TEST REPORT

Reference No.	:	WTF22F03030581W001
FCC ID	:	2ASCM-PBXATOM
Applicant	:	PowerBox Systems GmbH
Address	:	Ludwig-Auer-Strasse 5 Donauwörth, 86609 Germany
Manufacturer	:	The same as above
Address	:	The same as above
Product Name	:	ATOM
Model No.	:	ATOM
Test specification	:	FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247): 2020
Date of Receipt sample	:	2022-03-22
Date of Test	:	2022-03-28 to 2022-06-16
Date of Issue	:	2022-07-20
Test Report Form No.	:	WEW-15247A-01A
Test Result		**Pass**

Remarks:
The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of approver.

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1 Revision History

Test Report No.	Date of Issue	Description	Status
WTF22F03030581W001	2022-07-20	Original	Valid

2 Contents

Page

1 REVISION HISTORY 2

2 CONTENTS 3

3 GENERAL INFORMATION 5

3.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF E.U.T 5
3.2 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF EUT 5
3.3 STANDARDS APPLICABLE FOR TESTING 5
3.4 CHANNEL LIST 6
3.5 TEST FACILITY 7
3.6 SUBCONTRACTED 7
3.7 ABNORMALITIES FROM STANDARD CONDITIONS 7
3.8 DISCLAIMER 7

4 EUT SETUP AND TEST MODE 8

5 EQUIPMENT USED DURING TEST 9

5.1 EQUIPMENT LIST 9
5.2 TEST SOFTWARE 10
5.3 SPECIAL ACCESSORIES AND AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT 10
5.4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY 10

6 MODE OF OPERATION 11

6.1 DECLARATION OF THE MANUFACTURER 11
6.1.1 Band usage 11
6.1.2 Frequency-hopping process 11
6.1.3 Listen before Talk 11
6.1.4 Listen before Talk 12
6.1.5 Behaviour in the case of loss of reception 12
6.1.6 Antenna Correlation 12
6.2 PROTOCOL LIMITED DUTY CYCLE 12

7 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT 13

7.1 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT 14
7.1.1 Standard Applicable 14
7.1.2 Evaluation Information 14
7.2 CONDUCTED EMISSIONS 15
7.2.1 Test Procedure 15
7.2.2 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram 15
7.2.3 Test Receiver Setup 15
7.2.4 Measurement Description 16
7.2.5 Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation 16
7.2.6 Test Result 17
7.3 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 19
7.3.1 Standard Applicable 19
7.3.2 Test Procedure 19
7.3.3 Test Setup 20
7.3.4 Spectrum Analyzer Setup 21
7.3.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation 21
7.3.6 Test Results 22
7.4 BAND EDGE MEASUREMENT 28
7.4.1 Standard Applicable 28
7.4.2 Test Procedure 28
7.4.3 Test Result 30

7.5 20 dB Bandwidth Measurement 34
7.5.1 Standard Applicable 34
7.5.2 Test Procedure 34
7.5.3 Test Result 34
7.6 Occupied Bandwidth Measurement 38
7.6.1 Standard Applicable 38
7.6.2 Test Procedure 38
7.6.3 Test Result 38
7.7 Maximum Peak Output Power 42
7.7.1 Standard Applicable 42
7.7.2 Test Procedure 42
7.7.3 Test Result 42
7.8 Carrier Frequency Separation 46
7.8.1 Standard Applicable 46
7.8.2 Test Procedure 46
7.8.3 Test Result 46
7.9 Number of Hopping Frequency 50
7.9.1 Standard Applicable 50
7.9.2 Test Procedure 50
7.9.3 Test Result 50
7.10 Time of occupancy (Dwell Time) 52
7.10.1 Standard Applicable 52
7.10.2 Test Procedure 52
7.10.3 Test Result 52
8 PHOTOGRAPHS TEST SETUP 56
8.1 Photographs - Radiated Emission Test Setup 56
8.2 Photographs – Conducted Emission Test Setup 57
9 PHOTOGRAPHS - CONSTRUCTIONAL DETAILS 58
9.1 EUT - External Photos 58
9.2 EUT - Internal View 61

3 General Information

3.1 General Description of E.U.T

Product Name ..... : ATOM

Model No. ..... : ATOM

Model Description ..... : ---

Rated Voltage..... : DC 5-9V, 51mW

Battery Capacity ..... : ---

Power Adapter ..... : ---

3.2 Technical Characteristics of EUT

Frequency Range ..... : 2402-2467MHz

RF Output Power ..... : 12.059dBm (Conducted)

Modulation ..... : MSK

Data Rate ..... : 1Mbps

Quantity of Channels ..... : 66

Channel Separation..... : 1MHz

Type of Antenna ..... : Ceramic Antenna

Antenna Gain ..... : 5dBi

Lowest Oscillation..... : 26MHz

3.3 Standards Applicable for Testing

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC Rules Part 15.247	Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz
558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Guidance For Compliance Measurements On Digital Transmission System, Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System, And Hybrid System Devices Operating Under Section 15.247 Of The FCC Rules
ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

3.4 Channel List

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	1	2403	2	2404	3	2405
4	2406	5	2407	6	2408	7	2409
8	2410	9	2411	10	2412	11	2413
12	2414	13	2415	14	2416	15	2417
16	2418	17	2419	18	2420	19	2421
20	2422	21	2423	22	2424	23	2425
24	2426	25	2427	26	2428	27	2429
28	2430	29	2431	30	2432	31	2433
32	2434	33	2435	34	2436	35	2437
36	2438	37	2439	38	2440	39	2441
40	2442	41	2443	42	2444	43	2445
44	2446	45	2447	46	2448	47	2449
48	2450	49	2451	50	2452	51	2453
52	2454	53	2455	54	2456	55	2457
56	2458	57	2459	58	2460	59	2461
60	2462	61	2463	62	2464	63	2465
64	2466	65	2467	---	---	---	---

3.5 Test Facility

The test facility has a test site registered with the following organizations:

The test facility has a test site registered with the following organizations:

- **IC – Registration No.: 21895-1**

Waltek Testing Group (Foshan) Co., Ltd. has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the Industry Canada. The acceptance letter from the Industry Canada is maintained in our files. Registration IC number:21895-1, Nov. 14, 2016.

- **FCC – Registration No.: 820106**

Waltek Testing Group (Foshan) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 820106, August 16, 2018

- **FCC – Designation No.: CN5034**

Waltek Testing Group (Foshan) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Designation No. CN5034.

- **NVLAP – Lab Code: 600191-0**

Waltek Testing Group (Foshan) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP/NIST). NVLAP Code: 600191-0.
This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

3.6 Subcontracted

Whether parts of tests for the product have been subcontracted to other labs:

☐ Yes ☒ No

If Yes, list the related test items and lab information:

Test items: ---

Lab information: ---

3.7 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

3.8 Disclaimer

The antenna gain information is provided by the customer. The laboratory is not responsible for the accuracy of the antenna gain information.

4 EUT Setup and Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, with a duty cycle equal to 100%, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode List

Test Mode	Description	Remark
TM1	Low Channel	2402MHz
TM2	Middle Channel	2434MHz
TM3	High Channel	2467MHz

Test Conditions

Temperature:	22~25℃
Relative Humidity:	50~55%
Atmospheric pressure:	101.9kPa

5 Equipment Used during Test

5.1 Equipment List

☒Conducted Emissions 1#						
Item	**Equipment**	**Manufacturer**	**Model No.**	**Serial No.**	**Cal Date**	**Cal Due Date**
1.	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	102423	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
2.	LISN	R&S	ENV216	101343	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
3.	Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	CBL2-NN-6M	223NN624	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
4.	Switch	CD	RSU-A4 18G	RSUA4008	2022-01-06	2023-01-05

☐Conducted Emissions 2#						
Item	**Equipment**	**Manufacturer**	**Model No.**	**Serial No.**	**Cal Date**	**Cal Due Date**
1.	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	101178	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
2.	LISN	R&S	ENV216	101215	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
3.	Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	CBL2-NN-6M	6102701	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
4.	Switch	ESE	RSU/M2	---	2022-01-07	2023-01-06

☐Conducted Emissions 3#						
Item	**Equipment**	**Manufacturer**	**Model No.**	**Serial No.**	**Cal Date**	**Cal Due Date**
1.	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	102842	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
2.	LISN	R&S	ENV216	101542	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
3.	Cable	YIHENG	LMR195UF-NMNM-2.5	---	2022-01-07	2023-01-06
4.	Manual RF Switch	YIHENG	SW-2	RSU0402	2022-01-07	2023-01-06

☒Radiation Emissions						
Item	**Equipment**	**Manufacturer**	**Model No.**	**Serial No.**	**Cal Date**	**Cal Due Date**
1.	3m Semi-anechoic Chamber	CHANGCHUANG	9m×6m×6m	-	2021-01-11	2024-01-10
2.	EMI Test Receiver	RS	ESR7	101566	2022-01-07	2023-01-06
3.	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY48011796	2021-06-04	2022-06-03
4.	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY48011796	2022-05-17	2023-05-16
5.	Active Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB1519B	00004	2022-01-10	2023-01-09
6.	Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9162	9162-117	2022-01-09	2023-01-08
7.	Coaxial Cable (below 1GHz)	H+S	CBL3-NN-12+3 m	214NN320	2022-01-07	2023-01-06
8.	Broad-band Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120 D	01561	2022-01-09	2023-01-08
9.	Broad-band Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	01119	2022-01-09	2023-01-08
10.	Coaxial Cable (above 1GHz)	Times-Micorwave	CBL5-NN	-	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
11.	Amplifier	Lunar E M	LNA1G18-40	20160501002	2022-01-06	2023-01-05

☒RF Conducted Testing						
Item	**Equipment**	**Manufacturer**	**Model No.**	**Serial No.**	**Cal Date**	**Cal Due Date**
1.	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY48011796	2021-06-04	2022-06-03
2.	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY48011796	2022-05-17	2023-05-16
3.	Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY48180720	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
4.	RF Control Unit	CHANGCHUANG	JS0806-2	-	2022-01-06	2023-01-05

☐: ***Not Used***

☒: ***Used***

5.2 Test Software

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Version
EMI Test Software (Conducted Emission 1#)	FARATRONIC	EZ-EMC	EMEC-3A1
EMI Test Software (Conducted Emission 2#)	FARATRONIC	EZ-EMC	CON-03A1
EMI Test Software (Conducted Emission 3#)	FARATRONIC	EZ-EMC	COM 3A1.1
EMI Test Software (Radiated Emission)	FARATRONIC	EZ-EMC	RA-03A1-1
RF Conducted Test Software	TONSCEND	JS1120-2	V2.6

5.3 Special Accessories and Auxiliary Equipment

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
1.	Power Supply	Input: 100-240V~, 50-60Hz, 1A Output: DC 13.5V, 2.5A	GlobTek	TR9KJ2500EIAJ1NRVB

5.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Uncertainty
RF Output Power	±2.2dB
Occupied Bandwidth	±1.5%
Conducted Spurious Emission	±2.7dB
Conducted Emission	±3.2dB
Transmitter Spurious Emission	±4.1dB (for 30MHz-1GHz)
	±5.0dB (for 1GHz-18GHz)

6 Mode of operation

6.1 Declaration of the manufacturer

6.1.1 Band usage

The system utilises the 2.4 GHz ISM band. The data are transmitted in time slices using the frequency-hopping process. The length of a time slice is 10 ms (transmitting 4 ms, quiet 6 ms). The transceiver IC employed (CC2500) supports 256 channels, of which 240 are used in the system (channel spacing 333251.9531 Hz).

6.1.2 Frequency-hopping process

The hopping sequence is 640 hops long and utilises 66 of the 204 channels which are available. In order to minimise the probability of collisions the hops are distributed within the band in accordance with a pseudo-random algorithm (Park-Miller-Carta-PRNG) which is additional controlled by a routine which ensures that one physical channel can be used only one time every 100ms. The seed for the PRNG is a random number which is generated in the transmitter, and a connection ID. The transmitter manages the connection ID for each model, and it changes every time a binding or importing process occurs. The synchronisation between transmitter and receiver is done by slowing down the hopping speed of the receiver.

As stated above one physical channel can be used repeating only after 10 hops which is 100ms. So in that way the maximum usage of a channel one time in 100ms.

The hopping sequence is stored in the FLASH as a complex data structure; it is renewed after every binding process and after each change of model in the transmitter. A dedicated FLASH page of at least 4 KB is used for this.

6.1.3 Listen before Talk

For adaptive systems the ETSI norm EN 300328 V1.8.1 dictates that an occupied channel must not be used again without consideration. The norm expects that transmission on a channel does not occur until a certain minimum period of reception has elapsed on that channel, and transmission only occurs if the channel is found to be ‘not in use’ (“Listen before Talk”). However, the norm allows fast switching between adaptive and non-adaptive behaviour.

The following solution is implemented in the Core system:

- after a change of frequency the system ‘listens in’ to the channel for a minimum period of 1 ms.
- if the channel is found to be occupied (RSSI > -72 dbm), then the subsequent transmission takes place at the reduced power of 28 mW, and the system adheres to the norm for non-adaptive systems (Medium Utilisation factor < 10%). The reduced transmission power of 28 mW is produced from the max. burst duration of about 3.5 ms with a frame length of 63 bytes.
- if the channel is free, transmission occurs at full transmitter power (100 mW), and the system adheres to the norm for adaptive systems.
- transmitted power is never reduced on the organisation channels (also permissible for non- adaptive systems).

6.1.4 Listen before Talk

- Tthe transmitter plays the active role; it defines the hopping sequence and the timing.
- Where necessary, the receivers respond in the same time slice.
- In every frame the transmitter conveys the current index in the hopping sequence, and the receiver which is to answer in this time slice.

6.1.5 Behaviour in the case of loss of reception

If a device receives no valid frames in 30 sequential time slices, it is considered to be 'unconnected'. The transmitter maintains its normal function, and the hopping sequence continues unchanged. The receiver leaves the hopping sequence and continues to receive on the organisation channels alone. This reception frequency is maintained constant for a fairly long time, and the next organisation channel is only selected after this period. Receivers with two RF branches receive on two organisation channels, but offset. If a correct frame is received, the device switches back to the 'connected' state.

6.1.6 Antenna Correlation

RF part A sends at time 0 and a complete sending/ telemetry receiving cycle is done. RF part B makes the same 10ms later. The RF part A and RF part B cannot send at the same time which would disturb the whole transmission.

6.2 Protocol limited duty cycle

As declared of the manufacturer, on one channel the EUT only transmits 4 ms in 10 ms, so the duty cycle is 0.4. According to ANSI C63.10 clause 7.5 the duty cycle correction factor results from the following formula:

$$\delta\ (dB)=20\log(\Delta)$$

δ is the duty cycle correction factor (dB)

Δ is the duty cycle (dimensionless)

For this matter the duty cycle correction factor is:

$$\delta=20\log(0.4)= -7.96\ \text{dB} \rightarrow -8\ \text{dB correction}$$

7 Summary of Test Result

Test Items	FCC Rules	Result
Conducted Emissions	§15.207(a)	Compliant
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.209(a)	Compliant
Band edge Emissions	§15.247(d)	Compliant
20 dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(1)	Compliant
Occupied bandwidth (99%)	§2.202(a)	Compliant
Maximum Peak Output Power	§15.247(b)(1)	Compliant
Carrier Frequency Separation	§15.247(a)(1)	Compliant
Number of Hopping Frequency	§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Compliant
Time of occupancy Dwell time	§15.247(d)(1)(iii)	Compliant
Antenna Requirement	§15.203	Compliant

Remark:

Pass Test item meets the requirement

Fail Test item does not meet the requirement

N/A Test case does not apply to the test object

7.1 Antenna Requirement

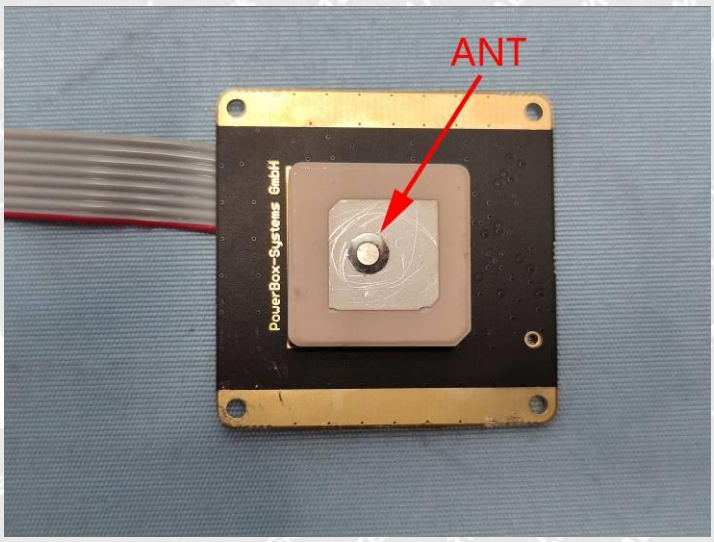
7.1.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

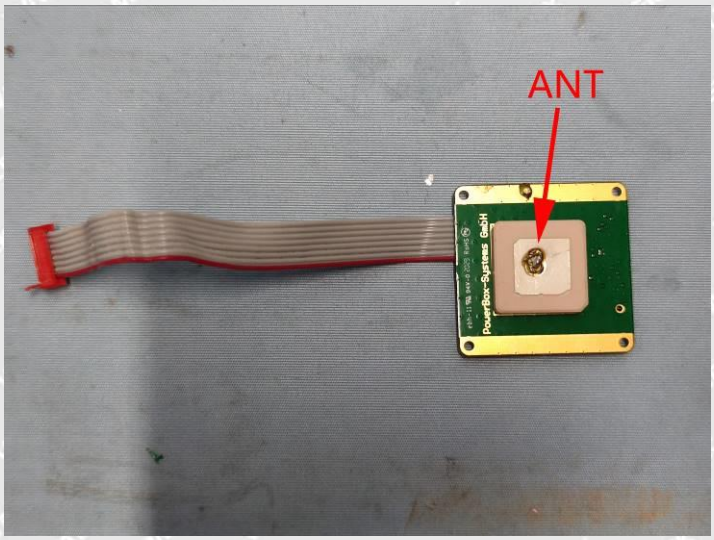
7.1.2 Evaluation Information

The EUT has two antennas, both antenna are ceramic antenna, and the gain for them is 5dBi, fulfil the requirement of this section.

ANT 1



ANT 2



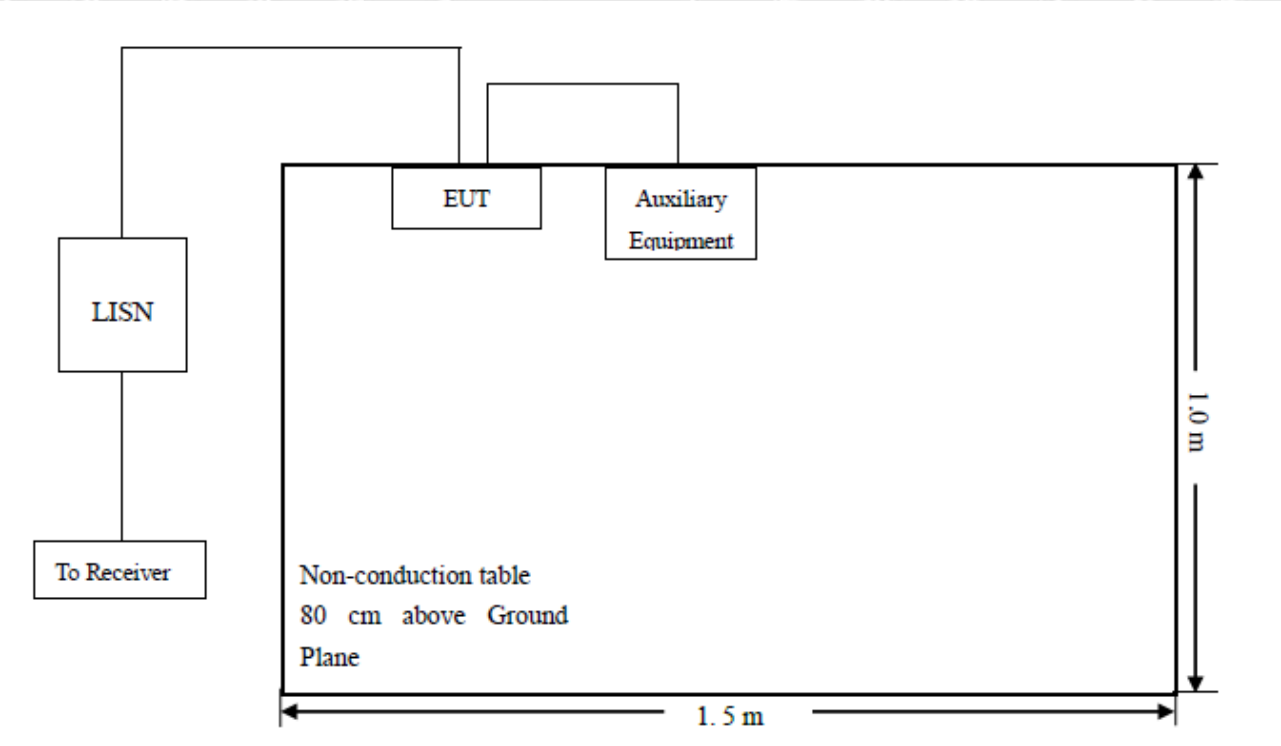
7.2 Conducted Emissions

7.2.1 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in themiddle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

7.2.2 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram



7.2.3 Test Receiver Setup

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency.....150 kHz

Stop Frequency.....30 MHz

Sweep Speed.....Auto

IF Bandwidth.....10 kHz

Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth.....9 kHz

Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode.....Normal

7.2.4 Measurement Description

The maximised peak emissions from the EUT was scanned and measured for both the Live and Neutral Lines. Quasi-peak & average measurements were performed if peak emissions were within 6dB of the average limit line.

7.2.5 Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The Corrected factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF(Voltage Division Facotr), Cable Loss and Transient Limiter Attenuation. The basic equation is as follows:

Measurement=Reading Level+Correct Factor

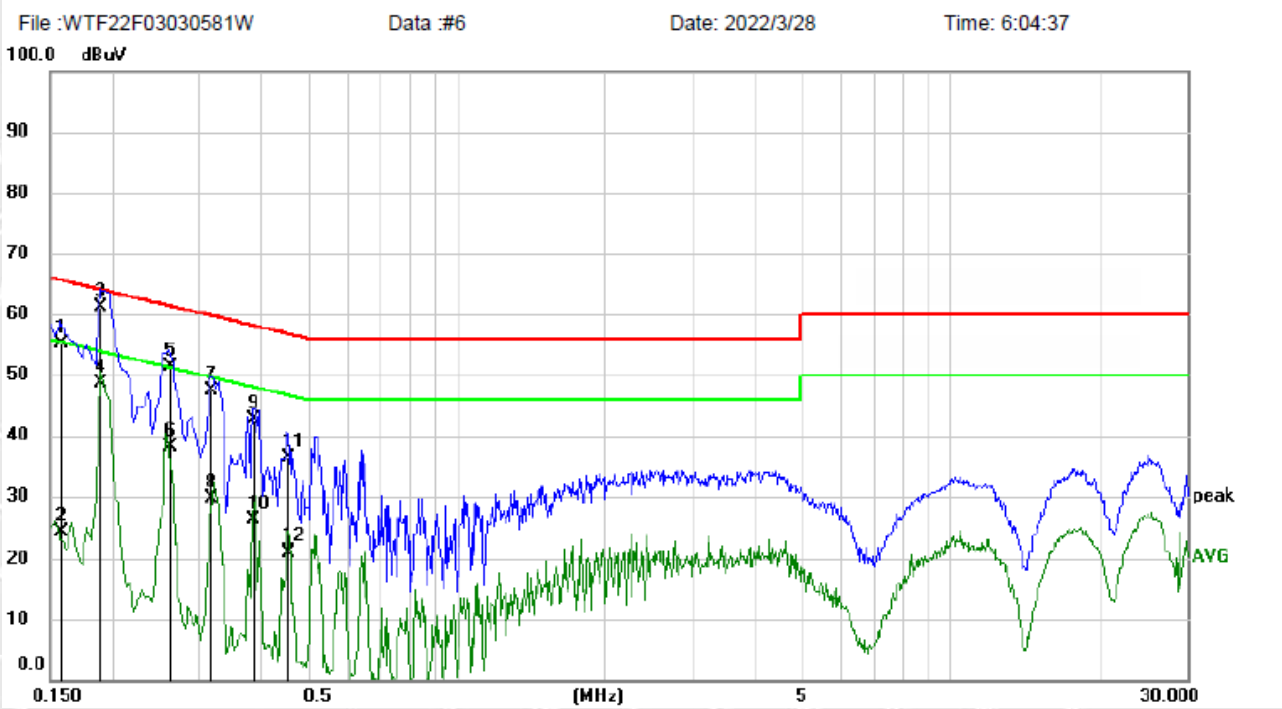
Correct Facotor=LISN VDF+Cable Loss

The “Margin” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin=Limit-Measurement

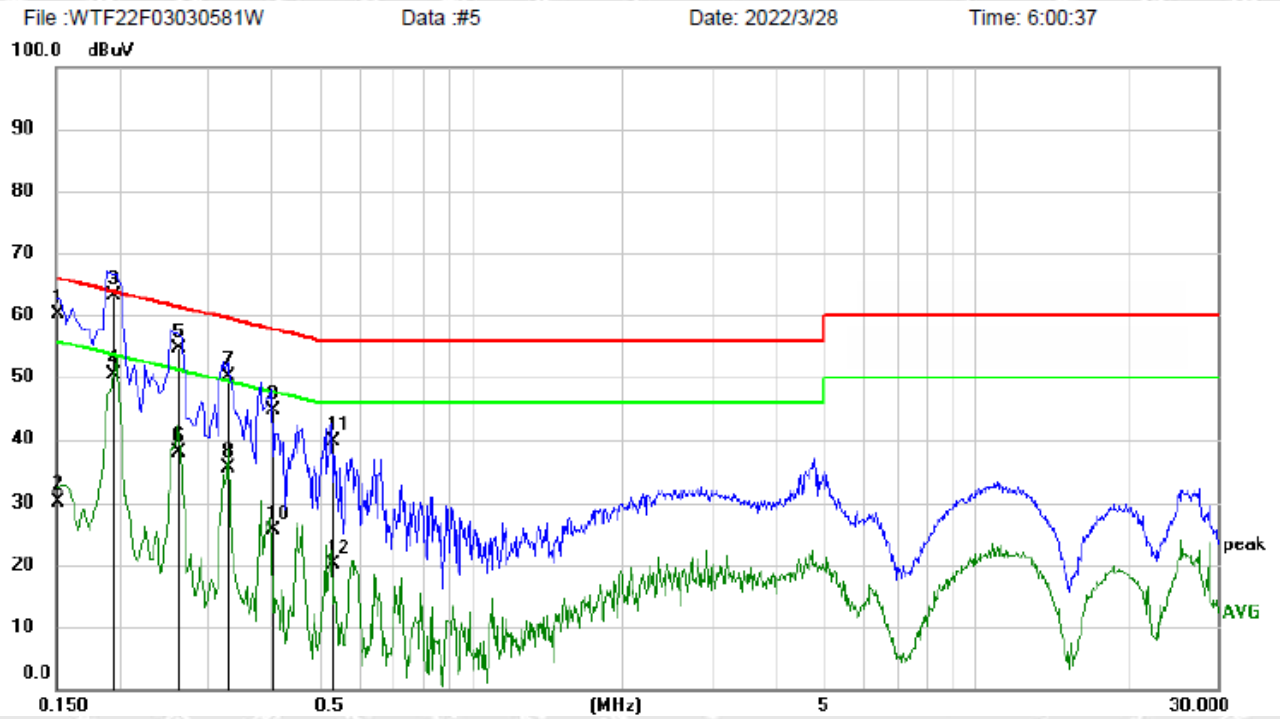
7.2.6 Test Result

Test Mode Communication mode (AC 120V/60Hz) **Polarity** Line



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1580	45.61	9.62	55.23	65.57	-10.34	QP	
2		0.1580	14.50	9.62	24.12	55.57	-31.45	AVG	
3	*	0.1900	51.60	9.63	61.23	64.04	-2.81	QP	
4		0.1900	38.93	9.63	48.56	54.04	-5.48	AVG	
5		0.2620	41.82	9.64	51.46	61.37	-9.91	QP	
6		0.2620	28.38	9.64	38.02	51.37	-13.35	AVG	
7		0.3180	37.84	9.64	47.48	59.76	-12.28	QP	
8		0.3180	19.94	9.64	29.58	49.76	-20.18	AVG	
9		0.3871	32.86	9.65	42.51	58.13	-15.62	QP	
10		0.3871	16.57	9.65	26.22	48.13	-21.91	AVG	
11		0.4540	26.84	9.66	36.50	56.80	-20.30	QP	
12		0.4540	11.11	9.66	20.77	46.80	-26.03	AVG	

Test Mode Communication mode (AC 120V/60Hz) **Polarity** Neutral



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1516	50.50	9.62	60.12	65.91	-5.79	QP	
2		0.1516	20.50	9.62	30.12	55.91	-25.79	AVG	
3	*	0.1955	53.39	9.63	63.02	63.80	-0.78	QP	
4		0.1955	40.69	9.63	50.32	53.80	-3.48	AVG	
5		0.2620	44.89	9.64	54.53	61.37	-6.84	QP	
6		0.2620	28.23	9.64	37.87	51.37	-13.50	AVG	
7		0.3303	40.59	9.65	50.24	59.44	-9.20	QP	
8		0.3303	25.61	9.65	35.26	49.44	-14.18	AVG	
9		0.4020	34.88	9.66	44.54	57.81	-13.27	QP	
10		0.4020	15.97	9.66	25.63	47.81	-22.18	AVG	
11		0.5299	29.99	9.66	39.65	56.00	-16.35	QP	
12		0.5299	10.46	9.66	20.12	46.00	-25.88	AVG	

7.3 Radiated Spurious Emissions

7.3.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

7.3.2 Test Procedure

1) The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m(Below 1G) 1.5m(above 1G)above ground plane.

2) The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.

3) EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is moved from 1m to 4m to find out the maximum emissions. The spectrum was investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

4) Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

5) And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.

6) Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

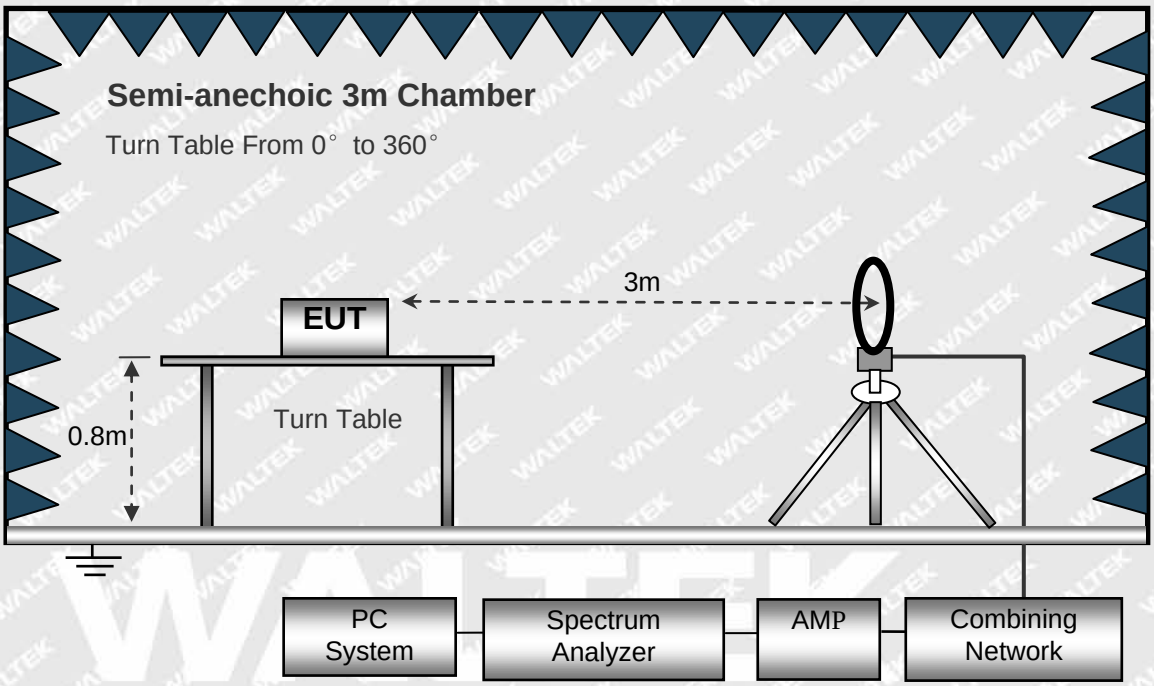
7) The radiation measurements are tested under 3-axes(X, Y, Z) position(X denotes lying on the table, Y denotes side stand and Z denotes vertical stand), After pre-test, It was found that the worse radiation emission was get at the Z position. So the data shown was the Z position only.

7.3.3 Test Setup

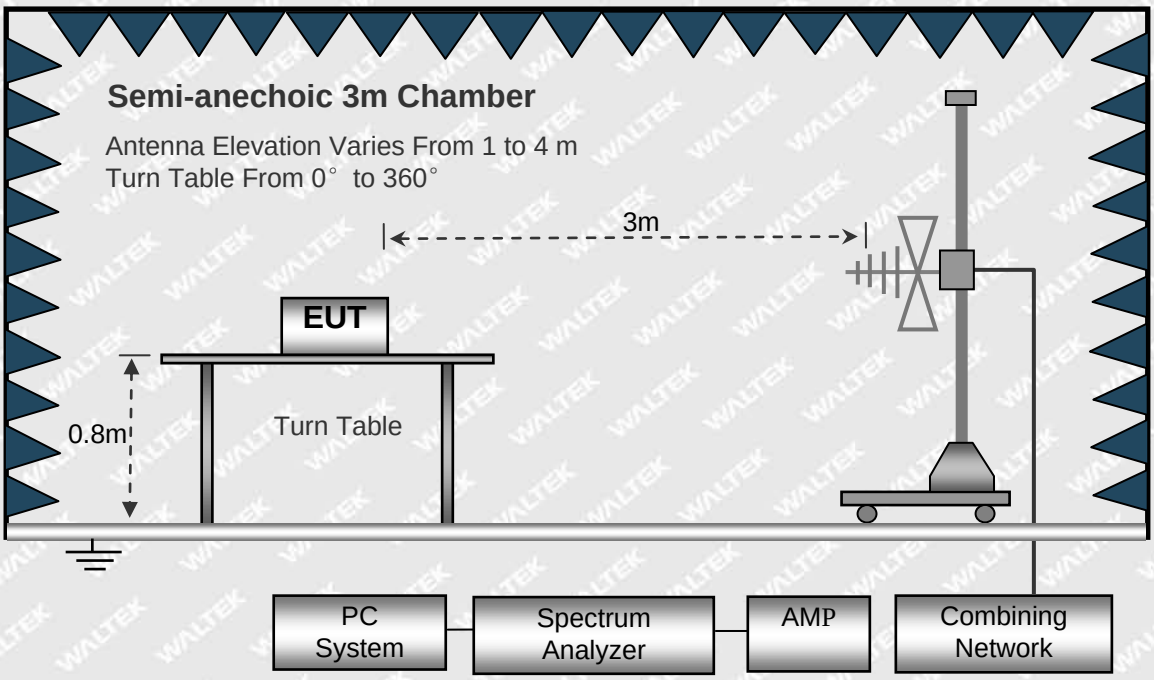
The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

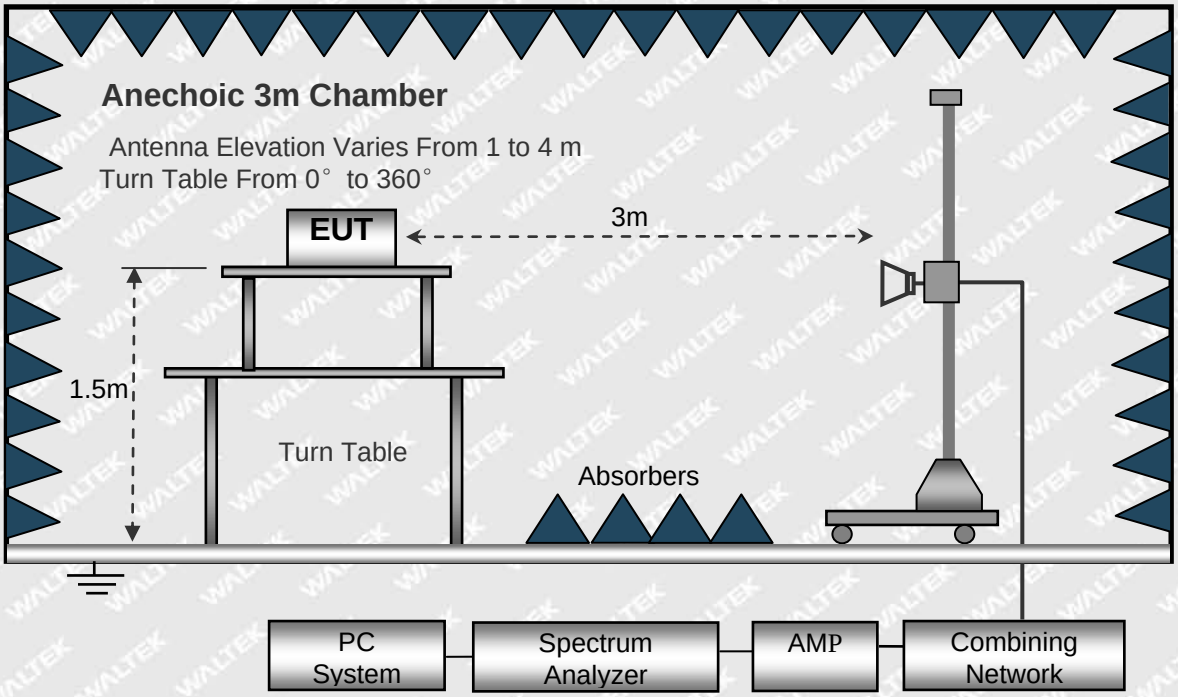
The test setup for emission measurement below 30MHz.



The test setup for emission measurement from 30 MHz to 1 GHz.



The test setup for emission measurement above 1 GHz.



7.3.4 Spectrum Analyzer Setup

9KHz-30MHz	30MHz-1GHz	Above 1GHz
RBW=10kHz	RBW=120kHz	RBW=1MHz
VBW=30kHz	VBW=300kHz	VBW=3MHz(Peak), 10MHz(AV)
Sweep time=Auto	Sweep time=Auto	Sweep time=Auto
Trace=Max hold	Trace=Max hold	Trace=Max hold
Detector function=peak	Detector function=peak, QP	Detector function=peak, AV

7.3.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corr. Ampl. = Indicated Reading + Corr. Factor

Corr.Factor=Antenna Factor + Cable Factor - Amplifier Gain

The “Margin” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Corr. Ampl. – Limit

7.3.6 Test Results

Test Frequency: 9 kHz~30 MHz

The measurements were more than 20 dB below the limit and not reported.

Test Frequency: 30MHz ~ 18GHz

Low Channel_ANT 1

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV/m)	Detector (PK/QP/AVG)	Turn table Angle (°)	RX Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
				Height (m)	Polar (H/V)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
391.96	22.27	QP	281	1.3	H	17.63	39.90	46	-6.10
392.10	17.72	QP	123	1.6	V	18.69	36.41	46	-9.59
2398.25	78.00	PK	173	1.3	H	-23.06	54.94	74	-19.06
6933.75	56.90	PK	243	1.6	H	-14.71	42.19	74	-31.81
8602.00	84.34	PK	175	1.0	H	-40.84	43.50	74	-30.50
10564.50	52.23	PK	310	1.2	H	-6.63	45.60	74	-28.40
2398.25	72.65	PK	255	1.4	V	-23.11	49.54	74	-24.46
6017.25	56.20	PK	149	1.7	V	-16.78	39.42	74	-34.58
8202.75	53.89	PK	260	1.3	V	-11.54	42.35	74	-31.65
10599.75	52.00	PK	281	1.3	V	-6.81	45.19	74	-28.81

AV = Peak +20Log$_{10}$(duty cycle) =PK+(-8) [refer to section 6.2 for more detail]

Frequency (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	RX Antenna Polar (H/V)	Duty cycle Factor (dB)	Calculated AV (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
					Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
2398.25	54.94	H	-8	46.94	54	-7.06
6933.75	42.19	H	-8	34.19	54	-19.81
8602.00	43.50	H	-8	35.50	54	-18.50
10564.50	45.60	H	-8	37.60	54	-16.40
2398.25	49.54	V	-8	41.54	54	-12.46
6017.25	39.42	V	-8	31.42	54	-22.58
8202.75	42.35	V	-8	34.35	54	-19.65
10599.75	45.19	V	-8	37.19	54	-16.81

Test Date: April 14, 2022

Middle Channel_ANT 1

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV/m)	Detector (PK/QP/AVG)	Turn table Angle (°)	RX Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
				Height (m)	Polar (H/V)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
392.10	22.08	QP	250	1.2	H	17.63	39.71	46	-6.29
392.10	17.98	QP	147	1.3	V	18.69	36.67	46	-9.33
2398.25	72.73	PK	169	1.2	H	-23.06	49.67	74	-24.33
4795.25	57.57	PK	265	1.6	H	-18.85	38.72	74	-35.28
7873.75	55.29	PK	100	1.5	H	-12.44	42.85	74	-31.15
9460.00	53.27	PK	129	1.3	H	-9.26	44.01	74	-29.99
2398.25	72.75	PK	229	1.7	V	-23.11	49.64	74	-24.36
6722.25	55.82	PK	281	1.4	V	-14.94	40.88	74	-33.12
7826.75	55.51	PK	229	1.7	V	-12.44	43.07	74	-30.93
9424.75	53.12	PK	110	1.8	V	-9.13	43.99	74	-30.01

AV = Peak +20Log$_{10}$(duty cycle) =PK+(-8) [refer to section 6.2 for more detail]

Frequency (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	RX Antenna Polar (H/V)	Duty cycle Factor (dB)	Calculated AV (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
					Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
2398.25	49.67	H	-8	41.67	54	-12.33
4795.25	38.72	H	-8	30.72	54	-23.28
7873.75	42.85	H	-8	34.85	54	-19.15
9460.00	44.01	H	-8	36.01	54	-17.99
2398.25	49.64	V	-8	41.64	54	-12.36
6722.25	40.88	V	-8	32.88	54	-21.12
7826.75	43.07	V	-8	35.07	54	-18.93
9424.75	43.99	V	-8	35.99	54	-18.01

Test Date: April 14, 2022

High Channel_ANT 1

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV/m)	Detector (PK/QP/AVG)	Turn table Angle (°)	RX Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
				Height (m)	Polar (H/V)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
360.07	22.82	QP	171	1.9	H	16.75	39.57	46	-6.43
392.10	17.78	QP	258	1.4	V	18.69	36.47	46	-9.53
2433.50	78.74	PK	127	1.7	H	-22.91	55.83	74	-18.17
6628.25	55.61	PK	175	1.2	H	-15.36	40.25	74	-33.75
7944.25	54.39	PK	203	1.7	H	-12.14	42.25	74	-31.75
10482.25	50.75	PK	109	1.8	H	-6.83	43.92	74	-30.08
2433.50	78.66	PK	151	1.3	V	-22.99	55.67	74	-18.33
6757.50	55.77	PK	114	1.4	V	-14.89	40.88	74	-33.12
8261.50	54.25	PK	115	1.5	V	-11.42	42.83	74	-31.17
9483.50	52.86	PK	289	1.6	V	-9.00	43.86	74	-30.14

AV = Peak +20Log$_{10}$(duty cycle) =PK+(-8) [refer to section 6.2 for more detail]

Frequency (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	RX Antenna Polar (H/V)	Duty cycle Factor (dB)	Calculated AV (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
					Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
2433.50	55.83	H	-8	47.83	54	-6.17
6628.25	40.25	H	-8	32.25	54	-21.75
7944.25	42.25	H	-8	34.25	54	-19.75
10482.25	43.92	H	-8	35.92	54	-18.08
2433.50	55.67	V	-8	47.67	54	-6.33
6757.50	40.88	V	-8	32.88	54	-21.12
8261.50	42.83	V	-8	34.83	54	-19.17
9483.50	43.86	V	-8	35.86	54	-18.14

Test Date: April 14, 2022

Low Channel_ANT 2

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV/m)	Detector (PK/QP/AVG)	Turn table Angle (°)	RX Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
				Height (m)	Polar (H/V)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
81.81	20.41	QP	116	1.8	H	10.25	30.66	40	-9.34
112.05	22.47	QP	168	1.6	V	11.93	34.40	43.50	-9.10
2433.50	78.86	PK	129	1.9	H	-22.91	55.95	74	-18.05
6734.00	56.26	PK	239	1.7	H	-15.13	41.13	74	-32.87
8014.75	54.99	PK	203	1.8	H	-12.00	42.99	74	-31.01
9424.75	53.08	PK	264	1.1	H	-9.35	43.73	74	-30.27
2433.50	78.70	PK	263	1.2	V	-22.99	55.71	74	-18.29
6640.00	56.03	PK	191	1.4	V	-15.09	40.94	74	-33.06
8202.75	54.52	PK	184	1.8	V	-11.54	42.98	74	-31.02
9424.75	53.38	PK	260	1.9	V	-9.13	44.25	74	-29.75

AV = Peak +20Log$_{10}$(duty cycle) =PK+(-8) [refer to section 6.2 for more detail]

Frequency (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	RX Antenna Polar (H/V)	Duty cycle Factor (dB)	Calculated AV (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
					Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
2433.50	55.95	H	-8	47.95	54	-6.05
6734.00	41.13	H	-8	33.13	54	-20.87
8014.75	42.99	H	-8	34.99	54	-19.01
9424.75	43.73	H	-8	35.73	54	-18.27
2433.50	55.71	V	-8	47.71	54	-6.29
6640.00	40.94	V	-8	32.94	54	-21.06
8202.75	42.98	V	-8	34.98	54	-19.02
9424.75	44.25	V	-8	36.25	54	-17.75

Test Date: April 14, 2022

Middle Channel_ANT 2

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV/m)	Detector (PK/QP/AVG)	Turn table Angle (°)	RX Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
				Height (m)	Polar (H/V)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
82.27	20.45	QP	239	1.6	H	10.30	30.75	40	-9.25
112.21	20.05	QP	283	1.5	V	11.94	31.99	43.50	-11.51
2457.00	61.59	PK	173	1.2	H	-22.82	38.77	74	-35.23
7533.00	55.72	PK	249	1.9	H	-13.05	42.67	74	-31.33
9389.50	52.76	PK	211	1.4	H	-9.44	43.32	74	-30.68
10870.00	50.53	PK	223	1.1	H	-5.98	44.55	74	-29.45
2457.00	61.67	PK	128	1.1	V	-22.90	38.77	74	-35.23
6792.75	55.14	PK	288	1.8	V	-14.82	40.32	74	-33.68
8226.25	53.99	PK	198	1.2	V	-11.48	42.51	74	-31.49
10682.00	51.15	PK	124	1.7	V	-6.69	44.46	74	-29.54

AV = Peak +20Log$_{10}$(duty cycle) =PK+(-8) [refer to section 6.2 for more detail]

Frequency (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	RX Antenna Polar (H/V)	Duty cycle Factor (dB)	Calculated AV (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
					Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
2457.00	38.77	H	-8	30.77	54	-23.23
7533.00	42.67	H	-8	34.67	54	-19.33
9389.50	43.32	H	-8	35.32	54	-18.68
10870.00	44.55	H	-8	36.55	54	-17.45
2457.00	38.77	V	-8	30.77	54	-23.23
6792.75	40.32	V	-8	32.32	54	-21.68
8226.25	42.51	V	-8	34.51	54	-19.49
10682.00	44.46	V	-8	36.46	54	-17.54

Test Date: April 14, 2022

High Channel_ANT 2

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV/m)	Detector (PK/QP/AVG)	Turn table Angle (°)	RX Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
				Height (m)	Polar (H/V)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
82.01	23.80	QP	104	1.7	H	10.27	34.07	40	-5.93
179.95	18.77	QP	215	1.8	V	13.49	32.26	43.50	-11.24
2457.00	61.84	PK	104	1.3	H	-22.82	39.02	74	-34.98
6663.50	56.93	PK	178	1.2	H	-15.28	41.65	74	-32.35
7862.00	55.17	PK	165	1.7	H	-12.32	42.85	74	-31.15
10623.25	51.10	PK	180	1.5	H	-6.50	44.60	74	-29.40
2457.00	61.93	PK	235	1.7	V	-22.90	39.03	74	-34.97
8308.50	54.14	PK	255	1.2	V	-11.34	42.80	74	-31.20
9401.25	53.19	PK	107	1.3	V	-9.19	44.00	74	-30.00
10494.00	52.59	PK	163	1.4	V	-6.99	45.60	74	-28.40

AV = Peak +20Log$_{10}$(duty cycle) =PK+(-8) [refer to section 6.2 for more detail]

Frequency (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	RX Antenna Polar (H/V)	Duty cycle Factor (dB)	Calculated AV (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
					Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
2457.00	39.02	H	-8	31.02	54	-22.98
6663.50	41.65	H	-8	33.65	54	-20.35
7862.00	42.85	H	-8	34.85	54	-19.15
10623.25	44.60	H	-8	36.60	54	-17.40
2457.00	39.03	V	-8	31.03	54	-22.97
8308.50	42.80	V	-8	34.80	54	-19.20
9401.25	44.00	V	-8	36.00	54	-18.00
10494.00	45.60	V	-8	37.60	54	-16.40

Test Date: April 14, 2022

Test Frequency: 18GHz~25GHz

The measurements were more than 20 dB below the limit and not reported.

7.4 Band Edge Measurement

7.4.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

7.4.2 Test Procedure

According to the KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Subclause 8.4 and ANSI C63.10-2013 Subclause 11.11, the Emissions in nonrestricted frequency bands test method as follows:

a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
c) Set the VBW ≥ [3 × RBW].
d) Detector = peak.
e) Sweep time = auto couple.
f) Trace mode = max hold.
g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

According to the KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Subclause 8.5 and ANSI C63.10-2013 Subclause 11.12, the Emissions in restricted frequency bands test method as follows:

A. Radiated emission measurements:
Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge,
as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2310MHz to 2420MHz
for low bandedge, 2460MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)
RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz for peak value measured
RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz for average value measured
Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak/average; Trace = max hold
All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the band edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge. Enable the marker-delta function, and then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emissions must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205.

Note that the method of measurement KDB publication number: 913591 may be used for the radiated band edge measurements.

B. Antenna-port conducted measurements

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

a) RBW = as specified in Table 9/

b) VBW ≥ [3 × RBW].

c) Detector = peak.

d) Sweep time = auto.

e) Trace mode = max hold.

f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be lengthened for low-duty-cycle applications.)

Table 9—RBW as a function of frequency

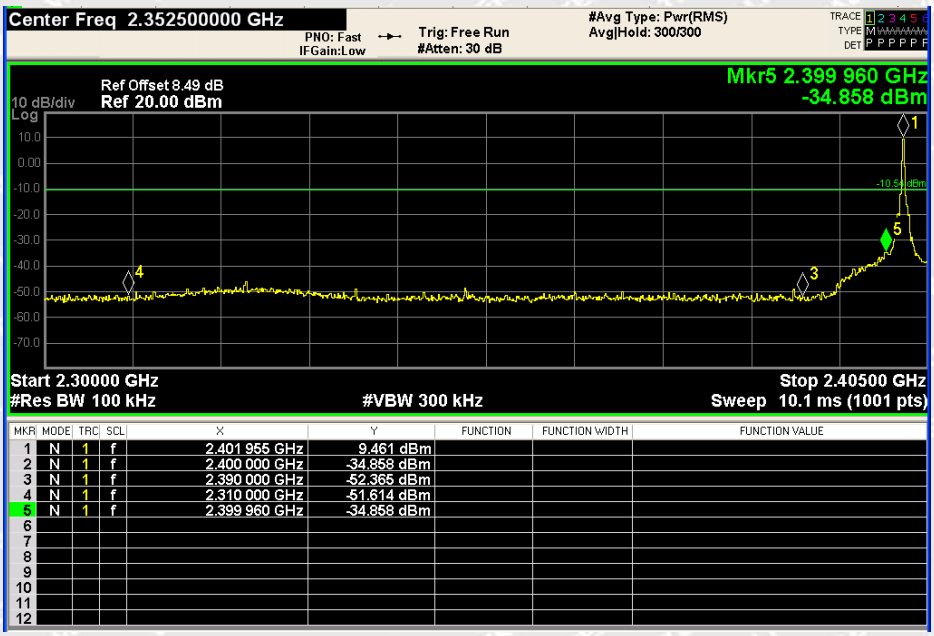
Frequency	RBW
9 kHz to 150 kHz	200 Hz to 300 Hz
0.15 MHz to 30 MHz	9 kHz to 10 kHz
30 MHz to 1000 MHz	100 kHz to 120 kHz
>1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in section 8.1.

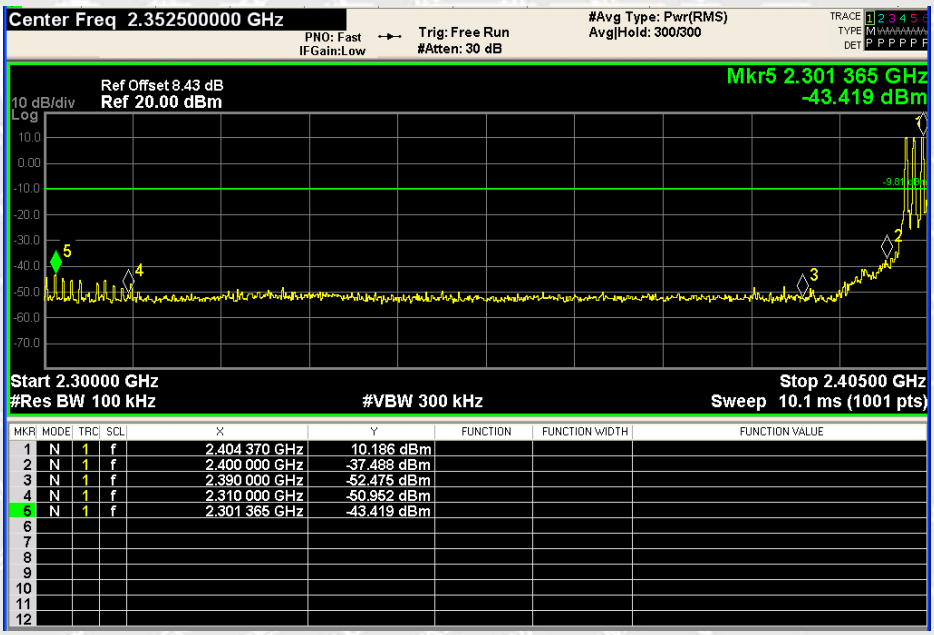
7.4.3 Test Result

Transmitting Band edge-left side_ANT 1



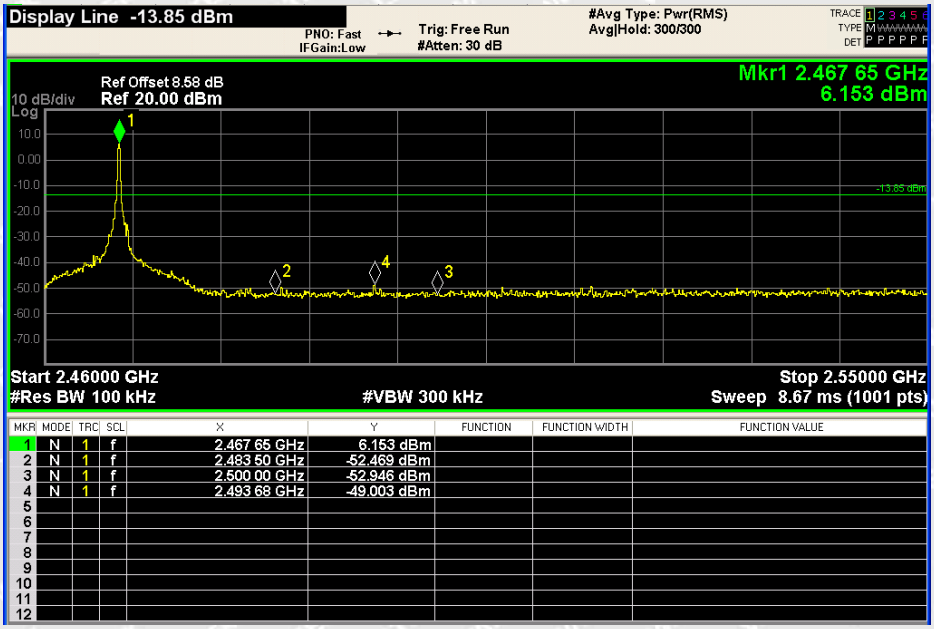
Date: March 28, 2022

Hopping Band edge-left side_ANT 1



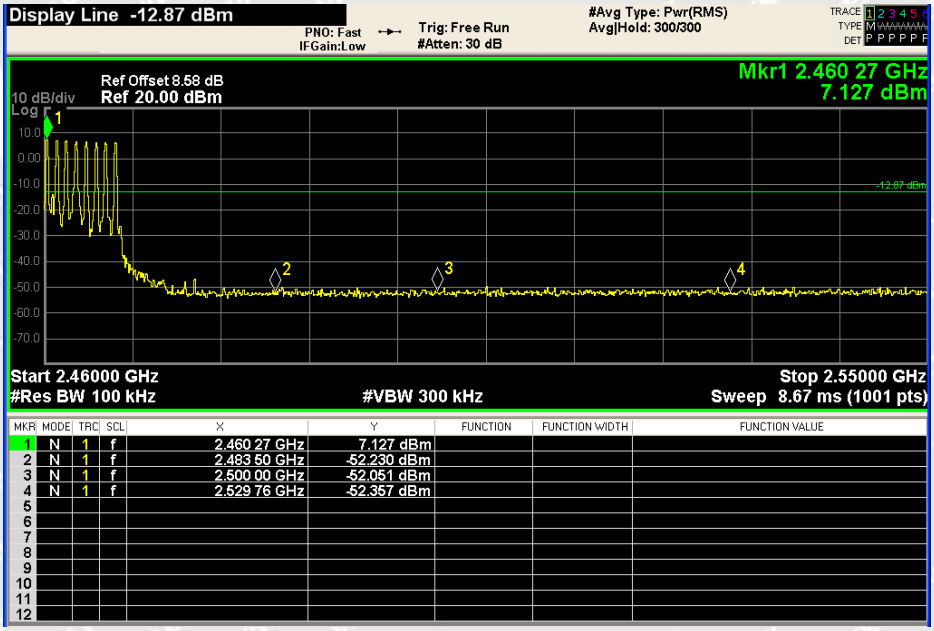
Date: March 28, 2022

Transmitting Band edge-right side_ANT 1



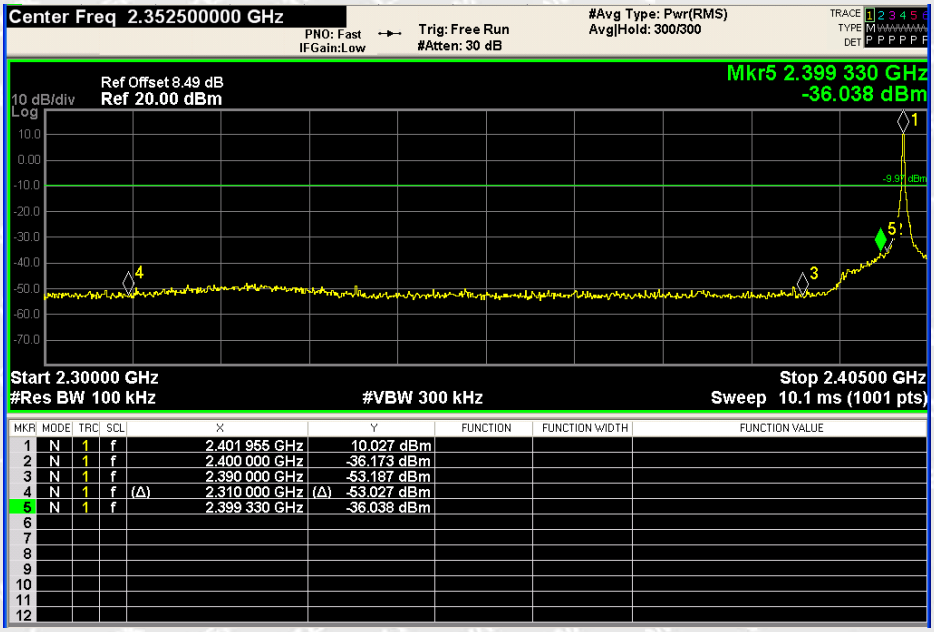
Date: March 28, 2022

Hopping Band edge-right side_ANT 1



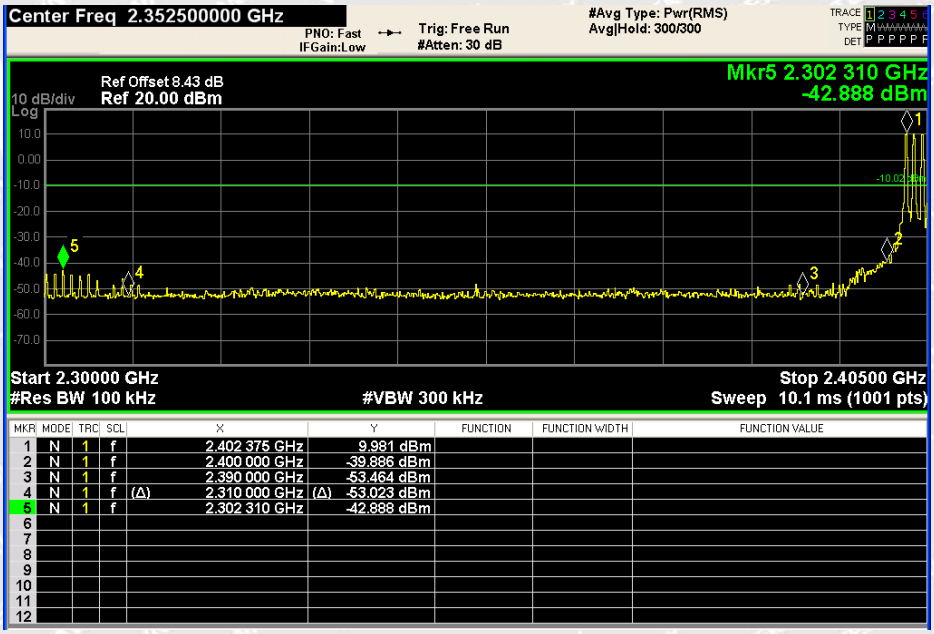
Date: March 28, 2022

Transmitting Band edge-left side_ANT 2



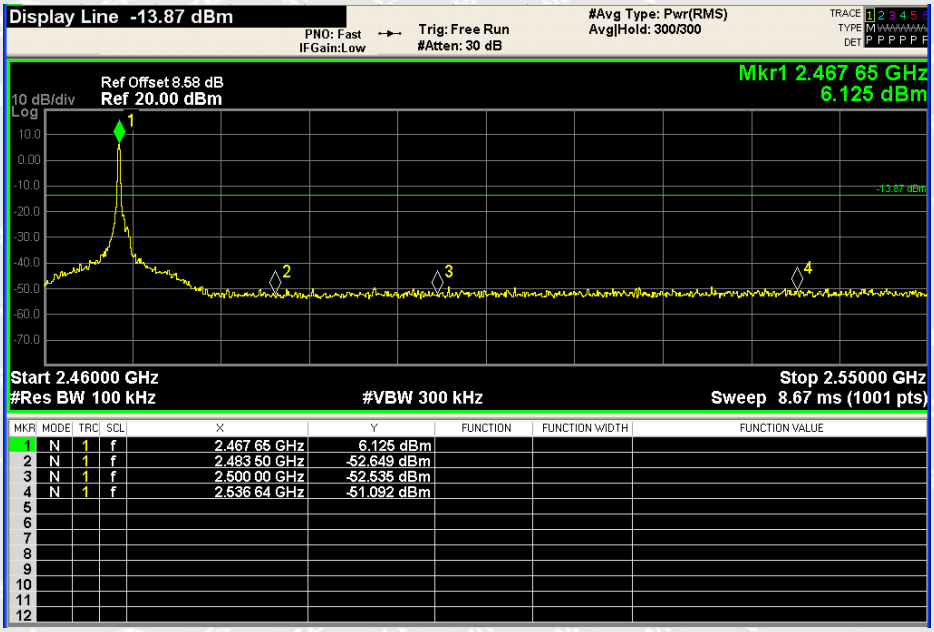
Date: March 28, 2022

Hopping Band edge-left side_ANT 2



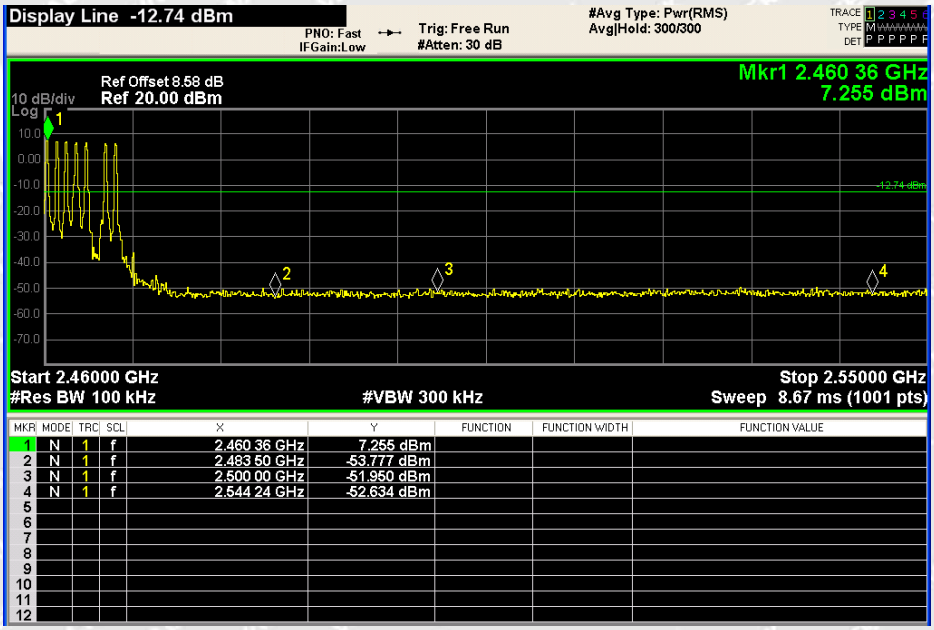
Date: March 28, 2022

Transmitting Band edge-right side_ANT 2



Date: March 28, 2022

Hopping Band edge-right side_ANT 2



Date: March 28, 2022

7.5 20 dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.5.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.215(c), intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

The specific rule section under which the equipment operates is §15.247. According to §15.247(a)(2), for systems using digital modulation techniques (DTS), the 6 dB bandwidth (DTS bandwidth) is specified as the bandwidth of the emission. In this case, measuring the 20 dB bandwidth is not required.

7.5.2 Test Procedure

1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;

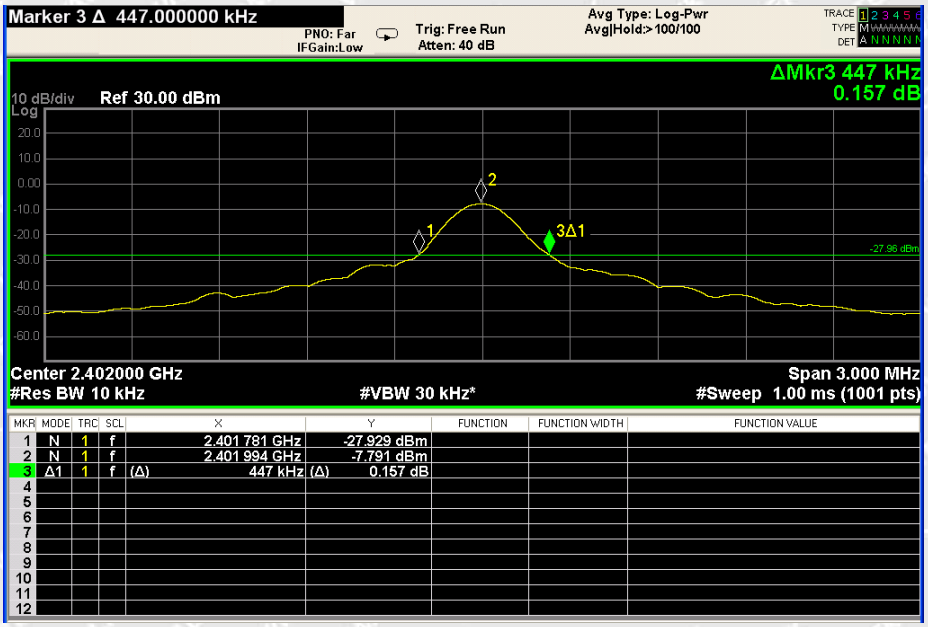
2) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 10kHz, VBW = 30kHz

7.5.3 Test Result

Antenna	Modulation	Test Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Band edge left		Band edge right		Result
				Frequency (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	
ANT 1	MSK	Low	447	2401.781	>2400	2401.994	<2483.5	Pass
	MSK	Middle	456	2434.423	>2400	2434.648	<2483.5	Pass
	MSK	High	453	2467.415	>2400	2467.640	<2483.5	Pass
ANT 2	MSK	Low	429	2401.772	>2400	2401.994	<2483.5	Pass
	MSK	Middle	456	2434.411	>2400	2434.645	<2483.5	Pass
	MSK	High	432	2467.424	>2400	2467.640	<2483.5	Pass

Test result plot as follow:

Low Channel_ANT 1

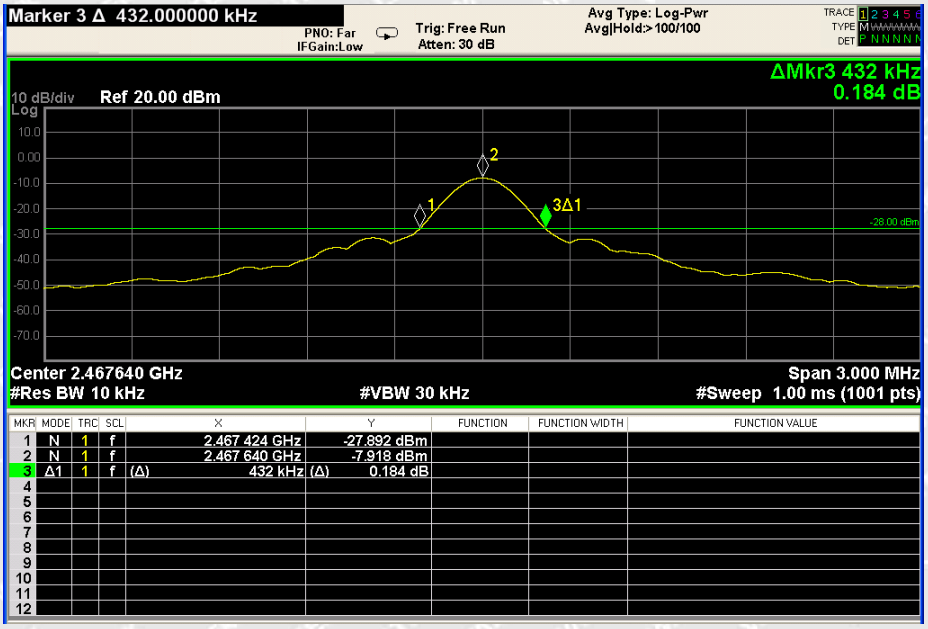


Date: Jun 02, 2022

Middle Channel_ANT 1

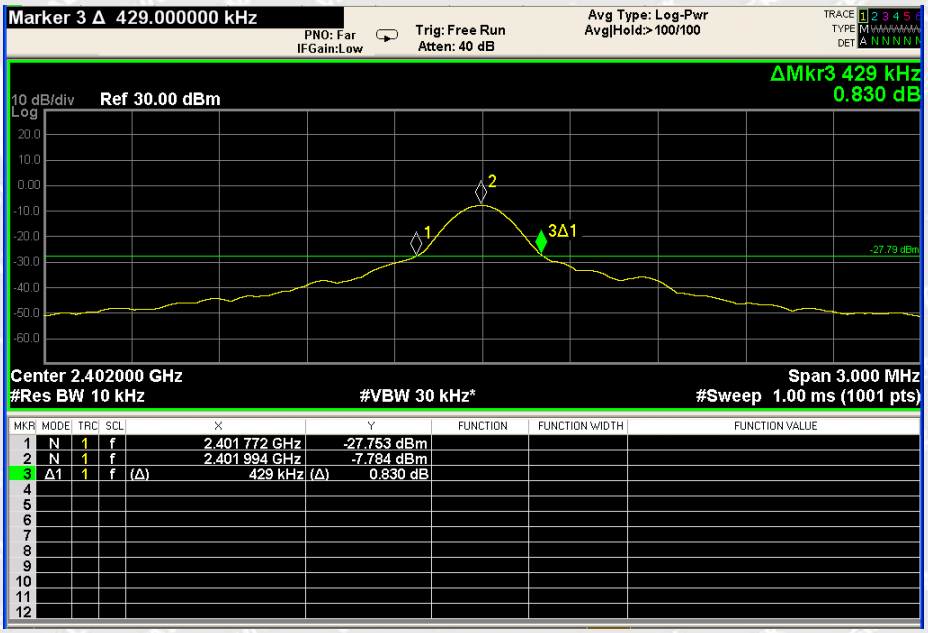
Date: Jun 02, 2022

High Channel_ANT 1



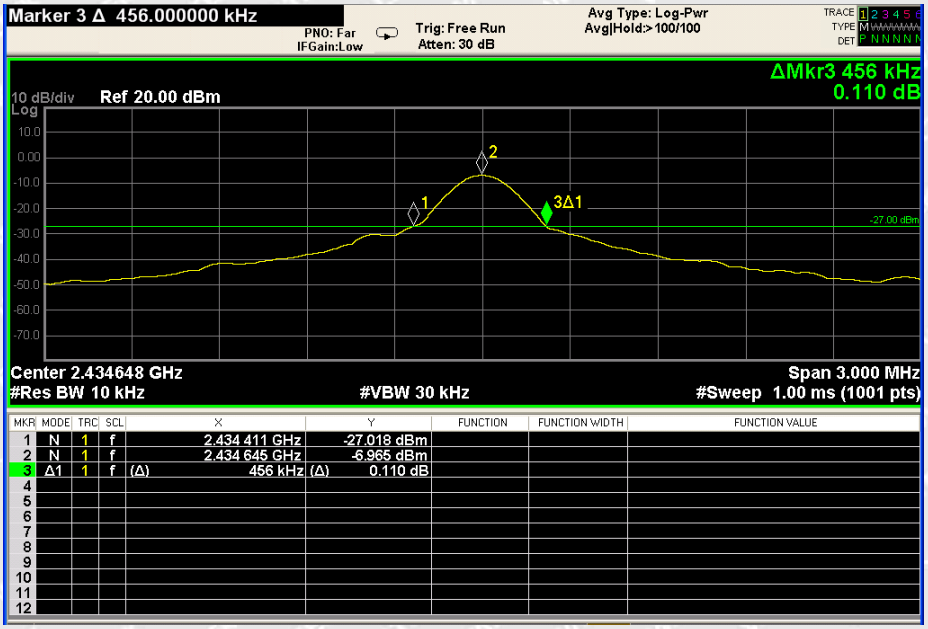
Date: Jun 02, 2022

Low Channel_ANT 2



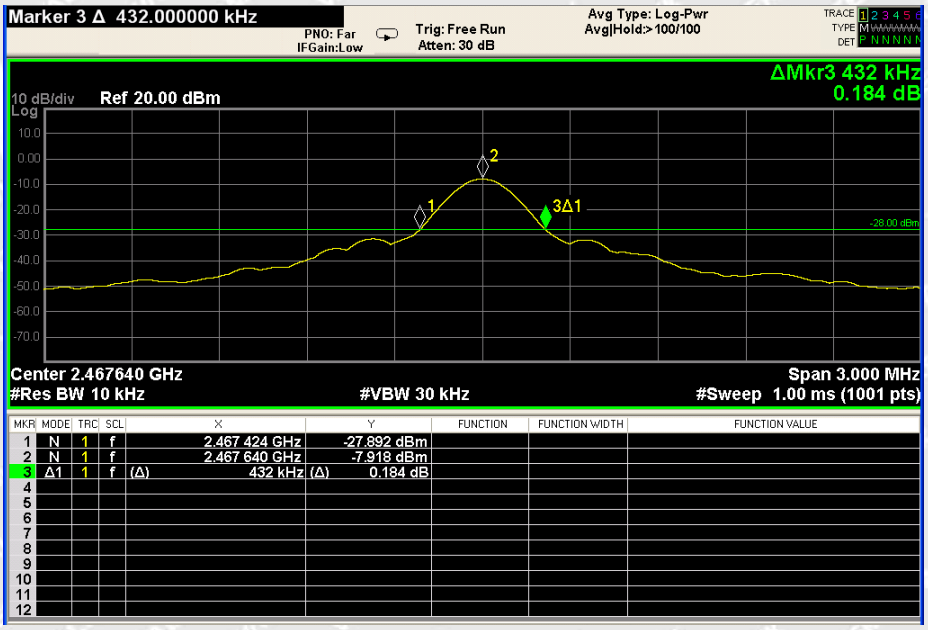
Date: Jun 02, 2022

Middle Channel_ANT 2



Date: Jun 02, 2022

High Channel_ANT 2



Date: Jun 02, 2022

7.6 Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

7.6.1 Standard Applicable

According to section 5.2 of KDB Publication 558074, document D01, the 99 % occupied bandwidth is necessary for setting the proper reference level and input attenuation.

Although there is no limit specified, the occupied bandwidth has to be recorded and reported.

7.6.2 Test Procedure

1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;

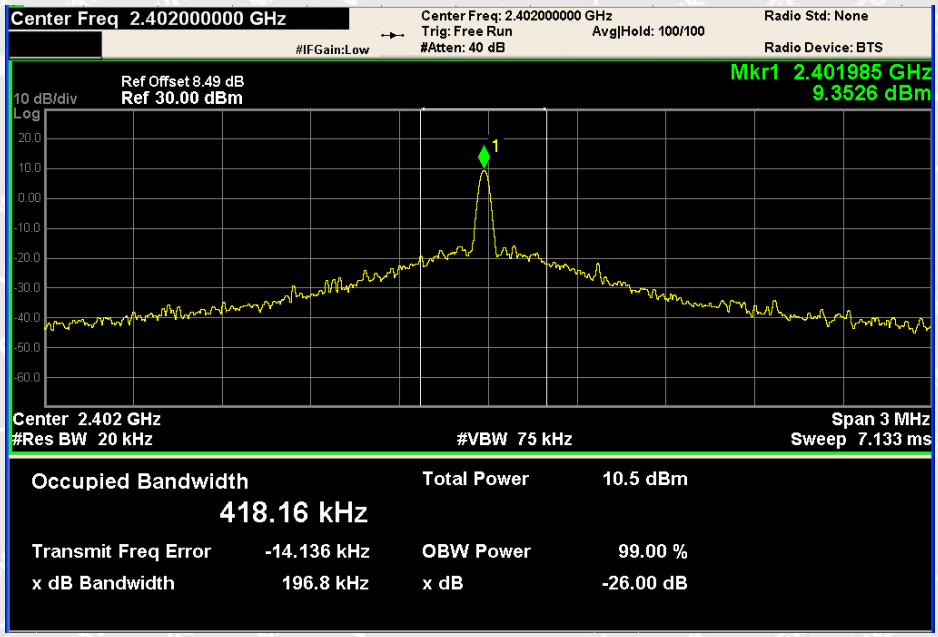
2) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 30kHz, VBW = 100kHz

7.6.3 Test Result

Antenna	Modulation	Test Channel	99% Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)	Result
ANT 1	MSK	Low	418.16	Pass
	MSK	Middle	376.52	Pass
	MSK	High	448.57	Pass
ANT 2	MSK	Low	478.44	Pass
	MSK	Middle	410.57	Pass
	MSK	High	471.78	Pass

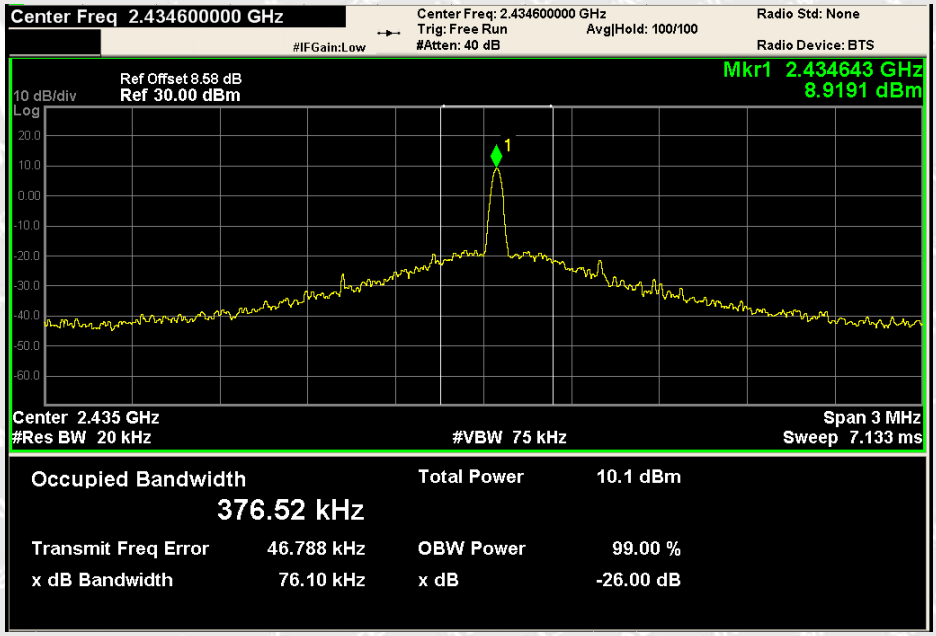
Test result plot as follow:

Low Channel_ANT 1



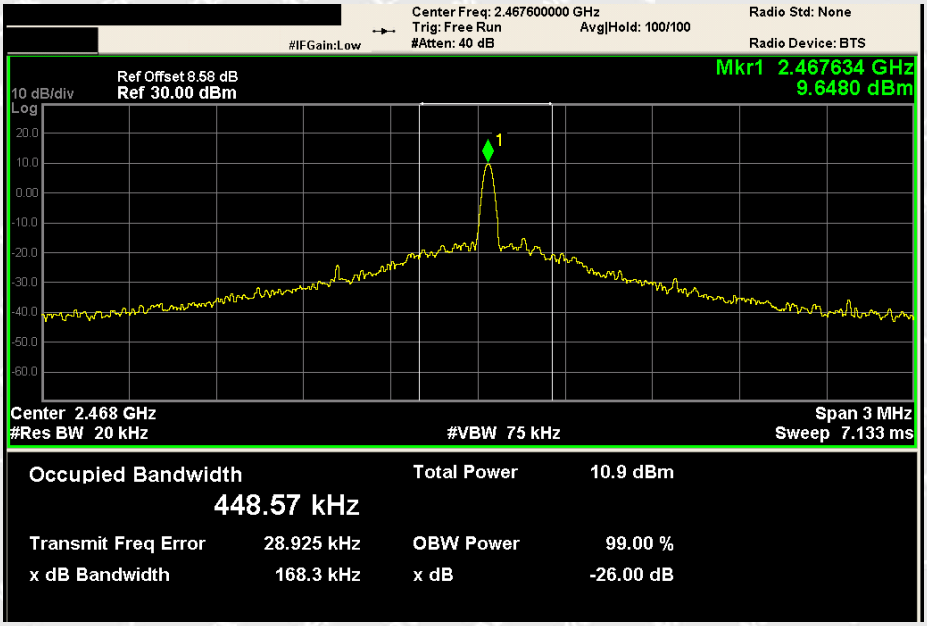
Date: March 28, 2022

Middle Channel_ANT 1



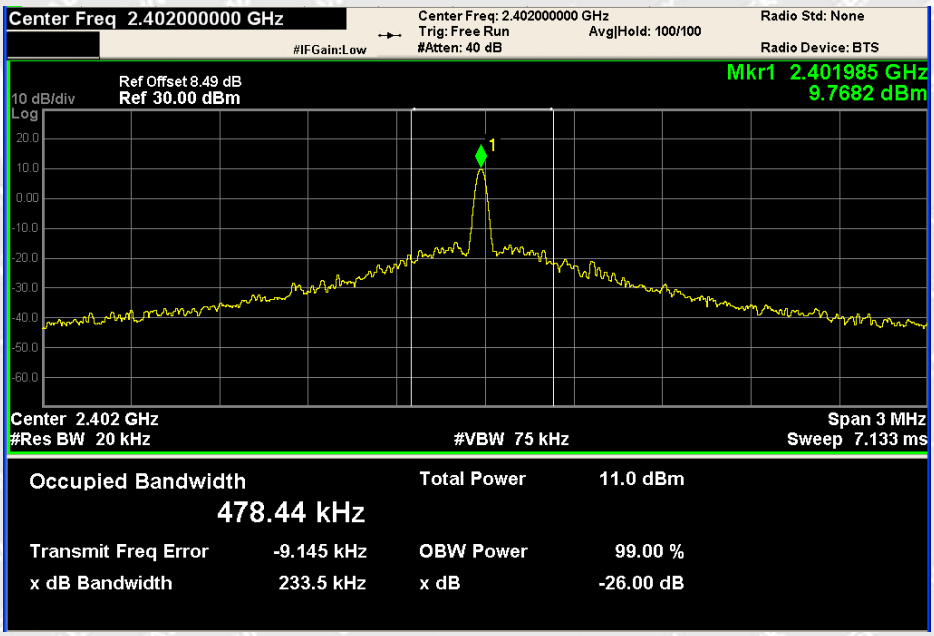
Date: March 28, 2022

High Channel_ANT 1



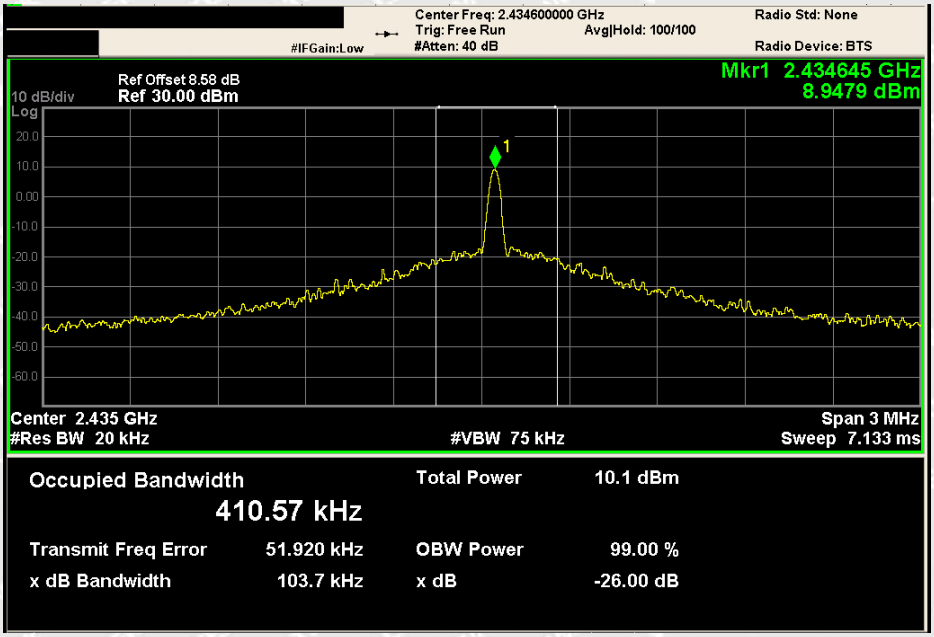
Date: March 28, 2022

Low Channel_ANT 2



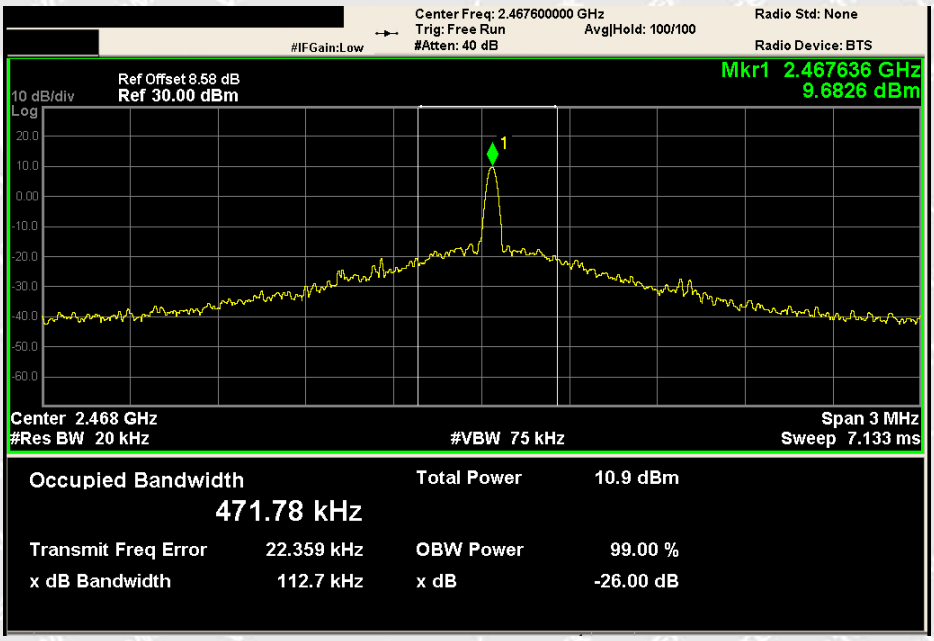
Date: March 28, 2022

Middle Channel_ANT 2



Date: March 28, 2022

High Channel_ANT 2



Date: March 28, 2022

7.7 Maximum Peak Output Power

7.7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

7.7.2 Test Procedure

According to the ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.5,

This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test:

a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

1) Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
2) RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
3) VBW ≥ RBW.
4) Sweep: Auto.
5) Detector function: Peak.
6) Trace: Max hold.

b) Allow trace to stabilize.

c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.

d) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.

e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

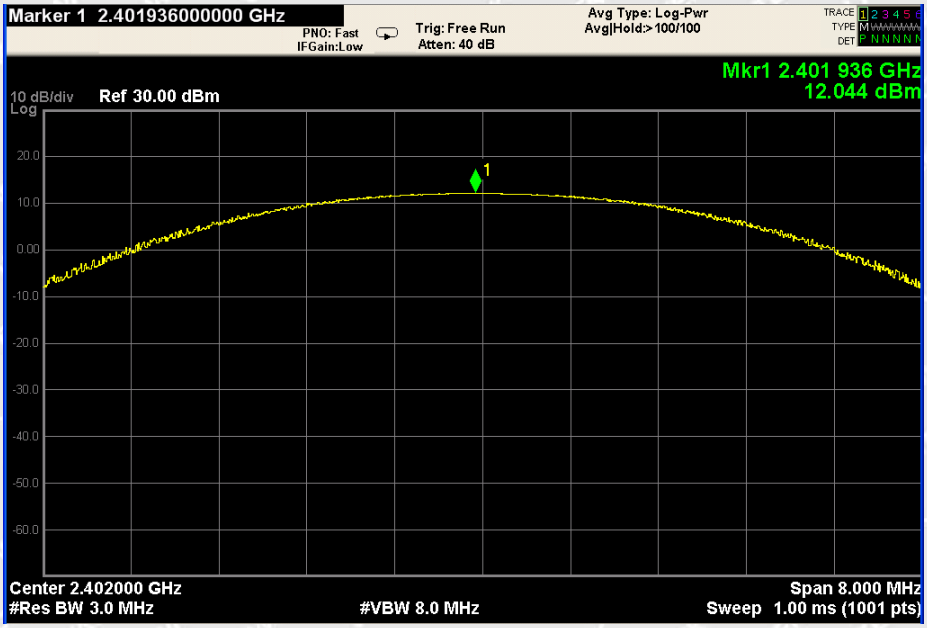
NOTE-A peak responding power meter may be used, where the power meter and sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the unlicensed wireless device, rather than a spectrum analyzer.

7.7.3 Test Result

Antenna Port	Modulation	Test Channel	Reading (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Limit (mW)
ANT1	MSK	Low	12.044	16.010	125
	MSK	Middle	11.189	13.149	125
	MSK	High	11.814	15.184	125
ANT2	MSK	Low	**12.059**	16.066	125
	MSK	Middle	11.153	13.041	125
	MSK	High	11.783	15.076	125

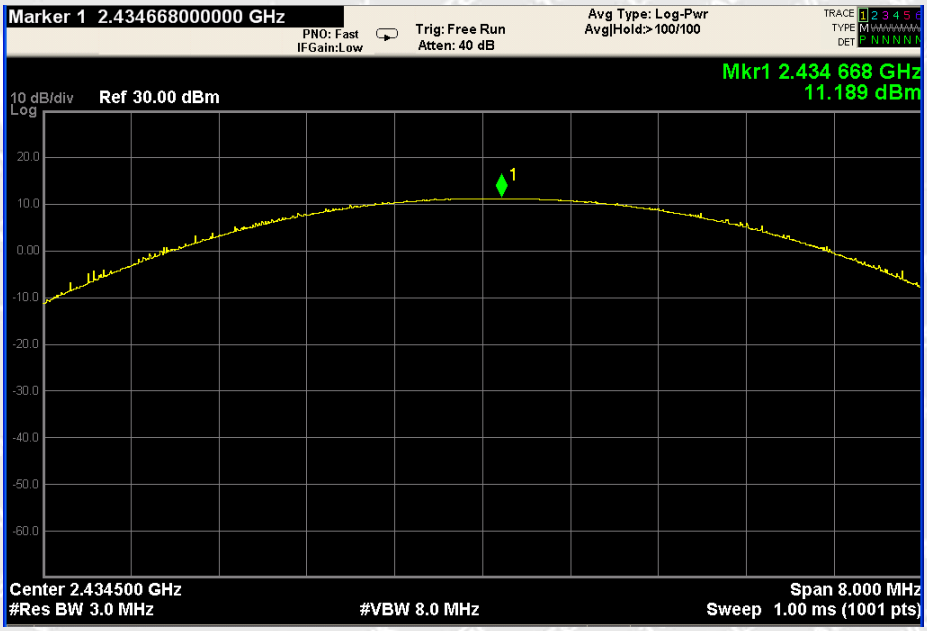
Test result plot as follow:

Low Channel_ANT 1



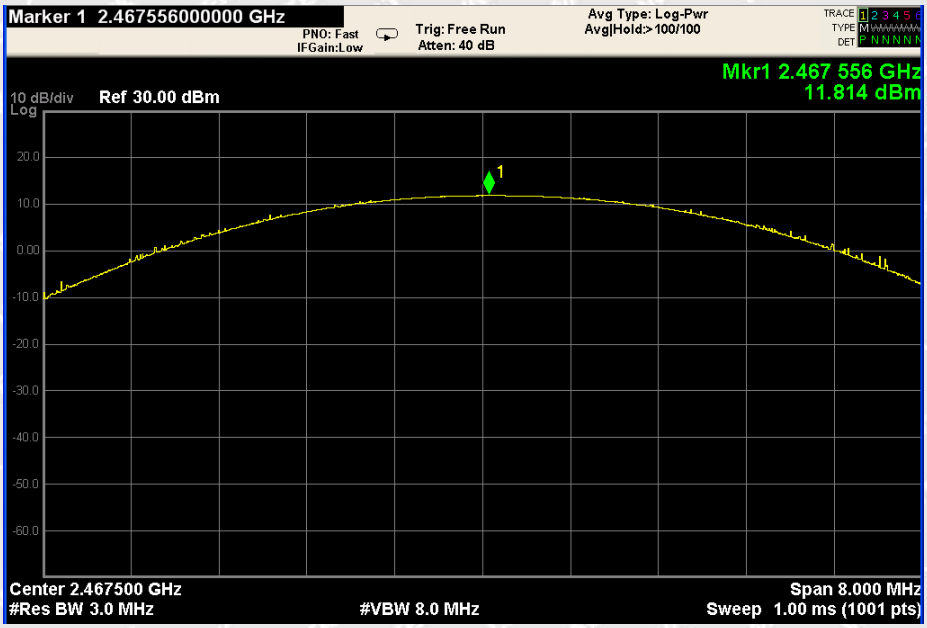
Date: June 16, 2022

Middle Channel_ANT 1



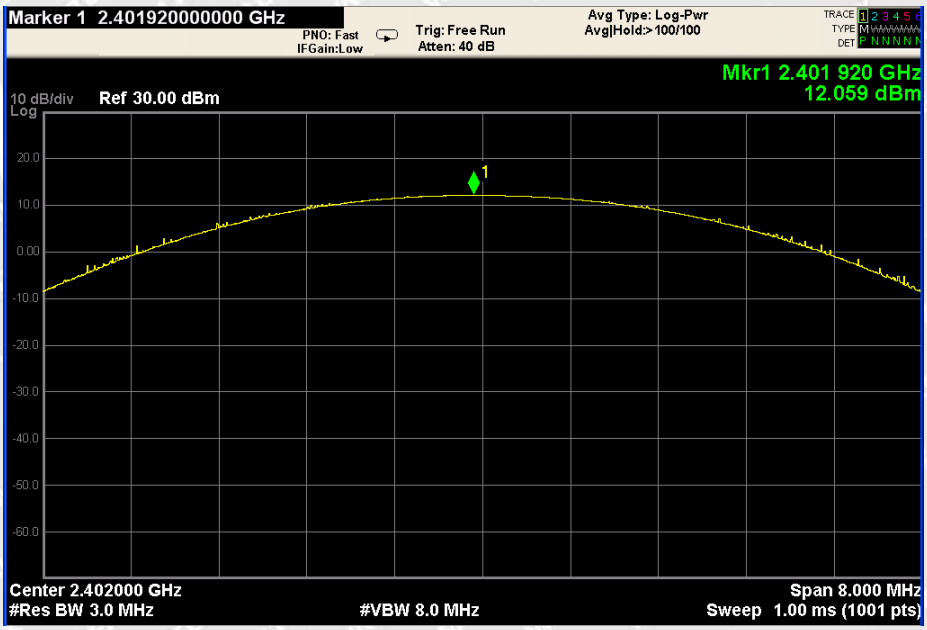
Date: June 16, 2022

High Channel_ANT 1



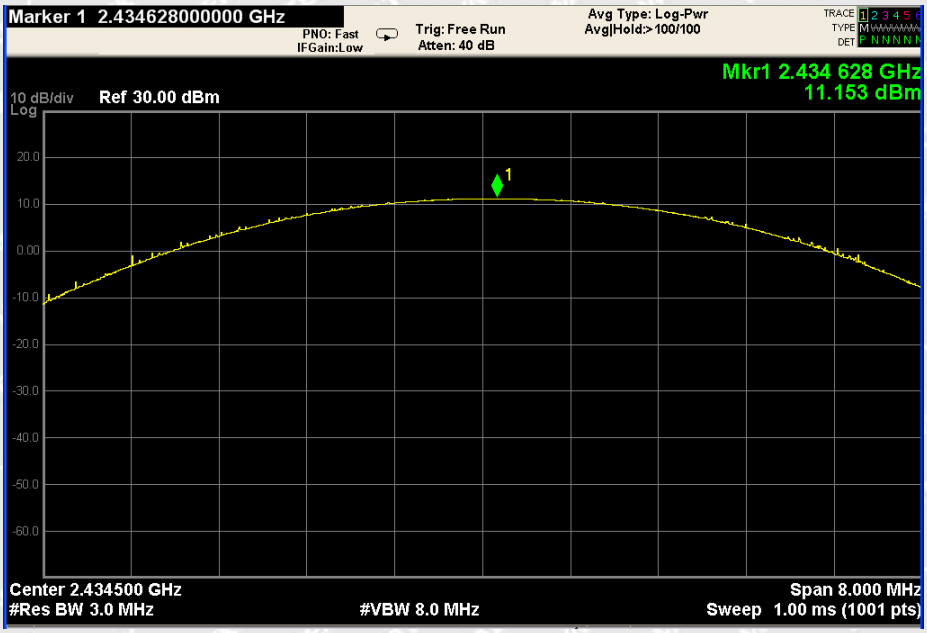
Date: June 16, 2022

Low Channel_ANT 2



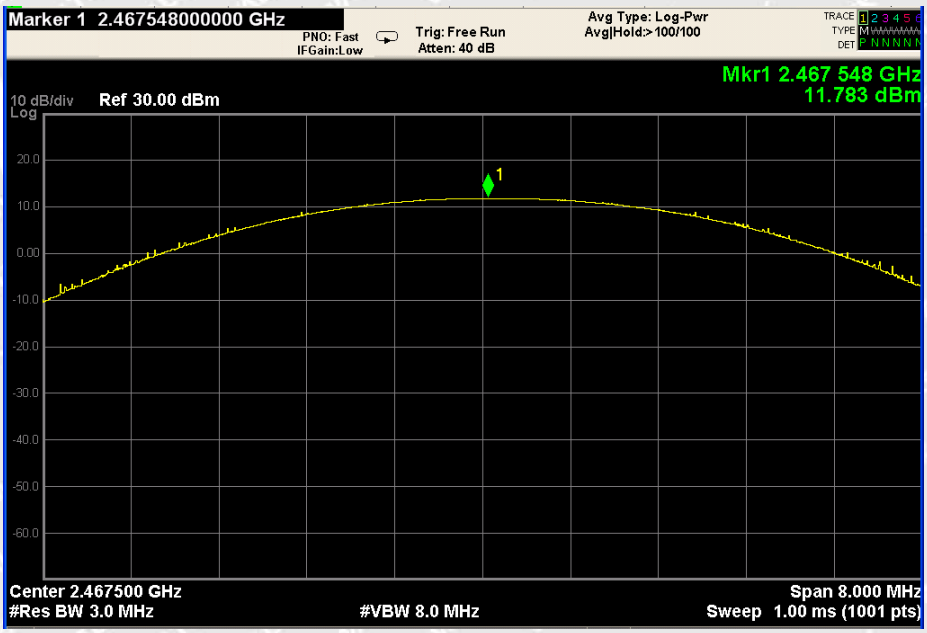
Date: June 16, 2022

Middle Channel_ANT 2



Date: June 16, 2022

High Channel_ANT 2



Date: June 16, 2022

7.8 Carrier Frequency Separation

7.8.1 Standard Applicable

As specified in section 15.247(a) of 47 CFR Part 15, for frequency hopping systems the carrier frequency separation shall not be less than 25 KHz or 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band the carrier frequency separation shall be 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

7.8.2 Test Procedure

1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.

2) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 30kHz. VBW = 100kHz , Span = 3.0MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.

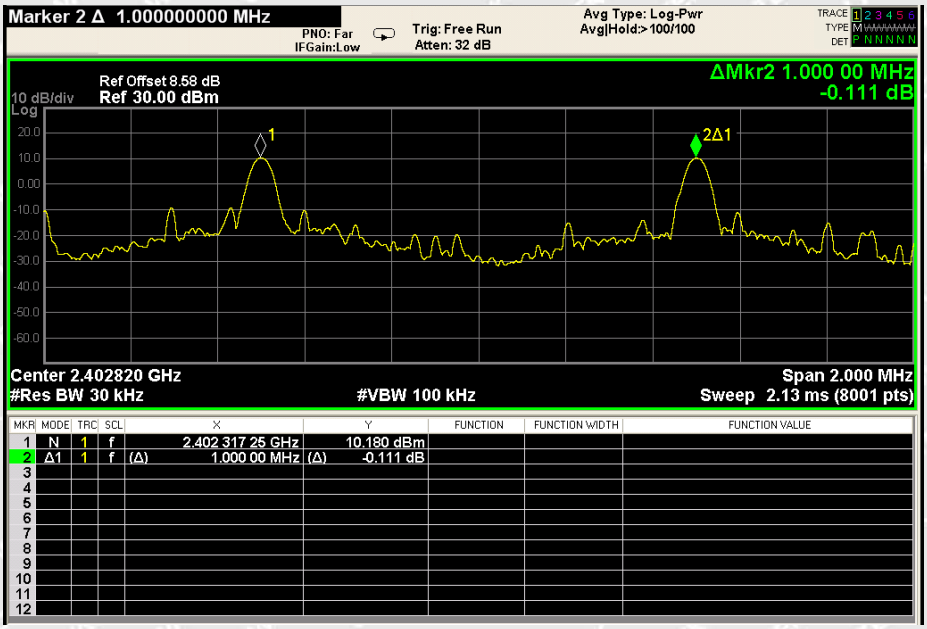
3) Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section Submit this plot.

7.8.3 Test Result

Antenna	Modulation	Test Channel	Separation (MHz)	Result
ANT 1	MSK	Low	1.000	Pass
	MSK	Middle	0.999	Pass
	MSK	High	1.000	Pass
ANT 2	MSK	Low	1.000	Pass
	MSK	Middle	0.999	Pass
	MSK	High	1.000	Pass

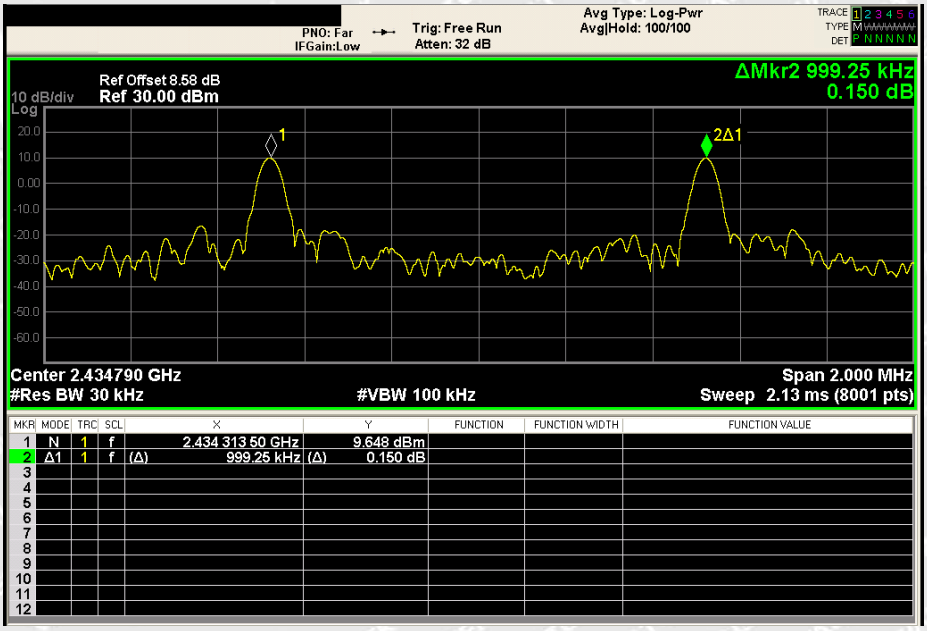
Test result plot as follow:

Low Channel_ANT 1



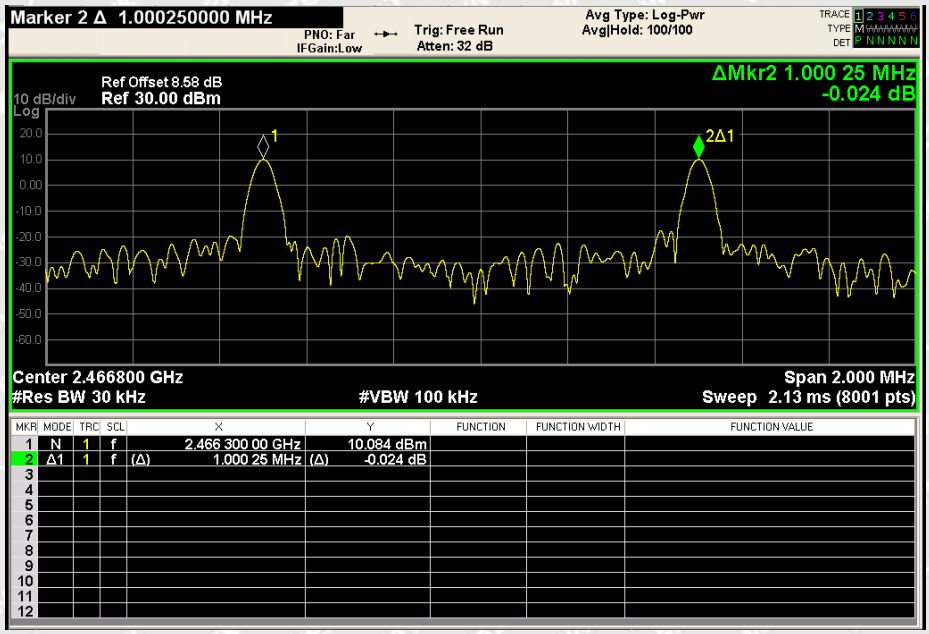
Date: April 13, 2022

Middle Channel_ANT 1



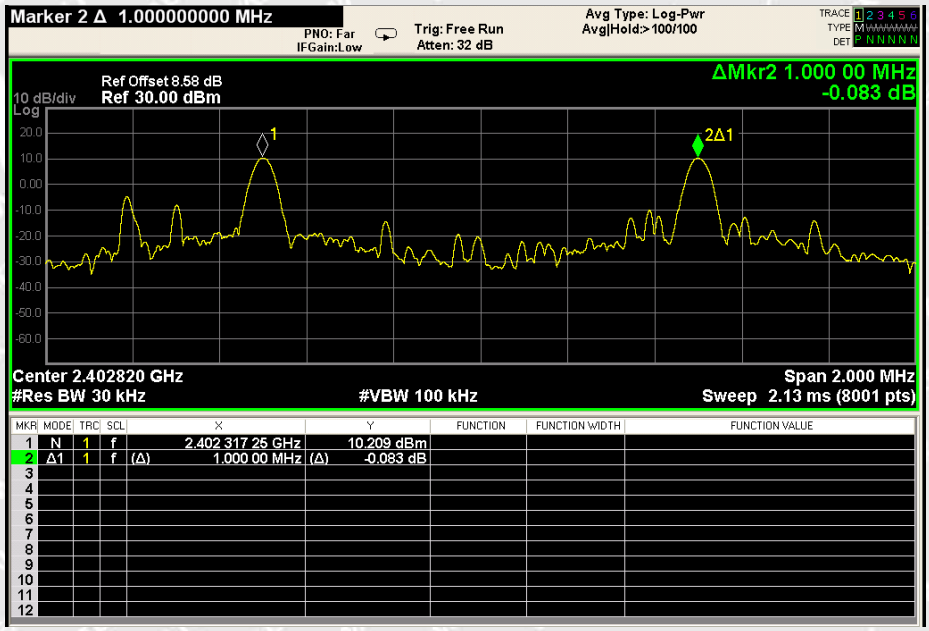
Date: April 13, 2022

High Channel_ANT 1



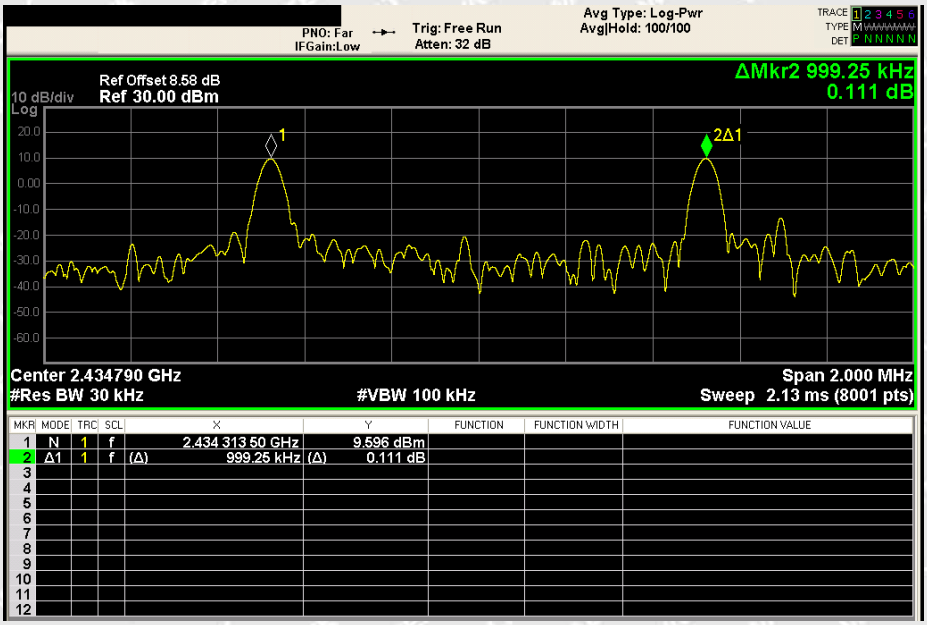
Date: April 13, 2022

Low Channel_ANT 2



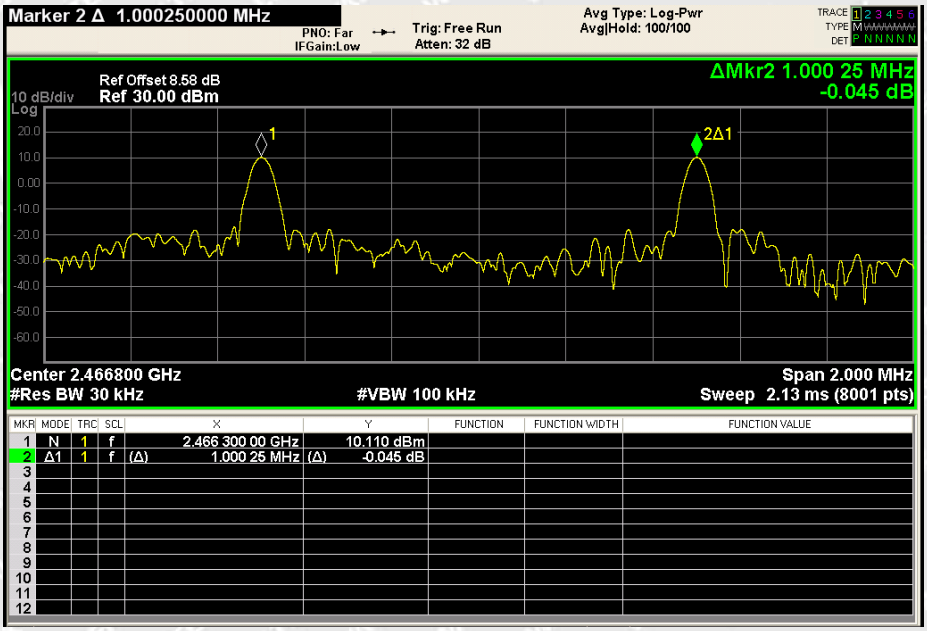
Date: April 13, 2022

Middle Channel_ANT 2



Date: April 13, 2022

High Channel_ANT 2



Date: April 13, 2022

7.9 Number of Hopping Frequency

7.9.1 Standard Applicable

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

7.9.2 Test Procedure

1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.

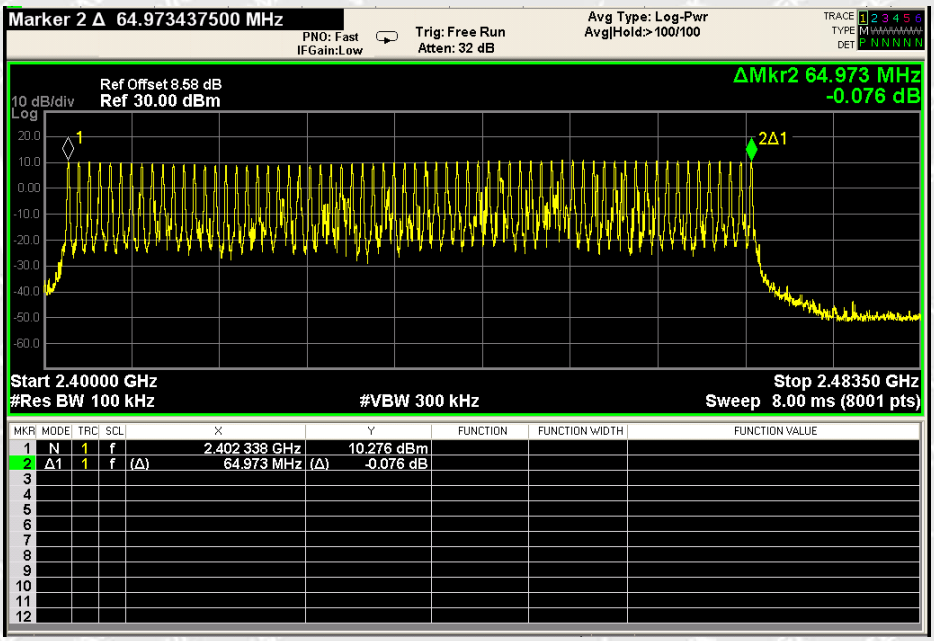
2) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 KHz. VBW = 300 KHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.

3) Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.

4) Set the spectrum analyzer: Start Frequency = 2.4GHz, Stop Frequency = 2.483GHz. Sweep=auto.

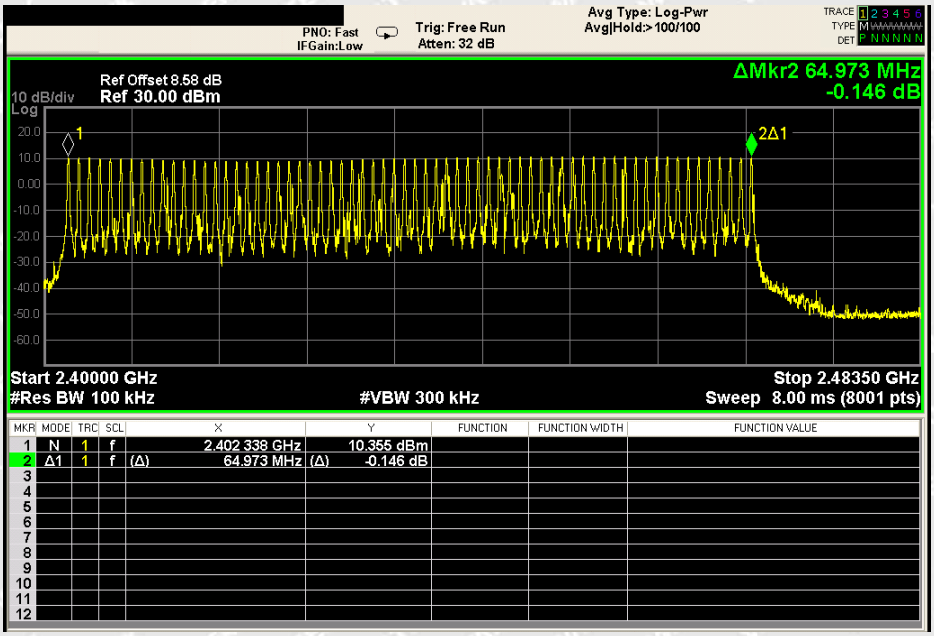
7.9.3 Test Result

66 Channels in total_ANT 1



Date: April 13, 2022

66 Channels in total_ANT 2



Date: April 13, 2022

7.10 Time of occupancy (Dwell Time)

7.10.1Standard Applicable

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

7.10.2Test Procedure

1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.

2) Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. Centred on a hopping channel;

3) Set RBW = 1MHz and VBW = 3MHz.Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel.

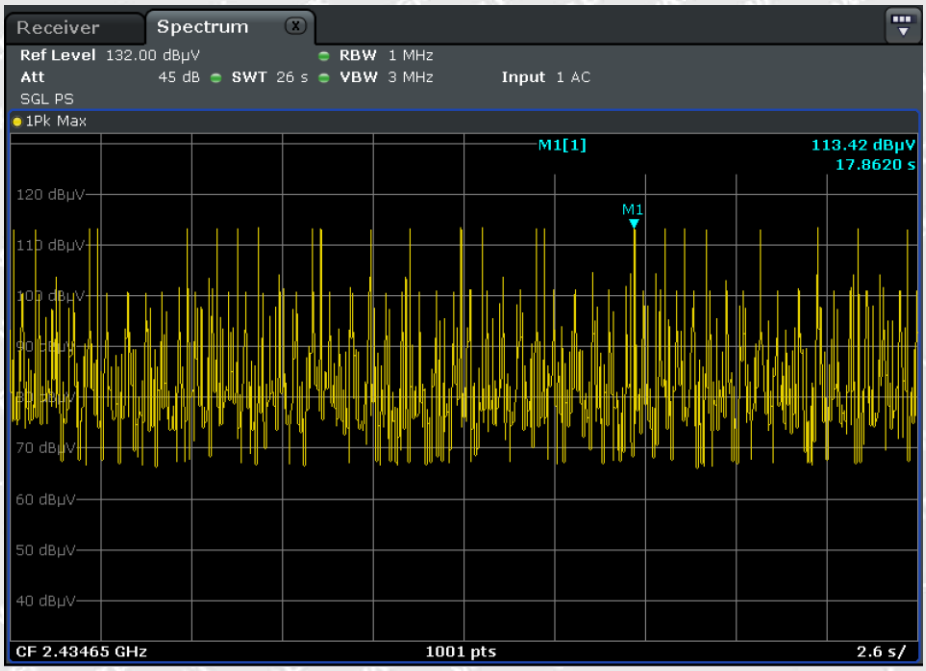
4) Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g.. data rate. modulation format. etc.). repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s).

7.10.3Test Result

As declared in §15.247(a)(iii) the observation period should 0.4 s multiplied by the number of hopping channels. So in this case the observation period is

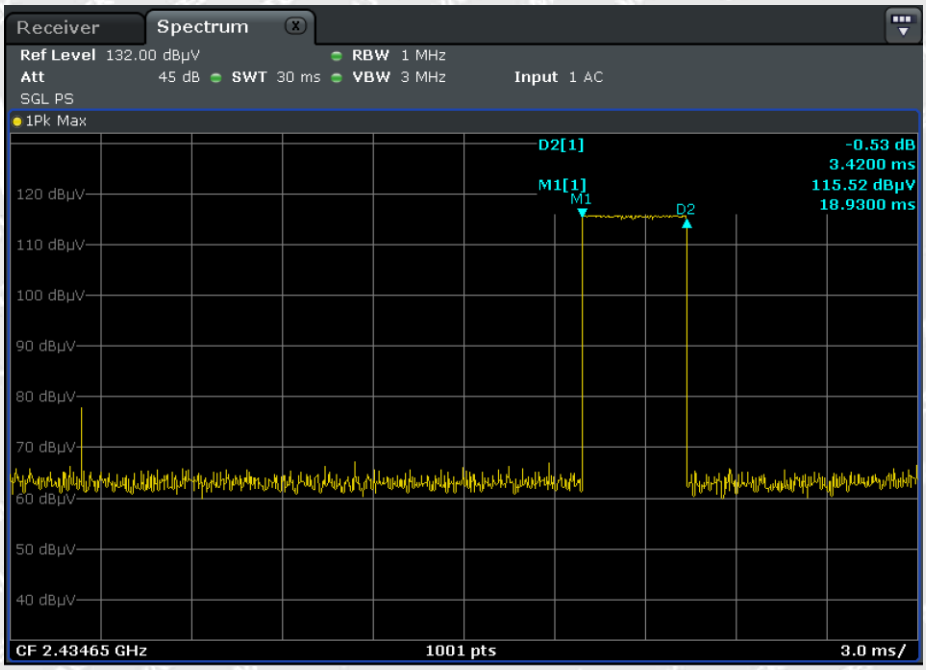
t=0.4s*66=26.4s

ANT 1



Date: April 20, 2022

Chart of number of bursts in 26s



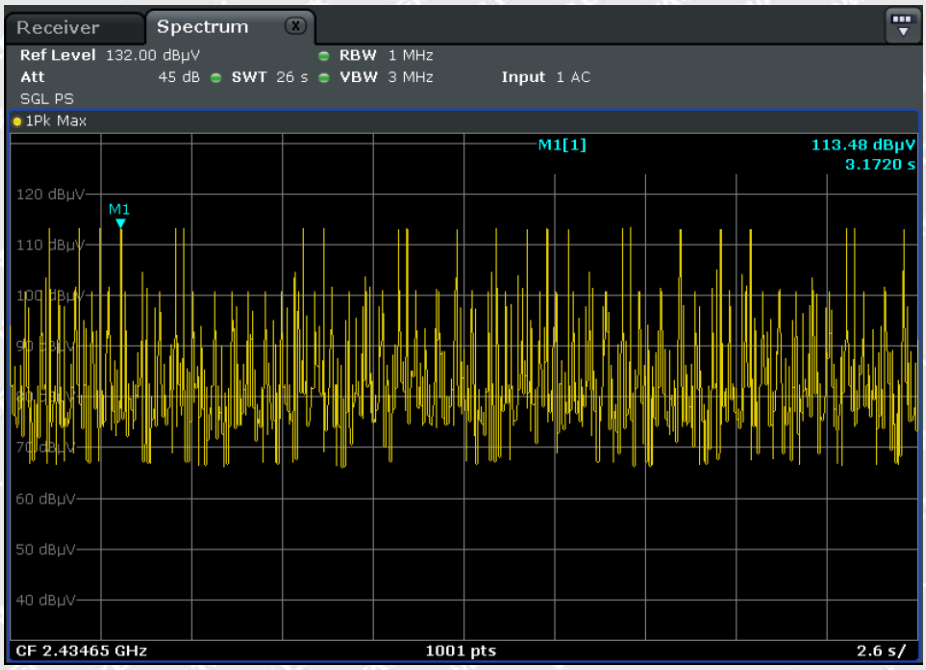
Date: April 20, 2022

Chart of burst length in 20ms (trigger offset-0.5ms)

Number of hops in 26s	Burst length in 20 ms	Time of occupancy	Limit
24	3.420ms	82.08ms	400ms

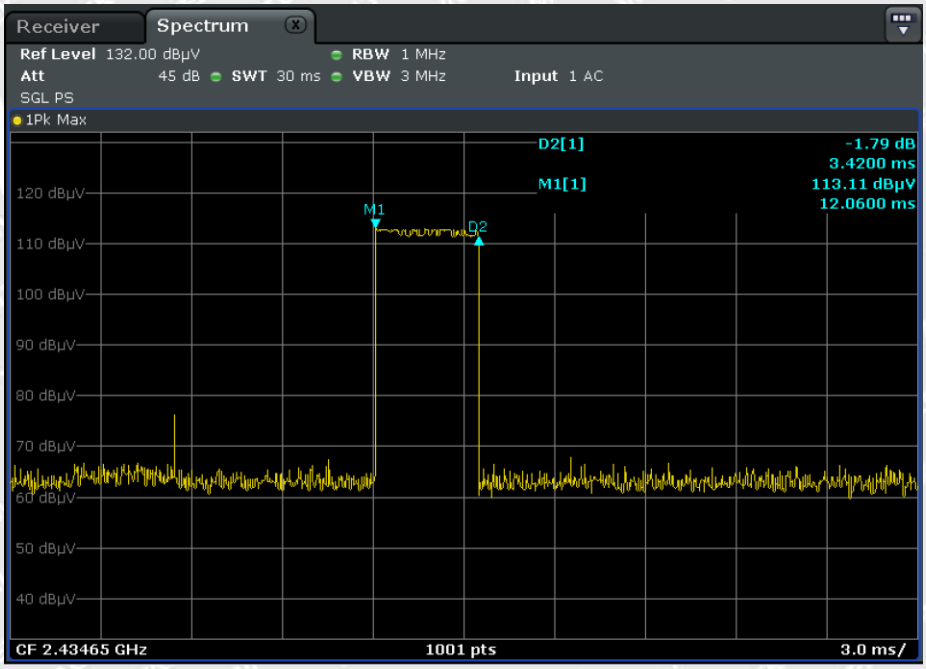
*Remark: Time of occupancy = (Number of hops) x (Burst length)

ANT 2



Date: April 20, 2022

Chart of number of bursts in 26s

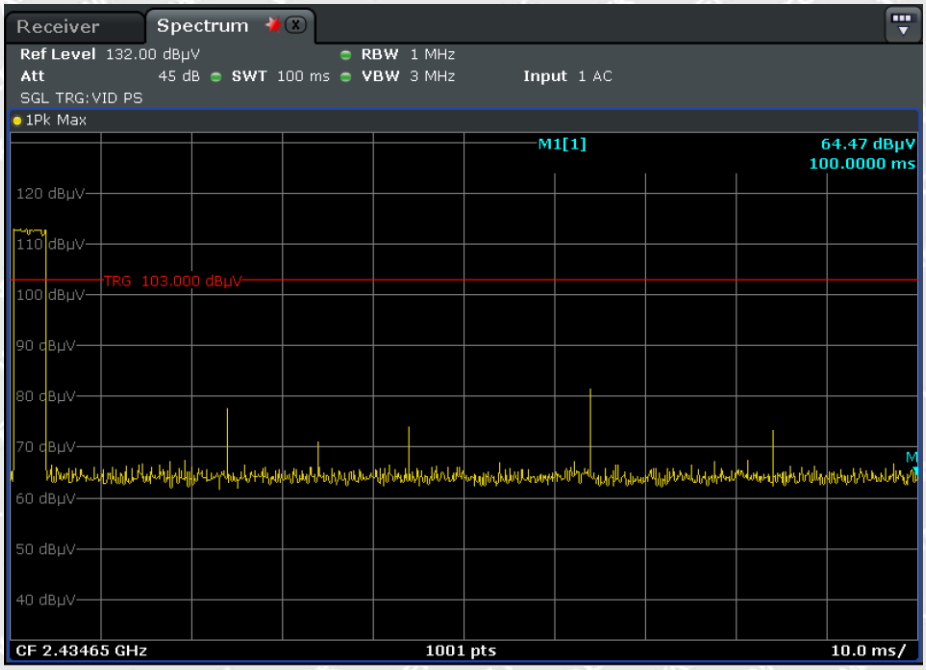


Date: April 20, 2022

Chart of burst length in 20ms (trigger offset-0.5ms)

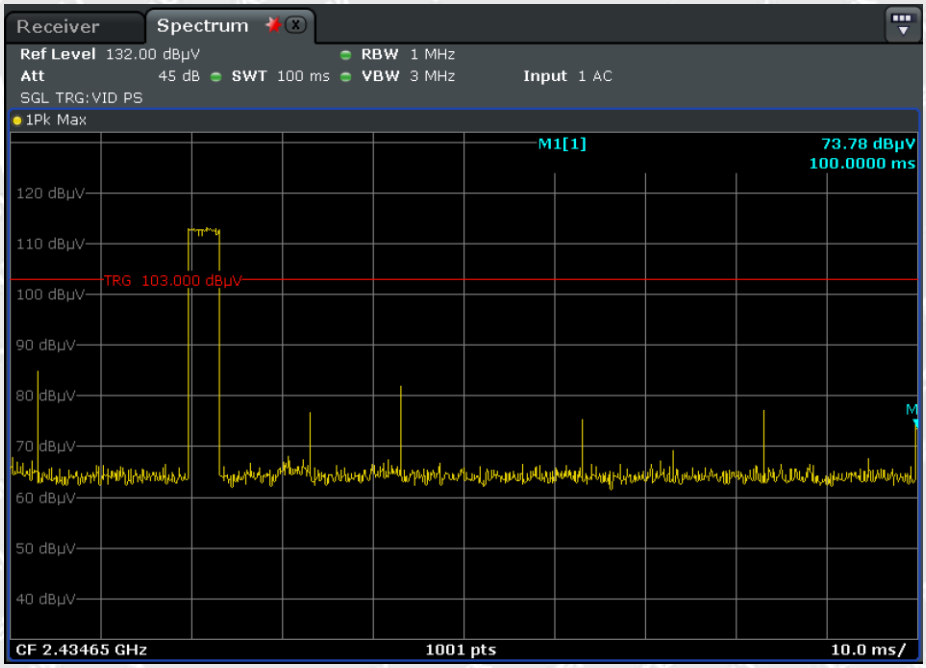
Number of hops in 26s	Burst length in 20 ms	Time of occupancy	Limit
23	3.420ms	78.66ms	400ms

*Remark: Time of occupancy = (Number of hops) x (Burst length)



Date: April 20, 2022

Chart of burst length in 100ms (trigger offset-0.5ms) For ANT 1



Date: April 20, 2022

Chart of burst length in 100ms (trigger offset-0.5ms) For ANT 2

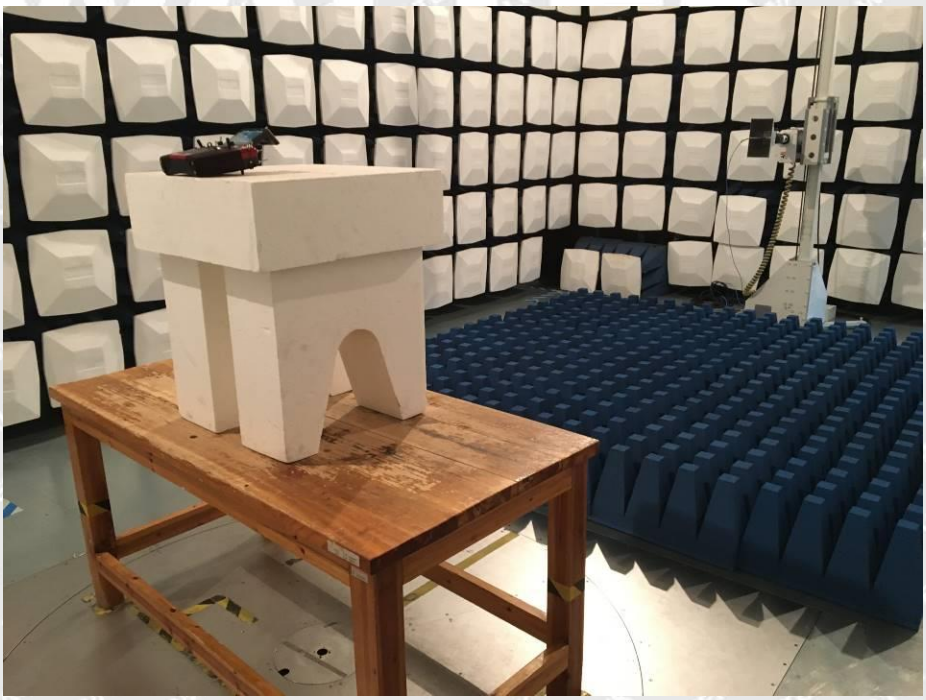
*In 100 ms the EUT does not transmit again as shown above

8 Photographs Test Setup

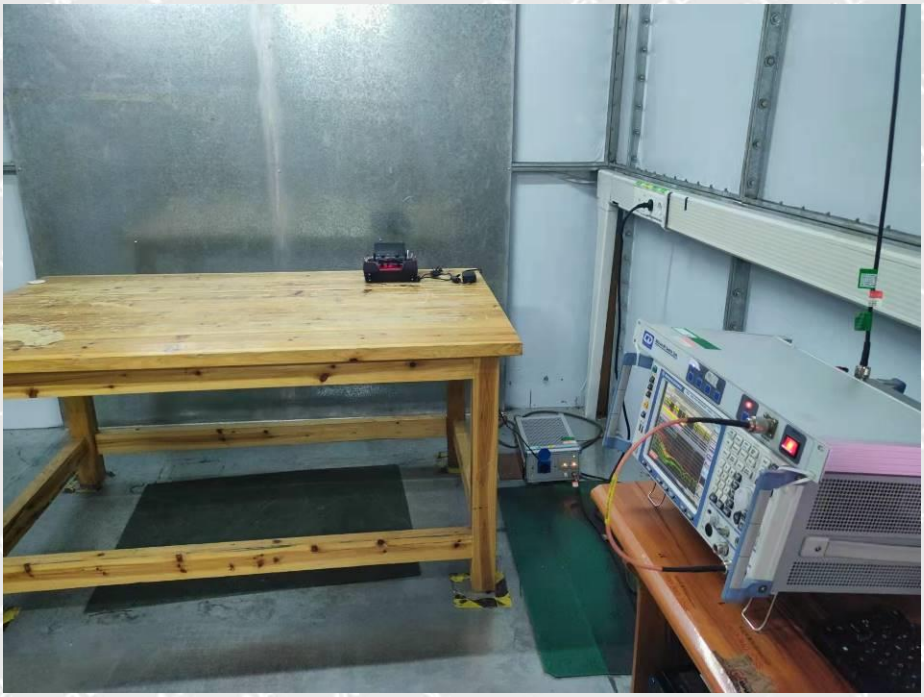
8.1 Photographs - Radiated Emission Test Setup

30MHz-1GHz

Above 1GHz



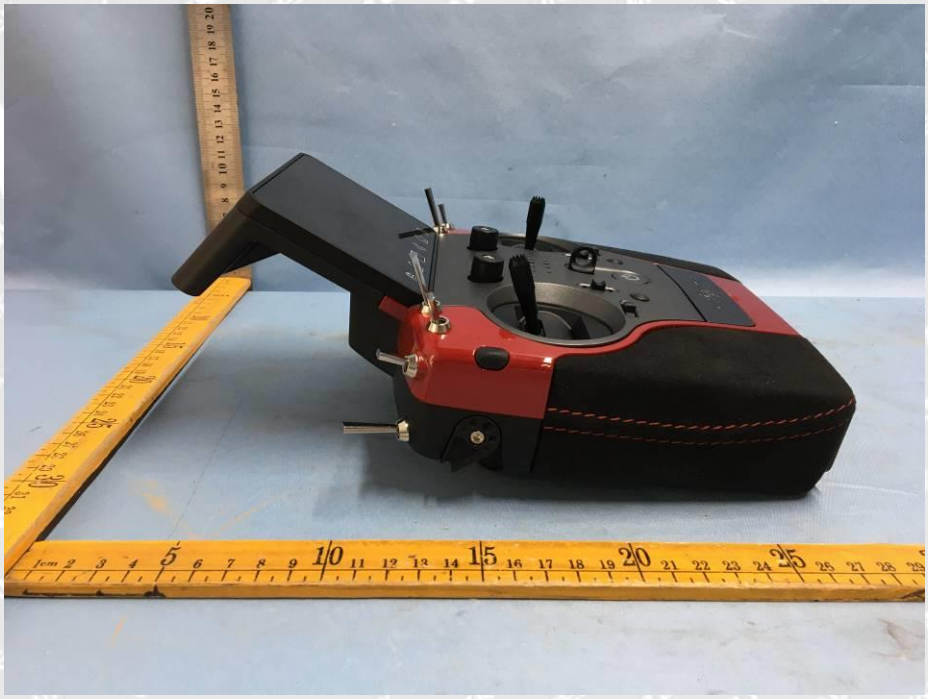
8.2 Photographs – Conducted Emission Test Setup



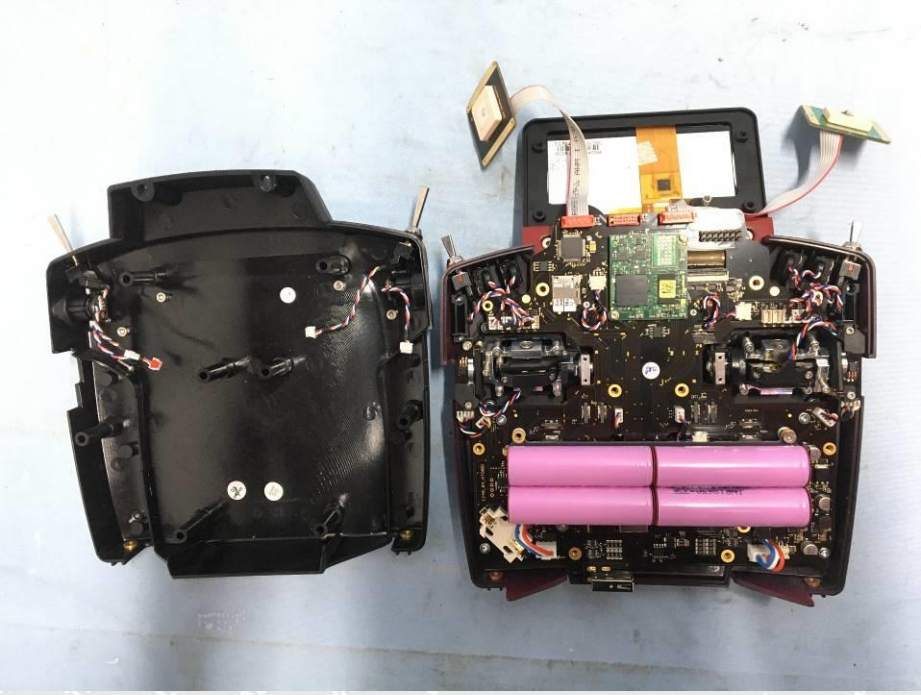
9 Photographs - Constructional Details

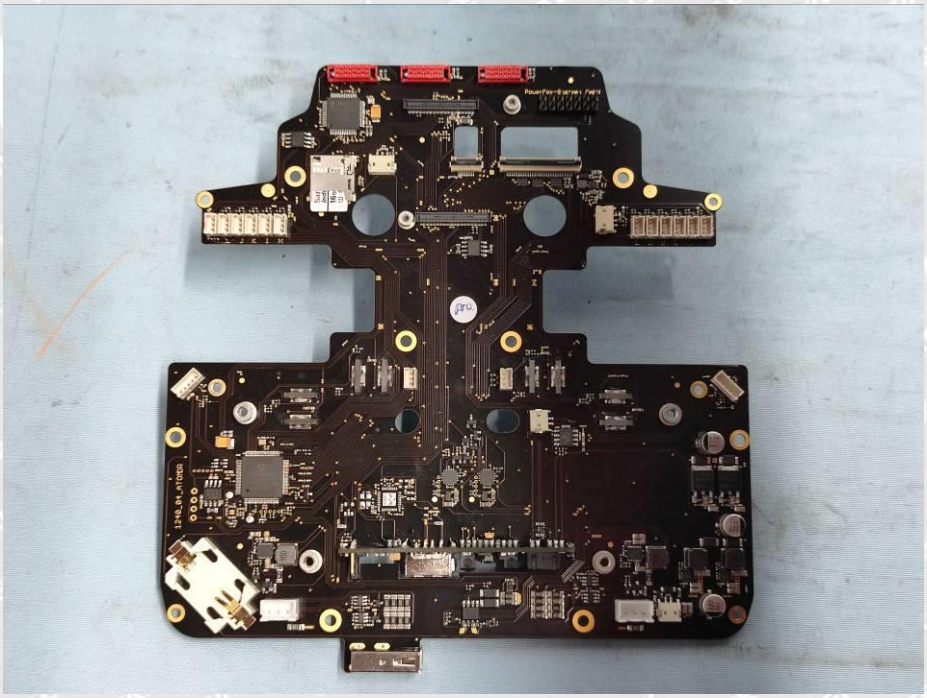
9.1 EUT - External Photos

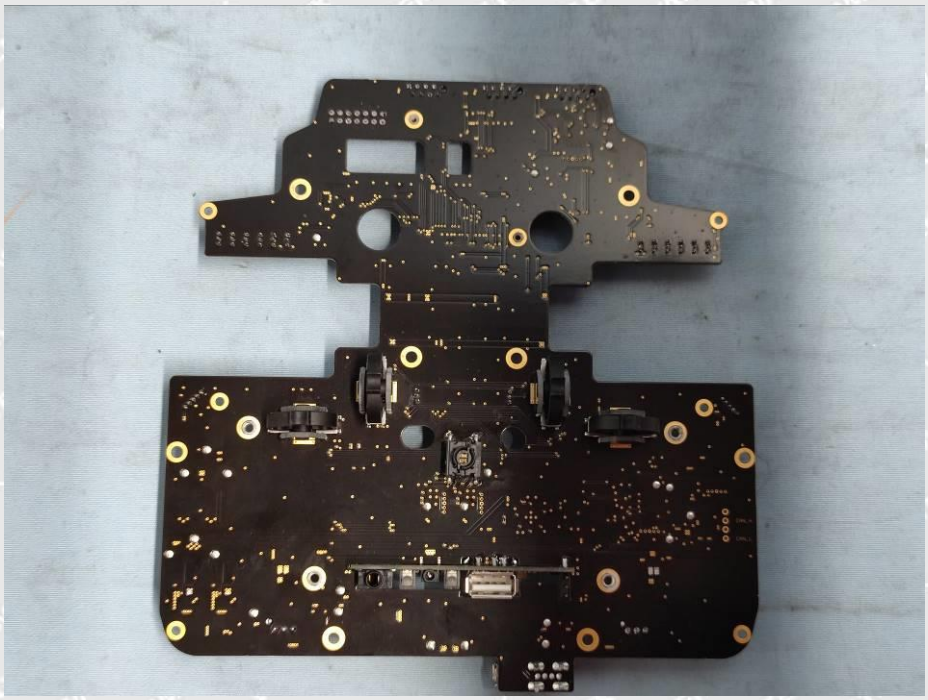
PowerBox Systems®

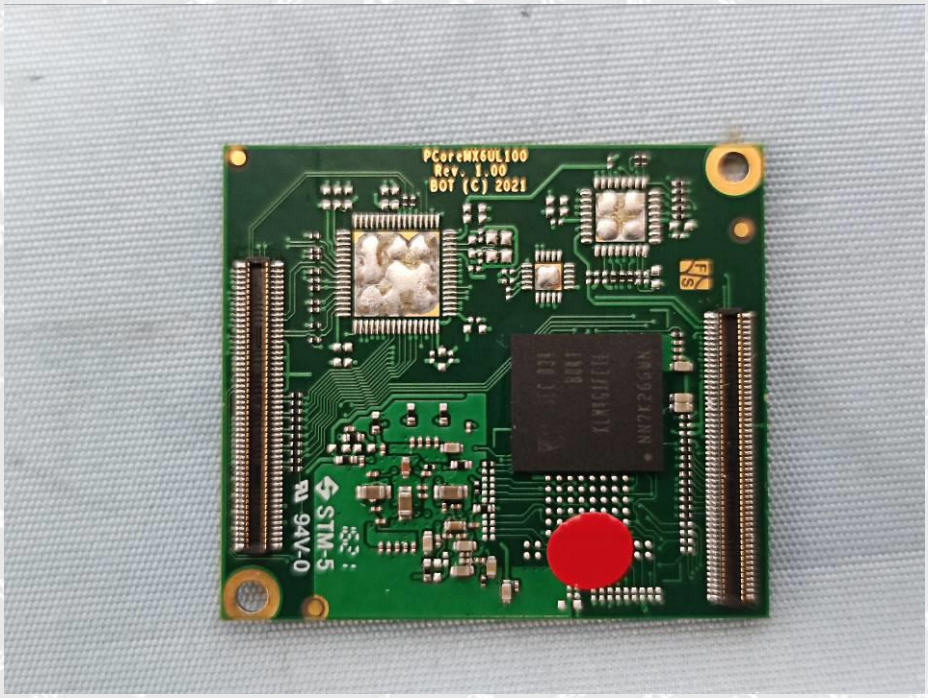


9.2 EUT - Internal View





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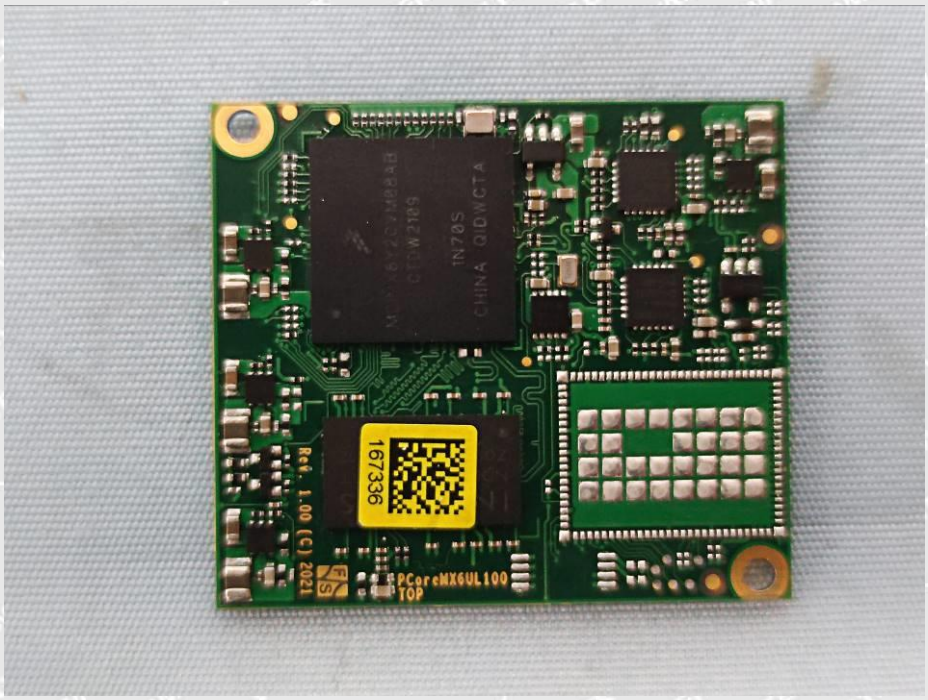
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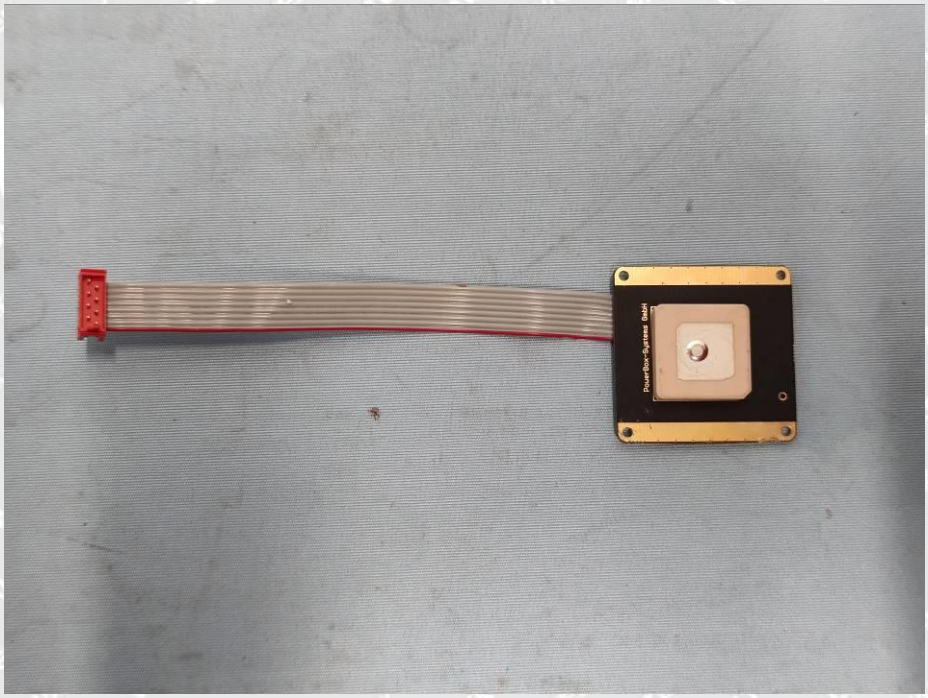

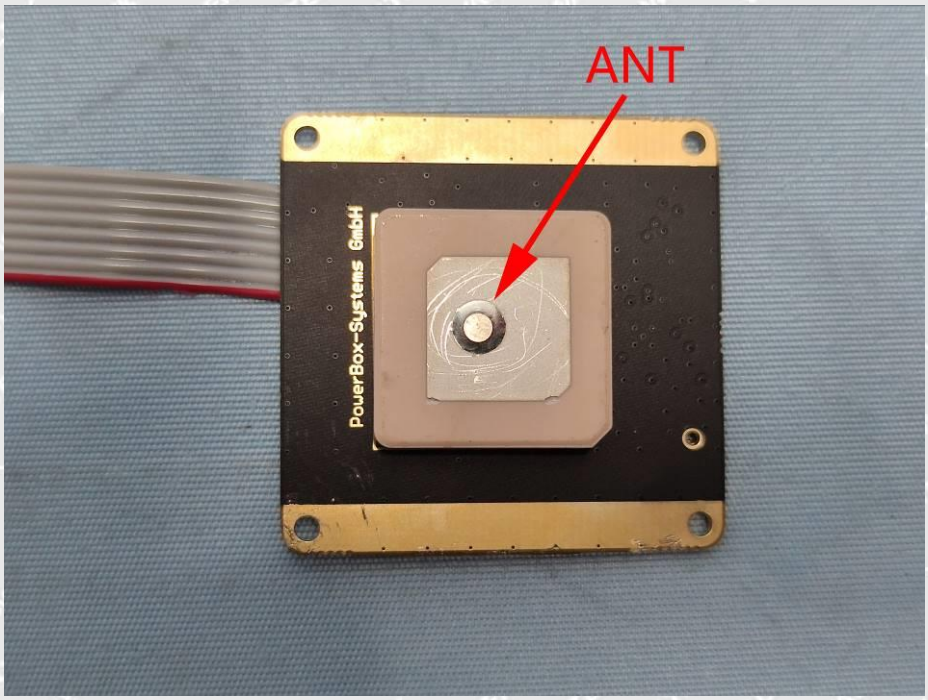
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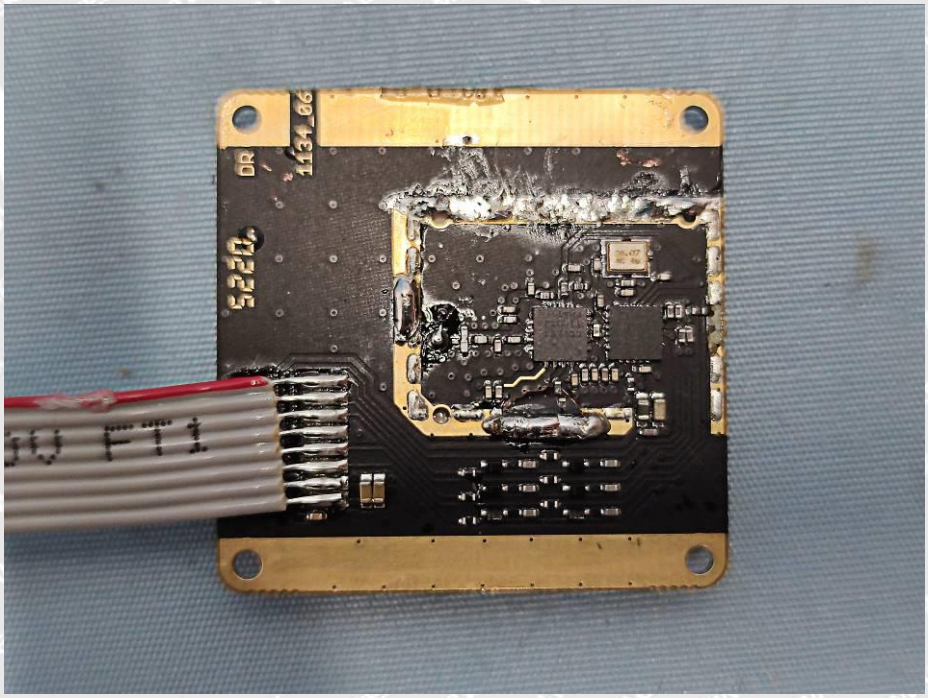

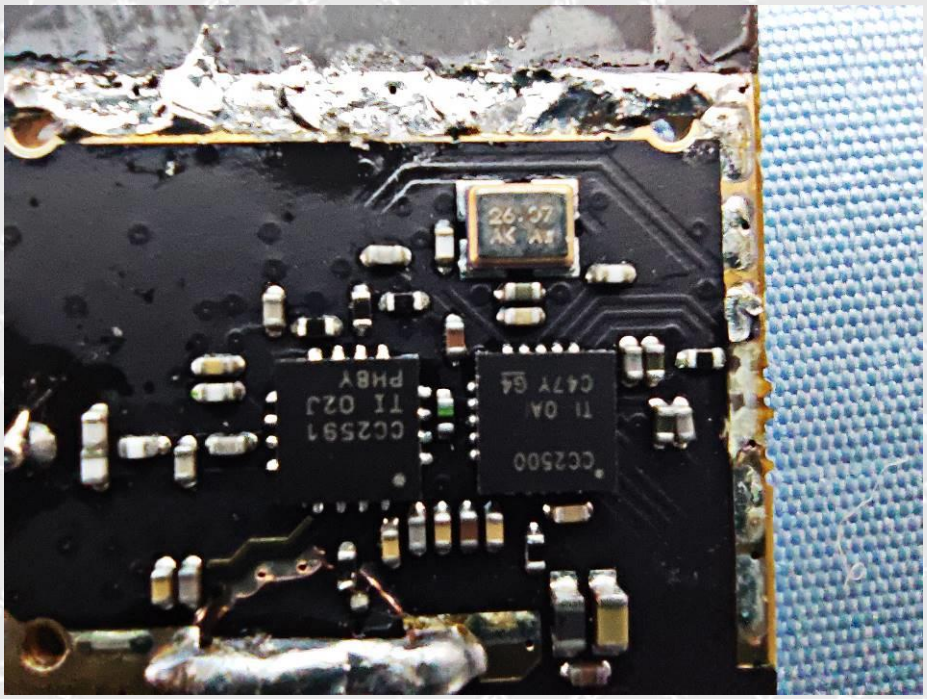

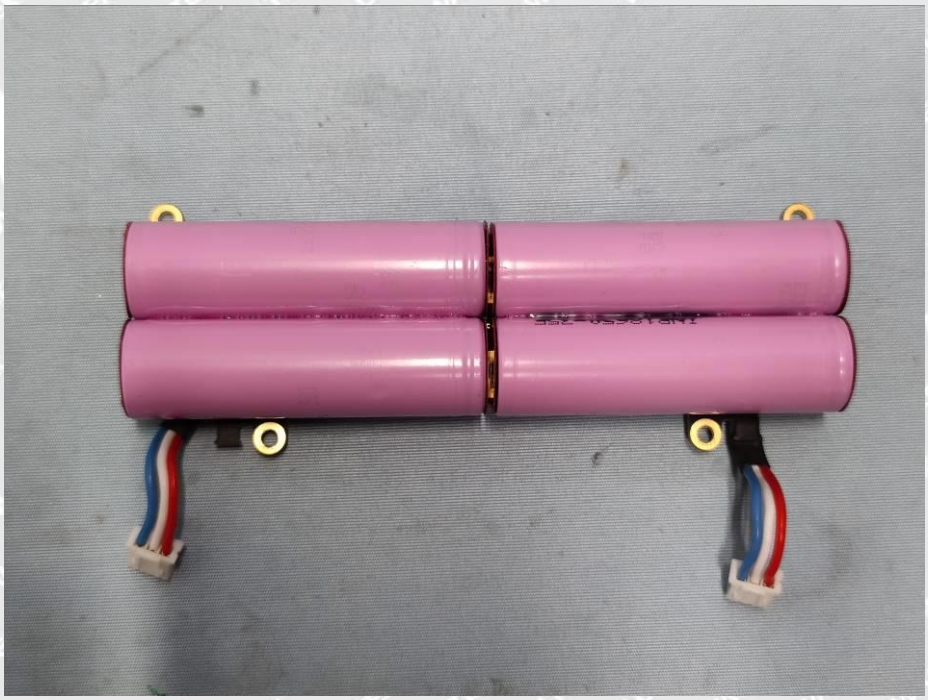

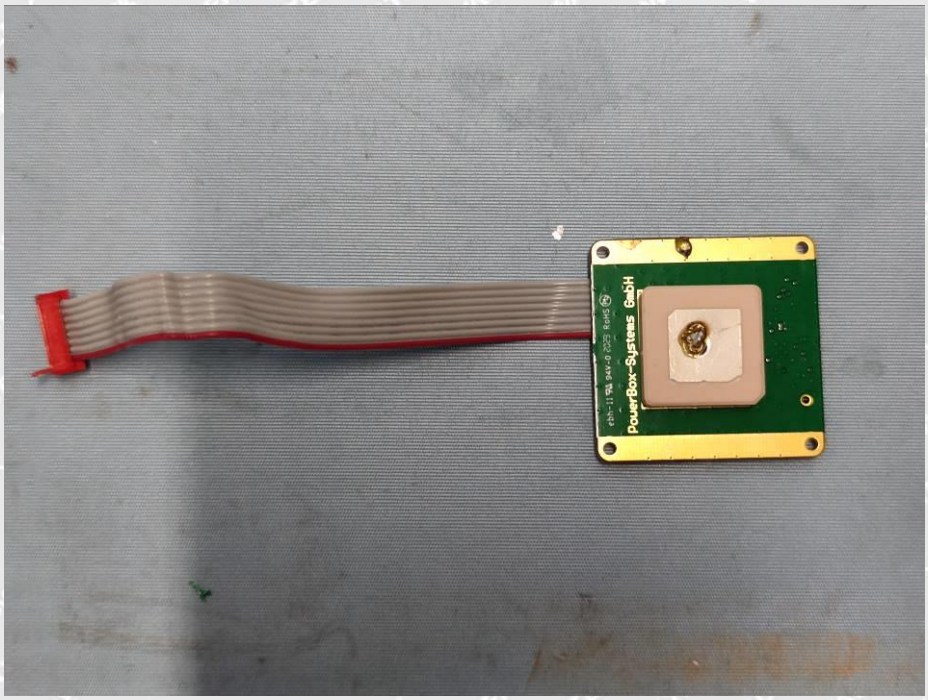
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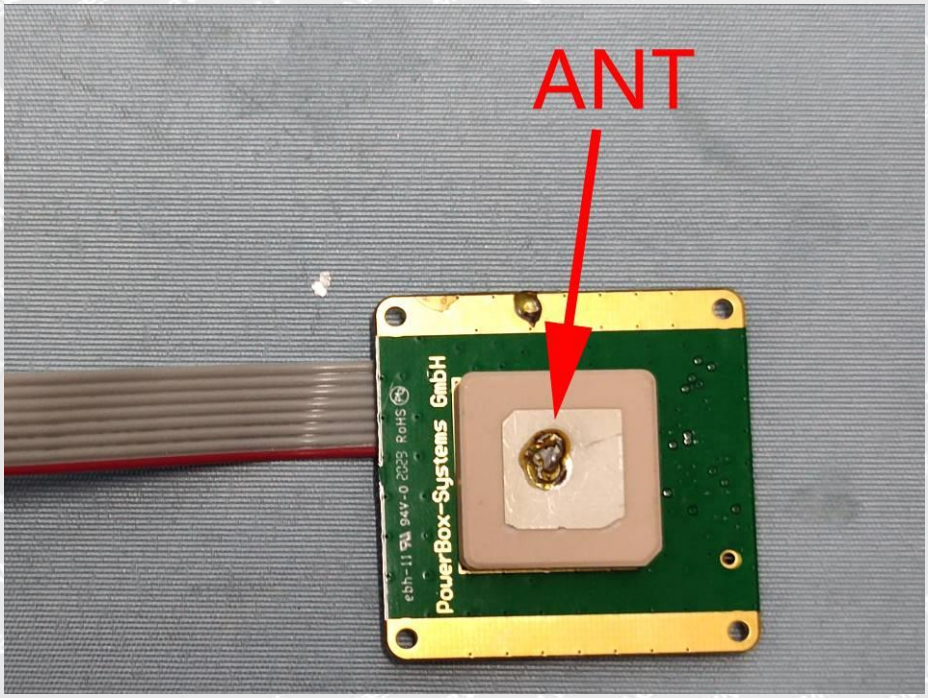
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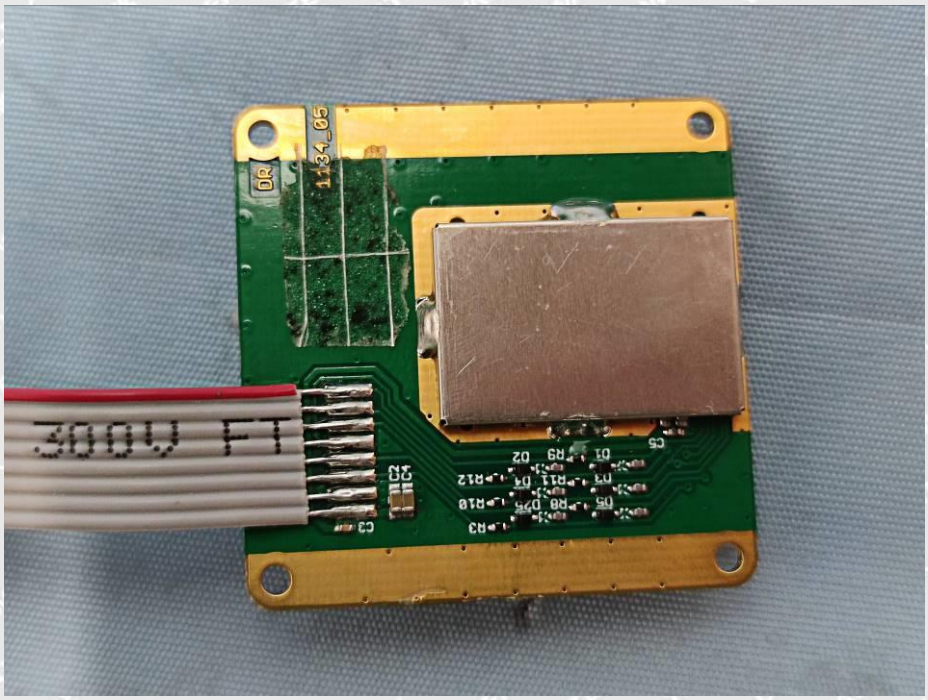
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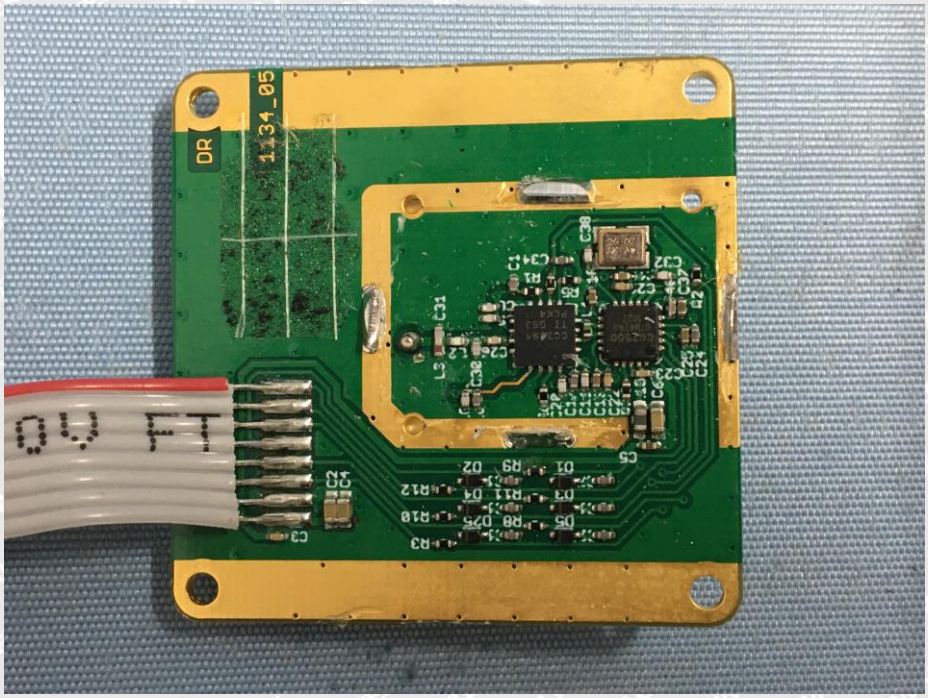
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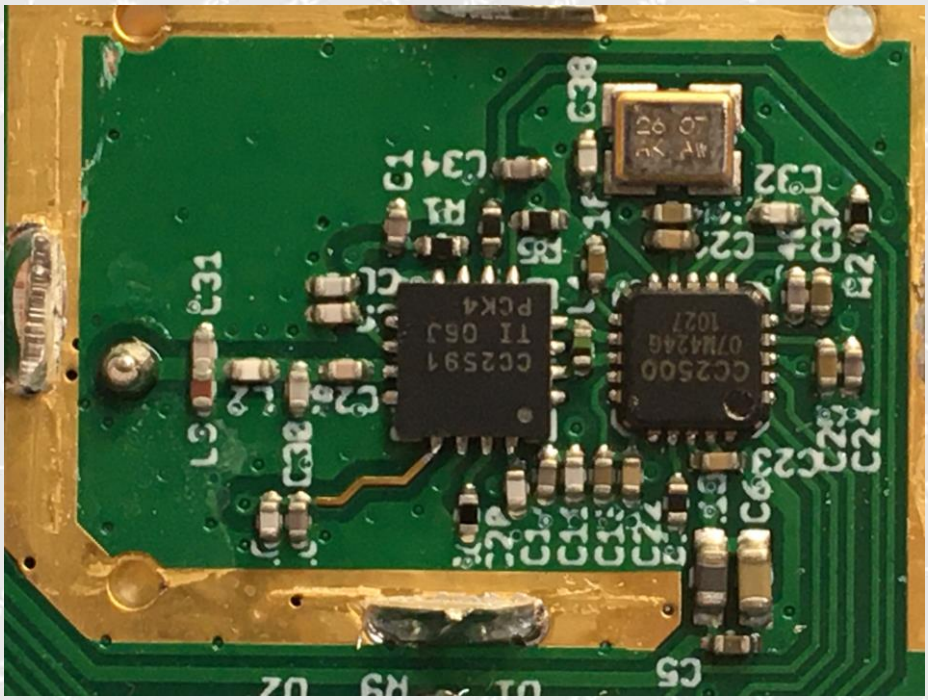

======End of Report======