

FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

**In accordance with the requirements of
FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and
IEEE Std 1528-2013**

Product Name : Body Worn Camera

Trademark : N/A

Model Name : BWC-R1

Family Model : BWC-S1, BWC-R2, BWC-S2

Report No. : S18090301503E007

FCC ID : 2AR3HBWC-R1

Prepared for

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

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Product description

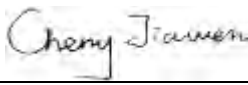
Product name.....: Body Worn Camera
Trademark: N/A
Model Name: BWC-R1
Family Model.....: BWC-S1, BWC-R2, BWC-S2
FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
Standards: IEEE Std 1528-2013
Published RF exposure KDB procedures

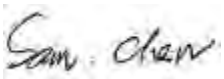
This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests: Sep. 30, 2018 ~ Oct. 16, 2018
Date of Issue: Dec. 07, 2018
Test Result.....: **Pass**

Prepared By : 
(Test Engineer) :
(Cheng Jiawen)

Approved By : 
(Lab Manager) :
(Sam Chen)

※ ※ Revision History ※ ※

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Dec. 07, 2018	Cheng Jiawen

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. General Information	6
1.1. RF exposure limits	6
1.2. Statement of Compliance.....	6
1.3. EUT Description	7
1.4. Test specification(s)	8
1.5. Ambient Condition	8
2. SAR Measurement System	9
2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram	9
2.2. Robot	10
2.3. E-Field Probe	11
2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration.....	11
2.4. SAM phantoms	12
2.4.1. Technical Data	13
2.5. Device Holder	14
2.6. Test Equipment List	15
3. SAR Measurement Procedures	17
3.1. Power Reference.....	17
3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan	17
3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme	19
3.4. Volumetric Scan	19
3.5. Power Drift	19
4. System Verification Procedure.....	20
4.1. Tissue Verification.....	20
4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results	21
4.2. System Verification Procedure	22
4.2.1. System Verification Results	23
5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty	24
5.1. SAR measurement variability	24
5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty.....	24
6. RF Exposure Positions	25
6.1. Body Worn Accessory	25
7. RF Output Power	26
7.1. Maximum Tune-up Limit	26
7.2. GSM Conducted Power	27
7.3. WCDMA Conducted Power.....	27
7.4. LTE Conducted Power.....	28
7.5. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power	30
7.5.1. Output Power Results Of WLAN	30
7.5.2. Output Power Results Of Bluetooth	31

8. Antenna Location.....	32
9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion.....	33
10. SAR Results	34
10.1. SAR measurement results	34
10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of GSM850.....	34
10.1.2. SAR measurement Result of GSM1900.....	34
10.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band V.....	34
10.1.4. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band II.....	35
10.1.5. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band XLI	35
10.1.6. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G.....	36
10.2. Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities.....	36
10.3. SAR Summation Scenario	36
11. Appendix A. Photo documentation.....	39
12. Appendix B. System Check Plots	40
13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement	49
14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate.....	62

1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: **Whole-Body SAR** is averaged over the entire body, **partial-body SAR** is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
 HEAD AND TRUNK LIMIT
 1.6 W/kg
 APPLIED TO THIS EUT

1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for BWC-R1 are as follows.

Band	Max Reported SAR Value(W/kg)	
	1-g Body-Worn (Separation distance of 5mm)	Max Simultaneous Tx
GSM 850	1.064	1.143
GSM 1900	0.759	
WCDMA Band V	0.466	
WCDMA Band II	0.788	
LTE Band XLI	0.240	
WLAN 2.4G	0.226	

Note: The Max Simultaneous Tx is calculated based on the same configuration and test position. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information			
Product Name		Body Worn Camera	
Trade Name		N/A	
Model Name		BWC-R1	
Family Model		BWC-S1, BWC-R2, BWC-S2	
FCC ID		2AR3HBWC-R1	
Device Phase		Identical Prototype	
Exposure Category		General population / Uncontrolled environment	
Antenna		FPCB Antenna	
Battery Information		DC 3.8V, 2500mAh	
Device Operating Configurations			
Supporting Mode(s)		GSM 850/1900, WCDMA Band V/II, LTE Band XLI, WLAN 2.4G, Bluetooth	
Test Modulation		GSM(GMSK/8PSK), WCDMA(QPSK), LTE(QPSK/16QAM), WLAN(DSSS/OFDM), Bluetooth(GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK)	
Device Class		B	
Operating Frequency Range(s)	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	GSM 850	824-849	869-894
	GSM 1900	1850-1910	1930-1990
	WCDMA Band V	824-849	869-894
	WCDMA Band II	1850-1910	1930-1990
	LTE Band XLI	2557.5-2652.5	
	WLAN 2.4G	2412-2462	
	Bluetooth	2402-2480	
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink		4
	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink		4
	Max Total Timeslot		5
EDGE Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink		4
	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink		4
	Max Total Timeslot		5
Power Class	4, tested with power level 5(GSM 850)		
	1, tested with power level 0(GSM 1900)		

Test Channels (low-mid-high)	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band V)
	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band II)
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band XLI)
	128-189-251(GSM 850)
	512-661-810(GSM 1900)
	4132-4182-4233(WCDMA Band V)
	9262-9400-9538(WCDMA Band II)
	40265-40740-41215(LTE Band XLI BW=5MHz)
	40290-40740-41190(LTE Band XLI BW=10MHz)
	40315-40740-41165(LTE Band XLI BW=15MHz)
	40340-40740-41140(LTE Band XLI BW=20MHz)
	1-3-6-9-11(WLAN 2.4G)

1.4. Test specification(s)

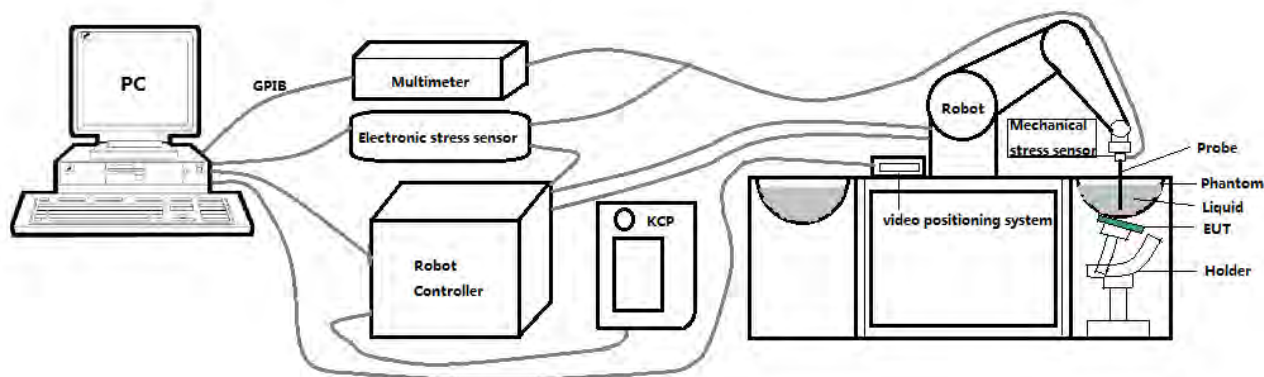
FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR

1.5. Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%

2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"

2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ± 0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
 - Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm
 - Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm
 - Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ± 1 mm).
 - Probe linearity: ± 0.08 dB
 - Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
 - Hemispherical Isotropy: 0.08 dB
 - Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
 - Lower detection limit: 7mW/kg
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30° .

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.

2.4. SAM phantoms

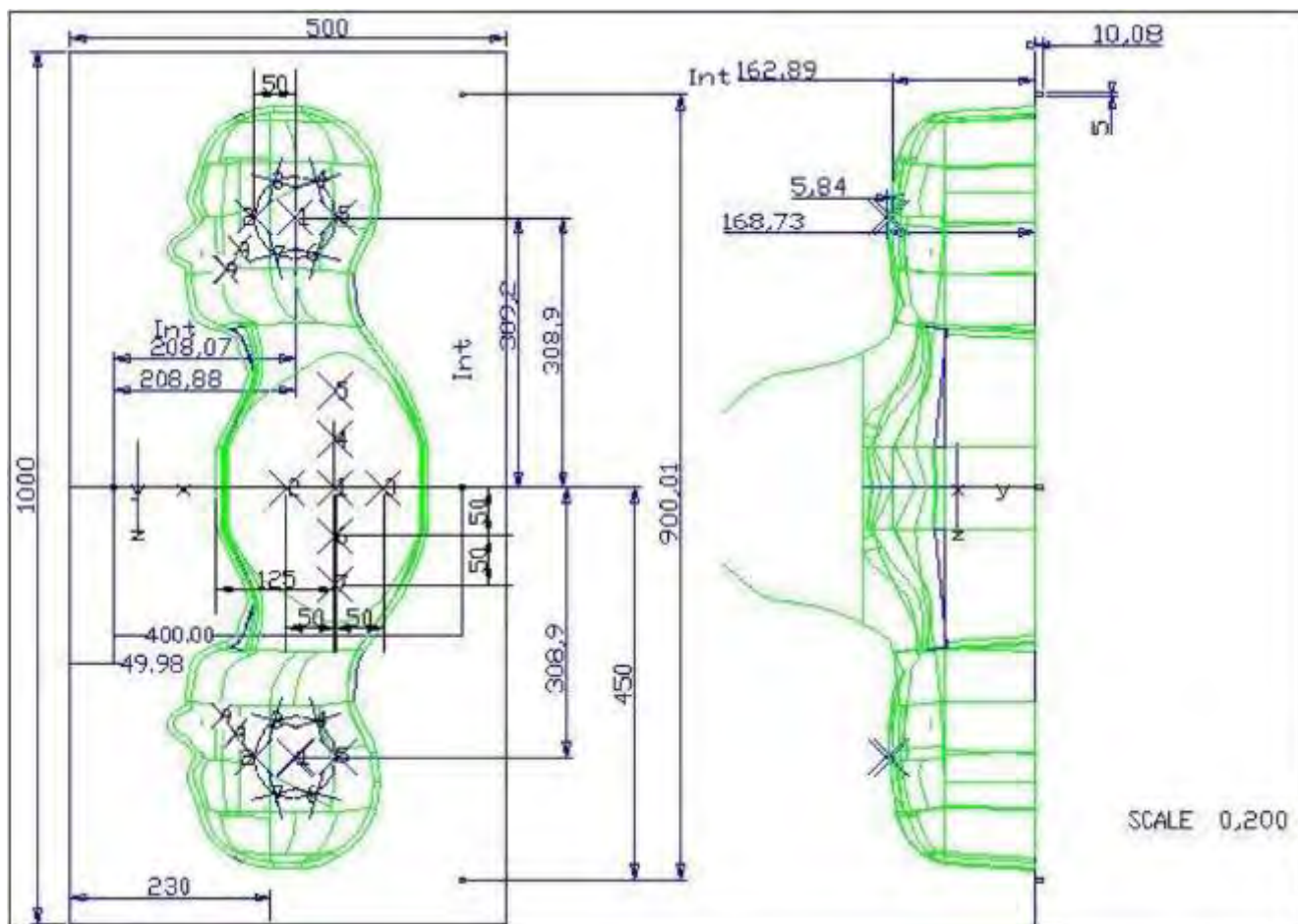
Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.

2.4.1. Technical Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000 mm Width:500 mm Height:200 mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02

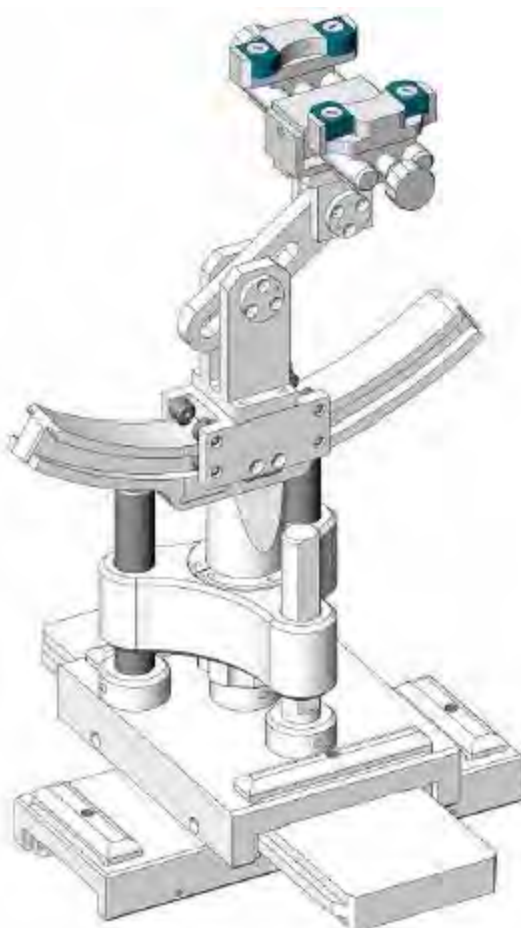


Serial Number	Left Head(mm)		Right Head(mm)		Flat Part(mm)	
SN 16/15 SAM119	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 μm .

2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005

2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked ☒

	Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
					Last Cal.	Due Date
☒	MVG	E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	SN 08/16 EPGO287	Sep. 17, 2018	Sep. 16, 2019
☐	MVG	750 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
☒	MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
☐	MVG	900 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP 0G900-348	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
☐	MVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
☒	MVG	1900 MHz Dipole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
☐	MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP 2G000-351	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
☒	MVG	2450 MHz Dipole	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
☒	MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
☐	MVG	5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
☒	MVG	Liquid measurement Kit	SCLMP	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCR	NCR
☒	MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
☒	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
☒	R&S	Universal radio communication tester	CMU200	117858	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019
☒	R&S	Wideband radio communication tester	CMW500	103917	Oct. 26, 2017	Oct. 25, 2018
☒	HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410J01136	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019
☒	Agilent	PSG Analog Signal Generator	E8257D	MY51110112	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019

☒	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019
☒	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019
☒	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019
☒	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019

3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.

Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than $\pm 5\%$, the SAR will be retested.

4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23
Ingredients (% of weight)	Body Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	50.30	50.30	50.30	69.91	69.91	71.88	71.88	71.88	79.54	79.54
NaCl	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	49.10	49.10	49.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.99	9.99	19.97	19.97	19.97	11.24	11.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.97	19.97	7.99	7.99	7.99	9.22	9.22

4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

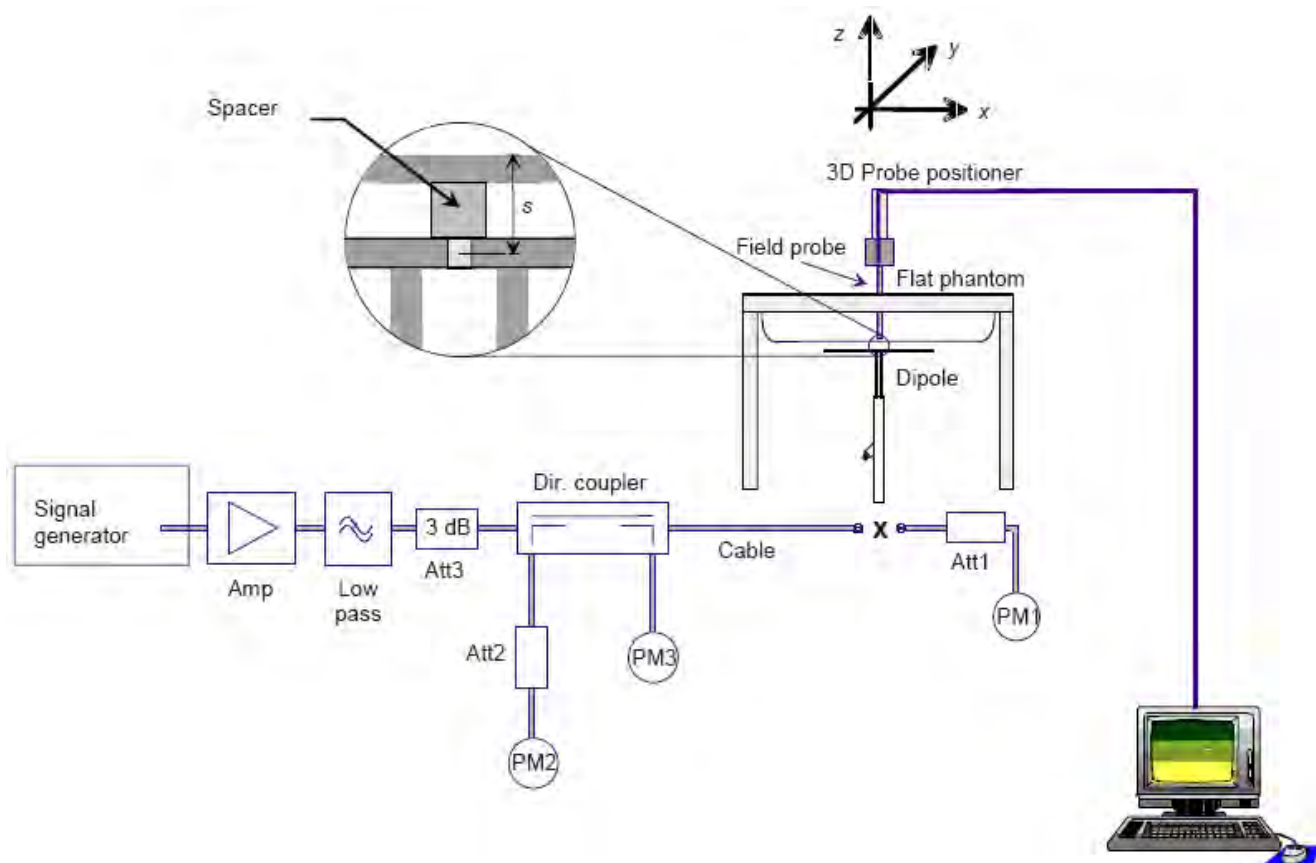
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
		$\epsilon_r (\pm 5\%)$	σ (S/m) ($\pm 5\%$)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)		
Body 850	835	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.01)	54.91	0.97	21.3 °C	Oct. 09, 2018
Body 1900	1900	53.30 (50.64~55.96)	1.52 (1.44~1.59)	53.31	1.54	21.5 °C	Sep. 30, 2018
Body 2450	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.33)	1.95 (1.85~2.04)	52.10	1.96	21.6 °C	Oct. 13, 2018
Body 2600	2600	52.50 (49.88~55.13)	2.16 (2.05~2.27)	53.41	2.18	21.5 °C	Oct. 16, 2018

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:



4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of $\pm 10\%$. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

System Verification	Target SAR (1W) ($\pm 10\%$)		Measured SAR (Normalized to 1W)		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)		
835MHz Body	9.48 (8.53~10.42)	6.29 (5.66~6.91)	9.35	6.06	21.3 °C	Oct. 09, 2018
1900MHz Body	38.43 (34.59~42.27)	20.34 (18.31~22.37)	40.02	20.16	21.5 °C	Sep. 30, 2018
2450MHz Body	49.32 (44.39~54.25)	22.89 (20.60~25.17)	51.99	23.01	21.6 °C	Oct. 13, 2018
2600MHz Body	52.95 (47.66~58.25)	23.64 (21.28~26.00)	56.53	24.54	21.5 °C	Oct. 16, 2018

5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

6. RF Exposure Positions

6.1. Body Worn Accessory

1. Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4.1). Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $< 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.
2. Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

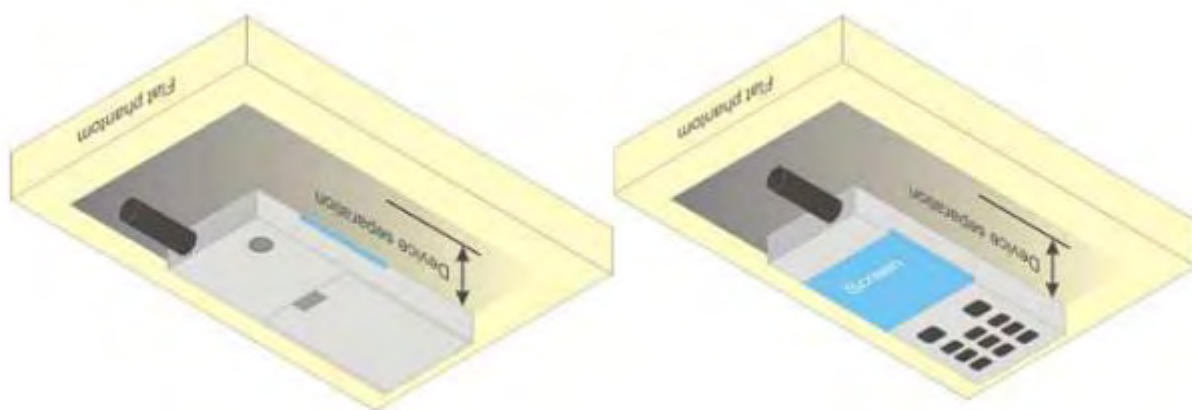


Figure 6.4.1 – Test positions for body-worn devices

7. RF Output Power

7.1. Maximum Tune-up Limit

Band	Mode	The Tune-up Maximum Power (Customer Declared)(dBm)	Range	Measured Maximum Output Power(dBm)
GSM 850	GSM Voice	32±1	31~33	32.31
	GPRS	32±1	31~33	32.24
	EDGE	30±1	29~31	30.99
GSM 1900	GSM Voice	28±1	27~29	28.66
	GPRS	28±1	27~29	28.64
	EDGE	25±1	24~26	26.00
WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	21±1	20~22	21.96
	HSDPA	20±1	19~21	20.91
	HSUPA	20±1	19~21	20.92
WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	22±1	21~23	22.58
	HSDPA	21±1	20~22	21.65
	HSUPA	21±1	20~22	21.65
LTE Band XLI	QPSK	21±1	20~22	22.00
	16QAM	21±1	20~22	21.64
WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	13±1	12~14	13.6
	802.11g	11±1	10~12	11.6
	802.11n20	11±1	10~12	11.6
	802.11n40	11±1	10~12	11.0
Bluetooth	BR	0.5±1	-0.5~1.5	1.35
	EDR 2M	0±1	-1~1	0.30
	EDR 3M	0.5±1	-0.5~1.5	1.06
	BLE	1±1	0~2	1.77

7.2. GSM Conducted Power

Band GSM850	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)				Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	128	189	251	Tune-up	128	189	251
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8
GSM (GMSK)	33.00	32.31	32.25	32.02	23.97	23.28	23.22	22.99
GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS)	33.00	32.24	32.14	31.98	23.97	23.21	23.11	22.95
GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS)	32.00	31.40	31.31	31.18	25.98	25.38	25.29	25.16
GPRS(GMSK, 3 TS)	30.00	29.42	29.50	29.34	25.74	25.16	25.24	25.08
GPRS(GMSK, 4 TS)	29.00	28.62	28.51	28.41	25.99	25.61	25.50	25.40
EDGE(8PSK, 1 TS)	31.00	30.99	30.80	30.55	21.97	21.96	21.77	21.52
EDGE(8PSK, 2 TS)	30.00	29.80	29.95	29.67	23.98	23.78	23.93	23.65
EDGE(8PSK, 3 TS)	29.00	28.75	28.40	27.94	24.74	24.49	24.14	23.68
EDGE(8PSK, 4 TS)	28.00	27.80	27.48	27.08	24.99	24.79	24.47	24.07
Band GSM1900	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)				Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	512	661	810	Tune-up	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK)	29.00	28.66	28.64	28.57	19.97	19.63	19.61	19.54
GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS)	29.00	28.64	28.62	28.60	19.97	19.61	19.59	19.57
GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS)	28.00	27.88	27.85	27.84	21.98	21.86	21.83	21.82
GPRS(GMSK, 3 TS)	27.00	26.62	26.51	26.59	22.74	22.36	22.25	22.33
GPRS(GMSK, 4 TS)	26.00	25.70	25.59	25.46	22.99	22.69	22.58	22.45
EDGE(8PSK, 1 TS)	26.00	26.00	25.52	24.85	16.97	16.97	16.49	15.82
EDGE(8PSK, 2 TS)	25.00	25.00	24.55	23.85	18.98	18.98	18.53	17.83
EDGE(8PSK, 3 TS)	23.00	23.00	22.37	21.62	18.74	18.74	18.11	17.36
EDGE(8PSK, 4 TS)	22.00	21.92	21.32	20.55	18.99	18.91	18.31	17.54

Note: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 TS) - 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 TS) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 TS) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 TS) - 3.01 dB

7.3. WCDMA Conducted Power

Band	WCDMA Band V			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	4132	4182	4233
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6
RMC 12.2Kbps	22.00	21.96	21.44	21.17
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.00	20.91	20.45	20.17

HSDPA Subtest-2	21.00	20.53	19.92	19.67
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.00	20.56	19.95	19.71
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.00	20.55	19.94	19.69
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.00	20.92	20.41	20.15
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.00	20.60	19.91	19.94
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.00	20.64	19.98	19.95
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.00	20.56	19.99	20.12
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.00	20.90	20.48	20.20
Band	WCDMA Band II			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.00	22.56	22.58	22.51
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.00	21.63	21.65	21.55
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.00	21.55	21.18	21.08
HSDPA Subtest-3	22.00	21.57	21.12	21.03
HSDPA Subtest-4	22.00	21.59	21.16	21.05
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.00	21.55	21.18	21.08
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.00	21.46	21.17	21.05
HSUPA Subtest-3	22.00	21.48	21.16	21.01
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.00	21.52	21.18	21.03
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.00	21.62	21.65	21.58

7.4. LTE Conducted Power

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		40265/2557.5	40740/2605	41215/2652.5
LTE Band XLI	5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.00	21.96	21.39	21.15
			1	12	22.00	22.00	21.36	21.13
			1	24	22.00	21.95	21.34	21.12
			12	0	22.00	21.85	21.31	21.10
			12	6	22.00	21.80	21.32	21.11
			12	11	22.00	21.76	21.30	21.09
			25	0	22.00	21.70	21.27	21.08
		16QAM	1	0	22.00	21.64	21.25	21.07
			1	12	22.00	21.58	21.23	21.05
			1	24	22.00	21.54	21.22	21.04
			12	0	22.00	21.49	21.20	21.02
			12	6	22.00	21.45	21.18	21.01

			12	11	22.00	21.46	21.19	21.01
			25	0	21.00	21.00	20.97	20.96
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		40290/2560	40740/2605	41190/2650
LTE Band XLI	10MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.00	20.99	20.83	20.74
			1	24	21.00	20.96	20.82	20.74
			1	49	21.00	20.94	20.82	20.73
			25	0	21.00	20.92	20.81	20.72
			25	12	21.00	20.90	20.82	20.73
			25	24	21.00	20.90	20.80	20.72
			50	0	21.00	20.89	20.79	20.72
		16QAM	1	0	21.00	20.88	20.78	20.71
			1	24	21.00	20.87	20.77	20.70
			1	49	21.00	20.87	20.77	20.70
			25	0	21.00	20.86	20.76	20.70
			25	12	21.00	20.89	20.77	20.69
			25	24	21.00	20.85	20.75	20.68
			50	0	21.00	20.84	20.75	20.68
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		40315/2562.5	40740/2605	41165/2648.5
LTE Band XLI	15MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.00	20.86	20.74	20.68
			1	37	21.00	20.83	20.73	20.68
			1	74	21.00	20.81	20.73	20.67
			36	0	21.00	20.80	20.72	20.66
			36	18	21.00	20.78	20.71	20.65
			36	37	21.00	20.79	20.72	20.66
			75	0	21.00	20.78	20.71	20.66
		16QAM	1	0	21.00	20.77	20.71	20.65
			1	37	21.00	20.77	20.71	20.65
			1	74	21.00	20.76	20.70	20.64
			36	0	21.00	20.76	20.70	20.64
			36	18	21.00	20.74	20.68	20.65
			36	37	21.00	20.75	20.69	20.63
			75	0	21.00	20.74	20.69	20.63

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		40340/2565	40740/2605	41140/2645
LTE Band XLI	20MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.00	20.81	20.71	20.69
			1	49	21.00	20.76	20.71	20.69
			1	99	21.00	20.75	20.70	20.68
			50	0	21.00	20.74	20.70	20.68
			50	24	21.00	20.73	20.69	20.66
			50	49	21.00	20.73	20.70	20.67
			100	0	21.00	20.73	20.70	20.67
		16QAM	1	0	21.00	20.74	20.70	20.67
			1	49	21.00	20.73	20.70	20.66
			1	99	21.00	20.72	20.70	20.65
			50	0	21.00	20.72	20.69	20.65
			50	24	21.00	20.72	20.68	20.67
			50	49	21.00	20.71	20.69	20.66
			100	0	21.00	20.72	20.69	20.68

7.5. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power

7.5.1. Output Power Results Of WLAN

The output power of WLAN is as following:

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
802.11b	1	2412	14.0	12.5
	6	2437	14.0	13.5
	11	2462	14.0	13.6
802.11g	1	2412	12.0	10.5
	6	2437	12.0	11.6
	11	2462	12.0	11.5
802.11n 20M	1	2412	12.0	10.2
	6	2437	12.0	11.6
	11	2462	12.0	10.9
802.11n 40M	3	2422	12.0	11.0
	6	2437	12.0	10.8
	9	2452	12.0	10.9

7.5.2. Output Power Results Of Bluetooth

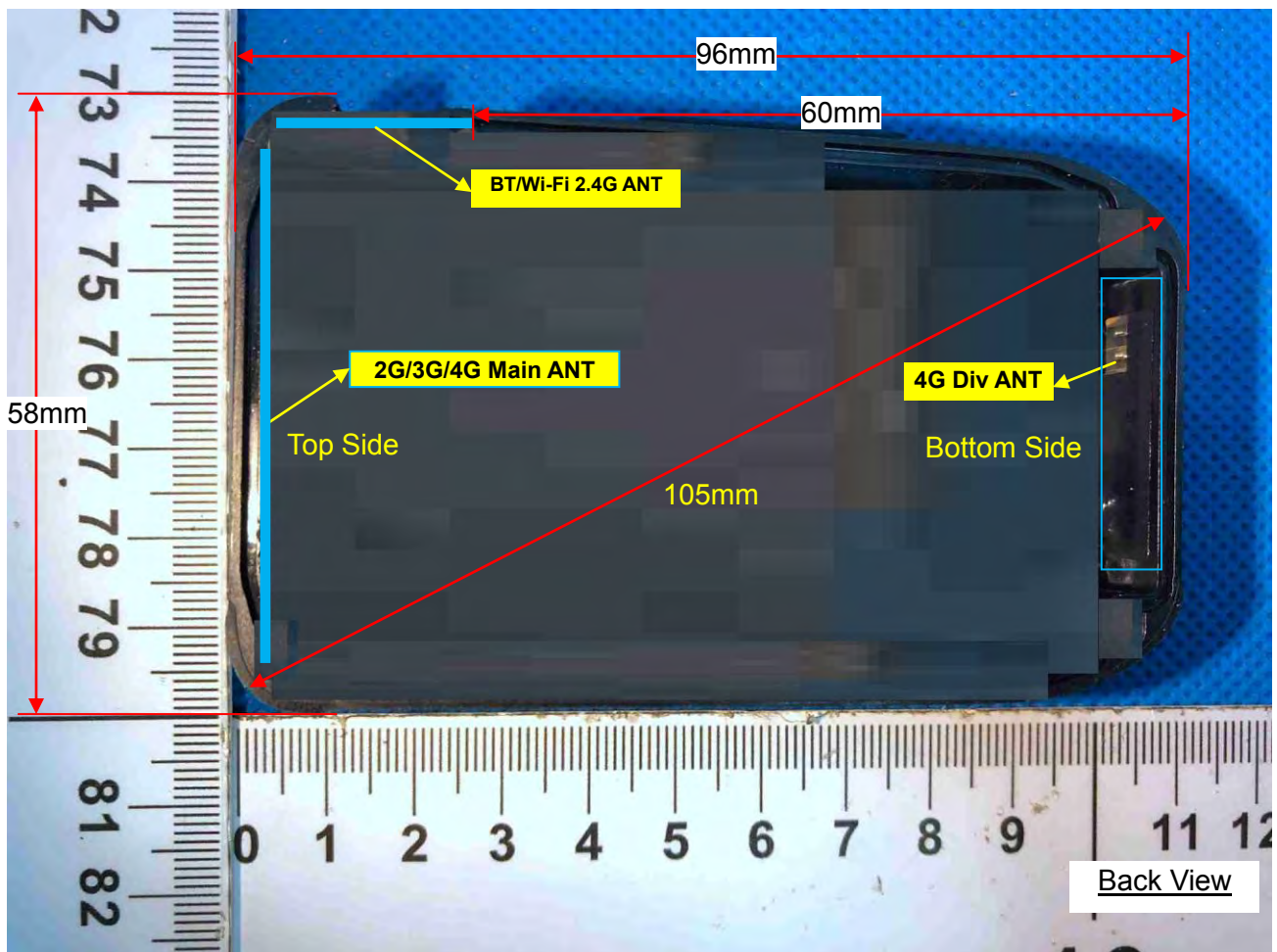
The output power of Bluetooth is as following:

BR+EDR	Output Power (dBm)				
	Channel	Tune-up	Data Rates		
			0CH	39CH	78CH
	1M	1.50	0.04	-0.35	1.35
	2M	1.00	-0.51	-0.64	0.30
	3M	1.50	-0.17	-0.47	1.06

BLE	Channel	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
	0CH	2.00	0.59
	19CH	2.00	0.20
	39CH	2.00	1.77

8. Antenna Location

Left Side



Right Side

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm
WLAN & Bluetooth	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm
Positions for SAR tests						
Antennas	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO
WLAN & Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	NO

9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f_{\text{(GHz)}}}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- $f_{\text{(GHz)}}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	P_{max} (dBm)	P_{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	Calculation Result	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
Bluetooth	2.00	1.58	5	2.480	0.50	3.0	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f_{\text{(GHz)}}}/x] \text{ W/kg}$ for test separation distances $\leq 50\text{mm}$, where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P_{max} (dBm)	P_{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	x	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
Bluetooth	Body	2.00	1.58	5	2.480	7.5	0.067

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth

10. SAR Results

10.1. SAR measurement results

10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of GSM850

Test Position of Body-Worn with 5mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.345	0.124	3.25	28.51	29.00	0.386
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.899	0.648	3.82	28.51	29.00	1.006
Left Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.412	0.201	-1.02	28.51	29.00	0.461
Right Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.400	0.197	0.54	28.51	29.00	0.448
Top Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.681	0.391	1.49	28.51	29.00	0.762
Back Side	128/824.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.975	0.704	3.50	28.62	29.00	1.064
Back Side - Repeated	128/824.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.961	0.690	3.51	28.62	29.00	1.049
Back Side	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.778	0.575	0.24	28.41	29.00	0.891

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM850

10.1.2. SAR measurement Result of GSM1900

Test Position of Body-Worn with 5mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.448	0.233	-0.11	25.59	26.00	0.492
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.691	0.330	0.14	25.59	26.00	0.759
Left Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.063	0.038	-1.49	25.59	26.00	0.069
Right Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.057	0.030	-1.24	25.59	26.00	0.063
Top Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.516	0.270	-0.70	25.59	26.00	0.567

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM1900

10.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band V

Test Position of Body-Worn with 5mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.253	0.178	3.60	21.96	22.00	0.255

Back Side	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.383	0.238	1.96	21.96	22.00	0.387
Left Side	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.260	0.174	-1.57	21.96	22.00	0.262
Right Side	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.224	0.135	-2.13	21.96	22.00	0.226
Top Side	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.462	0.213	4.70	21.96	22.00	0.466

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band V

10.1.4. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band II

Test Position of Body-Worn with 5mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.192	0.081	-1.20	22.58	23.00	0.211
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.247	0.125	-2.82	22.58	23.00	0.272
Left Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.092	0.056	-2.09	22.58	23.00	0.101
Right Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.083	0.040	2.04	22.58	23.00	0.091
Top Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.715	0.377	-0.03	22.58	23.00	0.788

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band II

10.1.5. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band XLI

Test Position of Body-Worn with 5mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
1RB								
Front Side	40265/2557.5	5M QPSK(1,12)	0.196	0.112	-3.58	22.00	22.00	0.196
Back Side	40265/2557.5	5M QPSK(1,12)	0.168	0.091	-2.00	22.00	22.00	0.168
Left Side	40265/2557.5	5M QPSK(1,12)	0.114	0.063	-2.55	22.00	22.00	0.114
Right Side	40265/2557.5	5M QPSK(1,12)	0.089	0.043	-1.32	22.00	22.00	0.089
Top Side	40265/2557.5	5M QPSK(1,12)	0.240	0.117	-0.86	22.00	22.00	0.240
50%RB								
Front Side	40265/2557.5	5M QPSK(12,0)	0.136	0.069	-1.32	21.85	22.00	0.141
Back Side	40265/2557.5	5M QPSK(12,0)	0.152	0.076	0.25	21.85	22.00	0.157
Left Side	40265/2557.5	5M QPSK(12,0)	0.089	0.052	0.01	21.85	22.00	0.092
Right Side	40265/2557.5	5M QPSK(12,0)	0.085	0.043	0.31	21.85	22.00	0.088
Top Side	40265/2557.5	5M QPSK(12,0)	0.213	0.105	-2.34	21.85	22.00	0.220

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band XLI

10.1.6. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.152	0.087	-1.31	13.5	14.0	0.171
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.070	0.047	4.15	13.5	14.0	0.079
Left Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.159	0.095	-4.05	13.5	14.0	0.178
Top Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.201	0.107	-3.23	13.5	14.0	0.226

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

10.2. Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

No.	Configuration	Body
1	GPRS/EDGE(data) + WLAN 2.4GHz(data)	Yes
2	WCDMA(data) + WLAN 2.4GHz(data)	Yes
3	LTE(data) + WLAN 2.4GHz(data)	Yes

10.3. SAR Summation Scenario

Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

- 1) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
- 2) $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan. If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		GSM 850	WLAN 2.4G			
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.386	0.171	0.557	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	1.064	0.079	1.143	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.461	0.178	0.640	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.448	N/A	0.448	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	0.762	0.226	0.988	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		GSM 1900	WLAN 2.4G			
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.492	0.171	0.663	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.759	0.079	0.838	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.069	0.178	0.248	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.063	N/A	0.063	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	0.567	0.226	0.793	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WCDMA Band V	WLAN 2.4G			
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.255	0.171	0.426	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.387	0.079	0.465	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.262	0.178	0.441	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.226	N/A	0.226	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	0.466	0.226	0.692	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band V and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WCDMA Band II	WLAN 2.4G			
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.211	0.171	0.382	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.272	0.079	0.351	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.101	0.178	0.280	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.091	N/A	0.091	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	0.788	0.226	1.013	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band II and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		LTE Band XLI	WLAN 2.4G			
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.196	0.171	0.367	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.168	0.079	0.247	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.114	0.178	0.292	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.089	N/A	0.089	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	0.240	0.226	0.466	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band XLI and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		GSM 850	Bluetooth			
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.386	0.067	0.453	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	1.064	0.067	1.131	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.461	0.067	0.528	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.448	N/A	0.448	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	0.762	0.067	0.829	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and Bluetooth

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		GSM 1900	Bluetooth			
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.492	0.067	0.559	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.759	0.067	0.826	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.069	0.067	0.136	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.063	N/A	0.063	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	0.567	0.067	0.634	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and Bluetooth

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WCDMA Band V	Bluetooth			
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.255	0.067	0.322	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.387	0.067	0.453	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.262	0.067	0.329	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.226	N/A	0.226	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	0.466	0.067	0.533	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band V and Bluetooth

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WCDMA Band II	Bluetooth			
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.211	0.067	0.278	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.272	0.067	0.339	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.101	0.067	0.168	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.091	N/A	0.091	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	0.788	0.067	0.854	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band II and Bluetooth

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		LTE Band XLI	Bluetooth			
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.196	0.067	0.263	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.168	0.067	0.235	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.114	0.067	0.181	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.089	N/A	0.089	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	0.240	0.067	0.307	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band XLI and Bluetooth

11. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR

12. Appendix B. System Check Plots

Table of contents
MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - SID835 - Body
MEASUREMENT 2 System Performance Check - SID1900 - Body
MEASUREMENT 3 System Performance Check - SID2450 - Body
MEASUREMENT 4 System Performance Check - SID2600 - Body

MEASUREMENT 1

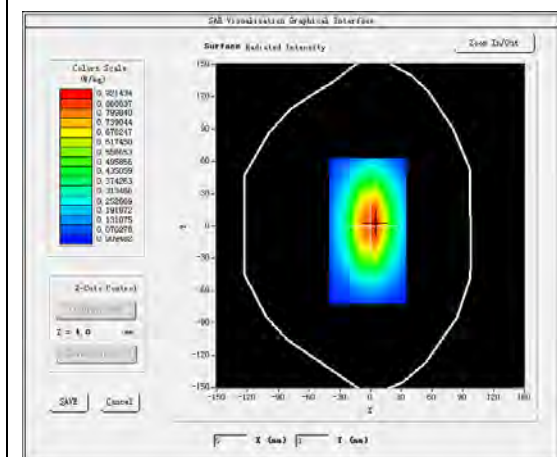
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW835</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

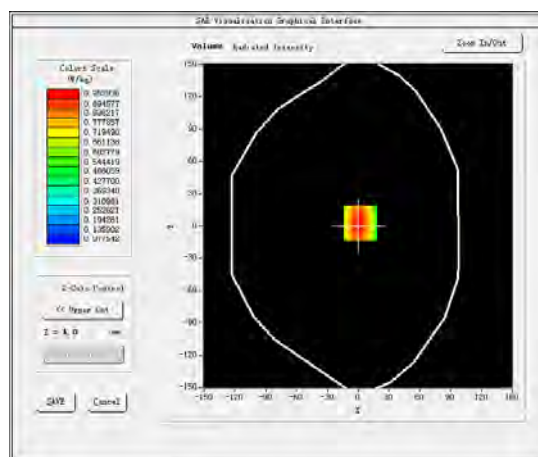
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.910700
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.949100
Conductivity (S/m)	0.966554
Variation (%)	-0.180000

SURFACE SAR



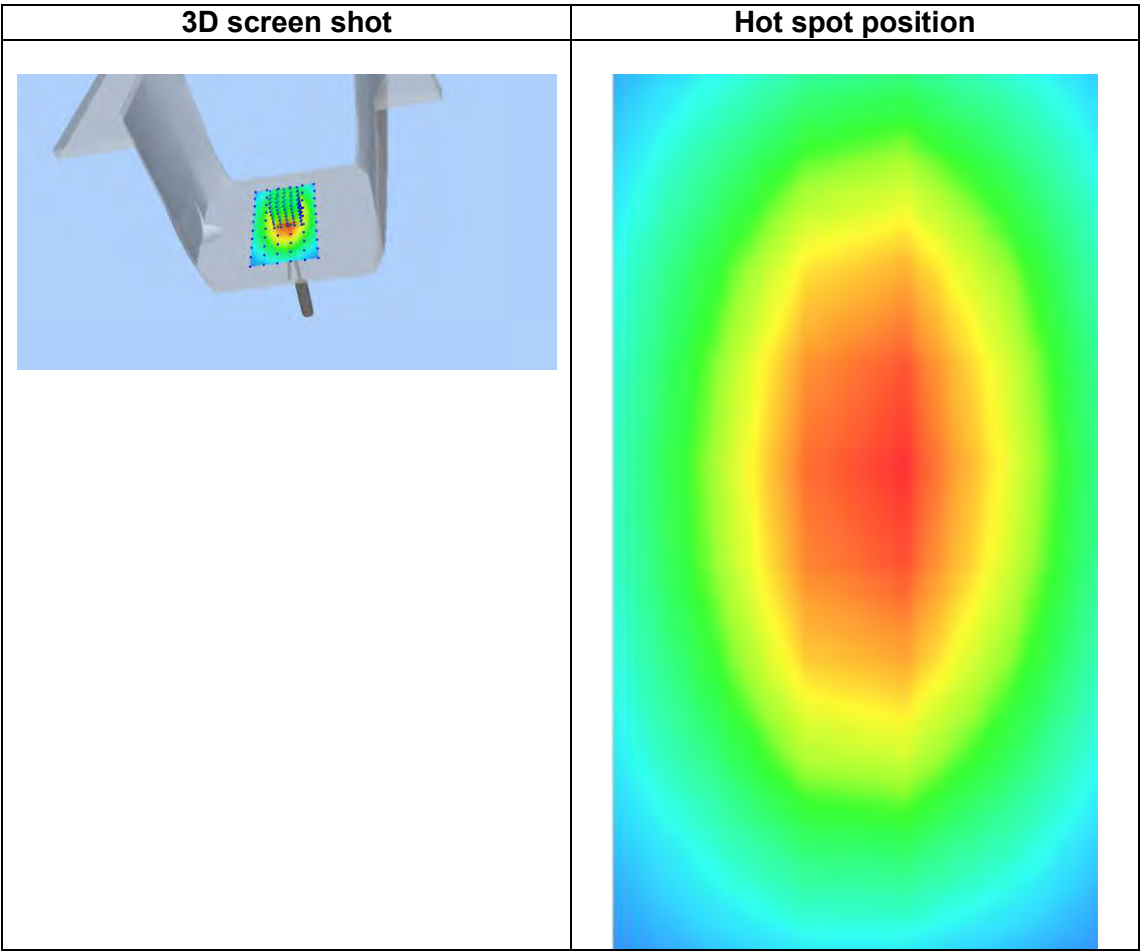
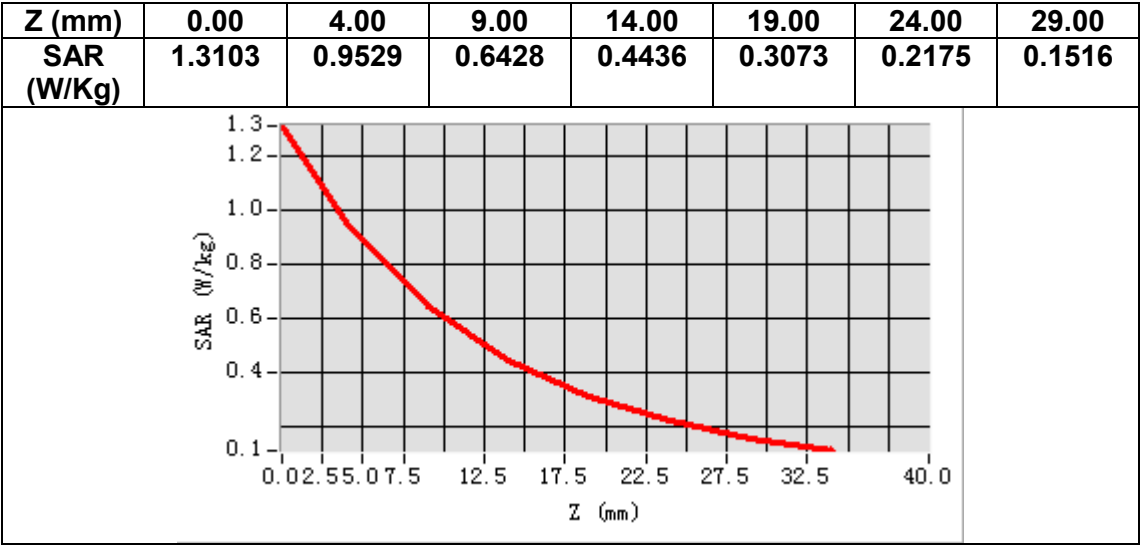
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=3.00

SAR Peak: 1.31 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.605724
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.935290



MEASUREMENT 2

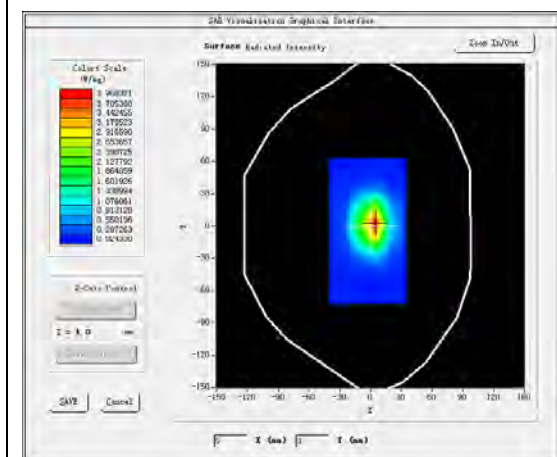
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

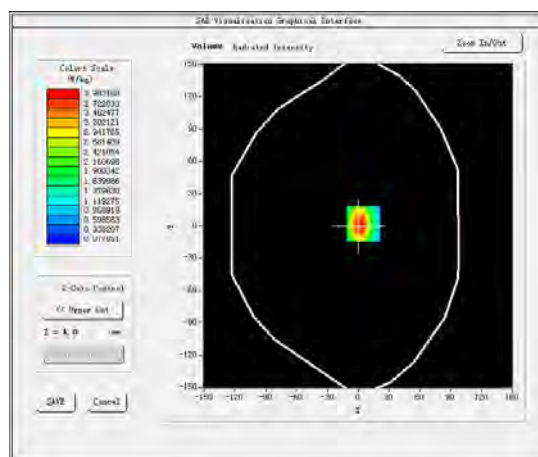
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.305800
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.565500
Conductivity (S/m)	1.535587
Variation (%)	-0.110000

SURFACE SAR



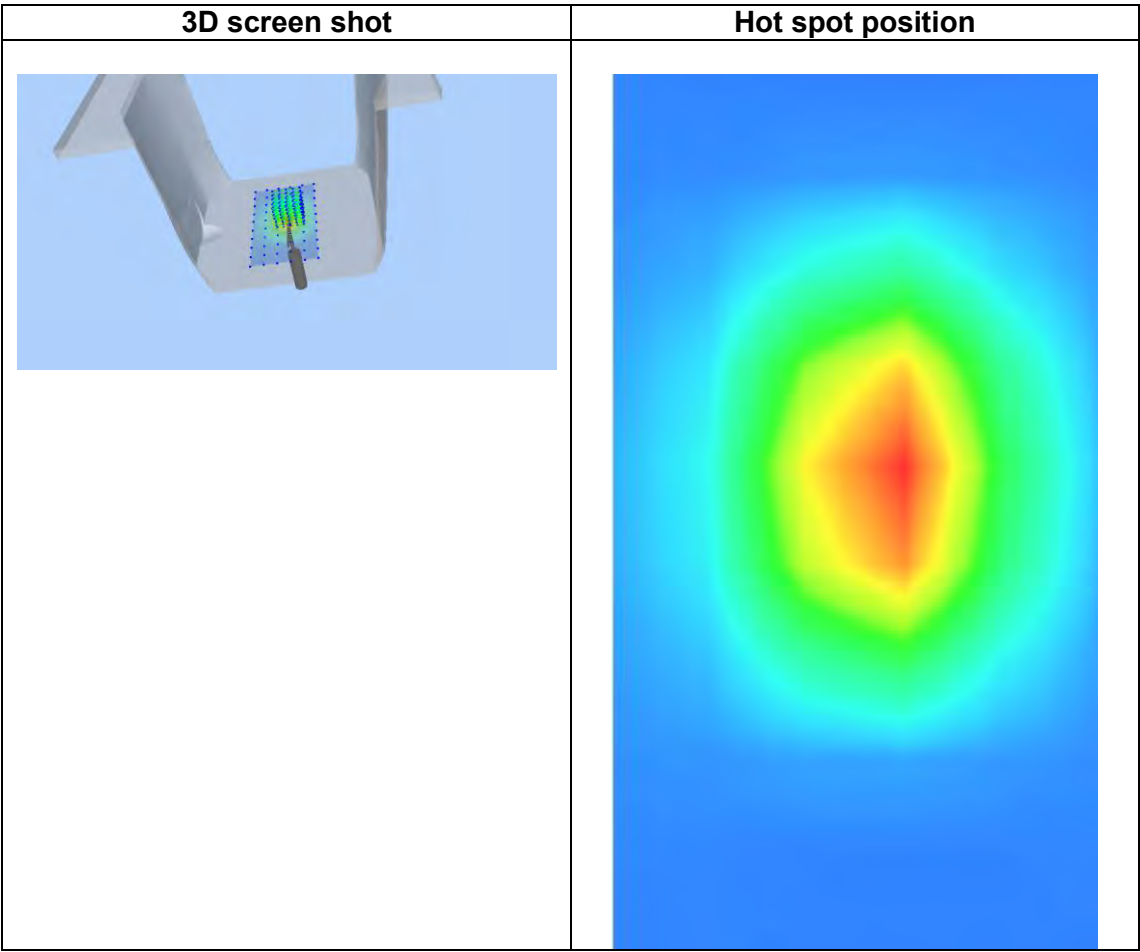
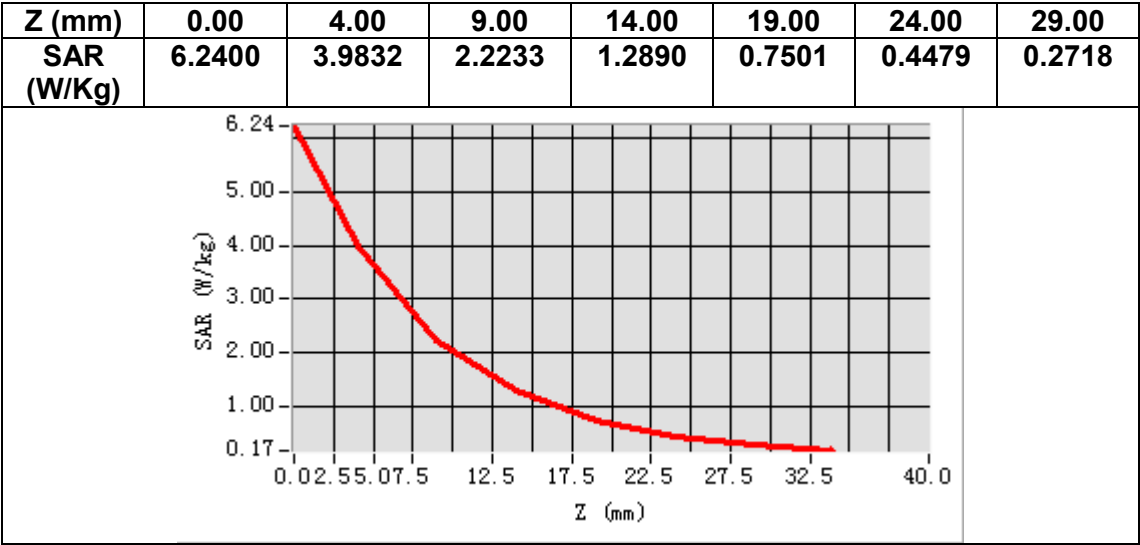
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 6.61 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.015601
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.002032



MEASUREMENT 3

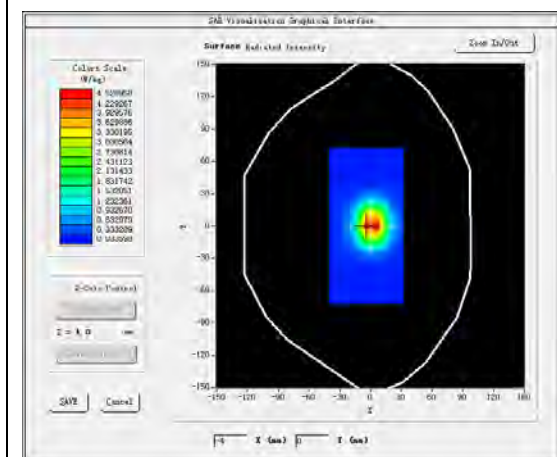
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW2450</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

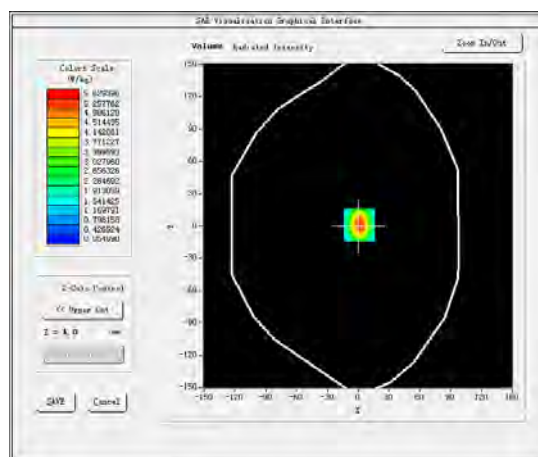
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.104097
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.41352
Conductivity (S/m)	1.956738
Variation (%)	-0.300000

SURFACE SAR



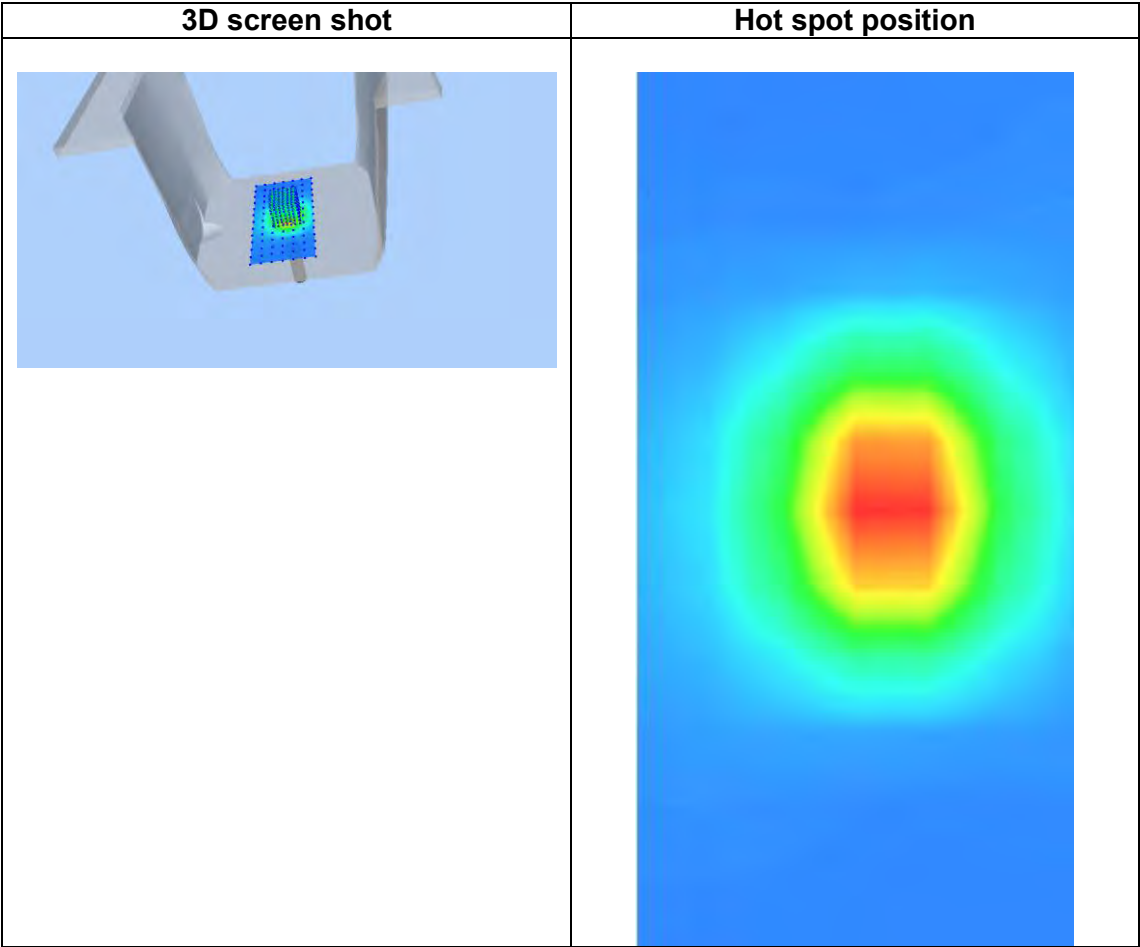
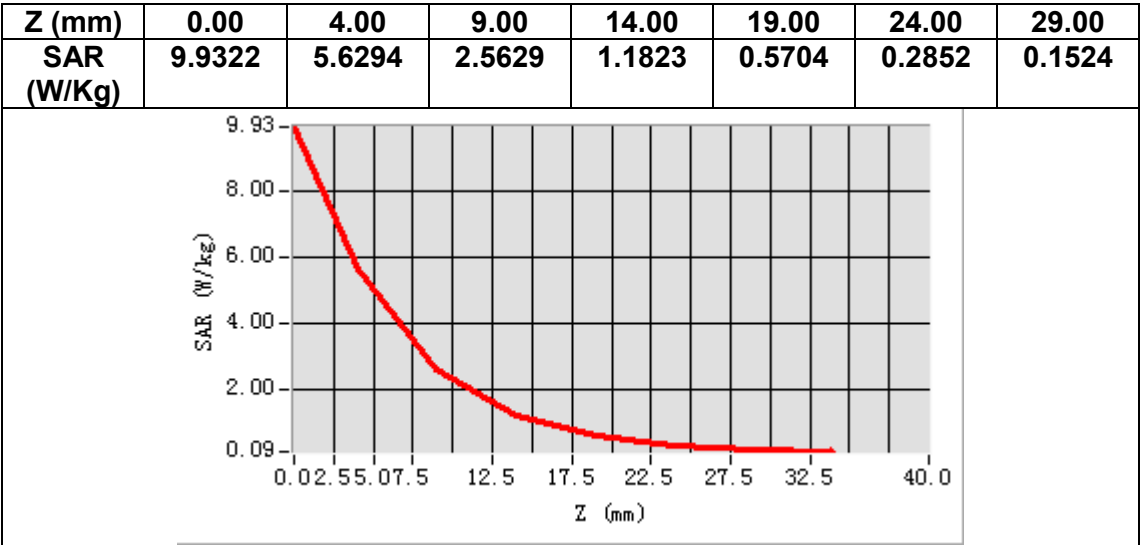
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 9.81 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.300919
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.198616



MEASUREMENT 4

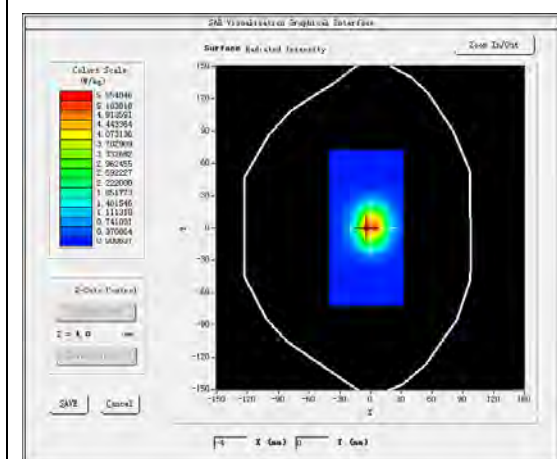
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW2600</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

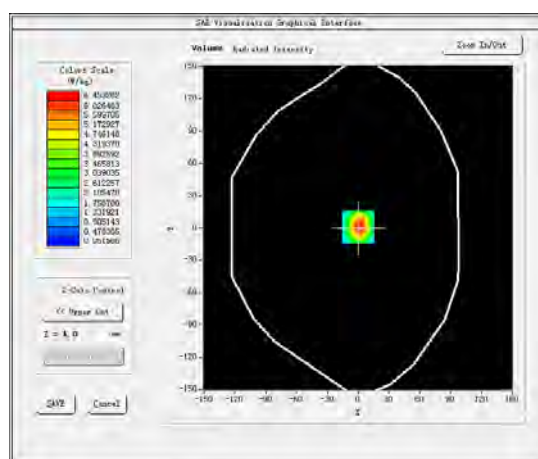
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2600.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.410563
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.120311
Conductivity (S/m)	2.180111
Variation (%)	-0.100000

SURFACE SAR



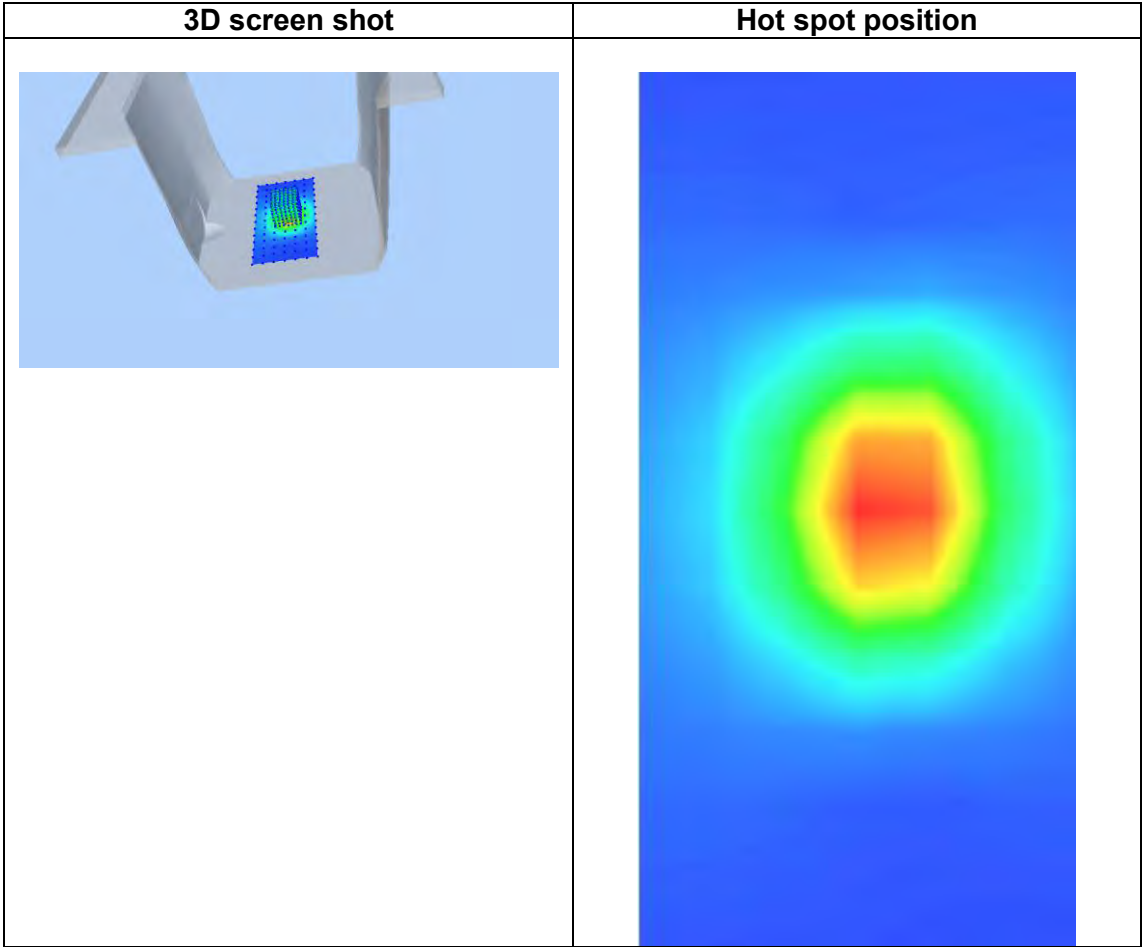
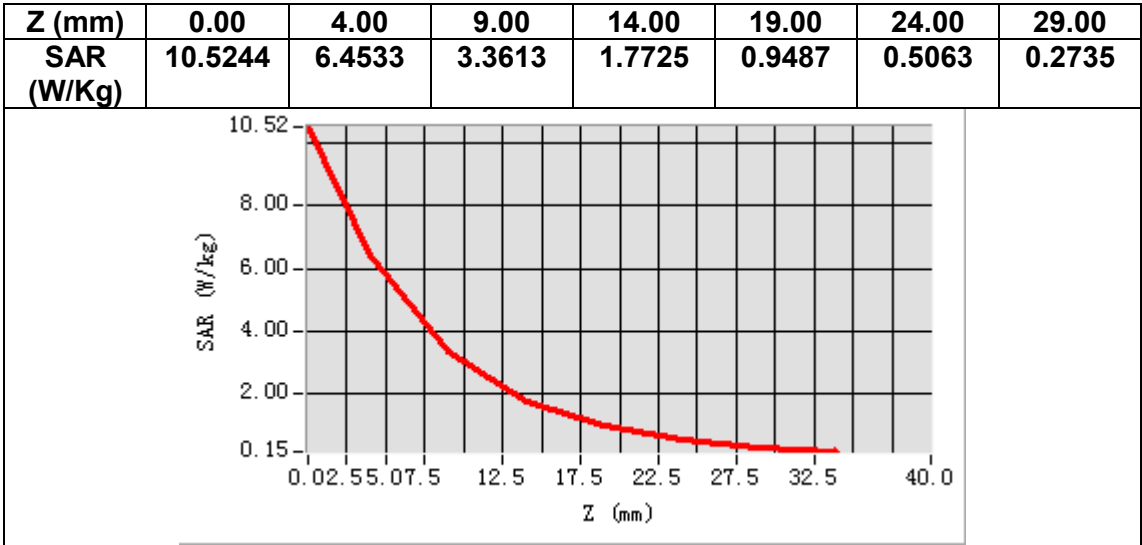
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 10.54 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.454411
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.652811



13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Table of contents
MEASUREMENT 1 GSM 850
MEASUREMENT 2 GSM 1900
MEASUREMENT 3 WCDMA Band II
MEASUREMENT 4 WCDMA Band V
MEASUREMENT 5 WLAN 2.4G
MEASUREMENT 6 LTE Band XLI

MEASUREMENT 1

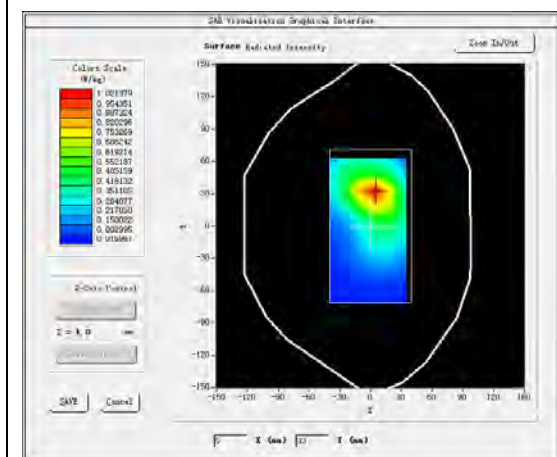
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Low</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)</u>

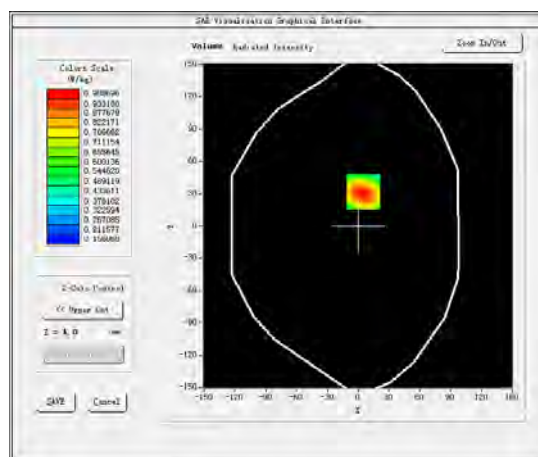
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.012160
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.961700
Conductivity (S/m)	0.959812
Variation (%)	3.500000

SURFACE SAR



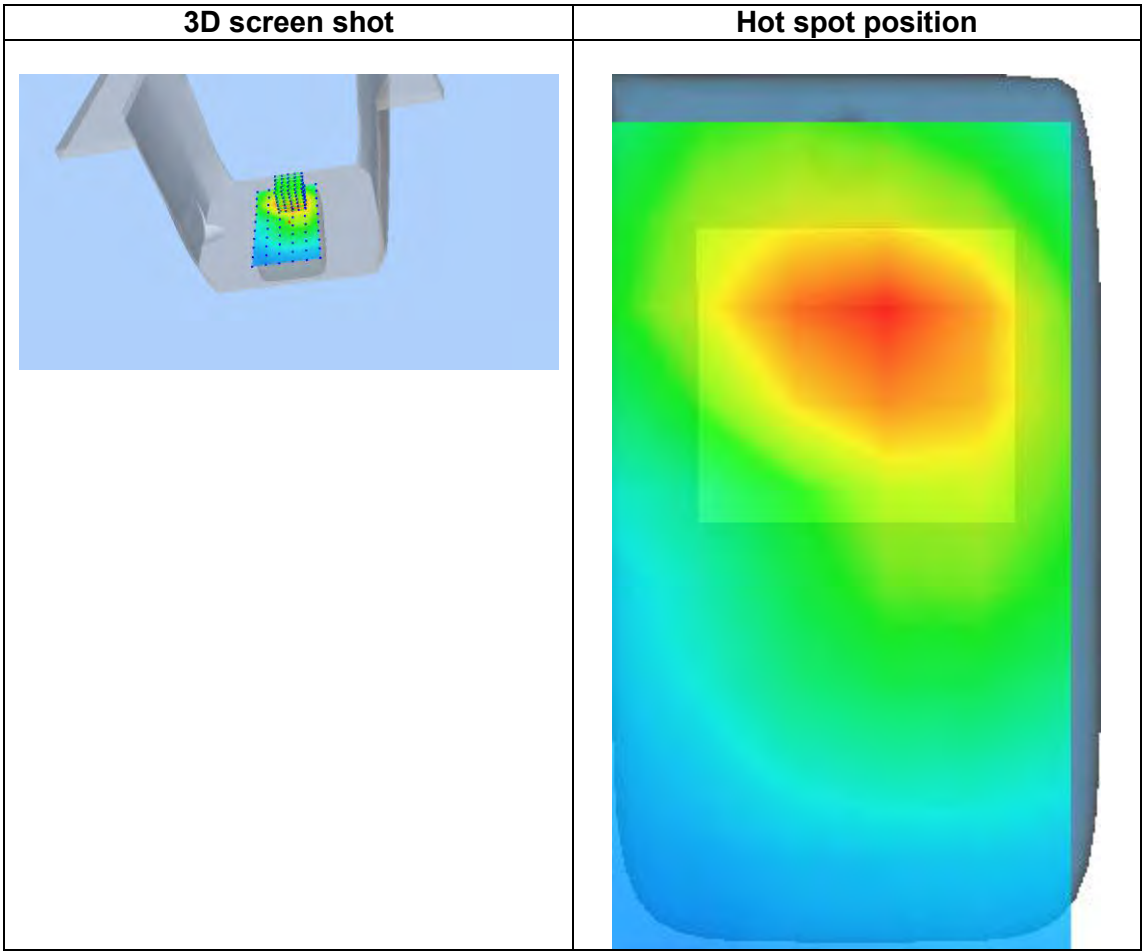
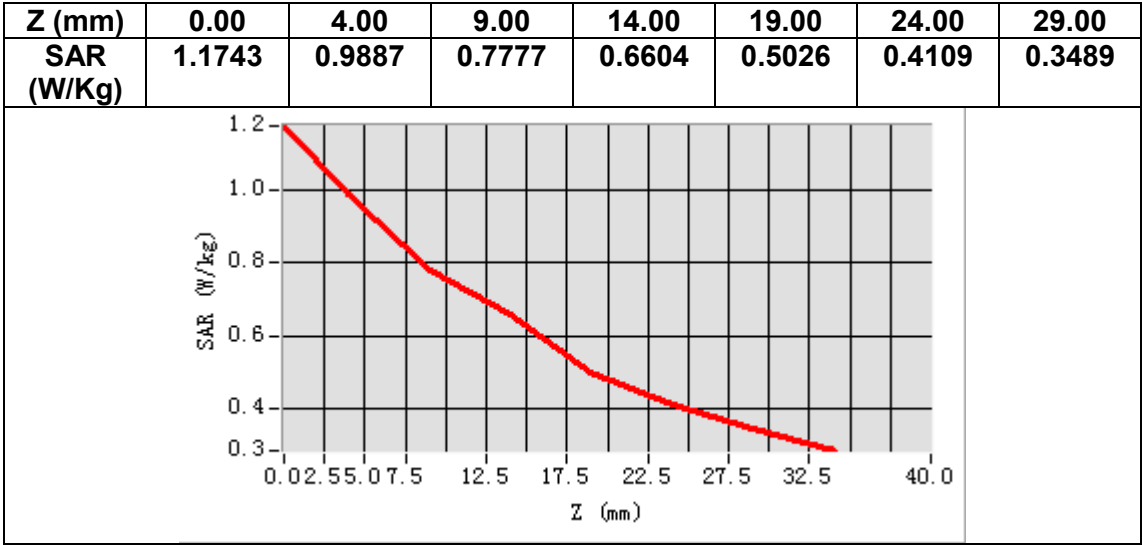
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=32.00

SAR Peak: 1.22 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.703725
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.975428



MEASUREMENT 2

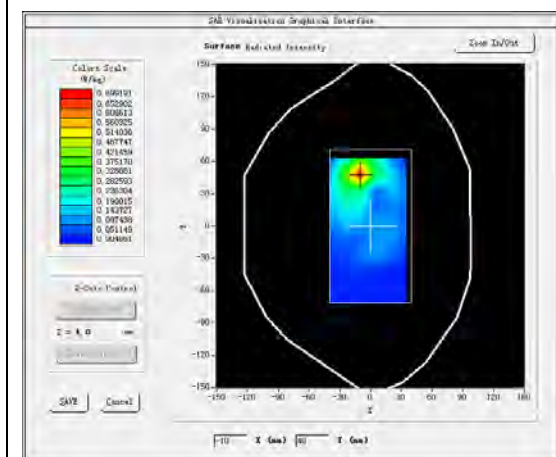
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)</u>

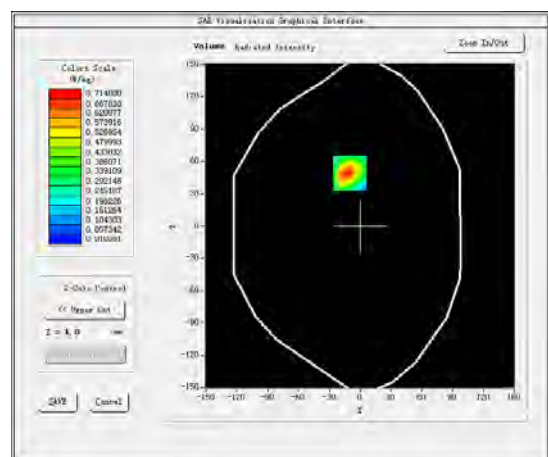
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.381901
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.653700
Conductivity (S/m)	1.530498
Variation (%)	0.140000

SURFACE SAR



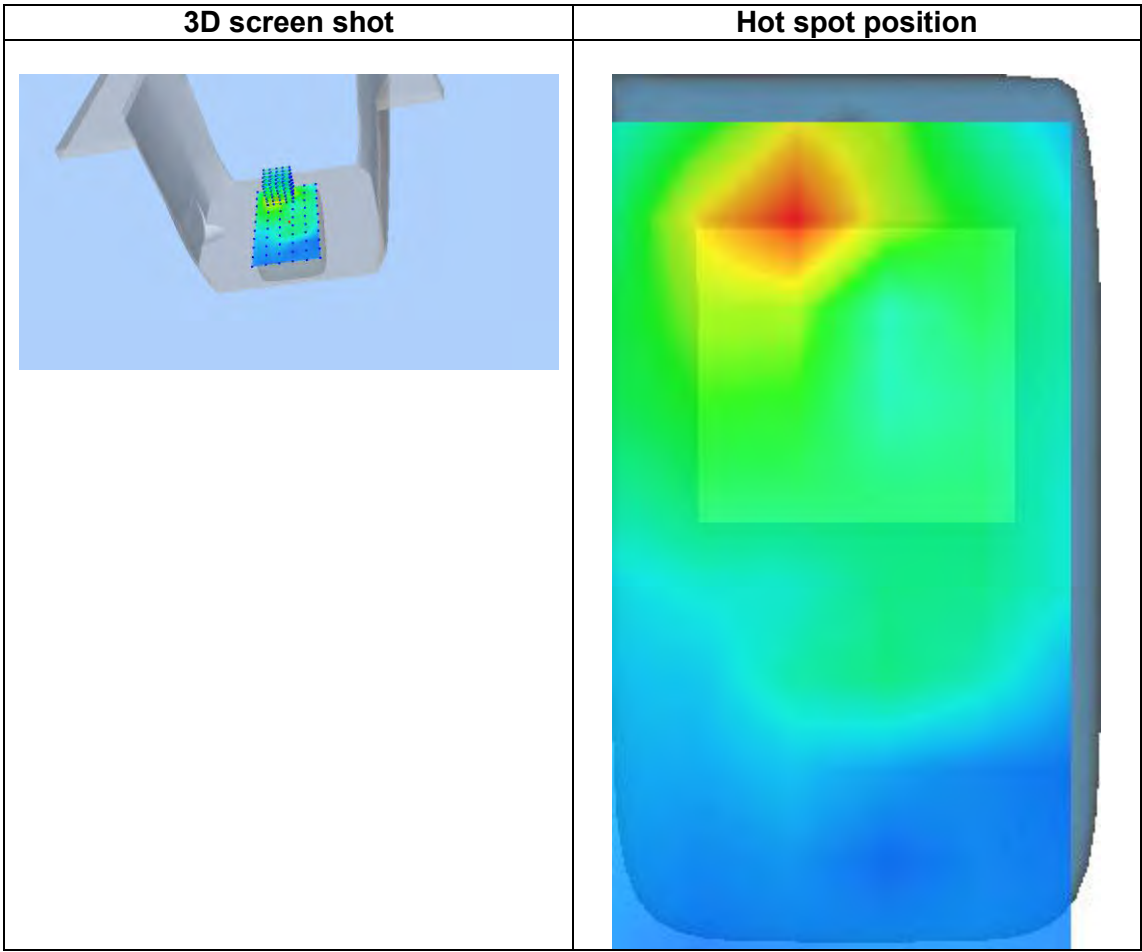
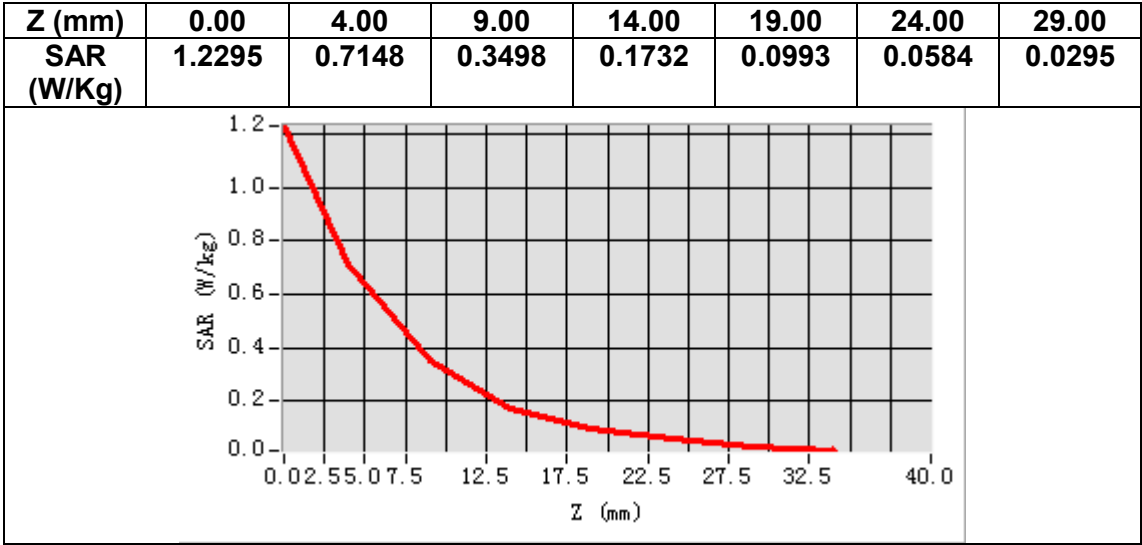
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=49.00

SAR Peak: 1.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.330007
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.691081



MEASUREMENT 3

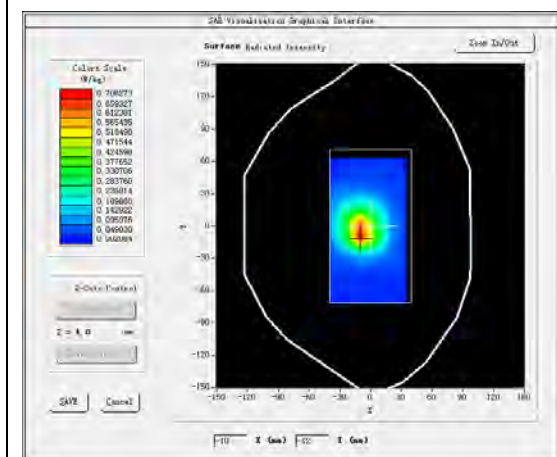
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band2 WCDMA1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

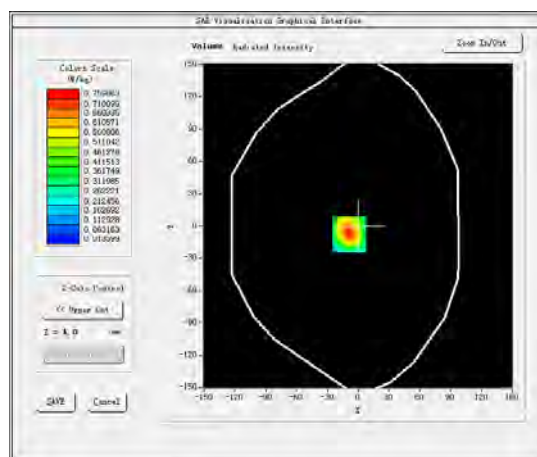
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.381901
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.653700
Conductivity (S/m)	1.530498
Variation (%)	-0.030000

SURFACE SAR



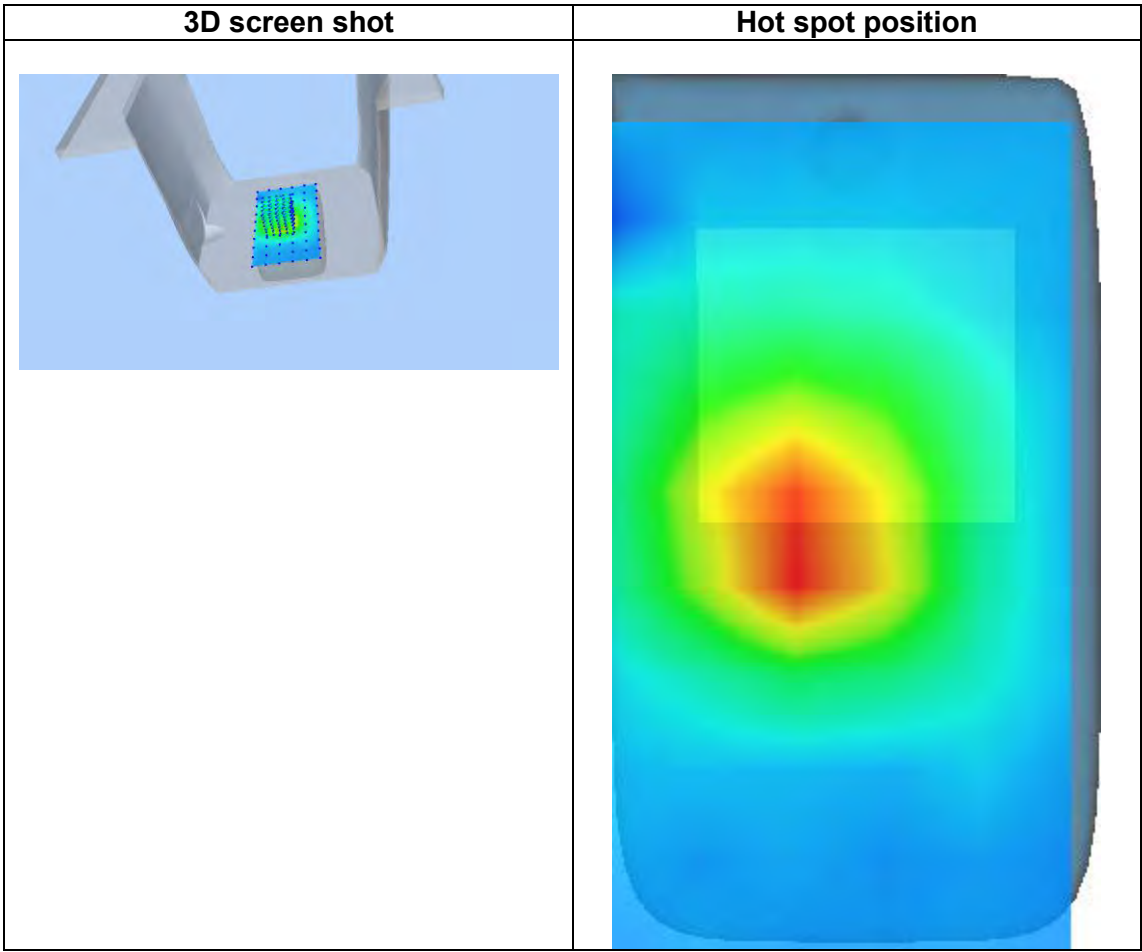
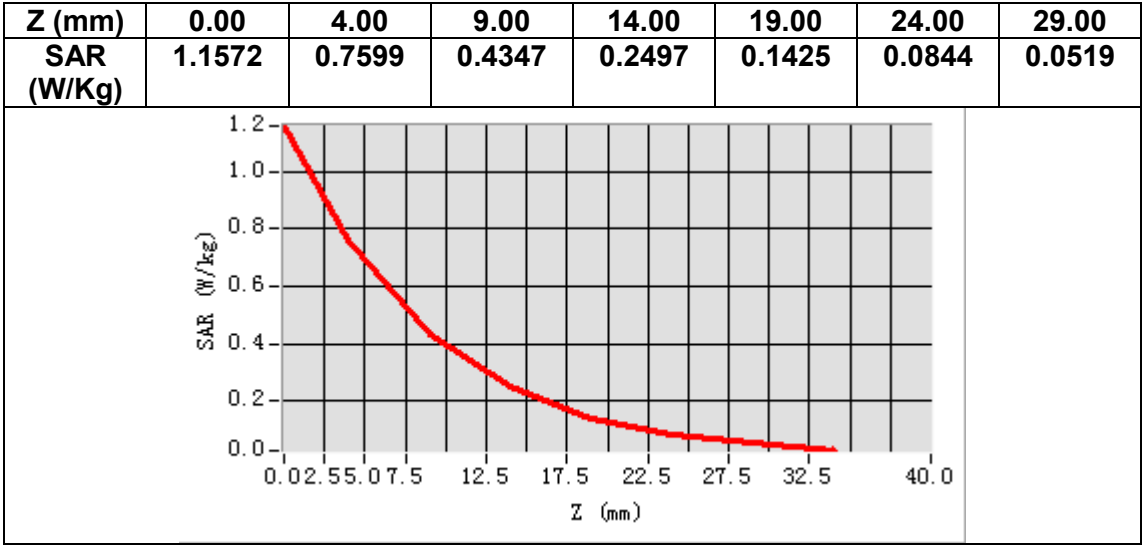
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=-8.00

SAR Peak: 1.16 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.376732
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.715039



MEASUREMENT 4

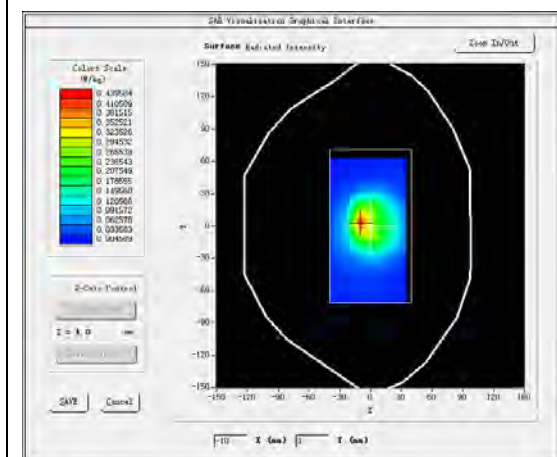
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band5 WCDMA850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Low</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

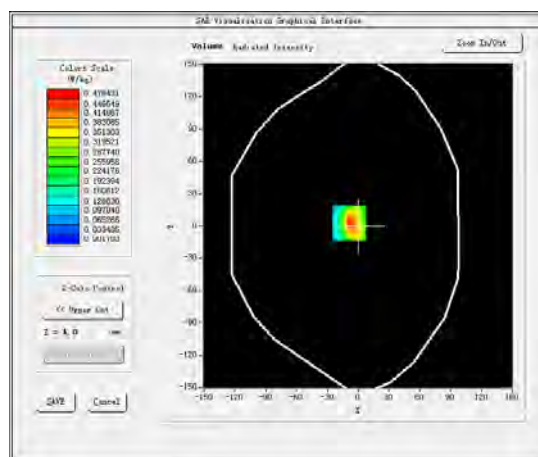
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	826.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.999200
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.899600
Conductivity (S/m)	0.962374
Variation (%)	4.700000

SURFACE SAR



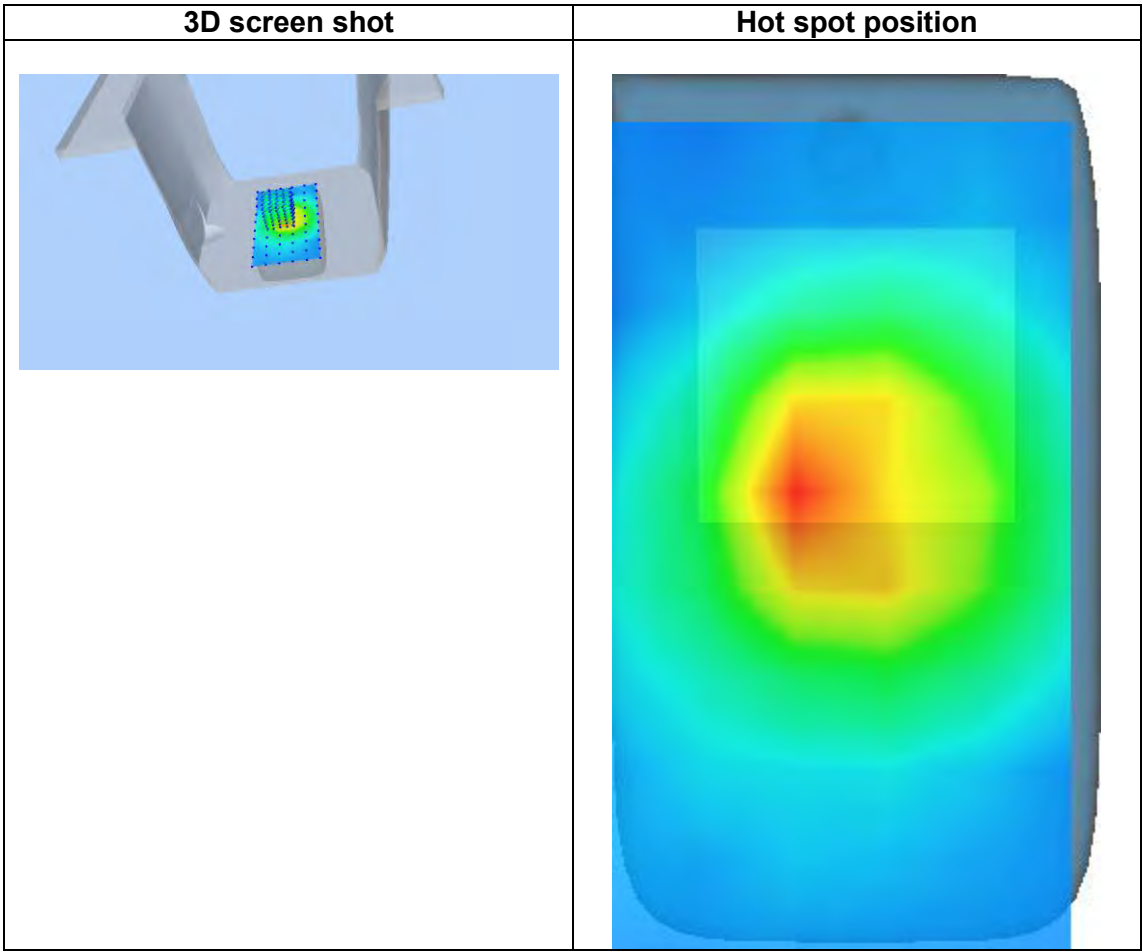
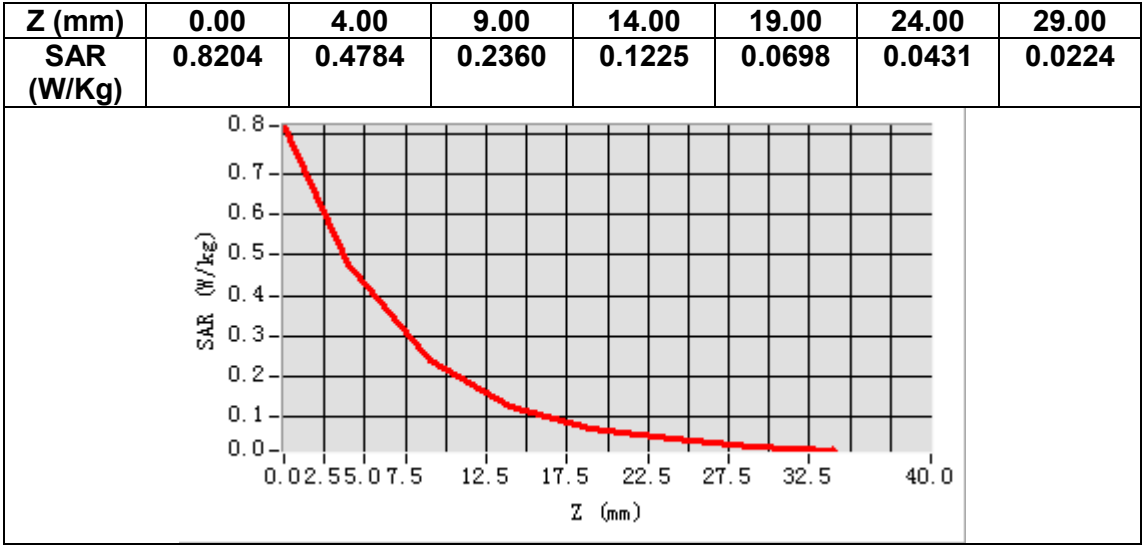
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=3.00

SAR Peak: 0.92 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.212780
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.462404



MEASUREMENT 5

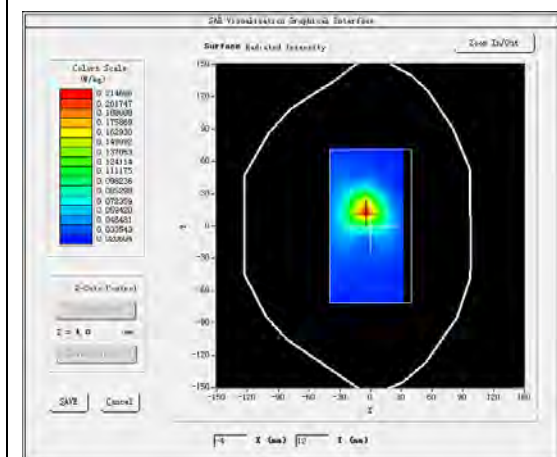
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

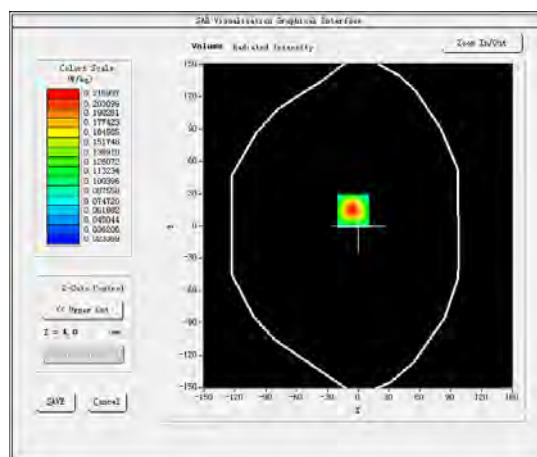
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.104099
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.307920
Conductivity (S/m)	1.941108
Variation (%)	-3.230000

SURFACE SAR



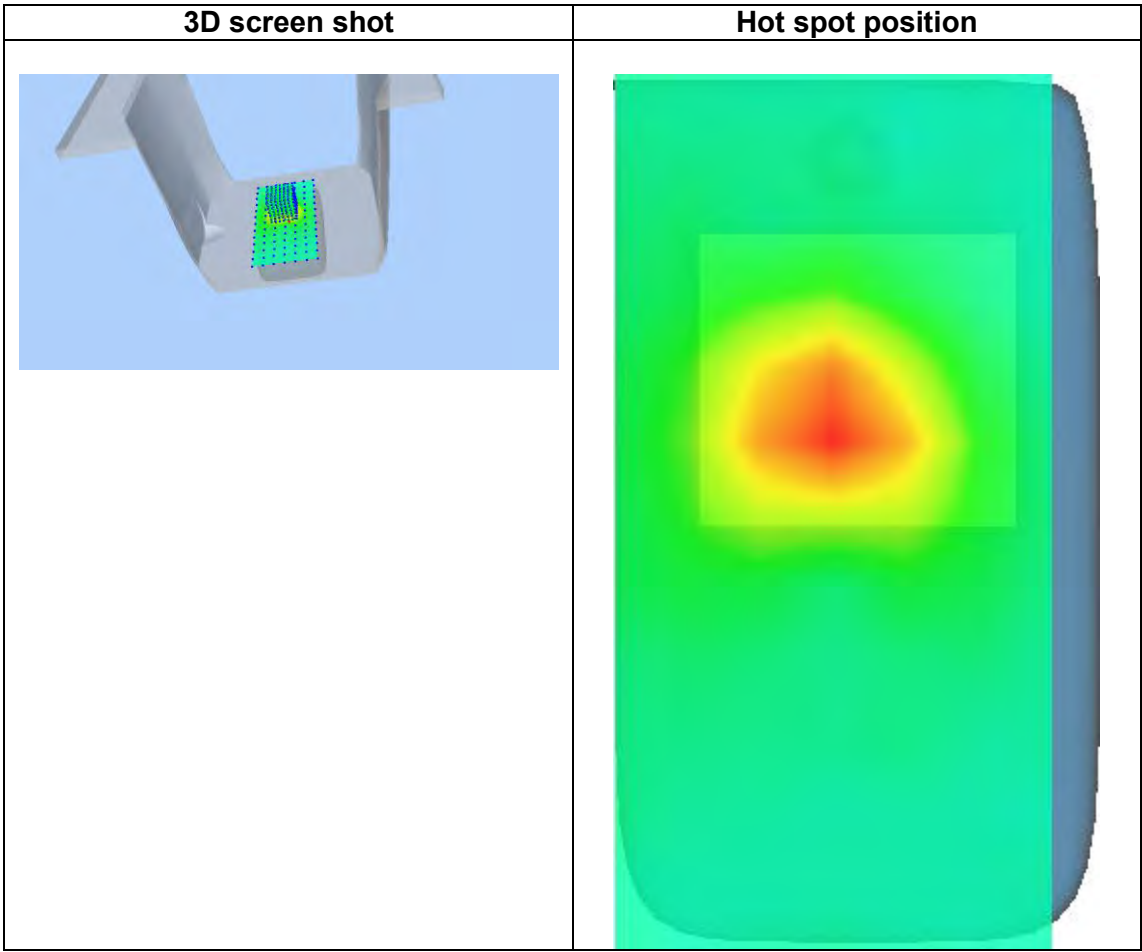
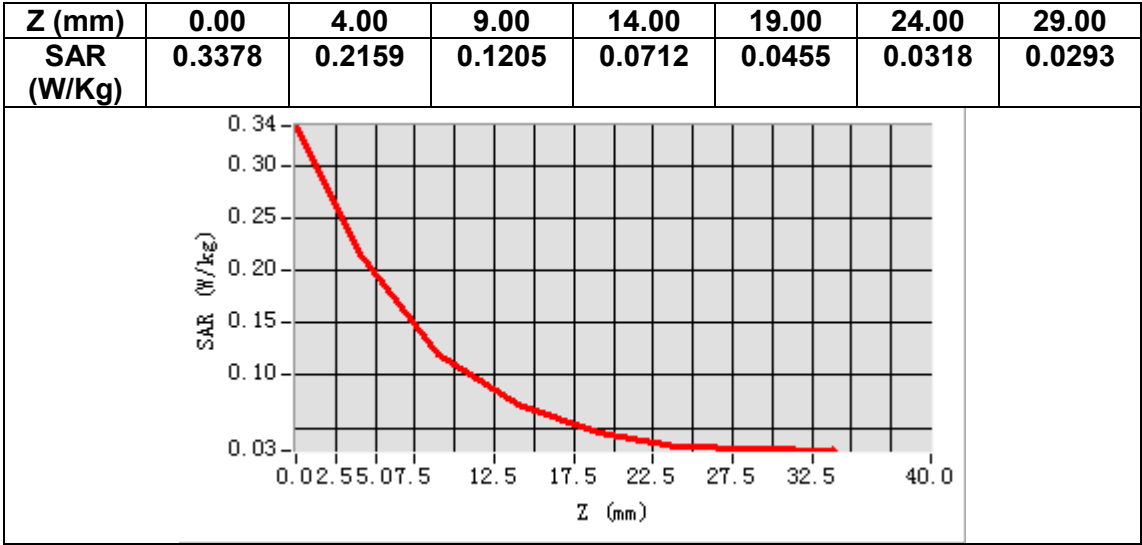
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=14.00

SAR Peak: 0.34 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.107026
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.200530



MEASUREMENT 6

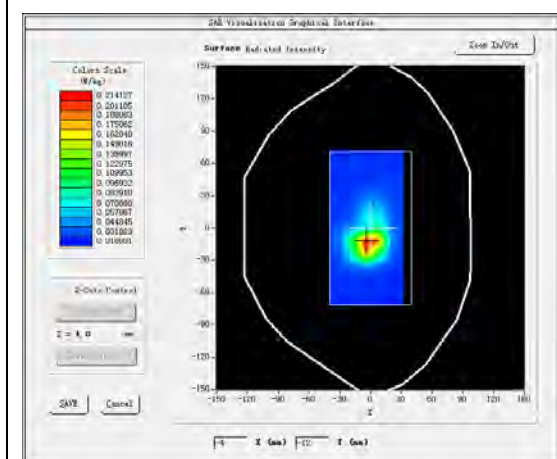
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 41</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Low</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.6)</u>

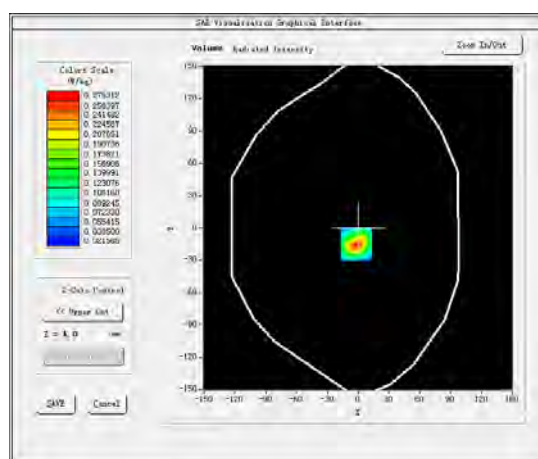
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2557.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.667446
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.043240
Conductivity (S/m)	2.137393
Variation (%)	-0.860000

SURFACE SAR



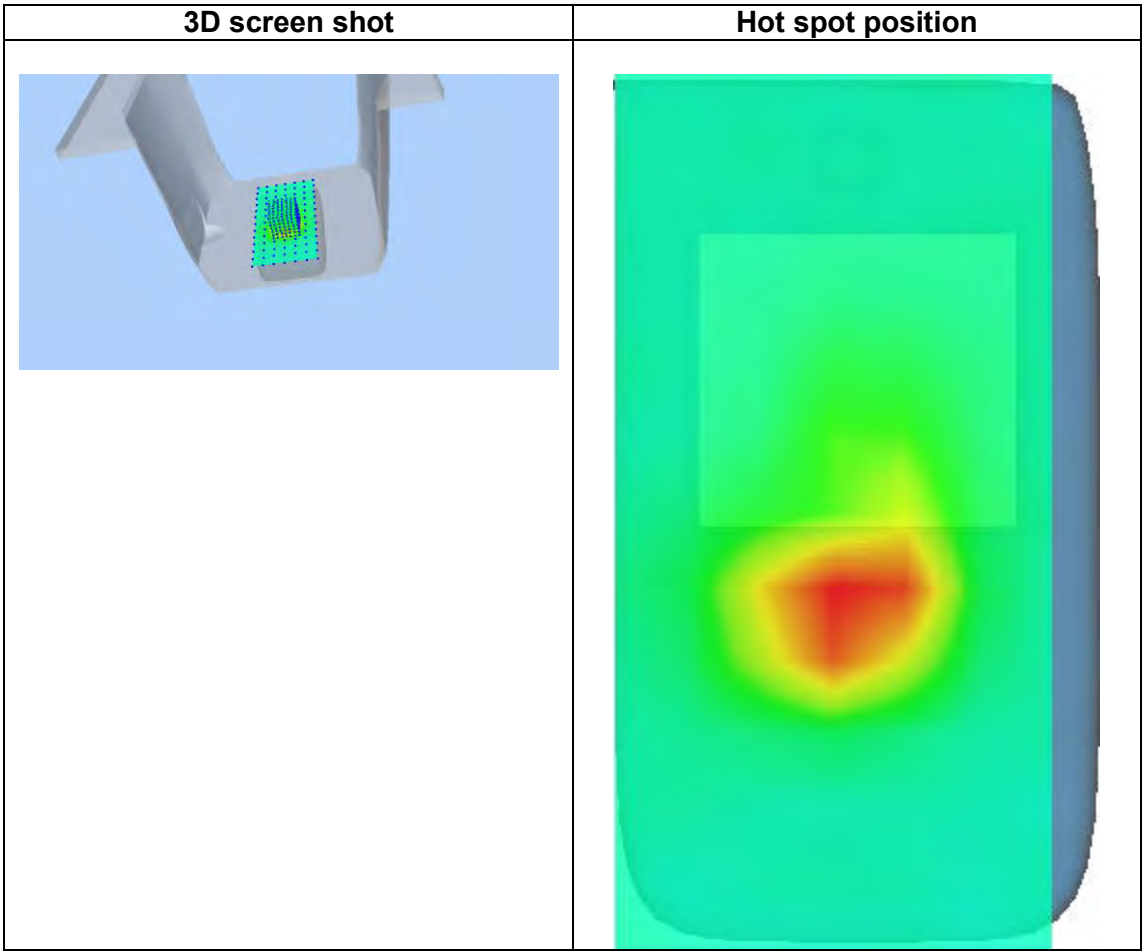
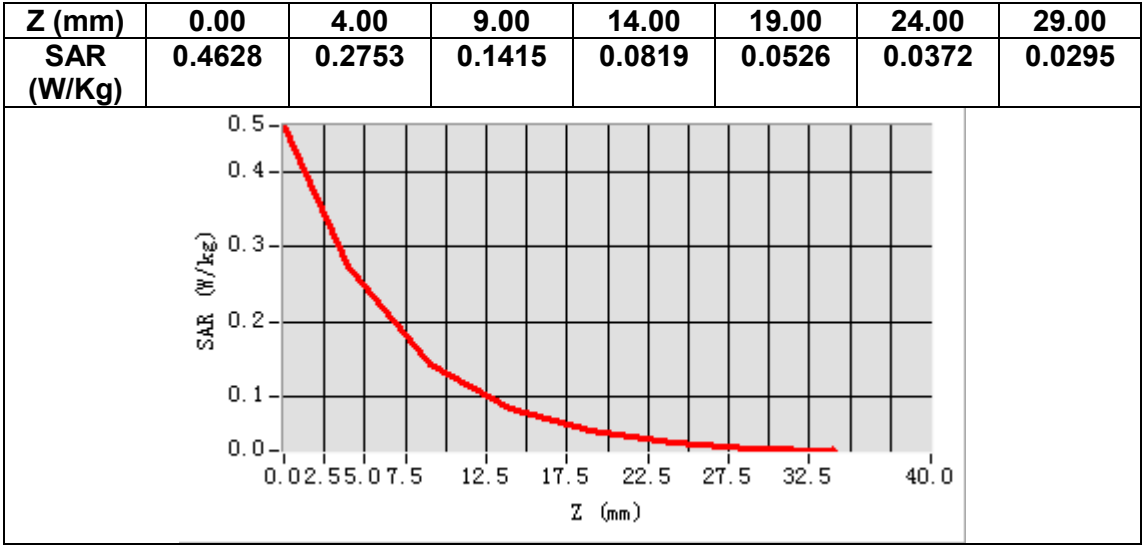
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-15.00

SAR Peak: 0.46 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.117411
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.239970



14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents
E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352
2600 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.260.1.18.SATU.A

**SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY
CO., LTD.**

**BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPG0287**

**Calibrated at MVG US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144**



Calibration Date: 09/17/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.260.1.18.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	9/17/2018	<i>JS</i>
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	9/17/2018	<i>JS</i>
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	9/17/2018	<i>Kim Rutkowski</i>

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	9/17/2018	Initial release



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.260.1.18.SATU.A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Device Under Test	4
2	Product Description	4
2.1	General Information	4
3	Measurement Method	4
3.1	Linearity	4
3.2	Sensitivity	5
3.3	Lower Detection Limit	5
3.4	Isotropy	5
3.5	Boundary Effect	5
4	Measurement Uncertainty	5
5	Calibration Measurement Results	6
5.1	Sensitivity in air	6
5.2	Linearity	7
5.3	Sensitivity in liquid	7
5.4	Isotropy	8
6	List of Equipment	10



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.260.1.18.SATU.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 08/16 EPGO287
Product Condition (new / used)	Used
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.209 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.196 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.197 MΩ

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.260.1.18.SATU.A

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

Page: 5/10

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.260.1.18.SATU.A

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

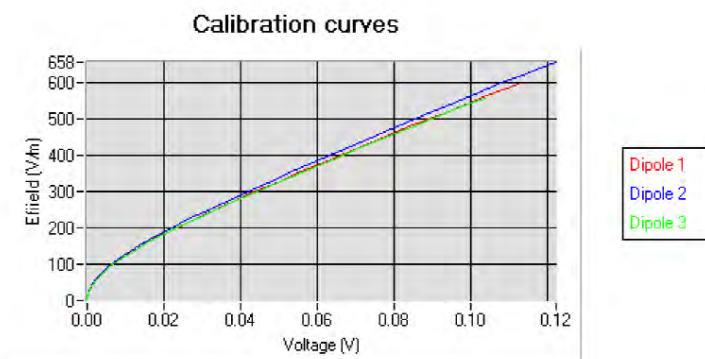
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normy dipole 2 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normz dipole 3 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)
0.66	0.75	0.58

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
93	93	98

Calibration curves $e_i=f(V)$ ($i=1,2,3$) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

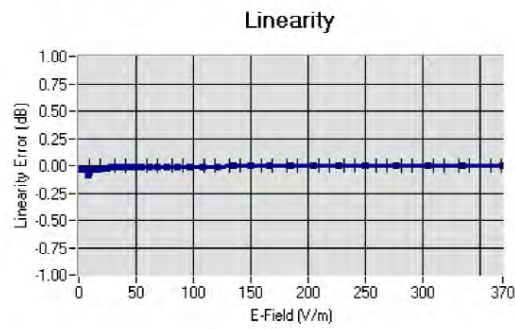




COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.260.1.18.SATU.A

5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity: $\pm 1.89\%$ ($\pm 0.08\text{dB}$)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz $\pm$ 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL750	750	40.03	0.93	1.45
BL750	750	56.83	1.00	1.49
HL850	835	42.19	0.90	1.50
BL850	835	54.67	1.01	1.56
HL900	900	42.08	1.01	1.51
HL1800	1800	41.68	1.46	1.71
BL1800	1800	53.86	1.46	1.77
HL1900	1900	38.45	1.45	2.03
BL1900	1900	53.32	1.56	2.07
HL2000	2000	38.26	1.38	1.76
HL2450	2450	37.50	1.80	2.00
BL2450	2450	53.22	1.89	2.08
HL2600	2600	39.80	1.99	2.12
BL2600	2600	52.52	2.23	2.19
HL5200	5200	35.64	4.67	2.55
BL5200	5200	48.64	5.51	2.62
HL5400	5400	36.44	4.87	2.53
BL5400	5400	46.52	5.77	2.59
HL5600	5600	36.66	5.17	2.64
BL5600	5600	46.79	5.77	2.73
HL5800	5800	35.31	5.31	2.72
BL5800	5800	47.04	6.10	2.81

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

Page: 7/10

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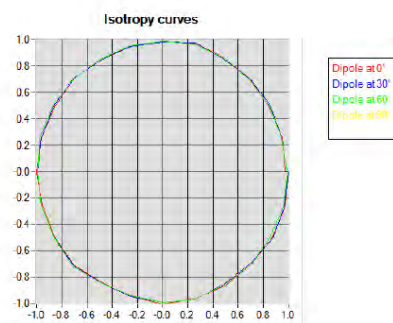
COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.260.1.18.SATU.A

5.4 ISOTROPY

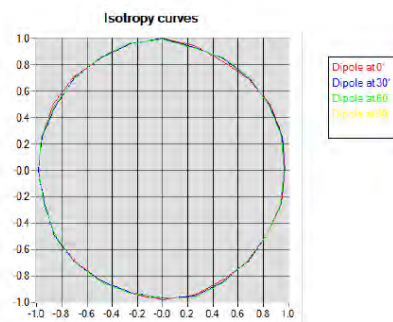
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB



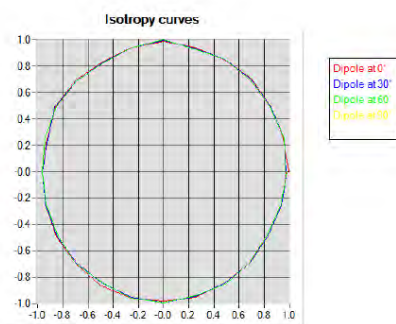


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.260.1.18.SATU.A

HL5600 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB





COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.260.1.18.SATU.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2017	10/2018
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 04/19/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/19/2018	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/19/2018	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	4/19/2018	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	4/19/2018	Initial release



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Introduction.....	4
2	Device Under Test	4
3	Product Description	4
3.1	General Information	4
4	Measurement Method	5
4.1	Return Loss Requirements	5
4.2	Mechanical Requirements	5
5	Measurement Uncertainty.....	5
5.1	Return Loss	5
5.2	Dimension Measurement	5
5.3	Validation Measurement	5
6	Calibration Measurement Results.....	6
6.1	Return Loss and Impedance In Head Liquid	6
6.2	Return Loss and Impedance In Body Liquid	6
6.3	Mechanical Dimensions	6
7	Validation measurement	7
7.1	Head Liquid Measurement	7
7.2	SAR Measurement Result With Head Liquid	8
7.3	Body Liquid Measurement	9
7.4	SAR Measurement Result With Body Liquid	10
8	List of Equipment	11



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID835
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

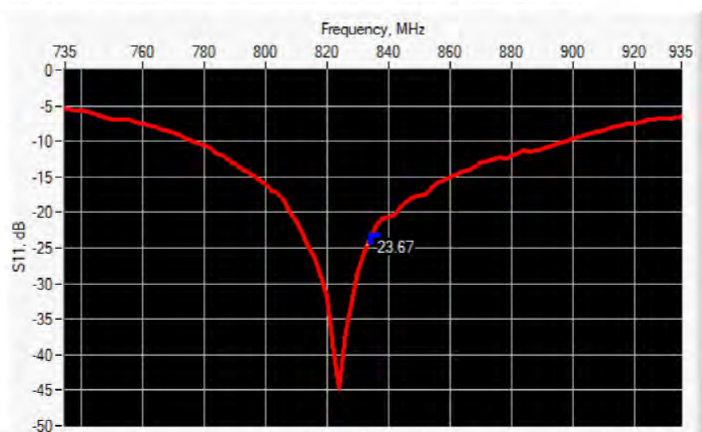
Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

10 g

20.1 %

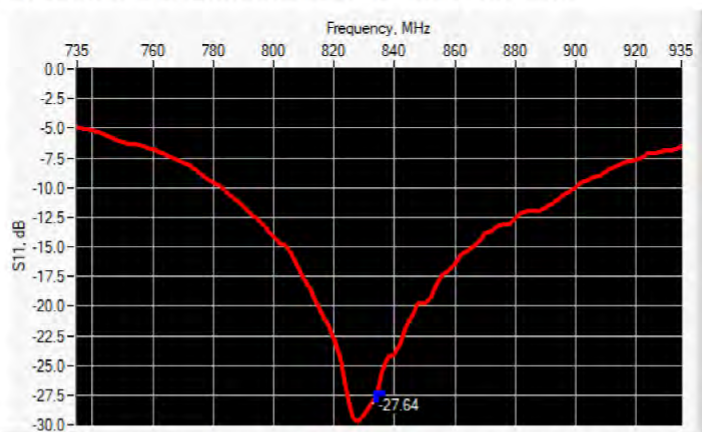
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-23.67	-20	$56.8 \Omega - 1.5 j\Omega$

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-27.64	-20	$53.5 \Omega + 2.3 j\Omega$

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

Page: 6/11

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.	PASS	89.8 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0 ±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7 ±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

Page: 7/11

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: ϵ_p : 40.0 σ : 0.90
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.55 (0.95)	6.22	6.10 (0.61)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

Page: 8/11

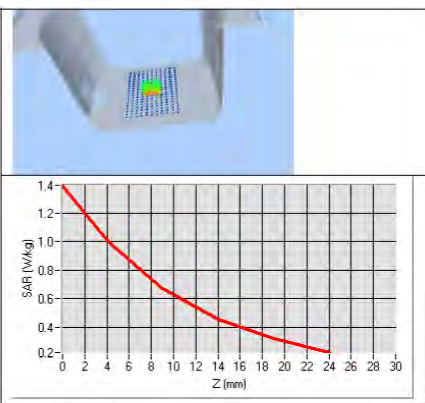
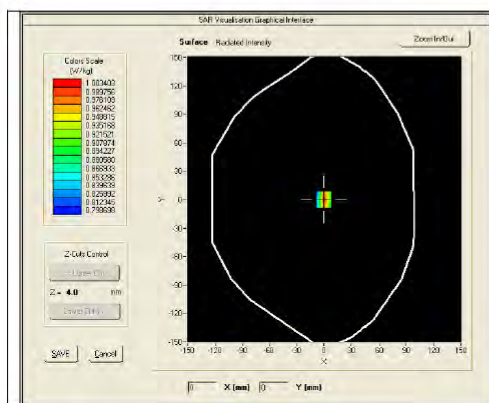
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Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 $\pm$ 5 %		0.80 $\pm$ 5 %	
300	58.2 $\pm$ 5 %		0.92 $\pm$ 5 %	
450	56.7 $\pm$ 5 %		0.94 $\pm$ 5 %	
750	55.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.96 $\pm$ 5 %	
835	55.2 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS	0.97 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS
900	55.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.05 $\pm$ 5 %	
915	55.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.06 $\pm$ 5 %	
1450	54.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.30 $\pm$ 5 %	
1610	53.8 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
1800	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
1900	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
2000	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
2100	53.2 $\pm$ 5 %		1.62 $\pm$ 5 %	

Page: 9/11

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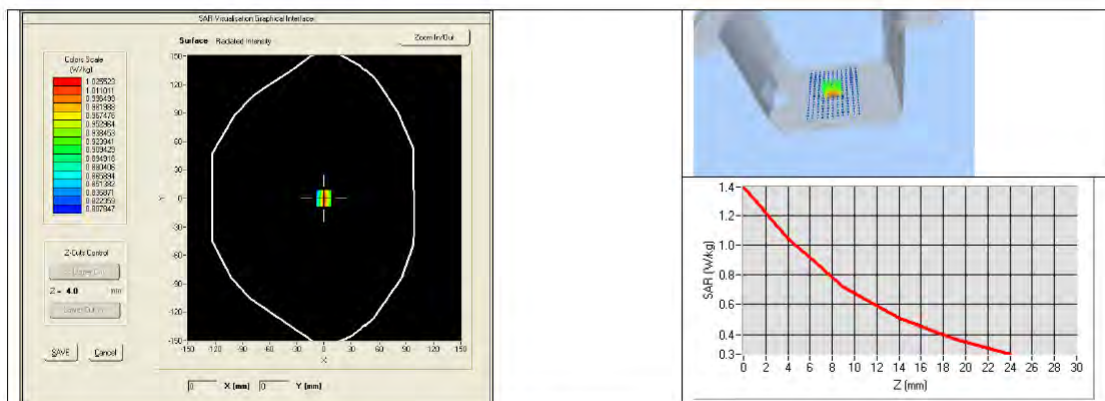
Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

2300	52.9 ±5 %		1.81 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
3700	51.0 ±5 %		3.55 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: ϵ_p : 57.5 σ : 0.96
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	9.83 (0.98)	6.45 (0.64)



Page: 10/11

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2017	01/2020
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2017	10/2018
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.109.5.18.SATU.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 04/19/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.5.18.SATU.A

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/19/2018	<i>JS</i>
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/19/2018	<i>JS</i>
<i>Approved by :</i>	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	4/19/2018	<i>Kim Rutkowski</i>

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	4/19/2018	Initial release



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.5.18.SATU.A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Introduction.....	4
2	Device Under Test	4
3	Product Description	4
3.1	General Information	4
4	Measurement Method	5
4.1	Return Loss Requirements	5
4.2	Mechanical Requirements	5
5	Measurement Uncertainty	5
5.1	Return Loss	5
5.2	Dimension Measurement	5
5.3	Validation Measurement	5
6	Calibration Measurement Results	6
6.1	Return Loss and Impedance In Head Liquid	6
6.2	Return Loss and Impedance In Body Liquid	6
6.3	Mechanical Dimensions	6
7	Validation measurement	7
7.1	Head Liquid Measurement	7
7.2	SAR Measurement Result With Head Liquid	8
7.3	Body Liquid Measurement	9
7.4	SAR Measurement Result With Body Liquid	10
8	List of Equipment	11



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.5.18.SATU.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID1900
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.5.18.SATU.A

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

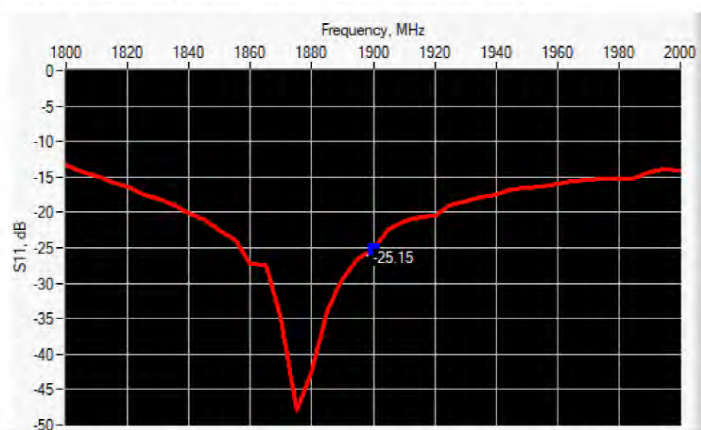
Ref: ACR.109.5.18.SATU.A

10 g

20.1 %

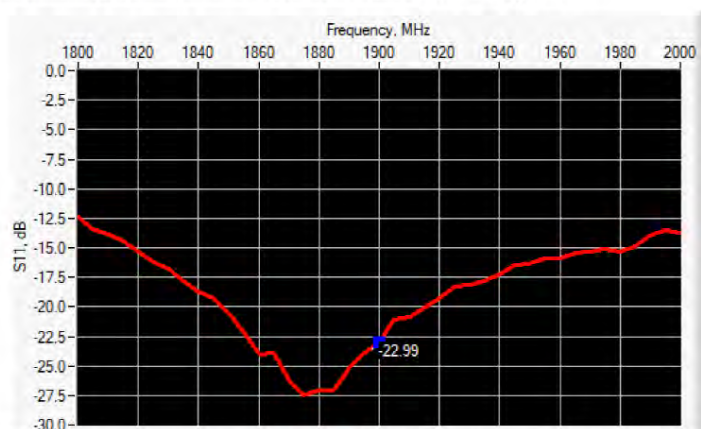
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-25.15	-20	$52.6 \Omega + 5.1 j\Omega$

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-22.99	-20	$47.6 \Omega + 6.5 j\Omega$

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	$420.0 \pm 1 \%$		$250.0 \pm 1 \%$		$6.35 \pm 1 \%$	

Page: 6/11

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	PASS	39.5 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0 ±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7 ±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

Page: 7/11

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1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: ϵ_p : 38.5 σ : 1.45
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

Page: 8/11

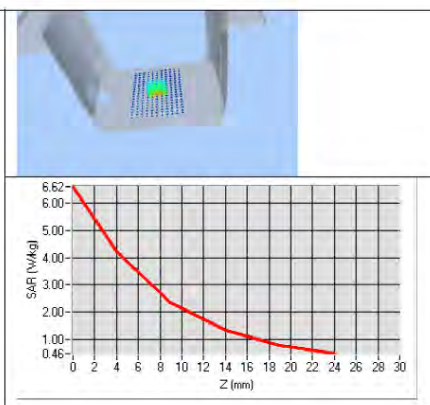
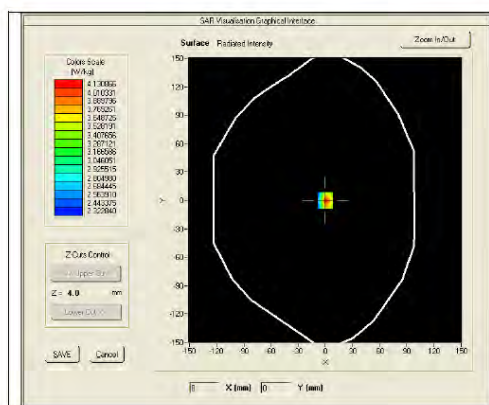
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Ref: ACR.109.5.18.SATU.A

1900	39.7	38.92 (3.89)	20.5	20.09 (2.01)
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 $\pm$ 5 %		0.80 $\pm$ 5 %	
300	58.2 $\pm$ 5 %		0.92 $\pm$ 5 %	
450	56.7 $\pm$ 5 %		0.94 $\pm$ 5 %	
750	55.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.96 $\pm$ 5 %	
835	55.2 $\pm$ 5 %		0.97 $\pm$ 5 %	
900	55.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.05 $\pm$ 5 %	
915	55.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.06 $\pm$ 5 %	
1450	54.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.30 $\pm$ 5 %	
1610	53.8 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
1800	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
1900	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS	1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS
2000	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
2100	53.2 $\pm$ 5 %		1.62 $\pm$ 5 %	

Page: 9/11

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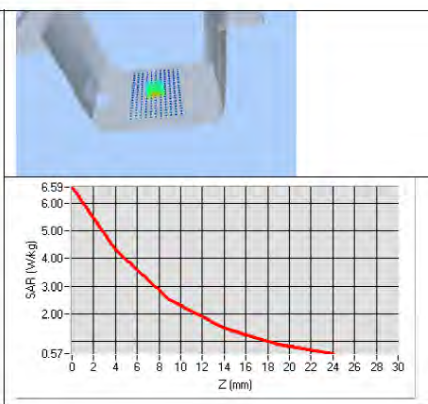
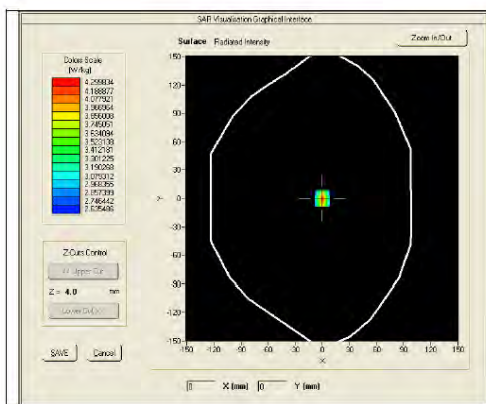
Ref: ACR.109.5.18.SATU.A

2300	52.9 ±5 %		1.81 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
3700	51.0 ±5 %		3.55 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 53.3 sigma : 1.56
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
1900	39.02 (3.90)	20.57 (2.06)



Page: 10/11

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.5.18.SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2017	01/2020
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2017	10/2018
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020