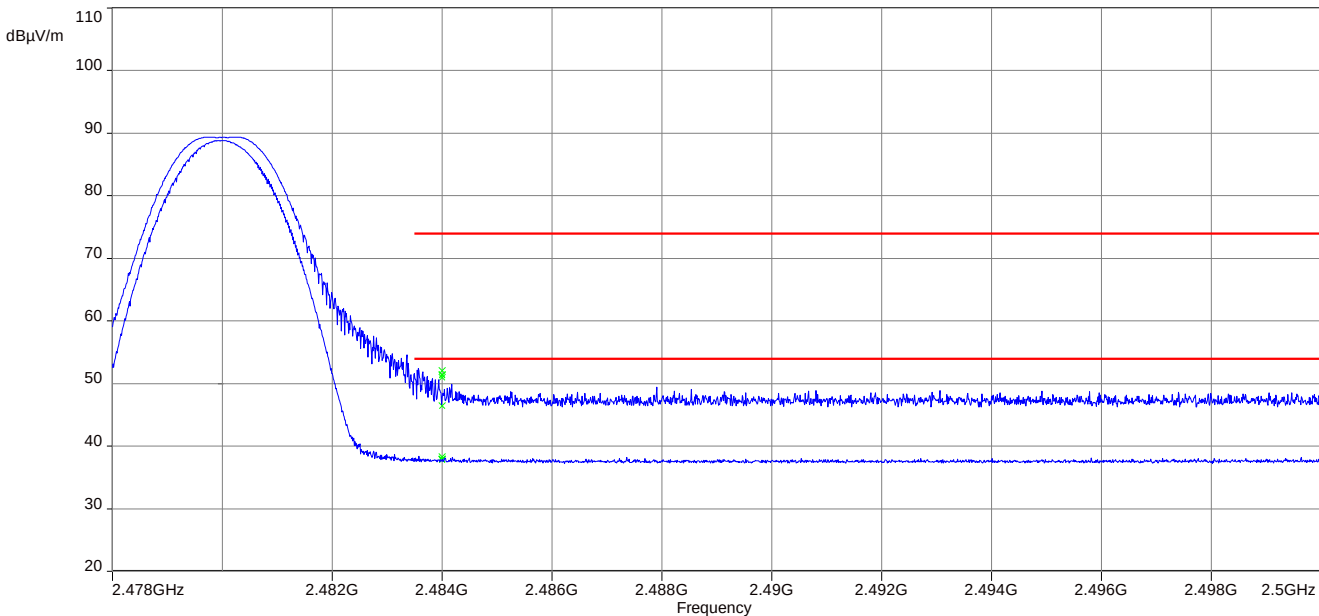
Scenario	Band edge compliance radiated [dBµV/m]
Modulation	GFSK
Lower restricted band	< 54 AVG / < 74 PP
Upper restricted band	< 54 AVG / < 74 PP

Plots:

Plot 1: Lower restricted band



Plot 2: Upper restricted band



11.8 TX spurious emissions conducted

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit frequencies are 2402 MHz, 2440 MHz and 2480 MHz.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz or 500 kHz
Span	9 kHz to 25 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

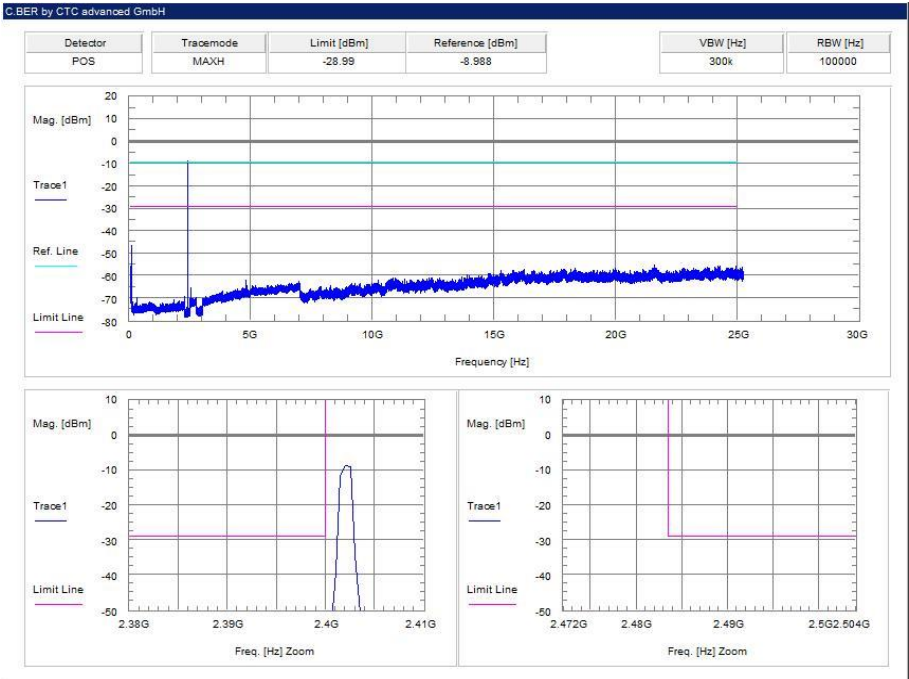
FCC	IC
TX spurious emissions conducted	
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required	

Results:

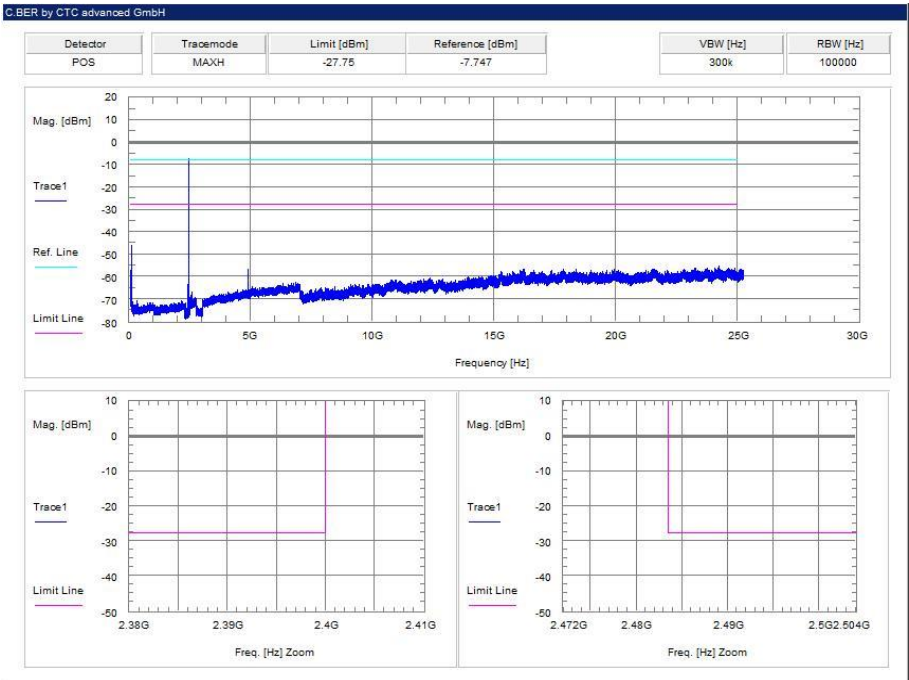
TX spurious emissions conducted					
f [MHz]		amplitude of emission [dBm]	limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	results
2402		-9.0	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are compliant with the -20 dBc limit!			-20 dBc		compliant
2440		-7.7	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are compliant with the -20 dBc limit!			-20 dBc		compliant
2480		-5.3	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are compliant with the -20 dBc limit!			-20 dBc		compliant

Plots:

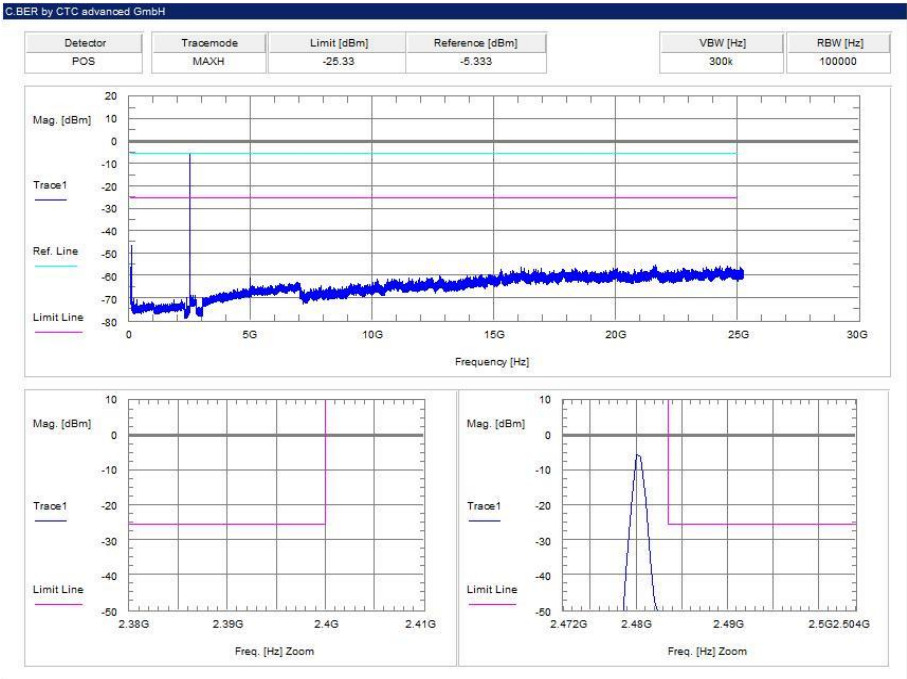
Plot 1: lowest channel



Plot 2: mid channel



Plot 3: highest channel



11.9 Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit frequencies are 2402 MHz, 2440 MHz and 2480 MHz. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power. The limits are recalculated to a measurement distance of 3 m according to the ANSI C63.10.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / Quasi peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Video bandwidth	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 30 kHz
Span	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 C
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

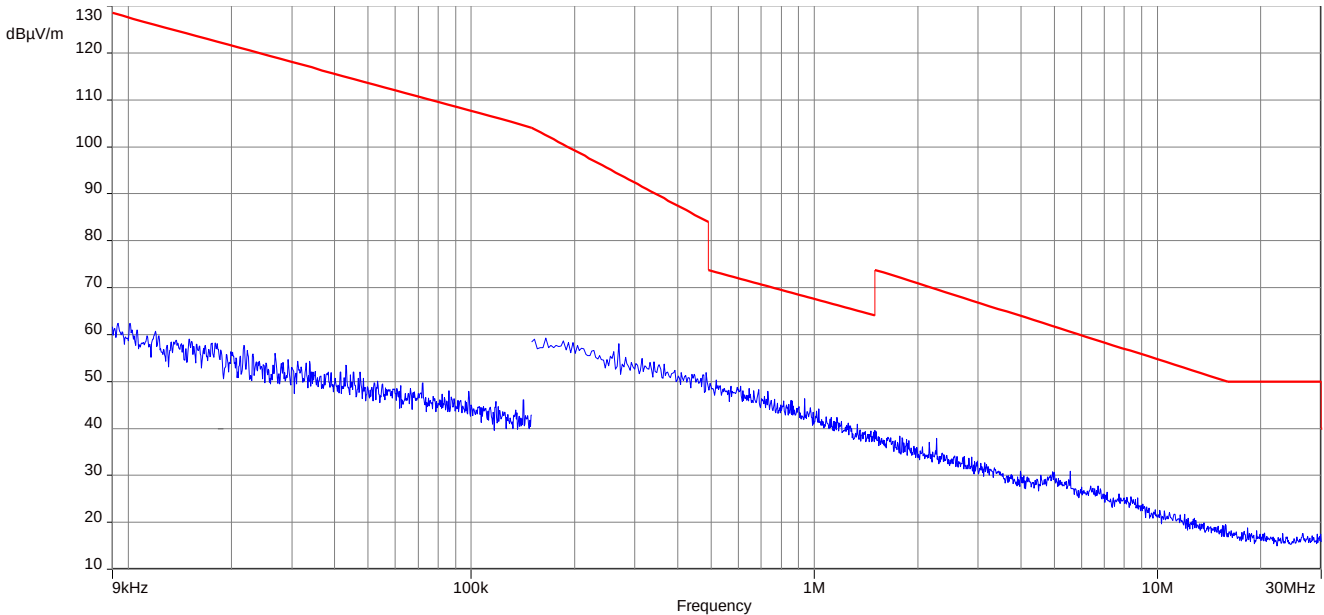
FCC		IC
TX spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dB μ V/m)	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Results:

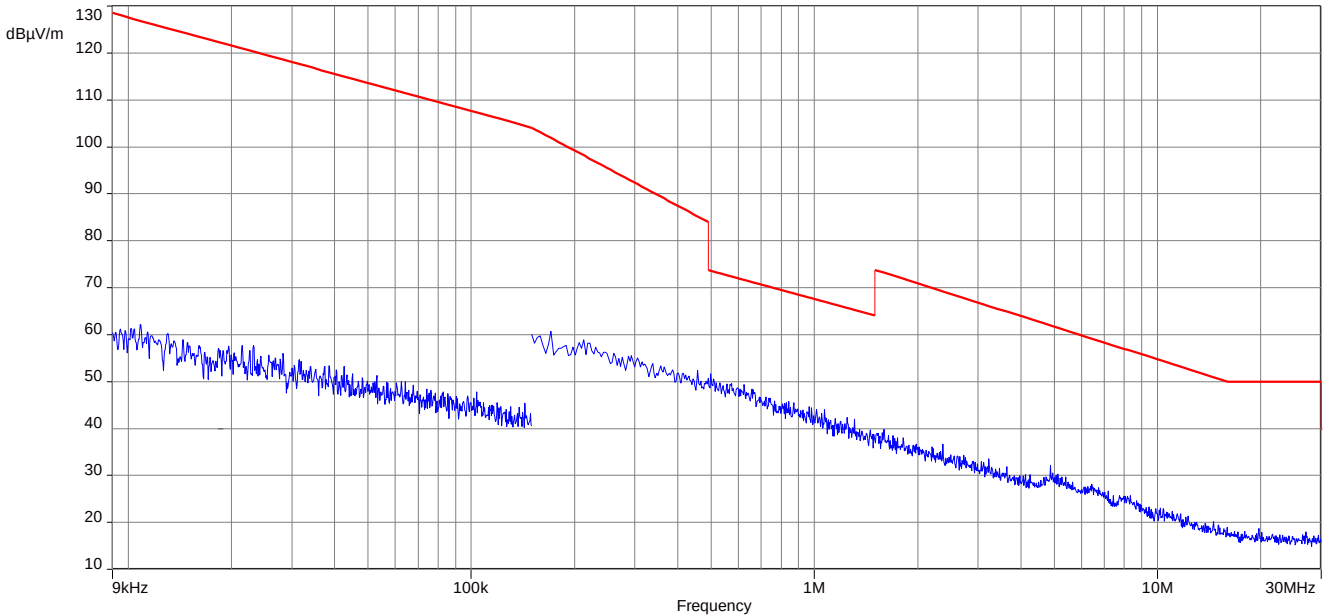
TX spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz [dB μ V/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots:

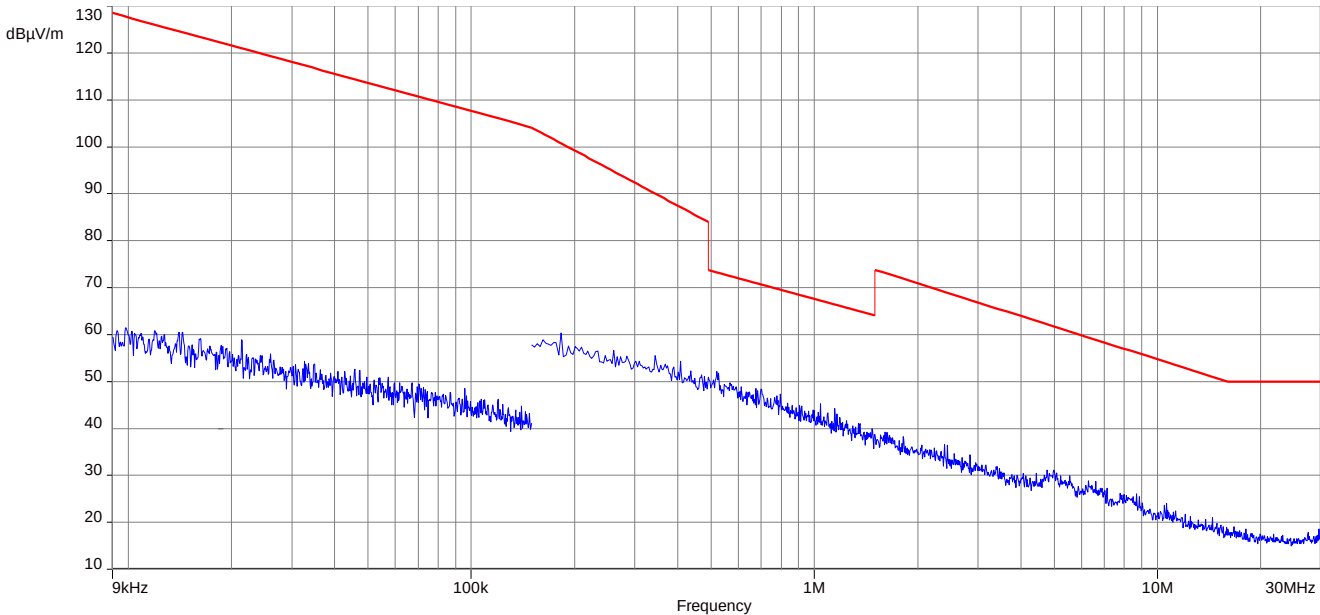
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, 2402 MHz, transmit mode



Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, 2440 MHz, transmit mode



Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, 2480 MHz, transmit mode



11.10 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

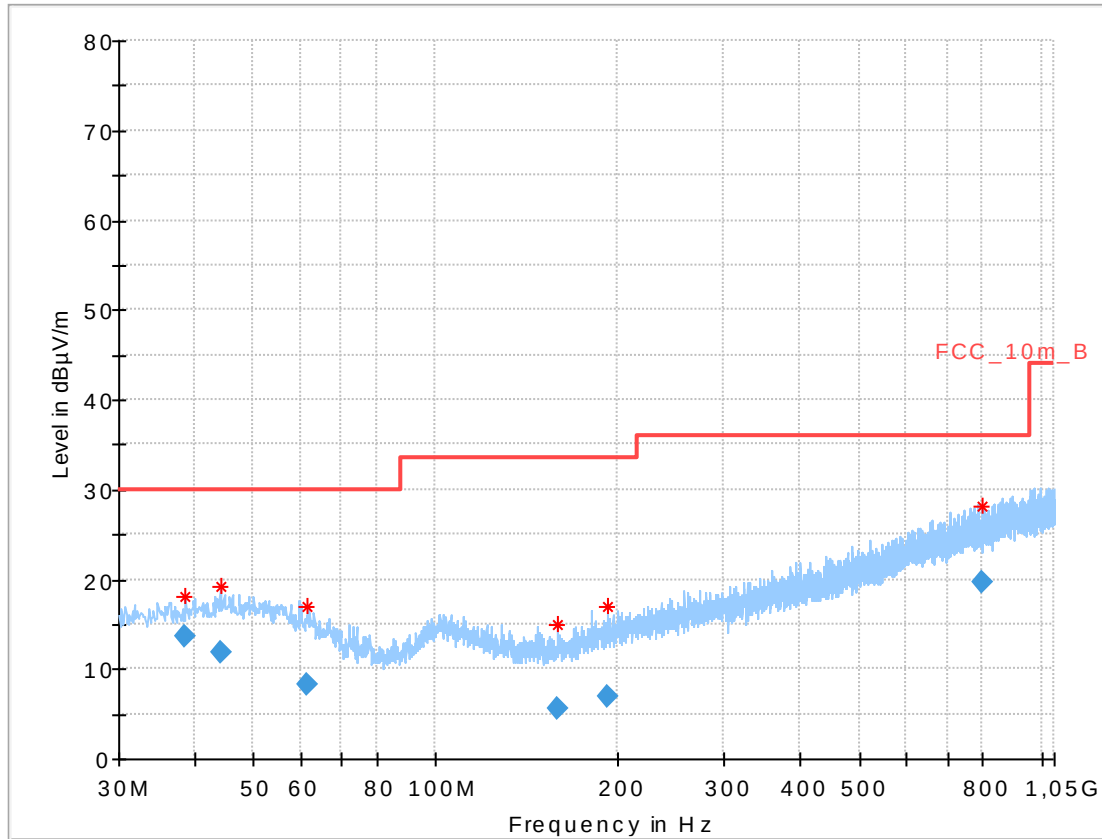
Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit frequencies are 2402 MHz, 2440 MHz and 2480 MHz. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	120 kHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Measured modulation	GFSK
Test setup	See sub clause 6.1 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

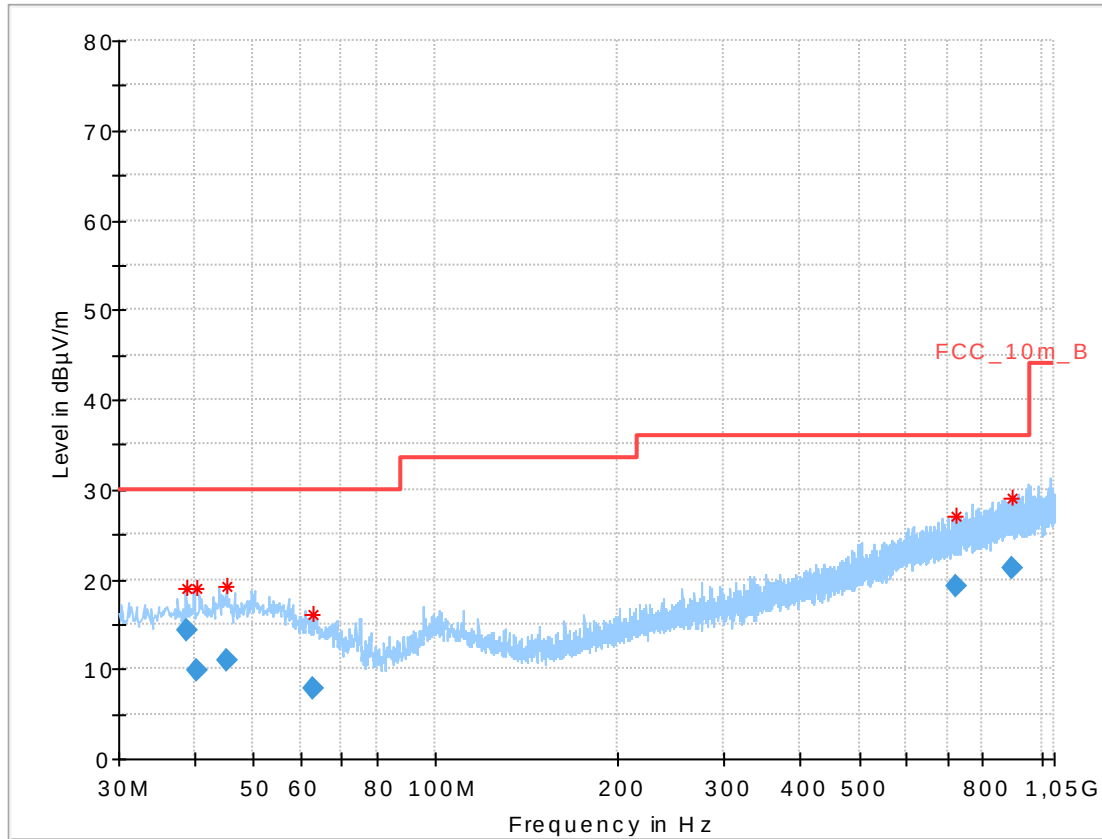
The modulation with the highest output power was used to perform the transmitter spurious emissions. If spurious were detected a re-measurement was performed on the detected frequency with each modulation.

Limits:

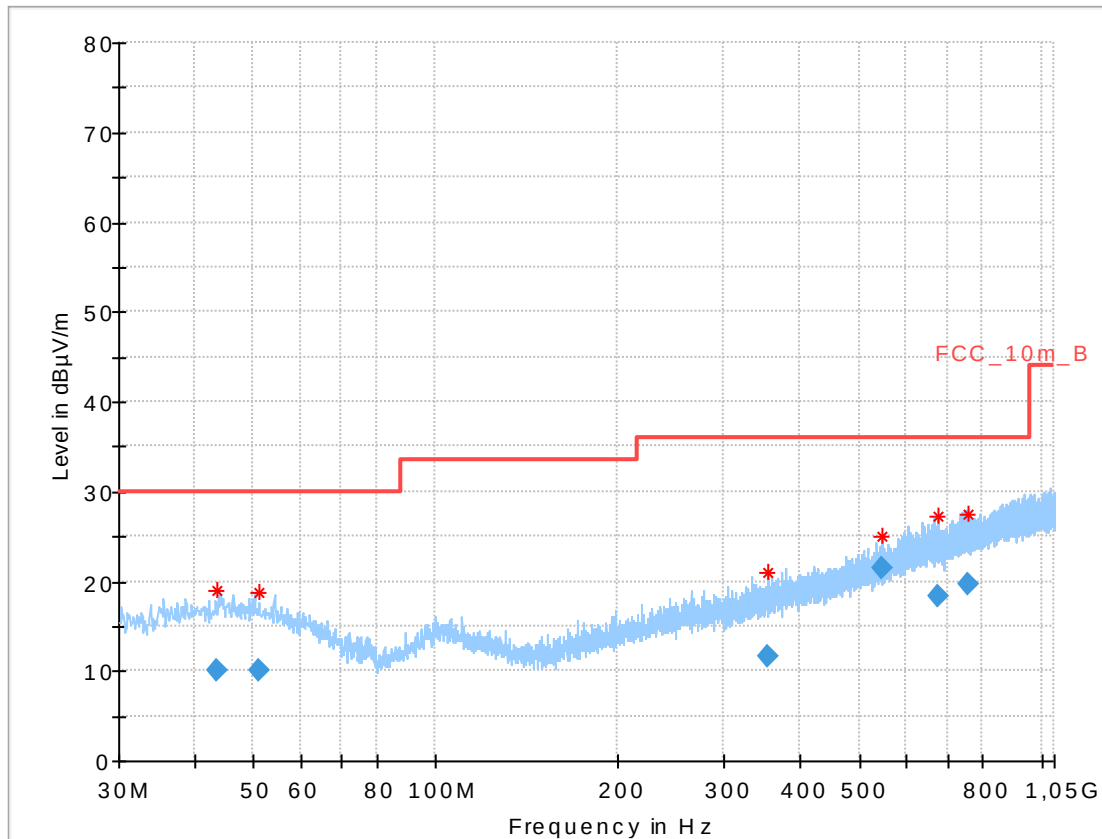
FCC		IC
TX spurious emissions radiated		
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3

Plots: Transmit mode**Plot 1:** 30 MHz to 1 GHz, TX mode, 2402 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
38.693	13.68	30.0	16.32	1000	120	170.0	V	80.0	13.1
44.344	11.85	30.0	18.15	1000	120	98.0	V	170.0	13.6
61.528	8.25	30.0	21.75	1000	120	101.0	V	82.0	11.5
158.680	5.59	33.5	27.91	1000	120	98.0	V	80.0	9.6
192.215	7.02	33.5	26.48	1000	120	170.0	V	260.0	11.5
799.033	19.61	36.0	16.39	1000	120	170.0	H	81.0	22.7

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, TX mode, 2440 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization**Final results:**

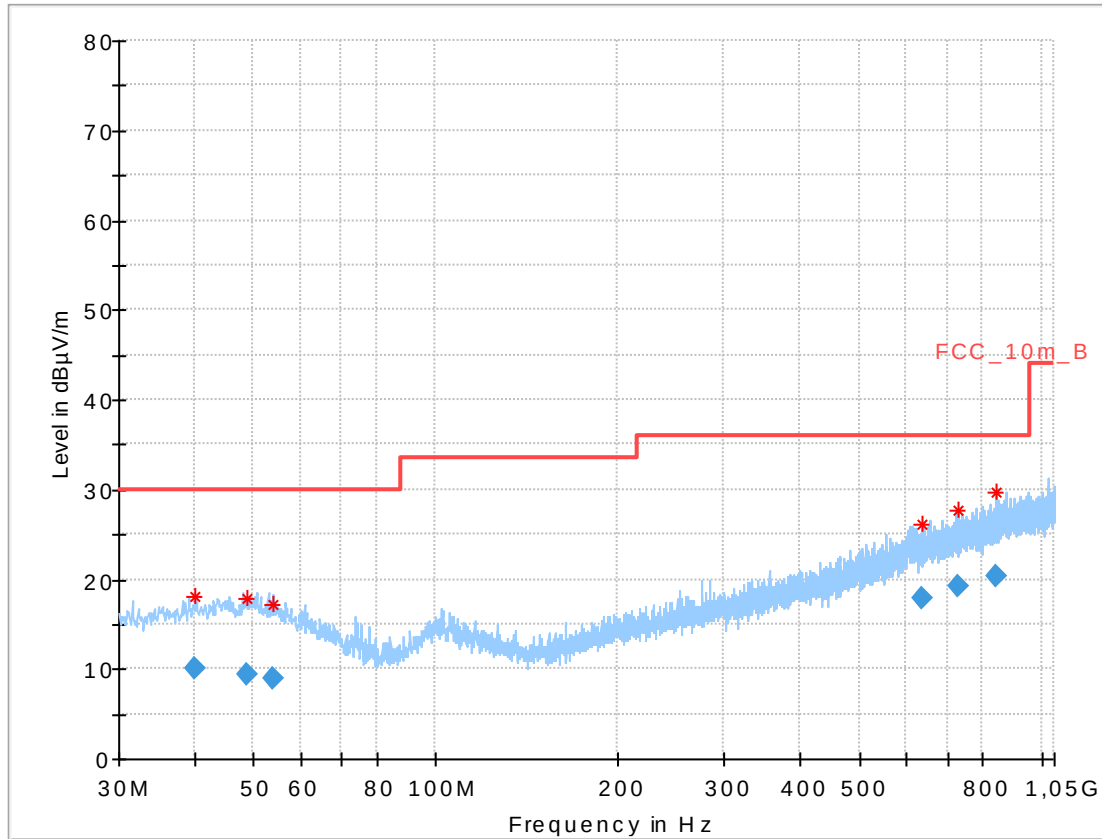
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
38.720	14.37	30.0	15.63	1000	120	98.0	V	100.0	13.1
40.264	9.81	30.0	20.19	1000	120	170.0	V	170.0	13.2
45.138	11.02	30.0	18.98	1000	120	170.0	V	280.0	13.6
62.631	7.90	30.0	22.10	1000	120	100.0	V	172.0	11.3
724.530	19.11	36.0	16.89	1000	120	170.0	V	170.0	22.1
898.019	21.16	36.0	14.84	1000	120	170.0	H	280.0	24.2

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, TX mode, 2480 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
43.558	10.00	30.0	20.00	1000	120	98.0	V	280.0	13.5
50.958	9.97	30.0	20.03	1000	120	100.0	H	190.0	13.6
353.162	11.69	36.0	24.31	1000	120	170.0	H	81.0	16.0
544.029	21.53	36.0	14.47	1000	120	170.0	H	190.0	19.3
676.765	18.34	36.0	17.66	1000	120	170.0	H	10.0	21.4
756.849	19.61	36.0	16.39	1000	120	98.0	H	-10.0	22.7

Plots: Receiver mode

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, RX / idle – mode, vertical & horizontal polarization



Final results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
39.952	10.03	30.0	19.97	1000	120	98.0	V	100.0	13.2
48.741	9.38	30.0	20.62	1000	120	170.0	H	80.0	13.7
53.760	8.91	30.0	21.09	1000	120	98.0	H	171.0	13.2
633.966	17.80	36.0	18.20	1000	120	98.0	H	100.0	21.0
730.856	19.26	36.0	16.74	1000	120	170.0	V	261.0	22.3
841.589	20.35	36.0	15.65	1000	120	170.0	H	80.0	23.4

11.11 Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit frequencies are 2402 MHz, 2440 MHz and 2480 MHz. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / RMS
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	1 GHz to 26 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Measured modulation	GFSK
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 A (1 GHz - 18 GHz) See sub clause 6.3 A (18 GHz - 26 GHz)
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

The modulation with the highest output power was used to perform the transmitter spurious emissions. If spurious were detected a re-measurement was performed on the detected frequency with each modulation.

Limits:

FCC		IC
TX spurious emissions radiated		
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
Above 960	54.0 (Average)	3
Above 960	74.0 (Peak)	3

Results: Transmitter mode

TX spurious emissions radiated [dBµV/m]								
2402 MHz			2440 MHz			2480 MHz		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
4804	Peak	51.7	4880	Peak	53.8	4959	Peak	55.5
	AVG	35.2*		AVG	37.3*		AVG	39.0*
-/-	Peak	-/-	7320	Peak	54.0	7439	Peak	53.7
	AVG	-/-		AVG	37.5*		AVG	37.2*
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

*) Average emission adjusting factor:

$$F = 20 * \log (\text{dwell time}^* / 100 \text{ ms})$$

*w ith TXon time as dw ell time!

Bluetooth LE connected mode: Duty Cycle correction Scenarios

TX payload bytes	TX dwell time [ms]	TXon time [ms]	RX dwell time min [ms]	No of TX within 100 ms 100ms/(TxDwell + RxDwell)	min no of hopping channels (AFH)	max TX time [ms]/channel within 100ms	DC correction F [dB]	Scenario
37	0.625	0.376	0.625	80.0	2	15	-16.46	TX Packet. Rx =ACK
37	0.625	0.376	0.625	80.0	2	15	-16.46	TX Packet = RX Packet

Note: For BT LE the dwell time is a multiple of 0.625ms

Bluetooth LE Advertising mode:

Advertising is always in none Hopping mode.

A Bluetooth LE packet in advertising mode consists of:

Preamble (1 Byte)

Access Address (4 Bytes):always: 0x8E89BED6

PDU Header (2 Bytes)

PDU MAC address (6 Bytes)

PDU Data (0-31 Bytes)(connected undirected advertising (ADV_IND)

CRC (3 Bytes)

The maximum size of a complete advertising packet is 47 Bytes (376us)

Minimum possible advertising interval (per advertising channel): 20 ms

Duty cycle within 100ms: $5 * 0.376 \text{ ms} / 100 \text{ ms} = 0.0188 = 1.88\%$

Correction factor for average calculation:

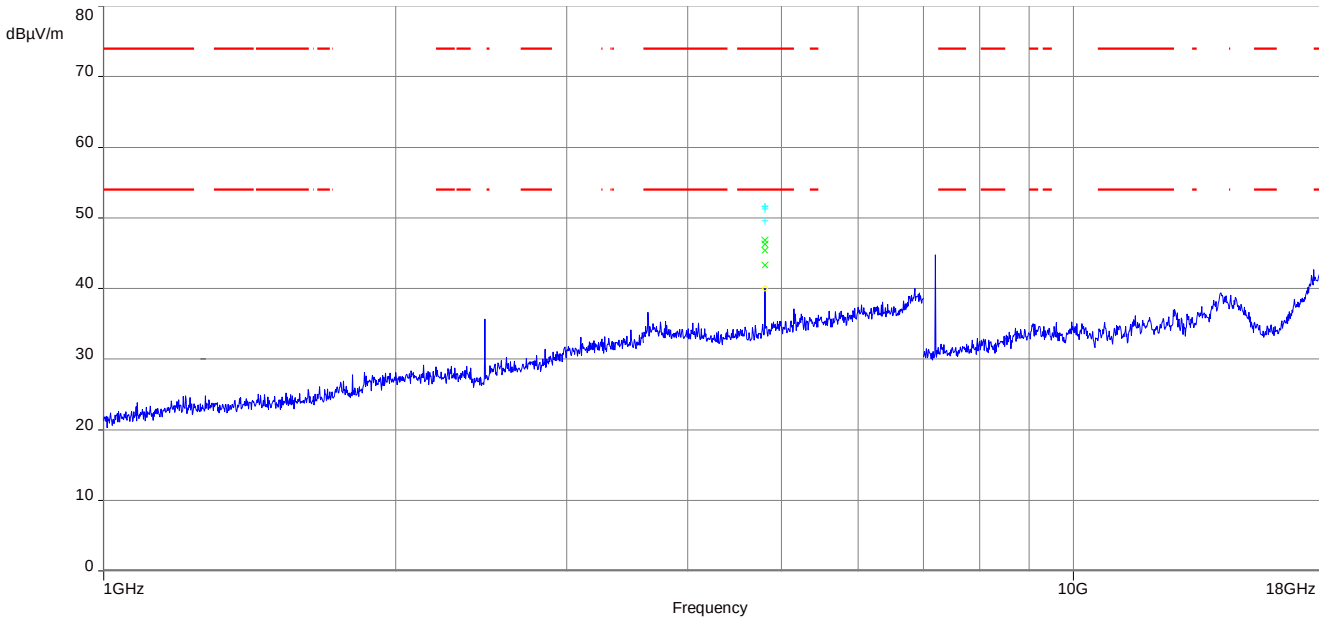
$$F = 20 * \log (0.0188) = -34.51 \text{ dB}$$

Results: Receiver mode

RX spurious emissions radiated [dBµV/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
4802	Peak	52.9
	AVG	48.4

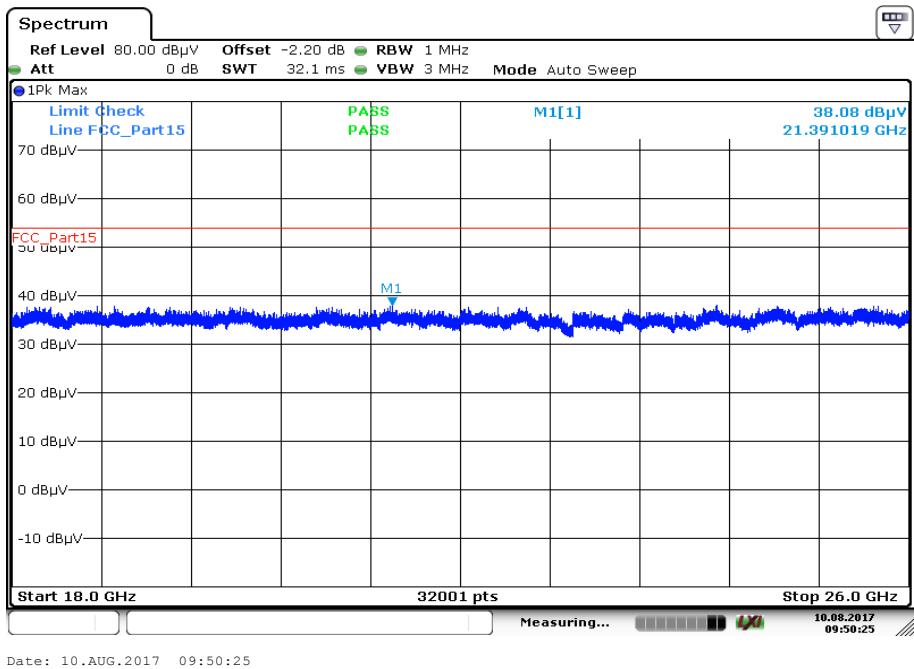
Plots: Transmitter mode

Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, TX mode, 2402 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

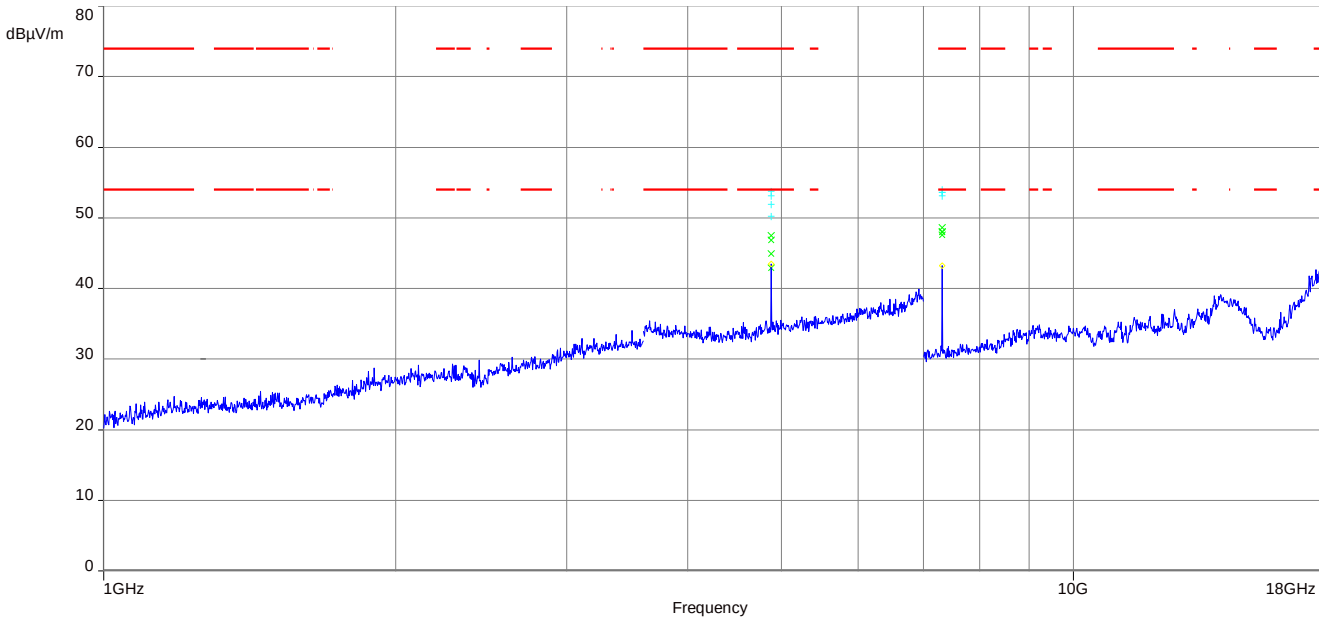


The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, TX mode, 2402 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

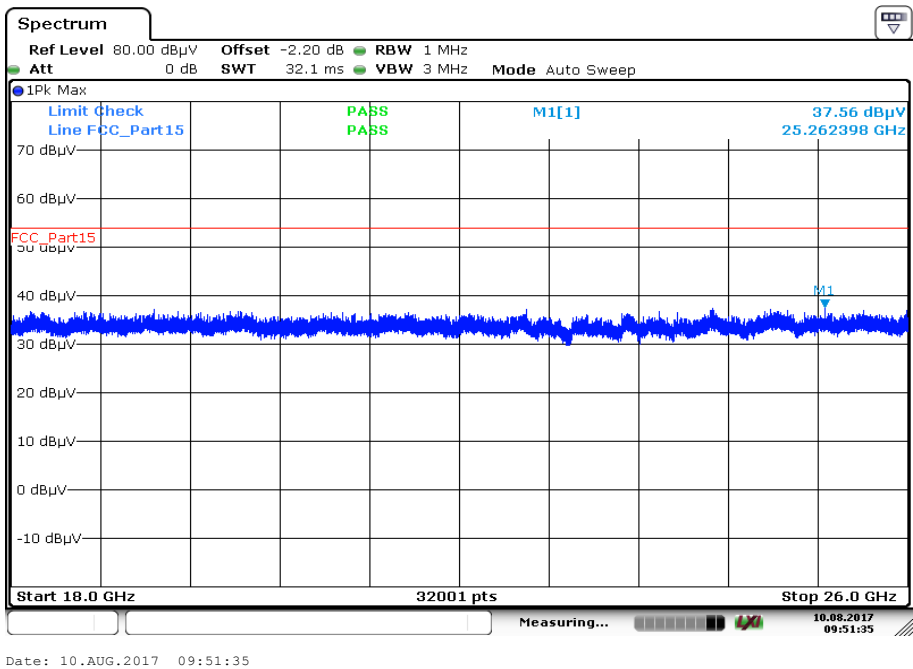


Plot 3: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, TX mode, 2440 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

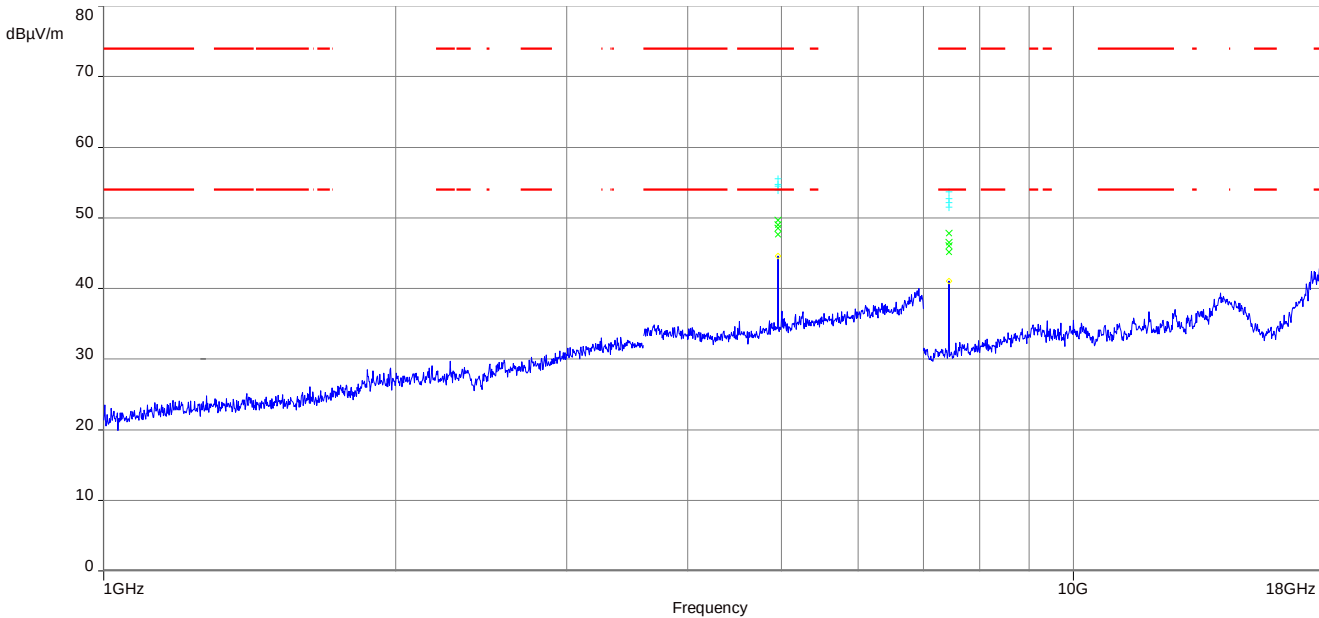


The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 4: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, TX mode, 2440 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

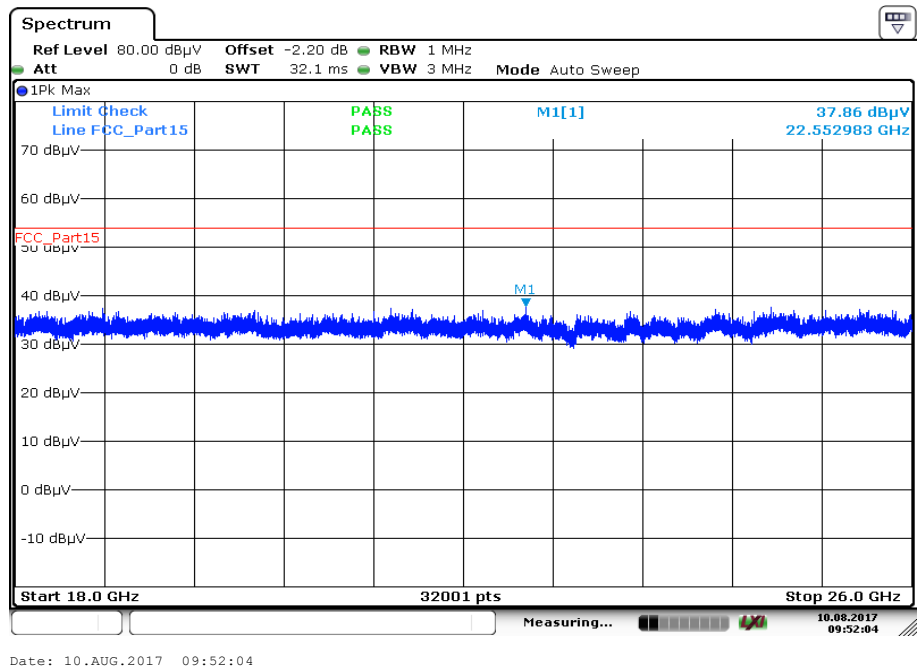


Plot 5: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, TX mode, 2480 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



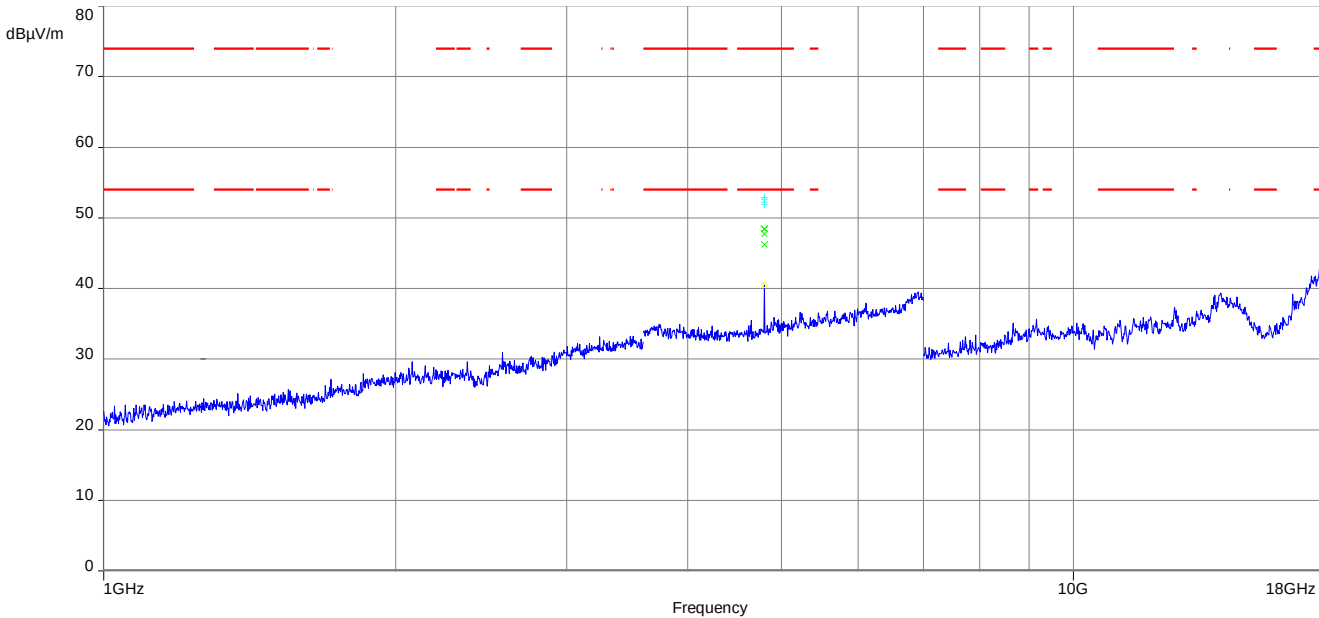
The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 6: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, TX mode, 2480 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

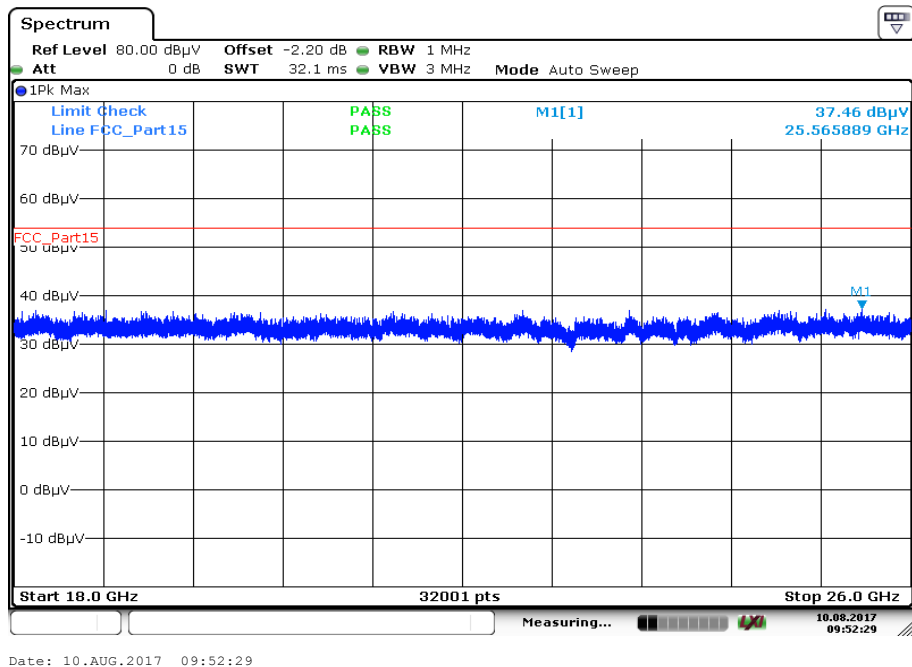


Plots: Receiver mode

Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, RX / idle – mode, vertical & horizontal polarization



Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, RX / idle – mode, vertical & horizontal polarization



12 Observations

No observations except those reported with the single test cases have been made.

Annex A Glossary

EUT	Equipment under test
DUT	Device under test
UUT	Unit under test
GUE	GNSS User Equipment
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standard Institute
EN	European Standard
FCC	Federal Communication Commission
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC
IC	Industry Canada
PMN	Product marketing name
HMN	Host marketing name
HVIN	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	Firmware version identification number
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
HW	Hardware
SW	Software
Inv. No.	Inventory number
S/N or SN	Serial number
C	Compliant
NC	Not compliant
NA	Not applicable
NP	Not performed
PP	Positive peak
QP	Quasi peak
AVG	Average
OC	Operating channel
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth
OBW	Occupied bandwidth
OOB	Out of band
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection
CAC	Channel availability check
OP	Occupancy period
NOP	Non occupancy period
DC	Duty cycle
PER	Packet error rate
CW	Clean wave
MC	Modulated carrier
WLAN	Wireless local area network
RLAN	Radio local area network
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
FHSS	Frequency hopping spread spectrum
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
C/N₀	Carrier to noise-density ratio, expressed in dB-Hz

Annex B Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release	2017-08-10
A	FVIN removed	2018-03-20

Annex C Accreditation Certificate

first page	last page
 Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition Accreditation  The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory CTC advanced GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields: Telecommunication The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 02.06.2017 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01 and is valid until 21.04.2021. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 43 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-03 Frankfurt, 02.06.2017  Dipl.-Ing. (FH) Kai Beyer Head of Division See notes overleaf.	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf. No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkkS. The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkkS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations. The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: www.european-accreditation.org ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.nu

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<http://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-03.pdf>