

17_Bluetooth_1Mbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch00

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.304

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2402$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.812$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.999$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch00/Area Scan (91x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.154 W/kg

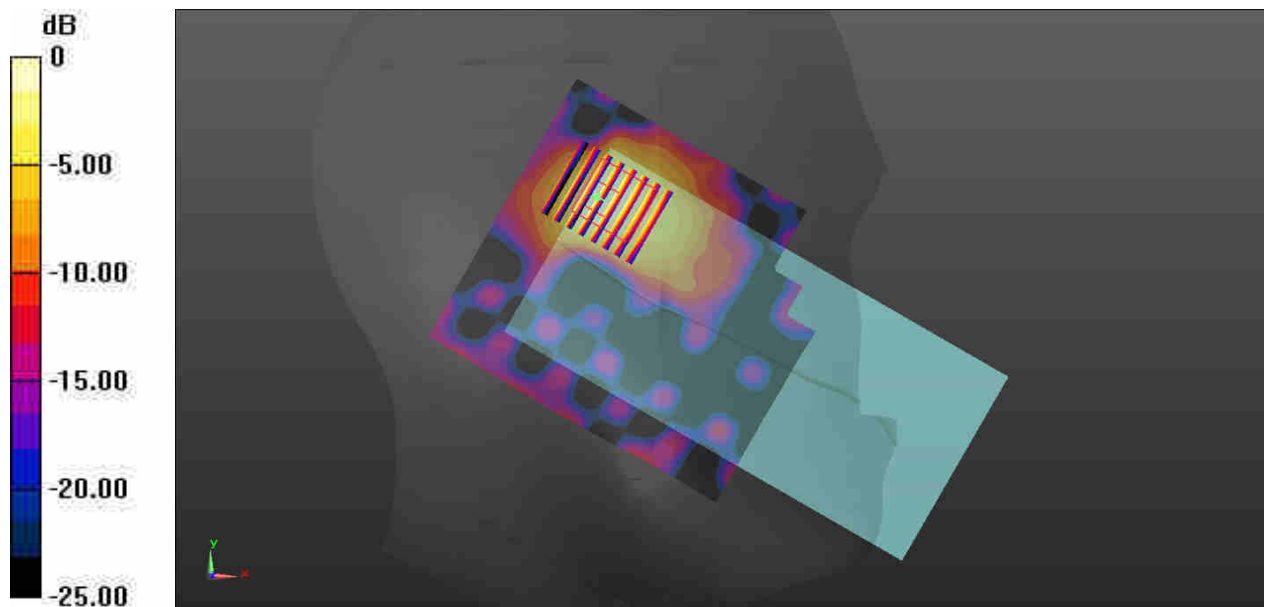
Ch00/Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.162 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.178 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.080 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.132 W/kg



0 dB = 0.132 W/kg = -8.79 dBW/kg

18_GSM850_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.918$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.326$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch128/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.809 W/kg

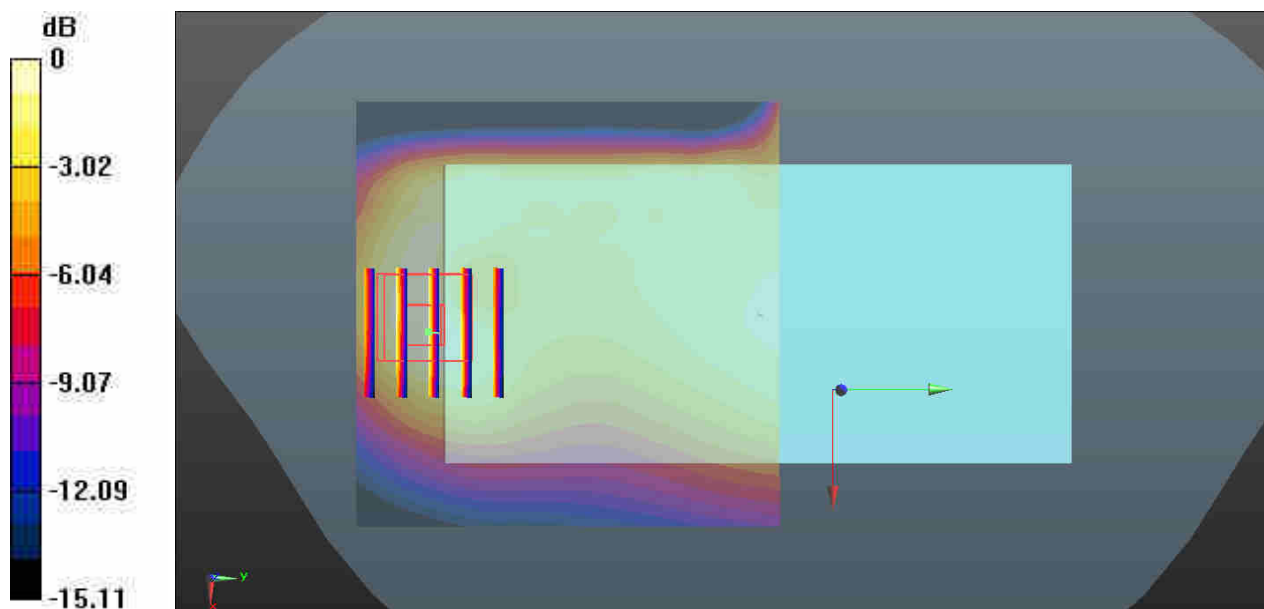
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.946 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.529 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.308 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.789 W/kg



0 dB = 0.789 W/kg = -1.03 dBW/kg

19_GSM1900_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, PCS-4UP (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.369$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.717$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch661/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg

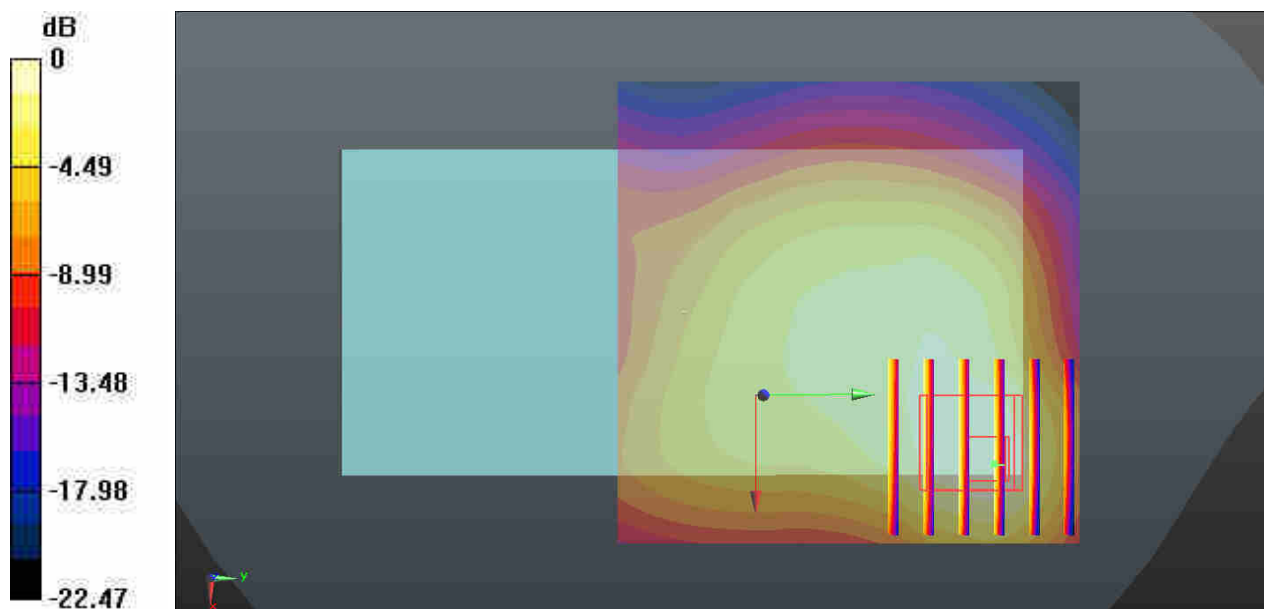
Ch661/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.858 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.473 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



0 dB = 1.08 W/kg = 0.33 dBW/kg

20_WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4132

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.902$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.768$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch4132/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.369 W/kg

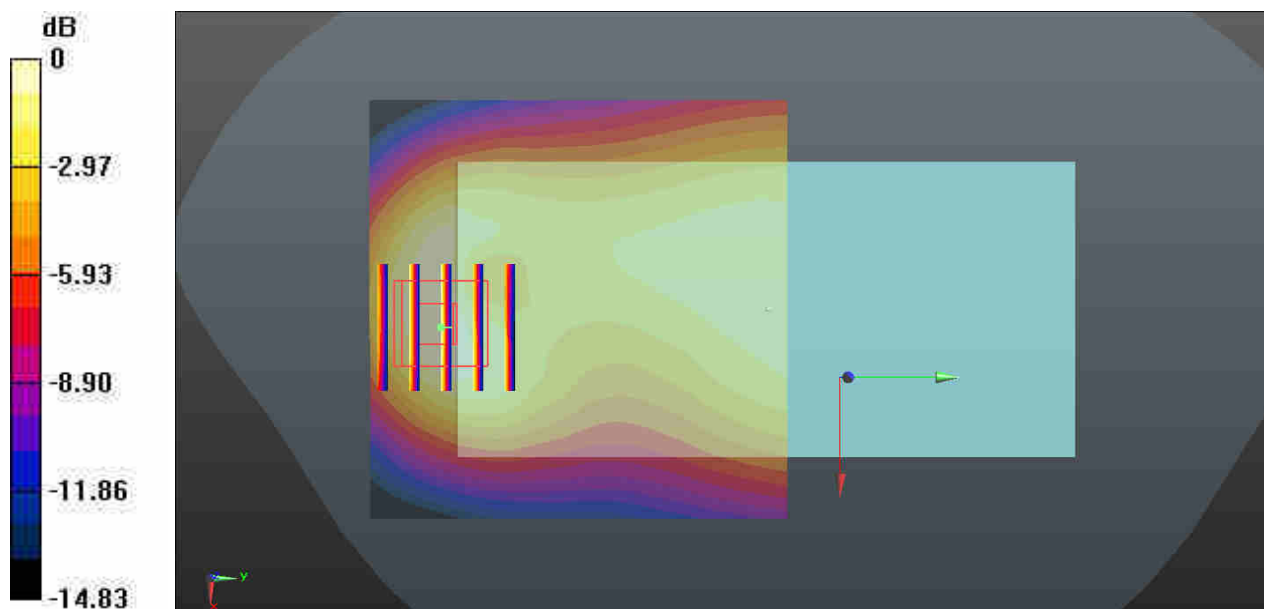
Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.422 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.237 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 W/kg



0 dB = 0.354 W/kg = -4.51 dBW/kg

21_WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1513

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.347$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.525$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.59, 5.59, 5.59); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch1513/Area Scan (81x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

Ch1513/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.694 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.435 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.987 W/kg

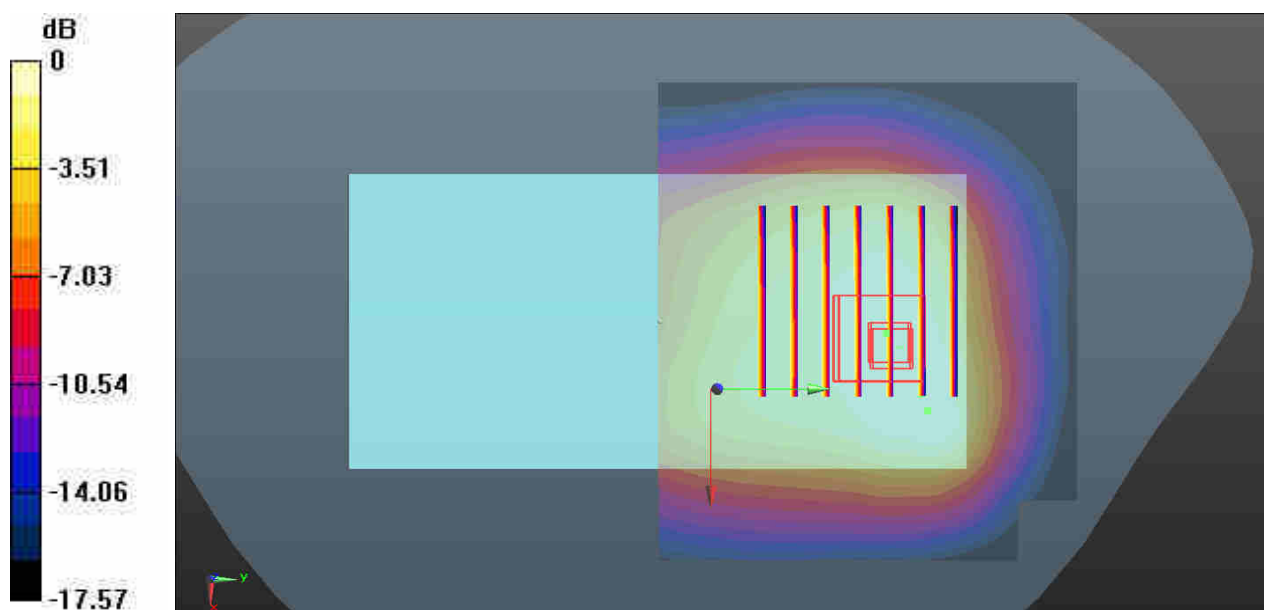
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.698 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.437 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.989 W/kg



0 dB = 0.989 W/kg = -0.05 dBW/kg

22_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.397$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.604$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch9538/Area Scan (81x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.50 W/kg

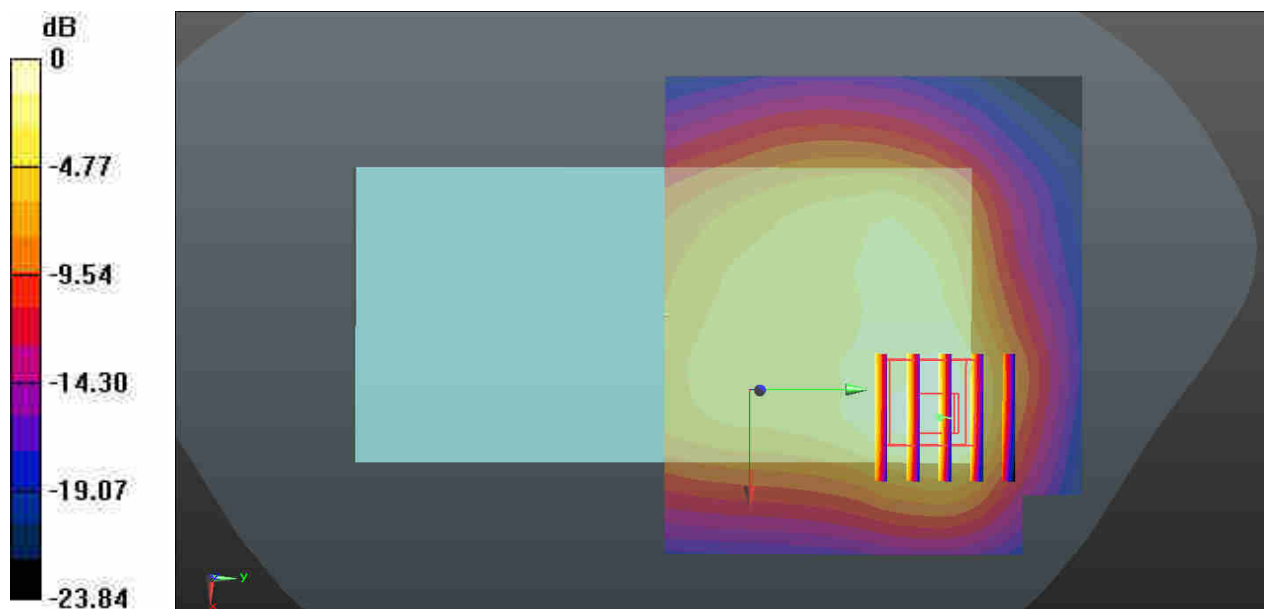
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.868 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.453 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.45 W/kg



0 dB = 1.45 W/kg = 1.61 dBW/kg

23_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch23095

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.831$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.717$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch23095/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.140 W/kg

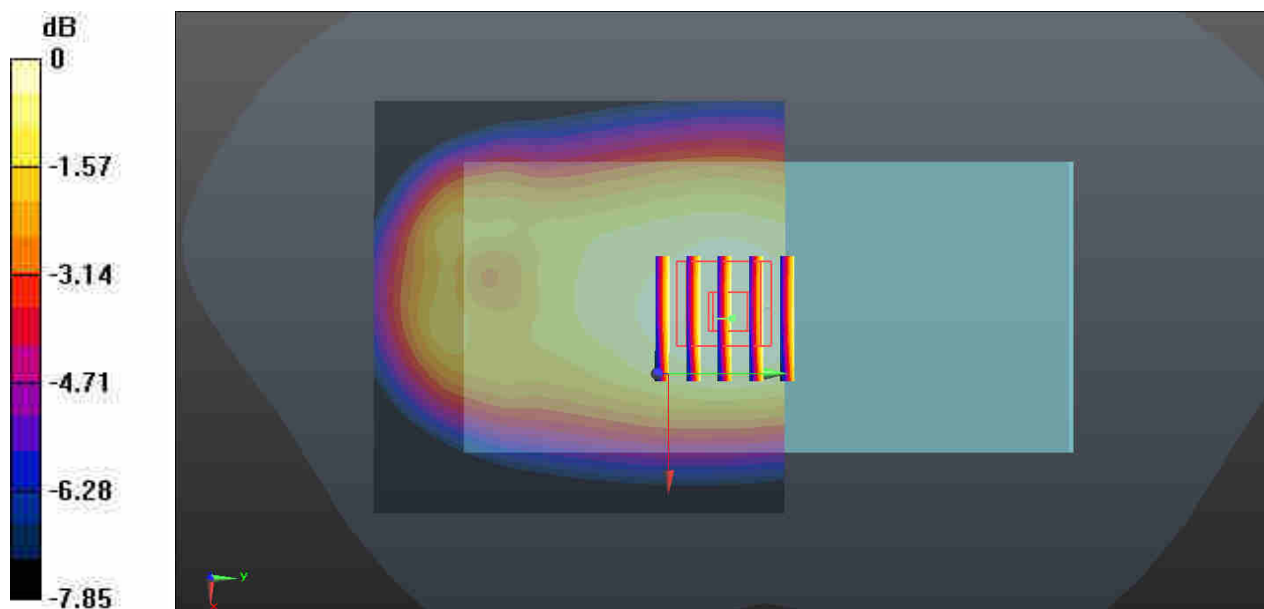
Ch23095/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.149 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.118 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.139 W/kg



0 dB = 0.139 W/kg = -8.57 dBW/kg

24_LTE Band 13_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Right Side_10mm_Ch23230

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.762$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Ambient Temperature : $23.3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature : $22.6 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch23230/Area Scan (41x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.342 W/kg

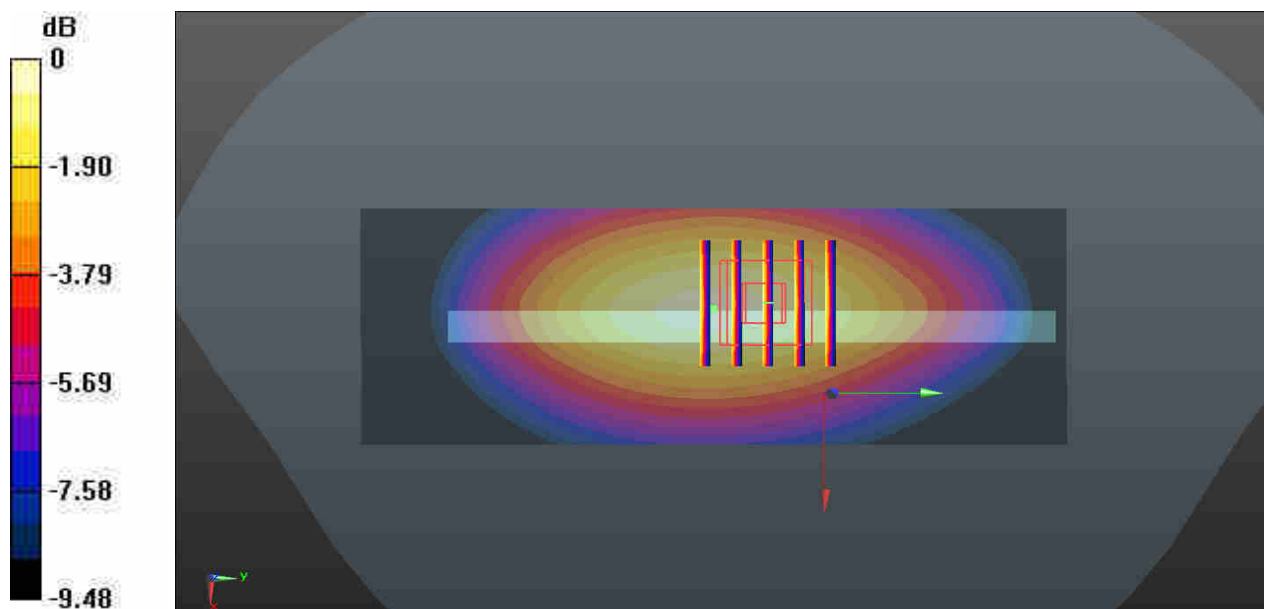
Ch23230/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20.60 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.419 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.286 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.373 W/kg



0 dB = 0.373 W/kg = -4.28 dBW/kg

25_LTE Band 26_15M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Right Side_10mm_Ch26865

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 831.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 831.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.907$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.712$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch26865/Area Scan (41x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.274 W/kg

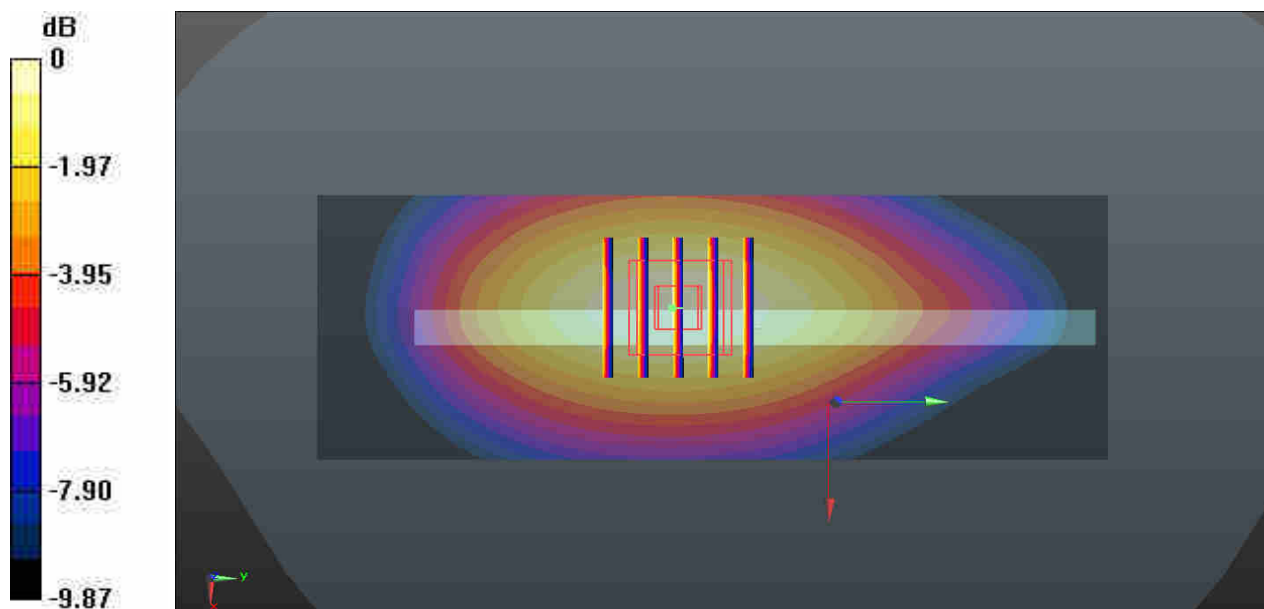
Ch26865/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.323 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.207 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.141 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.279 W/kg



0 dB = 0.279 W/kg = -5.54 dBW/kg

26_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1733$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.326$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.619$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.59, 5.59, 5.59); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.637 W/kg

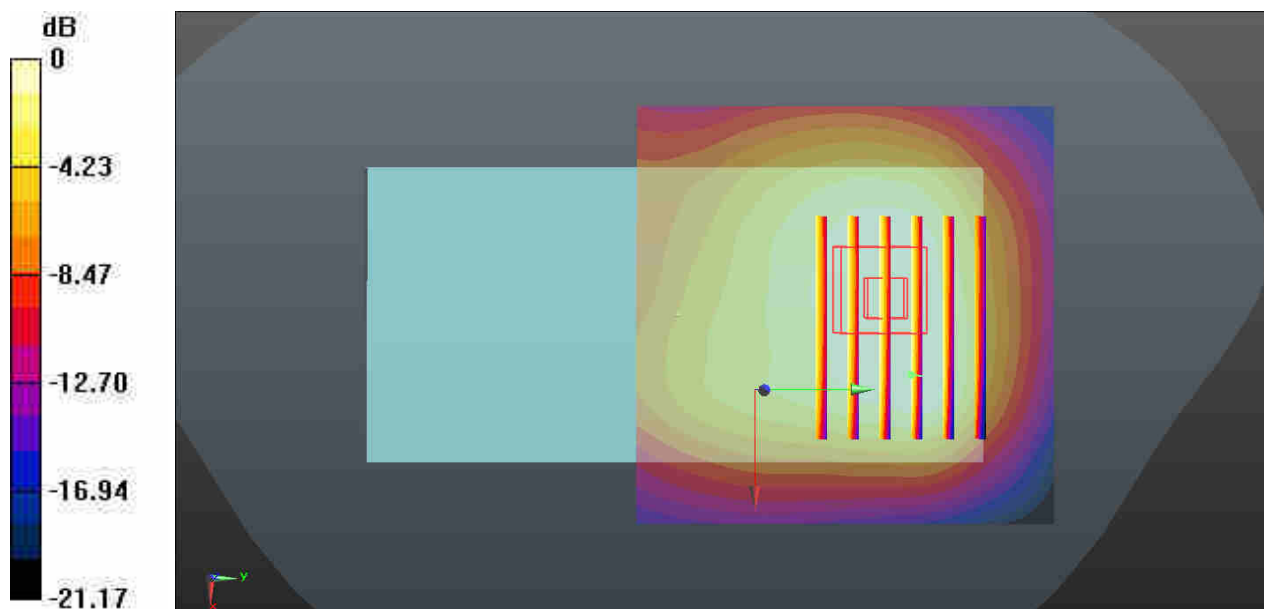
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.712 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.428 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.277 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.590 W/kg



0 dB = 0.590 W/kg = -2.29 dBW/kg

27_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch18900

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.369$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.717$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

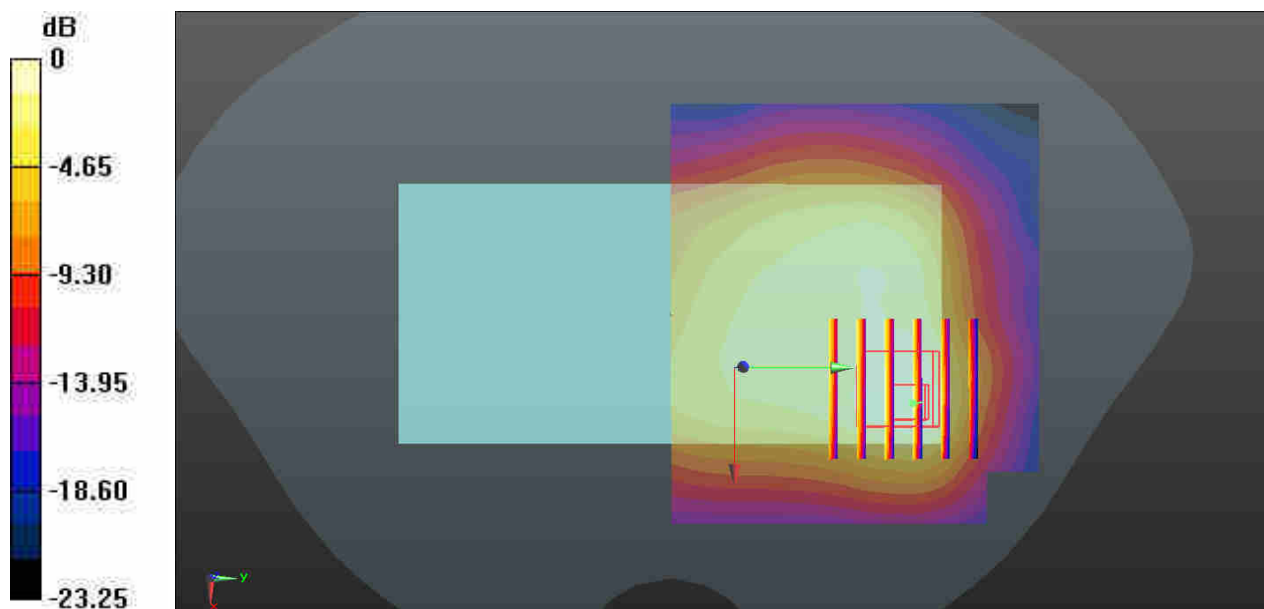
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.607 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.330 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.983 W/kg



28_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch21100

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.951$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.129$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch21100/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.679 W/kg

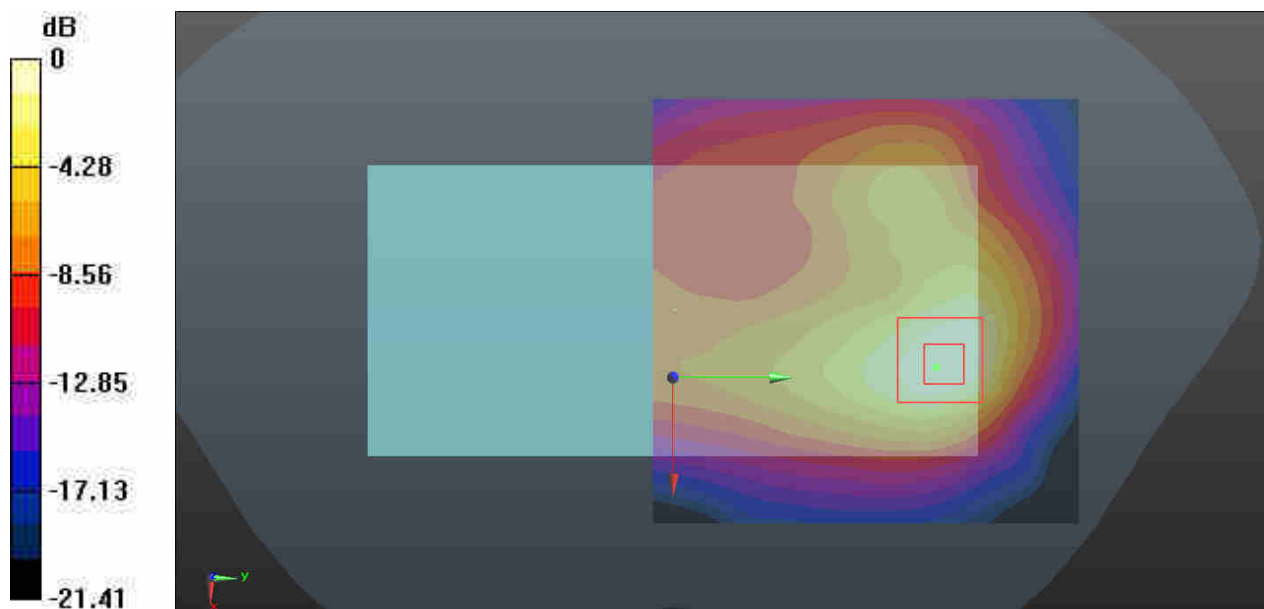
Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.388 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.512 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.246 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.663 W/kg



0 dB = 0.663 W/kg = -1.78 dBW/kg

29_LTE Band 41_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch40670

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD (0); Frequency: 2598 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59
Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2598$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.027$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.88$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch40670/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.425 W/kg

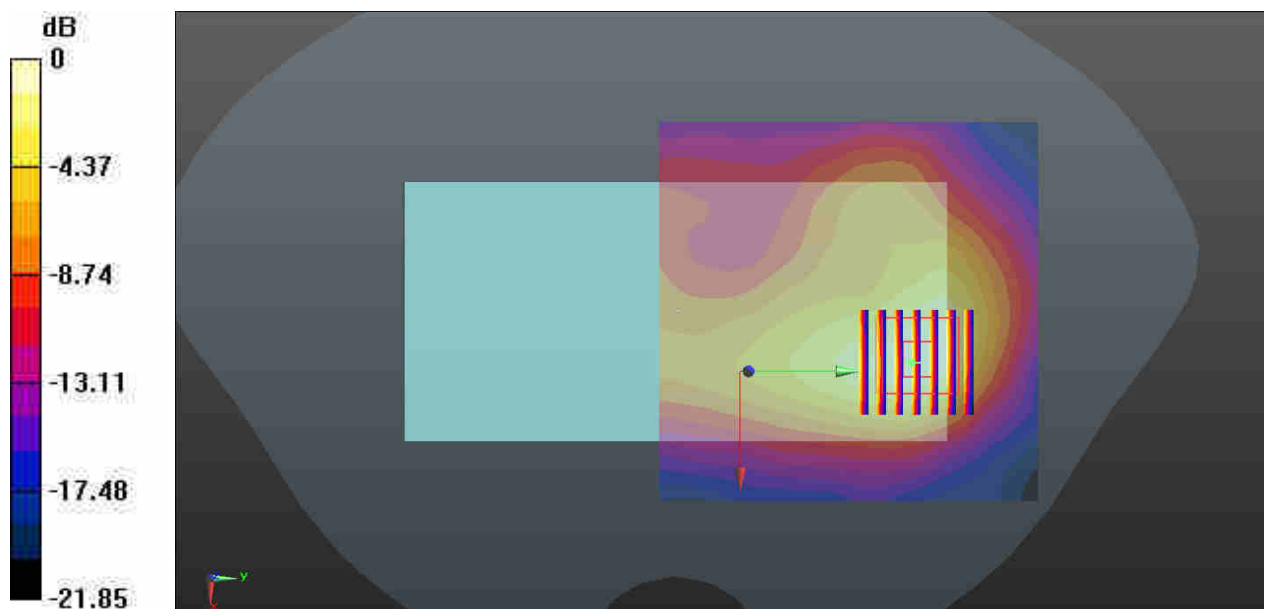
Ch40670/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.885 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.711 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.326 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.157 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.422 W/kg



0 dB = 0.422 W/kg = -3.75 dBW/kg

30_WLAN 2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.886$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.762$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch11/Area Scan (91x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.578 W/kg

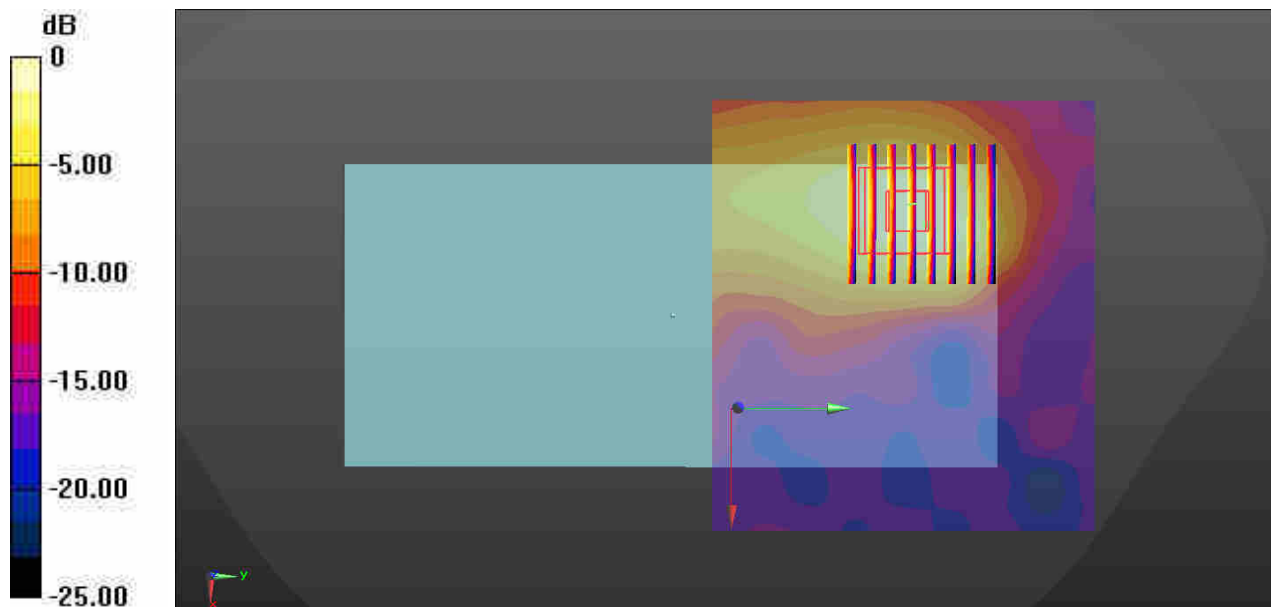
Ch11/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.235 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.641 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.348 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.181 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.532 W/kg



0 dB = 0.532 W/kg = -2.74 dBW/kg

31_WLAN 5.2GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Back_10mm_Ch46

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11n (0); Frequency: 5230 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.102

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5230$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.574$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.431$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch46/Area Scan (111x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.727 W/kg

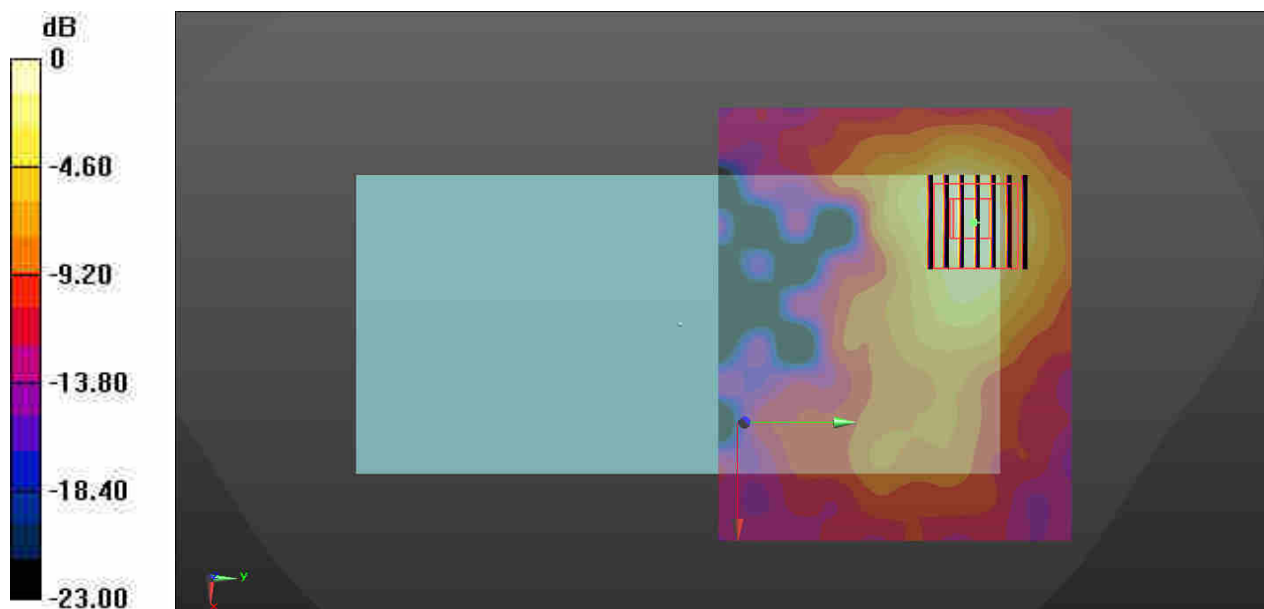
Ch46/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 2.220 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.330 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.715 W/kg



0 dB = 0.715 W/kg = -1.46 dBW/kg

32_WLAN 5.8GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Top Side_10mm_Ch159

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11n (0); Frequency: 5795 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.102

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5795$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.213$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.493$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch159/Area Scan (51x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 W/kg

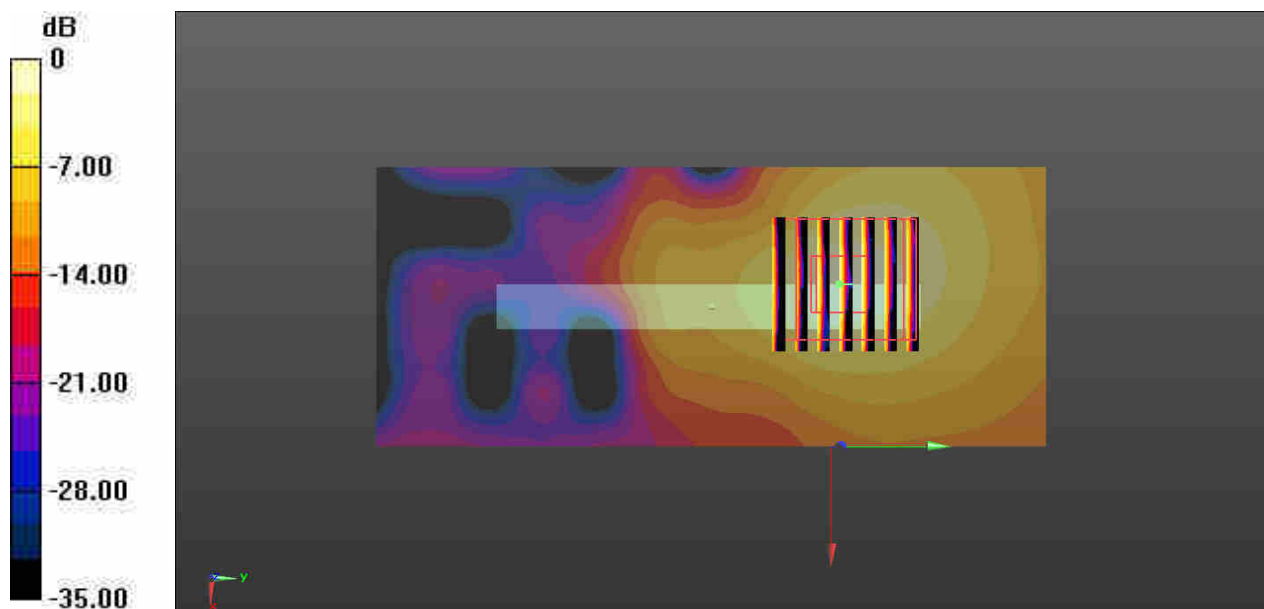
Ch159/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 6.679 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.507 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.170 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg



0 dB = 1.24 W/kg = 0.93 dBW/kg

33_Bluetooth_1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch00

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.304

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2402$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.812$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.999$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch00/Area Scan (91x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0698 W/kg

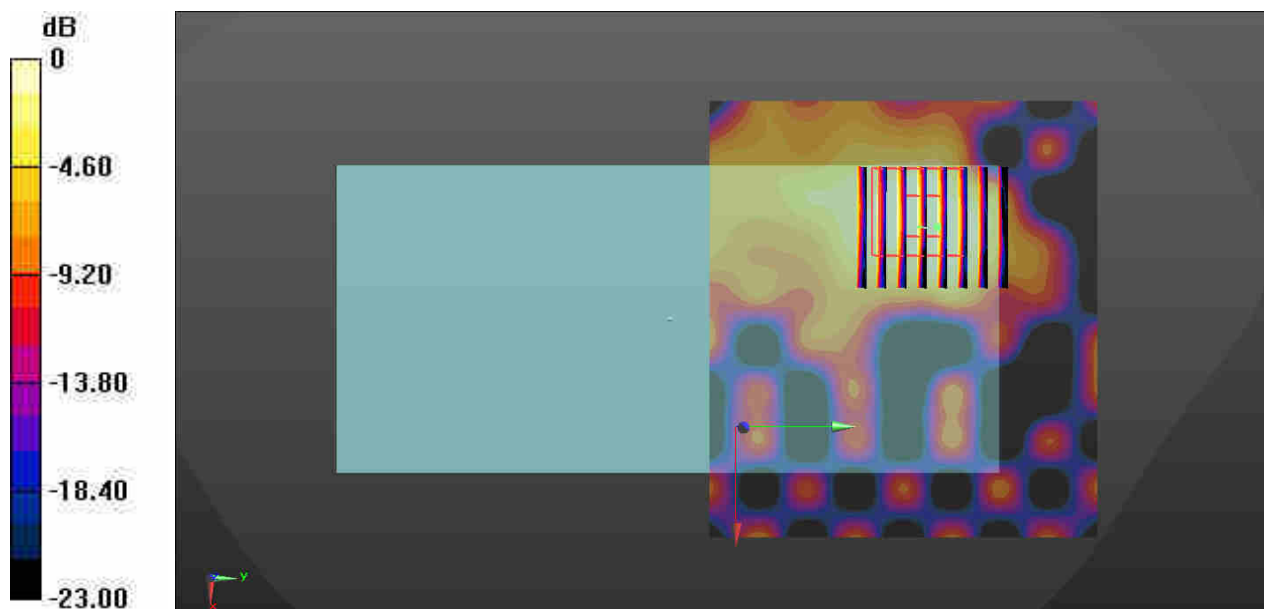
Ch00/Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.989 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0740 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.037 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0588 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0588 W/kg = -12.31 dBW/kg

34_GSM850_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.918$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.326$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch128/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.809 W/kg

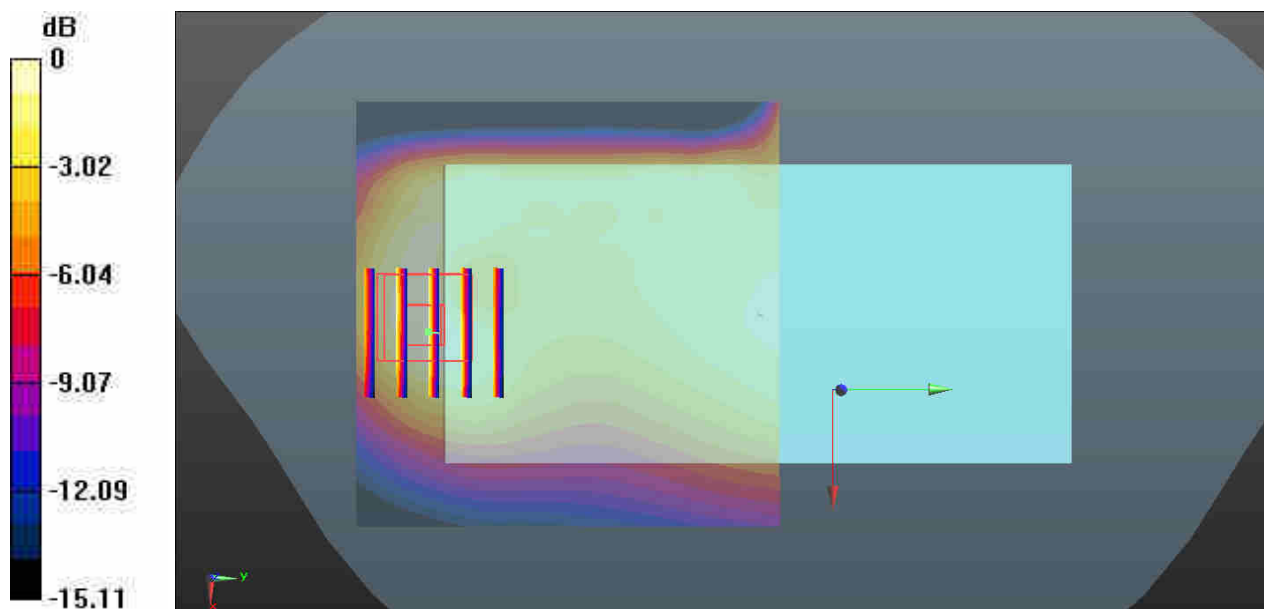
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.946 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.529 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.308 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.789 W/kg



0 dB = 0.789 W/kg = -1.03 dBW/kg

35_GSM1900_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, PCS-4UP (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.369$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.717$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch661/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg

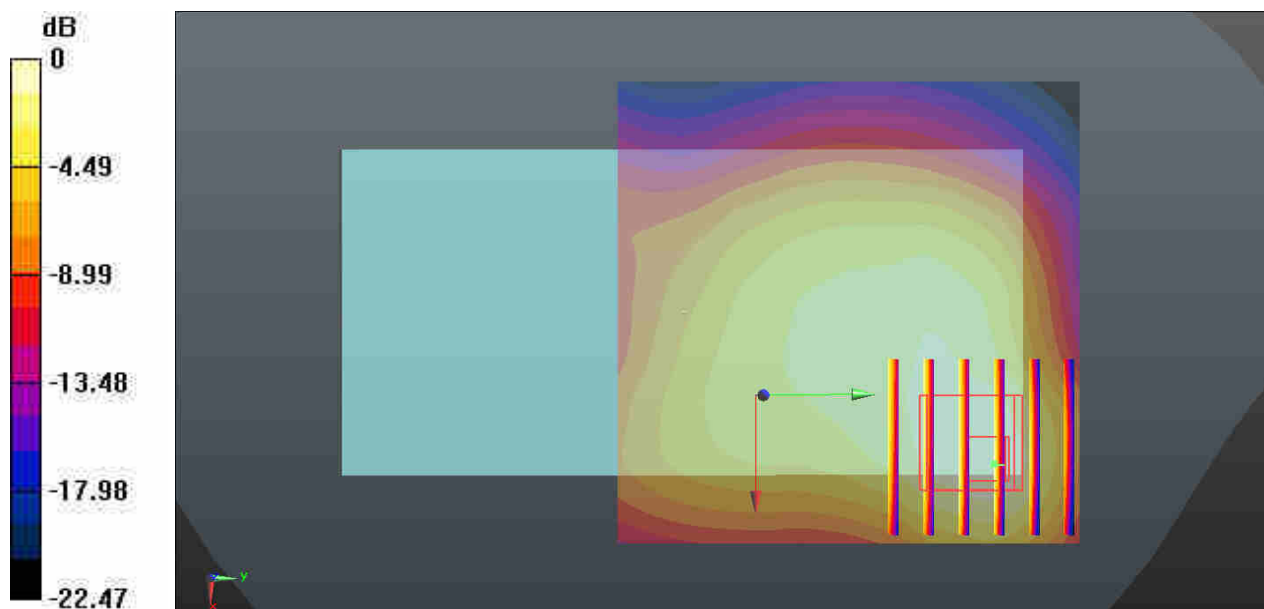
Ch661/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.858 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.473 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



0 dB = 1.08 W/kg = 0.33 dBW/kg

36_WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4132

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.902$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.768$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch4132/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.369 W/kg

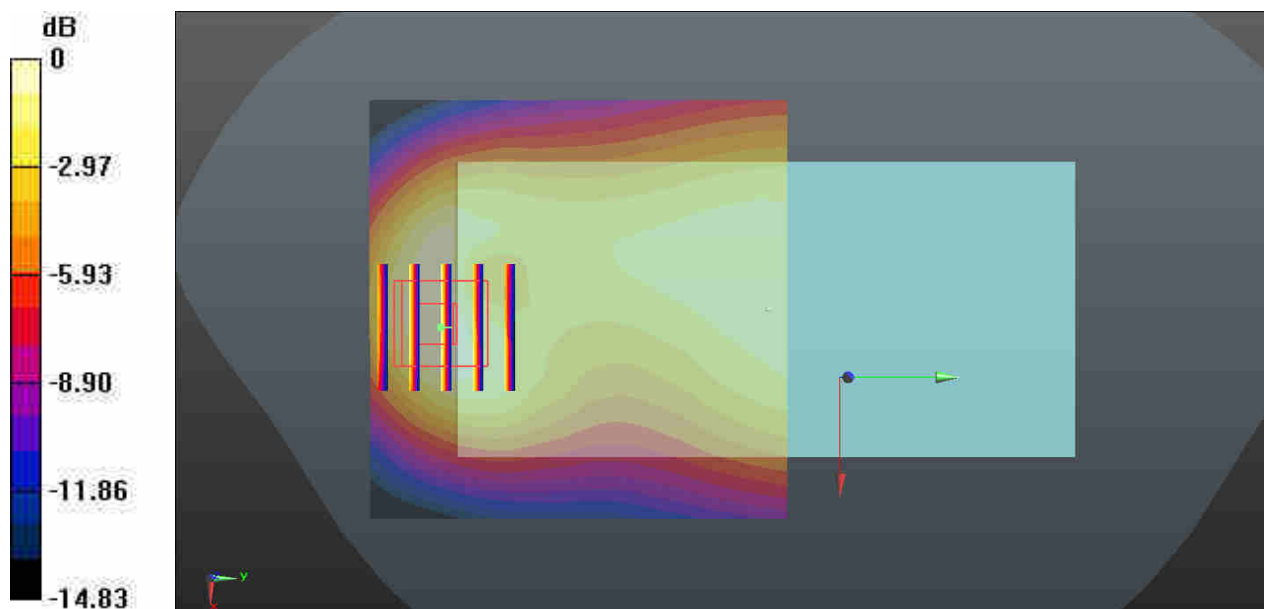
Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.422 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.237 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 W/kg



0 dB = 0.354 W/kg = -4.51 dBW/kg

37_WCDMABand IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1513

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.347$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.525$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.59, 5.59, 5.59); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch1513/Area Scan (81x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

Ch1513/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.694 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.435 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.987 W/kg

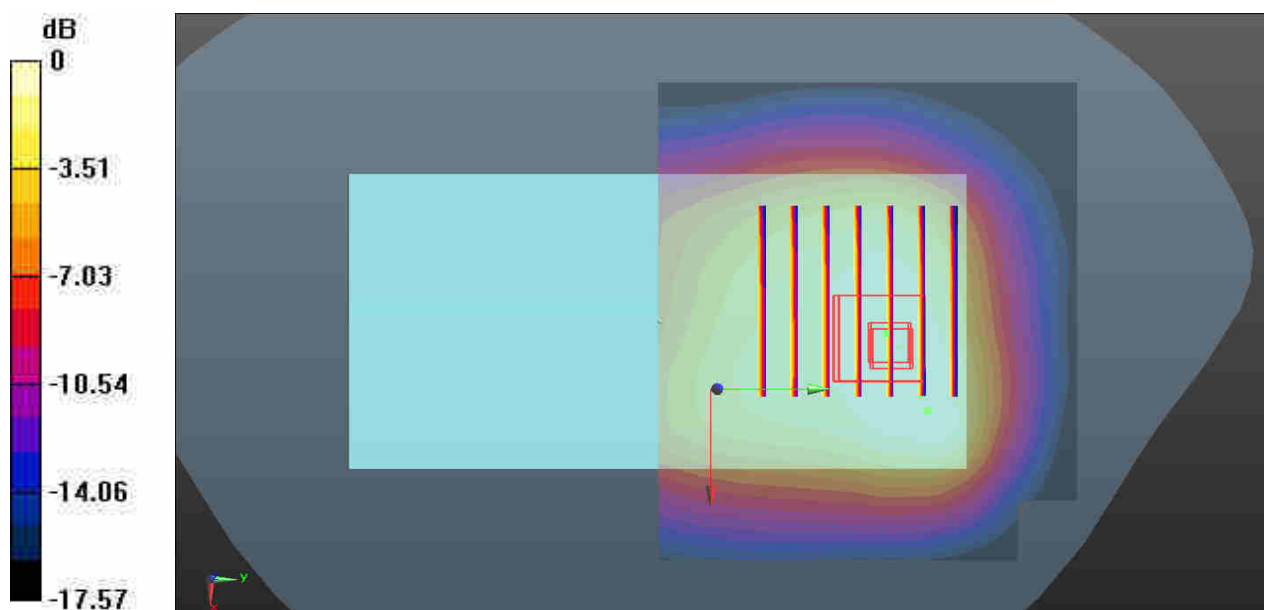
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.698 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.437 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.989 W/kg



0 dB = 0.989 W/kg = -0.05 dBW/kg

38_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.397$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.604$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch9538/Area Scan (81x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.50 W/kg

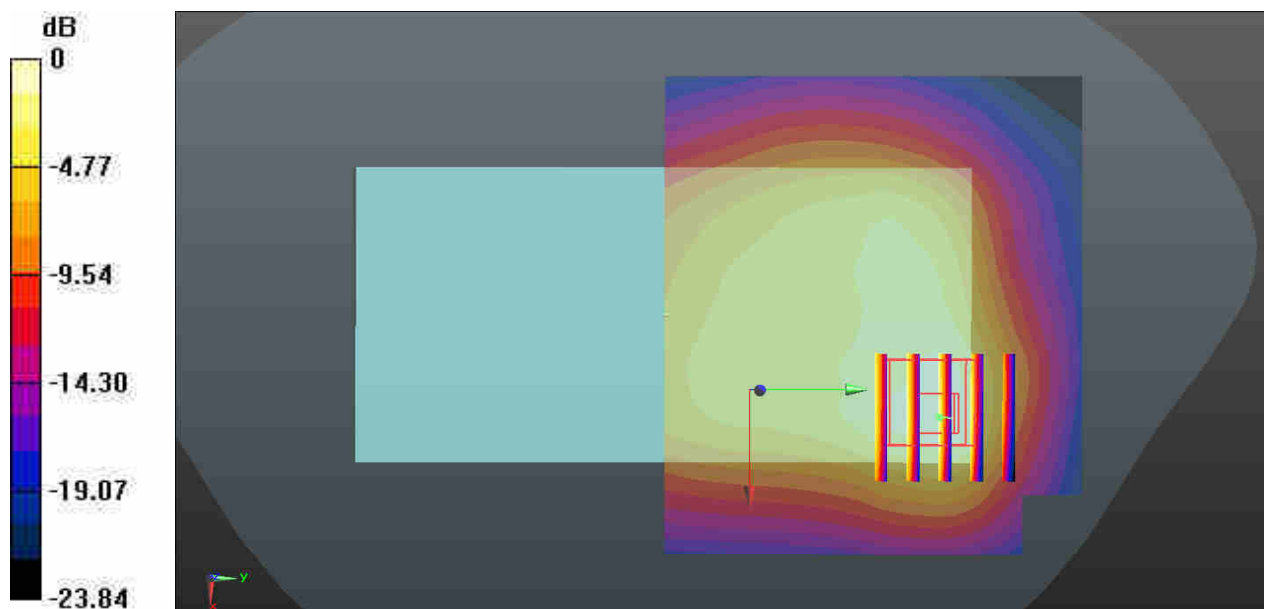
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.868 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.453 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.45 W/kg



0 dB = 1.45 W/kg = 1.61 dBW/kg

39_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch23095

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.831$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.717$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch23095/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.140 W/kg

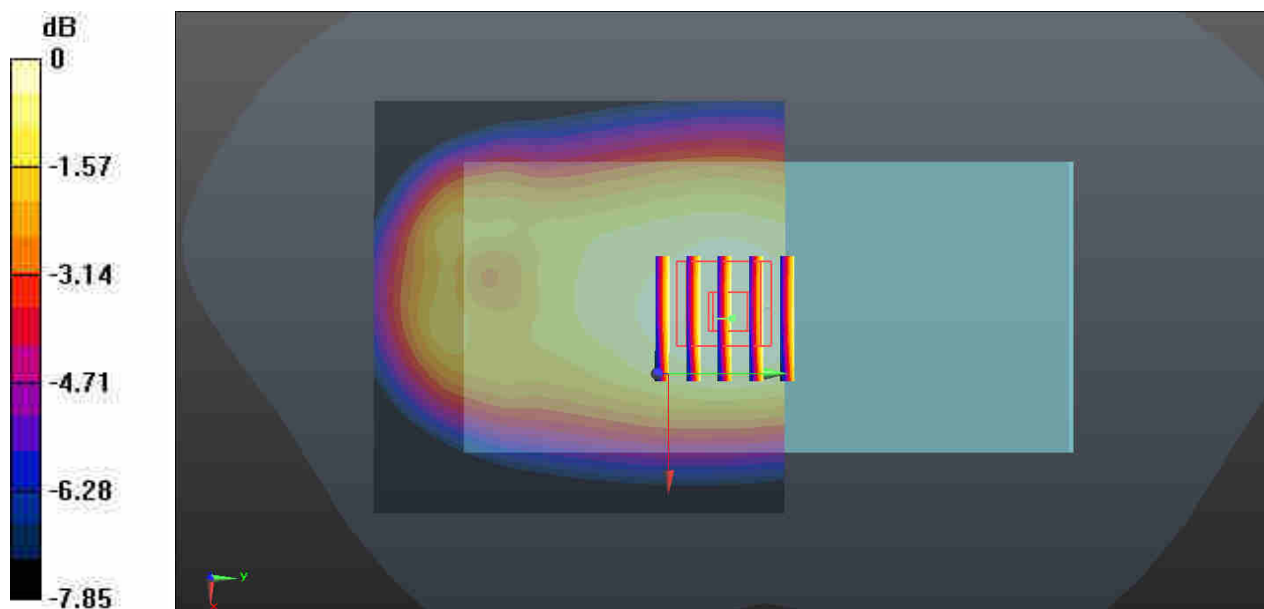
Ch23095/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.149 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.118 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.139 W/kg



0 dB = 0.139 W/kg = -8.57 dBW/kg

40_LTE Band 13_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch23230

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: $f = 782$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.762$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch23230/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.194 W/kg

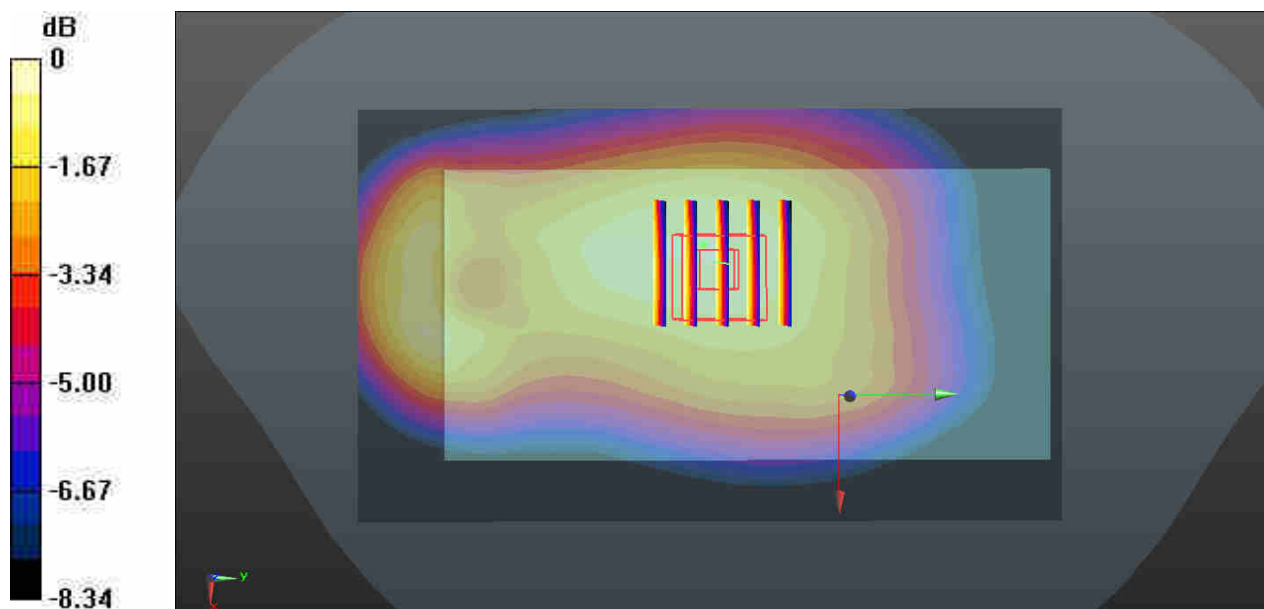
Ch23230/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.43 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.237 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.178 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.134 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.217 W/kg



0 dB = 0.217 W/kg = -6.64 dBW/kg

41_LTE Band 26_15M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch26865

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 831.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 831.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.907$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.712$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch26865/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.295 W/kg

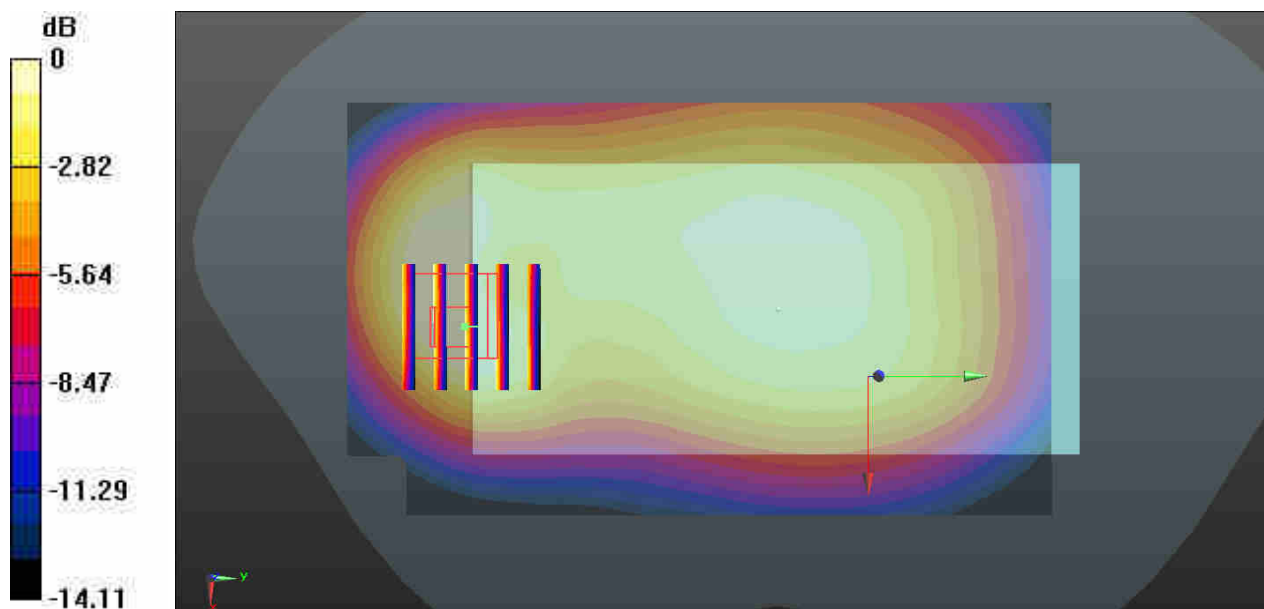
Ch26865/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.314 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.170 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 W/kg



0 dB = 0.250 W/kg = -6.02 dBW/kg

42_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1733$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.326$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.619$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.59, 5.59, 5.59); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.637 W/kg

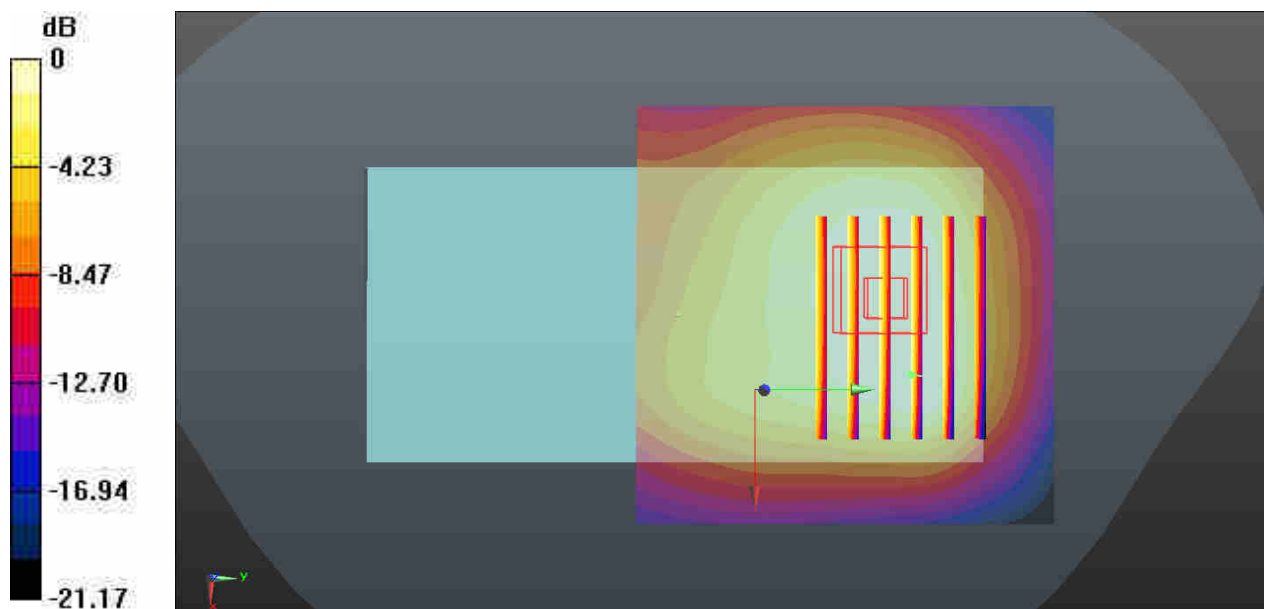
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.712 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.428 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.277 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.590 W/kg



0 dB = 0.590 W/kg = -2.29 dBW/kg

43_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch18900

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.369$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.717$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

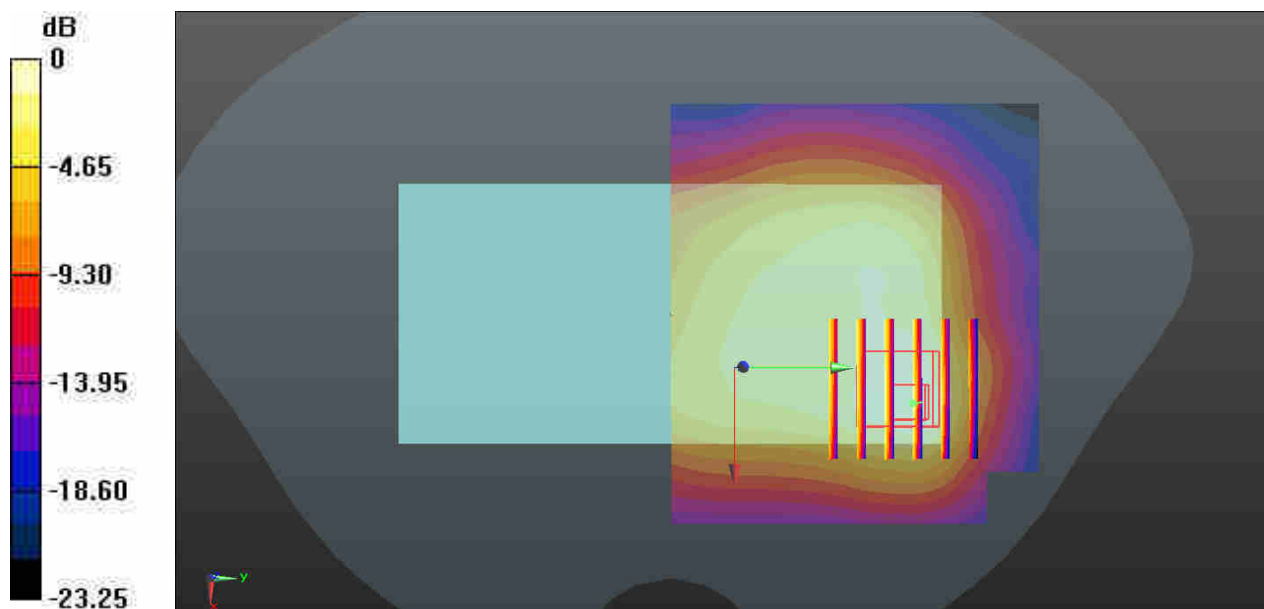
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.607 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.330 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.983 W/kg



44_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch21100

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.951$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.129$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch21100/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.679 W/kg

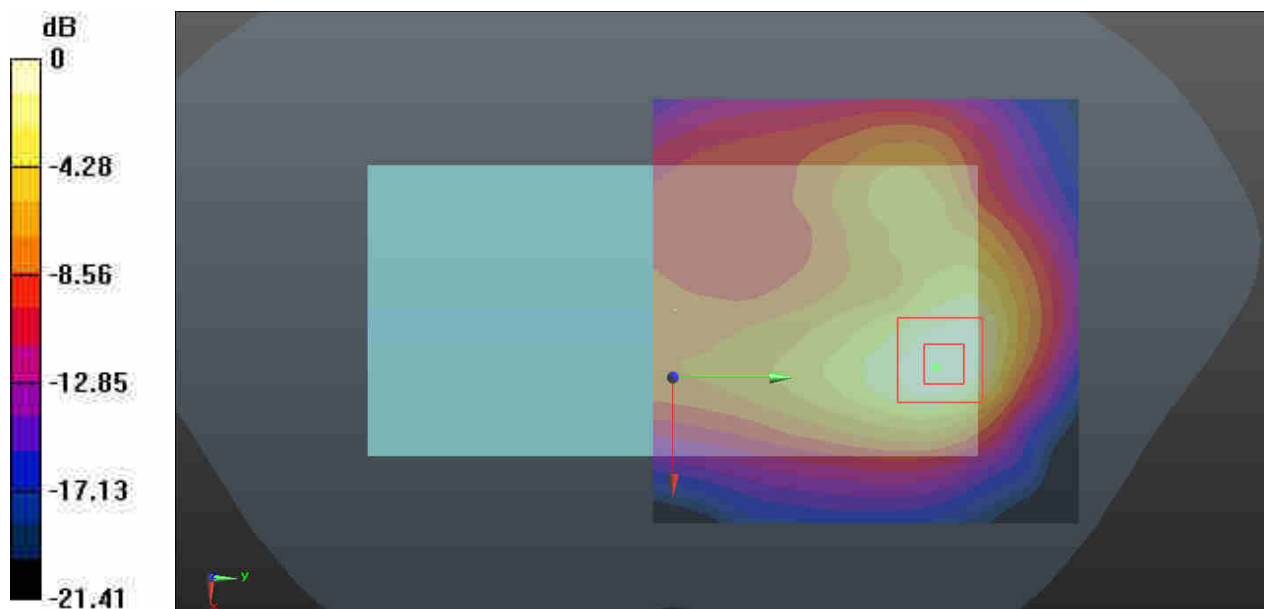
Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.388 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.512 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.246 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.663 W/kg



0 dB = 0.663 W/kg = -1.78 dBW/kg

45_LTE Band 41_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch40670

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD (0); Frequency: 2598 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59
Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2598$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.027$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.88$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2019.4.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch40670/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.425 W/kg

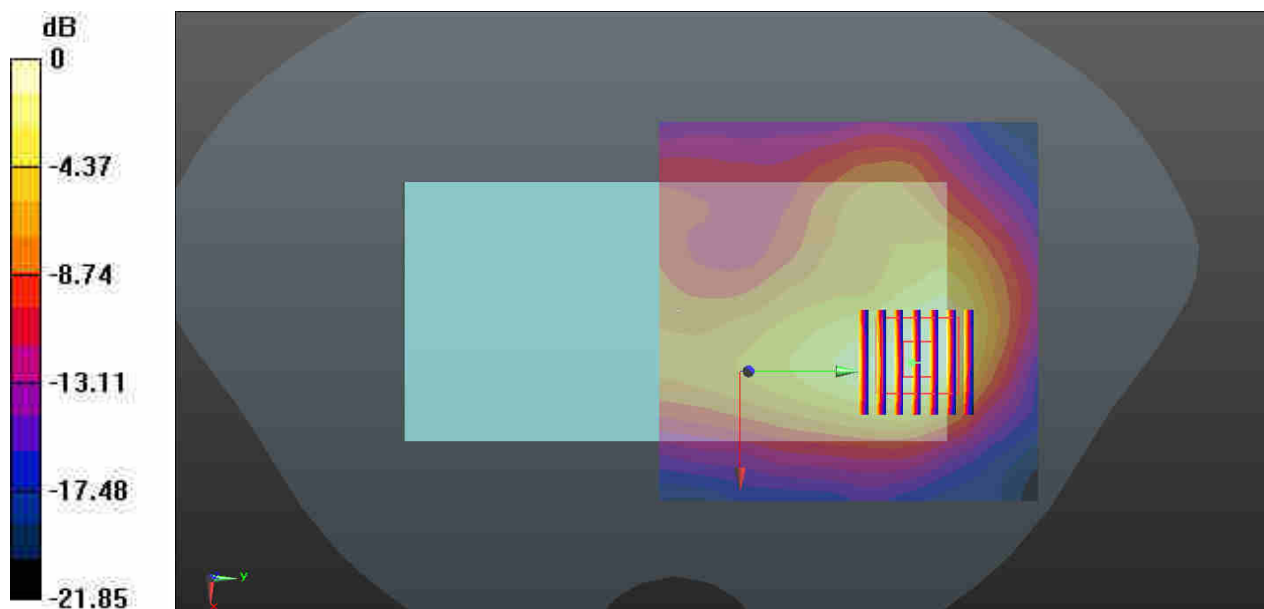
Ch40670/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.885 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.711 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.326 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.157 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.422 W/kg



46_WLAN 2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.886$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.762$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch11/Area Scan (91x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.578 W/kg

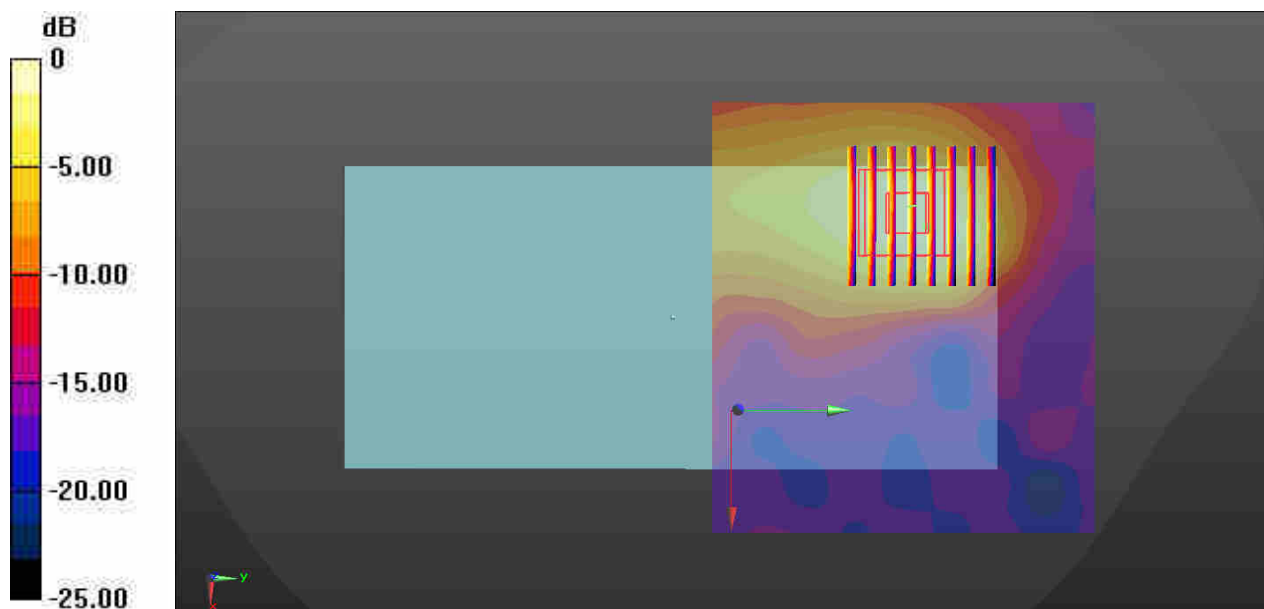
Ch11/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 6.235 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.641 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.348 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.181 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.532 W/kg



0 dB = 0.532 W/kg = -2.74 dBW/kg

47_WLAN 5.2GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Back_10mm_Ch46

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11n (0); Frequency: 5230 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.102

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5230$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.574$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.431$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch46/Area Scan (111x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.727 W/kg

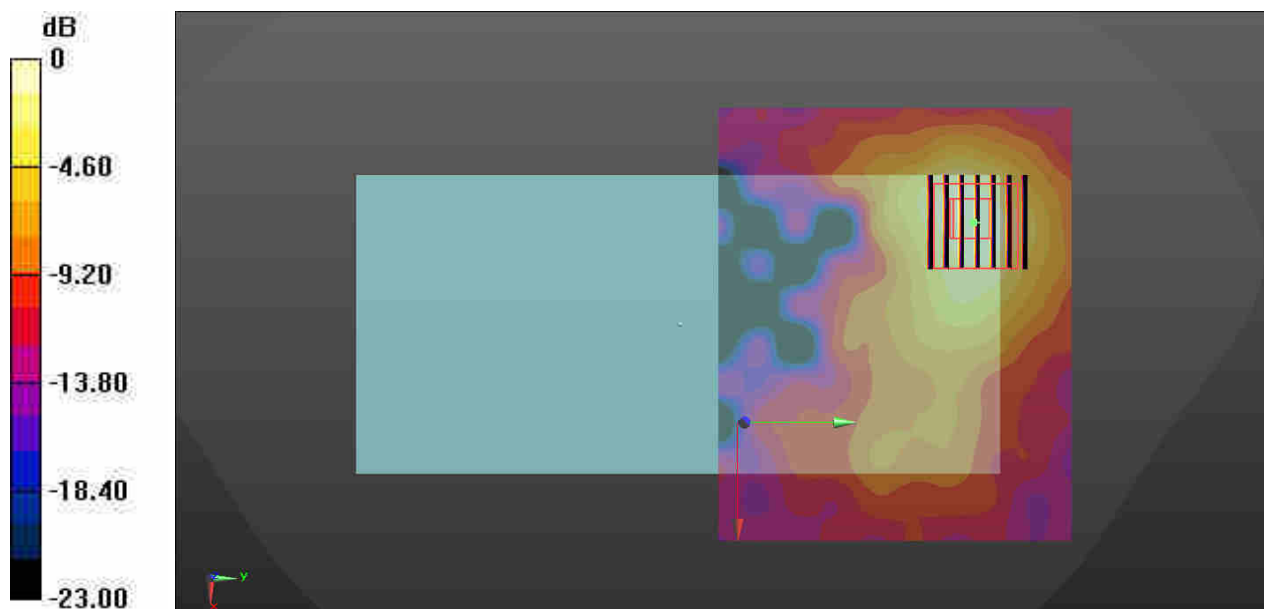
Ch46/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 2.220 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.330 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.715 W/kg



0 dB = 0.715 W/kg = -1.46 dBW/kg

48_WLAN 5.3GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Back_10mm_Ch54

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11n (0); Frequency: 5270 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.102

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5270$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.627$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.374$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch54/Area Scan (111x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.826 W/kg

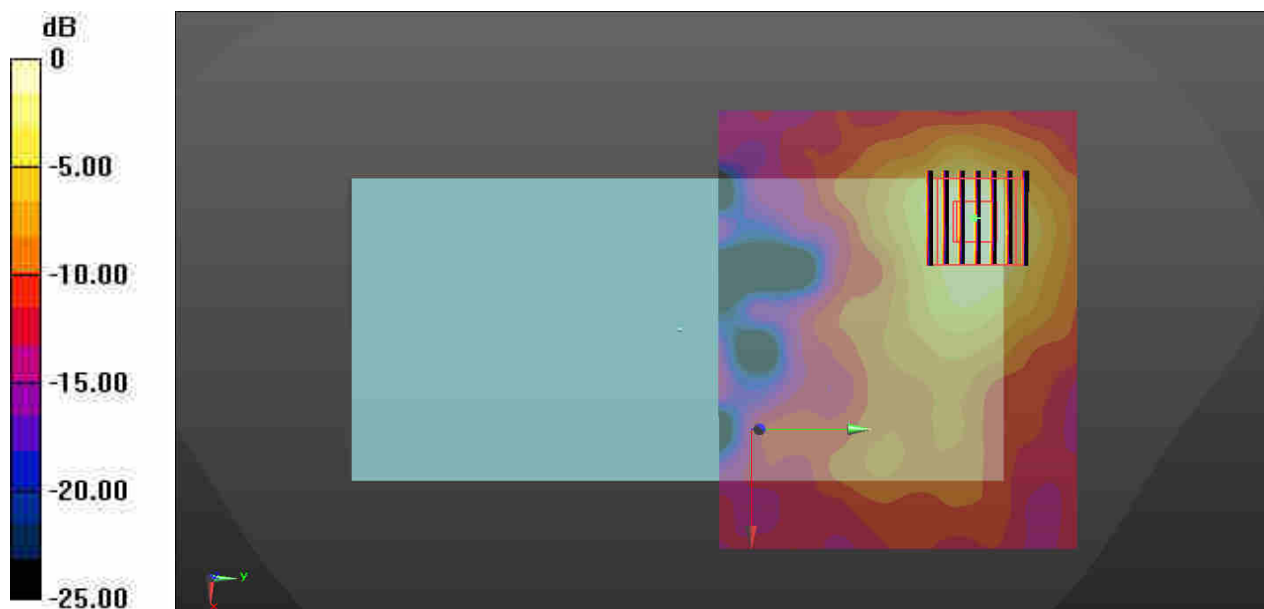
Ch54/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 2.476 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.384 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.141 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.840 W/kg



0 dB = 0.840 W/kg = -0.76 dBW/kg

49_WLAN 5.5GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Back_10mm_Ch110

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11n (0); Frequency: 5550 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.102

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5550$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.936$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.879$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch110/Area Scan (111x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.851 W/kg

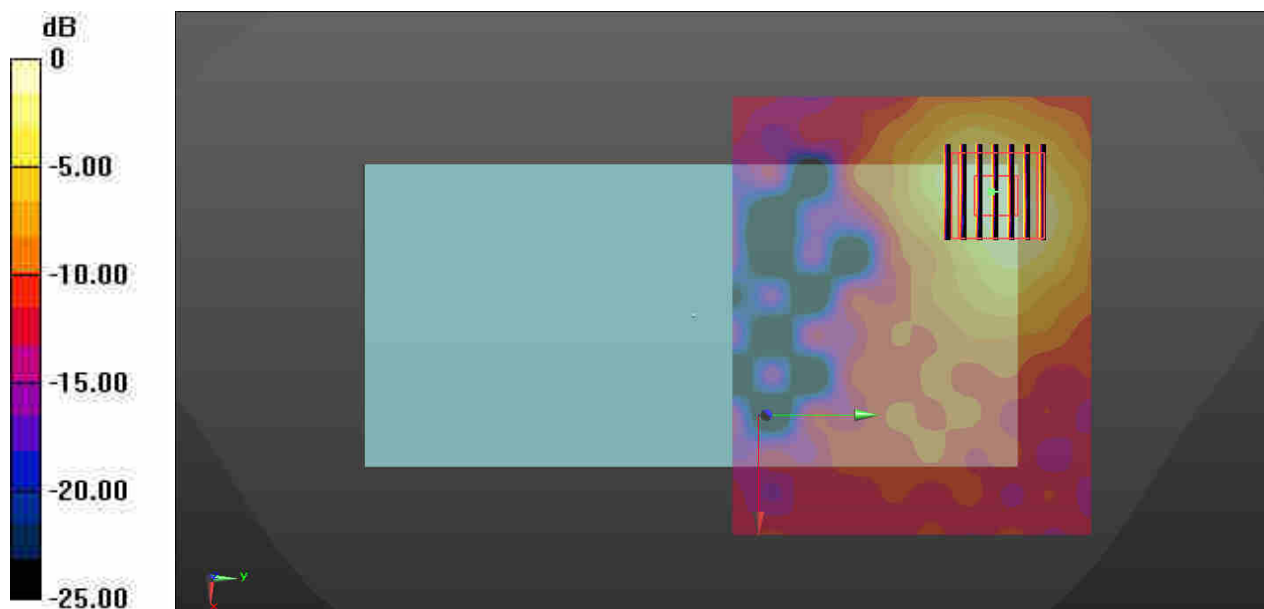
Ch110/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.807 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.370 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.855 W/kg



0 dB = 0.855 W/kg = -0.68 dBW/kg

50_WLAN 5.8GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Back_10mm_Ch159

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11n (0); Frequency: 5795 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.102

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5795$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.213$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.493$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch159/Area Scan (111x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.854 W/kg

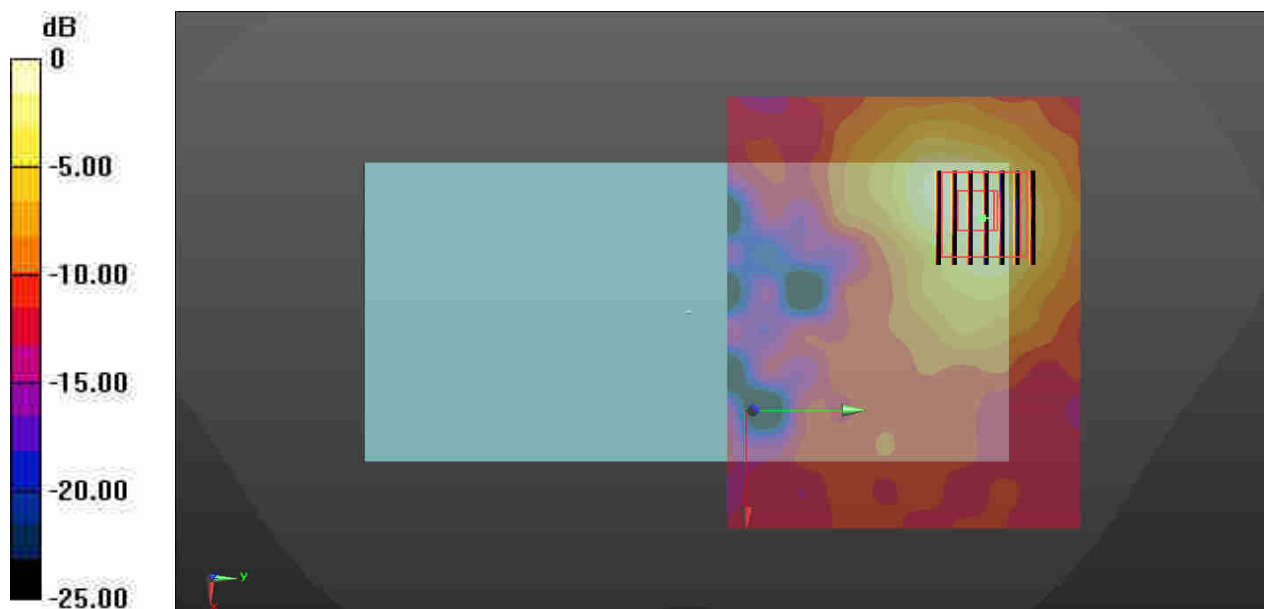
Ch159/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.644 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.360 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.134 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.844 W/kg



0 dB = 0.844 W/kg = -0.74 dBW/kg

51_Bluetooth_1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch00

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.304

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2402$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.812$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.999$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch00/Area Scan (91x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0698 W/kg

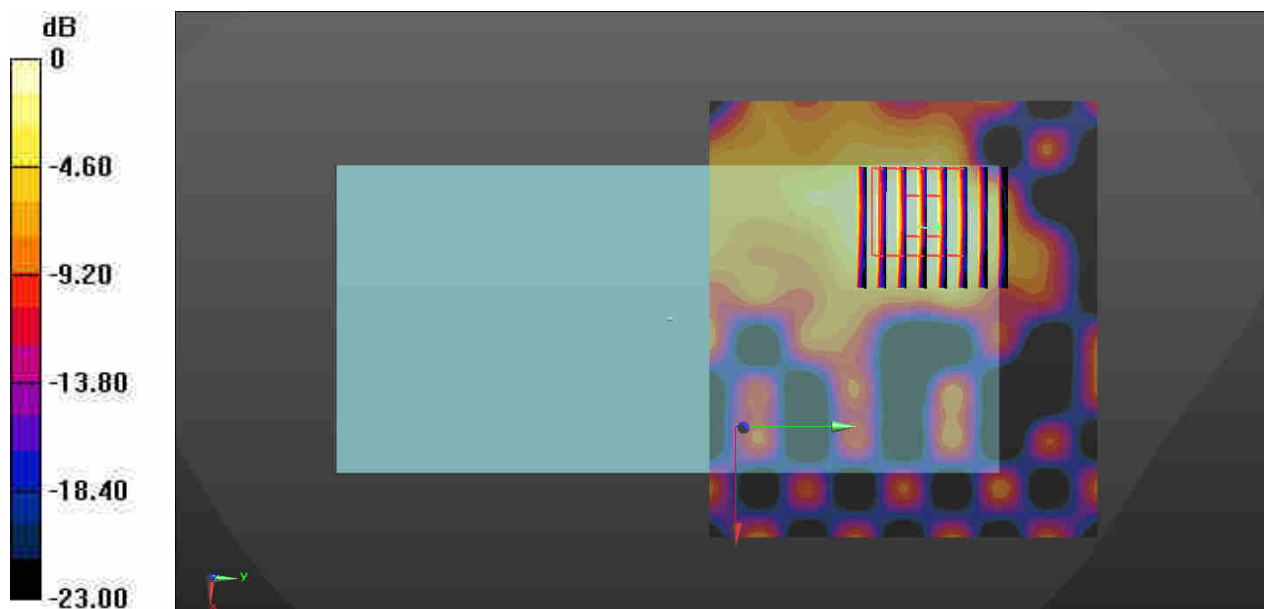
Ch00/Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.989 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0740 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.037 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0588 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0588 W/kg = -12.31 dBW/kg

52_WLAN 5.3GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Top Side_0mm_Ch54

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11n (0); Frequency: 5270 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.102
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5270$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.627$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.374$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch54/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 7.63 W/kg

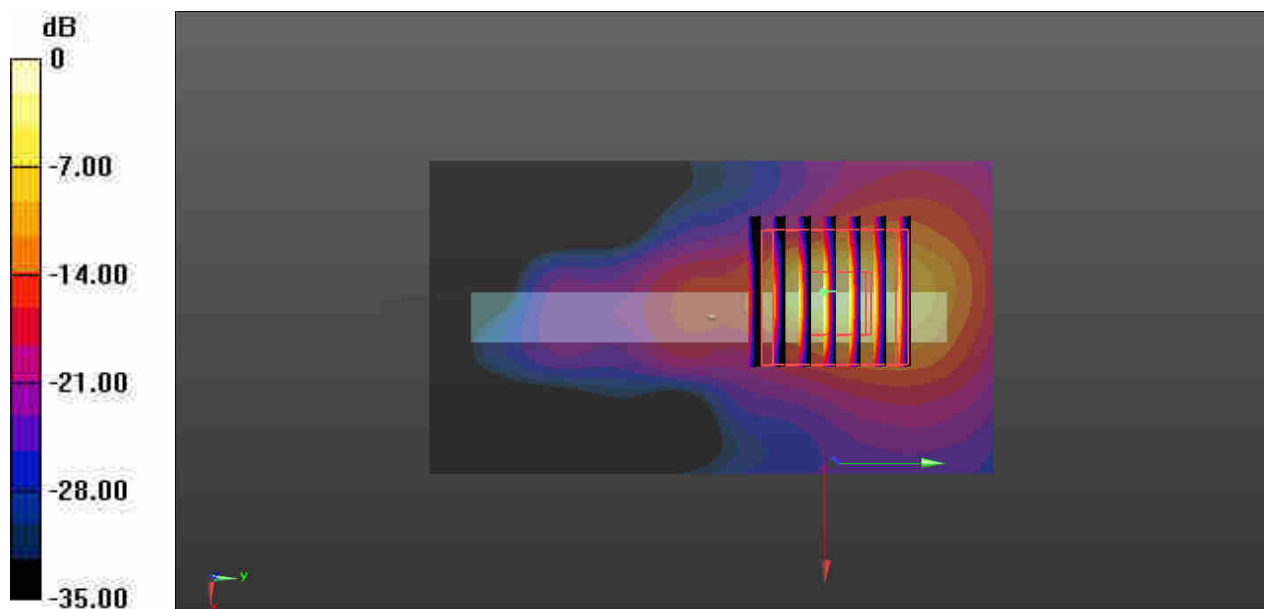
Ch54/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 12.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.807 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg



0 dB = 12.7 W/kg = 11.04 dBW/kg

53_WLAN 5.5GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Top Side_0mm_Ch110

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11n (0); Frequency: 5550 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.102

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5550$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.936$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.879$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.7.23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch110/Area Scan (51x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.8 W/kg

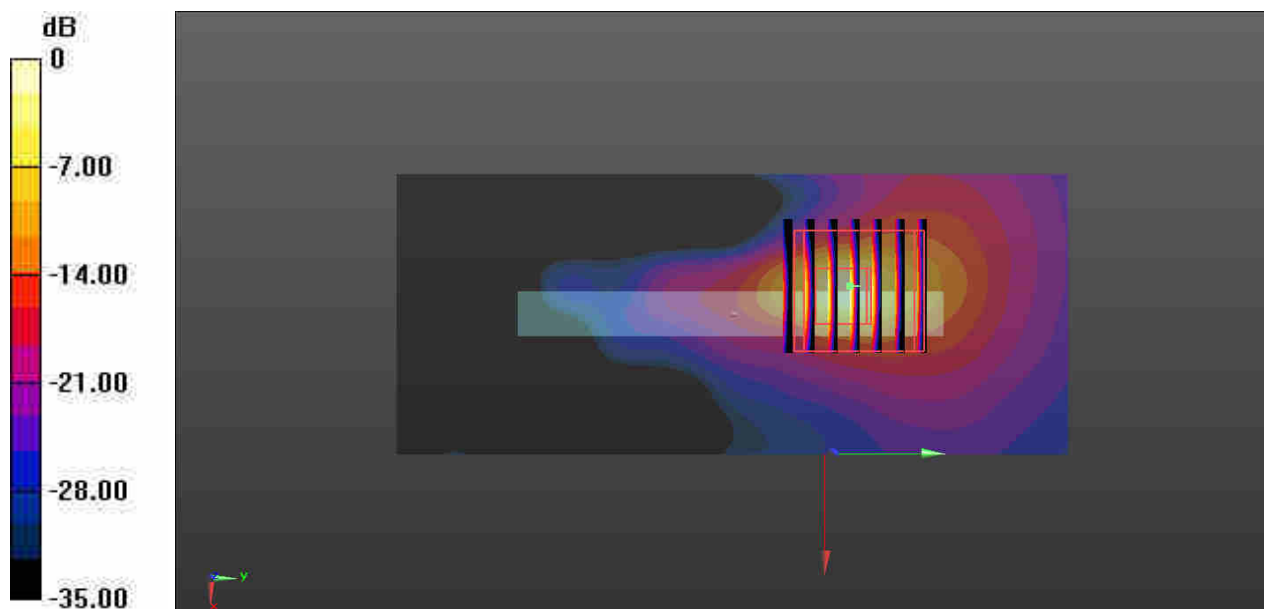
Ch110/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 9.802 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 48.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg



0 dB = 18.5 W/kg = 12.67 dBW/kg



Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.



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Client

Sporton

Certificate No: **Z19-60081**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D750V3 - SN: 1087

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

March 27, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: March 29, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	43.0 $\pm$ 6 %	0.90 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.36 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.65 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	56.9 $\pm$ 6 %	0.94 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.58 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.75 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.4Ω- 2.59jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.3dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6Ω- 3.86jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.7dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	0.898 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 03.26.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.903 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.01$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

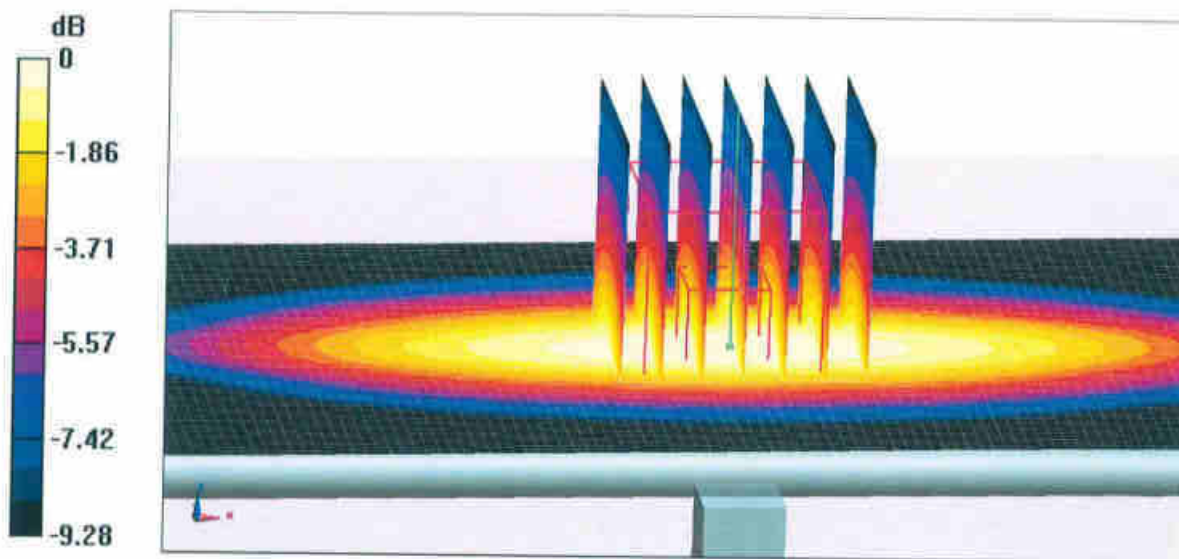
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.72 W/kg



0 dB = 2.72 W/kg = 4.35 dBW/kg

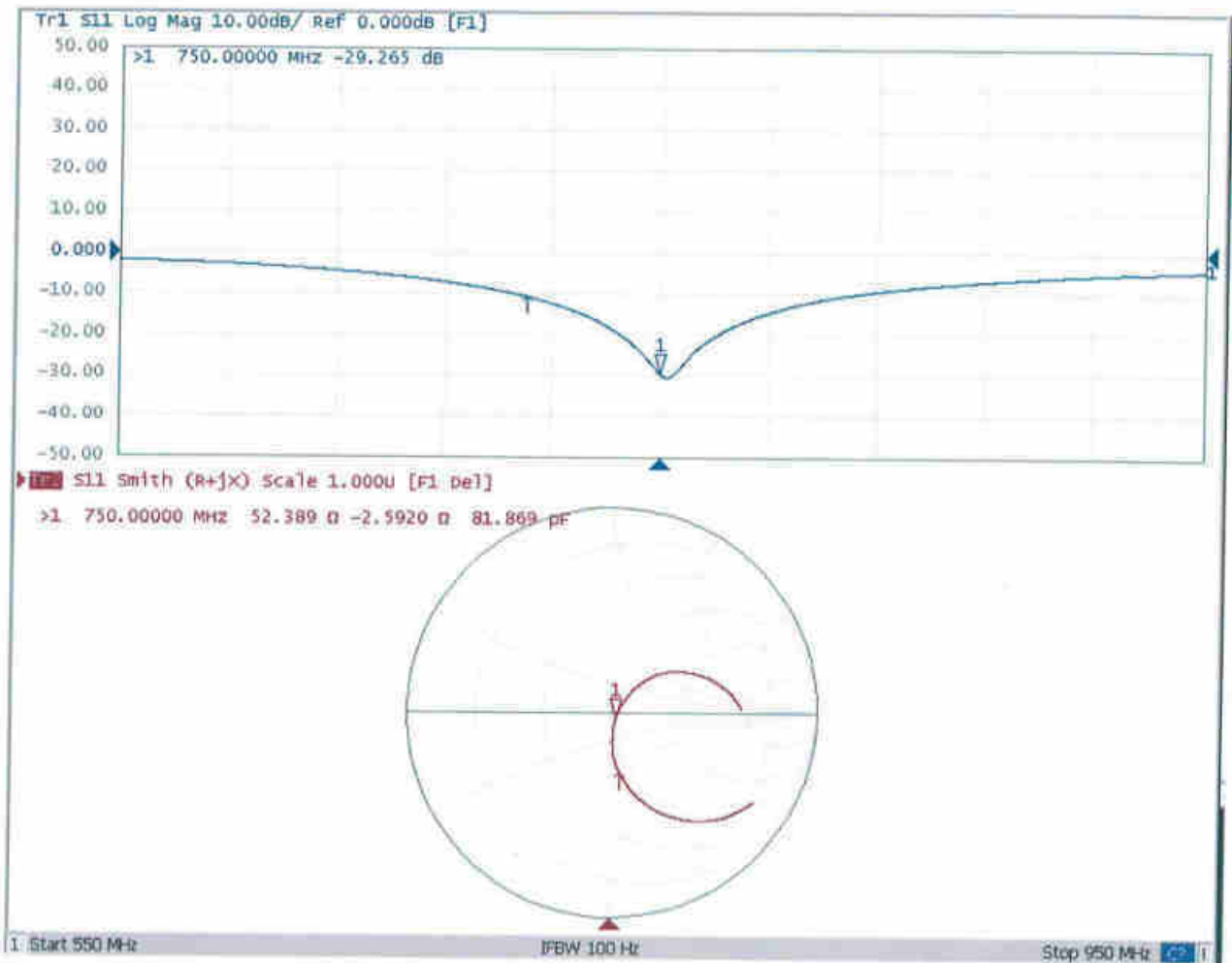


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 03.26.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.935$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.85$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.85, 9.85, 9.85) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

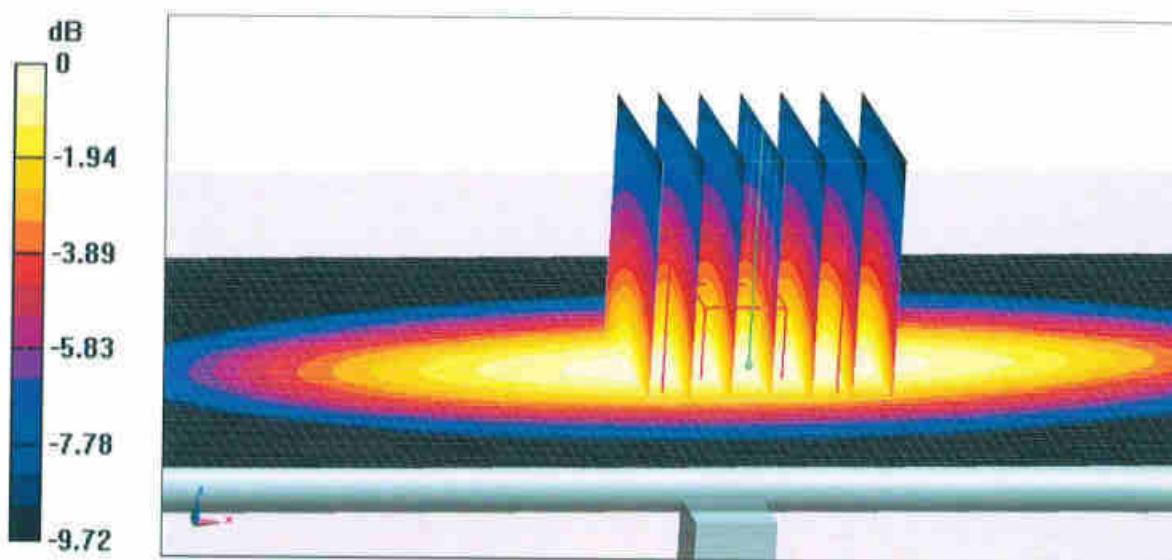
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.75 W/kg



0 dB = 2.75 W/kg = 4.39 dBW/kg

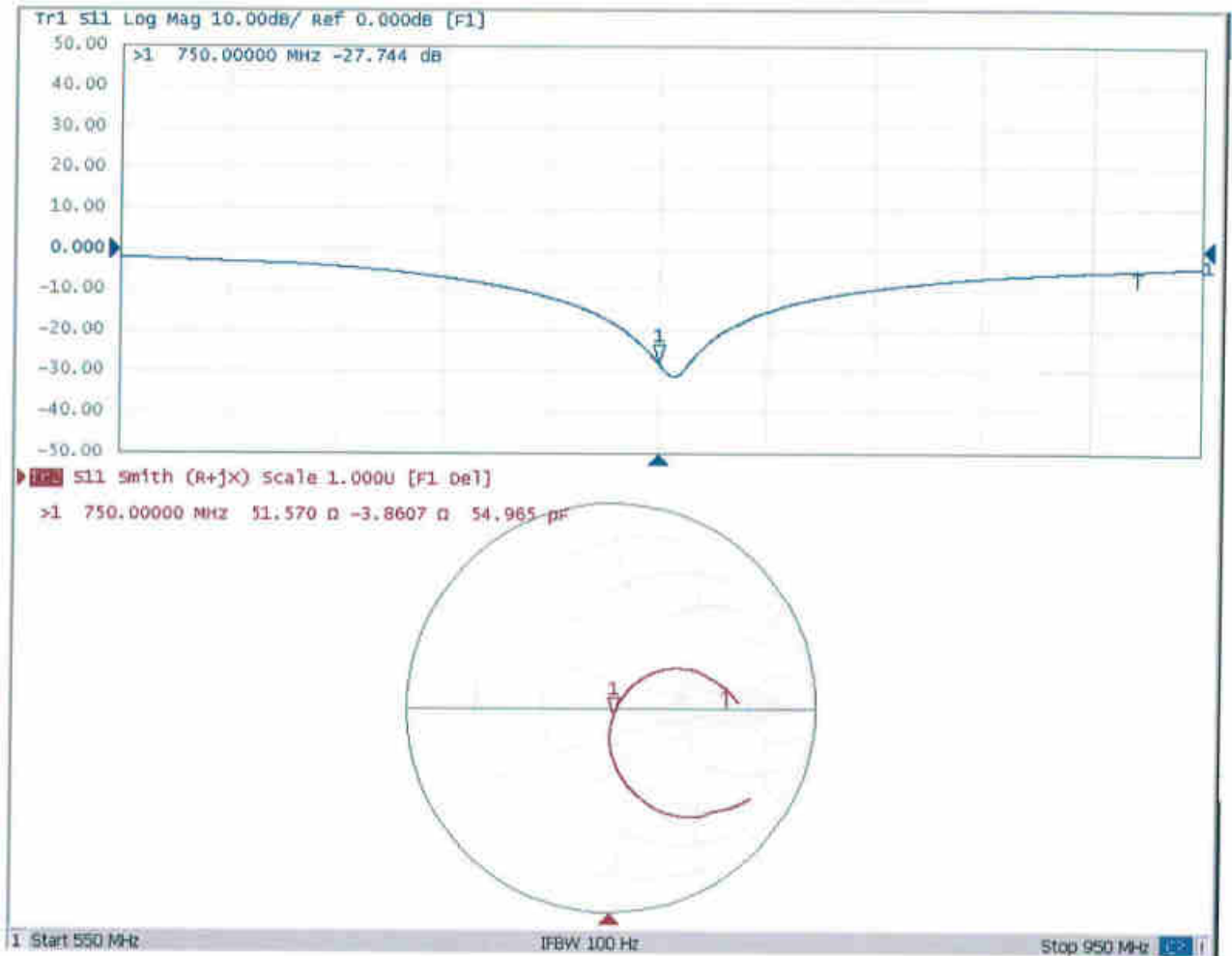


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Client

Sporton

Certificate No: **Z19-60082**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D835V2 - SN: 4d151**

Calibration Procedure(s): **FF-Z11-003-01**
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **March 27, 2019**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: March 30, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	42.7 $\pm$ 6 %	0.93 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.30 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.16 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	56.7 $\pm$ 6 %	0.94 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.53 W /kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.20 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.8Ω- 3.28jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.5dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.7Ω- 3.98jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.5dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.253 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 03.26.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d151

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.925$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.68$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.75, 9.75, 9.75) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

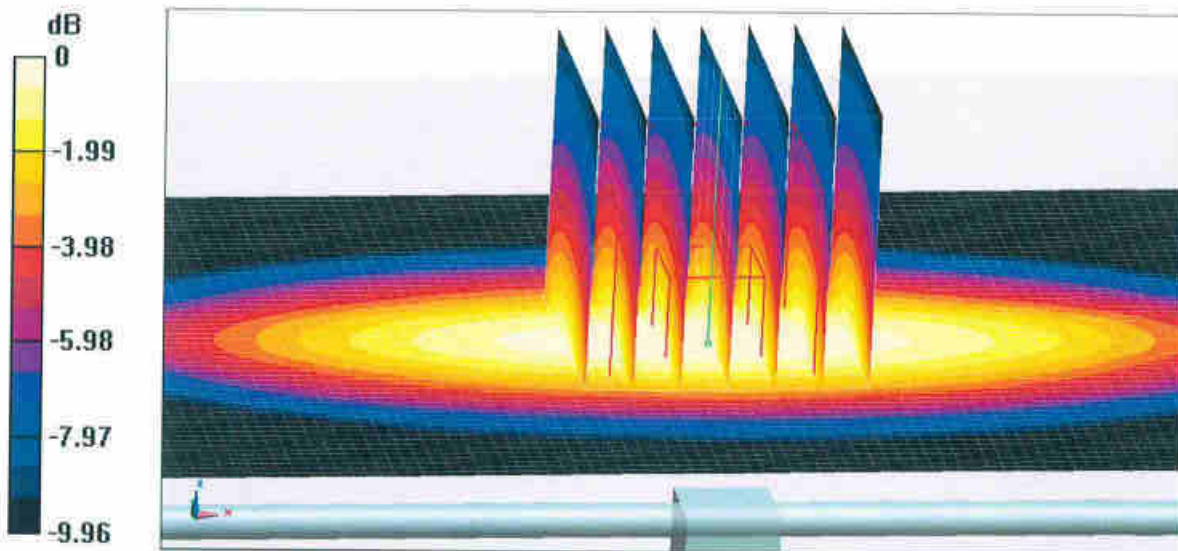
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.14 W/kg



0 dB = 3.14 W/kg = 4.97 dBW/kg



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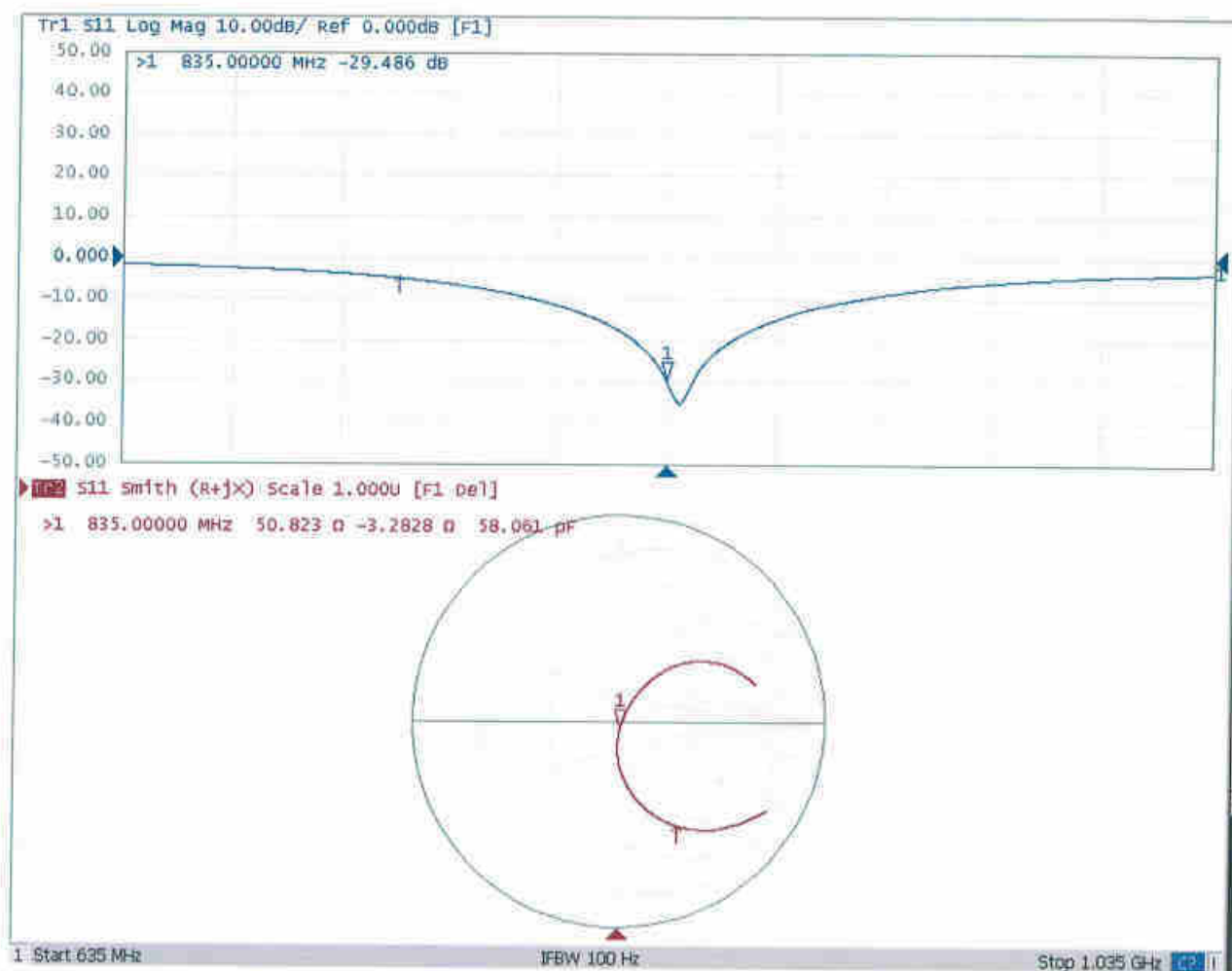
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 03.26.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d151

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.944$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.66$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.61, 9.61, 9.61) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

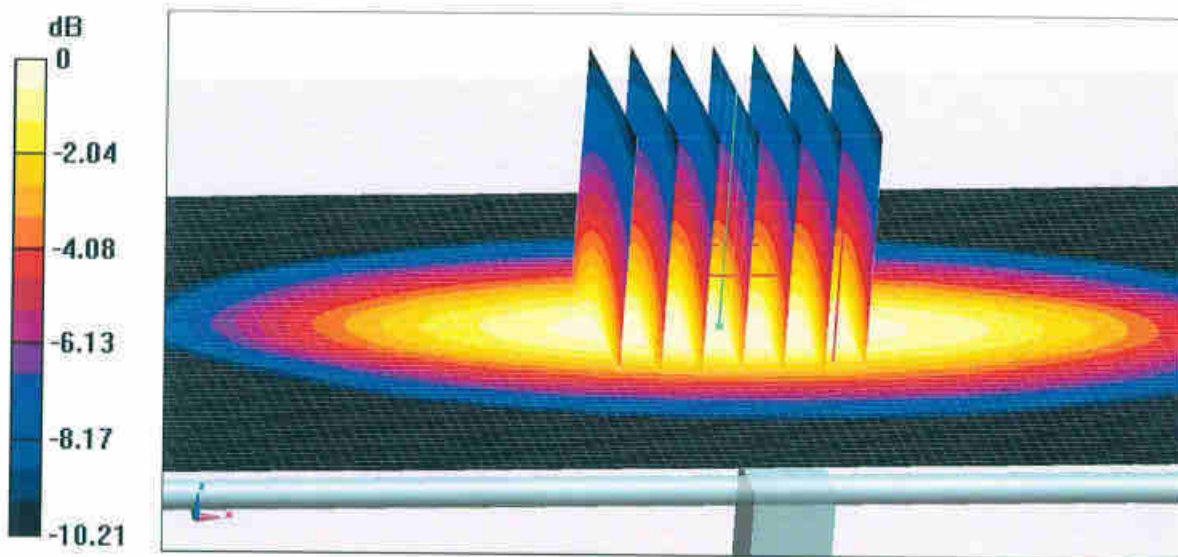
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.12 W/kg



0 dB = 3.12 W/kg = 4.94 dBW/kg

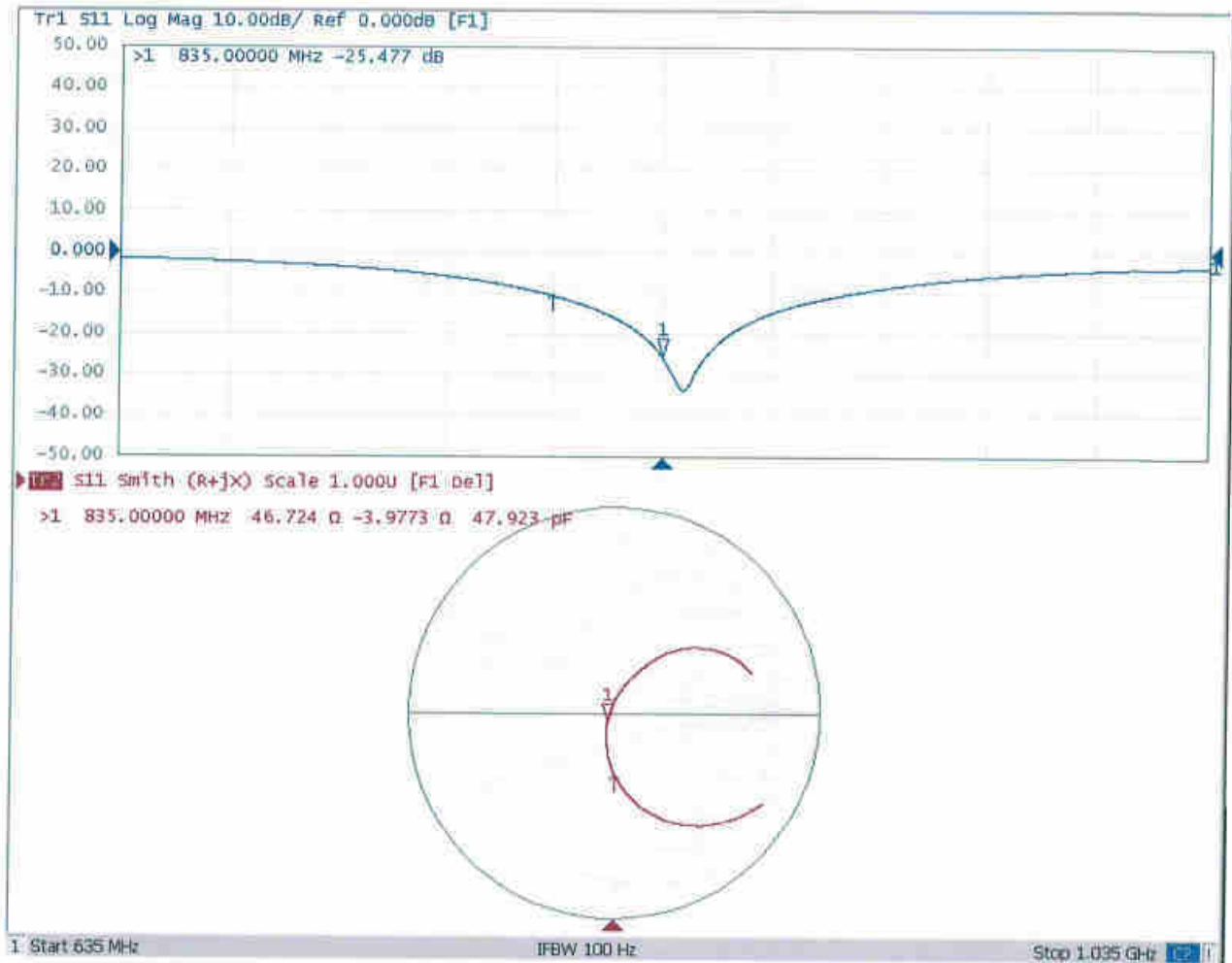


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Certificate No:

Z19-60084

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1750V2 - SN: 1090**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-003-01**
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **March 27, 2019**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: March 29, 2019

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	41.3 $\pm$ 6 %	1.37 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	36.4 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.79 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.2 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	55.0 $\pm$ 6 %	1.45 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.7 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.89 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.9 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.5Ω- 2.34 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	43.9Ω- 2.19 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.085 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 03.26.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1090

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.27$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.38, 8.38, 8.38) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

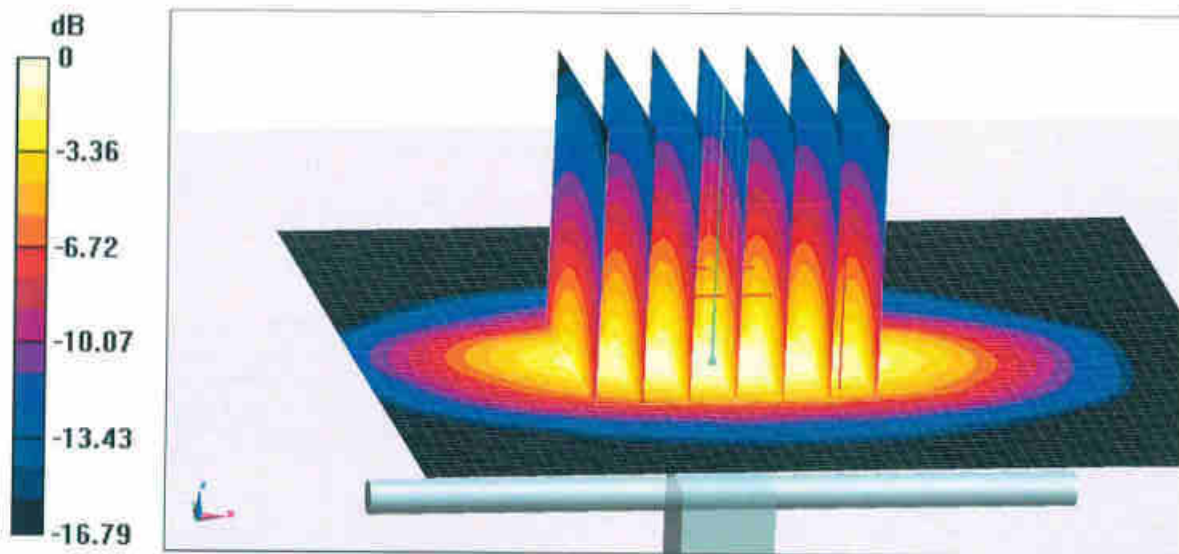
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 89.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.79 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.52 dBW/kg



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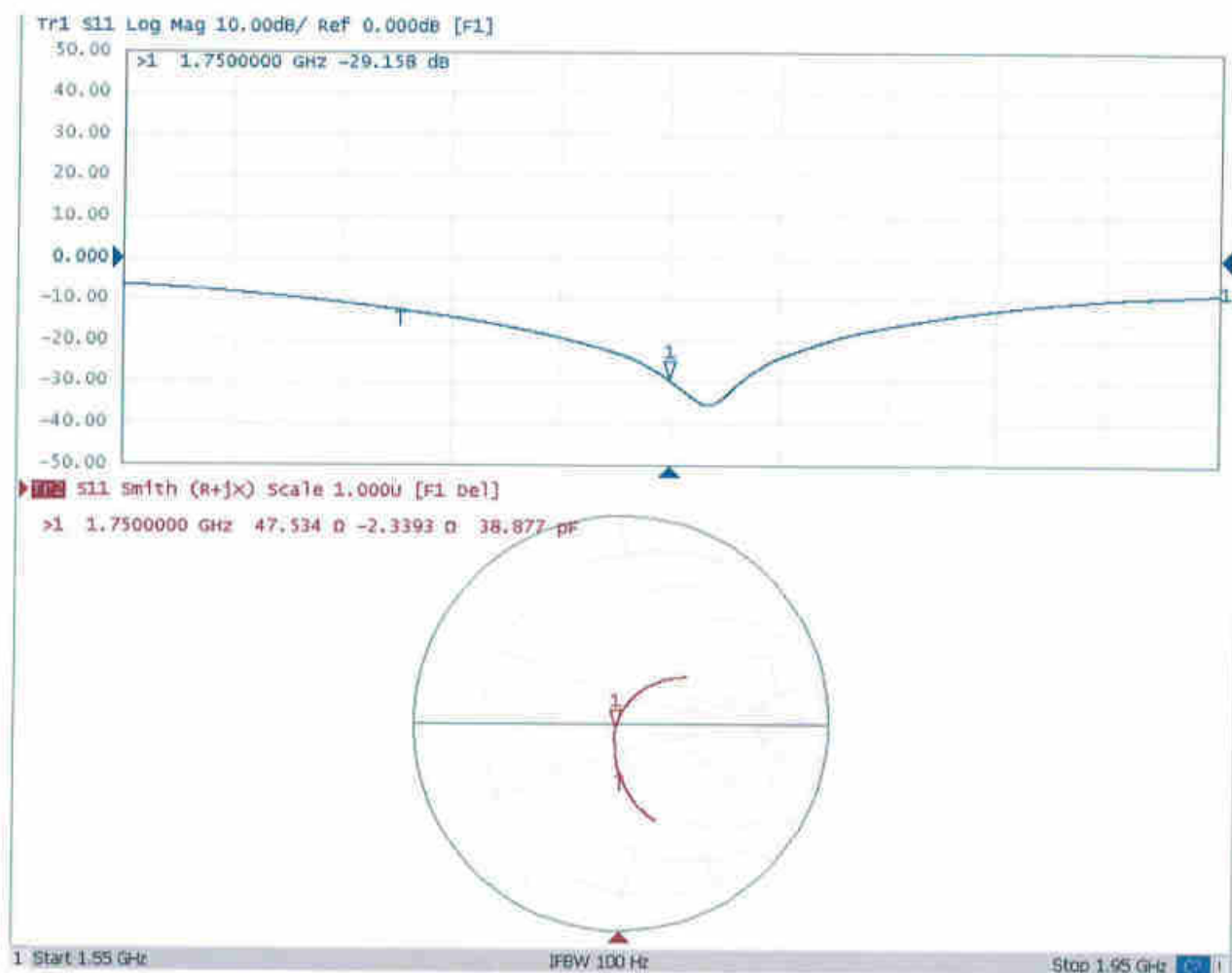
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 03.26.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1090

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.449$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.97$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.03, 8.03, 8.03) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

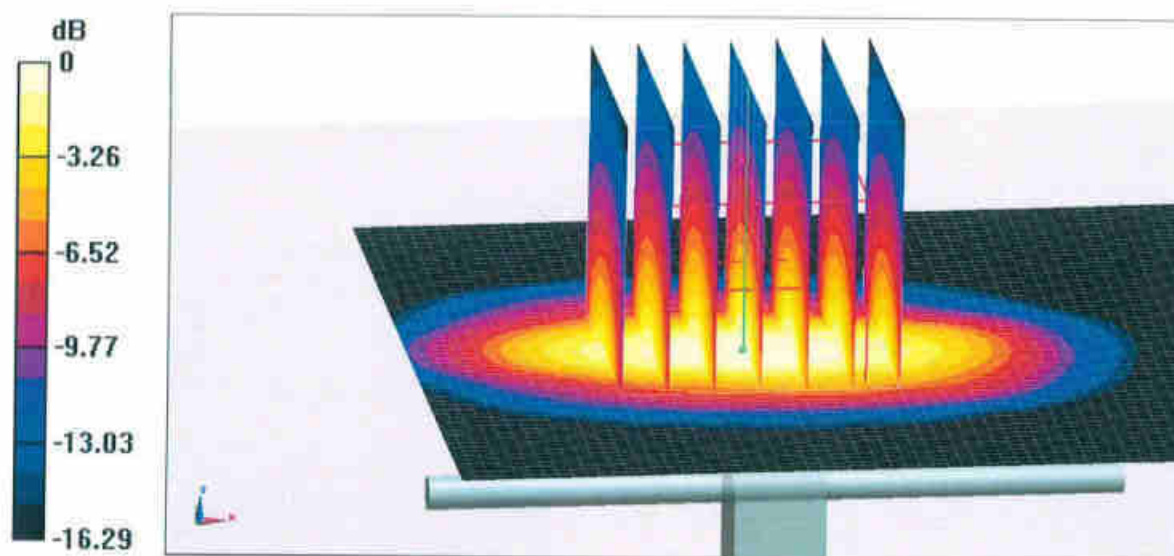
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 93.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.89 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.52 dBW/kg



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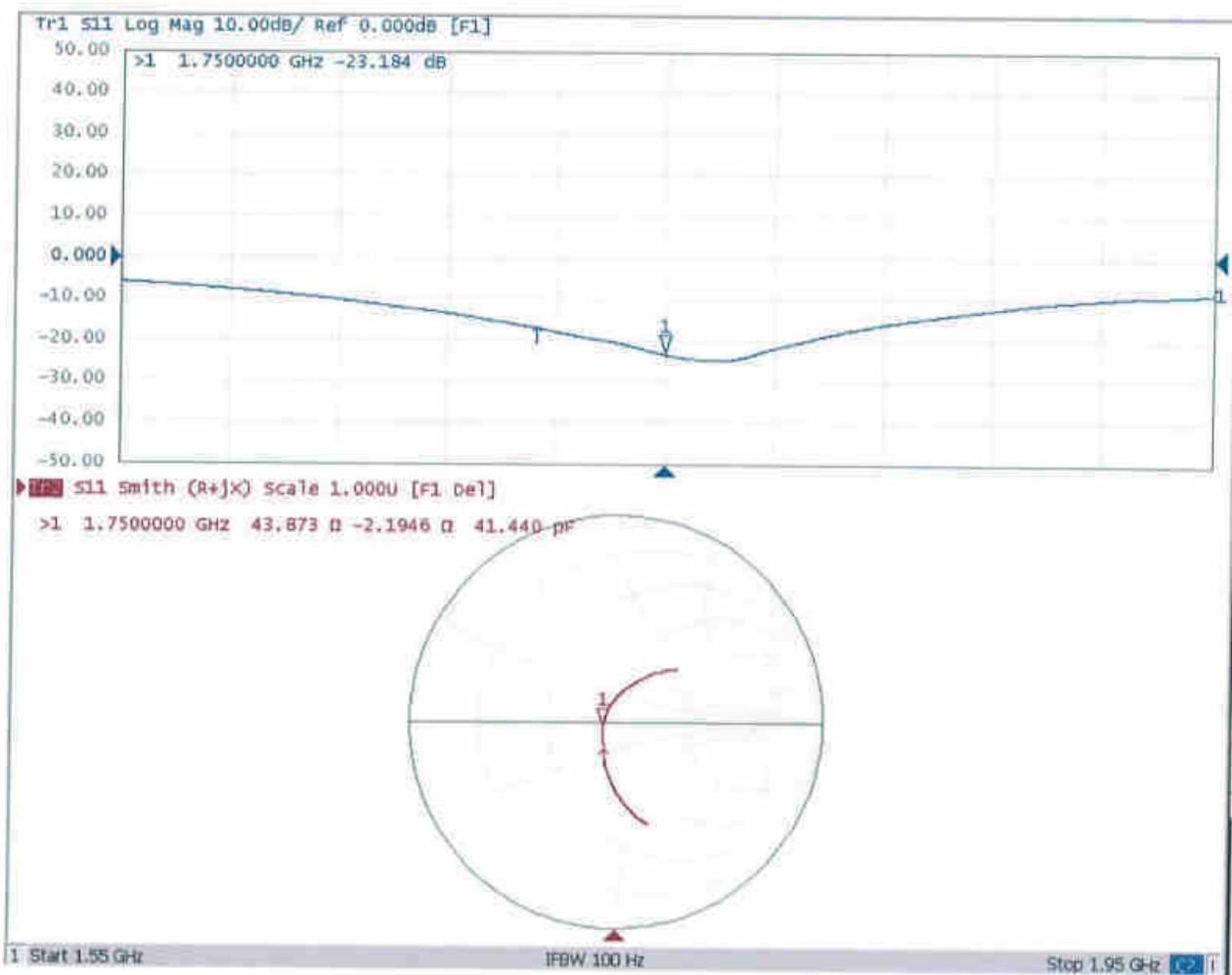
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Client

Sporton

Certificate No: **Z19-60085**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d170**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-003-01**
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **March 26, 2019**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: March 29, 2019

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	40.5 $\pm$ 6 %	1.44 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.90 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.0 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.3 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	54.5 $\pm$ 6 %	1.56 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.0 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$51.7\Omega + 6.73j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.3dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$47.8\Omega + 6.72j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.8dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.066 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 03.26.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d170

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.441$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.48$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

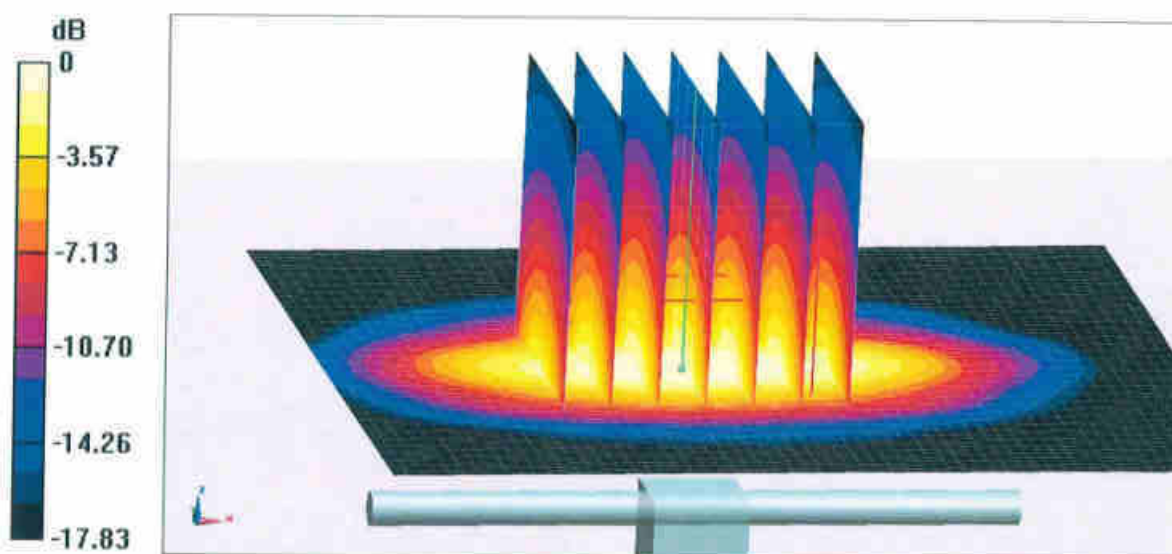
System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
 $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 97.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 W/kg



0 dB = 15.6 W/kg = 11.93 dBW/kg

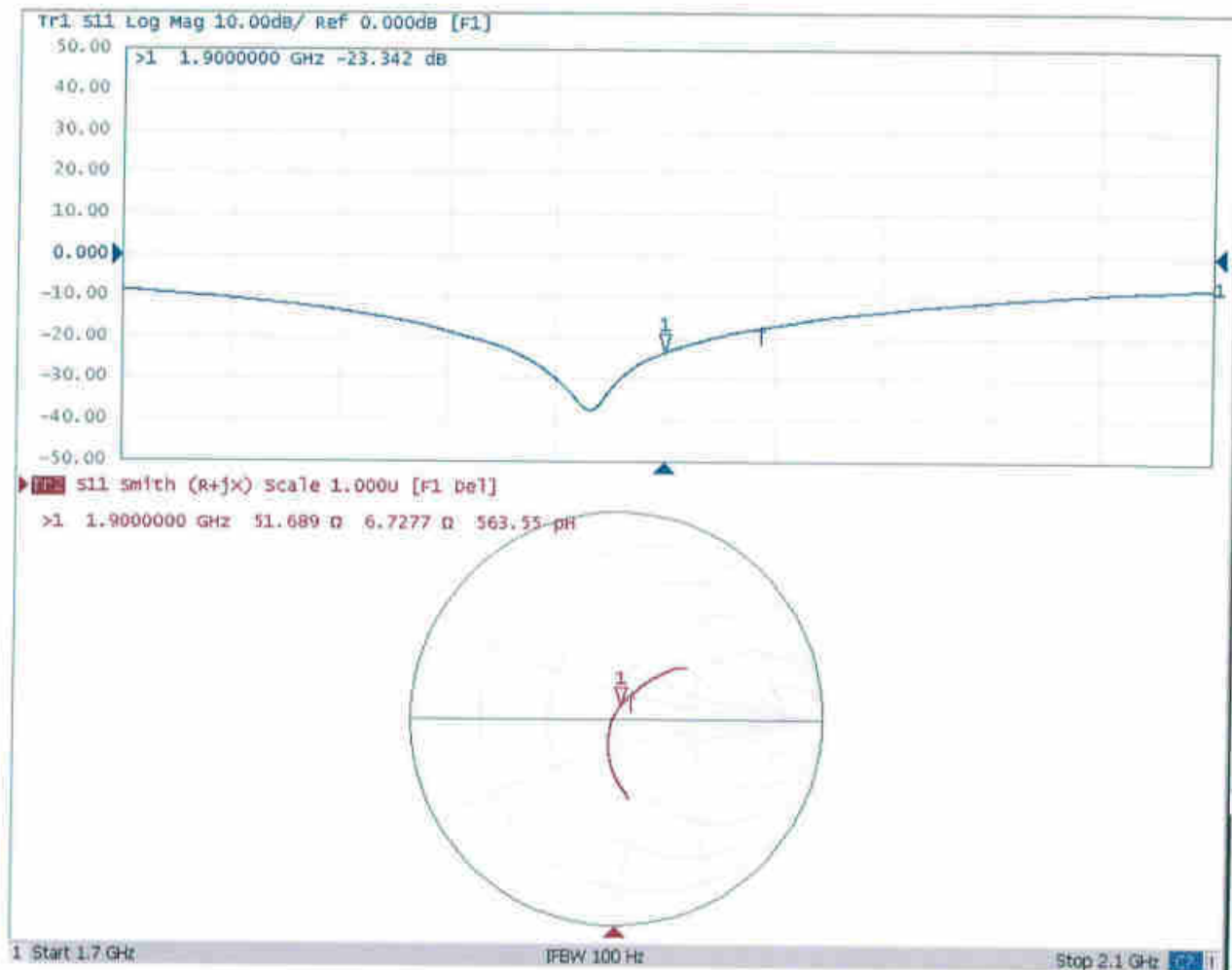


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 03.26.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d170

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.56$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.78, 7.78, 7.78) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

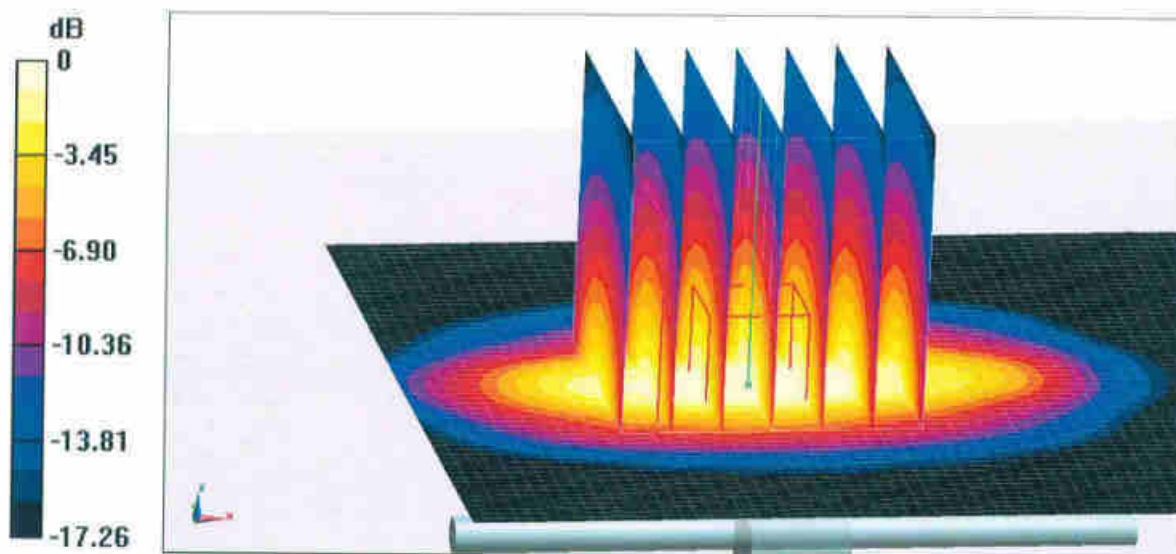
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 95.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



0 dB = 15.7 W/kg = 11.96 dBW/kg

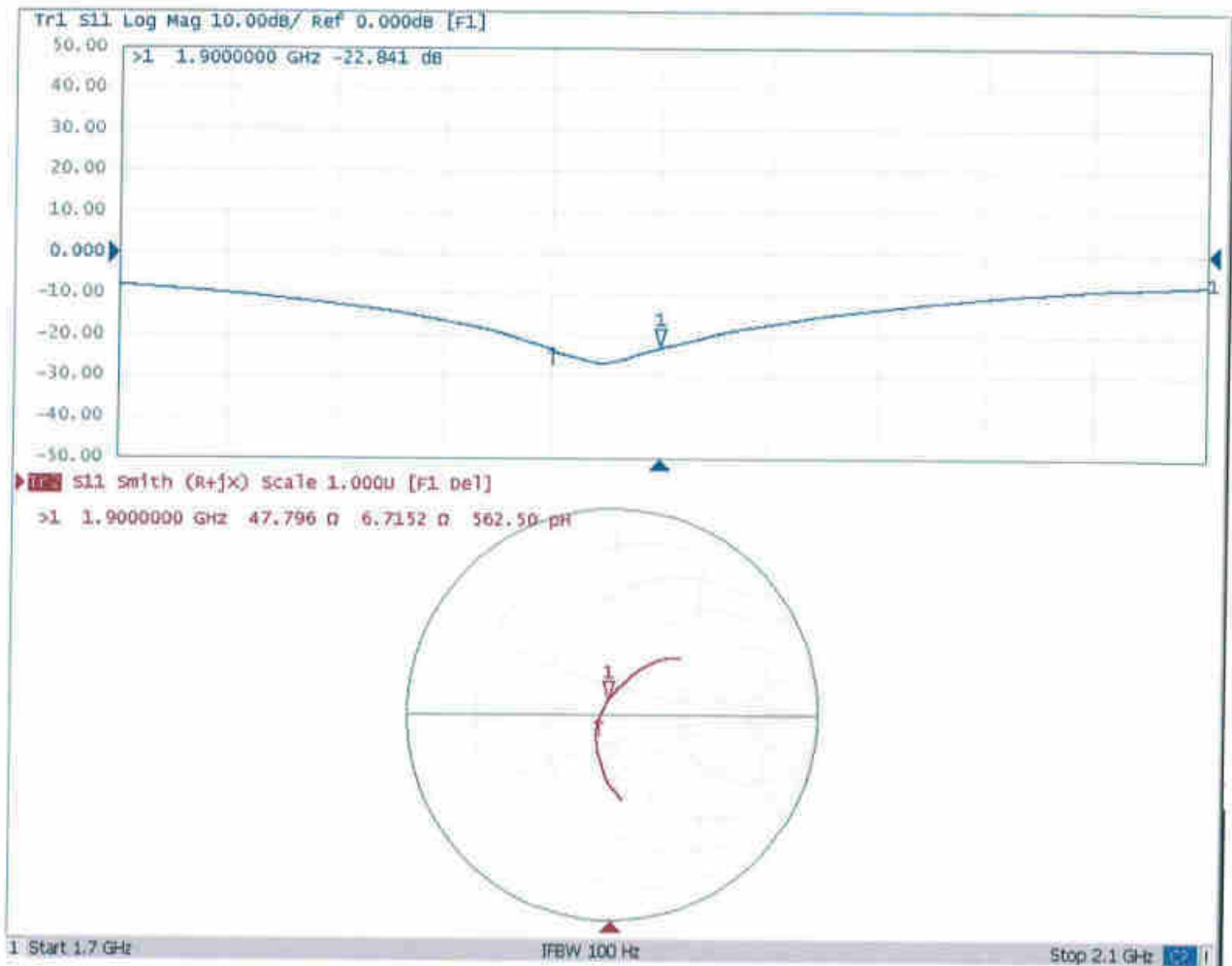


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Client

Sporton

Certificate No: **Z19-60087**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 908**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-003-01**
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **March 25, 2019**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

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NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: March 28, 2019

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