SAR TEST REPORT

For

RODSUM WIRELESS LTD.

Locator

Model No.: Aroco Locator AL312

List Model No.: Aroco Locator AL312-M, Aroco Locator AL312-P, Aroco Locator AL312-E, Aroco Locator, Aroco AL312, Aroco Care AL312, Aroco Tracker AL312, Rodsum AL312, Rodsum Wireless AL312

Prepared for	:	RODSUM WIRELESS LTD.
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Date of receipt of test sample	:	December 04, 2018
Number of tested samples	:	1
Serial number	:	Prototype
Date of Test	:	December 06, 2018~December 20, 2018
Date of Report	:	January 08, 2019

SAR TEST REPORT

Report Reference No. ..... :	**LCS181130016AEB**
Date Of Issue ..... :	January 08, 2019
Testing Laboratory Name..... :	**Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.**
Address ..... :	1/F., Xingyuan Industrial Park, Tongda Road, Bao'an Avenue, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Testing Location/ Procedure..... :	Full application of Harmonised standards ■ Partial application of Harmonised standards □ Other standard testing method □
Applicant's Name..... :	**RODSUM WIRELESS LTD.**
Address ..... :	Unit H, 4F, Block B, Hop Hing Industrial Building, No.704, Castle Peak Road, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Test Specification:	
Standard ..... :	IEEE Std C95.1, 2005/IEEE Std 1528™-2013/ FCC Part 2.1093
Test Report Form No. ..... :	LCSEMC-1.0
TRF Originator ..... :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Master TRF ..... :	Dated 2014-09

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Test Item Description. ..... :	**Locator**
Trade Mark ..... :	AROCO
Model/Type Reference ..... :	Aroco Locator AL312
Operation Frequency ..... :	GSM 850/PCS1900, WCDMA Band II/V,LTE Band2,4,5,7, WLAN2.4G
Modulation Type ..... :	Refer to page 7
Ratings ..... :	DC 3.8V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery(2800mAh) Recharged Voltage: DC 5V/2A
Result ..... :	**Positive**

Compiled by:	**Supervised by:**	**Approved by:**
Vera Deng	Calvin Weng	Gavin Liang
Vera Deng/ File administrators	Calvin Weng/ Technique principal	Gavin Liang/ Manager

SAR -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. : LCS181130016AEB	January 08, 2019 Date of issue

Type / Model.....	: Aroco Locator AL312
EUT.....	: Locator
Applicant.....	**: RODSUM WIRELESS LTD.**
Address.....	: Unit H, 4F, Block B, Hop Hing Industrial Building, No.704, Castle Peak Road, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Telephone.....	: /
Fax.....	: /
Manufacturer.....	**: RODSUM WIRELESS LTD.**
Address.....	: Unit H, 4F, Block B, Hop Hing Industrial Building, No.704, Castle Peak Road, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Telephone.....	: /
Fax.....	: /
Factory.....	**: /**
Address.....	: /
Telephone.....	: /
Fax.....	: /

Test Result	**Positive**

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Revison History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	January 08, 2019	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

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1.TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Test Standards

IEEE Std C95.1, 2005: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.
IEEE Std 1528™-2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.
FCC Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices
KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance : Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
KDB648474 D04: Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz : SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations
KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR: SAR Guidance For Ieee 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters
KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures: 3G SAR Meaurement Procedures
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode: SAR Evaluation Procedures For Portable Devices With Wireless Router Capabilities
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices: SAR Evaluation Considerations For LTE Devices
KDB 941225 D07 UMPC Mini Tablet v01r02: SAR Evaluation procedures for umpc mini-tablet devices

1.2. Test Description

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power . And Test device is identical prototype.

1.3. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	December 04, 2018
Testing commenced on	:	December 06, 2018
Testing concluded on	:	December 20, 2018

1.4. Product Description

The **RODSUM WIRELESS LTD..'s** Model: **Aroco Locator AL312** or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

General Description	
Product Name:	Locator
Model/Type reference:	Aroco Locator AL312
List Model No.:	Aroco Locator AL312-M, Aroco Locator AL312-P, Aroco Locator AL312-E, Aroco Locator, Aroco AL312, Aroco Care AL312, Aroco Tracker AL312, Rodsum AL312, Rodsum Wireless AL312
Model Declaration:	PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, Only model name is different for these models.
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GSM/GPRS; 8-PSK for EDGE; QPSK for UMTS; QPSK, 16QAM for LTE
Device category:	Portable Device
Exposure category:	General population/uncontrolled environment
EUT Type:	Production Unit
Hardware Version	HQ3512-V1.1
Software Version:	AL312-V1.1
Power supply:	DC 3.8V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery(2800mAh) Recharged Voltage: DC 5V/2A
Hotspot:	No supported
VoIP	No supported
The EUT is GSM,WCDMA,LTE, mobile phone. the mobile phone is intended for speech and Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission. It is equipped with GPRS ,EGPRS class 12 for GSM850, PCS1900,	

WCDMA Band II, Band V,LTE Band2,4.5, 7, and WiFi2.4G camera functions. For more information see the following datasheet

Technical Characteristics	
GSM	
Support Networks	GSM/GPRS/EDGE
Support Band	GSM850/PCS1900/GPRS850/GPRS1900/EDGE850/EDGE1900
Frequency	GSM850: 824.2~848.8MHz GSM1900: 1850.2~1909.8MHz
Power Class:	GSM850:Power Class 4 PCS1900:Power Class 1
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GSM/GPRS; 8-PSK for EDGE
Antenna Information	LDS Antenna , 1.2dBi (max.) For GSM 850; 1.2dBi (max.) For GSM 900; 1.6dBi (max.) For DCS 1800; 1.6dBi (max.) For PCS 1900.
GSM Release Version	R99
GPRS Multislot Class	12
EGPRS Multislot Class	12
DTM Mode	Not Supported
UMTS	
Support Networks	WCDMA RMC12.2K,HSDPA,HSUPA
Operation Band:	UMTS FDD Band I/II/V/VIII
Frequency Range	WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 ~ 846.6MHz
Modulation Type:	QPSK for WCDMA/HSUPA/HSDPA
Power Class:	Class 3
WCDMA Release Version:	R8
HSDPA Release Version:	R8
HSUPA Release Version:	R6
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported
Antenna Information	LDS Antenna , 1.6dBi for WCDMA Band I; 1.6dBi for WCDMA Band II; 1.2dBi for WCDMA Band V; 1.2dBi for WCDMA Band VIII.
LTE	
Support Band	LTE FDD band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8
Frequency Range	LTE Band2:1860 ~ 1900MHz; LTE Band4:1720 ~ 1745MHz; LTE Band5:824.7 ~ 848.3MHz; LTE Band7:2510 ~ 2560MHz.
Power Class:	Class 3
Modulation Type:	QPSK/16QAM/64QAM
LTE Release Version:	R9
VoLTE	Not Support
Antenna Information:	LDS Antenna , 1.6dBi for LTE Band 1; 1.6dBi for LTE Band 2; 1.6dBi for LTE Band 3; 1.6dBi for LTE Band 4; 1.2dBi for LTE Band 5; 1.2dBi for LTE Band 7; 1.2dBi for LTE Band 8
WIFI 2.4G	
Supported Standards:	IEEE 802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20 and HT40)
Operation frequency:	2412-2462MHz for 11b/g/n(HT20) 2422-2452MHz for 11n(HT40)
Type of Modulation:	CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Data Rate:	1-11Mbps, 6-54Mbps, up to 150Mbps
Channel number:	IEEE 802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20): 11; 802.11n(HT40): 7
Channel separation:	5MHz
Antenna Description:	LDS Antenna ,;2.0dBi (max.) For WLAN
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version:	V4.0
Modulation:	GFSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz

Channel number:	40
Channel separation:	2MHz
Antenna Description:	LDS Antenna ;2.0dBi (max.) For BT
NFC	
Operating Frequency:	13.56MHz
Modulation Type:	ASK;
Antenna Description:	Loop Antenna, 0dBi (max.)

1.5. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for Aroco Locator AL312 are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Classment Class	Frequency Band	Body-worn (Report SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)
PCE	GSM 850	1.054
	GSM1900	0.822
	WCDMA Band V	**1.321**
	WCDMA Band II	1.019
	LTE Band 2	1.014
	LTE Band 4	0.710
	LTE Band 5	1.243
	LTE Band 7	1.032
DTS	WIFI2.4G	0.141

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	Classment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)
Body-worn	WCDMA Band V	1.321	PCE	**1.462**
	WIFI2.4G	0.141	DTS	

2.TEST ENVIRONMENT

2.1. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description

EMC Lab. : FCC Registration Number. is 254912
Industry Canada Registration Number. is 9642A-1.
ESMD Registration Number. is ARCB0108.
UL Registration Number. is 100571-492.
TUV SUD Registration Number. is SCN1081.
TUV RH Registration Number. is UA 50296516-001
NVLAP Registration Code is 600167-0.

2.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

2.3. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average(averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak(averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak(hands/wrists/ feet/anklesaveraged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.
Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Calibration Date	Calibration Due
PC	Lenovo	G5005	MY42081102	N/A	N/A
SAR Measurement system	SATIMO	4014_01	SAR_4014_01	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Angilent	E4438C	MY42081396	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
Multimeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	4059164	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
S-parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432944	11/15/2018	11/14/2019
Wideband Radia Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	1201.0002K50	11/15/2018	11/14/2019
E-Field PROBE	SATIMO	SSE2	SN 31/17 EPGO324	10/08/2018	10/07/2019
DIPOLE 835	SATIMO	SID 835	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303	10/01/2018	09/30/2021
DIPOLE 1800	SATIMO	SID 1800	SN 07/14 DIP 1G800-301	10/01/2018	09/30/2021
DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466	09/24/2018	09/23/2021
DIPOLE 2450	SATIMO	SID 2450	SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306	10/01/2018	09/30/2021
DIPOLE 2600	SATIMO	SID 2600	SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468	09/24/2018	09/23/2021
Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
Power meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB4331256	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41497725	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	0D2L51502	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
EUT POSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH98	SN 40/14 MSH98	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM117	SN 40/14 SAM117	N/A	N/A
COMOSAR OPEN Coaxial Probe	SATIMO	OCPG 68	SN 40/14 OCPG68	N/A	N/A
Liquid measurement Kit	HP	85033D	3423A03482	N/A	N/A

Note:

1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evalute with following criteria at least on annual interval.

a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;

b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;

c) The most recent return-loss results,measued at least annually,deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;

d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the provious measurement.

2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

3.SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System(VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch,It sends an “Emergency signal” to the robot controller that to stop robot’s moves

A computer operating Windows XP.

OPENSAR software

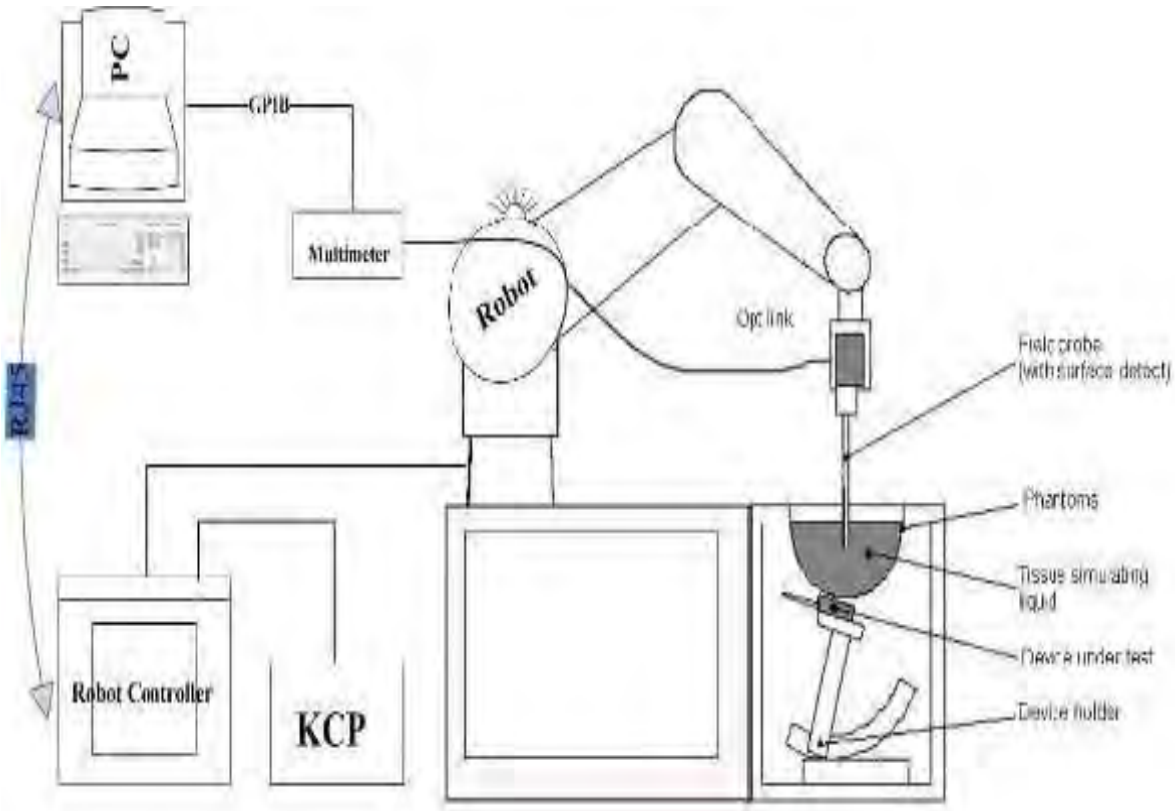
Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes .

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



3.2. OPENSAR E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EPGO324 (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core
Interleaved sensors
Built-in shielding against static charges
PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

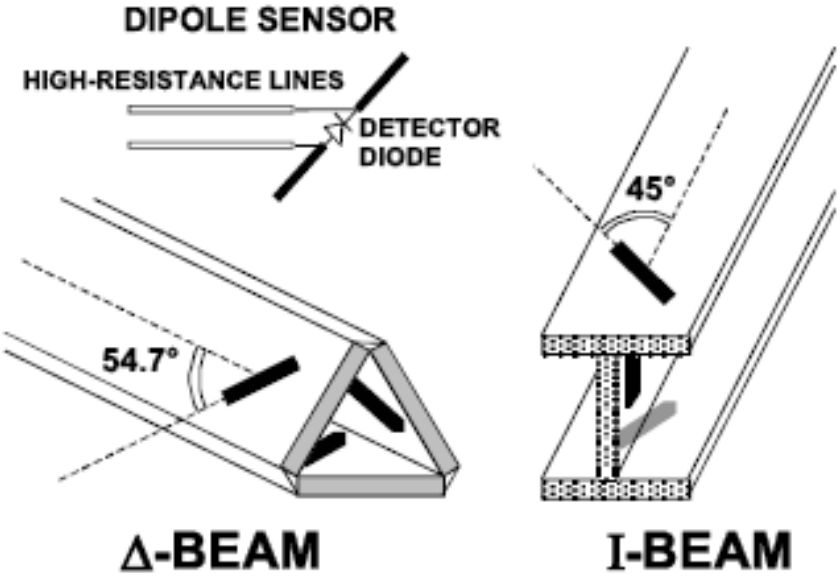
CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency	450MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity:0.25dB(450MHz to 6GHz)
Directivity	0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	0.01W/kg to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: 0.25 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm) Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm) Distance from probe tip to sensor centers: 2.5 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to6 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

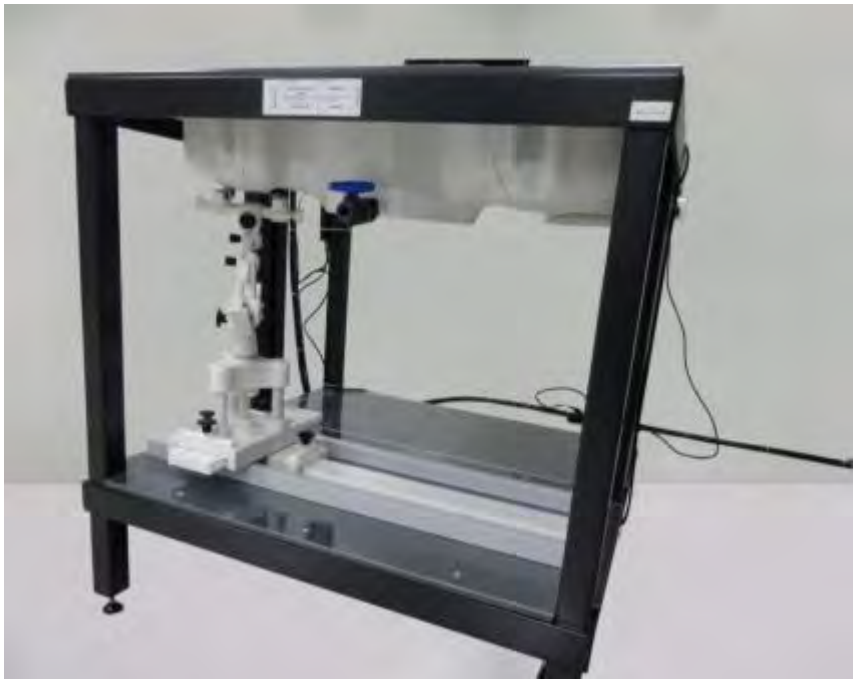
The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



3.3. Phantoms

The SAM Phantom SAM117 is constructed of a fiberglass shell ntegrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1 , EN62209-2:2010.The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of allpredefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robo

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

3.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin PhantomSAM117, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

Device holder supplied by SATIMO

3.5. Scanning Procedure

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

Power Reference Measurement
The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan
The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) mm ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Zoom Scan
Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

3.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files . The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
cf = crest factor of exciting field
dcpi = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$\text{H} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2}{f}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes
ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f = carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
Etot = total field strength in V/m
σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

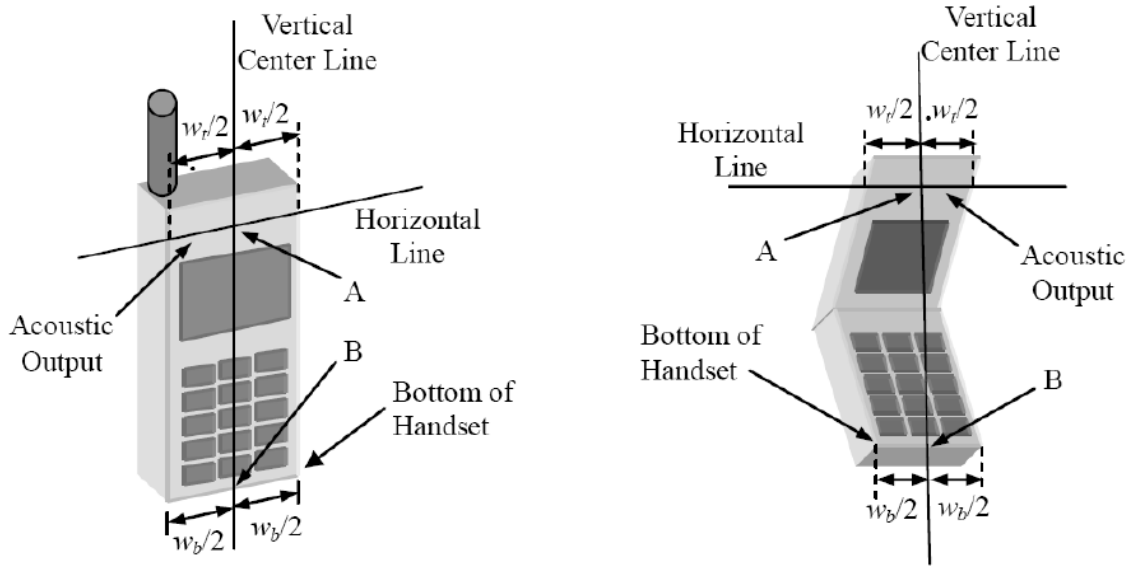
3.7. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

General considerations
This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field

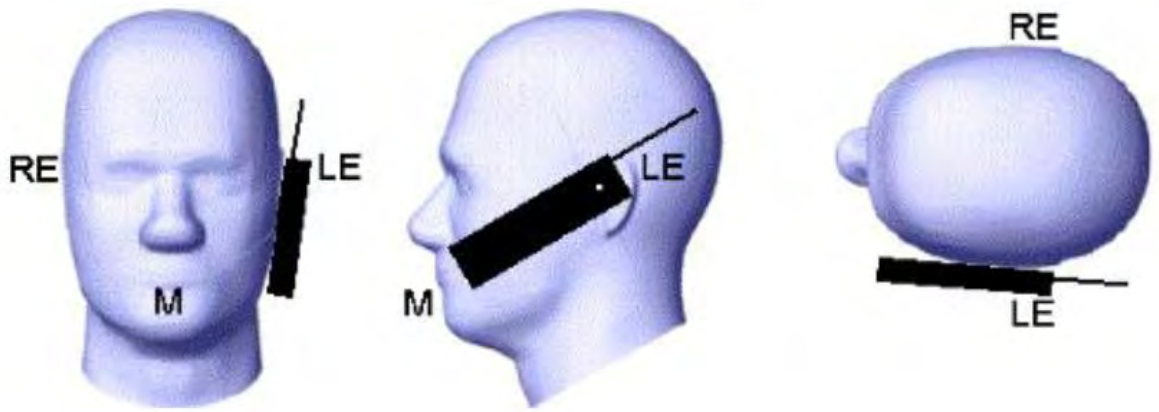
$$P_{(\mathrm{pwe})} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \text{ or } P_{(pwe)} = H^2_{tot}.37.7$$

Where P_{pwe}=Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2
E_{tot}=total electric field strength in V/m
H_{tot}=total magnetic field strength in A/m

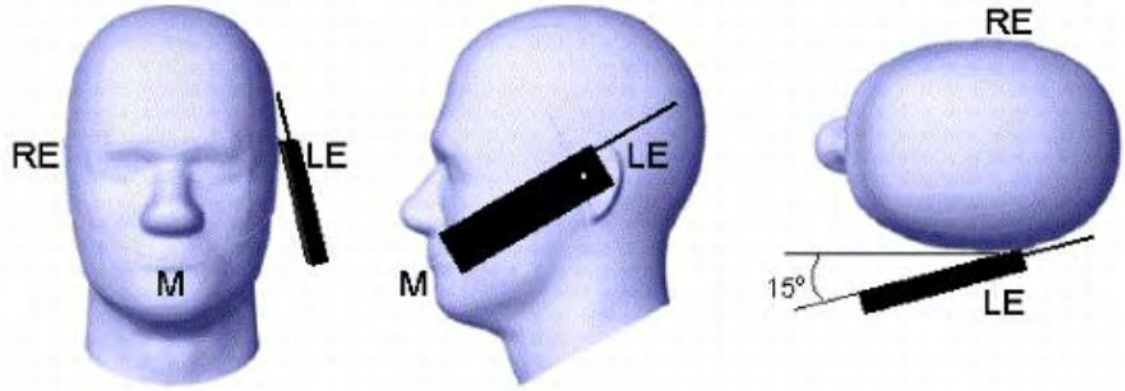


W_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic
W_b Width of the bottom of the handset
A Midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
B Midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset

Picture 1-a Typical "fixed" case handset Picture 1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

For body SAR test we applied to FCC KDB941225, KDB447498, KDB248227, KDB648654;

3.8. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient	750MHz		835MHz		1800 MHz		1900 MHz		2450MHz		2600MHz		5000MHz	
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	39.28	51.3	41.45	52.5	54.5	40.2	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	60.3	71.4	65.5	78.6
Preventol	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	45.33	59.31	44.92	59.10	36.80	26.70	39.10	28.40	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.2	10.7

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ε_r	$\sigma(S/m)$	ε_r	$\sigma(S/m)$
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

3.9. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

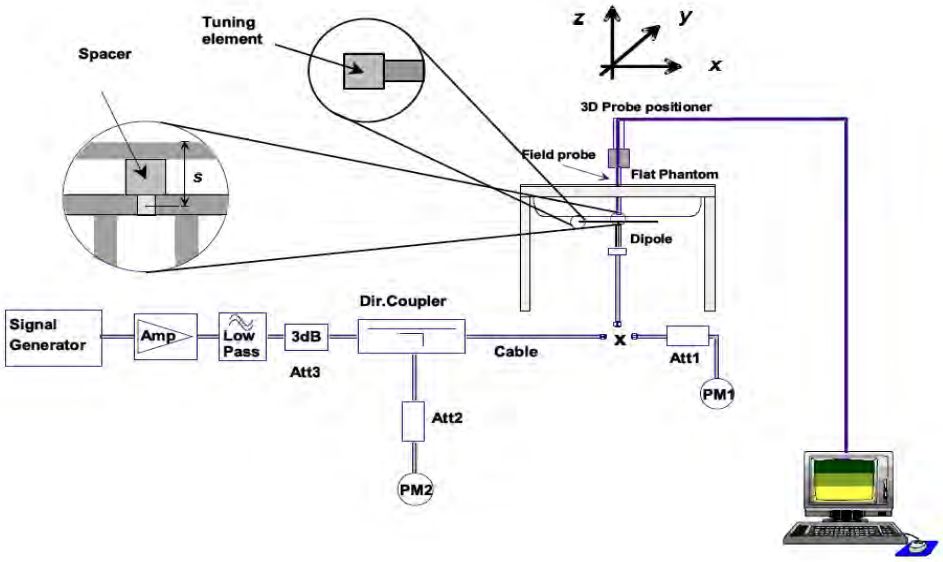
Dielectric Performance of Head and Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Test Engineer: Handy Lu									
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue				Liquid Temp.	Test Data
		σ	ε_r	σ	Dev.	ε_r	Dev.		
835B	835	0.97	55.20	0.99	2.06%	55.39	0.34%	21.4	12/06/2018
1800B	1800	1.52	53.30	1.55	1.97%	54.06	1.43%	20.8	12/10/2018
1900B	1900	1.52	53.30	1.56	2.63%	55.24	3.64%	21.5	12/12/2018
2450B	2450	1.95	52.70	1.90	-2.56%	51.68	-1.94%	22.9	12/17/2018
2600B	2600	2.16	52.50	2.23	3.24%	51.53	-1.85%	20.5	12/20/2018

3.10. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency.The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

Photo of Dipole Setup

Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.While calibration intervals not exceed 3 years.

SID835 SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-24.49		54.9		2.8	

SID1800 SN 30/14 DIP 1G800-301 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-20.26		43.1		6.9	

SID1900 SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-26.43		50.5		4.7	

SID2450 SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-25.59		44.7		-1.1	

SID2600 SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-29.14		49.2		3.4	

Mixture Type	Frequency (MHz)	Power	SAR_{1g} (W/Kg)	SAR_{10g} (W/Kg)	Drift (%)	1W Target		Difference percentage		Liquid Temp	Date
						SAR_{1g} (W/Kg)	SAR_{10g} (W/Kg)	1g	10g		
Body	835	100 mW	0.976	0.633	1.09	9.90	6.39	-1.41%	-0.94%	21.4	12/06/2018
		Normalize to 1 Watt	9.76	6.33							
Body	1800	100 mW	4.074	2.132	-2.42	39.03	20.65	4.38%	3.24%	20.8	12/10/2018
		Normalize to 1 Watt	40.74	21.32							
Body	1900	100 mW	4.271	2.115	2.12	43.33	21.59	-1.43%	-2.04%	21.5	12/12/2018
		Normalize to 1 Watt	42.71	21.15							
Body	2450	100 mW	5.479	2.381	-0.18	54.65	24.58	0.26%	-3.13%	22.9	12/17/2018
		Normalize to 1 Watt	54.79	23.81							
Body	2600	100 mW	5.584	2.432	2.53	57.49	24.88	-2.87%	-2.25%	20.5	12/20/2018
		Normalize to 1 Watt	55.84	24.32							

3.11. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

3.11.1 Conducted power measurement

a. For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
b. Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
c. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
d. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

3.11.2 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to “5” for GSM 850, set to “0” for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5. the EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst. For EDGE, GMSK is used for MCS 1 – MCS 4 and 8-PSK is used for MCS 5 – MCS 9; where 8-PSK has an inherently higher peak-to-average power ratio. The GMSK and 8-PSK EDGE configurations are considered separately for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.

3.11.3 UMTS Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.3 This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as “otherwise” in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1’s” for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are requied in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

1) Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

2) Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device.The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(βc, βd), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (ΔACK, ΔNACK, ΔCQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set

Table 2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI}= 8 ⇔ $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c$=30/15 ⇔ β_{hs}=30/15*β_c
Note2: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15.
Note3: For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c=11/15 and β_d=15/15.

HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document

Table 3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG(4) Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15(3)	15/15(3)	64	11/15(3)	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1}:47/15 β_{ed2}:47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15(4)	15/15(4)	64	15/15(4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, ΔNACK and Δ_{CQI} = 8 ⇔ A_{hs} = $\underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_c$ = 30/15 ⇔ $\underline{\beta}_{hs}$= 30/15 *β_c.
Note 2: CM = 1 for βc/βd =12/15, $\underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the βc/βd ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 10/15 and βd = 15/15.
Note 4: For subtest 5 the βc/βd ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 14/15 and βd = 15/15.
Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.
Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

3.11.4 LTE Test Configuration

QPSK with 1 RB allocation
Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.8 When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

QPSK with 50% RB allocation
The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.9

QPSK with 100% RB allocation
For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

3.11.5 WIFI Test Configuration

The SAR measurement and test reduction procedures are structured according to either the DSSS or OFDM transmission mode configurations used in each standalone frequency band and aggregated band. For devices that operate in exposure configurations that require multiple test positions, additional SAR test reduction may be applied. The maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, are used to determine initial SAR test requirements for the 802.11 transmission modes in a frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the initial test configuration. SAR measurement and test reduction for the remaining 802.11 modes and test channels are determined according to measured or specified maximum output power and reported SAR of the initial measurements. The general test reduction and SAR measurement approaches are summarized in the following:
1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.
2. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an “initial test configuration” is first determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band according to the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units.
a. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.
b. SAR is measured for OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures. Additional frequency band specific SAR test reduction may be considered for individual frequency bands
c. Depending on the reported SAR of the highest maximum output power channel tested in the initial test configuration, SAR test reduction may apply to subsequent highest output channels in the initial test configuration to reduce the number of SAR measurements.
3. The Initial test configuration does not apply to DSSS. The 2.4 GHz band SAR test requirements and 802.11b DSSS procedures are used to establish the transmission configurations required for SAR measurement.
4. An “initial test position”is applied to further reduce the number of SAR tests for devices operating in next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode exposure configurations that require multiple test positions .

a. SAR is measured for 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure using the exposure condition established by the initial test position.
b. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration.
802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel.
5. The Initial test position does not apply to devices that require a fixed exposure test position. SAR is measured in a fixed exposure test position for these devices in 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure or in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures .
6. The "subsequent test configuration"procedures are applied to determine if additional SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission modes that have not been tested in the initial test configuration. SAR test exclusion is determined according to reported SAR in the initial test configuration and maximum output power specified or measured for these other OFDM configurations.

2.4 GHz and 5GHz SAR Procedures
Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in section 5.2.2.
1. 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements
SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:
a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
1. 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements
When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration
b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. SAR Test Requirements for OFDM Configurations
When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements.20 In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.
3. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements
The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures (section 4). When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.
a. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
b. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
c. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
d. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.

a. Channels with measured maximum output power within ¼ dB of each other are considered to have the same maximum output.
b. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
c. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode.23 For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

4. Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, the procedures in section 5.3.2 are applied to determine the test configuration. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

a. When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
b. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
c. The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.

1). SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.

2). SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.

a) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.

d. SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:

1) replace “subsequent test configuration” with “next subsequent test configuration” (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
2) replace “initial test configuration” with “all tested higher output power configurations.

3.12. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

3.13. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4.TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

4.1. Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. According to October 2013TCB Workshop, for GPRS, the number of time slots to test for SAR should correspond to the highest frame-average maximum output power configuration, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slot) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to their highest frame-average power.
3. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS hould be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.

Conducted power measurement results for GSM850/PCS1900

GSM 850		Tune-up	Burst Conducted power (dBm) Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Division Factors	Tune-up	Average power (dBm) Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
		Max	128/ 824.2	190/ 836.6	251/ 848.8		Max	128/ 824.2	190/ 836.6	251/ 848.8
GSM		33.00	32.45	32.54	32.49	-9.03dB	23.97	23.42	23.51	23.46
GPRS (GMSK)	1TX slot	32.50	32.42	32.47	32.40	-9.03dB	23.47	23.39	23.44	23.37
	2TX slot	31.00	30.72	30.87	30.81	-6.02dB	24.98	24.70	24.85	24.79
	3TX slot	**30.00**	**29.74**	**29.76**	**29.69**	**-4.26dB**	**25.74**	**25.48**	**25.50**	**25.43**
	4TX slot	28.50	28.21	28.27	28.19	-3.01dB	25.49	25.20	25.26	25.18
EGPRS (8PSK)	1TX slot	26.50	26.31	26.45	26.32	-9.03dB	17.47	17.28	17.42	17.29
	2TX slot	24.50	24.05	24.19	24.13	-6.02dB	18.48	18.03	18.17	18.11
	3TX slot	**23.00**	**22.60**	**22.65**	**22.57**	**-4.26dB**	**18.74**	**18.34**	**18.39**	**18.31**
	4TX slot	21.50	21.16	21.19	21.10	-3.01dB	18.49	18.15	18.18	18.09
GSM 1900		Tune-up	Burst Conducted power (dBm) Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Division Factors	Tune-up	Average power (dBm) Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
		Max	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909.8		Max.	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909.8
GSM		30.00	29.49	29.53	29.43	-9.03dB	20.97	20.46	20.50	20.40
GPRS (GMSK)	1TX slot	29.50	29.31	29.41	29.38	-9.03dB	20.47	20.28	20.38	20.35
	2TX slot	28.00	27.67	27.77	27.71	-6.02dB	21.98	21.65	21.75	21.69
	3TX slot	**27.00**	**26.84**	**26.87**	**26.80**	**-4.26dB**	**22.74**	**22.58**	**22.61**	**22.54**
	4TX slot	25.50	25.30	25.38	25.35	-3.01dB	22.49	22.29	22.37	22.34
EGPRS (8PSK)	1TX slot	26.00	25.79	25.88	25.81	-9.03dB	16.97	16.76	16.85	16.78
	2TX slot	24.00	23.58	23.68	23.52	-6.02dB	17.98	17.56	17.66	17.50
	3TX slot	**22.50**	**22.10**	**22.12**	**22.11**	**-4.26dB**	**18.24**	**17.84**	**17.86**	**17.85**
	4TX slot	21.00	20.65	20.70	20.59	-3.01dB	17.99	17.64	17.69	17.58

Notes:

1. Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.00dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.00dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.00dB

2. According to the conducted power as above, the GPRS measurements are performed with 3Txslot for GPRS850 and 3Txslot GPRS1900.

<UMTS Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
   ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
   vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station R&S CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
   i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
   ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
   v. Set UE Target Power
   vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
   vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
   viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed}1$: 47/15 $\beta_{ed}2$: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

General Note

1. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
2. By design, AMR and HSDPA/HSUPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.
3. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.

Conducted Power Measurement Results(WCDMA Band II /V)

Item	band	WCDMA Band II result (dBm)			WCDMA Band V result (dBm)		
		Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
	sub-test	9262/ 1852.4	9400/ 1880	9538/ 1907.6	4132/ 826.4	4182/ 836.4	4233/ 846.6
RMC	12.2kbps	23.56	23.62	23.45	23.42	23.70	23.64
	64kbps	22.63	22.92	22.65	22.74	22.71	22.69
	144kbps	22.52	22.54	22.54	22.53	22.53	22.64
	384kbps	22.38	22.38	22.18	22.17	22.27	22.57
HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.86	22.99	22.94	22.78	22.96	22.85
	Subtest 2	22.79	22.85	22.82	22.71	22.81	22.72
	Subtest 3	22.83	22.85	22.75	22.77	22.84	22.74
	Subtest 4	22.72	22.94	22.74	22.76	22.85	22.71
HSUPA	Subtest 1	22.78	22.84	22.71	22.66	22.84	22.67
	Subtest 2	22.74	22.77	22.73	22.68	22.78	22.70
	Subtest 3	22.80	22.84	22.74	22.79	22.80	22.67
	Subtest 4	22.65	22.71	22.69	22.72	22.74	22.63
	Subtest 5	21.67	21.81	21.77	21.66	21.81	21.61

Note: When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤1/2dB higher than the primary mode (RMC12.2kbps) or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

LTE Band2

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
1.4	1850.7	1	0	22.09	21.11
		1	3	22.12	21.15
		1	5	22.21	21.00
		3	0	21.90	20.70
		3	2	22.27	21.20
		3	3	21.68	20.84
		6	0	22.19	21.32
	1880.0	1	0	22.45	20.91
		1	3	22.55	21.02
		1	5	21.72	20.74
		3	0	22.41	21.22
		3	2	22.23	21.30
		3	3	22.35	21.40
		6	0	21.71	21.03
	1909.3	1	0	22.46	21.17
		1	3	21.83	20.85
		1	5	21.78	20.92
		3	0	22.18	21.13
		3	2	22.40	21.21
		3	3	22.43	21.34
		6	0	22.53	21.10
3	1851.5	1	0	21.84	20.88
		1	7	22.19	21.16
		1	14	21.81	20.95
		8	0	22.39	21.24
		8	4	21.95	20.92
		8	7	21.84	20.99
		15	0	22.36	21.39
	1880.0	1	0	21.99	20.98
		1	7	22.28	21.31
		1	14	21.77	20.82
		8	0	21.70	20.80
		8	4	22.34	21.30
		8	7	22.45	21.50
		15	0	22.09	21.01
	1908.5	1	0	21.81	20.97
		1	7	21.94	21.03
		1	14	22.31	21.50
		8	0	22.33	21.23
		8	4	22.12	21.20
		8	7	21.90	21.18
		15	0	22.49	21.38
5	1852.5	1	0	22.52	21.43
		1	12	22.53	21.26
		1	24	21.63	20.92
		12	0	22.26	20.96
		12	6	22.03	21.05
		12	13	21.94	21.04
		25	0	21.79	20.82
	1880.0	1	0	22.13	21.09
		1	12	22.37	21.09
		1	24	22.13	21.53
		12	0	22.22	21.26
		12	6	21.87	20.94
		12	13	22.35	21.46
		25	0	22.26	21.46

	1907.5	1	0	22.39	21.18
		1	12	22.34	21.01
		1	24	22.41	21.50
		12	0	22.16	21.41
		12	6	21.78	21.23
		12	13	22.27	21.32
		25	0	21.70	20.94
10	1855.0	1	0	21.92	21.02
		1	24	22.24	21.55
		1	49	21.95	21.11
		25	0	21.91	21.09
		25	12	22.03	20.93
		25	25	21.77	21.30
		50	0	21.89	20.95
	1880.0	1	0	22.40	21.44
		1	24	22.47	21.67
		1	49	22.04	21.27
		25	0	22.10	21.10
		25	12	22.47	21.46
		25	25	22.44	21.57
		50	0	22.14	21.37
	1905.0	1	0	22.26	20.82
		1	24	22.31	21.42
		1	49	21.82	21.21
		25	0	21.71	21.02
		25	12	21.77	21.01
		25	25	22.38	21.08
		50	0	22.44	20.95
15	1857.5	1	0	22.47	21.66
		1	37	22.18	21.45
		1	74	22.31	20.96
		37	0	22.10	20.88
		37	18	21.95	21.05
		37	38	22.17	20.92
		75	0	22.12	21.23
	1880.0	1	0	22.32	21.50
		1	37	22.01	21.08
		1	74	22.47	21.57
		37	0	22.43	21.59
		37	18	22.09	21.23
		37	38	22.27	21.25
		75	0	22.36	21.37
	1902.5	1	0	21.85	20.84
		1	37	22.22	21.35
		1	74	21.92	21.11
		37	0	21.84	20.96
		37	18	21.67	20.81
		37	38	21.84	20.99
		75	0	21.95	21.03
20	1860.0	1	0	22.09	21.41
		1	49	22.64	21.63
		1	99	22.46	21.62
		50	0	22.58	21.75
		50	25	22.14	21.60
		50	50	22.02	21.47
		100	0	22.24	21.56
	1880.0	1	0	22.33	21.47
		1	49	22.39	21.51
		1	99	22.27	21.47
		50	0	22.07	21.44

		50	25	22.58	21.54
		50	50	22.64	21.49
		100	0	22.68	21.48
	1900.0	1	0	22.28	21.49
		1	49	22.26	21.29
		1	99	21.96	21.24
		50	0	22.56	21.43
		50	25	22.45	21.51
		50	50	22.27	21.55
		100	0	22.14	21.40

LTE Band4

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
1.4	1710.7	1	0	22.63	21.09
		1	3	22.06	21.36
		1	5	22.33	21.11
		3	0	22.28	21.18
		3	2	22.65	21.22
		3	3	21.96	21.17
		6	0	22.14	21.12
	1732.5	1	0	22.48	21.21
		1	3	22.43	20.83
		1	5	22.04	20.73
		3	0	22.40	21.25
		3	2	22.42	20.99
		3	3	21.92	21.04
		6	0	22.33	21.35
	1754.3	1	0	22.26	21.05
		1	3	22.05	21.10
		1	5	22.40	21.07
		3	0	22.65	21.45
		3	2	21.97	21.09
		3	3	22.29	21.29
		6	0	22.08	21.24
3	1711.5	1	0	22.12	21.19
		1	7	22.31	20.99
		1	14	22.47	21.40
		8	0	22.15	20.90
		8	4	22.14	21.15
		8	7	22.26	21.02
		15	0	22.01	21.04
	1732.5	1	0	22.05	21.56
		1	7	22.51	21.27
		1	14	22.19	21.55
		8	0	22.04	21.15
		8	4	22.28	21.50
		8	7	22.59	21.22
		15	0	22.44	21.29
	1753.5	1	0	22.68	20.86
		1	7	22.61	21.07
		1	14	21.95	20.91
		8	0	22.40	20.93
		8	4	22.42	20.95
		8	7	22.65	21.38
		15	0	22.61	21.52
5	1712.0	1	0	22.44	21.39
		1	12	22.53	21.08

		1	24	22.32	21.16
		12	0	22.13	21.27
		12	6	22.19	21.05
		12	13	22.47	21.38
		25	0	22.60	21.41
	1732.5	1	0	22.73	20.96
		1	12	22.18	21.11
		1	24	21.90	21.04
		12	0	22.24	21.17
		12	6	22.23	21.38
		12	13	22.04	21.26
		25	0	22.48	21.57
	1752.5	1	0	22.35	21.22
		1	12	22.69	21.13
		1	24	22.48	21.58
		12	0	22.70	21.16
		12	6	22.07	21.33
		12	13	22.23	21.43
		25	0	22.09	21.37
10	1715.0	1	0	22.65	21.52
		1	24	22.13	21.01
		1	49	22.53	21.58
		25	0	22.19	21.17
		25	12	22.15	21.39
		25	25	22.37	21.42
		50	0	22.09	21.45
	1732.5	1	0	22.45	20.95
		1	24	21.92	21.00
		1	49	22.29	21.27
		25	0	22.25	21.48
		25	12	22.45	21.37
		25	25	21.98	21.24
		50	0	22.60	21.50
	1750.0	1	0	21.93	20.98
		1	24	22.23	21.27
		1	49	22.33	20.93
		25	0	22.53	21.39
		25	12	21.96	20.77
		25	25	22.14	20.88
		50	0	21.91	20.94
15	1717.5	1	0	22.62	21.05
		1	37	22.15	20.84
		1	74	22.41	21.24
		37	0	22.58	21.25
		37	18	21.92	21.16
		37	38	22.41	21.47
		75	0	22.60	21.53
	1732.5	1	0	22.10	21.15
		1	37	22.33	21.50
		1	74	22.35	21.26
		37	0	22.63	21.63
		37	18	22.42	21.43
		37	38	22.36	21.45
		75	0	22.63	21.34
	1747.5	1	0	22.45	21.53
		1	37	22.41	21.29
		1	74	22.63	21.36
		37	0	22.23	21.21
		37	18	22.54	21.30
		37	38	22.34	21.38

		75	0	22.66	21.40
20	1720.0	1	0	22.39	21.30
		1	49	22.77	21.53
		1	99	22.37	21.32
		50	0	22.89	21.49
		50	25	22.24	21.38
		50	50	22.43	21.26
		100	0	22.53	21.27
	1732.5	1	0	22.78	21.46
		1	49	22.23	21.34
		1	99	22.22	21.19
		50	0	22.47	21.57
		50	25	22.46	21.49
		50	50	22.38	21.45
		100	0	22.76	21.29
	1745.0	1	0	22.29	21.33
		1	49	22.33	21.40
		1	99	22.07	21.38
		50	0	22.75	21.28
		50	25	22.42	21.42
		50	50	22.57	21.62
		100	0	22.22	21.51

LTE Band5

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
1.4	824.7	1	0	22.34	21.41
		1	3	22.45	21.58
		1	5	22.06	21.31
		3	0	22.80	21.75
		3	2	22.33	21.51
		3	3	22.33	21.42
		6	0	22.14	21.27
	836.5	1	0	22.63	21.60
		1	3	22.68	21.66
		1	5	22.65	21.70
		3	0	22.74	21.29
		3	2	22.26	21.42
		3	3	22.70	21.80
		6	0	22.73	21.62
	848.3	1	0	22.54	21.27
		1	3	22.12	21.31
		1	5	22.56	21.40
		3	0	22.55	21.48
		3	2	22.64	21.49
		3	3	22.52	21.50
		6	0	22.22	21.48
3	825.5	1	0	22.17	21.41
		1	7	22.62	21.67
		1	14	22.09	21.40
		8	0	22.20	21.47
		8	4	22.87	21.33
		8	7	22.51	21.50
		15	0	22.39	21.41
	836.5	1	0	22.16	21.28
		1	7	22.41	21.52
		1	14	22.29	21.37

		8	0	22.66	21.63
		8	4	22.40	21.50
		8	7	22.15	21.36
		15	0	22.50	21.80
	847.5	1	0	22.30	21.48
		1	7	22.59	21.65
		1	14	22.26	21.34
		8	0	22.73	21.84
		8	4	22.66	21.62
		8	7	22.25	21.34
		15	0	22.40	21.45
5	826.5	1	0	22.54	21.71
		1	12	22.43	21.39
		1	24	22.32	21.50
		12	0	22.46	21.49
		12	6	22.07	21.41
		12	13	22.35	21.45
		25	0	22.87	21.41
	836.5	1	0	22.38	21.54
		1	12	22.56	21.61
		1	24	22.79	21.97
		12	0	22.67	21.72
		12	6	22.85	21.82
		12	13	22.50	21.33
		25	0	22.80	21.91
	846.5	1	0	22.23	21.43
		1	12	22.13	21.42
		1	24	22.69	21.73
		12	0	22.85	21.77
		12	6	22.47	21.62
		12	13	22.17	21.40
		25	0	22.59	21.58
10	829.0	1	0	22.46	21.65
		1	24	22.99	22.25
		1	49	23.10	22.36
		25	0	22.66	21.73
		25	12	22.72	21.73
		25	25	22.96	21.88
		50	0	22.78	22.03
	836.5	1	0	23.05	22.44
		1	24	22.80	21.98
		1	49	23.16	22.36
		25	0	23.36	22.00
		25	12	22.81	21.67
		25	25	22.95	21.71
		50	0	22.58	21.64
	844.0	1	0	23.06	21.98
		1	24	23.17	22.39
		1	49	23.11	22.04
		25	0	22.57	21.53
		25	12	22.89	21.91
		25	25	23.16	22.06
		50	0	22.83	21.79

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LTE Band7

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
5	2502.5	1	0	22.87	21.90
		1	12	22.70	21.80
		1	24	22.49	21.63
		12	0	22.54	21.56
		12	6	22.75	21.84
		12	13	22.57	21.44
		25	0	23.00	21.63
	2535.0	1	0	22.72	21.52
		1	12	22.97	21.69
		1	24	22.55	21.68
		12	0	22.45	21.58
		12	6	22.21	21.53
		12	13	22.71	21.62
		25	0	22.77	21.58
	2567.5	1	0	22.55	21.55
		1	12	22.36	21.37
		1	24	22.20	21.32
		12	0	22.20	21.38
		12	6	22.48	21.42
		12	13	22.29	21.36
		25	0	22.75	21.44
10	2505.0	1	0	23.21	22.15
		1	24	22.64	21.64
		1	49	23.19	22.23
		25	0	22.90	21.64
		25	12	23.12	21.88
		25	25	22.57	21.67
		50	0	23.02	21.93
	2535.0	1	0	22.99	21.67
		1	24	22.98	22.03
		1	49	23.20	22.14
		25	0	22.85	21.79
		25	12	23.00	22.05
		25	25	22.73	21.74
		50	0	23.14	22.29
	2565.0	1	0	23.09	22.28
		1	24	22.96	21.85
		1	49	23.02	21.94
		25	0	22.84	21.76
		25	12	22.96	21.81
		25	25	23.15	22.41
		50	0	22.60	21.65
15	2507.5	1	0	22.17	21.23
		1	37	22.68	21.37
		1	74	22.67	21.55
		37	0	22.25	21.32
		37	18	22.46	21.38
		37	38	22.60	21.53
		75	0	22.72	21.64
	2535.0	1	0	22.80	21.73
		1	37	22.49	21.47
		1	74	22.01	21.15
		37	0	22.59	21.40
		37	18	22.32	21.40
		37	38	22.17	21.32
		75	0	22.31	21.36
	2562.5	1	0	22.65	21.47
		1	37	22.41	21.40
		1	74	22.09	21.28
		37	0	22.10	21.24
		37	18	22.80	21.56
		37	38	22.26	21.31
		75	0	22.02	21.11

20	2510.0	1	0	22.71	21.54
		1	49	22.79	21.54
		1	99	22.59	21.38
		50	0	22.96	21.55
		50	25	22.78	21.61
		50	50	22.16	21.31
		100	0	22.30	21.39
	2535.0	1	0	22.64	21.45
		1	49	22.70	21.54
		1	99	22.84	21.71
		50	0	22.35	21.37
		50	25	22.24	21.33
		50	50	22.88	21.43
		100	0	22.74	21.81
	2560	1	0	22.88	21.88
		1	49	22.72	21.52
		1	99	22.73	21.46
		50	0	22.67	21.47
		50	25	22.66	20.60
		50	50	22.20	21.38
		100	0	22.36	21.43

<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate (Mbps)	Average Output Power (dBm)
IEEE 802.11b	1	2412	1	10.89
			2	10.75
			5.5	10.71
			11	10.63
	6	2437	1	11.66
			2	11.62
			5.5	11.53
			11	11.38
	11	2462	1	11.44
			2	11.42
			5.5	11.35
			11	11.33
IEEE 802.11g	1	2412	6	9.08
			9	9.05
			12	9.03
			18	9.02
			24	8.98
			36	8.95
			48	8.93
			54	8.72
	6	2437	6	9.05
			9	9.05
			12	9.04
			18	9.03
			24	9.02
			36	9.00
			48	8.89
			54	8.75
	11	2462	6	9.19
			9	9.18
			12	9.15
			18	9.10
			24	9.08
			36	9.05
			48	9.03

			54	9.00
IEEE 802.11n HT20	1	2412	MCS0	8.97
			MCS1	8.94
			MCS2	8.86
			MCS3	8.82
			MCS4	8.80
			MCS5	8.75
			MCS6	8.71
			MCS7	8.65
	6	2437	MCS0	9.39
			MCS1	9.35
			MCS2	9.33
			MCS3	9.31
			MCS4	9.30
			MCS5	9.28
			MCS6	9.24
			MCS7	9.20
	11	2462	MCS0	8.63
			MCS1	8.62
			MCS2	8.60
			MCS3	8.58
			MCS4	8.55
			MCS5	8.46
			MCS6	8.44
			MCS7	8.40
IEEE 802.11n HT40	3	2422	MCS0	8.19
			MCS1	8.15
			MCS2	8.10
			MCS3	8.08
			MCS4	8.04
			MCS5	8.03
			MCS6	8.01
			MCS7	8.00
	6	2437	MCS0	8.45
			MCS1	8.37
			MCS2	8.32
			MCS3	8.30
			MCS4	8.24
			MCS5	8.21
			MCS6	8.20
			MCS7	8.16
	9	2452	MCS0	8.71
			MCS1	8.70
			MCS2	8.65
			MCS3	8.53
			MCS4	8.46
			MCS5	8.42
			MCS6	8.36
			MCS7	8.20

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions as the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

<BT Conducted Power>

Mode	channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted AVG output power (dBm)
BLE	0	2402	3.860
	39	2441	4.504
	78	2480	4.215

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separationdistances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·[√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Turn up Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
5.0	5	2.45	1.0

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied todetermine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.0< 3.0, SAR testing is not required.

4.2. Manufacturing tolerance

GSM

GSM 850 (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)			
Channel	Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251
Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
GSM 1900 (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)			
Channel	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810
Target (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0

GSM 850 GPRS (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)				
Channel		128	190	251
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	31.5	31.5	31.5
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	27.5	27.5	27.5
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
GSM850 EGPRS (8PSK) (Burst Average Power)				
Channel		128	190	251
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	25.5	25.5	25.5
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	23.5	23.5	23.5
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	20.5	20.5	20.5
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
GSM 1900 GPRS (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)				
Channel		512	661	810
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	28.5	28.5	28.5
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	26.0	26.0	26.0
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	24.5	24.5	24.5
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
GSM 1900 EDGE (8PSK) (Burst Average Power)				
Channel		512	661	810
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	21.5	21.5	21.5
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	20.0	20.0	20.0
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0

UMTS

UMTS Band V			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSDPA(sub-test 1)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0

Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSDPA(sub-test 2)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSDPA(sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSDPA(sub-test 4)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSUPA(sub-test 1)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSUPA(sub-test 2)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSUPA(sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSUPA(sub-test 4)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band V HSUPA(sub-test 5)			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	21.0	21.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0

UMTS Band II			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSDPA(sub-test 1)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSDPA(sub-test 2)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSDPA(sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSDPA(sub-test 4)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSUPA(sub-test 1)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSUPA(sub-test 2)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538

Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSUPA(sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSUPA(sub-test 4)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
UMTS Band II HSUPA(sub-test 5)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	21.0	21.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0

LTE Band 2

BW:1.4MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 18607		Channel 18900		Channel 19193	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:1.4MHz [<RB=3>, <RB=6>]						
Channel	Channel 18607		Channel 18900		Channel 19193	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:3MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 18615		Channel 18900		Channel 19185	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:3MHz [<RB=8>, <RB=15>]						
Channel	Channel 18615		Channel 18900		Channel 19185	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:5MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 18625		Channel 18900		Channel 19175	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:5MHz [<RB=12>, <RB=25>]						
Channel	Channel 18625		Channel 18900		Channel 19175	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 18650		Channel 18900		Channel 19150	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=25>, <RB=50>]						
Channel	Channel 18650		Channel 18900		Channel 19150	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	20.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:15MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 18675		Channel 18900		Channel 19125	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0

Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:15MHz [<RB=37>, <RB=75>]						
Channel	Channel 18675		Channel 18900		Channel 19125	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	21.0	20.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:20MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 18700		Channel 18900		Channel 19100	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:20MHz [<RB=50>, <RB=100>]						
Channel	Channel 18700		Channel 18900		Channel 19100	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

LTE Band 4

BW:1.4MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 19957		Channel 20175		Channel 20393	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:1.4MHz [<RB=3>, <RB=6>]						
Channel	Channel 19957		Channel 20175		Channel 20393	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:3MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 19965		Channel 20175		Channel 20385	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:3MHz [<RB=8>, <RB=15>]						
Channel	Channel 19965		Channel 20175		Channel 20385	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:5MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 19975		Channel 20175		Channel 20375	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:5MHz [<RB=12>, <RB=25>]						
Channel	Channel 19975		Channel 20175		Channel 20375	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20000		Channel 20175		Channel 20350	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=25>, <RB=50>]						
Channel	Channel 20000		Channel 20175		Channel 20350	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:15MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20025		Channel 20175		Channel 20325	

	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:15MHz [<RB=37>, <RB=75>]						
Channel	Channel 20025		Channel 20175		Channel 20325	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:20MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20050		Channel 20175		Channel 20300	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:20MHz [<RB=50>, <RB=100>]						
Channel	Channel 20050		Channel 20175		Channel 20300	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

LTE Band 5

BW:1.4MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20407		Channel 20525		Channel 20643	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:1.4MHz [<RB=3>, <RB=6>]						
Channel	Channel 20407		Channel 20525		Channel 20643	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:3MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20415		Channel 20525		Channel 20635	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:3MHz [<RB=8>, <RB=15>]						
Channel	Channel 20415		Channel 20525		Channel 20635	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:5MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20425		Channel 20525		Channel 20625	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:5MHz [<RB=12>, <RB=25>]						
Channel	Channel 20425		Channel 20525		Channel 20625	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20450		Channel 20525		Channel 20600	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	23.0	22.0	23.0	22.0	23.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=25>, <RB=50>]						
Channel	Channel 20450		Channel 20525		Channel 20600	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	23.0	22.0	23.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

LTE Band 7

BW:5MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20775		Channel 21100		Channel 21425	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:5MHz [<RB=12>, <RB=25>]						
Channel	Channel 20775		Channel 21100		Channel 21425	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	23.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20800		Channel 21100		Channel 21400	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	23.0	22.0	23.0	22.0	23.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:10MHz [<RB=25>, <RB=50>]						
Channel	Channel 20800		Channel 21100		Channel 21400	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	23.0	21.0	23.0	22.0	23.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:15MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20825		Channel 21100		Channel 21375	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:15MHz [<RB=37>, <RB=75>]						
Channel	Channel 20825		Channel 21100		Channel 21375	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:20MHz [<RB=1>]						
Channel	Channel 20850		Channel 21100		Channel 21350	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
BW:20MHz [<RB=50>, <RB=100>]						
Channel	Channel 20850		Channel 21100		Channel 21350	
	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Target (dBm)	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

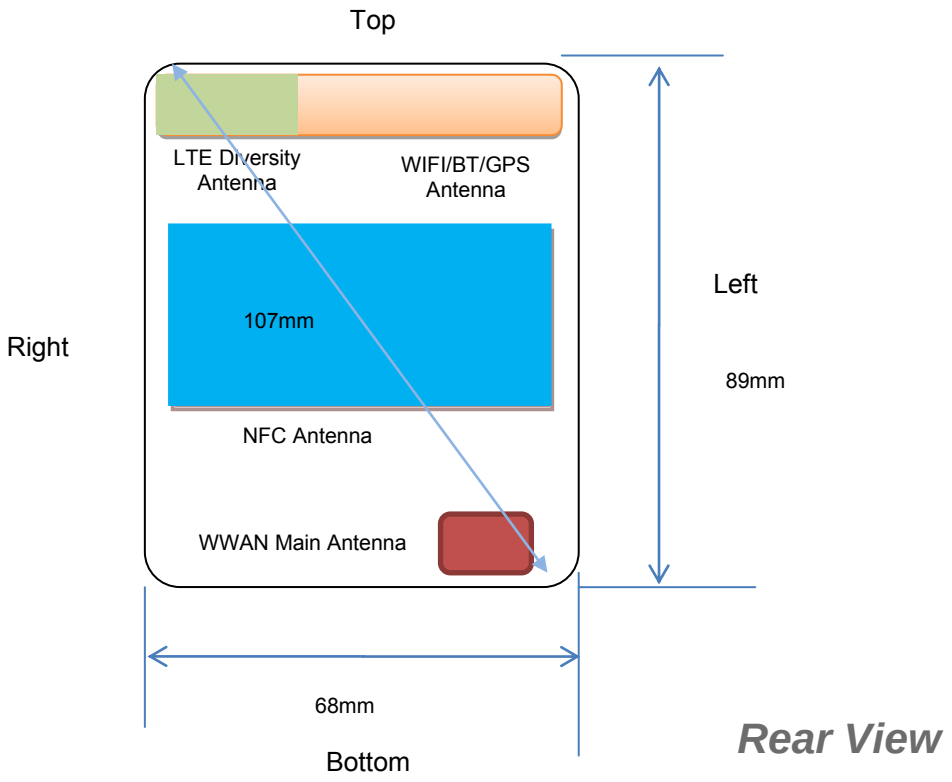
WiFi 2.4G

IEEE 802.11b (Average)			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Target (dBm)	10.0	11.0	11.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
IEEE 802.11g (Average)			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Target (dBm)	9.0	9.0	9.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
IEEE 802.11n HT20 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Target (dBm)	8.0	9.0	8.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
IEEE 802.11n HT40 (Average)			
Channel	Channel 3	Channel 6	Channel 9
Target (dBm)	8.0	8.0	8.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0

Bluetooth V4.0

BLE (Average)			
Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78
Target (dBm)	3.0	4.0	4.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0

4.3. Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position



Antenna information:

WWAN Main Antenna	GSM/UMTS/LTE TX/RX
WLAN/BT/GPS Antenna	WLAN TX/RX

Note:
1). Per KDB648474 D04, because the overall diagonal distance of this devices is 107mm<160mm, it is considered as “Mini Table”device.
2). Per KDB648474 D04, 10-g extremity SAR is not required when Body-Worn mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg.

Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm)						
Antennas	**Front**	**Back**	**Top Side**	**Bottom Side**	**Left Side**	**Right Side**
WWAN	<5	<5	80	<5	<5	41
WLAN	<5	<5	<5	74	<5	<5

Positions for SAR tests; Body-worn						
Antennas	**Front**	**Back**	**Top Side**	**Bottom Side**	**Left Side**	**Right Side**
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

General Note: Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, When the overall device length and width are ≥9cm*5cm, the test distance is 5mm, SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located with 25mm from that surface or edge.

4.4. SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR*$10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}$

Scaling factor=$10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}$

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where

P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

$P_{measured}$ is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
GPRS850	1:2.67
GPRS1900	1:2.67
UMTS	1:1
LTE	1:1
WLAN2450	1:1

4.4.1 SAR Results

SAR Values [GSM 850]

Ch.	*Freq. (MHz)*	*Time slots*	*Test Position*	*Conducted Power (dBm)*	*Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)*	*Power Drift (%)*	*Scaling Factor*	*SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)*		*Graph Results*
								Measured	*Reported*	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)										
190	836.6	3Txslots	Front	29.76	30.00	4.14	1.057	0.756	0.799	
190	836.6	3Txslots	Rear	29.76	30.00	-2.27	1.057	**0.997**	**1.054**	**Plot 1**
128	824.2	3Txslots	Rear	29.74	30.00	-1.02	1.062	0.715	0.759	
251	848.8	3Txslots	Rear	29.64	30.00	3.47	1.086	0.643	0.699	
190	836.6	3Txslots	Left	29.76	30.00	-0.17	1.057	0.101	0.107	
190	836.6	3Txslots	Bottom	29.76	30.00	-0.32	1.057	0.123	0.130	

Remark:

1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. The frame average of GPRS (3Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function.

3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [GSM 1900]

Ch.	*Freq. (MHz)*	*time slots*	*Test Position*	*Conducted Power (dBm)*	*Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)*	*Power Drift (%)*	*Scaling Factor*	*SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)*		*Graph Results*
								Measured	*Reported*	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Body (distance 0mm)										
661	1880.0	3Txslots	Front	26.87	27.00	-1.57	1.030	0.643	0.663	
661	1880.0	3Txslots	Rear	26.87	27.00	0.32	1.030	**0.798**	**0.822**	**Plot 2**
512	1850.2	3Txslots	Rear	26.84	27.00	-1.02	1.038	0.625	0.648	
810	1909.8	3Txslots	Rear	26.80	27.00	-3.01	1.047	0.701	0.734	
661	1880.0	3Txslots	Left	26.87	27.00	2.27	1.030	0.126	0.130	
661	1880.0	3Txslots	Bottom	26.87	27.00	-0.14	1.030	0.159	0.164	

Remark:

1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. The frame average of GPRS (3Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function.

3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [WCDMA Band V]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)										
4182	836.4	RMC*	Front	23.70	24.00	0.05	1.072	0.406	0.435	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Rear	23.70	24.00	-2.17	1.072	**1.233**	**1.321**	**Plot 3**
4132	826.4	RMC*	Rear	23.42	24.00	-1.20	1.143	1.052	1.202	
4233	846.6	RMC*	Rear	23.64	24.00	2.24	1.086	1.103	1.198	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Left	23.70	24.00	3.35	1.072	0.231	0.248	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Bottom	23.70	24.00	-2.14	1.072	0.264	0.283	

Remark:
1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
3. RMC - RMC 12.2kbps mode;*

SAR Values [WCDMA Band II]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)										
9400	1880.0	RMC*	Front	23.62	24.00	-0.33	1.091	0.701	0.765	
9400	1880.0	RMC*	Rear	23.62	24.00	-0.02	1.091	**0.934**	**1.019**	**Plot 4**
9262	1852.4	RMC*	Rear	23.56	24.00	-1.20	1.107	0.759	0.840	
9538	1907.6	RMC*	Rear	22.45	23.00	2.74	1.429	0.875	0.993	
9400	1880.0	RMC*	Left	23.62	24.00	0.05	1.091	0.186	0.203	
9400	1880.0	RMC*	Bottom	23.62	24.00	3.31	1.091	0.220	0.240	

Remark:
1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
3. RMC - RMC 12.2kbps mode;*

SAR Values [LTE Band 2]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 5mm)										
18700	1860.0	1RB	Front	22.64	23.00	-0.12	1.086	0.695	0.755	
18700	1860.0	1RB	Rear	22.64	23.00	-0.05	1.086	**0.933**	**1.014**	**Plot 5**
18900	1880.0	1RB	Rear	22.55	23.00	-1.02	1.109	0.768	0.852	
19193	1909.3	1RB	Rear	22.46	23.00	3.35	1.132	0.815	0.923	
18700	1860.0	1RB	Left	22.64	23.00	2.21	1.086	0.201	0.218	
18900	1880.0	1RB	Bottom	22.64	23.00	0.04	1.086	0.235	0.255	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Front	22.64	23.00	2.15	1.086	0.412	0.448	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Rear	22.64	23.00	-3.47	1.086	0.615	0.668	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Left	22.64	23.00	-1.54	1.086	0.155	0.168	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Bottom	22.64	23.00	0.07	1.086	0.184	0.220	

SAR Values [LTE Band 4]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)										
20175	1732.5	1RB	Front	22.78	23.00	0.05	1.052	0.283	0.298	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Rear	22.78	23.00	-0.12	1.052	**0.675**	**0.710**	**Plot6**
20175	1732.5	1RB	Left	22.78	23.00	-1.24	1.052	0.120	0.126	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Bottom	22.78	23.00	2.21	1.052	0.142	0.149	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Front	22.89	23.00	3.64	1.026	0.125	0.128	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Rear	22.89	23.00	0.05	1.026	0.341	0.350	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Left	22.89	23.00	4.12	1.026	0.069	0.071	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Bottom	22.89	23.00	-1.24	1.026	0.103	0.106	

SAR Values [LTE Band 5]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (10M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)										
20600	844.0	1RB	Front	23.17	24.00	-2.14	1.211	0.494	0.598	
20600	844.0	1RB	Rear	23.17	24.00	0.36	1.211	**1.027**	**1.243**	**Plot 7**
20450	829.0	1RB	Rear	23.10	24.00	1.24	1.230	0.872	1.073	
20525	836.5	1RB	Rear	23.16	24.00	-3.21	1.213	0.903	1.096	
20600	844.0	1RB	Left	23.17	24.00	0.75	1.211	0.264	0.320	
20600	844.0	1RB	Bottom	23.17	24.00	-3.46	1.211	0.331	0.401	
20600	844.0	50%RB	Front	22.84	23.00	2.78	1.038	0.296	0.307	
20600	844.0	50%RB	Rear	22.84	23.00	1.44	1.038	0.467	0.485	
20600	844.0	50%RB	Left	22.84	23.00	-3.75	1.038	0.101	0.105	
20600	844.0	50%RB	Bottom	22.84	23.00	-0.45	1.038	0.126	0.307	

SAR Values [LTE Band 7]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)										
20800	2505.0	1RB	Front	23.21	24.00	-1.06	1.199	0.522	0.626	
20800	2505.0	1RB	Rear	23.21	24.00	-0.26	1.199	**0.860**	**1.032**	**Plot 8**
21100	2535.0	1RB	Rear	23.20	24.00	-1.21	1.202	0.621	0.747	
21350	2565.0	1RB	Rear	23.09	24.00	2.64	1.233	0.735	0.906	
20800	2505.0	1RB	Left	23.21	24.00	-0.07	1.199	0.140	0.168	
20800	2505.0	1RB	Bottom	23.21	24.00	2.14	1.199	0.196	0.235	
21100	2535.0	50%RB	Front	23.14	24.00	2.54	1.219	0.236	0.288	
21100	2535.0	50%RB	Rear	23.14	24.00	-2.46	1.219	0.462	0.563	
21100	2535.0	50%RB	Left	23.14	24.00	0.05	1.219	0.089	0.108	
21100	2535.0	50%RB	Bottom	23.14	24.00	2.21	1.219	0.102	0.124	

Remark:
1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [WIFI2.4G]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)										
6	2437.0	DSSS	Front	11.66	12.00	1.13	1.081	0.047	0.051	
6	2437.0	DSSS	Rear	11.66	12.00	1.32	1.081	**0.130**	**0.141**	**Plot 9**
6	2437.0	DSSS	Left	11.66	12.00	-2.14	1.081	0.025	0.027	
6	2437.0	DSSS	Right	11.66	12.00	0.21	1.081	0.020	0.022	
6	2437.0	DSSS	Top	11.66	12.00	-2.43	1.081	0.042	0.045	

Remark:

1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
3. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions as the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is 0.163[0.326(25.12/50.12)] ≤ 1.2 W/Kg.*

4.4.2 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations and Estimated SAR

Per KDB447498 requires when the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion;
● (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [√ f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;
where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
●0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm
Per FCC KD B447498 D01,simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg.When the sum is greater than the SAR limit,SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

$$\text{Ratio}=\frac{(SAR_1+SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(\text{peak location separation,mm})}<0.04$$

Estimated stand alone SAR					
Communication system	Frequency (MHz)	Configuration	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)
Bluetooth*	2450	Body-worn	5.00	10	0.066

Remark:

1. *Bluetooth*- Including Lower power Bluetooth*
2. *Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;*
3. *When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion*
4. *Body as body use distance is 0mm from manufacturer declaration of user manual*

4.5. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

4.5.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.
For the DUT,the BT and WiFi modules sharing same antenna,GSM, WCDMA and LTE modules sharing a single antenna; BT/WLAN and GSM/UMTS/LTE can simultaneous transmit;
Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Air-Interface	Band (MHz)	Type	Simultaneous Transmissions	Voice over Digital Transport(Data)
GSM	850	VO	Yes,WLAN or BLE	N/A
	1900	VO		
	GPRS/EDGE	DT	Yes,WLAN or BLE	N/A
WCDMA	Band II/ BandV	DT	Yes,WLAN or BLE	N/A
LTE	Band2/Band4/ Band5/Band7	DT	Yes,WLAN or BLE	N/A
WLAN	2450	DT	Yes,GSM,GPRS,EDGE,UMTS,LTE	Yes
BLE	2450	DT	Yes,GSM,GPRS,EDGE,UMTS,LTE	N/A
Note:VO-Voice Service only;DT-Digital Transport				

Note:
WLAN can be active at the same time, but only with interleaving of packages switched on board level. That means that they don't transmit at the same time.

4.5.2 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

Body-worn Exposure Conditions

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR_{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.799	0.663	0.051	0.850	1.6	no	no
Rear	**1.054**	**0.822**	**0.141**	**1.195**	1.6	no	no
Left	0.107	0.130	0.027	0.157	1.6	no	no
Right	/	/	0.022	0.022	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.130	0.164	/	0.164	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	0.045	0.045	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR_{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.435	0.765	0.051	0.816	1.6	no	no
Rear	**1.321**	**1.019**	**0.141**	**1.462**	1.6	no	no
Left	0.248	0.203	0.027	0.275	1.6	no	no
Right	/	/	0.022	0.022	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.283	0.240	/	0.283	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	0.045	0.045	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and LTE

Test Position	LTE Band2 Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	LTE Band4 Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	LTE Band5 Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	LTE Band7 Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR_{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.755	0.298	0.598	0.626	0.051	0.806	1.6	no	no
Rear	**1.014**	**0.710**	**1.243**	**1.032**	**0.141**	**1.384**	1.6	no	no
Left	0.218	0.071	0.320	0.168	0.027	0.347	1.6	no	no
Right	/	/	/	/	0.022	0.022	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.255	0.106	0.401	0.235	/	0.401	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	/	/	0.045	0.045	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR_{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.799	0.663	0.066	0.865	1.6	no	no
Rear	**1.054**	**0.822**	0.066	**1.120**	1.6	no	no
Left	0.107	0.130	0.066	0.196	1.6	no	no
Right	/	/	0.066	0.066	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.130	0.164	/	0.164	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	0.066	0.066	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR_{1-g} Limit (Wkg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.435	0.765	0.066	0.831	1.6	no	no
Rear	**1.321**	**1.019**	0.066	**1.387**	1.6	no	no
Left	0.248	0.203	0.066	0.314	1.6	no	no
Right	/	/	0.066	0.066	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.283	0.240	/	0.283	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	0.066	0.066	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and LTE

Test Position	LTE Band2 Reported SAR_{1-g} (Wkg)	LTE Band4 Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	LTE Band5 Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	LTE Band7 Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR_{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separatio n ratio	Simut Meas. Require d
Front	0.755	0.298	0.598	0.626	0.066	0.821	1.6	no	no
Rear	**1.014**	**0.710**	**1.243**	**1.032**	0.066	**1.309**	1.6	no	no
Left	0.218	0.071	0.320	0.168	0.066	0.386	1.6	no	no
Right	/	/	/	/	0.066	0.066	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.255	0.106	0.401	0.235	/	0.401	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	/	/	0.066	0.066	1.6	no	no

Note:
1. The WiFi and BT share same antenna, so cannot transmit at same time.
2. The value with block color is the maximum values of standalone
3. The value with blue color is the maximum values of $\sum SAR_{1-g}$

4.6. SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with ≤ 20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.19 The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783.Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

3) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
4) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
5) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
6) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20

Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Configuration	Test Position	Repeated SAR (yes/no)	Highest Measured SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	First Repeated	
						Measued SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
850	GSM850	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.997	0.915	1.090
	WCDMA Band V	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	1.233	1.142	1.080
	LTE Band 5	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	1.027	0.986	1.042
1700	LTE Band 4	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.675	n/a	n/a
1900	GSM1900	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.798	0.754	1.058
	WCDMA Band II	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.934	0.867	1.077
	LTE Band 2	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.933	0.853	1.094
2450	2.4GWLAN	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.130	0.116	1.121
2600	LTE Band 7	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.860	0.824	1.044

Remark:

1. *Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the orignal and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively)*

4.7. General description of test procedures

1. The DUT is tested using CMU 200 communications testers as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.
2. Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
3. Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
4. Tests in head position with GSM were performed in voice mode with 1 timeslot unless GPRS/EGPRS/DTM function allows parallel voice and data traffic on 2 or more timeslots.
5. UMTS was tested in RMC mode with 12.2 kbit/s and TPC bits set to ‘all 1’.
6. WiFi was tested in 802.11b/g/n mode with 1 Mbit/s and 6 Mbit/s. According to KDB 248227 the SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required since When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
7. Required WiFi test channels were selected according to KDB 248227
8. According to FCC KDB pub 248227 D01, When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement and when there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.
9. According to FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 this device has been tested with 10 mm distance to the phantom for operation in WiFi hot spot mode.

10. Per FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 the edges with antennas within 2.5 cm are required to be evaluated for SAR to cover WiFi hot spot function.
11. According to IEEE 1528 the SAR test shall be performed at middle channel. Testing of top and bottom channel is optional.
12. According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
    - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
    - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
    - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
13. IEEE 1528-2003 require the middle channel to be tested first. This generally applies to wireless devices that are designed to operate in technologies with tight tolerances for maximum output power variations across channels in the band.
14. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is < 1.2 W/kg.
15. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, using the same wireless mode test configuration for voice and data, such as UMTS, LTE and Wi-Fi, and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface)
16. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
17. Per KDB648474 D04 require for phablet SAR test considerations，For Locator s with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm，When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
18. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

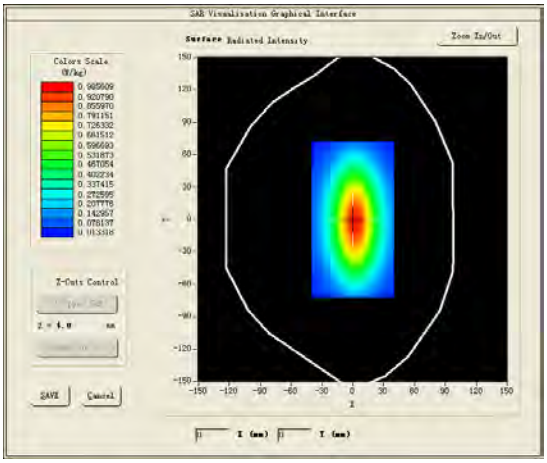
4.8. Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-6GHz)

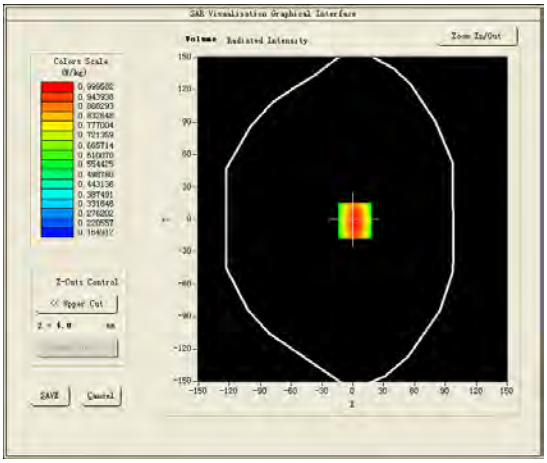
Not required as SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR accoridng to KDB865664D01.

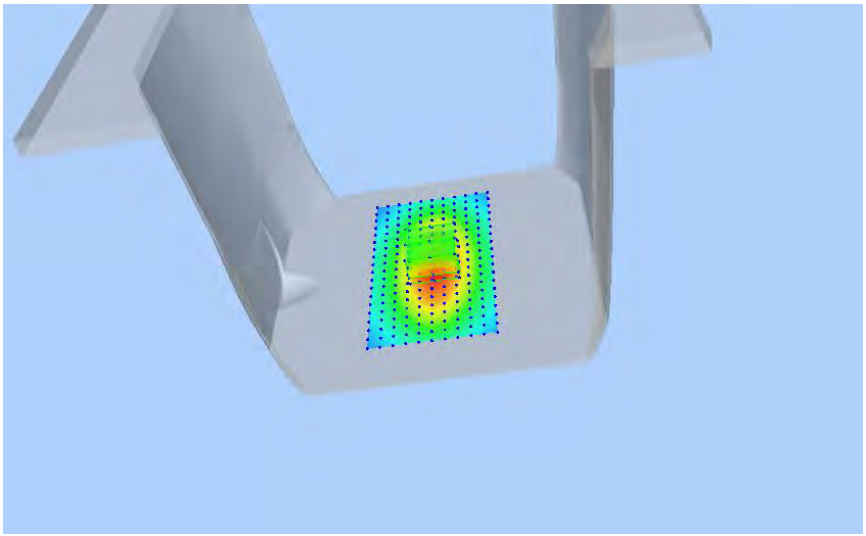
4.9. System Check Results

Test mode:835MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID835
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: December 06, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	835.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.39
Conductivity (S/m)	0.99
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.59
Variation (%)	1.090000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.633021
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.976230
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**

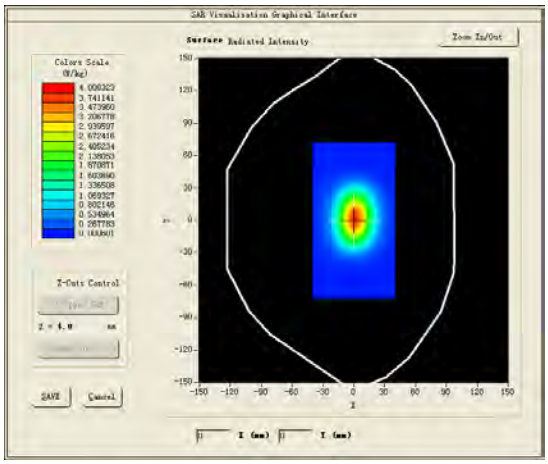


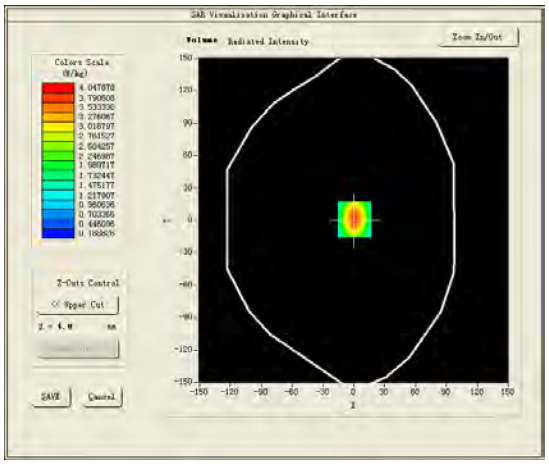


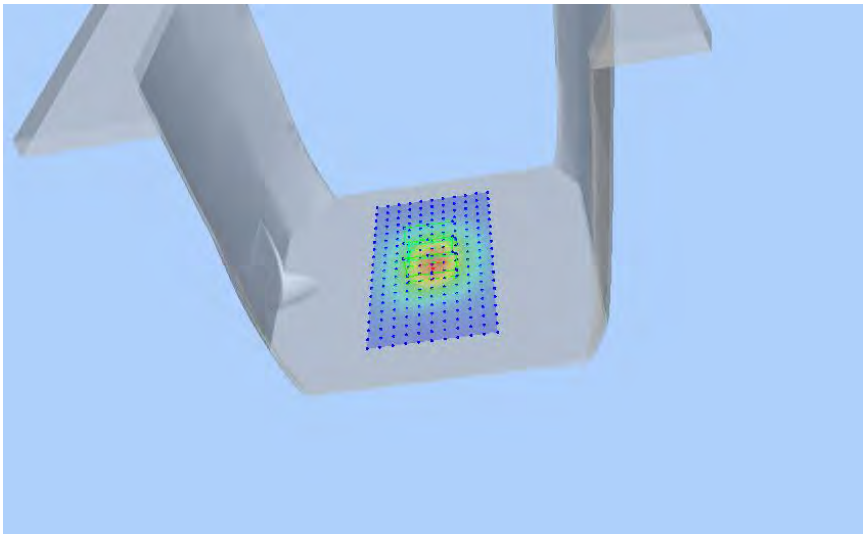


Test mode:1800MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation
Model :Dipole SID1800
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: Dec 10, 2018

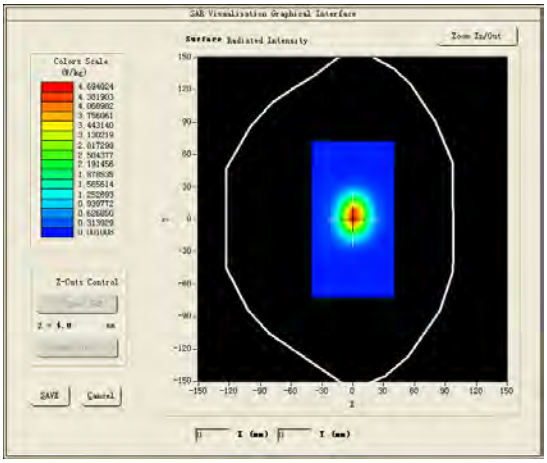
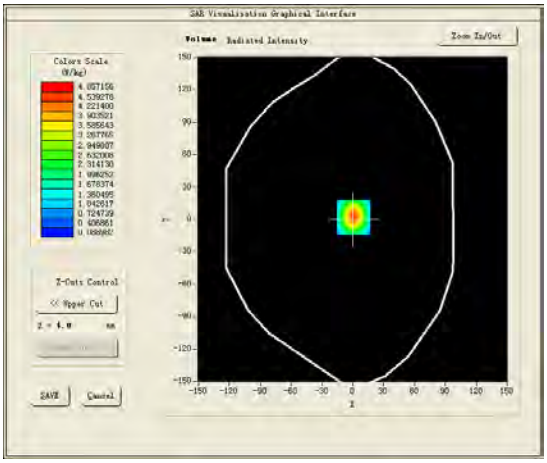
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.06
Conductivity (S/m)	1.55
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Variation (%)	-2.420000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.132462
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.073921
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**

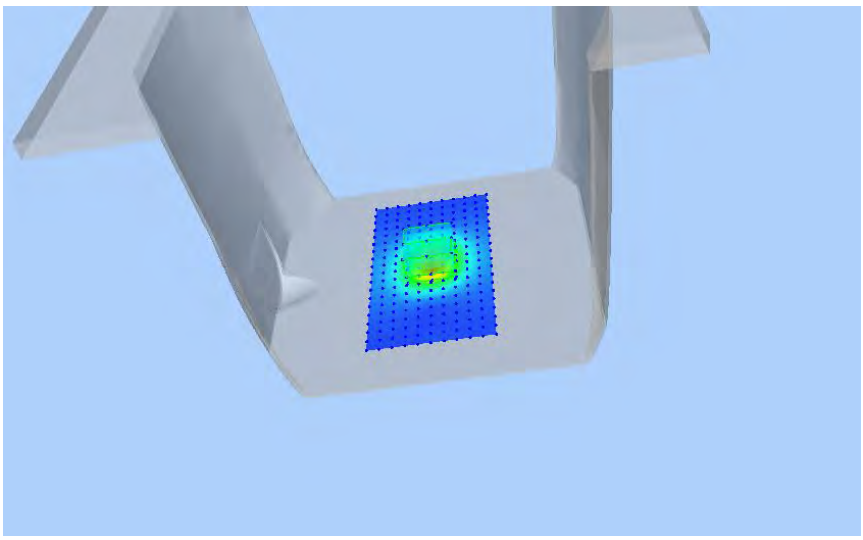






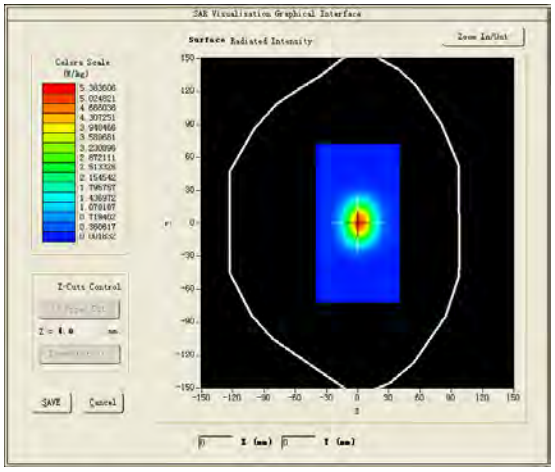
Test mode:1900MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation
Model :Dipole SID1900
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: Dec 12, 2018

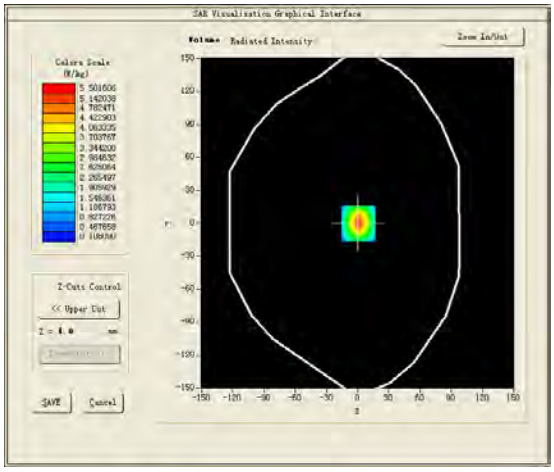
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.24
Conductivity (S/m)	1.56
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.93
Variation (%)	2.120000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.115285
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.271493
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	

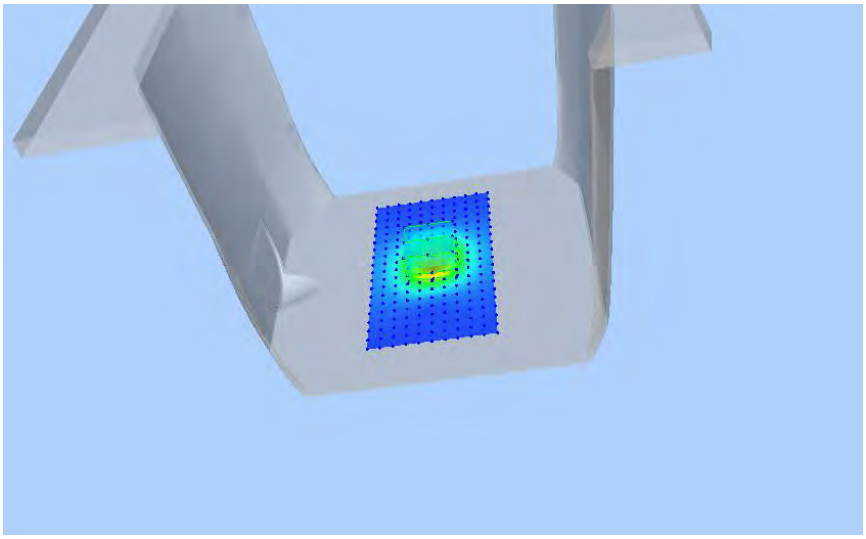


Test mode:2450MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID2450
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: Dec 17, 2018

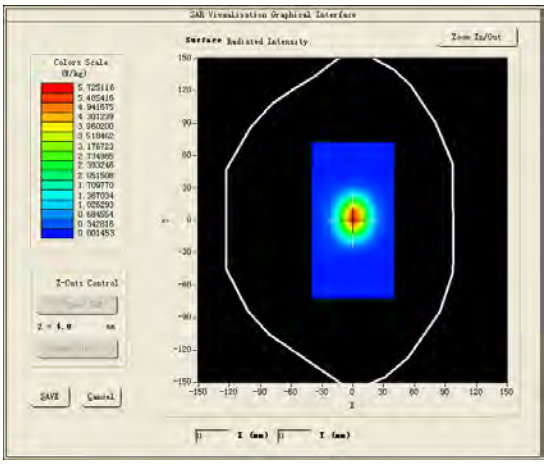
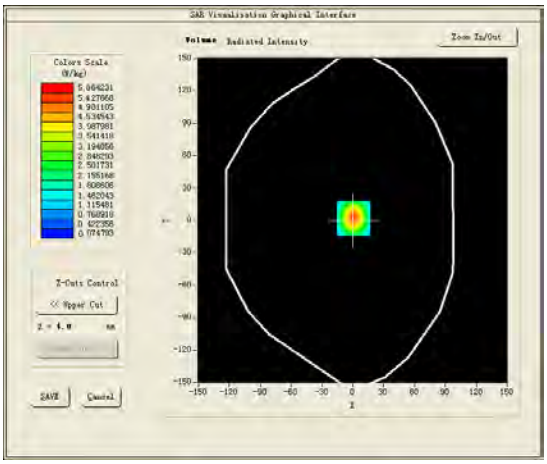
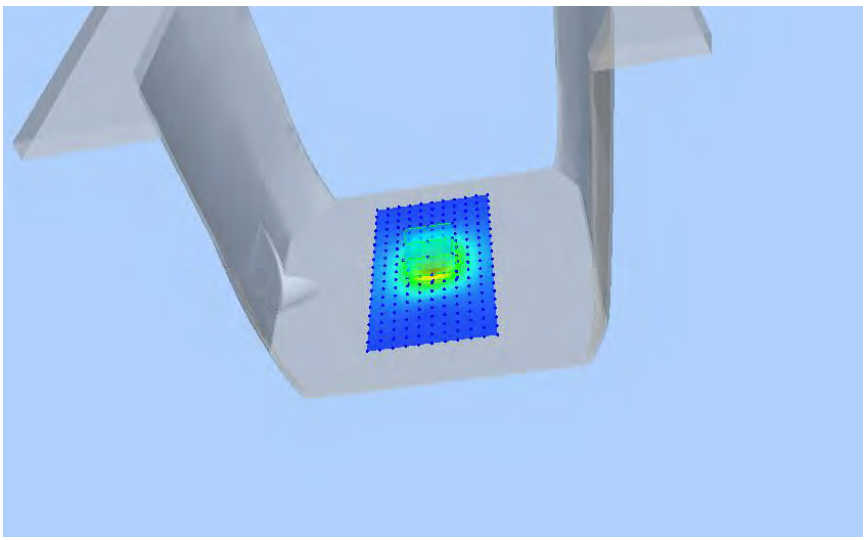
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.90
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.95
Variation (%)	-0.180000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.380934
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.249267
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**







Test mode:2600MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID2450
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: December 20, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.53
Conductivity (S/m)	2.23
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.94
Variation (%)	2.530000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.432034
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.583782
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

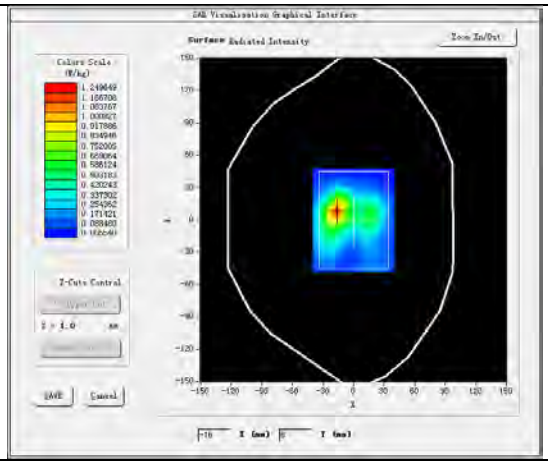
4.10 SAR Test Graph Results

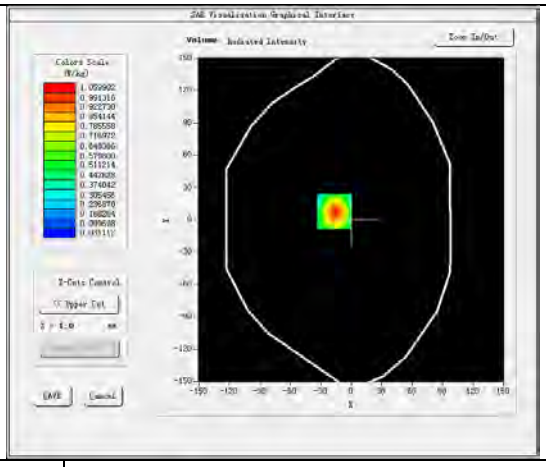
SAR plots for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination according to FCC KDB 865664 D02;

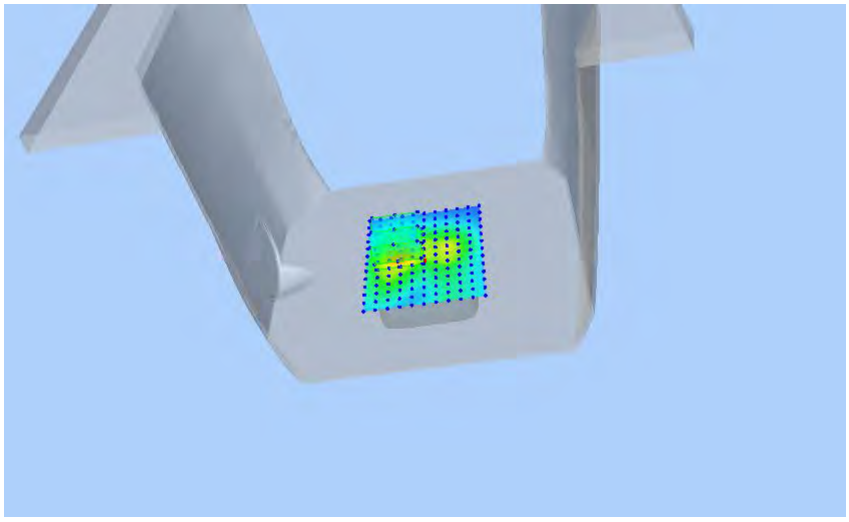
#1

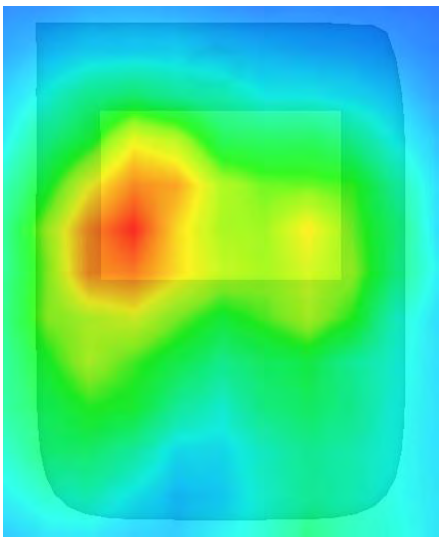
Test Mode: GPRS 850MHz,Middle channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Locator
Model: Aroco Locator AL312
Test Date: December 06, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.39
Conductivity (S/m)	0.99
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.67
Conversion Factor	1.59
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-2.270000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.500632
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.996669
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR





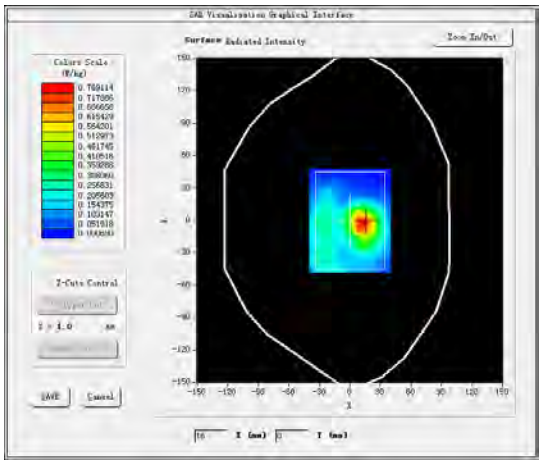


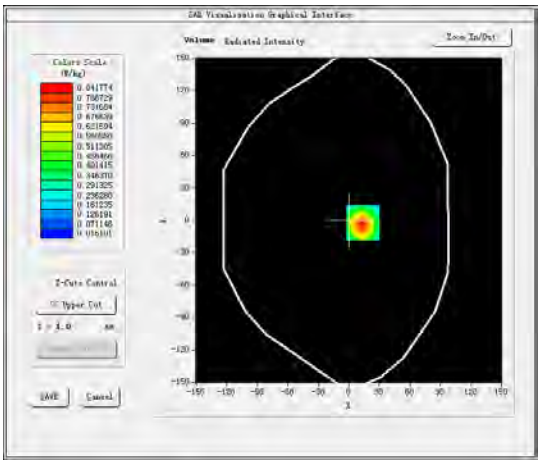


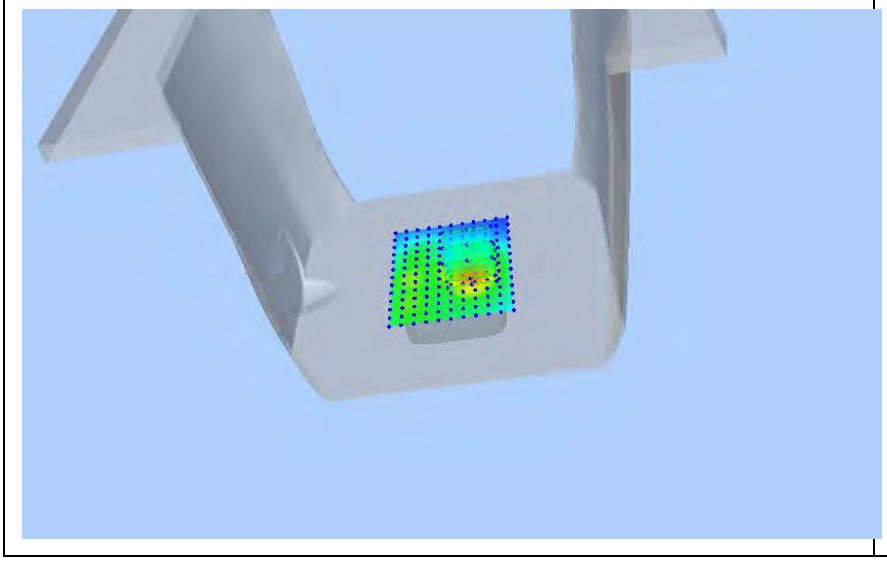
#2

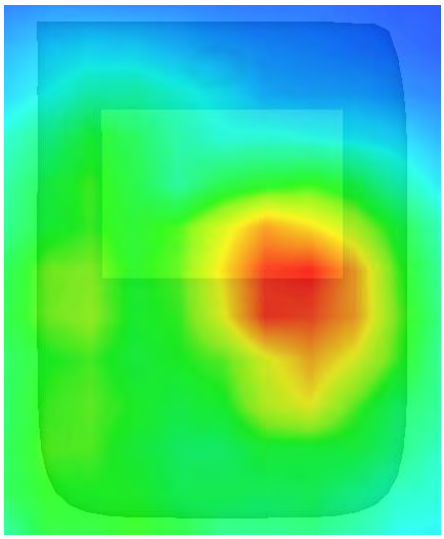
Test Mode: GPRS1900MHz,Middle channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Locator
Model: Aroco Locator AL312
Test Date: Dec 12, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.24
Conductivity (S/m)	1.56
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.67
Conversion Factor	1.93
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.320000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.384904
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.797817
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





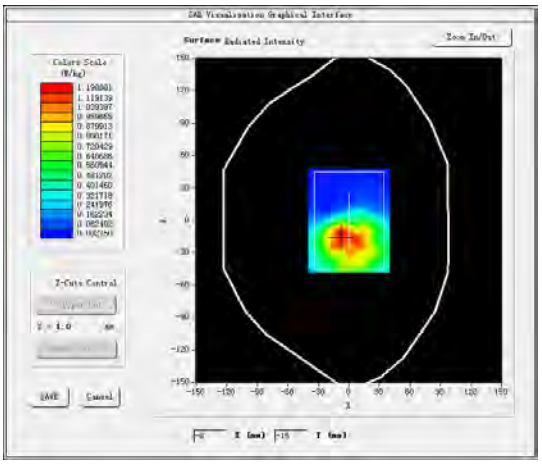


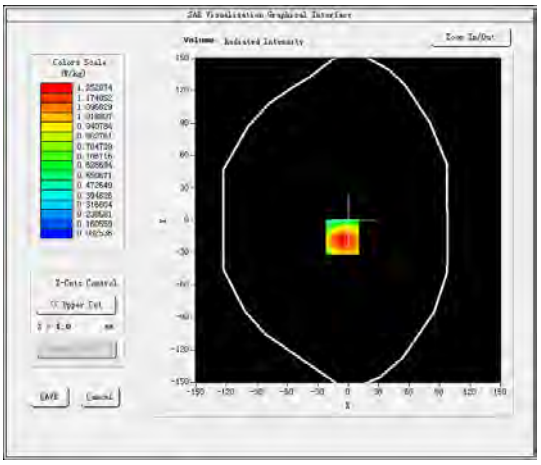


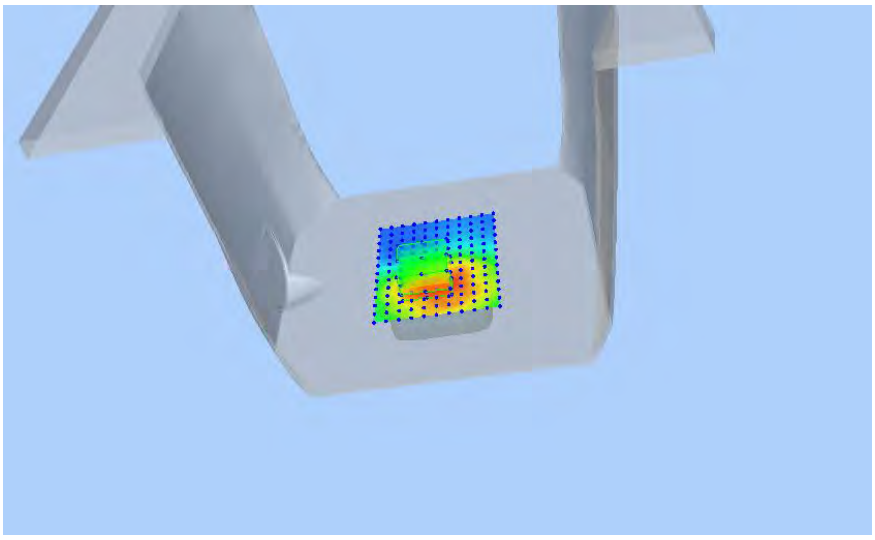
#3

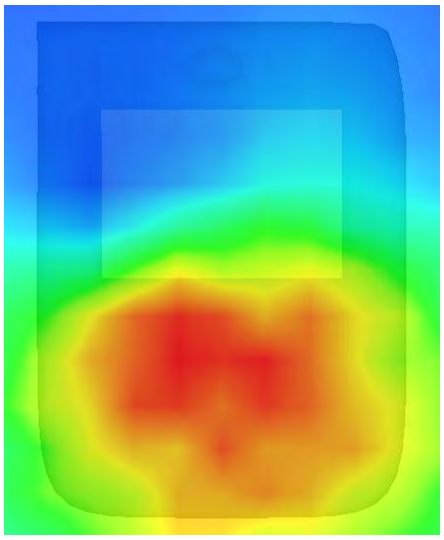
Test Mode: WCDMA Band V,Middle channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Locator
Model: Aroco Locator AL312
Test Date: December 06, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.39
Conductivity (S/m)	0.99
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.59
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-2.170000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.773758
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.232781
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





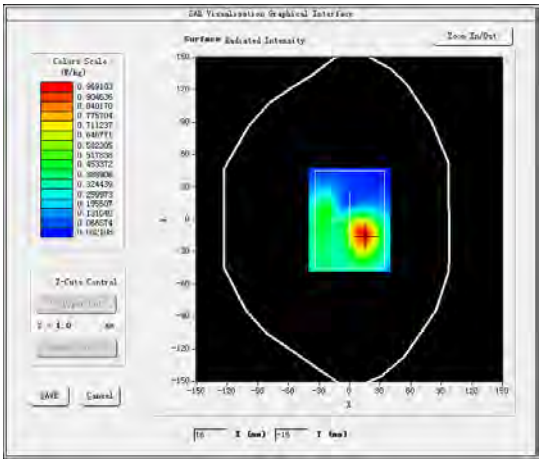


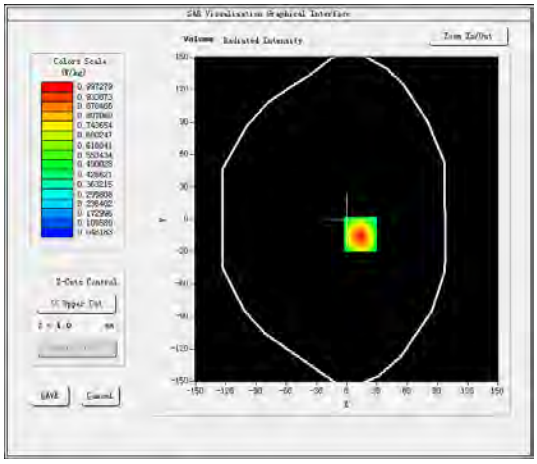


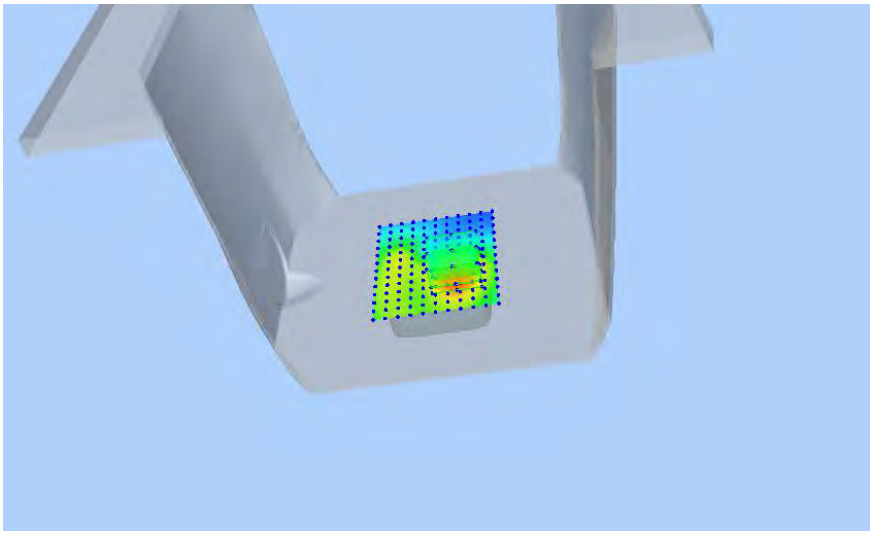
#4

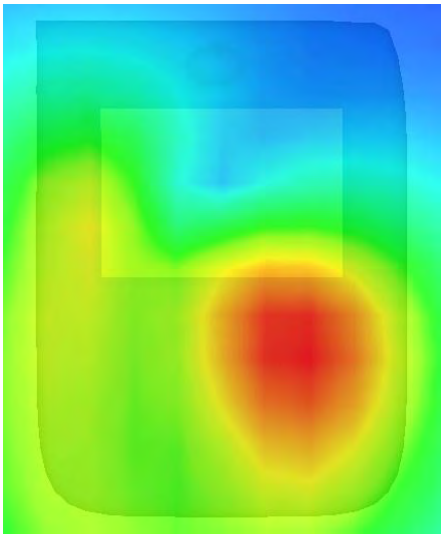
Test Mode: WCDMA Band II,Middle channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Locator
Model: Aroco Locator AL312
Test Date: Dec 12, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.24
Conductivity (S/m)	1.56
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.93
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.020000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.524647
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.933544
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





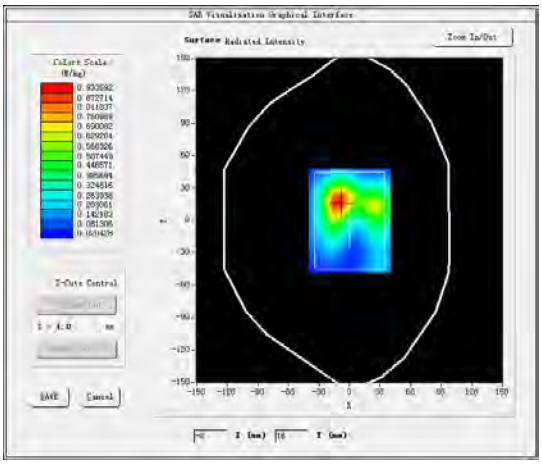


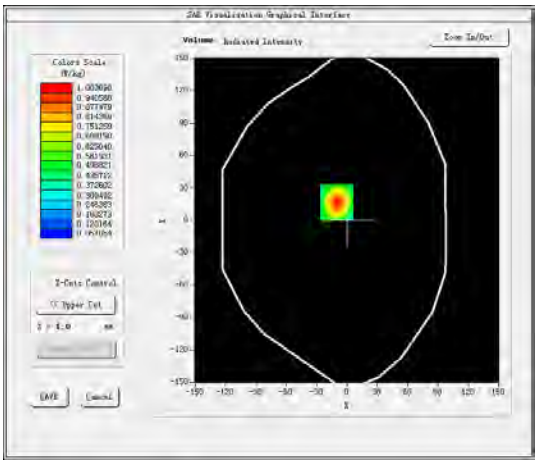


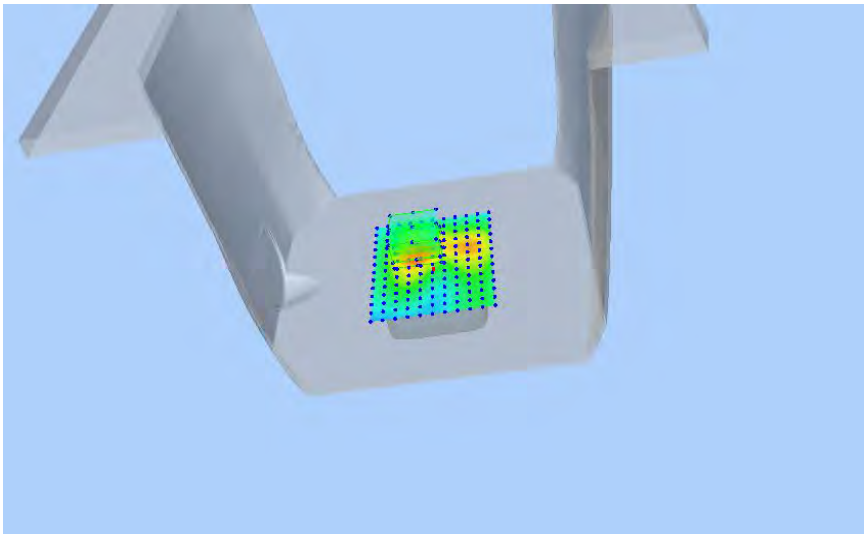
#5

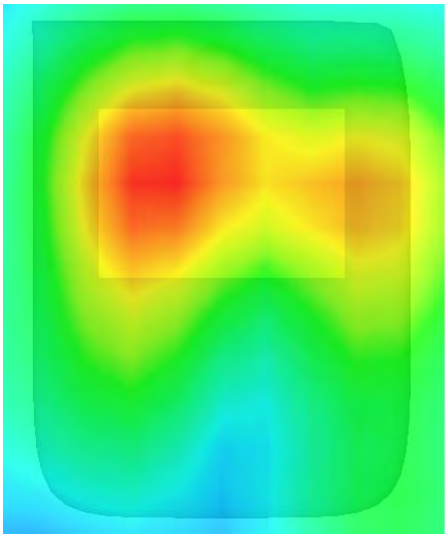
Test Mode: LTE Band 2, 1RB,Low channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: LTE GSM/WCDMA Smartphone
Model: S70 Lite
Test Date: Dec 10, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1860.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.24
Conductivity (S/m)	1.56
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.93
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.050000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.520639
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.932793
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





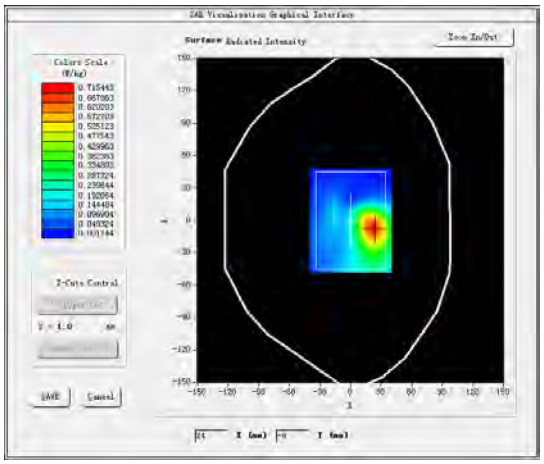


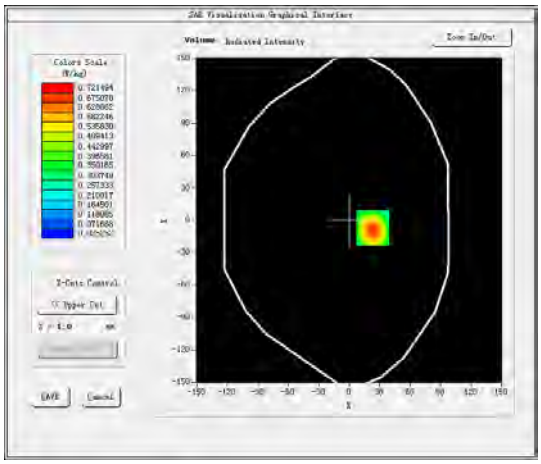


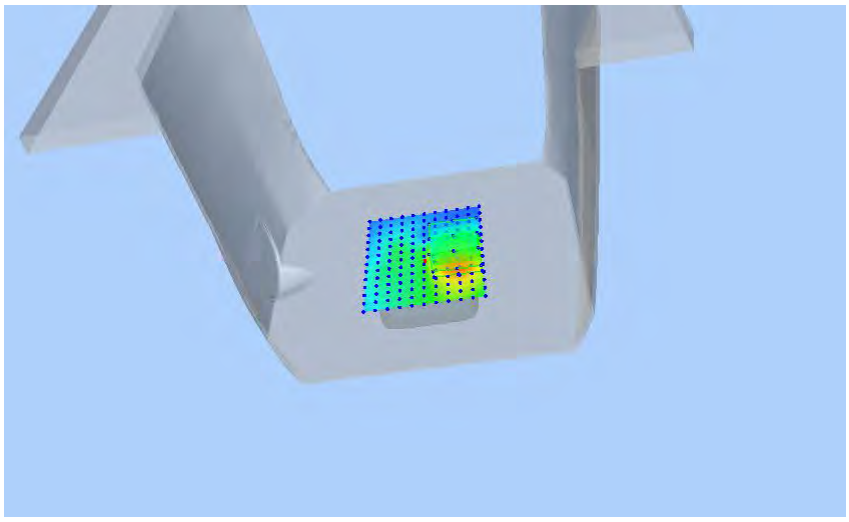
#6

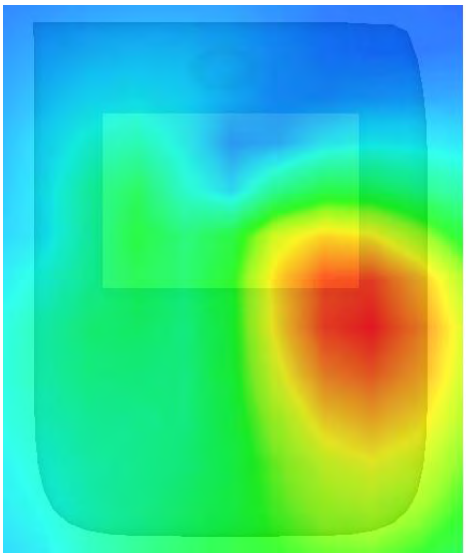
Test Mode: LTE Band 4, 1RB,Middle channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: LTE GSM/WCDMA Smartphone
Model: S70 Lite
Test Date: Dec 10, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1732.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.06
Conductivity (S/m)	1.55
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.120000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.374057
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.674839
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





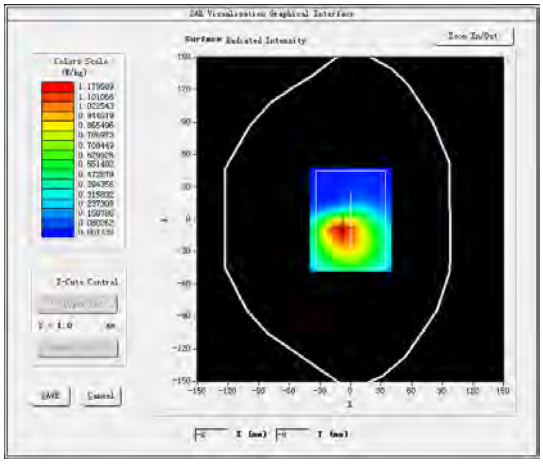


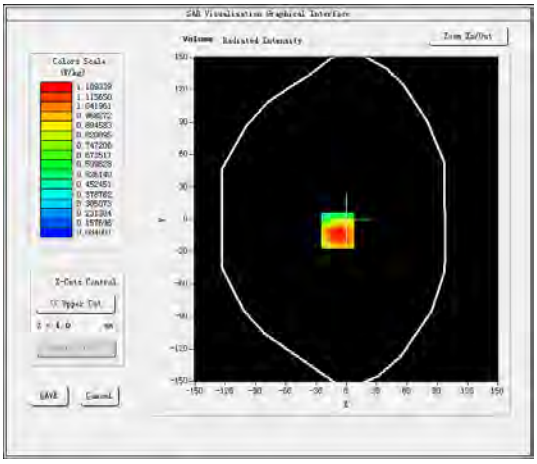


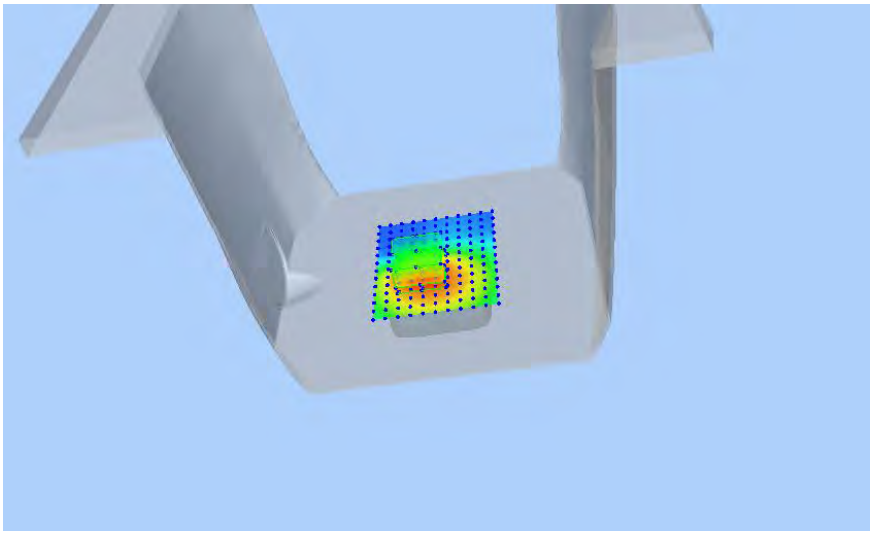
#7

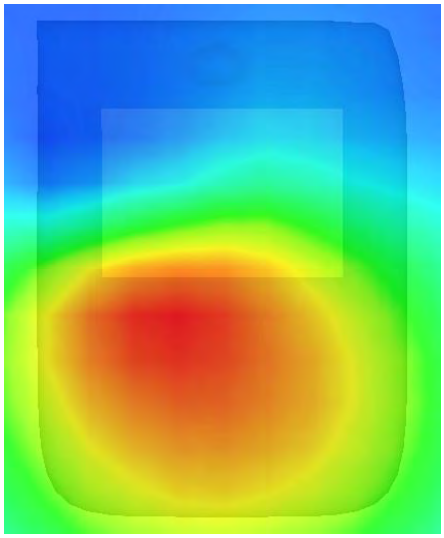
Test Mode: LTE Band 5, 1RB,High channel(Body Back Side)
Product Description: LTE GSM/WCDMA Smartphone
Model: S70 Lite
Test Date: December 06, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	844.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.39
Conductivity (S/m)	0.99
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.59
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.360000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.748380
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.026786
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





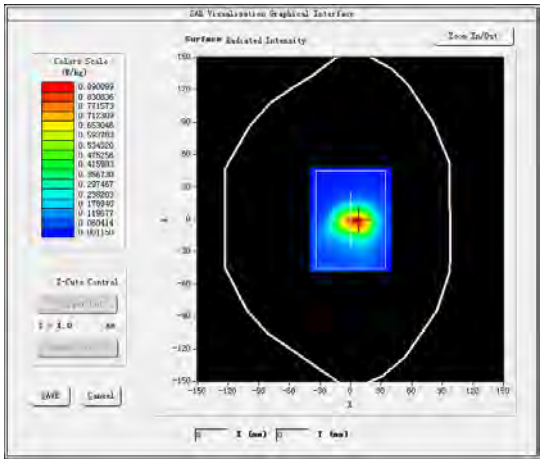


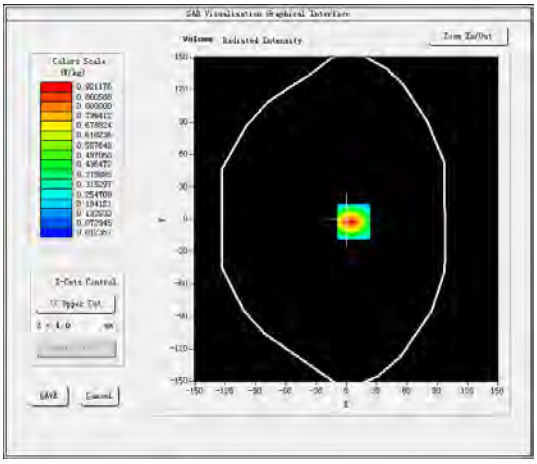


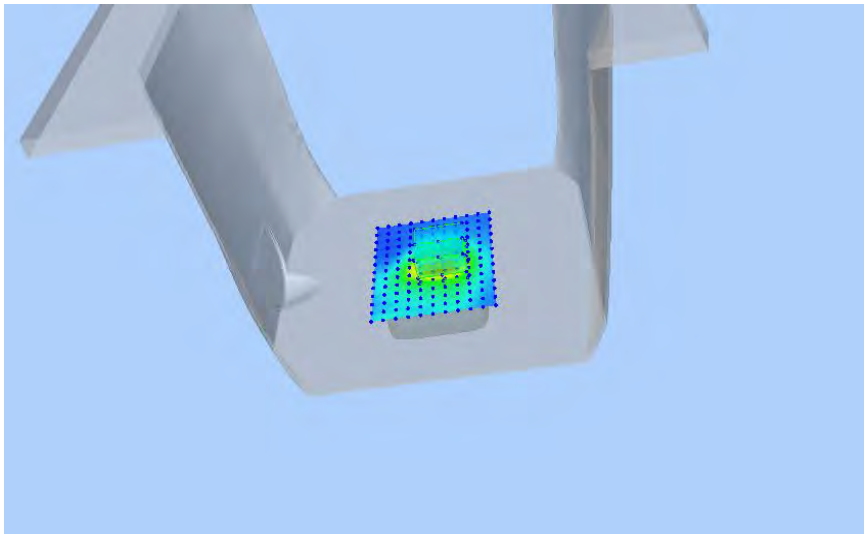
#8

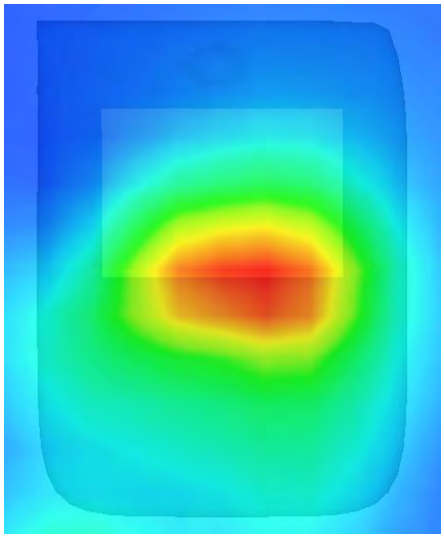
Test Mode: LTE Band 7, 1RB, Low channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Locator
Model: Aroco Locator AL312
Test Date: December 20, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2505.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.53
Conductivity (S/m)	2.23
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.94
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.260000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.391150
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.859590
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





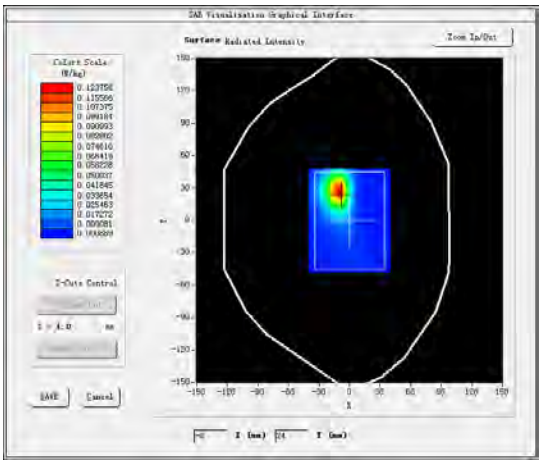


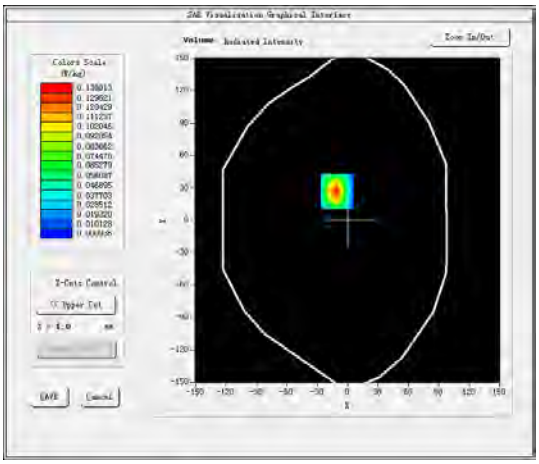


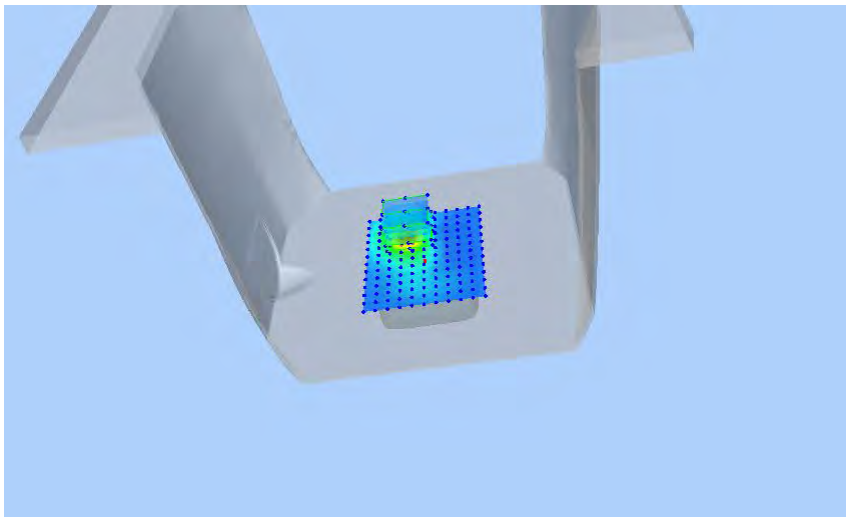
#9

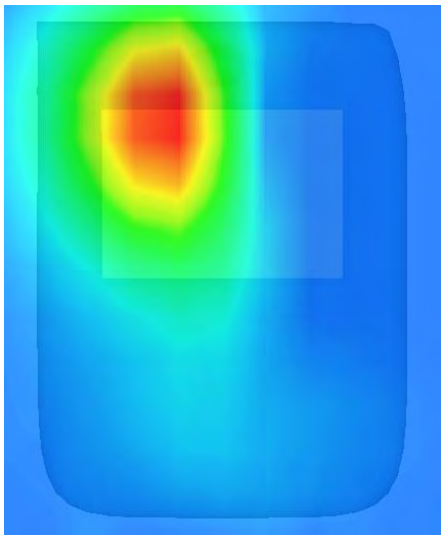
Test Mode: 802.11b(WiFi2.4G),Middle channel (Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Locator
Model: Aroco Locator AL312
Test Date: Dec 17, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.90
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.95
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.320000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.050120
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.130209
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**









5. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

5.1 Probe-EPGO324 Calibration Certificate

COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA

MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 31/17 EPGO324

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

Calibration Date: 10/08/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/8/2018	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/8/2018	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/8/2018	Kim Rutkowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	10/8/2018	Initial release

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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Product Condition (new / used)	New
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.189 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.203 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.218 MΩ

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

Figure 1 – *MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole*

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	**Uncertainty value (%)**	**Probability Distribution**	**Divisor**	**ci**	**Standard Uncertainty (%)**
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%

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Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

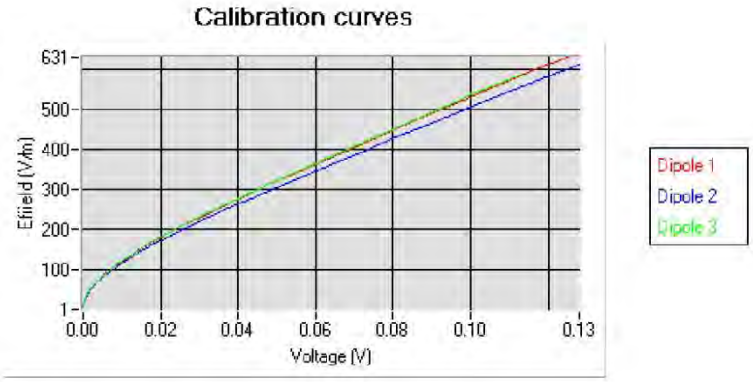
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 (μV/(V/m)^2)	Normy dipole 2 (μV/(V/m)^2)	Normz dipole 3 (μV/(V/m)^2)
0.80	0.83	0.68

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
95	90	93

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^{\,2} + E_2^{\,2} + E_3^{\,2}}$$



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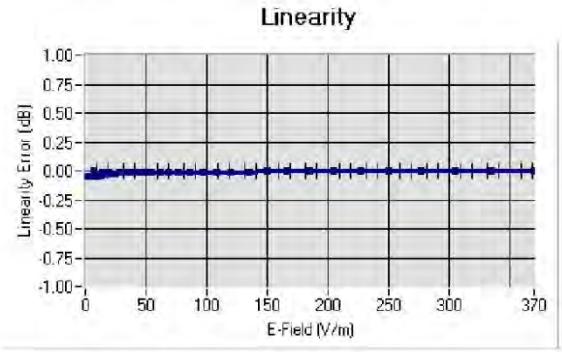
5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity:[]+/-1.13% (+/-0.05dB)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL450	450	42.17	0.86	1.56
BL450	450	57.65	0.95	1.60
HL750	750	40.03	0.93	1.45
BL750	750	56.83	1.00	1.50
HL850	835	42.19	0.90	1.55
BL850	835	54.67	1.01	1.59
HL900	900	42.08	1.01	1.54
BL900	900	55.25	1.08	1.60
HL1800	1800	41.68	1.46	1.65
BL1800	1800	53.86	1.46	1.68
HL1900	1900	38.45	1.45	1.86
BL1900	1900	53.32	1.56	1.93
HL2000	2000	38.26	1.38	1.83
BL2000	2000	52.70	1.51	1.89
HL2300	2300	39.44	1.62	1.95
BL2300	2300	54.52	1.77	2.01
HL2450	2450	37.50	1.80	1.91
BL2450	2450	53.22	1.89	1.95
HL2600	2600	39.80	1.99	1.89
BL2600	2600	52.52	2.23	1.94
HL5200	5200	35.64	4.67	1.50
BL5200	5200	48.64	5.51	1.56
HL5400	5400	36.44	4.87	1.44
BL5400	5400	46.52	5.77	1.47
HL5600	5600	36.66	5.17	1.48
BL5600	5600	46.79	5.77	1.53
HL5800	5800	35.31	5.31	1.50
BL5800	5800	47.04	6.10	1.55

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 9mW/kg

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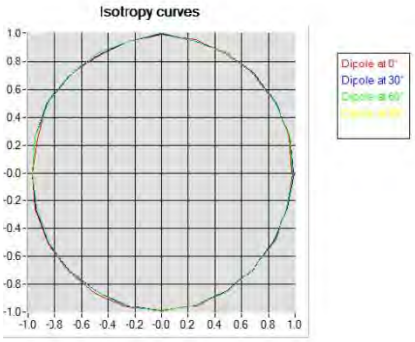
5.4 ISOTROPY

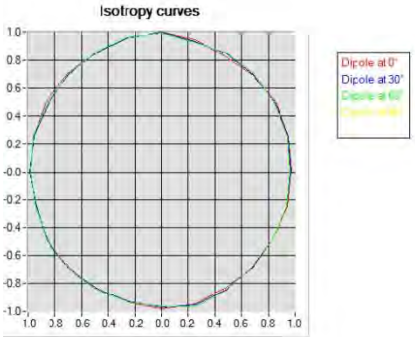
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



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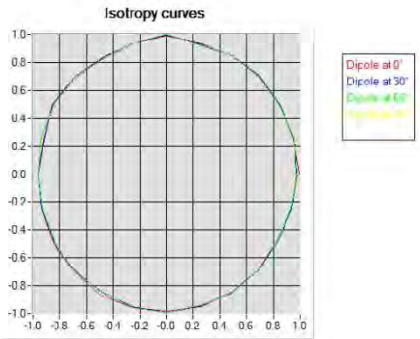
HL5600 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.10 dB



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6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2017	10/2019
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020

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5.2 SID835Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

SATIMO
The microwave vision company

SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA

SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303

Calibrated at SATIMO US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

ilac-MRA

ACCREDITED
Calibration CERT #2246.02

10/01/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SATIMO

SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

	Name	*Function*	*Date*	*Signature*
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/14/2018	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/14/2018	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/14/2018	Kim Rutkowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	*Date*	*Modifications*
A	10/14/2018	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID835
Serial Number	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303
Product Condition (new / used)	New

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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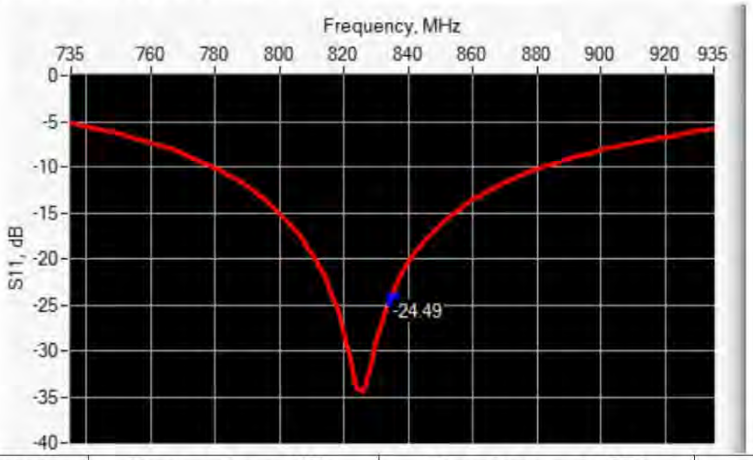
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-24.49	-20	54.9 Ω + 2.8 jΩ

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.	PASS	89.8 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε,')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 42.3 sigma : 0.92
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm

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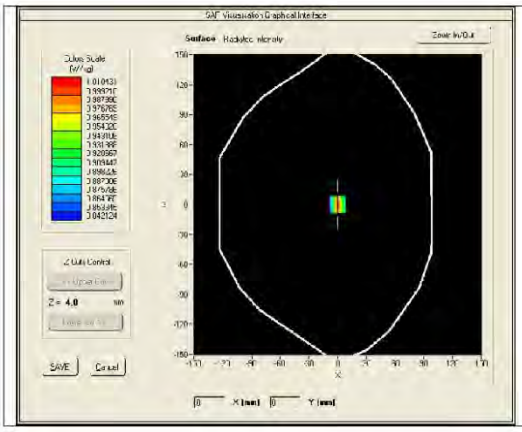
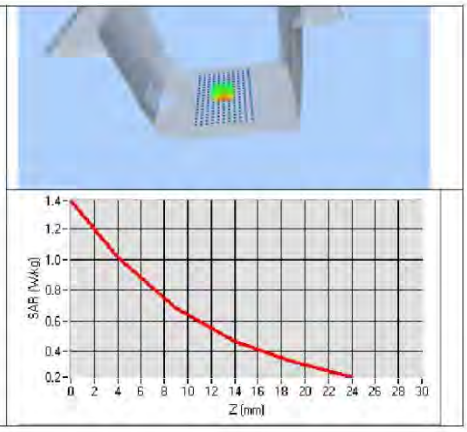
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.60 (0.96)	6.22	6.20 (0.62)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





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7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %	PASS	0.97 ±5 %	PASS
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 54.1 sigma : 0.97
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

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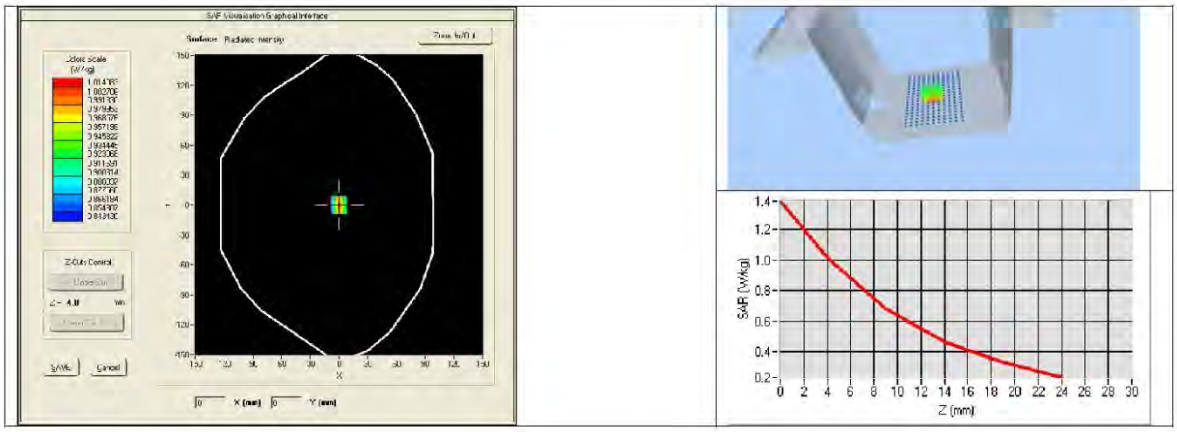
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	9.90 (0.99)	6.39 (0.64)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2016	12/2019
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2018	10/2019
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2016	12/2019
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2016	12/2019
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2016	12/2019
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2016	12/2019
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2016	8/2019

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5.3 SID1800 Dipole Calibration Certificate

SATIMO
The microwave vision company

SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.287.6.14.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.
1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA
SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE
FREQUENCY: 1800 MHZ
SERIAL NO.: SN 07/14 DIP 1G800-301

Calibrated at SATIMO US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

ilac-MRA
A2LA ACCREDITED
Calibration CERT #2246-02

10/01/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SATIMO

SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.6.14.SATU.A

	Name	*Function*	*Date*	*Signature*
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/14/2018	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/14/2018	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/14/2018	Kim Rutkowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	*Date*	*Modifications*
A	10/14/2018	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID1800
Serial Number	SN 07/14 DIP 1G800-301
Product Condition (new / used)	New

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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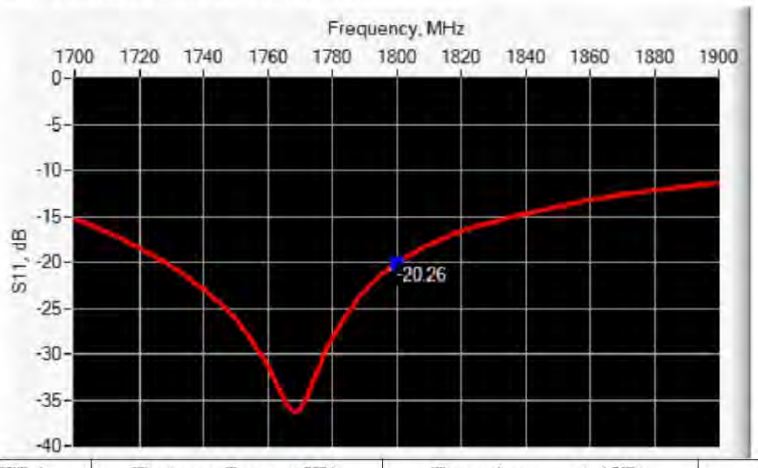
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1800	-20.26	-20	43.1 Ω + 6.9 jΩ

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.	PASS	41.7 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε,')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 41.3 sigma : 1.38
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm

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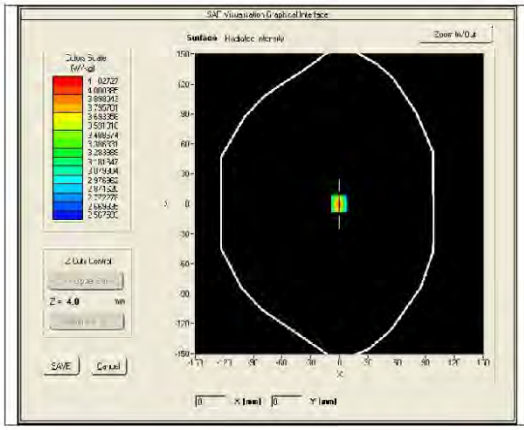
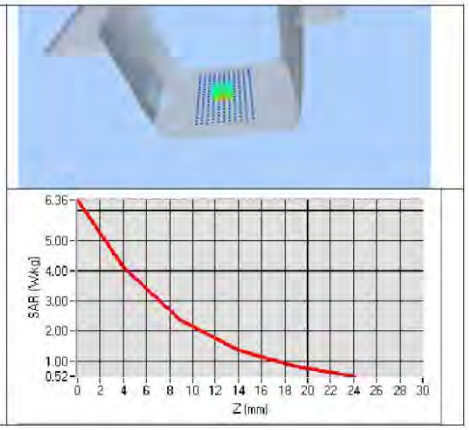
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	1800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4	38.13 (3.81)	20.1	20.20 (2.02)
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





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7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %	PASS	1.52 ±5 %	PASS
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 53.3 sigma : 1.51
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	1800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

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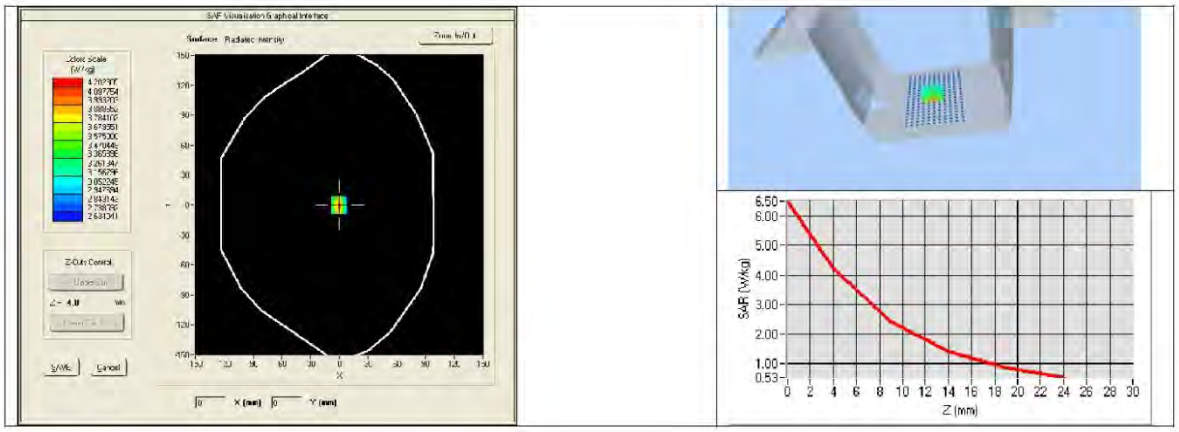
Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
1800	39.03 (3.90)	20.65 (2.07)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2016	12/2019
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2018	10/2019
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2016	12/2019
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2016	12/2019
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2016	12/2019
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2016	12/2019
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2016	8/2019

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5.4 SID1900 Dipole Calibration Certificate

SATIMO
The microwave vision company

SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.262.8.14.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.
1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD
BAO'AN DISTRAICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA
SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE
FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ
SERIAL NO.: SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333

Calibrated at SATIMO US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

ilac-MRA
ACCREDITED
Calibration CERT #2246-02

09/01/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SATIMO

SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.262.8.14.SATU.A

	Name	*Function*	*Date*	*Signature*
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	9/19/2018	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	9/19/2018	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	9/19/2018	Kim Rutkowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	*Date*	*Modifications*
A	9/19/2018	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID1900
Serial Number	SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333
Product Condition (new / used)	New

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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