

1. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

1.1 Standard Applicable

According to § 1.1307(b)(1), system operating under the provisions of this section shall be operating in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure.

(a) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Times E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500	/	/	F/300	6
1500-100000	/	/	5	6

(b) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Times E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	F/1500	30
1500-100000	/	/	1	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz: * = Plane-wave equivalents power density

1.2 MPE Calculation Method

$$S = (30 \cdot P \cdot G) / (377 \cdot R^2)$$

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g., mw/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mw)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor is normally numeric gain.

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., cm)

1.3 MPE Calculation Result

Model No.: Wireless Smart Audio Module

FCC ID: 2ANOG-A76D

Device category: Mobile device

Wi-Fi (2.4G)

Maximum peak output power: 16.40 (dBm)

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal: 43.65(mW)

Prediction distance: >20(cm)

Prediction frequency: 2437 (MHz)

Antenna gain: 2.46 (dBi)

Directional gain: 1.76 (numeric)

The worst case is power density at prediction frequency at 20cm: 0.0153(mw/cm²)

MPE limit for general population exposure at prediction frequency: 1 (mw/cm²)

$$0.0153(\text{mw}/\text{cm}^2) < 1 (\text{mw}/\text{cm}^2)$$

Wi-Fi (5G)

Maximum peak output power: 11.63 (dBm)

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal: 14.55(mW)

Prediction distance: >20(cm)

Prediction frequency: 5240 (MHz)

Antenna gain: 4.64 (dBi)

Directional gain: 2.91 (numeric)

The worst case is power density at prediction frequency at 20cm: 0.0084(mw/cm²)

MPE limit for general population exposure at prediction frequency: 1 (mw/cm²)

$$0.0084(\text{mw}/\text{cm}^2) < 1 (\text{mw}/\text{cm}^2)$$

Bluetooth

Maximum peak output power: 4.965 (dBm)

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal: 3.14(mW)

Prediction distance: >20(cm)

Prediction frequency: 2402 (MHz)

Antenna gain: 2.46 (dBi)

Directional gain: 1.76 (numeric)

The worst case is power density at prediction frequency at 20cm: 0.0011(mw/cm²)

MPE limit for general population exposure at prediction frequency: 1 (mw/cm²)

$$0.0011(\text{mw}/\text{cm}^2) < 1 (\text{mw}/\text{cm}^2)$$

Bluetooth and Wi-Fi cannot transmit at the same time. So the transmitter complies with the RF exposure requirements and the SAR is not required.