



TEST REPORT

KCTL Inc.

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Report No.:
KR18-SRF0095-B

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1. Client

- Name : OLIVE AND DOVE CO., LTD.
- Address : 803 Polaris bldg., 381, Seongnam-daero, Bundang-gu,
Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea
- Date of Receipt : 2018-04-02

2. Use of Report : -

3. Name of Product and Model : RemoBell W / RMBWU-1707

4. Manufacturer and Country of Origin : OLIVE AND DOVE CO., LTD. / Korea

5. FCC ID : 2ANMR-RMBWU-1707

6. Date of Test : 2018-07-16 to 2018-07-17

7. Test Standards : FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.247

8. Test Results : Refer to the test result in the test report

Affirmation	Tested by	Technical Manager
	Name : Jinhwa Cho (Signature)	Name : Bongok Ko (Signature)

2018-09-05

KCTL Inc.

As a test result of the sample which was submitted from the client, this report does not guarantee the whole product quality. This test report should not be used and copied without a written agreement by KCTL Inc.

REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
2018-07-24	Originally issued	-
2018-09-04	Revised test results	6,10,14,25, 60,61
2018-09-05	Revised test results	10, 14

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1. Client information

Applicant: OLIVE AND DOVE CO., LTD.
Address: 803 Polaris bldg., 381, Seongnam-daero, Bundang-gu,
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Telephone number: +82 31 715 0717
Contact person: Yong il Kim / yikim@olivendove.com

Manufacturer: OLIVE AND DOVE CO., LTD.
Address: 803 Polaris bldg., 381, Seongnam-daero, Bundang-gu,
 Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea



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2. Laboratory information

Address

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Telephone Number: +82 31 285 0894

Facsimile Number: +82 505 299 8311

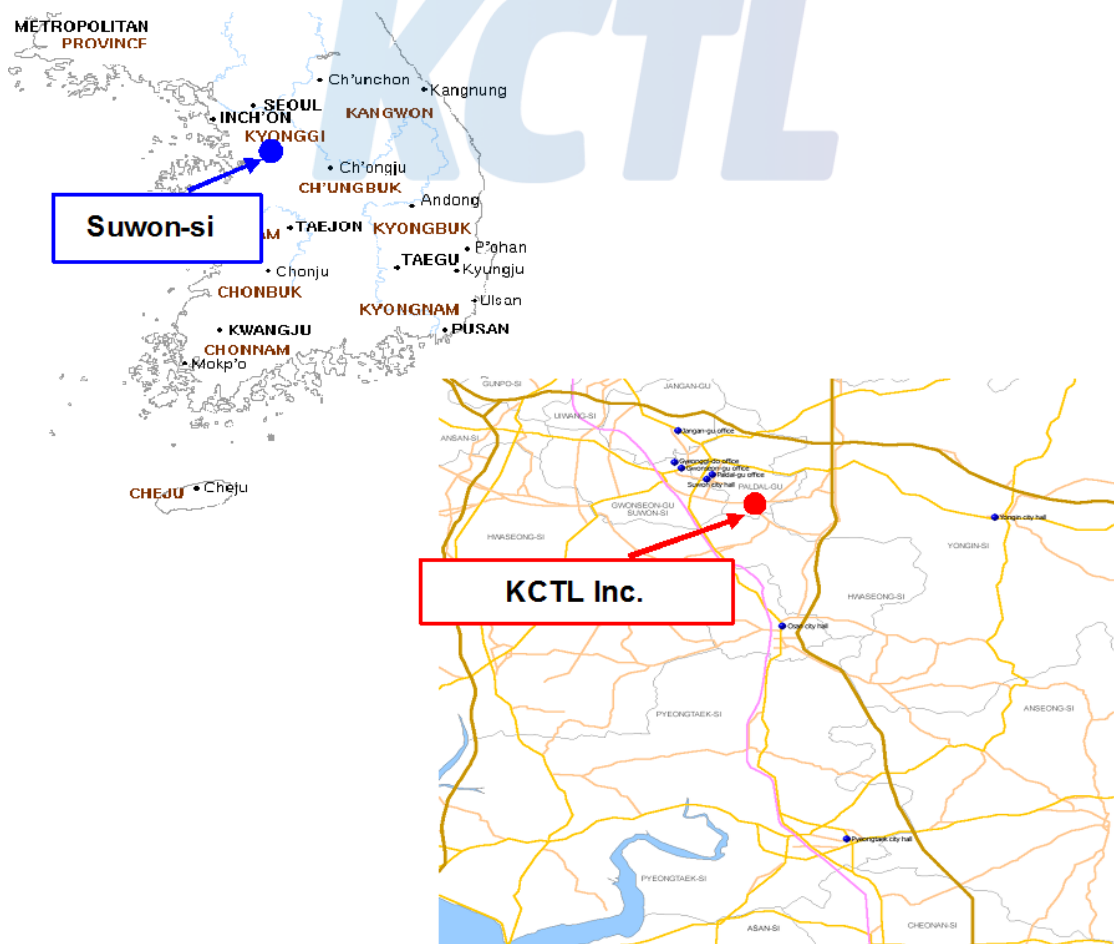
FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132

VCCI Registration No. : R-3327, G-198, C-3706, T-1849

Industry Canada Registration No. : 8035A

KOLAS NO.: KT231

SITE MAP



3. Description of E.U.T.

3.1 Basic description

Applicant	OLIVE AND DOVE CO., LTD.
Address of Applicant	803 Polaris bldg., 381, Seongnam-daero, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea
Manufacturer	OLIVE AND DOVE CO., LTD.
Address of Manufacturer	803 Polaris bldg., 381, Seongnam-daero, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea
Type of equipment	RemoBell W
Basic Model	RMBWU-1707
Serial number	N/A

3.2 General description

Frequency Range	2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz (802.11b/g/n_HT20)
Type of Modulation	DSSS (802.11b), OFDM (802.11g/n_HT20)
The number of channels	11 ch (802.11b/g/n_HT20)
Type of Antenna	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain	1.0 dBi
Transmit Power	18.68 dBm(802.11b) / 20.38 dBm(802.11g) / 19.98 dBm(802.11 n_HT20)
Power supply	AC 24 V
Product SW/HW version	1.10.40 / 1.05.01.180629
Radio SW/HW version	1.10.40 / 1.05.01.180629
Test SW Version	Tera Term 4.88.0.0
RF power setting in TEST SW	802.11b : 19 (Low, High), 20 (Mid) 802.11g : 24 (Low, Mid), 23 (High) 802.11n_HT20 : 23 (Low), 24 (Mid), 22 (High)

Note : The above EUT information was declared by the manufacturer.

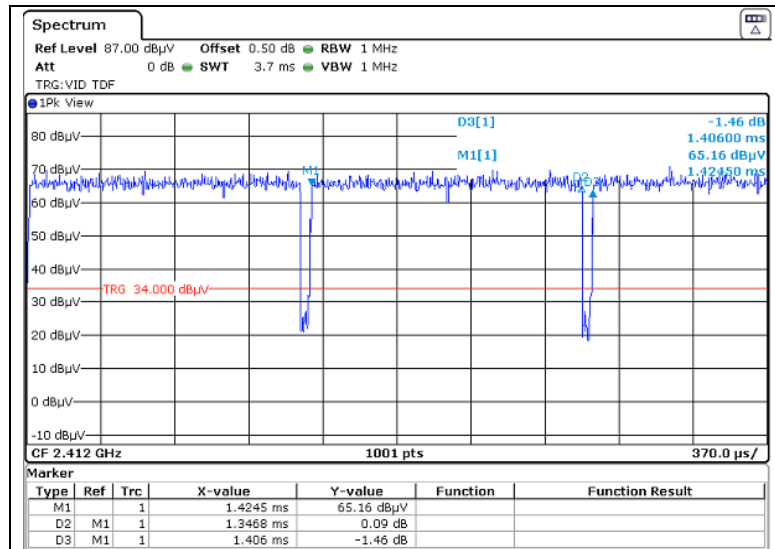
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- 802.11g

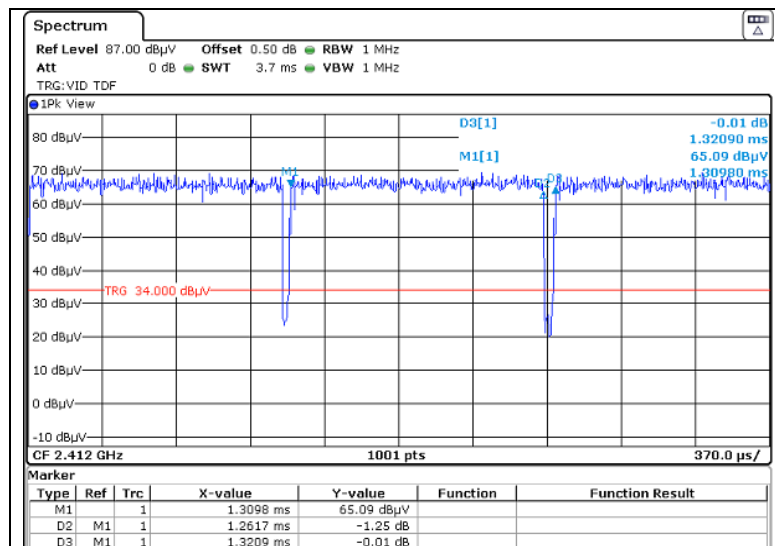


Note₁) : period : 1.43 ms, On time : 1.35 ms

Note₂) : DCCF = $10 \log(1 / x) = 10 \log(1/0.939) = 0.27 \text{ dB}$, $x = 1.35/1.43 = 0.939$

Note₃) : duty cycle <=98 %

- 802.11n_HT20



Note₁) : period : 1.31 ms, On time : 1.26 ms

Note₂) : DCCF = $10 \log(1 / x) = 10 \log(1/0.963) = 0.16 \text{ dB}$, $x = 1.26/1.31 = 0.963$

Note₃) : duty cycle <=98 %

4. Summary of test results

4.1 Standards & results

FCC Rule Reference	Parameter	Report Section	Test Result
15.203, 15.247(b)(4)	Antenna Requirement	5.1	C
15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Peak Output Power	5.2	C
15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density	5.3	NT (Note ₂)
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Channel Bandwidth	5.4	NT (Note ₂)
-	Occupied Bandwidth	5.4	NT (Note ₂)
15.247(d),15.205(a),15.209(a)	Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands	5.5	C
15.207(a)	Conducted Emissions	5.6	C
Note: C = Complies, NC = Not Complies, NT = Not Tested, NA = Not Applicable Note ₂ : Test was performed by modular transmitter (Model Name: GS2011MIE, FCC ID: YOPGS2011MIE, Test Report No. R1402132-247 Rev A issued on 21, April, 2017 by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.)			

4.2 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement Item	Expanded Uncertainty $U = kU_c (k = 2)$	
Radiated Spurious Emissions	30 MHz ~ 300 MHz:	+4.94 dB, -5.06 dB
		+4.93 dB, -5.05 dB
	300 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz:	+4.97 dB, -5.08 dB
		+4.84 dB, -4.96 dB
	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz:	+6.03 dB, -6.05 dB

5. Test results

5.1 Antenna Requirement

5.1.1 Regulation

According to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.1.2 Result

- Complied

The transmitter has permanently attached PCB Antenna (internal antenna) on board.

5.2 Maximum Peak Output Power

5.2.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(b)(3), For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2 400-2 483.5 MHz, and 5 725-5 850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to §15.247(b)(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.2.2 Measurement Procedure

These test measurement settings are specified in section 9.0 of 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

5.2.2.1 PKPM1 Peak-reading power meter method

5.2.2.1.1 General

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level. The intent is to test at 100 % duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 %) is permitted, if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

If continuous transmission (or at least 98 % duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level, with the transmit duration as long as possible, and the duty cycle as high as possible during which sweep triggering/signal gating techniques may be used to perform the measurement over the transmission duration.

5.2.2.1.2 Measurement using a spectrum analyzer (SA)

5.2.2.1.2.1 Method AVGSA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep)

- a) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
- b) Set RBW = 1-5% of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
- c) Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- d) Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times$ span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing $\leq$ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- e) Sweep time = auto.
- f) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- g) If transmit duty cycle < 98 %, use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. The transmitter shall operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98 %, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run".
- h) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.
- i) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function, with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

5.2.2.1.2.2 Method AVGSA-2 (trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction)

- a) Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in 6.0.
- b) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
- c) Set RBW = 1-5% of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
- d) Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- e) Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times$ span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing $\leq$ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- f) Sweep time = auto.
- g) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- h) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
- i) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed such that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- j) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.
- k) Add $10 \log (1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add $10 \log (1/0.25) = 6 \text{ dB}$ if the duty cycle is 25 %.

5.2.3 Test Result

- Complied

- **802.11b**

Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	Average power [dBm]
Lowest	2 412	18.68	30.00	11.32	15.87
Middle	2 437	18.67	30.00	11.33	15.84
Highest	2 462	18.27	30.00	11.73	15.67

- **802.11g**

Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	Average power [dBm]
Lowest	2 412	20.38	30.00	9.62	12.68
Middle	2 437	19.88	30.00	10.12	12.26
Highest	2 462	18.67	30.00	11.33	12.28

- **802.11n HT20**

Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	Average power [dBm]
Lowest	2 412	19.38	30.00	10.62	12.08
Middle	2 437	19.98	30.00	10.02	12.69
Highest	2 462	17.52	30.00	12.48	12.43

NOTE:

1. We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.

5.3 Peak Power Spectral Density

5.3.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

5.3.2 Measurement Procedure

These test measurement settings are specified in section 10.0 of 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

5.3.2.1 Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance, and is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance.

- 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- 4) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
- 5) Detector = peak.
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.3.3 Test Result

Result: NT : Not Tested due to client request.

Please refer modular transmitter test report No. R1402132-247 Rev A.

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5.4 6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Channel Bandwidth)

5.4.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(a)(2) Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2 400–2 483.5 MHz, and 5 725–5 850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

5.4.2 Measurement Procedure

These test measurement settings are specified in section 8.0 of 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

5.4.2.1 DTS Channel Bandwidth-Option 1

- 1) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- 3) Detector = Peak.
- 4) Trace mode = max hold.
- 5) Sweep = auto couple.
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.4.2.2 DTS Channel Bandwidth Measurement Procedure-Option 2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described above (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW, peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function.

When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be ≥ 6 dB.

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5.4.3 Test Result

Result: NT : Not Tested due to client request.

Please refer modular transmitter test report No. R1402132-247 Rev A.

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5.5 Spurious Emission, Band Edge, and Restricted bands

5.5.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	$2\,400/F(\text{kHz})$	300
0.490 - 1.705	$24\,000/F(\text{kHz})$	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54–72 MHz, 76–88 MHz, 174–216 MHz or 470–806 MHz.

However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 - 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 - 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 - 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 - 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 - 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 - 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 - 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2 310 - 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525 25	2 483.5 - 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	156.7 - 156.9	2 690 - 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	162.012 5 - 167.17	3 260 - 3 267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3 332 - 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	240 - 285	3 345.8 - 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	322 - 335.4	3 600 - 4 400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41			

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1 000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

5.5.2 Measurement Procedure

5.5.2.1 Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

5.5.2.1.1 Reference Level Measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- 1) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 4) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- 5) Detector = peak.
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

5.5.2.1.2 Emissions Level Measurement

- 1) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- 2) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 3) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- 4) Detector = peak.
- 5) Ensure that the number of measurement points $\geq$ span/RBW
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

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5.5.2.2 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Set the spectrum analyzer as follows:

- 1) Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.

Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

- 2) RBW = 100 kHz
 - 3) VBW $\geq$ RBW
 - 4) Sweep = auto
 - 5) Detector function = peak
 - 6) Trace = max hold
 - 7) Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded.
 - 8) Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated.
- The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.



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5.5.2.3 Radiated Spurious Emissions

- 1) The preliminary and final radiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in at a 10m anechoic chamber. The EUT was tested at a distance 3 meters.
- 2) The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8-meter height, 1 × 1.5 meter non-metallic table. To find the maximum emission levels, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated 360°.
- 3) The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to 30 MHz using the loop antenna, and from 30 to 1 000 MHz using the TRILOG broadband antenna, and from 1 000 MHz to 26 500 MHz using the horn antenna.
- 4) Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.
- 5) The 0.8m height is for below 1 G testing, and 1.5m is for above 1G testing.

Note

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz. (Detector = RMS, Averaging type = power)
In case of duty cycle less than 98%, a duty cycle correction factor has to be added to the measurement result.

5.5.3 Test Result

- Complied

1. Band edge & Conducted Spurious Emissions was shown in figure 3 & 4.
Note: We took the insertion loss of the cable into consideration within the measuring instrument.
2. Measured value of the Field strength of spurious Emissions (Radiated)
3. It tested x,y and z – 3 axis each, mentioned only worst case data at this report.

※ Noise was not measured. (Margin was more than 20 dB)

- Below 1 GHz data (worst-case: 802.11g)

Lowest channel (2 412 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Receiver Bandwidth [kHz]	Pol. [V/H]	Reading [dB(μV)]	Cable Loss [dB]	Amp Gain [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB]	Factor [dB]	Result [dB(μV/m)]	Limit [dB(μV/m)]	Margin [dB]
Quasi-Peak DATA. Emissions below 30 MHz										
Not detected										
Quasi-Peak DATA. Emissions below 1 GHz										
34.37	120	V	30.10	3.59	-32.06	12.47	-16.00	14.10	40.00	25.90
73.29	120	V	29.80	4.46	-32.14	10.88	-16.80	13.00	40.00	27.00
127.85	120	V	29.10	5.26	-32.03	11.67	-15.10	14.00	43.50	29.50
155.13	120	H	28.10	5.55	-32.03	13.08	-13.40	14.70	43.50	28.80
289.60	120	H	31.30	6.81	-32.06	13.15	-12.10	19.20	46.00	26.80
642.31	120	V	24.30	9.51	-32.28	20.47	-2.30	22.00	46.00	24.00

NOTE 1. Factor = Cable loss + Amplifier gain + Antenna factor

NOTE 2. Although these tests were performed other than open field test site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field test site.

Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.

- Above 1 GHz data

802.11b_Lowest channel (2 412 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Receiver Bandwidth [kHz]	Pol. [V/H]	Reading [dB(μV)]	Cable Loss [dB]	Amp Gain [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB]	DCCF [dB]	Factor [dB]	Result [dB(μV/m)]	Limit [dB(μV/m)]	Margin [dB]
Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
2 301.17	1 000	H	86.59	3.64	-59.03	28.37	-	-27.02	59.57	74.00	14.43
2 389.63 ¹⁾	1 000	V	52.70	3.70	-30.44	28.54	-	1.80	54.50	74.00	19.50
3 102.66	1 000	V	70.80	4.20	-59.72	29.98	-	-25.54	45.26	74.00	28.74
5 007.20 ¹⁾	1 000	H	64.76	5.48	-60.68	32.91	-	-22.29	42.46	74.00	31.54
12 167.39 ¹⁾	1 000	V	61.07	8.71	-60.86	39.03	-	-13.12	47.95	74.00	26.05
21 558.31	1 000	V	46.52	12.00	-49.48	45.00	-	7.52	55.66	74.00	18.34
25 046.77	1 000	H	44.27	12.80	-47.41	45.20	-	12.52	57.99	74.00	16.01
Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
2 389.63 ¹⁾	1 000	V	47.78	3.70	-30.44	28.54	-	1.80	49.58	54.00	4.42
5 007.20 ¹⁾	1 000	H	54.52	5.48	-60.68	32.91	-	-22.29	32.23	54.00	21.77
12 167.39 ¹⁾	1 000	V	48.94	8.71	-60.86	39.03	-	-13.12	35.82	54.00	18.18

¹⁾ Restricted band

802.11b_Middle channel (2 437 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Receiver Bandwidth [kHz]	Pol. [V/H]	Reading [dB(μV)]	Cable Loss [dB]	Amp Gain [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB]	DCCF [dB]	Factor [dB]	Result [dB(μV/m)]	Limit [dB(μV/m)]	Margin [dB]
Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
1 742.81	1 000	V	70.64	3.18	-60.10	26.77	-	-30.15	40.49	74.00	33.51
3 438.44	1 000	V	72.96	4.42	-60.06	30.88	-	-24.76	48.21	74.00	25.79
4 873.98 ^{1,2)}	1 000	H	65.92	5.39	-61.28	32.84	-	-23.05	42.87	74.00	31.13
6 487.45	1 000	H	64.40	6.35	-61.81	35.03	-	-20.43	43.98	74.00	30.02
14 712.89 ¹⁾	1 000	V	58.94	9.71	-60.66	40.50	-	-10.45	48.49	74.00	25.51
21 716.89	1 000	H	46.06	12.00	-49.45	45.00	-	7.55	53.60	74.00	20.40
25 578.02	1 000	H	42.99	13.30	-46.97	45.50	-	11.83	54.82	74.00	19.18
Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
4 873.98 ^{1,2)}	1 000	H	62.37	5.39	-61.28	32.84	-	-23.05	39.32	54.00	14.68
14 712.89 ¹⁾	1 000	V	47.41	9.71	-60.66	40.50	-	-10.45	36.96	54.00	17.04

¹⁾ Restricted band

²⁾ Harmonic

802.11b_Highest channel (2 462 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Receiver Bandwidth [kHz]	Pol. [V/H]	Reading [dB(μV)]	Cable Loss [dB]	Amp Gain [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB]	DCCF [dB]	Factor [dB]	Result dB(μV/m)	Limit dB(μV/m)	Margin [dB]
Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
1 456.62 ¹⁾	1 000	V	71.06	2.90	-60.81	25.63	-	-32.28	38.78	74.00	35.22
2 483.54 ¹⁾	1 000	V	54.11	3.77	-30.89	28.72	-	1.60	55.71	74.00	18.29
3 432.19	1 000	V	71.84	4.42	-60.06	30.87	-	-24.77	47.07	74.00	26.93
4 923.92 ^{1,2)}	1 000	H	65.97	5.42	-60.99	32.86	-	-22.71	43.26	74.00	30.74
6 820.05	1 000	V	65.25	6.52	-62.79	35.47	-	-20.80	44.46	74.00	29.54
9 040.09 ¹⁾	1 000	V	62.10	7.61	-63.07	37.71	-	-17.75	44.35	74.00	29.65
21 678.91	1 000	V	45.82	12.00	-49.46	45.00	-	7.54	53.36	74.00	20.64
24 196.50	1 000	V	45.47	12.80	-48.47	45.10	-	9.43	54.90	74.00	19.10
Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
1 456.62 ¹⁾	1 000	V	60.14	2.90	-60.81	25.63	-	-32.28	27.86	54.00	26.14
2 483.54 ¹⁾	1 000	V	48.79	3.77	-30.89	28.72	-	1.60	50.39	54.00	3.61
4 923.92 ^{1,2)}	1 000	H	63.07	5.42	-60.99	32.86	-	-22.71	40.36	54.00	13.64
9 040.09 ¹⁾	1 000	V	50.91	7.61	-63.07	37.71	-	-17.75	33.16	54.00	20.84

¹⁾ Restricted band

²⁾ Harmonic

802.11g Lowest channel (2 412 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Receiver Bandwidth [kHz]	Pol. [V/H]	Reading [dB(μV)]	Cable Loss [dB]	Amp Gain [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB]	DCCF [dB]	Factor [dB]	Result [dB(μV/m)]	Limit [dB(μV/m)]	Margin [dB]
Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
1 192.81 ¹⁾	1 000	V	70.44	2.65	-60.57	24.57	-	-33.35	37.09	74.00	36.91
2 389.98 ¹⁾	1 000	V	60.77	3.70	-30.44	28.54	-	1.80	62.57	74.00	11.43
2 884.21 ¹⁾	1 000	V	71.13	4.06	-59.43	29.48	-	-25.89	45.24	74.00	28.76
5 008.32 ¹⁾	1 000	V	65.35	5.48	-60.68	32.91	-	-22.29	43.06	74.00	30.94
15 917.46 ¹⁾	1 000	V	59.14	10.10	-57.46	37.73	-	-9.63	49.50	74.00	24.50
21 603.73	1 000	V	46.12	12.00	-49.47	45.00	-	7.53	53.65	74.00	20.35
24 620.97	1 000	H	44.21	12.80	-47.92	45.10	-	9.98	54.19	74.00	19.81
Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
1 192.81 ¹⁾	1 000	V	60.20	2.65	-60.57	24.57	0.27	-33.35	27.12	54.00	26.88
2 389.98 ¹⁾	1 000	V	46.49	3.70	-30.44	28.54	0.27	1.80	48.56	54.00	5.44
2 884.21 ¹⁾	1 000	V	60.51	4.06	-59.43	29.48	0.27	-25.89	34.89	54.00	19.11
5 008.32 ¹⁾	1 000	V	54.71	5.48	-60.68	32.91	0.27	-22.29	32.69	54.00	21.31
15 917.46 ¹⁾	1 000	V	47.63	10.10	-57.46	37.73	0.27	-9.63	38.27	54.00	15.73

¹⁾ Restricted band

802.11g Middle channel (2 437 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Receiver Bandwidth [kHz]	Pol. [V/H]	Reading [dB(μV)]	Cable Loss [dB]	Amp Gain [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB]	DCCF [dB]	Factor [dB]	Result [dB(μV/m)]	Limit [dB(μV/m)]	Margin [dB]
Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
1 343.97 ¹⁾	1 000	V	71.22	2.80	-60.89	25.18	-	-32.91	38.31	74.00	35.69
1 536.03 ¹⁾	1 000	V	72.45	2.98	-60.76	25.94	-	-31.84	40.61	74.00	33.39
3 482.19	1 000	V	71.74	4.45	-60.12	31.00	-	-24.67	47.07	74.00	26.93
4 740.07 ¹⁾	1 000	H	65.63	5.29	-61.80	32.77	-	-23.74	41.89	74.00	32.11
5 164.33	1 000	H	65.16	5.58	-61.80	33.15	-	-23.07	42.09	74.00	31.91
14 830.39	1 000	V	59.21	9.73	-60.35	40.42	-	-10.20	49.01	74.00	24.99
23 500.56	1 000	H	45.33	12.60	-48.90	45.10	-	8.80	54.13	74.00	19.87
25 338.42	1 000	H	44.25	13.10	-47.23	45.40	-	11.27	55.52	74.00	18.48
Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
1 343.97 ¹⁾	1 000	V	60.78	2.80	-60.89	25.18	0.27	-32.91	28.14	54.00	25.86
1 536.03 ¹⁾	1 000	V	61.76	2.98	-60.76	25.94	0.27	-31.84	30.19	54.00	23.81
4 740.07 ¹⁾	1 000	H	54.04	5.29	-61.80	32.77	0.27	-23.74	30.57	54.00	23.43

¹⁾ Restricted band

802.11g_Highest channel (2 462 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Receiver Bandwidth [kHz]	Pol. [V/H]	Reading [dB(μV)]	Cable Loss [dB]	Amp Gain [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB]	DCCF [dB]	Factor [dB]	Result dB(μV/m)	Limit dB(μV/m)	Margin [dB]
Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
1 183.72 ¹⁾	1 000	V	70.42	2.64	-60.52	24.53	-	-33.35	37.08	74.00	36.92
2 227.23 ¹⁾	1 000	V	71.89	3.59	-59.01	28.23	-	-27.19	44.70	74.00	29.30
2 483.53 ¹⁾	1 000	V	64.36	3.77	-30.89	28.72	-	1.60	65.96	74.00	8.04
2 924.45	1 000	V	72.51	4.08	-59.32	29.56	-	-25.68	46.83	74.00	27.17
5 504.17	1 000	V	64.78	5.79	-61.47	33.66	-	-22.02	42.76	74.00	31.24
7 960.56	1 000	V	63.84	7.04	-62.99	36.66	-	-19.29	44.54	74.00	29.46
12 755.98	1 000	H	61.07	9.01	-60.89	38.80	-	-13.08	47.99	74.00	26.01
21 840.67	1 000	V	47.01	12.10	-49.53	45.00	-	7.57	54.58	74.00	19.42
25 721.19	1 000	V	41.92	13.40	-46.84	45.60	-	12.16	54.08	74.00	19.92
Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
1 183.72 ¹⁾	1 000	V	60.25	2.64	-60.52	24.53	0.27	-33.35	27.17	54.00	26.83
2 227.23 ¹⁾	1 000	V	60.86	3.59	-59.01	28.23	0.27	-27.19	33.94	54.00	20.06
2 483.53 ¹⁾	1 000	V	48.92	3.77	-30.89	28.72	0.27	1.60	50.79	54.00	3.21

¹⁾ Restricted band

802.11n HT20_Lowest channel (2 412 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Receiver Bandwidth [kHz]	Pol. [V/H]	Reading [dB(μV)]	Cable Loss [dB]	Amp Gain [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB]	DCCF [dB]	Factor [dB]	Result dB(μV/m)	Limit dB(μV/m)	Margin [dB]
Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
2 020.00	1 000	V	71.13	3.44	-59.17	27.84	-	-27.89	43.24	74.00	30.76
2 611.95	1 000	V	72.10	3.86	-59.16	28.96	-	-26.34	45.75	74.00	28.25
2 389.77 ¹⁾	1 000	V	59.15	3.70	-30.44	28.54	-	1.80	60.95	74.00	13.05
6 831.38	1 000	V	64.16	6.53	-62.82	35.48	-	-20.81	43.34	74.00	30.66
12 754.17	1 000	H	60.85	9.01	-60.89	38.80	-	-13.08	47.76	74.00	26.24
21 853.95	1 000	H	46.57	12.10	-49.53	45.00	-	7.57	54.14	74.00	19.86
25 772.98	1 000	V	42.36	13.50	-46.82	45.60	-	12.28	54.64	74.00	19.36
Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
2 389.77 ¹⁾	1 000	V	44.59	3.70	-30.44	28.54	0.16	1.80	46.55	54.00	7.45

802.11n HT20_Middle channel (2 437 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Receiver Bandwidth [kHz]	Pol. [V/H]	Reading [dB(μV)]	Cable Loss [dB]	Amp Gain [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB]	DCCF [dB]	Factor [dB]	Result dB(μV/m)	Limit dB(μV/m)	Margin [dB]
Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
1 071.56 ¹⁾	1 000	V	71.84	2.53	-59.82	24.09	-	-33.20	38.64	74.00	35.36
1 814.45	1 000	V	71.40	3.25	-59.93	27.06	-	-29.62	41.78	74.00	32.22
3 320.94	1 000	H	71.65	4.34	-60.03	30.57	-	-25.12	46.53	74.00	27.47
4 874.00 ^{1,2)}	1 000	H	64.90	5.39	-61.28	32.84	-	-23.05	41.85	74.00	32.15
10 961.38 ¹⁾	1 000	H	62.94	8.40	-62.47	38.19	-	-15.88	47.06	74.00	26.94
12 180.89 ^{1,2)}	1 000	H	61.74	8.72	-60.89	39.03	-	-13.14	48.60	74.00	25.40
21 872.02	1 000	H	46.27	12.10	-49.53	45.00	-	7.57	53.84	74.00	20.16
25 453.97	1 000	H	43.15	13.20	-47.06	45.40	-	11.54	54.69	74.00	19.31
Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
1 071.56 ¹⁾	1 000	V	61.17	2.53	-59.82	24.09	0.16	-33.20	28.13	54.00	25.87
4 874.00 ^{1,2)}	1 000	H	59.52	5.39	-61.28	32.84	0.16	-23.05	36.63	54.00	17.37
10 961.38 ¹⁾	1 000	H	51.06	8.40	-62.47	38.19	0.16	-15.88	35.34	54.00	18.66
12 180.89 ^{1,2)}	1 000	H	50.28	8.72	-60.89	39.03	0.16	-13.14	37.30	54.00	16.70

¹⁾ Restricted band

²⁾ Harmonic

802.11n HT20_Highest channel (2 462 MHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Receiver Bandwidth [kHz]	Pol. [V/H]	Reading [dB(μV)]	Cable Loss [dB]	Amp Gain [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB]	DCCF [dB]	Factor [dB]	Result dB(μV/m)	Limit dB(μV/m)	Margin [dB]
Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
1 860.55	1 000	H	70.87	3.29	-59.72	27.24	-	-29.19	41.69	74.00	32.31
2 483.67 ¹⁾	1 000	V	64.41	3.77	-30.89	28.72	-	1.60	66.01	74.00	7.99
3 192.73	1 000	V	71.64	4.26	-59.81	30.22	-	-25.33	46.31	74.00	27.69
4 390.87 ¹⁾	1 000	V	65.64	5.05	-61.07	32.60	-	-23.42	42.22	74.00	31.78
4 923.89 ^{1,2)}	1 000	H	65.87	5.42	-60.99	32.86	-	-22.71	43.16	74.00	30.84
9 738.76 ^{1,2)}	1 000	V	61.92	7.83	-62.35	37.85	-	-16.67	45.24	74.00	28.76
21 870.95	1 000	V	46.23	12.10	-49.53	45.00	-	7.57	53.80	74.00	20.20
24 286.02	1 000	H	44.84	12.80	-48.36	45.10	-	9.54	54.39	74.00	19.61
26 236.23	1 000	V	42.82	13.70	-46.67	45.60	-	12.63	55.45	74.00	18.55
Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz											
4 390.87 ¹⁾	1 000	V	54.55	5.05	-61.07	32.60	0.16	-23.42	31.29	54.00	22.71
2 483.67 ¹⁾	1 000	V	49.17	3.77	-30.89	28.72	0.16	1.60	50.93	54.00	3.07
4 923.89 ^{1,2)}	1 000	H	59.11	5.42	-60.99	32.86	0.16	-22.71	36.56	54.00	17.44
9 738.76 ^{1,2)}	1 000	V	50.28	7.83	-62.35	37.85	0.16	-16.67	33.77	54.00	20.23

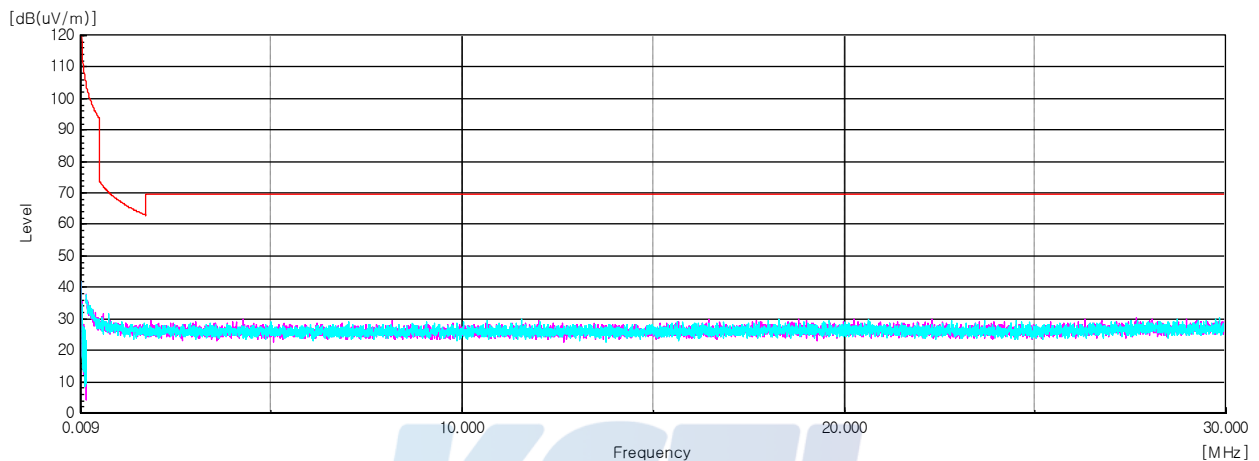
¹⁾ Restricted band

²⁾ Harmonic

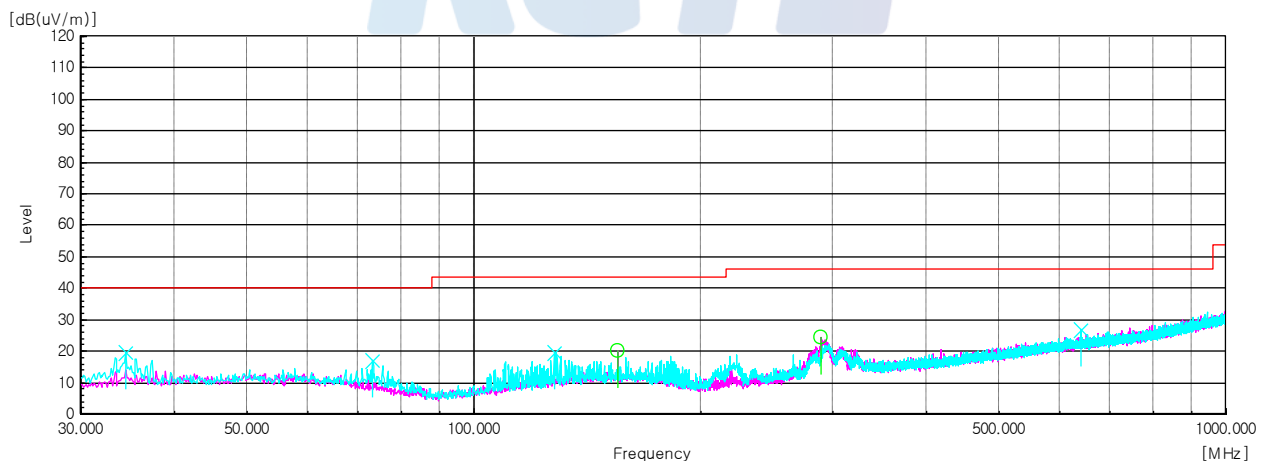
5.5.3.1 Test Plot

Figure 1. Plot of the Spurious Emissions (Radiated)

- 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz data



- 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz data



KCTL Inc.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu,
Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311
www.kctl.co.kr

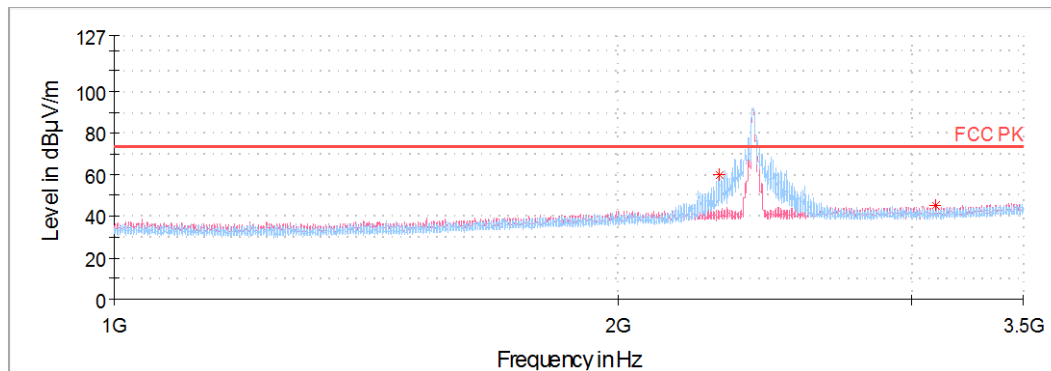
Report No.:
KR18-SRF0095-B
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KCTL

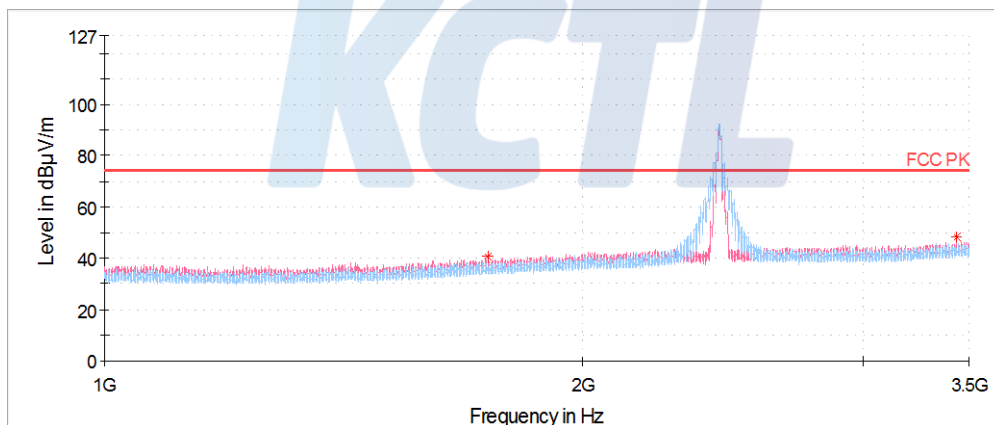
- 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz data

- 802.11b

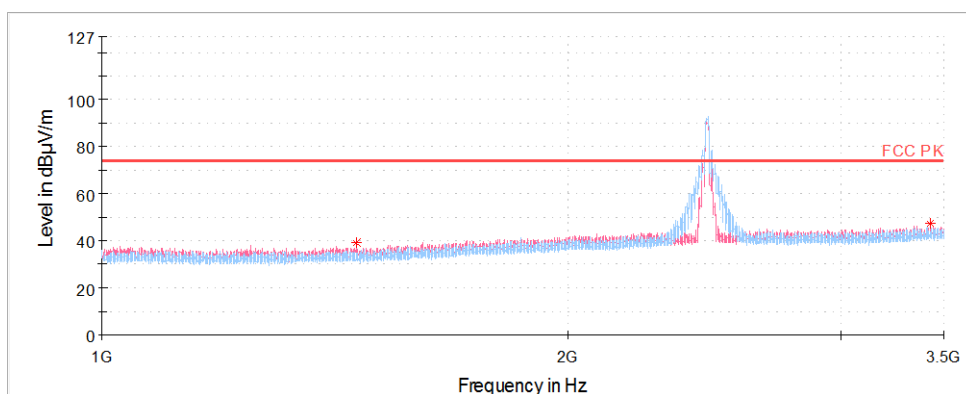
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)



Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)



KCTL Inc.

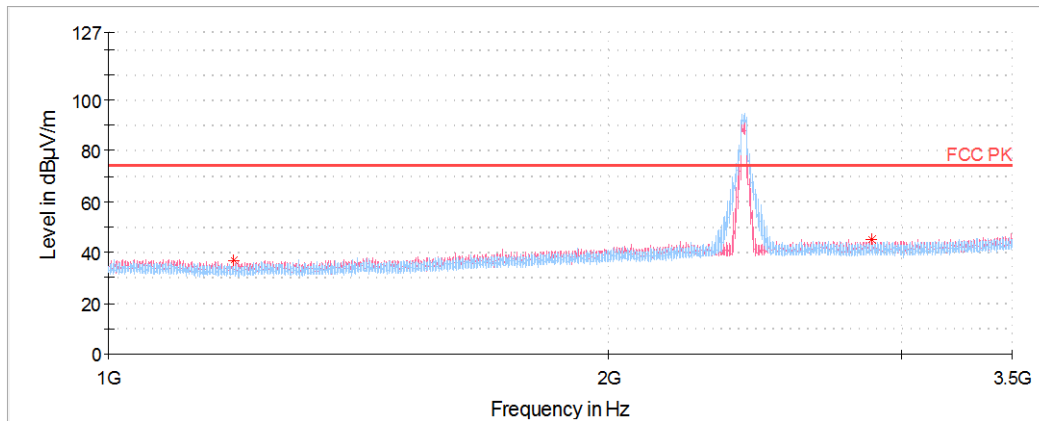
65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu,
Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311
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KR18-SRF0095-B
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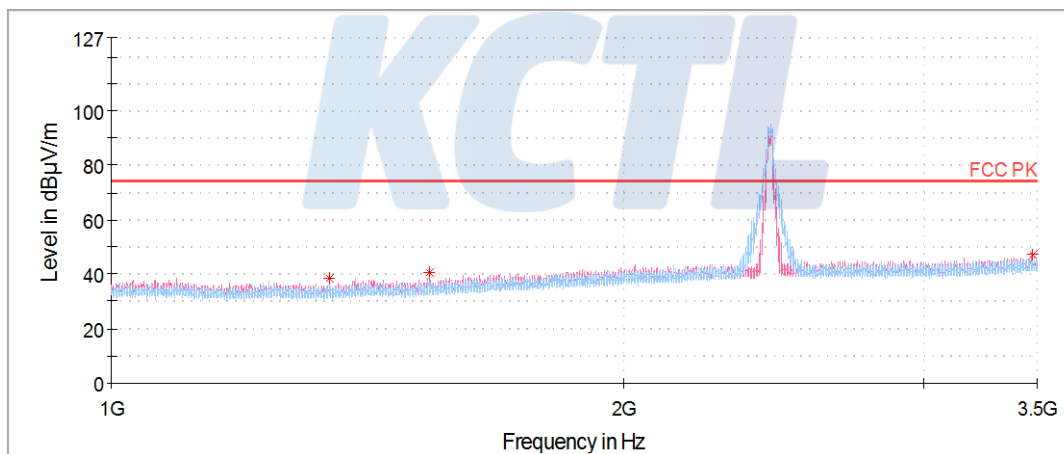
KCTL

- 802.11g

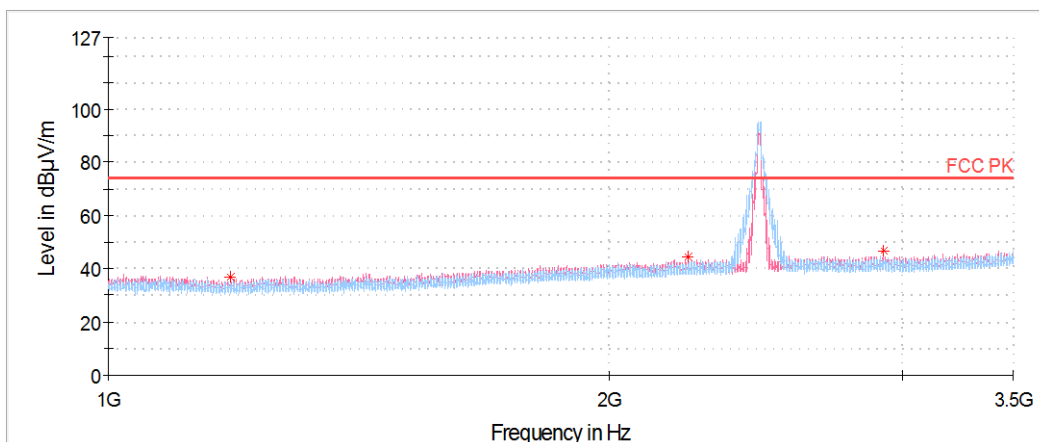
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)



Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)



KCTL Inc.

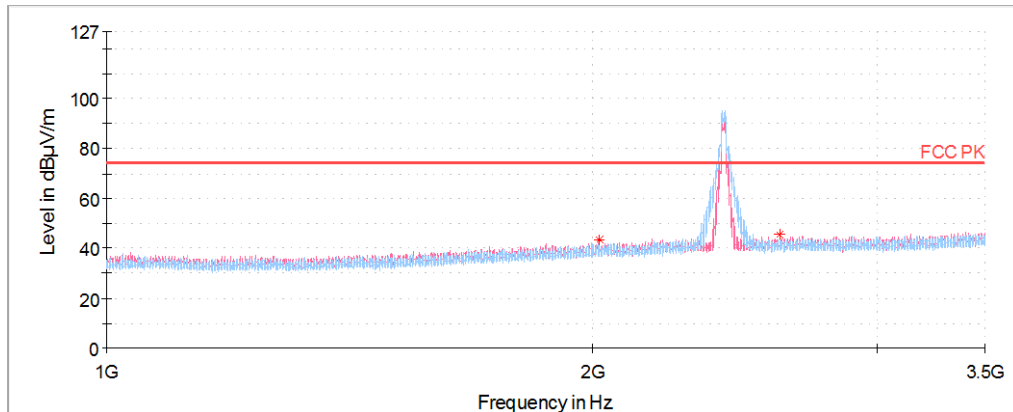
65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu,
Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311
www.kctl.co.kr

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KR18-SRF0095-B
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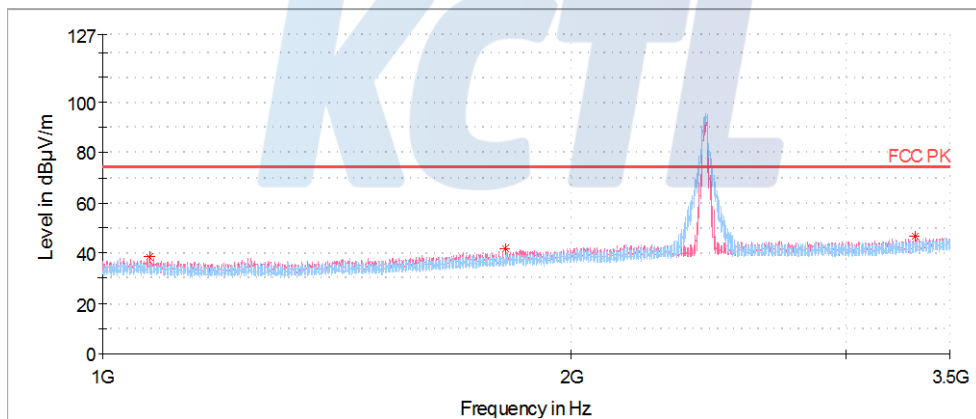
KCTL

- 802.11n_HT20

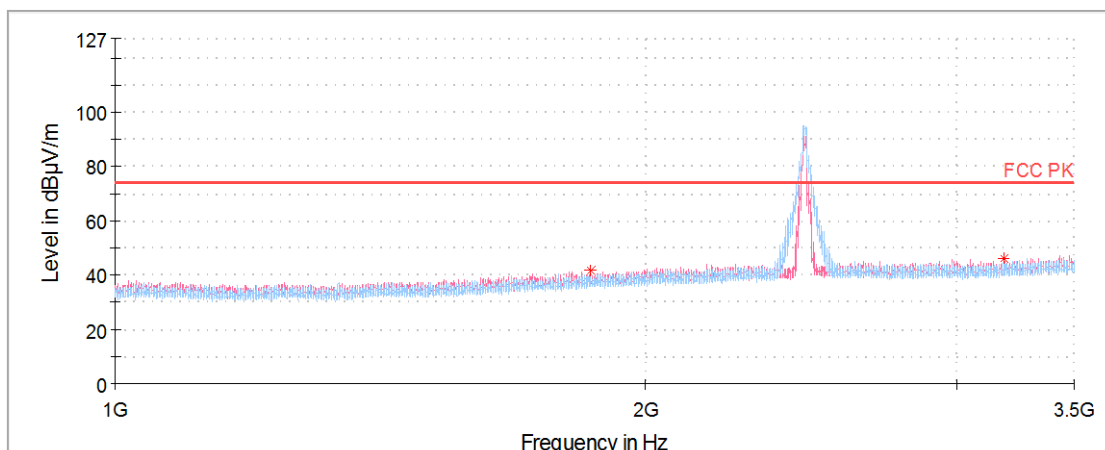
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)



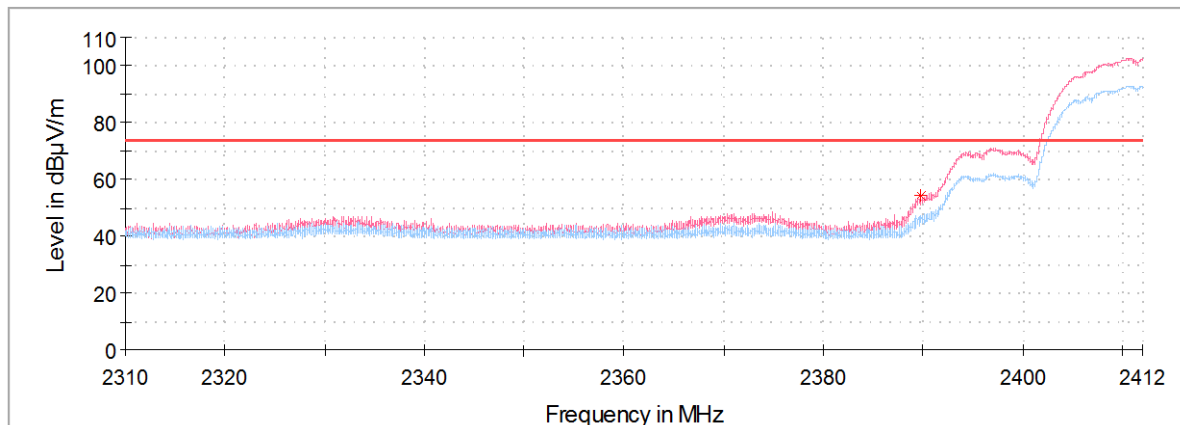
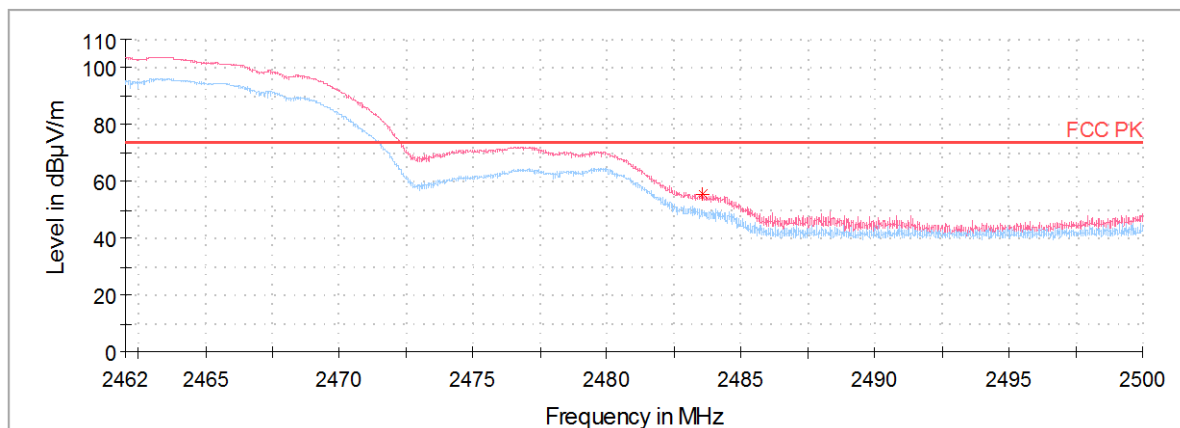
Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)



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KCTL**- Restricted Bandedge data(Lowest Channel)****- 802.11b****- Restricted Bandedge data(Highest Channel)****- 802.11b**

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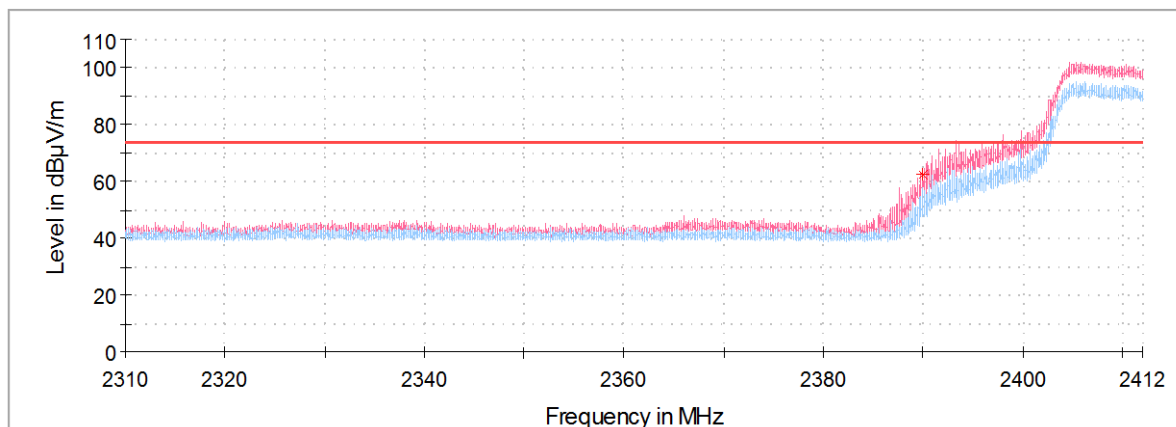
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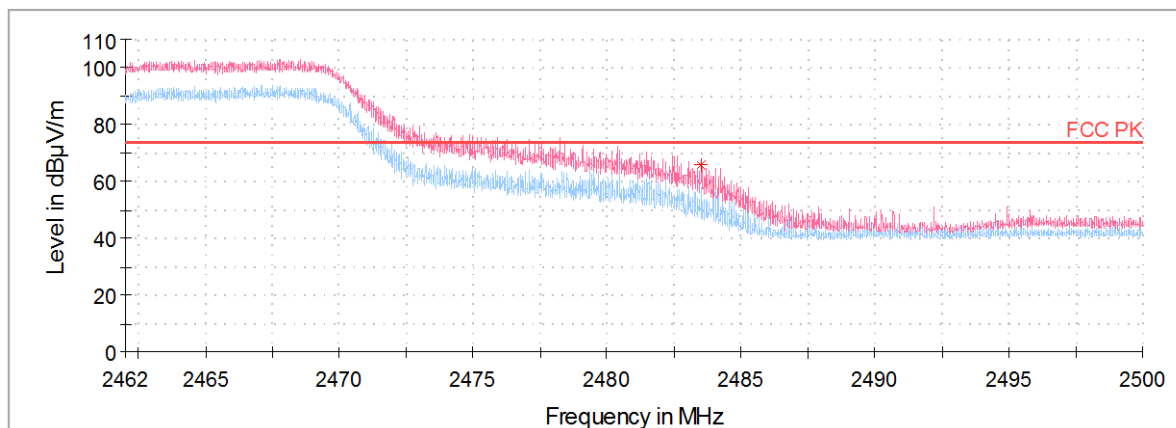
- Restricted Bandedge data(Lowest Channel)

- 802.11g



- Restricted Bandedge data(Highest Channel)

- 802.11g



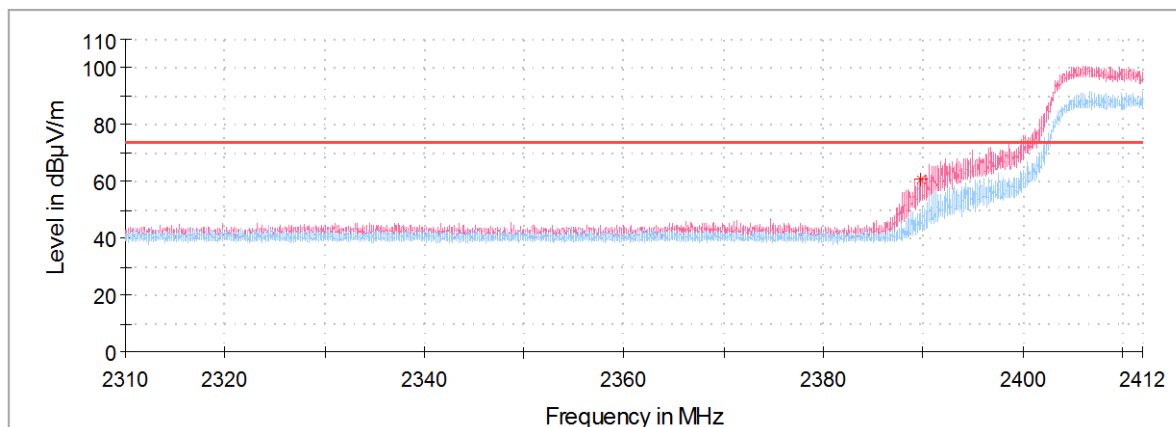
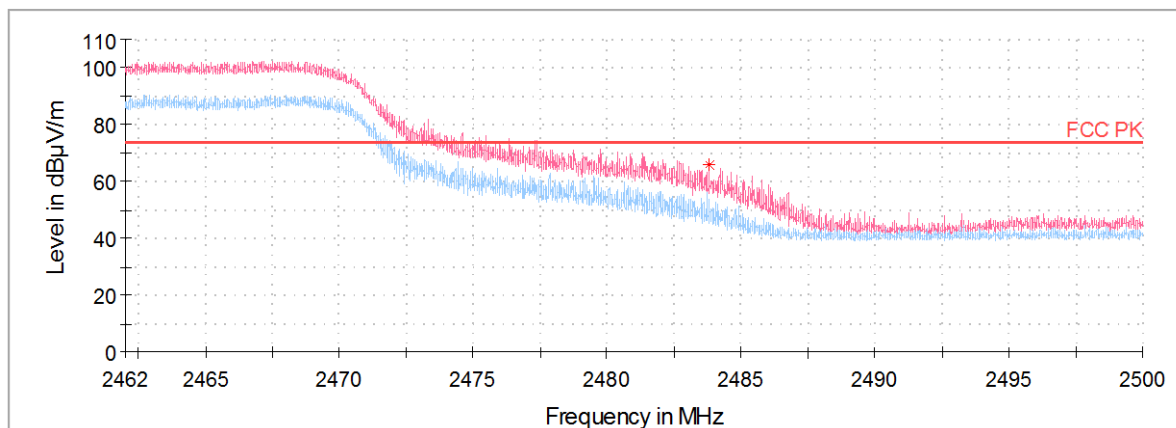
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KCTL**- Restricted Bandedge data(Lowest Channel)****- 802.11n_HT20****- Restricted Bandedge data(Highest Channel)****- 802.11n_HT20**

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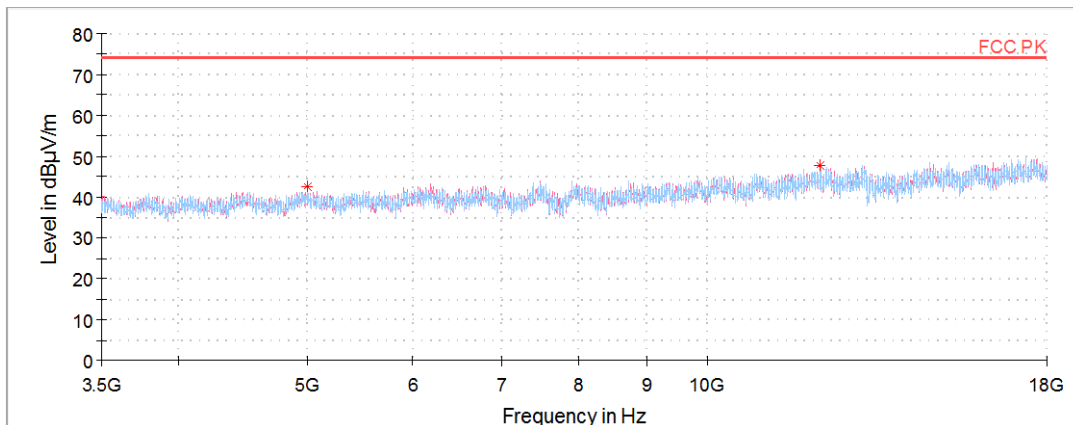
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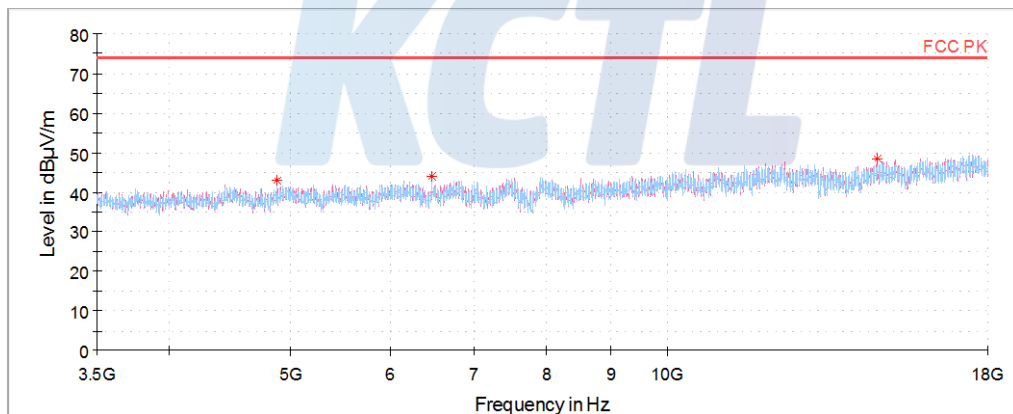
- 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz data

- 802.11b

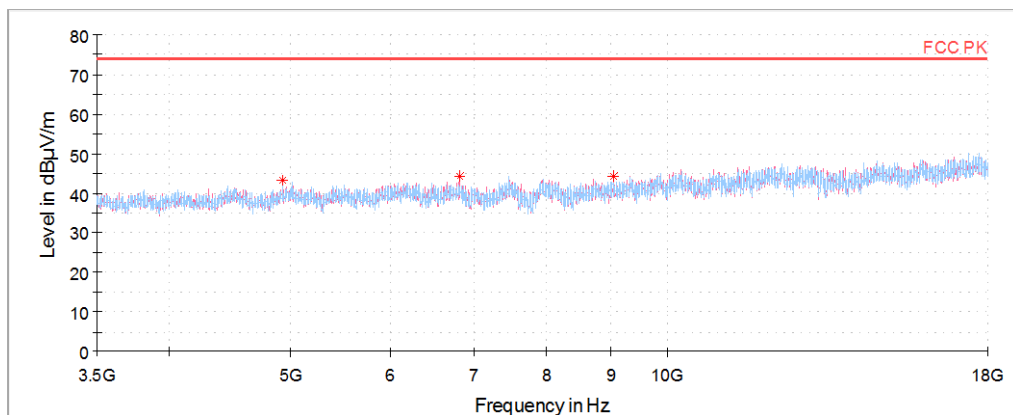
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)



Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)



KCTL Inc.

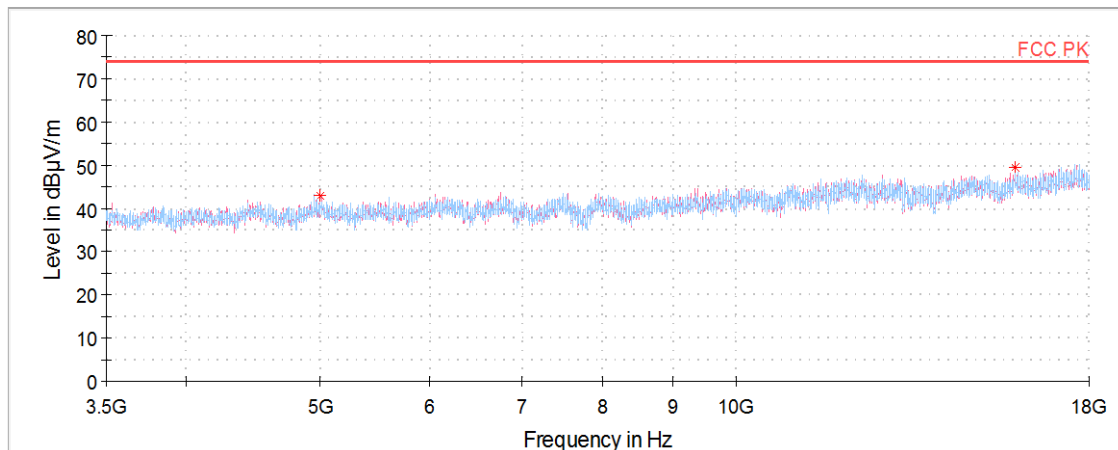
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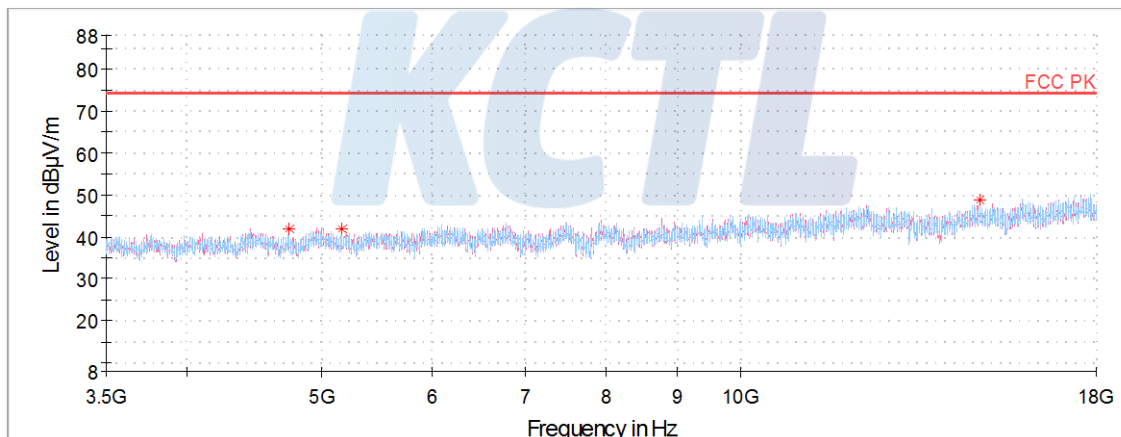
KCTL

- 802.11g

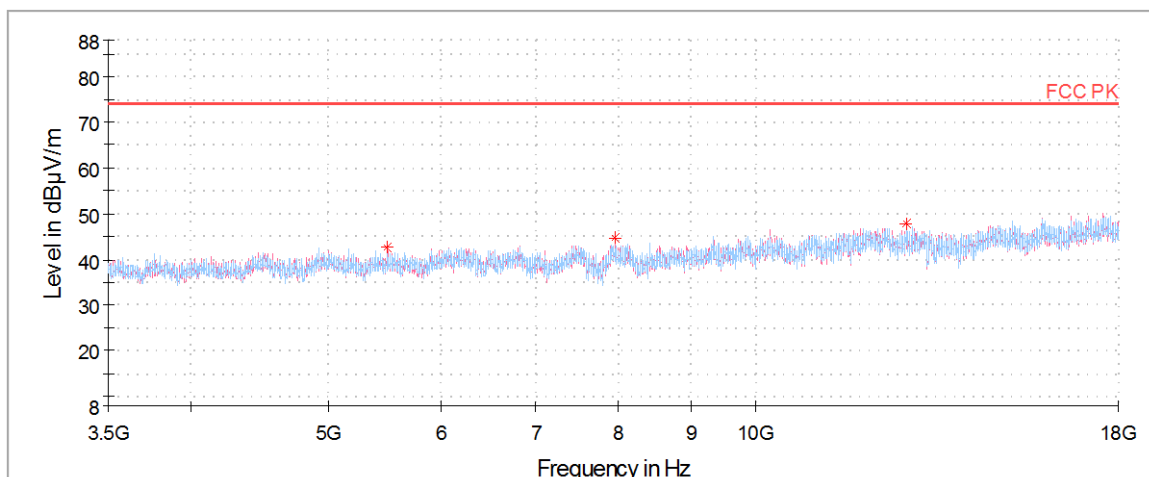
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)



Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)



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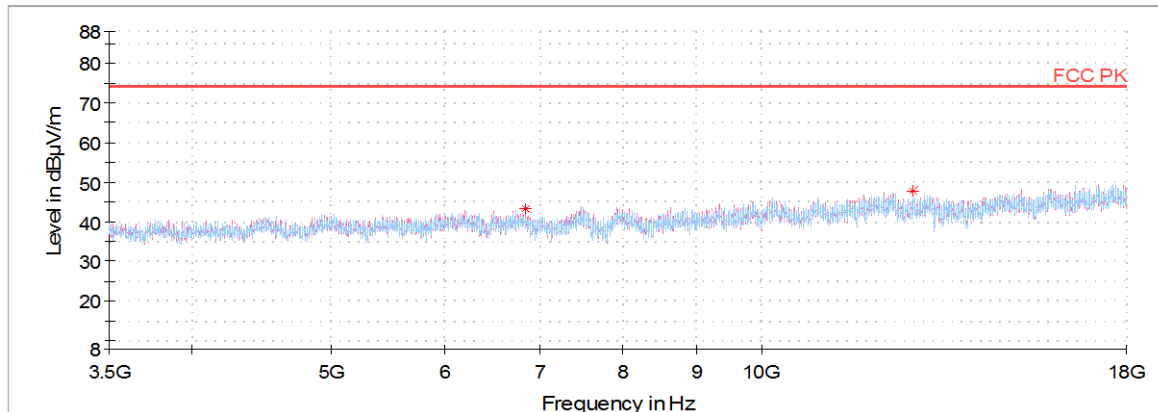
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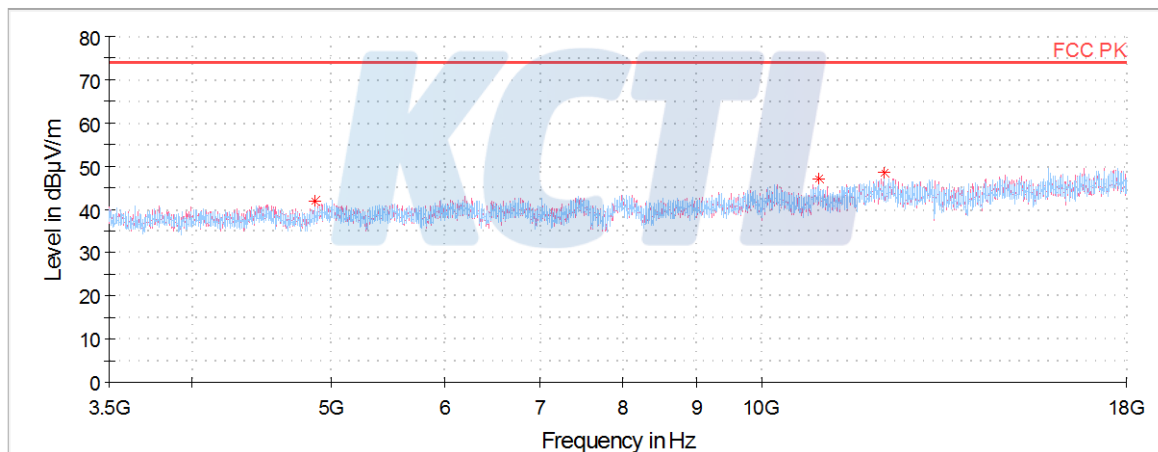
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- 802.11n_HT20

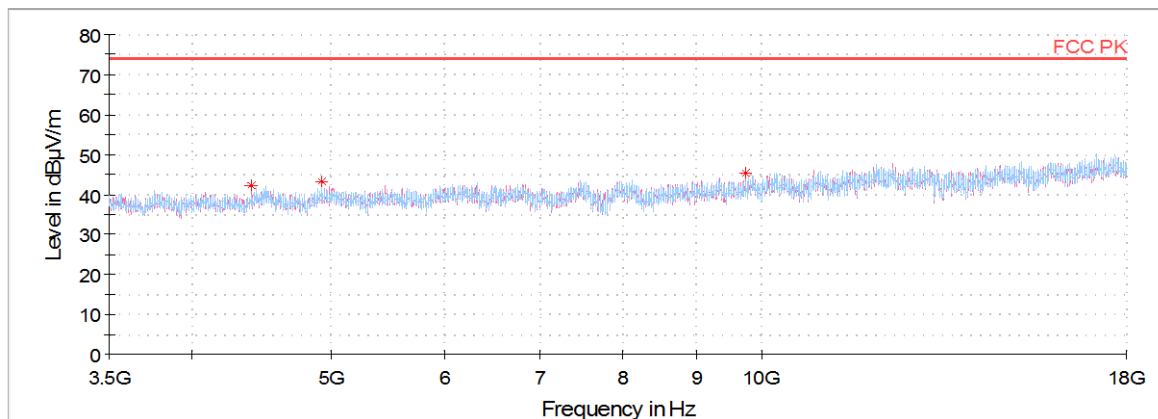
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)



Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)



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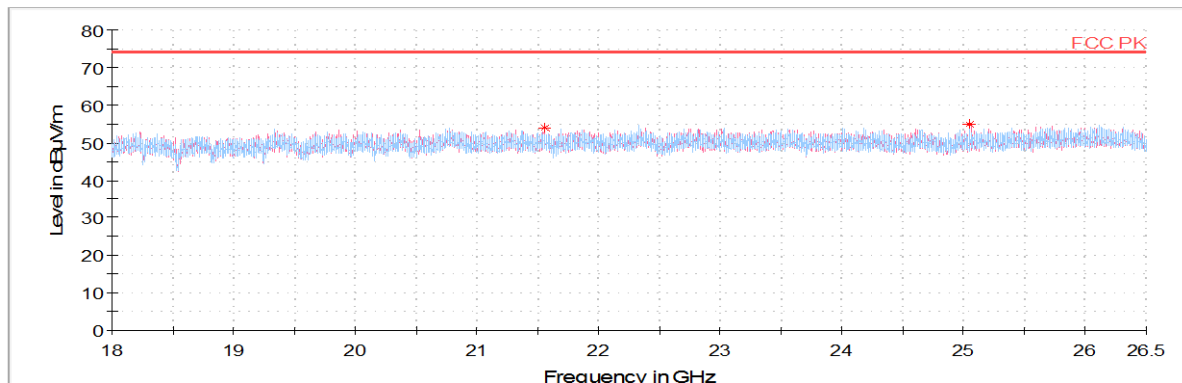
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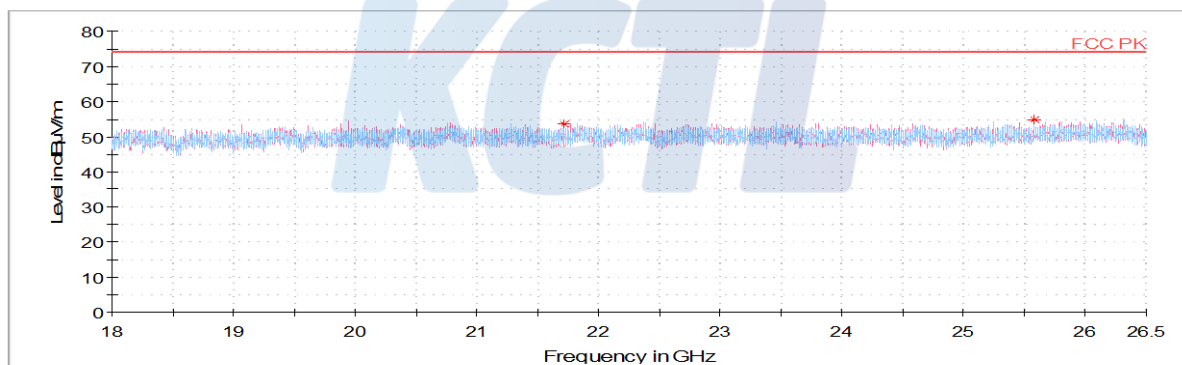
- 18 GHz ~ 26.5 GHz data

- 802.11b

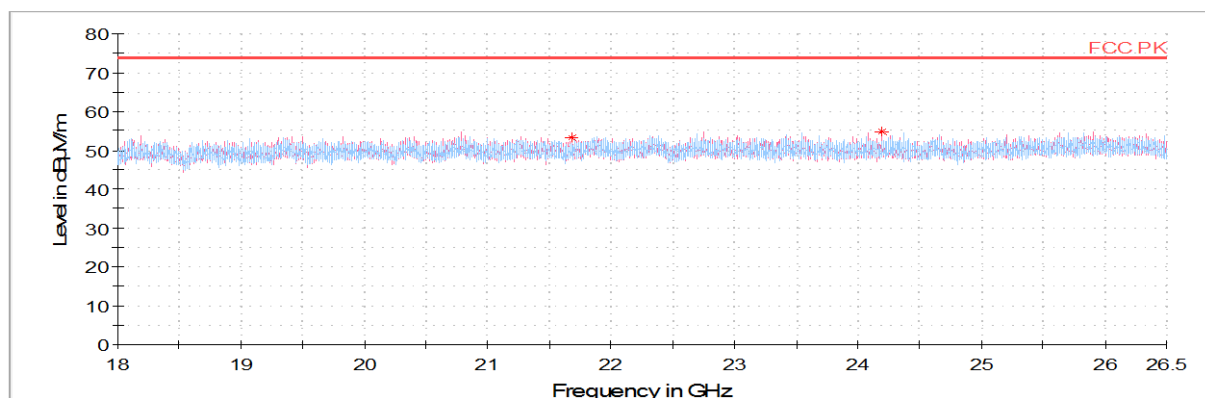
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)



Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)



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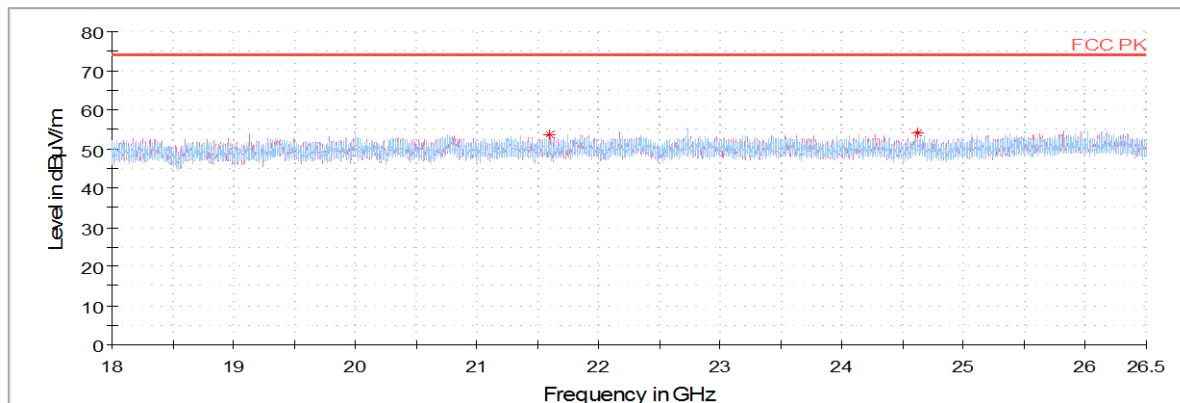
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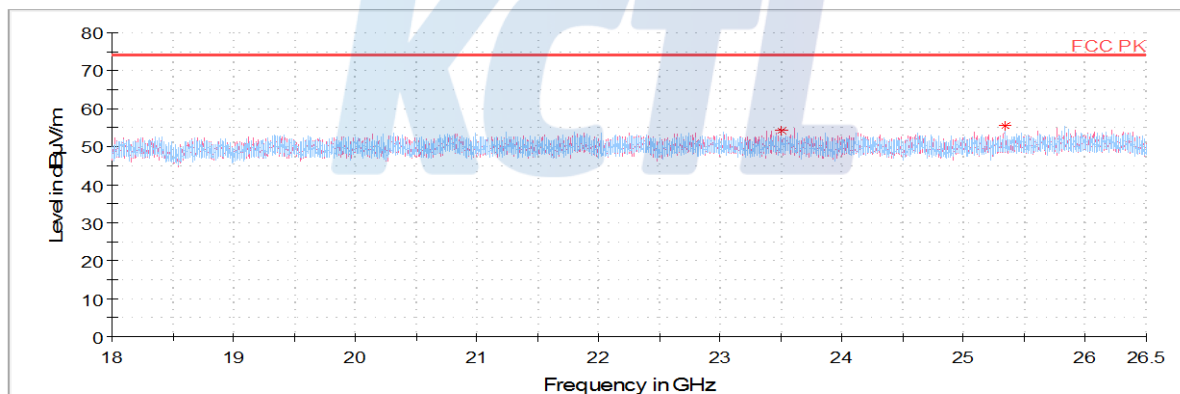
KCTL

- 802.11g

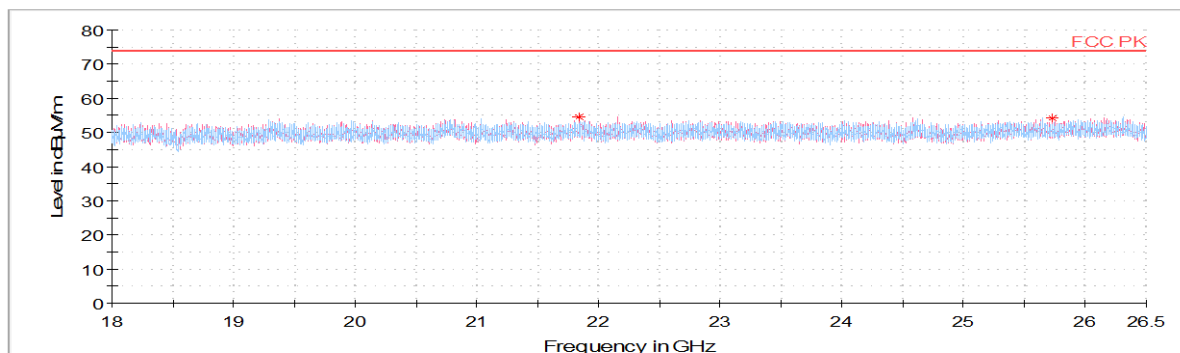
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)



Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)



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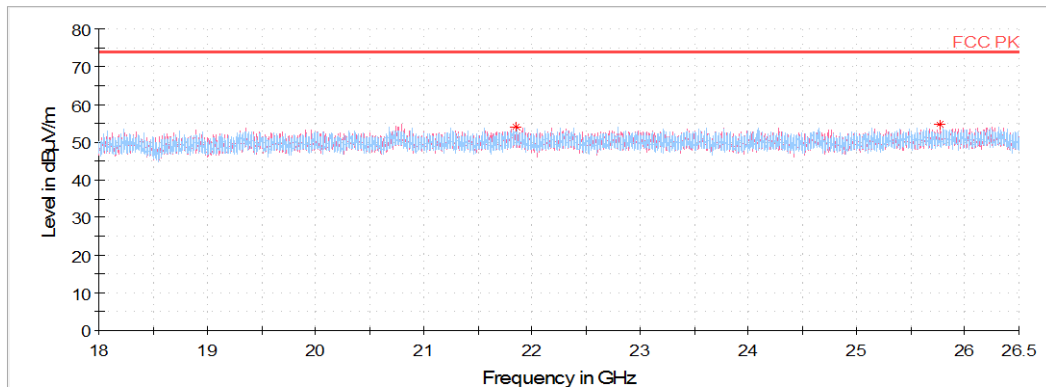
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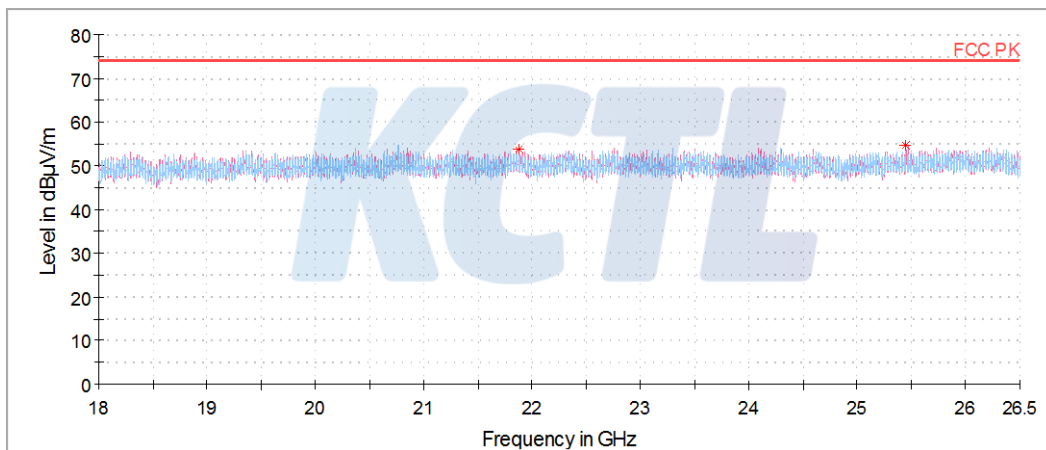
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- 802.11n_HT20

Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)



Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)

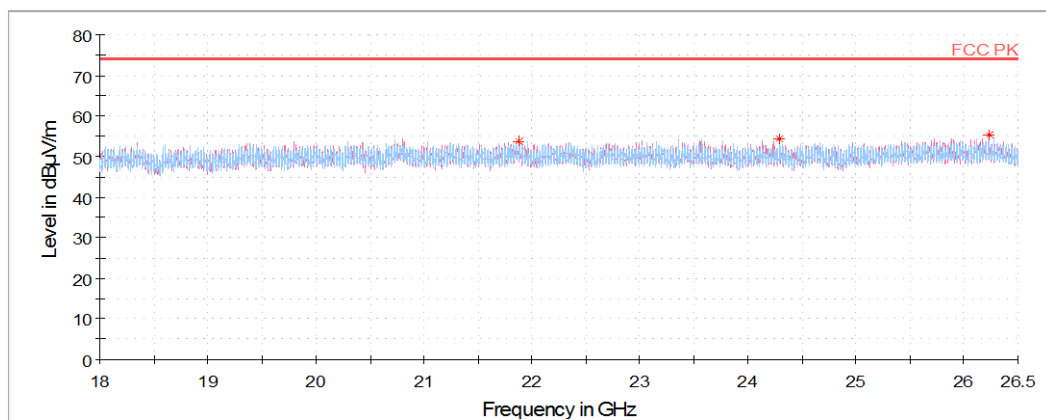
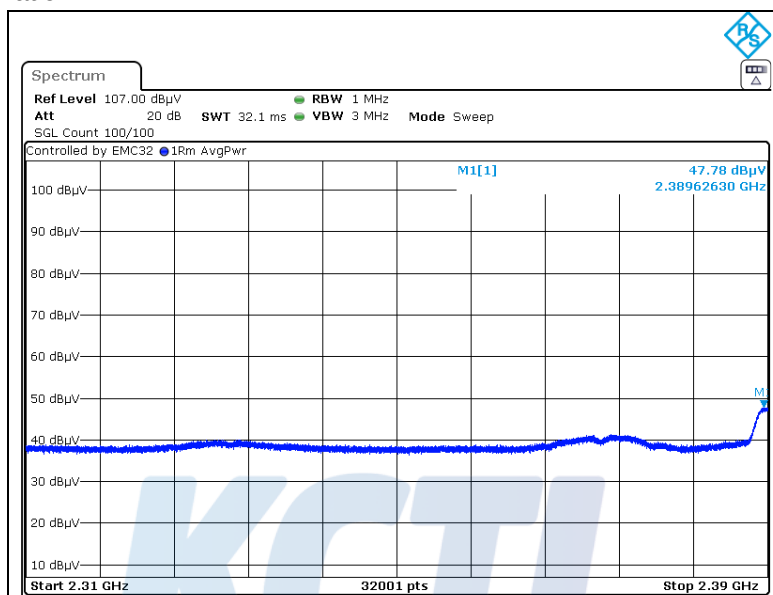


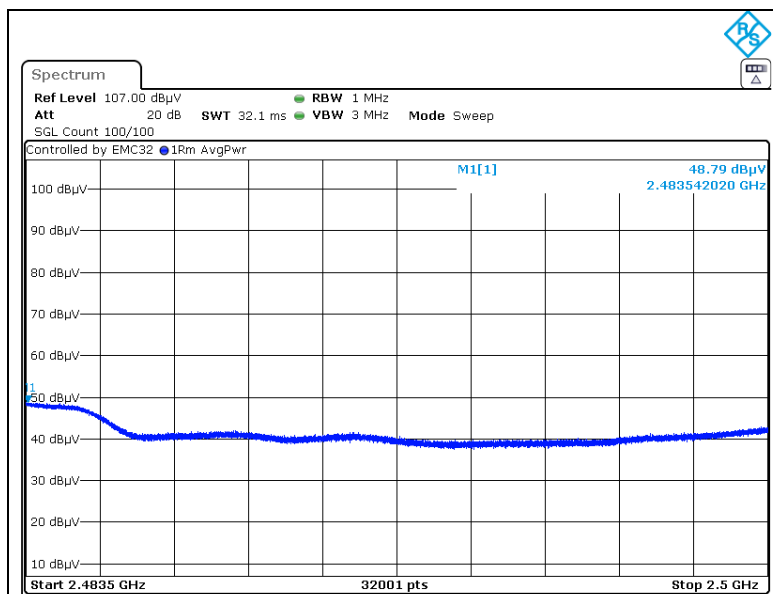
Figure 2. Plot of the average data emissions

- Restricted Bandedge data(Lowest Channel)**- 802.11b**

Worst Antenna polarization : V

**- Restricted Bandedge data(Highest Channel)****- 802.11b**

Worst Antenna polarization : V



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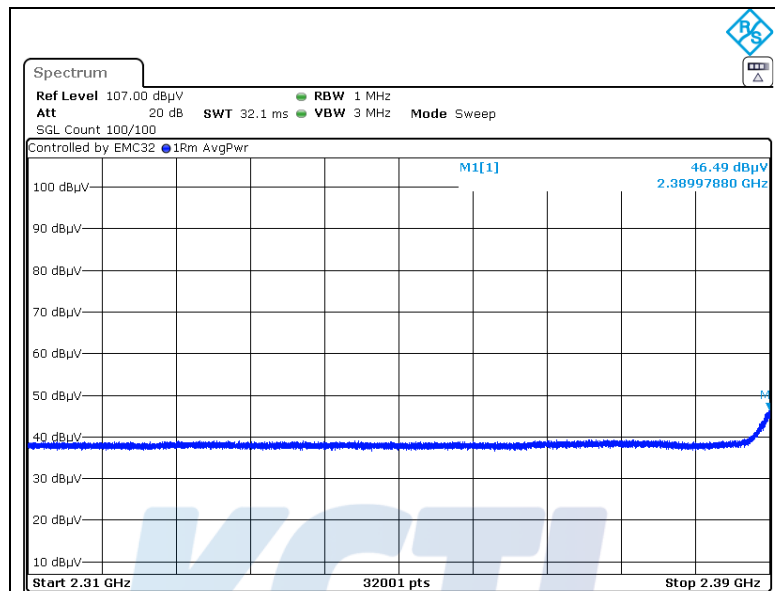
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- Restricted Bandedge data(Lowest Channel)

- 802.11g

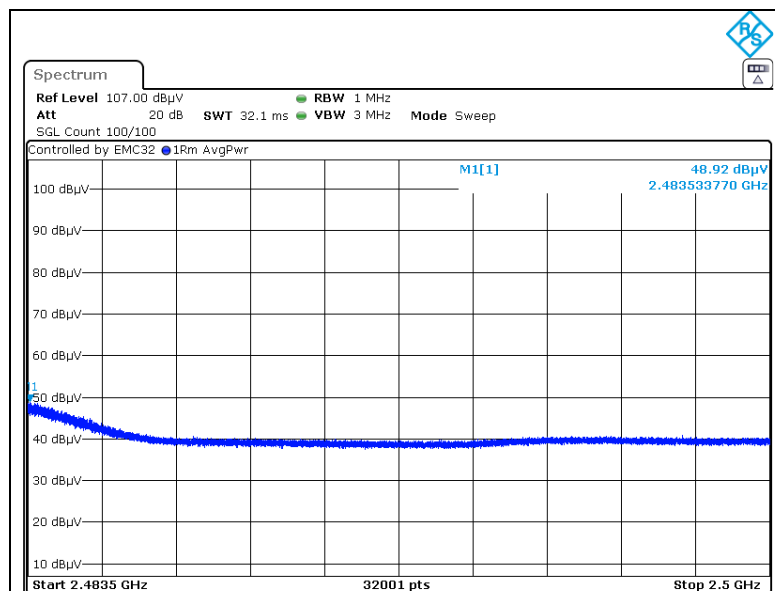
Worst Antenna polarization : V



- Restricted Bandedge data(Highest Channel)

- 802.11g

Worst Antenna polarization : V



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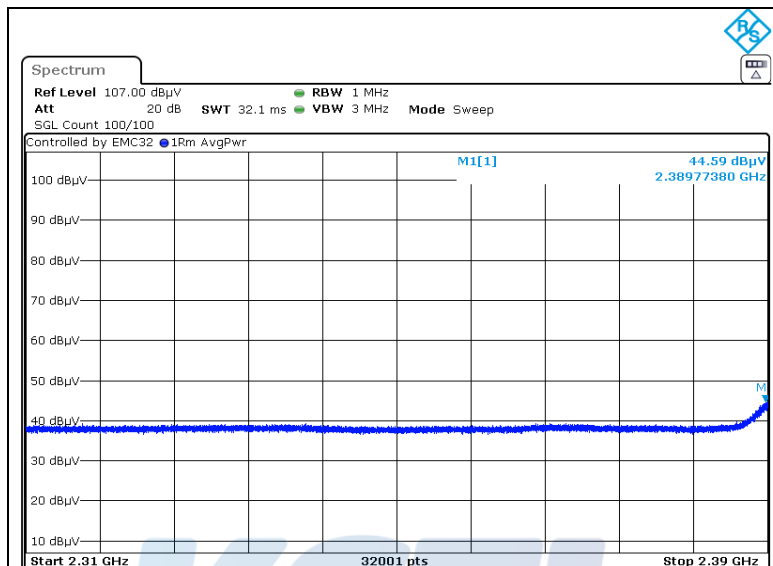
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- Restricted Bandedge data(Lowest Channel)

- 802.11 n_HT20

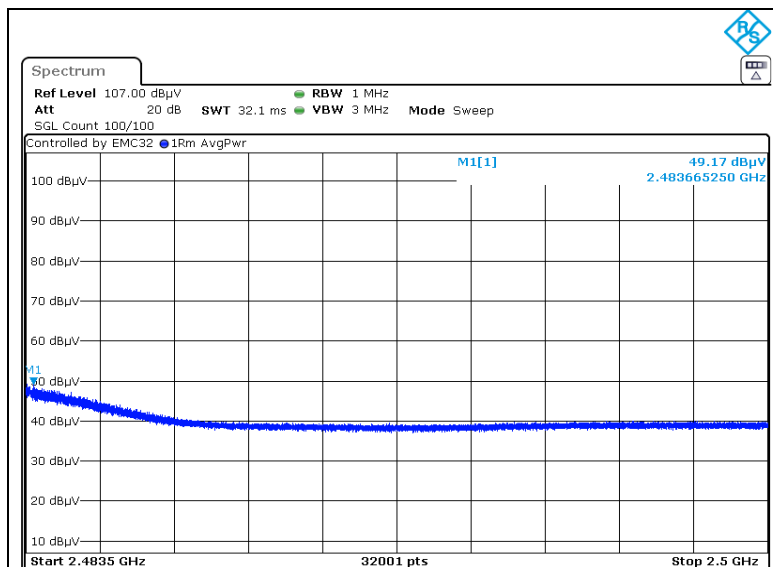
Worst Antenna polarization : V



- Restricted Bandedge data(Highest Channel)

- 802.11 n_HT20

Worst Antenna polarization : V



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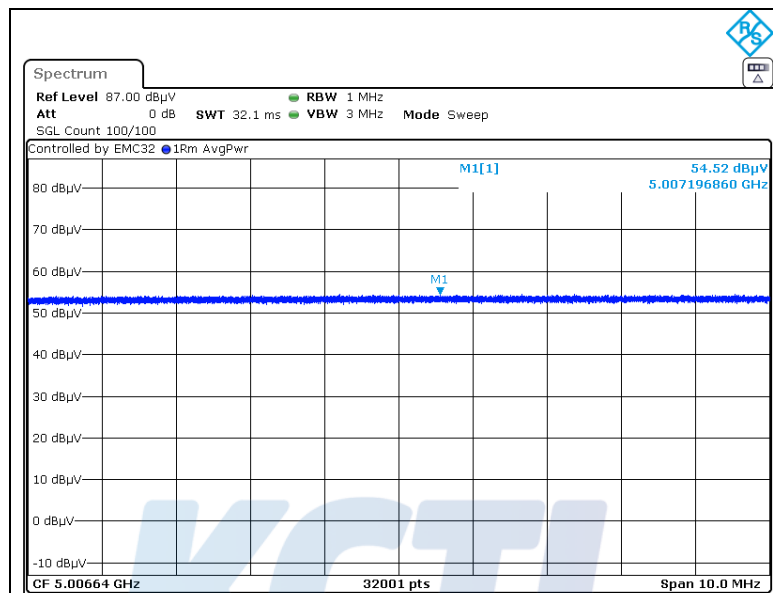
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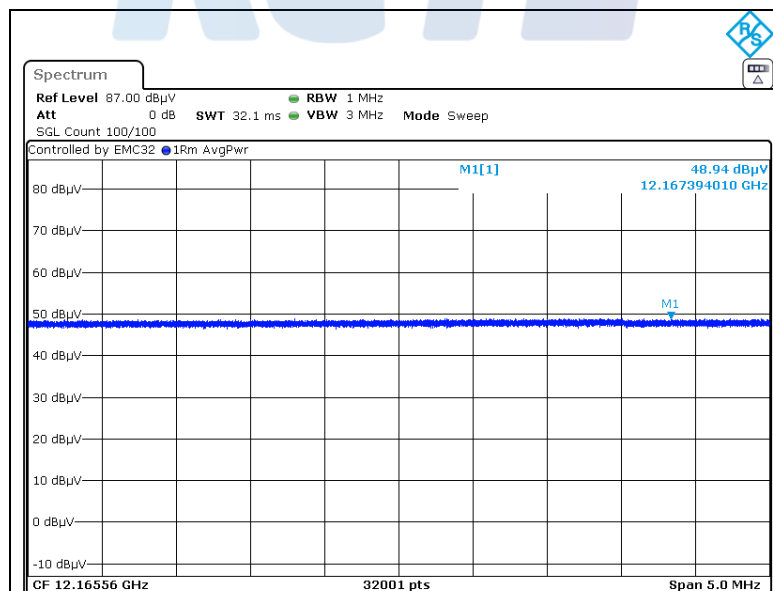
- Average data plots

- 802.11 b_Lowest Channel

Worst Antenna polarization : H



Worst Antenna polarization : V



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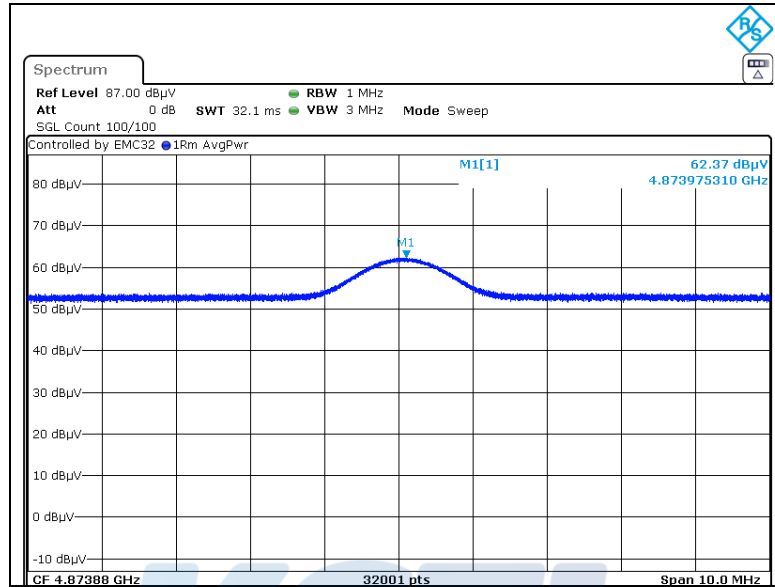
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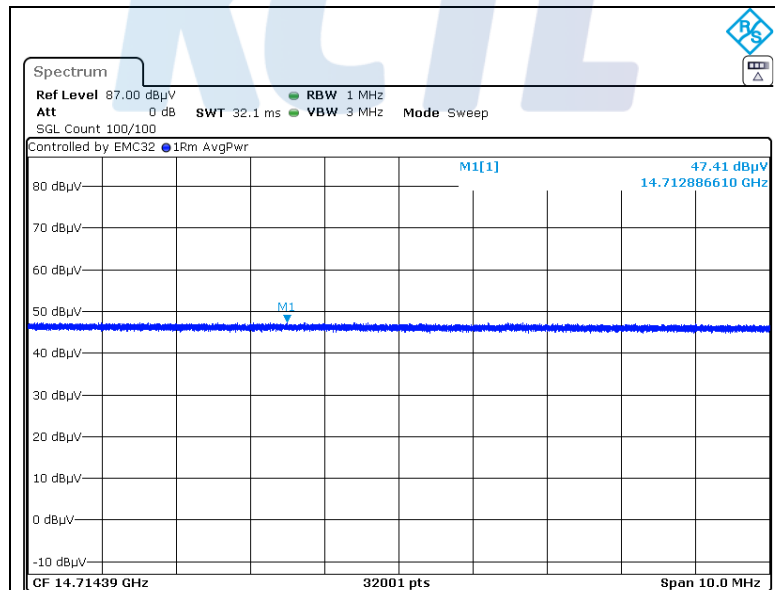


- 802.11 b_Middle Channel

Worst Antenna polarization : H



Worst Antenna polarization : V



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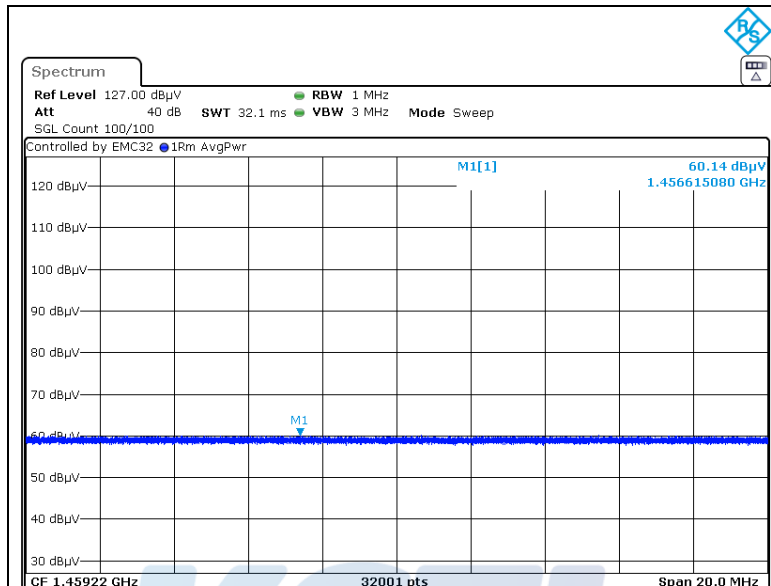
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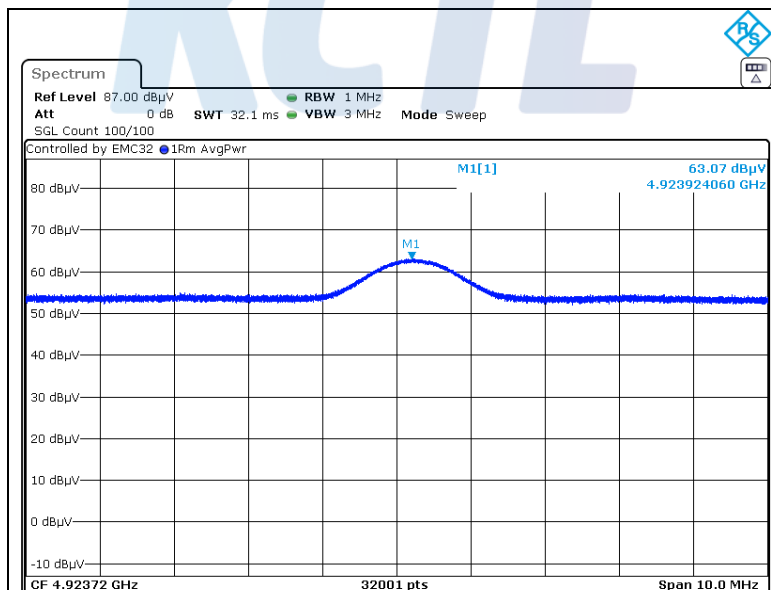
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- 802.11 b_Highest Channel

Worst Antenna polarization : V



Worst Antenna polarization : H



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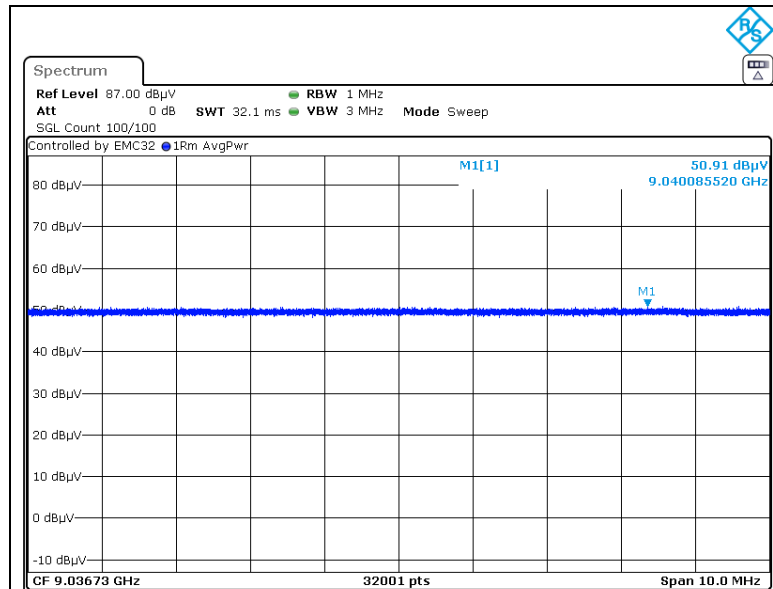
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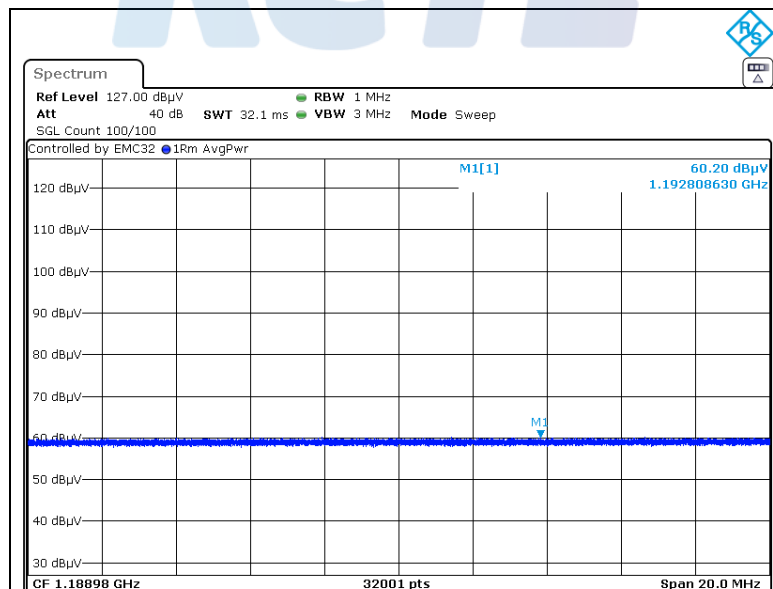
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Worst Antenna polarization : V



- 802.11 g_Lowest Channel

Worst Antenna polarization : V



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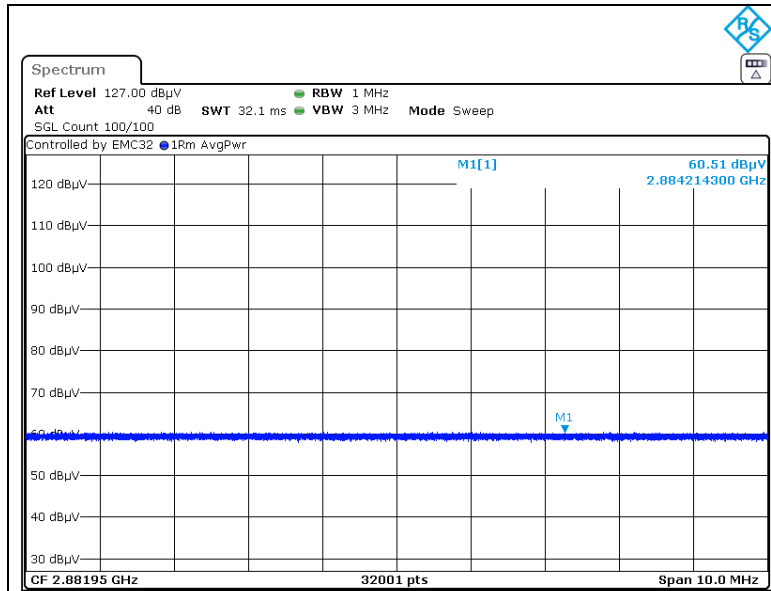
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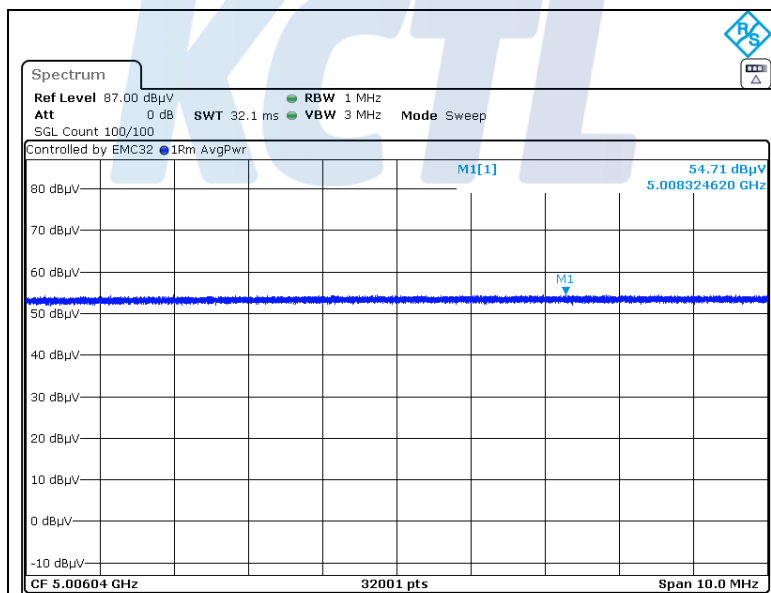
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Worst Antenna polarization : V



Worst Antenna polarization : V



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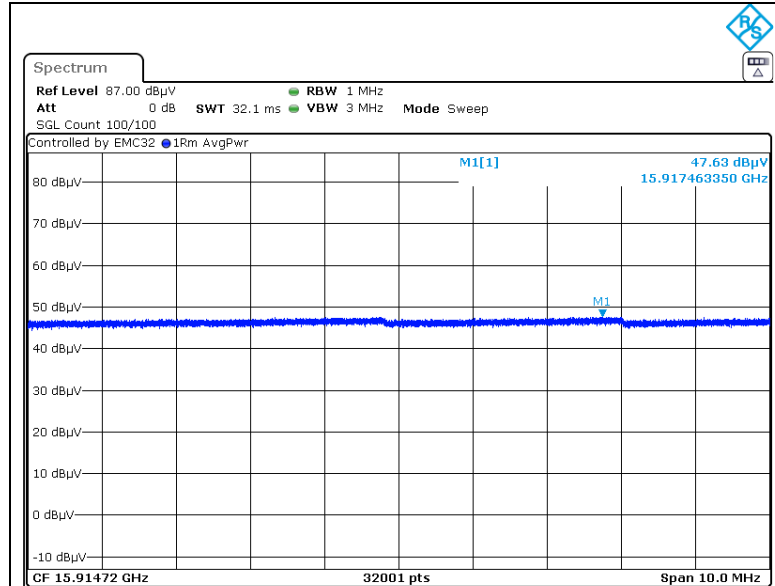
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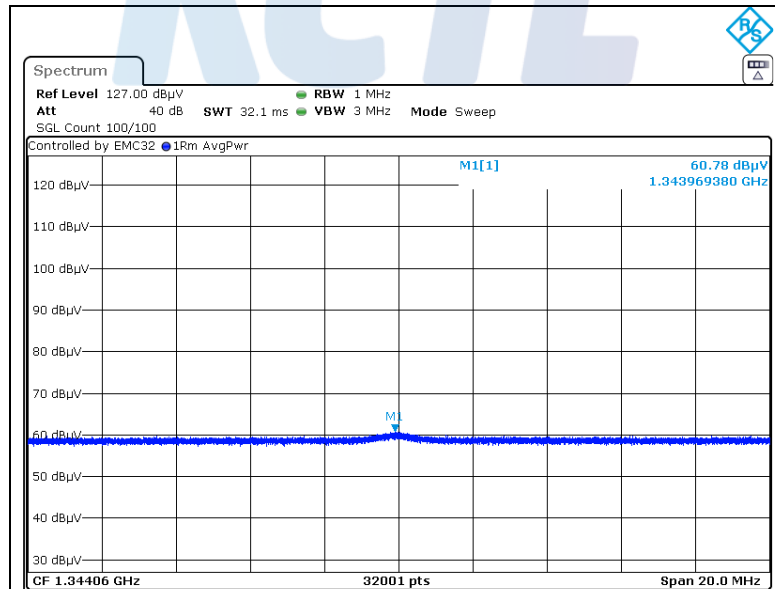


Worst Antenna polarization : V



- 802.11 g_Middle Channel

Worst Antenna polarization : V



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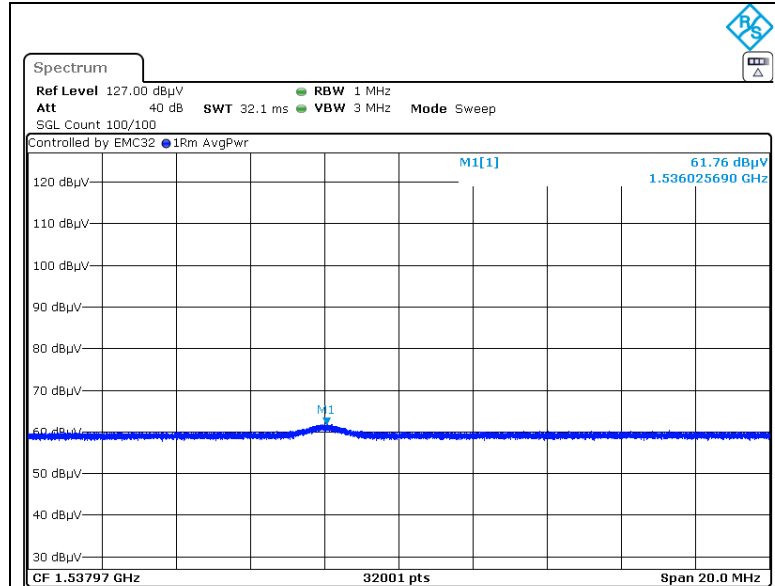
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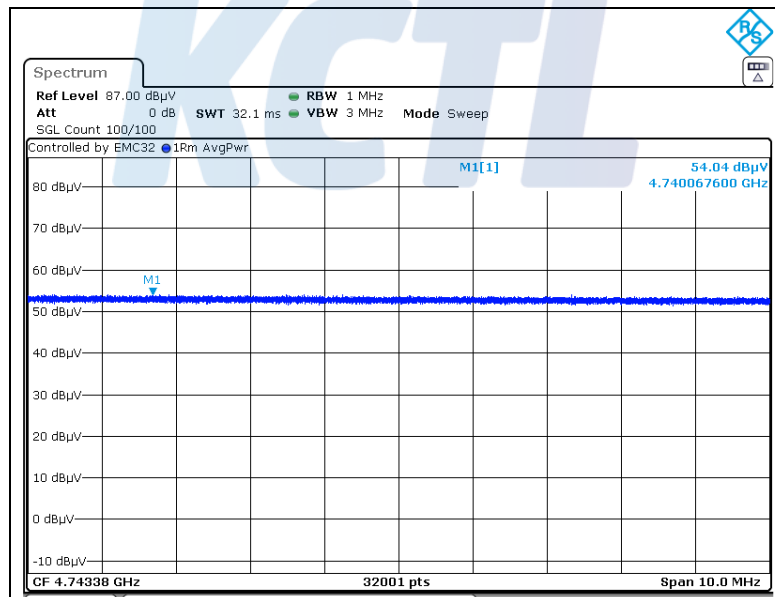
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Worst Antenna polarization : V



Worst Antenna polarization : H



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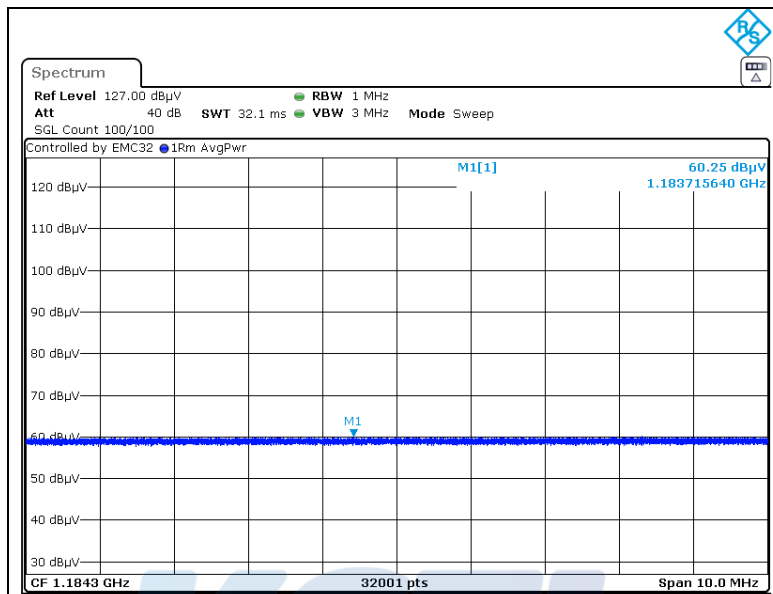
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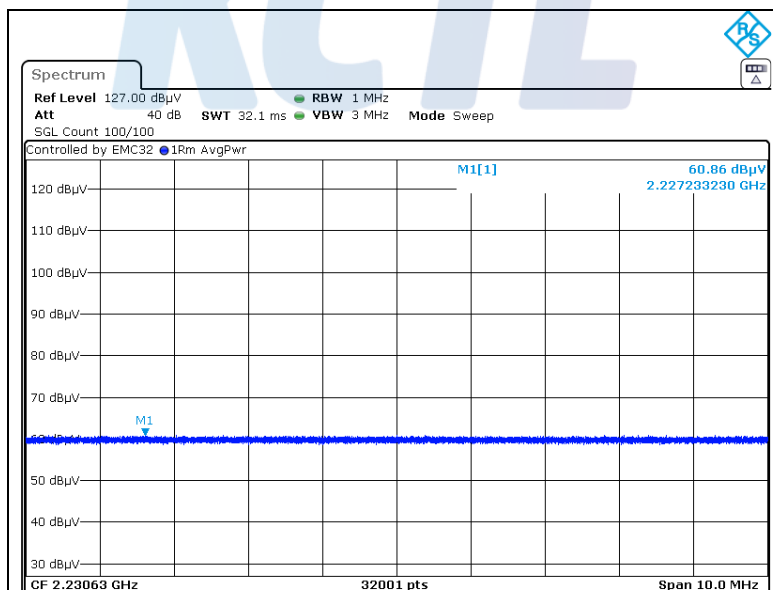
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- 802.11 g_Highest Channel

Worst Antenna polarization : V



Worst Antenna polarization : V



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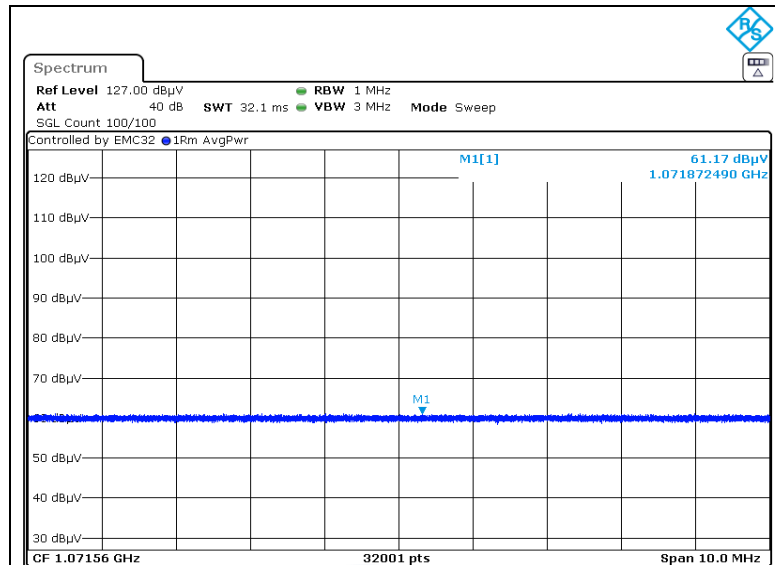
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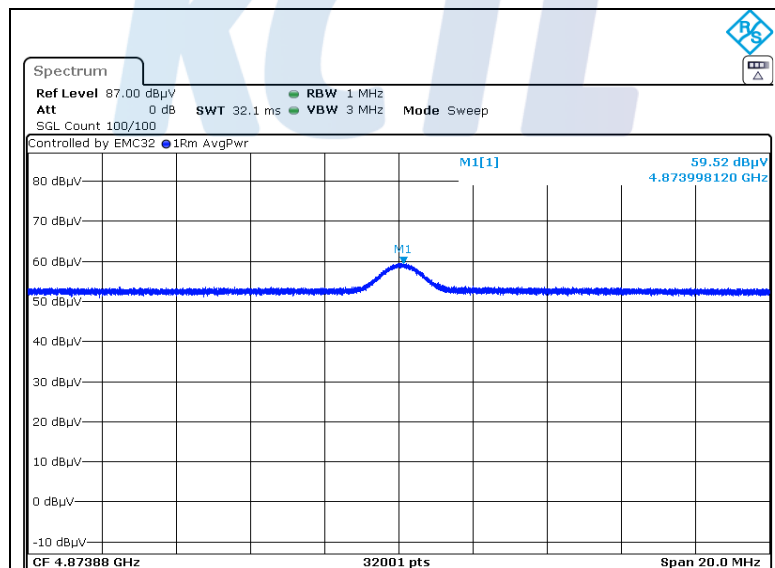
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- 802.11n HT20_Middle Channel

Worst Antenna polarization : V



Worst Antenna polarization : H



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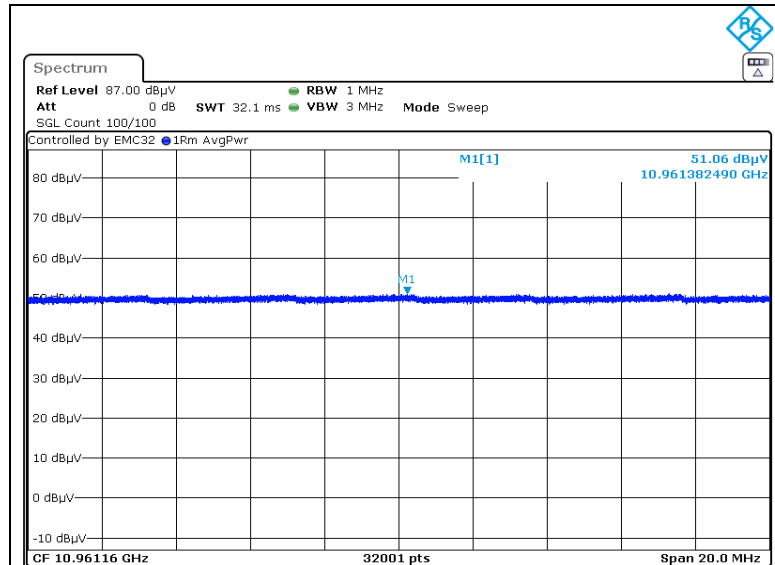
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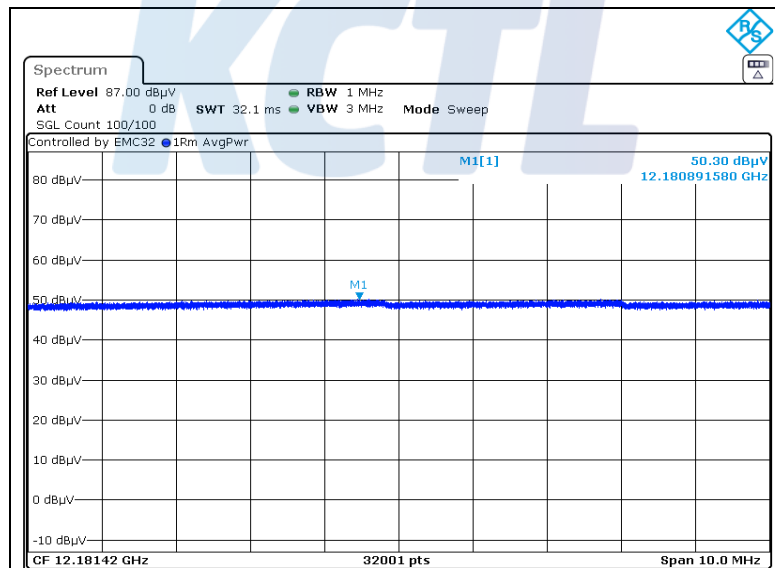
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Worst Antenna polarization : H



Worst Antenna polarization : H



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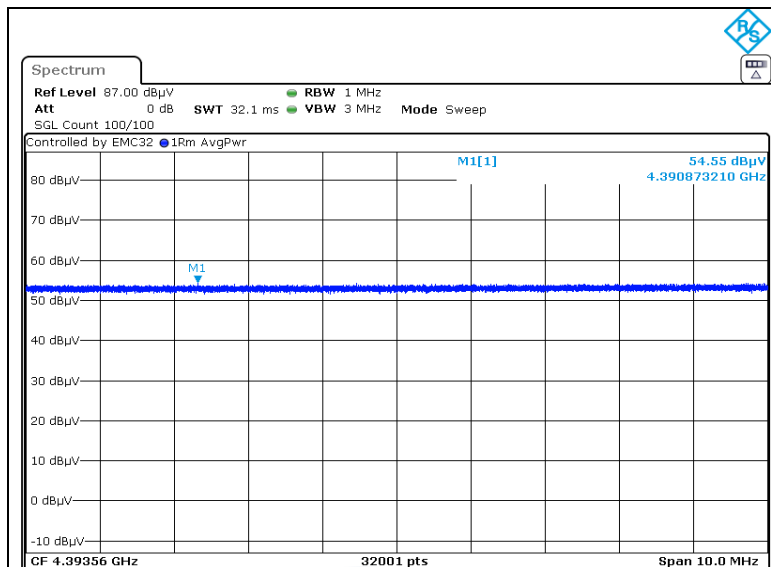
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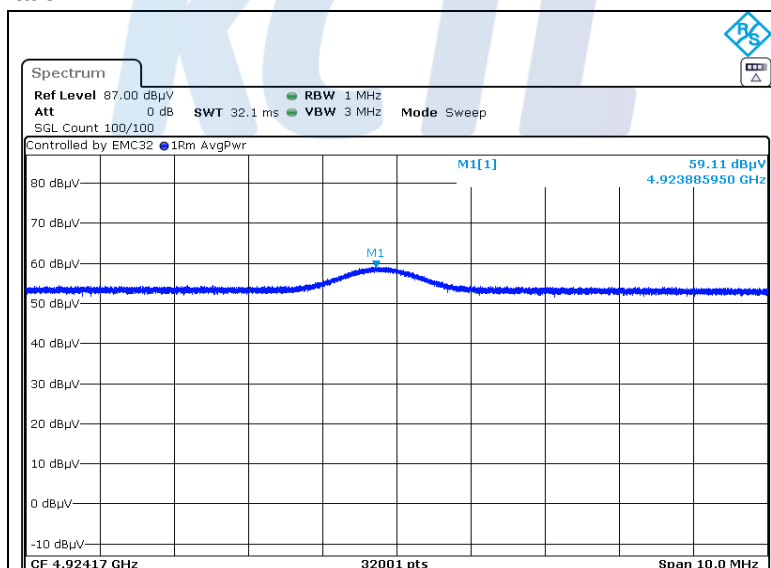
KCTL

- 802.11n HT20_Highest Channel

Worst Antenna polarization : V



Worst Antenna polarization : H



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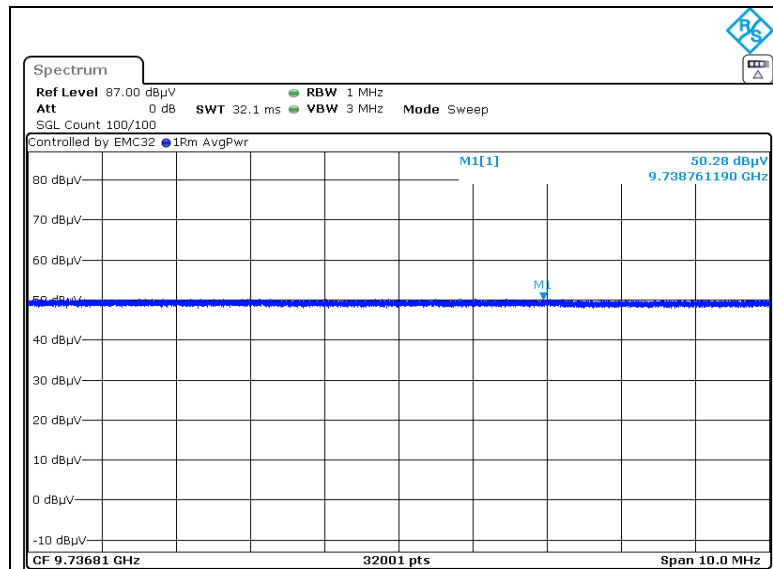
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Worst Antenna polarization : V



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5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Regulation

According to §15.207(a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

According to §15.107(a), for unintentional device, except for Class A digital devices, line conducted emission limits are the same as the above table.

5.6.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1) The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm in which is located 40 cm away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the side wall of the shielded room.
- 2) Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN, which is an input transducer to a Spectrum Analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.
- 3) Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.
- 4) The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz.
- 5) The measurements were made with the detector set to PEAK amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 kHz or to QUASI-PEAK and AVERAGE within a bandwidth of 9 kHz. The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

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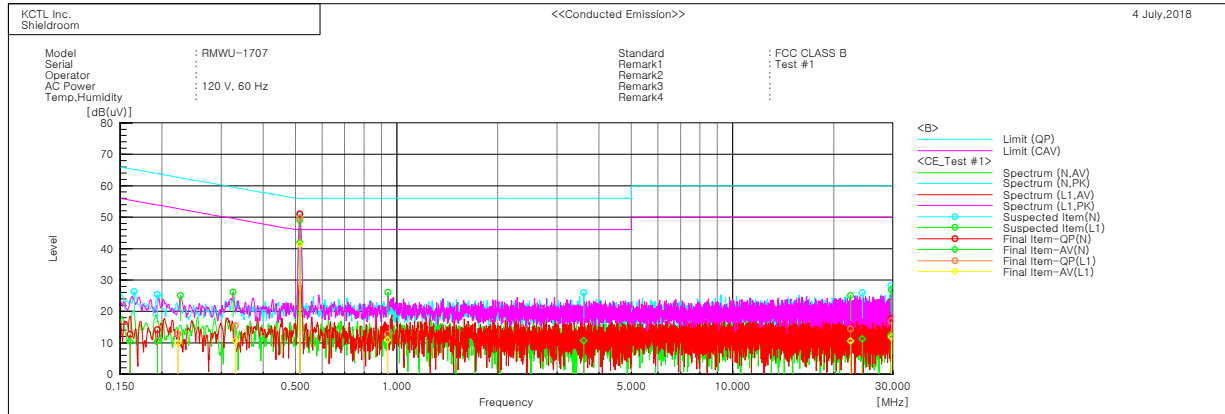
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5.6.3 Test Result

- Complied

Figure 3. plot of Conducted Emission



Final Result

--- N Phase ---									
No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	Reading CAV [dB(uV)]	c.f. [dB]	Result QP [dB(uV)]	Result CAV [dB(uV)]	Limit QP [dB(uV)]	Limit AV [dB(uV)]	Margin QP [dB]
1	0.16074	2.8	0.5	9.9	12.7	10.4	65.4	55.4	52.7
2	0.19393	4.3	0.6	9.9	14.2	10.5	63.9	53.9	49.7
3	0.51437	41.2	32.1	9.9	51.1	42.0	56.0	46.0	4.9
4	3.6009	3.7	0.9	9.7	13.4	10.6	56.0	46.0	42.6
5	24.30625	4.5	1.0	10.2	14.7	11.2	60.0	50.0	45.3
6	29.61208	7.4	2.1	10.4	17.8	12.5	60.0	50.0	42.2

--- L1 Phase ---									
No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	Reading CAV [dB(uV)]	c.f. [dB]	Result QP [dB(uV)]	Result CAV [dB(uV)]	Limit QP [dB(uV)]	Limit AV [dB(uV)]	Margin QP [dB]
1	0.2233	3.1	0.1	9.7	12.8	9.8	62.7	52.7	49.9
2	0.33076	5.7	0.9	9.7	15.4	10.6	59.4	49.4	44.0
3	0.51416	39.7	31.4	9.9	49.6	41.3	56.0	46.0	6.4
4	0.94008	2.9	1.1	9.8	12.7	10.9	56.0	46.0	43.3
5	22.45656	4.3	0.4	10.1	14.4	10.5	60.0	50.0	45.6
6	29.72425	6.6	1.5	10.3	16.9	11.8	60.0	50.0	43.1

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6. Test equipment used for test

	Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Next Cal. Date
■	EMI TEST RECEIVER	R & S	ESCI	100732	18.08.24
■	Spectrum Analyzer	R & S	FSV30	100810	18.08.01
■	Wideband Power Sensor	R & S	NRP-Z81	102398	19.01.31
■	ATTENUATOR	R & S	DNF Dämpfungsglied 10 dB in N-50 Ohm	31212	19.05.14
■	Bilog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	440	18.08.05
■	COAXIAL FIXED ATTENUATOR	AGILENT	8491A	MY52461848	18.08.05
■	Amplifier	SONOMA INSTRUMENT	310N	186280	19.04.05
■	Amplifier	SONOMA INSTRUMENT	310N	284608	18.08.24
■	LOOP Antenna	R & S	HFH2-Z2	892665/035	19.01.25
■	Horn antenna	ETS.lindgren	3117	161225	19.05.18
■	Horn antenna	ETS.lindgren	3116	00086632	19.04.20
■	AMPLIFIER	L-3 Narda-MITEQ	AMF-7D- 01001800-22-10P	2003683	19.05.15
■	AMPLIFIER	L-3 Narda-MITEQ	JS44-18004000 -33-8P	2000997	19.08.02
■	Highpass Filter	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	WHKX1.0/ 1.5S-10SS	14	19.01.31
■	Antenna Mast	MATURO	AM4.0	079/3440509	-
■	Antenna Mast	Innco Systems	MA4000-EP	303	-
■	Turn Table	MATURO	CO2000-SOFT	-	-
■	Turn Table	Innco Systems	DT2000S-1t	79	-
■	TWO-LINE V-NETWORK	R&S	ENV216	101352	19.05.24