



TEST REPORT

Applicant: Ugreen Group Limited
Address: URGEEN Building, Longcheng Industrial Park,
Longguanxi Road, Longhua, ShenZhen, China
Equipment Type: UGREEN ClipBuds2
Model Name: WS221
Brand Name: **UGREEN**
FCC ID: 2AQI5-WS221
Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C
(refer to section 3.1)
Sample Arrival Date: Dec. 18, 2025
Test Date: Dec. 29, 2025 - Jan. 22, 2026
Date of Issue: Jun. 05, 2026

ISSUED BY:

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

**Tested by:** Julie Zhu**Checked by:** Li Ganming**Approved by:** Tolan Tu

(Testing Director)

Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Jun. 05, 2026</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	601, Building 2, Intelligent Connected Vehicle Industrial Park, No.55, Xiangshan Road, Luotian Community, Yanluo Sub-district, Bao'an District, Shenzhen
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Location	☐ Building 2, Intelligent Connected Vehicle Industrial Park, No.55, Xiangshan Road, Luotian Community, Yanluo Sub-district, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong
	☒ 1/F., Building B, Ganghongji High-Tech Intelligent Industrial Park, No.1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Subdistrict, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Ugreen Group Limited
Address	UGREEN Building, Longcheng Industrial Park Longguanxi Road, Longhua, ShenZhen, China

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Ugreen Group Limited
Address	UGREEN Building, Longcheng Industrial Park Longguanxi Road, Longhua, ShenZhen, China

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	UGREEN ClipBuds2
Model Name Under Test	WS221
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model name differentiation	N/A
Hardware Version	N/A
Software Version	N/A
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

Remark:

- Product Number (P/N) code in the below table, for marketing purpose, will be marked on the marking plate.

85733	85733EU	85733UK	85733US	85733JP	85733CN	85733KC	85733A
85733B	85733C	85733P	85733X	85733U	KC-85733	85733DE	85733RF
85941	85941EU	85941UK	85941US	85941JP	85941CN	85941KC	85941A
85941B	85941C	85941P	85941X	85941U	KC-85941	85733DE	85733RF

2.4 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)
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The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	FHSS	
Modulation Type	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK	
Product Type	☐ Mobile ☒ Portable ☐ Fix Location	
Transfer Rate	DH5: 1 Mbps 2DH5: 2 Mbps 3DH5: 3 Mbps	
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.	
Number of Channel	79 (at intervals of 1 MHz)	
Tested Channel	0 (2402 MHz), 39 (2441 MHz), 78 (2480 MHz)	
Antenna Type	Left Ear	PIFA Antenna
	Right Ear	
Antenna Gain	Left Ear	-3.05 dBi
	Right Ear	-3.51 dBi
Antenna Impedance	50 Ω	
Antenna System (MIMO Smart Antenna)	N/A	

All channel was listed on the following table:

Channel number	Freq. (MHz)	Channel number	Freq. (MHz)	Channel number	Freq. (MHz)	Channel number	Freq. (MHz)
0	2402	21	2423	42	2444	63	2465
1	2403	22	2424	43	2445	64	2466
2	2404	23	2425	44	2446	65	2467
3	2405	24	2426	45	2447	66	2468
4	2406	25	2427	46	2448	67	2469
5	2407	26	2428	47	2449	68	2470
6	2408	27	2429	48	2450	69	2471
7	2409	28	2430	49	2451	70	2472
8	2410	29	2431	50	2452	71	2473
9	2411	30	2432	51	2453	72	2474
10	2412	31	2433	52	2454	73	2475
11	2413	32	2434	53	2455	74	2476
12	2414	33	2435	54	2456	75	2477
13	2415	34	2436	55	2457	76	2478
14	2416	35	2437	56	2458	77	2479
15	2417	36	2438	57	2459	78	2480
16	2418	37	2439	58	2460	-	-
17	2419	38	2440	59	2461	-	-
18	2420	39	2441	60	2462	-	-
19	2421	40	2442	61	2463	-	-
20	2422	41	2443	62	2464	-	-

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment
2	ANSI C63.10-2020	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
3	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 ☆	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules

3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict	Remark
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	N/A	--	Pass	Note ¹
2	Number of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(a)	Hopping Mode	5.3.4	Pass	Note ²
3	Peak Output Power	15.247(b)	Low/Middle/High	5.4.4	Pass	--
4	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	Low/Middle/High	5.5.4	Pass	--
5	Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247(a)	Hopping Mode	5.6.4	Pass	Note ²
6	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	15.247(a)	Hopping Mode	5.7.4	Pass	Note ²
7	Conducted Spurious Emission & Authorized-band band-edge	15.247(d)	Hopping Mode; Low/Middle/High	5.8.4	Pass	Note ²
8	Conducted Emission	15.207	Low/Middle/High	5.9.4	Pass	Note ²
9	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	Low/Middle/High	5.10.4	Pass	Note ²
10	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	Low/High	5.11.4	Pass	Note ²

Note ¹: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

Note ²: $\pi/4$ -DQPSK is the EDR 2M rate mode, 8-DPSK is the EDR 3M rate mode. The consistency of test results in $\pi/4$ -DQPSK and 8-DPSK is very high. So we chose 8-DPSK as a typical representative to appear on the report. Another we will show all the modes on the RF output power test item.

4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	36% to 60%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+19.3°C to +24.2°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.8 V

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY54420186	2025.05.21	2026.05.20
Power meter	R&S	NRP8S	101498	2025.07.07	2026.07.06
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY56060127	2025.02.27	2026.02.26
Test Antenna-Horn	A-INFO	LB-180400KF	J211060273	2024.06.15	2027.06.14
Test Antenna-Bi-Log	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	01414	2023.11.03	2026.11.02
Test Antenna-Horn	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	02459	2023.10.26	2026.10.25
Test Antenna-Loop	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1513-60	00015	2024.05.07	2026.05.06
Anechoic Chamber	YIHENG	C8-966	N/A	2024.05.15	2027.05.11
EMI Receiver	Keysight	N9038A	MY55330121	2025.04.16	2026.04.15
Filtering unit	balun	SU319F	LW-SZ19D0001F01	N/A	N/A
Switching unit	BALUN	SU319	LW-SZ19D0001S01	N/A	N/A
EMI Receiver	keysight	N9038B	MY61380132	2025.04.01	2026.03.31
LISN	SCHWARZBECK MESS- ELEKTRONIK	NSLK8127	01009	2025.07.15	2026.07.14
Shielded Enclosure	YiHeng Electronic Co., Ltd	4.3m*2.9m*2.4m	235	2024.11.05	2027.11.04

4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.488	N/A	The section 4.5.1
BL410E	BALUN	V22.930	N/A	The section 4.5.2&4.5.3&4.5.4&4.5.5

4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.8%
RF output power, conducted	1.28 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.30 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.84 dB
All emissions, radiated	5.36 dB
Temperature	0.8°C
Humidity	4%

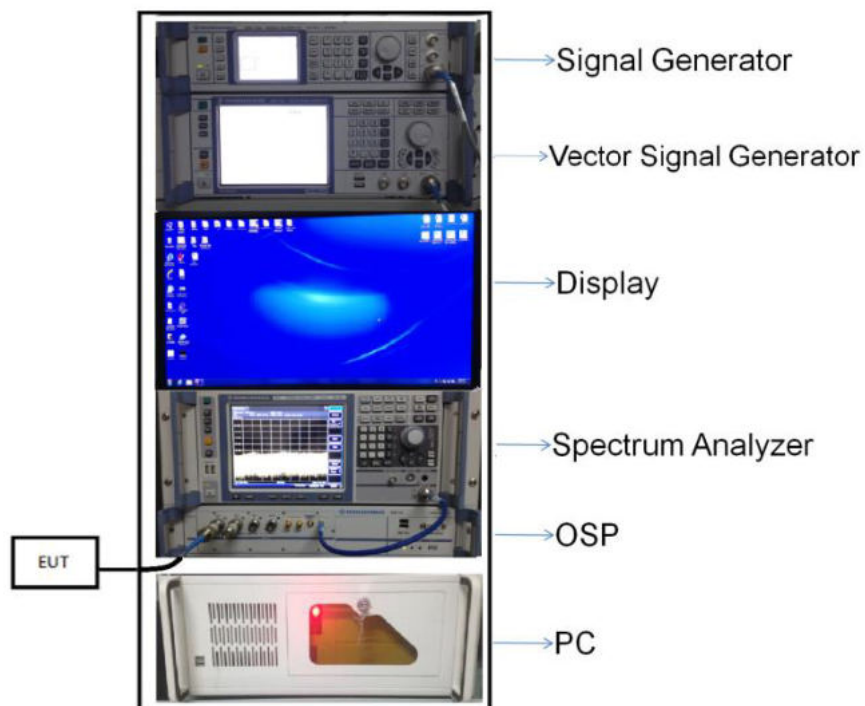
4.5 Description of Test Setup

4.5.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

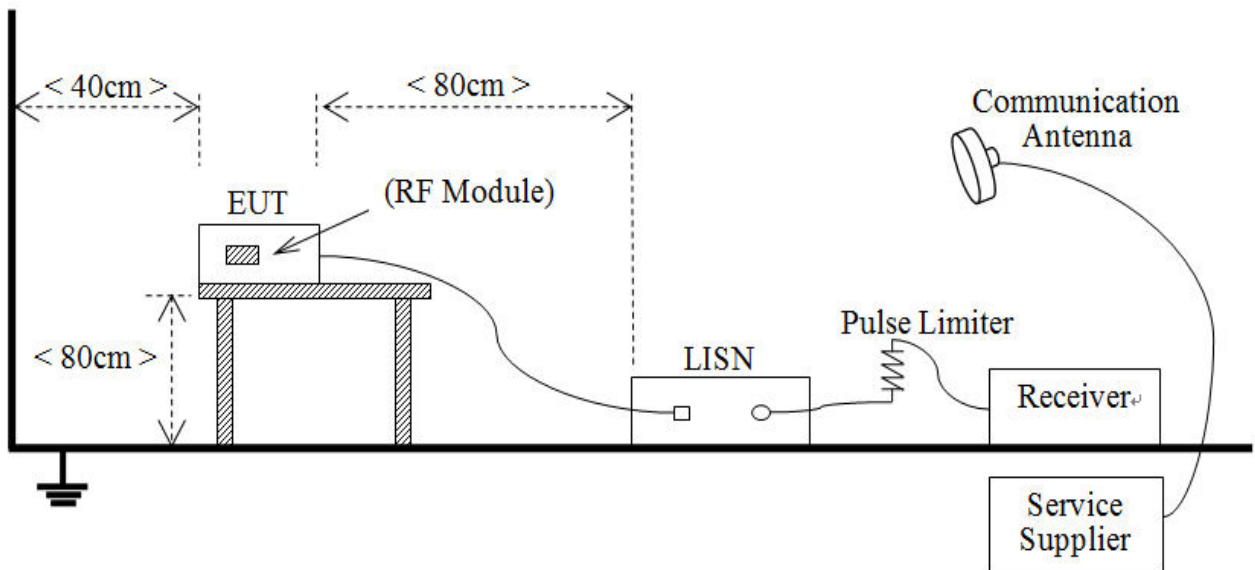
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT:

Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



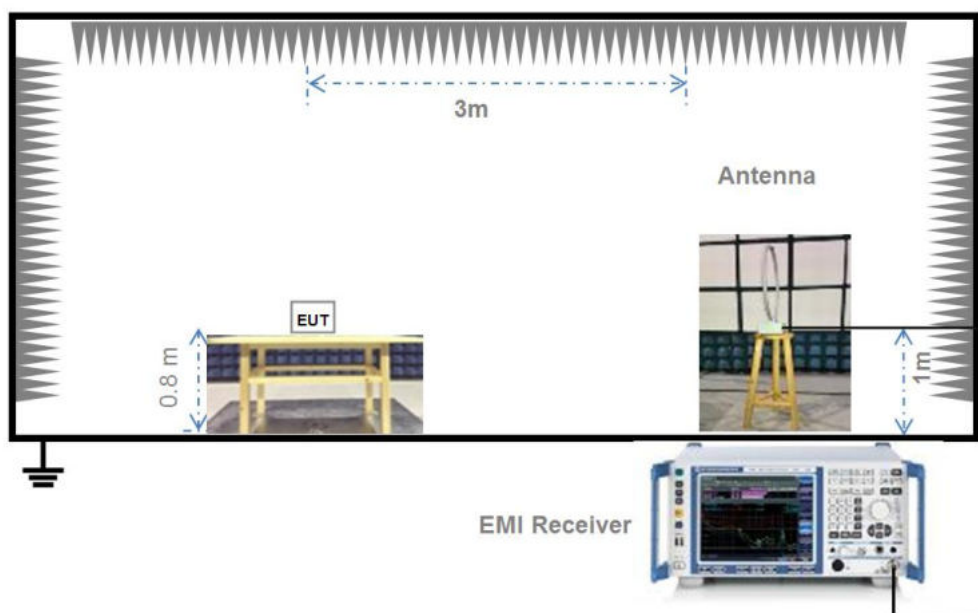
(Diagram 1)

4.5.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



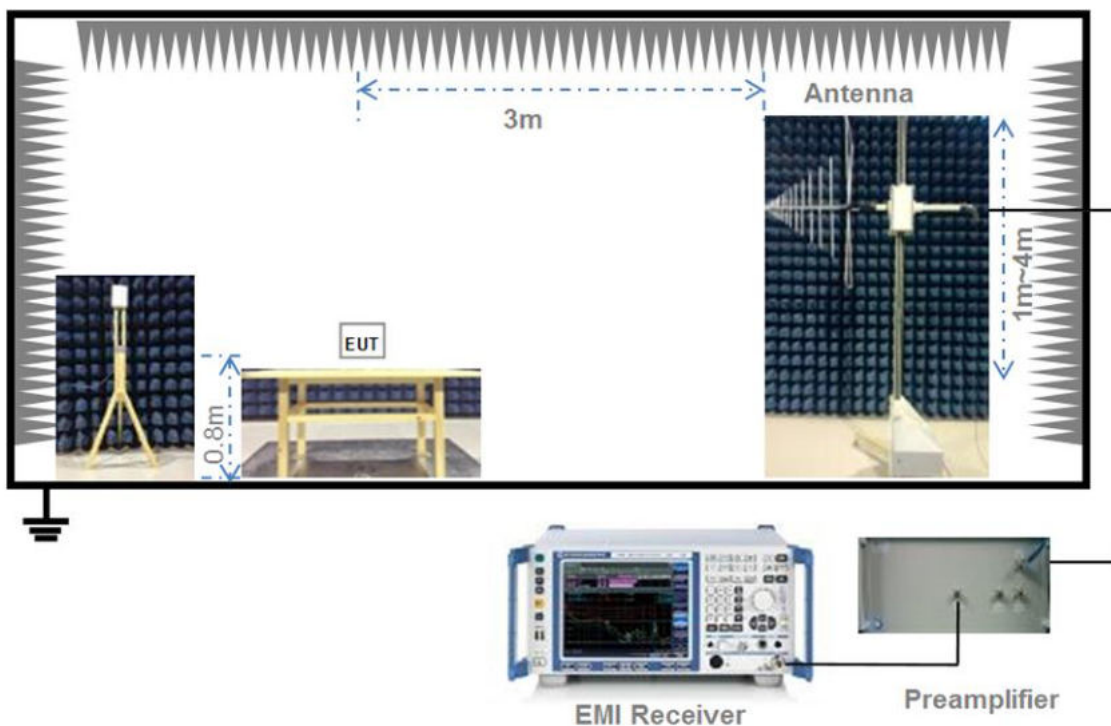
(Diagram 2)

4.5.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



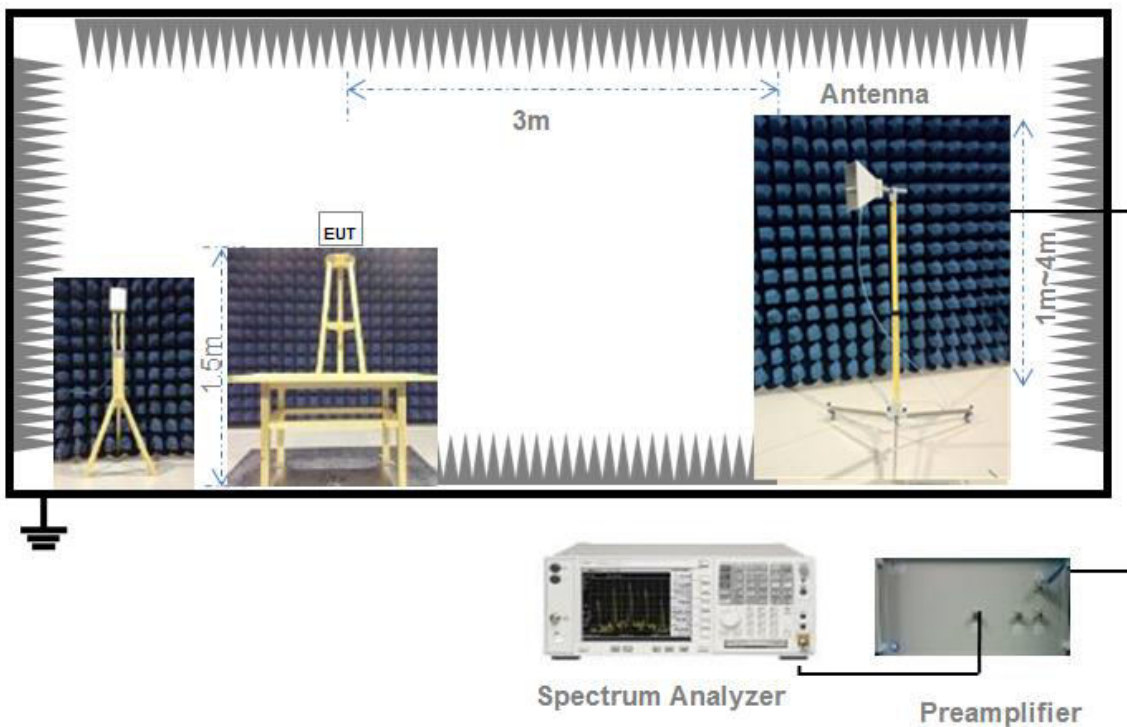
(Diagram 3)

4.5.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.5.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

4.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.6.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

5.2 Frequency Hopping Systems

5.2.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv); FCC §15.247(g); FCC §15.247(h)

Describe how the hopping sequence is generated. Provide an example of the hopping sequence channels, to demonstrate that the sequence meets the requirement specified in the definition of an FHSS system. Per the definition in Section 2.1(c), the hop set shall appear as random in the near term, shall appear as evenly distributed in the long term, and sequential hops shall be randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change.

Describe how each individual EUT meets the requirement that each of its hopping channels is used equally on average (e.g., that each new transmission event begins on the next channel in the hopping sequence after the final channel used in the previous transmission event).

Describe how the associated receiver(s) complies with the requirement that the input bandwidth (either RF or IF) matches the bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Describe how the associated receiver(s) has the ability to shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

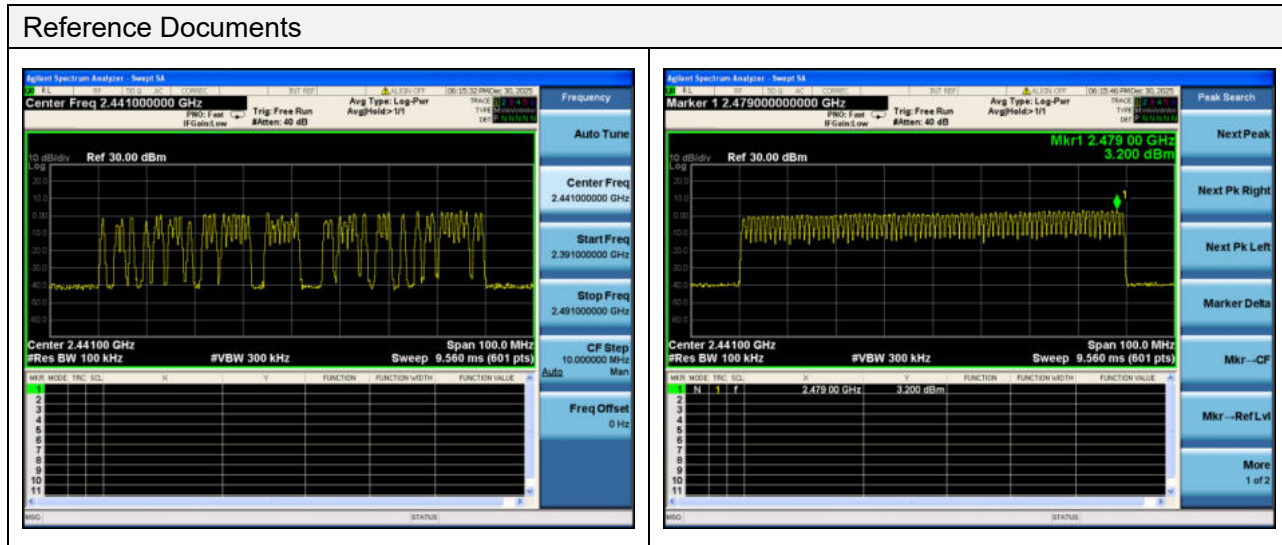
For short burst systems, describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that it be designed to be capable of operating as a true frequency hopping system. Specifically, the device shall comply with the equal frequency use and pseudorandom hopping sequence requirement when transmitting in short bursts, and shall be designed to comply when presented with continuous data (or information) stream.

Describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that it not have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.

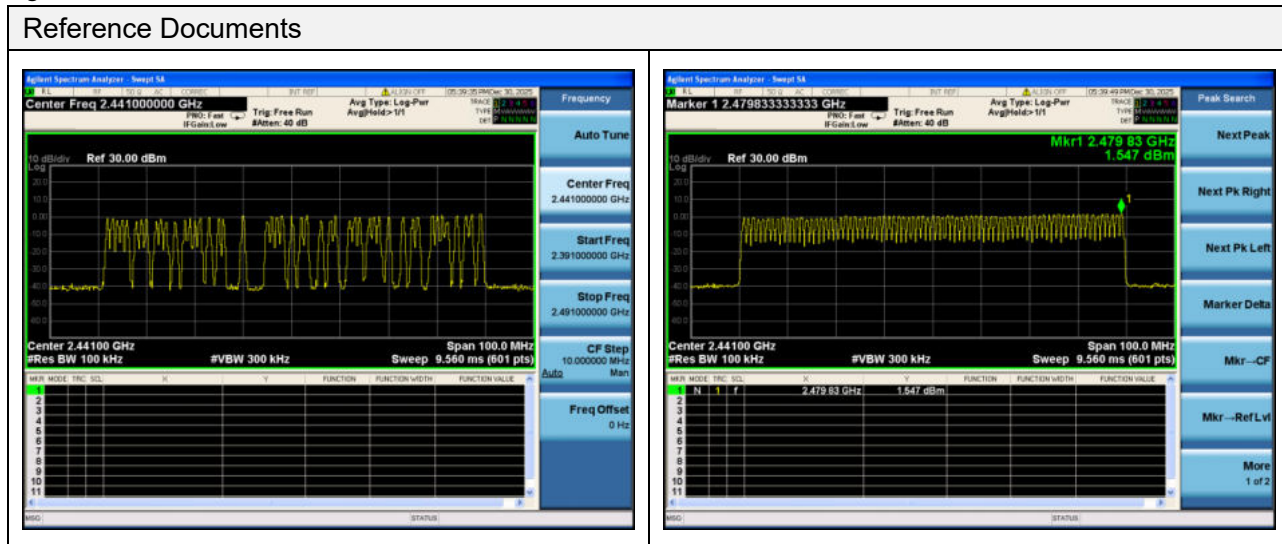
5.2.2 Description of the systems

1. According to the preset procedure of the whole network, all the stations in the automatic control network synchronously change the frequency multiple times within one second, and temporarily stay on each frequency hopping channel. Periodic synchronization signaling is sent from the primary station, instructing all slaves to simultaneously change the operating frequency, then the hopping sequence is generated.
2. The hop set shall appear as random in the near term, shall appear as evenly distributed in the long term, and sequential hops shall be randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change.

Left Ear



Right Ear



3. Channels are classified into two categories, used and unused, where used channels are part of the hopping sequence and unused channels are replaced in the hopping sequence by used channels in a pseudo-random way. Make each individual EUT meets the requirement that each of its hopping channels is used equally on average.
4. The input bandwidth and transmitted bandwidth are both 1MHz, the associated receiver(s) complies with the requirement that the input bandwidth matches the bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

5. Connected devices communicate on the same physical channel by synchronizing with a common clock and hopping sequence.
6. EUT isn't short burst systems.
7. EUT can't have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort.

5.3 Number of Hopping Frequencies

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii)

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = The frequency band of operation

RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize

5.3.4 Test Result

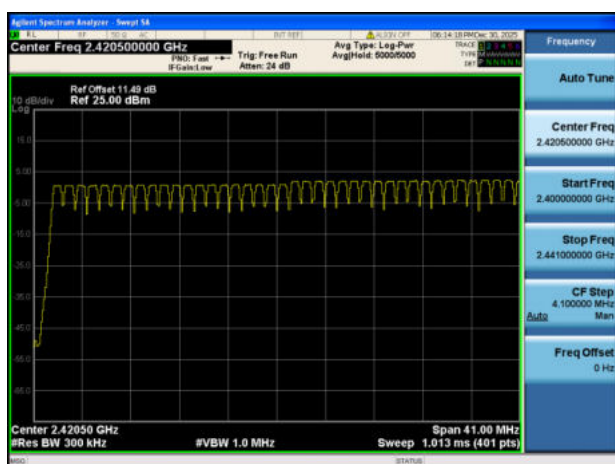
Left Ear

Test Data

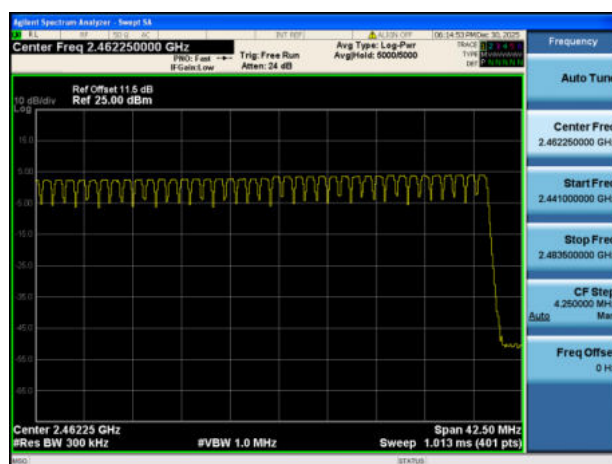
Test Mode	Frequency Block (MHz)	Measured Channel Numbers	Min. Limit	Verdict
GFSK	2400 - 2483.5	79	15	Pass
8-DPSK	2400 - 2483.5	79	15	Pass

Test Plots

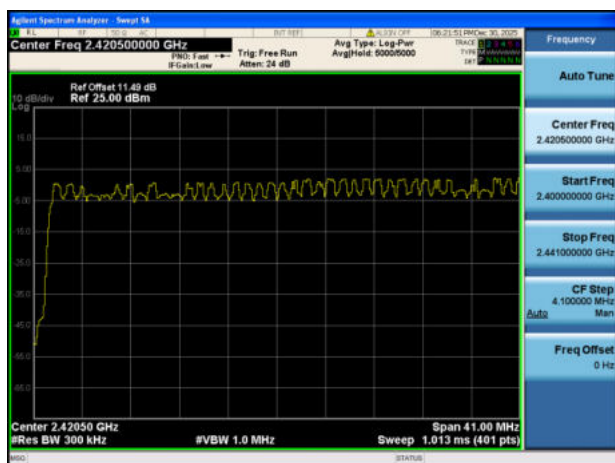
GFSK 2.4 GHz ~ 2.4415 GHz



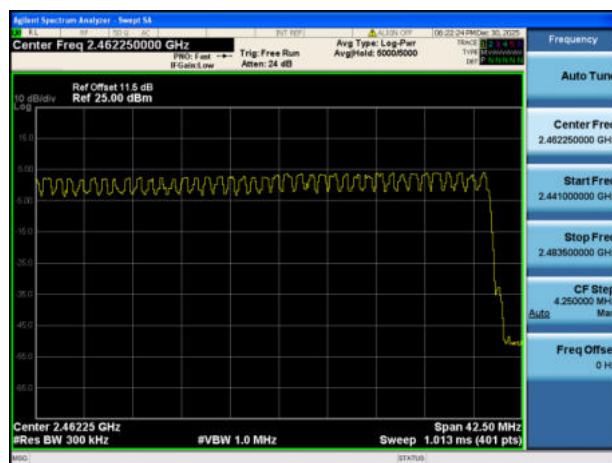
GFSK 2.4415 GHz ~ 2.4835 GHz



8-DPSK 2.4 GHz ~ 2.4415 GHz



8-DPSK 2.4415 GHz ~ 2.4835 GHz



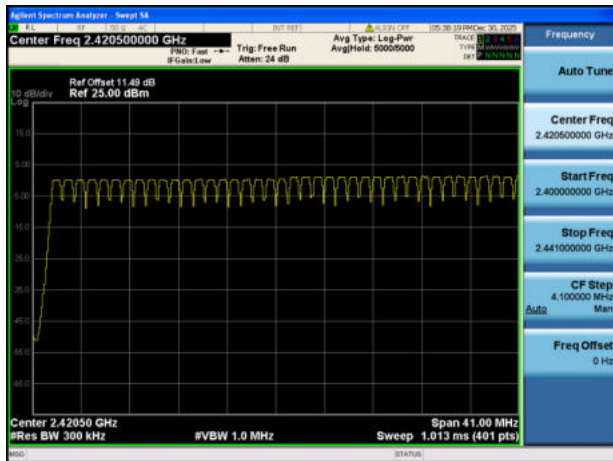
Right Ear

Test Data

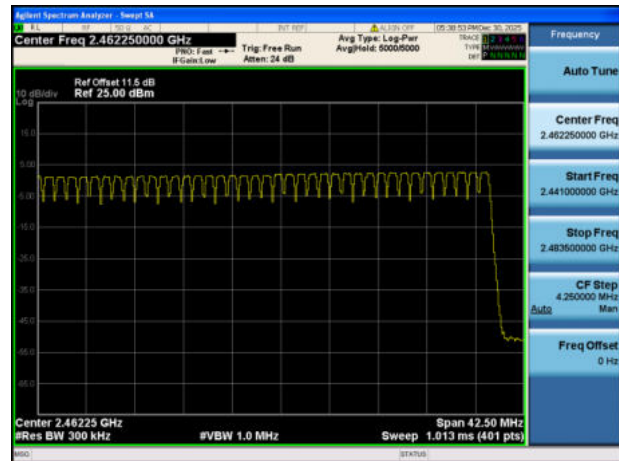
Test Mode	Frequency Block (MHz)	Measured Channel Numbers	Min. Limit	Verdict
GFSK	2400 - 2483.5	79	15	Pass
8-DPSK	2400 - 2483.5	79	15	Pass

Test Plots

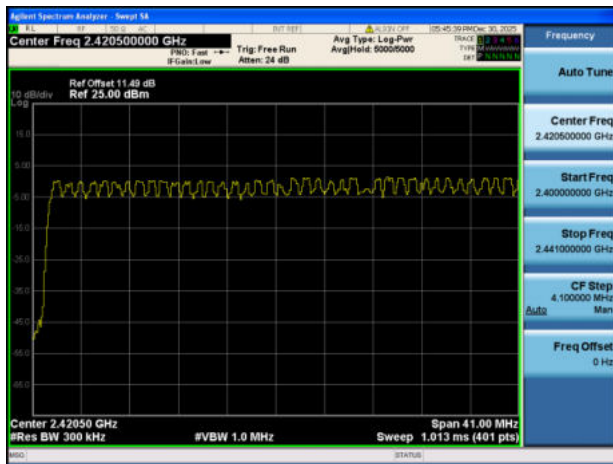
GFSK 2.4 GHz ~ 2.4415 GHz



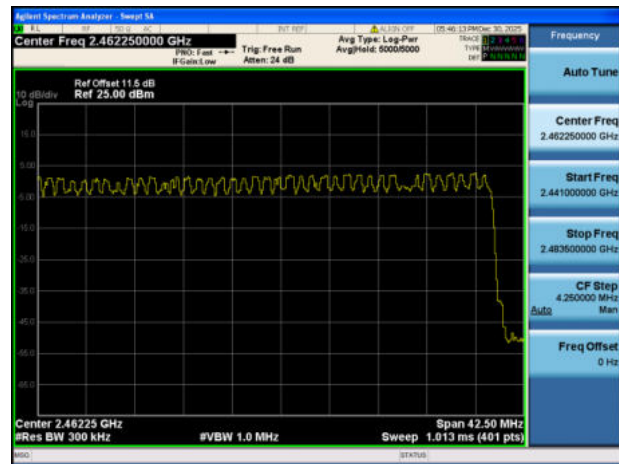
GFSK 2.4415 GHz ~ 2.4835 GHz



8-DPSK 2.4 GHz ~ 2.4415 GHz



8-DPSK 2.4415 GHz ~ 2.4835 GHz



5.4 Peak Output Power

5.4.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The Module operates at hopping-off test mode. The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to verify the conducted RF output peak power of the Module.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize.

5.4.4 Test Result

Left Ear

Peak Power Test Data

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power						Limit		Verdict
	GFSK		$\pi/4$ -DQPSK		8-DPSK		dBm	mW	
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	dBm	mW			
Low	-1.66	0.68	1.21	1.32	1.25	1.33	21	125	Pass
Middle	-0.90	0.81	2.07	1.61	2.13	1.63			Pass
High	-0.30	0.93	2.73	1.87	2.95	1.97			Pass

Right Ear

Peak Power Test Data

Peak Power Test Data									
Channel	Measured Output Peak Power						Limit		Verdict
	GFSK		$\pi/4$ -DQPSK		8-DPSK		dBm	mW	
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	dBm	mW			
Low	-0.14	0.97	2.70	1.86	2.68	1.85	21	125	Pass
Middle	0.29	1.07	3.26	2.12	3.24	2.11			Pass
High	0.63	1.16	3.73	2.36	3.70	2.34			Pass

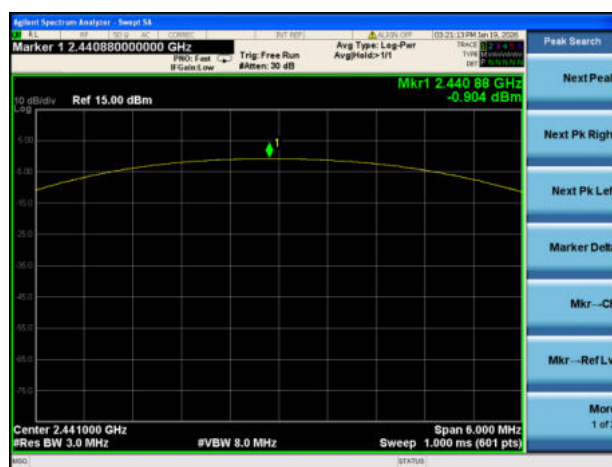
Test Plots

Left Ear

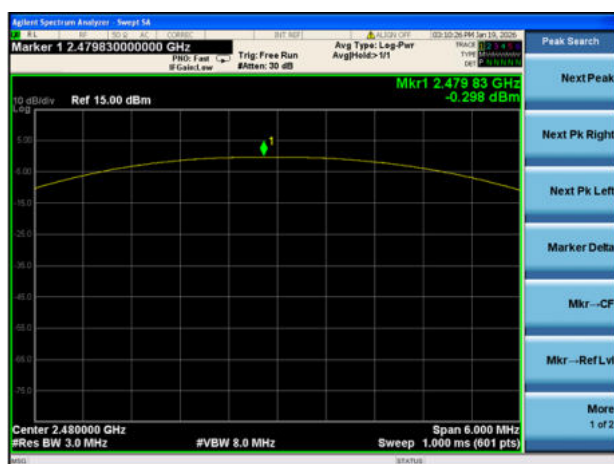
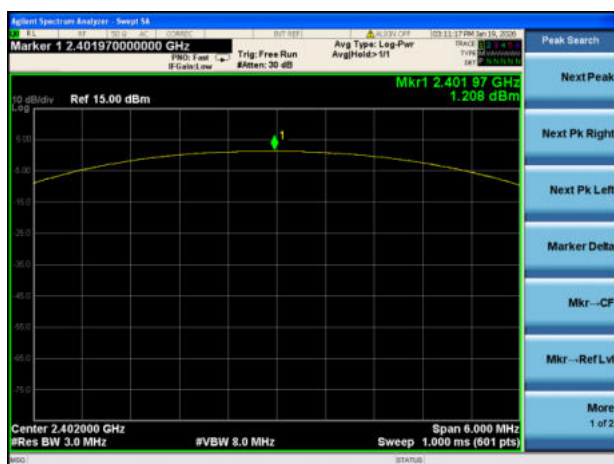
GFSK LOW CHANNEL



GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



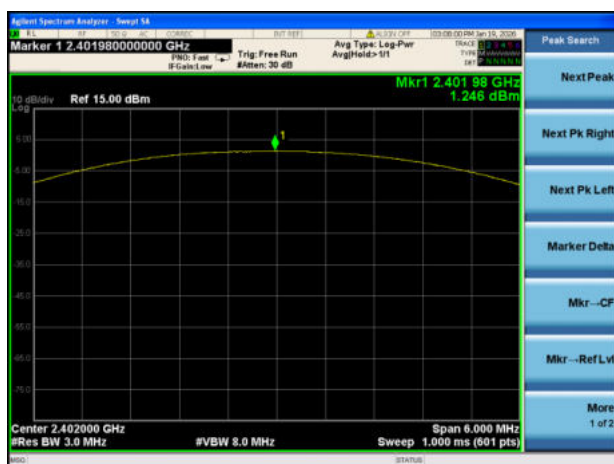
GFSK HIGH CHANNEL

 $\pi/4$ -DQPSK LOW CHANNEL $\pi/4$ -DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

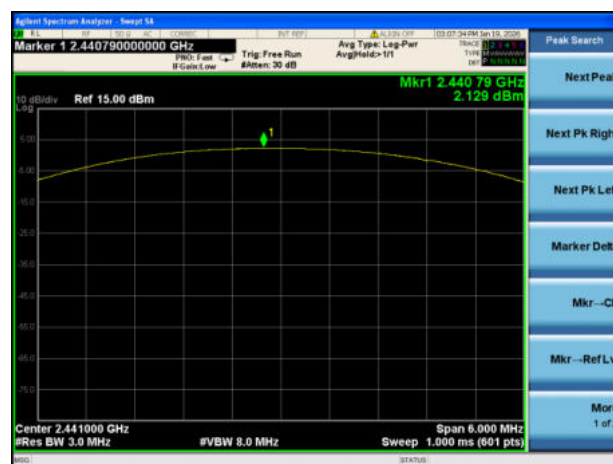
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



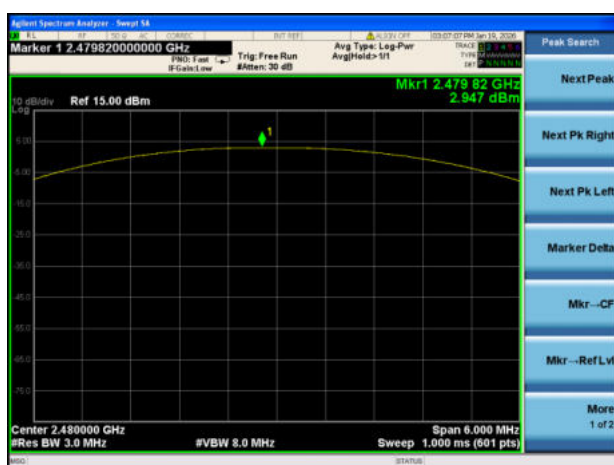
8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL



8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

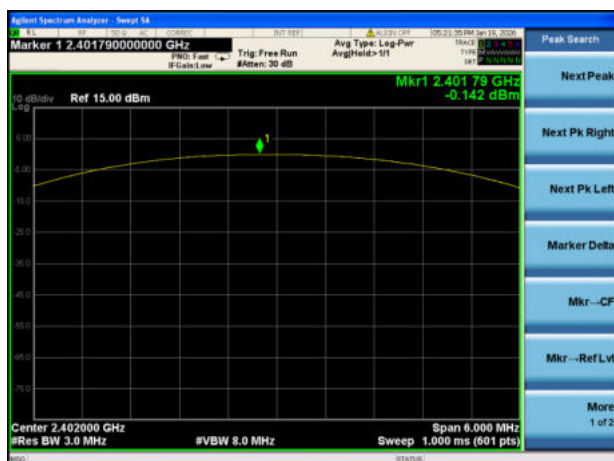


8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL



Right Ear

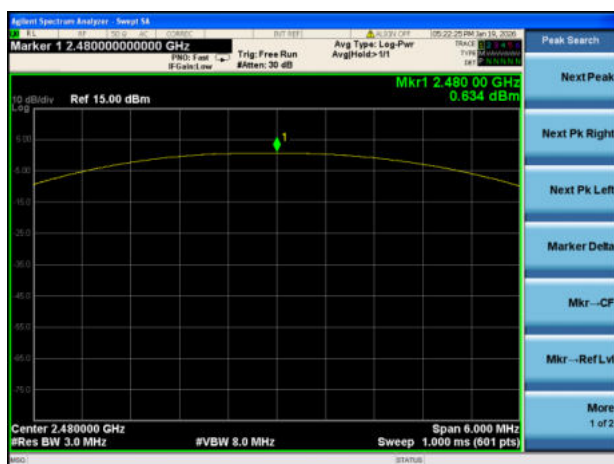
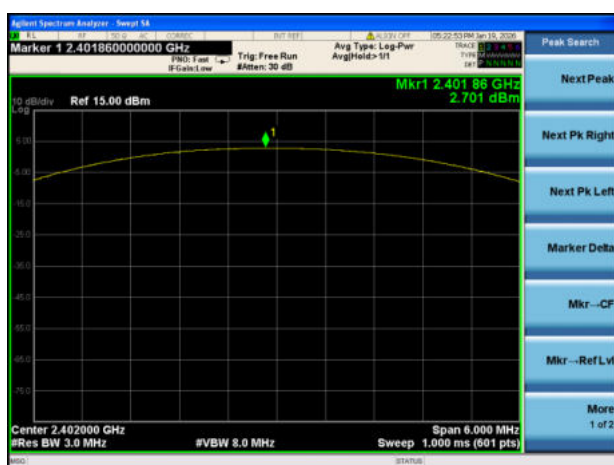
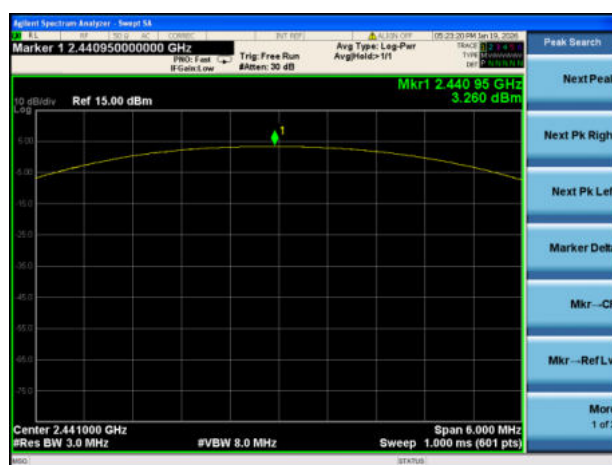
GFSK LOW CHANNEL



GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



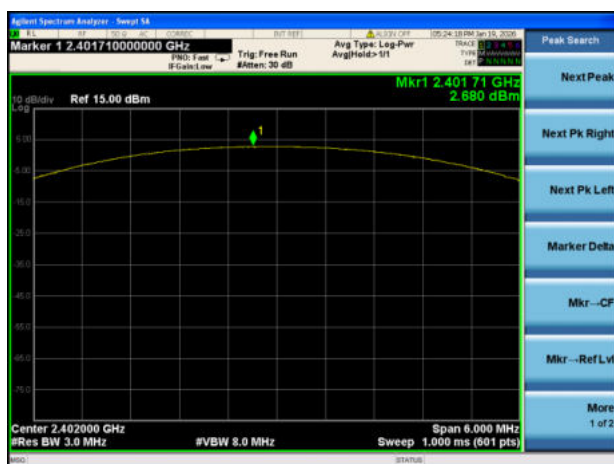
GFSK HIGH CHANNEL

 $\pi/4$ -DQPSK LOW CHANNEL $\pi/4$ -DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

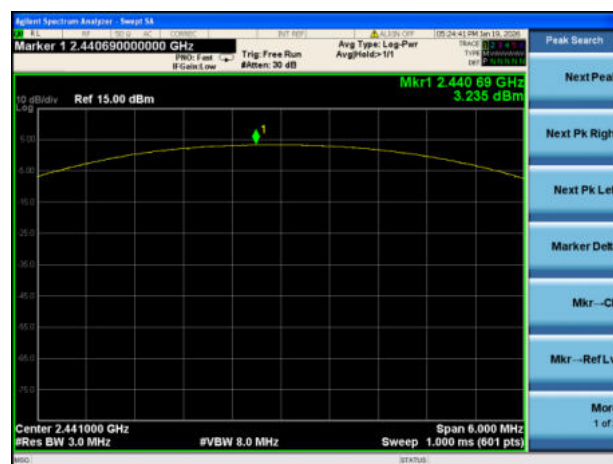
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



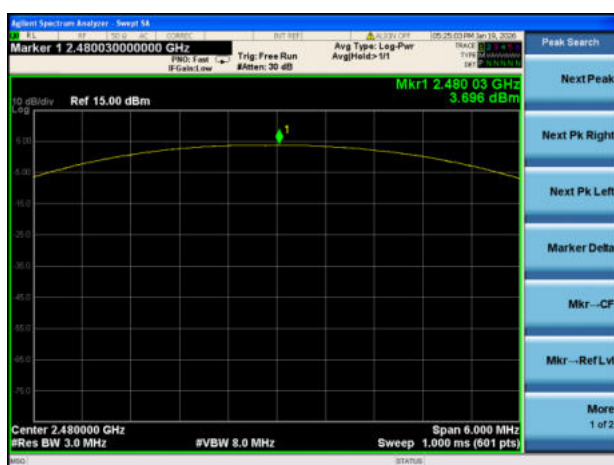
8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL



8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL



5.5 Occupied Bandwidth

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Measurement of the 20dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

20dB bandwidth

use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW

VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate, Allow the trace to stabilize.

99% bandwidth

use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = approximately 1.5 to 5 times the 99% bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW

VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate, Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument and report the measured bandwidth.

5.5.4 Test Result

Test DataLeft Ear

GFSK		
Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	0.960000	0.891330
Middle	0.960000	0.892690
High	0.967500	0.894700
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK		
Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	1.192400	1.132600
Middle	1.185100	1.122400
High	1.185100	1.119200
8-DPSK		
Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	1.200000	1.135300
Middle	1.200000	1.124600
High	1.200000	1.122700

Right Ear

GFSK		
Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	0.967500	0.885900
Middle	0.967500	0.886360
High	0.967500	0.890270
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK		
Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	1.200000	1.126000
Middle	1.192600	1.124600
High	1.192600	1.121300
8-DPSK		
Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	1.207500	1.132800
Middle	1.207500	1.131400
High	1.207500	1.133500

Test Plots

Left Ear

20 dB Bandwidth

GFSK LOW CHANNEL



GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK HIGH CHANNEL

 $\pi/4$ -DQPSK LOW CHANNEL $\pi/4$ -DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

$\pi/4$ -DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL



8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

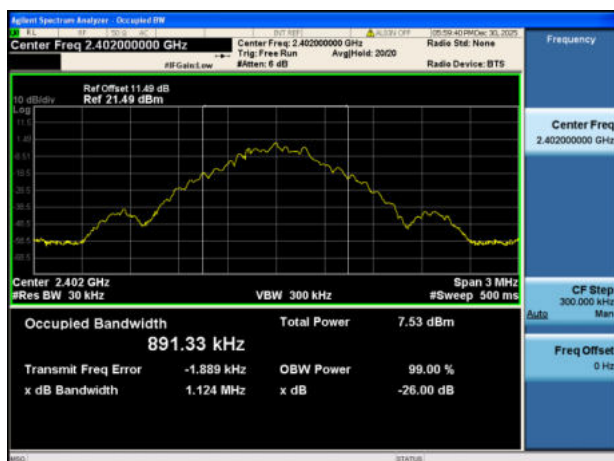


8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL

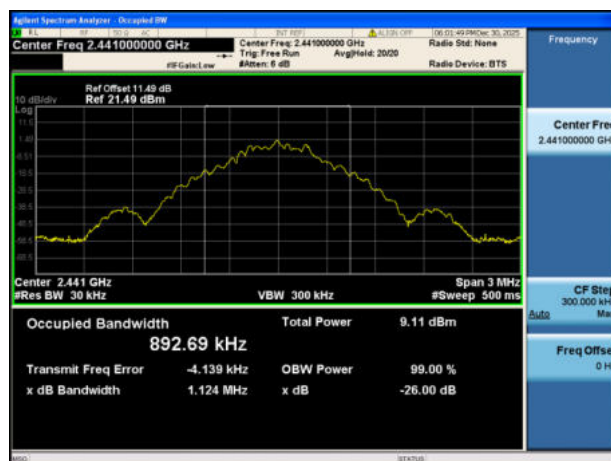


99% Bandwidth

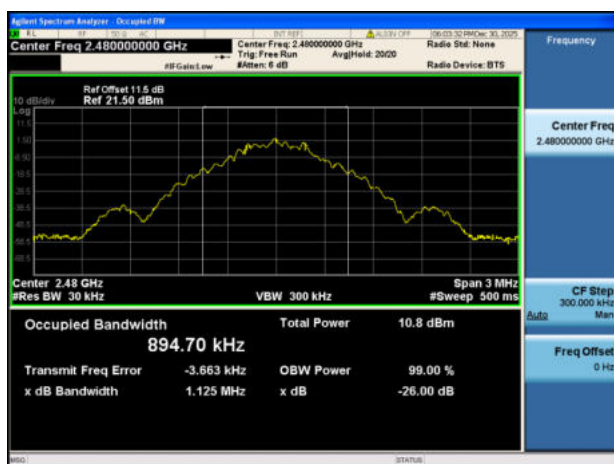
GFSK LOW CHANNEL



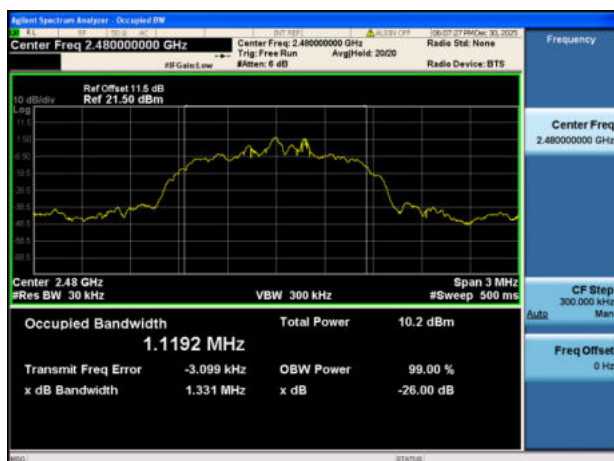
GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK HIGH CHANNEL

 $\pi/4$ -DQPSK LOW CHANNEL $\pi/4$ -DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

$\pi/4$ -DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL



8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL



Right Ear

20 dB Bandwidth

GFSK LOW CHANNEL



GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK HIGH CHANNEL

 $\pi/4$ -DQPSK LOW CHANNEL $\pi/4$ -DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

$\pi/4$ -DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL



8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

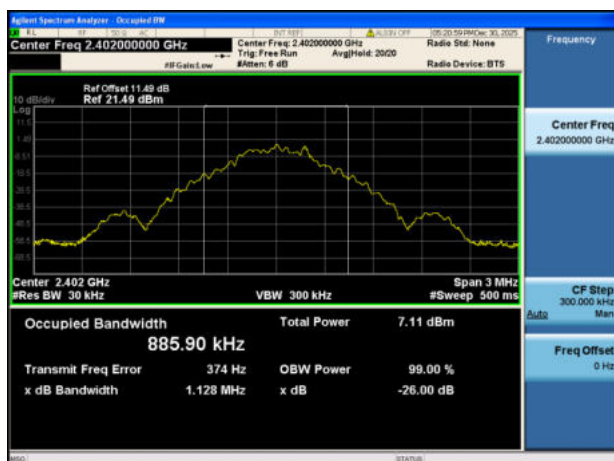


8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL

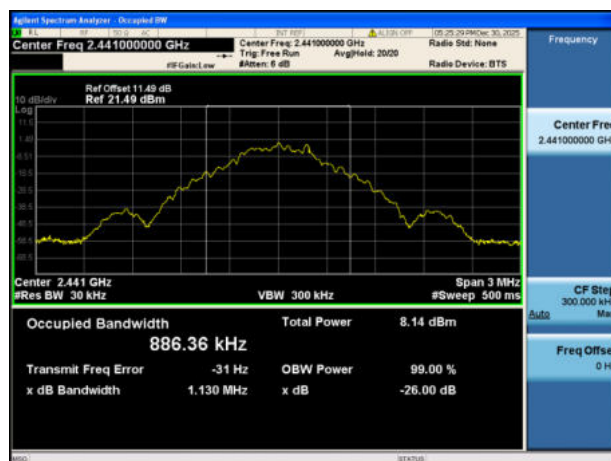


99% Bandwidth

GFSK LOW CHANNEL



GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK HIGH CHANNEL

 $\pi/4$ -DQPSK LOW CHANNEL $\pi/4$ -DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

$\pi/4$ -DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL



8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL



5.6 Carrier Frequency Separation

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 2/3 of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) $\geq 1\%$ of the span

Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

5.6.4 Test Result

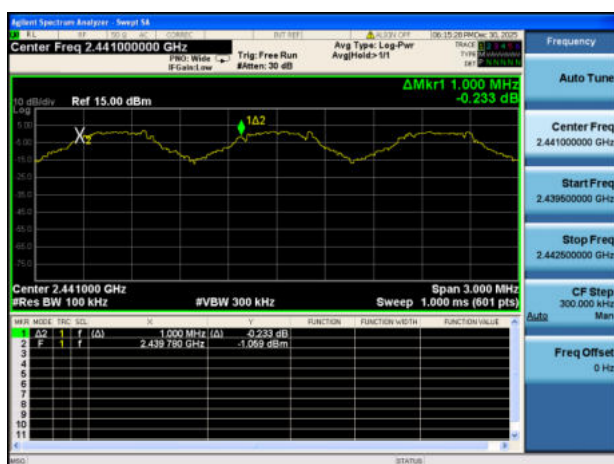
Left Ear

Test Data

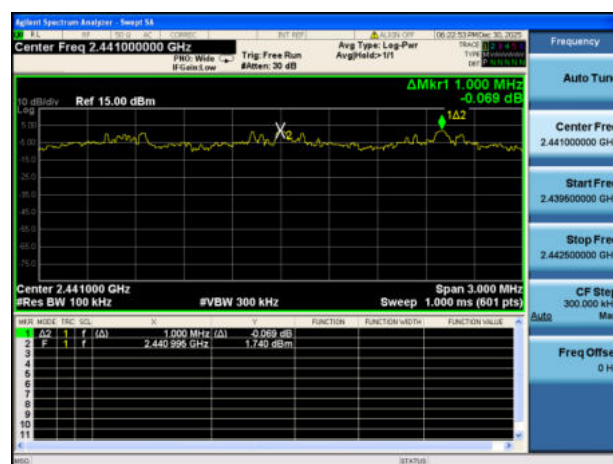
Mode	Frequency separation (MHz)	2/3 of the 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Verdict
GFSK	1.000	0.645	Pass
8-DPSK	1.000	0.800	Pass

Test Plots

GFSK



8-DPSK



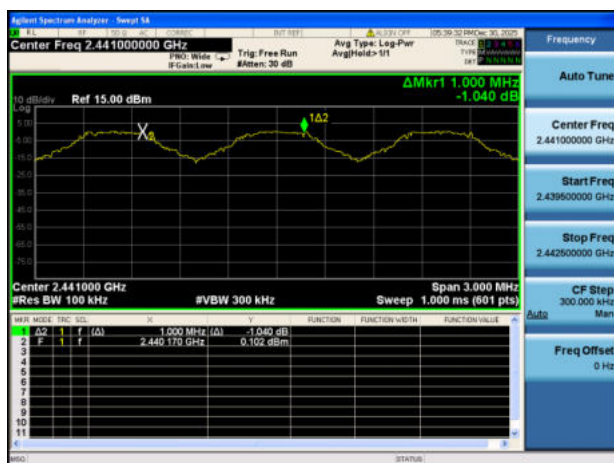
Right Ear

Test Data

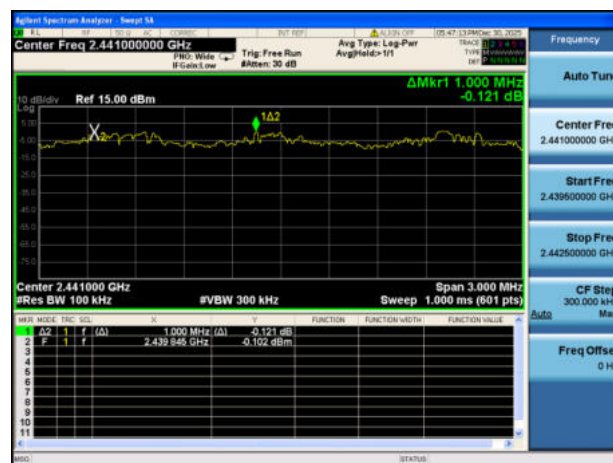
Mode	Frequency separation (MHz)	2/3 of the 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Verdict
GFSK	1.000	0.645	Pass
8-DPSK	1.000	0.805	Pass

Test Plots

GFSK



8-DPSK



5.7 Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400 MHz - 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW shall be $\leq$ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1/T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel

Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel

Detector function: Peak

Trace: Max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

The average time of occupancy on any channel within the Period can be calculated with formulas:

For GFSK and 8-DPSK:

For DH1 package type

$\{\text{Total of Dwell}\} = \{\text{Pulse Time}\} * (1600 / 2) / \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\} * \{\text{Period}\}$

$\{\text{Period}\} = 0.4 \text{ s} * \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\}$

For DH3 package type

$\{\text{Total of Dwell}\} = \{\text{Pulse Time}\} * (1600 / 4) / \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\} * \{\text{Period}\}$

$\{\text{Period}\} = 0.4 \text{ s} * \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\}$

For DH5 package type

$\{\text{Total of Dwell}\} = \{\text{Pulse Time}\} * (1600 / 6) / \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\} * \{\text{Period}\}$

$\{\text{Period}\} = 0.4 \text{ s} * \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\}$

For AFH Mode:

For DH1 package type

$$\{\text{Total of Dwell}\} = \{\text{Pulse Time}\} * (800 / 2) / \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\} * \{\text{Period}\}$$
$$\{\text{Period}\} = 0.4 \text{ s} * \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\}$$

For DH3 package type

$$\{\text{Total of Dwell}\} = \{\text{Pulse Time}\} * (800 / 4) / \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\} * \{\text{Period}\}$$
$$\{\text{Period}\} = 0.4 \text{ s} * \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\}$$

For DH5 package type

$$\{\text{Total of Dwell}\} = \{\text{Pulse Time}\} * (800 / 6) / \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\} * \{\text{Period}\}$$
$$\{\text{Period}\} = 0.4 \text{ s} * \{\text{Number of Hopping Frequency}\}$$

The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to record the dwell time of each occupation measured in this channel, which is called Pulse Time here.

5.7.4 Test Result

Test DataLeft Ear

GFSK				
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
DH 1	0.40390	129.248	0.4	Pass
DH 3	1.66200	265.920	0.4	Pass
DH 5	2.90000	309.333	0.4	Pass
8-DPSK				
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
3DH 1	0.41430	132.576	0.4	Pass
3DH 3	1.66200	265.920	0.4	Pass
3DH 5	2.91200	310.613	0.4	Pass
AFH Mode				
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
DH 1	0.40390	64.624	0.4	Pass
DH 3	1.66200	132.960	0.4	Pass
DH 5	2.90000	154.667	0.4	Pass

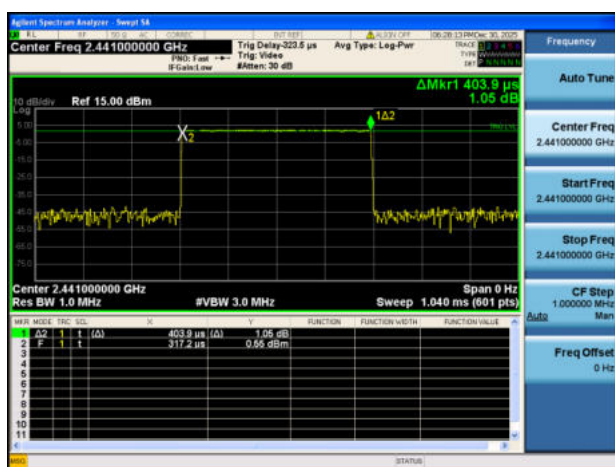
Right Ear

GFSK				
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
DH 1	0.40390	129.248	0.4	Pass
DH 3	1.66200	265.920	0.4	Pass
DH 5	2.91200	310.613	0.4	Pass
8-DPSK				
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
3DH 1	0.41400	132.480	0.4	Pass
3DH 3	1.66900	267.040	0.4	Pass
3DH 5	2.91200	310.613	0.4	Pass
AFH Mode				
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
DH 1	0.40390	64.624	0.4	Pass
DH 3	1.65500	132.400	0.4	Pass
DH 5	2.91200	155.307	0.4	Pass

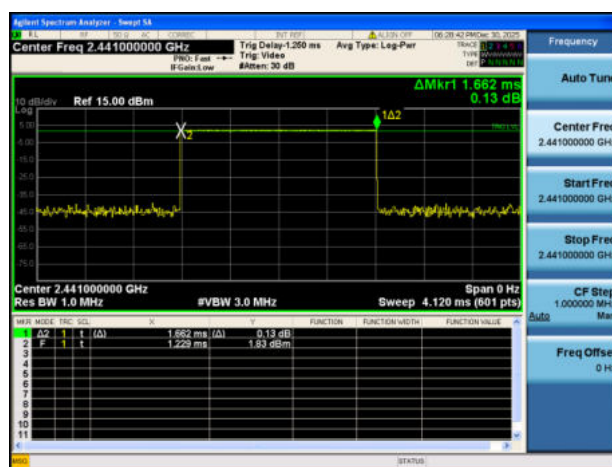
Test Plots

Left Ear

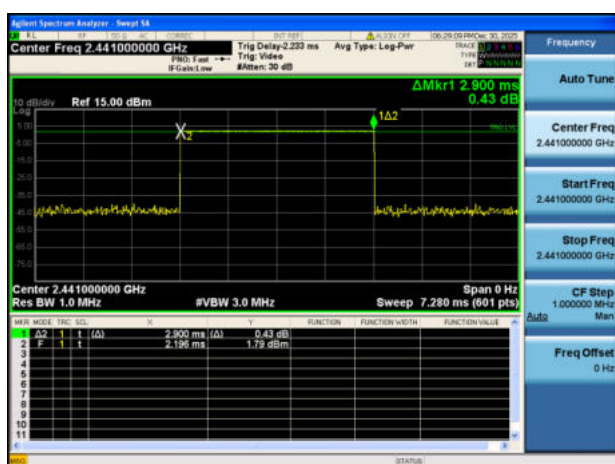
GFSK DH1



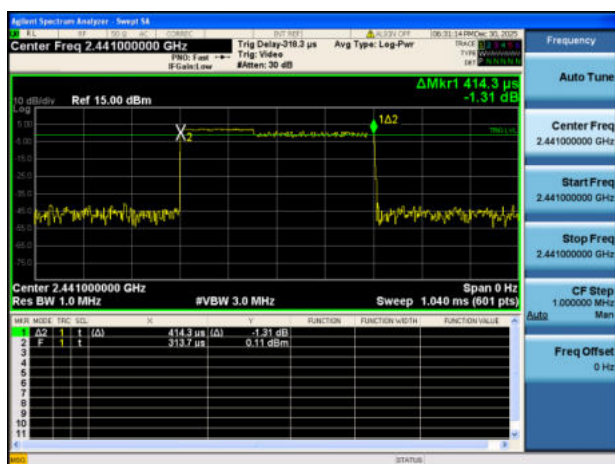
GFSK DH3



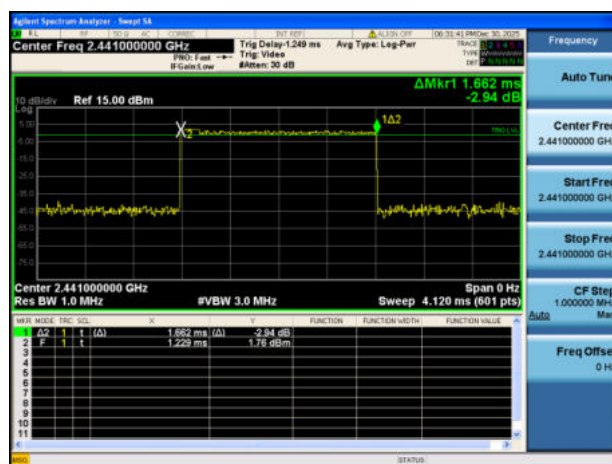
GFSK DH5



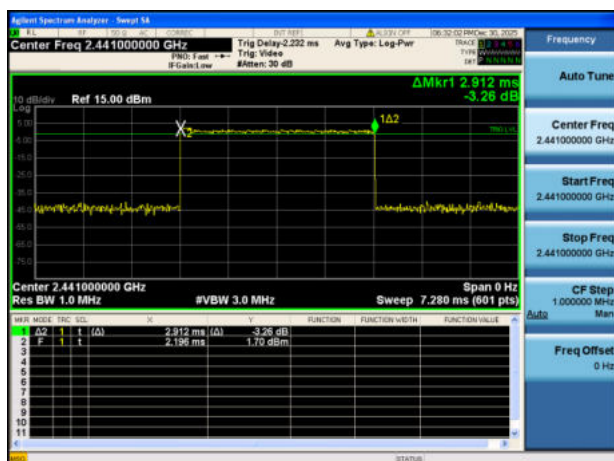
8-DPSK 3DH1



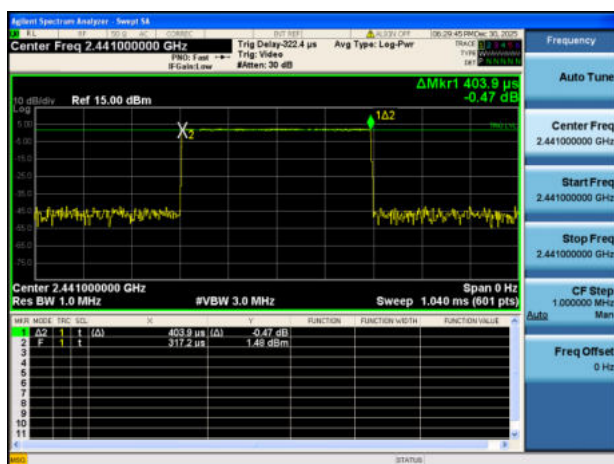
8-DPSK 3DH3



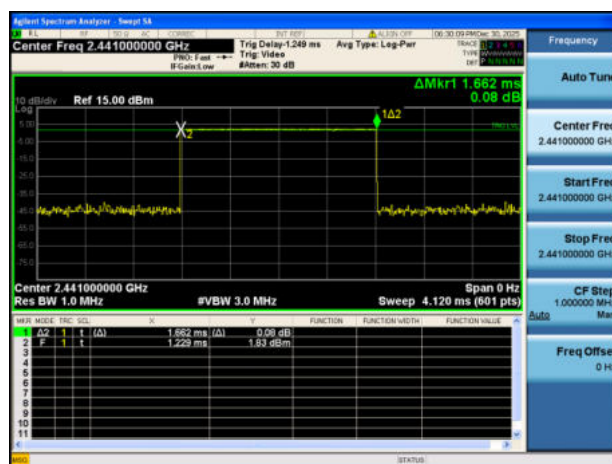
8-DPSK 3DH5



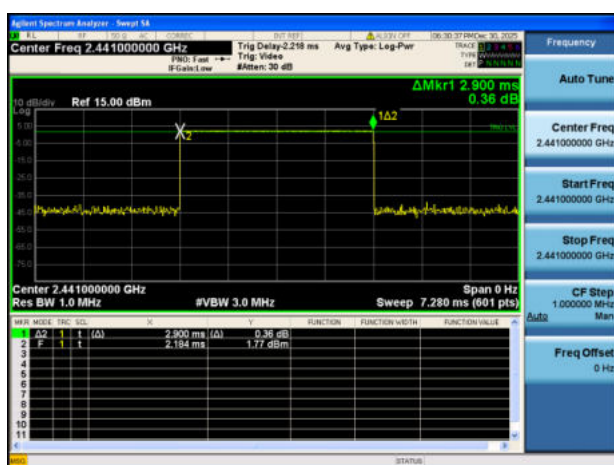
AFH Mode DH1



AFH Mode DH3

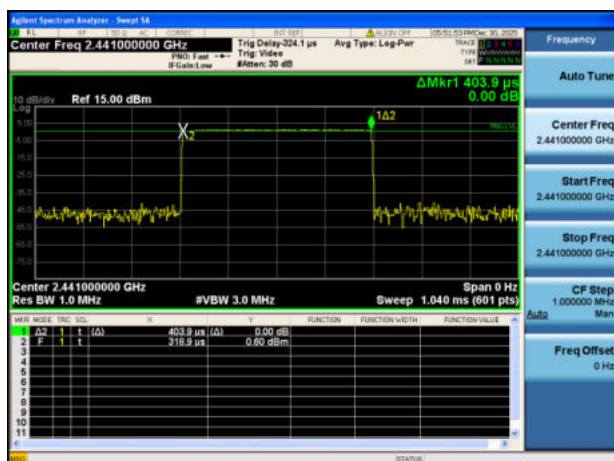


AFH Mode DH5

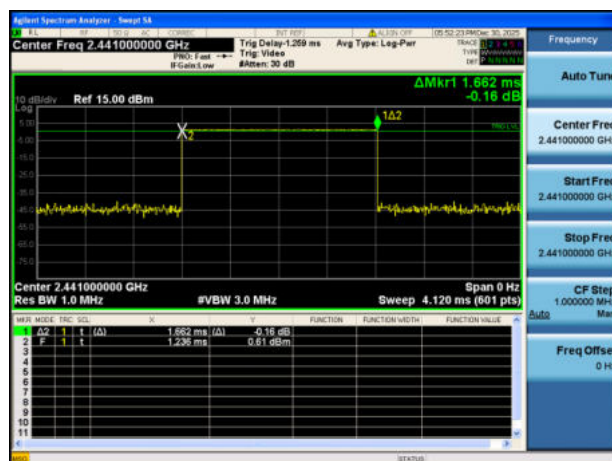


Right Ear

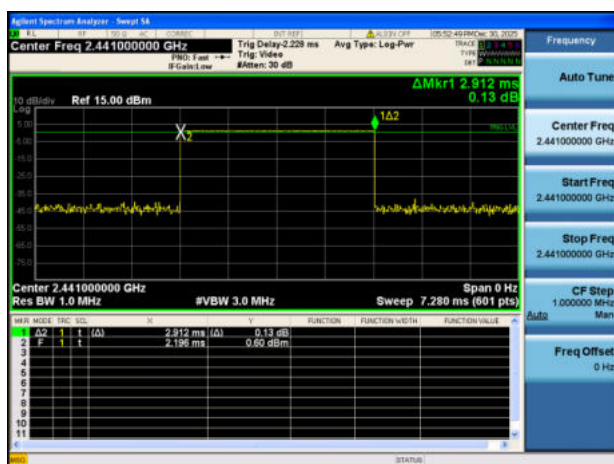
GFSK DH1



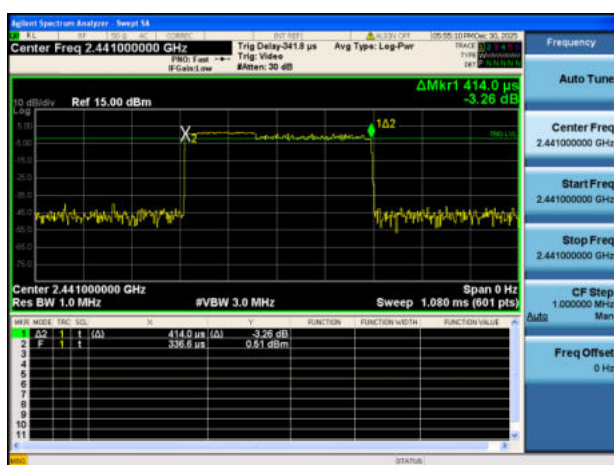
GFSK DH3



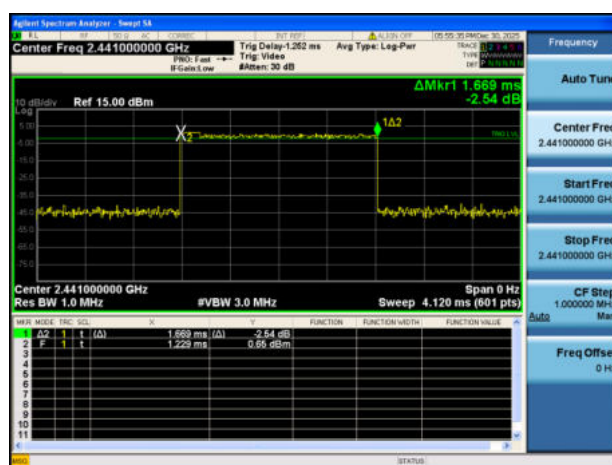
GFSK DH5



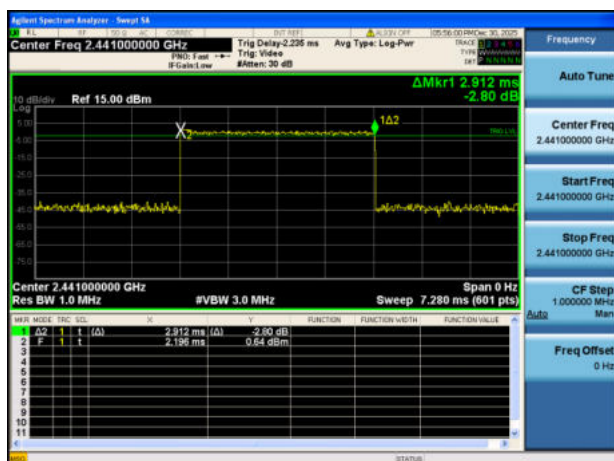
8-DPSK 3DH1



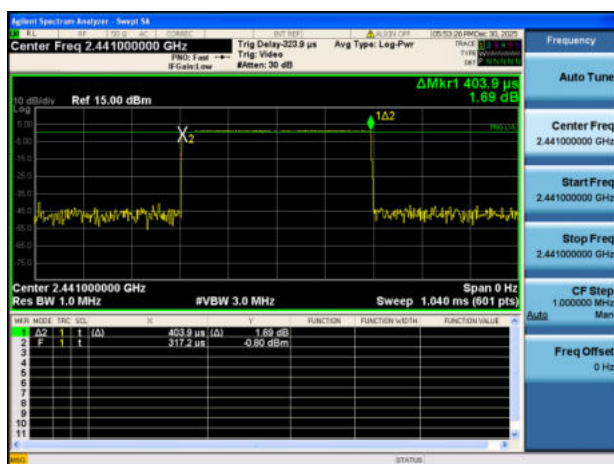
8-DPSK 3DH3



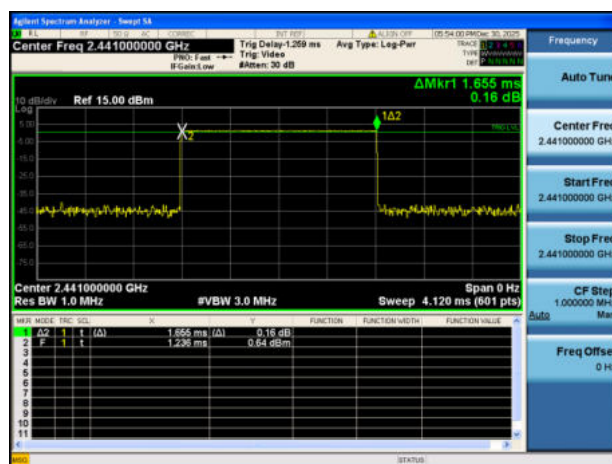
8-DPSK 3DH5



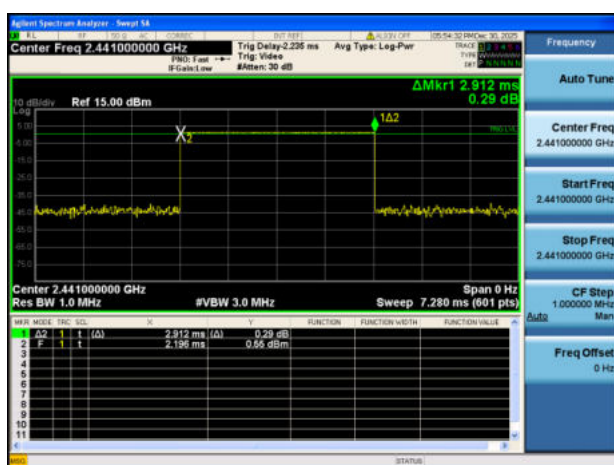
AFH Mode DH1



AFH Mode DH3



AFH Mode DH5



5.8 Conducted Spurious Emission & Authorized-band band-edge

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

RBW = 100 kHz

VBW = 300 kHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize

5.8.4 Test Result

Test DataLeft Ear

GFSK				
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-34.42	0.23	-19.77	Pass
Middle	-34.39	1.80	-18.20	Pass
High	-34.35	3.55	-16.45	Pass
8-DPSK				
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-34.67	0.21	-19.79	Pass
Middle	-33.13	1.86	-18.14	Pass
High	-33.45	3.60	-16.40	Pass

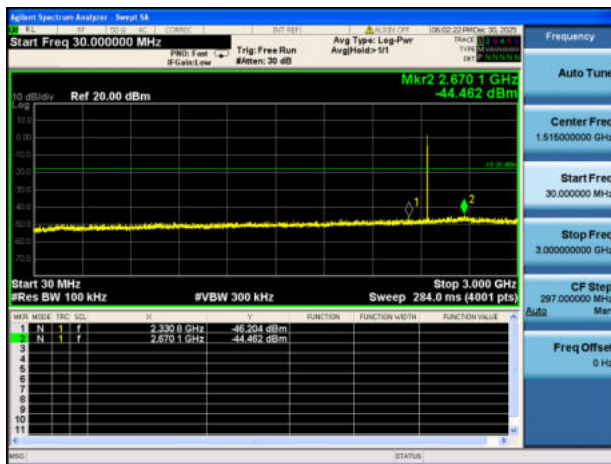
Hopping Mode				
Mode	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
GFSK	-33.65	3.20	-16.80	Pass
8-DPSK	-33.73	3.48	-16.53	Pass

Right Ear

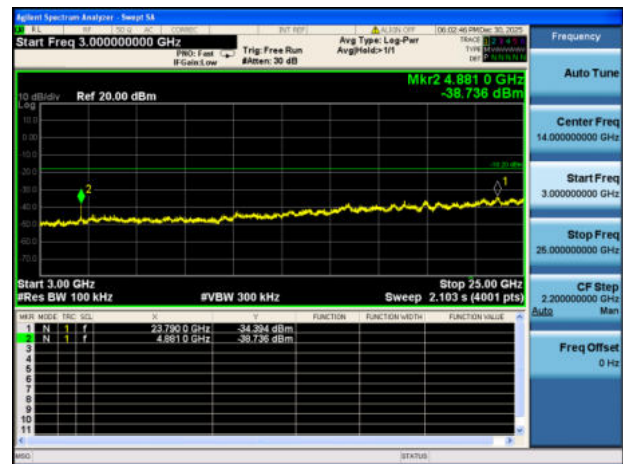
GFSK				
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-33.80	-0.24	-20.24	Pass
Middle	-33.40	0.86	-19.14	Pass
High	-33.49	2.17	-17.84	Pass
8-DPSK				
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-33.89	-0.17	-20.17	Pass
Middle	-34.10	0.90	-19.10	Pass
High	-34.30	2.14	-17.87	Pass

Hopping Mode				
Mode	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
GFSK	-33.36	1.55	-18.45	Pass
8-DPSK	-34.25	1.75	-18.25	Pass

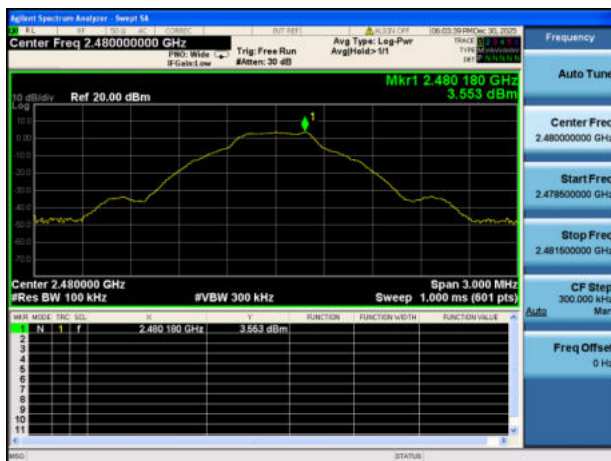
GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



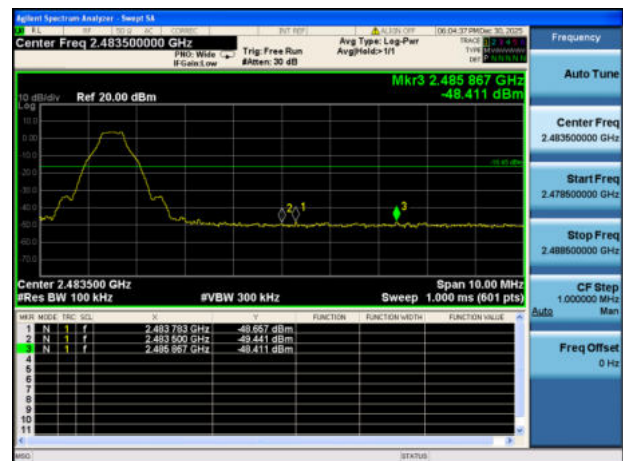
GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 3 GHz ~ 25 GHz



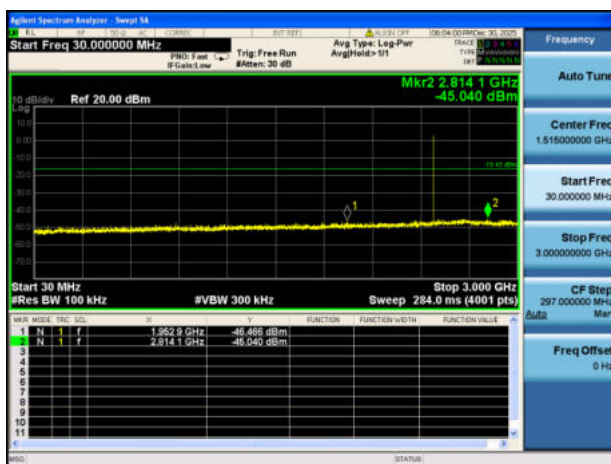
GFSK HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



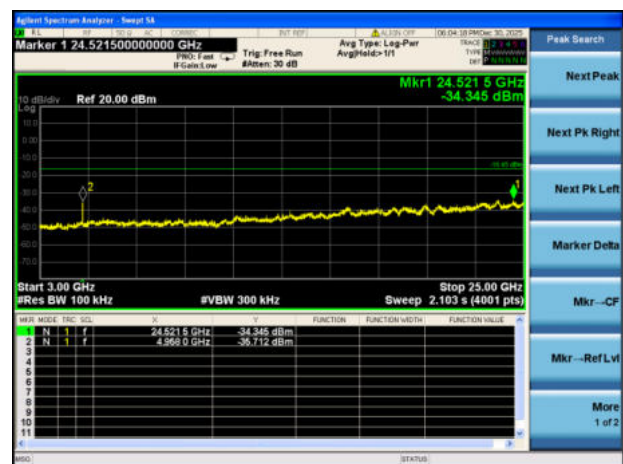
GFSK HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



GFSK HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



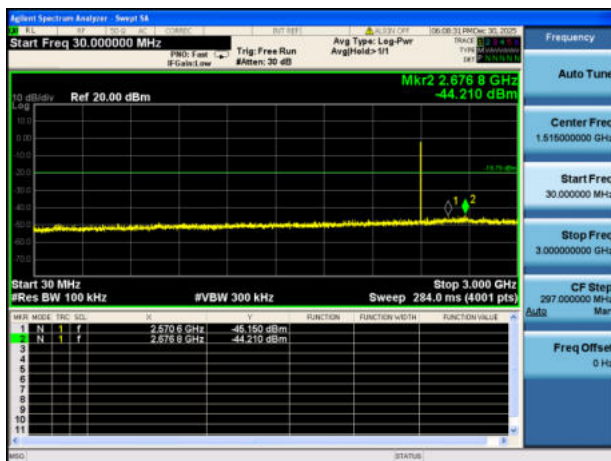
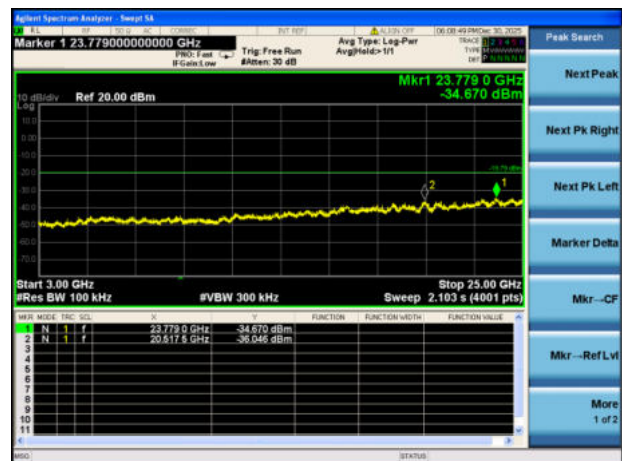
GFSK HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 3 GHz ~ 25 GHz



8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE

8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
3 GHz ~ 25 GHz

8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

