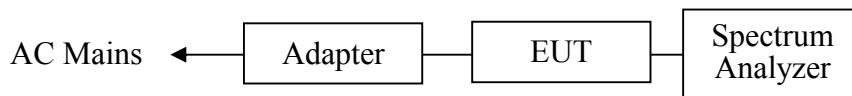


7. 6dB Bandwidth Test

7.1. Test Equipment

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	PXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY51380221	Jun.30,19	1 Year
2.	Attenuator	Agilent	8491B	MY39262165	Oct.14,18	1 Year
3.	RF Cable	EMCI	EMC102-KM-KM 3500	170702	May.13,19	1 Year

7.2. Block Diagram of Test Setup



7.3. Limit

For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz

7.4. Test Procedure

Use the test method described in ANSI C63.10 Section 11.8.2:

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described in 11.8.1 (i.e., $RBW = 100$ kHz, $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be ≥ 6 dB.

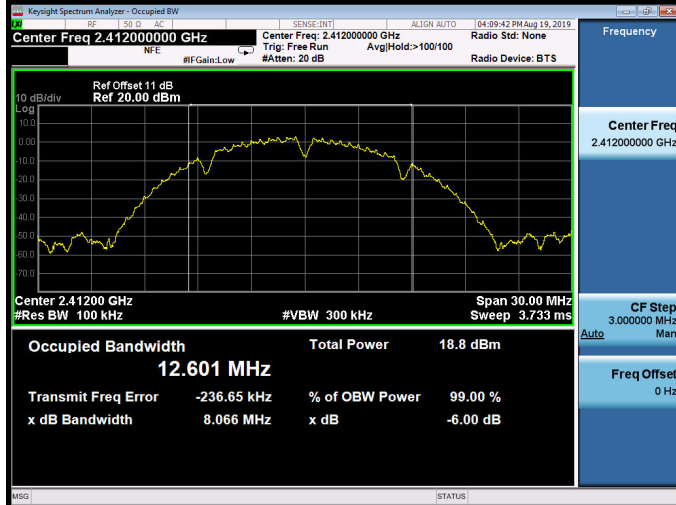
7.5.Test Results

EUT: COSMO		
M/N: COSMO COMMUNICATOR		
Test date: 2019-08-19	Pressure: 102.3±1.0 kpa	Humidity: 53.6±3.0%
Tested by: Garry	Test site: RF site	Temperature:25.5±0.6 °C

Test Mode	CH	-6dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (KHz)
11b	CH1	8.066	≥ 500
	CH6	8.114	
	CH11	8.523	
11g	CH1	15.29	≥ 500
	CH6	15.67	
	CH11	13.20	
11n HT20	CH1	14.17	≥ 500
	CH6	16.34	
	CH11	13.83	
11n HT40	CH3	35.30	≥ 500
	CH6	26.91	
	CH9	17.50	
Conclusion : PASS			

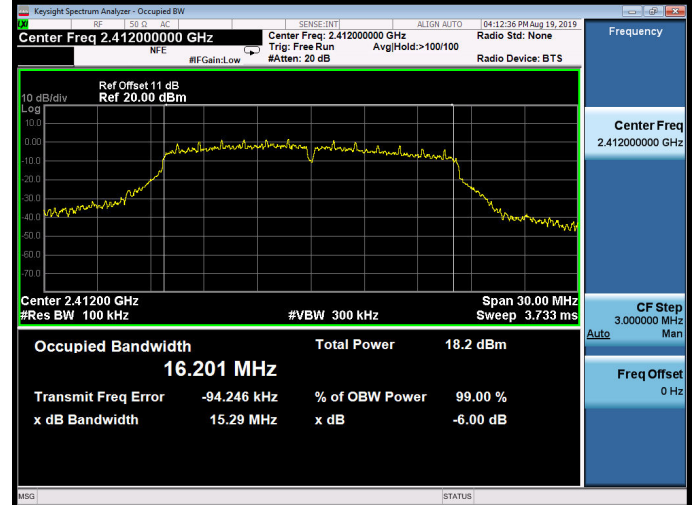
Test Mode: IEEE 802.11b

Test CH1: 2412MHz



Test Mode: IEEE 802.11g

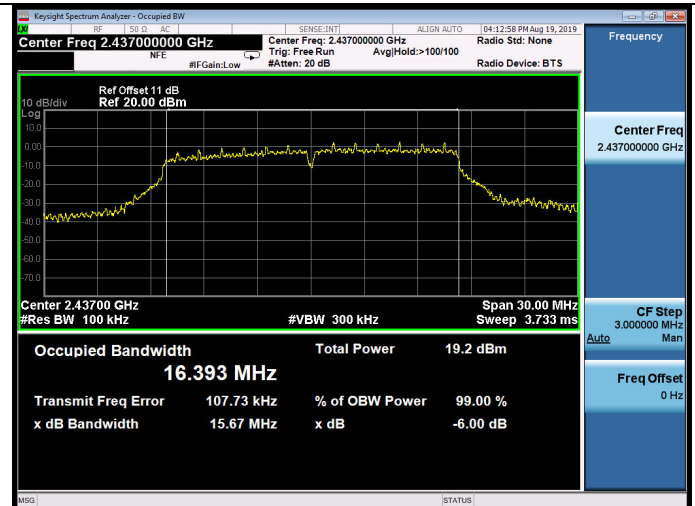
Test CH1: 2412MHz



Test CH6: 2437MHz



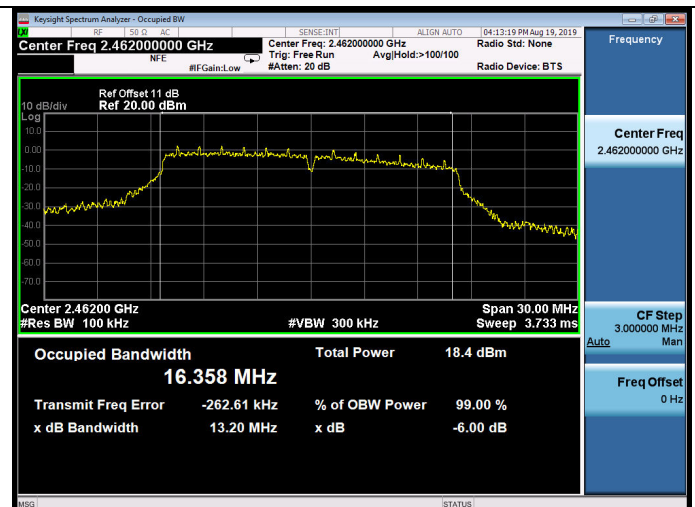
Test CH6: 2437MHz



Test CH11: 2462MHz

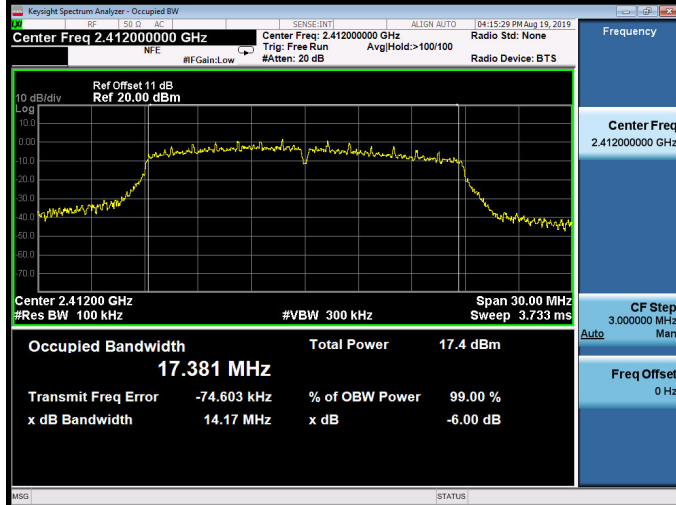


Test CH11: 2462MHz



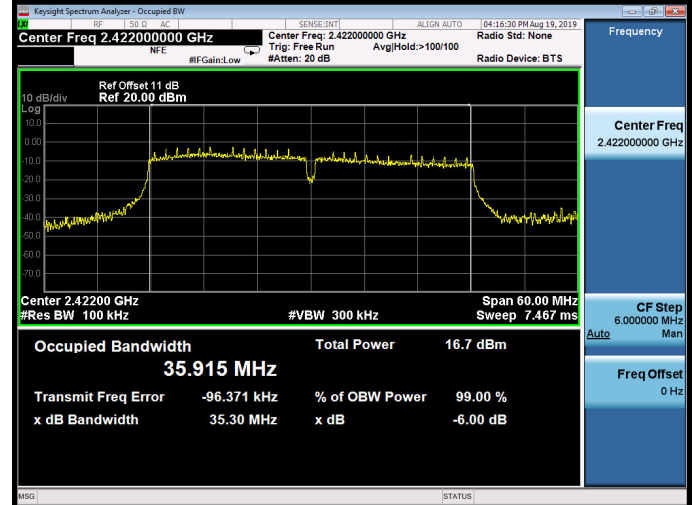
Test Mode: IEEE 802.11n HT20

Test CH1: 2412MHz

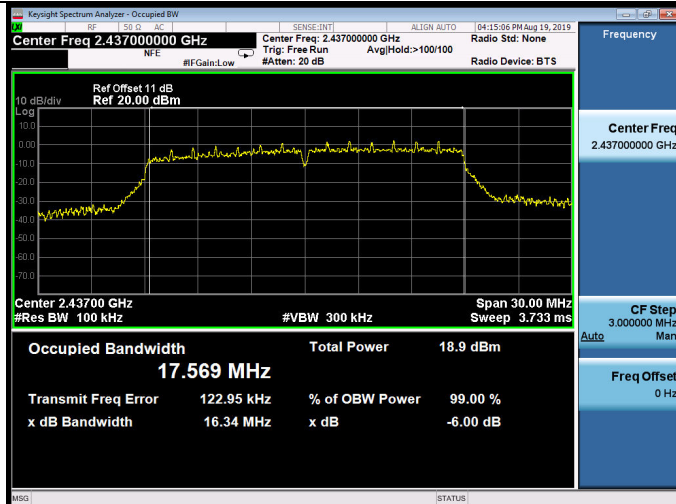


Test Mode: IEEE 802.11n HT40

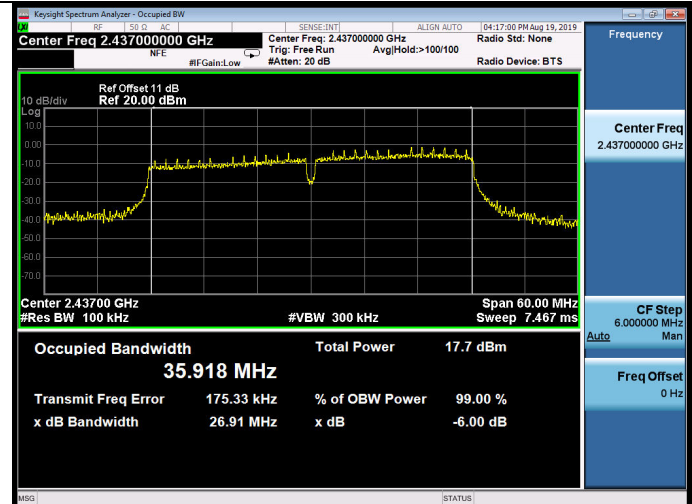
Test CH3: 2422MHz



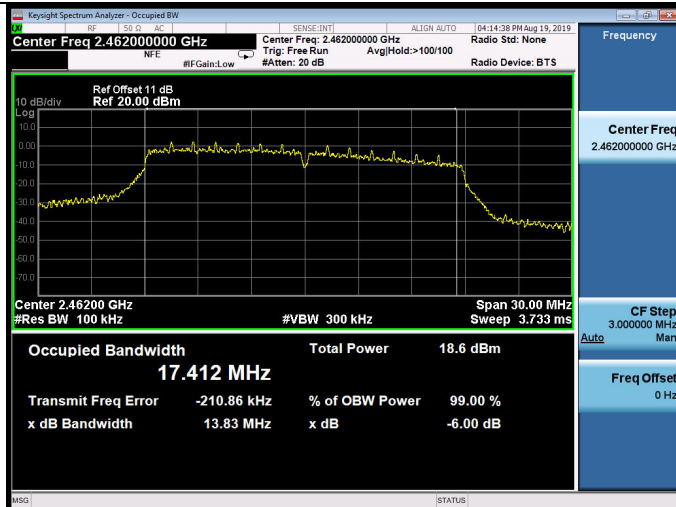
Test CH6: 2437MHz



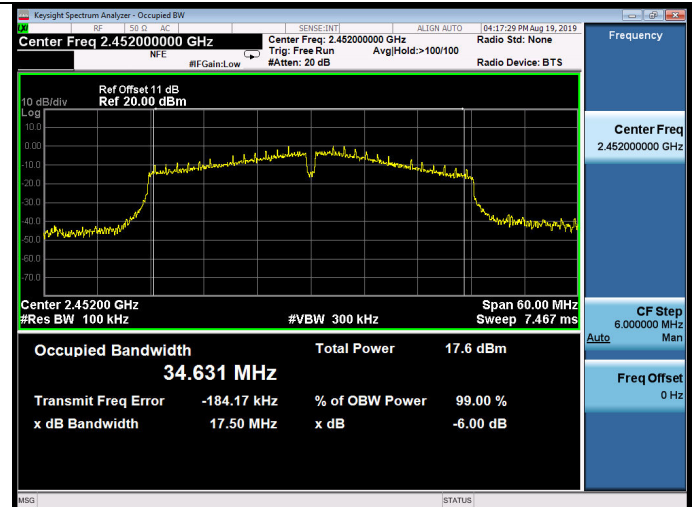
Test CH6: 2437MHz



Test CH11: 2462MHz



Test CH9: 2452MHz



8. OUTPUT POWER TEST

8.1. Test Equipment

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	PXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY51380221	Jun.30,19	1 Year
2.	Power meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00002472	Oct.14,18	1 Year
3.	Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	033005	Oct.13,18	1 Year
4.	Attenuator	Agilent	8491B	MY39262165	Oct.14,18	1 Year
5.	RF Cable	EMCI	EMC102-KM-KM 3500	170702	May.13,19	1 Year

8.2. Limit (FCC Part 15C 15.247 b(3))

For systems using digital modulation in the 2400—2483.5MHz, The Peak output Power shall not exceed 1W(30dBm), As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level.

8.3. Test Procedure

- 1, Connected the EUT's antenna port to Spectrum Analyzer.
- 2, Use the test method described in ANSI C63.10 clause 11.9.2.2.2:
 - 1) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
 - 2) Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
 - 3) Set VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
 - 4) Number of points in sweep $\geq [2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}]$. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing $\leq \text{RBW} / 2$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.).
 - 5) Sweep time = auto.
 - 6) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
 - 7) If transmit duty cycle $< 98\%$, use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. The transmitter shall operate at the maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no OFF intervals) or at duty cycle $\geq 98\%$, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to “free run.”.
 - 8) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.
 - 9) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function, with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

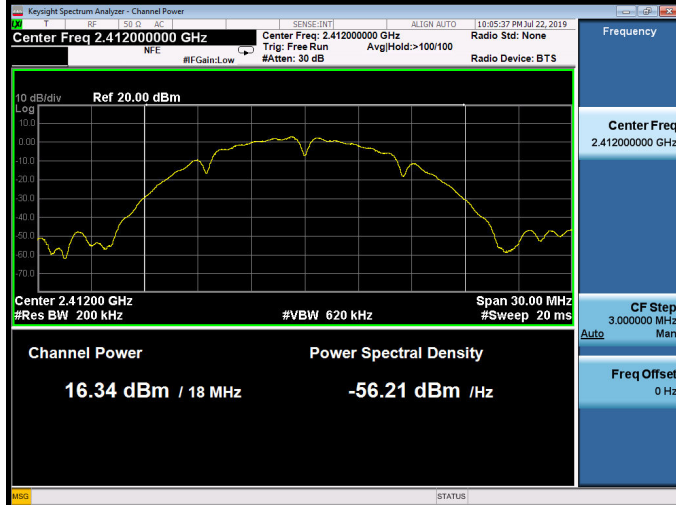
Note: The cable loss and attenuator loss were offset into measure device as an amplitude offset.

8.4. Test Results

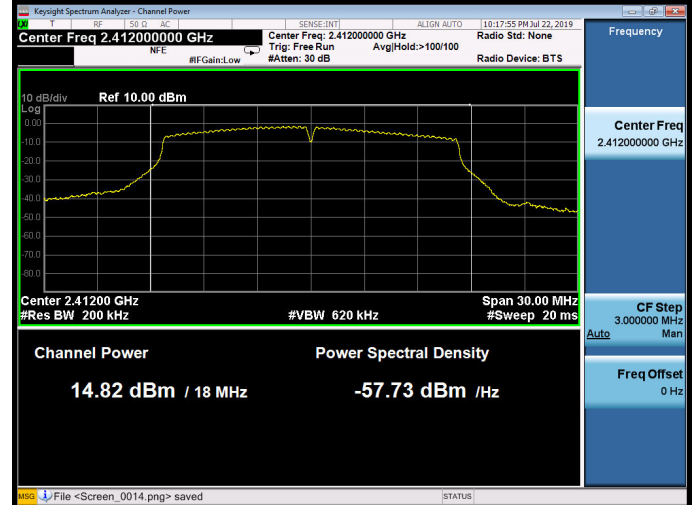
EUT: COSMO		
M/N: COSMO COMMUNICATOR		
Test date: 2019-07-22	Pressure: 102.1±1.0 kpa	Humidity: 51.1±3.0%
Tested by: Garry	Test site: RF site	Temperature: 22.8±0.6 °C

Test Mode	CH	Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
11b	CH1	16.34	30
	CH6	16.69	
	CH11	15.99	
11g	CH1	14.82	30
	CH6	15.46	
	CH11	14.69	
11n HT20	CH1	14.75	30
	CH6	15.35	
	CH11	14.63	
11n HT40	CH3	14.78	30
	CH6	15.15	
	CH9	15.20	
Conclusion : PASS			

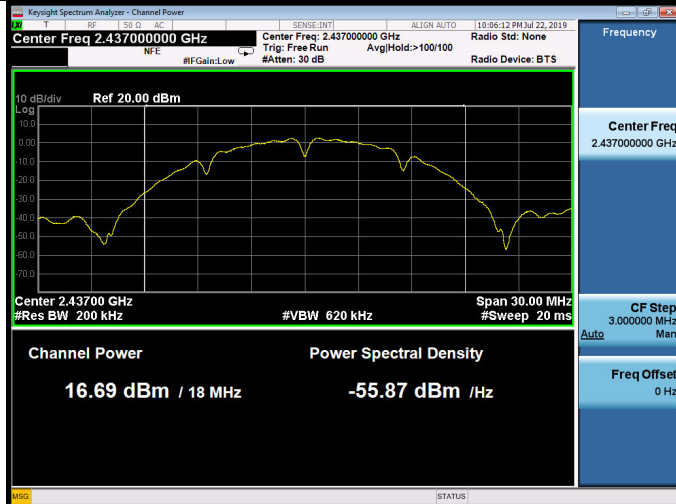
Test Mode: IEEE 802.11b
Test CH1: 2412MHz



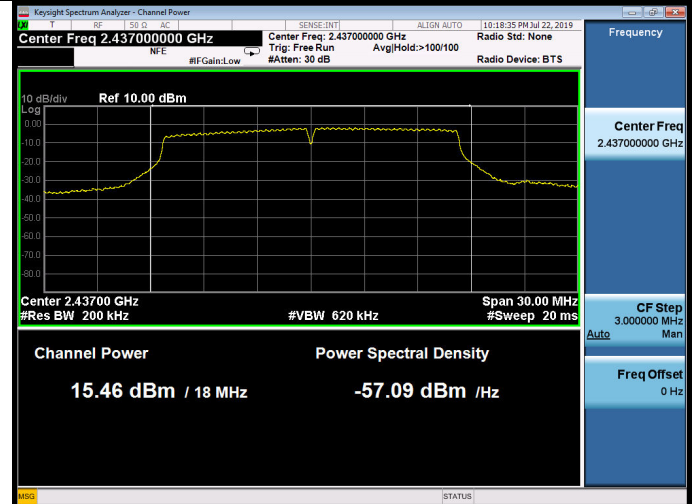
Test Mode: IEEE 802.11g
Test CH1: 2412MHz



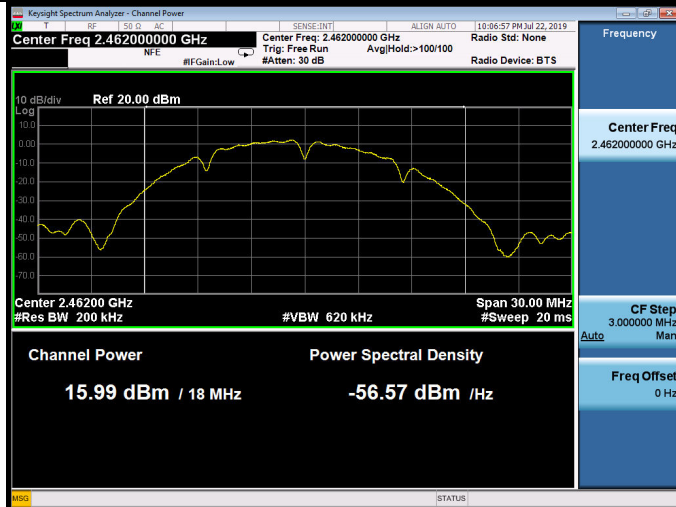
Test CH6: 2437MHz



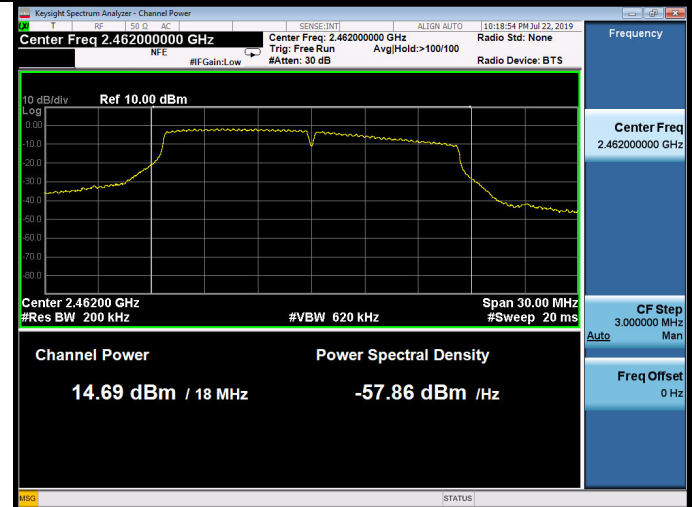
Test CH6: 2437MHz



Test CH11: 2462MHz

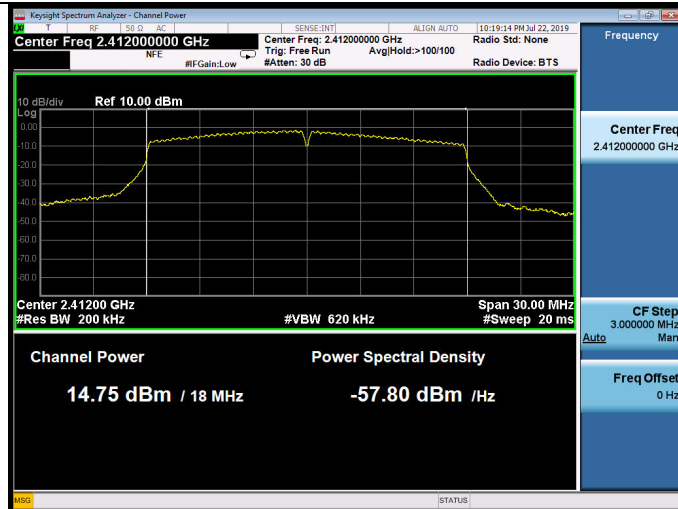


Test CH11: 2462MHz



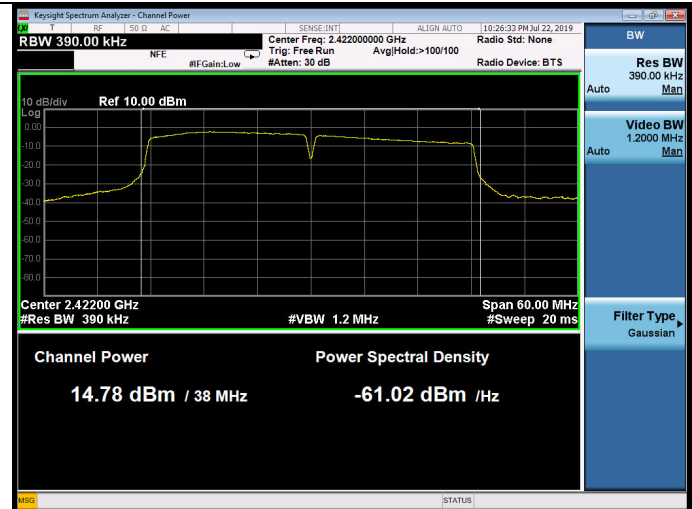
Test Mode: IEEE 802.11n HT20

Test CH1: 2412MHz

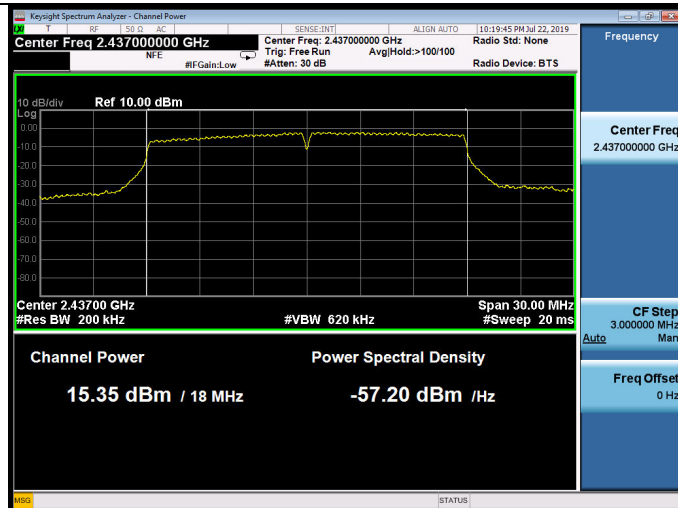


Test Mode: IEEE 802.11n HT40

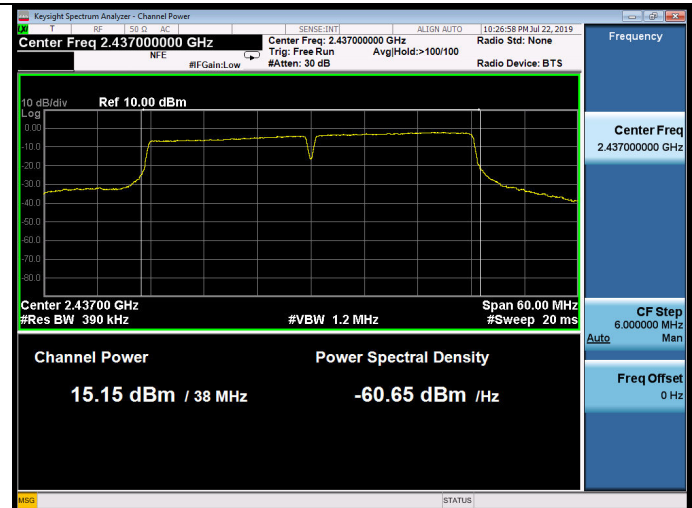
Test CH3: 2422MHz



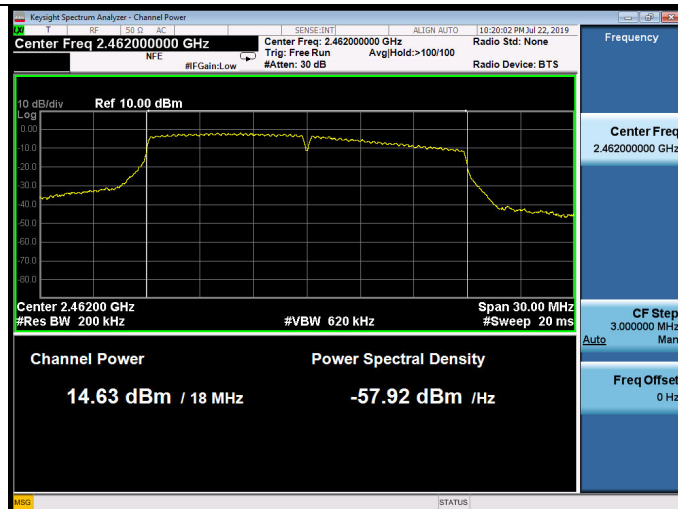
Test CH6: 2437MHz



Test CH6: 2437MHz



Test CH11: 2462MHz



Test CH9: 2452MHz

