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Report No.: ZR/2018/C000705
Rev : 01
Page : 1 of 68

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Application No: ZR/2018/C0007
Applicant: WWZN Information Technology Company Limited
Manufacturer: WWZN Information Technology Company Limited
Factory: Compal Display Electronics (Kunshan) Co.,Ltd.
Product Name: Smart watch
Model No.(EUT): WF11026 (smart watch, 3G/4G/BT/WLAN/NFC/GPS)
Trade Mark: TicWatch
FCC ID: 2AP42-WF11026
Standards: FCC 47CFR §2.1093
Date of Receipt: 2018-12-26
Date of Test: 2018-12-27 to 2018-12-29
Date of Issue: 2019-01-07
Test conclusion: **PASS ***

* In the configuration tested, the EUT detailed in this report complied with the standards specified above.

Authorized Signature:

Derek Yang

Wireless Laboratory Manager

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS International Electrical Approvals or testing done by SGS International Electrical Approvals in connection with, distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS International Electrical Approvals in writing.

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REVISION HISTORY

Revision Record				
Version	Chapter	Date	Modifier	Remark
01		2019-01-07		Original



TEST SUMMARY

Frequency Band	Maximum Reported SAR(W/kg)	
	Next to the Mouth 1g	Extremity 10g
WCDMA Band II	0.30	0.26
WCDMA Band IV	0.31	0.22
WCDMA Band V	0.04	0.08
LTE Band 2	0.22	0.17
LTE Band 4	0.24	0.17
LTE Band 5	0.03	0.07
LTE Band 12	0.01	0.04
LTE Band 13	0.02	0.05
LTE Band 17	0.02	0.05
WI-FI (2.4GHz)	0.13	0.15
SAR Limited(w/kg)	1.6	4.0
Maximum Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)		
Scenario	Next to the Mouth 1g	Extremity 10g
Sum SAR	0.47	0.40
SPLSR	NA	NA
SPLSR Limited	0.04	0.10

Approved & Released by

Simon Ling

SAR Manager

Tested by

Jackson Li

SAR Engineer



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1 General Information

1.1 Details of Client

Applicant:	WWZN Information Technology Company Limited
Address:	Room 901, 9th Floor, No.19, Zhong Guancun Street, Haidian District, Beijing, China
Manufacturer:	WWZN Information Technology Company Limited
Address:	Room 901, 9th Floor, No.19, Zhong Guancun Street, Haidian District, Beijing, China
Factory:	Compal Display Electronics (Kunshan) Co.,Ltd.
Address:	No.1881 Liji Road Shipai Bacheng Town, Kunshan, Jiangsu, P.R.China

1.2 Test Location

Company: SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch
Address: No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Post code: 518057
Telephone: +86 (0) 755 2601 2053
Fax: +86 (0) 755 2671 0594
E-mail: ee.shenzhen@sgs.com



1.3 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- **CNAS (No. CNAS L2929)**

CNAS has accredited SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

- **A2LA (Certificate No. 3816.01)**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA). Certificate No. 3816.01.

- **VCCI**

The 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-823, R-4188, T-1153 and C-2383 respectively.

- **FCC –Designation Number: CN1178**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been recognized as an accredited testing laboratory.

Designation Number: CN1178. Test Firm Registration Number: 406779.

- **Industry Canada (IC)**

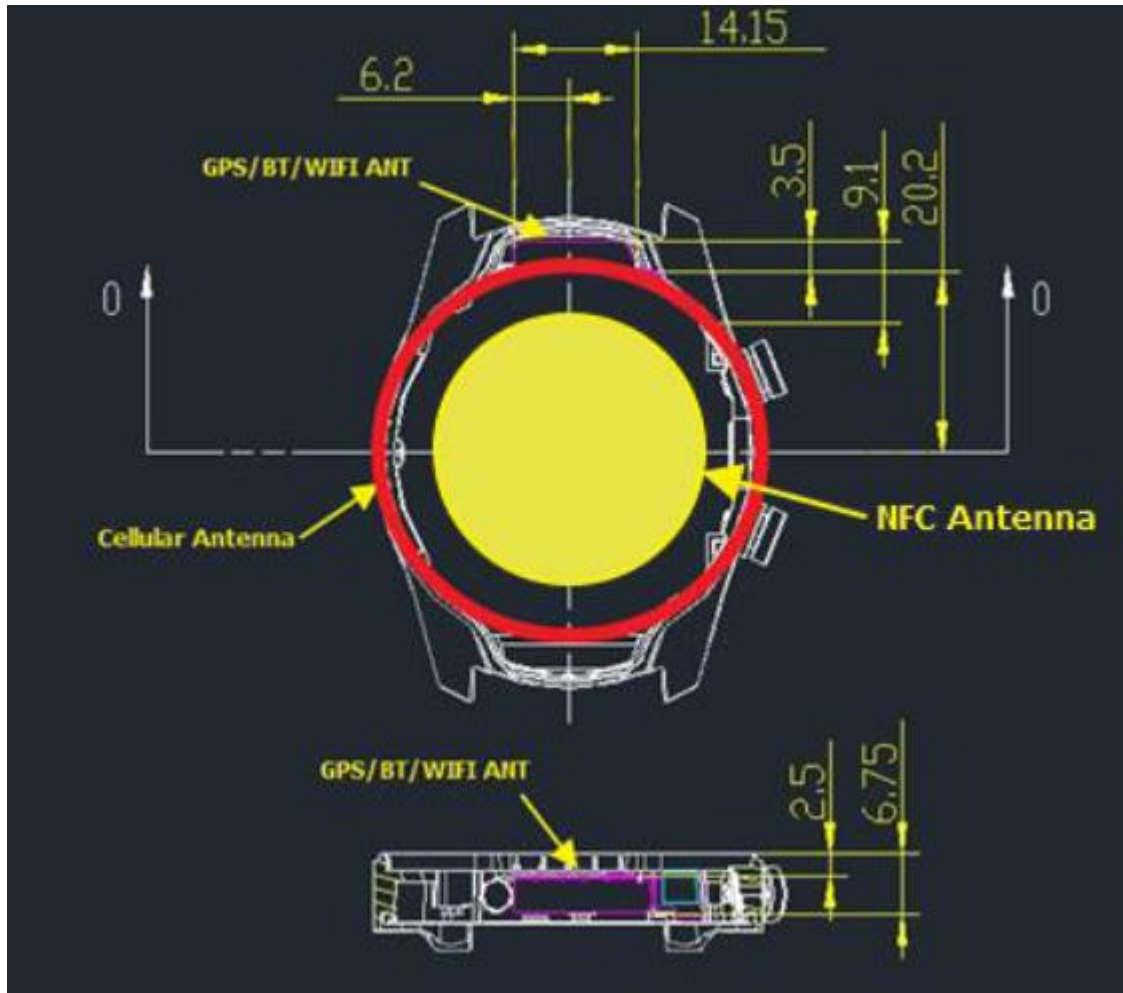
Two 3m Semi-anechoic chambers and the 10m Semi-anechoic chamber of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 4620C-1, 4620C-2, 4620C-3.



1.4 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	Smart watch		
Model No.(EUT):	WF11026（smart watch, 3G/4G/BT/WLAN/NFC/GPS）		
Trade Mark:	TicWatch		
FCC ID:	2AP42-WF11026		
Product Phase:	production unit		
Device Type：	portable device		
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled environment / general population		
SN:	720BX8C170816/720BX8C170794		
Hardware Version:	B2.1		
Software Version:	OWDM.181016.006_catshark		
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna		
Device Operating Configurations：			
Modulation Mode:	WCDMA: QPSK; LTE: QPSK，16QAM; WIFI: DSSS; OFDM; BT: GFSK, π/4DQPSK,8DPSK		
HSDPA UE Category:	10	HSUPA UE Category	6
DC-HSDPA UE Category:	24		
Power Class:	3, tested with power control “all 1”(WCDMA Band II/IV/V) 3, tested with power control Max Power(LTE Band 2/4/5/12/13/17)		
Frequency Bands:	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	WCDMA Band II	1850-1910	1930-1990
	WCDMA Band IV	1710-1755	2110- 2155
	WCDMA Band V	824-849	869-894
	LTE Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990
	LTE Band 4	1710-1755	2110- 2155
	LTE Band 5	824-849	869-894
	LTE Band 12	699-716	729-746
	LTE Band 13	777-787	746-756
	LTE Band 17	704-716	734-746
	WIFI 2.4G	2412-2462	2412-2462
	BT	2402-2480	2402-2480
Battery Information:	Model: SP452929SF		
	Rated capacity :3.85V,415mA		
	Manufacturer: TIANJIN LISHEN BATTERY JOIN-STOCK CO.,LTD.		

1.4.1 DUT Antenna Locations





1.5 Test Specification

Identity	Document Title
FCC 47CFR §2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
ANSI/IEEE Std C95.1 – 1992	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.
IEEE 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01	3G SAR Measurement Procedures
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05	SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS
KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06	Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
KDB447498 D03 Supplement C Cross-Reference v01	OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C Cross-Reference
KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02	RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations



1.6 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain*Trunk)	1.60 W/kg	8.00 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 W/kg	0.40 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 W/kg	20.00 W/kg

Notes:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)



2 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

Table 1 : The Ambient Conditions

3 SAR Measurements System Configuration

3.1 The SAR Measurement System

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation $SAR = \sigma (|E|^2) / \rho$ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

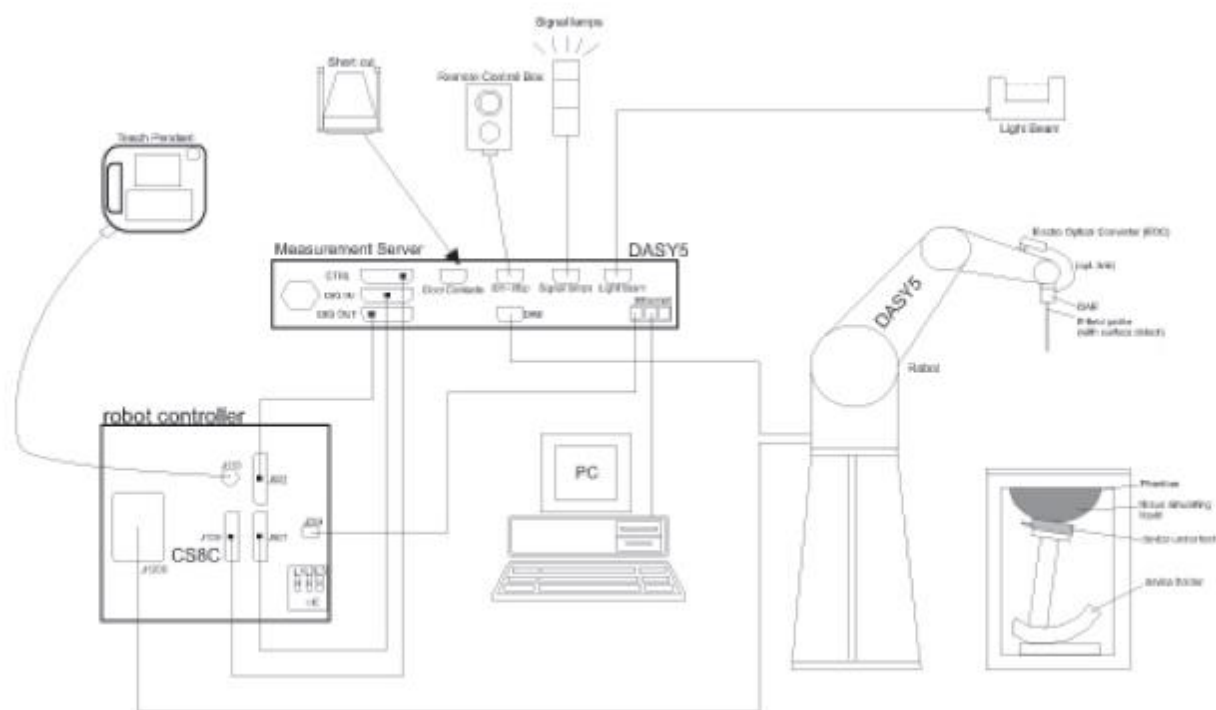
The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



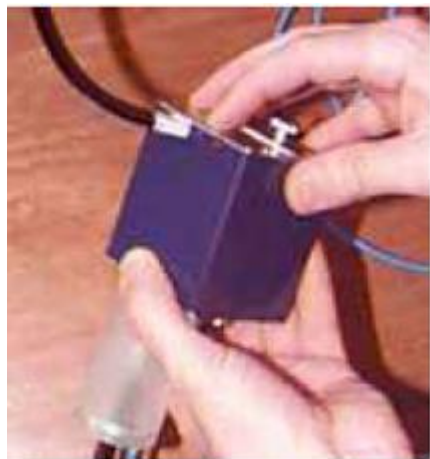
F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration

- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.

3.2 Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

3.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 f A	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

3.4 SAM Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table	

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.

3.5 ELI Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table	

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.

3.6 Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



3.7 Measurement procedure

3.7.1 Scanning procedure

Step 1: Power reference measurement

The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm*15mm or 12mm*12mm or 10mm*10mm. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 32mm*32mm*30mm ($f \leq 2\text{GHz}$), 30mm*30mm*30mm (f for 2-3GHz) and 24mm*24mm*22mm (f for 5-6GHz) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points ($f \leq 2\text{GHz}$), 7x7x7 points (f for 2-3GHz) and 7x7x12 points (f for 5-6GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.



			$\leq 3 \text{ GHz}$	$> 3 \text{ GHz}$
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 10 \text{ mm}$
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2 \text{ mm}$
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2 \text{ mm}$
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq 30 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \geq 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \geq 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \geq 22 \text{ mm}$

Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. $\pm 5 \%$



3.7.2 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension “.DAE4”. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

3.7.3 Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
- Conversion factor	ConvFi	
- Diode compression point	Dcpi	
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
- Crest factor	cf	
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	ε
- Density	ρ	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf / dcp_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:



$$E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$

H-field probes:

$$H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2) / f$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

$ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\epsilon \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ϵ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \text{ or } P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m



4 SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

4.1 SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.



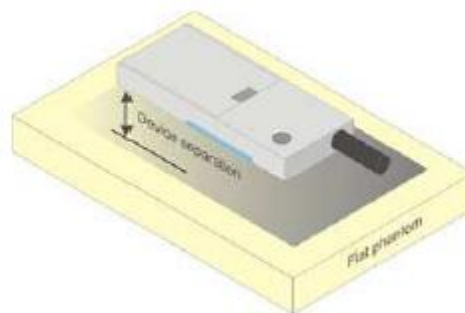
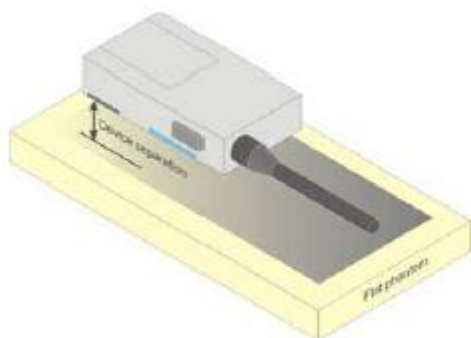
4.2 SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

5 Description of Test Position

5.1 Next to the Mouth Exposure Condition

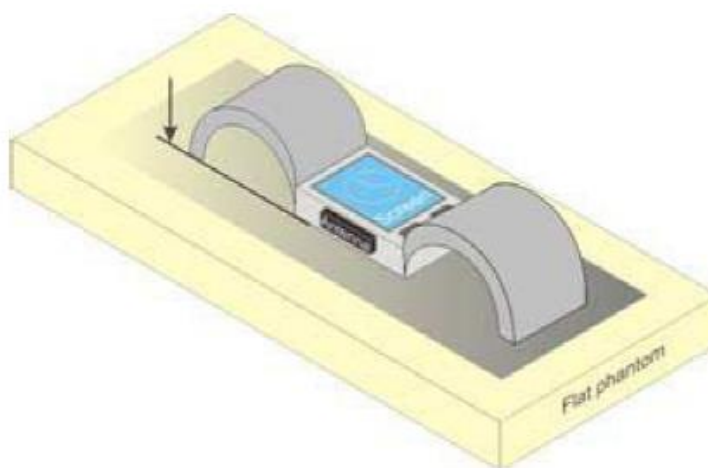
Transmitters that are built-in within a wrist watch or similar wrist-worn devices typically operate in speaker mode for voice communication, with the device worn on the wrist and positioned next to the mouth. When SAR evaluation is required, next to the mouth use is evaluated with the front of the device positioned at 10 mm from a flat phantom filled with head tissue-equivalent medium. The wrist bands should be strapped together to represent normal use conditions.



5.2 Extremity Exposure Condition

A limb-worn device is a unit whose intended use includes being strapped to the arm or leg of the user while transmitting (except in idle mode). The strap shall be opened so that it is divided into two parts as shown in the following. The device shall be positioned directly against the phantom surface with the strap straightened as much as possible and the back of the device towards the phantom. If the strap cannot normally be opened to allow placing in direct contact with the phantom surface, it may be necessary to break the strap of the device but ensuring to not damage the antenna.

The wrist bands should be strapped together to represent normal use conditions. SAR for wrist exposure is evaluated with the back of the device positioned in direct contact against a flat phantom filled with body tissue-equivalent medium. The wrist bands should be unstrapped and touching the phantom. The space introduced by the watch or wrist bands and the phantom must be representative of actual use conditions; otherwise, if applicable, the neck or a curved head region of the SAM phantom may be used, provided the device positioning and SAR probe access issues have been addressed through a KDB inquiry. When other device positioning and SAR measurement considerations are necessary, a KDB inquiry is also required for the test results to be acceptable; for example, devices with rigid wrist bands or electronic circuitry and/or antenna(s) incorporated in the wrist bands. These test configurations are applicable only to devices that are worn on the wrist and cannot support other use conditions; therefore, the operating restrictions must be fully demonstrated in both the test reports and user manuals.





6 SAR System Check Procedure

6.1 Tissue Simulate Liquid

6.1.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The following tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)							
	450		700-900		1800-2000		2300-2700	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	40.30	50.75	55.24	70.17	55.00	68.53
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.38	0.94	0.31	0.39	0.2	0.1
Sucrose	56.32	46.78	57.90	48.21	0	0	0	0
HEC	0.98	0.52	0.24	0	0	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.18	0.10	0	0	0	0
Tween	0	0	0	0	44.45	29.44	44.80	31.37
Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride				Sucrose: 98+% Pure Sucrose				
Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ ⁺ resistivity				HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose				
Tween: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate								

Table 2: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid



6.1.2 Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

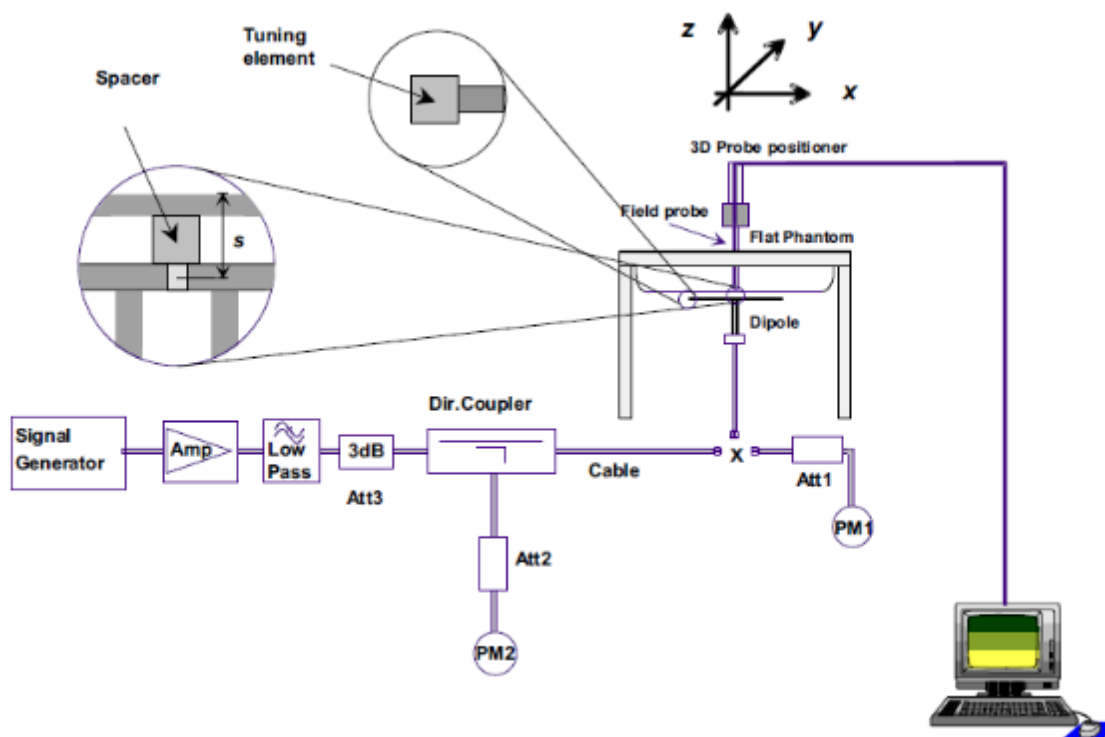
The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5071C Network Analyzer (300 KHz-8500 MHz). The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in bellow table. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was $22 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$.

Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue ($\pm 5\%$)		Measured Tissue		Liquid Temp. ($^\circ\text{C}$)	Measured Date
		ϵ_r	$\sigma(\text{S/m})$	ϵ_r	$\sigma(\text{S/m})$		
750 Head	750	41.9 (39.81~44)	0.89 (0.85~0.94)	43.089	0.878	22.1	2018/12/27
750 Body	750	55.5 (52.73~58.28)	0.96 (0.91~1.00)	56.746	0.951	22.1	2018/12/28
835 Head	835	41.5 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	43.207	0.890	22.1	2018/12/27
835 Body	835	55.2 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	56.398	0.996	22.1	2018/12/28
1750 Head	1750	40.1 (38.10~42.11)	1.37 (1.30~1.44)	40.603	1.336	22.2	2018/12/29
1750 Body	1750	53.4 (50.73~56.07)	1.49 (1.42~1.56)	54.513	1.438	22.2	2018/12/28
1900 Head	1900	40.0 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.221	1.369	22.3	2018/12/28
1900 Body	1900	53.3 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	52.410	1.515	22.3	2018/12/27
2450 Head	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	39.325	1.765	22.0	2018/12/28
2450 Body	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	50.400	1.995	22.0	2018/12/28

Table 3: Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters

6.2 SAR System Check

The microwave circuit arrangement for system check is sketched in below figure. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within $\pm 10\%$ from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the following table (A power level of 250mW (below 3GHz) or 100mW (3-6GHz) was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range $22 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 ± 0.5 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-3. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system check



6.2.1 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.

- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) Return-loss is within 10% of calibrated measurement;
- d) Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.

2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



6.2.2 Summary System Check Result(s)

Validation Kit		Measured SAR 250mW	Measured SAR 250mW	Measured SAR (normalized to 1W)	Measured SAR (normalized to 1W)	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Date
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)		
D750V3	Head	1.95	1.29	7.80	5.16	8.17 (7.35~8.99)	5.36 (4.82~5.9)	22.1	2018/12/27
	Body	2.10	1.40	8.40	5.60	8.57 (7.71~9.43)	5.66 (5.09~6.23)	22.1	2018/12/28
D835V2	Head	2.35	1.55	9.40	6.20	9.59 (8.63~10.55)	6.29 (5.66~6.92)	22.1	2018/12/27
	Body	2.50	1.65	10.00	6.60	9.65 (8.69~10.62)	6.46 (5.81~7.11)	22.1	2018/12/28
D1750V2	Head	8.88	4.77	35.52	19.08	36.7 (33.03~40.37)	19.5 (17.55~21.45)	22.2	2018/12/29
	Body	9.15	4.87	36.60	19.48	37 (33.30~40.70)	19.7 (17.73~21.67)	22.2	2018/12/28
D1900V2	Head	9.83	5.04	39.32	20.16	40.7 (36.63~44.77)	21.1 (18.99~23.21)	22.3	2018/12/28
	Body	10.30	5.45	41.20	21.80	41.6 (37.44~45.76)	21.4 (19.26~23.54)	22.3	2018/12/27
D2450V2	Head	12.40	5.79	49.60	23.16	53.1 (47.79~58.41)	24.9 (22.41~27.39)	22.0	2018/12/28
	Body	12.30	5.75	49.20	23.00	51.0 (45.9~56.1)	23.5 (21.15~25.85)	22.0	2018/12/28

Table 4 : SAR System Check Result

6.2.3 Detailed System Check Results

Please see the Appendix A



7 Test Configuration

7.1 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

According to KDB 941225D01, in the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as “otherwise” in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

7.2 Operation Configurations

7.2.1 WCDMA Test Configuration

1) . Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1’s” for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

2) . Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure

3) . Body SAR

SAR for body configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

4) . HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA

According to KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA



a) **HSDPA**

HSDPA is configured according to the applicable UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms and a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β_c , β_d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{CQI}) are set according to values indicated in the following table. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Sub-test	β_c	B_d	$\beta_d(SF)$	β_c/β_d	β_{hs}	CM(dB)	MPR (dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0
2	12/15(3)	15/15(3)	64	12/15(3)	24/15	1.0	0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8$ Ahs = $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
Note2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude(EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1.A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 8$ (Ahs=30/15) with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 7$ (Ahs=24/15) with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.
Note3: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	534 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	3 TTI"s
Number of HARQ Processes	2 Processes
Information Bit Payload	3202 Bits
MAC-d PDU size	336 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	4800 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	9600 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	5

Table 5: settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121



HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter-TTI Interval	MaximumH S-DSCH Transport BlockBits/HS-DSCH TTI	Total Soft Channel Bits
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
10	15	1	27952	172800
11	5	2	3630	14400
12	5	1	3630	28800
13	15	1	34800	259200
14	15	1	42196	259200
15	15	1	23370	345600
16	15	1	27952	345600

Table 6: HSDPA UE category

b) HSUPA

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSUPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSUPA should be configured according to the values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the „WCDMA Handset“ and „Release 5 HSUPA Data Device“ sections of 3G device.



Sub-test ^⓪	β_c ^⓪	β_d ^⓪	β_d (SF) ^⓪	β_c/β_d ^⓪	β_{hs} ⁽¹⁾ ^⓪	β_{ac} ^⓪	β_{ad} ^⓪	β_c (SF) ^⓪	β_{ad} (code) ^⓪	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB) ^⓪	MP R ^⓪ (dB) ^⓪	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Inde x ^⓪	E- TFC I ^⓪
1 ^⓪	11/15 ⁽³⁾ ^⓪	15/15 ⁽³⁾ ^⓪	64 ^⓪	11/15 ⁽³⁾ ^⓪	22/15 ^⓪	209/225 ^⓪	1039/225 ^⓪	4 ^⓪	1 ^⓪	1.0 ^⓪	0.0 ^⓪	20 ^⓪	75 ^⓪
2 ^⓪	6/15 ^⓪	15/15 ^⓪	64 ^⓪	6/15 ^⓪	12/15 ^⓪	12/15 ^⓪	94/75 ^⓪	4 ^⓪	1 ^⓪	3.0 ^⓪	2.0 ^⓪	12 ^⓪	67 ^⓪
3 ^⓪	15/15 ^⓪	9/15 ^⓪	64 ^⓪	15/9 ^⓪	30/15 ^⓪	30/15 ^⓪	$\beta_{ad1}:47/15$ $\beta_{ad2}:47/15$ ^⓪	4 ^⓪	2 ^⓪	2.0 ^⓪	1.0 ^⓪	15 ^⓪	92 ^⓪
4 ^⓪	2/15 ^⓪	15/15 ^⓪	64 ^⓪	2/15 ^⓪	4/15 ^⓪	2/15 ^⓪	56/75 ^⓪	4 ^⓪	1 ^⓪	3.0 ^⓪	2.0 ^⓪	17 ^⓪	71 ^⓪
5 ^⓪	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ ^⓪	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ ^⓪	64 ^⓪	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ ^⓪	30/15 ^⓪	24/15 ^⓪	134/15 ^⓪	4 ^⓪	1 ^⓪	1.0 ^⓪	0.0 ^⓪	21 ^⓪	81 ^⓪
Note 1: ΔACK , $\Delta NACK$ and $\Delta CQI=8$ $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference ^⓪ Note 3 : For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$ ^⓪ Note 4 : For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$ ^⓪ Note 5 : Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g ^⓪ Note 6: β_{ad} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. ^⓪													

Table 7: Subtests for UMTS Release 6 HSUPA

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI(ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4592
	2	4	10	4	14484	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6 (No DPDCH)	4	8	10	2SF2&2SF	11484	5.76
	4	4	2	4	20000	2.00
7 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2SF2&2SF	22996	?
	4	4	10	4	20000	?
NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4. UE categories 1 to 6 support QPSK only. UE category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0).						

Table 8: HSUPA UE category



c) **DC-HSDPA**

SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a Second serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS 34.108 v9.5.0.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.0

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

Parameter During Connection setup	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/Ior	dB	-3.1

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13.

The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 12 with QPSK.

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	60 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	1 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	6 Processes
Information Bit Payload	120 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	960 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	3200 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	1

Table 9 : settings of required H-Set 12 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

Note:

1. The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table above.
2. Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1,i.e.,retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

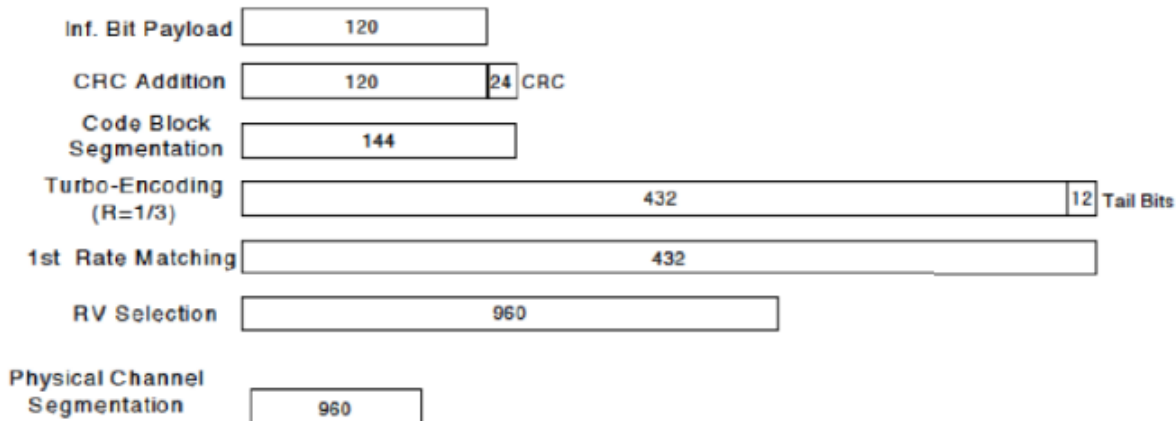


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

The following 4 Sub-tests for HSDPA were completed according to Release 5 procedures. A summary of subtest settings are illustrated below:

Sub-test ^o	β_c ^o	β_d ^o	β_d (SF) ^o	β_c/β_d ^o	$\beta_{hs}(1)$ ^o	CM(dB)(2) ^o	MPR (dB) ^o
1 ^o	2/15 ^o	15/15 ^o	64 ^o	2/15 ^o	4/15 ^o	0.0 ^o	0 ^o
2 ^o	12/15(3) ^o	15/15(3) ^o	64 ^o	12/15(3) ^o	24/15 ^o	1.0 ^o	0 ^o
3 ^o	15/15 ^o	8/15 ^o	64 ^o	15/8 ^o	30/15 ^o	1.5 ^o	0.5 ^o
4 ^o	15/15 ^o	4/15 ^o	64 ^o	15/4 ^o	30/15 ^o	1.5 ^o	0.5 ^o

Note 1: ΔACK , $\Delta NACK$ and $\Delta CQI=8$ $A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=30/15$ $\beta_{hs}=30/15 * \beta_c$
Note 2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

Up commands are set continuously to set the UE to Max power.

Note:

1. The Dual Carriers transmission only applies to HSDPA physical channels
2. The Dual Carriers belong to the same Node and are on adjacent carriers.
3. The Dual Carriers do not support MIMO to serve UEs configured for dual cell operation
4. The Dual Carriers operate in the same frequency band.
5. The device doesn't support the modulation of 16QAM in uplink but 64QAM in downlink for DC-HSDPA mode.
6. The device doesn't support carrier aggregation for it just can operate in Release 8.



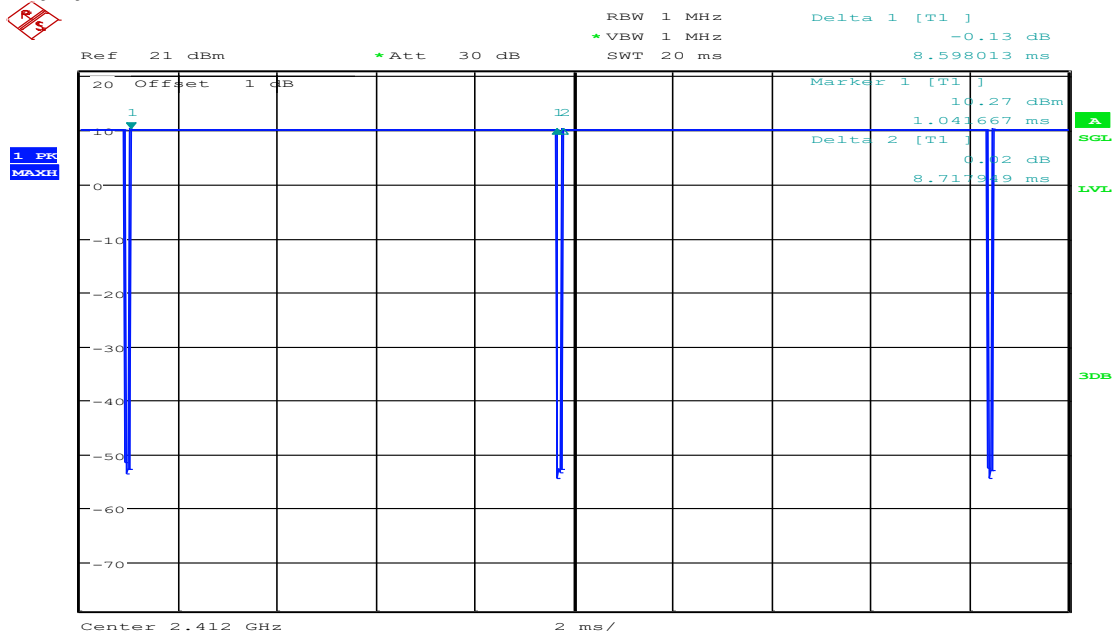
7.2.2 WiFi Test Configuration

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.

7.2.2.1 Duty cycle

2.4GHz Wi-Fi 802.11b:

duty cycle= $8.598/8.7179=98.62\%$



Date: 21.DEC.2018 14:38:13



7.2.2.2 Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure

DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures. The initial test position procedure is described in the following:

- 1) . When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).
- 2) . When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- 3) . For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested. a) Additional power measurements may be required for this step, which should be limited to those necessary for identifying the subsequent highest output power channels.

7.2.2.3 Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration.

When the *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

7.2.2.4 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- 1) . When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- 2) . When the highest *reported* SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum



- output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 3) . The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.
- a) SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
 - b) SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the *reported* SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested. i) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.
- 4) . SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by recursively applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:
- a) replace “subsequent test configuration” with “next subsequent test configuration” (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
 - b) replace “initial test configuration” with “all tested higher output power configurations”



7.2.2.5 2.4 GHz WiFi SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in following.

- **802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements**

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) . When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) . When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

- **2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements**

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3, including sub-sections). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) . When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) . When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

- **SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations**

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 g/n OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.



7.2.3 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 V13.5.0 (2016-09) Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 3

C) A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.



8 Test Result

8.1 Measurement of RF Conducted Power

8.1.1 Conducted Power of WCDMA

WCDMA Band II					
Average Conducted Power(dBm)					
Channel		9262	9400	9538	Tune up
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	23.42	23.55	23.60	24.50
	12.2kbps AMR	23.40	23.52	23.56	24.50
HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.93	21.97	21.99	24.00
	Subtest 2	21.82	21.83	21.94	24.00
	Subtest 3	21.34	21.35	21.48	23.50
	Subtest 4	21.41	21.35	21.48	23.50
HSUPA	Subtest 1	21.60	21.16	21.58	23.00
	Subtest 2	20.75	20.30	20.61	22.00
	Subtest 3	20.04	19.99	19.93	21.00
	Subtest 4	21.01	20.93	21.06	22.00
	Subtest 5	21.72	21.70	21.81	23.00
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.88	21.91	21.92	24.00
	Subtest 2	21.80	21.79	21.90	24.00
	Subtest 3	21.25	21.32	21.45	23.50
	Subtest 4	21.32	21.30	21.40	23.50
WCDMA Band IV					
Average Conducted Power(dBm)					
Channel		1312	1412	1513	Tune up
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	23.35	23.39	23.41	24.50
	12.2kbps AMR	23.32	23.37	23.40	24.50
HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.93	21.95	21.88	24.00
	Subtest 2	21.79	21.84	21.79	24.00
	Subtest 3	21.30	21.36	21.31	23.50
	Subtest 4	21.30	21.36	21.30	23.50
HSUPA	Subtest 1	21.17	21.22	21.01	23.00
	Subtest 2	20.69	20.34	20.70	21.00
	Subtest 3	19.89	19.94	20.32	21.00
	Subtest 4	20.88	21.34	20.62	22.00
	Subtest 5	21.60	21.72	21.75	23.00
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.91	21.93	21.86	24.00
	Subtest 2	21.77	21.82	21.77	24.00
	Subtest 3	21.25	21.30	21.25	23.50
	Subtest 4	21.23	21.31	21.26	23.50



WCDMA Band V					
Average Conducted Power(dBm)					
Channel		4132	4182	4233	Tune up
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	23.57	23.52	23.61	24.50
	12.2kbps AMR	23.54	23.50	23.60	24.50
HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.22	22.22	22.31	24.00
	Subtest 2	22.19	22.15	22.20	24.00
	Subtest 3	21.72	21.67	21.73	23.50
	Subtest 4	21.72	21.67	21.72	23.50
HSUPA	Subtest 1	22.15	22.01	22.12	23.00
	Subtest 2	20.99	20.65	20.70	22.00
	Subtest 3	20.82	20.66	20.43	22.00
	Subtest 4	21.29	21.22	20.99	22.00
	Subtest 5	22.10	22.05	22.16	23.00
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.20	22.18	22.28	24.00
	Subtest 2	22.11	22.10	22.17	24.00
	Subtest 3	21.70	21.65	21.70	23.50
	Subtest 4	21.68	21.63	21.65	23.50

Table 10: Conducted Power of WCDMA

Note:

- 1) when the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.



8.1.2 Conducted Power of LTE

LTE Band 2				Conducted Power(dBm)			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				18607	18900	19193	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.00	23.11	23.20	24.50
		1	2	23.13	23.15	23.17	24.50
		1	5	23.12	22.66	22.84	24.50
		3	0	23.18	22.96	23.11	24.50
		3	2	23.44	23.11	23.31	24.50
		3	3	23.27	23.17	23.47	24.50
		6	0	22.20	22.00	22.31	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.56	21.61	21.70	23.50
		1	2	21.77	21.74	21.89	23.50
		1	5	21.66	21.76	21.72	23.50
		3	0	22.35	22.13	22.32	23.50
		3	2	22.32	22.18	22.38	23.50
		3	3	22.15	22.32	22.20	23.50
		6	0	21.29	20.92	21.30	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				18615	18900	19185	
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.23	23.27	23.57	24.50
		1	7	23.21	23.53	23.20	24.50
		1	14	23.27	23.17	23.06	24.50
		8	0	22.33	22.26	22.63	23.50
		8	4	22.29	22.44	22.37	23.50
		8	7	22.27	22.38	22.29	23.50
		15	0	22.36	22.39	22.57	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.61	21.69	22.28	23.50
		1	7	21.66	21.80	21.82	23.50
		1	14	21.61	21.76	22.45	23.50
		8	0	21.45	21.00	21.37	22.50
		8	4	21.40	21.24	21.42	22.50
		8	7	21.48	21.21	21.42	22.50
		15	0	21.32	21.46	21.51	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				18625	18900	19175	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.30	22.98	23.13	24.50
		1	13	23.36	23.44	23.16	24.50
		1	24	23.12	22.93	22.86	24.50
		12	0	22.47	22.15	22.73	23.50
		12	6	22.38	22.36	22.40	23.50
		12	13	22.24	22.29	22.15	23.50
		25	0	22.42	22.28	22.65	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	22.22	21.96	22.28	23.50
		1	13	21.94	22.01	22.57	23.50
		1	24	21.63	21.96	22.36	23.50
		12	0	21.30	21.05	21.40	22.50



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		12	6	21.38	21.17	21.40	22.50
		12	13	21.13	21.21	21.41	22.50
		25	0	21.11	21.25	21.44	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 18650	Channel 18900	Channel 19150	Tune up
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.18	23.09	23.38	24.50
		1	25	23.76	23.79	24.18	24.50
		1	49	22.59	22.91	22.54	24.50
		25	0	22.75	22.67	22.98	23.50
		25	13	22.47	22.72	22.58	23.50
		25	25	22.22	22.29	22.17	23.50
		50	0	22.39	22.39	22.51	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	22.15	21.95	21.99	23.50
		1	25	22.01	22.43	22.26	23.50
		1	49	21.93	21.98	21.91	23.50
		25	0	21.34	21.08	21.44	22.50
		25	13	21.41	21.19	21.45	22.50
		25	25	21.16	21.27	21.46	22.50
		27	0	21.21	21.16	21.09	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 18675	Channel 18900	Channel 19125	Tune up
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.20	22.67	22.59	24.50
		1	38	23.74	24.31	23.82	24.50
		1	74	22.82	22.96	22.59	24.50
		36	0	22.79	22.60	22.87	23.50
		36	18	22.62	22.79	22.68	23.50
		36	39	22.27	22.40	22.27	23.50
		75	0	22.22	22.34	22.23	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.72	21.88	21.79	23.50
		1	38	22.33	22.34	21.87	23.50
		1	74	22.11	22.35	21.63	23.50
		25	0	21.38	21.12	21.47	22.50
		25	13	21.44	21.24	21.50	22.50
		25	25	21.21	21.33	21.49	22.50
		27	0	21.16	21.34	21.11	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 18700	Channel 18900	Channel 19100	Tune up
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.27	22.64	22.88	24.50
		1	50	24.05	24.46	23.15	24.50
		1	99	22.93	22.80	22.61	24.50
		50	0	22.97	22.73	22.98	23.50
		50	25	22.67	22.90	22.61	23.50
		50	50	22.43	22.46	22.25	23.50
		100	0	22.21	22.16	22.22	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.51	21.86	21.57	23.50
		1	50	21.67	21.93	22.05	23.50
		1	99	21.73	21.63	21.57	23.50
		27	0	21.50	21.19	21.56	22.50

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		25	13	21.54	21.31	21.55	22.50
		25	25	21.31	21.38	21.52	22.50
		27	0	21.14	21.11	21.12	22.50

LTE Band 4				Conducted Power(dBm)			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				19957	20175	20393	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.95	23.13	23.02	24.50
		1	2	23.11	23.15	23.23	24.50
		1	5	22.95	23.00	23.05	24.50
		3	0	23.10	23.09	23.17	24.50
		3	2	23.19	23.20	23.39	24.50
		3	3	23.34	23.08	23.27	24.50
	16QAM	6	0	22.18	22.18	22.29	23.50
		1	0	21.51	21.57	21.83	23.50
		1	2	22.14	21.59	21.93	23.50
		1	5	22.02	21.54	22.10	23.50
		3	0	22.20	22.21	22.57	23.50
		3	2	22.37	22.25	22.45	23.50
		3	3	22.39	22.10	22.50	23.50
		6	0	21.37	21.29	21.31	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				19965	20175	20385	
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.25	23.31	23.28	24.50
		1	7	22.99	22.92	22.83	24.50
		1	14	23.12	22.91	23.00	24.50
		8	0	22.14	22.16	22.32	23.50
		8	4	22.23	22.42	22.23	23.50
		8	7	22.20	22.29	22.25	23.50
	16QAM	15	0	22.29	22.27	22.29	23.50
		1	0	22.13	21.66	21.98	23.50
		1	7	22.13	21.62	22.14	23.50
		1	14	21.97	22.06	22.32	23.50
		8	0	21.18	21.17	21.21	22.50
		8	4	21.12	21.23	21.26	22.50
		8	7	21.11	21.00	21.25	22.50
		15	0	21.41	21.31	21.44	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				19975	20175	20375	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.06	23.30	23.29	24.50
		1	13	23.11	22.94	23.00	24.50
		1	24	23.36	23.16	23.31	24.50
		12	0	22.04	22.24	22.42	23.50
		12	6	22.21	22.21	22.29	23.50
		12	13	22.37	22.28	22.41	23.50
		25	0	22.27	22.32	22.46	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.87	22.09	22.11	23.50

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		1	13	21.73	22.13	22.51	23.50
		1	24	21.83	22.00	22.39	23.50
		12	0	21.34	21.16	21.21	22.50
		12	6	21.27	21.16	21.25	22.50
		12	13	21.23	21.21	21.52	22.50
		25	0	21.41	21.16	21.28	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				20000	20175	20350	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.90	23.19	23.15	24.50
		1	25	23.66	23.34	23.73	24.50
		1	49	23.24	23.30	23.19	24.50
		25	0	22.45	22.41	22.63	23.50
		25	13	22.39	22.32	22.44	23.50
		25	25	22.40	22.32	22.43	23.50
		50	0	22.32	22.36	22.47	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.88	21.98	21.89	23.50
		1	25	22.10	21.96	21.81	23.50
		1	49	21.62	21.71	21.50	23.50
		25	0	21.37	21.20	21.25	22.50
		25	13	21.33	21.21	21.30	22.50
		25	25	21.27	21.27	21.55	22.50
		27	0	21.12	21.18	21.14	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				20025	20175	20325	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.15	23.32	22.89	24.50
		1	38	23.45	23.26	23.07	24.50
		1	74	23.25	23.18	22.93	24.50
		36	0	22.47	22.39	22.54	23.50
		36	18	22.51	22.44	22.51	23.50
		36	39	22.36	22.53	22.45	23.50
		75	0	22.45	22.21	22.31	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.94	21.53	21.64	23.50
		1	38	21.99	21.65	22.51	23.50
		1	74	21.56	21.62	22.10	23.50
		25	0	21.42	21.25	21.28	22.50
		25	13	21.35	21.26	21.33	22.50
		25	25	21.33	21.30	21.60	22.50
		27	0	21.13	21.11	21.17	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				20050	20175	20300	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.28	22.93	23.09	24.50
		1	50	23.66	23.38	23.94	24.50
		1	99	22.87	23.13	23.19	24.50
		50	0	22.60	22.53	22.49	23.50
		50	25	22.50	22.42	22.79	23.50
		50	50	22.20	22.37	22.53	23.50
		100	0	22.15	22.21	22.14	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.56	21.89	21.72	23.50

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		1	50	22.42	21.55	22.53	23.50
		1	99	21.65	21.57	21.55	23.50
		25	0	21.52	21.33	21.38	22.50
		25	13	21.41	21.32	21.37	22.50
		25	25	21.39	21.41	21.63	22.50
		27	0	21.13	21.19	21.13	22.50

LTE Band 5				Conducted Power(dBm)			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				20407	20525	20643	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.47	23.41	23.42	24.50
		1	2	23.49	23.66	23.56	24.50
		1	5	23.46	23.43	23.31	24.50
		3	0	23.57	23.52	23.75	24.50
		3	2	23.61	23.56	23.61	24.50
		3	3	23.66	23.62	23.48	24.50
		6	0	22.50	22.41	22.61	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.97	21.98	22.08	23.50
		1	2	22.58	21.88	22.06	23.50
		1	5	21.93	21.80	21.96	23.50
		3	0	22.57	22.60	22.81	23.50
		3	2	22.68	22.63	22.66	23.50
		3	3	22.62	22.62	22.60	23.50
		6	0	21.64	21.38	21.70	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				20415	20525	20635	
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.78	23.65	23.55	24.50
		1	7	23.33	23.32	23.50	24.50
		1	14	23.63	23.57	23.50	24.50
		8	0	22.64	22.53	22.48	23.50
		8	4	22.48	22.62	22.73	23.50
		8	7	22.61	22.58	22.50	23.50
		15	0	22.47	22.58	22.51	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	22.39	21.82	22.50	23.50
		1	7	22.50	21.94	21.77	23.50
		1	14	22.01	21.99	21.79	23.50
		8	0	21.77	21.23	21.71	22.50
		8	4	21.43	21.39	21.68	22.50
		8	7	21.43	21.29	21.71	22.50
		15	0	21.71	21.63	21.57	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				20425	20525	20625	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.54	23.53	23.38	24.50
		1	13	23.10	23.40	23.41	24.50
		1	24	23.44	23.31	23.69	24.50
		12	0	22.33	22.50	22.43	23.50
		12	6	22.63	22.42	22.37	23.50

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	16QAM	12	13	22.59	22.50	22.65	23.50
		25	0	22.51	22.51	22.51	23.50
		1	0	22.36	21.83	21.96	23.50
		1	13	22.45	21.64	22.11	23.50
		1	24	22.26	22.44	21.83	23.50
		12	0	21.41	21.32	21.52	22.50
		12	6	21.56	21.43	21.48	22.50
		12	13	21.45	21.49	21.45	22.50
		25	0	21.55	21.43	21.44	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 20450	Channel 20525	Channel 20600	Tune up
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.12	23.17	23.43	24.50
		1	25	23.88	23.90	23.77	24.50
		1	49	23.28	22.83	23.30	24.50
		25	0	22.46	22.72	22.59	23.50
		25	13	22.57	22.60	22.66	23.50
		25	25	22.45	22.36	22.45	23.50
		50	0	22.54	22.50	22.55	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.98	21.80	21.88	23.50
		1	25	21.89	22.13	21.80	23.50
		1	49	21.69	21.82	21.99	23.50
		25	0	21.50	21.38	21.55	22.50
		25	13	21.66	21.50	21.51	22.50
		25	25	21.56	21.56	21.56	22.50
		27	0	21.11	21.13	21.09	22.50

LTE FDD Band 12				Conducted Power(dBm)			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 23017	Channel 23095	Channel 23173	Tune up
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.57	23.54	23.48	24.50
		1	2	23.51	23.61	23.49	24.50
		1	5	23.57	23.60	23.48	24.50
		3	0	23.52	23.52	23.54	24.50
		3	2	23.63	23.66	23.82	24.50
		3	3	23.68	23.77	23.60	24.50
		6	0	22.46	22.68	22.55	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.99	22.02	22.12	23.50
		1	2	22.38	21.95	22.17	23.50
		1	5	22.30	22.09	21.92	23.50
		3	0	22.75	22.60	22.80	23.50
		3	2	22.66	22.83	22.67	23.50
		3	3	22.58	22.76	23.06	23.50
		6	0	21.82	21.87	21.48	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 23025	Channel 23095	Channel 23165	Tune up
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.53	23.52	23.64	24.50
		1	7	23.86	23.95	23.32	24.50

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		1	14	23.34	23.56	23.25	24.50
		8	0	22.44	22.47	22.88	23.50
		8	4	22.68	22.73	22.53	23.50
		8	7	22.47	22.68	22.58	23.50
		15	0	22.56	22.56	22.67	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	22.48	21.94	22.60	23.50
		1	7	21.91	22.61	22.39	23.50
		1	14	22.06	22.55	22.50	23.50
		8	0	21.29	21.50	21.84	22.50
		8	4	21.84	22.02	21.86	22.50
		8	7	21.38	21.52	21.79	22.50
		15	0	21.55	21.67	21.70	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 23035	Channel 23095	Channel 23155	Tune up
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.34	23.40	23.48	24.50
		1	13	23.72	24.17	23.54	24.50
		1	24	22.82	23.73	23.08	24.50
		12	0	22.68	22.29	22.68	23.50
		12	6	22.54	22.77	22.58	23.50
		12	13	22.39	22.74	22.33	23.50
		25	0	22.52	22.54	22.60	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	22.51	21.93	22.25	23.50
		1	13	22.48	22.25	22.16	23.50
		1	24	22.56	21.90	22.27	23.50
		12	0	21.31	21.61	21.43	22.50
		12	6	21.53	21.67	21.33	22.50
		12	13	21.29	21.46	21.46	22.50
		25	0	21.62	21.53	21.49	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 23060	Channel 23095	Channel 23130	Tune up
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.33	23.26	23.09	24.50
		1	25	23.61	24.31	24.41	24.50
		1	49	23.04	23.61	22.61	24.50
		25	0	22.57	22.41	22.61	23.50
		25	13	22.41	22.78	22.87	23.50
		25	25	22.29	22.63	22.41	23.50
		50	0	22.46	22.43	22.52	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	22.09	22.61	22.34	23.50
		1	25	21.93	22.36	22.22	23.50
		1	49	21.82	22.18	21.54	23.50
		25	0	21.39	21.68	21.47	22.50
		25	13	21.63	21.74	21.37	22.50
		25	25	21.40	21.54	21.49	22.50
		27	0	21.68	21.59	21.53	22.50



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LTE FDD Band 13				Conducted Power(dBm)			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				23205	23230	23255	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.48	23.60	23.58	24.50
		1	13	24.06	23.64	23.51	24.50
		1	24	23.65	23.29	23.66	24.50
		12	0	22.56	22.86	22.54	23.50
		12	6	22.99	22.53	22.62	23.50
		12	13	22.89	22.45	22.58	23.50
		25	0	22.53	22.52	22.65	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	22.62	21.97	22.46	23.50
		1	13	22.70	22.51	22.60	23.50
		1	24	22.02	21.86	21.98	23.50
		12	0	21.60	21.50	21.36	22.50
		12	6	21.42	21.63	21.44	22.50
		12	13	22.50	21.56	21.43	22.50
		25	0	21.45	21.53	21.58	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				NA	23230	NA	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	NA	23.51	NA	24.50
		1	25	NA	24.27	NA	24.50
		1	49	NA	22.98	NA	24.50
		25	0	NA	22.80	NA	23.50
		25	13	NA	22.62	NA	23.50
		25	25	NA	22.46	NA	23.50
		50	0	NA	22.50	NA	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	NA	22.47	NA	23.50
		1	25	NA	22.67	NA	23.50
		1	49	NA	21.72	NA	23.50
		25	0	NA	21.57	NA	22.50
		25	13	NA	21.71	NA	22.50
		25	25	NA	21.66	NA	22.50
		27	0	NA	21.48	NA	22.50

LTE FDD Band 17				Conducted Power(dBm)			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				23755	23790	23825	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.47	23.37	23.60	24.50
		1	13	23.50	23.84	23.19	24.50
		1	24	23.76	23.60	22.92	24.50
		12	0	22.28	22.45	22.95	23.50
		12	6	22.46	22.55	22.37	23.50
		12	13	22.66	22.65	22.28	23.50
		25	0	22.47	22.48	22.65	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	22.09	21.80	22.04	23.50

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		1	13	22.66	22.16	22.60	23.50
		1	24	22.36	22.00	22.52	23.50
		12	0	21.40	21.56	21.65	22.50
		12	6	21.60	21.55	21.72	22.50
		12	13	21.39	21.66	21.45	22.50
		25	0	21.42	21.44	21.39	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				23780	23790	23800	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.79	23.24	23.25	24.50
		1	25	24.00	24.11	24.27	24.50
		1	49	23.54	23.17	22.85	24.50
		25	0	22.58	22.69	22.93	23.50
		25	13	22.67	22.68	22.69	23.50
		25	25	22.77	22.68	22.64	23.50
		50	0	22.46	22.50	22.52	23.50
	16QAM	1	0	22.34	21.88	21.97	23.50
		1	25	22.20	22.57	22.63	23.50
		1	49	22.15	21.88	21.54	23.50
		25	0	21.44	21.61	21.76	22.50
		25	13	21.71	21.61	21.77	22.50
		25	25	21.50	21.74	21.56	22.50
		27	0	21.36	21.28	21.33	22.50

Table 11: Conducted Power of LTE



8.1.3 Conducted Power of WIFI and BT

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
802.11b	1	2412	1	17.00	15.97	NO
	6	2437		17.00	16.26	Yes
	11	2462		17.00	16.03	NO
802.11g	1	2412	6	15.50	14.51	NO
	6	2437		15.50	14.94	NO
	11	2462		15.50	14.65	NO
802.11n HT20 SISO	1	2412	6.5	14.50	13.62	NO
	6	2437		14.50	14.03	NO
	11	2462		14.50	13.66	NO

Table 12: Conducted Power of WIFI

Note:

- a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
 - 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
 - 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.



BT			Tune up (dBm)	Average Conducted Power(dBm)
Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)		
GFSK	0	2402	8.00	6.80
	39	2441	8.00	7.90
	78	2480	8.00	7.40
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	0	2402	3.00	0.70
	39	2441	3.00	2.00
	78	2480	3.00	1.40
8DPSK	0	2402	3.00	0.70
	39	2441	3.00	2.00
	78	2480	3.00	1.40
BLE			Tune up (dBm)	Average Conducted Power(dBm)
Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)		
GFSK	0	2402	9.00	7.96
	19	2440	9.00	8.83
	39	2480	9.00	7.95

Table 13: Conducted Power of BT



8.2 Stand-alone SAR test evaluation

Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions.

Freq. Band	Frequency (GHz)	Position	Average Power		Test Separation (mm)	Calculate Value	Exclusion Threshold	Exclusion (Y/N)
			dBm	mW				
Wi-Fi	2.462	Next to the mouth	17.00	50.12	10	7.9	3	N
		Extremity	17.00	50.12	0	15.7	7.5	N
Bluetooth	2.48	Next to the mouth	9.00	7.94	10	1.3	3	Y
		Extremity	9.00	7.94	0	2.5	7.5	Y

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f}(\text{GHz})] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.



8.3 Measurement of SAR Data

8.3.1 SAR Result of WCDMA Band II

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)1-g	Scaled SAR (W/kg)10-g	Liquid Temp	SAR limit (W/kg)
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm)													
Next to the mouth	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.243	0.107	0.03	23.55	24.50	1.245	0.302	0.133	22.3	1.6
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm)													
Back side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.349	0.205	-0.14	23.55	24.50	1.245	0.434	0.255	22.3	4.0

Table 14 : SAR of WCDMA Band II for Next to the mouth and Extremity.

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg (≤ 2 W/kg for 10g) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

8.3.2 SAR Result of WCDMA Band IV

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)1-g	Scaled SAR (W/kg)10-g	Liquid Temp	SAR limit (W/kg)
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm)													
Next to the mouth	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.236	0.111	0.08	23.39	24.50	1.291	0.305	0.143	22.2	1.6
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm)													
Back side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.287	0.167	0.04	23.39	24.50	1.291	0.371	0.216	22.2	4.0

Table 15 : SAR of WCDMA Band IV for Next to the mouth and Extremity.

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg (≤ 2 W/kg for 10g) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



8.3.3 SAR Result of WCDMA Band V

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)1-g	Scaled SAR (W/kg)10-g	Liquid Temp	SAR limit (W/kg)
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm)													
Next to the mouth	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.035	0.014	0.14	23.52	24.50	1.253	0.044	0.018	22.1	1.6
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm)													
Back side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.113	0.065	0.02	23.52	24.50	1.253	0.142	0.081	22.1	4.0

Table 16 : SAR of WCDMA Band V for Next to the mouth and Extremity.

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg (≤ 2 W/kg for 10g) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

8.3.4 SAR Result of LTE Band 2

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)1-g	Scaled SAR (W/kg)10-g	Liquid Temp.	SAR limit (W/kg)
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm 1RB)														
Next to the mouth	20	QPSK 1RB_50	18900/1880	1:1	0.213	0.093	0.04	24.46	24.50	1.009	0.215	0.094	22.3	1.6
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm 50%RB)														
Next to the mouth	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.161	0.071	0.06	22.98	23.50	1.127	0.181	0.080	22.3	1.6
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 1RB)														
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	18900/1880	1:1	0.282	0.166	0.02	24.46	24.50	1.009	0.285	0.168	22.3	4.0
Extremity Test data (Separate 0mm 50%RB)														
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.233	0.138	0.04	22.98	23.50	1.127	0.263	0.156	22.3	4.0

Table 17 : SAR of LTE Band 2 for Next to the mouth and Extremity.

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg (≤ 2 W/kg for 10g) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



8.3.5 SAR Result of LTE Band 4

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)1-g	Scaled SAR (W/kg)10-g	Liquid Temp.	SAR limit (W/kg)
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm 1RB)														
Next to the mouth	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20300/1745	1:1	0.209	0.093	0.12	23.94	24.50	1.138	0.238	0.106	22.2	1.6
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm 50%RB)														
Next to the mouth	20	QPSK 50RB_25	20300/1745	1:1	0.207	0.067	0.17	22.79	23.50	1.178	0.244	0.079	22.2	1.6
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 1RB)														
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20300/1745	1:1	0.251	0.146	-0.05	23.94	24.50	1.138	0.286	0.166	22.2	4.0
Extremity Test data (Separate 0mm 50%RB)														
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_25	20300/1745	1:1	0.199	0.116	0.03	22.79	23.50	1.178	0.234	0.137	22.2	4.0

Table 18 : SAR of LTE Band 4 for Next to the mouth and Extremity.

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg (≤ 2 W/kg for 10g) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

8.3.6 SAR Result of LTE Band 5

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)1-g	Scaled SAR (W/kg)10-g	Liquid Temp.	SAR limit (W/kg)
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm 1RB)														
Next to the mouth	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20525/836.5	1:1	0.023	0.011	-0.11	23.90	24.50	1.148	0.026	0.013	22.1	1.6
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm 50%RB)														
Next to the mouth	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.017	0.008	0.03	22.72	23.50	1.197	0.021	0.010	22.1	1.6
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 1RB)														
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20525/836.5	1:1	0.114	0.062	-0.02	23.90	24.50	1.148	0.131	0.072	22.1	4.0
Extremity Test data (Separate 0mm 50%RB)														
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20525/836.5	1:1	0.086	0.049	0.07	22.72	23.50	1.197	0.103	0.059	22.1	4.0

Table 19 : SAR of LTE Band 5 for Next to the mouth and Extremity.

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg (≤ 2 W/kg for 10g) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



8.3.7 SAR Result of LTE Band 12

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)1-g	Scaled SAR (W/kg)10-g	Liquid Temp.	SAR limit (W/kg)
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm 1RB)														
Next to the mouth	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23130/711	1:1	0.013	0.007	0.09	24.41	24.50	1.021	0.013	0.007	22.1	1.6
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm 50%RB)														
Next to the mouth	10	QPSK 25RB_13	23130/711	1:1	0.010	0.005	0.03	22.87	23.50	1.156	0.012	0.006	22.1	1.6
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 1RB)														
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23130/711	1:1	0.081	0.041	-0.07	24.41	24.50	1.021	0.083	0.042	22.1	4.0
Extremity Test data (Separate 0mm 50%RB)														
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_13	23130/711	1:1	0.061	0.032	0.08	22.87	23.50	1.156	0.071	0.037	22.1	4.0

Table 20 : SAR of LTE Band 12 for Next to the mouth and Extremity.

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg (≤ 2 W/kg for 10g) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

8.3.8 SAR Result of LTE Band 13

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)1-g	Scaled SAR (W/kg)10-g	Liquid Temp.	SAR limit (W/kg)
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm 1RB)														
Next to the mouth	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23230/782	1:1	0.018	0.009	0.07	24.27	24.50	1.054	0.019	0.009	22.1	1.6
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm 50%RB)														
Next to the mouth	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23230/782	1:1	0.013	0.006	0.09	22.80	23.50	1.175	0.015	0.008	22.1	1.6
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 1RB)														
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23230/782	1:1	0.089	0.049	0.04	24.27	24.50	1.054	0.094	0.052	22.1	4.0
Extremity Test data (Separate 0mm 50%RB)														
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23230/782	1:1	0.067	0.037	0.05	22.80	23.50	1.175	0.079	0.043	22.1	4.0

Table 21 : SAR of LTE Band 13 for Next to the mouth and Extremity.

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg (≤ 2 W/kg for 10g) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



8.3.9 SAR Result of LTE Band 17

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)1-g	Scaled SAR (W/kg)10-g	Liquid Temp.	SAR limit (W/kg)
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm 1RB)														
Next to the mouth	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23800/711	1:1	0.014	0.007	-0.03	24.27	24.50	1.054	0.015	0.008	22.1	1.6
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm 50%RB)														
Next to the mouth	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23800/711	1:1	0.010	0.006	0.05	22.93	23.50	1.140	0.012	0.006	22.1	1.6
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm 1RB)														
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23800/711	1:1	0.085	0.043	0.07	24.27	24.50	1.054	0.090	0.045	22.1	4.0
Extremity Test data (Separate 0mm 50%RB)														
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23800/711	1:1	0.069	0.035	0.04	22.93	23.50	1.140	0.078	0.039	22.1	4.0

Table 22 : SAR of LTE Band 17 for Next to the mouth and Extremity.

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg (≤ 2 W/kg for 10g) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

8.3.10 SAR Result of 2.4GHz WIFI

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaled factor	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	SAR (W/kg) 10-g	Power drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)1-g	Scaled SAR (W/kg)10-g	Liquid Temp.	SAR limit (W/kg)
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm)														
Next to the mouth	802.11b	6/2437	98.62%	1.014	0.104	0.057	0.00	16.26	17.00	1.186	0.125	0.068	22.0	1.6
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm)														
Back side	802.11b	6/2437	98.62%	1.014	0.269	0.125	0.06	16.26	17.00	1.186	0.323	0.148	22.0	4.0

Table 23 : SAR of 2.4GHz WIFI for Next to the mouth and Extremity

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg (≤ 2 W/kg for 10g) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3) Each channel was tested at the lowest data rate.
- 4) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test is not required.

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mw)	Max Reported SAR(W/kg)	Adjusted SAR(W/kg)	SAR test
Next to the mouth Test data(Separate 10mm)					
802.11b	17.00	50.12	0.125	/	Yes
802.11g	15.50	35.48	/	0.088	No
802.11n 20M	14.50	28.18	/	0.070	No
Extremity Test data(Separate 0mm)					
802.11b	17.00	50.12	0.148	/	Yes
802.11g	15.50	35.48	/	0.105	No
802.11n 20M	14.50	28.18	/	0.083	No



8.4 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

8.4.1 Simultaneous SAR test evaluation

Simultaneous Transmission

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configuration	Next to the mouth	Extremity
1	WCDMA(Voice) + WiFi	Yes	Yes
2	WCDMA(Voice) + BT	Yes	Yes
3	WCDMA(Data) + WiFi	No	Yes
4	WCDMA(Data) + BT	No	Yes
5	LTE(Data) + WiFi	Yes	Yes
6	LTE(Data) + BT	Yes	Yes
7	BT+WIFI	No	No

Note:

- 1) Wi-Fi 2.4G and Bluetooth share the same Tx antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.



8.4.2 Estimated SAR

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

- $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x] \text{ W/kg}$ for test separation distances $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$;

Where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is $> 50 \text{ mm}$.

Estimated SAR Result

Freq. Band	Frequency (GHz)	Test Position	Max. power(dBm)	Max. power(mw)	Test Separation (mm)	Estimated SAR 1g (W/kg)
Bluetooth	2.48	Next to the mouth	9.00	7.94	10	0.167
Freq. Band	Frequency (GHz)	Test Position	Max. power(dBm)	Max. power(mw)	Test Separation (mm)	Estimated SAR 10g (W/kg)
Bluetooth	2.48	Extremity	9.00	7.94	0	0.135



1) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario

Test position	Main Antenna SAR _{max} (W/kg)									WiFi Antenna SAR _{max} (W/kg)		Summed SAR _{max} (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band IV	WCDMA Band V	LTE Band 2	LTE Band 4	LTE Band 5	LTE Band 12	LTE Band 13	LTE Band 17	WLAN 2.4G	BT	
Next to the mouth 1g	0.302	0.305	0.044	0.215	0.244	0.026	0.013	0.019	0.015	0.125	0.167	0.472
Extremity 10g	0.255	0.216	0.081	0.168	0.166	0.072	0.042	0.052	0.045	0.148	0.135	0.403



9 Equipment list

Test Platform		SPEAG DASY5 Professional				
Description		SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz)				
Software Reference		DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)				
Hardware Reference						
Equipment		Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Due date of calibration
☒	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 1	1283	NCR	NCR
☒	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 2	1913	NCR	NCR
☒	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 4	1640	NCR	NCR
☒	ELI	SPEAG	ELI V5.0	1128	NCR	NCR
☒	DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1428	2018-01-17	2019-01-16
☒	DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	896	2018-11-08	2019-11-07
☒	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3962	2018-01-11	2019-01-10
☒	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3789	2018-02-08	2019-02-07
☒	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D750V3	1160	2016-06-22	2019-06-21
☒	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D835V2	4d105	2016-12-08	2019-12-07
☒	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D1750V2	1149	2016-06-23	2019-06-22
☒	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d028	2016-12-07	2019-12-06
☒	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2450V2	733	2016-12-07	2019-12-06
☐	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2600V2	1125	2016-06-22	2019-06-21
☒	Agilent Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46523590	2018-03-13	2019-03-12
☒	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US01440210	NCR	NCR
☒	Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu Corporation	MT8821C	6201502984	2018-05-02	2019-05-01
☒	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	103990	2018-03-13	2019-03-12
☒	RF Bi-Directional Coupler	Agilent	86205-60001	MY31400031	NCR	NCR
☒	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5171B	MY53050736	2018-03-13	2019-03-12
☒	Preamplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	15542	NCR	NCR
☒	Preamplifier	Compliance Directions Systems Inc.	AMP28-3W	073501433	NCR	NCR
☒	Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41292095	2018-03-13	2019-03-12
☒	Power Sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41091234	2018-03-13	2019-03-12
☒	Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z92	100025	2018-03-13	2019-03-12
☒	Attenuator	SHX	TS2-3dB	30704	NCR	NCR
☒	Coaxial low pass filter	Mini-Circuits	VLF-2500(+)	NA	NCR	NCR
☒	Coaxial low pass filter	Microlab Fxr	LA-F13	NA	NCR	NCR
☒	50 Ω coaxial load	Mini-Circuits	KARN-50+	00850	NCR	NCR
☒	DC POWER SUPPLY	SAKO	SK1730SL5A	NA	NCR	NCR

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☒	Speed reading thermometer	MingGao	T809	NA	2018-03-19	2019-03-18
☒	Humidity and Temperature Indicator	KIMTOKA	KIMTOKA	NA	2018-03-19	2019-03-18

Note: All the equipments are within the valid period when the tests are performed.



10 Calibration certificate

Please see the Appendix C

11 Photographs

Please see the Appendix D



Appendix A: Detailed System Check Results

Appendix B: Detailed Test Results

Appendix C: Calibration certificate

Appendix D: Photographs

---END---



Appendix A

Detailed System Check Results

1. System Performance Check
System Performance Check 750 MHz Head
System Performance Check 750 MHz Body
System Performance Check 835 MHz Head
System Performance Check 835 MHz Body
System Performance Check 1750 MHz Head
System Performance Check 1750 MHz Body
System Performance Check 1900 MHz Head
System Performance Check 1900 MHz Body
System Performance Check 2450 MHz Head
System Performance Check 2450 MHz Body

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 750 MHz Head

DUT: D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1160

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.878$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.089$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.93, 8.93, 8.93); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.08 W/kg

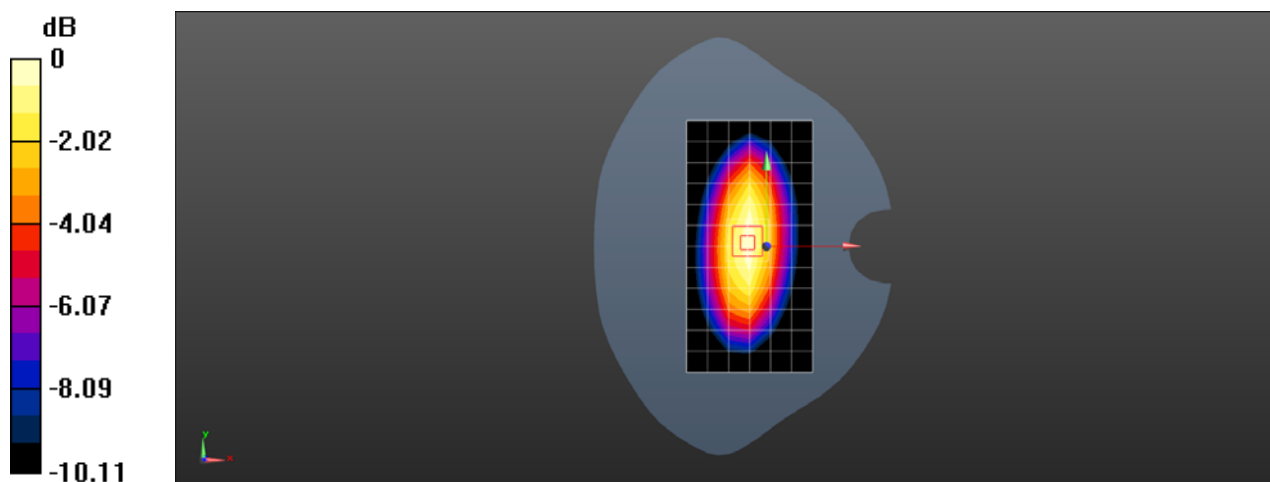
Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 48.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.94 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.29 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.10 W/kg



0 dB = 2.10 W/kg = 3.22 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 750 MHz Body

DUT: D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1160

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.746$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 W/kg

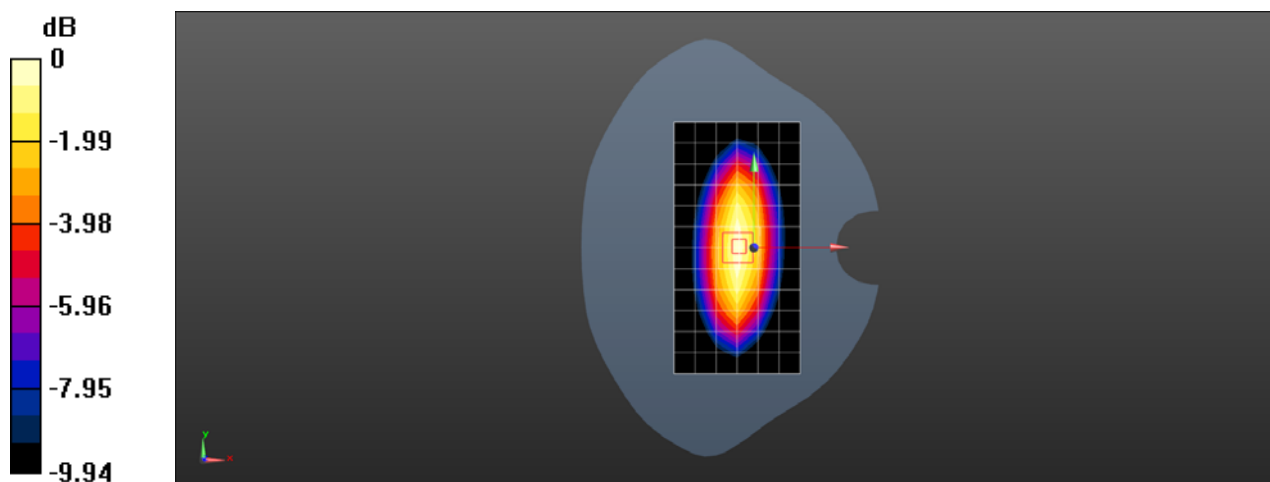
Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 46.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.65 W/kg



0 dB = 2.64 W/kg = 4.22 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 835 MHz Head

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d105

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.207$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.66, 8.66, 8.66); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.52 W/kg

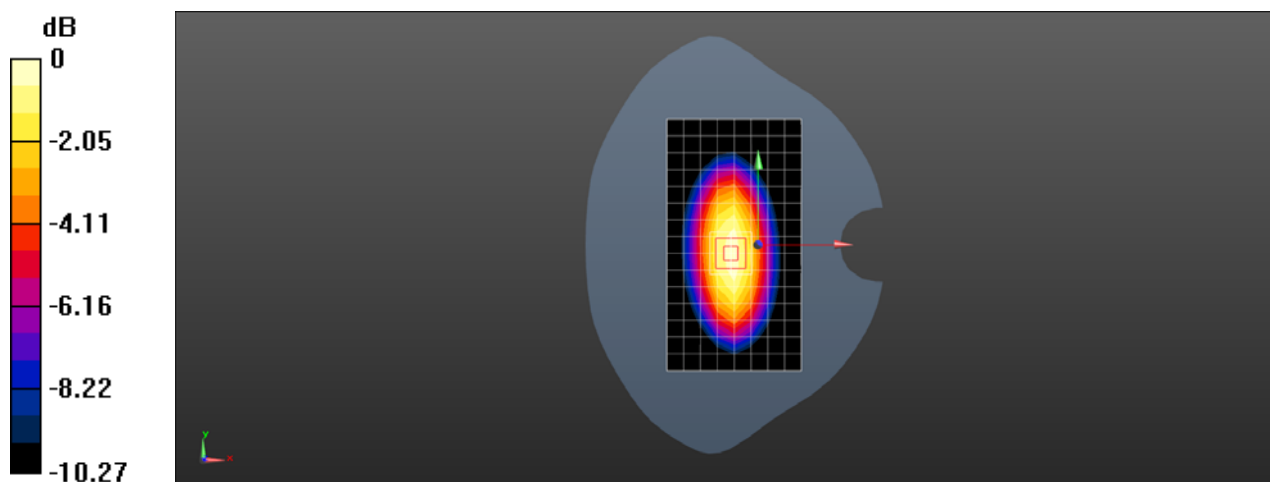
Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 52.88 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.35 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.54 W/kg



0 dB = 2.54 W/kg = 4.05 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 835 MHz Body

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d105

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.996$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.398$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.84, 8.84, 8.84); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

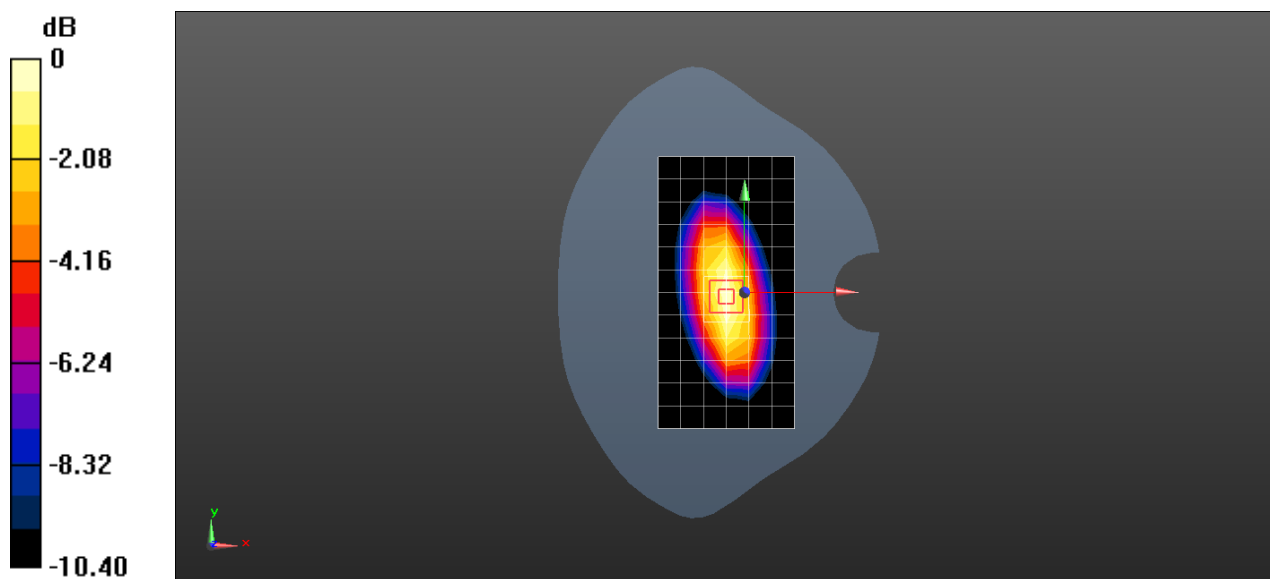
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.15 W/kg

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 50.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 W/kg



0 dB = 3.15 W/kg = 4.98 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1750 MHz Head

DUT: D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1149

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.336$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.603$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.54, 8.54, 8.54); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1640
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.90 W/kg

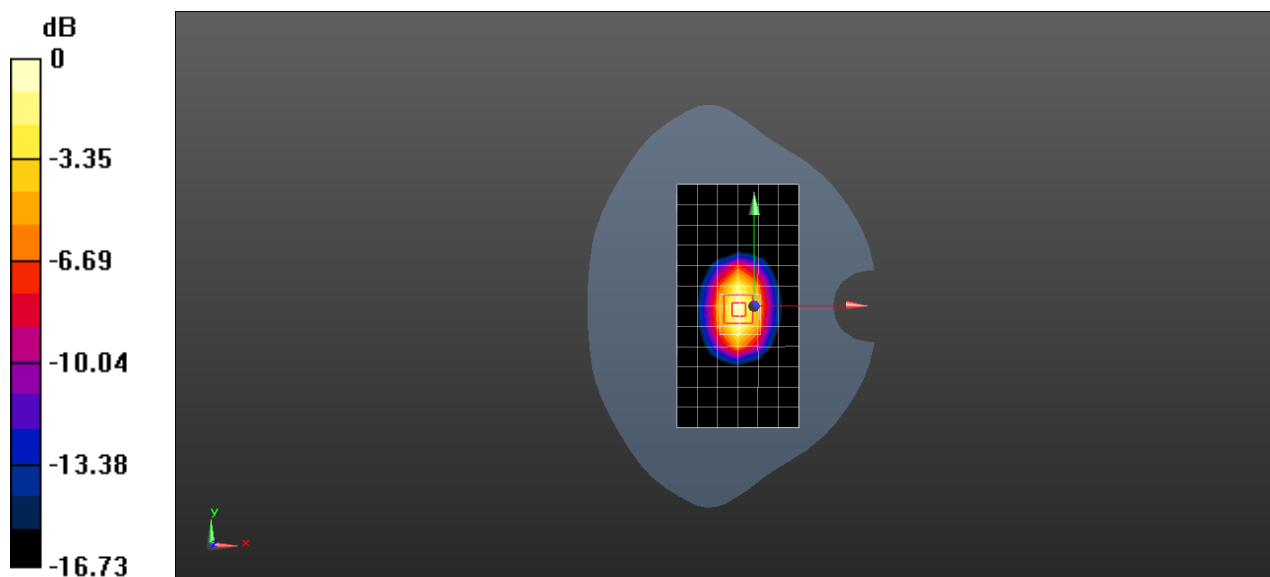
Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 77.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.88 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.77 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.95 W/kg



0 dB = 9.95 W/kg = 9.98 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1750 MHz Body

DUT: D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1149

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.438$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.513$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg

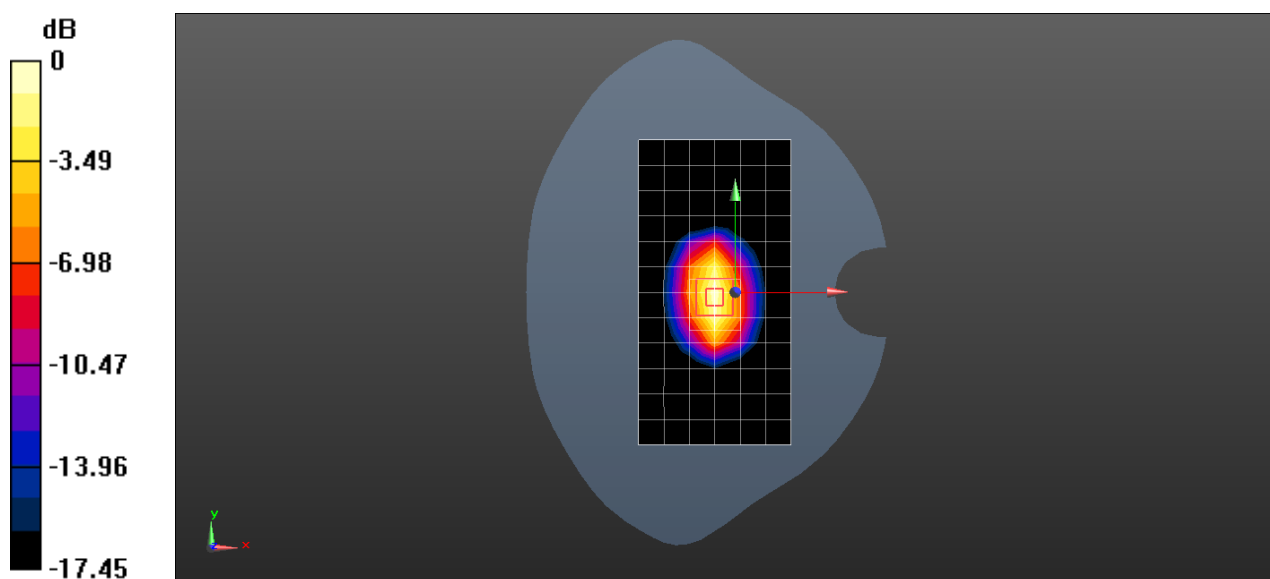
Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 79.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.87 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.1 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1900MHz Head

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d028

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.369$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.221$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1128
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.6 W/kg

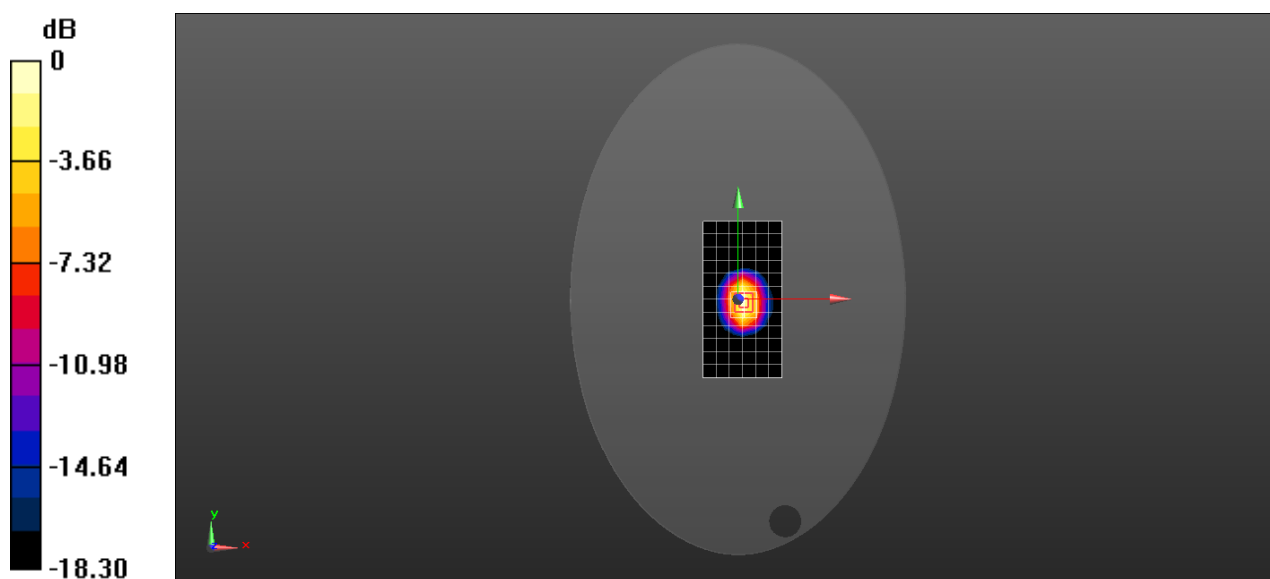
Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 78.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.04 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.0 W/kg



0 dB = 11.0 W/kg = 10.41 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Body

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d028

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.515$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 W/kg

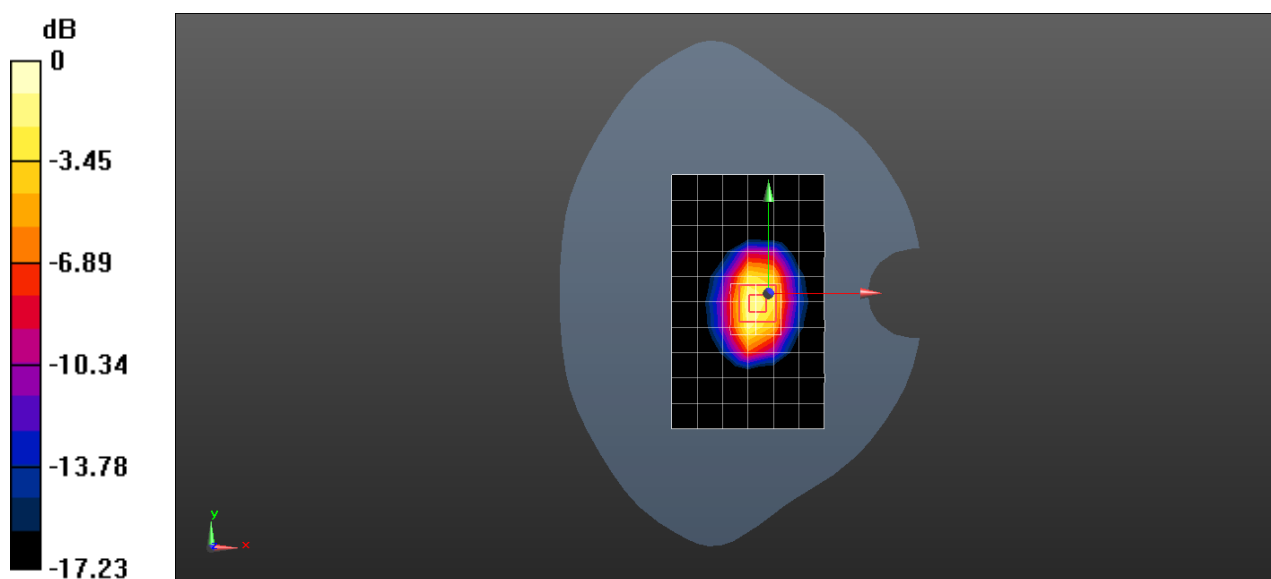
Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 60.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg = 11.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2450MHz Head

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 733

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.765$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.325$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 W/kg

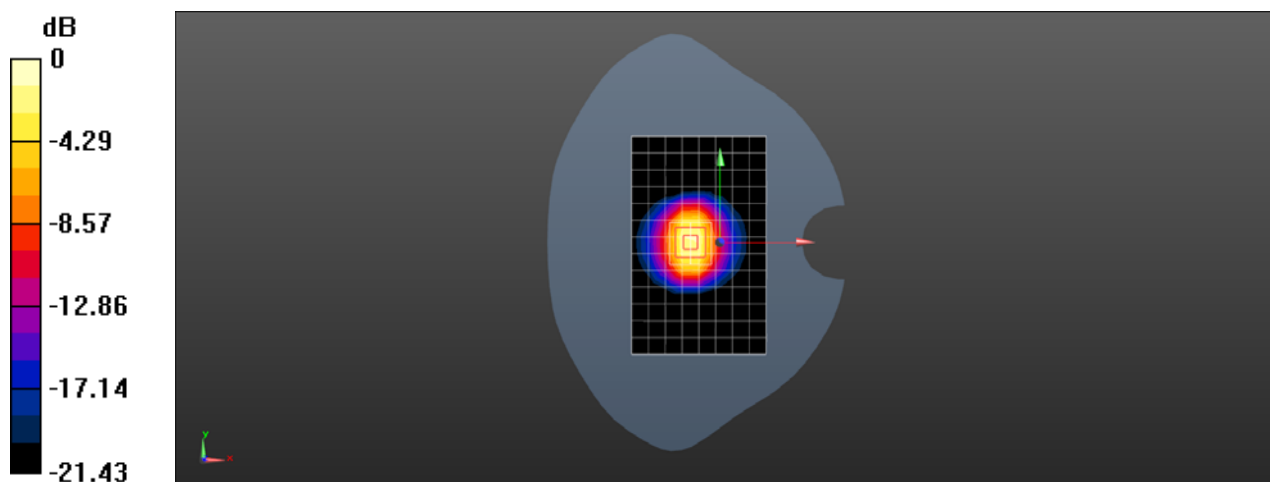
Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 85.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.79 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.52 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 733

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.995$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

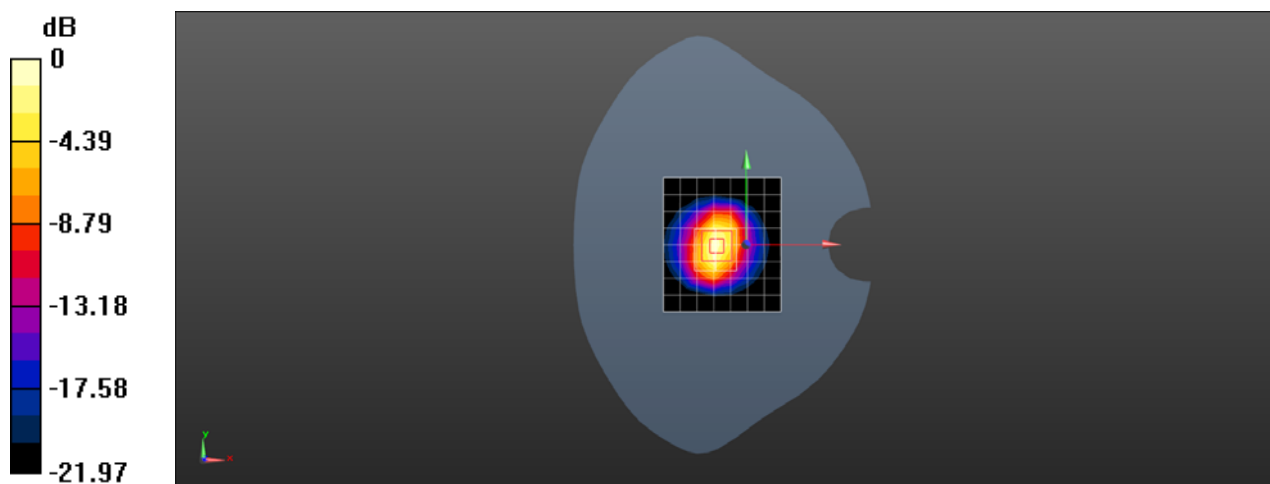
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.6 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
 $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 79.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.75 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg





Appendix B

Detailed Test Results

1. WCDMA
WCDMA Band II for Next to the mouth & Extremity
WCDMA Band IV for Next to the mouth & Extremity
WCDMA Band V for Next to the mouth & Extremity
2. LTE
LTE Band 2 for Next to the mouth & Extremity
LTE Band 4 for Next to the mouth & Extremity
LTE Band 5 for Next to the mouth & Extremity
LTE Band 12 for Next to the mouth & Extremity
LTE Band 13 for Next to the mouth & Extremity
LTE Band 17 for Next to the mouth & Extremity
3. WIFI
WIFI 2.4GHz for Next to the mouth & Extremity

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 WCDMA Band II 9400CH Next to the mouth 10mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170816

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.349$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.269$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1128
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.375 W/kg

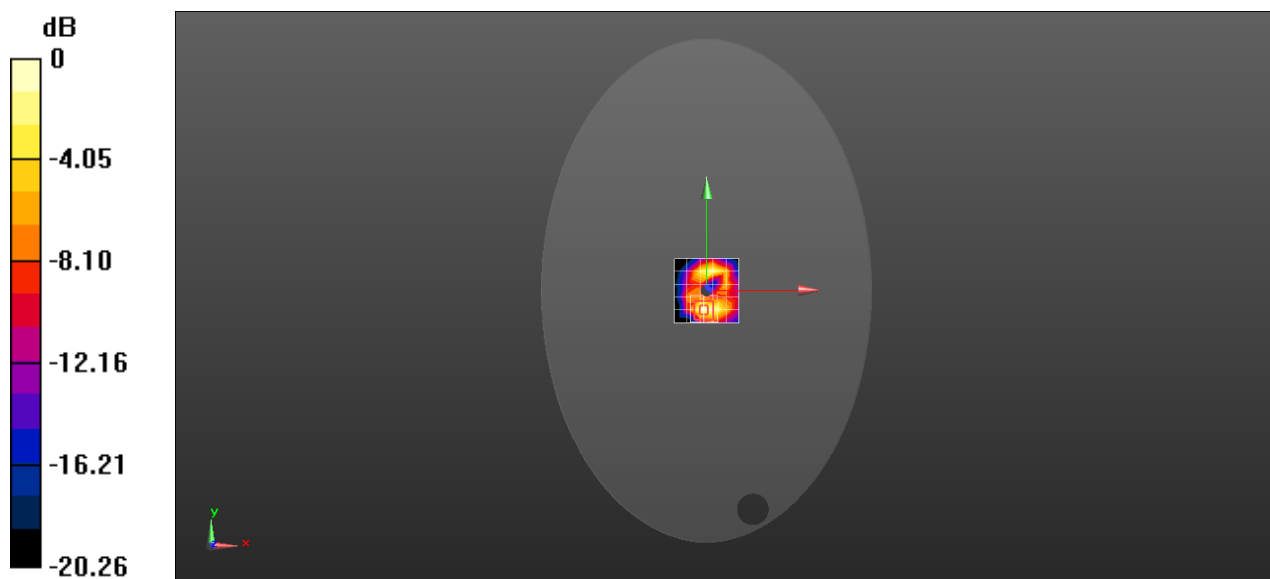
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.646 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.528 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.243 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.416 W/kg



0 dB = 0.416 W/kg = -3.81 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 WCDMA Band II 9400CH Back side 0mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170816

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.497$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.461$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial:1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.382 W/kg

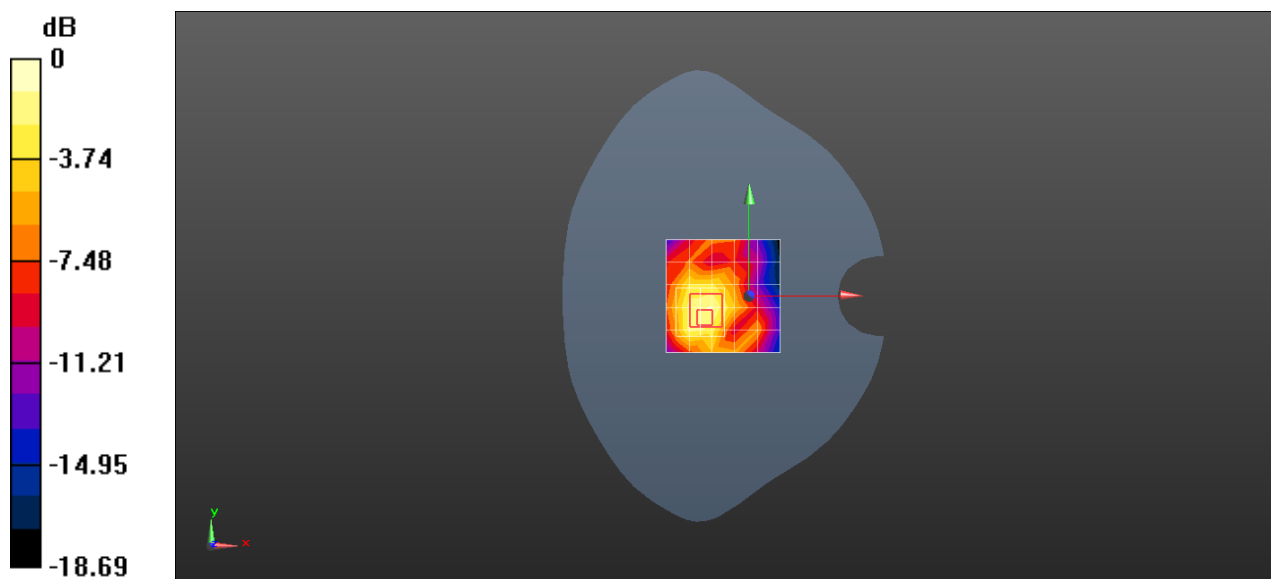
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 10.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.612 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.349 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.205 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.490 W/kg



0 dB = 0.490 W/kg = -3.10 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 WCDMA Band IV 1412CH Next to the mouth 10mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170816

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.318$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.657$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.54, 8.54, 8.54); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1640
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.375 W/kg

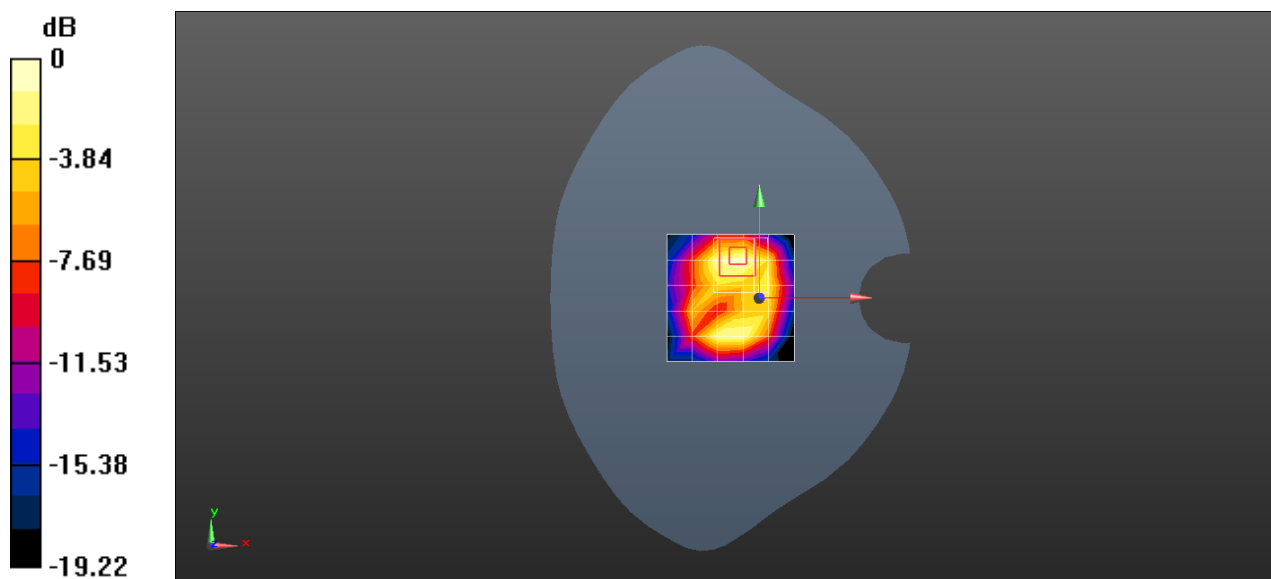
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.508 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.236 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.387 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 WCDMA Band IV 1412CH Back side 0mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170816

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.426$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.661$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.320 W/kg

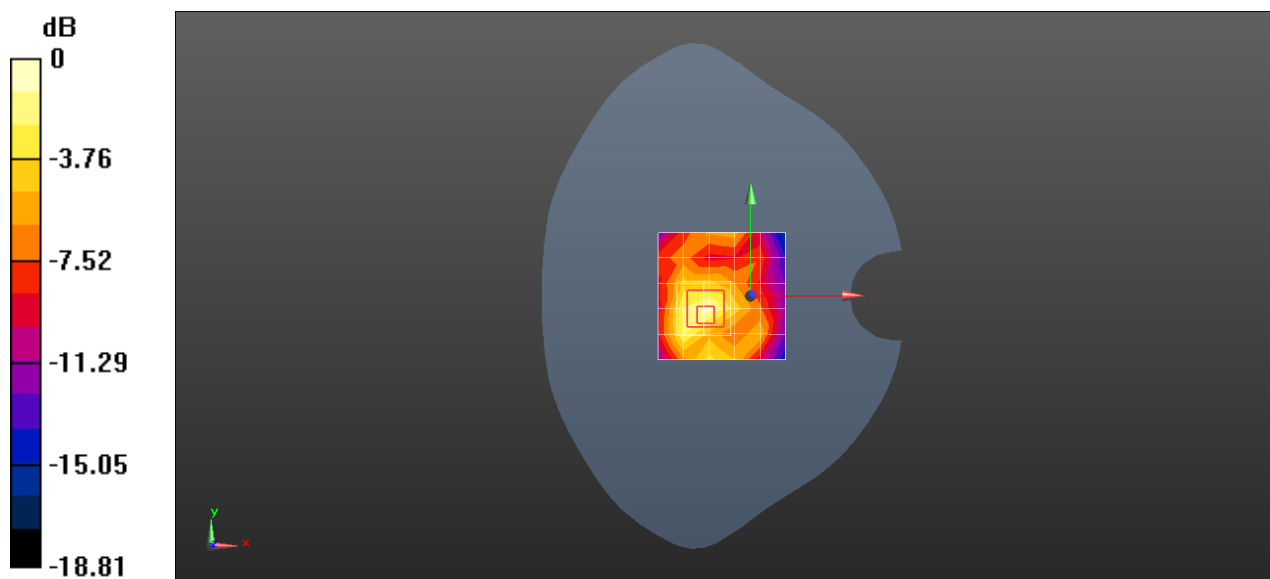
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 10.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.489 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.287 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.387 W/kg



0 dB = 0.387 W/kg = -4.12 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 WCDMA Band V 4182CH Next to the mouth 10mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170816

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.891$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.198$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.66, 8.66, 8.66); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0636 W/kg

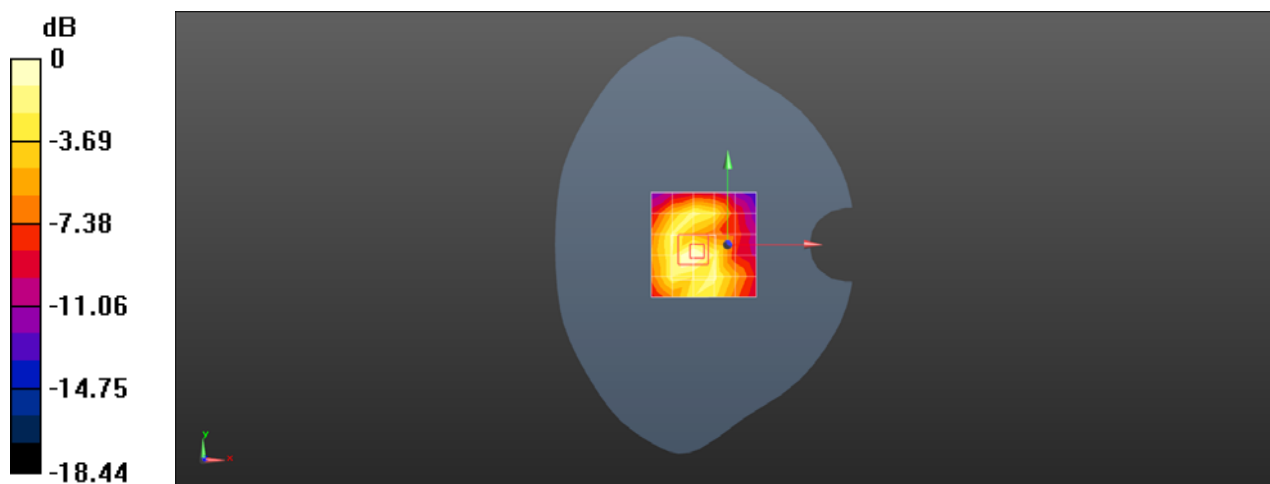
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.554 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.102 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.035 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0551 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0551 W/kg = -12.59 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 WCDMA Band V 4182CH Back side 0mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170816

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.997$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.84, 8.84, 8.84); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 W/kg

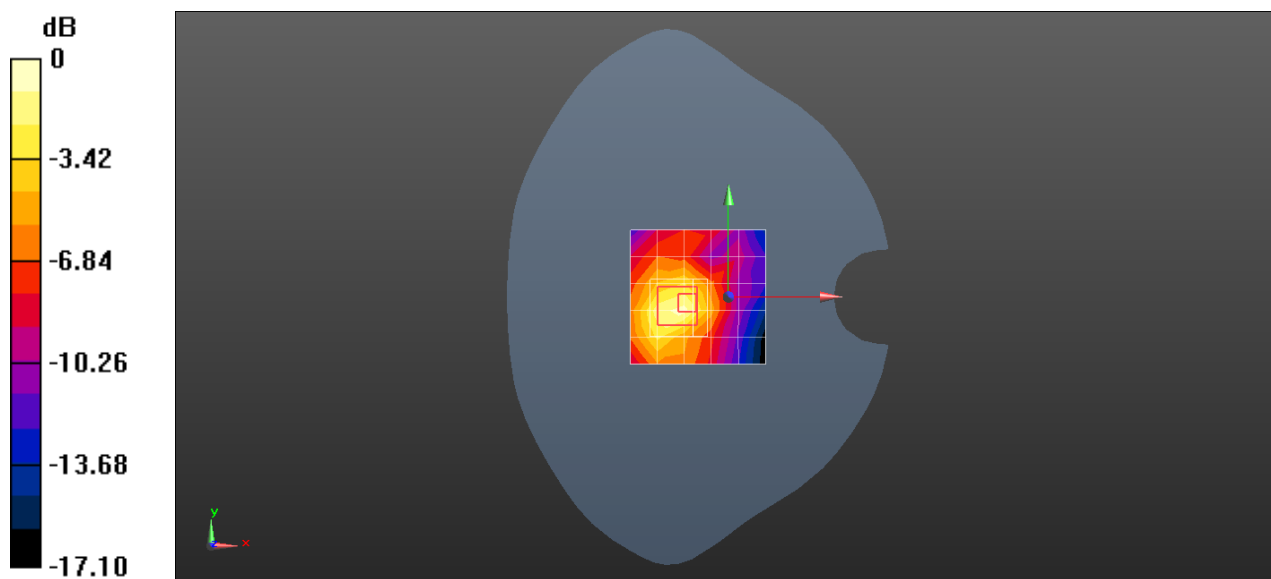
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 9.410 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.267 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.113 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.199 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB50 18900CH Next to the mouth 10mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170794

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900;Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.349$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.269$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1128
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.362 W/kg

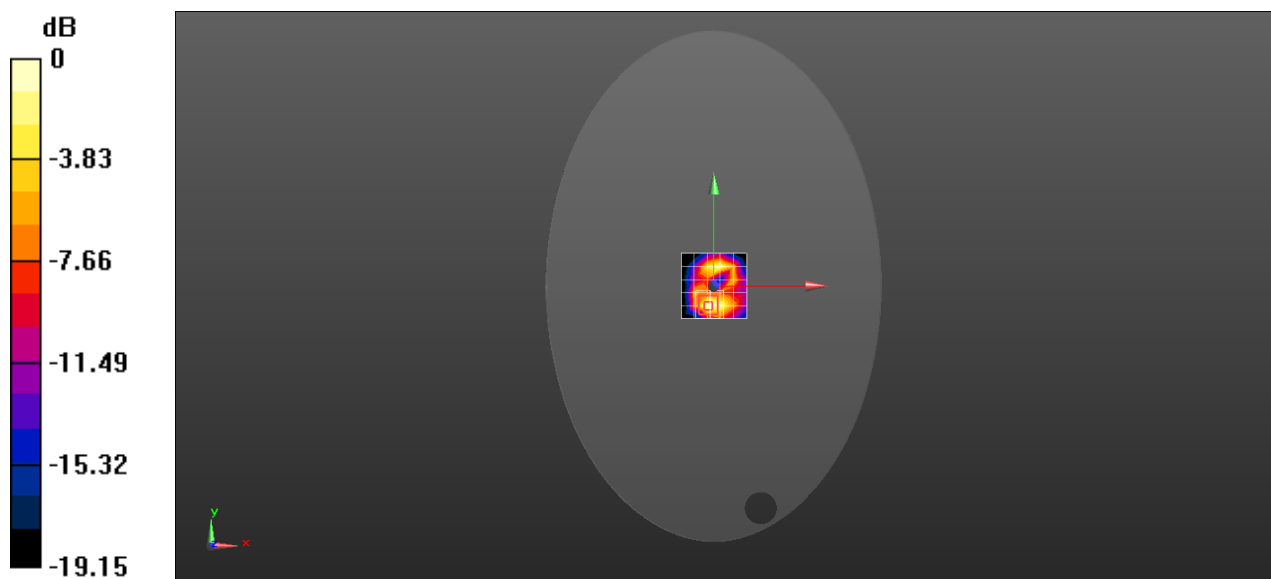
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.815 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.465 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.213 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.093 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg



0 dB = 0.361 W/kg = -4.42 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB50 18900CH Back side 0mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170816

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900;Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.497$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.461$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial:1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.296 W/kg

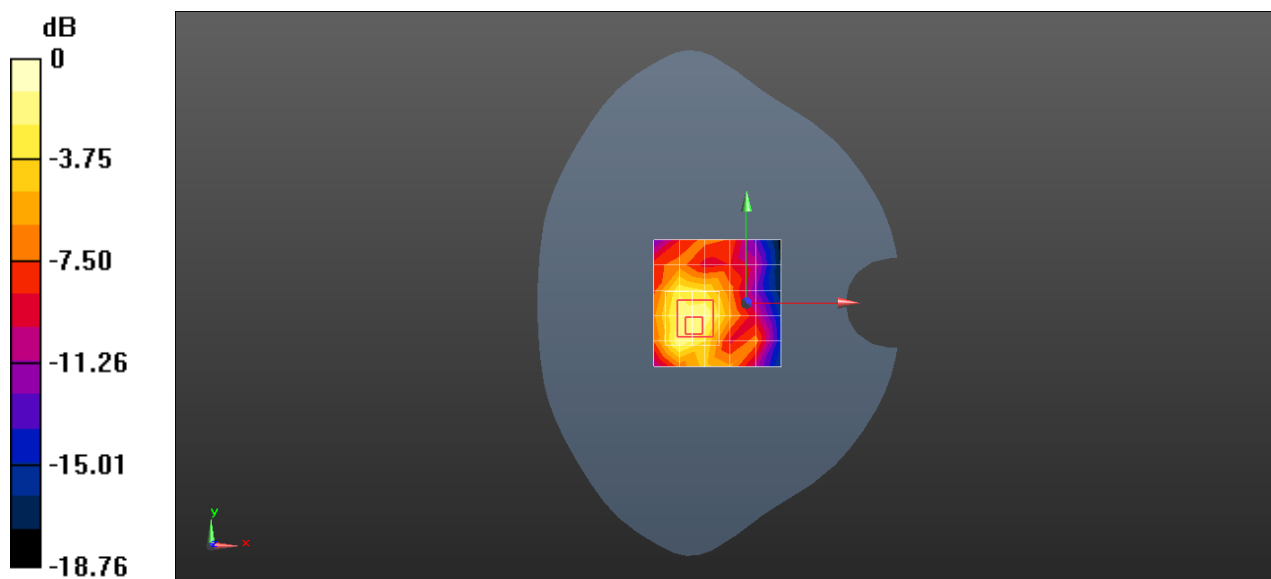
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 4.870 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.482 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.282 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.394 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 50RB25 20300CH Next to the mouth 10mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170816

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.331$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.54, 8.54, 8.54); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1640
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.319 W/kg

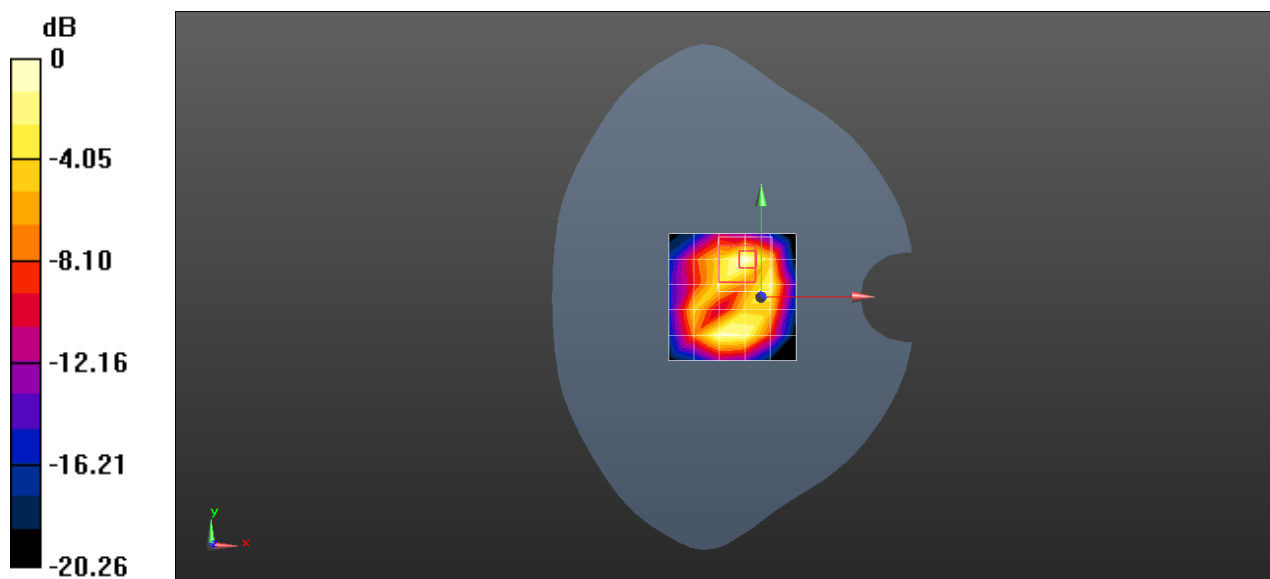
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.599 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.207 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.067 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.315 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB50 20300CH Back side 0mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170794

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750;Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.434$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.554$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.294 W/kg

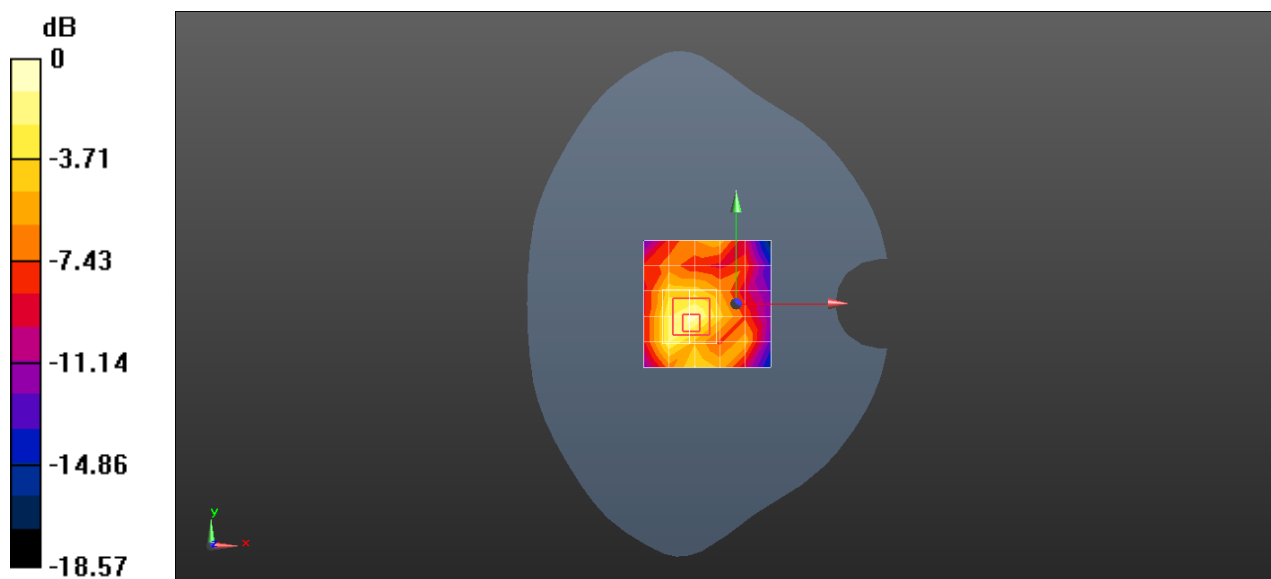
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 9.484 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.434 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.251 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.347 W/kg



0 dB = 0.347 W/kg = -4.60 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB25 20525CH Next to the mouth 10mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170816

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

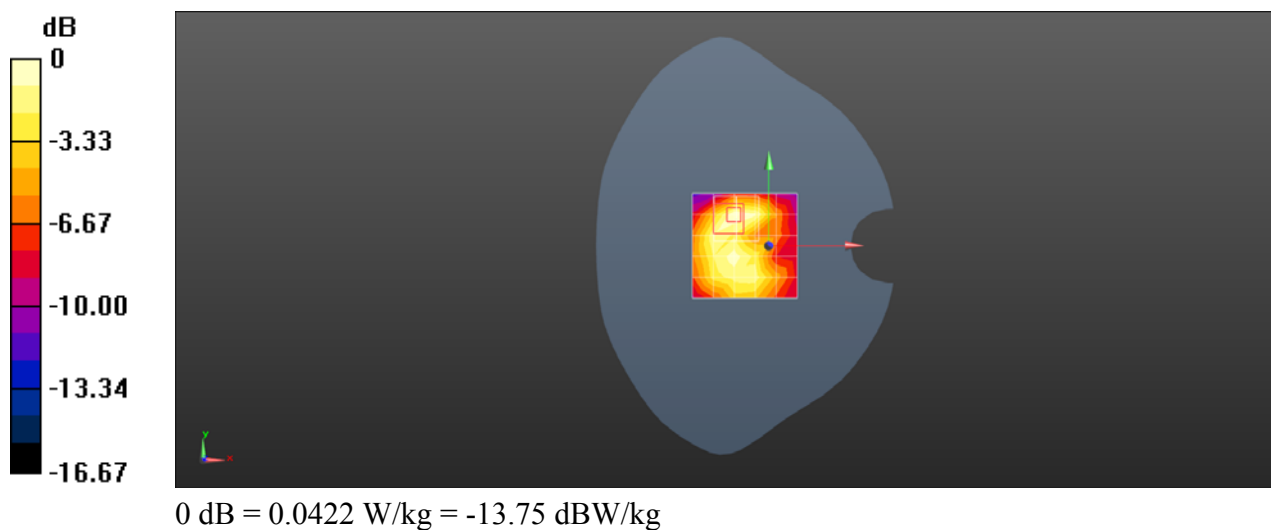
Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.891$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.197$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.66, 8.66, 8.66); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0420 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 5.952 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0640 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.023 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0422 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB25 20525CH Back side 0mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170816

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

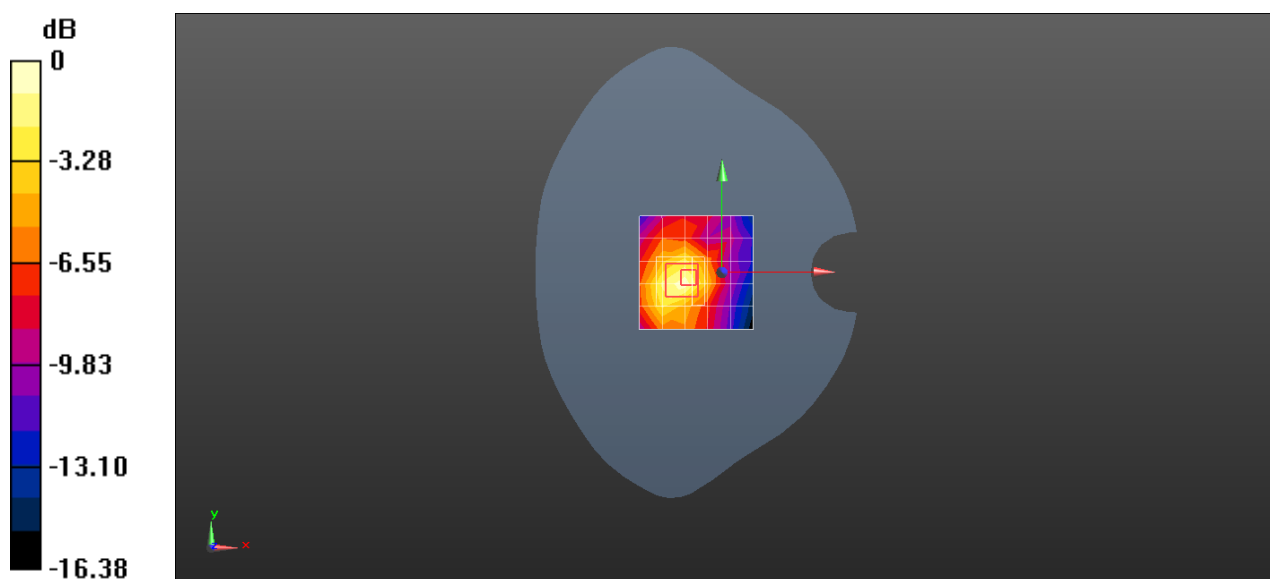
Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.997$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.389$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.84, 8.84, 8.84); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.187 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 10.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.271 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.114 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.062 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.201 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB25 23130CH Next to the mouth 10mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170816

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 711 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750;Medium parameters used: $f = 711 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.854 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.341$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.93, 8.93, 8.93); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0234 W/kg

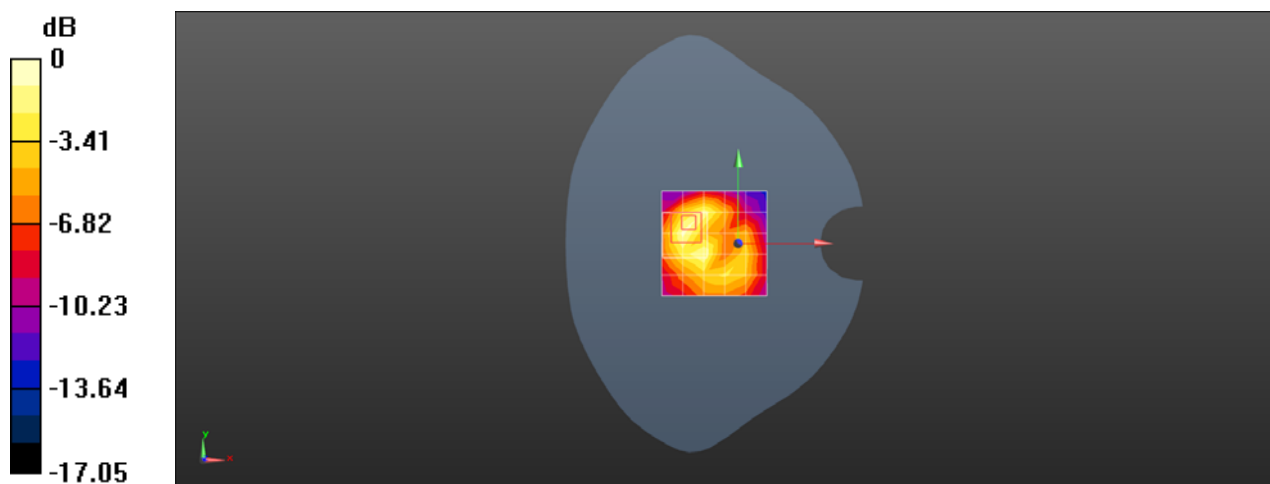
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.459 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0430 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.013 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.00696 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0275 W/kg



$0 \text{ dB} = 0.0275 \text{ W/kg} = -15.61 \text{ dBW/kg}$

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB25 23130CH Back side 0mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170816

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: $f = 711$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.925$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.112 W/kg

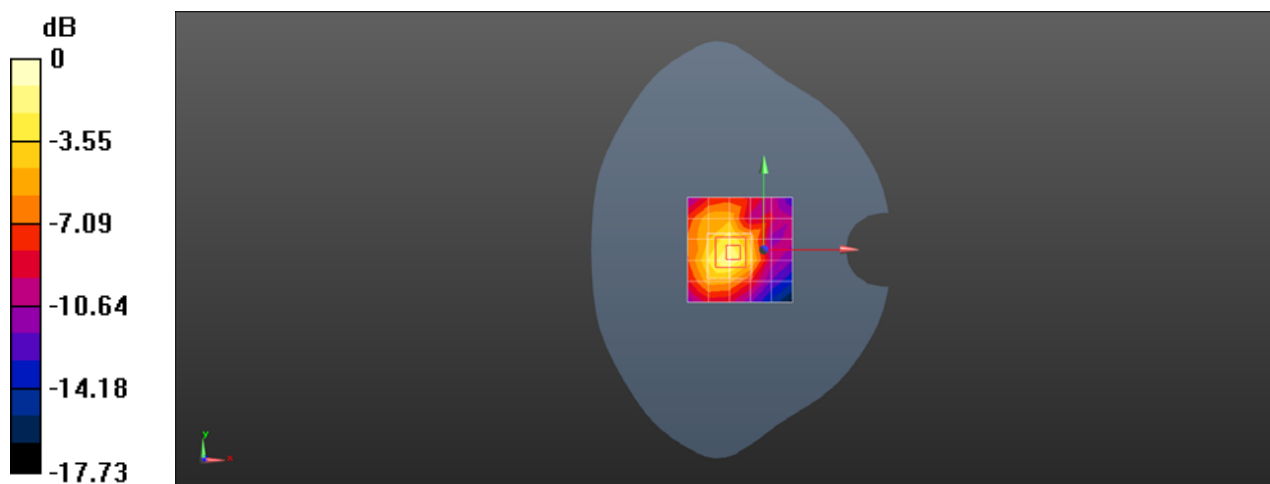
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 9.077 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.200 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.081 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.041 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 W/kg



0 dB = 0.136 W/kg = -8.66 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 LTE Band 13 10M QPSK 1RB25 23230CH Next to the mouth 10mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170794

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used: $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.907$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.93, 8.93, 8.93); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0304 W/kg

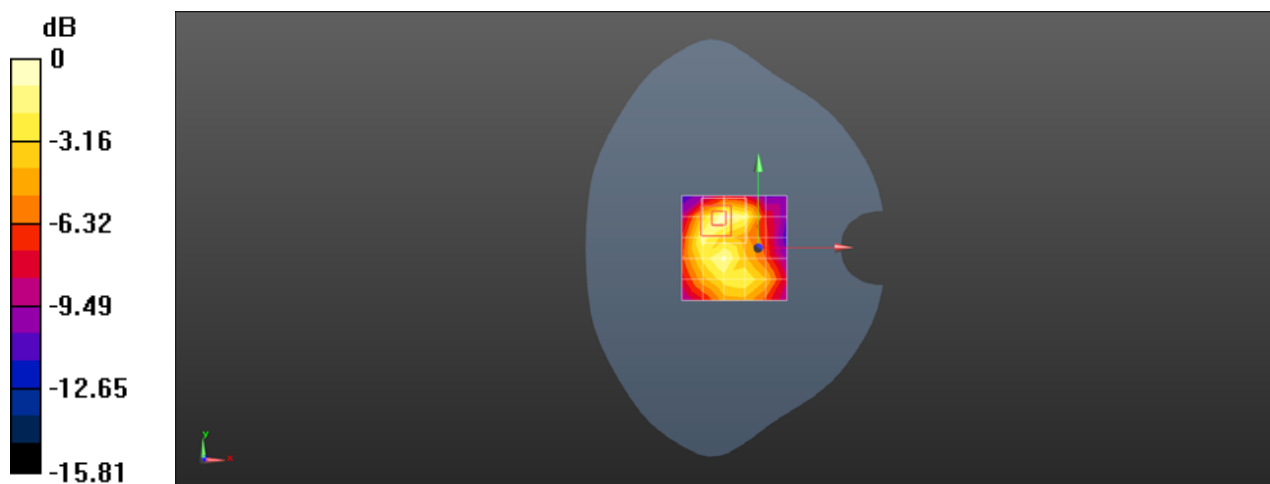
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.019 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0470 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.018 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.00878 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0326 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

WF11026 LTE Band 13 10M QPSK 1RB25 23230CH Back side 0mm

DUT: WF11026; Type: Smart watch; Serial: 720BX8C170794

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.664$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = -2.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2018-11-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 W/kg

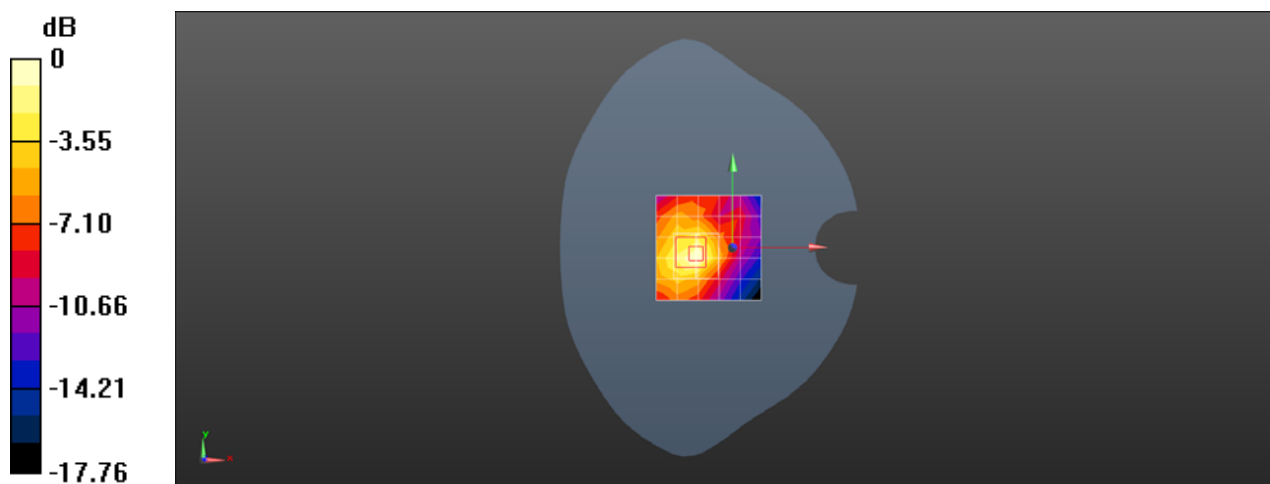
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.248 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.203 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.089 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.049 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 W/kg



0 dB = 0.153 W/kg = -8.15 dBW/kg