

Project No.	SHT2607078103W		
Test sample No.	YPHT26070781003	Model No.	RT56B
Start test date	2026/8/24	Finish date	2026/8/24
Temperature	23.0°C	Humidity	59.3%
Test Engineer	Jiaxing Si	Auditor	Xiaodong Zhu

Appendix clause	Test Item	Result
A	Conducted Power Measurement Results	PASS
B	SAR Measurement Results	PASS

Appendix A:Conducted Power Measurement Results

Power					
Mode	Channel Separation	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)
		Channel	MHz		
Analog	12.5kHz	CH1	462.6250	35.34	36.00
		CH2	467.6250	35.27	36.00
		CH3	462.6375	35.31	36.00
		CH4	467.6375	26.89	27.00
Analog	25kHz	CH1	462.6250	35.32	36.00
		CH2	467.6250	35.25	36.00
		CH3	462.6375	35.30	36.00

Appendix B:SAR Measurement Results

Front-of-face													
Mode	Channel Separation	Test Position	Test distance (mm)	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	75% Duty SAR(1g)	Plot No.
				CH	MHz					(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Analog	12.5kHz	Front	25	CH1	462.6250	35.34	36.00	1.164	-0.15	0.306	0.356	0.267	-
		Front	25	CH2	467.6250	35.27	36.00	1.183	-0.02	0.262	0.310	0.232	-
		Front	25	CH3	462.6375	35.31	36.00	1.172	-0.07	0.314	0.368	0.276	1
		Front	25	CH4	467.6375	26.89	27.00	1.026	-0.02	0.209	0.214	0.161	-
Analog	25kHz	Front	25	CH1	462.6250	35.32	36.00	1.169	-0.01	0.300	0.351	0.263	-
		Front	25	CH2	467.6250	35.25	36.00	1.189	-0.16	0.259	0.308	0.231	-
		Front	25	CH3	462.6375	35.30	36.00	1.175	-0.14	0.303	0.356	0.267	-

Body-worn													
Mode	Channel Separation	Test Position	Test distance (mm)	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	75% Duty SAR(1g)	Plot No.
				CH	MHz					(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Analog	12.5kHz	Back(With Belt Clip)	0	CH1	462.6250	35.34	36.00	1.164	-0.02	0.647	0.753	0.565	2
		Back(With Belt Clip)	0	CH2	467.6250	35.27	36.00	1.183	-0.07	0.596	0.705	0.529	-
		Back(With Belt Clip)	0	CH3	462.6375	35.31	36.00	1.172	-0.07	0.636	0.746	0.559	-
		Back(With Belt Clip)	0	CH4	467.6375	26.89	27.00	1.026	-0.05	0.418	0.429	0.322	-
Analog	25kHz	Back(With Belt Clip)	0	CH1	462.6250	35.32	36.00	1.169	-0.12	0.632	0.739	0.554	-
		Back(With Belt Clip)	0	CH2	467.6250	35.25	36.00	1.189	-0.13	0.593	0.705	0.529	-
		Back(With Belt Clip)	0	CH3	462.6375	35.30	36.00	1.175	-0.17	0.624	0.733	0.550	-

Analog-12.5kHz Front-of-face

Communication System: UID 0, Analog (0); Frequency: 462.637 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 463 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.902 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.555$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C ; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C ;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(11.51, 11.51, 11.51) @ 462.637 MHz; Calibrated: 2025/11/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 2026/5/8
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Front 25mm/CH3/Area Scan (7x20x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.409 W/kg

Front 25mm/CH3/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.80 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

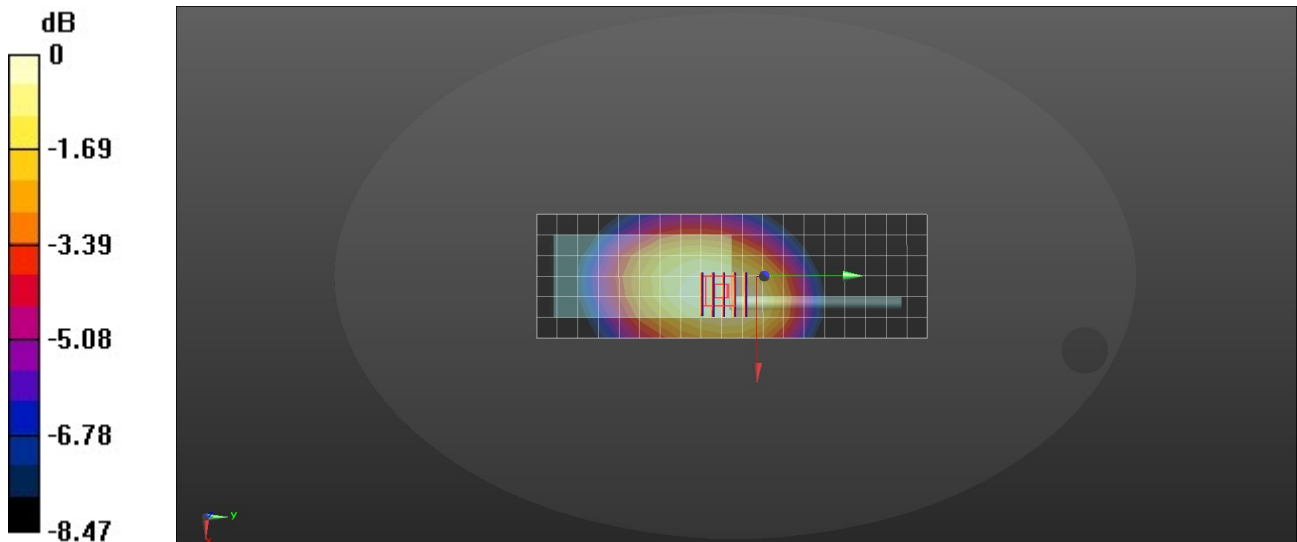
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.450 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.314 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.228 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid ($> 16 \text{ mm}$)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.399 W/kg



0 dB = 0.399 W/kg = -3.99 dBW/kg

Analog-12.5kHz Body-worn

Communication System: UID 0, Analog (0); Frequency: 462.625 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 463 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.902 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.555$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C ; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C ;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(11.51, 11.51, 11.51) @ 462.625 MHz; Calibrated: 2025/11/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 2026/5/8
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Back(With Belt Clip) 0mm/CH1/Area Scan (7x20x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.837 W/kg

Back(With Belt Clip) 0mm/CH1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 29.50 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

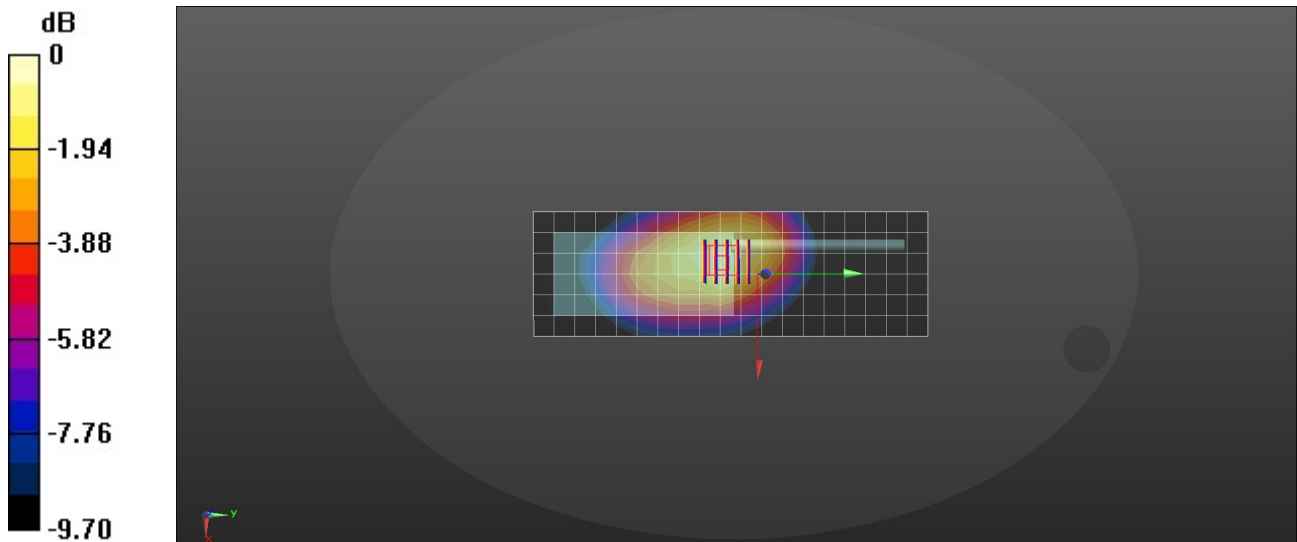
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.647 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.451 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid ($> 16 \text{ mm}$)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.855 W/kg



0 dB = 0.855 W/kg = -0.68 dBW/kg

1.1. DAE4 Calibration Certificate



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117
E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn <http://www.caict.ac.cn>

Client: **HTW**
Shenzhen



中国认可
国际互认
校准
CALIBRATION
CNAS L0570

Certificate No: 26J02Z000302

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SN: 1549

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-002-01
Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics
(DAEx)

Calibration date: May 08, 2026

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	11-Jun-25 (CTTL, No.25J02X004977)	Jun-26

	Name	Function
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer
Reviewed by:	Lin Jun	SAR Test Engineer
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader

Signature

Issued: May 09, 2026

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: 26J02Z000302

Page 1 of 3



In Collaboration with
s p e a g
CALIBRATION LABORATORY



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117
E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn <http://www.caict.ac.cn>

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117
 E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn <http://www.caict.ac.cn>

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	406.374 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2)	406.047 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2)	406.206 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98429 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.99148 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.99308 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	18.5° $\pm$ 1 °
---	-----------------

1.2. Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration ServiceAccredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

HTW
Shenzhen

Certificate No.

EX-7494_Nov25

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7494

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6,
QA CAL-25.v8, QA CAL-48.v2
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date November 27, 2025

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Calibration Date (Certificate No.)	Sched. Cal.
Power Sensor R&S NRP-33T	SN: 100967	29-Oct-25 (No. Part of L1407)	Oct-26
N-type mismatch combination	SN: L1119	26-Mar-25 (No. 217-04292)	Mar-26
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	16-Sept-25 (No. OCP-DAK12-1016_Sep25)	Sep-26
OCP DAK-3.5	SN: 1249	16-Sept-25 (No. OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Sep25)	Sep-26
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	10-Jan-25 (No. EX3-7349_Jan25)	Jan-26
DAE4	SN: 1301	30-Oct-25 (No. DAE4-1301_Oct25)	Oct-26

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Sched. Check
ACAP 2020 Setup 1	SN: L1404	01-Oct-25 (No. IHCK_ACAP2020-1_Oct25)	Oct-26
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1029	27-Feb-25 (No. OCP-DAK12-1029_Feb25)	Feb-26
OCP DAK-3.5	SN: 1336	09-Dec-24 (No. OCP-DAK3.5-1336_Dec24)	Dec-25

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by	Henrique Almeida	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 27, 2025

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices – Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(*f*)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Appendix E: DAE and Probe Calibration Certificate

EX3DV4 - SN:7494

November 27, 2025

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7494

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc ($k = 2$)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.55	0.61	0.55	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) ^B	104.9	102.9	106.3	$\pm 4.7\%$

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B $\text{dB}\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E $k = 2$
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	130.2	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\pm 4.7\%$
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		142.4		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		132.6		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

^B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4 - SN:7494

November 27, 2025

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7494

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	48.9°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	12 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3–4 mm for an *Area Scan* job.

Appendix E: DAE and Probe Calibration Certificate

EX3DV4 - SN:7494

November 27, 2025

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7494

Calibration Parameter Determined in HSL

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity ^F (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc ^H (k = 2)
150	52.3	0.76	13.46	12.89	13.01	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
450	43.5	0.87	11.51	11.51	11.51	0.16	1.30	±13.3%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

^F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ϵ and σ by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10% if SAR correction is applied.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

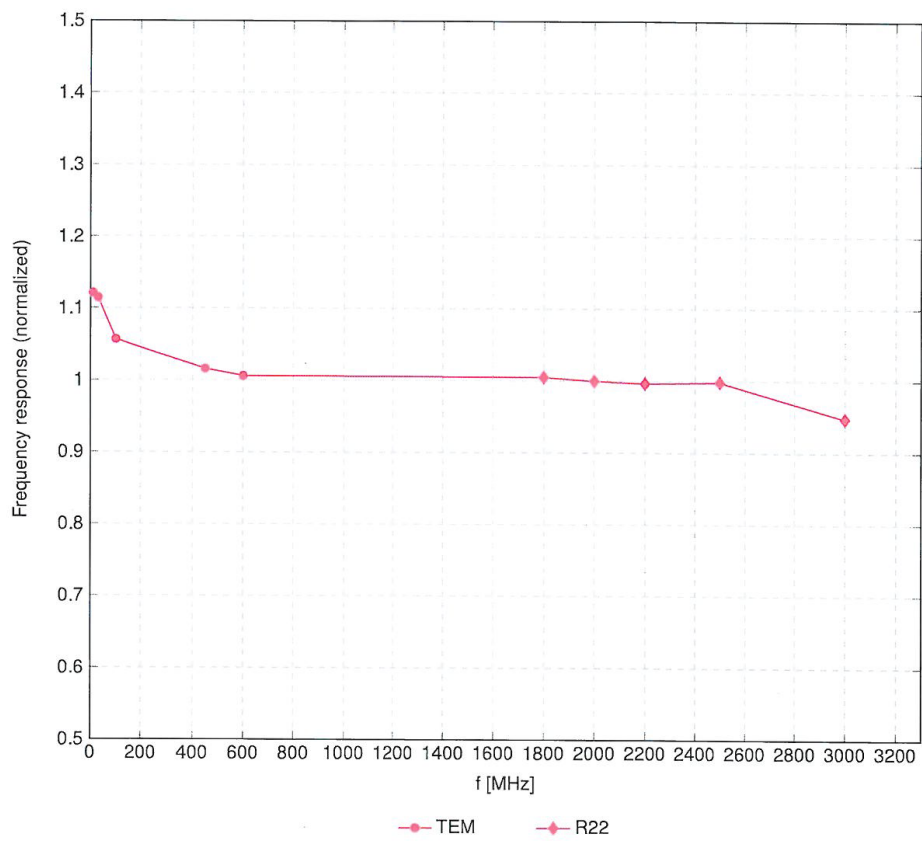
^H The stated uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (k = 2) of Norm-ConvF. This is equivalent to the uncertainty component with the symbol CF in Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.

EX3DV4 - SN:7494

November 27, 2025

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)

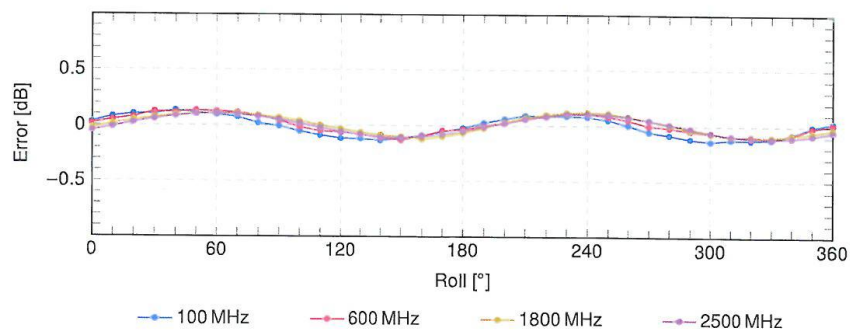
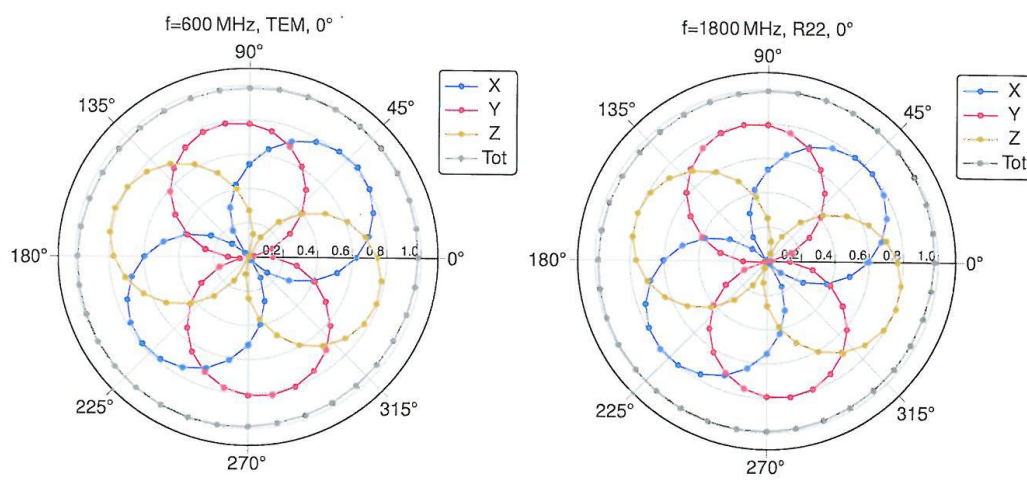


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3DV4 - SN:7494

November 27, 2025

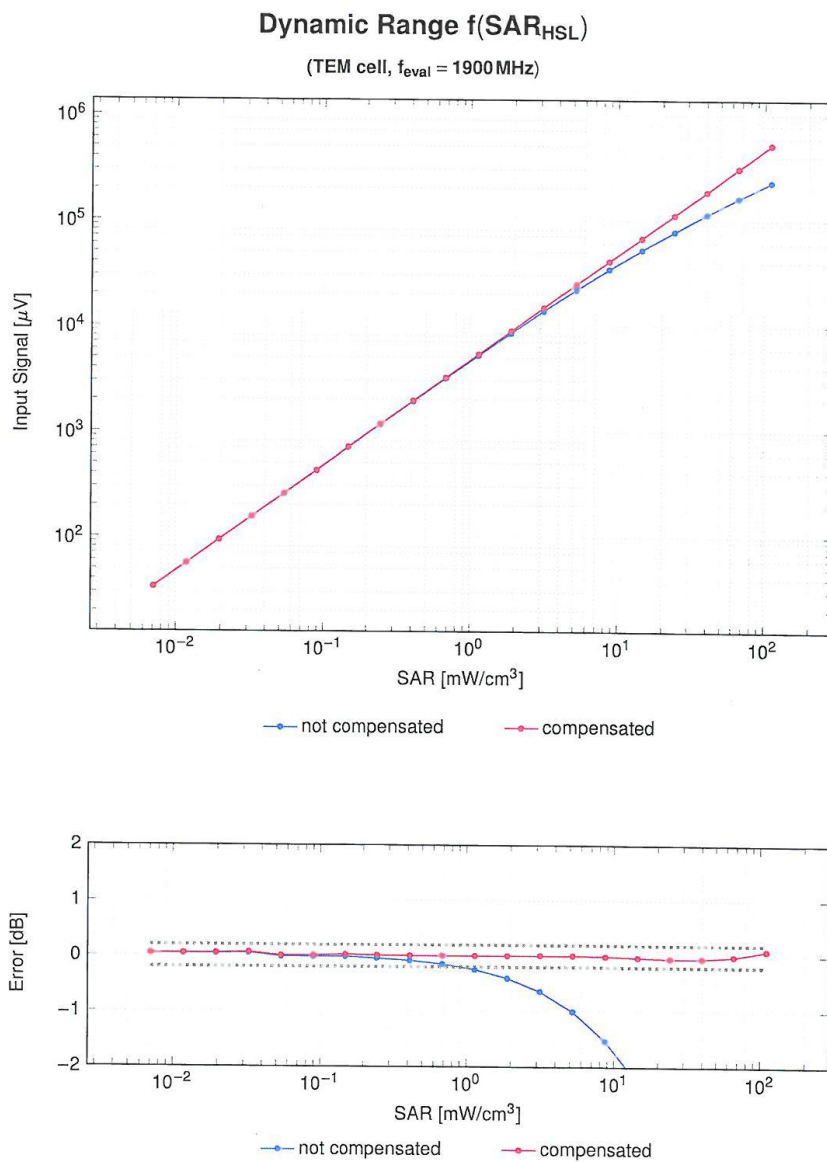
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3DV4 - SN:7494

November 27, 2025

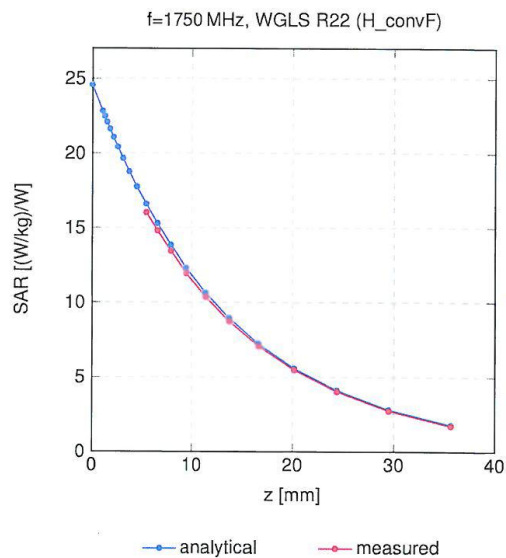


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

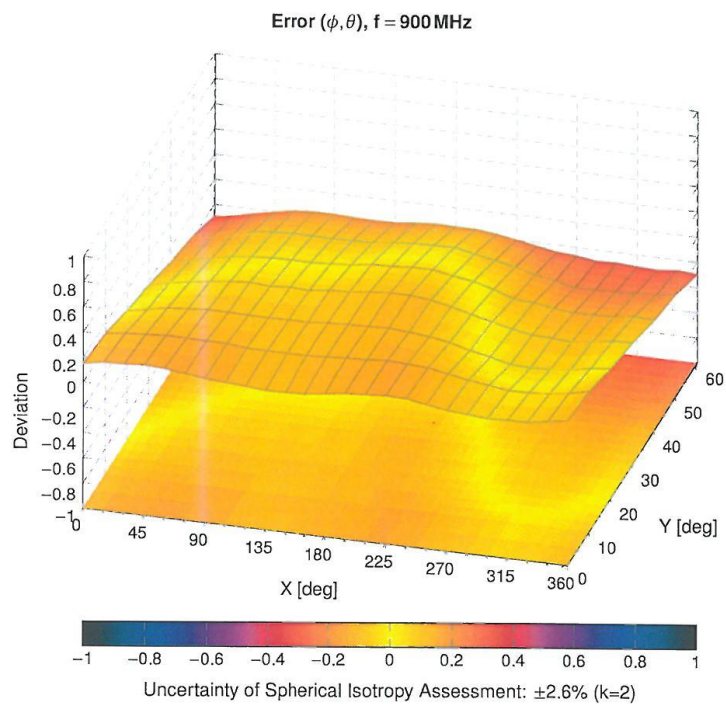
EX3DV4 - SN:7494

November 27, 2025

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



1.1. D450V3 Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client HTW
Shenzhen

Certificate No. D450V3-1102_Jan24

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D450V3 - SN:1102

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-15.v10
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources below 700 MHz

Calibration date: January 24, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805)	Mar-24
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03810)	Mar-24
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3877	10-Jan-24 (No. EX3-3877_Jan24)	Jan-25
DAE4	SN: 654	15-Jan-24 (No. DAE4-654_Jan24)	Jan-25
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter NRP2	SN: 107193	08-Nov-21 (in house check Dec-22)	In house check: Dec-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 100922	15-Dec-09 (in house check Dec-22)	In house check: Dec-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 100418	01-Jan-04 (in house check Dec-22)	In house check: Dec-24
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

Calibrated by: Name Krešimir Franjić Function Laboratory Technician

Signature

Approved by: Sven Kühn Technical Manager

Issued: January 25, 2024

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D450V3-1102_Jan24

Page 1 of 6

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	43.5	0.87 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	43.9 $\pm$ 6 %	0.87 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	4.61 W/kg $\pm$ 18.1 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	0.768 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	3.08 W/kg $\pm$ 17.6 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	58.4 Ω - 3.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 21.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.344 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
-----------------	-------

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 24.01.2024

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN:1102

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 450$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.87$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3877; ConvF(10.64, 10.64, 10.64) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 10.01.2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 15.01.2024
- Phantom: ELI v6.0; Type: QDOVA003AA; Serial: TP:2034
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 39.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

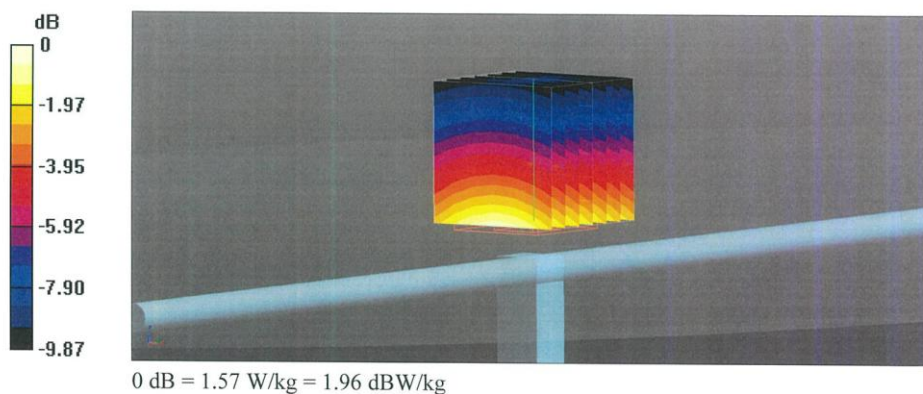
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.768 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 15 mm)

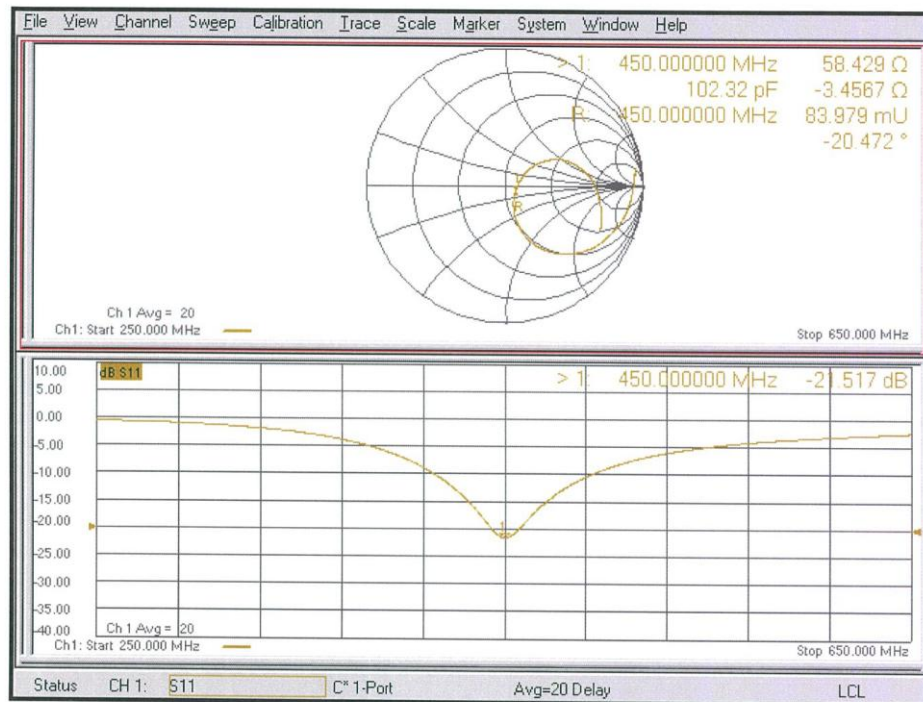
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.57 W/kg



Appendix F: Dipole Calibration Certificate

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss ($<-20\text{dB}$, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Head-450						
Date of measurement	Return-loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2024-01-24	-21.5		58.4		-3.50	
2025-01-17	-22.3	3.72	56.3	2.1	-5.19	1.69
2026-01-13	-22.5	4.65	56.2	2.2	-4.96	1.46

The return loss is $<-20\text{dB}$, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.