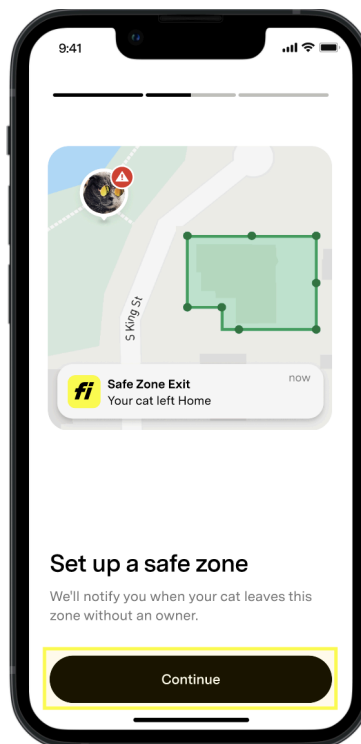
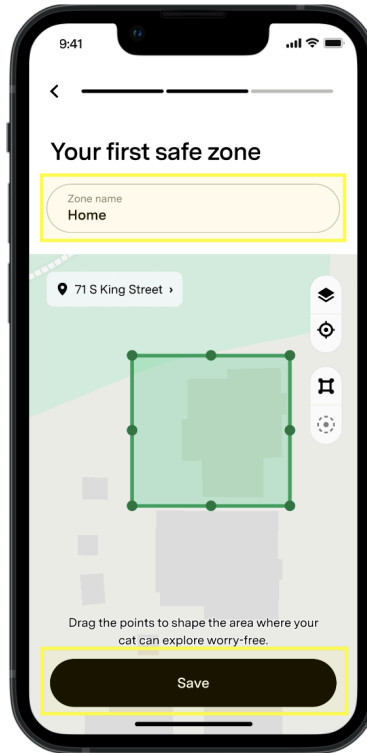




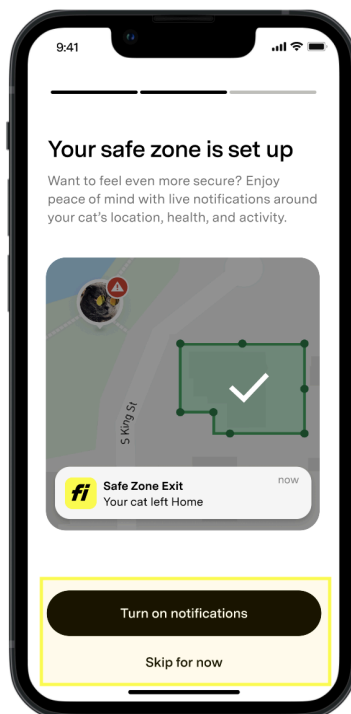
Now, you'll be prompted to set up your first Safe Zone. **Tap continue** to start.



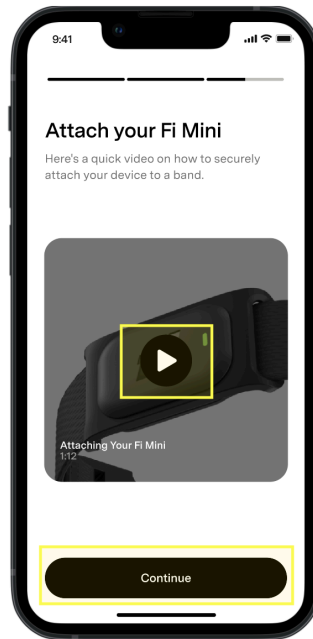
Next, create a name for your Safe Zone and change its dimensions by using the dots on the side of the green box. You can drag the dots to change the size, and also hold/drag the shape to move the location. Once complete, **tap Save**



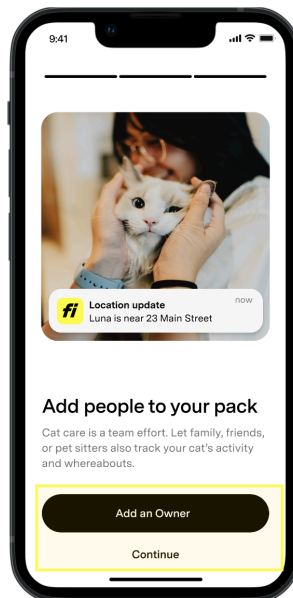
Next, you'll be prompted to set up your notifications. **Tap Turn on notifications to enable or Skip for now.** We **highly encourage you to turn on notifications** to get the most out of your Fi experience.



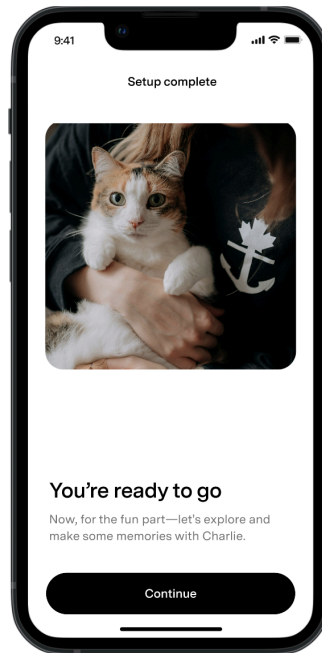
On this screen, you'll be provided with a video containing instructions on how to attach your Fi Mini to a collar band or harness. **Tap the play button icon** to watch the video. After watching the video, **tap Continue**



Next, you'll be prompted to Add an Owner to your account if applicable. If you're not planning to add more account holders, **tap Continue**



You've now reached the end of the activation process. To go to your Live Tab and see all of Fi's features **tap Continue**

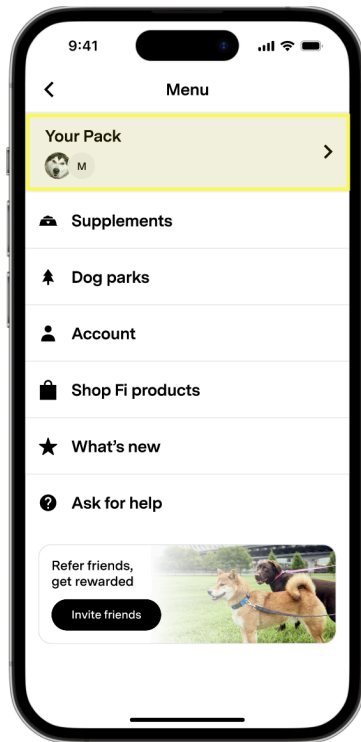


Locating the FCC ID for Your Fi Device

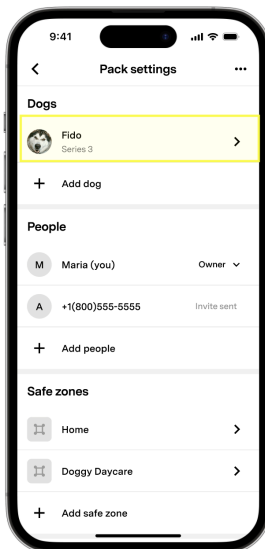
You can find your unique FCC ID for your Fi Device easily within the Fi App.

Finding Your Fi Device FCC ID

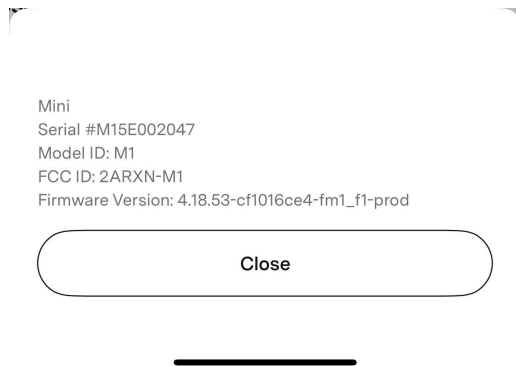
1. From the main menu, tap on **Your Pack**



2. Tap on the pet whose Fi Device you need to find the FCC ID for:



3. **Tap the information icon** in the top-left corner. This will open a menu with information about the Fi Device, including the FCC ID.



Fi Device - FCC Regulations

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device includes a radio transmitter and receiver. It is designed and manufactured not to exceed the emission limits for exposure to RF energy set by the Federal Communications Commission of the U.S. Government.

These limits are part of comprehensive guidelines and establish permitted levels of RF energy for standards that were developed by independent scientific organizations through periodic and thorough evaluation of scientific studies. The standards include a substantial safety margin

designed to assure the safety of all persons, regardless of age and health. The exposure standard for portable mobile devices employs a unit of measurement known as the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR). The SAR limit set by the FCC is 1.6 W/kg. Tests for SA are conducted using standard operations positions reviewed by the FCC, with the device transmitting at its highest certified power level in all tested frequency bands. Although the SAR is determined at the highest certified power level, the actual SAR level of the device while operating can be well below the maximum value. This is because the device is designed to operate at multiple power levels so as to use only the power required to reach the network. In general, the closer you are to a wireless base station antenna, the lower the power output. Before a portable mobile device is available for sale to the public, it must be tested and certified by the FCC to not exceed the limit established by the government-adopted requirement for sale exposure. Tests are performed for each device as required by the FCC in positions and locations such as on the body or at the ear. While there may be differences between the SAR levels of various devices and at various positions, they all meet the government requirement for safe exposure. Additional information on Specific Absorption Rates (SAR) can be found on the Cellular Telecommunications Industry Association (CTIA) website at <http://www.ctia.org>.